

JUN - 7 1910

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D I C T I O N A R Y

O F T H E

P O R T U G U E S E and E N G L I S H L A N G U A G E S, I N T W O P A R T S, P O R T U G U E S E and E N G L I S H: A N D E N G L I S H and P O R T U G U E S E.

W H E R E I N

- I. The WORDS are explained in their different Meanings, by Examples from the best PORTUGUESE and ENGLISH WRITERS.
- II. The ETYMOLOGY of the PORTUGUESE generally indicated from the LATIN, ARABIC, and other LANGUAGES.

Throughout the Whole are intersperfed

A Great Number of PHRASES and PROVERBS.

I N T W O V O L U M E S.

B Y ANTHONY VIEYRA TRANSTAGANO,
Teacher of the LATIN, ARABIC, &c.



— Verum ex me discite laborem,
Fortunam ex aliis.

VIRG.

L O N D O N,
Printed for J. N O U R S E, Bookseller to H I S M A J E S T Y.
M D C C L X X I I I.

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T O T H E R E A D E R.

AS the compiler of this work has been entirely destitute of all help that might have been expected from other dictionaries of the English and Portuguese languages; it has been attended with much difficulty, and unavoidable delay. There was, indeed, a thing called a Portuguese and English Vocabulary published many years ago, of which I scarcely know how to speak, lest to those, who are unacquainted with it, I might appear unjust in my account. I shall only say, what every one, who will compare it with the following work, must be convinced of, I say with truth, that it has not been to me of the smallest use.

The only dictionary from which I have received great assistance has been that of the learned and laborious Bluteau, who spent above thirty years in collecting words, proverbs, and phrases, from upwards of two thousand volumes, for his Portuguese and Latin Dictionary. But even in this work, besides its deficiency of many words, my hopes were often disappointed. Bluteau himself confesses that he does not understand the true meaning of many words, or that he cannot find the Latin word answering to the Portuguese, and brings oftentimes only a quotation, wherein the Portuguese word is found, in order to explain it, but to no purpose; so that one may say, "*Sic tenebræ ejus, ita et lumen ejus.*"

Such have been the obstacles which have both rendered my task in a particular manner arduous, and retarded the publication of the present work; in the execution of which I endeavoured:

- I. To make it as copious as possible.
- II. To exemplify the different significations of the same word in both languages with such accuracy and clearness, as might give a perfect and distinct knowledge to the learners, of their true genius and idioms.
- III. Generally to authorise, in the second part, the words by the names of the principal English writers, in whose works they are found.
- IV. To point out the ETYMOLOGY of many Portuguese words from other languages, not omitting even the Arabic and Persian.
- V. To insert a considerable number of technical words.
- VI. To indicate the Portuguese and English words that are either obsolete, or little used; and those that are only poetical.

Finally, the reader will find inserted in their proper places, all words that have crept into the Portuguese language from the conquests of that nation, and its commerce upon the coasts of Africa, Asia, and America; especially the terms of *coins, measures, offices, titles, &c.* which are used in those parts of the world, or are to be met with in the Portuguese books containing travels through Ethiopia, Arabia, Persia, and other remote countries.

Such has been the plan of this work; in the compiling of which I have for years laboured with diligence, and I hope with success.

August, 1773.

D E D I C A C A O.

O profundo respeyto porem que se deve à pessoa de V. S. não me permitira de aspirar à honra de offerecer-lhe a presente obra, se realmente não tivera para mim ser ella, se quer, merecedora daquelle negregado negativo galardão que alcançaõ os que tem a infausta sorte de trabalharem em semelhantes obras, ainda que uteis e perfeytas no seu genero, que vem a ser, o não ficarem desacreditados. V. S. porem que he perfeytamente versado na materia que ella contem, pode melhor julgar do merecimento della, que sendo tal como tenho representado, não duvido que V. S. gostará que huma obra tão procurada, e de tanta utilidade faya finalmente do prelo. Ninguem conhece melhor que V. S. quanto seja preciso o estudo de ambas estas linguas em materias de guerra e commercio pellas Costas Orientaes e de todas as quatro partes do globo, pellas quaes, com meu inexplicavel prazer, por meyo da presente obra espalharei o de que mais me prezo, que he, de ter a dita de conseguir de Milord CLIVE

o ser

o seu mais apaixonado criado,

ANTONIO VIEYRA TRANSTAGANO.

DEDICATION.

With regard to the following work, it becomes me, I apprehend, in decency to your Lordship, to say, that I would not have aspired to offer it to your protection, were I not conscious that it is justly entitled to all the recompence from its readers which the unhappy nature of it will admit--- Such is the fate of the slaves of science, however useful---the negative recompence, to escape reproach. But you, my Lord, who are already fully instructed in it's subject, will be one of the best judges of it's execution; and if you should find it not undeserving the character I have presumed to give it, though it can convey no information to your Lordship, it will be no small pleasure to you, I doubt not, that a work of such utility and demand is given to the world. No one knows better than your Lordship how necessary the knowledge of the Portuguese language is to the purposes of war and commerce throughout the Eastern coasts, and in many parts of the other quarters of the globe---to all which, I please myself with thinking, this work will carry with it my proudest mark of distinction, that of being suffered by Lord CLIVE.

to rank myself

as his most devoted servant,

ANTHONY VIEYRA TRANSTAGANO.

A D V E R T I S E M E N T.

THE Compiler of this Dictionary teaches grammatically the LATIN, ARABIC, PERSIAN, ITALIAN, SPANISH, and PORTUGUESE LANGUAGES. But in regard to the PERSIAN, he thinks it incumbent on him to inform the Publick that it is not to be acquired to any degree of skill, without a previous knowledge of the Arabic, as it has been long ago remarked by the learned Orientalist Ludovicus de Dieu, and lately by the learned William Jones, esq. in his preface to his Persian Grammar. The knowledge of the Persian is to all those who go to the East Indies a qualification of unspeakable advantage, it being the language spoken in all the Eastern courts, and in which all mercantile business is transacted.

The Author may be heard of at J. Nourse's, in the Strand.

Portuguese and English Dictionary.

P A R T I.

CONTAINING

The PORTUGUESE before the ENGLISH.

A, S. m. the first letter of the Portuguese alphabet, as well as of every other, except that of the Æthiopians, where, according to Ludolphus's Grammar, it is the thirteenth.

A, among the antients was a numeral letter, that stood for 500; as it is mentioned by Baronius and others.

Passádet A numeros quingentes ordine recto. But when they put a little bar over it (\bar{A}) then it marked 5000.

A. B. artium baccalaureus, *bacharel em artes*; bachelor of arts.

A. D. anno Domini, *no anno do Senhor*; in the year of our Lord.

A. M. artium magister, *meestre em artes*; master of arts.

A, the feminine article. ex. *A mão*, the hand; *a mulher*, the woman; *as mãos*, the hands; *as mulheres*, the women, &c.

A is also an indefinite article, which marks the dative case, either singular or plural; ex. *Amim*, to me; *a vós*, to you, &c.

A is sometimes a preposition denoting the place whither one is going; as *eu vou a Londres*, I go to London.

Faltar a Portugal, to return or go back to Portugal.

Elle partio a Goa, he departed for Goa.

A and *as* are also particles used in many different senses, as you may see in the following examples.

A and *ás* denote time; as, *chegar a tempo*, *eu a horas*, to arrive in time.

A que horas estareis vós lá? at what hour or time will you be there?

As horas que for preciso, in due or good time, at the time appointed.

Estar á sua vontade, to be at one's ease.

A direita, on the right hand.

A esquerda, on the left hand.

Viver á sua vontade, to live to one's mind, or as one likes.

Andar a pé, *eu a cavallo*, to go on foot, or a horseback.

Correr á redoa solta, to ride full speed.

Trajar á Francesa, to dress after the French way.

Viver á Inglesa, to live after the English fashion.

Andar a grandes passos, to walk at a great rate.

Andar a. passos lentos, to walk very slowly.

A denotes also the price of things; as, *a oito xelins*, at eight shillings. It denotes also the measure, as, *medir a palmas*, to span or measure by the hand extended.

A's denotes also the weight; as, *ás onças*, by the ounce.

A razão de seis por cento, at the rate of six per cent.

When *a* is preceded by *daqui*, and followed by a noun of time, it denotes the space of time after which something is to be done; as, *el rey partirá daqui a tres dias*, the king will set out three days hence.

Trabalhar á candeia, to do any thing by candle-light.

A gullén, with the needle.

Andar á vela, to sail, to be under sail.

Jogar á péla, to play at tennis.

Jogar ás cartas, to play at cards.

A seu gosto, as he or she likes, or as you like.

A seu modo, after his, or her way, or after your way.

A is also put before the infinitives, preceded by another verb; as *ensinar a cantar*, to teach to sing; *ir a dormir*, to go to sleep.

A is also placed between two equal numbers, to denote order: as, *deus a deus*, two by two; *quatro a quatro*, four by four.

Se eu fosse a vós, *faria aquilo*, if I was you, (in your place) I would do that.

When *a* is placed before *casa*, and the sense implies going to, it is Englished by *to*, but the word *casa* is left out in English; as, *elle foy a casa do governador*, he went to the governor's.

A respeito de, or *da*, *dos*, or *das*, in comparison of, in regard to, in respect of; as, *isto não he nada a respeito do que posso dizer*, this is nothing to other things that I can say.

A proposito, is used in familiar discourses; as, *a proposito*, *esquecime de dizer-vos o outro dia*, &c. now I think on't, I forgot to tell you t'other day, &c.

A's avessas, quite the reverse, or contrary.

A tiro de peça, within cannon-shot.

Cara a cara, *corpo a corpo*, signify, face to face, body to body.

Tomar huma coisa á boa ou á má parte, to take a thing well or ill.

A pesar, in spite.

A titulo, under colour, under the pretence.

A sometimes is *with*; as, *defenderão-se a unhas e dentes*, they defended themselves with their nails and teeth.

A is also Englished by *against*; as, *ella tornou-se á criada*, she turned herself against the maid.

A sometimes is *for*; as, *guardava o ceo a Manoel tão ardua empreza*, heaven reserved so hard an undertaking for Manoel.

A sometimes is *in*; or according to; as, *a juizo do cirurgião*, in the, or, according to the surgeon's opinion.

Avinte legoas daqui, twenty leagues off.

A is also *by*; as, *a força de braços*, by strength of arms; *as dentadas*, by mouthfuls, by bites of the teeth.

A is sometimes left out in English; as *dize a Maria*, *a Pedro*, &c. tell Mary, Peter, &c.

Que effais a dizer? What do you say?

A is also *a*; as, *ir á caça*, to go a shooting.

A is also *upon*; as, *levai-o á cabeça*, carry it upon your head; *ás costas*, upon a man's back, on his shoulders.

A, in reckoning games is used in this manner: *cinco a cinco*, five all; *seis a seis*, six all; *tres a quatro*, three to four; *quatro a nada*, four love.

A, and

A B A

A, and *as*, are very often used with a noun adverbially; as,
A presa, hastily.
A mão, near.
A falsa fé, treacherously.
A's escuras, in the dark.
A's cegas, blindfold.
And many others, which you will find where we shall show the significations of the words, which are preceded by these particles.
A sometimes is joined to some words, so as to make but a single word with them; as, *acinte*, *aleria*, &c. Therefore you must look for these words in their alphabetical disposition.
A is also a pronoun relative, it, or her; as, *vendo-a*, seeing it, or her; *vendo-as*, seeing them; *elle amava-a muito*, he did love her very much; *se elle a quizer*, if he will have it, or her.
N. B. These are the principal senses, in which the particle *a* is used; but there are many others, which can hardly be brought under any particular rules. You will find them all, however, in the course of this Dictionary.

A A M

AAMO'UCO. See *AMOUCO*.

A B A

ABA, f. f. (the extremity of any thing) edge, side, brim, a border.
Aba, the skirt of a garment, part of a garment below the waist.
Tomar as abas natinta. See *TOMAR*.
Aba do telhado, the eaves of a house which keep the walls from rain, a penthouse.
Aba, (speaking of hats) the brim of a hat.
Chapéo de Abas pequenas, a narrow-brimmed hat.
Chapéo de Abas grandes, a broad-brimmed hat.
Aba, (speaking of rivers) bank, shore, water-side.
Aba do ferro, the ornament, edge, border, or frame of the roof of a chamber.
Aba da feibadura, a thin plate of iron, to strengthen and fortify the locks.
Aba, (metaph.) Protection.
ABACELLAR, v. a. ex. *Abacellar plantas*, to lay the roots of plants under ground, to keep them for transplantation.
ABACO, (in architecture) abacus, the uppermost part of a column.
ABADA, f. f. the skirt of a garment tucked up, and full of any thing.
Abada, f. f. the female of a rhinoceros. Some think it is another wild beast by Bengala.
ABADADO. See *ABBADADO*. &c.
ABADEJO, f. m. a kind of salt fish we call poor jack; altho the Spanish fly, or cantharis, used for raising blisters.
ABADERNAS, f. f. p. (a sea term) small ropes that serve to stake firm the lines of the shrouds.
ABADI R, s. m. a certain God of the

A B A

Carthaginians. It is also taken for the stone bundled up with a band, which was presented by Rhea to Saturn instead of Jupiter.
ABAFADUÇO, adj. smouldry. ex. *Lugar abafadico*, a place that is not aired, where there is no air-hole, or vent to give light, but only sweltry, and smoldry heat.
ABAFADO, part. smothered. Sometimes is the same as smoldry, sweltry, as:
Ar abafado, a sweltry, thick, and smoldry air. See also *ABAFAR*.
Abafado, well covered; ex. *Estai abafado para que sujes*, cover yourself well that you may sweat.
ABAFAMENTO, f. m. choaking, suffocation; also oppression, calamity, (metaph.)
ABAFAR, v. a. to choak, to smother; also to cover well, or close; also to overlay, to smother with too much, or too close covering.
Abafar, (a vulg. w.) to steal.
Abafar, (in agriculture) to choak and over-shadow, as weeds, &c. do the corn, &c.
Abafar hum negocio, to murder a business.
Abafar a terra, to harrow or break the clods after the first ploughing.
Abafar, v. n. to swelter, to be pained with heat, to be over-laid or smothered with too close covering.
Abafar-se, v. r. to cover one's self well.
Ab-far-se, ou *cebrir-se de nuvens*, to grow cloudy, to grow dark with clouds.
ABAINHADO, p. of the preterperf. t. of *ABAINHAR*, v. a. to hem.
Abairbar hum lenço. See *EMBAINHAR*.
ABAIIXAR. See *ABAXAR*.
ABAIIXO. See *ABAXO*.
ABALADA, f. f. ex. *seguir o coelbo pella abalada*, (among hunters) to follow the rabbit from his nest.
ABALADO, adj. shaken, &c. See *ABALAR*.
Estar abalado, (metaph.) to be in readiness. Lat. *In precinctu stare*. Also to give ground; Lat. *Labascere*.
ABALANÇAR-SE, v. r. to attack, to rush on suddenly.
Abalançar-se ao perigo, to run into danger.
ABALAR, or *ABALLAR*, v. a. to shake, jog, or stir; also to move, to touch, to affect.
Abalar alguma do seu propósito, to fright one from his purpose, and make him change his mind.
Abalar, v. n. to shake, or jog, to be loose.
Os dentes lhe abalaõ, his teeth are loose.
Abalar, to decamp, to march off, to go from the camp.
Abalar, (a vulg. w.) to run away, to brush away.
Abalar com os calxinhos, to scamper away. (a vulg. phrase.)
Abalar-se, v. r. to stir, to move, to wag.
Não vos abaleis de lá, do not stir from thence.

A B A

ABALIZADO, or *ABALLIZADO*, surveyed, &c. See *ABALIZAR*.
ABALIZADOR, f. m. a surveyor, or measurer of lands, he who sets bounds to it.
ABALIZAR, v. a. to survey, or measure lands, and set bounds to it.
Homem abalizado, (metaph.) a wise and clever man.
ABALIZADO author, an excellent author or writer, one of the better sort.
ABALIZAR-SE, v. r. See *ASSINALAR-SE*.
ABA'LO, f. m. shake, jerk, pull; also concern, the state of being affected in mind.
Fazer, ou causar abalo, (metaph.) to affect, to move the affections.
Abalo, pain, grief, uneasiness, trouble, fatigue, inconvenience, tiresomeness.
Abalo, ou amago da doença. See *AMEAÇA*.
ABALROAR, v. n. to shake or dash, to break in pieces; also to contend, to strive, or quarrel. It is used in Portuguese with the preposition *com*, with.
Abalroar hum navio com outro por causa da corrente, ou outra desgraça, is for a ship to run or fall foul upon another.
Abalroar, v. a. (speaking of ships) to board a ship.
ABANADOR, s. m. a fire-fan.
ABANA'R, v. a. to fan.
Abanar o lume, ou o fogo, to kindle the fire by fanning it.
Abanar o trigo, to winnow, to separate corn from chaff by the wind.
Abanar a cara de alguém, to cool another's face with a fan.
Abanar as moscas, to drive the flies away; to rid of flies.
Penitencia de abana mosca, a light or easy penance. *Cuidados de abana mosca*, trifling cares, trifles.
Abanar as arvores, to shake the trees.
Abanar as asas, to clap the wings.
Abanar as orelhas, to give a negative answer.
Abanar-se, v. r. to cool one's self with a fan.
ABANDONAR, v. a. to abandon, to give over, to forsake, to cast off, to quit, to leave, to desert, to shake off.
ABANICO, f. m. a woman's fan.
ABANICOS, witty sayings.
ABANO, f. m. a fire-fan.
Abano, a fly-flap.
Manto de Abanos, a sort of neck of a hand formerly used.
ABAR, v. a. to cock: ex. *Abar hum chapéo*, to cock, or to cock up a hat.
ABARATAR, v. a. to bate, to abate, to beat down the price of any thing.
Abaratar a vitória, (metaph.) to get the victory without dearly paying for it, that is, without a great loss of people on his side.
ABARBADO, a. adj. very near; also vexed, provoked, puzzled, &c. See *ABARBAR*, v. a. and n. to draw nigh, to come near; also to vex, to attack, to

ABA

ABA

ABC

to puzzle, to provoke; also to encounter, to face, to go to meet boldly
ABARCA, f. f. a sort of shoes worn by country people that live on mountains, or rocky places, made of raw skins of wild boars, cows, &c. and tied with strings.
ABARCADOR, f. m. foretaller, monopolist, monopolizer, an ingrosser of a commodity.
ABARCAR, v. a. to compass about, to environ, to inclose, to contain, to hold, to include.
Abarcar com a mão, to clasp, to hold with the hands extended.
P. Quem muito abarca, pouco abraça, all cover, all lose; all grasp, all lose. The Lat. say: *Plurima qui agreditur, nil aptè perficit unquam.*
Abarcar, to foretall, to monopolize, to ingross a commodity.
Elles abarcam todo o negocio, they ingross all the trade to themselves.
Abarcar com o pensamento, to understand, to perceive, (metaph.)
Abarcar alguma coisa antes que chegue ao mercado para vendê-la, to foretall the market.
ABARREGA'DO. See **AMANCEBADO**.
ABARREGAMENTO. See **AMANCEBAMENTO**.
ABARREGAR-SE. See **AMANCEBAR-SE**.
ABARRISCO, f. m. (a vulgar w.) ex. *Abarrisco de peixe*, plenty of fish.
ABARROADO. See **TEIMOSO**.
ABARROTADO, part. full, filled up. *Navio abarrotado*, a ship quite loaded, a ship that can't take any more cargo in.
ABARROTAR, v. a. to fill, to fill up.
ABASSI, f. m. money used in Asia, the value of which is a little more than a shilling.
ABASTA, v. imp. enough, or it is enough.
ABASTADAMENTE, adv. abundantly, largely.
ABASTADO. See **ABASTAR**.
ABASTANÇA, f. f. plenty, plentifulness, abundance.
ABASTAR, v. n. to suffice, to be sufficient, or enough.
Isto não basta para seu sustento, this is not sufficient for his subsistence.
Aquella quantia não pode abastar para todas as necessidades, that sum can't answer all the occasions.
Abastar, v. a. to satiate, to satisfy, to fill, to nourish, or be nourishing.
Esta sorte de fruta abasta, this sort of fruit satiates, or is nourishing.
Homem abastado, (metaph.) a man that has riches enough to live upon.
ABASTECE. See **BASTECER**.
ABASTECIDO. See **BASTECIDO**.
ABATE, f. m. abatement. *Não quero dar nada de abate*, I won't bate an inch, or a jot on't.
ABATER, v. a. to debilitate, weaken, or infeeble.
Abater, to bate, to abate.
Abater alguma coisa do preço, to bate something of the price.

Não quero abater nada, I won't bate an inch or a jot on't.
Abater, to pull, to bring down, to check, to humble.
Abater a soberba de algum, to pull, or bring down one's pride.
Abater, to strike; ex. *Abater a bandeira*, to strike the flag, to abase, to lower or take in the flag.
Abater, to look, to cast downwards.
Abater os olhos, to look downwards, to cast one's eyes down, or downwards.
Abater, to discourage, to put out of heart, to dishearten, to dispirit.
Abater, to impair, to lessen, to diminish.
Abater o credito de algum, to clip the wings of one's fame, or to lessen his reputation.
Abater as cristas de algum, to bring down one's pride, or haughtiness.
 N. B. When in the sentence governed by this verb, no mention is made of any person but of that which is the nominative of the verb *abater*; then (if the same verb is taken in the two last significations) you must understand, his own, her own, and their own. Ex.
Elle abateo a soberba, he brought down his own haughtiness.
Elles abateram o credito, they impaired their own reputation, or credit.
Abater, v. n. to abate, to fall, to decrease.
O calor vai abatendo, the heat begins to abate.
Abater-se, v. r. to fall, tumble, or shrink down.
O edificio está para abater-se, the building is ready to fall.
Abater-se, to be discouraged, or disheartened, to lose courage, to despond, to weaken, to grow weak.
Abater-se, to humble, to abase one's self.
ABATIDO, a, adj. abased, humbled, disheartened, tumbled down, impaired, lessened, brought down, feeble, grown feeble, debilitated, decayed, &c. according to the v. *abater*.
Abatido, fallen in the price; also ravaged, laid waste.
ABATIMENTO, f. m. decay, withering, failure, ruin.
Abatimento, submissiveness, humbleness.
ABAXAR, or **ABAXAR**, v. a. to pull, to bring or let down, to let fall, to lower.
Abaxar a cabeça, to bow one's head.
Abaxar dois pés de uma muralha, to bring a wall lower by two feet.
Abaxar, to humble, to abase, to make stoop, to cast down, to depress, to check, to debase.
Eu lhe abaxarei os fumos, I shall make him stoop.
Abaxar, to shorten, to diminish.
Abaxar a raçam, to shorten the allowance.
Abaxar, v. n. to fall in price, or value, to abate. As *Rendas das casas vam abaxando*, the rents of the houses begin to fall.

O calor vai abaxando, the heat abates.
Abaxar huma voz, ou *tom na musica*, to fall a note in musick.
Abaxar, to grow mild, to fall, to come down, in the figurative sense.
Abaxar-se, v. r. to fall, to sink, to decrease, to be laid.
Os animos vix abaxão-se, e levantão-se à medida que a fortuna he favoravel, ou contraria, mean spirits rise, or sink, as fortune smiles, or frowns.
Abaxar-se, to humble one's self, to stoop, to cringe, to subinit.
Abaxar-se a açcoens vix, e indignas, to stoop to sordid ungenerous practices.
ABAXO, or **ABAI XO**, adv. down.
Eu caio abaxo, I fall down.
Vay abaxo, go down.
Calças abaxo, down with your breeches.
Abaxo com elle, down with him.
Abaxo e acima, up and down.
Elle cahio pelas escadas abaxo, he fell down stairs.
Abaxo com isso, down with it.
Abaxo, hereafter.
Abaxo, prepos. under, or inferior. See also **DEPOIS**.
Sentouse abaxo delles, he sat inferior, or under them.
Logo abaxo, next inferior to.
Assentou-se logo abaxo de mim, he sat next inferior to me, or he was the next man to me.
De cabeça abaxo, headlong.

ABB

ABBACIAL, adj. belonging to an abbey, or abbot.
ABBADADO, f. m. the church that is governed by an abbot.
ABBADÉ, f. m. an abbot.
Abbate commendatario, an abbot in commendam.
Abbate regular, a regular abbot.
Abbate secular, a secular abbot.
ABBADÉ. See **CONFESSOR**. obso.
ABBADÉSSA, f. f. an abbess.
ABBADÉSSADO, f. m. abbotship.
ABBADI'A, f. f. an abbey.
ABBADINHO, f. m. a little abbot.
ABBATTIN'A, f. f. the abbot's dress.
Andar a abbatina, to dress as the abbots do.
ABBREVIADO'R, f. m. an abbreviator.
ABBREVIADO. See **ABBREVIAR**.
ABBREVIAR, v. a. to shorten, to abbreviate, to abridge; also to cut short, to abbreviate; also to dispatch, to make a quick riddance of.
ABBREVIATU'RA, f. f. abbreviation, or short hand; also abbreviature, an abridgement or compendium. *Escriptura feita por abbreviatura*, short-hand writing.

ABC

ABC, f. m. the alphabet, or crisis-cross-row.
Está apprendendo o A, B, C, he is an A, B, C, scholar, or he is an abecedary.
Ej

ABE

Este he o ABC da mathematica, (figurat.) these are the first rules, elements, or rudiments, of the mathematics.
Cartilha de A, B, C; a primer.
Dispor pella ordem de A, B, C; to alphabet.
ABCESSO, or ABSCESSO, f. m. an impostume, an abscess.

ABD

ABDICAÇAM, f. f. abdication, resigning, forsaking, given over.
ABDICA'DO, a, adj. See
ABDICAR, v. a. to abdicate, to leave, to abandon, to forsake, to resign, to give over.
ABDOMEN, f. m. abdomen, the lower cavity of an animal's body, situated between the diaphragm, or midriff, and the privities.

ABE

ABECEDARIO, f. m. a primer.
Que está disposto pe'la ordem do abecedario, ou alphabeto, alphabeted.
ABEGAM, f. m. a farmer's servant, whose particular business is to take care of all the tools belonging to husbandry, and to plough his master's lands.
ABEGO'A, f. f. the wife of a farmer's servant, &c. See *ABEGAM*.
ABEGOARIA, f. f. anything belonging to a village, a farm, or country-house. All the tools or instruments belonging to husbandry.
ABEJARUCO. See ABELAEIRO.
ABELHA, f. f. a bee, or honey-bee.
Enxame de abelhas, a swarm of bees.
Abelha pequena, a little bee.
Abelha criança, a young bee just formed.
Abelhas brabas, wild bees that live in the woods and forests.
Abelhas castiras, tame bees.
Abelha meira, the king among the bees.
Abelha flor. See ABELHINHA FLOR.
ABELHAM, f. m. a wasp.
ABELHEIRO, f. m. midwall, martinet.
ABELHINHA, f. f. a little bee; diminutive of *abelha*.
Abelhinha flor, the herb dog's-stones. Lat. *orchis*.
ABELHUDAMENTE, adv. too hastily.
ABELHU'DO, a, adj. over-hastily.
ABEMOLADO, adj. flat.
Chave abemolada, a flat key.
Abemolado, agreeable, sweet, obliging, kind, complaisant, alluring. (metaph.)
ABENÇOADO, a, adj. See
ABENÇOAR, v. a. to bless, to wish well.
ABENÇOADO sejas de Deus, God bless you.
ABENDIÇOAR, v. a. to thank, to praise, to give blessings.
ABERTAMENTE, adv. openly, publicly, plainly, evidently, manifestly, freely, point blank.
Disse-me abertamente, que não queria fazer-lo, he told me point-blank that he would not do it.

ABI

Fallar abertamente, to speak openly.
ABERTAS, f. f. p. a trench, ditch, or furrow, to convey water into the fields, or some where else.
ABERTO, a, adj. set open, opened, &c. See the v. *ABRIR*.
A sua porta está aberta para todo o mundo, he keeps open house.
A porta não está totalmente aberta, nem totalmente fechada, the door is a-jar, or upon the jar.
A porta está aberta, the door is open.
Aberto de par em par, wide open.
Até que eu tiver os olhos abertos, as long as my eyes are open.
Homem de coração aberto, an open-hearted man.
Homem de mãos abertas, an open-handed man.
Aberto, unvalled, that is without walls.
Aberto, wide, far extended.
Lugar aberto, an open place.
Porta aberta em duas, a double door, gate, leaf, or flap.
Aberto dos peitos (speaking of a horse) that is afflicted either with a shoulder pight, or with a shoulder-splaiting, or shoulder torn.
ABERTURA, f. f. an opening, or laying open. See the verb *ABRIR*.
Abertura da camisa, the bosom of a shirt.
Abertura, a vent, or vent hole.
Aberturas, the doors and windows of a house.
Abertura, a gaping in a wall, or building.
Abertura, the room, or board in the custom-house, appointed for the close viewing and looking narrowly into the goods.
Abertura por onde desaguam tanques, &c. a flood-gate, a water-gate.
Abertura do parlamento, the opening of the parliament.
ABESENTADO, a, adj. (in heraldry) a coat of arms wherein there are round plates of gold without any stamp. See *BESANTE*.
ABESSO, (an ancient word) wrong or injury.
ABESTIM. } See ASBESTO.
ABESTO. }
ABESTRUZ, f. m. an ostrich, or ostridge.
ABETARDA, s. f. a bustard, a sort of great bird.
ABETE, or ABETO, f. m. a fir-tree, or deal tree.
Madeira de abete, or abeto, fir, deal.
ABETUMADO. See BETUMADO.
ABETUMAR, s. m. See *BETUMAR*.
ABEXINS, ou abexis, f. m. p. *Abyssines,* a people of Ethiopia, who are Christians of the Greek church, whose emperor is stiled the Grand Negus; falsely taken by some for Prester John.

ABI

ABICADO, c, part of *ABICAR*. *Estar abicado a alguma coisa* (metaph.)

ABN

to want but little, or to be like to compass a thing.
ABICAR, v. n. (a sea term) it is said of a ship when it is in a harbour, and the prow touches, or is adjoining to the shore.
Abicar, v. a. ex. *abicar hum navio,* to bring a ship to the coast or shore, from *bique,* the beak of a ship.
ABIETINO, a, adj. belonging to the fir-tree.
ABIL, &c. See *HABIL, &c.*
ABILHAR, (in old records). See *ATAVIAR*.
ABINTESTADO, f. m. intestate.
Herdeiro abintestado, heir of one that dies intestate.
ABISMA DO, a, adj. cast, thrown, or swallowed up in an abyss, &c. See *ABISMAR* in all its senses.
ABISMAR, v. a. to cast, to throw into an abyss.
Abismar, to astonish, surprize, to amaze.
Abismar-se, v. r. to run into an abyss, to lose, or sink one's self in a thing.
Abismar-se, to be astonished, amazed, surprized, to wonder.
ABISMO, ou abysmo, f. m. an abyss, a bottomless gulph, or pit, an unmeasurable gulph.
ABITA, f. f. (in a ship) the bits that serve to belay (that is to fasten) the cable when the ship rides at anchor, &c.
ABITAÇAM. } HABITAÇAM.
ABITADOR. } HABITADOR.
ABITADO. } HABITADO.
ABITAR. } HABITAR.
ABITO. } HABITO.
ABITUADO. } HABITUADO.
ABITUAR-SE. } HABITUAR-SE.
ABJURAÇAM, f. f. abjuration, the forsaking of an error in some fundamental point of the Christian faith.
ABJURAR, v. a. to abjure an error, to forsake an error, to renounce it. (Speaking of heretics.)

ABL

ABLATIVO, f. m. the ablative case, a term in grammar.
ABLUÇAM, f. f. ablution, or washing, a term used in the Romish church; also ablution, any religious purification; also ablution, in pharmacy.

ABN

ABNEGAÇAM, f. f. (an ascetic term) abnegation, self-denial, the renouncing one's interest, pleasures, passions.
A abnegaçam de si mesmo, the abnegation of one's self, self-denial.
Com huma abnegaçam inteira das nossas vontades, with a full abnegation of our wills.
ABNEGAR, v. a. to renounce, quit, forsake: this is likewise an ascetic term.

ABO

ABO'BADA, f. f. a vault, an arched roof.
ABOBARA, or **ABOBORA**, f. f. a gourd.
Abobara d'agoa, pompion, pumpkin.
Abobara menina, a kind of large, and almost spherical gourd.
ABOBORADO, p. of **ABOBORAR**; which see.
ABOBORAL, f. m. a place where gourds grow.
ABOBORAR, v. n. to simmer, to boil gently. A word made probably from the sound.
ABOBORNHA, f. f. a small gourd.
ABOCANHADO, a, adj. bitten, &c. see
ABOCANHAR, v. a. to bite, to mouth.
Abocanhar, to carp, to find fault with, to censure. See **DETRAHIR**.
Hum de má lingua que abocanha a todos, a foul-mouthed man.
Elle anda abocanhado de embaixador, it is commonly reported that he is to be appointed ambassador.
ABOCAR em Linguagens alheas, v. n. to affect, or to make a pretended show of knowing foreign languages.
Abocar, (a sea term) ex. *abocar o estreito*, to begin to sail through the streight.
Abocar a barra, to begin to sail through the mouth or entrance of a bay.
ABOCETADO, a, adj. circular, round, orbicular.
ABOIS, or **BUIS**, f. f. springe, nooze to catch birds with.
ABOLADO, a, adj. bruised, crushed, &c. see.
ABOLAR, v. a. to bruise, batter, or beat dents in things, to crush or spoil the form of a thing, or by any blow, or hard compresure.
ABOLEIMADO, a, adj. (a vulgar expression) ex.
Resto aboleimado, an hollow, or flat unfashioned face, like a tart, or wafer.
Ter o juizo aboleimado, to be stupid, blockish, senseless.
ABOLETAR, v. act. to quarter soldiers.
ABOLINAR, v. n. to go near the wind, to go with a side wind, to tack upon a wind, to sail upon a bowline.
ABOLORECE, v. n. to grow mouldy, hoary.
Fazer abolarecer, to make mouldy, or hoary.
ABOMINAÇÃO, f. f. abomination, execration, detestation.
Abominação, f. f. an abominable, or detestable thing, or person.
ABOMINADO, a, adj. See
ABOMINAR, v. a. to abominate, abhor, or detest.
ABOMINAVEL, adj. an abominable, or detestable thing, or person.
ABOMINAVELMENTE, adv. abominably.
ABONACAM, f. f. the act of being

bound for a bondsman. See **ABONADOR**.
Abonacam, esteem, praise, respect that one has for another man, or his merit.
ABONADO, a, bailed, &c. according to the v. **ABONAR**.
Homem abonado, a rich man, a man of credit.
Abonado, ou **acreditado**. See **ACREDITADO**.
Testemunha abonada, a creditable witness, a witness that is not to be excepted against.
Fiador abonado, a bailed bondsman.
ABONADOR, f. m. he who is bailed for one that is already bailed for another, a second bail, or surety; also he who answers or speaks a good word for another.
ABONANÇAR, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair weather.
ABONAR, v. a. to stand bound, or to be bail, or surety for a man that is already bail for another.
Abonar, to shew, to prove, to make appear, also to commend, to praise, to procure one favour and get him esteem, to answer or speak a good word for him.
Abonar, ou *levar em conta*, to discount or abate, to make good.
Dinheiro que se deve abonar, money to be discounted, or abated, off reckoning.
Abonar-se, v. r. to commend, praise, or extoll one's self.
ABONO, f. m. approbation, praise, credit, also advantage; as, *fallar em abono de alguém*, to speak to one's advantage, or in his behalf.
Fazer em abono, to prove, to shew, to confirm; also to help to reputation or credit, to avail, to be advantageous, or available.
ABORCA'R, ou *borcar*, v. n. to overflow.
ABORDAR, v. a. (a sea term) to board a ship, to come up with a ship.
Abordar alguém, to come, or draw near one, to accost him, to approach him, to come up to him.
ABORDOAR, v. n. to go leaning on a staff.
ABORIGENES, f. m. p. Aborigines, the name given to the inhabitants of the ancient Latium.
ABORRECEDO'R, f. m. a hater, a despiser.
Aborrecedor de mulheres, a hater of women.
ABORRECER, v. n. to be abominable, to be abhorred, hated, detested.
Quanto mais cresce, mais aborrece, the more he grows, the more he is abominable.
Aborrecer, v. act. to abhor, to detest, to abominate, to hate.
Aborrecer, to weary, to tire, to be wearisome, or tiresome to, to be tedious.
Naõ o faças aborrecer mais, do not tire, or be tedious to him any more.

Aborrecer-se, v. r. to be angry, to fall into a passion.
Aborreceem-se os tirannos quando não podem executar os seus barbaros desígnios, the tyrants fall into a passion when they cannot accomplish their barbarous designs.
Aborrecer-se, to be grumbling, peevish, cross, morose. Ex.
He proprio dos homens começarem a chorrecer-se depois dos sessenta annos, it is proper to man to be peevish after they come to sixty years of age.
Aborrecer-se, to find fault, to abhor, not to be able to endure.
Os homens honestos aborre-cem-se de lisonjas, honest men are not able to endure flattery.
Os vellos aborreceem-se de tudo que he novo, old men find fault with all that is newly invented.
Aborrecer-se, to be hated, to be abhorred.
Aborrece-se a verdade, truth is hated.
ABORRECIDAMENTE, adv. odiously spitefully.
ABORRECIDO, a, part. hated, detested, abhorred.
Fazer-se aborrecido de todos, to make one's self hated by every body.
ABORRECIMENTO, f. m. hatred, peevishness, moroseness.
ABORRECIVEL, adj. detestable, horrible, dire, dreadful.
ABORRECIVELMENTE, adv. See **ABORRECIDAMENTE**.
ABORRIDAMENTE, adv. sadly, peevishly.
ABORRIDO, a, adj. sad, peevish, cross, morose.
Elle está aborrido por causa da doença, he is peevish on account of the sickness.
ABORSO, see **ABORTO**.
ABORTAR, to miscarry, to be brought to bed before the time, or untimely.
Fazer abortar, to cause a miscarriage.
ABORTIVO, a, adj. untimely, unseasonable, hasty, before the time, unripe, imperfect, unfinished.
Bexerrinho abortivo, a sink, a calf-calf.
ABORTO, f. m. abortion, miscarriage, the bringing forth untimely.
Aborte, an abortive, an untimely child, one born out of due time.
ABOTOADOR, f. m. a button-maker.
ABOTOADURA, f. f. a set of buttons.
ABOTOAR, v. a. to sow, to stitch buttons.
Abotoar, to button.
Abotoar, v. n. (speaking of the almond tree, and some others) to bud, to bloom.
Abotoar-se, v. r. to button one's self.
ABOTADO, a, adj. see
ABOYAR, v. a. to cast into the sea a log of wood, barrel, or the like, to shew where the anchor or any other thing lies.
Abayar, v. a. to hull, to float, to ride to and fro upon the water.

ABR

ABR

ABRA, f. f. a road for ships.
ABRAÇADO, a, adj. See **ABRAÇAR**.
ABRAÇAR, v. a. to embrace, hug, or take about, to clip and coll.
Abraçar lançando os braços ao pescoço, to clip and coll, to embrace about the neck.
O que abraça, an embracer.
Abraçar um negócio, to undertake, or take upon one a business.
Abraçar o partido de alguém, to take one's part, to side with him.
Abraçar huma opinião, to embrace, or favour an opinion.
Abraçar, to comprehend, to contain, to comprise.
Abraça a occasião, to seize the opportunity.
P. Quem muito abraça, pouco aperta, all grasp, all lose, or covet all and lose all.
Abraçar-se v. r. ex. Abraçar-se com alguém, ou com alguma coisa, to embrace, to hug, or take about somebody, or something.
ABRAÇO, f. m. an embracing, an embracer, a clipping and colling, a hug.
Dar abraços, to embrace, to hug.
Abraça reciprocamente o pescoço, embracing about one another's neck, accolade.
ABRANDADO, a, adj. See **ABRANDAR**.
ABRANDAR, v. a. to mollify, to soften.
Abrandar a dor, ou a pena, to soften, to allay, to mitigate, to assuage, to ease, to alleviate the pain, or grief.
Abrandar o calor, to lay, or to allay the heat.
Abrandar a ira de alguém, to appease, to sweeten, to allay one's anger, to mitigate, to assuage his passion, to pacify him, to cool his anger.
Abrandar hum natural feroz, to soften, to temper, to mollify a savage humour, to render it mild, or gentle.
A chuva abrandou o tempo, the weather is grown mild after the rain.
Abrandar, v. n. to fall, to come down, to be laid, to grow mild.
O tempo abrandando, ou vai abrandando, the weather grows mild.
O vento abrandando, the wind falls, or comes down, the wind is laid.
Abrandar-se, v. r. (speaking of anger) to be allayed, to relent, to cool, to grow cool, to be sweetened, appeased, or mitigated.
ABRANGER, v. a. to comprehend, to contain, to comprise, to include, to take in.
Ab ranger, to be sufficient.
Não passo abranger tão grande negocio, I am not sufficient for so great business.
Ab ranger a mão, to clasp the hand.
Ab ranger, ou abarcar todo o negocio, to ingross all the trade.
ABRANGIDO, a, adj. See **ABRANGER**.
ABRAZADO, a, adj. on fire, all on fire. See **ABRAZAR**.
ABRAZADOR, ex. *sol*, ou *fogo abra-*

ABR

zador, the burning sun, or burning fire.
ABRAZAMENTO, f. m. great fire, conflagration, violent burning.
Abrazamento de amor, the fire, or flames of love.
ABRAZAR, v. a. to fire, to set on fire, to consume by fire.
Abrazar, (speaking of love) to fire, to inflame, to burn.
Abrazar, (speaking of lands) to ravage spoil, ransack, lay waste.
Abrazar-se, v. r. to take fire, to burn, to be on fire, to be inflamed (both in the proper and figurat. sense.)
ABREGO, (in ancient records) the wind south-west. Lat. *Africus*.
ABREVIACAM, **ABREVIADO**, &c. See **ABBREVIACAM**, **ABREVIADO**, &c.
ABRIDOR, f. m. a graver.
Abridor que faz uso da água forte, he who graves with aqua fortis, he who etches.
ABRIGADA, f. f. a covert, a shelter, also protection, refuge, sanctuary, (metaph.)
ABRIGADO, a, that is under covert, sheltered.
Não temo a chuva por que estou abrigado, I do not fear the rain, because I am under a covert, or shelter.
Lugar abrigado, a shelter, a safe place against ill weather.
Estar abrigado, to be sheltered, to be secure, or free from a danger.
ABRIGAR, v. a. to shelter, to protect, to defend, in the proper and figurative sense.
Abrigar alguém, to receive somebody into one's house, or to protect somebody.
Abrigar-se, v. r. to get shelter, to be under shelter, to shelter one's self from foul weather.
Abrigar-se intretanto que chove, to get shelter while it rains.
Abrigar-se em algum lugar, to fly to a place for shelter.
Abrigar-se do vento, to be under wind.
Abrigar-se, (metaph.) ex. *elle abrigou-se a mim*, he has fled to me for shelter, he betook himself to me.
Elle abrigou-se a hum bom modo de vida, ou a huma arte que lhe rende muito, he betook himself to a very profitable profession.
ABRIGO, f. m. a shelter, covert, chiefly from foul weather.
Abri go para os navios, a lee-shore, a shed, a corner, a creek, where the ships are safe.
Por-se ao abrigo, to shelter one's self.
Estar ao abrigo, ou de baxo de abrigo, to be under shelter.
Ser abrigo, ou servir de abrigo, (metaph.) to protect, or defend.
Eu serei vossó abrigo contra as suas injurias, I will protect, or defend you against his injuries.
ABRIL, f. m. April, the fourth month of the year.
ABRIMENTO, f. m. an opening.
ABRIR, v. a. to open, or to set open.

ABR

Abrir a porta, ou *janela*, to open the door, or window.
Abrir loja, to set up a shop.
Abrir água, (a sea term.) See **AGOA**.
Elle não tem mais que abrir a boca, he has all things at command, or he has the world in a string.
Abrir o concerto, (in music) to begin to play, to strike up.
Abrir os portos, to take away the embargo.
Abrir huma carta, to open a letter.
Aquele abre a vontade de comer, that whets, or sharpens the stomach.
Abrir huma trouxa, to open, or undo a bundle.
Abrir os braços, to stretch the arms.
Abrir o entendimento, to open the mind, to give light to it.
Se abrires a boca, if you speak never so little (a sort of threatening)
Abrir a porta a desordens, to give an occasion, to open gaps to disorder. (metaph.)
Abrir o seu coração a alguém, to open one's heart, or mind, to one.
Abrir fazendo uso de água forte, to etch.
Abrir com buril, to engrave, or grave.
Abrir a mão, to desist, to leave off (metaph.)
As abrir das cartas, at the opening of the letters.
Abrir trinxeiras, to open the trenches, to break ground.
Abrir hum corpo morto, to open a corpse.
Abrir, to make an incision, to cleave.
Abrir, to open, or begin.
Abrir a campanha, to open, or begin the campaign.
Abrir o caminho, to open, or clear the way; also to lead the way, to go before, to break the ice (metaph.)
Abrir caminho, (metaph.) to move a thing, to make a motion, to propose a thing.
Abrir os olhos a alguém, to undeceive, to disabuse one, to put him out of conceit (metaph.)
Abrir os olhos, (metaph.) to begin to apprehend things.
Abrir de vara, to begin to hear witnesses about the matter in question.
Abrir, v. n. to open or unclose itself; ex. *Esta porta fecha, mas não abre bem*, this door shuts close but it does not open cleverly.
Abrir, (speaking of flowers) to open, or blow.
As flores começam a abrir, the flowers begin to blow.
Abrir os ouvidos, to listen, to hearken.
Abrir os ouvidos a alguém. (metaph.) See *Abrir os olhos a alguém*.
Abrir, (speaking of the weather) to clear up.
O tempo começa a abrir, the weather begins to clear up.
Abrir contas, to begin to keep an account of debt, and credit, or to settle the account with another.
Abrir-se, v. r. to open, to be open.
Esta porta nunca se abre, this door never opens.

Abrir-se

A B S

Abri-se hum camiste, to make one's self a-way.
Abri-se com algum, to declare, or open one's mind to one, to unbosom one's self to one.
Abri-se, (speaking of the earth, or edifices,) to gape, to chink, to chape.
Esta porta abri-se por fimefma, this door lies open.
Abri-se a boca de enfado. ou por vontade de dormir, to gape, to yawn.
Como-se lhe esta abrindo a boca! how he yawneeth, or gapeth!
Abri-se o dia, is for the day to begin to peep, or break.
Começa a abri-se o dia, the day begins to break, or peep.
Abri ou abri-se dos peitos, (speaking of horses) to be affected either with a shoulder-pight, or with a shoulder-splaiting.
ABROCHADO, *a*, adj. See **ABROCHAR**.
ABROCHADURA, *f. f.* a clasping.
Abrochadura de hum livro, the clasp of a book.
ABROCHAR, *v. a.* to clasp, to fasten with a clasp.
ABROGAÇAM, *f. f.* (forensic term) abrogation, repealing, disannulling, abolishment.
ABROGADO, *a*, adj. See **ABROGAR**.
ABROGAR, *v. a.* to abrogate, to repeal, to abolish, to disannul, to make void a law which was before in force.
ABROLHAR, *v. n.* (in agriculture) to bud, to burgeon, or bloom.
ABROLHO, *f. m.* caltrop, a sort of herb.
Abrolho terrestre, land-caltrop.
Abrolho maritimo, great caltrop, water caltrop, or saligor.
Abrolho, a sort of instrument with four or five spikes, so made that which way soever they fall, one point still lies upwards, and generally used to annoy an enemy's horse; coltrop, or caltrop, crows feet.
ABROTANO, *f. m.* abrotanum, or southernwood; the vulgar call it, *erva lombrigutira*.
ABROTEA, *f. f.* daffodil, a sort of herb.
Flor da abrotea, daffy-down-dilly.
ABRUNHEIRO, *f. m.* a floe, or bullace tree.
ABRUÑO, *f. m.* floe, bullace, wild plum.

A B S

ABSCÉSSO, ou **ABCESSO**. See **ABCESSO**.
ABSCI'SA, *f. f.* (in geometry) abscissa, or abscisse.
ABSCISAM, *f. m.* (in astrology) abscission.
ABSINTHIO, or **ABSINTHIO**. See **LOSNA**.
ABSOLTO, *a*, adj. absolved, acquitted, discharged.
ABSOLVER, ou *afolver*, *v. a.* to absolve, to acquit, to discharge.

A B S

Abfoluir hum malfaitor de hum castigo merecido, to acquit a malefactor from his deserved punishment.
Abfoluer-se, *v. r. ex. abfoluer-se da obrigação de satisfazer a sua promessa*, to perform; to fulfil one's promise.
ABSOLVIÇAM, or **ABSOLUÇAM**, *f. f.* absolving, acquitment, acquittal, discharge, or release.
Abfolviçam, a pardoning, remission, or forgiveness of sins pronounced by the priest.
ABSOLUTAMENTE, *adv.* wholly, entirely, altogether, totally, absolutely, without any condition or reserve, with an absolute power.
Ell manda absolutamente na cidade, he has an absolute command in the city.
Abfolutamente, absolutely, by all means.
Procurai abfolutamente de alcança-lo, endeavour by all means to get it.
Eu o quero abfolutamente, I am absolutely for it.
Abfolutamente, in general, without exception, simply, absolutely.
Abfolutamente fallando, speaking in general.
Abfolutamente, absolutely, imperiously, magisterially, furtilly, with command, haughtily.
ABSOLUTO, *a*, adj. total, independent, absolute, arbitrary, unlimited.
Hum poder absoluto, an absolute, or arbitrary power.
Abfoluto, haughty, stately, surly.
Abfoluta gravidade, (in philos. and mech.) absolute gravity.
Igualdade, ou equaçam abfoluta, (in astronomy) the sums of the eccentric, and optick equations, absolute equation.
Numero absoluto, (in algebra) an absolute number.
Abfoluto, absolute (in grammar.) *ablativo abfoluto*, an ablative absolute.
ABSOLUTO'RIO, *a*, adj. (a forensic term) absolvatory, pertaining to a discharge, or acquittal, absolvatory.
Sentença abfolutoria, an absolvatory, or absolvatory sentence.
ABSONO, *a*, adj. dissonant, discordant, jarring, untunable, disagreeing, or sounding harsh.
ABSORBENTE, *adj.* (in medicine) absorbent, alkaline.
Remedio absorbente, an absorbent remedy.
ABSORBER, *v. a.* to swallow up, to absorb; also to suck in.
ABSORBIDO, ou **ABSORTO**, *a*, adj. supped, sunk, swallowed up, consumed.
ABSORTO em extasi, wrapt up in an extasy or rapture.
ABSTÊMIO, *a*, adj. abstemious, that drinks no wine.
ABSTENÇAM, *f. f.* (in common law) abstention, *ex. abstenção de herança*, abstention, or the keeping an heir from taking possession of his inheritance.
ABSTERGENTE, *adj.* abstergent, or

A B S

absterfive, cleansing, or scowring, (speaking of medicines.)
ABSTERGE'R, *v. a.* (in medicine) to wipe off, to cleanse by the means of absterfive medicines, to absterge.
ABSTER-SE, *v. r.* to abstain, to keep from, to forbear.
Abster-se do vinho, to abstain from wine.
ABSTERSIVO. See **ABSTERGENTE**.
ABSTINENCIA, *f. f.* temperance, forbearance, refraining one's self, abstinence, abtemiousness.
Abstinencia no comer, &c. an abstaining from food, drink, pleasures, lusts, &c. abstinence.
ABSTINENTE, *adj.* temperate in meat, drink, and other pleasures of life.
ABSTRACÇAM, *f. f.* abstraction, a power peculiar to the mind of man, by which he can make his conceptions, arising from particular things, become general.
Abstracçam do espirito, distractedness, distraction.
ABSTRACTAMENTE, *adv.* abstractedly.
ABSTRACTO, *a*, adj. abstract, or abstracted. *Ex. Idea ou conceito abstratto*, (in logic) a general and abstract conception of a quality, as it is considered apart without any regard to its concrete, or subject.
Abstratto, (in familiar discourse) affected with distractedness, distraction, inapplication, heedlessness, or inadvertency to what another says or does.
Ex. Estava abstratto entretanto que elle estava fallando, I was affected with distractedness while he was speaking.
Andais abstratto, your wits are woolgathering, or wandering.
Abstratto, contemplative, only attentive, fixed upon one thing.
Conta-se que os que mataram Archimedes o acbaram abstratto nas suas considerações geometricas, it is reported that those who killed Archimedes found him entirely bent upon his geometrical considerations.
Numero abstratto, (in arithmetick) an abstract number.
Abstratto, *f. m.* an abstract, an abridgment, a compendium.
ABSTRAHIDO, *a*, adj. See **ABSTRAHIR**, and **ABSTRACTO**.
Abstrahido, fictitious, imaginary, ideal, not real.
ABSTRAHIR, *v. a.* to draw away from, to lay aside, to separate, to take from or out of, to abstract.
Abstrahir, (in logic) to abstract, to consider a thing by itself without any regard to the subject to which it is joined.
Abstrahir-se, *v. r.* See **ABSTER-SE**.
ABSURDAMENTE, *adv.* absurdly.
ABSURDO, *f. m.* foolishness, impertinence, disagreeableness to reason, or common sense, absurdity.
Abfurdo, *a*, adj. absurd, foolish, nonsensical,

senfical, impertinent, silly, unreasonable.

ABSINTHIO. See **LOSNA**.

ABU

ABUT'S. See **ABOIS**.

ABUJAM. See **AVEJAM**.

ABUNÁ, f. m. a title given by the Abyssines to their metropolitan. It signifies *our father*.

ABUNDANCIA, f. f. abundance, great plenty.

Havia abundancia de povo, there was abundance of people.

Nunca abundancia fez mal, p. store is no sore.

ABUNDANTE, adj. abounding with, plentiful, abundant, plenteous, copious.

ABUNDANTEMENTE, adv. abundantly, plentifully, in abundance, fully, copiously.

ABUNDAR, v. n. to abound in, or with, to have an abundance, or a great deal of, to be full of, to have a store of.

ABUNDOSO. See **ABUNDANTE**.

ABUNHA'DO, f. m. (in the Portuguese India) he who is obliged to till the lands belonging to the lord of the manor, in whose lands he was born.

ABURRA'R-SE, v. r. to put on a crabbed look, or frow countenance.

ABUSADO, part. of the preterp. of *abusar*. See **ABUSAR**.

ABUSAM, f. f. superstition, idle scrupulousness.

ABUSAR, v. neut. to abuse, to misuse, to use ill, to put in a wrong use, to affront, to do one an injury, to gull, to cheat, to cozen, to deceive, to impose upon.

Abusar da simplicidade de algum, dando-lhe a entender huma coisa per outra, p. make one believe that the moon is made of green cheese.

Abusar da paciencia de hum homem, to abuse, to wear out a man's patience.

Abusar-se, v. r. *idem*.

ABUSIVAMENTE, adv. abusively, improperly, against right use, outrageously, injuriously; also abusively, speaking of an abusive expression as when people make use of the figure catacrests.

ABUSIVO, a, adj. abusive, offensive, affronting, contumelious, wrongful, injurious.

ABUSO, f. m. an abuse, or misusing of a thing.

Abuso, grievance.

Reformar os abusos, to redress the grievances.

ABUTRE, f. m. a vultur, a bird of prey.

ABUTUA. See **BUTUA**.

ABY

ABY'SMO. See **ABISMO**.

ABYSSO, f. m. it is used by the poets instead of hell.

ACA

A. C. Anno Christi.

ACABA'DO, a, adj. finished, &c. See **ACABAR**.

Bem acabado. See **PERFEITO**.

Acabado, impaired, feeble, growing feeble, decayed.

Muito acabado, much impaired, debilitated, &c.

ACABA'R, v. a. to end, to finish, to terminate.

Acabar, v. n. to be resolved, to be persuaded, to prevail upon. See also **ACABAR-SE**.

Não posso acabar commigo de fazer isso, I cannot be persuaded, or I cannot find in my heart to do it.

Acabou consigo por fim de vos pedir perdão, at last he resolved to ask your pardon.

P. Trabalho de mulher nunca acaba, a woman's work is never at an end.

Acabei com elle que eu escreveria a Paris, I obtained from him, or I prevailed upon him, that I would write to Paris.

Acabei com elle para sempre, I will have nothing to do any more with him; or, as we say, let him sink, or swim.

Isso he nunca acabar, there never will be an end of it.

Acabar-se, v. r. to be finished, to be ended, to be over; also to be extinct, (speaking of a family)

Acabou-se a familia dos Nereos, the Neros family is extinct.

ACABELLADO, a, adj. of a saffroned blackish colour.

ACABRAMADO, part. of the preterp. of

ACABRAMA'R, v. a. to tie an ox's foot to his horn.

ACABRUNHA'DO, a, adj. See **ABORRIDO**.

ACABRUNHA'R, v. n. to be peevish, morose, to be sad, cross, &c.

ACAÇAPADO, a, adj. See

ACAÇAPAR-SE, v. r. to cower, to stoop down, to gather one's self, to squat, or lie squat, to crouch, to bend forward, as a man when he goes to steal a shot at fowls rucking together, or like a hare.

ACÁCIA, f. f. Acacia, a sort of Egyptian tree; also the medicinal juice of that tree.

Acacia commua, acacia, the juice of aloes, frequently used instead of the true acacia.

Acacia, the juice of sloes.

ACADEMIA, f. f. an academy, a public school, or university.

ACADEMIAR, v. n. to write in an academical style; also to frequent the academies.

ACADEMICO, a, adj. academical, or academick.

ACAIRELA'DO, a, adj. laced.

Chapeo acairelado, a laced hat.

ACALCANHAR o sapato, v. a. to wrinkle the hinder part of the shoe joined to the heel of it.

ACALENTADO, a, adj. See

ACALENTAR, v. a. to make sleep,

to cast into a sleep, to lay or lull a sleep, as a nurse does her child.

ACalentar, (metaph.) to decoy, wheedle, amuse, or deceive by fair words.

ACALMADO, a, adj. See

ACALMAR, v. n. to relent, to abate, to be over, to fall, to cease.

Pede-se chamar felicidade o ver acalmar a tempestade, it is a kind of happiness to see the storm over.

Acalmar a ira, ex. *Quando acalmou a sua ira?* When was his anger over?

ACAMA'DO, a, adj. See

ACAMAR, v. a. to lay, (speaking of corn, &c.)

A chuva acamou o trigo, the rain has laid the corn.

Acamar, v. a. (metaph.) to tame, to soften, to temper, to mollify a savage humour.

Acamar, v. n. to grow mild, to fall, to come down, (metaph.)

Acamar-se, v. r. See **ACAMAR,** v. n.

ACAMBARCADO, a, adj. See

ACAMBARCAR, v. a. See **ABARCAR**.

ACAMPAMENTO, f. m. an encamping, or encampment.

ACAMPAR, v. a. to encamp.

Acampar-se, v. r. to encamp, to pitch a camp. (speaking of an army.)

ACANAVIADO, a, adj. pierced, pricked or wounded with the points of canes, or reeds.

ACANAVIA'R, v. a. to drive a stick of cane sharpened at one end, between the nails and the flesh, which was formerly used to make criminals confess. From *cana*, a cane or reed.

Acanaviar, (a vulgar expression.) See **INJURIAR**.

ACANE'A, f. f. pacing horse, or mare, ambling nag, or pad, a pad.

ACANETADO, a, adj. of a cinnamon colour.

ACANHADAMENTE, adv. fearfully, timorously, cowardly.

ACANHADO, a, adj. fearful, afraid, low spirited, cast down, timorous, bashful; also stingy, sordid, close-fisted.

Acanhado, too strait, too narrow, too close, (speaking of clothes, shoes, &c. that do not fit cleverly, and being rather too strait make the limbs stiff.)

Acanhado, choaked, over-shadowed. See the v. **ACANHAR**.

ACANHAMENTO, f. m. fear, cowardice, according to the verb

ACANHAR, v. a. to hinder from growing, to choke and over-shadow, as weeds, &c. do the corn.

Acanhar, to make fearful, afraid, timorous, coward, bashful, to intimidate; also to depress, to bring down, to impair, to lessen.

Ex. *Pais rigorosos acanhão os filhos,* rigorous parents make the sons fearful.

Acanhar-se, v. r. to grow fearful, timorous, &c.

ACANHONEAR. See **CANHONEAR**.

ACAN-

A C A

ACANTOADO, *a*, adj. put, or forced into a corner.
ACANTOAR, *v. a.* to put, or force into a corner.
Acantear-se, *v. r.* to put one's self into a corner.
ACAPELLADO, *a*, adj. See **SOÇOBRADO**.
Acapellado, (metaph.) oppressed, overwhelmed, as with grief, &c.
ACAPELLAR, *v. a.* See **SOÇOBRAR**.
Acapellar, (metaph.) to oppress, to bear down, to over-whelm.
ACARAM, (an antiquat. word.) See **APAR**.
ACAREADO, *a*, adj. confronted, brought face to face.
ACAREAMENTO, *f. m.* the bringing witnesses face to face with the prisoner, the confronting of witnesses.
ACAREAR, *v. a.* to confront witnesses, to bring them face to face with the prisoner, from *cara*, the face.
ACARICIAR, *v. a.* to flatter, to speak fair, to compliment, to wheedle, to make much of, to treat tenderly and affectionately, to coddle, to caress, to fondle or fondle, from *caricias*, fondling expressions.
Acariar hum cavallo, to cherish, or stroke a horse.
ACARLINGA, (in a ship.) See **CARLINGA**.
ACARRADO, *a*, adj. See **ACARRAR**.
ACARRAR, *v. n.* to be over-heated, and almost over-laid by the heat of the sun. (speaking of sheep.)
Elle está acarrado, he is fast asleep.
ACARRADO, dead drunk.
ACARRETADO, *a*, adj. conveyed, &c. See **ACCARRETAR**.
ACARRETADOR, *f. m.* a carrier, a waggoner.
Acarritador por água, a barge-man.
ACARRETAR, *v. a.* to convey in a cart.
ACARRETAR às costas, *v. a.* to carry, or bring upon one's back.
Acarretar cum figo, to bring along with one.
Acarretar, to quote, or bring in, to little or no purpose.
ACARRETO, *f. m.* See **CARRETO**.
ACARVADO, *a*, adj. See **ACARVAR**.
ACARVAR, *v. a.* ex. *Acarvar na lama*, to drown, to bury in the mud.
ACASO, *f. m.* hazard, chance, fortune.
Acasos, ex. *sester valerosamente os acasos da fortuna*, to bear stoutly the chances of fortune.
Por acaso, ex. *Morte por acaso*, the casual killing of a man, or accidental death.
Acaso, adv. by chance.
Encontrei-o por acaso, I met him by chance.
ACASTELLADO, *a*, adj. ex. *Lugar acastellado*, a place defended, strengthened with a castle.
ACASTELLAR, *v. a.* to fortify, to strengthen with a castle.
ACATADAMENTE, adv. respectfully.

A C C

ACATADO, *a*, adj. See **ACATAR**.
ACATAMENTO, *f. m.* esteem, regard, respect, value, account; also presence.
Fazer acatamento. See **ACATAR**.
ACATAR, *v. a.* to esteem, regard, respect, value, to make an account of, to honour, to respect, to reverence.
ACATASOLADO, *a*, adj. ex. *sedá acatasolada*, a kind of fine thinning silk stuff, heliotroped stuff. See **CATASOL**, or **GIRASOL**.
Acatasolado, (metaph.) glossed, or embellished with a superficial lustre.
ACATHISTO, (a Greek word) a ceremony used formerly in the Greek church of saying prayers standing cautiously the whole night.
ACAUTBLADAMENTE, adv. prudently, wisely, discreetly, advisedly.
ACAUTELADO, *a*, adj. cautious, wise, prudent, discreet, advised, wary.
Os antigos trão muito acautelados no declarar a guerra, the ancients were very cautious about declaring of war.
ACAUTELAR-SE, *v. r.* to provide, to be cautious, to take a prudent care.

A Ç A

AÇACAL, (an Arabick word.) See **AGUADEIRO**.
AÇACALADAMENTE, adv. neatly, politely, finely.
AÇACALADO, *a*, adj. polished, clear, bright, scowred.
AÇACALADOR, *f. m.* a harness scowrer.
AÇACALADURA, *f. f.* scowring.
AÇACALAR, *v. a.* ex. *Açacalar a espingarda*, to scower the gun.
AÇADACHAN, *f. m.* (in the Hither India) the high constable of the kingdom.
AÇAFATA, *f. f.* a lady of the queen's ward-robe.
AÇAFATE, *f. m.* a hand-basket.
AÇAFATINHO, *f. m.* a small hand-basket.
AÇAFRAM, *f. m.* saffron, from the Arabick *zabafaran*, or from the Hebrew *safbar*, beautiful, because it is of a golden colour.
Flor de açafraão, saffron flower.
AÇAFROA, *f. f.* bastard saffron, mock saffron.
AÇAFROADO, *a*, adj. of a saffron colour.
AÇAFROAR, *v. a.* to dye in saffron colour.
AÇAMADO, *a*, adj. See **AÇAMAR**.
AÇAMO, *f. m.* a muzzle.
AÇAMAR, *v. a.* to muzzle.
Do açamar, at the muzzling.

A C C

ACCADACAN. See **AÇADACHAN**.
ACCAM, *f. f.* action, deed, operation, working.
ACCAM de graças, thanksgiving.

A C C

Acção, gesture, action, way of delivery, (speaking of an orator.)
Acção, action, fight, engagement.
Louvo-vos a acção, (ironically) I love your fancy.
Acção, (a forensick term) ex. *Fer acção contra alguem*, to have an action against one, to have a right to a demand.
Acção que tem o que perdeu alguma coisa contra o que a achou se não a quizer entregar, a trover.
Acção, (in painting) gesture, posture.
Acção, an action in public stocks, or share, or of a company.
ACCEDECAN. See **AÇADACHAN**.
ACCEDER, *v. n.* to accede, to come into, (in politics.)
ACCEDIDO, part. of **ACCEDER**, see it.
ACCENSAM, *f. f.* ex. *accensam do sangue na paixão da colera*, excandescence, a great heat or wrath.
ACCENTO, *f. f.* an accent, a note that regulates the pronunciation.
Ha tres accentos, a saber, agudo ('), grave ('), e circumflexo ('), there are three accents, viz. the acute ('), grave ('), and circumflex (').
Accento, accent, tone, pronunciation.
Conhece-se pelo accento de que provincia elle he, a man may know by his accent what province he is of.
Accento, tune, note, voice, (in poetry.)
Accentos tristes, doleful notes, or words.
ACCENTUADO, *a*, adj. accented, marked with an accent; also accented, pronounced with regard to the accents.
ACCENTUAR, *v. a.* to accent, to mark with an accent; also to accent, to pronounce with regard to the accents.
ACCEPCAM, *f. f.* sense, signification, acception or acceptance of a word.
Esta palavra tem muitas accepções, this word has many acceptations.
Accepção de pessoas, respect of persons.
ACCEPTADOR, *f. m.* ex. *Acceptador de pessoas*, a respecter of persons.
Deus não he acceptador de pessoas, God is no respecter of persons.
ACCEPTAR, *v. a.* See **ACELTAR**.
ACCESSAM, *f. f.* augmentation, increase, improvements, enlargement, addition; also the fit or return of a periodical disease.
Accessão da febre, an access, or a fit of an ague.
Accessão, entry, access, accession, coming to.
Depois da vossa feliz accessão á coroa, since your happy accession to the crown.
ACCESSIVEL, adj. accessible, approachable, of an easy access, easy to come at.
ACCESSO, *f. m.* access, admittance, approach, passage, or way to a place.
Fer accessi para com hum grande, to have free access to a great man.
Hum lugar de difficiloso accesso, a place of difficult approach.

Accesso,

ACC

Accéſſo, adj. See *ACCESSIVEL*.
ACCESSOR, f. m. an accessor, or a comer to.
ACCESSORIO, f. m. an accessory, an addition, an accession, or appendix. *O principal e o accessorio*, the principal and accessory.
Accessório, a, adj. accessory, additional. *Nervo accessorio de Willis*, *accessorius Willisii*, a nerve that arises from the Medulla Spinalis, so called from Dr. Willis, the discoverer of it.
Accessório, f. m. (in law) any thing that of right belongs to, or depends on, another, though separated from it.
ACCIDENTAL, adj. casual, accidental, fortuitous.
Accidental, accidental, adventitious, not belonging to the substance of a thing.
Ponto accidental, (in perspective) accidental point.
Dignidade accidental, (in astronomy) accidental dignity.
ACCIDENTALMENTE, adv. by chance, accidentally.
ACCIDENTE, f. m. accident, chance, fortune, casualty.
Accidente, (in philosophy) accident, in opposition to substance.
Accidente, (in medicine) a symptom, accident, sign, or effect of a disease, either good or bad.
Accidente apopleptico, apoplexy, a sudden disease.
ACCIOMA. See *AXIOMA*.
ACCIONARIO, ou *accionista*, f. m. an actionary, or actionist, the proprietor of an action in public stocks, or share, or of a company.
ACCLAMACAM, f. f. acclamation, shouting, shout, huzza.
El rey D. João IV. entrou em Lisboa. com grandes aclamações, the king D. John IV. entered the city of Lisbon with great shouting; he was huzza'd into the city of Lisbon.
ACCLAMAR, v. aét. to proclaim.
O exercito Portuguez acclamou D. Alphonso Henriquez rey de Portugal, the Portuguese army proclaimed D. Alphonso Henry king of Portugal.
ACCOMMODACAM, f. f. an explanation, or interpretation.
Accommodação, conveniency, accommodation.
Accommodação, reconciliation.
ACCOMMODADAMENTE, to the purpose, opportunely, seasonably, in time, patly.
ACCOMMODADO, a, adj. fit, fitting, convenient, proper. See also the verb *ACCOMMODAR*.
Elle está bem accommodado, he has got a good place, or he is well settled, or provided for.
Priça accommodada, tolerable rate.
ACCOMMODAMENTO, settlement, place, post, establishment, employment; also reconciliation.
ACCOMMODAR, v. aét. to range, to order, to put, set, place; also to provide for another, also to place a servant.

ACE

Accommodar a sua filha, to marry, or bestow in marriage one's daughter.
Accommodar, to reconcile, to make friends; also to fit, to make fit.
Accommodar-se, v. r. to be quiet, to be easy or satisfied; also to get a place, or employment.
Accommodar-se, to comply, to adapt, to conform himself.
Accommodar-se com a vontade de Deus, to comply with God's will.
Accommodar-se ao tempo, to temporize, to comply with the times, to be a time-server.
ACCOMMODATÍCIO sentido, allegorical sense.
ACCOMPANHADO, ACCOMPANHAR. See *ACOMPANHADO, ACOMPANHAR*.
ACCORRER a algum, v. a. to fly to one, in order to aid or assist him.
ACCORRIDO, a, adj. helped, assisted.
ACCUMULAÇAM, f. f. heap, pile, a mass, collection, accumulation.
ACCUMULADAMENTE, adv. by heaps or piles, one upon another.
ACCUMULADO, a, adj. accumulated, heaped or piled up.
ACCUMULAR, v. a. to accumulate, to heap or pile up.
ACCURADAMENTE, adv. accurately, diligently.
ACCUSACAM, f. f. accusation, information, charge, impeachment, indictment.
ACCUSADO, a, adj. accused, informed against.
ACCUSADOR, f. m. an accuser, an informer.
ACCUSADORIA, f. f. a she-accuser or informer, she that accuses.
ACCUSAR, v. a. to accuse, to inform against, to charge with a crime, to indict, to impeach, to sue upon an action of trespass, to implead.
Accusar os seus pontos, to cast one's game.
Accusar-se, v. r. to accuse one's self.
ACCUSATIVO, f. m. (in grammar) the accusative, or the accusative case.

ACE

ACEADO, a, adj. fine, adorned, set off, decked, spruce, neat.
ACEAR, v. a. to adorn, to set off, to deck, set out, to trim up, to grace, beautify, attire, or embellish.
Acear-se, v. r. to adorn or deck one's self, to be spruce.
ACEFALO. See *ACEPHALO*.
ACEIFA. See *SEGA*.
ACEIFEIRO. See *SEGADOR*.
ACEIRADO, a, adj. hired, &c.
ACEIRAR, v. a. to hire or bargain for.
Aceirar, (in agriculture) to grub an untilled piece of ground, to root up, or pluck up the trees by the roots.
ACEIRO, f. m. a piece of land which has been grubbed up round a grove of pine trees, in order to keep off the fire from them.
ACEITAÇAM, f. f. acceptance, receiving, acceptance, &c. according to the verb *ACEITAR*.

ACE

Acetiação, kind acceptance, approbation. *Elle pregou com grande acetiação*, he preached with great acceptance or approbation.
ACEITADO, a. accepted, received. See also *ACEITO*.
ACEITAR, v. a. to receive, to take, to accept, to accept of.
Acceitar huma letra de cambio, to accept a bill of exchange.
Acceitar hum desafio, to take up a challenge.
ACEITAVEL, adj. acceptable.
ACEITO, a, adj. received, accepted, approved, accepted of, esteemed.
ACELERADAMENTE, adj. hastily, in haste, in a hurry, in a huddle.
ACELERADO, a, adj. accelerated, haltened.
ACELERAR, v. a. to accelerate, to hasten, to put on, to quicken, to press, to push on.
Acclerar o passo, to mend one's pace, to go fast, to make haste.
Acclerar-se, v. r. to accelerate, to haste, to make haste; also to fly into a passion.
Não se acclere, senbor, Don't fly into a passion, sir.
ACELGAS, f. f. p. beet, or beets.
Acelga brava, the herb watergreen, or wild beets.
ACEM. See *ASSEM*.
ACENAR, v. n. to nod, to beckon, to make signs to one.
Acenar com a cabeça a algum, to nod, to beckon with the head to one.
Acenar com os olhos, to wink at, or upon, to give or tip one the wink.
Acenou com a cabeça a hum, e com os olhos a outro, he noddeth at one, and winketh at another.
Elle acenou-me com os olhos, he tipt me the wink.
Acenar com a mão, to sign, to make signs with the hand.
Acenar de não com a cabeça, to give a nod for a denial.
Acnar de sim, to grant with a nod.
ACENDALHA, f. f. a dry stick, or spray, brushwood, or bavin, shreds, parings, chippings of wood to kindle the fire.
ACENDE'R, v. a. to light, to kindle, to set in a flame, or on fire.
Acender a vela, to light the candle.
Acender o lume, to light the fire.
Acender a guerra, (metaph.) to kindle the war, to stir it up.
Acender-se, v. r. to light, to kindle, to catch fire, to break out as fire does.
Acende-se a guerra de todas as partes, (metaph.) the war breaks out every where.
Acende-se a ira, (met.) the wrath kindles.
ACENDIDO. See *ACESO*.
ACENDRADO. See *CENDRADO*.
ACENDRAR. See *CENDRAR*.
ACENHA. See *AZENHA*.
ACENO, f. m. ex. *Acena com a cabeça*, a nod.
Aceno com os olhos, a wink.
ACEO. See *ACEYO*.

ACE-

ACE

ACEPHALOS, f. m. p. Acephali, a sort of sectaries so called.

ACEPILHADO, a, adj. planed, made smooth with a cornice plane, or bed-moulding plane.

ACEPILHADURAS, f. f. p. chips, shavings of wood that come off in planing.

ACEPILHAR, v. a. to smooth, to plane, to polish with a cornice plane, or bed-moulding plane.

ACEQUIA, f. f. a sort of Açude. See **ACUDE**.

ACERBAMENTE, adj. roughly, sharply, rigorously, cuttingly, fiercely, severely. Lat. *acerbe*.

ACERBO, a, adj. unripe; also cruel, inhuman, fierce, barbarous, acerb, painful. Lat. *acerbus*.

ACERCA, prep. touching, concerning, about, as for, as to; from the Lat. *circa*.

ACERCAR-SE, v. r. to draw near, or nigh, to come near.

ACEREIADO, a, adj. cherry-colour. See also **MADURO**.

ACEREIAR, v. a. to burnish or to polish, to give the cherry-colour to any thing.

ACERO. See **ACORO**.

ACERRIMO, a, adj. violent, hasty, passionate, eager, boisterous. See also **ACRE**.

ACERTADAMENTE, adv. right, well. Lat. *recte*.

ACERTADO, a, adj. equitable, just, right; also proper, or fit; also wise, prudent; see also

ACERTAR, v. n. to nick, to do in time, to nick the time.

Acertar com o tempo, idem.

Acertar, eu ter bom successo num negocio, to nick a business.

Acertar, to speak to the point, to hit the nail on the head.

Dizer huma coisa a acertar, to speak at random.

Fazer huma coisa a acertar, to do a thing at random, or inconsiderately.

Acertar, to happen, to befall, to come to pass, to fall out.

Acertar eu dar no alvo, to hit the mark, or the white.

Acertastes, you hit it right, you hit the nail on the head.

Não pude acertar com a porta, I could not hit the door.

Acertar, v. a. ex. *Acertar o preço*, to set the price.

Acertar huma conta, to cast up right an account.

Acertar, to set, to appoint a time or place.

ACERTO, f. m. reason, wisdom, prudence, discretion.

Falar com acerto, to speak reason.

Isso fez feyto com acerto, this was done rightly, or with good reason.

Acerto, an happy chance, a good luck.

ACERTOS do juizo, witty sayings, or jests.

ACERVO, f. m. a heap. Lat. *acervus*.

ACESO, a, adj. lighted, kindled, &c.

ACH

also eager, vehement. See **ACENDER**.

ACESOADO, a, adj. ripe, mellow.

ACESOAR, v. a. See **SAZONAR**.

ACESSORIO. See **ACCESSORIO**.

ACESTAR huma peça, v. a. to level a cannon.

ACETABULO, f. m. a large cavity in a bone. *Acetabulum*, with anatomists.

ACETOSO xarope, a kind of syrup made of equal parts of water, sugar, and vinegar.

ACEVADADO, a, adj. See

ACEVADAR, v. a. to fill or satiate with barley.

ACEYO, f. m. neatness, spruceness, tightness, cleanliness in apparel, house, &c.

ACH

ACHA, f. f. a billet, or log.

ACHACADO, a, adj. sickly, valetudinary, that is troubled with a chronic disease.

ACHACAR, v. n. to grow sick. See also **ASSACAR**.

ACHACOSO, a, adj. See **ACHACADO**.

ACHADA, f. f. the act of taking one in the deed doing, or catching him in a fact, by which he deserves punishment, or to pay a pecuniary mulct.

ACHADEGO, eu achado, f. m. a reward for finding out any thing that was lost, or for some other reason.

ACHADICO, a, adj. obvious, easy to be found. Speaking both of persons and things.

ACHADO, f. m. a finding, a thing found by chance; also an invention or device. See also **ACHADEGO**.

Achado, a, adj. found, &c. See **ACHAR**. *Não dar-se por achado ou entendido*. See **ENTENDIDO**.

ACHADOR, f. m. a finder, a finder out.

Parte que toca no achador pellos bens que achou ou que salvou, trovage, salvage.

ACHADORIA, f. f. a woman that finds out any thing.

ACHAMBOADO, a, adj. dull, homely, unpolished.

ACHANADO, **ACHANAR**. See **ALHANADO**, **ALHANAR**.

ACHAQUE, f. m. indisposition, illness, distemper; but more particularly any chronic disease; also a vice. (metaph.)

ACHAR, v. a. to find, to meet, to meet with. Lat. *reperire*.

Achar, ex inventar, to find out, invent, contrive, or devise.

Está hum achado, it is well contrived.

Onde se achou achado aquilo? Where have you fished that out?

Achar, to think, to imagine.

Eu acho aqui's bem, I like that, I think that good, I find it good, that seems good to me, I take it to be good, I approve of it.

Como a achais vos? How do you like her?

ACI

Eu acho-a bella, she looks handsome to me.

Eu acho isto mau, eu mal feyto, I do not approve of this, I do not like it.

Achar desculpas para tudo, to have an excuse for every fault, or a cure for every sore, to have always a hole to creep out at.

Achar que dizer, to find fault with, to find amiss.

P. quem bem fizer, bem achará, do well and have well.

Achar-se, v. r. to meet, to be found, to find one's self.

Achar-se mal, to find one's self, (or to be) ill.

Achou-se ser aquillo verdade, that was found true, that proved true.

Achar-se presente, to be present, to appear.

Achei-me bem com o conselho que me destes. I found much good by the counsel you gave me.

ACHAR, f. m. any sort of pickled roots, herbs, or fruits; as pickled cucumbers, onions, &c. (in India.)

ACHAROADO, a, adj. varnished with *Charão*. See **CHARAM**.

ACHAVASCADO, a, adj. rough, unpolished, rude, clownish.

ACHE, f. m. a childish word for a little scratch, sore, or wound.

ACHEGA, f. f. an addition, or increase; also aid, help, succour, protection; also an aider, or helper.

ACHEGADO, a, adj. kindred, kinsman; also neighbouring. See **VIZINHO**.

ACHERONTE, f. m. Acheron, one of the rivers in hell, but often put for the grave, perdition, or destruction.

ACHERONTICO, a, adj. of, or pertaining to Acheron.

ACHERUSA, f. f. Acherusia, a river taken for the entrance of hell.

ACHRONICAMENTE, adv. acronichally.

ACHRONICO, (in astronomy) acronichal.

ACI

ACICALADO, **ACICALAR**. See **ACACALADO**, **ACACALAR**.

ACICATE, f. m. spurs which have a long broad point sticking out instead of rowels, used in riding upon a genet, (a kind of Spanish horse) or when they ride at bulls, &c.

ACIDENTAL. See **ACCIDENTAL**.

ACIDENTE. See **ACCIDENTE**.

ACIDIA, f. f. laziness, idleness, slothfulness. Lat. *acedia*.

ACIDO. See **AZEDO**.

ACIMA, adv. above. See **CIMA**.

ACINTE, f. m. spite, malice.

Per acinte, purposely, on purpose, on set purpose, for the nonce, in spite of some body.

Fazer acintes, to spite.

Fazer alguma coisa per acinte a algum, to do a thing in spite of one, in spite of his heart, or in spite of his teeth.

ACIN-

ACO

ACINTRO, f. m. See **LOSNA**.
ACIPIPE, f. m. dainty, delicacy, kick-shaw, tit-bit.
ACIPRESTE. See **CYPRESTE**; see also **ARCIPRESTE**.
ACIRANDAR. See **CIRANDAR**.
ACIROLOGIA, f. f. acyrology, an impropriety of speech.

ACL

ACLAMACAM, f. f. See **ACCLAMACAM**.
ACLAMADO, &c. See **ACCLAMADO**, &c.
ACLARADO, a, adj. cleared, &c. according to the v. *Aclarar*.
Ter a praça aclarada, (a military phrase) to take pay for service, to receive a soldier's pay.
ACLARAR, v. n. to clear, to become clear.
Começa a aclarar o tempo, the weather begins to clear up.
Aclarar, v. n. to clear, to disentangle, to unfold, to unravel, to make out, explain.
Aclarar um navio, to clear a ship at the custom-house.
O aclarar de um navio, the clearance or clearing of a ship at the custom-house.
Aclarar-se, v. r. to clear, to become clear; also to inquire into a business.

ACM

ACMASTICA fibre, acmastica, a species of the synochus, or fever, which has no remission of its fervor.

ACO

ACOBARDADO, &c. See **ACOVARDADO**, &c.
ACOBERTADO, &c. See **ACUBERTADO**, &c.
ACOCADO, a, adj. vexed, &c. according to the v. *Aogar*.
ACOCADOR, f. m. he who teazes, provokes, &c. according to the v.
ACOCAR, v. a. to vex, to provoke, to persecute, to teize, to trouble or torment.
Acocor-se com alguém, v. r. to walk as fast as another does.
ACOCCHAR-SE. See **AGACHAR-SE**.
ACOCORAR-SE, v. r. to sit squat.
ACOLMAR, v. a. to furr, to mulst; it is properly said of the mulst paid for strayed beasts; also to punish.
ACOLMA, adv. there, in that place, yonder.
Acólá, thither, to that place.
ACOLCHOADO, a, adj. wadded, quilted.
ACOLCHOAR, v. a. to wad, to quilt.
ACOLEIYOS, the herb called phaselion.
ACOLHEITA, f. f. retirement, a retiring place, a receptacle, nest, or lurking hole for thieves. It is also taken for the people that run for shelter to the same place.
ACOLHER, v. a. to receive, to en-

ACO

tertain, to make welcome, to harbour, to lodge, to shelter. Lat. *excipere*.
Acolher grosseiramente, to joulder a well-come.
Acolher, to catch, to lay hold.
Acolher-se, v. r. to fly to a place, or to one for shelter.
ACOLHIDA, f. f. shelter, refuge, sanctuary.
ACOLHIDO, f. m. a refugee.
Acolhido, a, adj. received, sheltered, &c.
ACOLHIMENTO, f. m. a reception, an entertainment.
Bem acolhimento, a kind reception.
Acolhimento frio, a cold entertainment or reception.
ACOLYTADO, f. m. one of the lowest orders in the church of Rome. See
ACOLYTO, f. m. an acolothist, or acolyte; also the priest's attendant while he says mass.
ACOMETTEDOR, f. m. an aggressor, an assailant.
ACOMETTER, v. a. to attack, charge, or assault. Lat. *invadere*.
ACOMETTIDO, a, adj. attacked, charged, &c.
ACOMETTIMENTO, f. m. aggression, assault, first onset, attack, encounter, charge, brunt.
ACOMMODACAM, **ACOMMODAMENTE**, &c. See **ACCOMMODACAM**, **ACCOMMODAMENTE**, &c.
ACOMPADRADO, a, adj. of one mind, alike. See **AMIGO**.
ACOMPANHADO, a, adj. accompanied, waited on.
ACOMPANHAMENTO, f. m. accompanying, waiting on, the act of accompanying; also retinue, attendance, followers.
Acompanhamento, (in music) accompaniment, music played to one that sings.
Acompanhamento funeral, funeral, funeral solemnities at a man's burial, the train of a funeral pomp, a burial.
ACOMPANHAR, v. a. to accompany, to wait on, to come, or to go along with, to attend, to follow one. Lat. *comitari*.
Acompanhar, ou fazer que huma coisa diga com outra, to sort, to match.
Acompanhar com alguém, to keep company, or to be a companion to some body.
Acompanhar a voz de quem canta, to accompany a voice; i. e. to play to it with proper instruments.
ACONDICIONADO, a, adj. ex. *Fazenda bem acondicionada*, a good marketable, merchantable, or sound commodity, staunch goods. *Bem acondicionado*, good-natured. *Mal acondicionado*, ill-natured.
ACONITO, f. m. libbard's bane, wolf-wort, wolf-bane, monks hood, a venomous plant.
ACONSELHADO, a, adj. advised.
ACONSELHADOR. See **CONSELHEIRO**.

ACO

ACONSELHADORA, f. f. a woman that advises.
ACONSELHAR, v. a. to advise, to give advice, to counsel.
Aconselhar-se, v. r. to consult, to advise with, or take advice of.
Elle não se aconselha com ninguém, he does every thing out of his own head.
ACONTECER, v. n. to happen, to befall, to come to pass, to fall out.
Isto acontece a todo o homem, this happens to every man.
Não vos aconteça mais, ou não façais assim outra vez, do so no more.
Não vos aconteça de fazer isso, be sure not to do that.
Não me acontecerá outra vez, I shall take care, or heed for the future, it shall be so no more, I will not be served so again.
ACONTECER a coisa como eu desejava, the thing fell out according to my wishes.
Se lhe acontecesse qualquer desgraça, if some mischance or other should befall him.
Se acontecer que tenhais necessidade de mim, if you chance to want me.
ACONTECER o que acontecer, whatever happens; fall back, fall edge.
Elle disse que havia de fazer e acontecer, (a familiar phrase) he made grievous brags of himself.
ACONTECIMENTO, f. m. event, issue, success.
ACONTADO, f. m. he that taketh wages.
ACORDADO, a, adj. awaked; also wise; also brisk, watchful, lively, undaunted, that preserves always a presence of mind in dangers; also tuned; also harmonious, melodious. See the v.
ACORDAM. See **ACORDO** in the first signification.
ACORDAR, v. n. to awake, or wake.
Acordei esta manhã ás sete horas, I awaked this morning at seven o'clock.
Acordar, to award. See **REZOLVER**, and **DETERMINAR**.
Acordar, v. a. to awake one out of his sleep, to awake.
Acordar-se, v. r. to remember, to call to mind.
ACORDE, adj. harmonious, musical.
ACORDO, f. m. resolution, resolve, determination, an act, judgment, decree, or sentence of a court of justice.
Acordo, mind, opinion; as *Tomar outro acordo*, to alter one's mind. *Elle está de outro acordo*, he has changed his mind.
Acordo, sense or wit.
Acordo, sense or feeling.
Elle tem perdido o acordo, he has lost his sense.
Que tem perdido o acordo, senseless, that has no sense or feeling.
Ficar de acordo, to be unanimous, to agree together.
Dar acordo de, to take notice of, to feel. *Elle*

ACO

Ele estava tão doente que não dava acôrdo de nada, he was so sick that he did not feel any thing.
A-irde, presence of mind, intrepidity.
ACARO, f. m. acorus, the sweet cane, or, as some, the herb galangal.
ACOROÇOADO. See **ANIMADO**.
ACOROÇOAR. See **ANIMAR**.
ACOSIDADE, f. f. aqueous humour.
ACOSO, a, adj. aqueous, watery.
ACOSADO, &c. See **ACOÇADO**, &c.
ACOSTADO, &c. See **ENCOSTADO**, &c.
ACOSTUMADO, a, adj. accustomed, used, inured.
ACOSTUMAR, v. a. to accustom, to use, to inure.
Acostumar, ou *costumar*, v. n. to be wont, or accustomed, to use.
Acostumar-se, v. r. to use, to accustom, to inure one's self.
ACOTADO, **ACOTAR**. See **COTADO**, **COTAR**.
ACOTE, adv. ex. *Trazer hum vestido acote*, to wear the same suit of cloths every day.
ACOTICADO, (in heraldry) adorned with cotices.
ACOTOVELADO, a, adj. hunched, &c. See
ACOTOVELAR, v. a. to hunch or thrust with one's elbow, to elbow.
Acotovelar-se hum ao outro, v. r. to hunch one another.
ACOVARDADO, a, adj. discouraged, &c. See **ACOVARDAR**.
ACOVARDAMENTO. See **COBARDIA**.
ACOVARDAR, v. a. to dishearten, to discourage, to dispirit.
Acovardar-se, v. r. to despond, to be discouraged, or disheartened.
ACOUTADO, a, adj. sheltered, fled to a place of refuge.
ACOUTADOR, f. m. a shelterer.
ACOUTAR, v. a. to shelter one, to receive him into one's house, or protect him.
Acoutar-se, v. r. to fly to a place for shelter.
Aqui ou-se em minha casa, he is fled to me for shelter.

AÇO

AÇO, f. m. steel.
Fivelas de aço, steel buckles.
De aço, steely.
Dar o aço ao ferro, to steel, to put steel to iron.
Ter cara de aço, to put on a brazen face, to be steeled in impudence.
ACODADO, a, adj. hurried, rapid, over hasty, rash; also persecuted, vexed, that has suffered persecution.
ACODAMENTO, f. m. precipitation, too great haste, over-hastiness.
ACOEIRO, f. m. a falconer.
ACOFEIRA, f. f. the fruit called jujubes, or jujub.
ACOMADA, **ACOMADO**, &c. See **ASSOMADA**, **ASSOMADO**, &c.
ACOR, f. m. a great hawk, a falcon.
Carras para prender o açor, bewits.

ACR

Açor, ou *falcão da Tartaria*, a Tartary falcon, a tagorot, or tartarot.
Açor pequenino, que ainda não voa, ou que se apañou no ninho, a goss-hawk.
ACORADO, a, adj. greedy, vehemently desirous of any thing.
ACORDA, f. f. a kind of food made of crumbs of bread, oil, and garlick boiled together.
ACORENHA, f. f. a bird of prey so called.
ACORES, f. m. p. the Azores, or the Western Islands belonging to Portugal. Thuanus makes one Betoncourt the first discoverer of these islands; and the French pretend that this Betoncourt gave Columbus the first information about America.
ACOTE A. See **SOTEA**.
ACOUGUE, f. m. the hambles.
Acougue, (metaph.) noise, stir, bustle, hue and cry, hurly-burly, tumult, uproar.
P. No acougue quem mal falla, mal ouve, he that speaks lavishly, shall hear knavishly. Terence says, *Qui pergit ea, quæ vult, dicere, ea, quæ non vult, audiet*.
ACOUTADIÇO, f. m. one worthy to be whipped, or that is often whipped.
ACOUTADO, f. m. a knavish fellow that is whipped publicly by the hangman or executioner.
Acoutado, a, adj. whipped or whipt; &c. See
ACOUTAR, v. a. to whip, lash, scourge, or jerk. Lat. *aliquem verberibus accipere*.
Acoutar, (metaph.) to pelt, to beat, to lash; as *acoutar algum com a pinna ou com a lingua*, to lash one with one's pen, or tongue.
Acoutar-se, v. r. to whip one's self.
ACOUTE, f. m. a whip-cord, a whip-breech, scourge, lash. (Both in the prop and metaph. sense.)
Atila foy o açoute do mundo, Atila was the scourge of the world.
Estar exposto aos açoutes de huma má lingua, to be under the lash of an evil tongue.

ACQ

ACQUIRIDO, eu *adquirido*, a, adj. acquired, got.
ACQUIRIDOR, ou *adquiridor*, f. m. an acquirer, a purchaser, a buyer, a gainer.
ACQUIRIR, ou *adquirir*, v. a. to acquire, to get, to purchase. Lat. *acquirere*, or *comparare*.

ACR

ACRE, adj. sharp of taste, tart, sour.
Acre, smart, sharp, biting in discourse.
Dar huma resposta acre a algum, to give one a smart answer.
ACRECENTADO, a, adj. increased, &c. according to the v. *Acrecentar*.
ACRECENTADOR, f. m. an increaser, an enlarger.
ACRECENTAMENTO, f. m. increase, augmentation, improvement,

ACR

enlargement, addition, adjoining to.
ACRECENTAR, v. a. to augment, increase, improve, enlarge, or amplify, to add. Lat. *augere*.
Ac recentar hum ponto quando se conta hum conto, to help the matter in telling a story.
Isso acrecentou muito a minha pena, this has added to my grief.
Aquilo acrecentou a nossa desgraça, that added to our misfortune.
Acrecentai a isto, to which add.
Acrecentar a vida, to prolong or lengthen one's life.
Acrecentar favores, to accumulate, to heap up kindnesses.
Acrecentar alguma coisa, fazendea mais larga ou comprida, to eke out, to make bigger by the addition of another piece.
Acrecentar-se, v. r. to increase, to multiply, to augment, to grow bigger.
Acrecentão-se os negocios, the businesses increase.
Acrecenta-se a isto, to which is added.
ACREGER, v. n. See **ACRECENTAR-SE**.
ACREDITADO, a, adj. credible, that may be credited, that has got credit, &c. See the v. **ACREDITAR**.
ACREDITADOR. See **ABONADOR**.
ACREDITAR, v. n. to give authority, reputation, to put in esteem; also to believe.
Acreditais vós aquilo? Do you believe that?
Acreditar-se, v. r. to get into credit, to get a name.
Acreditar-se com todos, to get the praise of all the world.
ACREDOR, f. m. a creditor.
Aceder importuno, a dun.
Pagar a seus acredores, to pay one's creditors.
ACREDORA, f. f. a she creditor.
ACRESCER, v. n. See **ACRECENTAR-SE**, and **SOBEJAR**.
ACRIMONIA, f. f. acrimony, or sharpness; also earnestness, vehemence, either in word or action. (metaph.)
ACRIMONIOSO, a, adj. acrimonious, acrid, sharp.
ACRISOLADO, a, adj. refined, &c. See
ACRISOLAR, v. a. to fine or refine metals. See also **APURAR**.
Acrisolar ouro, to refine gold.
Acrisolar-se, v. r. See **APERFEIÇOAR-SE**.
ACRO ferro, a bad sort of iron that breaks easily.
ACRONICO. See **ACHRONICO**.
ACROSTICO, f. m. acrollick, a sort of poem, whereof the first or the last letters contain a sentence.
ACROTÉRIAS, f. f. ou **ACROTÉRIOS**, f. m. p. acroters, or pinacles, whereon statues stand on the top of houses for ornament.

ACT

ACU

ACT

ACTAS, f. f. p. journals, or acts of the common council, records, rolls, public registers.

ACIONISTA. See **ACCIONARIO**.

ACTIVIDADE, f. f. activity, strength; also vivacity, liveliness, fire, mettle, sprightliness.

ACTIVO, a, adj. active, quick; speaking of things, as fire, &c.

Ativo, active, stirring, lively, quick, nimble, brisk, always a-doing, busy; speaking of persons.

Vida activa, an active or busy life, a life full of action, in opposition to a contemplative one.

Ativo, (in grammar) active.

ACTO, f. m. deed, action, operation, act.

Hum acto de virtude, a virtuous deed or act.

Actos do entendimento humano, the operations of the human understanding.

Acto, an act, or part of a play.

Acto, an act, or a solemn disputation in an university.

Acto, ou *Auto da fé*, an act of faith in the Romish church, or a solemn punishing of those who are accused of heresy.

ACTOS, ou *autos*, papers or writings belonging to a law-suit, the particulars of a case.

Actos dos Apostolos, the Acts of the Apostles.

ACTO'R, f. m. actor or player.

ACTUAÇAM, f. f. the act of gathering all the papers, &c. according to the verb *Ajuar*.

ACTUADO, a, adj. actuated, &c. according to the v. *Ajuar*.

ACTUAL, adj. actual, that is actual, or in act, real.

ACTUALMENTE, adv. actually, really, in effect.

Atualmente, now, at this very time.

ACTUAR, v. a. ex. *ajuar*, ou *ajuntar os papéis aos actos*, to gather, or put together all the papers or writings belonging to a law-suit, so that they may be ready for a hearing or trial.

Ter força para ajuar hum medicamento, (among physicians) to have strength enough to help the remedy, that it may produce the effect it is taken for.

Ajuar-se, v. r. to be actuated, or brought into action.

Ajuar-se melhor na materia controversa, to get one's self better acquainted with the matter in question.

ACTUOSO, a, adj. active, busy.

Vida activa, ou *activa*. See **ACTIVO**.

Virtude activa, a virtuous habit that continually moves and actuates a person to perform virtuous deeds.

ACU

ACUADO, a, adj. forced into a corner. See

ACUAR, v. a. to compel, to force into a corner, to hit, to strike home,

to reduce to extremities, to bring into straits.

Acuar, v. n. to sit upon the buttocks, as some beasts do to defend them selves.

ACUBERTADO, a, adj. caparisoned; also clad.

ACUBERTAR, v. a. to caparison a horse, to dress a horse in caparisons.

ACUDIR, v. n. and a. to aid, to assist, to help, to succour, to favour, to relieve, to support, to run to help; also to repair to, to come to a call.

Acudir, to hinder, to keep from, to stop, or prevent.

Elle acudio de repente ás obras que o inimigo fazia, he hindered immediately the enemy of going on with their works.

Acudir, to run, to flock to, to hasten, to flock together.

Acodem a elle de todas as partes, all flock to him from all parts.

Acudio promptamente ao exercito, he hastened to the army.

Acudir por si, to defend one's self.

Acudir por alguém, to undertake one's defence, to speak in defence of one.

ACUGULADO, a, adj. over-filled.

ACUGULADURA, f. f. over-filling.

ACUGULAR, v. a. to over-fill.

ACUMINADO, a, adj. pointed, sharp, sharp-pointed.

ACUMULADO, &c. See **ACCUMULADO**, &c.

ACUNHADO, **ACUNHAR**. See **CUNHADO**, **CUNHAR**.

ACURADAMENTE. See **ACCURADAMENTE**.

ACURRALAR. See **ENCURRALAR**.

ACURTADO, &c. See **ENCURTADO**, &c.

ACURVAR, v. n. to bow down, to grow crooked. (Both in the prop. and metaph. sense.)

ACUSACAM, **ACUSADO**, &c. See **ACCUSACAM**, **ACCUSADO**, &c.

ACUTANGULO *triangulo*, (in geometry, an acute-angled triangle.

ACUTILAR, v. a. to strike, or give several blows with the edge of a sword, to cut, to slash.

AÇU

AÇUCAR, ou *açúcre*, f. m. sugar.

Engenho de açucar, sugar-work.

Açucar em ponto. See **PONTO**.

Açucar cande, or *candi*, sugar-candy.

Açucar rosado, sugar of roses.

AÇUCARADO, a, adj. sugared.

AÇUCARAR, v. a. to sugar, to put put sugar in, to sweeten with sugar.

AÇUCAREIRO, f. m. a sugar-box, or vessel.

ACUCATE. See **ACICATE**.

ACUCENA, f. f. a lily. Arabic.

Ciberto de açucenas, lillied.

ACUCRE. See **AÇUCAR**.

ACUDE, f. m. a wall with a scarp to strengthen the mill dam that keeps the water for a water-mill, or some other use. From the Hebrew *Zub* or *zube*, to water.

ACU

ADE

AÇULADO'R, f. m. a setter on, or an encourager of dogs.

AÇULAMENTO, f. m. the act of setting, or hallooing dogs.

AÇULAR *caens*, v. a. to halloo, to set or incite dogs.

AÇUMAGRE. See **SUMAGRE**.

AÇUMAR. See **ASSUMAR**.

ADA

ADAGA, f. f. a short sword, a dagger.

ADAGADA, f. f. a stab.

Matar ás adagadas, to stab, to kill with a dagger.

ADAGIO, f. m. a proverb, an old old saying, an adage.

Adagio, (in music) adagio, the slowest time, especially if the word be twice repeated.

ADAIL, f. m. a guide, or leader, a conductor. From the Arabic *delid*, a guide; it is especially used speaking of those that conduct armies.

ADAMA'DO, f. m. an effeminated man, a man that affects womanish niceness, in dressing, talking, &c.

ADAMA'NES, f. m. p. chirolgy, a talking by signs made with the hands.

ADAMANES, a Moorish kettle-drum.

ADAMA'NTINO, a, adj. adamantine.

ADAPTADO, a, adj. adapted.

ADAPTAR, v. a. to adapt, to apply.

ADARGA, f. f. a short square target or buckler used by the Spaniards and Moors, made of the ounce, or buffalo's hide; from the Arabic *adarraq*.

ADARGADO, a, adj. armed with such a target.

ADARGAR-SE, v. r. to arm one's self with the *adarga*. See **ADARGA**.

ADARME, f. m. the eighth part of an ounce.

ADD

ADDEJA, ou **ANDEJA**. See **ANDEJO**.

ADDIÇAM, f. f. an adding, putting, or joining to; also an addition, accession, supplement, or appendix; also an increase, advantage, or ornament.

Addição, (in arithmetic) addition, a rule by which several numbers are added together.

ADDITIONADO, a, adj. added, &c. See

ADDITIONAR, v. a. to make an addition, to cast up, to gather particular sums into one.

ADDICTO, a, adj. addicted.

ADITAMENTO. See **ACRECENTAMENTO**.

ADE

ADEGA, f. f. a cellar.

Adega de vinho, wine-cellar.

ADEGUEIRO, f. m. a cellar-man.

ADEJAR. See **ALEAR**.

ADELA, f. f. a woman that cries things for sale in the streets or markets.

ADE-

A D E

ADELGAÇADO, *a*, adj. made thin, slender, or small.
ADELGAÇADOR, *f. m.* one that makes things small and slender.
ADELGAÇAMENTO, *f. m.* a lessening, a decreasing, a diminution.
ADELGAÇAR, *v. a.* to make small or slender.
Adelgaçar-se, *v. r.* to wax small, slender or thin, to grow slim.
ADEM, *f. f.* a duck.
O macho da adem, a drake, a mallard.
ADEMAENS, *f. m. p.* motions or gestures of the hands, head, &c. to express the inward sentiments.
ADENTADO, (in heraldry) toothed.
ADENTRO, prep. within doors, at home.
O perigo está das portas adentro, the danger is within doors.
ADEOS, adv. adieu, farewell, God be with you.
Ades para sempre, farewell for ever.
Dizer adeos, to bid adieu, or farewell, to take one's leave.
Dizer adeos a alguma coisa, to bid a thing adieu or farewell, to renounce it, to give it over.
Ades is also used when a thing is in danger; as, *se o menino brinca com a mesa, adeos minha louça da India*, if the child meddles with the table, farewell my china.
ADEOSADO. See **ENDEOSADO**.
ADEPUCHA, an interj. of wonder, h-y-day.
ADEQUADAMENTE, adv. adequately, completely, categorically, positively.
ADEQUADO, *a*, adj. categorical, positive, adequate to the thing to be expressed.
Resposta adequada, a categorical answer.
Adequado, genuine, proper, true.
Aquele é o sentido adequado das palavras do Apóstolo, that's the genuine sense of the Apostle's words.
ADEREÇADO, *a*, adj. dressed, adorned.
ADEREÇAR, *v. a.* to adorn, to set off, to set out, to trim up, to grace, beautify, or attire.
ADEREÇO, *f. m.* ornament, set off, finery, dress, attire.
ADERENCIA, *f. f.* protection, defence, patronage, shelter.
ADERENTE, *f. m.* a partisan, a favourer of a party, a stickler.
Cada parte tinha homens de bem por seus aderentes, each party had honest men on their side.
Aderentes da guerra, warlike preparations and provisions.
ADESTRADO, *a*, adj. instructed, directed, trained, up.
ADESTRAR, *v. a.* to instruct, to teach, to train or bring up.
ADESTRO, is said of a horse, sedan, &c. that are reserved, or carried in order to be ready or at hand for use; and sometimes for state, pomp, magnificence, great show or parade.
Cavalls adestro, ou *a destre*, a horse that

A D I

is led without a rider, for state, pomp, &c.
ADEPTINHA, *f. f.* a divineress, a woman that professes divination; see also **ADEVINHAÇAM**, *f. f.* divination, or foretelling of things to come; also a riddle or hard question; this is also called *Adevinha*.
ADEVINHADOR. See **ADEVINHO**.
ADEVINHADORA, *f. f.* a divineress.
ADEVINHAR, *v. a.* to divine, to soothsay, to utter prognostication; also to divine, to guess, to conjecture; also to divine rightly.
Isso he muito adivinhar, that is to know too much.
Adivinhar pelo vô das aves, to foretell by the flight of birds.
ADEVINHO, *f. m.* a diviner, a soothsayer, a conjurer, one that professes the art of divination.
ADEUS. See **ADEOS**.

A D H

ADHERENCIA, **ADHERENTE**. See **ADERENCIA**, **ADERENTE**.

A D I

ADIADO, *a*, adj. appointed, settled, fixed.
O dia adiado, the settled day.
ADIANTADO, *a*, adj. advanced, forwarded; &c. according to the *v. Adiantar*.
Adiantado na idade, stricken in years, elderly.
Dinheyro adiantado, advanced money.
Adiantado nos estudos, improved in knowledge.
Elle está muito adiantado em tudo, he is much improved upon all accounts.
A obra está muito adiantada, the work is in great forwardness.
Este homem tem se adiantado muito, seu amo não estará pelo que elle fez, this man is gone too far, his master will not stand to it.
Adiantado, preferred, advanced, promoted; also rude, saucy, petulant.
Adiantado, *f. m.* an ancient dignity in Portugal, by which one was appointed to govern either the civil, or military affairs; and his power was so great, particularly in Spain, that in the promulgation of some orders they used to begin in this manner: *Manda el-rey y el adelantado*. This dignity was abolished by John II. in the year 1481.
ADIANTAMENTO, *f. m.* augmentation, improvement, &c. according to the *v. Adiantar*.
ADIANTAR, *v. a.* to hasten, to set forward, to forward.
Adiantar huma obra, to forward, or to set forward a piece of work.
Adiantar o relógio, to set the clock forward.
Adiantar dinheyro, to advance money.
Adiantar o catedral, to increase or improve one's fortune.
Adiantar a algum, to advance, to promote, to prefer one.

A D M

Adiantar, *v. n.* See
Adiantar-se, *v. r.* to advance, to move onward, to go, move, or get forward, to make speed before.
Adiantar-se nos estudos, to improve in knowledge.
Adiantar-se muito, to be petulant, saucy, or too forward, to carry a thing too far.
Adiantar-se, to prevent one, to get the start of him, to be before-hand with one, to anticipate, to prevent him, to be the first in doing any thing.
Adiantar-se, to get a preferment, to advance one's self.
O embaixador adiantou-se muito, seu amo não approvára o que elle fez, the ambassador is gone too far, his master will disown him, or will not stand to it.
Adiantar-se nos annos, to grow older.
ADIANTE, adv. prep. ex. *vay adiante*, go before.
Mais adiante, farther yet.
Adiante e atraz, before and behind.
Eu vou adiante de todos, I go the first, or I go before all.
Ir adiante, to go forward.
Pelo tempo adiante, in the time to come, for the future.
Levar a sua adiante, to go on, to be stubborn, to insist upon the same resolution.
ADIÇAM. See **ADDIÇAM**.
ADIETAR *alguem*, *v. a.* to diet one, to keep a person to a strict diet, by the rules of medicine.
ADINHEIRADO, *a*, adj. rich, full, of money.
ADITO. See **ENTRADA**.

A D J

ADJACENCIA, *f. f.* adjacency.
ADJACENTE, adj. adjacent.
ADJECTIVAR. See **CONCORDAR**.
ADJECTIVO, (in grammar) adjective.
ADJUDICAÇAM, *f. f.* adjudication, judgment or decree in a court of justice.
ADJUDICADO, *a*, adj. adjudicated.
ADJUDICAR, *v. a.* to adjudicate, to award by a decisive sentence. See also **ATTRIBUIR**.
ADJUNTO, *f. m.* companion, fellow, mate, partner.
ADJUTORIO, *f. m.* help, succour; also a priest's acolyth (in some chronicles.)

A D M

ADMINICULANTE, adj. adjutory, helping.
ADMINICULO, *f. m.* prop. aid, help, support.
ADMINISTRAÇAM, *f. f.* administration, government.
Administração dos sacramentos, the administration of sacraments.
ADMINISTRADOR, *f. m.* an administrator, a manager.
Administrador de hum hospital, the trustee or governor of an hospital.
AD-

A D O

ADMINISTRADO'RA, f. m. an administratrix, she who has the power of an administrator committed to her care.

ADMINISTRADO, a, adj. administered.

ADMINISTRAR, v. a. to administer, to administrate, to manage, to govern.

ADMIRACAM, f. f. admiration, wondering, surprise.

Ponto de admiração, a note of admiration (!)

ADMIRADO, a, adj. admired.

ADMIRAR, v. a. to surprise, to astonish by something wonderful.

Admirar-se, v. a. to wonder, to be surprised, to admire, to behold with wonder. Lat. *mirari*.

Admiro-me disso, I wonder at it.

Admiro-me que cuidais que, &c. I wonder you should think that, &c.

ADMIRATIVO, a, adj. surprising, amazing, wonder-working.

ADMIRAVEL, adj. admirable, wonderful; also admirable, good, rare, excellent; applied both to persons and things.

ADMIRATELMENTE, adv. admirably, excellently.

ADMITIDO, ou **ADMITIDO**, a, adj. admitted, &c. See

ADMITIR, ou **ADMITTIR**, v. a. to admit, to let in, to receive, to suffer to come in, to give admittance, or access, to aggregate. Lat. *admittere*.

Admitir a desculpa de alguém, to allow of one's excuse, to admit, or approve of it.

Admitir, to admit of, to allow of, to grant, to acknowledge.

Admito isso, I grant that.

Admitir, to admit of, to be liable to.

Aquilo não admite dilacão, that admits of no delay.

Aquella texto admite diferentes explicações, that text admits of, or is liable to several interpretations.

ADMOESTACAM, f. f. advice, admonition, or admonishment. See **ADMOESTAR**.

ADMOESTADO, a, adj. admonished.

ADMOESTADO'R, f. m. an admonisher.

ADMOESTAR, v. a. to admonish, to warn.

Admoestar anticipadamente, to forewarn, to give a caution before hand.

A D N

ADNOMINACAM, f. f. See **PARO-NOMASIA**.

A D O

ADO'BA, f. f. ou **ADOBE**, f. m. a kind of fetters that have the figure of a brick.

ADO'BE, f. m. a kind of brick not burnt, but dried up and hardened in the sun. Lat. *later crudus*.

ADOÇADO, a, adj. sweetened, softened, &c. according to the v.

ADOÇAR, v. a. to sweeten, to make sweet.

A D O

Adoçar, (speaking of pain, or grief.) to soften, to allay, to mitigate, to assuage, to ease, to alleviate.

Adoçar-se, v. r. to sweeten, to grow sweet, to soften, to grown soft.

ADOCICAR. See **ADOÇAR**.

ADOECE'R, v. n. to fall sick, to be taken ill.

Adoece'r, v. a. to cause one to be sick, to make one sick.

ADOECIDO, a, adj. fallen sick.

ADOLESCENCIA, f. f. adolescence, youth, from fourteen to twenty-five years.

ADOLESCENTE, (of the common gender,) a young man or woman till arrived at full growth. But Roman writers use it of persons at forty, as Vossius has observed.

ADO'NDE, adv. where.

Adonde esteu eu? where am I?

Adonde ides vós? where or whither do you go?

Adonde, wherein, in which.

A prisão adonde foy metido, the prison wherein he was put.

ADONICO ou *so*, the Adonic verse.

ADOPTAM, f. f. adoption.

ADOPTADO, a, adj. adopted.

ADOPTAR, v. a. to adopt one, to make him one's child by adoption.

ADOPTIVO, a, adj. adoptive, pertaining to adoption.

Ramos adoptivos, (metaph.) branches that bear the fruit like that of the tree the graft was taken from.

ADORAÇAM, f. f. adoration, worship.

Elegor o papa por adoração, to chuse the pope without voting, as Pius IV. was.

ADORADO, a, adj. adored.

ADORADOR, f. m. an adorer, or worshipper.

ADORAR, to adore, to worship; also to esteem greatly.

Adorar huma senhora, to adore a lady, to have a passionate love for her.

ADORAVEL, adj. adorable, worthy, or fit to be adored.

ADORMECEDOR. See **SOPORIFERO**.

ADORMECER, v. a. to make sleep, to cast into a sleep, to lay, or lull asleep. See also **ADORMENTAR**.

Adormecer, to amuse, to drive off, to play the fool with, (metaph.)

Quando o demonio nos adormece no peccado, (metaph.) when the devil lulls us asleep in sin.

Adormecer, v. n. to fall asleep; also to grow numb. See **ADORMENTAR-SE**.

Adormecer-se, v. r. idem.

ADORMECIDO, a, adj. lulled asleep, asleep, &c. according to the v. *Adormecer*.

ADORMECIMENTO, f. m. sleepiness, drowsiness, &c. according to the v. *Adormecer*.

ADORMENTADO, a, adj. See **ADORMECIDO**.

ADORMENTAR, v. a. to lay or lull asleep.

Adormentar, to charm, to enchant, to delight. (metaph.)

A D U

O vinho adormenta os cuidados, wine enchants, or drowns cares.

Adormentar ou Adormecer alguém com bellas palavras e promessas, to drive one off with fair words and promises.

Adormentar a mão, to numb the hand.

Adormentar-se, v. r. to fall asleep; also to grow numb, as when one is long in one posture; vulgarly called asleep.

Adormentar-se, ou adormecer febre hum negocio, (metaph.) to neglect a business.

ADORNADO, a, adj. adorned, set off, &c. See

ADORNAR, v. a. to set off, to deck, to set out, to adorn, to trim up, to grace, to attire. (Both in the propri. and figur. sense.)

Adornar, to colour, to varnish over, to palliate, to blanch.

Elles adornarão a sua resposta com bellas palavras, they blanch their answer in handsome words.

Adornar-se, v. r. to deck or adorn one's self.

ADORNHO, f. m. ornament, set off, finery, dress, attire.

ADOUDADA, f. f. a rash, heedless, hot-headed, or giddy-headed woman.

ADOUDADO, f. m. a mere blunder-buss, or blunder-head, a rash man.

A D R

ADRE'DE, adv. purposely, on purpose, on set purpose, for the nonce, with a design.

ADREGAR. (an antiquat. word,) See **ACONTECER**.

ADRIATICO mar, the Adriatic sea, the gulph of Venice enlarging itself between Greece, Illyricum, and Italy; it takes its name from the town of Adria.

ADRO, f. m. a church-yard.

Estar como hum adro, to have a solemn, fullen, or crabbed look.

A D S

ADSTRICÇAM, f. f. astringent, sharpness of taste like that of alum.

ADSTRICTO, a, adj. (among physicians) stopped, shut up.

Os poros estão adstritos, the pores are stopped, or shut up.

Adstrito, tied up, confined, limited, stinted, bounded, restrained.

ADSTRINGENCIA, f. f. an astringent virtue.

ADSTRINGENTE, adj. astringent, astringent, binding, coctive.

Remedios astringentes, ou adstringentes, astringents, astringent, binding, or coctive medicines.

ADSTRINGIR, v. a. to bind, to shut up.

A D U

ADUA, f. f. so they called in former times a sort of common people, whose

ADV

whose duty was to repair the walls and castles of the towns, &c.
ADUANA, f. f. See **ALFANDEGA**.
ADUAR, f. m. so the Arabians and Moors call their cottages, or villages.
ADUBA'DO, a, adj. spiced, seasoned with spices, &c. See
ADUBA'R, v. a. to season meat, to dress it with spices, to spice or season.
Adubar terras. See **ESTERCAR**.
Adubar o couro, to dress leather so that it may be fit to make use of it.
Adubar a vinha, to husband, to till a vine-yard.
Adubar o vinho, to mix, to prepare wine.
Adubar, (metaph.) to season, to temper, to sweeten, to set off one's words or actions with a pleasant way.
ADUBI'O, f. m. ex. *Adubio de vinhas*, husbandry, tillage, culture, dressing or trimming of vines.
ADUBO, f. m. spices, aromatical drugs.
Elle não gosta de coisa salgada, nem com adubos, he loves nothing that is either salted or spiced.
ADUCHAS, f. f. p. (a sea term) the rings or turnings of a cable when it is coiled.
ADUCI'R, v. a. to make the gold flexible, to soften and render it pliable and easy to be handled without breaking.
ADUE'LA, f. f. a staff.
Aduelas, the plural of *Aduela*, staves to make casks, pipes, &c.
Aduelas já cortadas e preparadas para fazer pipas, &c. clapboards.
Aduela, (in architecture) the inward face of the stones of the arch under its chapter.
ADVENA, f. m. a foreigner, a stranger. Lat.
ADVENIDA. See **AVENIDA**.
ADVENTI'CIO, a, adj. (in the civil law) adventitious; as, *bens adventícios*, adventitious goods.
ADVENTO, f. m. (in ecclesiastical language) advent, a time set apart by the church as a preparation for the approaching festival of Christmas; so called from *adventus Redemptoris*, the coming of our Redeemer.
ADVERBIAL, adj. adverbial, belonging to an adverb.
ADVERBIALME'NTE, adv. adverbially, as an adverb.
ADVERBIO, f. m. (in grammar) an adverb.
ADVERSA'RIO, f. m. an adversary, an adverse party, in verbal or judicial contests.
ADVERSIDA'DE, f. f. adversity, misfortune, calamity, affliction, cross fortune, trouble.
ADVE'RSO, a, adj. adverse, contrary. *Parte adversa*, the adverse party.
Adversa fortuna, adverse, or cross fortune.
Adverso, f. m. See **ADVERSIDADE**.

ADV

ADVERTE'NCIA, f. f. a putting in mind, a warning, an advertisement; also advertency, attention, mindfulness.
ADVERTIDAME'NTE, adv. wisely, considerately.
ADVERTIDO, a, adj. warned, &c. according to the v. *Advertir*.
ADVERTIME'NYO, f. m. See **ADVERTENCIA**.
ADVERTIR, v. a. to warn, to advertise; also to advert, to mark, to take heed, to mind.
ADU'FA, f. f. a lattice.
Que tem adufa, latticed.
Jannella com adufa, a lattice-window.
Pôr adufa na jannella, to lattice up the window.
Adufa, a flood-gate, a kind of gate or shutter, by which the course of the water is inclosed or opened at pleasure; it is also called *Comporta*.
ADU'FA'DA jannella, a lattice-window.
ADU'FE, f. m. a timbrel, a sort of tabor. Arabic. It has the skin but at one end.
ADULAÇAM, f. f. flattery; adulation.
ADULADO'R, f. m. a flatterer, an adulator, a sycophant.
ADULA'DO, a, adj. flattered.
ADULA'R, v. a. to flatter, to soothe, to play the sycophant; from the Lat. *adulari*, to flatter.
ADU'LTERA, f. f. an adulteress.
ADULTERA'DO, a, adj. adulterated, falsified, forged, counterfeited.
ADULTERA'R, v. n. to commit adultery.
Adulterár, v. a. to adulterate, to corrupt, or counterfeit.
ADULTERINO, a, adj. issued from an adulterous amour or commerce; also forged, adulterated, counterfeited.
Filho adulterino, an adulterine, a child issued from an adulterous amour.
ADULTE'RIO, f. m. adultery.
ADU'LTERO, f. m. an adulterer.
ADU'LTO, a, adj. adult, past a child, grown up; also ripe, or fit for any action, or thing.
ADUNA'DO, a, adj. united, &c. See
ADUNA'R, v. a. to gather, to get together, to unite, to assemble, to bring together into one place.
ADU'NCO, a, adj. hooked, crooked. Lat. *aduncus*.
ADVOCA'DO, ou **AVOCA'DO**, a, adj. called, called for, or to. See **ADVOCAR**.
ADVOCA'R, ou **AVOCA'R**, v. a. to call, to send for; also to take a thing upon one's self, to assume; also to take away a law-suit from another's jurisdiction.
ADVOCATU'RA, f. f. shelter, protection.
ADVOGACIA, ou **AVOGACIA**, f. f. advocateship.
ADVOGA'DA, ou **AVOGA'DA**, f. f. she who lays to heart, takes care of, and secures the interest of another.
ADVOGADO, ou **AVOGADO**, f. m. (in the civil law) an advocate.

D

AF A

Adogado, ou avegado, one that lays to heart, takes care of, and secures the interest of another; also one who pleads the interests of another upon all occasions, an advocate, (metaph.)
Adogado principiante, a young clerk, a pettifogger.
Adogado sometimes is used instead of *Letrado*, but improperly. See *Letrado*.
ADVOGA'R, ou **AVOGA'R**, v. n. to plead, to take up the plea, to follow the law, to do the office of a pleading lawyer.
Eu advoguei na sua causa, I took up the plea in his defence.
Elle vos pede que advogueis na sua causa, he prayeth you to plead his cause for him.
ADU'R, adv. (an antiquated word) scarcely, hardly. It was also used as a substantive. See **VELHACARIA**.
ADURE'NTE, adj. (among physicians) burning, or scorching.
ADUSTAM, f. f. adustion, burning.
ADUSTIVO. See **ADURENTE**.
ADUSTO, a, adj. adust or adusted.
Sangue adusto, adust blood.

A E I

AE'ITO, adv. ex. *Elle leva todos acito*, he drives all before him.
Cortar huma coisa acito, to mow down, or to cut off any thing entirely.
Fallar, ou dizer muitas coisas acito, to speak continually without stopping or pausing.

A E R

AE'REO, a, adj. aerial, pertaining to the air, airy; also airy, without reality, vain.
Pensamentos aereos, airy notions.

A E S

AE'SMO, (an ancient word) by sight, by guess, trusting or depending upon one's eyes. See **ESMO**.

A F A

AFABEL, ou **AFAVEL**. See **AF-FAVEL**.
AFABILIDA'DE. See **AFFABILIDADE**.
AFADIGA'DO, a, adj. tired, wearied, fatigued.
Afadigar-se. See **CANÇAR-SE**.
AFAGA'DO, a, adj. caressed, flattered, &c. See
AFAGA'R, v. a. to caress, to use kindly, to flatter, to soothe.
Afagar hum cavallo, to cherish, or stroke a horse.
AFAGO, f. m. caresses, great demonstrations of kindness, &c. according to the v. *Afagar*.
AFAMA'DO, a, adj. renowned, famous, noted; also disreputable, ill spoken of.
AFANA'DO, a, adj. weary, tired, anxious. See also **AFANAR**, v. a.
AFANA'R, v. n. to grow tired, to be

A F E

be weary, to be anxious, to toil and
moil.
Afanar, v. a. to earn any thing with
great anxiety, and much ado.
AFAM, f. m. (an ancient word) ado,
pains-taking, toil, trouble fatigue,
anxiety.
AFASTA'DO, a, adj. remote, far,
distant; also removed, &c. See
AFASTAR, v. a. to remove, or put
away, to drive away, to avert.
Afastar-se, v. r. to remove, to go away,
to go from, to forsake.
AFAZENDA'DO, a, adj. rich, wealth-
thy, opulent.
AFAZE'R, *AFAZER-SE*. See *ACOS-
TUMAR*, *ACOSTUMAR-SE*.

A F E

AFE', adv. truly, indeed, faith.
Afé de quem sou, (a sort of oath)
faith, upon my faith.
AFEA'DO, a, adj. disfigured, made
ugly, &c. See
AFEAR, v. a. to make ugly, or home-
ly, to disfigure, to mar the fashion
of, to deform. Lat. *deturpare*.
Afear, to cry down, to represent any
thing in the worst manner.
Afear, to dishonour, to stain, to spot.
Afear a reputação de alguém, to spot,
to blur, or blemish one's reputa-
tion.
AFFECTAÇAM.
AFFECTADO.
AFFECTAR.
AFFECTO.
AFFECTUOSAMENTE
AFFECTUOSO.
AFEIÇAM.
AFEIÇADO.
AFEIÇAR.
AFEITAÇAM. See *ENFEITE*.
AFEITADO. See *ENFEITADO*.
AFEITAR. See *ENFEITAR*.
AFEITE. See *ENFEITE*.
AFEITO. See *AFFECTO*.
AFEITO, a, adj. See *ACOSTUMA-
DO*.
AFEMINADAME'NTE, adv. effemi-
nately, womanly.
AFEMINA'DO, a, adj. effeminate,
womanlike.
Ele tinha o ar afeminado, he had a
a wanton or effeminate look.
Falla afeminada, a soft or wanton man-
ner of speaking. Persius calls it *de-
lumbe*.
Discurso afeminado, a feeble speech, that
wants finews. Cicero calls it *de-
lumbata*, seu *enervata oratio*.
AFEMINA'R, v. a. to effeminate, to
enervate, to soften.
AFERICAM, f. f. the marking any
measure or weight that has been
squared by the standard.
AFERIDO, a, adj. stamped with a
public mark. See *AFERIR*.
Aferido, f. m. a mill-eat, or mill-leat.
AFERIDO'R, f. m. an officer whose
business is to mark, frame, or adjust
the measures and weights according
to the king's standard.
AFERIR, v. a. to stamp with the

A F F

public mark. (Speaking of weights
or measures that have been squared
by the standard.) French, *etalonner*.
AFERMOSEA'DO, a, adj. made finer;
also fine, handsome, adorned,
decked.
AFERMOSEA'R, v. a. to make finer,
to adorn, to deck; also to represent
any thing in the best manner.
AFERRADO, a, adj. caught with a
crook or hook, grappled, &c. ac-
cording to the v. *Aferrar*.
Homem aferrado á sua opiniaõ, an ob-
stinate or opinionated man, one wedded
to his own opinion.
AFERRAR, v. a. to grapple, to lay,
take, or get hold of a thing with
a grappling-hook, or otherwise.
Aferrar hum navio, to grapple a ship.
Aferrar a ave, ou da ave, to swoop,
to fall at once as a hawk upon his
prey, to pounce.
Aferrar, ou lançar ferro, v. n. to anchor,
to cast anchor.
Aferrar-se, v. r. to hold, or stick fast.
Aferrar-se á sua opiniaõ, to hold in one's
opinion.
AFERRETOA'DO, a, adj. stung, or
pricked.
AFERRETOA'R, v. a. to prick or
sting. Lat. *pungere*.
AFERRO. See *AFFERRO*.
AFERROLHA'DO, &c. See *FER-
ROLHADO*, &c.
AFERVORA'DO, a, adj. fervent, ve-
hement, eager, zealous in piety,
flaming with devotion.
Afervorado desejo, an earnest desire.
AFERVORAR, v. a. to animate, to
excite, to inflame with fervour.
Afervorar-se, v. r. to inflame one's self
with fervour.
Afervorar-se na devoção, to stir up one's
devotion.

A F F

AFFABEL. See *AFFAVEL*.
AFFABILIDA'DE, f. f. affability,
courtesy, kindness, gentleness, easi-
ness of address.
AFFA'RES. See *NEGOCIO*. It is
not to be used.
AFFAVEL, adj. affable, civil, kind,
easy to be spoken to.
AFFECTAÇAM, f. f. affectation, af-
fectation, preciseness, niceness, af-
fected study, affected way, formality,
formal way; also eagerness, keenness
of desire.
AFFECTADO, a, adj. affected, for-
mal, nice, precise; also affected, over-
curiously done.
Modo affectado, an affected way.
Estylo affectado, an affected stile.
AFFECTAR, v. a. to affect, to make
a pretended show of something.
Affectar senudeza, to affect a grave out-
side.
Affectar, to affect, to desire, to hanker
after, to aspire to; also to please,
&c. See *AGRADAR*.
AFFECTATIVO. See *DESEJO-
SO*.
AFFE'CÇO, f. m. affection, good-will;

A F F

kindness, love, inclination towards;
also affect, passion of any kind.
Affecto, (with physicians) affection,
a morbid or disorderly state of the
body.
Affecto, a, adj. See *AFFEIÇADO*.
AFFECTUOSAMENTE, adv. affec-
tionately, kindly, friendly, heartily.
AFFECTUOSO, a, adj. affectionate,
kind, obliging.
AFFEIÇAM, f. f. affection, love.
AFFEIÇADO, a, adj. given to, ad-
dicted, inclined, &c. See *AF-
FEIÇAR-SE*, and *AFFEIÇAR*.
Affeição a alguém, affectionate, well
affected to one, that has an affection
for him, that is addicted or inclined
to him.
AFFEIÇAR, v. a. to get another's
benevolence, to move, to touch, to
affect.
Affeição o amor de huma senbera, to af-
fect a lady's heart.
Affeição-se, v. r. to addict, or to ap-
ply one's self to a thing, to give
one's mind to it, to take a fancy to.
*Ha dois mizes que elle se affeicou á lin-
gua Inglesa*, he has taken a fancy
to learn English these two months
past.
AFFEITA'DO, &c. See *ENFEITA-
DO*, &c.
AFFEITO. See *AFFECTO*.
AFFERRADO, &c. See *AFERRA-
DO*, &c.
AFFERRO, f. m. attachment, inclina-
tion.
AFFI'M, f. m. and f. a kinsman,
or kinswoman, properly by mar-
riage.
AFFINIDA'DE, f. f. affinity, alli-
ance by marriage; also affinity, re-
lation or resemblance between se-
veral things.
Que he parente por afinidade, affined, re-
lated to one by affinity.
AFFIRMAÇAM, f. f. affirmation.
AFFIRMADO, a, adj. affirmed. See
AFFIRMAR.
AFFIRMA'NTE, (in the schools) he
who maintains the affirmative.
AFFIRMAR, v. a. to affirm, to as-
ertain, to maintain. Lat. *affirmare*.
O que afirma, an affirmer, an affirmant.
Affirmar, v. n. (in fencing) to make
directly at one's adversary with the
point of one's sword; from the word
firm, firm, fast.
AFFIRMATIVA, f. f. affirmative.
Defender a affirmativa, to be for the
affirmative, to maintain the affir-
mative.
AFFIRMATIVAMENTE, adv. affir-
matively, positively.
AFFIRMATIVO, a, adj. affirmative.
AFFLIÇAM, f. f. affliction, trouble,
grief, anguish.
AFFLICTA, f. f. an afflicted or dis-
tressed woman.
AFFLICTIVO, a, adj. afflicting, af-
flictive.
AFFLICTO, f. m. an afflicted or dis-
tressed man.

Affligo.

A F I

Afiado, *a*, adj. afflicted, grieved, distressed.
AFFLIGIDO, *a*, adj. idem.
AFFLIGIR, *v. a.* to afflict, to vex, to cause grief to one.
Affligir o proprio corpo com austeridades, to afflict, to mortify or macerate one's body by austerities.
Affligir-se, *v. r.* to grieve, to afflict, or disquiet one's self.
AFFLITO. See **AFFLICTO**.
AFFLUENCIA, *f. f.* affluence, great store, abundance.
AFFORRADO. See **AFORRADO**.
AFFRONTA, *f. f.* affront, abuse, contumely.
Soffrer huma affronta, to put up, or to bear an affront; commonly to swallow a gudgeon.
AFFRONTADO, *a*, adj. affronted, abused, &c. See **AFFRONTAR**.
AFFRONTAMENTO, *f. m.* a preternatural heat, an inflammation with too much redness in the face and panting.
AFFRONTAR, *v. a.* to affront, to abuse, to rail at, to revile, to call names.
Affrontar, to cause a preternatural heat, &c. See **AFFRONTAMENTO**.
Affrontar, to out-bid, to enhance the price at an auction, *v. n.*
Affrontar, (speaking of a ship) to have a light cargo.
Affrontar, *v. n.* to have a preternatural heat, &c. See **AFFRONTAMENTO**.
Affrontar-se, *v. r.* to take pet, to take huff, or exception.
Affrontar-se, to meet with, to light on or upon.
AFFRONTOSAMENTE, adv. spitefully, outrageously, disdainfully.
AFFRONTOSO, *a*, adv. outrageous, contumelious, abusive.
AFFUGENTADO, &c. See **AFUGENTADO**, &c.

A F I

AFIA'DO, *a*, adj. sharpened, whetted, set, sharp-edged.
AFIADO, *f. m.* grinder.
AFIANÇA'R, *v. n.* to bail one, to be bail for one.
Afiar, *v. a.* to promise, to give hopes.
AFIA'R, *v. a.* to grind, to set, to set an edge on, to sharpen, to whet.
Pedra de afiar, a grind-stone, a whet-stone, a hone.
Pedra de afiar flocos, a rubber.
AFICAME'NTO, *f. m.* urgency, pressure of difficulty. Obsol.
AFICA'R, *v. a.* to urge, to follow a person close in dispute, to urge a reason, or an argument. Obsol.
AFIDALGA'DO, *a*, adj. choice, excellent, noble, illustrious, of great authority.
Afidalgado, that falsely pretends to gentility.
AFIDALGAR, *v. a.* to nobilitate, to make noble. It is seldom used.

A F L

AFIGURAÇAM, *f. f.* imagination, fancy, apprehension.
AFIGURA'DO, *a*, adj. ex. *bomem bem afigurado*, a man of good aspect, a fine man.
AFIGURAR-SE, *v. r.* to imagine, to think, to fancy, to believe.
Afigura-se-me que vejo a minha patria, it seems to me, or methinks I see my country.
Afigura-se-vos que sois o mesmo que eu, let you suppose yourself to be what I am.
AFILADO. See **AFERIDO**.
Ter a lingua bem afilada, to have a nimble tongue.
Nariz afilado, a nose well made, handsome nose. Bluteau says it signifies a nose somewhat long and pointed.
Vida mal afilada, (metaph.) a disorderly life.
AFILADO'R. See **AFERIDOR**.
AFILAMENTO. See **AFERIÇAM**.
AFILA'R. See **AFERIR**.
AFILHA'DA, *f. f.* a god-daughter. It is a correlative to **PADRINHO**, and **MADRINHA**, which see.
Afilhada, a woman that is protected or countenanced.
AFILHA'DO, *f. m.* a god-son. It is also a correlative to **Padrinho**, and **Madrinha**.
Afilhado, a man that is protected or countenanced.
P. do paê de meu compadre, grande fatia a meu afilhado, we say, to cut large thongs out of another man's leather. The Lat. say, *de alieno corio ludere*.
AFIM DE, conj. in order to, that, to the end that.
AFINACAM, *f. f.* the action of giving the full sound to every musical note.
Ter boa afinacão, to give the full sound to the musical notes.
AFINA'DO, *a*, adj. (speaking of metal) fined, or refined.
Voz afinada, a voice that gives a full, perfect, and distinct sound to the musical notes, which depends particularly upon having a good ear.
AFINAMENTO, *f. m.* affinage, fining, or refining of metals.
AFINA'R, *v. a.* to fine or refine metals.
Afinar as pastas, (among book-binders) to square the pasteboards.
Afinar a voz, to give the perfect and full sound to the musical notes, to sing very well.
Afinar um instrumento de musica, to tune a musical instrument.
AFINCADAMENTE, adv. instantly, earnestly.
AFISTULA'DO, *a*, adj. (among surgeons) turned to a fistula.
AFISTULAR-SE, *v. r.* to grow into a fistula, to become a hollow oozing ulcer.

A F L

AFLEIMARSE. See **AFLIGIR-SE**.
D

A F O

AFLOXA'R. See **AFROXAR**.

A F O

AFOCINHA'R, *v. n.* to fall forward, or down upon one's face; also to sink or perish.
AFOFA'R, *v. n.* to swell, to rise up.
AFOGADIÇO, *a*, adj. out of breath.
AFOGADILHO. See **PRESSA**.
AFOGA'DO, *a*, adj. stifled, &c. See **AFOGAR**.
Ovos afogados, poached eggs.
Afogado, stewed.
AFOGADO'R, *f. m.* a necklace.
Afegador de perolas, a necklace of pearls.
AFOGAME'NTO, *f. m.* a stifling or suffocation, a stopping of one's breath.
AFOGA'R, *v. a.* to stifle, smother, choak, or suffocate.
Afogar, ou matar a'guem apertando-lhe a garganta, to strangle, throttle, or stifle one to death.
Afogar, ou matar mergulhando, to drown, to suffocate in water.
Afogar os cuidados no vinho, (metaph.) to drown one's cares in wine.
Afogar, to stew (speaking of meat, fish, &c.)
Afogar ovos, to poach eggs.
Afogar, to choak, &c. See **ABAFAR**. (in agriculture.)
Afogado de terras, surrounded with mountains.
Afogar, to forbear, to keep one's self from.
Afogar os gemidos, to forbear groaning.
Afogar-se, *v. r.* to strangle or stifle, one's self.
Afogar-se em agua, to drown, or to be suffocated in water.
Afogar-se por comer com muita pressa, to choak one's self for greediness.
Afegou-se hum emperador com huma pervide, an emperor choaked himself with a kernel.
Afegar-se em pouca agua, to be drowned in little water; that is, to be overcome with little labour or trouble.
P. Quem em mais alto nada, mais presto se afoga; we say, a high climbing, a steep coming down: that is, the highest charges are the more liable, and nearer to the downfall. The Italians have a very good proverbial rhyme to the same purpose,
*Di voli alti e repentin
Segliono i precipizi essere vicini*.
AFOGO, *f. m.* See **AFOGAMENTO**.
Afoga (metaph.) torment, affliction, grief, trouble, anxiety.
AFOGUEA'DO, *a*, adj. burning, hot, glowing, fiery; see the *v.* **AFOGUEAR**.
P. Bater o ferro afegado, to beat the iron whilst it is hot.
Afegado, too much red; speaking of the face, or some other part of the body.

A F R

Paõ afogurado, a loaf of bread that is burnt on the out-side, but not well baked in the in-side.

AFOGUEA'R, v. a. to make fiery, or glowing hot.

Afoguear huma peça, to load a gun with powder only, and then to shoot it off to try or clean it.

AFOLHA'DO, a, adj. laid up, laid fallow. See

AFOLHA'R, v. a. (in agriculture) ex. *afolhar huma terra*, to lay up a piece of ground.

Terra afelhada, land laid up, or lay-land, a fallow ground, a field that lies fallow.

AFORA. See *ALEM*.

AFORADO, a, adj. See *AFORAR*.

AFORADA causa, a thing or matter about which one's opinion or judgment has been given.

AFORADO'R, f. m. the lord of the manor who gives lands, or houses upon condition that a small yearly rent shall be paid to him.

AFORAMENTO, f. m. the act of giving or taking lands, &c. upon condition, &c. See

AFORAR, v. a. to give, or make over, houses or lands to be possessed for ever, upon condition that a small yearly rent shall be paid to the proprietor; also to rent, or hold houses or lands upon the same conditions.

AFORURA'DO, a, adj. (a vulgar word) See *APRESSADO*.

AFORISMO. See *APHORISMO*.

AFORRA'DO, a, adj. (an ancient word) that carries but a light burden, or small and trifling provisions for a journey; such as can be put into a wallet, or a bag with two pouches to it.

AFORTUNA'DO, a, adj. lucky.

AFOUTA'DO, a, adj. bold, daring.

AFOUTA'R-SE, v. r. to dare, to be so bold as to, &c.

AFOUTE'ZA, f. f. boldness, daringness.

AFOUTO. See *AFOUTA'DO*.

A F R

AFRACA'R, v. n. to fall, to come down; as, *o vento afraca*, the wind falls, or comes down.

AFRACAR, to lose courage, to despond.

AFRAMENGA'DO, a, adj. that has a bright yellow hair like gold, and a fair complexion. The Portuguese make use of this word, speaking of those persons amongst them that are like the Flemish or other foreigners in their features and complexions, the word being derived from *Framengo*, a Flemish man.

AFREGUESA'DO, a, adj. accustomed, or customed, that has customers. From *Freguez*, a customer.

Leja afreguejada, a shop well accustomed.

AFREGUEA'R, v. a. to get custom.

AFREIMA'R-SE, v. r. to fret one's self, to fret.

A G A

AFRICA, f. f. Africa, one of the four quarters of the world.

AFRICA'NO, a, adj. African, of, or belonging to Africa.

AFRO, a, adj. idem.

AFRONTA, &c. See *AFFRONTA*, &c.

AFROXA'DO, a, adj. unbent, &c. See

AFROXAR, v. a. to slacken, loosen, or unbend.

Afroxar, v. n. to grow slack, to slacken; also to fail, to grow remiss. (Speaking of courage, observance, keeping, &c.)

Afroxar-se, v. r. idem.

A F U

AFUGENTADO, a, adj. driven away, put to flight.

AFUGENTA'R, v. a. to chase, or drive away, to put to flight. Lat. *fugare*.

AFUNDA'DO, a, adj. sunk down.

AFUNDA'R, v. a. to sink.

Afundar hum navio, to sink a ship.

Afundar-se, v. r. to sink, to go to the bottom.

Afundar-se no mar, to sink at sea, to founder, as a ship.

AFUNDIDO, *AFUNDIR-SE*. See *AFUNDADO*, *AFUNDAR-SE*.

AFUSAL, f. m. two pounds of flax made up into a small bundle.

AFUSILA'R, v. a. to strike fire out of a flint.

A G A

AGA, f. m. aga, or a colonel of Janisaries.

AGACHA'DO, *AGACHAR-SE*. See

ACAÇAPADO, *ACAÇAPAR-SE*.

AGADANHA'R, v. a. to fly in one's face with the nails, to scratch, to take the skin off with the nails; also to lay one's hand upon any thing.

AGA'LHA. See *GALHA*.

AGA'LHAS, f. f. p. (in anatomy) the tonsils of the neck.

AGANT'PPE, f. f. a famous well or spring in Bœotia, sacred to Apollo and the Muses.

AGAPE'TAS, f. f. p. (in the ancient church) *agapetæ*, certain virgins, who associated themselves with ecclesiastics, out of a motive of piety and charity.

AGA'PIOS, ou *agapes banquettes*, love feasts among the primitive christians, *agapæ*.

AGARE'NO, a, adj. Moorish, or Arabic; also of, or belonging to the race of Hagar.

AGARICO, f. m. agaric, a sweet smelling mushroom, which shines in the night, and grows on high trees, especially the larch.

AGARRA'DO, a, adj. taken, or laid hold of, catched.

AGARRADO'R, f. m. See *BELLE-GUIM*.

AGARRA'R, v. a. to seize, or seize upon, to lay hold of, to catch; from *garra*, a claw.

AGARROCHA'DO, a, adj. pricked or

A G E

stuck with those little darts they use in Portugal, called *garrechas*, to throw at bulls to fret them; also bound hard, &c. See

AGARROCHA'R, v. a. to prick with those small darts they use in Portugal, called *garrechas*, to fret the bulls, at the bull feasts; also to bind hard, by twisting the cord with a stick called *garracho*.

AGASALHADE'IRO. See *AGASALHADOR*.

AGASALHA'DO, a, adj. received, sheltered, &c. See *AGASALHAR*.

Agasalhado, f. m. shelter, or a lodging to entertain strangers or guests.

AGASALHADO'R, f. m. an entertainer, one that receives or shelters strangers.

AGASALHADO'RA, f. f. a woman that entertains or shelters strangers.

AGASALHA'R, v. a. to make a reception, to receive, to lodge, to harbour, to entertain, to shelter.

Agasalhar-se, v. r. to resort to a place to lodge, or abide in it as a guest.

Ir agasalhar-se em algum lugar, to fly to a place for shelter.

Agasalhar-se, to cover one's self well in order to not catch cold, or to sweat.

AGASALHO, f. m. a lodging to entertain strangers, a shelter; also the manner of receiving a guest or stranger.

Elle deu-me bom agasalho, he received me hospitably, he made me a kind reception.

Dar bom agasalho, to welcome, to bid welcome.

Elle deu-me máo agasalho, he received me unkindly.

AGASTA'DO, a, adj. angry, hasty, passionate.

AGASTAMENTO, f. m. passion, raving, anger.

Ter agastamentos do coração, to be heart-sick, or sick at heart.

AGASTA'R a alguém, v. a. to provoke, tease, or vex one.

Agastar-se, v. r. to fly, or fall out into a passion, to be angry, or transported with anger.

AGASTA-SE per da cá aquella palha, a little matter raises his passion, or makes him angry.

AGATA, f. f. agate, a precious stone.

AGATANHAR, ou *meter os gadanhos*, See *GADANHO*.

A G E

AGEITA'R-SE, v. r. ex. *Agitar-se bem ou mal para fazer alguma coisa*, to go the right or wrong way to work.

AGEITIVAR. See *CONCORDAR*.

AGEITIVO. See *ADJECTIVO*.

AGENCIA, f. f. agency.

AGENCIA'DO, a, adj. managed, transacted. See

AGENCIA'R, v. a. to negotiate, manage, or transact, to procure any thing diligently, to earn, to get; also to help one to a thing.

A G I

Em de agenciasi-aquelle posto, I procured him that place.
Agenciár-se, v. r. ex. *Agenciár-se buma grande reputaçã*, to conciliate, to win a great reputation.
AGENTE, f. m. (in natural philosophy) an agent.
Agente, an agent; a man that does a prince's business.

A G G

AGGLUTINADO, a, adj. agglutinated.
AGGLUTINAR, v. a. to agglutinate, to glue together.
AGGLUTINATIVO, a, adj. that has the virtue of agglutinating.
AGGRAVADO, a, adj. injured, wronged; also made heavy.
AGGRAVANTE, f. m. an appellant. See *AGGRAVAR*.
Aggravante, adj. aggravating, that aggravates the heinousness of a crime, or sin.
AGGRAVAR, v. a. to offend, wrong, injure, or abuse.
Aggravár, to make heavy, or grievous, to enlarge on the heinousness of a crime, or sin, to aggravate a thing.
Aggravár, v. n. to appeal from one judge to another that has an equal power and authority.
Aggravár-se, v. r. to be offended, or angry at a thing, to take exception against it, to take pet, or snuff at it.
Aggravar-se, to increase, to grow worse. (Speaking of grief, sickness, &c.)
Aggravár-se, to be sore again, to become worse. (Speaking of sores, wounds, &c.)
Aggravar-se, to become heavy on account of age, distempers, &c.
AGGRAVO, f. m. offence, wrong, injury, abuse, outrage; also the appealing from one judge to another that has an equal power and jurisdiction.
AGGREGADO, a, adj. aggregated, received, or admitted into a society.
Aggregado, f. m. an aggregate.
AGGREGAR, v. a. to aggregate, to receive, to admit into a society, to associate.
Agregar-se, v. r. to associate one's self with another.
AGGREGATIVAS pillulas, (in medicine) aggregating pills.
AGGRESSOR, f. m. an aggressor, one that first sets upon, or assaults, an assailant.

A G I

AGIGANTADO, a, adj. gigantic, giant-like.
AGIGANTAR, v. a. to bestow, to give a gigantic strength.
AGIL, adj. agile, quick, nimble, active, swift.
AGILIDADE, f. f. agility, nimbleness.
AGILITAR-SE, v. r. to become light, to lose the weight.

A G O

AGIOLOGIO, f. m. a legend, the lives of saints.
AGITAÇÃO, f. f. agitation, toss, violent motion; also agitation, perturbation, trouble.
AGITADO, a, adj. agitated, &c. See
AGITAR, v. a. to agitate, to shake, to toss, to tumble; also to trouble, to disquiet, to torture, to hurry, to agitate.
Agitar buma questão, to agitate, to bandy, to debate a question.
AGN
AGNAÇÃO, f. f. (in the civil law) agnation.
AGNADO, a, adj. kindred by the father's side.
AGNICÃO, f. f. an acknowledgment, or recognizance.
AGNO casto, ou *castil*, the chaste tree, or, as some say, the tree called park leaves.
AGNOME, f. m. the last surname of a person.
AGNUS, or *Agnus dei*, an agnus, a piece of wax blessed by the pope, having the print of a lamb, or some other holy hieroglyphic.

A G O

A'GOA, f. f. water. Lat. *aqua*.
Abrir, ou *fazer agoa*, (a sea phrase) to leak, or spring a leak, so as to take in water.
Navio que faz agoa, a leaky ship.
Dar a agoa pela barba, (metaph.) to be in great danger.
Agoa doce, fresh water.
Agoa de sabão, soap-suds.
Agoa fernal, a perpetual water spring, running-water, a continual stream.
Borda d'agoa, the water-side, or the sea-side.
Nadar por baixo da agoa, to swim under the water.
Agoas vivas, spring-tides.
Agoas mortas, neap-tides, or neep tides; also standing waters.
Lançar hum navio a agoa, to launch a ship.
Fazer agoa, ou *agoada*, to take in fresh water, (a sea phrase.)
Estar banhado em agoa, ou suor, to be in a great sweat, to be wet all over.
Agoa encharcada, dead or standing water.
Agoa viva, ou corrente, running water.
Agoa salobra, brackish water.
P. Agoa salobra na terra seca he doce, we say, a hungry dog will eat dirty pudding.
Agoa da fonte, de rochedo, de mar, de cisterna, de chuva, de neve, spring, rock, sea, cistern, rain, snow-water.
Agoas minerais, mineral waters.
Agoas das caldas, hot mineral waters.
Agas artificiais, ou *estilladas*, artificial, or distilled waters.
Agoas cordiats, cordial waters.

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Agoa rosada, rose water.
Agoa da rainha de Hungria, the queen of Hungary's water.
Agoa benta, holy water.
Caldairinha da agoa benta, holy water-pot.
P. Ver-se entre a cruz e a agoa benta, to be in great danger.
P. Querer bem a alguém como o diabo a agoa benta, to love one as the devil loves holy water, or as the cat loves mustard.
Agoa, water, urine.
Agoa, ou *chuva*, rain.
Agoas ou lagrimas, tears.
Passaros d'agoa, water-fowls.
Cão d'agoa, water-dog.
Cobra d'agoa, water-snake.
Perrexil d'agoa, wild parsley.
Urso d'agoa que vive do queapanha nella, a water-bear.
Agoas furtadas, the garrets.
Agoa ardente, brandy, or any strong water.
Agoa regia, aqua regalis.
Agoa benedicta, aqua benedicta.
Agoa estillada com papoulas e outras ervas para curar indigestões, surfeit water.
Agoa styptica, styptic water, that stanches blood.
Navegar contra a corrente das agoas, to strive against the stream.
Galbeta d'agoa, que serve quando se diz missa, a water-crewet.
Arca d'agoa, a water-house, a conservatory of water.
A' flor d'agoa, between wind and water.
Dar agoa, ou *de beber a hum cavallo*, to water a horse.
Cahir n'agoa repentinamente, to soufe, or to fall suddenly into the water.
Por n'agoa, to water, to steep, to soak.
Moinho d'agoa, water mill.
Engenho de agoa, a water-engine.
Prova que se fazia antigamente por meyo de agoa que estava fervendo, water ordeal.
Resaca da agoa, See *RESACA*.
Redemoinho d'agoa que se forma detraz da popa de hum navio, e que não passa tão depressa como a agoa dos lados, dead water, the eddy water that follows the stern of a ship.
Paredo ou marathão para que agoa do mar não entre pela terra den ro, a water-gage, a sea-wall to keep off the overflowing of the water.
Instrumento para medir a altura e quantidade da agoa, water-gage, an instrument for measuring the quantity and depth of any water.
Nascente da agoa, the source, the spring head of a river, &c.
Temperar o vinho com agoa, to dilute wine, to allay it with water.
Agoas vertentes, a stream coming down a hill, caused by water or snow.
O que bebe agoa, an aquabib, a water-drinker.
Agoa vai, verbatim, it is water goes: the word used in Portugal to give notice when any thing is thrown out of

A G O

of the window, for people in the street to avoid it.

Agoa pé, a small liquor made of grapes squeezed a second time, with water among them, after the wine has been pressed out; so called, as it were, the washings of feet.

Não dar huma fide de agoa, not to give a glass of water; that is, to give nothing, to be niggardly in the highest degree.

Huma fide de agoa. See *SEDE*.

Lugar no qual há agoa para dar de beber ao gado, &c. a watering-place for cattle, &c.

Agoa mel, a composition of honey, water and other ingredients.

Não me he agoa, nem fal, we say, he is neither kit, nor kin to me.

Agoa vidrada, a kind of sickness in hawks.

Agoa seca, the name given by some to salt-petre.

Fedor d'agoa. See *VEDOR*.

Causa de agoa ou pertencente a agoa, watery.

P. Tanto dá a agoa na pedra até que quebra, we say, a mouse in time may bite a cable in two. The Lat. say, *gutta cavat lapidem*, a drop can hollow a stone in time.

P. Quando o rio não faz ruido, ou não lava agoa, ou vai crescendo, we say; still waters are the deepest.

P. a agoa o dá, a agoa o leva, what is got over the devil's back, will be spent under his belly; also lightly come, lightly go.

P. Na agoa envolta pesca o pescador, we say; to fish in troubled waters, to make a benefit of public troubles.

P. Fazer vir a agoa á boca, to make the teeth water.

P. Estar como o peixe n'agoa, to live in clover.

P. trazer a agoa para o moinho, to bring grist into the mill; that is, to turn all things to one's own advantage.

P. lá vai tudo pela agoa abaixo, all is lost, all is gone to wreck.

P. levar agoa ao mar, we say, to carry coals to Newcastle.

P. gato esfaldado da agoa fria há medo, a burnt child dreads the fire.

P. não digas desta agoa não beberci, nem desta pão comerei; that is, let no man say, I will not do this, or the other thing, or come to such want, for no man knows what he may come to.

P. as agoas estão baixas, it is said of one that is at a low ebb.

P. quemada a casa, acede com agoa, it is too late to spare when all is spent.

P. com agoas passadas não mos o moinho, the mill cannot grind with the water that is past.

AGOACE'IRO, f. m. a violent shower, or storm of rain.

AGOACE'NTO, a, adj. plashy, marshy, waterish.

AGOADA, f. f. watering, a carrying or fetching of water.

Fazer agoada, to take in fresh water. See also *FRESCO*. (in painting.)

A G O

AGOADEIRAS penhas, (in falconry) the flags which are four feathers in each wing of the hawk, the next to the six-principal feathers, called in English farcel feathers.

AGOADE'IRO, f. m. a water-carrier, one that sells water.

AGOADO, a, adj. watered, &c. See *AGOAR*.

Carvalho agoado, a benumbed horse.

Gosto agado, a pleasure mixed, or interrupted by grief and discontent.

AGOADO'R, f. m. a watering-pot.

AGOAGEM, f. f. the rapidity of currents in the sea.

AGOAME'NTO, f. m. the benumbing of a horse, or other beast.

AGOANTAR. See *AGUANTAR*.

AGOAPE'. See *AGOD PE'*.

AGOAR, v. a. to water, to sprinkle with water.

Agoar o vinho, to mix, to sophisticate wine.

Agoar, to spoil, to disturb, to interrupt.

Agoar, v. n. to be benumbed (speaking of horses, and other beasts.)

AGOARDAR. See *ESPERAR*.

AGOARDENTE. See *AGOD ARDENTE*.

AGOARE'LHA, f. f. a mixture of grinded plaster with a glue made of pieces of old skins.

AGOEIRO. See *AUGUEIRO*.

AGOMAR, v. n. to begin to bud.

AGOMIA, ou *AGUMIA*, a kind of poinard, like a scythe, used by the Moors.

AGONA'ES jogos, agonalia, sports, or games, celebrated formerly in Rome, in honour of Janus.

AGONIA, f. f. agony, pangs of death, last gasp.

Agonia, agony, extreme anguish, grief, trouble.

AGONIA'DO, a, adj. afflicted, vexed, &c. See

AGONIA'R, v. a. to tease, to vex, to trouble, to fret.

Agoniár-se, v. r. to fret one's self, to fret.

AGONISTICO, a, adj. agonistical, or agonistic, pertaining to combating, or prize-fighting.

AGONIZANTE, p. a. dying, that is in a dying condition, at the point of death.

AGONIZANTES, agonizants, certain friars who assist those who are in agonies.

AGONIZAR, v. n. to agonize, to be in an agony, to be at the point of death.

Agonizar por alguma coisa, to long, to wish earnestly for a thing.

AGONOTHE'TA, f. m. agonotheta, an overseer of activity.

AGO'RA, adv. now, at present, at this time.

Elle ainda agora se foi, he went away just now.

Ate agora, till now.

Desde agora, henceforth.

A G R

Agora he o tempo, now is the time, now or never.

AGORENTAR. See *AGUAREN-TAR*.

AGOSTINHO, f. m. Austin, the proper name of a man.

AGO'STO, f. m. the month of August.

AGOURA'DO, a, adj. presaged, &c. See

AGOURA'R, v. a. to presage, to conjecture, to surmise what will happen, to forebode.

Agurar-se, v. r. to forebode, or to give omen of evil to one's self.

AGOURE'IRO, f. m. a soothsayer, a diviner. See *AGOURO*.

AGOURE'NTO, a, adj. addicted to omination, particularly to omens of bad luck.

AGOURO, f. m. divination, or soothsaying, by the flight, or singing of birds, &c.

Agouro, a foreboding, a sign, token, or fore-token.

When the Portuguese make use of this word, without adding *bom* or *máo*, good or ill, it is always taken for ill-boding; just as *ominosus*, in Lat.

A G R

AGRA'ÇO, f. m. unripe grapes; also verjuice.

Ser vindimado em agras, (metaph.) to die under age.

AGRADA'DO, a, adj. pleased.

AGRADA'R, v. a. to please, to be acceptable. Lat. *placere*.

Agradar-se, v. r. to be pleased with a thing, to like, or love it.

AGRADÁVEL, adj. pleasant, pleasing, agreeable.

Fazer-se agradavel, to create a liking.

AGRADÁVELME'NTE, adv. pleasantly, alluringly.

AGRADECE'R, v. a. to thank, to return or give thanks, to acknowledge a kindness.

Agradecer o trabalho de algum, to pay one for his work.

AGRADECIDAME'NTE, adv. gratefully, thankfully.

AGRADECI'DO, a, adj. grateful, thankful.

Fico-lhe muito agradecido, I am very much obliged to you.

P. ao agradecido mais do pedido, give to a grateful man more than he asks for.

AGRADECIME'NTO, f. m. thanks, acknowledgment, thankfulness.

Causa digna de agradecimento, thank-worthy.

AGRA'DO, f. m. liking; also an attractive, or charm.

Procurai-me hum criado de meu agrado, get me a servant to my liking.

Agrado, an act of friendly kindness, heartiness, or readiness to oblige, or serve another.

Homem de bello agrado, an obliging man, an officious man.

A G U

Agrado, good liking, approbation, or consent.
Elle não está certo do agrado do publico, he is not enough confirmed in the good liking of the public.
AGRAME'NTE, adv. roughly, feverely.
AGRA'RIO, *a*, adj. ex. *Ley agraria*, the agrarian law.
AGRE'STE, adj. rural, rustical; also untilled, wild, uninhabited; also fierce, cruel, rough.
AGRIAM, *f. m.* the herb called water-creffes; also a swelling in a horse's legs.
AGRIA'STICO. (a jocose word.) See **AGRESTE**.
AGRI'COLA, *f. m.* a husbandman, one that tills the ground. Lat.
AGRICULTA'R. See **CULTIVAR**.
AGRICULTU'RA, *f. f.* agriculture, husbandry, tillage.
AGRIDU'LCE, half sweet half sour, between sweet and sour.
AGRIMONIA, *f. f.* agrimony, or liver-wort; a sort of plant.
AGRILHOA'DO, *a*, adj. fettered.
AGRILHOA'R, *v. a.* to fester, to put in fetters.
AGRIOLAR. See **ACRISOLAR**.
AGRO. See **AZEDO**, and **AGRURA**.
Agro, *f. m.* tilled ground.
Agro, *a*, adj. rough; as *caminho agro*, a rough way.
Agro-dão. See **AGRIDULCE**.
AGRU'RA, *f. f.* roughness, unevenness; also sharpness, fierceness.

A G U

AGUA. See **AGOA**.
AGUACEIRO, &c. See **AGOACBIRO**, &c.
AGUADEIRAS, &c. See **AGOADEIRAS**, &c.
AGUANFAR *o panço*, on *aguantar*, (a sea term) it is said of a ship that can carry all her sails well.
Elle não aguenta muito panço, (metaph.) a little matter is sufficient to make him take a pet, or to vex him.
AGUARDA. See **ESPERAR**.
Jogar o aguardar, a sort of play used by boys with their tops.
AGUARENTA'DO, *a*, adj. cut, or pared about.
AGUARENTA'R, *v. a.* to cut, or pare about. Lat. *circumcidere*.
Aguantar a familia, to retrench one's expences, to abridge one's self, to live within compass.
Não ha nada que aguantar, there is nothing superfluous, there is nothing to be retrenched.
AGUÇA, (in old records.) See **PRESSA**.
AGUÇA'DO, *a*, adj. pointed, &c. See
AGUÇA'R, *v. a.* to point, to make sharp at the end, to sharpen, to whet, to spike.
Aguçar de ló, *v. n.* (a seaphrase) to loof, or luff.
AGUÇO'SO, (in old records.) See **APRESSADO**, **DILIGENTE**.

A G U

AGUDAME'NTE, adv. sharply ingeniously, wittily; also shrilly, (speaking of sounds.)
AGU'DEAS, ou **AGUDES**, winged ants.
AGUDE'ZA, *f. f.* sharpness, keenness.
Agudeza de engenho, sharpness of wit.
Agudeza, cunning, craftiness.
Agudeza da vista, sharpness of sight.
Agudeza, ability, parts, or capacity.
Agudezas, smart repartees, quirks, shrewd words.
Agudeza sem juizo, a little quirk, a witty taunt, a mean conceit, a poor jest.
Agudeza, the sting, or point, in the last verse; as
Agudeza do epigrama, the sting of an epigram.
Agudeza do bom discurso, the smartness, sharpness, or subtilty of a discourse.
AGUDI'NHO, *a*, adj. somewhat sharp.
AGU'DO, *a*, adj. pointed, sharp, sharp-pointed, keen, acute, prickly.
Agudo, sharp, quick-sighted, or quick-witted.
Agudo de vista, quick-sighted.
Agudo, (speaking of sounds) shrill, sharp.
Febre aguda, a sharp, acute, or violent fever.
Accento agudo, the acute accent.
Angulo agudo, (in geometry) an acute angle.
AGUER, *f. m.* Aguer, a city of Africa, at the foot of mount Atlas, on a promontory which was anciently called Visugrum. It was taken by the Portuguese in the year 1536. Not long after Cheriff Mahomet sent his son with 50,000 men to besiege it, and he himself soon followed with a numerous reinforcement, and took it, though with the loss of 18,000 men; and to be revenged he put all he found in the city to the sword: and governor Monroi, and those who retired to the tower, were made prisoners. The said governor's daughter, Donna Mencia, with whom Mahomet fell passionately in love, after much sollicitation, consented to marry him; but she proving with child, his other wives poisoned her; yet, out of regard for her memory, Mahomet gave her father his liberty.
AGUIA, *f. f.* an eagle. Lat. *aquila*.
Agua imperial, the imperial eagle.
Agua insignia militar dos antigos Romanos, the Roman eagles.
Olhos de aguiá, piercing eyes, good eyes.
Entendimento de aguiá, a piercing wit, a transcendent genius.
Agua nova ou pequena, an eaglet, a young eagle.
Pedra d'aguiá, eagle stone, found in the eagle's nest, of the bigness of an egg, with another stone loose in it, good for women in hard labour. Plin.

A G U

Agua, the constellation called aquila or eagle.
Agua negra, a saker.
Agua aquatica, the fowl-killing eagle, a kind of eagle living chiefly about fens and lakes; gull, or osprey.
Pão de aguiá, ou *de aguiá*. See **PA'O**.
Agua branca, sublimate.
Agua volante, sal ammoniac.
Cavalleiros da aguiá branca, an order of knights in Poland, called the White Eagle, instituted by Uladislaus V. in the year 1325.
Cavalleiros da aguiá preta, the knights of the Black Eagle in Prussia.
Aguiá, a large piece of cannon in the ancient artillery.
AGUIE'IRO, *f. m.* a cross piece of timber, to hold fast large beams and keep them together, a brace.
AGUILA, ou *pão de aguiá*. See **PA'O**.
AGUILHA'DA, *f. f.* a pointed stick to prick oxen forward, a goad.
AGUILHAM, *f. m.* a little iron sting fixed at the end of a goad.
Aguilhão de mosca, &c. the sting of a fly, &c.
Aguilhão, (metaph.) a spur, or motive, an incentive.
AGUILHOA'DO, *a*, adj. pricked forward, &c. See
AGUILHOA'R, *v. a.* to goad, to prick forward, to sting.
Aguilhoar, (metaph.) to incite, to spur on, to stir up, to egg on.
AGUISA'DO, ex. *De aguisado*, (in ancient records) on purpose, in spite. See also **INCONVENIENTE**.
AGU'LHA, *f. f.* a needle.
Trabalho de agulha, needle work, or knit work.
Agulha de enfiar, a pack, or packing needle.
Agulha de fazer meias, a knitting needle, a wire which women use in knitting.
Meias de agulha, knit stockings.
Fazer prigan com agulha, to gather a wrist-band.
Agulha com que os enlheres apartão os cabelos, a bodkin, wherewith women shed or part their hair.
Peixe agulha, the needle-fish.
Abaixar huma cataraça com a agulha, to couch a cataraft with the needle.
Agulha de marear, the needle of a sea-compass; also the mariners compass.
Rosa da agulha de marear, the fly of the mariners compass.
Agulha do lagar, a large piece of timber fixed in the middle of two circular stones in the oil-press.
AGULHA, ou **obelisco**. See **OBELISCO**.
Cabo das agulhas, one of the promontories in the Cape of Good Hope.
Agulha de pastor, the herb called shepherds needle, or Venus's comb.
Agulha, (among cannoneers) a primer, or priming iron, a pointed iron to pierce the cartridge through the touch-hole of a piece of ordnance.
AGULHA'DA, *f. f.* a needle-full.

AGUL-

A I N

AGULHEIRA, f. f. the herb called shepherd's needle.
AGULHEIRO, f. m. a needle-case; also a needle-maker; also a scaffolding-hole.
Barrote ou fôo que se mete no agulheiro.
 See **ANDARME**.
Agulheiro, a breathing-hole, a vent, an air-hole.
AGULHETA, f. f. the tag or point of metal put to the end of a string. Arab.
Por huma agulheta, to tag, to fit any thing with an end or point
AGULHETEIRO, f. m. one who makes tags, or points.
AGULHINHA, f. f. a little needle.
AGUMIA. See **AGOMIA**.

A H

AH, interj. of interrogation, admiration, &c. as, *Ab sim?* Is it so? *Ab! que de deus!* O strange! O wonderful! *Ab! que del-rey.* See **AQUI DEL-REY**.

A H I

AHI, adv. there, in that place.
Ahi mesmo, in that very place.
Ahi acende, where.
Por ahi, that way.
Não vai por ahi o gato às filhotes, (a vulgar saying) you go the wrong way to work, you take the wrong course, or method.

A I

AI, ou **AI**, interj. of grief, or pain, wo! alas! O! oh!
AI de mim, wo is me.
AI de ti, wo to you.
 It is also used as a substantive; as, *grandes ais*, wailing, lamenting, howling.
P. quando o enfermo diz ai, o medico diz dai, when the sickman cries wo, the doctor says, bestow.
Dar ais, to groan, to lament.
Dar grandes ais, to cry, to wail to howl.
AI sometimes denotes joy, as, *ai que prazer!* oh joy!
 Sometimes denotes admiration, or surprise, lack-a-day; sometimes wish, as, *ai, se nos tivéramos tal fortuna!* O, that we were so happy.
AI, que desgraça! O sad!
AI, que fortuna! O brave.

A I A

AIA. See **AYA**.
AIALA. See **AYAYA**.

A I D

AID de campo, (from the French *aide de camp*), aid de camp to a field officer.

A I N

AINDA, adv. yet, still.
Elle ainda não veio, he is not come yet.

A J O

Elle ainda está na cama, he is a-bed still.
Não, nem ainda por cem libras, no, not for a hundred pounds.
Ainda quando, *eu ainda que*, though, although.
Elle ainda agora chegou, he came but just now.
Ainda não, not yet.
Ainda o fallar nisso seria vergonha, it were a shame even to speak of it.
Ainda bem! well done. Lat. *o factum bene*.
Ainda bem que assim seja, I wish it may be, or happen so.
Ainda bem que vós, &c. it happened well for you that, &c.
Ainda mal que assim será, it will unluckily happen, or be so.
Ainda mais essa! how! how now! still more! further yet!
Ainda que lhe pese, will he kill he.
Ainda assim, ou em tudo, nevertheless, or for all that.
Ainda assim sempre elle foi louvavel, he was praise-worthy for all that.

A I O

AIO. See **AYO**.

A I P

AIPO, f. m. celery, or celery, a sort of plant; also smallage, a sort of parsley.
Aipo bravo, the herb called lovage.
AIPYI, an herb in the Brasil, whose roots serves to make bread and wine. There are several kinds of it; but the better is one called by them *machaxera*.

A I R

AIRADO. See **EIRADO**.
Mço da vida airada, a light inconstant young fellow.
AIRAM. See **AYRAM**.
AÍROSAMENTE, adv. with grace, handsomely, becomingly.
AÍROSO, a, adj. comely, graceful, genteel.

A I V

AIVA'CA, f. f. (in agriculture,) earth-board, the plough-board that turns over the earth.
AIVAM, f. m. a kind of bird called martinet.
AIVE'CA. See **AIVACA**.

A J O

AJOELHA'DO, a, adj. kneeling upon one's knees.
AJOELHA'R, v. n. ou *Ajeelhar-se*, v. r. to kneel, or kneel down.
AJORCA'DO, (a jocose word,) ex. *Mal ajorcado*. See **DESAIROSO**.
AJOUJA'DO, a, adj. coupled, &c. See
AJOUJA'R, v. a. to couple dogs together with a couple.
AJO'UJO, f. m. a couple, to couple dogs withal.

A J U

A J U

AJU'DA, f. f. help, assistance, aid, succour, relief, support.
Com ajuda de Deus, by God's help.
Ajuda, a glyster.
Ajuda de camera, a valet de chambre.
Ajuda de custo, a gift over and above wages, a voluntary supply to bear one's charges.
AJUDA'DO, a, adj. helped, &c. See **AJUDAR**.
AJUDANTE, f. m. (a military word,) an adjutant.
AJUDAR, v. a. to aid, assist, help, succour.
Ajudar á missa, to attend a priest while he says mass.
Ajudar-se, v. r. to help one's self; also to use a thing, to make use of it.
AJUDICA'R. See **ADJUDICAR**.
AJUELHADO, &c. See **AJOELHADO**, &c.
AJUIZADO, p. of
AJUIZAR, v. n. ex. *Ajuizar de huma cousa*, to judge of a thing, to pass one's judgment upon it.
Ajuizar-se, v. imp. ex. *Que se ajunzou delle?* What was thought of him?
AJUNTA'DO, a, adj. joined, &c. See **AJUNTAR**.
AJUNTAMENTO, f. m. conjunction, a joining, or meeting together. See also **ACRECENTAMENTO**, and **CORTES**.
Ajuntamento, carnal, carnal copulation, or company with a woman.
Ajuntamento, an assembly or multitude, band, riot, company.
Só havia hum ajuntamento de vadies e marotos, there were none but tag-rag, and bob-tail; or a company of scoundrels.
AJUNTA'R, v. a. to assemble, to match, to couple, to join together. See also **ACRECENTAR**.
Ajuntar, to hoard, to treasure, to lay up. (Speaking of money.)
Ajuntar dinheiro por qualquer meio que seja, to rake and scrape for money.
Ajuntar os boys no arado, to tye the oxen to the plough.
Ajuntar as mesas, to board together.
Ajuntar as camas, to be bed-fellows.
Ajuntar em breves palavras hum discurso, to cut short a discourse.
Ajuntar, to collect.
Ajuntar, to join, to unite together, to add one to another in continuity, as to fit and join together several pieces of wood.
Ajuntar-se, v. r. to gather together, to be assembled.
Ajuntar-se em matrimonio, to join, to be united in marriage.
AJURAMENTADO, a, adj. that has been put to his oath.
AJURAMENTAR *alguem*, v. a. to make another take an oath to stand to what is agreed on both sides, to tender him the oath.

ALA

ALJUSTA'DO, *a*, adjusted, &c. according to the *v.* **ALJUSTAR**.
Ajustado, proper, moderate, wise; also proper, fit, convenient.
Fallar ajustado, to speak properly, or moderately.
Homen ajustado, a moderate, or sober man.
ALJUSTAME'NTO, *f. m.* order, disposition: also reconciliation, reconciliation, a making friends.
Ajustamento, an agreement, a contract, articles agreed upon.
ALJUSTA'R, *v. a.* to adjust, to fit a thing to another; also to make fit, or apt, to prepare.
Ajustar as contas, to settle accounts, to make accounts even.
Ajustar, to covenant, bargain, or agree, to come to terms.
Ajustar, to treat of, or about, to be upon a treaty.
Ajustar a paz, to treat about the peace.
Ajustar hum casamento, to treat about a match.
Ajustar, to reconcile, to make friends.
Ajustar-se, *v. r.* to agree in any bargain, to contract; also to reconcile one's self, to make one's peace, to be friends again; also to be contracted to any one. (Speaking of a marriage.)
Ajustar-se, to conform one's self, to comply with.
Ajustar-se aos tempos, to conform to the times.
ALJUSTE, *f. m.* agreement, contract.
Ajuste de contas, the act of settling an account.

AL

AL, (in old Portuguese) otherwise, and sometimes another thing.
P. o que não pode al ser, deveis soffrer, what can't be cured must be endured.
Al não disse, he said nothing else, he said no more.
Al, is also an article of the Arabic language, which they use like *the* in English, before the words of both genders and numbers; the greatest part of the Arabian words that are in the Portuguese language, are compounded with the article *al*, as in the words *almofada*, a cushion, &c. It is also a particle prefixed to some words, to give them a more emphatical signification; as we shall see by and by.

ALA

ALA, *f. f.* the wing of an army.
Ala de namorados, the wing of an army composed of volunteers.
Ala, the herb *enula campana*.
Ordem da ala, ou *da axa de S. Miguel*, a military order in Portugal, instituted by king Alphonso Henriques, A. C. 1167; but it was extinguished at his death. See Bernard de Britto.
ALABANCA. See **ALAVANCA**.

ALA

ALABADO, **ALABAR**. See **LOUVADO**, **LOUVAR**.
ALABARCA, *f. f.* See **ABARCA**.
ALABARDA, *f. f.* an halberd, or halbard.
ALABARDEIRO, *f. m.* an halberdier, an halberd-bearer.
ALABASTRINO, *a*, adj. white as alabaster.
ALABASTRO, *f. m.* alabaster. Lat. *alabastrum*.
ALACOR, *f. m.* See **CARTAMO**.
ALACRAL, *f. m.* See **LACRA'O**.
ALACRIDA'DE, *f. f.* alacrity.
ALA'DO, *a*, adj. winged.
ALAGADI'CO, *a*, adj. marshy, fenney, moory, miry.
ALAGA'DO, *a*, ad. covered with water, overflowed.
ALAGADO'R, *f. m.* a great eater, a spendthrift.
ALAGAME'NTO, *f. m.* an overflow, an inundation.
ALAGA'R, *v. a.* to over-flow.
Os rios alagão os campos, the rivers overflow the fields.
Alagar-se, *v. r.* to be over-flowed.
ALAGO'A. See **LAGOA**.
ALAGRANDE, *ex.* *Viver alagrande*, to live sumptuously.
ALAM, *f. m.* a matiff dog, particularly a bull-dog.
ALAMAR, *f. m.* a filken, gold, or silver loop to lace cloaths with. From the Hebrew root *Alam*, to tie.
ALAMBAZA'DO, *a*, adj. (a jocose word) shapeless, ill shaped.
ALAMBE'L. See **LAMBEL**.
ALAMBIQUE. See **LAMBIQUE**.
ALAMBRA, *f. f.* the black poplar, or alder.
ALAMBRE, *f. m.* amber, a yellow transparent substance of a gummy quality and attractive nature, drawing to it straws, &c.
ALAMEDA, *f. f.* See **ALEMEDA**.
ALAMO. See **ALEMO**.
ALAMPADA. See **LAMPADA**.
ALANCEA'DO, *a*, adj. wounded with a lance or spear.
ALANCEA'R, *v. a.* to wound with a lance or spear; from *lança*, a lance.
ALANDRO. See **ELOENDRO**.
ALANHA'DO, *a*, adj. paunched, &c. See
ALANHAR, *v. a.* to paunch, to pierce, or rip the belly, to take out the paunch. Lat. *exenterare*.
ALANOS, *f. m. p.* Alains, a barbarous people, who overspread Europe and Africa in the IVth century.
ALANTOIDES, (with anatomists) allantoids, or allantoides, one of the coats belonging to a child in the womb.
ALAPARDADO. See **AGACHADO**, and **DISSIMULADO**.
ALAPARDAR-SE. See **AGACHAR-SE**, and **DISSIMULAR**.
ALAU'CA. See **LAU'CA**.

ALA

ALA'R, *v. a.* to hawl, to push, to pull.
Alar huma terda. See **ICAR**.
ALARDE. See **ALARDO**.
ALARDEA'DO, *a*, adj. mentioned, &c. See
ALARDEA'R, *v. a.* to represent, to lay before, to mention; also to boast, to make a shew. See also **LARDEAR**.
ALARDO, ou *alarde*, *f. m.* a muster, a review of forces. Arabic.
Fazer alarde, to muster, to review forces.
Alarde, shew, parade.
Fazer alarde de suas riquezas, to make a shew of one's riches.
ALARGA'DO, *a*, adj. dilated, extended, &c. according to the *v.* *a-largar*.
ALARGAMENTO. See **DILATACAM**.
ALARGA'R, *v. a.* to spread, to open, to widen, to stretch, to extend or enlarge, to make bigger; also to prolong, to make a thing last longer.
Alargar o tempo, to drive off, or protract time.
Alargar o passo, to mend one's pace, to go faster.
Alargár-se, *v. r.* to widen, to grow wide, to extend itself.
Alargar-se, to continue or dwell upon a subject.
Alargar-se, to dare, to be bold, confident or impudent, to go so far as to, &c.
Alargar-se com alguém, to impart a secret, to put one in trust with it.
ALARIDO, *f. m.* a cry, clamour, or outcry, a shout. From *Ala*, i. e. God, the cry de guerre among the Turks, Moors, and Arabs.
Alarido de marinheiros. See **CELEUMA**.
ALAR-SE, *v. r.* to ascend, to climb, to get, or come up.
Alar-se, (metaph.) to rise higher, to advance one's self to, to mount.
ALARVARIA, *f. f.* blockishness, silliness.
ALARVE, *f. m.* a Moor, an Arab; also an ignorant, cross, or rustical men.
Alarvos no comer. See **COMILAM**.
P. come como hum alarve, we say, he eats like a thresher.
ALARVES, country-people.
ALASTRADO, **ALASTRAR**. See **LASTRADO**, **LASTRAR**.
ALATINA'DO, *a*, adj. latinized.
ALATINA'R, ou **LATINIZAR**, *v. a.* to latinize.
ALAVANCA, *f. f.* a hand-spike, a lever for moving heavy bodies.
Alavanca de ferro, rams head, an iron lever to heave up great stones with.
ALAVAM, *f. m.* (in the province of Alentejo,) a flock of female sheep that give suck.
Alavão de patas, a flock of geese.
ALAU'DE, *f. m.* a lute.
ALAZAM *cavalle*, a sorrel horse.
Cavalle alazão tostado, a dark sorrel horse.

A L B

Alazão claro, a bright sorrel horse.

Alazão escuro, a red-bay horse.

*P. alazão escuro antes morto que cam-
pado*, a dark sorrel horse will die
before he will jade; so good an opi-
nion the Portuguese have of that
colour.

A L B

ALBACOR, *ALBACORA*, or *AL-
BECORA*, f. f. a fish like the tunny,
which follows the ships.

ALBAFA, or *ALBAFORA*, f. f. a
large fish on the coast of Portugal.

ALBAFOR, f. m. the root of the
herb called galangal, or water-flag.

ALBANS'Z, f. m. (in the province
of Alentejo.) See *PEDREIRO*.

ALBA'RDÁ, f. f. a pannel, or a pack-
saddle. Arabic.

P. meter a palha na albarda, to cheat
or impose upon one.

ALBARDAM, f. m. a large saddle.

ALBARDAR, v. a. to put a pack-
saddle upon a beast.

ALBARDEIRA, ex. *rosto albardeira*.
See *ROSA*.

ALBARDEIRO, f. m. one who
makes pack-saddles; also a butcher,
a clumsy workman.

ALBARDI'LHA, f. f. a kind of snare
to catch hawks with; also a little
pack-saddle.

Enganar por albardilhas, to decoy, to
trepan.

ALBARRA' celola, a wild onion.

ADBARRA'DÁ, f. f. a flower-pot with
two handles; also a sort of water-
pot.

Albarráda, a dry wall of stones without
mortar; also a kind of earthen walls
used by the Moors in approaching
the walls of the towns they besiege,
to shelter themselves from the ene-
my's firing.

ALBE'RGÁ, ex. *ovada*, f. f. a sort of
trench or drain to draw away rain-
water.

ALBERGA'DO, a, adj. lodged; &c.
See

ALBERGA'R, v. a. to receive into
one's house, to lodge, to entertain
one as a guest.

Albergar, v. m. See *Albergar-se*.

ALBERGARI'A, f. f. lodging, an
inn, a dwelling place; from the
German *beribigen*, or from the A-
rabic *birge*.

ALBERGA'R-SE, v. a. to resort to a
place, to lodge, to inn.

ALBE'RGUE, f. m. See *ALBERGA-
RIA*.

ALBERNO'Z, f. m. a sort of upper
garment close before, with only a
place for the head to come out, and
a hood to it, made of a sort of stuff
that turns off water, so that none
goes through. It was formerly worn
instead of a cloak, and chiefly by the
Moors, being invented by a wild
sort of people among them, called
Zenetas, who live always in the fields.

ALBOGINEO. See *ALBUGINEO*.

ALBOHERA. See *ALBUFEIRA*.

A L C

ALBOQUORQUE, *ALBOQUOR-
QUEIRO*, f. m. See *ALBRICO-
QUE*, *ALBRICOQUEIRO*.

ALBORCA'R. See *EMBORGAR*.

ALBO'RES, f. m. p. beginning; as
os alhores do mundo, the beginning of
the world.

ALBOROTAR, &c. See *ALFORO-
TAR*, &c.

ALBRICOQUE, f. m. apricot, a
sort of fruit. Some call it *fruta
nova*.

ALBRICOQUEIRO, f. m. apricot-
tree.

ALBUFEIRA, f. f. a fish, an arm
of the sea, a place over-flowed with
sea-water; meer, or marsh, full of
salt water; from *al* and *bua*, i. e.
small sea. Arabic.

ALBUGINEO, a, adj. albugineous,
belonging to the white of the eye.
(In anatomy.)

ALBUQUE'RQUE, f. m. (corrupt-
ed from the Lat. *alba quercus*;) a
walled town of the Spanish Extrema-
dura, not far from the frontiers of
Portugal. The town was built about
the middle of the XIIIth century. In
the year 1703 it was taken by the
Portuguese, who kept possession of
it till the peace of Utrecht in 1713.
It is also the name of an ancient fa-
mily in Portugal.

A L C

ALCAÇAR, *ALCACER*, or *ALCA-
ZAR*, f. m. the name given by the
Moors to their royal palaces. It is
used in Portuguese for any fortress,
castle, or palace.

Alcaçar or *Alcazar quibir*, (i. e. a
great castle in the Moorish lan-
guage,) the capital city of the pro-
vince of Algar, upon the coast of
Barbary, famous for the battle of
Alcaçar, where Don Sebastian, king
of Portugal lost the field, and his life.
Alphonso V. king of Portugal won it
in the year 1448, and eleven years
after the Moors besieged it, but were
forced to quit their design with loss
and shame. Marmol.

Alcaçar, *Alcazer*, (i. e. a little castle in
the Moorish language,) a city of
the province of Haber, in the king-
dom of Fez. Alphonso V. took it
in 1458; but king John III. quitted
it in 1540, as being of no advantage
to him.

Alcaçar, *Alcazer*, or *Alcacer de sal*, a
village of Portugal, where the fa-
mous mathematician, Peter Nunnes,
took his birth. He lived in the XVth
century.

ALCAÇARI'AS, f. f. p. a place in
Lisbon where the tanners live. It
was formerly the Moorish palace.

ALCA' CER. See *ALCAÇAR*.

Alcaçir, f. m. green barley, or grass
cut for horses, &c. Arabic. See also
FERRA.

ALCA'CEVA. See *ALCAÇOVA*.

ALCACHO'FRA, f. f. an artichoke,
a sort of plant. Arabic.

A L C

ALCACHOFRADO, a, adj. raised
and enriched with flowers, foliages,
&c. (speaking of any stuff or cloth of
gold, silver, or silk,) this sort of
work is called *Alcachofras*.

ALCACHOFRAL, f. m. the place
where artichokes grow.

ALCACHOFRE. See *ALCACHO-
FRA*, and *ALCACHOFRADO*.

ALCAÇOVA, f. f. an old fortress, or
castle. Arab.

Alcáçova, (in the province of Minho)
a den, a cave.

ALCAÇU'Z, f. m. liquorish, a plant.
Arab.

ALCADE' TE, f. m. a sort of earthen
pot used by vintners.

ALCAEST, or *ALKAEEST*, f. m. (a-
mong chemists) alkahell, an uni-
versal menstruum, which is capable to
resolve or reduce all manner of bod-
ies into a liquor of its own sub-
stance.

ALCA'ICHAS, f. f. p. (in a ship) the
space between the wales.

ALCAIDARI'A, f. f. the office and
power of an alcaide; which see.

ALCA'IDE, f. m. a magistrate of
which there are these principal forts.

Alcaide mor, the governor or constable
of a fort, town, or castle.

Alcaide que prende, a bailiff.

Alcaide de aldeia, a mayor, bailiff, or
headborough of a country town.

Alcaide mor de justiça, a lord chief-
justice.

Alcaide, (metaph.) any thing that is
charming, or bewitching.

Du Cange says, that alcaide is a sort
of judge or minister, much the same
as a provost, first instituted by the
Saracens.

Alcaide is derived from the Arabic
words *al*, i. e. the, and *cayid*, chief,
leader, or prefect.

ALCALI, or *ALKALI*, f. m. alcali,
or alkaline salt.

ALCAMONIA, f. f. (in the province
of Minho) a mixture of honey and
flour.

ALCAMPHO'R, f. m. camphire, the
gum of a tree in the East-Indies;
from the Arabic *casur*.

ALCAMPHORA'DO, a, adj. cam-
phorated.

ALCAMPHORA'R, v. a. to mix or
impregnate with camphire.

ALCANÇADO, a, adj. obtained,
&c. See v. *ALCANÇAR*.

Estar alcançado, to be poor, to be be-
hind hand in the world.

Estar alcançado nas contas, to be in
debt, to be behind.

Alcançado, puzzled.

ALCANÇADU'RA, f. f. interfering,
a wound which horses receive by
rubbing their feet one against an-
other in running.

ALCANÇAR, v. a. to reach, to come
to, to obtain, to get, to compass.

Alcançar, to understand, to conceive, to
reach or apprehend the meaning of a
thing.

Nes

Não alcança a saber disso, I could not know it.
Alcançar, to overtake; as *deu tão depressa que he impossível de alcançá-lo*, he walks so fast, that it is impossible to overtake him.
Alcançar, to come to, to arrive at a thing one aims at.
Alcançar a algũa das cousas, to prove an account is short.
Alcançar o que huma pessoa deseja, to obtain or compass one's wish, to compass one's ends.
Alcançar por experiencia, to know by experience.
P. huma desgraça alcança outra, one mischief draws on another, or comes upon the neck of another.
Tanto fez que por fim alcançei delle tudo o que eu queria saber, I have so pumped him, that he told me all at last.
alcançar-se, v. r. to interfere, to knock and rub one heel against another, as some horses do.
O mal de fise alcança, misfortunes come without being looked for.
Facilmente se alcança a saber isso, this is easily known.
ALCANÇE, f. m. the action of overtaking, or coming up with a person. See also **ALCANÇADURA**.
Dar alcança a algũa, to overtake one.
He em alcança de algũa, to go after one, in order to overtake him.
Dar alcança ao que se deseja, to obtain or compass one's wish.
Disparar hum alcança, to send an express in order to reach the post.
ALCANÇOS, f. m. p. (in falconry) those claws of a hawk that are greater than the others.
ALCANDORA, f. f. (in falconry) a perch for a hawk. Arab.
Per a falcão na alcandora, to cast a hawk to the perch.
ALCANFOR, &c. See **ALCAMPHOR**, &c.
ALCANTARA, f. f. an ancient and strong city of Spain. It is noted for an order of knights, who take the denomination of *Alcantara*, formerly knights of the Bear-tree. *Alcantara* is an Arabic word, signifying bridge, and this city was so called on account of the bridge six hundred and seventy feet long, and twenty-eight wide, standing on six pillars, built by Trajan. It is also the name of a place and river near Lisbon.
ALCANTILADO, a, adj. steep, of difficult ascent.
ALCANZI, f. f. a thin pot full of ashes or flowers. See
Jogo de canullo em que se faz tiro com alcanzias, a sport used in Portugal, where they have thin pots made, and riding, throw them at one another, where they break on the armour.
Alcanzia de fogo, a pot full of wild-fire to throw among enemies, in the nature of our hand-granadoes.
ALCAPARRA, f. f. a shrub bearing fruit called capers; also the fruit capers. Lat. *capparis*.

ALCAPARRA, f. m. a place where capers grow.
ALCAR, f. m. a sort of cistus called *cistus humilis*.
ALCARAVAM, f. m. the fowl called a bittern. Arabic.
Pernas de alcaravam, long spindle-shanks.
ALCARAVIA, f. f. caraway seed. Arabic.
ALCARAVIZ, f. m. (among smiths) the hollow iron, through which the wind goes into the forge.
ALCARRADA, f. f. a certain motion of the birds of prey before clawing their prey; see also **ARRECADAS**.
ALCATEA, f. f. (speaking of wolves, or foxes) a herd, or sculk; as *alcateia de lobos*, a herd of wolves; *alcateia de raposas*, a sculk of foxes.
ALCATIFA, f. f. a carpet. Arabic.
Alcatifa de ambas as faces, a carpet wrought on both sides.
Alcatifa que se põem á roda de huma cama, ibrons, &c. a foot-piece.
ALCATIFADO, a, adj. spread with carpets.
ALCATIFAR, v. a. to adorn or spread with carpets.
ALCATIRA. See **ALQUITIRA**.
ALCATRA, f. f. rump of beef.
ALCATRAM, f. m. naphtha, a liquid substance flowing out of the earth in some places like melted pitch, and therefore sometimes improperly taken for pitch, and burns so fierce that it is unquenchable. In some places they use it about ships instead of pitch and tar.
Alcatrao, tar.
Agua de alcatrao, tar-water.
ALCATRATE, f. m. part of the keel or bottom of a ship.
ALCATRAZ, f. m. a sea-fowl, like a sea-gull; also a bone-setter. Arabic.
ALCATROADO, a, adj. daubed with naphtha; also tarred, or done over with tar.
Alcatroado de ouro, (metaph.) gilded, or gilt.
ALCATROAR, v. a. to daub with naphtha; also to tar.
ALCATRUZ, f. m. a bucket fixed to the wheel of a water-mill, &c. to draw up water in.
ALCATRUZADO, a, adj. crooked; also crook-backed.
ALCATRUZAR, v. a. to crook, to make crooked.
ALCAVALA. See **SISA**.
ALCAXAS, f. m. p. (in a ship) the spaces between the wales.
ALCE, f. m. an elk, a strong swift beast of the stag kind, as tall as a horse, and in shape like an hart, the male bearing two very large horns, bending towards the back, and, as the elephant, having the articulations of its legs so close, and the ligaments so hard, as to have the joints less pliable than those of other animals.

ALCEDONES. See **ALCYON**.
ALCHECHENGES, f. m. alkakengy, or winter cherries.
ALCHERIVIA. See **CHERIVIA**.
ALCHIMIA. See **ALQUIMIA**.
ALCHIMILLA. See **STELLARIA**.
ALCHIMISTA, &c. See **ALQUIMISTA**, &c.
ALCOBA. See **ALCOVA**.
ALCOBAÇA, f. f. a small town in Portugal, situated in the Portuguese Estremadura, between the two rivers Coa and Baça, from which it took the name. It is famous for the royal monastery of the order of St. Bernard, which is there, and is the burial place of several kings of Portugal.
ALCOFA, f. f. a flag basket, a basket made of flag mat-weed, &c. but not of wicker, or twigs of osier; because those are called *cestos*. Also a pimp.
ALCOFINHA, f. f. a little basket, &c. See **ALCOFA**.
ALCOHO'L, f. m. alcohol, chiefly used to signify the purest spirit of wine, entirely free from phlegm (in chemistry,) from the Arabic *alcohol*.
ALCOHOLIZADO, a, adj. alcoholized.
ALCOHOLIZAR, v. a. (in chemistry) to alcoholize, to subtilize or reduce to an alcohol, or to make a highly dephlegmated spirit, or impalpable powder.
A operação de alcoholizar, alcoholization.
ALCOMONI, f. f. a sort of dainty bits.
ALCONADO, a, adj. (in venery or hunting) fallow colour. Lat. *salvus*.
ALCORAM, f. m. Alcoran, the book of the law of Mahomet. From *al*, the and *coran*, of *carã*, to read, Arabic.
Alcorao, Alcoran, a slender and high turret, which the Turks generally build for preaching and ornament near their mosques.
ALCORÇA, f. f. a paste or dough made of fine sugar. From the Arabic article *al*, the, and *caris*, to knead.
ALCORCOVA, **ALCORCOVADO**. See **CORCOVA**. **CORCOVADO**.
ALCORCOVARSE, v. r. to bow down, to grow crooked.
ALCOROVA, f. f. caraway seed. Arabic. Spanish *alcárcova*.
ALCOVA, f. f. an alcove, a separate part of the room where the bed stands. Arabic.
ALCOUCE, f. m. ex. *Casa de alcoute*, a bawdy-house, stew, a brothel.
Dar casa de alcoute, to keep a bawdy-house.
ALCOKITAR, v. n. to procure, to pimp or bwd. Lat. *lecticari*.
ALCOFITEIRA, f. f. a bawd. Arabic. Lat. *lena*.
ALCOKITEIRO, f. m. a pimp, or pander. Lat. *lena*.

ALD

ALCOVITEIRINHO, f. m. a little pimp.
ALCOVITERIA, f. f. the office of procuring or pimping, a bawd's trade.
ALCUNHA, f. f. a surname. Arabic. Also a nick-name.
ALCYON, **HALCYON**, ou **MAÇARI-CO**, f. m. alcyon, or halcyon, the bird called the king's fisher.
ALCYONEO, a, adj. of, or pertaining to the halcyon or king's fisher.
As alcyoneas, the alcyon, or king's fisher.
Dias alcyoneos, the time the king's fisher hatches, in which the sea is calm and still; also quiet, peaceable times. (metaph.) Lat. *alcedonia*.

ALÇ

ALÇA, f. f. a piece of leather placed between the last and upper leather, to make the shoes a little wider.
ALÇACUE'LHO, f. m. a veil formerly used to cover the neck.
ALÇADA, f. f. the chief civil magistrate in every city and town of note.
Alçada, the jurisdiction and power which some judges of appeal in Portugal have upon such places, and within such limits, and bounds.
ALÇADO, a, adj. raised higher, &c. See **ALÇAR**.
ALÇALA, f. f. an earthen cup to give drink in, to the poor people.
ALÇAPAM, f. m. a trap-door.
ALÇAPE, f. m. a gin or snare used by sportsmen.
ALÇAPE'RNA, f. f. See **CAMBAPE**.
ALÇAPRE'MA. See **BOTICAM**.
ALÇAR, v. a. to raise higher. (Speaking of walls, or other buildings.)
Alçar os olhos, to lift up the eyes.
Alçar algum a benças, to advance one, to raise him to some honours.
Alçar a folha, (in printing) the taking down the printed sheets from the poles on which they are dried, and folding them in order to their being formed into books.
Alçar-se, v. a. to raise one's house or building higher.
Alçar-se com seu edificio, idem.
Alçar-se com dividas, to turn bankrupt.
O que se alça com dividas, a bankrupt.
Alçar-se, to revolt, to rebel, to rise against.

ALD

ALDA'VA. See **ALDRA'VA**.
ALDE'A, f. f. a village. Arabic.
Aldea, (among the wild people of the Brasils) a thatched house.
P. estar na aldeia, e não ver as casas, to be like the butcher that looked for his knife, when he had it in his mouth.
ALDEAM, f. m. a country-man.
ALDEAMSI'NHO, idem.
ALDRA'BA. See **ALDRA'VA**.
ALDRABAM, f. m. (in a coach) that piece to which the main braces are fastened.
ALDRA'VA, f. f. the knocker of a

ALE

door. Arabic. Also the latch of a door.
Levantar a aldrava de huma porta, to unlatch a door.
ALDROPE. See **GUALDROPE**.

ALE

ALEAR, v. n. to clap or flap the wings, to flutter; to flap, to ply the wings with noise.
ALECRIM, f. m. garden rosemary.
ALE'CTO, f. f. Alecto, one of the furies of hell.
ALECTORIA, f. f. alestoria, the cock-stone, or capon stone.
ALEFRI'Z, f. m. a concavity made, in building ships, to place the side planks.
ALEGAÇAM, &c. See **ALLEGAÇAM**, &c.
ALEGORIA, &c. See **ALLEGORIA**, &c.
ALEGRAM, f. m. a great joy, a sudden joy.
ALEGRAR, v. a. to rejoice, to fill with joy, to gladden. Lat. *bilarare*. See also **LEGRAR**.
Alegrár-se, v. r. to rejoice, to be glad or merry, to receive pleasure. Lat. *latari*.
ALE'GRE, adj. merry, cheerful; also jocund, entertaining, agreeable, delightful. See also **ESPERTO**.
ALEGREME'NTE, adv. joyfully, gladly, cheerfully, merrily.
ALEGRE'TE, adj. somewhat merry, or cheerful.
Alegrite, f. m. a case of wood or stone filled with earth, wherein herbs, flowers, &c. are planted. They are used in gardens, windows, &c.
ALEGRI'A, f. f. joy, gladness.
Não caber em si de alegria, to rejoice exceedingly, to be over-joyed.
ALEI'ADO, a, adj. lamed, maimed.
ALEIJAM, f. m. lameness, hurt in the legs, arms, &c.
ALEI'JAR, v. a. to lame, maim, or cripple.
ALE'IVE, f. m. See **ALEIVOSIA**.
ALEIVOSAME'NTE, adv. treacherously, calumniously, falsely, slanderously.
ALEIVOSI'A, f. f. treachery, calumny, slander, groundless accusation.
ALEIVOSO, a, adj. calumnious; falsely, reproachful, slanderous, treacherous.
ALELI. See **GOIVO**.
ALELU'IA. See **ALLELUIA**.
ALE'M, prep. beyond, on the further side. Lat. *ultra*.
D'aquem e d'alem, on this side, and the other.
Passar alem, to go beyond, or over.
Nadar alem de, &c. to swim over, or beyond, &c.
Alem disso, ou alem de que, besides, besides that, moreover, more than that.
ALEMANÇA, f. f. Almanza, a little town in the province of New Castile, in Spain. Here the confe-

ALE

derate army, commanded by the earl of Galway, was defeated by the combined armies of France and Spain.
ALEMANHA, f. f. Germany. Charlemagne, the son of Pepin, and king of France, was the founder of the German Empire, in the year 800 of the Christian era.
ALEMAM, f. m. a German.
ALEMBRA'R. See **LEMBRAR**.
ALEME'DA, f. f. a poplar grove; also a walk planted with poplars, or any other trees.
ALEMO, f. m. the poplar-tree.
Alemo branco, the white poplar.
Alemo negro, the black poplar, or alder.
Alemo alvâr, so they call in some places the beech-tree.
ALEMO'A, f. f. a German woman.
ALEMTE'JO, f. m. one of the largest provinces of Portugal. Several places of it yield fine marble, as the white marble of Estremos and Viana; the green stone of Borba, and Villa Viçosa, &c. The exuberant plenty of this province, especially with regard to the necessities for the support of an army, is the reason that it is the usual theatre of war. It takes the name of Alemtejo from its situation, lying with regard to Estremadura, and the other more northern provinces, which at first were conquered, on the farther side of the river Tagus: it is watered both by that and the Guadiana.
ALE'NS, f. m. p. ex. *muytos alens*, many occasions, or ways to a thing.
ALENTA'DO, a, adj. valiant, stout, brave, courageous; also animated, &c. according to the v.
ALENTA'R, v. a. to animate, to hearten, to incite, to encourage, or stir up; also to give strength to a weak body.
ALENTE'JO. See **ALEMTEJO**.
ALE'NTO, f. m. breath.
Tomar alento, to recover one's wind, or breath.
Alento, vigor, strength, both of mind and body.
Com alento, valiantly, stoutly, resolutely.
Alento vital, (in poetry) breath, life.
ALENTOS, (in the head dress of some nuns) an ornament in both sides of the veil that covers their head.
Alentos, (among farriers) the little holes within the nostrils of a horse.
ALEO, f. m. a staff, stick, or club.
ALEONADO, ou **ALIONADO**. See **LEONADO**.
ALE'RTA, ex. *Estar alerta*, to stand upon one's guard, to take care. From the Italian *stare all'erta*, which signifies the same.
ALETO, f. m. a kind of hawk; some think it is a sea eagle, or osprey.
ALETRIA, f. f. vermicelli, a dish made of paste like little worms.
ALEVANTADOR, f. m. See **LEVANTADOR**.

ALE.

ALF

ALEVADO'URO, f. m. a stick to set higher or lower the stone in an ash or horse-mill.
ALEVANTADO, ALEVANTAR. See **LEVANTADO, LEVANTAR**.
ALEXIPHARMACO, f. m. an alexipharmic medicine. (With physicians.)
ALEXITERIO, f. m. (with physicians) alexiterium, a preservative against poison or infection.

ALF

ALFA. See **ALPHA**.
ALFABACA de cobra, f. f. the herb called pellitory of the wall. Lat. *pantaria*.
Alfabaca do rio, the herb tithymal, spurge, or milk-weed.
ALFABETA'DO, a, adj. alphabeted, arranged in the order of the alphabet.
ALFABETAR, v. a. to alphabet, to arrange in the order of the alphabet.
ALFABETO, f. m. the alphabet.
ALFACE, f. f. lettuce.
Alface brava, a sort of wild lettuce. Lat. *meconis*.
Alface crista, curled lettuce.
Alface cerrada, headed lettuce.
ALFACINHA, f. f. a small lattice.
ALFAÇOS, f. m. p. a sort of mushroom.
ALFAGE'ME, f. m. (obsolete) he who sets off swords.
ALFAIA, ou **ALFAYA**, f. f. household-stuff, furniture, all things moveable within the house.
P. quem irabalha tem alfaiá, he that works has furniture; we must take pains, if we expect to get any thing.
ALFAIA DO, a, adj. furnished.
ALFAIA'R-SE, ou **ALFAYAR-SE**, v. r. to furnish one's house.
ALFAIATE, ou **ALFAYATE**, f. m. a taylor. From the Arabic *bayete*, to sew.
Mulher que faz o officio de alfaiate, ou alfaiata, a woman taylor.
ALFAYATE remendo, a patcher, one that patches or mends cloaths.
ALFAMA, f. f. the most ancient ward of the city of Lisbon.
ALFANDEGA, f. f. the custom-house.
Official da alfandega, a custom-house officer.
Direitos da alfandega, customs, or duties for goods imported or exported.
ALFANE'QUE, f. m. the hawk called a lanner; from the Hebrew *banac*, to teach; because this sort of hawk learns better than any other species.
ALFANGE, f. m. a cymetar.
ALFA'QUE, f. m. a shelf, or heap of sand in the sea that is carried away from one place to another by the stream; also a rock in the sea, a part of which is lower than the other.
ALFAQUE'QUE, f. m. a messenger, Arabic.

ALF

Alfaqueque, one that is employed in the redemption of captives.
ALFARA'Z cavallo, a light horse.
ALFARI'O cavallo, a horse that lifts up the fore-feet too much in pacing.
ALFARRA'BIO, f. m. any old book.
ALFARRE'CA, f. f. (in cant) a wig, or periwig.
ALFARRE CAS. See **ALFORRE-CAS**.
ALFARRO'BA, f. f. carob bean, a sort of fruit.
ALFARROBE'IRA, f. f. the plant called carob, or St. John's bread.
ALFAVA'CA. See **ALFABACA**.
ALFAYA, ALFAYAR-SE. See **ALFAIA, ALFAIAR-SE**.
ALFAYATE. See **ALFAIATE**.
ALFAZE'MA, f. f. lavender. Arabic.
ALFE'CA. See **SAFRADEIRA**.
ALFE'IRE de ovelhas que não dão leite, a flock of female sheep without milk.
ALFEIZA'R, f. m. the sick laid cross in a saw, to hold it fast.
ALFE'LOA, f. f. ex. *Alfêloa de açúcar*, a sweet-meat made of sugar.
Alfêloa de mel, the same made of honey.
ALFE'NA, f. f. ou **ALFENEIRO**, f. m. privet, or prime-print, a sort of shrub. From the Spanish *albena*, and both from the Arabic *albanna*.
ALFENE'TE. See **ALFINETE**.
ALFENIM, f. m. a paste made of sugar, to open obstructions in the breast, commonly made up in long slender rolls. From the Arabic *fenicum*, i. e. long and slender.
Homem feito de alfenim, a man that is very slender, or that is very dainty and nice.
ALFE'RES, f. m. an ensign. From the Arabic *ferefe*, to be a gentleman, or from the Lat. *aquilifer*.
Alfereis mór, the first ensign, an employment in former times.
ALFE'RJE, f. m. See **ALFUGERA**.
ALFI'M, adv. at the end, at last, in fine.
ALFINE'TE, f. m. a pin, such as are used about cloaths. From the Arabic *felite*, to thrust through.
Arrecadas de alfinetes, ear rings that hang by a crooked pin.
Jogo dos alfinetes, push-pin.
Pregar com alfinetes, to pin.
O que faz alfinetes, a pin-maker.
A mesadinha em que se pregão os alfinetes, pin-cushion.
Dinheiro para alfinetes, pin-money, a certain sum of money allowed to the ladies by their husbands for their pleasure.
Ella anda de 24 alfinetes, she goes tearing, wonderful fine or spruce.
ALFITE'TE, f. m. a sort of ragoo, a dainty dish made of meat, flower, wine, sugar, &c. also a composition of seasoning things. Arabic. See also **ACIPIPE**.
ALFI'TRA, f. f. a duty paid by the

ALG

Moors to the kings of Portugal in former times. From the Arabic *far-da*, land-tax.
ALFOBRE, f. m. a furrow for the conveyance of the water that supplies the herbs and plants with moisture in a garden.
ALFOMBRA, f. f. a carpet. Arabic.
ALFONSIN, f. m. a sort of silver coin formerly used in Portugal; also a fish so called.
ALFORFIAM, f. m. euphorbium, the Lybian ferula tree, or shrub, first found by king Juba, and so called after Euphorbus his physician.
ALFORGE, f. m. a wallet or bag with two pouches to it. It is used by travellers. Arabic.
Alforges, the plural of *Alforge*, idem.
Hir de alforge, to carry but a small provision in a journey, to travel without great attendance.
ALFORJA DA, f. f. the provision carried in the wallet, as much as can be put into a wallet.
ALFORJA'R, v. a. to fill or supply a wallet with provisions.
ALFORJAS, f. f. p. an herb so called.
ALFORRA, f. f. mildew, blasting of corn. Lat. *rubigo*.
Que tem alforra, blasted, mildewed.
ALFORRE'CAS, f. f. p. a spongy substance of a round figure that comes out from the sea, something like to the cuttle-fish. Lat. *palla marina*.
ALFORRI'A, f. f. enfranchisement, the act of making free.
Dar carta de alforria, to enfranchise, to make or set free, to give liberty to one that has been a slave.
ALFORVAS, or **ALFORFAS**, f. f. p. the herb fennugreek. Arabic.
ALFOSTIGO, f. m. the pistach nut.
ALFRIDARIA, f. f. alfridary, a temporary power they imagine the planets have over the life of any person. (With astrologers.)
ALFUGE'RA, ou **ALFURYA**, f. f. a narrow lane that serves as a common sink.

ALG

ALGA, f. f. seed-weed. Lat. They commonly call it *Seba*.
ALGALIA, f. f. civet, the excrements of the civet cat; also a preb, a surgeon's instrument.
ALGAR, f. m. a cave, den, hole or pit, but particularly the hole or pit made by the fall of waters from a mountain or rock into a lower place. Arabic.
ALGARAVIA, f. f. the Arabic tongue; also any unintelligible words, or writings; also a woman born in the province of Algarve. See **ALGARVE**.
ALGARAVIO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the kingdom of Algarve.
Algaravio, f. m. a man who is born in that kingdom.

ALGA.

A L H

ALGHRT'SMO, f. m. See **MRITH-NETVCA**.
ALGARVE, f. m. Algarva, a province of Portugal, called also the kingdom of Algarva. It is not determined yet whether the Arabic word *algarve* signifies a level and fruitful country, or a country lying towards the west. Among the other titles of the king of Portugal, he styles himself king of Algarves. See also **ALGUERGUE**.
ALGHZARRA, f. f. properly the cry or shout of the Moors, when in battle; thence used for any confused noise, grief, or babbling. Arabic.
Fazer alghazara, to cry out, to make a great noise.
ALGEBRA, f. f. the art of bone-setting. From the Arabic *al* and *geber*, a reduction of fractures to a state of soundness.
Algebra, the science called algebra. In 1494 Lucas Pacciolus, or Lucas de Burgo, a Cordelier, wrote a treatise of algebra in Italian at Venice. It has been greatly improved by Vieta, Oughtred, Newton, &c.
ALGEBRAISTA, f. m. algebraist, a person skilled in the science of algebra; also a bone-setter.
ALGEMADO, a, adj. manacled.
ALGEMAS, f. f. p. manacles, hand-fetters, cuffs.
Prender em algemas, to manacle, to shackle.
ALGER. See **ARGEL**.
ALGERI'VE, f. m. a sort of fishing-net very long. Arabic.
ALGERO'Z, ou **ALGIRO'Z**, f. m. a gutter-tile, or roof-tile. Lat. *imbrax*.
ALGEZIRA, f. f. this word in the Arabic language signifies an island, and thence
ALGEZIRAS, an old town of the kingdom of Seville. Here the Moors made their first landing in Spain, and maintained this place near seven hundred years. Its harbour being formed by two islands, the town has been called Algeziras in the plural number. At present it consists of scattered houses.
ALGIBARROTA, ou **ALJUBAROTA**, f. f. a small town, in the district of Leiria in Portugal. Not far from this place king John I. defeated the Spaniards in the year 1385.
ALGIBE'BE, f. m. a person who sells cloaths ready made.
ALGIBE'IRA, f. f. a pocket. *Diabeyro para a algibeira*, pocket money.
ALCIBET'A, f. f. a kind of cassock worn by students.
ALGIBETARIA, f. f. the street or place where live those that sell cloaths ready made.
ALGIRAM, f. m. the mouth, or that part of a net through which the tunny falls into it.
ALGIRO'Z. See **ALGERO'Z**,

A L H

ALGODAM, f. m. cotton. Arabic.
ALGODOE'IRO, f. m. the cotton-tree.
ALGO'Z, f. m. hang-man, the public executioner.
ALGRAVIA, f. f. any unintelligible words or writings.
ALGUE'M, pron. relat. somebody, a person indiscriminate; also somebody, a person of consideration.
ALGUE'RGUE, or **ALGARVE**, f. m. a sort of play like draughts; also a large stone in a press for oil, upon which they put the baskets of olives, when they intend to squeeze them.
ALGUIDAR, f. m. an earthen vessel of different sizes, and for different uses; as for kneading, washing, &c.
ALGU'M, *alguma*, adj. some. Lat. *aliquis*.
Alguma coisa, something.
Algum dinheiro, some money.
Algum tempo, some time.
Algumas vezes, sometimes, now and then.
Algum tanto, ou alguma coisa, somewhat, a little, something.
Algum tanto triste, somewhat sad.
Algum tanto escuro, darkish.
Algum tanto mais cedo, a little sooner.
Nos eramas alguns duzentos, we were a matter of two hundred people.
Eu andei algumas dez milhas, I walked a matter of ten miles.
Se em algum tempo, if at any time.
De alguma sorte, somehow, one way or other.
ALGU'RES, adv. of place; somewhere, in some place; also any whither, to some place.
D'algures, from some place or other.

A L H

ALHADDA, f. f. a kind of dish seasoned with garlic; also any intricate affair, or confusion.
ALHADFA, f. f. the name given by the Moors to a precipice in the eastern part of Santarem, a town in Portugal, from which they used (as the Romans from the mount Tarpeius) to throw their criminals headlong.
ALHANADO, a, adj. levelled, &c. See
ALHANAR, v. a. to level, to smooth, to make even, to make smooth, to lay flat.
Albanar difficuldades, (metaph.) to smooth, to clear, to remove difficulties.
Albanar-se, v. r. to humble, to abase one's self.
ALHEACAM, f. f. alienation; a making over the right and property of a thing to another.
Alheação dos sentidos, alienation, disorder of the understanding and other faculties of the mind.
ALHEADO, *alhear*. See **ALIENADO**, **ALIENAR**.
ALHELI. See **GOIVO**.
ALHEO, a, adj. another man's. Lat. *alienus*.

A L H

Alho, disliking, abhorring.
Alho, misbecoming, improper, not suiting.
Ser alho, to dislike, to abhor, to have an aversion to; also to misbecome, not to become.
Alho, remote, distant, far.
Alho, unskilful, ignorant, rude, inexperienced.
Alho, alien, adverse to, not relating to.
Alho de si, out of one's wits.
Alho, f. m. that which is another's, or another man's.
He prezios que não cobicemos o alho, we must not covet the goods of others.
ALHETA, f. f. a sort of broad hem, or double border.
Vir-se embora batendo a alheta, (a vulgar phrase) to retire, or withdraw shamefully.
ALHIDA DA, f. f. (with astronomers) alhidada. Arabic.
ALHO, f. m. garlick. Lat. *allium*.
Cabeça de alho, a head of garlick.
Dentes de alho, the cloves of garlick.
Cascas de alho, the husks of garlick.
Alho mourisco, great or wild garlick, African garlick.
Alho porro, leek, a pot-herb.
P. fallo lbe em alho, responde-me em bugalho, we say, I talk of chalk and you of cheese.
P. em tempo nevado o alho vale um cavallo, garlick in the foggy weather is as good as a horse; it means that garlick is a good defence for travellers against dampness and cold weather.
P. teo como hum alho, as stiff as garlick; that is, a healthy, strong, robust person, because garlick is the food of strong, sturdy people.
ALHU'R, adv. (an antiquated word) elsewhere, somewhere else, in another place. From the French *ailleurs*.

A L I

ALI adv. there, in that place.
Per ali, that way.
ALIA, f. f. (in the Persian language) the she-elephant.
ALIA DA, f. f. a kinswoman, &c. See
ALIA DO, f. m. an ally, one united to another by marriage, friendship, confederacy, or any other means of connection.
ALIANÇA, f. f. alliance, an union or joining of families together by marriage; of kingdoms, &c. by leagues.
ALIANÇADOS, f. m. p. confederates, allies.
ALIAS, adv. otherwise, in other things, in other respects. French *d'ailleurs*.
Alias, else, otherwise.
Entrai alias, febarei a porta, come in, otherwise, or else, I'll shut the door.
Aliás, besides, on the other hand.
ALICANTINA, f. f. among the students of Coimbra) a subtle trick.

ALI-

ALI

ALICANYNADO'R. f. m. he who plays such tricks.

ALICATE, f. m. pliers, a tool like pinchers, used by several trades for small work. From the Arabic *alicate*, to hold fast.

ALICE'RSE, ALLICE'SSE, or ALICECE, f. m. foundation, the lowest part of a building, the basis which supports a building. Arabic.

Alimar as alicerse, to lay the foundation.

Alicerse, (metaph.) foundation, ground, reason.

ALICORNIO. See **UNICORNIO.**

ALICOTA, *ou parte alicota,* an aliquot part.

ALIDA'DA. See **ALHIDADA.**

ALIENACAM, f. f. See **ALHEACAM.**

ALIENADO, a, adj. alienated.

Alienado dos sentidos, ou do juizo, out of his senses or wits.

ALIENAR, v. a. to alien, to alienate, to transfer or convey the property of any thing to another.

Alienar-se, v. r. to be disordered in the understanding, and other faculties of the mind.

Alienar-se com a vinha, to lose one's senses by hard drinking.

ALIFA'FE, f. m. a distemper that breaks out in blisters on the joints of horses, &c. Arabic.

ALIGEIRA'DO, a, adj. lightened, &c. See

ALIGEIRA'R, v. a. to lighten, to make less ponderous, or heavy.

Aligear um navio, to lighten a ship.

ALIGERO, a, adj. aligerous, winged, having wings. (In poetry.)

ALIJADO, a, adj. cast over-board.

ALIJAR, v. a. to cast over-board. (A sea-term.)

ALIMA'RIA, f. f. big cattle.

ALIMENTA'DO, a, adj. nourished, &c. See

ALIMENTAR, v. a. to nourish, to feed, or maintain. Lat. *alere*.

ALIMENTARIO, a, adj. (with physicians) alimentary, or alimental.

ALIME'NTO, f. m. food, maintenance, nourishment, aliment.

ALIMENTO, (metaph.) increase, nourishment.

ALIMENTOS, a portion settled upon children.

ALIMENTO'SO, a, adj. nourishing, alimental, having a nourishing power, or quality.

ALIMPADEIRAS, f. f. the bees which go before in order to clean the place when they are removing.

ALIMPADO, a, adj. made clean, &c. according to the v. *Alimpar*.

ALIMPADURA, f. f. chaff, the husks of corn that are scattered by threshing and winnowing. Lat. *acus*.

ALIMPADURA de milho, &c. the brand or winnowings of miller, or any corn.

ALIMPAR, v. a. to clean, or cleanse. Lat. *for des abstergere*.

Alimpar o trigo, to winnow, to separate

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corn from chaff by the wind. Lat. *frumentum ventilare*.

Alimpar o chão tirando-lhe as pedras, to gather stones forth of the ground.

Alimpar os dentes, to cleanse the teeth.

Alimpar as lagrimas, to dry up one's tears, to give over crying.

Alimpar as sapatas, to clean the shoes.

O que alimpa as sapatas, a shoe-cleaner.

Alimpar as arvores, to prune trees, to lop them.

Alimpar as estradas de ladroes, to clear the highways of robbers.

Alimpar a cu, to wipe one's backside.

Papel ou trapo para alimpar o cu, bum-fodder.

Alimpar as secretas, to empty the houses of office, or privies.

O que alimpa as secretas, a tom-turd-man.

Alimpar as trincheiras, to clear the trenches.

Alimpar, to rid, or clear places littered or encumbered, to make a clear ride-dance where there is a confusion, or crowd.

Alimpar alguma causa esfregando-a, ou lavando-a, to rinse, to cleanse by rinsing or washing, to wash.

Alimpar, v. n. (speaking of trees) to shed its blossoms, to shed or cast its flowers. Lat. *disfructus*.

O alimpar das vinhas, the dropping or falling off of grapes. French *coulure*.

ALINHA'DO, a, adj. trimmed, trim, neat in cloaths, spruce, smug.

ALINHAR-SE. See **ACEAR-SE.**

ALINHAVA'DO, a, adj. baited, &c. See **ALINHAVAR.**

ALINHAVAM, f. m. a long stitch.

ALINHAVA'R, v. a. to bait, to sew slightly with stitches. French *tatir*.

Alinhar, (metaph.) to set or place in order, to dispose, to order, to dispose fully. From the Lat. *linea*, as it were done by a line.

ALINHO, f. m. trim, dress, ornament, neatness, spruceness.

ALIONADO. See **LEONADO.**

ALIPÉDE, adj. (in poetry) alipede, swift of foot. It is applied to Mercury.

ALIPVRE, f. m. the herb gith, coriander of Rome, pepper-wort. Lat. *melanthium*; but according to Griseley it is the seed of the herb called nigella.

ALISQUANTA, (in mathematics) ex. *Parte aliquanta,* aliquant part.

ALISQUOTA. See **ALICOTA.**

ALISTA'DO, a, adj. listed, enrolled.

ALISTAR, v. a. to enrol, to list, to enter soldiers. From *lista*, a roll or list.

Alistar-se, v. r. to list, to enter his name as a soldier.

ALIVIA DO, a, adj. eased.

Do aliviado, a second mourning.

ALIVIADO'R, f. m. one who eases another, an assuager.

ALIVIA'R, v. a. to ease, to relieve, to assuage.

Aliviar a quem de seu peso, to ease one of his burden.

ALI

Aliviar huma parede do peso, to ease a wall.

Aliviar os cuidados de algum, to ease one of his cares.

Aliviar saudades, to ease the grief occasioned by another's absence. See **SAUDADE.**

Aliviar o castigo, to soften, to moderate the punishment.

Aliviar o leme, (a sea phrase) to ease the helm.

Aliviar algum nas suas adversidades, to comfort one in his troubles.

Aliviar-se, v. r. to comfort.

ALIVIO-me muito com isso, this is a great comfort to me, I get a great comfort by it.

Alivio, f. m. ease, comfort, relief.

ALIZA'DO, a, adj. smoothed.

ALIZAR, v. a. to smooth, to make plain or smooth.

ALIZARES, f. m. p. the inward posts of a window, &c.

ALJ

ALJARO'Z. See **ALGEROZ.**

ALJAPA, f. f. a quiver, a case for arrows. Arabic.

Que um aljava, quivered.

ALYAZAR, f. m. a piece of drained ground surrounded by sea-water.

ALJO'FAR, f. m. seed-pearl. Arabic.

ALJOFRADO, a, adj. adorned with seed-pearl.

ALJOFRAR, v. a. to adorn with seed-pearls.

ALJU'BA, f. f. a Moorish garment like a Quort vest, after the Eastern fashion. Arabic.

ALJUBARROTA, f. f. See **ALGI-BARROTA.**

ALJU'BE, f. m. a prison for the ecclesiasticks, or other people whose cause belongs to the ecclesiastical jurisdiction; from the Arabic *aljutina*, a cave or den.

ALJUBE'IRO, f. m. the gaoler of the same prison.

ALYU'S, f. m. a sort of resin that oozes out of the white camelon thistle.

ALL

ALLAH, f. m. the name by which all the professors of Mahometism call God. It is the same with the Hebrew *elohab*, God.

ALLANTOIDES. (with anatomists) allantois, or allantoides, one of the coats belonging to a child in the womb, the same that in many brutes is called *farctimialis tunica*, because of its being in the shape of a gut-pudding, but it is round in the human species and some brutes.

ALLEGACAM, f. f. an allegation or quotation.

ALLEGA'DO, a, adj. alleged, &c. See

ALLECA'R, v. a. to allege, to produce a thing for proof, to quote, to plead as an excuse.

Alle-

ALM

Allegar razões, to allege reasons.
Allegar cum bum author, to quote an author.
ALLEGORI'A, f. f. allegory.
ALLEGORICAMENTE, adv. allegorically.
ALLEGORICO, a, adj. allegorical.
ALLEGORIZA'R, v. a. to allegorize, to make use of allegories in speech; also to allegorize, or to explain passages, according to the allegorical sense, and not the literal.
AL'E'GRO, (in music books) allegro. Italian.
ALLELI. See **GOI'VO**.
ALLELU'IA, (i. e. praise the Lord) *allelujah*, Hebrew.
ALLIANÇA, &c. See **ALIANÇA**, &c.
ALLUCINACAM, f. f. a blunder, overfight or hallucination.
ALLUCINAR-SE, v. r. to blunder, to mistake.
ALLUDI'R, v. n. to allude, to point at a thing, that has some resemblance, or respect to some other matter without the direct mention of it, to hint at.
ALLUSAM, f. f. allusion; also a pun, a quibble, or playing with words.
ALLUSIVO, a, adj. allusive.
ALLUVIAM, f. m. a swelling of waters, alluvion, inundation.

A I M

ALMA, f. f. the soul. Lat. *anima*; also soul, person.
Minha alma, my dear soul.
Pela alma que deos me deu, upon my soul. (An asseveration.)
Alma de cantaro, (a vulgar expression) a silly fellow.
Alma do canhão, the bore of a piece of ordnance, the hollow on the inside of it.
Alma de carta. See **CHANCELLA**.
Mil almas, a thousand souls, or men.
Não ha buma alma, ou não tá buma viva alma, there is not one soul, there is no body.
Não ter alma, to have no soul; that is, no conscience.
Com alma, briskly, vigorously.
Alma do botão, a button-mould or mold.
Dar a alma a Deos, to give one's soul to God, that is to die, to give up the ghost.
Alma da divisa, (in heraldry) the motto, short sentence, or the word put to a device.
Almas, ou almas santas, the souls of the dead that are kept in purgatory.
Almas dos condemnados, the souls of the damned.
Almas dos defuntos, the souls of the dead.
Almas dos bemaventurados, the souls of the blessed.
As potencias da alma, the faculties of the soul, that is understanding, will, and memory or remembrance.
Alma, soul, mind, spirit.

ALM

Alma grande, ou generosa, a great, a generous soul, mind, or spirit.
Alma baixa ou vil, a base or ungenerous soul or spirit.
Alma, (metaph.) soul, life.
A verdade be a alma da historia, truth is the life of history.
P. sua alma, sua palma, as you brew, even so bake.
Dar a alma ao diabo, to give one's soul to the devil, or to curse one's self.
Elles são duas almas num corpo, they are like hand and glove.
ALMADIA, f. f. almáde, an Indian boat made of one intire piece of timber.
ALMADRA'QUE, f. m. a coarse quilt, flock, or straw bed for servants, to lay down in their cloaths, when they must be ready at call. See also **TRA-VESEIRO**. Arabic.
ALMADRA'VA, f. f. so they call any place on the south part of Spain and Portugal, into which the fishermen drive their tunny fish; also a great quantity of the same fish; also nets, ropes, &c. necessary for the same fishing.
ALMA'FECA, f. f. a coarse woollen cloth for sacks, &c.
ALMA'GEGA, f. f. a receptacle, or small basin for the water that falls down from the water-wheel.
ALMAGESTO, f. m. almagest, an excellent treatise of Ptolemy. Arabic.
ALMA'GRA, f. f. red oaker, or red lead. Arabic.
ALMAGRA'DO, a, adj. marked or coloured with red oaker.
ALMAGRA'R, v. a. to mark or colour with red oaker.
Almagrar, (metaph.) to hold, or look upon; as,
Almagrar alguem por ladrao, to look upon as a thief.
ALMA'GRE, f. m. See **ALMAGRA**.
ALMA'LHO, f. m. (among herdsmen) a young frisking ox, cow, sheep, &c. From the French *aumailles*, cattle.
ALMANA'CH, ou **ALMANA'QUE**, f. m. an almanack, a kalendar; from the Arabic article *al*, the, and *manachus*, the course of the months.
ALMANÇA. See **ALEMANÇA**.
ALMANJA'RCA, f. f. a piece of wood to which a horse, &c. is tied in order to turn round the mill-stone.
ALMANJA'RRÁ, (a jocose word) a very corpulent man.
Almajarra, ou almargem. See **ALMA'RGEM**, f. m. a piece of untilled ground, without owner, by the banks of a river, low land.
Deitar buma besta almargem, á margem, ou almajarra, to forsake utterly, or to leave in neglect a battered horse, mule, &c. to turn an useless beast into the fields, and sometimes into the lay-stall.
ALMARI'NHO, f. m. a little cupboard.

ALM

ALMA'RIO, f. m. a cup-board, a receptacle with shelves for victuals, earthen ware, &c.
ALMARTA'GA, f. f. See **LITHARGYRO**.
ALMASI'NHA, f. f. a poor little soul. Lat. *animula*.
ALMATRI'CHA, f. f. a kind of blanket, a cloath to cover horses.
ALMAZE'M, ou **ARMAZE'M**, f. m. a store-house, a magazine, a warehouse.
ALMAZO'NA. See **AMAZONA**.
ALME'A, f. f. red florax.
ALME'GEGA, f. f. gum-mastich. Arabic.
ALMEGEGA'R, v. a. to put gum-mastich into any thing.
ALMEJA'R *per alguma causa*, (a vulgar phrase) to covet a thing passionately, as if one's soul yearned after it.
ALME'IDA, f. f. a frontier town of Beira, in Portugal. Near it was a sharp engagement between the Spaniards and Portuguese in 1663. The Moors had formerly built it on the banks of the river Coa, calling it Talmayda, which signifies a table, from the level ground on which it stood.
Almeida do leme, ou da náu, the hole in the ship the helm goes out at. Span. *lemura*.
ALMEIRANTE. See **ALMIRANTE**.
ALMEIRAM, f. m. wild endive. Arabic. Lat. *cichereum*.
ALMEXI'A, f. f. a mark worn by the Moors in their garments. They were ordered to wear it by Alphonso IV. king of Portugal, in order to distinguish them from the other people.
ALMICANTARATH, ou **ALMUCANTARATH**, (in astronomy) almaccantars, or almucantars, circles of altitude parallel to the horizon. Arabic.
ALMI'ÇA, f. f. whey. They call it also **TEBEFE**, which see.
ALMICE, f. m. idem.
ALMI'LHA, f. f. a waistcoat.
ALMI'NHA. See **ALMASINHA**.
ALMIRANTA'DO, f. m. admiralship, the office of an admiral; also the court of admiralty; also one that is under the command of an admiral.
ALMIRA'NTE, f. m. an admiral; properly in Portuguese, it is now the vice-admiral, for they call the admiral, general. But in former times it was the general, or high admiral.
Almirante do mar Lusitano, the admiral of the Portuguese sea. This honour is hereditary in the noble family of Castro.
Almirante do mar Indico, the admiral of the Indian sea. This honour is hereditary in the family of the famous Vasco da Gama.
ALMI'SCAR, f. m. musk. Arabic.
ALMIS-

A L M

ALMISCARADO, *a*, adj. perfumed with musk.
ALMISCAREIRA, *f. f.* the herb blackbill. Lat. *geranium*.
ALMO, *a*, adj. cherishing, nourishing. (In poetry.) From the Lat. *almus*.
ALMOCADEM, *f. m.* a captain of foot; from the Arabic *cadin*, to go before, and the common article *al*.
ALMOÇAR, *v. a.* to breakfast.
ALMOÇO, ou **ALMORÇO**, *f. m.* breakfast.
ALMOCOVA, *f. m.* the place in Lisbon, wherein the Moors were buried.
ALMOCREVE, *f. m.* a mule-driver, a carrier. Arabic.
ALMOEDA, *f. f.* a public sale, an out-cry. Arabic.
P. na a moeda tem a barba queda, at a sale keep your beard on your chin still; that is, let not your beard wag too fast in bidding, lest you overbid and repent.
ALMOFAÇA, *f. f.* a curry-comb, to curry a horse. Arabic.
ALMOFAÇADO, *a*, adj. curried.
ALMOFAÇAR, *v. a.* to curry, to comb horses with a curry-comb. Arabic.
ALMOFADA, *f. f.* a pillow, a cushion. Arabic.
Almofada, a pannel, a square of wainscot, &c. (among carpenters.)
ALMOFADINHA, *f. f.* a little pillow or cushion.
Almofadinha para almofetes, a pin-cushion.
Almofadinhas de fazer as espadas iguais, e encobrir a corcova, ou outro semelhante defeito, pads, the stuffings of a garment to make a crooked body straight. Lat. *analectides*.
Almofadinha, ou cubunete. See **CHUMACETE**.
ALMOFARIZ, *f. m.* a mortar of metal to pound things in with a pestle. Arabic.
Mão de almofariz, the pestle for beating in a mortar.
ALMOFIA, *f. f.* a large earthen vessel in the shape of a porringer. Arabic.
ALMOFREXE, *f. m.* a bag made like a pillow; properly a case to carry a travelling bed in. Arabic.
ALMOGAMA, *f. f.* the narrow parts of a ship towards head and stern, distant about half way from the widest in the hold, and sharpening away, that the water may run the faster to the rudder.
ALMOGAVARES, *f. m. p.* old experienced soldiers that were formerly kept in garrison. From the Arabic article *al*, and *maghabba*, i. e. covered with dult.
Almogavares, a sort of highwaymen which used to assault strayed soldiers. See the history of Catalonia, by Bernard Desclous.
ALMONDEGA, *f. f.* a ball of forced meat. Arabic.

A L O

ALMONYAVA, *f. f.* a sort of dish made of minced mutton, bacon, &c.
ALMORÇAR. See **ALMOÇAR**.
ALMORREIMAS, *f. m. p.* the piles, or hæmorrhoids.
Almorreimas com sangue, the bloody piles.
Almorreimas que não dão sangue, dry piles.
Almorreimas procedidas do peccado nefando, pocky piles, got by sodomy. Lat. *marisca*.
Erva das almorreimas. See **ERVA**.
ALMOTACADAMENTE, *adv.* at the market-price.
ALMOTAÇADO, *a*, adj. examined, &c. according to the *v*.
ALMOTAÇAR, *v. a.* to take care of the provisions, to set the market-price, &c. See
ALMOTACEL, *f. m.* a clerk of the market, an officer whose business is to take care of the provisions, set the market price, to examine the weights and measures, and keep them in every place answerably to the king's standard. From the Arabic article *al*, and *musabecin*, that is, one who sets the price on provisions.
Almotacel da limpeza, an officer to see the streets are kept clean.
Almotacel mór, an officer, whose business is to supply the court with provisions, to give orders for the paving of the streets, or highways, &c.
Officio de almotacel, the clerkship of a clerk of the market.
ALMOTOLIA, *f. f.* an oil-pot made of earth or tin, to pour oil into a lamp, &c.
ALMOXARIFADO, *f. m.* the office of a receiver of customs, &c. also the jurisdiction of a receiver of customs. See
ALMOXARIFE, *f. m.* a receiver of customs for commodities imported or exported. An Arabic word, signifying the receiver of the king's duties.
ALMOXATRE, *f. m.* sal ammoniac.
ALMUDE, *f. m.* an almond, a measure by which the Portuguese sell their wine, &c. twenty-six almudes make a pipe.

A L O

ALOE, *f. m.* the plant called aloë. They commonly call it *erva babosa*, or *azevra*.
Aloe, the gum or juice called aloes.
Aloe b patico, the hepatic aloes
Aloe caballino, the caballine aloes.
Aloe jscutorina, the succotrine aloes.
ALOENDRO. See **ELOENDRO**.
ALOJADO, *a*, adj. lodged.
ALOJAMENTO, *f. m.* the quarters of an army after marching.
ALOJAR, *v. a.* to lodge soldiers. See also **ENCELEIRAR**.
Alojar-se, *v. a.* to pitch a camp, to encamp, to pitch tents.

A L P

ALOMBAR. See **DERREAR**.
ALONGADO, *a*, adj. very distant or remote, &c. See the *v*. **ALONGAR**.
ALONGAMENTO, *f. m.* lengthening, prolonging, elongation, &c. according to the *v*.
ALONGAR, *v. a.* to prolong, to lengthen, to stretch out, to elongate.
Alongar mais as passadas, to go farther; also to mend the pace, to go faster.
Alongar-se, *v. r.* to elongate, to go off to a distance from a place, or any thing else.
Alongor-se da virtude, to forsake virtue.
ALOPEZIA, *f. f.* (with physicians) alopecia, a disease called the scurf, when the hairs fall from the head by the roots.
ALOUÇADO. See **ADOUDADO**.

A L P

ALPARAVAZ, *f. m.* (among mat-makers) the brim or extremity of a mat that hangs down when it is laid upon an *estrado*. See **ESTRADO**.
ALPARAVAZES, the lower valences of a bed, or any such thing hanging down round another.
ALPARCA, *f. f.* a sandal, a sort of slipper or shoe for the foot, consisting of a sole, with a hollow at one end to embrace the ankle; it is used by some friars, and also by shepherds.
ALPARGATA, *f. f.* idem.
ALPARQUEIRO, *f. m.* one that makes sandals.
ALPENDRADA, *f. f.* a large porch, a covered walking place with pillars.
ALPENDRE, *f. m.* a lesser porch. Lat. *porticus*.
Alpendre das siras, a shed built close to the threshing-floor. Lat. *nubiarium*.
ALPERCHE, *f. m.* a sort of small juicy peaches; also candied apricots.
ALPES, *f. m. p.* the Alps, a chain of exceeding high mountains separating Italy from France and Germany.
Cunha dos Alpes, ou convergente dos Alpes, Alpine, pertaining to the mountains called the Alps.
ALPESTRE, *adj.* wild, mountainous, rocky, steepy. Italian.
ALPHA, ou *alfa*, *f. m.* Alpha, the first letter in the Greek alphabet, and therefore used to signify the first; as, *Eu sou alfa e omega*, I am alpha and omega, the beginning and the ending.
ALPHABETADO, **ALPHABETAR**, &c. See **ALFABETADO**, **ALFABETAR**, &c.
ALPHENIM. See **ALFENIM**.
ALPISTE, *f. m.* the herb called fox-tail; also canary seed, such as birds eat. Menagius says it is an Indian word. Others say it is Arabic.
ALPISTIRO, *f. m.* a little vessel like

ALQ

like the boat we make use of to feed children. See
ALPISTO, *f. m.* the juice of hard pressed meat, for support of sick persons that cannot chew.
ALPONDRAS. See **PASSADEIRAS**.
ALPORCAS, *f. f. p.* the disease called king's evil.
ALPORCA'DO, *a*, *adj.* covered with earth, but particularly by imprecation. Lat. *impercatus*.
ALPORCAR, *v. a.* (in agriculture) to earth, or cover with earth, but particularly by imprecation. Lat. *impercare*.
O alporcar, imprecation, the act of making a balk or ridge in ploughing of land.
ALPORQUE'NTO, *a*, *adj.* aromatic, affected with the king's evil.

ALQ

ALQUEBRAR, *v. n.* (a sea term) a ship is said to *alquebrar*, when the sides begin to open and bend, by the weight of the guns, the violence of the current, &c.
ALQUEIRE, *f. m.* an alquier, a sort of measure in Portugal, not only for dry things, but for liquids also. I believe it holds one peck, three quarts, and one pint.
ALQUEIVADO, *a*, *adj.* fallowed, laid up. See
ALQUEIVAR, *v. a.* (in agriculture) to fallow, to prepare land by ploughing, long before it is ploughed for sowing.
ALQUEIVE, *ou ALQUEVE*, *f. m.* fallow, ground plowed in order to be plowed again; land that hath been fallow, and is turned in the spring to be sown next year. Lat. *vervatum*.
ALQUEVENGE, *ou ALQUEQUENQUE*, *f. m.* alkakengi, the fruit of one of the night-shades; the winter-cherry, the berries whereof are of use against obstructions of the liver, the stone, &c.
ALQUETIRA. See **ALQUITIRA**.
ALQUEVADO, **ALQUEVAR**, &c. See **ALQUEIVADO**, **ALQUEIVAR**, &c.
ALQUICE', *ou ALQUICE'R*, *f. m.* a kind of white Moorish mantle or covering. Arabic.
ALQUILADO, *a*, *adj.* hired, or let to hire. See **ALQUILAR**.
ALQUILADOR, *f. m.* hirer, one that hires, or lets out to hire. See
ALQUILAR, *v. a.* to hire, or let out to hire. It is only used speaking of hackney horses or mules. From the Arabic, *quiliye*, to hire.
ALQUILE, *f. m.* the act of hiring, or letting out to hire; also hire, the price paid for the use of hackney horses or mules.
Cavallo de alquile, hackney horse.
ALQUIME, *f. m.* ochimy, ochamy or alchymy, a mixed base metal; see also

ALT

ALQUIMIA, *f. f.* alchymy, or alchemy, the art of chemistry.
P. alquimia be' provada, ser renda, e não gastar nada, there is no alchymy like saving. The Lat. say, *magnum vestigial parsimonia*.
ALQUIMILLA, *ou ALCHIMILLA*, the herb ladies-mantle, or archimella.
ALQUIMISTA, *f. m.* an alchemist.
ALQUIRIVIA, *f. f.* See **CHERIVIA**.
ALQUITIRA, *f. f.* gum dragacanth.
ALQUITRAVE, *f. f.* (with architects) an architrave.

ALR

ALROTA'DO, *a*, *adj.* mocked.
ALROTA'R, *v. a.* to mock, to deride, to ridicule.
ALRU'TE, *f. m.* See **ABELHEIRO**.

ALT

ALTA, *f. f.* (in military affairs) ex. *Dar alta*, to promote, to advance, to prefer.
ALTABA'IXO, *f. m.* a downright stroke.
ALTAFORMA, *f. f.* a bird of prey so called.
ALTAME'NTE, *adv.* highly, in a high degree.
ALTAMI'A, *f. f.* (obfol.) a sort of earthen pot.
ALTANE'IRO, *a*, *adj.* altivolant, flying high. (In the sport of hawk-ing.)
Fal ao altanero, a hawk that soars high.
ALTANERIA, *f. f.* the sport of hawking; also the strength of a hawk, eagle, &c. to soar high.
ALTAR, *f. m.* an altar.
Altar mór, the high altar.
Em forma de altar, *ou semelhante a hum altar*, altar-wise.
Pé de altar, altaraige, the free offerings made at the altar by the people; also the profits arising to the priest from the altar, as small tithes.
ALTARE'IRO, *f. m.* the person who takes care to adorn the altar.
ALTEADO, *a*, *adj.* made deeper or higher.
ALTAR, *v. a.* to make deeper, or higher.
ALTENA'DO. (in cant.) See **AMO**.
ALTERAÇAM, *f. f.* alteration, change; also perturbation, commotion of passions, disorder of mind.
ALTERA'DO, *a*, *adj.* altered, changed, &c. according to the *v. Alterar*.
ALTERANTES *remedios*, alteratives, or altering medicines.
ALTERAR, *v. a.* to alter, to change. *Alterar*, to corrupt.
Alterar o sangue, to cause a great agitation or commotion in the blood, to confound by something unexpected, to surprise.
Alterar, to perturb, or disturb, to put out of countenance.
Alterar, to make use of altering medicines.

ALT

Se altera, *imp.* they make use of altering medicines.
Alterar-se, *v. r.* to grow angry, to be out of countenance; also to grow worse. (Speaking of wounds.)
ALTERCAÇAM, *f. f.* altercation, contention, wrangle, dispute, a debate.
ALTERCA'DO, *a*, *adj.* debated, ventilated.
ALTERCA'R, *v. a.* to ventilate, to discuss, to debate.
Altercar, *v. n.* to wrangle, to dispute, to contend, to debate.
ALTERCASE, *v. imp.* they dispute, or debate on or upon; it is debated; the matter in question is.
ALTERNACAM, *f. f.* See **ALTERNATIVA**.
ALTERNADAME'NTE, *adv.* alternately, by turns, one after the other, alternately, in an alternate manner. See **ALTERNATIVAMENTE**.
ALTERNA'DO, *a*, *adj.* alternated, alternative, alternate, that is done, succeeds, or is disposed by turns, or one after another, every second, or every other.
ALTERNAR, *v. a.* to do any thing by course, or turns, to alternate. Lat. *alternare*.
Alternar as plantas, to set one row of plants of one sort, and another of another.
Alternar-se, *v. a.* to alter, to change, to vary, to turn, to become otherwise than it was.
Principiou a alternar-se a fortuna, fortune began to change.
ALTERNATIVA, *f. f.* alternateness, or alternativeness, a succession by course, or by turns.
ALTERNATIVAME'NTE, *adv.* alternately, by turns.
Fructificar alternativamente, to bear every other year. (Speaking of some trees.)
ALTERNATIVO. See **ALTERNA'DO**.
ALTOSO, *a*, *adj.* high, lofty, elevated in place.
ALTE'ZA, *f. f.* loftiness, height, local elevation; also sublimity, nobleness, perfection, height.
Alteza, highness; the title given to princes.
Alteza real, royal highness.
ALTIBAIXOS, *f. m. p.* uneven places, up and down hill.
Altibaixos da fortuna, the vicissitudes of fortune.
ALTILOCO, *a*, *adj.* lofty, sublime, that is upon the high strain. (In poetry.)
ALTIRNA, *f. f.* a sort of garment worn by the Indian priests.
ALTISONO, *a*, *adj.* that soundeth from above, noisy, thunder-thumping. Lat. *altifonus*. (In poetry.)
ALTÍSSIMO, *a*, *adj.* very high, highest. *O Altíssimo*, the most high God.
ALTIVE'Z, *ou ALTIVE'ZA*, *f. f.* haughtiness, pride; also valiantness

ALT

ness of heart, courage, magnanimity.
ALTIVO, *a*, adj. proud, scornful; also valiant, brave, stout.
ALTO, *a*, adj. high, lofty, tall.
Alto, profound, deep.
Pozo muyto alto, a very deep well.
Alto, high, sublime, lofty.
Estilo alto, high strain, the sublime style.
Preço alto, a great price, or rate.
Alto, noble, illustrious, great.
De alto nascimento, high-born.
Alto e poderoso senhor, a high and mighty lord.
Ter pensamentos altos, to aim at high things, or great matters.
O que tem pensamentos altos, a high spirit.
Lucido alto, a noble or high design or undertaking.
Nauio de alto bordo, a ship of the largest size, or first rate.
Parlamento alto, the upper house, the house of lords.
Alto, (speaking of countries) higher, upper.
Alto dia, broad day-light.
Alta noite, the still and dead time of night.
Fiz alto, a loud voice.
Alto mar, the main sea, sea-room, far out at sea, the high sea.
Maré alta, high water.
As marés altas, the spring-tides.
Alto, dangerous, hazardous.
Alta loucura, uncommon madness, or folly.
Alto, mysterious, obscure, hidden, secret.
Mais alto, higher, deeper; also louder.
Alto, adv. loud, loudly.
Fallar alto, to speak loud.
Fallar mais alto, to speak louder.
Alto, *f. m.* the top of a mountain, house, &c.
Huma estatua que tem 20 pés de alto, a statue twenty feet high.
Alto, a hillock, a heap of earth, any raised place.
Altos e baixos. See *ALTIBAIXOS*.
Terra que tem altos e baixos, an uneven ground.
Na nossa vida ha altos e baixos, there are ups and downs in our life. (metaph.)
Altos de huma casa, the loft or the uppermost floor of a house; also loft, or rooms on high.
Alto, halt, stop in a march.
Fazer alto, to halt in a march. (A military phrase.)
Alto lá, hold there, or stop there.
Passar per alto, (speaking of goods) to smuggle.
Passar per alto, to slip from one's memory; also to omit, to take no notice of.
Passou-me isso per alto, it has slipped from my memory, I have forgot it.
Alto. See *ALTO MAR*.
De alto até baixo, from top to toe.
De alto, from above, from on high.

ALV

P. pagar os alios de vasse, to have but little or no sense at all.
ALTOSU'S, adv. (a vulgar word) come on, well. Lat. *agendum*.
ALTRIZ, adj. (among physicians) nutritive, nourishing.
ALTURA, *f. f.* height of a place, space, as measured upward; altitude; also altitude (in astronomy, geography, and geometry.)
Vinte pés de altura, twenty feet high.
Altura do polo, (in geography and astronomy) the altitude of the pole.
Altura do sol, *lua*, &c. the altitude or height of the sun, moon, &c.
Tomar a altura do sol, to take the sun's altitude.
Estar na altura de huma ilha, &c. to be off an island, &c.
Altura, greatness, grandeur, dignity.
Altura, forwardness, advancement.
A obra está em boas alturas, the work is in good forwardness.

ALU

ALUADO. See *LUNATICO*.
ALUGADO, *a*, adj. hired, or let to hire.
ALUGADOR, *f. m.* hirer, one that hires, or one that lets out to hire.
ALUGAR, *v. a.* to hire or let out to hire; also to hire, or take to hire.
ALUGUE'L, *f. m.* hire, price paid for the use of horses, &c.
Aluguel, the act of hiring, or letting to hire.
Aluguel da casa, house-rent.
Morar em casas de aluguel, to live in an hired house, to be in lodgings.
Cavallo de aluguel, hackney-horse.
ALUMIA'DO, *a*, adj. lightened, &c. See *ALUMIAR*.
ALUMIADO'R, *f. m.* a groom, he that putteth the stallion to the mare.
ALUMIA'R, *v. a.* to enlighten, to give light to, to illuminate, both in the proper and figurate sense.
Alumiar a algum, to light one, to carry a light before him.
Alumiar deos a huma mulher, is for a woman to be brought to bed.
Alumiu-a deos com huma criança, she was brought to bed of a child.
Deos te alumie, God give you a happy hour. God send you a safe delivery. (Speaking of a woman with child.)
ALUMINO'SO, *a*, adj. aluminous, pertaining to alum, consisting of alum.
ALUMNO, *f. m.* a foster-son, one that is bred up under those that are not his parents.
Alumno de Lisboa, *Alumno de Londres*, one born in Lisbon, or in London.
ALUTADO. See *ENLUTADO*.

ALV

ALVA, *f. f.* the dawn or break of day, day-peep, the morning twilight. Lat. *aurora*.
Quarto d'alva. See *QUARTO*.

ALV

Estrella d'alva, the morning star. Lat. *Venus*, or *Lucifer*.
Missa d'alva, the mass said at break of day.
Alva, the albe or aube used by priests when they say mass.
Alva, an albe or white vestment worn by malefactors when they go to be executed.
Alva do olho, the white of the eye.
Alva de cão, dog's turd.
ALVA'DA, *f. f.* (in cant.) See *CARAFUCA*.
ALVANE'L, *f. m.* a bricklayer; also a mason whose trade is to build with rugged or unhewn stones, a rough mason. Arabic.
ALV'A'R, adj. white.
Figos alvares, a kind of white figs.
Alvar, (speaking of birds) whitish, somewhat white.
Almo alvar. See *ALEMO*.
Espinheiro alvar, white thorn. See *ESPINHEIRO*.
Pinheiro alvar. See *PINHEIRO*.
ALVARA', *f. m.* a charter, or a prince's letters patent. Arabic.
ALVARAZES, or **ALVARAZOS**, *f. m. p.* a kind of morpew, or white specks in the skin; also a sort of disorder in horses.
ALVARES, *f. m. p.* a sort of the lesser pulse, like vetches or tares.
ALVARI'NHO, *f. m.* whitish, somewhat white.
ALVARRA'L pexeira, a sort of bolter for sifting pollard.
ALVASI', or **ALVASI'L**, *f. m.* (obso.) See *VEREADOR*.
ALVAYA'DE, *f. m.* white ceruse, much used by women. From the Arabic *bayand*.
Untado com alvayade, daubed with ceruse.
ALVEA'RIO, *f. m.* See *COLMEA*.
ALVEDRI'O, *f. m.* will, a faculty of the soul, whereby it may chuse one thing before another; also arbitration, &c. according to the *v. alvidrar*.
ALVEJA'R, *v. n.* to look white; also to become white. From the Lat. *albicare*.
Alvejar, to incline somewhat to a white colour. Lat. *interalbicare*.
ALVEITA'R, *f. m.* a veterinarian, one skilled in the diseases of cattle. Lat. *veterinarius*.
Alveitar que se cura cavallos, a farrier, or horse leech.
Exercitar a arte de alveitar, to farrier.
ALVEITARI'A, *f. f.* physic for cattle, the art of curing beasts.
ALVE'LOA, *f. f.* the bird called the wagtail.
Pernus de alveloa, small spindle shanks.
ALVENARIA, *f. f.* rugged or unhewn stones.
Feito de alvenaria, made of rugged or unhewn stones.
ALVEO, *f. m.* the channel of a river. Lat. *aluvus*.

A L V

ALVE'RA, f. f. a marsh or fen.
ALVERGADO, &c. See **ALBERGA-DO**, &c.
ALVIAM, f. m. a mattock, a tool to grub up roots of vines, &c. also a mattock or pick-ax. From the v. **ALVIR**, which see.
ALVIÇARAS, f. f. p. a reward given for good news. Arabic.
ALVIDO, a, adj. shaken, &c. See **ALVIR**.
ALVIDRIR, v. a. to abate, settle, or regulate wages, rewards, or the like.
ALVIDRIO. See **ALVEDRIO**.
ALVIDU'COS *medicamentos*, (with physicians) alviduca, or loofening medicines.
ALVINE O. See **ALVANEL**.
ALVINHOS, f. m. p. a sort of white people in the Lower Ethiopia.
ALVIR, v. a. to shake, to agitate, to put in a vibratory motion, to move a thing from its fixedness.
Alvir, v. n. to shake, to be agitated with a vibratory motion, to be ready to fall.
ALVITANA, f. f. a sort of fishing net.
ALVITANA'DO, so the net makers call that part of a net that is knit with smaller meshes.
ALVITRE, f. m. an expedient way, device of means, a contrivance, a project.
ALVITRE'IRO, f. m. a contriver, a deviser of means, he who advises another, a projector.
ALVO, a, adj. white. Lat. *albus*.
A lvo, f. m. a white or mark to shoot at. *Errar o alvo*, to shoot wide from the mark; *dar no alvo*, to hit the mark; both in the proper and figur. sense.
Alvo, *ex alva do olho*, the white of the eye.
Pôr os olhos em alvo, to distort one's eyes, so that the lower white may be seen.
Alvo, (metaph.) the aim or end which an action is directed to; also laughing stock, sport, May-game; as, *Eu sou o alvo da fortuna*, I am the sport of fortune.
ALVORADA, f. f. aubade, or morning music; such as is played at the dawn of day before one's door, or under one's window; a serenade.
Alvorada, *cu general*, (in military affairs) general; a particular beat of drum early in the morning.
Alvorada, (in poetry.) See **ALVA**.
Alvorada, the singing of birds at the dawn of day.
ALVORAR a *meibaa*. See **AMANECEER**.
ALVOROÇADO, a, adj. transported, or ravished with pleasure for the expectation or prospect of any thing good to come.
ALVOROÇAR, v. a. to over-joy, to transport, or ravish with the expectation or prospect of any thing good to come.

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ALVOROÇO, f. m. an over-joy, or transport caused by the expectation or prospect of any thing good to come.
ALVOROTADO, a, adj. perturbed, or perturbed.
ALVOROTADOR, f. m. a perturber, a raiser of commotions.
ALVOROTAR, v. a. to perturb, or perturbate, to disturb, to disquiet.
ALVOROÇO, f. m. perturbation, disturbance, tumult, sedition.
ALVURA, f. f. whiteness.
Alvura que resplandece, brightness.
Alvura da madeira, the white sap, or sappy part of trees on the out side next the bark. Lat. *albunum*.
Tirar a alvura da madeira, to take out the sap, or sappy white that is in the wood. Lat. *exalburare*.

A M A

AMA, f. f. a mistress, not of scholars, but of servants; for she that teaches children is called *meistra*. Also a nurse, a fosterdame. Gothic.
Amã, ou mulher que serve e governa as outras criadas, a house-keeper, a woman servant that has the care of a family, and superintends the other maid-servants.
AMABILIDADE, f. f. amability.
AMACADO, &c. See **AMASSADO**, &c.
AMADIGO, f. m. a sort of privilege formerly granted in Portugal to a farmer, whose wife had nursed a nobleman's child.
AMADO, a, adj. loved.
AMADOR, f. m. a lover, he that loves; also the proper name of a man.
AMADO'RA, f. f. a sweet-heart, she that loves, a lover.
AMADORRADO, a, adj. lethargic, afflicted with a lethargy. From **MADORRA**, which see.
AMADURADO, a, adj. ripened.
AMADURAR, v. a. to ripen, to bring to ripeness.
AMADURECE'R. See **MADURECER**.
AMAGO, f. m. (speaking of herbs or trees) the pith or heart.
Amago, the substance or main point.
Amago, reality, the essence of a thing.
Amago, f. m. the action by which one offers or threatens to strike.
AMAINAR *as velas*, v. a. (a sea phrase) to strike sail.
Amainar, (metaph.) to appease, to assuage, to flint.
Amainar a soberba de alguém, (metaph.) to bring down one's pride, to humble one.
Amainar, v. n. to relent, to yield. See **CEDER**.
Amainar, to cool, to relent, to abate, to grow less.
Aninou o vento, the wind came down.
AMALDIÇOADO, a, adj. cursed, accursed.

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AMALDIÇOAR, v. a. to curse, or accurse, to blaspheme.
AMALGAMA, f. f. amalgama, a mass of mercury united and incorporated with some metal.
AMALGAMADO, a, adj. amalgamated, &c. See
AMALGAMAR, v. a. to amalgamate, to mix mercury with gold, silver, &c. to reduce it into a kind of paste, to be used in gilding, &c.
Anção de amalgamar, amalgamation.
AMALHA'DO, a, adj. lodged, touched. (Speaking of a hare, boar, or other wild beast.) See
AMALHA'R, v. a. to track wild beasts to their coverts or couches.
Amalhar buma lebre, to prick a hare.
Lugar em que está amalhado hum veado de dia, a lair, the place where a deer harbours by day.
Lugar em que está amalhado hum javali, ou outra fera, the lair or couch of a boar, or other wild beast.
Oviado esta amalhado aqui, the deer harbours here.
Amalhado is also said of a company of birds when they are in their resting place.
Amalhar a'guem, (metaph.) to trace, or find out the place where one is lodged or sheltered.
AMALTHE'A, f. f. Amalthea, the daughter of Melissus king of Crete, who fed Jupiter when a child with goats milk and honey. Some say that the name of the goat was Amalthea. Ovid says, that Amalthea was the nymph who nursed him.
Corno de amalthea. See **CORNUCOPIA**.
AMAMENTAR, v. a. (obsolet.) to suckle, to give suck.
AMANCEBADO, a, adj. one that lives in a state of fornication.
Homem que anda amancebado, a man that keeps a concubine, or mistress.
Mulher que anda amancebada, a concubine, a woman that lives with a man, as if she was his lawful wife, a mistress, a kept mistress.
Amancebado com alguma coisa, (metaph.) wedded, addicted, given up wholly to a thing.
AMANCEBAME'NTO, f. m. concubinage, a state of fornication.
Amancebamento de mulher com homem casado, the adultery of a woman who lieth with another woman's husband.
AMANCEBAR-SE, v. r. to live in a state of fornication.
AMANHAR, v. a. to dig, to till: see also **COMPOR** and **CONCERTAR**.
Amanhar hum animal, (in the province of Beira) to kill a beast.
Amanhar, (among scholars) to tuck, or gather up.
AMANHECER, v. n. to grow day. From the Lat. *mane*, the morning.
As amanhecer, at the dawning of the day.
Com tem amanheça a um, good night to you, sir.

AMEN-

A M A

AMANECI *em tal parte*, I was in such a place at day-break.
AMANSADO, *a*, adj. tamed, &c. See **AMANSAR**, *v. a.* to tame, to make that which was wild and unruly, governable and obedient. Lat. *domare*.
Quêde ser amansado, tameable, that may be tamed.
Amansar, to calm, to appease, to still, to make motionless, to hush. *Amansar os ventos*, to hush the winds.
Amansar, to mitigate, to soften.
Amansar eu abrandar o natural aspero, to soften, to temper, to mollify a savage humour.
Amansar, *v. n.* to grow mild or gentle, to be tamed, to become better natured.
AMANTE, *p. a.* who loves, loving. *Amante*, *f. m.* a lover, a sweetheart.
AMANTELA'DO, *a*, adj. walled, walled about.
AMANTI'LHOS, *f. m. p.* (in a ship) lifts, ropes pertaining to the arms of all yards; the use is to make the yards hang higher or lower.
AMANUE'NSE, *f. m.* an amanuensis, a writer for another.
AMAR, *v. a.* to love. Lat. *amare*.
Amar-se, *v. r.* to love one another, to have a mutual love one for another.
P. quem ama a beltrao, ama o seu cao, love me, love my dog.
P. cada qual ama seu semelhante, like will to like, or like loves like.
AMARACO, *f. m.* the herb sweet marjoram.
AMARANTO, *f. m.* a plant bearing a flower, which, when gathered, continues long before it withers, hence it has its name, signifying in the Greek, that does not perish or fade. It is known in English by the name of amaranth, and also flower-gentle, whereof there are several sorts, as the purple, the crested velvet, the carnation, the white, the floramour, or spotted-flower-gentle, the perennial spiked flower-gentle of Sicily.
AMARAR. See **EMMARAR**.
AMARELLEJA'R, *v. n.* to grow yellow, to look yellow.
AMARELLIDAM, *f. f.* yellowness, paleness, wanness.
AMARE'LLLO, *a*, adj. yellow, pale, wan.
Quetern a cara amarella, pale-faced.
Amarello tostado, yellow-bay.
Amarello como o de jabas murchas, flomot, a brown, or yellow brown colour.
Amarello gualde, a whitish yellow.
Alguns tanta amarello, yellowish.
Tingir de amarello, to dye yellow.
Fazer-se amarello, to grow yellow or pale.
Amarello, *f. m.* the yellow colour.
Amarello do ovo, the yolk of an egg.
AMARGAMENTE. See **AMARGOSOAMENTE**.
AMARGAR, *v. n.* to taste bitter, to

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be unpleasant to the taste. From the Lat. *amarus*, bitter.
Amargar, (metaph.) to be grievous, to cause grief or sorrow.
Verdade que amarga, a grievous truth.
Amargar, *v. a.* to pay dear for, to suffer for; as, .
Elle o amargará, he will suffer for it.
AMARGO, *a*, adj. grievous, afflictive, hard to bear.
AMARGO'R, *f. m.* bitterness, a bitter taste.
AMARGO'SAMENTE, adv. bitterly, with a bitter taste; also bitterly, grievously, in a bitter manner.
AMARGOSO, *a*, adj. bitter, having a hot, acrid or biting quality. Lat. *amarus*.
Hum pouco amargoso, bitterish, a little bitter.
Fazer amargoso, to make bitter.
AMARGU'RA, *f. f.* grief, sorrow of heart.
AMARINHADO, **AMARINHAR**. See **MAREADO**, **MAREAR**.
AMARI'SSIMO, *a*, adj. superl. very bitter.
AMARLOTA'R, *v. a.* to wrinkle, to corrugate.
AMARO, *a*, adj. See **AMARGO**, and **AMARGOSO**.
AMARRA, *f. f.* a cable.
Picar ou cortar as amarras, to cut the cables.
AMARRADO, *a*, adj. belayed, moored. *Amarrado á sua opiniao*, (metaph.) wedded to his own opinion.
AMARRA'R, *v. a.* to belay, to belace, to moor. (A sea term.)
Amarrar, ou marrar. See **MARRAR**.
Amarrar-se, *v. r. ex.* *Amarrar-se á sua opiniao*, to be wedded to one's opinion.
AMARRE'TA, *f. f.* a small cable.
AMARTELLA'DO, *a*, adj. dogmatical, positive, wedded to.
Amartellado da sua opiniao, positive, stubborn in opinion, wedded to his own opinion.
AMARUJA'R. See **AMARGAR**.
AMASSADEIRA, *f. f.* a woman that kneads, a baker woman.
AMASSADO, *a*, adj. kneaded, wrought with hands. Lat. *subactus*. See also **ABOLEIMADO**, and the *v.* **AMASSAR**.
AMASSADOR, *f. m.* one that kneads bread, or any such thing.
AMASSADU'RA, *f. f.* kneading of bread, also the place where they knead bread; also any quantity of dough.
AMASSA'R, *v. a.* to knead, to tread or mingle any substance together.
Amassar o pão, to knead, to make bread.
Amassar cal com areia, (among masons and bricklayers) to make or work up mortar.
Amassar as cartas, to shuffle the cards; also to pack cards, to order them so that one may know how they lie.
Amassar-se com algum, *v. r.* to agree together.

A M B

AMATORIO, *a*, adj. amatory.
AMAFEL, adj. lovely, amiable.
AMAVELME'NTE, adv. lovingly, amiably.
AMAZONAS, *f. f. p.* Amazons, certain warlike women, said to have resided in Asia, near the river Therma-doon.
Rio das Amazonas, Amazon, a great river of South America. This river, like others between the tropics, overflows its banks annually; at which time it is one hundred and fifty miles broad at its mouth: it appears to be the largest river in the world, either with regard to the length of its course, or the depth of its waters. The natives of the country through which it passes call it Paraguassu, that is, a great sea.
AMAZONIO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to the Amazons.

A M B

AMBA'GES, *f. f. p.* ambages, a long detail of words remote from the true scope of the matter; a compass or fetch-about of words. Lat.
AMBAR, *f. m.* amber, a sort of hard gum.
Ambargris, amber-grease, or ambregrise, a fragrant drug.
AMBERVAL, adj. of, or belonging to the Ambarvalia. See .
AMBARVA'LES, *f. m. p.* Ambarvalia, holy-days among the Romans, wherein they used to make a solemn procession, and deprecations, that no ill might come to their corn-fields. From the Lat. *ambire*, to surround, and *arva*, the grounds.
AMBIÇAM, *f. f.* ambition.
AMBIÇIONAR. See **COBIÇAR**.
AMBIÇIOSAMENTE, adv. ambitiously.
AMBIÇIOSO, *a*, adj. ambitious.
AMBIDE'XTRO, *a*, adj. ambidextrous, that uses both hands alike.
Homem ambidextro, an ambidexter, or an ambidextrous man, a man that uses both hands alike.
AMBIEN'NTE AR, ambient air (with naturalists.)
AMBIGUAMENTE, adv. ambiguously.
AMBIGUIDADE, *f. f.* ambiguity, ambiguity.
AMBIGUO, *a*, adj. of doubtful meaning, ambiguous. Lat. *ambiguus*.
Ambiguo, doubtful, uncertain.
AMBIRA, *f. f.* a musical instrument, used by the negroes.
AMBITO, *f. m.* ambit, the compass or circumference of any thing. Lat. *ambitus*.
AMBLIOPIA, *f. f.* amblyopia, dullness, or dimness of sight. Greek.
AMBO'INO, *f. m.* Amboyna, the principal of the Molucca islands in the East-Indies. It was discovered by the Portuguese in the year 1515. The castle, or fort of Victory, was the scene of the massacre of the Eng-

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lish, by the Dutch, in 1625, and reigu of James I. This island has been taken and re-taken several times, by the Portuguese, Spaniards and Dutch, and the latter are now the masters of it.

AMBOS, *as*, adj. both the one and the other. Lat. *ambo*.

Ambo de dous, both.

AMBRE. See **AMBAR**.

AMBRETA, *f. f.* a sort of flower that smells like amber.

AMBROSIA, *f. f.* ambrosia, the delicious and imaginary food of the gods, according to the poets.

Ambrosia, ambrosia, the herb called oak of Jerusalem.

AMBROSIA'NO officio, ambrosian office, a formula of worship, used in the church of Milan.

AMBROSIO, *f. m.* Ambrose, a proper name of a man.

AMBULA, *f. f.* a small vial of glass, or crystal.

AMBULANTE, adj. walking, moving. Lat. *ambulans*.

Cena ambulante, a supper, in which there is but one dish to go round the table. Lat. *cena ambulans*.

Ambulante, going on wheels.

Terris ambulantes, engines, or batteries upon wheels, for the taking of towns.

AMBULASI'NHA, *f. f.* a very small vial of glass, or crystal.

AMBULATIO, *a*, adj. (with surgeons) ambulatory, not fixed to any place.

AMBULATORIO, *a*, adj. (in law) changeable, that may be changed, or altered.

Fontade ambulatoria, a man's will, or testament, till he dies; because alterable till then. Lat. *voluntas ambulatoria*.

Interdicto ambulatorio, ou *deambulatorio*, a general interdict through a kingdom, or province.

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AME'A, **AME'IA**, ou **AME'YA**, *f. f.* a niched battlement in a wall, or fortification. Lat. *pinna*.

AMEAÇA, *f. f.* ou **AMEAÇO**, *f. m.* a threat, menace.

AMEAÇADO, *a*, adj. threatened. *P. tambem os ameçados, comem pau*, threatened folks eat bread: We say, threatened folks live long.

AMEAÇADOR, *f. m.* a threatener.

AMEAÇANTE, (in heraldry) it is said of a lion, &c. in a menacing, or threatening posture.

AMEAÇAR, *v. a.* to threaten, or threaten, to menace. Lat. *minari*.

AMEAÇO, *f. m.* a threat, or menace. *Ameço da doença*, the fit of a disease.

AMEALHA DO, &c. See **REGATEADO**, &c.

AMEBE OS versos, (with grammarians) Amoebean verses, verses which answer one another by turns, as in some of the Eclogues of Virgil.

AMEC. See **DIACOLOCYNTHIDOS**.

A M E

AMEDRONTA'DO, *a*, adj. terrified.

AMEDRONTA'R, *v. a.* to terrify, to affright, to shock with fear. From the Lat. *metus*, fear.

AMEIGA'DO, *a*, adj. fondled, &c. See **AMEIGA'R**.

AMEIGA'R, *v. a.* to tiddle, to tigger, to use tenderly, to fondle, to dandle, to faddle, to cocker.

AME'JOA, ou **AMEI'JOA**, *f. f.* a bivalve shell-fish, called a cockle. Lat. *cochlea*. From the Arabic article *al*, the, and *mencha*, a wave of the sea. French *petasque*.

AMEIJOA'DA, *f. f.* pasturage, or pasture ground.

Levar o gado á ameijoadá, to lead the cattle to pasture in the night.

Ameijoadá, a sort of shelter, wherein mule-drivers, &c. pass the night in their journey.

AMEIXA, **AMEIXIAL**, **AMEIXIEIRA**. See **AMEXA**, **AMEXIAL**, **AMEXIEIRA**.

AMEN, verily, so be it. Amen. It is usually added at the end of prayers, and graces. Hebrew.

AME'NDOA, *f. f.* an almond. From the Lat. *amygdalum*.

Amendoas torradas cubertas de açúcar, crisp almonds.

AMENDOADA, *f. f.* milk of sweet almonds, with the substance of melon, and pompion seeds, pressed into it, and then boiled with a little starch, till it grows to a consistence.

AMENDOE'IRA, *f. f.* an almond-tree.

AMENIDA'DE, *f. f.* amenity, pleasantness, delightfulness.

Amenidade, (metaph.) See **ELEGANCIA**.

AMENI'SSIMO, *a*, superl. of *Ameno*.

AME'NO, *a*, adj. pleasant, that is in a pleasant situation, delightful to the eye. Lat. *amenu*.

Ameno, affable, kind, courteous, civil.

AMENOS. See **MENOS**.

AMENTA. See **AMENTAR**.

AMENTA'DO, *a*, adj. enchanted, &c. See

AMENTAR *lobos*, *v. a.* (among herdsmen) to enchant wolves, that they may gather together, and kill another's cattle.

Amentar, to mention, to speak of, to name. From the Italian *mentovare*. It is only used among fish-women, herb-women, &c.

Amentar, is also for a parson to exhort his congregation, to pray for the souls of some deceased persons in particular; and this exhortation is called *amenta*, we called it anciently bidding of the beads.

A'MEOS, *f. m. p.* the herb ameos, or bishop's-weed.

AMERCEAR-SE, (obsolet.) See **COMPADECER-SE**.

AME'RICA, *f. f.* America, (so called from Americus Vespulius, who made a farther discovery than Columbus, anno 1497.) The fourth part of the world discovered in the year 1492.

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by the ever memorable and renowned Christopher Columbus, or more properly, according to some, Colon, a native of Genoa.

AMESTRA'DO, **AMESTRAR**. See **ENSINADO**, **ENSINAR**.

AMETA'DE, *f. f.* half, moiety.

AMETALLA'DO, *a*, adj. mixed with metal.

AMETISTA, *f. f.* ou **AMETISTO**, *f. m.* amethyst, a sort of precious stone.

AMEUDA'R, &c. See **AMIUDAR**, &c.

AME'XA, *f. f.* a plum. Lat. *prunum*. *Amexa, brava*. See **ABRUNHO**.

AMEXIA'L *f. m.* the place where the prune-trees grow, also a place in Alemtejo, wherein the Portuguese and Spanish armies, joined battle the 8th of June, 1663. The Portuguese under the command of the count of Villalor, carried the day.

AMEXIE'IRA, *f. f.* a plum-tree.

Amexieira brava. See **ABRUNHEIRO**.

AMEZENDA'DO, *a*, adj. that is unwilling to rise, or get up from bed, or from a seat, &c. See also

AMEZENDA'R-SE, *v. r.* (a vulg. w.) to sit down upon the ground, unmannerly.

A M F

AMFIBOLOGIA, **AMFIBOLOGICO**. See **AMPHIBOLOGIA**, **AMPHIBOLOGICO**.

A M I

AMIA'L, *f. m.* the place where the plants small withy, or osiers grow.

AMIA'NTO, *f. m.* amianthus, a sort of stone, called also earth-flax, or salamander's hair.

AMIG'SSIMO, *a*, superl. most intimate; also that is very fond of.

AMIC'IO, *f. m.* an amice; that is, a square linen cloth the priest ties about his neck, hanging down behind, under the albe, when he vests to say mass.

A'MIDO, *f. m.* starch.

AMIE'IRO, *f. m.* small withy, or osier.

AMIGA, *f. f.* a female friend; also a concubine, a mistress. See **AMIGO**.

AMIGA'DO, *a*, adj. See **AMANCEBADO**.

AMIGA'R-SE, *v. r.* See **AMANCEBAR-SE**.

AMIGUEMO-NOS, (a familiar expression,) let us be friends.

AMIGAVELME'NTE, adv. in a friendly manner, amicably.

AMIGDALAS. See **AMYGDALAS**.

AMIGO, *f. m.* a friend: Lat. *amicus*; also one that keeps a concubine, or mistress.

Amigo intimo, e de muyto tempo, a crony, an old crony.

Amigo intimo ou entranhavel, a bosom friend.

Ser amigo de alguma coisa, to love, to like, to have an inclination, or to be fond of a thing.

Elle he amigo do jogo, he loves gaming.

Ella

A M N

Ella é amiga da caça, she takes pleasure in hunting.
P. amigo de chapas, to have so much acquaintance with a man, as to take off one's hat to him, but not to converse with him.
P. casais de perto, e amigos de longe, even reckonings, make long friends.
P. em trabalhos se vem os amigos, a friend in need, is a friend indeed.
P. um prezo, nem cativo tem amigo; that is, the unhappy have neither friends nor relations.
P. diz ao amigo segredo, e por-te-ba o pé no pescoço, tell thy friend the secret, and he'll lay his foot on thy throat.
P. este é meu amigo, que mor no meu moinho, he is my friend who grindeth at my mill; or that shows me real kindness.
P. mais valem amigos na praça, que dinheiro na arca, we say; a friend in the way, is better than a penny in the purse.
AMIGUINHA, f. f. a little she friend (a word of endearment.)
AMIGUINHO, f. m. (a word of endearment among children) a dear friend, a loving friend.
AMIMADO, a, adj. fondled, &c. See **AMIMAR**, v. a. to fondle, to make much of, to tiddle, to tiddor, to dandle, &c. See **AMEIGAR**.
Amimar, to draw in, to allure, to wheedle by caresses, soft words, or kind usage.
AMI'TO. See **AMICTO**.
AMIUDA'DO, a, adj. done often, &c. See
AMIUDA'R, v. a. to do often the same thing.
Amindar as visitas, to visit often.
AMIUDAM ou **AMIUDAM-SE** os combatentes, they fight often.
AMIU'DE, ou **AMIUDO**, adv. often, often-times, frequently, not seldom.
Mais amiude, oftener.
O mais a-vide que passa-se, oftenest.
AMIZA'DE, f. f. friendship, amity. Lat. *amicitia*.
P. não se ha de quebrar a amizade por da cá aquella palha, fall not out with a friend for a trifle, or an inch breaks no squares.
Travár amizade com algum, to make friendship, to get into friendship with one.
Quebrar a amizade, to break off friendship.
Insinuar-se na amizade de alguém com desfeiza, to screw one's self into one's friendship.
Cultivar a amizade, to cultivate or improve friendship.

A M M

AMMARA'R. See **ENMARAR**.
AMMONI'ACO, f. m. gum ammoniac. *Sal ammoniac*, sal ammoniac.

A M N

A'MNIOS, f. m. amnios, or amnion, the coat, or soft skin which immediately covers the child in the womb. (In anatomy.)

A M O

AMNISTIA, f. f. amnesty, an act of oblivion, or a general pardon granted by a prince to subjects, for former offences.

A M O

A'MO, f. m. a master, one who has servants. Opposed to servant, or man. *Amo* was formerly used for a governor, tutor, or one who has care of a young man.
P. beira de dos amos o que se faz aos criados, the honour done to servants, redounds to their masters.
P. tão bom he pedro como seu amo, like master, like man.
P. não he ter meço, mas peor he ter amo, it is a bad thing to keep a servant, but it is worse to have a master and serve him.
AMOCECA'DO, a, adj. notched, &c. See
AMOCEGA'R, v. a. to jagg, to notch, to make a notch, to beat dents in swords, &c.
AMOEDA'DO, a, adj. minted, coined, stamped, made into money. *Prata amedada*, coined silver. *Que ainda não está amedado*, uncoined.
AMOEDA'R, v. a. to mint, to coin, to stamp money.
AMOESTACAM, &c. See **ADMOESTACAM**.
AMOESTAME'NTO, f. m. See **ADMOESTACAM**.
AMOFINA'DO, a, adj. vexed, &c. See
AMOFINA'R, v. a. to vex, to harass, to weary out, to fatigue with uneasiness, to fret, to make angry, to chafe, to grieve, to afflict, to tease.
Amofinar-se, v. r. to fret and chafe, to grow angry, to grieve, to be fretted, or grieved.
AMOIDAM. See **AMIDO**.
AMOJA DO, a, adj. milked.
AMOJA'R, v. a. to milk.
AMOJO, f. m. ex. *Teta com amajo*, an udder filled up with milk. Lat. *discentum ubi*.
AMOLADO'R, f. m. a whetter, one that whets, sharpens, or grinds.
AMOLA DO, a, adj. grinded, &c. See **AMOLAR**.
AMOLADU'RA, f. f. grinding, sharpening by grinding on a grind-stone.
AMOLA'R, v. a. to grind, to sharpen, to whet.
Amelar buma faca, to grind a knife.
Pedra de amolar, a grind-stone, a whet-stone.
AMOLDA'DO, a, adj. cast in a mould.
AMOLDA'R, v. a. to cast in a mould. From *molda*, a mould.
AMOLGA'DO, a, adj. squashed, &c. See **AMOLGAR**.
AMOLGADU'RA, f. f. squashing; also the hollow that remains after any blow, or hard compresure.
AMOLGA'R ou **ABOLA'R**, v. a. to squash, to crush, to beat, to bruise. Lat. Ital. *ammacare*.
Amolgar, (metaph.) to stagger, to shake,

A M O

to make to stagger, to make less steady, or confident.
Amelgar, (metaph.) to humble, to subdue, to crush.
AMOLLECE'R, to soften, to grow less hard; also to soften, to grow less cruel, to be touched, softened, or moved. (metaph.)
AMOLLECI'DO, a, adj. softened, &c. according to the verb *Amollecere*.
AMOLLENTA'DO, a, adj. softened, made soft.
AMOLLENTA'R, v. a. to soften, to make soft.
AMONI'ACO. See **AMMONIACO**.
AMONIR. See **ADMOESTAR**.
AMONTOA'DO, a, adj. heaped up.
AMONTOA'R, v. a. to heap up, to pile up, to amass, to hoard up.
AMO'R, f. m. love, affection, friendship. Lat. *amor*.
Amor, an affection or passion for any thing in general.
Amor divino, heavenly love.
O amor de deos, the love of God.
Amor de pay, paternal love.
Amor Platonico, Platonic love, a pure spiritual affection. (So called of Plato the divine philosopher.)
Amor proprio, self-love, selfishness.
Amor mundano, earthly love, human affection.
Amor das riquezas, the love of riches.
Amor, love, the passion which a person of one sex has for another of a different sex.
O deos do amor ou Cupido, love, or Cupid, the god of love.
Amor, love, the object loved.
Eu tenho visto o vosso amor, I have seen your love.
Que tem perdido o seu amor, ou amante, lovelorn.
Ter amores com alguém, to be in love with one.
Temar amores, to fall in love.
Carta de amores, a love-letter.
Bebida que causa amor, a love-potion, an amatory potion.
De amor, pertencente ao amor, ou que causa amor, amatory.
Cantiga de amores, ou amoresa, love-song.
Cento de amores, ou amoresa, love-tale.
Que tem mal de amores, love-sick.
Que não tem amor, ou sem amor, loveless.
Por amor de deos, for God's sake, for the love of God.
Por amor de mim, for my sake, out of love to me.
P. furta o carnsiro, e dar es péc pro amor de deos, we say: to steal a goose, and give the giblets in alms.
P. amor, e reino não quer parcsiro, love and lordship, never like fellowship. The Lat. say, *nec regnu ferre socium, nec læda socium*.
P. amor, e senberia, não quer companhia, idem.
P. amor não tem ly, love will creep, where it cannot go.
Amor de ortelão, the herb called burdock.
Amor perfeito, the herb trinity, or heart's-ease.

AMORA,

A M O

AMORA, f. f. a mulberry; from the Lat. *morum*.
AMORA DO. See **AUZENTE**.
AMORAVELME'NTE, adv. lovingly, kindly.
AMOREIRA, f. f. the mulberry-tree. Lat. *morus*.
AMOREIRA'L, f. m. the place where in the mulberry trees grow.
AMORES, the plur. of *amor*, commonly taken in the worst sense, for a lewd, amorous passion. See **AMOR**.
Os primeiros amores, the first inclinations.
AMORICOS, f. m. p. love-tricks.
AMORIM, a sort of pear, so called.
AMORNA DO, a, adj. lukewarm, made lukewarm.
AMORNA'R, v. a. to make lukewarm.
AMOROSAME'NTE, adv. amorously, lovingly.
AMOROSO, a, adj. loving, kind, mild, gentle. See also **MACIO**.
Amoroso, amorous, amatory, pertaining to love.
Cantiga amorosa, a love-song.
Olhar com olhos amorosos, ou risinhos, to smicker, to look amorously, to smirk.
AMORSINHO, f. m. (a word of endearment) a little or poor heart. Lat. *corculum*; it is also taken for Cupid.
AMORTALHA DO, a, adj. shrouded, put into a shroud; it is also said of a widow in her mourning veil, or of a friar in his religious habit. (metaph.)
AMORTALHA'R, v. a. to put into a shroud for burial, to shroud, to dress for the grave; from *mortalha*, a shroud.
AMORTECE'R, v. n. to swoon, or faint away; to be as it were dead.
Amortecer-se, v. r. idem.
AMORTECI DO, a, adj. swooned, or fainted away.
Carnes amortecidas, dead flesh, that is not sensible of pain.
Luz amortecida, glimmer, faint splendor, weak light.
AMORTISAÇAM, f. f. amortisation, amortisement, the act of turning lands into mortmain. (In law)
AMOSTRA, f. f. a pattern, a sample, also a picture drawn upon oiled paper with one colour only. (Among painters)
AMOSTRADO, &c. See **MOSTRADO**, &c.
AMOT'A, f. f. a sort of sluice for keeping the water of the Tagus from overflowing the neighbouring grounds.
AMOTAR arvores, v. a. (in husbandry) to lay earth to the roots of trees.
AMOTINA DO, a, adj. revolted, risen against, &c. See **AMOTINAR**.
AMOTINADO'R, f. m. a mutineer, a mover of sedition.
AMOTINAR, v. n. to mutiny, to raise a mutiny, to move sedition.
AMUCOS, f. m. p. a sort of rash people in India.

A M P

A M P

AMPARA DO, a, adj. protected, &c. according to the verb *amparar*.
Lugar amparado, ou abrigado, a shelter, a safe place against bad weather.
AMPARA'R, v. a. to protect, to shelter, to defend, to abet, or support. See also **ABRIGAR**.
Amparar velhacos, to countenance rogues.
O que ampara, a protector, a countenancer.
AMPARO, f. m. protection, defence, support, countenance. See **ABRIGO**.
Sem amparo, ou que não tem amparo, forlorn, forsaken, left comfortless.
AMPELU'SA, f. f. (a Greek word signifying plenty of grapes) Cape Spartel, a promontory on the Barbary coast in Africa, at the entrance of the strait of Gibraltar, between Arzila and Tangier. It is also taken for the whole Mauritania, or coast of Barbary, in Africa. It is only used by poets, because they call it commonly *Ponta de Alcacer*, or *Cabo de Espartel*.
AMPHIBIO, a, adj. Amphibious, that lives both upon the land and water. It is also used as a substantive for any amphibious creature, as frogs, &c.
AMPHIBOLOGIA, f. f. amphibology.
AMPHIBOLOGICO, a, adj. amphibological, doubtful.
AMPHISBENA ou AMPHISIBENA, f. f. amphibena, a smaller kind of serpent, which moveth forward and backward, and is supposed to have two heads, one at either extreme.
AMPHISCIOS, f. m. p. Amphiscii, the inhabitants of the torrid zone; so called because their shadows at different times of the year fall both ways, viz. both toward the north and south poles.
AMPHITEATRO, f. m. amphitheatre, an edifice of the Romans, in form either oval or round.
AMPHITRITE, f. f. the daughter of Nereus, or Oceanus, by the nymph Doris; she is by the poets sometimes taken for the sea.
AMPLAME'NTE, adv. amply, fully, copiously.
AMPLASTICO. See **EMPLASTICO**.
AMPLE'XO. See **ABRAÇO**.
AMPLIADO'R, f. m. an improver, one that makes any thing better.
AMPLIA DO, a, adj. amplified.
AMPLIA'R, v. a. to amplify, to enlarge, to make wider, to improve, to better.
Ampliar o poder, to amplify the power.
Ampliar os seus dominios, to enlarge one's dominions.
Ampliar a lingua com muitas palavras, to enrich a language, to make it more copious.
Ampliar as fortunas, ou ampliar os bens, e fazenda, to better one's fortune, to improve one's estate.

A M U

AMPLIFICAÇAM, f. f. (with rhetoricians) amplification, an amplifying or enlarging upon an argument.
AMPLIFICA DO, a, adj. amplified, &c. See **AMPLIFICAR**.
AMPLIFICADO'R, f. m. amplifier, one that enlarges, or amplifies with a large display of the best circumstances; also an improver, one that improves, or makes any thing better.
AMPLIFICAR, v. a. to amplify with a large display of the best circumstances; also to improve, to make any thing better.
Amplificar, to enlarge, to extend.
Amplificar a sua conquista, to extend one's conquest.
Amplificar o evangelho, to propagate the gospel.
AMPLITU'D ou AMPLITU'DE, f. f. amplitude, extent, largeness.
AMPLITUDE do sol, ou das estrelas, (in astronomy) the amplitude of the sun, or stars.
Amplitude ortiva, eastern amplitude.
Amplitude occidua, western amplitude.
AMPLO, a, adj. ample, large, wide.
Ampl. discursão, a copious speech, or discourse.
Materia ampla, a wide, or ample field of matter wherein to expatiate, or to discourse upon.
Ampl. ample, without restriction.
AMPO'LA. See **EMPOLA**. See also **AMBULA**, and **GALHETA**.
Ampola. (Among the Abyssines.) See **TENDA**, and **PAVELHAM**.
AMPOLHETA, f. f. a glass used in measuring time by the running of sand in it.
Ampolheta de huma hora, an hour-glass.

A M S

AMSTERDAM, Amsterdam, or Amsteldam, the capital of the United Provinces.

A M U

AMUA DO, a, adj. furly, silently, angry, &c. See
AMUA'R, v. n. to take a pet, to be in a pet, to be silently angry. It is properly said of children.
Amuar, ou obstar-se, to be stubborn.
Amuar-se, to take a pet, &c. See **AMUAR**.
AMULATA DO, a, adj. like a mulatto; that is, tawny, like one that is born of a black and a white.
AMULETICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to an amulet. See
AMULETO, f. m. amulet, a sort of physical composition, or charm, to wear about a person's neck, as a preservative against plague, poison, enchantment, or to remove diseases, &c.
AMU'RA, f. f. (a sea term) the main tack, which is a great rope in a ship seized into the clew of the sail to carry forward the clew of the sail, and

A N A

and to make it stand close by a wind.

AMURA'DAS, f. f. p. the high sides within the ship.

A M Y

AMIDO. See **AMIDO**.

AMIGDALAS, f. f. p. (in anatomy) amygdalæ, the almonds of the ears.

A N A

A'NA, *ou Anna*, f. f. an ell, a sort of measure used in the northern countries. From the French *anne*, an ell.

Ana de Londres, an English ell; that is, one Portuguese *covado*, and $\frac{1}{2}$. See **COPADO**.

Aná, (in physicians bills) *ana*; it is used to signify that an equal quantity of each ingredient is to be taken in compounding the medicine.

ANÁ *cusca*, dwarf-fish.

Galinha aná, a dwarf-hen. *Arvores anás*, dwarf-trees.

ANABAPTISTAS, f. m. p. anabaptists, a sect of christians.

ANACÁ'DO, *a*, adj. agitated, beaten, &c. See

ANACÁ'R, *v. a.* to beat or mix things by long agitation.

Anacar a clara de bum ovo, to beat the white of an egg.

Anacar, to tempest, to disturb as by a tempest.

Ventos que anacão as agoas do oceano, tempestuous winds that swell the waters of the ocean.

ANACARDI'NA, f. f. the confectio made with the fruit called anacardium.

ANACÁ'RDO, f. m. anacardium, a bean in Malacca, growing in the form of a sheep's heart.

ANACEPHALÉ'OSE. See **RECAPITULAÇAM**.

Fazer anacephalose, to anacephalize, to repeat the heads of a matter.

ANACHORE'TA, *ou ANACORE'TA*, f. m. an anchorite, an hermit, a solitary man.

ANACHORI'TICO, *a*, adj. hermetical.

ANACHRONISMO, f. m. anachronism.

ANADE'L, **ANNADE'M**, *ou ANHADEL*, f. m. a captain, a commander. (Obsol.)

ANAFÁ'DO, *a*, adj. that has a smooth coat. (Speaking of horses, mules, &c.)

ANAFAYA, f. f. the first silk yarn spun by the silk-worm after the manner of a labyrinth upon a branch.

ANAFEGA, f. f. See **MAÇÃ**, and **MACEIRA**.

ANAFIL, f. m. a Moorish trumpet.

Trigo anafil, a sort of wheat that comes from Barbary; it is also taken for any sort of good wheat.

ANAGOÁ, f. f. a smicket, a woman's under-garment of linen.

A N A

ANAGO'GICO, *a*, adj. anagogical.

ANAGO'GICOS, f. m. p. speeches, or prayers that exalt the mind to divine contemplations.

ANAGRAMMA, f. m. anagram.

O que faz anagrammas, an anagrammatist.

Fazer anagrammas, to anagrammatize, to make anagrams.

ANALE'CTOS, f. m. p. analecta, scraps collected out of authors.

ANALE'MMA, (in astronomy) analemma.

ANALOGI'A, f. f. analogy.

ANALOGICAME'NTE, adv. analogically.

ANALOGI'SMO, f. m. (with physicians) analogism, a comparison of causes relating to a disease.

ANA'LOGO, *a*, adj. analogous.

Análogo, f. m. analogy.

ANALYSIS, f. f. analysis, the severing a matter into its parts.

ANALY'TICO, *a*, adj. analytical, or analytic.

Arte Analytica, analytics, or analytical art, a name given to algebra.

ANANA'S, f. m. ananas, or pine-apple, so called from its resembling cones of the pine-tree. No fruit equals the ananas in delicious flavour.

ANAM, f. m. a dwarf. See **ANÁ**.

ANAPE'STO, f. m. anapestus, a foot that has the two first syllables short, and last long, as *pietas*.

Verso composto de anapestos, an anapestic verse.

ANA'PHORA, f. f. anaphora, a repetition or figure, when several clauses of a sentence begin with the same word.

ANARCHI'A, *ou ANARQUIA*, f. f. anarchy, want of all government in a state or nation.

ANASA'RCA, f. f. (with physicians) anasarca, a sort of dropsy.

ANASTOMO'SIS, (with physicians) anastomosis, a loosening or opening, such an aperture in the vessels as lets out the contents.

ANA'STROPHE, f. f. anastrophe, a figure, when that word which should follow is set foremost; *Italianum contra*.

ANATHEMA, f. m. anathema, a sort of ecclesiastical excommunication.

Anathema sit, let him be anathematized.

Anathema, a sacrifice, a victim.

ANATHEMATIZADO, *a*, adj. anathematized.

ANATHEMATIZA'R, *v. a.* to anathematize, to excommunicate; also to curse.

ANATOMI'A, f. f. anatomy, a neat dissection, or cutting up the body of man or beast, whereby the parts are severally discovered and explained, for the use of physic and natural philosophy; also anatomy, the art of anatomizing.

Fazer anatomia. See **ANATOMIZAR**.

A N C

Anatomia de ossos, anatomy, a thin measure person.

ANATOMICO, *a*, adj. anatomical.

ANATOMIZA'DO, *a*, adj. anatomized.

ANATOMIZA'R, *v. a.* to anatomize, to dissect an animal; also to anatomize, to pry into, to search, to lay any thing open distinctly. (metaph)

ANATOMI'STA, f. m. an anatomist.

ANAZARCA. See **ANASARCA**.

A N C

ANCA, f. f. the hip, the upper part of the thigh.

Anca, ou garupa do cavallo, the hip or buttock of a horse.

Andar nas ancas, to ride on the rump, or to ride behind another.

Cavalle que sefre ancas, a horse that carries double.

ANCHO'VA, f. f. an anchovy.

ANCIA. See **ANSIA**.

ANCIANIDA'DE, f. f. ancientry, ancientness, seniority, eldership, dignity of birth.

ANCIAM, f. m. a venerable old man.

ANCI'NHO, f. m. (in husbandry) a rake.

ANCO, f. m. elbow, any flexure or angle in general. Greek.

Antos de pedra, elbows of stone.

Fazer anto ou cotovelo, to elbow, to jut out in angles.

ANCORA, f. f. an anchor. Lat.

Ancora mayor, ou da esperança, the sheet-anchor.

Ancora de reboque, a kedger, a kedger-anchor.

Argela da ancora, the ring of an anchor.

Unha da ancora, the flook of an anchor.

Lançar ancora, to cast, to drop anchor, to touch.

Levar, ou levantar a ancora, to hoist, or to weigh anchor.

Estar sobre ancora, to be, to lie, or to ride at anchor.

Garrar a ancora, to drive; that is, when an anchor does not hold fast, and the ship drags it away.

Mettir a ancora na lancha, to boat the anchor.

Todas as ancoras pertencentes a bum navio, anchorage, the set of anchors belonging to a ship.

Estar a ancora a pique, is for the anchor to be a-peek.

Páo atravessado junto da argela da ancora, the wooden stock of an anchor.

ANCORA'DO, *a*, adj. anchored, that rides at anchor, that is holden fast with the anchor.

ANCORADO'URO, f. m. anchorage, or anchoring, ground apt or fit to hold the anchor of a ship, so that she cannot drive.

ANCORA'JEM, f. f. the action of anchoring; see also **ANCORADOURO**.

Ancorajem, anchorage, a duty paid to the king for the privilege of casting anchor in a pool or haven.

ANCO-

A N D

ÂNCORAR, v. n. to anchor, to cast anchor, to ride at anchor.
Âncorar, v. a. to hold a ship by casting anchor.
ÂNCOROTE, f. m. a kedger, a small anchor; also an anchor, a small cask, or vessel.

A N Ç

ÂNGARUNHA, f. f. the herb called hemlock.

A N D

ANDABATAS, f. m. p. andabatz, a sort of gladiators who fought hood-winked.
ANDAÇO, f. m. a catching, or contagious disease, an epidemical disease, as small-pox, &c. From *andar*, to go; because it is communicable from one to another.
Há hum andaço de bexigas muito grande, the small-pox is very rife.
ANDADO, a, adj. walked over.
ANDADOR, f. m. a great walker.
Andador, he that carries the funeral bills about, to such as are invited to the funeral.
Andader, a go-cart for children.
ANDADORA. See **ANDEJA**.
ANDADURA, f. f. going, walking, gait, or way of going.
Cavalleiro de andadura, a pacing horse.
ANDALME, f. m. a scaffold for masons, &c.
Pão do andaime, que se mette no agulheiro da parede, a putlock, or putlog, that piece of timber to be put in a hole in building of scaffolds.
Pão do andaime perpendicular ao horizonte, e paralelo ao edificio, a ledger, that piece that lies parallel to the side of the building.
Andaime, a set of sails for a ship. They call it also *andaina*, but then it is feminine.
ANDANTE. See **VIANDANTE**.
Cavalleiro andante, a knight-errant.
Andante, (in heraldry) it is said of bealls represented as if they were a-going.
ANDAR, v. n. to go, to walk, to march. Lat. *ambulare*.
Andar, to be at, or about something.
Elle anda trabalhando em huma grande obra, he is about a great piece of work.
Andar, to be, or do, in point of health.
Andar bom, to be well, to be in health.
Andar a pé, to walk, to go on foot.
Andar de pé, to be sickly, or indisposed, but not bed-ridden.
Andar a cavallo, to ride on horse-back.
Andar pela posta, to ride, or go post.
Andar em coche, to ride in a coach.
Andar à vela, to sail.
Andar pela belina, to sail with a side-wind.
Andar para diante, to go forward, to go on.
Andar para traz, to go backward.

A N D

Andar a tras de alguém, to follow, to press, to solicit a person.
Andar às apalpadellas, to grope along, to grope or feel one's way.
Andar com o tempo, to go according to the times.
Andar pejada, to be with child, or big with child.
Andar sabida, (speaking of a bitch) to be proud.
Andar perdido, to go astray.
Andar com honra, to behave or act like an honest man.
Andar de esquelha, to go sideling.
Andar de mal para peor, out of the frying-pan into the fire.
Andar de reixa com alguém, to bear one a grudge, to have a spleen against him, to owe him a spite.
Andar de galope, to gallop.
Andar em corpo, to be in cuerpo, or to be without the upper coat or cloak, so as to discover the true shape of the cuerpo, or body.
Anda o mundo às avessas, the world is come about.
Andar a grandes passos, to walk at a great rate.
Andar a passos lentos, to walk very slowly.
Andar espalhados, to lie about or scatteringly, to scatter, to be dispersed, or disseminated.
Andar de gatinhas, to go crawling, to crawl, to go upon all four.
Andar de cócaras, to go on one's breech, to go resting on the hips.
Andar dizendo, to publish, to report, to disseminate, to scatter or spread abroad.
Andar arrastado, to be in a mean condition, or full of troubles, to be behind-hand in the world.
Andar de manso, sem fazer estrondo, to go softly, or on tip-toe.
Andar fiado em, to trust, to depend, or rely upon.
Nisso he que elle anda fiado, he goes upon that.
Anda, go, go away.
Andar de baixo para cima, ou de huma banda para outra, to go up and down; to ramble about, to go from place to place, to gad.
Andar quatro milhas em huma hora, v. a. to go four miles in an hour.
Como andais? How goes your health?
Andar á redá do mundo, to go about the world.
Andar em chinelas, to wear slippers, to go in slippers.
Elle sempre anda bem vestido, he always goes in very good clothes.
Andar fazendo, to be about something.
Que andais fazendo? What are you about?
Assim anda o mundo, so the world goes.
Andar a tras de alguma coisa com grande desejo de alcança-la, to hanker after a thing.
Parece que anda triste, he looks sad.
Parecevo que eu não hei de amar Pamela

A N D

quando ella andar triste, como quando anda alegre? Do you think I shall not love a sad Pamela so well as a joyful one?
Andar de noite, to walk in the night.
Andar aos paos, ou andar á tuna, to gad, to straggle about without any settled purpose, loosely and idly.
Andar buscando, to look, or to be looking for.
Andar ao paio. See **PAIRAR**, and **PAIRO**.
Hir andando, to proceed, to step, or go forward, to go on, to advance; also to make shift.
Vamos andando, let us step forward; also, so so, indifferently, we make just shift to live.
Andar, an interjection. ex. *Andar, seja a que*, for, well, let it be as it will.
Andar-se, v. imp. ex. *Anda-se em procura delle*, they are looking for him.
Elle andava-se preparando, he was getting himself ready.
P. andar, andar, &c. See **BEIRA**.
Andar, f. m. the gait, walk, or way of walking. See also **SOBRADO**.
Coubeça-a pelo andar, I know him by his gait.
Pôr-se no andar da rua, to go out of doors.
Com o andar do tempo, at long run.
ANDARES, f. m. p. ex. *Tive com elle muitos andares e tomares*, I had many disputes with him.
ANDARILHO, ou **ANDARIM**, f. m. a running footman.
ANDAS, f. f. p. a bier, to carry the dead, or rather the two poles belonging to it. See also **LITEIRA**.
ANDEJO, a, adj. fisking.
ANDEIRA, ou **ANDEJA** mulher, a gossip, a tattling woman, a fisking woman.
ANDILHAS, f. f. p. a saddle with a frame standing up about it, for women to ride on, and be kept from falling, or to ease themselves against.
ANDOR, f. m. a bier to carry images in procession.
Andor, (in India) a sort of sedan or chair to be carried in.
ANDORINHA, f. f. a swallow. Lat. *hirundo*.
P. nem hum dedo faz má, nem huma andorinha veras, we say, one swallow does not make summer. Horace says, *una hirundo non facit ver*.
Gazeir a andorinha, to chirp as a swallow.
Erva andorinha, celandine, the herb otherwise called swallow-wort, on account of a tradition, that swallows make use of it as a medicine for the eye-sight.
ANDRAJO, f. m. a rag, a clout. Greek.
ANDRAJO'SO, a, adj. ragged, tattered.
ANDRE, f. m. Andrew, a proper name of a man.
Cavalleiros de Santo Andre, the knights of St. Andrew, in Scotland, established

A N G

blished by king Achaicus, A. C. 809; called also knights of the Thistle. It is also an order instituted by Peter the Great of Muscovy, A. C. 1689. **ANDRINO cavallo**, a damson coloured horse. From the Spanish *andrina*, a damson. **ANDROGINO**, f. m. an hermaphrodite. Greek. **ANDURRIAS**, f. m. p. (obsolet.) frequented ways or passages.

A N E

ANECDO'TO, f. m. anecdote, something yet unpublished, a secret history, such as relates to the secret affairs of kings and princes. **ANEGAÇA**. See **NEGAÇA**. **ANEL** f. m. a ring. Lat. *annulus*. **Anel do cabello**, a curl, a twirl, or ringlet of hair. **Anel de saturno**, (in astronomy) the ring of saturn, a solid circular arch and plane, like the horizon of an artificial globe, which entirely encompasses that planet, but does not touch it.

Dar o anel, to betroth. **Obra feita por mãos de anéis**, a woman's work.

ANELAR, v. n. to fetch one's breath quick and short, to breathe short, and with difficulty. Lat. *anelare*.

Anelar, (metaph.) to hanker after a thing. See **ASPIRAR**.

ANELINHO, ou **ANELZINHO**, f. m. a little ring.

ANELITO, f. m. shortness of breath.

ANELO, a, adj. greedy, covetous.

ANEMONE, f. m. the anemony or wind-flower; the principal colours of it are white, red, blue, and sometimes purple, curiously intermixed.

ANE'VE, f. m. the ring of an anchor.

ANEURISMA, m. and f. aneurism, or aneurism, a morbid dilatation of an artery, attended with a continued pulsation and tumor, which yields if pressed by the finger, but instantly recoils. (With physicians.)

ANEXA'DO, *anexar*, &c. See **ANNEX-ADO**, **ANNEXAR**, &c.

ANEXIM, f. m. quibble, drollery, raillery, a low conceit.

A M F

AMFIBOLOGIA, &c. See **AMPHIBOLOGIA**, &c.

AMFITHEATRO. See **AMPHITHEATRO**.

A N F

ANFIAM, f. m. so they call the landanum in India.

A N G

ANGE'LICA, f. f. angelica, the name of a well known plant, of which the species are, 1. Common or manured angelica. 2. Greater wild angelica. 3. Shining Canada angelica. 4. Mountain perennial angelica with columbine leaves: also the proper name of a woman.

Angelica, ou **tuberosa**, tuberosa, a kind of white sweet-smelling flower.

A N G

Angelica, f. f. a sort of ratalia. French *angelique*.

ANGELICA'L, adj. angelical, angel.

ANGELICAME'NTE, adv. angel-like.

ANGE'LICO, a, adj. See **ANGELICAL**.

ANGELIM, f. m. a tree in Brazil, bearing a nut of the shape and bigness of an egg; the powder of it, taken in a small quantity, expels worms in the belly. Ray's Hist. of Plants, v. *Andira*.

ANGI'NA, f. f. a disease of the throat, called the squinancy, squincy, or quincy; an inflammation of the jaws stopping the breath.

ANGO'LA, f. f. a kingdom of Congo or Lower Guinea, in Africa. Here almost all European nations resort, in order to purchase slaves for their American plantations. In the lakes of Angola, are Hippotami, or river horses. This country, the Portuguese (to whom it belongs) have rendered very fruitful. The natives give it the name of Dongo; and anciently it had the appellation of Ambonde, which is not yet quite out of use.

ANGRA, f. f. a creek, bay, or station for ships.

Angra, f. f. the metropolis of the islands of the Azores, or Western Islands. Its harbour is at the bottom of a small bay, between two points of land, one of which is situated to the W. and the other to the E. upon the former of these points of land, stands the castle of St. Sebastian; and on the latter, namely, upon a high hill called Monte do Brazil, that of St. John Baptista; and this is the castle where king Alphonso, was confined by his brother Peter, in the year 1668. Angra was erected into a city in the year 1533.

ANGUI'A, f. f. See **ENGUIA**.

ANGULA'R, adj. angular.

ANGULO, f. m. an angle, a corner.

Angulo, (in geometry) an angle, a space comprehended between the meeting of two lines; so that if prolonged, they would cut one another, and so form another angle upon the back of the first.

Angulo recto, a right angle.

Angulo obtuso, an obtuse angle.

Angulo agudo, an acute angle.

Angulo obliquo, an oblique angle, such which is either acute or obtuse, in opposition to right angles.

Angulo sacado, (in fortification) angle saillant, or that advances with its point towards the country, as the angle of the counterscarp before the point of a bastion; also called Sortant and Nif.

Angulo que recolhe para dentro, (in fortification) angle re-entering, angle reentrant, or that angle that points towards the body of the place.

Angulo ou ponta de hum baluarte, entre duas faces, an angle or point of a bastion, between two faces.

A N I

Angulo, (with printers) caret, a character in this form (x) which denotes there is something to be inserted or included, which ought to have come in where the character is placed.

ANGULO'SO, a, adj. See **ANGULAR**.

ANGURRIA, f. f. the strangury, difficulty in making water.

ANGUSTIA, f. f. anguish, pain, trouble. Lat.

ANGUSTIA'DO, a, adj. in anguish, in pain. See the verb

ANGUSTIAR, v. a. to trouble, vex, or afflict.

ANGUSTIAR-SE, v. r. to be vexed; or grieved.

A N H

ANHADE'L, } See { **ANADEL**.

ANHELA'R, } See { **ANELAR**.

ANHE'LITO, } See { **ANELITO**.

A'NHO, f. m. a lamb. From the Lat. *agnus*.

ANHO'TO, a, adj. ex. *Não agneta*, a ship that is continually upon a voyage to and fro, a packet-boat. Some say it means a hulling ship.

A N I

ANYI'NHO, f. m. a little angel.

ANIL, f. m. indigo, or indico, a plant that grows in the East and West Indies, whose leaves prepared, are used in dying, for a blue colour.

ANILA'DO, a, adj. dyed with anil. See also **ESMALTADO**.

ANIMAÇAM, f. f. the infusion of the soul into the body.

ANIMA'DO, a, adj. that has received life, or soul; animated, encouraged; kindled, (speaking of fire.)

ANIMA'L, f. m. an animal, any living creature; commonly taken for a beast, or for a brutish man.

Animal, adj. belonging to sensation.

Animas domesticos, tame, mild beasts, that will come to hand.

Animas bravos, game, beasts for hunting.

Animas ferozes, wild and fierce beasts.

Animas que andam de rasto, creeping beasts.

ANIMALE'JO, f. m. a little animal, or creature.

ANIMA'R, v. a. to give life.

Animar, to hearten, to encourage, to embolden, to animate.

Animar, to cause the plants to bud, or sprout out.

ANI'ME, ou *seja especie de gomma cheirosa*, the sweet gum called gum anime; it is rather a resin of a large tree, white, and drawing towards the colour of frankincense, and brought over in small pieces like it, but somewhat larger, of a very fragrant scent, and laid on the coals soon burns; it is brought both from the East and West Indies. Monardes. It is good against head-achs, proceeding from any cold cause, burning it, and airing head-cloaths with it.

A'NIMO, f. m. soul, spirit.

Animo, courage, heart, valour, resolution,

ANN

tion, boldness; also intention, meaning, purpose, design.
Cobrar animo, to recover one's spirits.
Perder animo, to prove faint-hearted, to be discouraged.
Fazer-se animo, to cheer up, to pluck up a good heart.
Dar animo, to encourage.
Animo sobre, a great soul.
Grandeza de animo, magnanimity, greatness of soul, spirit.
Vilza de animo, faint heartedness, sneakingness.
Animo, cheer up, on, (for to exhort.)
ANIMOSAMENTE, adv. courageously, stoutly, valiantly, briskly, boldly, resolutely.
ANIMOSIDADE, f. f. insolence, sauciness; but it is not much used in this sense.
Animosidade, valour, courage, heart, boldness; also animosity, grudge, spite, ill-will.
ANIMOSO, a, adj. brave, stout, valiant, courageous.
ANINAR, v. a. to lull, to entice to sleep by singing, as a nurse does her child. From *nina*, *nina*, which answers to our by-by-lullaby.
ANINHAR-SE, v. refl. to nestle.
A'NJO, f. m. angel, a messenger from heaven.
Anjo da guarda, tutelary angel, guardian angel.
Cara de anjo, a charming face.
Voz de anjo, angelical voice.
Ser, eu ficar anjo, (a familiar phrase) it is said of people that knows nothing of the matter in question.
Anjo, scate, a sea-fish.
ANQUILA'DO. See *ANNIQUILA'DO*.
ANQUILA'R. See *ANNIQUILAR*.

ANN

A'NNA, f. f. Anne, the proper name of a woman. See also *GUADIANA*.
Dia de santa Anna, St. Anne's day.
Anna, ou *Anna perenna*, (among the ancient Romans) Anna Perenna, the daughter of Belus, and sister of Dido, the nymph of the river Numicius.
Anna, Anna, a city of Asia, in Arabia Petrea, on the west bank of the river Euphrates.
ANNADE'M. See *ANADEL*.
ANNAES, f. m. p. annals, or yearly chronicles.
ANNA L, f. m. ex. *Hum annal de missas*, an annate, or annat, masses said in the Romish church for the space of a year, either for the soul of a person deceased, or for the benefit of a person living.
ANNALISTA, f. m. annalist, one who composes annals.
ANNA'TA, f. f. annat, or annate, the first fruits of ecclesiastical benefices, being the value of one year's profit, paid to the pope, but now to the king in England.
ANNA'TISTA, f. m. an officer employed about the annates.

ANN

ANNEL. See *ANEL*.
ANNE'XA, f. f. the annexation, or uniting of a land or rent, to another land or rent.
ANNEXA'CAM, f. f. annexation.
ANNEXA'DO, a, adj. annexed.
ANNEXA'R, v. a. to annex, or join one thing to another.
ANNE'XO, a, adj. annexed.
ANNIQUILA'CAM, f. f. annihilation.
ANNIQUILA'DO, a, adj. annihilated.
ANNIQUILA'R, v. a. to annihilate, to bring or turn to nothing, to destroy utterly.
ANNIQUILA'R-SE, v. r. to be turned into nothing, also to humble one's self entirely.
ANNIVERSA'RIO, a, adj. anniversary, done annually, or every year at a certain time.
Aniversário, f. m. (with Romanists) an anniversary, a yearly obit or service said by a popish priest, once every year, for a person deceased.
A'NNO, f. m. year, twelve-month.
Dia de anno bom, new-year's-day.
Cada anno, every year, yearly.
De anno em anno, from year to year.
No fim do anno, at the year's end.
Hir entrando em annos, to grow old, to grow in years.
Huma vez cada anno, once a year.
De dois em dois annos, every other year.
De tres em tres annos, every third year.
Anno-solar, a solar year.
Anno-lunar, a lunar year.
Anno-astronomico, astronomical year.
Anno-tropico, tropical year.
Anno civil, civil year.
Annos climatericos, climacterical years, or certain observable years, which are supposed to be attended with some great mutation of life or fortune; as the seventh year, the twenty-first (made up of three times seven); the twenty-seventh (made up of three times nine); and the eighty-first (made up of nine times nine); thus every seventh, or ninth year is said to be climacterical.
Os grandes annos climatericos, the grand climacterics, the sixty-third and eighty-first years, wherein, if any sickness happens, it is accounted very dangerous.
Anno-emergente. See *EPOCA*.
Anno-Platonico, Platonic year, that is every 36,000th year, at which time some philosophers imagined that all persons and things, should return to the same state, as they now are.
Anno do jubileo, or *anno santo*, a solemnity first instituted by pope Boniface VIII. in the year 1300, who ordained it to be kept every hundredth year; afterwards Clement IV. ordered one to be kept every fifty years; and Sixtus IV. one to be kept every twenty-fifth year.
Anno bissexto, bissextile, or leap-year, which happens every fourth year.
Anno bom, (i. e. the good or happy new year) Annobon, so called by the

ANO

Portuguese, on account of their discovering it upon new-year's-day; it is one of the African islands, and situated to the E. of St. Matthew. It lies almost 210 miles from the coast of Loango, in the kingdom of Congo, in Africa. The Voyages of the Dutch East-India company make it only two leagues in circuit.
ANNO'SO, a, adj. See *VELHO*.
ANNO'ÇAM, f. f. annotation, a noting or marking; also a remark, note, or observation.
ANNO'ÇAM de bens, an edict by which the guilty is obliged to appear before the judge, and if not, it is declared by such an edict, that all his effects will be confiscated, and united to the crown.
ANNO'ÇADO, a, adj. See *ANNO'ÇAR*, v. a. to remark, to observe.
Annotar os bens, to make *annotaçam de bens*. See *ANNO'ÇAM de bens*.
ANNUA'L, adj. yearly.
ANNUALME'NTE, adv. annually, yearly, every year.
ANNUE'NTE, p. a. that assents. See *ANNUIR*.
ANNUI'DO, a, adj. See *ANNUIR*.
ANNUI'R, v. a. to nod, to hint, or intimate a thing by a nod, to assent. From the Lat. *annuo*.
ANNULA'CAM, f. f. abolition.
ANNULA'DO, a, adj. annulled, made void.
ANNULA'R, v. a. to annul, to make void, to abolish, to abrogate, to repeal.
Annular, adj. annular, with rings, in the form of a ring.
Dedo annular, the ring-finger.
ANNULATO'RIO, a, adj. (term of law) ex. *Impedimento annullatorio*, the action of a man that endeavours to make void an agreement.
ANNUNCIACAM, f. f. this word is applied peculiarly to Lady-day, March the 25th, which is so called from the angel's message to the virgin Mary, concerning our Saviour's birth; from *ANNUNCIAR*, which see; also an order of knighthood, in Savoy, instituted by Amadeus, A. C. 1350.
ANNUNCIA'DO, a, adj. See *ANNUNCIAR*, v. a. to declare, to notify, to make known.
ANNU'NCIO, f. m. a message, a declaration.

ANO

ANODINO, a, adj. ex. *remedios anodinos*, anodynes, or such remedies as alleviate or quite take away pain.
ANOQUEIRADO, a, adj. the colour of the walnut tree.
ANOJA'DO, a, adj. that is in mourning; see also the v.
ANOJA'R, v. a. to weary, to tire, to be wearisome, to be tiresome, to be tedious. From the Ital. *annoiare*, which signifies the same.

ANO-

A N T

ANOJA'R-SE, v. r. to be weary, or tired; also to mourn, to be sorrowful, to wear the habit of sorrow.
ANOJO, f. m. a yearling calf.
ANOITECE'R, v. n. to grow night; also to be at night in a place.
As anitecer, at the dusk of the evening, or the night-fall.
ANOITECI'DO, a, adj. grown night.
ANOMALIA, f. f. irregularity, deviation from rule; anomaly, anomalism. Also an extraordinary variety of events, and adventures.
Anomalia, (in astrology) an inequality or unlikeness in the motion of the planets.
ANO'MALO, a, adj. anomalous, irregular. Greek.
ANO'NIMO, a, adj. anonymous, without a name. Greek.
ANONIS, } See { **ANOTACAM**
ANOTACAM, } **ANOTOMIA**.
ANOTOMIA, } **ANOTOMIA**.
ANOVEADO, a, adj. See **ANOVEAR**.
ANOVEAR, v. a. to pay, or to set the price nine times higher than the thing is worth.
ANOVELLA'DO, a, adj. See **ANOVELLAR**.
ANOVELLAR, v. a. to agglomerate, to wind up yarn in a bottom. (metaph.) to throng, or crowd together as soldiers do, to troop.

A N R

ANRI'QUE, f. m. buoy-rope, a rope tied to the buoy at one end, and to the anchor's hook at the other.

A N S

ANSARI'NHA. See **ANÇARINHA**.
ANSEATICO. See **HANSEATICO**.
ANSIA, f. f. anguish, pain, grief, torment, agonies; also an ardent desire.
As ansias da morte, the pangs of death.
ANSIA'DO, a, adj. See **ANSIAR**.
ANSIAR, v. n. to pant, to fetch breath short and fast.
ANSINHO. See **ENSINHO**.
ANSIO'SO, a, adj. that is seized with pangs, or that has an ardent desire.
Epheu ansioso de vê-lo, I long to see him.

A N T

ANTA, f. f. a beast in the West-Indies, like a little cow, but without horns. The hide is much valued to make buff coats: The same beast is called *Tapijerete* by the natives of Brazil.
Cor de anta, buff-colour.
ANTACIDO, ex. *Remedio antacido*, that remedy that destroys acidity.
ANTAGONISTA, f. m. See **ANTEGONISTA**.
ANTARCTICO, a, adj. antarctic, or south; as the antarctic pole. Greek.
ANTE, preposit. before.
De ante mão, before hand, previously.
Ante tempo, over-hastily, too soon, early, untimely, before the usual time.
Ante, before, in presence of.

A N T

ANTECAMARA, f. f. an anti-chamber.
ANTECEDE'NCIAS, f. f. p. the things said, or done before.
ANTECEDE'NTE, adj. antecedent, going before.
Antecedente, f. m. the antecedent proposition. (In logic.)
ANTECEDENTEME'NTE, adv. before, antecedent to.
ANTECEDE'R, v. a. to precede, to go before. Lat.
ANTECEDI'DO, a, adj. See **ANTECEDER**.
ANTECESSO'R, f. m. an antecessor. Lat.
ANTECIPACAM. See **ANTICIPACAM**.
ANTECO'R, or **ANTECORACAM**, f. m. a disease in horses. From the Italian, *anticorro*.
ANTE'COS, f. m. p. antocecy, or antioeci, the inhabitants of the earth who live under the same meridian, but opposite parallels.
ANTEGONI'STA, or **ANTAGONISTA**, f. m. an antagonist, an adversary.
Musculo antegenista, (in anatomy) a muscle of an opposite situation, or contrary quality.
ANTELACAM, f. f. See **PREFERENCIA**.
ANTELO'QUIO, or **ANTILOQUIO**, a prologue, a preface, an introduction.
ANTEMANHA, or **ANTEMENHA**, before day-light.
ANTEMERIDIANO, a, adj. before noon, antimeridian.
ANTEMURA'L, f. m. a countermure, or wall set before, a barbican before a castle, the out-works.
ANTE'NA, f. f. the yard of a ship, to which the sail is made fast.
As pentas das antenas, the yard arms in a ship.
ANTENILHA, also called *paço ferro*, a kind of herb.
ANTENOME, f. m. the first name of three which the Romans usually had.
ANTEPARALYTICO. See **ANTI-PARALYTICO**.
ANTEPARAR, v. a. to shelter, to secure from. See **OBVIAR**.
ANTEPARAR-SE, v. r. to shelter, or screen one's self, to be sheltered, to be secure or free from danger, injury, harm, &c.
ANTEPARO, f. m. a portal before a door.
ANTEPASSA'DOS, f. m. p. the antecessors, or predecessors.
ANTEPASTO, f. m. such dishes as are first served at table. From the Italian, *antipasto*.
ANTEPENU'LTIMO, a, adj. the last but two.
ANTEPILANOS, f. m. p. the middle rank of the Roman army, that marched next after the *bagati*, and the next before the *triarii*.
ANTEPO'PA, f. f. the fore-part of the stern.

A N T

ANTEPO'R, v. a. to prefer, or set before. Lat.
ANTERIO'R, adj. former, or that which lies before. Lat.
ANTERIORIDA'DE, f. f. precedence, preference.
ANTERIORME'NTE, adv. before, preceding to.
ANTES, adv. before.
Antes que or do que, rather sooner, before.
Antes de jantar, before dinner-time.
Antes que venha, before he comes.
Querer antes, to love, to choose.
Quizera antes estar aqui do que vir, I had rather stay here than go.
Mas antes, on the contrary, nay.
P. antes que cazes mira lo que bazeis, look before you leap; that is, consider and examine well the consequences of things, before you engage.
ANTESIGNA'NO, f. m. an ensign.
ANTEVE'R, v. a. to fore-see. Lat.
ANTEVIDE'NCIA, f. f. providence, fore-sight.
ANTHO'RA. See **ZEDOARIA**.
ANTHROPO'FAGO, f. m. a man-hater, a cannibal. Greek.
ANTHROPOLOGIA, f. f. a discourse or description of a man, or man's body. Greek.
ANTICHRISTO, f. m. antichrist. Greek.
ANTICIPACAM, or **ANTECIPACAM**, f. f. anticipation, prevention.
ANTICIPADAME'NTE, adv. before hand, previously.
ANTICIPA'DO, a. See **ANTICIPAR**.
ANTICIPAR, v. a. to anticipate, to prevent, to forestal, to take up before hand, or before the time.
ANTICIPAR-SE, v. r. to answer an objection before hand, also to outgo, or outstrip; also to prevent, or be before-hand with.
ANTIDATA, f. f. antedate, an older date than ought to be.
ANTIDICOMARIANISTAS, f. m. p. anticomarians, heretics that denied the perpetual virginity of the virgin Mary, anno 396.
ANTIDORON, f. m. a present, a gift. Greek.
ANTIDOTA'RIO, f. m. any book written about antidotes.
ANTIDOTO, f. m. an antidote, a preservative against poison. Greek.
ANTIDROPICO, a, adj. that is against dropsy. Greek.
ANTIFEBRI'L, adj. that is against fever.
ANTIGAME'NTE, adv. anciently.
ANTI'GO, a, adj. ancient.
ANTI'GRAPHO, f. m. (in glossography) a mark to distinguish the words we make notes upon, from the explanation of them.
ANTIGUALHA, f. f. antiquity, a piece of antiquity.
ANTIGUIDA'DE, f. f. antiquity. Lat. *antiquitas*.
ANTIHETICOS, f. m. p. remedies against the hectic fever, or consumption. Greek.

ANT

ANTI'LHAS, f. f. p. islands, lying in form of a bow or semicircle, extending almost from the coast of Florida, N. to that of Brazil, S. in America. By some, these islands are called Carribbies, from the first inhabitants, falsely reckoned to be man-eaters; but this appellation most geographers confine to the Leeward Islands: the only islands denominated Antilles by Acosta, are the four islands of Cuba, Jamaica, Hispaniola or St. Domingo, and Porto Rico, together with some smaller islands dependent on these respectively.

ANTILO'QUIO. See **ANTELO'QUIO**.

ANTIMON'IO, f. m. antimony.

ANTINOMIA, f. f. antinomy, a contrariety between two laws. Greek.

ANTINO'O, f. m. Antinous, a part of the constellation called aquila, or the eagle.

ANTIPA'PA, f. m. antipope.

ANTIPARALYTICOS, f. m. p. that are against palsy.

ANTIPASMO DICOS, f. m. p. that are against cramp.

ANTIPA'STO. See **ANTEPASTO**.

ANTIPATHI'A, f. f. antipathy, or a contrariety of natural qualities, betwixt some creatures and things, a natural aversion.

ANTIPATICO, a, adj. antipathetical, having a natural contrariety to any thing.

ANTIPERI'STASIS, f. f. antiperistasis, the action of some contrary quality, by which the quality opposed becomes more intense.

ANTIPHEN, a mark that serves to shew that some letters or words that are joined together ought to be separated.

ANTI'PHONA, f. f. antiphony, or words given out at the beginning of the psalm, to which both the choirs are to accommodate their singing.

Levantar a antiphona, to begin the antiphony.

Levantar a antiphona is also a common phrase for to invent, find out, or contrive.

ANTI'PHONARIO, f. m. the book of anthems.

ANTI'PHRASIS or **ANTI'PHRASI**, f. f. antiphrasis, the use of words in a sense opposite to their proper meaning. Greek.

ANTI'PLEURITICO, f. m. antipleuriticum, or against the pleurisy.

ANTI'PODA, f. m. antipodes, such inhabitants of the earth as live feet to feet, or diametrically opposite one to the other.

ANTI'PODO, a, adj. belonging to the antipodes.

ANTI'PODA'GRICO, a, adj. against the gout. Greek.

ANTIQUA'DO, a, adj. antiquated.

ANTIQUA'R, v. a. to raise, to destroy, to abolish.

ANTIQUARIO, f. m. antiquary, a man skilled in antiquities.

ANX

ANTIRRHINA, f. f. or **ANTIRRHINO**, f. m. the plant called snap-dragon.

ANTISCORBU'TICOS, antiscorbutics.

ANTI'SIGMA, a sigma reversed, an antisigma.

ANTISTROPHE, f. f. antistrophe, a figure in rhetoric. Greek.

ANTISTRUMATICO, a, adj. that is against the king's evil.

ANTI'THESIS, f. f. a figure in rhetoric, when contraries are opposed to contraries.

ANTI'TIPO, f. m. antitype.

ANTIVENE'REO, a, adj. antivene-real.

ANTOJA'DO, a. See **ANTOJAR-SE**.

ANTOJA'R-SE, v. r. to long, to desire earnestly.

ANTO'JO, f. m. a longing, as a woman with child does, a fancy.

Falar de antojo, to speak according to the appearances and not to the reality of things.

ANTOLHA'DO, a, adj. See **ANTOLHAR**.

ANTOLHA'R, v. a. to dissemble, to cloak, to conceal, to disguise.

ANTOLHAR-SE *alguma coisa a al-guem*, to fancy, to imagine. See also **ANTOJA'R-SE**.

ANTO'LHOS, f. m. p. (with horse-men) lunettes to clap upon the eyes of a vicious horse.

ANTONOMA'SIA, f. f. a trope in rhetoric, when the proper name of one thing is applied to several others. Greek.

ANTONOMASTICAME'NTE, adv. antonomastically, by the figure antonomasia.

ANTO'NTEM, adv. the day before yesterday.

ANTRA'Z, f. m. a carbuncle, a plague, a sore. Greek.

A'NTRO, f. m. an antre, cave or den.

ANTROPO'FAGO. See **ANTROPO-PHAGO**.

ANTROPOLOGIA. See **ANTHROPOLOGIA**.

ANU

ANUDUVA, f. f. (obsolet. w.) ex. *Servir na anuduvia*, to work in the walls or ditch, of some castle.

ANVERS, Antwerp, the capital of the marquisate of the same name, or improperly the marquisate of the holy empire, in the Austrian Netherlands.

ANULACAM. } See { **ANNULACAM.**
ANULADO. } **ANNULADO.**
ANULAR. } **ANNULAR.**

ANUNCIACAM. See **ANNUNCIACAM.**

ANUNCIADO. See **ANNUNCIADO.**

ANUNCIAR. See **ANNUNCIAR.**

ANUNÇIO. See **ANNUNCIO.**

ANX

ANXIEDADE, f. f. See **ANSIA**.

APA

ANZ

ANZINHE'IRA. See **ENZINHEIRA**.

ANZO'L, f. m. a hook.

O pescador que pesca com anzol, a fisher with a hook, an angler.

Reer o anzol, to gnaw off the hook, that is, to escape the bait.

Armado com anzol, crooked, hooked.

ANZOLE'IRO, f. m. a hook-maker.

ANZO'LOS, f. m. p. a kind of ornament used in the kingdom of Angola.

AON

AO'NDE. See **ONDE**.

AOR

AORI'STO, or **AURISTO**, f. m. aorist, two tenses in the Greek, which denote time indefinitely, done lately, or long ago, or likely to be done.

AO'RTA, f. f. (in anatomy) aorta, the great artery, the noblest of all the rest, having its rise in the midst of the heart, and hath one branch ascending, and another descending, whereby it maintains all the rest of the arteries with vital spirits.

APA

APACENTA'DO, a, adj. See

APACENTA'R, v. a. ex. *apacentar as ovelhas*, to lead the sheep to the pasture.

Apacentar, to divert, or delight. (Metaph.)

APACENTAR-SE *o gado*, to feed, to pasture, to graze, to browse.

Apacentar-se, to feed upon.

Apacentar-se de vãs esperanças, to feed with vain hopes.

Apacentar-se, to recreate, to unbend one's spirit. (Metaph.)

APADRINHADO. See

APADRINHA'R, v. a. to second, to protect, to back, to support, from *padrinho*, a godfather, or a second.

APAGA'DO, a, adj. of a low extraction; see also **APAGAR**.

APAGADO'R, f. m. an extinguisher; also a suppressor.

APAGAR, v. a. to put out, to extinguish, to quench, to appease, also to blot out, to cross out, to deface, to scratch out, to abolish.

APAGAR-SE, v. r. to go out, to be extinguished.

APAGAFANO'ES, f. m. p. (in a ship) leech-lines.

APAGAME'NTO, f. m. a putting out, a quenching, a blotting out, or defacing.

APAGE, away, away with, &c.

APAINELA'DO, a, adj. adorned with pictures, or portraits.

APAIXONADAME'NTE, adv. passionately, lovely, with great love.

APAIXONA'DO, a, adj. passionate, in pain or trouble; also partial, most intimate.

APAIXONA'R-SE, v. r. to be put into a passion, to be vexed; also, to be

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be passionately in love; also to be partial, to speak with emphasis, and earnestness.

APALANCA'DO, *a.* adj. See **TRANCADO**.

APALANCA'R. See **TRANCAR**.

APALAVRA'DO, *a.* adj. betrothed, promised in marriage, affianced.

APALAVRA'R, *v. a.* to betroth, to promise in marriage.

APALEA'DO, *a.* adj. See **APALEA'R**, *v. a.* to cudgel.

APALPADELLAS, *ex. Andar as apalpadellas*, to grope along, to grope, or feel one's way.

APALPA'DO, *a.* adj. See **APALPAR**.

APALPAR, *v. a.* to feel, to handle or touch; also to sound, to sift, to pump; also to try thoroughly, to make a full proof.

Apalpar a terra a algum, to grow sick on account of the difference of the climate.

APANHA'DO, *a.* adj. See **APANHAR**, and also **CONCISO**, and **ESTREITO**.

APANHADOR, *f. m.* one that gathers. *P. apanhador de cinza, derramador de farinha*, that is, one that saves at the spigot, and lets it run out at the bung.

APANHA'R, *v. a.* to take, or grasp, to lay hold on, seize, to take by force.

Apapar, to tuck, or to gather up.

Apapar a algum, no facto, to take some body in the fact, or in the deed doing.

Apapar, to take or pick up, to gather small things, as grapes, olives, &c.

Apapar, to convince, also to convict.

Apapar improvisamente, to supervene, to come unlooked for, to come upon on a sudden.

Quando estavam no meio do campo nos apasos uma grande chuva, as we were in the middle of a plain, there came upon us on a sudden a great rain.

Eles e apasbarão, they overtook him.

Amis nos apasbar em buns bosques, we were benighted in a wood.

Apapar frio, to catch cold.

Apapar, ou furar meninos, to spirit away children, to kidnap.

APANIGADO, *f. m.* one that depends upon another's patronage, a dependent, a client.

APAR, *adv.* near, nigh, just by; also compared, set against.

APARA. See **APARAS**.

APARA'DO, *a.* adj. See **APARAR**.

APARADO'R, *f. m.* a side-board table.

APARAMENTO'R. See **PARAMENTO'R**.

APARAR, *v. a.* *ex. Aparar a frata, como uma maçã*, &c. to pare an apple, or some other fruit.

Aparar apenna, to mend, or to make a pen.

Apara o golpe, to parry a blow.

Apapar as unhas, to pare the nails.

Aparar o chapeo, to offer, or tender a hat to take in something.

Aparar o papel, to cut, to pare the paper.

A P A

Aparar a barba, to clip the beard.

Aparar, to point, to make sharp at the end. (In agriculture.)

Ter penna bem aparada, (metaph.) to write elegantly.

APARAS, *f. f. p.* shreds, parings, clippings.

APARATO. See **APPARATO**.

APARATO'SO. See **APPARATOSO**.

APARCELLA'DO, *a.* adj. full of hidden rocks, shelly.

APARECE'R. See **APPARECER**.

APARECIMENTO. See **APPARECIMENTO**.

APARELHA'DO, *a.* adj. See **APARELHAR**.

APARELHADO'R, *f. m.* one that marks stones that are to be cut. From the French *appareilleur*.

APARELHA'R, *v. a.* to prepare, to get or make ready, to fit, or fit up; also to saddle, to pannel.

Aparelhar, to rough-hew, to cut out grossly. (Among carpenters.)

Aparelhar, (among painters) to give the first colours to a cloth, in order to stiffen, or thicken it.

Aparelhar hum navio, to fit out a ship.

APARELHAR-SE, *v. r.* to prepare, or prepare one's self, to make one's self ready.

APARE'LHO, *f. m.* the rope of a crane, or the tackle of a ship to hoist up casks and goods, a garnet; also the sails, the rigging, &c. all that is necessary to set sail, except men and victuals.

Levantar em aparelho, to hoist up, making use of the same rope.

Aparelho real, the rope of the crane, that is placed at the place called Ribeira das naos in Lisbon.

APARENCIA. See **APPARENCIA**.

APARENTA'DO, *a.* adj. See **APARENTA'R**, *v. n.* to contract kindred.

APARENTA'R-SE, *v. r.* to match, to ally to some family.

Aparentar-se, to become like.

APARENTE. See **APPARENTE**.

APARENTEMENTE. See **APPARENTEMENTE**.

APARENCIA. See **APPARENCIA**.

APARO de penna, the cut of a pen; or the nib of a pen that hath the slit in it.

APAROS, *f. m. p.* See **APARAS**.

APARTADAMENTE, *adv.* See **SEPARTADAMENTE**.

APARTADO, *a.* adj. See **APARTAR**, and **APARTAR-SE**.

APARTAMENTO, *f. m.* a separation, division; also a divorce.

Apartamento do meridiano, (in navigation) departure; that is, the casting, or setting of a ship, with respect to the meridian it departed or sailed from.

APARTA'R, *v. a.* to separate, to part; also to break off, to make an end of.

Apartar a gente, to make room in a croud; also to lay apart, to reserve,

A P E

to set aside; also to send away to another place; also to turn away.

Apartar a bulba, to take up a quarrel, to adjust it, to part combatants.

APARTAR-SE, *v. r.* to part with one, to leave him, to go from him, to separate, also to break up.

Apartar-se, (metaph.) to digress from the purpose.

Apartar-se da ley, to transgress the law.

Apartar-se da razão, to swerve from reason.

APARTE, *adv.* apart, aside.

Chamar aparte, to take any body aside; that is, when you impart some secret.

APASCENTA'DO, &c. See **APASCENTADO**, &c.

APASSAMANA'DO, *a.* adj. See **APASSAMANA'R**, *v. a.* to lace.

APATHIA, *f. f.* apathy, a freedom from all passion, an insensibility of pain, indolence. Greek.

APATICO, *a.* adj. indolent.

APAVEZA'DO, *a.* adj. (a sea term) *ex. Navio apavizado*, a ship with waste-cloths, or fights, to hinder men from being seen in fight. See **PAVEZ**.

APAULA'DO, *a.* adj. marshy, fenmy, moorish.

APAVONA'DO, *a.* adj. of a sanguine colour.

APAVORA'R. See **ATEMORIZAR**.

APAXONA'DO. See **APAIXONADO**.

APAXONA'R-SE. See **APAIXONAR-SE**.

APAZIGUA'R, *v. a.* to flint or quiet, to calm, or still.

APAZIGUA'R-SE, *v. r.* to be calmed, &c.

A P E

APEA'DO, *a.* adj. See **APEAR** and **APEAR-SE**.

APEAR, *v. a.* to wrest, or wring a horse out of one's hand.

Apear o coche, to set up a coach, to take the horses out of a coach.

Apear, to turn out, to cast out, to degrade.

Apear, *v. n.* See **APEAR-SE**, *v. r.* to alight, to get off the back of an horse.

APECONHA'DO, *a.* adj. See **VENENOSO**.

APECONHENTA'R. See **AVENENAR**.

APEDRA'DO, *a.* adj. adorned with precious stones.

APEDREJA'DO, *a.* adj. stoned, pelted with stones.

APEDREJAR, *v. a.* to stone, or sling stones, to throw stones at.

APEGAMENTO. See **APEGO**.

APEGA'DO, *a.* adj. stuck or fastened to, &c. See the *v.* **APEGAR**, &c.

APEGA'R. See **PEGAR**.

APEGA'R-SE, *v. r.* to adhere, to stick fast to, to take hold; also to plead, to offer as an excuse.

Apegar-se, to be given to, to be addicted to a thing, to be intent upon a thing.

APE-

A P E

APEGAM-SE *lhe as mãos*, he or she is a thief, or given to thievery.
APE'GO, f. m. attachment, tie, affection, love, passion. See also **TE-MAM**.
Homem com apego as cousas da terra, an earthly man, an earthly-minded man.
APEIRADO carro, a cart that has all the harness, and is fit to be drawn.
APEIRA'GEM, f. f. all the harness belonging to beasts that work in the country.
APE'IRO, f. m. all the furniture or harness belonging to beasts that work in the country; also the tools belonging to any trade. From the Lat. *paro*, to prepare. See also **TAMOEI-RO**.
P. em casa de ferreiro pizer apeiro, a bad knife in a cutler's house; or nobody goes worse shod than the shoemaker's wife.
APELLAÇAM, APELLANTE, &c. See **APPELLAÇAM, APPELLANTE, &c.**
APELLATIVO. See **APPELLATIVO**.
APELLIDAR. See **APPELLIDAR**.
APELLIDO. See **APPELLIDO**.
APENAR, v. a. to impose a penalty.
APE'NAS, adv. scarcely, hardly, with much ado, with difficulty.
APENDIX. See **APPENDIX**.
APENHA'DO, a, adj. See **APENHAR**. See **EMPENHAR**.
APENNINOS, f. m. p. the Apennine mountains; these, with the Alps, are the most considerable in all Italy.
APENSA'R. } See { **APPENSAR**.
APE'NSO. } See { **APPENSO**.
APERÇAM, f. f. an opening.
APERÇEBE'R. See **PREPARAR**.
APERÇEBER-SE, v. r. See **APARELHAR-SE**.
APERÇEBIDO, a, adj. prepared, &c. according to the v.
APERCEBIMENTO, f. m. preparation, a preparing or making ready before hand.
APERFEIÇOADO. See **PERFEIÇADO**.
APERFEIÇOAR. See **PERFEIÇAR**.
APERIE'NTE, ou **APERITIVO**, a, adj. aperient medicines, (in physic) such as are of an opening quality.
APERREAR a alguém, v. a. to vex one, to use him like a dog. See **AMOFINAR**.
APERTA'DA, f. f. See **APERTO**.
APERTADAME'NTE, adv. ex. *Perdir apertadamente*, to crave, to desire most instantly.
APERTA'DO, a, adj. narrow, close, straight, tight, fast; also close sited, stingy, niggardly, penurious.
Apertado rogo, an importunate begging, an earnest request.
Apertada necessidade, extreme want or necessity.
Apertada doença, a dangerous sickness.
Apertado, driven, forced, compelled, constrained; also crowded, pressed.
Apertado, wanting, needy, indigent, poor, in want.

A P E

APERTADO'R, f. m. a band, a swath-band.
APERTA'M. See **APERTO**.
APERTA'R, v. a. to bind, or tie hard or fast.
Apertar, to press, to squeeze.
Apertar, to urge or press, to insist upon, to be earnest or pressing with.
Apertar, to lessen, to diminish.
Apertar, to environ, to encompass, to clasp.
Apertar as regras, to write close.
Apertar a mão, to clinch the fist.
Apertar a mão de alguém, to squeeze one's hand.
Apertar a red a, to pull in the bridle.
Os sapatos me apertão, my shoes wring me, or pinch me.
Apertar a silba ao cavallo, to girth a horse pretty hard.
Apertar alguém, to press one hard, to squeeze, to be instant upon him, to lie hard upon him; also to be at one's heels, to follow, or pursue him close.
Apertar com alguém, to speak hard to one, to be hard upon him, to keep under, to keep in awe.
Afebre o aperta, the fever is hard upon him.
Apertar, to repress, to restrain, to curb.
A der aperta o coração, grief oppresses the heart.
Aquillo me aperta o coração, that grieve my heart, that is ready to break in heart.
Apertar os joelhos (andando a cavallo) to clap one's knees close to the sides of a horse.
Apertar o cerco, to lay a close siege.
Apertar, to make straight, to straighten, to make narrow, or narrower.
Apertar o pé, to mend one's pace, to go faster.
O tempo aperta, the time shortens.
Apertar abraçando, to embrace one close.
Apertar ou ter apertado, to hold fast.
APERTAR-SE, v. r. to shorten, to grow shorter, also to stand or lie closely.
APE'RTO, f. m. a crowd, a throng.
Aperto, urgency, pressure of difficulty. See also **RIGOR** and **PERIGO**.
Aperto do coração, anxiety, vexation, oppression of the heart, great grief, heart breaking.
Aperio, scarcity, scarceness, penury, want.
Grande apertos, very pressing, or urgent necessities.
APERTURA, f. f. ex. *Apertura de sermas*, a close or compacted and pressing argument.
APESARADO. See **PESAROSO**.
APESSOA'DO, a, adj. ex. *homem apesoadado*, an eminent tall man.
APESTADO. } See { **EMPESTADO**.
APESTAR. } See { **EMPESTAR**.
APESTIMO. See **PRESTIMONIO**.
APETEÇER. } See { **APPETECER**.
APETITE. } See { **APPETITE**.
APETIOSO. See **APPETITOSO**.

A P O

A P H

APHE'LIO, f. m. aphelion, or aphelium, that point of the earth or any planet, in which it is farthest distant from the sun that it can ever be. (In astronomy.) Greek.
APHERESIS, f. f. a figure in grammar, which takes away a letter or syllable from the beginning of a word, as *ruit* for *fruit*.
APHORISMO, f. m. an aphorism, a short select sentence, briefly expressing the proprieties of a thing; and experienced for a certain truth; a general maxim or rule in any art or science.
APHRONITRO, f. m. salt-petre.

A P I

APIEA'DO, a, adj. See **APIEDAR**.
APIEDA'R, v. a. to move one's pity.
Apiedar-se de alguém, to take pity on one.
APICES, f. m. p. See **DIERESIS**.
Apices da ley, the quirks and subtle points of law.
APICOTADA perpetua. See **SERAFINA**.
APINGENTA'DO. See **PEROLA**.
APINHADO, or **APINHOADO**, a, adj. clung, or sticking close together as a pine apple, from *pinha*, a pine apple.
APISTE'IRO. See **ALPISTEIRO**.
APISTO. See **ALPISTO**.
APISUADO, or **APISOADO**. See **APISOAR**.
APISOAR PANNOS, too full, or mill cloth.
APITADO. See
APITA'R, to whistle as men and birds do.
API'TO, f. m. a boatswain's call; also a whistle, or a pipe to whistle with.

A P L

APLACA'DO, a, adj. See
APLACA'R, v. a. to appease, to mitigate, to pacify, to soften, to quiet, to assuage, to suppress.
APLAINA'DO, a, adj. See
APLAINA'R, v. a. to plane, or make smooth with a plane. See also **ABAI-XAR**.
APLAUDI DO. See **APPLAUDI-DO**.
APLAUDI'R. } See { **APPLAUDIR**.
APLA'USO. } See { **APPLAUSO**.
APLICAÇAM. See **APPLICACAM**.
APLICADO. See **APPLICADO**.
APLICAR, &c. See **APPLICAR, &c.**

A P O

APOCALYPSE, f. m. Apocalypse or St. John's Revelation.
O animal do apocalypse, the apocalyptic beast.
APOCOPE, the grammatical figure, called apocope.
APOCRIPHAME'NTE, adv. apocryphally, uncertainly.
APO'CRYPHO, adj. apocryphal.
APO DA.

APO'DA. } See **APODO.**
APODADO. }
APODADURA. }
APODAR, v. a. to affront by making
 jocular or injurious comparisons.
APODERADO, a, adj. See
APODERAR-SE, v. r. to seize, to
 invade, to take, to make one's self
 master of, to possess.
APODI'XE, f. f. a plain proof, or
 evident demonstration. Greek.
APO'DO, or **APO'DA,** a jocular or
 injurious comparison, or saying; a
 witty jest upon another.
APODRECE R, v. a. to make rotten,
 to cause to putrefy.
Apodrecer, v. n. or **Apodrecer-se,** v. r.
 to grow, or wax rotten, also to lie
 mellow, as land ploughed up, and
 not sown.
APODRECI'DO, à, adj. See **APO-**
DRECER.
APOGEO, f. m. apogee, that point
 of the orbit, either of the sun, or
 any of the planets, which is farthest
 from the earth. (Astron.)
APOIADO, } See { **APOIADO.**
APOIA, } { **APOIAR.**
APIO, } { **APIO.**
APOYADU'RA, f. f. an extraordi-
 nary abundance of milk in a nurse's
 breast.
APOLEGADO. See
APOLEGAR. v. a. to make marks
 with the thumb of the hand. From
pegar, the thumb.
APOLOGETICO, a, adj. apologet-
 ic.
APOLOGI'A, f. f. apology, a defence
 or answer to a charge; excuse.
 Greek.
APOLOGO, f. m. apologue, moral
 fable.
APONTA'DO, f. m. a bundle of
 shirts, stockings, &c. stiched one to
 another, &c. See **APONTAR.**
Apontado, a, adj. that is marked with
 a point, or otherwise.
Apontado, sharpened, pointed.
Apontado, noted, marked, observed.
Apontado, careful, exact, diligent.
Apontado, clean, neat.
Apontado, convenient, proper, to the
 purpose.
Apontado, (among huntsmen) ex. *asfor*
tem apontado, a hawk fit for hunting,
 neither hungry nor over-charged with
 eating. See the v. **Apontar.**
APONTADOR, f. m. an observer,
 or one that takes notice of faults.
Apontador, he who points, or makes
 sharp at the end.
Apontador, a prompter to players.
Apontador do relogio. See **MAM.**
Apontador de cavallos, he who puts the
 halion to the mare.
APONTAMENTO, f. m. a thing
 picked or culled out; also the first
 draught or rough beginning of any
 work.
Livro de apontamento, a note-book, a
 memorandum-book.
APONTAR, v. a. to point at one, or

at a thing; see also **PARAR,** in its
 last signification.
Apontar, v. n. to peep, or dawn.
As apontar do dia, at break of day.
O dia começa a apontar, the day begins
 to peep, or dawn.
A barbalha começa a apontar, he begins
 to have a beard.
Apontar, to note, to sign, to mark.
Apontar, to prompt a player.
Apontar, to point, to make sharp at
 the end.
Apontar, to aim, or take one's aim.
Apontar gente de guerra. See **ALIS-**
TAR.
Apontar, to observe or take notice of
 faults.
Apontar, to allege, to quote, to pro-
 duce, to instance in.
Apontar a reuça, to stich shirts, stock-
 ings, &c. one to another, to send
 them to the washer-woman. See also
NOTAR, and **ADVERTIR.**
Apontar huma letra de cambio, to note a
 foreign bill.
APONTOA'DO, a, adj. See **APON-**
TOAR.
APONTOA'R, v. a. to prop, to shore
 up. From *pontar,* a prop.
APOPHLEMATISMOS, or **APOFLE-**
MATISMOS, medicines, which by
 the mouth or nose purge the head of
 cold phlegmatic humours; apo-
 phlegmatisms. Greek.
APOPHTE'GMA, **APOTHEMA,** or
APOTEGMA, f. m. a short, pretty,
 and instructive sentence, chiefly of a
 grave and eminent person; an a-
 pophthegm. Greek.
APOPHYSIS, f. f. apophysis (in anat.)
 the prominent parts of some bones,
 the same as process. Greek.
APOPLE'TICO, a, adj. belonging to,
 or subject to an apoplexy.
APOPLEXI'A, f. f. apoplexy, a dis-
 ease that suddenly surprizes the brain,
 and takes away all manner of sense
 and motion.
APORFIAR. See **PORFIAR.**
APORISMADO, a, adj. full of matter
 and corruption.
APORREADO, a, adj. See
APORREAR, v. a. to beat. From
cachaporra, a club.
APORREAR a alguem a paciencia, v.
 a. to tire out one's patience.
APORTA'DO, a, adj. See
APORTAR, v. n. to arrive, to come
 into a port.
APORTINHA'DO, a, adj. See
APORTINHA'R, to open loop-holes
 in a wall. From *partinbola,* a loop
 hole.
APORTUGUEZADO, a, adj. that has
 the Portuguese manners; also,
 translated into the Portuguese lan-
 guage.
Apportuguezar huma palavra estrangeira,
 to make a Portuguese word from a
 foreign language.
APOS, prep. after that, after, or be-
 hind, moreover.
APOSEMA. See **APOZEMA.**

APOSENTA'DO, a, adj. See **APO-**
SENTAR.
APOSENTADOR, f. m. he who pro-
 vides for lodgings.
APOSENTADOR mór, harbinger, an
 officer of the court who goes a day
 before and provides lodgings for a
 king in his progress.
APOSENTADOR mór do exército.
 See **QUARTEL MESTRE,** &c.
APOSENTADORIA, f. f. the juris-
 diction and authority of an har-
 binger. See.
APOSENTAR, v. a. to provide lodg-
 ings.
Apesentar criados por cosas, sem as pa-
gar, to provide lodging for servants
 without paying the house-rent. This
 is what they call *tomar cosas por*
apesentadoria.
Apesentar, or **dar apesente,** to entertain,
 to receive one as a guest.
Apesentar pensamentos profanos, to har-
 bour profane thoughts. (metaph.)
Apesentar alguem do officio, to dismiss one
 from his employ.
Apesentar-se, v. r. to take lodgings
 for himself; also, to resort to a place,
 to lodge at one's house.
APOSE'NTO, f. m. an inner parlour,
 or chamber, a private room.
APOSIOPESIS, f. f. a figure in rhe-
 toric, whereby a person in a passion
 breaks off a discourse, yet so that it
 may be understood what he means.
 Greek.
APOSSA'RSE. See **APODERAR-SE.**
APOSTA, f. f. a wager, a bet.
Fazer huma aposta, to lay a wager, to
 bet or lay.
APOSTA'DO, a, adj. obstinate, stub-
 born, resolved. See also
APOSTAR, v. a. to bet, to lay a
 wager; also to vie with one.
APOSTASI'A, f. f. apostasy, the act
 of revolting, or falling away from
 one's religion, or from a religious
 order.
APOSTATA, f. m. f. apostate, re-
 volter, renegado.
APOSTATA'DO, a, adj. See **APOS-**
TATAR.
APOSTATAR, v. a. to revolt, to
 forsake his religion, to apostatize,
 to turn renegado. Greek.
APOSTEMA, f. f. an apostume, im-
 postume; an unnatural swelling of any
 corrupt matter in the body. Greek.
APOSTEMA'DO, a, adj. See
APOSTEMA'R. v. n. or, **APOSTE-**
MAR-SE, v. r. to be apostumated.
APOSTEMAR-SE. See **AGASTAR-**
SE.
APOSTEMEIRO, f. m. a lancet to
 open the apostumes.
APOSTILHA'DO, or **APOSTILLA-**
DO, a, adj. See
APOSTILHA'R, v. a. or **APOSTIL-**
LAR, to explain, to expound, to
 interpret.
APOSTOLA'DO, f. m. apost'ship.
APOSTOLAR, v. a. to preach like
 the Apostles.

A P P

APOSTOLICAMENTE, adv. apostolically.
APOSTOLICO, *a*, adj. apostolical, or apostolic.
APOSTOLO, *s. m.* an apostle, a messenger, a person sent upon some especial errand, particularly applied to them whom our Saviour deputed to preach the gospel.
APOSTROPHE, *f. f.* apostrophe; a figure in oratory or poetry, in which things animate or inanimate, persons present or absent, are addressed or appealed to, as if they were sensible and present.
APOSTROFO, *s. m.* a dash with the pen, being a note of cutting off a letter, as when we write believ'd for believed; an apostrophe.
APOTEGMA. See **APOPHTEGMA**.
APOTHEOSIS, *f. m.* a consecration, or solemn enrolling of great men deceased in the number of the gods; anciently practised by the Romans, first begun by Augustus for Julius Cæsar.
APOUCA'DO, *a*, adj. pusillanimous, faint-hearted.
APOUCA'R-SE, *v. r.* to disgrace one's dignity or character, to undervalue one's self.
APOUSENTA'DO, &c. See **APOSENTADO**, &c.
APOUTAR, so the water-men say when they cast stones instead of an anchor to hinder their small boats from being carried away.
APOIA'DO, *a*, adj. See
APOIA'R, from the Italian *apoggiare*, or the French *appuyer*, to support, to countenance, to back, to favour, to protect, to defend, to prop.
APO'YO, *s. m.* a prop, a stay, a support, both in the proper and figurative sense.
Cavalle de bom apoio na boca, a horse of an easy rest upon the hand.
APO'ZEMA, or **APOSEMA**, *f. f.* a medicinal decoction of herbs, flowers, roots, barks, &c. an apozem. Greek.

A P P

APPARATO, *s. m.* preparation, pomp, state, or grandeur, pageantry.
Apparato, a book so contrived and digested, that a man may readily find what he seeks for in it.
APPARATOSO, *a*, adj. sumptuous, costly, expensive, splendid. From the Lat. *apparatus*.
Riseros apparatusus, apparent, and not solid reasons.
APPARECER, *v. n.* to appear or be seen.
P. quem não apparece esquece, seldom seen, soon forgotten; or, out of sight, out of mind.
Apparecer de repente, to pop, or appear on a sudden.
APPARECIDO, *a*, adj. See **APPARECER**.

A P P

APPARECIMENTO, *s. m.* the action of coming in sight.
APPARENCIA, *f. f.* appearance, likelihood; also a show, or outside.
Apparencia de bom navio, the looming of a ship.
APPARENCIAS, *f. f. p.* the decorations, or scenes of a stage. See also **PHENOMENO**.
APPARENTE, adj. certain, evident, manifest, that plainly appears.
Lugar aparente de bom objecto, (in optics) the apparent place of an object, or that in which it appears through one or more glasses.
Lugar aparente de bom planeta ou de buona estrella, (in astron.) the apparent place of a planet or star; that is the point determined by a line drawn from the eye through the center of the star, &c.
APPARIÇAM, *f. f.* apparition, the appearing of a spirit; a ghost or vision.
APPELLAÇAM, *f. f.* an appeal; also the name of any thing.
APPELLADO. See **APPELLAR**.
APPELLANTE, he that appeals.
APPELLA'R, *v. n.* to appeal. Lat. *appello*.
APPELLOU, *ou voy appellando o enfermo*; it is said of a sick man who being given over by physicians, recovers.
APPELLAR; to call for assistance, to cry for such a party or faction.
APPELLATIVO, an appellative, or common name; as opposed to a proper.
APPELLIDA'DO, *a*, adj. See
APPELLIDA'R, *v. a.* to give a surname; also to cry out.
Appellidar por alguém, to call for assistance.
Appellidar arma, *arma*, to cry, as the troops do, to arms!
APPELLI'DO, *s. m.* a surname.
APPE'NDICE, or **APPENDIX**, *s. m.* an addition, any thing that is accessory; also an appendix, or supplement to a book.
APPENSA'DO, *a*, adj. See
APPENSAR, *v. a.* (a term used in the forum) ex. *Appensar hum feyto a outro*, to hang by, or join a process to another.
APPE'NSO, *s. m.* a paper that is joined to another.
Appenso, *a*, adj. joined.
APPETECER, *v. a.* to have an appetite, or desire for a thing, to covet, or long for. From the Lat. *appeto*.
APPETECI'DO, *a*, adj. See **APPETECER**.
APPETITA'R. See **INCITAR**.
APPETITE, *s. m.* appetite, desire, covetousness.
Appetite racional, sensitivo concupiscivel, irascivel, the rational, sensitive, concupiscible, and irascible appetite.
Appetite, appetite, stomach; desire of eating, less violent than hunger.

A P P

Ter perdido o appetite, to have lost the stomach.
Ter bom appetite, to have a good stomach, to be sharp set. See also **FANTAZIA**.
Appetites, any passion in general, as sensuality, libertinism, and the gratifying of the senses.
APPETITIVEL, adj. that which excites the appetite, which is to be coveted or desired.
APPETITOSO, *a*, adj. it is said of one that has a fancy for every thing he sees; also of any thing that excites the appetite.
APPLAUDI'DO, *a*, adj. See
APPLAUDI'R, *v. a.* to applaud, to clap, to approve, to praise, to commend.
APPLA'USO, *s. m.* applause, clap or clapping of hands.
APPLICAÇAM, *f. f.* application, care, attention, diligence, study.
Applicaçã, a destination, appointment.
Applicaçã, an action of applying one thing to another.
Applicaçã, an accommodation, a fitting, or suiting.
APPLICA'DO, *a*, adj. See
APPLICAR, *v. a.* to put to, to apply; also to design, to destinate, to appoint.
Applicar o ouvido, to yield attention, to listen.
Applicar alguém a alguma coisa, to set one upon a thing.
Applicar, to suit, to accommodate.
Applicar os olhos, to cast one's eyes upon a thing.
Applicar-se, *v. r.* to apply, to add one's self to a thing.
Applicar-se com gosto a alguma coisa, to take to a thing.
APPOSICAM, *f. f.* apposition, when two substances are put together in the same case.
Apposiçã, (in mathematics) addition, adding to.
APPREHENDE'R, *v. a.* to understand, to apprehend, to conceive.
APPREHENDI'DO, *a*, adj. See **APPREHENDER**.
APPREHENSAM, *f. f.* apprehension, understanding; also, panic fear. See also **IMAGINATIVA**.
Fazer apprehensã a alguma coisa, to seize a thing, or upon a thing.
APPREHENSIVO, *a*, adj. understanding, perceiving, intelligent; also apprehensive, fearful.
APPROVAÇAM, *f. f.* approbation, liking, consent.
APPROVA'DO, *a*, adj. See
APPROVA'R, *v. a.* to approve, to approve of, to like; to ratify, to confirm.
Approvar. (An antiquated word.) See **AGRADAR**, and **CONTENTAR**.

A P P

APRAINAR. See **APLAINAR**.
APRA

A P R

APRAZADO, *a*, adj. appointed, settled.
APRAZAR, *v. a.* to determine, to appoint before what is to be done.
APRAZER. See **AGRADAR**.
APRAZIMENTO. See **VONTADE** and **GOSTO**.
APRAZIVEL, adj. pleasant, delightful to the eye, delightful; speaking both of persons and things.
APRE, a word of exclamation, when one lays his hand on a thing he thinks is cool, and burns himself. Sometimes it is a word of admiration, hey-day!
APREÇADO, *a*, adj. See
APREÇAR, *v. a.* to cheapen, to haggle, to beat the price.
APREÇO, *f. m.* See **ESTIMACAM**, and **CONTA**.
APREGOADO. See
APREGOAR, *v. a.* to cry, to proclaim by a crier; also to ask people in the church.
APREHENDER, &c. See **APPREHENDER**, &c.
APREHENSO, *a*, adj. taken, or laid hold of.
APREMIADO. } See { **PREMIADO**.
APREMIAR. } See { **PREMIAR**.
APRENDE, *v. a.* to learn, to gain the knowledge or skill of; also to learn, to take pattern; as, *aprendi de mim*, learn of me.
APRENDIDO, *a*, adj. See **APRENDER**.
APRENDIZ, *f. m.* an apprentice.
APRENSAM. See **APPREHENSAM**.
APRENSADO. See **IMPRENSADO**.
APRENSAR. See **IMPRENSAR**.
APRESENTAÇAM, *f. f.* a presentation, the act of presenting.
Apresentaçam, (in law) presentation, the offering a clerk to the bishop by the patron, to be instituted in a benefice of his gift.
Festa da apresentaçam de nossa senhora, the feast of the Presentation of our Lady in the Temple.
APRESENTADO, *f. m.* (in canon law) the Presentee, or the clerk who is presented by the patron. See **APRESENTAÇAM**. Also a friar that has taken the degrees in the university.
Apresentado, *a*, adj. See
APRESENTAR, *v. a.* to present, to tender, to produce in court.
Apresentar, to present, to introduce.
Apresentar, to consign, to deliver, or put into one's hands.
Apresentar, to name, to nominate, to present.
Apresentar batalha, to offer battle. They say also *Apresentar-se em batalha*.
Apresentar, to produce, or bring out.
Apresentar huma petição a el rey, to put up a petition to the king.
Apresentar-se, *v. r.* to come or appear, to offer himself.
APRESSADAMENTE, adv. hastily.

A P T

APRESSADO, *a*, adj. See **APRESSAR**, and **VELOZ**.
APRESSAR, *v. a.* to press or hasten, to incite, spur on, to egg.
Apessar o passo, to mend one's pace, to go faster.
Apessar-se, *v. r.* to be expeditious, quick, or speedy.
APRESTADO, *a*, adj. See
APRESTAR, *v. a.* See **PREPARAR**.
Apresar-se, *v. r.* See **PREPARAR-SE**.
APRE'STIMO, *f. m.* church living, or the funds given for the subsistence of a beneficiary, &c.
APRE'STO, *f. m.* See **APARELHO**, and **APPARATO**.
APRESURADO, *a*, adj. See **APRESSADO**.
APRESURAR. See **APRESSAR**.
APRI'SCO, *f. m.* a sheep-fold. (Metaph.) a grot, grotto, a cave.
APRISIONADO, *a*, adj. See
APRISIONAR, *v. a.* to make prisoners of war.
APROADO, *a*, adj. See
APROAR, *v. a.* to steer a ship.
APROPRIACAM, *f. f.* the action of appropriating a thing to one's self, or of making an application of one thing to another.
APROPRIADO, *a*, adj. See
APROPRIAR, *v. a.* See **ACCOMMODAR**.
Appropriar-se, *v. r.* to appropriate to one's self, to usurp property.
APROVEITADO, *a*, adj. saving, sparing; also improved. See the *v.* **APROVEITAR**.
APROVEITADOR, *f. m.* one that spares.
APROVEITAMENTO, *f. m.* progress, proficiency, improvement. (Speaking only of learning, or morals.)
APROVEITAR, *v. a.* to help, to favour, to do one good, to avail.
Que me aproveita? What avails to me? or what signifies to me?
Aprowitar, to save, to improve, to profit, to put to good use.
Aprowitar-se, *v. r.* to improve, to make a progress, to get by, to be the better for; also to make use of, to make an advantage, to improve; also to catch at, or lay hold of.
Aprowitar-se da occasião, to improve the opportunity.
APROXE, *f. m.* the approach in a siege. (In fortification.)
APROXIMAÇAM, *f. f.* approaching, or drawing near, approximation.

A P S

APSIDES, *f. m. p.* (in astronomy) apsidies, those two points in the orbit of a planet, one of which is the farthest from, and the other the nearest to the sun.

A P T

APTIDAM, *f. f.* aptness, readiness, capacity.

A Q U

AITTO, *a*, adj. ready, apt, capable, fit.

A P U

APUPADA. See **APUPO**.
APUPADO, adj. See
APUPAR, *v. a.* to hiss at one in contempt, to rail; also to hiss off the stage.
APUPO, *f. m.* a hiss, a railing, or outcry against any one. From the Lat. *pipulum*.
APURADO, adj. See
APURAR, *v. a.* to cleanse, or make clean; to purify.
Apurar hum homem, to press a man hard.
Apurar, to drive to extremity, to examine diligently, to provoke, to perfect, to bring to perfection.
Apurar a paciência, to try a man's patience. See also **REFINAR**.
Apuar-se, *v. r.* to be thoroughly perfected; also, to study, to labour, to endeavour, to strive, to do one's best.

A Q U

AQUANTADO, *a*, adj. See **ACONTADO**, and **CONTIA**.
AQUARIO, *f. m.* aquarius, one of the twelve signs of the zodiac.
AQUARTELA, *a*, adj. billeted. See also
AQUARTELAR, *v. a.* (a military word) to billet, or quarter soldiers.
Aquartlar-se, *v. r.* to take quarters.
AQUATICO, *a*, adj. watery, that belongs to the water, or that lives in the water.
AQUATIL. See **AQUATICO**.
AQUE *de rey*. See **AQUI**.
AQUECE, or **ACONECE**, (obsolete.) See **ACONECER**.
Aquecer, *v. n.* to wax hot, or grow warm.
AQUECIDO, *a*, adj. grown warm.
AQUEDUCTO, *f. m.* an aqueduct.
AQUELLA, pron. *f.* that woman, or that thing.
Aquella, pron. *m.* that man, or that thing.
AQUELLOUTRO, *a*, adj. that other. See **PRONOME**.
AQUEM, or **DAQUEM**, adv. on this side.
AQUENTADO, *a*, adj. See **AQUENTAR**.
AQUENTAMENTO, *f. m.* a heating, or making hot.
AQUENTAR, *v. a.* to warm, or make hot.
Aquentar-se, *v. r.* to be made hot, to be warmed, or heated.
A'QUEO, *a*, adj. aqueous, like water, watery.
AQUERAM. See **ACHERONTE**.
AQUERIDO. } See { **ACQUIRIDO**.
AQUERIR. } See { **ACQUIRIR**.
AQUESTE, **AQUESTA**, are Spanish words, though used by some Portuguese authors. See **ESTE**, **ESTA**.
AQUI, adv. here; also herein, in this.

A R

De aqui, from hence, hence, from this place; they say also *aqui*.
Daqui a tres dias, three days hence.
Daqui em diante, henceforward, henceforth.
A e aqui, as far as here, hitherto, till this day, till now, also hitherto, to this place.
Aqui del rey! a cry, demanding assistance in the king's name; as it is amongst us the word murder!
AQUIETA'DO, *a*, adj. See **AQUIETA'R**, *v. a.* to quiet, to pacify, to appease, to calm.
Aquietar, *v. n.* to rest, to take some rest or repose.
Aquietar em alguma coisa, to be satisfied, or pleased with a thing.
Aquietar o pensamento, ou o coração neste particular, rest yourself satisfied about that.
Aquietar-se, *v. r.* to be quiet or appeased.
AQUILA, *ou* *paço de aquila*. See **PA'O**.
AQUILA M., *f. m.* the north wind. (In poetry) is taken for any cold and boisterous wind.
AQUILINO, *a*, adj. hawked.
Nariz aquilino, a hawked nose, a Roman nose.
AQUILLO, pron. that thing.
AQUINHADO, *a*, adj. that has got his share. See also **AQUINHADO R.**, *v. a.* to share, to share out or divide into shares; also to share a thing with one.
AQUIRIR. See **ACQUIRIR**.
AQUISTO, a Spanish word. See **ISTO**.
AQUOSIDA'DE. See **ACOSIDADE**.
AQUOSO. See **ACOSO**.

A R

AR, *f. m.* air; one of the four elements wherein we breathe; also carriage, countenance, looks, gait, or posture of the body in walking, grace, agreeableness.
Ar, the palsy.
Cantar com ar, to sing well.
Crer pelas aras, to believe easily every thing.
Dar ar a algum, to look like one, to favour one.
Estar com o pé no ar, to be unsettled, or irresolute.
Respirar as aras nativas, to breathe one's own country air.
Fazer as coisas ao ar, to do things at random, or inconsiderately.
Fazer castellos no ar, to hope or expect things, that in all probability are not likely to happen.
Foi-se tudo p. r. effes aras, all is gone.
Fazet hum tiro no ar, you trouble yourself in vain.
Pelos aras, quickly, suddenly.
Pesar as cousas pelas aras, to be a sagacious man.
Apoabar as cousas no ar, to understand things wrong.
Ajutar em fogos pelas aras, to be transport-

A R A

ed with anger, or as we say, to mount upon his great horse.

A R A

ARA, *f. f.* an altar-stone laid on the altar where mass is said; also a southern constellation.
ARABESCO, *f. m.* arabesc, a sort of painting, which consisted wholly of imaginary foliages, plants, stalks, &c. without any human or animal figures.
Arabesco, *a*, adj. of Arabia. *Figura arabesca*. See **BRUTESCO**.
ARABI', a title given to the rabbin that governed the Jews, when they were tolerated in Portugal.
ARABIA, *f. f.* Arabia, by the Orientals called Arabestana, a country of vast extent in Asia.
ARABIGO, or **ARA'BIGO**, *a*, adj. that belongs to Arabia.
ARABOTANIE. See **ARCOBOTANTE**.
ARADO, *f. m.* a plough.
Ferro do arado, the plough-share.
Rabo do arado, the plough tail, or plough handle.
Official que faz arados, or alegão, a plough wright.
Arado, *a*, adj. tilled with the plough.
ARADURA, *f. f.* ploughing.
ARALIA, *f. f.* the stem, or stalk of the garlick.
P. levar palhas e aralhas, to sweep stalks, or to sweep away.
ARAMA', an interj. of admiration, hey-day!
ARAME, *f. m.* copper.
Fio de arame, copper-wire.
Arame, (in cant) a sword.
ARANDELA, or **ARANDELLA**, *f. f.* thing in the shape of a funnel, fastened to the thick end of a lance to defend the man's hand.
ARANEIA, *f. f.* the tunicle of the eye, that contains the crystalline humour.
ARANHA, *f. f.* a spider.
Ten de aranha, a cobweb.
Erva contra a aranha pesantenta, the spider-wort, an herb.
Aranha d'agua, a water-spider, with six feet, that runneth on the top of the water without sinking.
Aranha meirinho, or *meirinho das mescas*, a small spider that catches flies.
Aranha, a fish called quaviver, or sea-dragon; also a sort of crab-fish.
ARANHIÇO, *f. m.* a small spider.
ARANHOL, *f. m.* a spider's hole; also a fowling net.
ARANZEL, *f. m.* a roll, a register; also a method, a rule.
ARA'R, to plough. (Metaph.) *A ar os mares*, to plough the seas, to sail; also to scratch.
ARA'RA, *f. f.* a bird called macaw.
ARATICU', a plant in the Brasile.
ARAFECA, *f. f.* a kind of plough that makes deeper and wider furrows.
ARA'UTO, *f. m.* herald, the second

A R C

officer after the king at arms, or the king of heralds, who denounces war or peace.

A R B

ARBIM, *f. m.* a sort of coarse cloth formerly used.
ARBITRA, *f. f.* an arbitrix.
ARBITRA DO. See **ARBITRAR** and **ARBITRAR-SE**.
ARBITRADO R. See **AVALIADOR**.
ARBITRAMENTO. See **ARBITRIO** and **LOUVAMENTO**.
ARBITRAR, *v. a.* to arbitrate, to decide.
ARBITRAR-SE, *v. r.* to be discussed, to be examined.
ARBITRARIAMENTE, adv. decisively, peremptorily.
ARBITRARIO, adj. arbitrary, or free.
ARBITRIO, *f. m.* arbitrage. See also **ALVEDRIO** and **ALVITRE**.
ARBITRISTA, *f. m.* See **ARBITRADOR** and **ALVITREIRO**.
ARBITRO, *f. m.* an arbitrator, an umpire.
ARBU'STO, *f. m.* a shrub, a bush.

A R C

ARCA, *f. f.* a chest, a binn to keep bread or corn.
Arca d'agua, the conduit-head, which serves the aqueduct with water.
O que tem cuidado desta arca, a water bailiff.
Arca de Noe, Noah's ark, (metaph.) any place, or chest that contains all sorts of things.
Arca, (speaking of the human body) the breast; also the bowed arm in wrestling.
P. na arca aberta o justo pecca; that is, it is opportunity makes the thief.
P. na arca do avarento, o diabo jaz dentro, the devil lies in a covetous man's chest, the devil of avarice which draws his heart from doing good with his wealth.
Via d'arca. See **BASILICA**.
ARCABOUÇO, *f. m.* the order and disposition of the bones; also a man's chest, or breast, all that part of him which is shut in by the ribs.
ARCABUZ, *f. m.* an arquebus, a sort of hand-gun.
ARCABUZAÇO, *f. m.* a musket-shot.
ARCABUZA DA, *f. f.* idem.
ARCABUZEADO, *a*, adj. See **ARCABUZEAR**, *v. a.* to shoot.
ARCABUZEIRO, *f. m.* an arquebuser, one that shoots with an arquebus, also a gun-smith.
ARCABUZERIA, *f. f.* musqueteers, a body of them.
ARCA'DO, *a*, adj. fashioned like a bow, or arch, arched. See **ARCAR**.
ARCA'NJO, or **ARCHANJO**, *f. m.* an archangel.
ARCA'NO, *f. m.* a secret, a mystery belonging to God, or to princes.
Arcano duplicado, (among chemists) a sort of salt made by washing the gross mat,

A R C

matter, which remains after the distillation of double aqua fortis, with warm water.

Arca, *a*, adj. secret or concealed, hidden, undiscovered.

ARCAM, *f. m.* the pommel of a saddle, a saddle-bow; from the French *arc*.

ARCA'R, *v. a.* to hug, to clasp, to taine about as wrestlers do.

Arca com algum, to press one, to solicit him.

Arca tem muita difficuldade, to endeavour to clear and lay open a difficulty.

Arca es braços, pendo as mãos nas il-bargas, to set one's arms a kimbo.

Arca pipas, to hoop pipes.

ARCARI'A, *f. f.* a work fashioned like a bow or arch.

ARCA'Z, *f. m.* a great chest.

ARCEBISPA'DO, archbishoprick, the extent of the jurisdiction, or the benefice and dignity of an archbishop.

ARCEBISPA'L, adj. archiepiscopal, or belonging to the archbishop.

ARCEBI'SPO, *f. m.* an archbishop.

ARCEDIAGA'DO, *f. m.* an archdeaconship.

ARCEDIA'GO, *f. m.* archdeacon.

ARCHAI'SMO, *f. m.* archaism, the retaining old obsolete words.

ARCHEIRO, *f. m.* one of the king of Portugal's guard.

ARCHEO, or *ARQUEO*, *f. m.* archæus, the principle of life and vigour in any living creature. Greek.

Arche, (with chemists) central fire.

ARCHE'TYPO, or *ARQUETIPO*, *f. m.* an original, a model, a pattern. Greek.

Mãdo archetypa, God.

ARCHIBANCO, *f. m.* a table, or a seat with a drawer under it.

ARCHIDUCA'DO, *f. m.* an archduke-dom.

ARCHIDU'QUE, *f. m.* an archduke.

ARCHIDUQUE'ZA, *f. f.* an archduchess.

ARCHIEPISCOPA'L. See *ARCEBISPAL*.

ARCHIMANDRITA, *f. m.* a superior of religious men. Greek.

ARCHIPELAGO, or *ARCIPELAGO*, *f. m.* the Archipelago, or that part of the Mediterranean sea near Greece, which is full of islands. Greek.

ARCHITRICLI'NO. See *ARCHITRICLI'NO*.

ARCHITE'CTO, *f. m.* an architect, a master builder. Greek.

ARCHITECTU'RA, *f. f.* architecture. Vitruvius defines it a science qualified with sundry other arts, and adorned with variety of learning, to whose judgment and approbation all other works of art submit themselves. The word is Greek, and is sometimes taken for the art itself, and sometimes for the work.

Architectura civil, the art of building houses, churches, &c. civil architecture.

Architectura militar, the art of build-

A R D

ing fortifications; military architecture.

ARCHITRA'VE, *f. m.* the architrave, that is, the master or principal beam in any structure. Greek and Lat.

architrave, the principal beam; in stone work, it is that part which lies immediately upon the columns, and supports the structure.

ARCHITRICLI'NO, *f. m.* he that orders and takes care of a feast. Lat. *architrachinus*.

ARCHIPI'STA, *f. m.* a keeper of the records.

ARCHI'VO, *f. m.* an archive, a place where records are kept.

ARCHOTE, *f. m.* a flambeau, taper, or link made of cord with wax or rosin about it.

ARCIPELAGO. See *ARCHIPELAGO*.

ARCIPRE'STE, *f. m.* an arch priest, or chief priest. Greek.

A'RCO, *f. m.* a bow; also an arch.

Corda do arco, the bow-string.

Apercur a cerca do arco, to bend a bow.

Desarmar o arco, to unbend a bow. See also *SETTA*.

Atirar com arco, to shoot with a bow.

Arco celeste, or, as the vulgar call it, *arco da velha*, the rainbow.

Arco com que se tange rabeca, a bow to play on a violin, a fiddlestick.

Arco de pipas, a hoop, or circle, to bind a pipe, &c.

Arco triumphal, a triumphal arch.

Arco de ferro que cobrem os cubos das rodas. See *CUBO*.

Arco de ponte, the arch of a bridge.

Arco (in geometry) an arch, or any part of a circumference of a circle lying from one point to another.

ARCOBOTANTE, *f. m.* (in architecture) an arch, a supporter, a buttress. From the French *arc-boutant*.

ARCTA'DO, *a*, adj. See

ARCTAR, *v. a.* to strain, to tie close.

ARCTICO, *a*, adj. northern, northward, arctic.

Circulo arctico, (in astronomy) the arctic circle; a lesser circle of the earth or heaven, twenty-three degrees thirty minutes distant from the arctic pole.

Polo arctico, the arctic, or northern pole.

ARCTU'RO, *f. m.* arcturus, a fixed star of the first magnitude, in the skirt of arctophylax, or boötes. Lat. *arcturus*.

A R D

ARDE'GO. See *FOGOSO*.

ARDE'NTE, adj. burning hot; also passionate, hery, hasty, unruly. (Metaph.)

Desejo ardente, a violent desire.

Agua ardente, brandy.

ARDENTEME'NTE, adv. hotly,

A R E

fiercely; also passionately, with a strong love.

ARDENTIA, *f. f.* the light caused by the waves, particularly in a tempest; a sea storm.

ARDER, *v. n.* to burn, to flame, to blaze.

Arder, to shine, glister, or glitter.

Arder, to burn up, to waste, to spoil. (Speaking of war or plague.)

Arder, to long, to wish earnestly.

Arder, to command, to sway, to bear sway. (Speaking of envy, covetousness, &c.)

Arder, to blast. (Speaking of corn, barley, &c.)

Farinha ardida, musty, or mouldy flour.

ARDID. See *ARDIL*.

ARDI'DO, *a*, adj. See *ARDER*. See also *ESPERTO*, *ALENTADO*, and *ARDENTE*.

ARDIDE'ZA, *f. f.* bravery. See also *ESPERTEZA*.

ARDIL, *f. m.* a stratagem and cunning contrivance.

ARDI'LHA. See *HARDA*.

ARDILOSAMENTE, adv. craftily, cunningly, knavishly.

ARDILOSO, *a*, adj. subtil, crafty, witty; also wary, circumspect, cautious. See also *ARTIFICIOSO*.

ARDIME'NTO, *f. m.* boldness, courage.

ARDOR, *f. m.* heat, burning; also eagerness, boldness; also an itch, or burning in the skin.

Ardor, a pricking heat of lust. See also *AMOR*.

ANDUAMENTE, adv. difficulty.

ARDUO, *a*, adj. difficult, arduous.

Arduo, dangerous, great, or of great concern, hard, troublesome.

A R E

A'REA, *f. f.* area, the void place in mathematical figures, or the superficial content of any figure, measured in inches, feet, yards, &c. (In geometry.)

Area, a circle about the sun, moon, or stars. (In meteorology.)

Area cu campo do escudo. See *ARMAS*.

ARE'A, *f. f.* sand. Lat. *arena*.

Area fina, fine sand.

Area grossa, gravel.

Banco d'area, (in the sea) sands, a shelf of sand.

Area cega, a kind of loosened sand that causes the people to stick in it.

Padecer de áreas, to be troubled with the gravel.

AREADO, *a*, adj. stupified, dull, senseless, amazed, astonished, confounded, surprized. See also *AREAR*.

ARE'AL, *f. m.* a sandy place; also sand-pit.

AREAR, *v. a.* to cower with sand, ashes, &c. also to cover with sand.

AREAR, *v. n.* to be at a loss, to be beside one's self.

ARE'CA,

A R F

ARECA, f. f. an Indian fruit. The tree grows tall, straight, round, slender, and divided by knots from the foot to the top; its leaves longer and broader than those of the cocoa-tree: the fruit is as big as a walnut, but longish, and is cold and dry, comforts the stomach, prevents vomiting, strengthens the gums and teeth, and if eaten does so stupify, that people in great pain take it to forget their sufferings. It is commonly chewed with the herb betel. See more of it in Christ. Acoft. Nat. Hist. E. Ind.

AREEIRO, f. m. he who digs the sand from the sand-pit, or he who carries away the sand from the sand-pit; also a powder or sand-box.

AREENTO, a, adj. sandy, gravelly, full of sand, or gravel.

AREJADO, a, adj. blasted, (speaking of trees.) See also the verb **AREJAR**, v. a. to air, to expose to the air, to weather.

Arejar huma casa, to air a house.

ARELHANA, f. f. (in India) a giraffe.

ARENA, f. f. a place in the amphitheatre, where matters were tried, and prizes fought.

ARENGA, f. f. a long speech, or a tale; also a foolish speech.

ARENGA'DO, adj. See

ARENGAR, v. n. to make an oration, to harangue.

ARENOSO, a, adj. See **AREENTO**.

ARENQUE, f. m. a herring.

Homens, que de algum lugar alto arisam os pescadores aonde está o cardume de arenques, baskers.

Arenque defumado, a red herring.

Arenque com coas, a hard-roed herring.

AREOLA, f. f. a little bed, or quarter in a garden. Lat.

AREOPAGITA, f. m. an areopagite, one of the judges among the Athenians.

AREOMETRO, f. m. an areometer, or instrument to measure the gravity, or density of any liquor or fluid. Greek.

AREOPAGO, f. m. Arcopagus, Mars' hill, in Athens, a place where judges tried capital causes. They sat by night, as not observing the person, but the cause, and writ down, without declaring their suffrages; whence this court was remarkable for impartiality and secrecy.

AREOSO. See **AREENTO**.

ARESTA, f. m. awn of corn; also the coarsest sort of flax.

ARISTINS, f. m. p. a disease in a horse's patterns, called the scratches.

ARESTO, f. m. (in law) a sentence given upon a cause, formed upon precedent.

A R F

ARFAR, v. n. (a sea term) ex. *Arfa a nau*, the ship plunges sometimes a-

A R G

head, and sometimes a stern. See also **EMPINAR-SE**.

A R G

ARGAÇO, f. m. See **ALGA**.

ARGAMACA, f. f. a kind of plastering made with shreds and tiles beaten to powder, and tempered together with mortar; platter of Paris or terrace.

ARGAMACAR, v. a. to cover with the said plastering.

ARGANAZ, f. m. a dormouse; it is also said of any large mouse. *P. dorme como hum arganaz*, he sleeps like a dormouse.

ARGANEO, f. m. a sort of rings which serve to push a cannon backwards and forwards. (A sea term.)

ARGAO, f. m. a piece of reed they make use of to draw wire.

ARGEL, f. m. Algiers, a kingdom of Africa. Also a province, and the capital of the kingdom. Towards the close of the VIth century, the Mahometan Arabians called this city Algezir, (i. e. in Arabic, belonging to an island) because there was an island before the city, to which it is now joined by a mole. The Berberes, who are descended from an Arabian prince called Mozgana, had separately subdued this place, for which reason it is still called among the Arabians, Geraira Al-Beni-Mozgana.

Argel, according to Barbosa, signifies also unlucky.

Cavalllo argel, or *manalvo*, a horse with his off foot white, and no other white about him.

ARGENTADO, a, adj. silvered over.

Voz argentada, a clear sound, like that of silver.

ARGENTAR, v. a. to silver over.

Argentar, to make fair and white like silver.

ARGENTARIA, f. f. any vessel of plate. See **PRATA**.

ARGENTEADO. See **ARGENTADO**.

ARGENTEA'R. See **ARGENTAR**.

ARGENTEIO, a, adj. of, or made of silver; also clear or bright as silver.

ARGENTIFERO, a, adj. that beareth or bringeth silver.

ARGENTINA, f. f. the herb wild tansie, or silver-weed.

ARGENTO. See **PRATA**.

Salfo argento, (in poetry) the sea.

Argento-vivo, or *azougue*, quick-silver, mercury.

ARGOLA, f. f. an iron ring to hold by, or to put on the slaves legs.

ARGOLAM, f. m. a very great massive ring.

ARGOLINHA, f. f. diminutive from *argola*, a small ring.

Correr a argolinha, a game at which they drive a ball through a ring.

ARGONAUTA, f. m. the Argonauts; also a pilot.

A R I

ARGOS, f. m. one of the sixteen constellations; also a sharp-witted man.

ARGUCIA, f. f. subtlety, brifkness, smartness. See also **AGUDEZA**.

ARGUEIRO, f. m. a draw, a mote. *P. de hum argueiro fazer hum cavalleiro*, we say, to make mountains of mole-hills.

ARGUENTE, f. m. See **ARGUMENTANTE**.

ARGUICAM, f. f. sophistry.

ARGUIDO. See **ARGUIR**.

ARGUIDOR, f. m. a blamer, a discommender, or reprover.

ARGUIR, to accuse, to reprove, to reprehend; also to argue, infer, gather, or conclude; also to shew, to let see, or discover.

ARGUMENTACAM, f. f. argumentation, disputation.

ARGUMENTADO, adj. See **ARGUMENTAR**.

ARGUMENTANTE, f. m. the opponent, in a disputation.

ARGUMENTAR, v. n. to argue, dispute, or reason.

ARGUMENTO, f. m. an argument, a reason; also the brief contents of a book.

ARGUMENTE, adv. smartly, briskly, pertly, shrewdly.

ARGUTO, a, adj. sharp, ready, quick-witted; also shrill, loud.

A R I

ARIA, f. f. an aria, air, song, or tune.

ARIDO, a, adj. dry, or withered.

ARIES, f. m. one of the twelve signs of the zodiac, the ram.

ARIETA, f. f. an arietta, a little short air, or song.

ARIETE, f. m. a battering ram, an engine with horns of iron like a ram's head, to batter walls.

ARIETINO, a, adj. of, or belonging to a ram.

ARIMONO, f. m. (an antiquated word) a sort of chair, or sedan.

ARINQUE, f. m. the anchor-cable. (in a ship.)

ARIOLO, f. m. See **ADEVINHO**.

ARISCO, a, adj. austere, rigid, intractable, ill-natured.

ARISTARCO, f. m. a critic, one skilled in criticism.

ARISTOCRACIA, f. f. an aristocracy, a commonwealth governed by the nobility, or better sort, as Venice. Greek.

ARISTOCRATICO, a, adj. belonging to aristocracy.

ARISTOLOCHIA, or **ARISTOLOQUIA**, f. f. the herb called hartwort. Greek.

ARITHMETICA, f. f. arithmetic, the art of numbering. Greek.

ARITHMETICAMENTE, arithmetically.

ARITHMETICO, f. m. an arithmetician.

Arithmetico, a, adj. belonging to arithmetic.

A R M

A R M

A R M

ARMA, f. f. a weapon, an arm.
Arma de fogo, a fire arm.
ARMAÇAM, f. f. a furniture.
Armaçam do corpo, the size and fashion of the body.
Armaçam de ossos. See *ARCABOUÇO*.
Armaçam de madeira, box, &c. See *PONTA*.
Raimar armaçam, a wicked man.
Armaçam, the nets, harpoons, &c. to catch the tunny fish with.
ARMA'DA, f. f. a fleet of men of war, a navy.
Armada naval, a naval army.
ARMADILHA, f. f. a snare, a gin to catch birds.
ARMADILHO, f. m. a creature in the West-Indies, whom nature has furnished with a skin-like armour.
ARMADO, a, adj. armed, harnessed, fenced; also adorned, set off; also ready, prepared, fortified.
Armado de ponta em branco, armed on all parts, from top to toe, cap-a-pee.
Armado, (in heraldry) the blazoning the feet and beaks of hawks, and all birds of prey, which are always painted of a different colour from the birds themselves.
Armaio de armas leves, ou *soldado á ligeira*, light harnessed soldiers.
Armado com armas defensivas, ou *offensivas*, armed with defensive, or offensive arms.
Peixe armado, a kind of fish in the West-Indies.
Armado, (in horsemanship) the spur-leather.
Cão armado, a dog with a collar made of leather stuck full of nails. See the v. *ARMAR*.
ARMADOR *mar*. See *ARMEIRO*.
Armador de navios, one that fits out armed ships against enemies.
Armador de igrejas, he who hangs the churches for some solemnity.
ARMADURA, f. f. arms, weapons, armour of whatsoever kind, either offensive, or defensive.
Armadura leve. See *ARMADO de armas leves*.
ARMAMENTOS, f. m. p. the sails, the rigging and tackling of a ship.
ARMAR, v. a. to arm, to furnish with, or put in arms.
Armar as passares, to set snares for birds.
Armar um navio, to equip, or fit out a ship.
Armar a lesta, to bend a cross-bow.
Armar uma cama, to set up the wooden frame of a house; also to furnish or to fit it up.
Armar no jogo, to sharp, to cheat at play.
Armar um laço, to lay a snare.
Armar as libras, ou *coelbas*, to set gins to catch hares, or conies.
Armar briga, ou *pendencia*, to begin a quarrel.
Armar uma cama, to set up a bedstead.

A R M

Armar viladas, to lay an ambush.
Armar demanda, to take the law of one, to go to law with him.
Armar disputas, ou *disputar sobre a ley*, to moot.
Armar cavalleiros, to dub a knight, to confer the honour of knighthood upon one.
Armar uma igreja, ruas, &c. to hang a church, street, &c. for some solemnity.
Armar, to hunt after, to strive to obtain.
Armar uma trayaça, to plot, to brew, to frame a traitorous design.
Armar o cancadilha, to trip up one's heels.
Armar, to experience, to experiment, to try.
Armar, to seek, or get by cunning; to watch, to lie in wait for.
Armar, to become, to be proper, to fit.
Isto não me arma, this does not fit my turn.
Armar sobre alguém, to take up arms against one.
Armar um jogo com alguém, to play with one.
Armar, (among gold-smiths) to settle the filigreen work.
Armar as redes, to set nets.
Armar á alguém, to set one, or to lay a trap for him, in order to bubble him.
Armar ou emparelhar, (among gamblers) to go half with one.
Armar as esporas á castelhana, ou *á maníca*, to make the spur leather after the Spanish or Moorish fashion. (In horsemanship.)
Armar, to arm, to make preparations for a war, to raise forces.
Armar-se, v. r. to arm one's self, to put on one's arms; also, to fortify, to arm, to fence, to strengthen, to secure one's self against a thing.
Armar-se de constancia, to put on a stout resolution.
Armar-se de paciência, to be patient.
Armar-se, to present it self.
Se se armar, a occasião de, &c. if there is an opportunity for, &c.
ARMARIA, or *ARMERIA*, f. f. arms, or coats of arms. See also *ARMEIA*.
ARMAS, (the plural of *Arma*) arms, weapons, armour, &c.
Armas usadas nos torneios, arms of courtesy, or arms of parade.
As armas! to arms! a military cry.
Pegar nas armas, to take up arms.
Armas offensivas, e *defensivas*, offensive, and defensive arms.
Armas de fogo, fire-arms.
Fazer passar pelas armas a um soldado, to shoot a soldier to death.
Passar pelas armas, to be shot to death.
Armas brancas. See *ARMADO de ponta em branco*.
Suspensão de armas, a truce.
Seguir as armas, to bear arms, to be a soldier.

A R M

Armação, a fencing master.
Escola de armas, a fencing school.
Armas, (in heraldry) arms, coats of arms, achievement.
Feito d'armas, a military exploit.
Armas, (metaph.) power, strength, arguments, defence, aid.
Hum d'armas. See *ARMADO de ponta em branco*.
Rey d'armas, a king at arms.
O campo, ou *área de escudo*, em que se pinta, ou se esculpe as armas, field, (in heraldry) the whole surface of an escutcheon, or shield.
ARMATÓSTES, f. m. a rack, to bend a cross-bow.
ARMEIRO, f. m. a maker of armour.
Armeiro-mor, the chief armourer.
ARMEIA, f. f. an iron or wooden staple for a lock or bolt, or any such use. (This word is used in the provinces of Minho and Beira.)
ARMEIA PEDRA, ou *TERRA*, Armenian stone; a mineral stone or earth of a blue colour, spotted with green, black, and yellow. See also *BOLO*.
ARMENTIO. See
ARMENTO, f. m. an herd of large cattle.
ARMEIO de lã, ou *linho*, a rack full of yarn of flax, as a handful, or bundle.
ARMERIA, or *ARMARIA*, f. f. armory (in heraldry) or the art of displaying or marshalling all sorts of coats of arms, and appointing to them their proper bearings. See also *BLAZAM* and *ARMAS*.
ARMEZIM, f. m. a sort of taffety that comes from Bengal.
ARMIGERO, a, adj. (in poetry) armiferous, bearing arms, or weapons; it is taken for Mars, the heathen god of war.
ARMINADO, ex. *cavalleo arminado*, (among farriers) a horse that has got white spots by the hoof, being of a black colour; or black spots in the same place, all the rest being white.
ARMINHADO, (in heraldry) the field of an escutcheon when it is argent, and the powdering fables, or white interspersed with black spots.
ARMINHO, f. m. a weasel, or field-mouse. (Probably from *Armenia*, the country from whence these skins were brought.)
Pelle de arminho, ermine; a very rich fur of a weasel or field-mouse. (Worn by princes or persons of quality.)
ARMINO, f. m. (among farriers) the white or black spots by the horse's hoof. See *ARMINADO*.
ARMIO. See *ARMEIO*.
ARMIPOTEENTE, adj. valiant, mighty, or powerful in arms, or war, armipotent.
ARMISONO, a, adj. (in poetry) ruffling with armour, armiferous.
ARMIS,

A R Q

ARMISTÍCIO, f. m. an armistice, a truce, a suspension of arms.
ARMODATILA. See **HERMODATILO**.
ARMOLAS, f. m. p. a herb called orage, or orach; golden herb.
ARMONIA. See **HARMONIA**.
ARMONÍACO, ex. *sal armoniaco*. See **AMMONIACO**.

A R N

ARNEIRO, f. m. a barren sandy ground. From the Lat. *ar na*, sand.
ARNE'LLA, f. f. the root of a rotten or broken tooth, that remains in the gums.
ARNE'Z, f. m. harness, armour; it is taken sometimes for the breast-plate only.
ARNOGLOZA, or **ARNOGLOSSA**. See **TANCHAGEM**.

A R O

A'RO, f. m. an iron or wooden hoop. *Jogo do aro*. See **YOGO**.
ARO'DO, adv. abundantly.
ARO'EIRA. See **LENTISCO**.
AROMANCIA, f. f. aromancy, a divining, or foretelling of things by certain signs in the air. Greek.
AROMA, f. m. a sweet or aromatic drug, as cassia, clove, mace, ginger, &c. also, a smell, scent, or odour. (Figur.)
AROMATICO, a, adj. aromatical, aromatic, spicy, odoriferous, sweet, sweet-smelling.
AROMATIZADO. See
AROMATIZAR, v. a. to sprinkle powdered spices; also to perfume or scent with sweet spices.
AROT e Marot, Arot and Marot, two angels, mentioned in the Coran. book II.

A R P

A'RPÁ, f. f. a harp, a lyre, an instrument stringed with wire, and struck with the finger.
ARPADO. See **ARPÁR**.
ARPAM, or **ARPEO**, f. m. a drag, or hook.
Arpam de afferrar navios a grapnel, or grappling iron of a ship.
ARPA R, v. a. to grapple, to grasp, and lay hold of.
Arpar hum navio, to grapple a ship.
ARPEO. See **ARPAM**.
ARPIA f. f. a harpy; a monstrous bird, feigned by the poets.
ARPISTA, f. m. f. the person who plays on the harp.
ARPOADO. See
ARPOAR, or **HARPOAR**. See **ARPÁR**.
ARPOEIRA. See **ARPAM**.

A R Q

ARQUEADO, a, adj. fashioned like a bow, or arch; arched, bent.
ARQUEARSE, v. r. to be arched, bent, or bowed.
ARQUEAR as *sebrancelhas*, to draw

A R R

up the eye-brows, as when we gaze at any thing with admiration.
ARQUEJADO, adj. See
ARQUEJAR, v. n. to breathe short, and with difficulty.
ARQUEIRO, f. m. he that keeps the key of a public chest; also a chest-maker.
ARQUETA, or **ARQUINHA**, (diminutive from *arca*.) a small chest.
ARQUETIPO. See **ARCHETIPO**.
ARQUINHA, f. f. the coach-box.
ARQUITECTO. See **ARCHITECTO**.
ARQUITECTURA. See **ARCHITECTURA**.
ARQUITRAVE. See **ARCHITRAVE**.
ARQUETRICLINO. See **ARCHITRICLINO**.
ARQUIVISTA. See **ARCHIVISTA**.
ARQUIVO. See **ARCHIVO**.

A R R

ARRABA'LDE, f. m. a suburb. Arabic.
ARRA'BIDA, f. f. a promontory in Portugal. Lat. *Barbaricum promontorium*.
ARRABIL, **RABIL**, or **RABEL**, f. m. a musical instrument like a small fiddle, used by shepherds.
ARRA'IA, or **ARRAYA**, f. f. a fish called a ray, or skate. In the reign of king John I. the assemblies of the common people were called *arrayamiuda*. See also **RAYA**.
Arraia negra, e no cabo armada de dois ferro ns. a thornback.
ARRAIA'DO, or **ARRAYADO**. See **RAYADO**, and **ARRAIAR**.
ARRAIA'L, or **ARRAYA'L**, f. m. the field or camp where two armies engage.
Arraial. See **REAL**.
ARRAIA'NO, or **ARRAYANO**, f. m. a neighbour, or borderer.
ARRAIAR, or **ARRAIAR**, v. n. to shine, and cast forth beams and rays.
O sol arra'a, the sun rises.
ARRAIGADO, **ARRAYGADO**, or **ARREIGADO**, a, adj. rooted, that hath taken root.
Arraigado, radicated, inveterate, old. (Metaph.)
Mal arraigado, an old disease.
Arraigado, fixed, not easily removed. (Metaph.)
ARRAYGAR, **ARRAIGAR**, or **ARREIGAR**, v. n. to produce roots, as a tree when planted to take root, in a proper and figurative sense; also to grow incurable, or inveterate. (Speaking of diseases.)
ARRAIGAR, v. a. to fix.
Arraigar-se, v. r. to stick fast in.
ARRA'IS, or **ARRAYS**, f. m. a master of a boat.
ARRA'M, f. f. an herb so called.
ARRAMALHA'DO, a, adj. See **ARRAMALHAR**.
ARRAMALHAR. See **BULIR**.

A R R

ARRAMAR-SE, v. r. to bring forth leaves; also to branch, to spread in branches.
ARRANCA'DO, a, adj. pulled away, or slipped off; also, rooted up.
ARRANCADO, wrestled, or forced from.
Andar a voga arrancada, to row with all might and main. See also **ARRANCAR**.
ARRANCAMENTO, f. m. a plucking away, a pulling up of herbs, &c. also the crime of drawing the sword, or any other arms in the capital.
ARRANCAR, v. a. to pull or tear away violently, to root up, to snatch away, both in the proper and figurative sense; also, to force, or wrest from; also to depart from, to leave a place; also, to draw.
Arrancar a alma, to die.
Arrancar suspiros, to sigh.
Arrancar a espada, to draw the sword.
Arrancar o cavallo, is for a horse to start for a race, to fly out on a sudden.
Arrancar os olhos a algum, to scratch, or pull out one's eyes.
Arrancar o selbo a algum o coração, to be highly vexed, or grieved, to break one's heart.
ARRANCHADO. See
ARRANCHAR, to set in order.
Arranchar-se, v. r. to set one's house, or lodgings in order; also to mess with one.
ARRANCO da morte, the trance, agony, or pains of death.
Dar os ultimos arrancos, to die.
ARRANHA'DO, a, adj. See **ARRANHAR**.
ARRANHADURA, f. f. a scratch.
Huma leve arranbadura, a slight scratch.
ARRANHA'R, v. a. to scratch.
Arranhar-se, v. r. to scratch one's self.
ARRARAR, v. a. See **RAREFAZER**.
A'RRAS, f. m. p. the money, or fortune assigned by the husband for his wife, after his death; also, the advantage given to the inferior player at the tennis-play.
Pannos de arras, or *de rás*, Arras-hangings; tapestry made at Arras, in Flanders.
ARRASADO, or **ARRAZADO**. See **ARRAZAR**.
ARRASADOR, ou **ARRAZADOR**, a strickle, a thing to strike the over-measure of corn, &c.
ARRASAR, ou **ARRAZAR**, v. a. to lay even with the ground, to level.
Arrasar, to strew, or cover all over.
Arrasar huma medida. See **RASAR**.
ARRASAREM-SE os olhos de lagrimas, is when the tears stand in the eyes ready to gush out, but do not run down.
ARRASADO em p'pa, (speaking of a ship) is when a ship goes right before the wind.

ARRA-

ARRASTADO, *ou* **ARRASTRA-DO**, *a*, adj. dragged, trailed along the ground; also, that is in a very mean condition, or full of troubles.

Arrastado, far-fetched, affected, unnatural; also tired, fatigued, harassed.

ARRASTAR, *ou* **ARRASTRAR**, *v. a.* to draw, drag, trail along the ground.

Arrastar, (metaph.) to entice, or allure; to decoy, to attract.

Mulher que arrastalos vestidos, a draggletail.

Arrastar á alguém, (metaph.) to tire one, to molest him.

Arrastar, *ou* **torcer o sentido**, &c. See **TORCER**.

Arrastar a oza, (metaph.) to make love, to court.

Arrastar, *v. r.* to trail, to hang on the ground.

Arrastar-se, *v. r.* to creep, to move slowly and weakly.

Se eu não puder caminhar, arrastar-me-ei, if I can't go, I will creep.

ARRATEL, *f. m.* a pound weight.

ARRATELAR, *v. a.* to weigh a thing posed by pound.

ARRAVESADO. See

ARRAVESAR. See **ARREVERAR**.

ARRAIA. } See { **ARRAIA**.

ARRAZADO. } See { **ARRASADO**.

ARRAZAR. } See { **ARRASAR**.

ARRAZOADO. See **ARREZOADO**.

ARRAZOAR. } See { **ARREZOAR**.

ARRAYAL. } See { **ARRAIAL**.

ARRE, the word carriers and such people use to their horses, mules, or asses, to make them go: as ours say, *hey gee-hoe*, &c.

Arré interj. hey-day! also away, away with.

ARREADO. See

ARREAR, *v. a.* to dress, to adorn.

Arrar-se, *v. r.* to adorn one's self.

ARREATA. See **ARRIATA**.

ARREATADO. See **ARRIATADO**.

ARREATAR. See **ARRIATAR**.

ARREAZ, *f. m.* a sort of buckle or ring, on which the stirrup-leather hangs.

ARREBANHA'DO. See

ARREBANHAR, *v. a.* to gather the sheep, to assemble or bring together. Arabic.

ARREBATA' pombadas, (a jocose expression) a person worthy to be beaten. Lat. *verbero*.

ARREBATADAME'NTE, adv. precipitately, hastily, inconsiderately, madly.

ARREBATA'DO, *a*, adj. snatched, carried off suddenly, carried away by force.

Arrebatado, swift, rapid, violent.

Arrebatado, soon angry, passionate, hasty, petulish, naturally inclined to anger.

Arrebatado com extasi, *ou* **arrebatado dos**

sentidos, rapt in spirit, in an extasy.

Arrebatado, affected, or touched with delight or admiration; also hastened, done with speed.

ARREBATAMENTO, *f. m.* snatching, or catching; also hastiness, passion; according to the *v.*

ARREBATAR, *v. a.* to snatch, to pull away violently, to catch suddenly, to carry off as death.

Deixar-se, arrebatado, das paixões, to abandon, or give over one's self to passions, to yield or give way to them.

Arrebatado, to charm, please, or delight.

Arrebatado-se, *v. r. ex. Arrebatado-se de si*, to be rapt in spirit; it is also said of passionate lovers, and of madmen.

ARREBEÇA'DO. See

ARREBEÇAR, **ARREBESAR**, or **REBEÇAR**. See **VOMITAR**.

ARREBENTADO. See

ARREBENTAR, *v. a.* to burst, to break suddenly.

Arrebeitar o diabo, (a vulgar phrase) to drink a glass of wine after saying graces after meal.

Arrebeitar, *v. n.* to burst, to break or fly open.

Arrebeita-o-lhe as ilbargas com riso, he can't hold his sides with laughing, he splits his sides with laughing.

Arrebeitar, to open and spread as a flower doth; also to spring, to break out, to rise, to issue, to burst out as waters do.

Arrebeitar de gente, to be crowded with people.

Arrebeitar, to desire passionately; also to be ready to burst; to break as the waves do; to break as an impolthume.

As suas expressões me arrebeita-o o coração, his expressions break my heart.

Ter o corpo arrebeitado, to have eruptions appear on the body, as pustules, sores, &c.

ARREBIQUE. See **REBIQUE**.

ARREBITADO. See **LEVANTADO**.

ARREBITAR. See **LEVANTAR**, and **REBITAR**.

ARREBOL, *f. m.* the redness of clouds.

ARREBURRINHO, a sort of play among boys.

ARRECADAÇAM, *f. f.* exaction, a levying or gathering of money, or any other thing; also, a right distribution, or management.

ARRECADA'DO, *a*, adj. received, taken, accepted. See also **POUPADO**.

ARRECADA'R, *v. a.* to receive, to take, to accept.

Arrecadar bem a sua fazenda, to spare or husband, to be a saving or good husband; also to exact, to demand, to dun.

ARRECA'DAS, *f. m. p.* an ear-ring, a pendant. Hebrew.

ARRECI'FE, or **RECIFE**, *f. m.* a ridge of rocks along the sea-coast; also a harbour belonging to the captainship of Pernambuco, in the Brazil, South America. James Lancaster got into it in the year 1595, with seven or eight English ships, and made himself master of the cattle and port.

ARREDA'DO, *a*, adj. See

ARREDA'R, *v. a.* to remove; also to withdraw.

Arredar para traz, to draw or pull back.

Arredar-se, *v. r.* to withdraw, to retire or go away.

ARREDI'O, *a*, adj. strayed; (speaking of beasts); also withdrawn from company, lonesome, retired. (Speaking of persons.)

ARREDO, *ex. Arrede wa de nós*, far be it from us.

ARREDO'NA. See **REDO'NA**.

ARREDORES, *f. m. p.* precinct, circuit.

Arredores da cidade, the adjacent parts of the town.

ARREDOUCA. See **REDOUCA**.

ARREFANHA'DO. See

ARREFANHAR, *v. a.* (In the province of Beira.) See **ARRANCAR**.

ARREFEÇER, *v. a.* and *n.* See **ESFRIAR**, and **ESFRIAR-SE**.

ARREFECIDO. See **ESFRIADO**.

ARREGAÇADO, *a*, adj. girded, tucked up.

ARREGAÇAR, *v. a.* to tuck, to turn, to gather up.

Arregaçar os braços, to strip the arms naked.

ARREGALAR os olhos, to lift the eye-brows too much, to open one's eyes wide, to stare.

ARREGANHADO, *a*, adj. See

ARREGANHAR, *v. a.* to grin, to snarl, or show the teeth as a dog doth; also to chink, to open. (Speaking of fruit.) Lat. *biaferr*.

ARRELA'DO, or **ARREYADO**. See **ARREADO**.

ARREIAR, or **ARREIAR**. See **ARREAR**.

ARREIGADO. See **ARRAIGADO**.

ARREIGAR. See **ARRAIGAR**.

ARRE'IO, or **ARREYO**, *f. m.* a horse-harness, also array, dress.

Arreir, or **Arreir**, adv. continually, without intermission.

ARREITE'IA. (In the province of Beira.) See **ALMOFOLIA**.

ARRELA', an interj. of aversion, away, away with.

ARRELA'PAS, idem.

ARRELEQUI'M, *f. m.* a buffoon, or harlequin, a merry-andrew, a jack-pudding.

ARRELHA'DA, *f. f.* an alker-staff; the plough-staff, or the iron in a plough-staff, with which the coulter is scraped.

ARREMANGA'R. (A vulgar word.) See **AMEAÇAR**.

A R R

ARREMATACAM, f. f. the action of delivering the goods to him that bids most, in a port-sale, or auction.
ARREMATADO, a, adj. that is bought in a port-sale, or auction.
Deudo arrematado, a down-right fool.
 See also **APERFEIÇADO**, and the v. **ARREMATAR**.
ARREMATADOR, f. m. he that bids most.
ARREMATAR, v. aét. to sell by auction, to knock at a sale; also, to bid most, to buy in a port-sale; also, to tie fast.
Arrematar terras, to break or till up the ground again, also to weed.
Arrematar as contas, to reckon, to count, to cast an account. See also **REMATAR**.
Arrematar-se, v. r. to be sold by auction.
ARREMEÇADO, a, adj. thrown, or cast forth, or away. See **ARREMEÇAR**.
Homem arremeçado, a temerarious or rash man.
ARREMEÇAM, f. m. a sort of lance that may be cast, or hurled.
ARREMEÇAR, v. aét. to throw, or sling forth, or away.
Arremeçar a cavallo, to gallop; also to turn back the horse.
Arremeçar-se, v. r. to cast, or throw one's self in, to rush in, to run headlong into.
ARREMEÇO, f. m. a throw, hurl, or cast.
Armas de arremeço, arms that may be cast, or hurled.
Fazer arremeço. See **ARREMEÇAR**.
ARREMEDADO. See
ARREMEDAR, v. aét. to imitate a person, or a thing, to come near to it, to mimic, to ape, also to counterfeit.
O que arremeda, a mime or mimic, an imitator.
Aquella que arremeda, the woman that imitates, or apes, an imitatrix.
Arremedar o assinado de alguém, to counterfeit one's hand.
ARREMEDO, f. m. an imitation, the act of mimicking; also a counterfeiting, a dissembling, a colour, pretence, or disguise.
O humor ou genio de arremedar, apishness.
Arremedo de fidalguia, a shew of nobility.
ARREMEDOS da guerra, mock fights.
ARREMESQUINHOS, so they call the paint, patches, &c. which women wear on their faces. (A jocose word.)
ARREME'TENTE, (in heraldry) it is said of beasts represented as invading, assailing, or setting upon.
ARREMETER, v. aét. to invade, assault, or set upon, to rush violently upon, to run hastily or furiously upon. Lat. *irruere*.
ARREMETIDA; f. f. See **ACOMETIMENTO**.

A R R

ARREMETIDO, a, adj. See **ARREMETER**.
ARREMINA'DO. (A vulgar word.) See **ATREVIDO**.
ARREMINAR-SE, v. r. to assault, to set upon, to run against.
ARRENDADO, a, adj. See **ARRENDAR**.
ARRENDADOR, f. m. he who takes or hires; a tenant who rents a house, or land.
Arrendador, a lessor, he that letteth a house, &c. he that setteth to hire.
ARRENDAME'NTO, f. m. a hiring, renting, or taking by lease.
Arrendamento, the letting of a house, a setting to hire.
Arrendamento feito só por palavra, a lease parole. See **PALAVRA**.
ARRENDAR, v. a. to let, to let out.
Arrendar, to hire, or take to hire.
Arrendar milho zaburo, to lay earth to the millet roots after being weeded.
ARRENEGA'DA, f. f. a sort of game at cards, called *ombre*.
ARRENEGA'DO, f. m. a renegado.
ARRENEGADOR, f. m. a swearer, a blasphemer.
ARRENEGA'R, v. a. to deny, to forswear, to abjure, to turn a renegado.
Arrenegar, to detest, to loath, to abominate, or abhor.
Arrenegar, v. n. to be transported with anger.
ARRENE'GO, f. m. a detestation, an imprecation, or cursing.
 See **ARREIO**.
Arreio, adv. See **ARREIO**.
ARREPELA'DO, a, adj. See **ARREPELAR**.
ARREPELA'M, or **REPELAM**, f. m. a tug by the hair.
Dar hum arrepelam, to give a tug.
ARREPELA'R, v. a. to pull off, or by the hair.
Arrepe'lar-se, v. r. to tug one's own hair.
ARREPENDE'R-SE, v. r. to repent, to change one's mind.
ARREPENDI'DO, a, adj. See **ARREPENDER-SE**.
ARREPENDIME'NTO, f. m. repentance, the changing of mind.
ARREPIAMENTO. See **ARRIPIAMENTO**.
ARREPIA'R. See **ARRIPIAR**.
ARREPTI'CIO. See **OBSESSO**.
ARREVESAR, or **ARRAVESAR**. (Obsol.) See **VOMITAR**.
ARREZOADAMENTE. See **RACIONAVELMENTE**, and **BASTANTEMENTE**.
ARREZOADO, a, adj. reasonable, just, right, conscionable; also, reasonable, competent, moderate.
ARREZOADO, f. m. a reply in law, a plea, a reason, a defence.
ARREZOAR, v. n. to reason, to consider.
Arrezoar o feito, to take up the plea.
ARRHAS. See **ARRAS**.
ARRIA DO, a, adj. See

A R R

ARRIA'R, or **ARREAR**, v. a. (a sea term) to veer; that is, to put more rope by hand, or to let more run out.
Arriar as velas, to strike sail.
Arriar bandeira, to strike the flag.
ARRIATA, f. f. ex. *Levar as bestas á arriata*, so they say when a horse, mule, &c. is tied to the pack-saddle of that which goes before.
ARRIATA'R. See **REATAR**.
ARRIA'Z, f. m. a piece belonging to horse harness.
ARRIBA, preposit. above, up, upward.
ARRIBAÇAM, f. f. ex. *Avés de arribaçam*, strange birds, or birds of a strange place; birds that fly away, as swallows in winter.
ARRIBA'DA, f. f. the return by water to the place from whence one went.
ARRIBA'R, v. n. (sea term) to put into an harbour, to stand in for an harbour, or road, to be driven into an harbour, or road, by stress of weather.
Arribar, (in condng the ships) to bear up, to bring the ship more before the wind.
Dêz dos seus navios arribaram a este porto, ten of their ships have put into this harbour.
A tempestade nos obrigou a arribar áquella porte, a storm drove us into that harbour.
Arribar, to be forced back into the harbour the ship set out from.
Arribar, to strike or run a-ground.
Arribar, (metaph.) to recover, to get again.
Arribar, to resume, to begin again, to take in hand again.
Arribar a ave, to fly as strange birds do. See **ARRIBAÇAM**.
Arribar, to reach, to come at.
Arribar, to hoise, or hoise up.
ARRIBITAR. See **RIBITAR**.
ARRIÇADO, a, adj. See **ERRIÇADO**.
ARRIÇAR. See **ERRIÇAR**.
ARRIE'RO, f. m. a muleteer.
ARRIE'L, f. m. a gold-ring used in ancient times by the common sort of women.
ARRILHA'DA, f. f. See **ARRELHADA**.
ARRIMA'DO, a, adj. underfet, propped, leaning, or resting on.
Arrimado, (metaph.) favoured, protected, &c. See **FAVRIMAR**, and **ARRIMAR-SE**.
ARRIMA'DO á sua opiniaõ, positive, headstrong, stubborn.
ARRIMAR, v. a. to lay any thing against another, that may support it, or may be supported by it.
Arrimar, (metaph.) to protect, to shelter.
Arrimar-se, v. r. to lean, to rest; both in the proper and figurat. sense.
Arrimar-se sobre hum boudão, to lean upon a stick.
Arrimar-se, to draw near, or nigh.

ARR

Arrimar-se, to trust to, to rely, or depend upon.
ARRIMINADO. (A vulg. word;) See **ATREVIDO**.
ARRIMO, f. m. support, strength, prop, defence; both in the proper and figurative sense.
ARRINCONADO, a, adj. thrust into a corner, forsaken, solitary. From the Spanish *rincon*, a corner.
ARRIOZ, f. m. a marble, for children to play with.
ARRIPIACABELLO, adv. against the hair.
ARRIPIADO, a, adj. See the verbs **ARRIPIAR**, and **ARRIPIAR-SE**.
Cavalle que tem o pelo arripado, a rough-coated horse.
ARRIPIAMENTO, f. m. a shivering, or cold fit.
Arripamento que se sente nos dentes, a setting on edge.
Arripamento, (speaking of the hair) the flaring up, or standing up an end.
ARRIPIAR-SE, v. r. to stand on end, to flare.
Os cabelos se lhe arripão, his hair flares up.
ARRIPIAR, v. a. ex. *Arripiar a carreira*, to travel back, or over again.
Fazer arripiar os cabelos, to cause the hair to flare up. Figurat. to fill with horror.
ARRISCADO, a, adj. endangered, hazarded; also bold, and venturesome, rash, fool-hardy, indiscreet.
Homem arriscado, a rash man.
ARRISCAR, v. a. to endanger, to venture, to hazard.
Arriscaria a minha vida para servir-vos, I would venture my life to serve you.
Arriscar-se, v. r. to dare, to adventure, to be bold, to presume. From *risco*, danger.
ARROBA, f. f. a weight of thirty-two pounds in Portugal. Arabic.
ARROBADO. See
ARROBAR, v. a. to weigh, or to measure by the arroba.
Arrobar, to cure and preserve small wines by putting into them sodden wine. From **ARROBE**, see it. See also **ARREBATAR**.
ARROBE, f. m. sodden wine, or new wine boiled away to a third part, or to one half; as Pliny says. From the Arabic *errubun*, the third part.
ARROCHADO, a, adj. See
ARROCHAR, v. a. to bind or tie hard with an *arrocho*. See
ARROCHO, f. m. a short stick with which carriers wind the cord that binds their pack.
ARRODEADO. } See { **RODEADO**.
ARRODEAR. } See { **RODEAR**.
ARRODELLADO, a, adj. armed with a buckler, or shield. From *rodella*, a buckler.
ARROGA DO, a. See **ARROGAR**.

ARR

ARROGA'NCIA, f. f. arrogance, pride, haughtiness.
ARROGANTE, adj. arrogant, proud, haughty.
ARROGANTEMENTE, adv. proudly, haughtily, arrogantly.
ARROGA'R-SE, v. r. to arrogate, to claim, to attribute to one's self.
ARROJADO, a, adj. bold, rash. See the verbs **ARROJAR** and **ARROJAR-SE**.
ARROJAMENTO, f. m. boldness, audacity, impudence.
ARROJAR, v. a. to cast, to throw, to sling away. See also **ARRASTAR**.
Arrojar-se, v. r. to cast one's self violently, as from a high place. (Metaph.) to do or say any thing rashly.
ARROIDO, f. m. See **BRIGA**.
ARROIO, or **ARROYO**. f. m. a little stream of water, a rivulet. Spanish. Also an herb so called.
ARROMBA, (a vulgar word) great; ex. *Jantar de arroba*, a great dinner.
ARROMBADA, f. f. a coiled cable.
ARROMBADO, a, adj. See **ARROMBAR**.
ARROMBADO, f. m. a burglar, or house-breaker.
ARROMBAMENTO, f. m. the breaking open.
ARROMBAR, v. a. to force, to pull, or drive down, or in.
Arrombar huma porta, to break open a door.
ARROSTADO, a, adj. See
ARROSTAR, v. a. to come in sight, to defy, to provoke, to face. *Elle arrosta a morte no meio dos perigos*, he defies death in the middle of dangers.
ARROTA DO, a, adj. See
ARROTAR, v. n. to break wind upwards, to belch.
ARROTEA, f. f. a piece of ground that has been grubbed up, and ploughed for the first time.
ARROTEAR, v. a. to grub up an untilled piece of ground.
ARROTO, f. m. a belch, belching, or breaking wind upwards.
ARROTOS azedos que sabem a ovos gosros, four belches.
ARROUBAMENTO, f. m. See **EXTASIS**.
ARROUPADO. See **ENROUPADO**.
ARROUPAR. See **VESTIR**.
ARROUPAR-SE. See **ENROUPAR-SE**.
ARROZ, f. m. rice, a sort of grain or pulse. Arabic.
ARRUADO, a, adj. disposed, shared, or divided into streets. See also
ARRUAR, v. a. to post people of different employments, so that each of them may work in his post, or station. From *rua*, street.
ARRUDA, f. f. the herb rue.
Arruda brava, or *silvestre*, great St. John's wort.

ART

ARRUE'LA, f. f. (in heraldry) tor-teaux; a bearing of round coloured figures like cakes; also a small iron ring in ships.
ARRUFADO, a, adj. See
ARRUFAR-SE, v. r. to be angry, to be in a passion.
ARRUFO, f. m. a peek, or pique like that among lovers, of which Terence says; *amantium iræ, am-ris redintegratio est*.
ARRUGADO, a, adj. See
ARRUGAR, v. a. to wrinkle, to make wrinkles, to shrivel.
Arrugar a cara, or *arrugar-se*, to bend or knit the brow, to frown, lower, or pout. From the Lat. *ruga*, a wrinkle.
ARRUIDO, f. m. See **ARROIDO**.
ARRUINADO, a, adj. ruined, destroyed, undone.
ARRUINAR, v. a. to ruin, destroy, to undo, to lay waste.
ARRUIASCA DO, a, adj. somewhat red, reddish.
ARRU' LHO, f. m. a cooing; the noise that pigeons make when they bill or kiss one another. (Metaph.) Children's play things, as bells, rattles, &c.
ARRUMACAM. f. f. a setting in order. See the v. **ARRUMAR**.
ARRUMACO. (A jocular word.) See **ARRUFO**.
ARRUMADO, a, adj. See
ARRUMAR, v. a. to set in order, to dispose, to set up any thing in its place. From the French *rum*, any room made or contrived in the hold of a ship to put in the lading.
Arrumar livros, to keep a merchant's, or banker's books.
Arrumar huma carta geographica, ou hydrographica, to appoint in a geographical or hydrographical chart, the courses to be steered; to shew the bearing of a town, or of a sea-coast, with respect to another place; to mark the trade-winds, &c.
Arrumar a carregação, (a sea term) to stow goods in a ship.
ARRUNHADO, a, adj. See
ARRUNHAR, v. a. (among shoemakers) to cut or pare about. See also **ARRUINAR**.

ARS

ARSAM, f. m. a saddle-bow.
ARSENAL, f. m. an arsenal, a store-house, or repository of provisions and amunitions.
ARSENICO, f. m. arsenic, orpiment, or orpine; a sort of mineral and poison. Greek.

ART

A' RTE, f. f. an art.
Artes liberaes, the liberal arts.
Artes mecanicas, the mechanic arts.
Mestre em artes, master of arts; a term used in the university, for human learning and philosophy.

A R T

Arte, art, skill, address, craft, mystery, cunning, ability.
P. com arte e sem engano se vive meio ano; *com engano e com arte se vive a outra parte*, that is, all a man's life is a cheat.
Arte, trade, profession, business.
Arte, grammar; a book that contains the rules of any language.
ARTEFACTO, f. m. workmanship.
ARTEIRO. See *MANHOSO*.
ARTELHA'DO. See *ARTILHADO*.
ARTELHARIA. See *ARTILHARIA*.
ARTELHO, f. m. the ancle-bone.
ARTEMI'JA, or *ARTEMISA*, f. f. the herb mug-wort, or mother-wort.
ARTERIA, f. f. an artery.
Arteria magna, or *aorta*, (in anatomy) the artery called aorta, or great artery.
Arteria aspera, (in anatomy) the wind-pipe.
ARTERIA'L, adj. arterious, arterial, or belonging to the arteries.
ARTEYICO. See *GOTA Arterica*.
ARTEZA, or *ARTESA*, f. f. a trough, a kneading trough. Greek.
ARTEZAN, f. m. a vaulted roof, or the picture of it. From the Spanish *artesa*, a tray.
ARTHANTA, f. f. or *MAÇA de piro*, the herb called sow-bread.
ARTIRITICO, a, adj. arthritical, arthritic, gouty, troubled with the gout.
ARTICO. See *ARCTICO*.
ARTICULAÇAM, f. f. (in anatomy) articulation, or the joining together of the bones of an animal body, for the due performance of motion.
Articulação, (in grammar) articulation, the part which treats first of sounds and letters, and then of the manner of joining them together, for the composing syllables and words.
ARTICULADAMENTE, adv. articulately, distinctly, clearly.
ARTICULA'DO a, adj. articulate, distinct, that is, when sounds are so clearly pronounced that one may hear every syllable. See also
ARTICULAR, or *DEARTICULAR*, v. a. to pronounce the sounds articulately and clearly.
Articular, (in anatomy) to join together the bones of an animal body, and to distinguish the joints.
Articular, to articulate, to set down in articles; also to question a matter of fact, to prove it. (In law.)
ARTICULO. See *ARTIGO*.
ARTIFE, (in cant) bread.
ARTIFICE, f. m. an artificer, a handicraft man.
ARTIFICIAL, adj. artificial, artful, done according to the rules of art.
ARTIFICIO, f. m. artifice, art; also a cunning trick, slight, or knack; a crafty device, or cunning fetch.
ARTIFICIOSAMENTE, adv. artificially, cunningly, craftily.
ARTIFICIOSO, a, adj. artful, ac-

A R V

ording to art; also full of deceit, or artifice.
ARTIGO, f. m. (in grammar) an article, a small word distinguishing the genders; also, an article, point, or head.
Artigos da nossa Santa fé, the articles of the Christian faith.
Artigo da morte, the article of death.
ARTILHA'DO, a, adj. planted, or furnished with artillery.
ARTILHARIA, *ARTELHARIA*, or *ARTILHERIA*, f. f. artillery, ordnance; all sorts of great fire-arms, with their appurtenances; also gunnery.
General da artilharia, general of the artillery.
Pega de artilheria. See *CANHAM*.
ARTILHEIRO, f. m. a matross; also a gunner.
ARTIMANHAS, f. m. p. (in the provinces of Minho and Galicia) a pair of scales.
ARTISTA, f. f. a master of any art, an ingenious workman. See also *ARTIFICIOSO*.
Obra artista, an artificial work, and done by rule.
ARTRITICO. See *ARTHRITICO*.
ARTURO. See *ARCTURO*.
ARTUS, f. m. p. (in anatomy) the joints; also the limbs.

A R V

ARVE'LOA. See *ALVELOA*.
ARVOA'DO, a, adj. giddy, or dizzy.
ARVOAME'NTO, f. m. giddiness, dizziness.
ARVORA'DO, a, adj. See
ARVORAR, v. a. to set upright, to raise, to lift up.
Arvorar bandeira, to set up, or to hoist, or to hold up the colours, to display them; also to lay any thing against another. See also *ESPETAR*.
ARVORE, f. f. a tree. See my grammar, and in the verses from Lobo you will find it masculine.
Arvore da castidade. See *AGNO CASTO*.
Arvore triste, a tree growing in several parts of India, but chiefly on the Malabar coast. See Christ. Acol. Nat. Hist. E. India.
Arvores que se deixão no corte de huma mata para crescerem, e dallas se fazer madeira, flanders, standils, standards, or heys.
Arvore da cruz, the cross whereon our Saviour was crucified.
Arvore, the spindle of a printing-press.
Arvo e da descendencia, a tree of consanguinity.
Correr arvore seca. (Among sailors.) See *CORRER*.
P. quem a boa arvore se elega, boa semente o celva, that is, he that relies on good worthy people, reaps a benefit.
ARVORE'DO, f. m. a grove of trees.
ARVOREZINHA, f. m. diminut.

A S C

from *arvore*, a small tree; also a tree of young growth.
ARU'SPICE, or *HARU'SPICE*, f. m. f. a soothsayer, a diviner by looking into the entrails of the sacrifice.
ARUSPICI'NA, or *HARUSPICINA*, f. f. the art of divination, by looking into the intrails of the sacrifice.
ARUSPICIO. See *ARUSPICINA*.

A R Z

ARZO'LLA, f. f. a green almond. Arabic.

A S

AS, the article of the plural for the nouns of feminine gender, the. See *A*.

A S A

ASA. } See { *AZA*.
ASADO. } { *AZADO*.
ASABOREA'DO. See *TEMPERA'DO*.
ASABOREAR. See *TEMPERAR*.
ASALARIA'DO. See *ASSALARIA'DO*.
ASAMBLE'A, or *ASSEMBLEA*. See *CONGRESSO*.
ASAR. See *AZAR*.
A'SARA bacara. See *ASSARA bacara*.
A'SARO, f. m. the herb called foal-foot, wild spikenard, or asarabacca. Greek.
ASASOA'DO. See *SAZONADO*.

A S B

ASBE'STO, f. m. asbestos, a sort of native fusile stone, fit to be spun as wool or flax.

A S C

A'SCA. See *AVERSAM*, and *TEDIO*.
ASCA RIDES, a kind of worms that breed in the straight gut; asc-worms; also the bots in horses. Greek.
ASCENDE'NCIA, f. f. a genealogy, ancestry.
ASCENDE'NTE, f. m. (in astrology) ascendent, or the point in the heavens, or degree of the equator, ascending upon the horizon, particularly with reference to a man's nativity. Also the pretended influence of stars upon one at his birth, a strong natural inclination. (Metaph.) Ascendent, hank, power, influence, which a prevailing genius has upon another.
Vea cava ascendente, (in anatomy) the cava, or the largest vein in the body.
ASCENDENTES, (in genealogy) the ancestors, forefathers.
ASCENSA M, f. f. the Ascension day, the going up of our Saviour into heaven, Holy-Thuriday; also ascension, in astronomy.
Ascensam recta, (in astronomy) right ascension.

Ascensum

ASM

Ascensam obliqua, (in astronomy) oblique ascension.

Ascensam, Ascension, an island in the Atlantic Ocean, lying almost half way between Zoango in Congo, Africa, and Pernambuco in Brasil, South America. It was discovered in 1508, by Tristão da Cunha, a Portuguese, on Ascension-day. It is also the name of another island, according to Hackluyt, in the bay of St. Lawrence, North America.

ASCE'TICO, *a*, adj. ascetic, belonging to religious exercises. Greek.

ASCIOS, *f. f. p.* Asci, the inhabitants of the torrid zone.

ASCLEPIAS. See *HIRUNDINARIA*.

A'SCO, *f. m.* loathing.

Fazer asco de alguém, to loath, to nauseate somebody.

ASCO'SO, *a*, adj. loathsome, nasty, filthy, dirty.

ASCRIP'TIO, *a*, adj. it is said of those that are obliged to people, or to flock a country with people, and to be inhabitants of it.

ASCRIP'TO, *a*, adj. enrolled, registered.

A'SCUA, *f. f.* (a Spanish word) a burning coal of fire.

ASE

ASE'LHA. See *AZELHA*.

ASELLA'DO, *a*. See

ASELLA'R, though the great Camoens often makes use of this *v.* it is however better to make use of the *v.* *SELLAR*, which see.

ASE'LLOS, *f. m. p.* two stars in cancer. (In astronomy.)

ASE'NHA. } See { *ASERÇAM*.
ASERÇAM. }
ASE'RVES. }
ASESTAR. } { *AZER'VES*.
 } { *ASSESTAR*.

ASEV'A, or *AZEVI'A*, *f. f.* a sort of fish.

ASI

A'SIA, *f. f.* Asia, one of the four parts of the world.

ASIA'TICO, Asiatic, or belonging to Asia.

ASI'LO. See *ASYLO*.

ASI'NHA, or *AZINHA*, adv. quickly.

Asinha, *f. f.* an acorn, the fruit of the scarlet oak.

ASM

A'SMA, *ASTHMA* or *ASTMA*, *f. f.* asthma, a difficulty in breathing, proceeding from an ill affection of the lungs. Greek.

ASMATICO, or *ASMENTO*, *a*, adj. asthmatic, belonging to, or troubled with an asthma.

A'SMO, ex. *Paõ asmo*, unleavened bread.

ASMODE'O, *f. m.* the name of a devil, the fiend of lechery.

ASP

ASN

A'SNA. See *BURRA*.

Asnas, (in heraldry) bends, bars.

Asna, (in carpentry) a cross piece of timber to hold fast larger beams, and keep them together, or the main beam of a house.

ASNA'DA, *f. f.* a drove of asses.

ASNEIRA, incivility, rudeness, a foolish thing; also ignorance, stubbornness.

ASNEIRA'M, *f. m.* booby, fool, sot, great ass.

ASNEIRO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to an ass.

ASNIDA'DE. See *ASNEIRA*.

ASNI'NHA, *f. f.* (diminut. from *asna*) a little she ass.

ASNI'NHO, *f. m.* (diminut. from *asno*) a little ass, an ass-colt, or young ass.

Asinho montez, a foal of a wild ass.

A'SNO, *f. m.* an ass.

Asno, uncivil, clownish, rude, ill-bred, unmannerly fellow.

Asno mentez, a wild ass.

P. asno, que tem fome, cardos come, that is, as we say, hungry dogs will eat dirty pudding.

P. asno morto, cevada ao rabo, we say, a day after the fair, or, after meat mustard; also, after death the physician. The Lat. say, *post bellum auxilium*.

P. mais quera asno que me leve que cavalle que me derrube, better be an old man's darling, than a young man's warling; or better ride on an ass that carries me, than a horse that throws me.

P. enfabeoar a cabeça do asno, to bray a fool in a mortar, or to wash a black-moor white.

Festa dos asnos, the festival of asses, a ceremony formerly used in the cathedral church of Rome, upon Christmas-day. See *Du Cange*.

ASNOGA. See *SYNAGOGA*.

ASO

ASOBERBA'DO. See

ASOBERBA'R, *v. a.* (an old word) to oppress with pride.

ASOLDADA'DO. See *ASSOLDADA'DO*.

ASOLDADA'R-SE. See *ASSOLDADA-R-SE*.

ASP

A'SPA, *f. f.* St. Andrew's cross. Arabic.

ASPA'DO. See *ASPAR*.

ASPALATO, *f. m.* the rose of Jerusalem, or our Lady's rose; also rose-wood.

ASPA'M, *HISPAHAM*, or *ISPAHAN*, *f. m.* Ispahan, or Hispahan, the capital city of the Eirac-Agem, or Persian-irak, and of all Persia, in Asia.

ASQ

ASP'A'R, *v. a.* to tie, to nail one to St. Andrew's cross; also, to plague, to molest, to vex.

Agua de Aspar, a kind of mineral water.

ASPARAGO. See *ESPARGO*.

ASPECTA'VEL, adj. visible, that may be seen, and beheld. From the Lat. *aspectabilis*.

ASPE'CTO, *f. m.* aspect, look, air, appearance; also the aspect of planets.

Aspecto trino, (among astrologers) trine aspect.

Aspecto quadrado, (among the same) a square, or an aspect between two planets, which are distant ninety degrees one from another.

Aspecto sextil, (among the same) a sextile aspect.

ASPE'ITO. See *ASPECTO*.

ASPERAMENTE, adv. harshly, severely, bitterly, roughly, austere.

ASPERE'ZA, *f. f.* harshness, roughness, austerity, severity, ruggedness, tartness.

ASPERGI'DO. See

ASPERGI'R, *v. a.* to besprinkle, wet, to asperse.

A'SPERO, *a*, adj. unpleasant, disagreeable.

A'spero ao gosto, rough, harsh, biting, stale,

A'spero ao ouvido, harsh, grating.

A'spero ao tato, hard, sharp.

Caminho aspero, rough, or rugged, uneven way.

Lei aspera, rigid, strict law.

Aspero, untamed, ill-bred, ill-natured, rude, fierce, cruel, unjust, severe, austere, crabbed, clownish, boorish.

A'SPERA arteria. See *ARTERIA*.

ASPERRIMO, *a*, adj. (superlative from *aspero*) most severe, most harsh, &c. See *ASPERO*.

ASPERSA'M, *f. f.* a sprinkling, aspersion, besprinkling.

ASPERSO'RIO, *f. m.* an holy-water-sprinkle, or sick, an aspergery.

ASPHA'L, *LAGOA ASPHALTIS*, or *ASPHALTIDE*, Asphaltites, or the Dead Sea, where Sodom and Gomorrah stood. Greek.

ASPHODE'LO. See *ABROTEA*.

A'SPID, or *A'SPIDE*, *f. m.* asp, or asp, a little serpent, whose bite is mortal.

ASPIRAÇAM, *f. f.* aspiration, the fetching or drawing in the air; also aspiration, in grammar. See the *v.*

ASPIRAR.

ASPIRA'DO, *a*. See *ASPIRAR*.

ASPIRA'L. See *SPIRAL*.

ASPIRA'R, *v. a.* to favour, to assist. *Aspirar a alguma coisa*, to aspire to a thing, to covet, desire, ambitiously to seek it, to aim at it.

Aspirar, *v. a.* (In grammar.) It is said of words that are written with the aspiration H.

ASQ

ASQUERQ'SO, *a*, adj. See *ASCOSO*.
A S S

A'SSA, f. f. a gum or juice, issuing out of the herb called laser; some call it mallow-wort.

Affa dulcis, benzoin.

Affa fetida, the stinking gum, called by some devil's dung, brought from the province of Chorasan, in Persia, to Ormuz, and thence distributed into all parts of the world. It is thought the proper name of this gum, in its own country, is *laser*, and thence corruptly *assa*. The tree it comes from is said to be like a hazel, both in bigness and leaves. Christ. Acost. Nat. Hist. E. Ind.

A'gro assa, so they call in India, the white people born from black parents.

ASSABORA'DO. See *INCITADO*.

ASSABORA'R. See *INCITAR*.

ASSACALA'DO. See *AÇACALA'DO*.

ASSACALAR. See *AÇACALAR*.

ASSACA'DO, a, adj. See

ASSACA'R, v. a. to impute, to attribute, to transfer, to lay to charge without sufficient reason for it.

ASSA'CIOS, f. m. p. (in pharmacy) medicines prepared by roasting them upon a hot tile, brick, &c. From *af-sar*, to roast.

ASSA'DO, a, adj. See *ASSAR*.

ASSADOR para *assar castanhas*, an earthen pot with holes to roast chestnuts.

ASSADU'RA, f. f. the pluck of a beast, or any other piece of meat to roast.

ASSALARIA'DO, a, adj. See

ASSALARIA'R, a. v. to allow a salary or wages.

ASSALTA'DO, a, adj. See *ASSALTAR*.

ASSALTADO'R, f. m. the person who attacks another, or assaults.

ASSALTAR, v. a. to assault, attack, or set upon. See also *SALTEAR*.

ASSA'LTO, f. m. an assault, an attack. From *salto*, a leap, as it were leaping upon.

ASSANHA'DO, a, adj. soured, provoked to anger, stirred up; also growing fresh again, bleeding again, breaking out anew. (Speaking of wounds, &c.)

ASSANHAR, v. a. to sour, to provoke.

Affanhar-se, v. r. to be provoked, to be made angry; also to grow sour again. (Speaking of wounds, &c.)

ASSA'NHO, f. m. See *SANHA*.

ASSAR, v. a. to roast.

ASSARA BACCARA, or *ASARA-BACARA*, the herb called asarabacca. Arabic.

ASSARI'A UTA, a sort of grapes so called.

ASSASSINA'TO, or *ASSASSI'NIO*, f. m. the action of the killing any body treacherously; an assassinating.

ASSASSI'NIO. See *ASSASSINATO*.

ASSASSI'NIOS, f. m. p. assassins, a sect of Mahometans, who being commanded by their chief master, refused no pain or peril, and would slay any prince he would have destroyed.

ASSASSI'NO, f. m. an assassin, a private or treacherous murderer.

ASSASSINOS. See *ASSASSINIOS*.

ASSATI'VO, ex. *Cozimento assativo*. See *ASSACIOS*.

ASSA'Z, or *ASSA'S*, adv. enough, sufficiently, abundantly.

ASSAZOADO. } See { *SAZONADO*.

ASSAZOAR. } See { *SAZONAR*.

ASSAZOE', a herb growing in Ethiopia, which is reckoned very good against the bite of a poisonous reptile of the serpent kind.

ASSEA'DO. See *ACEADO*.

ASSEDADO, a, adj. See

ASSEDAR, v. a. to comb flax or hemp.

ASSEDIA'DO, a, adj. See

ASSEDIA'R, v. a. to besiege. From the Lat. *assidere*, to sit by.

ASSEDIO, f. m. a siege.

ASSEGUARADO'R, f. m. an assurer, an insurer.

ASSEGUARADO, a, adj. See

ASSEGUARAR, v. a. to assure, to secure, to insure, to affirm, assert, aver, to promise. See also *SEGU-RAR*.

ASSEM, ex. *Vacca do' assém*, part of the furkin of beef.

ASSEMBLEA, *ASSAMBLE'A*, or *SEMBLE'A*, f. f. an assembly, company, multitude; also (among soldiers) a call, or drum beat for the soldiers to break up the camp.

ASSEMELHA'DO, a, adj. See

ASSEMELHA'R, v. a. to liken or compare.

Assemelhar-se, v. r. to be like, to look like one. (In physic.) To have, or get similar parts.

ASSENDENCIA. See *ASCENDENCIA*.

ASSENSO, f. m. assent, or consent. Lat. *assensus*.

ASSENTADA, ex. *De huma assentada*, all at once, altogether.

ASSENTADO, a, adj. See *ASSENTAR*, and *ASSENTAR-SE*.

ASSENTAMENTO, f. m. a pension settled by the king of Portugal on some of his noblemen.

Assentamento de cores, (in painting) the laying of the colours. See also *ASSENTO*.

Assentam-nto de cazas, houses built upon the same ground-plot.

ASSENTAR, v. a. to place, to settle, to seat, to set down, to put.

Assentar pedras, to lay stones, as a mason does.

Assentar no livro, to book down.

Assentar as mãos, to chastise, or punish.

Assentar o arrayal, ou o campo, to pitch a camp, to pitch tents, to encamp.

Assentar hum juizo sobre alguma coisa ou

apparentia, to fix, to settle, or ground one's judgement upon a reason, or appearance.

Não se pode assentar no que elle diz, a man cannot depend, or rely upon what he says; there is no certainty in him.

Assen'ar consigo, to conclude or resolve with one's self, to be persuaded, to take a resolution.

Assento comigo, I am persuaded, I take the resolution.

Assento nisto, this is my opinion, or resolution.

Assentar praça, to list, to enter his name as a soldier.

Assentar as costuras, to beat down the seams.

Assentar pazes, to make peace.

Assentar huma casa, to lay the foundation of a house.

Assentar, ou repartir tributos pellas provincias, to assess the land-taxes.

Assen'ar huma pancada, to strike, to give a blow.

Assentar as comas a hum cavallo, to cherish, to stroke softly the mane of a horse.

Assentar sua vivenda em alguma parte, to reside, to pick out a sojourning place, or abode, to settle, dwell, or take up his quarters.

Assentar a espada, (in fencing) to lay down the foils. It is also said of people, that on account of age, or some other reason, do not wear a sword.

Assentar a espada, (speaking of manners, and morals) to live a settled, sober life. (Metaph.)

Assentâr, v. n. to rest, or settle at the bottom, as dregs in drink; also to agree.

Assentar soldados, to list and levy soldiers.

Assentar tintas, ou cores, (in painting) to lay the colours.

Assentar caza a algum, to settle somebody to house-keeping, giving him servants, and any other thing that is necessary to be an house-keeper.

Assentar, v. n. to beseech, to be meet, or convenient; also, to fit. (Speaking of cloths, &c.)

Palavras assentadas, a wise and prudential speech.

Assentar-se, v. r. to sit down; also to settle, to rest, as liquors do.

Assentar-se de côcaras, to sit hanging on one's hams, as people do to ease themselves in the field.

ASSENTI'DO. See

ASSENTI'R, v. n. to assent, or be of the same opinion.

ASSENTISTA, f. m. one that keeps a register; also an undertaker, a receiver of the king's revenue.

ASSENTO, f. m. a chair, bench, seat, &c. also, residence, dwelling place.

Assento do reyno, the court, the capital town of a kingdom.

Fazer assento. (Speaking of liquors.) See

ASS

See *ASSENTAR-SE*; also, to book down, to register, to write in.
Fazer assento, (speaking of buildings) to fall, to sink down.
Assento do animo, tranquility, calmness, stillness, quietness of mind.
Humor que tem assento, a sober, quiet and temperate man.
Cum assento, or *de assento*. See *ASSENTAR-SE*.
Assento, determination, resolution, statute, decree; also, the privilege granted to some towns to send representatives to the court, or to the state-house.
Assento, remembrance, memory, record.
Livro dos assentos, a register, a register-book, or record.
Assento, the state, posture, or condition of things.
Assento natural, (among farriers) the toothless part by the tusks of a horse.
Assento da carruagem da parte de tras, the back seat of a coach.
Carruagem com dous assentos, a double-seated coach.
ASSEÔ. See *ACEO*.
ASSERÇAM, f. f. an assertion, or affirmation.
ASSERTIVAMENTE, adv. boldly, with becoming confidence.
ASSERTO, a, adj. avouched, maintained. From the Lat. *assertus*.
ASSERTOR, f. m. an assertor.
ASSERTORIO, a, adj. (in law) asserted, affirmed.
ASSESSOR, f. m. an assessor, a lawyer commissioned to sit on the bench with a judge.
ASSESTAR. (In gunnery.) See *ACESTAR*.
ASSETEAR DO, a, adj. See *ASSETEAR*.
ASSETEAR, v. a. to strike through, or pierce with arrows.
ASSEVERAÇAM, f. f. an asseveration, an affirmation.
ASSI. See *ASSIM*.
ASSIDEOS, f. m. p. Affideans, a strict sect of Jews.
ASSIDUAMENTE, adv. daily, continually, constantly, very often.
ASSIDUO, a, adj. diligent, assiduous.
ASSIM, adv. so, thus, after this manner.
Assim he ? is it so?
Para assim dizer, as it were.
Assim sou eu tolo, que, &c. I am not so foolish, as to, &c.
Tanto assim, so that.
Assim he que vos, &c. Is this your way, &c.
Assim como assim, after all, for all that.
Assim como, as, as well as.
Assim como, as soon as.
Basta assim por agora, thus much for this time.
Assim na paz, como na guerra, both in time of peace and war.
Assim assim, so so, indifferent.
Assim quiza elle como pode, he can if he will.
Assim deo me salve, as I hope to be saved.

ASS

ASSIMULAÇAM, f. f. See *APPARENCIA*.
ASSINAÇAM, f. f. a fixed and limited time. See also
ASSINADO, a, adj. signed, subscribed. See *ASSINAR*.
Assinado por mim, under my hand.
Assinado, f. m. a subscribed or signed paper.
ASSINADOR, f. m. a subscriber.
ASSINALAÇO, a, adj. agreed upon, appointed, limited; also noted, marked; also, illustrious, famous, noble, renowned, excellent.
ASSINALAR, v. a. to mark, or to set a mark upon; also, to determine or appoint before what is to be done, to prescribe, to limit.
Assinalar seu nome, or *Assinalar-se*, v. r. to signalize one's self, to become famous.
Assinalar termo. See *ASSINAR TERMO*.
ASSINAR, v. a. to make a settlement upon one; also, to appoint, to order, to give; also, to mark out, or note; also, to assign, to shew, to alledge; also, to sign, to put one's hand to a writing.
Assinar termo, to fix or limit time.
Assinar-se, v. r. to subscribe, or set one's hand.
ASSINATU'RA, f. f. signature, one's hand to a writing; also, the action of signing, or subscribing.
ASSIRIA. See *ASSYRIA*.
ASSISTENCIA, f. f. aid, help, succour, relief; also, assiduity, constant care, attendance, frequency; also, company, presence. See the v. *ASSISTIR*.
ASSISTENTE, f. m. (in law) he who joins or takes part with another in a suit of law. See the v. *ASSISTIR*.
Assistente de Sevilha, a governor for the king in Seville, who is in the nature of a president, and supreme in the civil government.
ASSISTIDO, a, adj. See *ASSISTIR*.
ASSISTIR, v. a. to assist, to aid, to help; also, to be present; also, to stand by, to attend or wait upon; also, to habit, to continue, abide, or dwell in a place.
A razam lhe assiste, the reason is on his side.
ASSOA DO, a, adj. See *ASSOAR*.
ASSOALHA DO, a, adj. See *ASSOALHAR*.
Assoalhado, f. m. See *PAVIMENTO*.
ASSOALHAR, v. a. to dry in the sun, to lay out in the sun; also, to expose, to shew; also, to plank, to floor with boards.
Madeira com que se assoalha os boxes da casa, groundsel.
ASSOANTE, or *SOANTE*, adj. agreeing in sound.
ASSOAR, v. a. to wipe, to blow the nose, to snite.
Assoar-se, v. r. to blow one's nose.
ASSOBIA DO. See *ASSOPIADO*.

ASS

ASSOBIAR. } See { *ASSOBLAR*.
ASSOBI O. } See { *ASSOVIO*.
ASSOCIADO, a, adj. See
ASSOCIAR-SE, v. r. to go in company, to take a partner in trade, to adopt as a friend.
ASSODA DO. See *ACODADO*.
ASSODAR SE. See *ACODAR-SE*.
ASSOLAÇAM, f. f. waiting, ruining, or destroying.
ASSOLA DO, a, adj. See *ASSOLAR*.
ASSOLADO R, f. m. one that waits, destroys, and levels with the ground.
ASSOLAR, v. a. to waste, destroy, to lay level with the ground.
ASSOLDADA DO, a, adj. See
ASSOLDADA R-SE, v. r. to serve for wages. From *joldada*, wages.
ASSOLVER. See *ABSOLVER*.
ASSOLUÇAM. See *ABSOLUÇAM*.
ASSOLUTO, &c. See *ABSOLUTO*, &c.
ASSOMADA, f. f. an high hill, or watch-tower, wherein things are espied afar off, and every way.
ASSOMADO, a, adj. rash, headstrong, fool-hardy, over-haily. See also
ASSOMAR, v. n. or *ASSOMAR-SE*, v. r. to look out, to appear, as at a window or such like place; to peep out. See also *SUMARIAR* and *LANÇAR-SE*.
ASSOMBRA DO, a, adj. astonished, frightened.
As cousas estão mal assombradas, things go very bad.
Bem assombrado, (speaking of a person) well favoured, handsome, fashionable, becoming.
Mal assombrado, (speaking of the same) ugly, deformed, ill-favoured.
Assombrado, is taken by some for an obsessed, or a person haunted with an evil spirit. See also the v. *ASSOMBRAR*.
ASSOMBRAMENTO, f. m. fear, terror, dread.
ASSOMBRAR, v. a. to frighten or scare; also to astonish, to move admiration; also to shadow a picture; (in painting) also to blast; (speaking of lightning) also to hurt, to damnify. See also *ACILENTAR*.
Assombrar-se, v. r. to be affrighted; also, (metaph.) to be hidden, or kept secret, to be preserved, to be under shelter.
ASSOMBRO, f. m. See *PASMO*, and *ADMIRAÇAM*.
ASSOMO. See *APPARENCIA*.
ASSOPRADO, a, adj. See *ASSOPRAR*.
ASSOPRADO R, f. m. bellows.
ASSOPRADU'RA, f. f. See *ASSOPRO*.
ASSOPRAR, v. a. to blow.
Assoprar, or *dizer alguma coisa a alguem nos ouvidos*, to whisper, or buzz a thing in one's ear.
Assoprar, to puff up, to make proud! (Metaph.)

Assoprar,

A S T

Afferrar, to fume, to rage, to huff and puff with pride, to be very angry.
Afferrar a tabula, to blow, to huff a man. (At draughts.)
P. lá fogueiras que a mesma fortuna lhe vai afferrando as palminhas, that is, there are men that meet with no obstacle in their undertakings.
ASSO'PRO, f. m. breath, puff, blowing.
musica de assofro, wind-instruments.
Affrope do Messias, it is an expression some Eastern people make use of, to praise an excellent physician, by calling him our Saviour's breath.
ASSOR. See *ACOR*.
ASSORE'NHA, f. f. a kind of bird of prey.
ASSOVELA'DO, a, adj. See *ASSOVELA'R*, v. a. to prick, or sting with a cobbler's awl. From *sovela*, a cobbler's awl.
ASSOPIA'DO, a, adj. See *ASSOPIAR*, v. n. to whistle; also to hiss, to make a hissing noise. (Speak of dragons, snakes, &c.)
Affociar ás botas, (in cant) to betake one's self to one's heels, to take to one's heels, to run away.
ASSOPINHA'R, v. a. (a vulgar word) to sting or prick often.
ASSOPI'O, f. m. a whistle.
Assogãos or Assogãos de assovio, a sort of varlets, or rogues that used to meet together by whistling.
ASSUA'DA, f. f. a mischievous and hurtful gang.
Hir de assuada, to go by bands, or great parties.
Entrar com assuada, to break in violently by troops, to rush in by force, or main strength; as a mischievous gang does.
ASSU'CAR. See *ACUCAR*.
ASSU'DE. See *ACUDE*.
ASSUETO. See *SUETO*.
ASSUMECAM da Virgem senhora nossa, the Assumption, or taking up of the blessed Virgin into heaven with body and soul.
ASSUMPTO, f. m. the subject of a discourse.
Assumpto, a, adj. promoted, advanced.
ASSUSTA'DO, a, adj. See *ASSUSTA'R*, v. a. to terrify, to fright, or make afraid; also to overthrow, to beat down.
Assustar-se, v. r. to grow timorous, or fearful.
ASSYRIA, f. f. Assyria Propria was anciently the present country called Kurdistan, in Asiatic Turkey. But Assyria, in its largest extent, anciently comprehended those provinces in Asia and Persia, which now bear the names of Kurdistan, Diarbec, and Iracarabick.
ASSYRIO, a, adj. Assyrian, of, or belonging to Assyria.

A S T

ASTATO, or *SOLDADO de lança*, a spear-man.

A S T

A'STEA, or *HA'STEA*, f. f. the staff or shaft of a halbert, or javelin &c.
Astea de lança, a spear-staff.
Astea, a stalk, blade, stem, or shank of a plant; the stalk whereupon the flower grows.
Astea, a cross-piece of timber.
ASTE'A'DO, a, adj. that has a staff.
ASTERI'SCO, f. m. asterisk.
ASTERI'SMO, f. m. asterism, or constellation; a knot of stars.
ASTERITE, f. f. asterites, a precious stone, a kind of opal, which sparkles with beams like a star.
ASTHMA. See *ASMA*.
ASTILHA, f. f. a long splinter or chip of wood.
Em astilbas, peace-meal, in chips.
ASTRAÇAM, Astrachan, the metropolis of the kingdom of Astrachan, in the island of Dongoli, or Dolgoi, near Tartary. The czar of Muscovy rescued it from the Tartars in 1662.
ASTRA'NÇA, f. f. the herb masterwort.
ASTREA, f. f. Astraea, the goddess of justice. The daughter of Astræus king of Arcadia, and Aurora; or, as Hesiod and others, of Jupiter and Themis, the daughter of Cælus and Terra.
A'STREGO, a, adj. astriferous, star-bearing.
ASTRICTO. See *ADSTRACTO*.
ASTRINGENCIA. See *ADSTRINGENCIA*.
ASTRINGENTE, &c. See *ADSTRINGENTE*, &c.
A'STRO, f. m. a constellation, or celestial sign, consisting of many stars; also a single star.
ASTROITE. See *ASTERITE*.
A'STROLA'BIO, f. f. astrolabe, a mathematical instrument, to take the altitude of the sun or stars. Greek.
ASTROLOGIA, f. f. astrology, an art that pretends to judge of the influence of the stars, and foretell things to come from the motion of them, and their aspects one to another. Greek.
ASTROLOGICO, a, adj. astrological, or belonging to astrology.
ASTRO'LOGO, f. m. an astrologer, a weather-wise.
ASTRONOMIA, f. f. astronomy, star-read; a science which teaches the knowledge of the heavenly bodies, shewing their magnitudes, distances, order, and motion. Greek.
ASTRONOMICO, a, adj. astronomical, belonging to that science.
ASTRO'SO, a, adj. unlucky, or born under an ill planet.
ASTU'CIA, f. f. subtilty, craft, cunning. See also *DESTREZA*, and *SUTILEZA*.
ASTURA, f. f. an inconsiderable place of the Campania di Roma. It is memorable for being the place where the celebrated Cicero lost his

A T A

life by the hands of that miscreant soldier Popilius, (whom the orator had before, by his pleadings, saved from the gallows) through the instigation of the more infamous Marc Antony.

ASTUTAMENTE, adv. crafty, subtilly, cunningly; also diligently, expertly, sagaciously, sagely, discreetly.
ASTU'TO, a, adj. subtle, cunning, crafty; also sagacious, skilful, prudent, wise, expert.

A S Y

ASYLO, or *AZYLO*, f. m. a sanctuary, or place of refuge, whence malefactors cannot be taken out to be punished; also (metaph.) any place where a man is safe, an asylum.
ASIMPTOTO, a, adj. (in geometry) asymptotic.

A T A

ATABAFA'DO, a, adj. See *ATABAFA'R*, v. a. See *ABAFAR*; also to put a stop to a report, rumour, or talk; so that no more words may be made about it.
ATABA'LE, f. m. a kettle drum, or an atabal, a kind of tabor used by the Moors.
ATABALE'IRO, f. m. a kettle-drummer.
ATABALHOA'DO, a, adj. (in cant) temerarious, rash.
ATABAM. See *TAVAM*.
ATABA'QUE. See *ATABALE*.
ATABEFE. See *TABEFE*.
ATABUCA'DO, a, adj. (obso.) entertained, amused.
ATA'CA, f. f. a point, a tagged point.
ATA'CA'DO, a, adj. laced, as women's stays, or boddices, tied, fastened; also attacked, surrounded, invested. See *ATACAR*.
ATACADO'R, f. m. a lace, such as women use to fasten their stays, a stay-lace.
Atacar da espingarda. See *VARETA*.
ATA'CA'R, v. a. ex. *Atacar o inimigo*, to attack the enemy; also to seize, to ask with importunity.
Atacar o espartilho, to lace, or to fasten the stays.
Atacar os calções, to lace, or to tie up one's breeches.
Atacar huma espingarda, to ram down the charge in a musquet.
ATA'DO, a, adj. tied; also a man that is good for nothing, as if his hands were tied.
Atado a hum leito, confined to bed. See the v. *ATAR*.
ATADU'RA, f. f. a tie, a band, a bandage, a ligature.
ATAFAL, f. m. a crupper.
ATAFERA, f. f. a list or selvage made of matweed.

A T A

ATAFO'NA, f. f. an afs or a horse-mill.
Pedra da atafona. See **CONCHA, GRAM.**
ATAFONEIRO, f. m. a miller of a horse or afs-mill.
ATACUENTA'DO, } (In the pro-
ATAGUENTA, } vince of Min-
ho.) See **ATEMORIZADO**, **ATEMORIZAR**.
ATALAYA, f. f. a watch tower, or a sentinel, a person that stands to discover or watch; also a sort of boat, among the Indians.
ATALAYADO, a, adj. See
ATALAYAR, v. a. to stand sentinel, or be upon the watch upon a high place; also to observe studiously the actions of another.
Atalayar-se, v. r. to be cautious, to be careful, to set sentinels about one's self.
ATALHA'DO, a, adj. dumb, speechless, that does not know what to say. See also the v.
ATALHAR, v. a. to stop the passage, to shut up, or hinder, to put a stop to, to remove, to drive away, to prevent, to cut off; also to shorten or abridge; also to speak between, to interpose.
Atalkar o alquiver, (in agriculture) to plough cross-wise the land that had been fallow.
Nos lbes atalbamos o caminho, we got between them and home.
Atalbar caminho, to take the shortest way.
Atalbar razoes, to make few words.
Atalbar-se, v. r. to run down, to have nothing to say for himself.
ATA'LHO, f. m. a by-path, the near way.
ATAMARADO, a, adj. of a reddish colour. From *amara*, a date, the fruit of the palm-tree.
ATANA'DO, f. m. tanned leather.
ATANASIA, or **ATHANASIA**, f. f. the herb called tansy.
ATANAZADO, a, adj. See
ATANAZAR, v. a. to pinch, to twitch or tear off the flesh with red hot pinchers. See also **ATORMENTAR**.
ATAQUE, f. m. attack, assault, onset, attempt, charge, brunt. French.
ATAQUEIRO, f. m. he who makes or sells laces, such as women use to their stays.
ATA'R, v. a. to tie, to bind.
Atar de pês e mãos a algum, to faggot one.
Atar a língua a algum, to strike one dumb.
P. chegar ao atar das feridas, that is, to come late.
P. nem ata, nem desata, that is, he says nothing to the purpose.
Atar-se ao parecer de algum, to stick, or to adhere to another's opinion.
ATARANTA'DO, a, adj. perplexed, confused.
ATARANTA'R, v. a. to perplex, to puzzle.
ATARRACA'DO, a. See

A T E

ATARRACA'R, v. n. to bind, or tie hard or fast; also to fasten with wedges.
Atarracar a ferradura, is to finish a horse-shoe, and get it ready to shoe a horse.
ATASCA'DO, a, adj. See
ATASCAR-SE, v. r. to stick in the mire, to be fast that one cannot get out.
ATASSALHA'DO, a, adj. See
ATASSALHAR, v. a. to tear or rend in pieces, to mangle.
ATAUDE, f. m. a coffin. Arabic.
ATAVERNA'DO, See
ATAVERNAR, v. a. ex. *Atavernar o vinho*, to sell wine in a tavern, or by retail.
ATAVIA'DO. See
ATAVIA'R, v. a. to smug, to trim.
ATAVI'O, f. m. simugness, spruceness.
ATAVONA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Mejra atavenada*. See **TAVAM**.
ATAUXIA, f. f. damaskeening on metals, the inlaying one metal with another.
ATAXIA'DO, a, adj. See
ATAXIA'R, v. a. to damask, to adorn steel, iron, &c. works, by making incisions in them, and filling them up with wire of gold or silver, as in locks of pistols, &c.

A T E

ATE, preposition; till, even, up to.
Até onde? how far?
Até quando? till when?
Até Roma, as far as Rome.
Até que eu viva, as long as I live.
He hum homem de tanta bondade que até os seus inimigos são obrigados a estimá-lo, he is so good a man, that even his enemies have a value for him.
Até que, until, till.
Até quanto? how much?
Até tanto, so much
Até agora, or *até aqui*, till now, or hitherto.
Até então, till then, till that time.
ATEA'DO, a, adj. See
ATEAR, v. n. or *Atear-se*, v. r. to take fire.
Atear huma pendencia, v. a. to begin a quarrel.
Atear-se alguma coisa com calor, is to increase more and more.
Atear-se o mal a algum, to get, or catch a distemper.
ATEIMADO. } See { **TEIMADO**.
ATEIMAR. } See { **TEIMAR**.
ATEMORIZADO, a, adj. See
ATEMORIZAR, v. a. to affright or make afraid; to put one in fear.
ATEMPAÇAM, f. f. the time given that the appeal may be laid before the superior judge. (In law.)
ATEMPADO, a, adj. See
ATEMPAR, v. a. (in law) to give time that the appeal may be laid before the superior judge.
ATEMPERADO. } See all these words
ATEMPERANTE. } with double T.
ATEMPERAR.

A T I

ATENÇAM.
ATENÇAS.
ATENCIOSO.
ATENDER.
ATENDIDO.
ATENTADO.
ATENTAVENTE.
ATENTAR.
ATENTO.
ATENUAÇAM.
ATENUADO.
ATENUAR.
ATEQUIPE'RAS, f. m. p. an excellent sort of pears so called.
ATERRA'DO. See **ATEMORIZADO**.
ATERRAR. See **ATEMORIZAR**.
ATER-SE, v. r. to keep, to stand, to stick to a thing.
Atar-se as que firm julgado, to stand to what shall be decided.
ATESADO, a, adj. bent.
ATESAR hum arco, v. a. to bend a bow.
ATESOURA'DO. See **ENTESOURADO**.
ATESOURA'R. See **ENTESOURAR**.
ATESTAÇAM, f. f. attesting or witnessing. See also **CERTIDAM**.
ATESTADO, a, adj. See
ATESTAR, v. a. to fill up to the top; also to testify or bear witness.

A T H

ATHANASIA. See **ATANASIA**.
ATHEISMO, f. m. atheism.
ATHEISTA, or **ATHEO**, f. m. an atheist. Greek.
ATHE'NAS, f. f. Athens, a city of Greece between Macedonia and Achaia, situated on the sea coast. It is now called Setines.
ATHEO, f. m. See **ATHEISTA**.
At'eo, a, adj. atheistical, of, or belonging to an atheist.
ATHEROMA, f. m. (in medicine) an atheroma, a swelling, consisting of a thick and tough humour, like pap of sodden barley.
ATHLETA, f. m. an athlete, wrestler, champion. Greek.
Cousa concentrante aos atletas, athletic.

A T I

ATICA'DO, a, adj. See **ATICAR**.
ATICADOR, f. m. one that provokes, or sets people to quarrel. See also **INSTIGADOR**.
ATICA'R o lume, v. a. to poke, rake, or stir up the fire.
Aticar a vela, to snuff the candle.
Aticar discordias, to throw oil into the fire, to add fuel to the fire, to inflame persons that are at odds, to help a quarrel forward.
Aticar, (metaph.) to provoke, to move, to stir up to anger, to add fuel, to foment.
ATI'DO, a, adj. See **ATER-SE**.
ATIGURGO. See **ATICURGO**.
ATI-

A T O

ATILADO, *a*, adj. See **ACEADO**, **POLIDO**, **CULTO**.
ATILHO, *f. m.* a band, or tie.
ATIMADO, *a*. See
ATIMAR, *v. a.* (an antiquated word) to undertake.
ATINADO, *a*, adj. See
ATINAR, *v. a.* to guess right, to find, to hit upon things by guess; also to remember. See also **ENTENDER**, and **ACERTAR**.
ATINCAL. See **TINCAL**.
ATINO, *f. m.* See **ACERTO**.
ATIRADO, *a*, adj. See **ATIRAR**.
ATIRADOR, *f. m.* he who shoots, casts, or throws.
ATIRAR, *v. a.* to shoot, cast, or throw. See **TIRAR**.
Atirar com pedras, to throw stones.
Atirar, to assault, or set upon.
Atirar, to aim at.
Conheço pelo vosso discurso a que sentido atirais, I know by your discourse what you aim at.
Atirar consigo pellos ares, or *por bi alem*. See **ARES**.
Atirar-se, *v. r.* to flap, to play the wings with noise, and great agitation, as birds do when they are affrighted.

A T L

ATLANTE, *f. m.* a king of Mauritania; also (metaph.) a defender, protector, assertor.
ATLANTICO, *a*, adj. ex. *Mar Atlantico*, the Atlantic Ocean.
ATLANTIDES, *f. f.* the stars called pleiades, or seven stars.
ATLAS, *f. m.* a very high hill in Mauritania; also a book of universal geography, containing maps of the whole world; also (in anatomy) the atlas, or the first vertebra of the neck under the head, so called, because it seems to uphold the head.

A T M

ATMOSPHERA, *f. f.* the atmosphere.
ATMOSPHERICO, *a*, adj. belonging to the atmosphere.

A T O

ATOADO, *a*, adj. See
ATOAR, *v. a.* (sea-term) ex. *Atoar um navio*, to tow a ship.
ATOARDA, *f. f.* common talk, report, rumour. See also **AFISO**.
ATOCHADO, *a*, adj. See
ATOCHAR, *v. a.* to fasten, or make fast any thing by forcing in a wedge; stone, &c.
ATOCHO, *f. m.* a wedge, or other like thing to be forced in, in order to fasten another.
ATOLADO, *a*, adj. See
ATOLAR-SE, *v. r.* to stick in the mire.
ATOLEIRO, *f. m.* a marshy place, where carriages or cattle stick in the mire; also, (metaph.) an obstruction in doing any thing.
ATOMBADO. } See { **TOMBADO**.
ATOMBAR. } See { **TOMBAR**.
ATOMO, *f. m.* an atom.

A T R

ATORÇALADO, *a*, adj. twisted like **TORÇAL**; which see.
ATORÇALAR, *v. a.* to twist silk. See **TORÇAL**.
ATORÇADO, *a*, adj. that is not well ground.
ATORÇAR, *v. a.* it is said of things that are not well ground, as corn, and other things sometimes are.
ATORDADO, *a*, adj. See
ATORDAR, *v. a.* to stun.
Aquella pancada atorcou-o, that blow stunned him.
ATORMENTADO. See
ATORMENTAR, *v. a.* to torment, to rack, to put to great pain; also to vex, or fret.
O que atormenta, a harasser, a plager.
Atormentar-se, *v. r.* See **AFFLIGIR-SE**.
Pessoa que se atormenta a si mesma, seek sorrow.

ATOSSIGAR. See **AVENENAR**.

A T R

ATRABILIARIO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to black choler; melancholic.
ATRABILIOSO, *a*, adj. See **ATRABILIARIO**.
ATRACADO, *a*, adj. See
ATRACAR, *v. a.* to accost, to come up to one. See also **AFERRAR**.
ATRAÇAM. } See **ATTRACÇAM**,
ATTRACTIVO. } and the others with
ATRACTO. } double T.
ATRAHIDO. }
ATRAHIR. }
ATRAICODAMENTE. See **ATREICODAMENTE**.
ATRAICADO. See **ATREICADO**.
ATRAICAR. See **ATREICAR**.
ATRAMADO, *a*, adj. (speaking of linen, silk, &c.) that is ill woven.
ATRANCA DO, *a*, adj. See
ATRANCAR, *v. a.* to barr, or make fast with a bar.
Atrancar a casa, to encumber a house with furniture.
Qualquer coisa, que se serve para atrancar a casa, a filler.
ATRAPALHADO, *a*, adj. bungled. See also **DESALINHADO**.
ATRAPALHAR, *v. a.* to bungle; also to disorder, to confound.
ATRAVESSADILHO, *a*, adj. irksome, that interrupts.
ATRAVESSADO, *a*, adj. laid a-cross; also stuck or thrust through.
Atравessado, (in heraldry) divided transversely.
Homem de estatura atravessada, a man that has a well proportioned body, and of a just temperature and make of a middle size, neither too slender, nor too gross and fat, but broad shouldered.

Olhar com olhos atravessados, to look askew upon; or cast a sheep's eye at.
Trazer huma causa atravessada na garganta, (figurative) it is said of a thought that lies very cross in our minds.

A T R

Andar atravessado com algum, to be at variance, to disagree with one.
Navio que está atravessado no porto, e impede a saída dos outros, a ship that lies a-thwart.
Cão atravessado, a dog engendered between two kinds or species, a mongrel-dog.
Tir a alma atravessada, to be loth to die, or to be long in dying.
Pão atravessado por cima de huma porta ou janella, a lintel, the head-piece over a door or window. See the verb
ATRAVESSADOR. See **ABARCADOR**.
ATRAVESSAR, *v. a.* to cross, or lay a-cross; also to run through, to cross or to go cross, to traverse; also *atravessar marcadorias*. See **ABARCAR**.
Atравessar a rua, to cross the street, or to cross over the way.
Atравessar huma carta no jogo. See **CARREGAR**.
Atравessar, or passar hum rio a nado, to swim over.
Atравessar os designios de algum, to traverse, to cross, or thwart one's design.
Atравessar-se, *v. a.* (speaking both of persons and things) to delay, to oppose, to withstand, to cross, to thwart, to be contrary.
Comer que se atravessa no estomago, meat that clogs one's stomach, or sticks to it.
ATRAZ, (preposition) behind, after.
Ficar atrás, to be inferior. (Figurative.)
Fazer passo atrás, to give ground, to draw back.
Passo atrás, a spring or run before a leap.
Dar hum passo atrás para saltar, to take a run.
Dixar atrás, to over-run; also to be superior.
Os dias atrás, some days ago.
Elle torna atrás, (figurative) he does not urge, or he does not insist upon, he is not instant in.
Tornar atrás em a palavra, not to keep one's word, or not to keep touch.
Elle não fica atrás de ninguém na sabedoria, he comes not behind any in point of learning.
Como dissems atrás, as we said before.
ATRAZADO, *a*, adj. that is behind-hand with the world, or indebted; also that is behind-hand with another in civility, learning, &c. backward, negligent; also that is far from being promoted, or employed: that goes too slow, (speaking of a watch, &c.)
ATRAZADOS, *f. m. p.* arrears, or arrearages, the remains of reckoning, or debt; also principles or rules, and particularly those of the Latin grammar are so called.
ATRAZAR, *v. a.* to retard, to hinder, stop, to delay.

A T R

Arrear-se, v. r. to go slow, as a watch sometimes goes; also to grow backward, or negligent; also to grow worse and worse.

Arrear-se nos pagamentos, to be in arrears, to be behind hand.

ATREIÇOADAMENTE, adv. treacherously, perfidiously.

ATREIÇOA'DO, or *ATRAIÇOADO*, a. adj. full of falsehood, treachery, or unfaithfulness.

ATREIÇUAR, or *ATRAIÇUAR*, v. a. ex. *Atreçar a alguém*, to break the faith, to lay snares, to be perfidious, false, or treacherous towards another.

ATREMA'DO, } These words are only used in the province of Beyra. See *ATINADO*, *ATINAR*.

ATREPA'DO. } See *TREPADO*.

ATREPAR. } See *TREPAR*.

ATREVER-SE, v. r. to dare, to adventure, to be bold; also to be saucy.

Atrevem-se com, to be able to oppose, withstand or do any thing.

ATREVIDAMENTE, adv. boldly, daringly; also saucily.

ATREVI'DO, a. adj. bold, daring; also inconsiderate and saucy. Greek.

ATREVIMENTO, f. m. boldness, impudence.

ATREVINCAVA'DO. See *ATRANCADO*.

ATREVINCAVA'R. See *ATRANCAR*.

ATRIBULA'DO, a. adj. See

ATRIBULA'R, v. a. to trouble, to grieve.

ATRIBUTA'R, v. a. to vex. See also *AVASSALAR*.

ATRIGA'DO, a. adj. See

Atrigar-se, v. r. (in the province of Beyra) to be struck, surprised.

ATRIO, f. m. a court-yard.

ATRO, a. adj. black. Lat. (It is only used in physic, or poetry.)

ATROADO, a. adj. thinned with thunder, or any other noise. See the v. *ATROA'R*.

ATROADO'R, f. m. the person who thunders or makes a noise; also a fool or silly fellow.

ATROAMENYO, f. m. a kind of disease in a horse's hoof. See

ATROA'R, v. a. to thunder, to make a great noise, to stun: hence *Trovaô*, thunder.

Atrear os cascos de hum cavallo, to shake or hurt a horse's hoof in shoeing.

Atrear-se o casco, is for a horse's hoof to be hurt, &c.

ATROCIDA'DE, f. f. cruelty, inhumanity, fierceness.

ATROPELLADAMENTE, adv. confusedly, disorderly.

ATROPELLA'DO, a. adj. confused, without order. See also the v.

ATROPELLA'R, v. a. to tread under foot, to run over, both in the proper and figurative sense; also to weary or tire, to oppress. From *Tropel*, a crowd, a throng.

A T T

Atropellár-se, v. r. to tread one another under foot.

ATROPHI'A, f. f. atrophy, a consumption of the body, caused by meat not turning into nourishment; when either the whole body, or any particular limb, decays and wastes away. Greek.

ATROPHICO, a. f. m. f. one that is troubled with atrophy.

ATROPO'S, one of the three Destinies, that cuts the thread of man's life, according to the poets. Greek.

ATRO'Z, adj. heinous, cruel, or fierce. Lat. It is said more commonly of things.

ATROZMENTE, adv. heinously, cruelly, fiercely.

A T T

ATTEMPERA'DO, a. adj. See *ATTEMPEAR*.

ATTEMPERANTES, (in physic) ex. *Meximas attemperantes*, allwaging, or mitigating medicines.

ATTEMPERA'R, v. a. (in physic) to mitigate, to assuage.

ATTENÇA'M, f. f. attention, application; also respect, politeness, kindness, regard.

ATTENÇAS. See *TENÇA*.

ATTENCIO'SO, a. adj. that is performed attentively; also polite, kind, respectful.

ATTENDER, v. a. to consider, or mind, to attend, to regard, to give ear; also to use politely, to regard, to have a regard.

ATTENDI'DO, a. adj. See *ATTENDER*.

ATTENTADAMENTE, adv. carefully, cautiously, attentively.

ATTENTA'DO, a. adj. cautious, wise.

Atentado, f. m. any innovation in a law suit; also an attempt.

ATTENTAMENTE, adv. carefully, attentively; also politely.

ATTENIA'R, v. a. to mind, to observe; also to provide, consider, or regard; also to innovate any thing in a law suit.

ATTENTO, a. adj. careful, heedful, attentive. See also *ATTENTADAMENTE*.

ATTENUAÇAM, f. f. a wasting, or consuming away; also growing thin; also attenuation. (In physic.)

ATTENUA'DO, a. adj. attenuated, spent, wasted, grown thin. See also the v. *ATTENUAR*.

ATTENUA'NTE, ex. *Medicamentos attenuantes*, attenuating medicines.

ATTENUA'R, v. a. to make thin, to weaken, to lessen.

ATTESIAÇAM, &c. See *ATESIAÇAM*, &c.

ATTICURGO, a. adj. as, *atticurgo*, *ordem*, the Attic order.

ATTONITO, a. adj. astonished, amazed.

ATTRACÇAM, f. f. attraction.

ATTRACTIVO, a. adj. attractive,

A V A

drawing to, or apt to work upon a person in order to bring him over to some compliance or other.

ATTRACTIVO, f. m. attractive, charm, allurements.

ATTRACTO. See *ENGOLHIDO*.

ATTRAHIDO, a. adj. attracted, allured, drawn.

ATTRAHIR, v. a. to attract, to allure, to draw.

ATTRIBUI'DO, a. adj. See

ATTRIBUI'R, v. a. to attribute, to lay to one, to ascribe, or impute a thing to one; also to give.

Attribuir-se, v. r. to assume, or take upon one's self, to arrogate to one's self.

ATTRIBUTO, f. m. an attribute. See also *PRENDA*, *VIRTUDE*.

Atributos Divinos, (among divines) attributes, or certain properties, attributed to God, as that he is almighty, eternal, &c.

ATTRICÇAM, f. f. attrition, (in divinity) or an imperfect sorrow for sin, proceeding from a fear of future punishment for the same; also (in philosophy) an attrition, a rubbing or striking against.

ATTRITO, a. adj. (in divinity) that has got an attrition.

A T U

ATUA'DO, a. adj. See

ATUAR, v. a. to thou, as quakers do.

ATULHA'DO. See *ENTULHADO*.

ATULHA'R. See *ENTULLHAR*.

ATUM, f. m. the tunny, a fish so called.

Atum pequeno, the fry of the tunny fish.

Atum que não passa de hum anno, a summer whiting.

ATURADAMENTE, adv. patiently, constantly; also without interruption, continually, perseveringly.

ATURADO'R, f. m. the person that suffers labour, or is steadfast in a thing.

ATURA'DO, a. adj. See

ATURA'R, v. a. to bear, to suffer, to abide, to endure, or tolerate; also to persevere, to continue, or be steadfast in a thing.

ATURDI'DO, a. adj. See

ATURDI'R, v. a. to stun, to amaze, to surprise.

A V A

AVALLAÇAM, f. f. an appraising, a prizing, rating, valuation, estimation.

AVALLA'DO, a. adj. appraised, rated, &c. See the v.

Esjar bem, ou mal avaliado, (metaph.) to have a good or bad reputation.

AVALIADO'R, f. m. an appraiser, vulgarly a praiser of goods.

AVALIAR, v. a. to appraise, to value, to rate, to prize a thing.

AVANÇADA, f. f. See *ATRAQUE*.

AVANÇADO, a. adj. See *AVANÇAR*, and *GUARDA*.

AVAN-

A U D

AVANÇAMENTO, f. m. (in architecture) the jutting or leaning out in a building.
AVANÇAR, v. a. See **ACOMETTER**, and **ATACAR**; also to get or gain; also to serve, to help; to jut or stand out (speaking of a building); also to go as far as.
AVANÇO, f. m. profit, advantage, gain.
AVANIA, f. f. (A Turkish word.) See **VEXAÇAM**. It is also an Italian word, signifying wrong, injury.
AVANO, f. m. See **ABANICO**.
AVANTA'L, or **AVENTA'L**, f. m. an apron.
AVANTE. See **ADIANTE**, *Passar avante*, to go farther, both in the proper and figurative sense.
Levar a sua avante, or *levar o seu intento avante*, to insist, to stand much upon, to urge, to be instant.
Avante, or *Adiante*, on, or go on, go forwards.
AVANTEJADO. See **AVENTAJADO**.
AVARENTO, a, adj. covetous, niggardly, stingy, griping, avaritious.
P. o avarento ao de tem o thesouro, tem o entendimento, wherever a covetous man's treasure is, there is his heart also.
AVAREZA, f. f. avarice, covetousness, greediness, niggardliness.
AVARIA, f. f. (in traffick) average, a certain allowance out of the freight to the master of a ship, when he suffers damage; a contribution by insurers, to make satisfaction for insured goods cast over-board.
AVARICIA. See **AVAREZA**.
AVARO, a, adj. desirous, covetous, greedy. See **AVARENTO**.
Ves escrevitis ao vosso amigo com palavras avaras, you write to your friend with too much reserve, you do not write to him with freedom enough.
Terra avara, sterile, barren ground.
AVASSALADO, a, adj. See **AVASSALAR**, v. a. to subdue, to conquer, to bring under, to subject, or to make subject. Hence *vassalo*, a vassal.

A U C

AUCAM. See **ACCAM**.
AUCCIONARIO. See **ACCIONISTA**.
AUCTO. See **ACTO**.

A U D

AUDACIA, f. f. audacity, audaciousness, confidence, rashness, sauciness.
AUDAZ, adj. audacious, confident, over-bold, daring.
AUDAZMENTE, adv. boldly, confidently, rashly.
AUDIENCIA, f. f. audience, hearing; also the hearing of a cause.
Dar, or *fazer audiencia*, to give au-

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dience, to hearken to; also to hear a cause.
El-rey tem dado audiencia ao embaixador de França, the king has given audience to the French ambassador.
Ter audiencia, to have audience.
Pedir audiencia, to demand audience.
Casa, or *sala da audiencia*, the court, or the hall where ambassadors are received, or where causes are heard.
AUDITOR, f. m. auditor, (in law.)
AUDITORIO, f. m. an auditory, an assembly, a congregation of those that hear. See also **CASA** or **SALA da audiencia**.
Auditorio, a, adj. ex. *Nervos auditórios*, the auditory nerves, or the seventh pair of nerves, that comes from the medulla oblongata. (In anatomy.)
AUDIVEL, adj. that strikes the sense of hearing, audible.

A V E

A'VE, f. f. a bird, a fowl. Lat. *Avis de rapina*, a bird of prey.
Ave de arribação. See **ARRIBAÇAM**.
Ave de casa, a dung-hill fowl.
Ave Maria, Ave Mary. (that is, Hail Mary) a prayer to the Virgin Mary; also that part of a sermon, where the preacher makes his prayer to the Virgin Mary.
AVEMARIAS, the tolling of a bell at break of day, at noon, and at the dusk of the evening; also the small beads of a chaplet.
AVEA, f. f. oats.
Farinha de aveia, oatmeal.
De aveia, of oats.
AVEADO, a, adj. (among the vulgar) mad, or hair-brained, a lunatic.
AVECA. } See { **AVACA**.
AVEÇO. } See { **AVESSO**.
AVEJAM, f. m. (among the vulgar) a man of a monstrous size, a ghost, a spectre.
AVELA, f. f. (in India) toasted rice.
AVELAM, f. f. filberd-nut, hazel-nut.
Avellam da India, a fruit as big as a walnut, but longish. It is cold and dry, comforts the stomach, prevents vomiting, and strengthens the gums and teeth.

AVELANS *purgativas* Barbadoes nuts. Ray calls them *Avellanas purgatrices novi orbis*.
AVELADO, a, adj. withered, dry, without juice; also (metaph.) full of wrinkles, wrinkled.
AVELAR, v. n. to wither, to grow dry, and without juice. It is also said (metaph.) of very old women.
AVELEIRA, f. f. a hazel or filberd-tree.
AVELEIRA'L, f. m. a grove or copse of hazel-trees.
AVELHENTADO, a, adj. See **AVELHENTAR**. See **ENVELHER**.

A V E

AVELORIOS, f. m. p. small beads of glass to make necklaces, or strings for the arms.
P. sabe vender bem os seus avelorios, he has a good way of delivery.
AVELUTADO, a, adj. like velvet.
AVENA, f. f. reed, pipe.
AVENCA, f. f. the herb maiden-hair.
Avença, f. f. an agreement. From *Avir-se*, to agree. See also **UNIAM**, **CONCORDIA**.
P. mais val mã avença, que boa sentença, that is, it is better to agree at any rate, than to go to law; agree, for law is costly.
Humão de boa avença, a man easy to be pleased and satisfied.
AVENÇADO. See **AVENÇAR**.
AVENÇADURA. See **ENXARCIA REAL**.
AVENÇAM, f. m. a kind of herb very like to maidenhair. Lat. *Trichomanes*.
AVENÇAR, v. a. to agree upon the yearly rent that is to be paid in corn, wine, oil, &c. See also **AVANÇAR**.
AVENENADO, a, adj. See **AVENENAR**, v. a. to poison.
AVENIDA, f. f. avenue, passage, entrance, way to a place.
Tomar as avenidas, to stop, to shut up the avenues.
Tomar as avenidas, (metaph.) to hinder, to obviate, to prevent the difficulties and objections that may be laid against any undertaking.
AVENTADO, a, adj. See **AVENTAR**.
AVENTAJADO, a, adj. superior, better; also fit, convenient, advantageous. See also the v.
AVENTAJAR, or **AVANTAJAR**, v. a. to advantage, to profit, to be useful.
Aventajar-se v. r. to excel, surpass, surmount, to be superior.
AVENTAL. See **AVANTA'L**.
AVENTAR o trigo. See **ALIMPAR o trigo**.
Aventar algum negocio, to smoke, or smell out a business.
AVENTURA, f. f. an extraordinary event; also an adventure or hazardous enterprise. (In romance) See also **ACASO**.
AVENTURADO, a, adj. See **AVENTURAR**, v. a. to venture, to run the hazard, to lay at stake.
Aventurai tudo, let the worst come to the worst; leave all things to chance, or to fix and fevens. See also **ARRISCAR**.
Aventurar-se v. r. See **ARRISCAR-SE**.
P. quem não se aventura não anda a cavallo, nem em mula, that is, nothing venture, nothing have.
AVENTUREIRO, f. m. an adventurer, one that ventures, or hazards. See also **CAVALEYRO Andante**.
Soldados aventureiros, the forlorn hope of

A V E

of an army, the soldiers that make the first attack; also soldiers of fortune.

AVENTUREIRO, a volunteer.

Aventureiro, *a*, adj. rash, that seeks for dangers; also remarkable.

AVÉR. } See **HÁVER.**
AVÉRES. } See **HÁVERES.**

AVERBA'DO, *a*, adj. See **AVERBAR** per escrito, to write in express words.

Avirbar algum de suspeito, to accuse one of partiality.

Averbár bun nome, to derive a verb from a noun.

AVERDUGA'DO, that wears a petticoat called *verdugada*. See **VERDUGADA**.

AVERGA'DO, *a*, adj. See **AVERGA'R**, *v. n.* ex. *avergar com o peso*, to bend, or bow with the weight.

AVERIGUAÇAM, *f. f.* making out of the truth.

AVERIGUADAMENTE, adv. for a certainty.

AVERIGUA'DO, *a*, adj. See **AVERIGUA'R**, *v. a.* to view or search diligently, to examine, to weigh, consider, discuss or list; also to decide, to determine or resolve.

Avriguar o negocio, to conclude, to finish, or dispatch an affair.

Avriguar a verdade, to clear the truth.

Avriguar huma contenda, to decide or make an end of a difference.

AVERNO, *f. m.* a lake in Campania, dedicated to Pluto, feigned by the poets to be the entrance into hell; also hell itself.

Avéno, *a*, adj. See **INFERNAL**.

AVERSA'M, *f. f.* an aversion, repugnancy, opposition; also hatred.

AVERSO, *a*, adj. averse, opposite.

AVESINHA, *f. f.* (diminutive from *ave*) a little bird.

AVESSA'DA, *f. f.* (in falconry) the thong of leather to tie the hawk to the perch.

AVESSAS, adv. it is always used with the particle *ás* before; as in the following examples:

As avissas, the wrong way, preposterously, cross, quite contrary.

Tomar tudo às avissas, to misconstrue any thing.

Ficar às avissas, to invert, to turn upside down.

Fazer huma coisa às avissas, to do a thing quite contrary.

AVESSO, *f. m.* the wrong side.

Do avesso. See **ÀS AVISSAS**.

Avesso da medalha, the reverse of a medal.

Avesso de hum panne, &c. the wrong side of a stuff, &c.

Homem que não tem avesso nem direito, an inconstant and untractable man.

Avesso, *a*, adj. cross, cross-grained, wild, untoward.

Homem avesso, a man that swerves from reason.

A V I

Dar com hum homem de avesso, to ruin a man.

AVESTRU'Z. See **ABESTRU'Z**.

AVEXAÇAM. } See **AVEXAÇAM**.
AVEXA'DO. } See **AVEXA'DO**.
AVEXA'R. } See **AVEXA'R**.

AVEZA'DO. See **ACOSTUMADO**.

AVEZA'R. See **ACOSTUMAR**.

Avzar. (In cant.) See **ESTAR**.

Avzar-se. (in cant.) to be present.

AVEZINHA. See **AVESINHA**.

AVEZINHA'DO. See **AVEZINHAR**, and **Avzinhar-se**.

AVEZINHA'R, *v. n.* to border upon.

Avzinhar-se, *v. r.* to come nigh, to draw near, to approach.

A U G

A'UGE, *f. m.* (In astronomy.) See **APOGE O**. Arabic. (Metaph.) Top, summit, height.

AUGMENTAÇAM, *f. f.* augmentation, increase, improvement, enlargement, addition.

AUGMENTA'DO, *a*, adj. See the verb.

AUGMENTA'R, *v. a.* to augment, increase, improve, to amplify, to add to, to aggravate.

Augmentar-se, *v. r.* to increase, to grow, either in quality or quantity.

AUGMENTO, *f. m.* See **AUGMENTAÇAM**.

AUGOA'DO. } See **AGOADO**.
AUGOA'R. } See **AGOAR**.
AUGOA'GEM. } See **AGOAGEM**.

AUGOEIRO, *f. m.* a furrow, or rather a sluice to keep the water that is turned away from a public road, in order to keep it dry.

AUGUR. See **AGOUREIRO**.

AUGURA'DO. See **AGOURADO**.

AUGURA'L, adj. belonging to soothsayers, or to divination.

AUGURA'R. } See **AGOURAR**.
AUGURIO. } See **AGOURO**.

AUGUSTINIANA, so they call in the university an act performed by the scholars.

AUGUSTO, *a*, adj. august, sacred, venerable, majestic, royal, imperial.

A V I

AVIA'DO, *a*, adj. See **AVIAR**.

AVIAMENTO, *f. m.* preparation, making, or getting ready.

Dar aviamento. See **AVIAR**.

AVIA'R, *v. a.* to make ready, to dispatch, to set forward.

Aviar-se, *v. r.* to prepare, or prepare one's self, to get or make one's self ready.

AVIATE, make haste.

AVIDAMENTE, adv. covetously or greedily.

AVIDO, *a*, adj. covetous, greedy.

AVILAN'DO, *a*, adj. somewhat rustic, clownish.

AVILTA'DO, *a*, adj. See

A V I

AVILTAR, *v. a.* See **ABATER** *Desprezar*.

AVINAGRA'DO, *a*, adj. somewhat four or sharp, as vinegar; also mixed with vinegar. Hence *Vinagre*, vinegar. (Metaph.) Ill-natured.

AVINAGRA'R, *v. a.* to steep in vinegar, or to mix with vinegar.

Avinagrar-se, *v. r.* to grow sharp as vinegar; also (metaph.) to be angry.

AVINCULA'DO. See **VINCULA'DO**.

AVINCULA'R. See **VINCULAR**.

AVINDO, *a*, adj. See **AVIR-SE**.

Em avindos, unanimous, of one mind, or will.

Mal avindos, discordant, jarring, differing, of a different sentiment, that do not agree well together.

Lugar avinda, a place surrendered into another's power.

AVINHA'DO, *a*, adj. that has the smack and flavour of wine; also mixed with wine; also somewhat inclined to a wine colour.

AVI'R. (An antiquat. word.) See **ACONTECER**.

Avir-se, *v. r.* to be unanimous, or of one mind and will, to agree well together.

La si avindaõ, I'll have nothing to do with them, let them see into the matter.

AVI'S, a walled, but now inconsiderable town of Portugal, in the province of Alentejo.

A ordem de Avis, a military order in Portugal, instituted by Alphonso I. after he had won the city of Evora from the Moors, called the Fraternity of St. Mary of Evora. It was confirmed by Innocent IV. in 1234. They wore a black Cistercian habit, and bare for their arms a cross fleur de lis, in a field or, having for their crest two birds sable. Vascellos, Origin Ord. Equest.

AVISADAMENTE, adv. sagely, wisely, prudently, discreetly.

AVISA'DO, *a*, adj. sage, wise, discreet, prudent, considerate. See also

AVISA'R, *v. a.* to warn, to give warning, to let know, to advise, to give notice or warning.

AVISO, *f. m.* advice, warning.

Dar, or fazer aviso. See **AVISAR**.

Ficar de aviso, to take warning.

Navio de aviso, a king's packet-boat.

Andar sobre aviso, to be upon one's guard.

AVISTA'DO, *a*, adj. See **AVISTA'R**, *v. a.* to see at a distance before.

Avistár-se, to speak mouth to mouth.

AVIVA'DO, *a*, adj. See **AVIVAR**, *v. a.* to excite, to quicken or encourage, to enlighten or invigorate, to enliven, to make brisk; also to promote, to increase, to refresh, to renew.

AVIVENTA'DO, *a*, adj. See **AVI-**

A U R

AVIVENTAR, v. a. See **AVIVAR**.

A U L

A'ULA, f. f. a school or hall where the professors teach; also the prince's court, a king's palace, or retinue.

A'ULICO, or **PALACIANO**, f. m. a courtier, a follower of the court.

A U N

AUNADO, a, adj. made one by unity, not by union. From *unidade*, unity. (In affections.)

A V O

A'VO, f. m. a sort of fraction; (in arithmetic) also a river in Portugal.

Avô, f. m. a grand-father or grandfather.

Avô da parte do pay, a grandfather on the father's side.

Avô da parte da mãe, a grandfather on the mother's side.

Avô, f. f. grandmother.

A'VÔS, the plural both of *Avô* and *Avó*; it is taken sometimes both for the grand-father and grandmother, and sometimes for ancestors.

AVOACADO, a, adj. See

AVOACAR, v. n. to flap, or to play the wings.

AVOADO. } See **VOADO**.

AVOAR. } See **VOAR**.

AVOACAM de causa, (in law) the taking away of a law-suit from another's jurisdiction; also evocation, (in grammar.)

AVOCADO. } See **ADVOCADO**.

AVOCAR. } See **ADVOCAR**.

AVOCATURA. See **ADVOCATURA**.

AVOEJA'DO, a. See

AVOEJAR, v. n. (in juggling) to turn swift about.

AVOENGA, f. f. the estate of the grand-father.

AVOENGO, f. m. See **A'VO** and *Avô*.

AVOGACIA. } See **ADVOGACIA**.

AVOGADA. } See **ADVOGADA**.

AVOGADO. } See **ADVOGADO**.

AVOGAR. } See **ADVOCAR**.

AVOLUMA'DO, a, adj. See

AVOLUMAR, v. a. to over-load.

AVONDANÇA. See **ABUNDANCIA**.

AVONDO'SO. (An antiquated word.) See **ABUNDANTE**.

AVOOU, he, or she run away.

A U R

A'URA, f. f. gale, breeze; also the air. Lat. (Metaph.) Applause, favour, influence.

Aura popular, popular applause.

AUREO, a, adj. golden, or shining like gold. (Metaph.) Excellent, precious.

Regra aurea, or *regra de três*, (in arithmetic) the rule of three, so called by way of excellence; teaching how

A U S

to find a fourth proportional to three numbers given.

Aureo numero, the golden number (in astronomy) a number beginning with, and increasing annually 1, till it comes to 19, and then begins again; the use of which is to find the change, and full, quarters of the moon.

AUREOLA, f. f. the degree of glory of the saints in heaven.

AURICIDIA, f. f. covetousness, desire of gold.

AURICULAR, adj. auricular. *Confição auricular*, the auricular confession, shrift.

Dedo auricular, the little finger.

AURIFERO, a, adj. that beareth or bringeth gold, auriferous.

AURIFLAMA, f. f. oriflamb, auriflamb, or auriflamb, St. Denis's purple standard, borne against infidels, lost in Flanders.

AURIFRISIO, f. m. a kind of hawk, a sea-eagle, an osprey.

AURIGA, f. m. a carter, a waggoner; also a certain sign in the firmament upon the horns of Taurus.

AURIPHRIATO, a, adj. embroidered with gold.

AURISTOS, f. m. aorist, two tenses in the Greek, which denote time indefinitely, done lately, or long ago, or likely to be done. Greek.

AUROPHRIATO. See **AURIPHRIATO**.

AURORA, f. f. the morning twilight, the dawn or break of day.

Aurora boreal, *aurora borealis*, is a white pyramidal glade of light, appearing like the tail of a comet in the northern hemisphere of the fixed stars.

A U S

AUSENCIA, or **AUZENEIA**, f. f. absence, the state of being away.

AUSENTA'DO, a, adj. See

AUSENTAR-SE, v. r. to absent one's self, to go away, to fly from.

AUSENTE, adj. absent, out of the way.

A'USO, f. m. See **OUSADIA**.

AUSPICADO, a, adj. See

AUSPICAR, v. a. to promise, to give hopes; also to make one hopeful, or give hopefulness.

AUSPICIO, f. m. auspice, presage, omen, sign, token of the success or event of things, shewn by the flying of birds.

Com favoráveis auspícios, auspiciously, with good success or fortune.

Dibaxo dos auspícios de alguém, under one's auspices, conduct, guidance, command, protection.

AUSTERAMENTE, adv. austere, rigorously, severely, strictly.

AUSTERIDADE, f. f. austerility, austereness, mortification; also severity, strictness, rigour.

AUSTERO, a, adj. austere, severe, rigorous, rigid.

A U X

AUSTRA'L, adj. southern, austral. **AUSTRIA**, f. f. Austria, the first in rank, and much the largest of all the circles belonging to Germany, especially since the kingdom of Bohemia, the duchy of Silesia, and the marquise of Moravia, are included in it.

A'USIRO, f. m. the south-wind.

A U T

AUTENTICA'DO. See **AUTENTICAR**.

AUTENTICAMENTE, adv. authentically, in an authentic manner.

AUTENTICAR, v. a. to make authentic.

AUTENTIGO, or **AUTHE'NTICO**, a, adj. authentic, authentical, of good authority.

Autor autentico, an approved author.

Escriptura autentica, authentic contract, or writing.

AUTHO'GRAPHO, f. m. autography, the own hand writing, or stile of any person; also the original of a treatise.

AUTHOR, **AUCTOR**, or **AUTOR**, f. m. an author, writer, composer, inventor.

Pôis foi o autor da minha ruína, you are the cause of my ruin.

Autor em juizo, the plaintiff, one that impleadeth another at law.

AUTHORA, f. f. a finder, or deviser; also the woman that impleadeth another at law.

AUTHORIDADE, f. f. authority, power, imperiousness; also a passage or testimony quoted to make good what one says.

AUTHORIZADAMENTE, adv. gravely, wisely.

AUTHORIZADO, a, adj. authorized.

AUTHORIZAR, v. a. to authorize, to empower, to give authority or power; also to make illustrious, valuable, worthy, or deserving esteem.

AUTO. See **ACTO**.

AUTO'MATO, f. m. a self-moving instrument, as a clock, watch, &c.

AUTOR. } See **AUTHOR**.

AUTORIA. } See **AUTHORIA**.

AUTORIDADE. See **AUTHORIDADE**.

AUTORIZAR. See **AUTHORIZAR**.

AUTUA'DO. } See **ACTUA'DO**.

AUTUAR. } See **ACTUAR**.

A V U

AVU'LSO, a, adj. different, unlike, unconnected.

AVULTA'DO. See

AVULTAR, v. n. to look big, to look numerous; also to grow, to increase.

A U X

AUXILIA'DO, a, adj. See

AUX.

A Z A

AUXILIA'R, v. a. to aid, to assist.
Auxiliáris, f. m. p. (in Portugal) troops that have half-pay, and only serve in war-time, during which they have the whole.
Auxiliar adj. auxiliary, helpful.
Verbo auxiliar, auxiliary verb.
Troças auxiliares, auxiliaries, or auxiliary troops.
Armas auxiliares, auxiliary forces.
AUXÍLIO, f. m. aid, help, succour, supply.

A X E

AXE, f. m. a word that children use when something ails them. Greek.

A X I

AXILLA'R, adj. (in anatomy) belonging to the arm-pit.
Vais axillares, axillary veins, two branches of the trunk of the vena cava, which go up the arm-pits.
AXIOMA, f. m. axiom, or a common self-evident principle.
AXIPARA'M, f. m. a great jubilee among the Eastern people.

A Y

AY. See *AI*.

A Y A

AYA, f. m. a governess or governante; also a chamber maid.
AYYAS, f. f. ornaments for children. See also *DIXES*.

A Y O

AYO, f. m. a governor or tutor.

A Y R

AYRAM, plural, *ayrones*, a plume or bunch of feathers of a hero, or something like it.

A Z

AZ, f. m. ace, at dice or cards.
Az, f. f. (Obsol. word.) See *ALA*.

A Z A

AZA, f. f. a wing.
Azas, que os poetas dão a Mercurio nas pes, winged-shoes, feigned by the poets to be worn by Mercury.
Dar azas, (metaph.) to spur or egg on.
Estender as azas fallando do aqor, to mantle, or stretch the wings.
Cousa que tem azas, winged, having wings.
Bater as azas, to clap the wings; also to bate (in falconry.)
Cerrar as azas à algum, (metaph.) to clap one's wings.
Azas de balça. See *BARBATANA*.
AZABOMBA, an interjection of admiration, hey-day!
AZA'DO, a, adj. fit, proper, able; also having a handle, or ears.
Azido, f. m. a kind of vessel or pot, with two handles.
AZAFAMA, or **ASAFAMA**, f. f.

A Z E

haste, noise, hurry-burley, uproar.
AZAFAMA'DO, f. m. a meddler, a busy-body. Lat. *ardelio*.
AZAGA'YA, f. f. a kind of a small Moorish spear.
AZAGU'NCHO. See *ZAGUNCHO*.
AZAMBO'A. See *ZAMBO'A*.
AZAMBUGE'IRO, or **ZAMBUGEIRO**, a wild olive-tree.
AZAMBU'JO, idem.
AZAMO'R, once one of the most considerable cities of Ducala, a province of Africa, situated on the gulph of the same name, formed by the mouth of the river Omirabi. It was very populous, and had an excellent fishery, when the Portuguese seized upon the place, which, after five years possession, they demolished and abandoned in 1513.
AZAGUI', a kind of tithe, and fortieth, paid by the Moors to the kings of Portugal in former times. Arabic.
AZA'R, f. m. a cast at dice losing all; the ace-point; also ill luck, a misfortune, an obstacle, a bad omen. (metaph.)
Cousa que traz azar, betokening some misfortune, ill-boding, or portending ill-luck.
Ter azar com alguma cousa, to look upon a thing as a bad omen.
Azar, f. m. an Indian coin, worth near a shilling.
AZA'RSE, v. r. See *PREPARAR-SE*.
AZARCAM, f. m. ashes of a blue colour, coming from burnt lead.

A Z E

AZEBRE. See *AZEVRE*.
AZE'CHE, f. m. a sort of black earth or mineral.
AZEDA'DO. See *AZEDAR*.
AZEDAMENTE, adv. sharply, severely, bitterly.
AZEDAR, v. a. to sour, to make sharp; also to put an ill construction upon any thing, to misrepresent it, so as to make it odious.
AZEDAR-SE, v. r. to grow tart, sour.
AZEDAS, f. f. p. the herb sorrel.
AZEDI'NHO, a, adj. somewhat sour or sharp.
AZE'DO, a, adj. sour, sharp, eager.
Fazer-se azedo. See *AZEDAR-SE*.
AZEDO, (metaph.) harsh, rough, severe, bad.
AZEITA'DO, a, adj. oily, full of oily substance, or like oil.
AZEITE, f. m. oil. Arabic.
Azeite de balça, train-oil.
Azeite de azeitona ainda não madura, the oil made of unripe olives.
Trasfegar o azeite, to lade oil out of one vessel into another.
Aquelle que trasfega o azeite, he who taketh oil out of vessels with a ladle, and lades it into another.
Danna-se o azeite, the oil grows rotten, or mouldy.

A Z E

O que piza a azeitona para exprimir o azeite, a presser of oil.
Colheita de azeite, a crop, or harvest of oil.
Azeite virgem, the oil that comes out of the first pressing; pure olive-oil.
Adega do azeite, the cellar where oil is kept.
Agoa ruça ou a primeira borra de azeite, the mother, or lees of oil.
P. não deites azeite no fogo, do not throw oil into the fire.
P. quem azeite made as mãos unta, we say, he is an ill-cook who cannot lick his fingers.
AZEITEIRO, f. m. a maker or seller of oil, an oil-man.
AZEITONA, f. f. an olive, the fruit of the olive-tree.
Colheita, ou o tempo de colher a azeitona, a crop or harvest of olives; the time of gathering olives.
Azeitona colhida à mão, the olives that are gathered, or cropped with the hand.
Azeitona sapatayra, softened olives, that look rotten.
Azeitonas em conserva, pickled olives.
Azeitonas de Sevilha, Seville-olives.
Cor de azeitona. See
AZEITONA'DO, a, adj. or *cor de azeitona*, olive-colour.
AZE'LHA, f. f. an iron, golden, &c. circle or ring.
AZE'LLOS. See *ASELLOS*.
AZEMALA, or **AZEMELA**, f. f. a baggage, or sumpter mule. (Metaph.) A fool, a stupid fellow.
AZEME'L, f. m. a driver or keeper of mules; a muleteer. Arabic.
AZENHA, **ASENHA**, or **ACENHA**, f. f. a water-mill. Arabic.
Azenha de moer azeitona, an oil press for the breaking of the olives.
Azenha de trigo, a water-mill for wheat.
AZERA'DO. See
AZERAR, v. a. (among book-binders) to give steel colour.
AZERE'IRO, f. m. a tree like the laurel or bay-tree, which is evergreen, and has the flower always white.
AZERO'LA, f. f. a sort of fruit that has three stones in it, and is of a pleasant tartness, not unlike a little apple; some of them are red, and some of them yellow. There are those that will have them to be a sort of medlars; also the tree that bears the azerola.
AZER'VES. See *MOURAM* (among farmers.)
AZE'VIA. See *ASEVIA*.
AZEVICHA'DO, a, adj. that has the same colour as the stone called jet, or agate-stone.
AZEVI'CHE, f. m. the stone called jet, or agate-stone.
AZEVI'EIRO, f. m. a whore-monger, a wench.
AZEVI'NHO, f. m. the holy-tree, the white-thorn, Christ's thorn.

AZE'

A Z I

AZE'VRE, AZEVAR, or AZE'BRE, f. m. aloes. It is made of the juice of an herb called by the Portuguese *erva babosa*, whereof there is great store in Cambaya, Bengala, and other parts, but that of the island of Socotora is most valued, and therefore called aloes succotrina.

A Z I

AZI'A, f. m. the longing of women with child, the greenickness, when young women eat chalk, ashes, &c. also a crudity or sharpness in the stomach called heart-burning.

AZIA'GO, a, adj. unlucky.

AZIA'R, f. m. a barnacle, an instrument to set upon the nose of an unruly horse; also a motive or incentive. (Metaph.)

AZI'CHE, f. m. a sort of black earth.

AZI'LO. } See { **ASYLO.**

AZIMO. } See { **ASYMO.**

AZIMUTH, or AZIMUD, f. m. azimuth or an arch of the horizon, comprehended between the meridian of the place, and any other azimuth circle.

AZINHA. See **ASINHA.**

A Z O

AZINHA'GA, f. f. a narrow path or passage.

AZINHA'GO. See **AZIAGO.**

AZINHA'L, f. m. a grove of trees like oaks, called by some holm, the scarlet oak.

AZINHA'VRE, f. m. verdigrise or verdigrease, the green rust of brass or copper.

AZINHEIRA, ANZINHEIRA. See **ENZINHEIRA.**

AZIVIEIRO. See **AZEVIEIRO.**

AZIVINHO. See **AZEVINHO.**

AZIUMA'R-SE, v. r. See **AZEDAR-SE.** It is not used.

A Z O

AZO, f. m. occasion, motive, room or reason.

AZORRA'GUE, f. m. a scourge, or whip made of leather thongs.

AZOTH, (in chemistry) azoth, the mercury of any metallic body; an universal medicine.

AZOUGA'DO, adj. it is only used (metaph.) for a restless person, that cannot be still in a place.

AZO'UGUE, f. m. quicksilver, mercury.

A Z Y

A Z U

AZU'L, adj. blue.

Azul celeste, sky colour.

Azul ferrete, dark blue.

Azul ultramarino, a kind of sand among the oar of gold and silver, used by painters; ultramarine.

Azul clare, light blue.

Azul turqui. See **Azul celeste.**

Campo azul nos escudos dos armaz, (in heraldry) azure, the blue colour in coats of arms.

Consa que tira á cor azul, of a blueish colour.

AZULA'DO, a, adj. See

AZULA'R, v. a. to colour blue.

AZULEJA'DOR, f. m. he who makes or adorns with azulejo. See **AZULEJO.**

AZULEJA'DO, a, adj. See

AZULEJA'R, v. a. to adorn with azulejo. See

AZULEJO, f. m. a Dutch tile glazed, such as we use to adorn the sides of chimneys, or such places.

A Z Y

AZYMITAS, f. m. p. Azymites, persons who communicate of the eucharist with unleavened bread.

B.

B, f. m. B is pronounced as in English; though the ignorant people of Beyra pronounce it like the V.

B, among the ancients, was a numeral letter, worth 300, according to this verse:

Et B trecentum per se retinere videtur.
But when it had the tittle on the top, then it stood for 3000.

B mi, the third note in the gamut, or scale of mus.

B mel, f. m. See **BEMO'L**.

B quadro, f. m. a B sharp. (in music.)

B A B

BABA, f. f. foam, flaver, or slabbering, drivel; also flux or salivation.

Baba do caracol, &c. the spit of a snail, of a serpent, &c.

BABA'DO, a, adj. See **BABAR**, and *Babar-se*.

BABADO'URO, f. m. a bib, a slabbering bib.

BABA'O, a sort of interj. to rail at one that has been disappointed.

BABA'R, v. n. or *Babar-se*, v. r. to foam, flaver, slabbar, or drivel; also to be fluxed for the pox.

Fullano não se baba, so they say, speaking of a man that talks well and explains himself cleverly.

BABARE, ou **BABARE'O**. (in Goa) to cry for the king's assistance. See also **VAYA**.

BABEIRA, f. f. that part of the helmet that covers the chin.

BABEIRO, f. m. See **BABADOURO**.

BABE'L. See **BABYLONIA**.

BABOSA, f. f. a woman that slabbers: a slabber-chops; also the herb of which aloes is made. See **ALOE**.

BABOSO, f. m. he who slabbers.

Fullano bẽ hum baboso, so they say of a man that is of no signification.

BABUGEM, f. m. See **BABA**.

BABYLONIA, f. f. the city of Babylon, whence the name is applied to signify any place where there is a great concourse of people, a confusion, a multiplicity of tongues, or a vicious place.

B A C

BACALHA'O, f. m. the fish we call poor-jack, ling, cod-fish, salt-fish. See also **BALONA**.

Cabeça de bacalhao seco, a poll of ling.

BACAMARTE, f. m. a blunderbuss.

BACATE'LLA, f. f. bagatelle, toy, trifle.

BACCAN'ES, f. m. p. bacchanals, feasts in honour of Bacchus.

BACCANTES, f. m. en **BACCAS**, f. f. p. bacchantes, the priests or priestesses of Bacchus.

BACCO, f. m. Bacchus, a pagan deity. It is sometimes taken for the wine.

BACE'IRA, f. f. a kind of disease in oxen, &c. when the spleen is rotten.

BACELLA'DA, f. f. a late grown vine, a new planted vineyard.

Fazer bacellada, to plant young vines, to make a vineyard.

BACE'LO, f. m. a layer, a shoot, twig, or sprig of a vine.

Bacello de vides machas, the twig of luscious strong vines.

BACHANA'ES. See **BACCANAES**.

BACHARE'L, f. m. a bachelor of arts, in divinity, canon and civil law, or physic; also a talkative, prattling fellow.

BACHARELADO, f. m. the degree of bachelor, bachelorship.

BACHARELI'CE, f. f. prattling, babbling, talkativeness.

BACHU', ex. *Mar de Bachu*, or *Mar Caspio*, or *De Sala*, the Caspian sea; it goes by several names, viz. *Mar de Sala*, *Mar de Bachu*, *Mar de Taberastan*.

BACIA, f. f. a bason, generally a barber's bason; also the pulpit's pavement. Arabic.

Abertura da meza bacia, the neck of a barber's bason.

BACINETE, f. m. a kind of head-piece or helmet, which the cuirassiers formerly used.

BACINI'CA, f. f. a little bason or close-stool-pan.

BACI'O, f. m. a close-stool-pan.

BACÇO, f. m. the spleen.

Doente do baco, sick of the spleen.

Baco, a, adj. somewhat black or blackish; also dull, dim, speaking of a glass.

Fazer baco hum espelho, to dull a looking-glass.

BACORINHA'DO, a, adj. See

BACORINHA'R, a jocose word. See **PALPITAR**.

BACORINHO, f. m. a farrow, a little pig.

BACORO, f. m. a little pig.

Bacora que deixa de mamar, a shoot a weaned pig, a pig taken from the teat.

BACOROS que nascem da mesma barrigada, a litter of pigs.

BACULO, f. m. a staff; also support, comfort. (Metaph.)

Baculo pastoral, a bishop's crozier; the pastoral staff.

B A D

BA'DA. See **ABADA**.

BADAJO'Z, a city and the capital of Spanish Estremadura, and a frontier-town against Portugal. Its fortifications are antique, but it has some modern out-works. Here is an old Roman stone-bridge over the river Guadiana, that is seven hundred paces long, fourteen broad, and is quite strait. In the years 1658 and 1705, it was unsuccessfully besieged by the Portuguese. From the Arabic *beled aix*, i. e. land of life.

BADA'L, f. m. (in surgery) a sort of forked instrument to hold up the patient's head.

BADALA'DA, f. f. the stroke of a clapper of a bell; also a foolish expression. (Metaph.)

BADALEJA'R *tem frio*, to tremble with cold.

BADA'LO, f. m. the clapper of a bell.

BADAME. See **BEDAME**.

BADAMECO, f. m. (Obsolete word.) See **PASTA**.

BADANA. } See { **CARNEIRA**.

BADEJO. } See { **BACALHO**.

BADULA'QUE, f. m. meat hashed with thick sauces, thence applied to signify any gallimaufrey.

B A E

BAE, so the Indians call the wives of the Christians.

BAETA, f. f. bayze, or baiz, a kind of woollen stuff.

B A F

BAFA'GEM *de vento*, a gale of wind.

BAFARI, f. m. a kind of a bird of prey.

BAFEJA'DO, a, adj. See

BAFEJA'R, v. a. to breathe in; or upon.

BAFI'O, f. m. the stink proceeding from mouldiness or mustiness; an ill and strong smell, or hogo.

Esta carne tem bafso, this meat has a deadly hogo.

BAFO, f. m. breath.

Bafso de vento, a gentle gale, a breeze.

Mao bafso, a strong breath.

Bem bafso, a sweet breath; (metaph.) protection, presence. See **ABRIGO**, and **PROTECCAO**.

BA-

B A I

BAFORA'DA, f. f. a strong smell of the breath.
Dar à al. um huma basforada de vinho, to breathe upon one a strong smell of wine.
BAFORE'IRA, ex. *Figutira basforeira*, a wild fig-tree.

B A G

BAGGA, f. f. a berry.
Baga de ira, ivy-berry.
Baga de leuroiro, bay-berry.
BAGAÇO, f. m. murk, or murc, husks of grapes or other fruits, after the juice has been pressed out.
BAGA'GEM, f. f. carriage, baggage, goods.
BAGANHA, f. f. the hull, peel, or skin, inclosing the linseed.
BAGATELLA. See **BACATELLA**.
BAGO, f. m. the grain of any corn.
B go d' uva, a grape.
O calir dos bagos juntamente com a sier das uvas, the dropping or falling off of grapes.
Bago de bispo. See **BACULO** pastoral.
BAGOAS, so the ancient Persians call the eunuchs.
BAGRE, a kind of long fish with a forked tail.
BAGULHO, the kernel of grapes; a grape-stone.

B A H

BAHA'R, f. m. (in the East-Indies) bahar, a weight of three hundred and eighty-six pounds, avoirdupois, at Mocha; the lesser, six hundred and twenty-five pounds, at Molucca; and the greater, six thousand two hundred and fifty pounds.
BACHIA, f. f. a bay, or road at sea.
Bahia de todos os Santos, the Bay of All Saints, in the Brasils.
BAHU', f. m. a trunk.
Official que faz bahús, a trunk-maker.

B A I

BA'LA, or **BAYA**, f. f. a partition-bar to separate two horses in a stable.
BAILA. See **BALHA**.
BAILADEIRA. See **DANÇADEIRA**.
BAILADOR. See **DANÇADOR**.
BAILADO. } See { **DANÇADO**.
BAILAR. } See { **DANÇAR**.
BAILLE. See **DANÇA**. It is also the title given in Constantinople to the Venetian ambassadors.
BAILEO, a scaffold.
Baile, an open gallery.
Baile, a kind of a small scaffold in a crane, or engine, to draw up burdens.
BAILHEIRO. } See { **LIGEIRO**.
BAILIA DO. } See { **BALLADO**.
BAILIO. } See { **BALKO**.
BAINHA, f. f. ex. *Bainha da espada*, a scabbard or sheath of a sword.
Lat. vagina.
Guncão da bainha, por onde se prende a

B A L

espada, the chape or hook of a scabbard.
Bainha de legume, the husk, cod, or shell of a bean, pease, or any such thing.
Bainha da costura, hem, selvage, border.
BAINHEIRO, f. m. a sheath, scabbard, or case-maker.
BAINICA, or **VAINILHA**, f. f. vanilla, or vanillio, a long slender cod, growing in the West-Indies on a plant that runs up trees. The Spaniards gave it this name because it is like a slender sheath.
BA'IO, a, adj. ex. *Cavalleo Bais*, bayard, or a bay-horse.
Bais claro, a bright dapple bay.
Bais escuro, brown bay.
Bais castanho, of a chestnut colour.
Bais dourado, yellow dun.
BALRAM. See **BAYRAM**.
BALRO, f. m. a ward, a district, or portion of a city.
BA'IXA. } See { **BAXA**.
BAIXADO. } See { **BAXADO**.
BAIXAR. } See { **BAXAR**.
BAIXO. } See { **BAXO**.

B A J

BA'JE, f. f. the husk inclosing the seed of the herb called caracoeas. See **CARACOL**.
BA'JES, kidney-beans.
BAJO'UJO. See **TOLEIRAM**.
BAJU', f. m. a kind of shift used by the Indian ladies.

B A L

BA'LA, f. f. a bullet, or shot. Greek.
Balas de cadeia, or *encadeadas*, chain-shot.
Bala caramada, a cross-bar shot, cross-bar.
Bala de canhão, a cannon-bullet.
Buraco que faz huma bala, a bullet-hole.
Canhão que leva bala de 20 arrates, a gun of twenty-pound shot, a twenty-pounder.
Bala de impreſſor, a printer's ball.
Bala de papel, a bale or pack of paper.
Bala, com que se dá o voto em hum confilho, &c. a ballot, a balloting, or voting-ball.
BALÃO, f. m. the hole, stroke, or wound made by a bullet.
BALADO. See **BALAR**.
BALAI, or **BALAYO**, f. m. a hamper, or pannier.
BALAIS. See **BALAX**.
BALANÇA, a balance, a pair of scales.
Balança Romana, a steel-yard, the Roman balance, or beam.
Travessão da balança, a beam whercon balances and scales hang.
O buraco em que entra o travessão da balança, the hole or hollow whercon the balance scales turn.

B A L

O fil da balança, ou a lingua da balança, the tongue or needle of a balance.
O ganebo, com que se suspende a balança para nella se pizar alguma coisa, the cheeks of the balance.
O contrapeso da balança, a counterpoise, that which is put in the scales to make even weight.
O prato, ou copo da balança, a scale, or basin of a balance.
Balança para pesar ouro, gold weights.
Balança para pesar dinheiro, weights.
Por em balança, (metaph.) to weigh, to examine, to judge, or consider.
Fazer tender a balança mais de huma parte, que da outra, to turn the scale.
Por em balança a todas as palavras, to weigh every word.
BALANÇADO, a, adj. See the two next articles.
BALANÇAR, v. a. to swing, to toss, or shake too and fro.
Balançar-se, v. r. to swing, to see-saw, or to weigh salt; also to hover on high as the eagle and some other birds do.
BALANCIA. See **MELANCIA**.
BALANCO, f. m. dandel, cockle, a weed, amongst corn.
Balanço, f. m. swinging, tossing; also the balance of an account.
Dar balanço, to balance an account; also to ponder or consider, to examine strictly, or diligently. (Metaph.)
Estar em balanço, to be in suspense.
BALANDRÃO, f. m. a great cloak for foul weather. From the Italian *palandrano*, a great coat; also a sort of garment worn by the brothers belonging to the brotherhood, called *Da Misericordia*.
BALANO, f. m. the nut of a man's yard.
BALAM, f. m. a kind of an Indian long light ship, with oars.
BALANTES, a negroe nation of Meli, a province of Negroe Land, in Africa. The Portuguese attempted the conquest of it in July 1695; but it being then the rainy season, they were entirely routed, and obliged to retire.
BALAR, v. n. to bleat like sheep.
BALASIO. See **BALAX**.
BALAUSTE, f. m. a rail, a balluster, a little pillar.
BALAUSTES, or **BALAUSTRES**, the feet of a bed.
BALAUSTIAS, f. m. p. the dried blossoms of pomegranates.
BALAX, or **BALAIS**, f. m. a precious stone like a ruby, though not so rich.
BALAYO, f. m. a sort of small basket.
BALBO, a, adj. stammering.
Ser Balbo to stammer, to stutter, to lisp.
BALBUENTE, stuttering, or stammering.

BAL

BALÇA. See **BALSA**.
BALCAM, f. m. a balcony, or building jutting out.
BALDA'DO, a, adj. void, frustrated, of no effect. See also **BALDAR**.
BALDA'M, f. m. a reproachful word, abusive language, affront.
BALDA'R, v. a. to frustrate, or disappoint; also to trump a card in a game called *espadilha*.
BALDE, a bucket.
Balde, a kind of shovel used by husbandmen.
De balde, adv. in vain, without effect.
BALDEAÇA'M, f. f. the act of pouring, &c. See **BALDEAR**.
BALDEA'DO, a, adj. See
BALDEAR, v. a. to pour, put, or discharge out of one ship or vessel into another, to transvase, to decant.
BALDI'O, a, adj. common, open, fallow, uncultivated. See also **BALDADO**.
BALDRE'U, f. m. small pieces of old gloves made of skin, which painters, &c. boil to a jelly, to make glue.
BALDRO'CA. See **TROCA**.
BALEA, f. f. a whale, the greatest of sea fishes.
Coffas da balea, a whale-bone.
Barba de balea, the beard or whiskers of a whale. See also **AZEITE**.
BALEA'RES, f. f. p. two islands in the Mediterranean sea, over-against Catalonia in Spain, now called Majorca and Minorca. The ancient inhabitants were excellent slingers.
BALEA'TO, a young whale.
BALEGO'ENS, f. m. p. a sort of shoes or boots, formerly used.
BALESTILHA, f. f. the cross-staff, used for taking the sun's altitude, &c. Jacob's-staff.
BALHA, or **BAILA**, ex. *Trazer à balba*, to tell, publish, or make known; also to alledge, cite, or quote. (A vulgar phrase.)
Vir à balba, to be published or made known; also to be alledged, quoted, or mentioned.
BALHADE'IRA. See **DANÇADEIRA**.
BALHA'DO. } See { **DANÇADO**.
BALHA'R. } { **DANÇAR**.
BALHATA, a ballad. From the Italian *ballata*.
BALI'A. See
BALIA'DO, or **BAILIA'DO**, a benefice among the knights of Malta.
BALI'O, or **BAILI'O**, the name given to the knights of Malta that obtain that benefice; also bailiff, a magistrate.
BALI'ZA, f. f. a land-mark, or light-house on the shore for ships to steer by; also a sea-mark, set up in a dangerous place, for the direction of the sailors, as a buoy floating, or a mast raised in a bank. See also **LIMITE**.
BALIZADO, a, adj. See

BAL

BALIZAR, v. a. to set up a land-mark, &c. See **BALIZA**, and **DE-MARCAR**.
BA'LNIO Maria, (among chemists) balneum Mariæ; it is when a cucurbite is close stopped, and placed in a vessel of hot water, so that the water being gently and gradually heated, may always keep the cucurbite in an even temperature of heat.
BALO'FO, a, adj. puffed up, swollen, not solid, flabby.
Carne balfo, flabby flesh.
BALO'NA, f. f. a sort of band for men, which is now scarce in use.
BALONAS, f. f. p. a kind of breeches formerly used.
BALOUCA'DO R cavallo, a trotting horse.
BALRAVENTO. See **BARLAVENTO**.
BALSA, or **BA'LSA**, f. f. a place where thorns and briars grow, a bush of thorns. It is also taken for a plant, or branch of it. Barr. Dec. 2. page 187.
Balsa, pressed grapes, or lees of wine.
Tirar o vinho da balsa, to rack wine, to draw it off from the lees.
Balsa, the standard or ensign used by the Templars.
Balsa, a case made of straw, &c. for urinals.
Balsa, a float, pieces of timber made fast together with rafters for conveying burdens down a river with the stream.
BALSAMI'NHO, f. m. a balsam-apple, whose oil consolidates wounds like balm.
BALSAMO, f. m. balsam, a tree, or a juice, or a composition so called.
BALSA'NA, f. f. a sort of lace to strengthen the extremity of a garment.
BALSE'IRO, a, adj. wild, bushy, covered with thorns and briars; also belonging to **BALSA**. See it.
Cão balseiro, a dog that goes into the thorns and briars.
Balseiro, f. m. a vat, to put the must or new wine together with the **BALSA**, which see.
Uva balseira, the fruit of the wild-vine, or bryony.
BALSEMAM, f. m. a river in Portugal, that flows through the city of Lamego, not far from the place where it falls into the Douro. It gives denomination to the noble family of the Balsemoens in the same city.
BA'LTEO, f. m. from the Lat. *baleus*, a girdle, a sword-belt; but it is only used for a particular mark, sign, or token, whereby any person is known.
BA'LTICO, ex. o mar *Baltico*, or o *Balticó*, the Baltic, or the sea belonging to Baltia, an island in the German Ocean.
BALUARTE, f. m. a bulwark, a great ballion. (Metaph.) Defence, guard, prop, support.

BAN

BAM

BAMBALHAM, very slack.
A BAMBALHONA, in a hurry.
BAMBELEA'DO, a, adj. See
BAMBELEAR, v. n. to widdle-waddle, not to be steady, to shake.
BAMBO, a, adj. slack, loose, unbent.
BAMBOLAM, **BAMBOLIM**, two different sorts of plaits, or folds, used by women in their petticoats.
BAMBU', f. m. bamboo, a sort of Indian cane, so first called by the Portuguese.
BAMBUA'L, f. m. the place where such canes grow.

BAN

BANA'NA, f. f. a fruit growing in India, in the Brasils, and on the coasts of Africa. The Arabs and Persians call it *mour*; also a coward, a good for nothing fellow.
BANANEIRA, f. f. the tree that bears such fruit. It is about fourteen or fifteen feet high, consisting of many rinds or leaves, growing one upon another, the trunk about the thickness of a man's leg.
BANANA'L, f. m. the place where the bananeiras grow.
BANA'ZA, a wild beast as big as a horse, with three horns in the forehead. See Fernão Mendes Pinto. chap. 166.
BA'NCA, f. f. a desk.
Jogo da banca, basset, a game at cards.
BANCA'DA, a certain number of seats for the musicians in a church.
BANCA'L, f. m. a carpet or cloth to cover a bench.
BANCO, f. m. a bench, form, or seat; also a bank or stock of money.
Banco de Inglaterra, the bank of England.
Banco da igreja, a pew, a seat in a church.
Banco de galé, a seat or bench where the rowers set in the galleys.
Banco de judicatura, a bench whereon judges sit in courts.
Fazer banco roto, to break, or turn bankrupt.
Banco de areia, a bank of sand in the sea, a shelf, or the sands.
Dar em jico em hum banco de areia, to run a-ground, to strike the sands.
Banco de pinchar, (in heraldry) a small bench in the infant's escutcheon in Portugal.
Banco de ensamblagem, a joiner's bench.
BAN'DA, f. f. a side; also a scarf.
Esta banda, on this side.
Da outra banda, on the other side.
De huma e outra banda, on both sides.
Lançado de huma banda para a outra, tossed from post to pillar.
Vindo a banda, it is said of one that yields or gives way to passion.

B A N

Tem a cabeça á banda, his head leans on one side.
Para effus bandar, that way, towards.
Passar de banda a banda, to run through.
Pôr de banda, to lay aside, to save.
Banda, fillet, band.
Banda, a welt, border, or guard about the coat or gown.
Cavalleiros da Banda, knights of the Band, or Red-staff, in Spain, instituted A. C. 1330, by Alphonso XI. king of Castile and Leon.
Banda, the principal and the largest of the Indian islands bearing that name in Asia, famous for whole forests of nutmegs and cloves, particularly the former, and that without any cultivation. In the year 1500 the Portuguese having discovered the way to Asia round the cape of Good-hope, trafficked with the natives of India; and so brought the spices into Europe.
Banda, (in heraldry) a piece representing a shoulder-belt in the escutcheon; also a bend made by two lines drawn cross-ways from the dexter chief to the sinister base point.
BANDA DO, *a*, adj. (in heraldry) orned with a *Banda*. See *BANDA*. See also *BANDAR*.
BANDA'LHO. See *FARRAPO*.
BANDA'R, v. a. ex. *Bandar vestidos*, to face the garments.
BANDARRA, f. m. a governor or ruler. It is only used in Malaca, the most southerly part of the further Peninsula of India, in Asia.
BANDARRA, f. m. (a vulgar word) a fop, a coxcomb.
BANDARRIA DO. See
BANDARRIA R, v. n. to behave like a fop or coxcomb.
BANDARRICE, f. f. foppery, foppishness.
BANDEJA, f. f. a sort of voider, or vessel, sometimes made of fine wood, sometimes of silver or gold, to carry sweetmeats or presents in.
BANDEJA DO, *a*, adj. See
BANDEJAR, v. a. ex. *Bandear o trigo*, to pick, sift, or clean wheat.
BANDEIRA, f. f. an ensign, flag, or banner; the colours.
Bandeira ou manga de soldados, a band of soldiers under one commander.
BANDEIRINHA, f. f. a little banner, ensign, or flag.
BANDEIROLA, f. f. a little flag or streamer. Ital.
Bandeirola de trombeta, the fringed bandrol, or silk that hangs on a trumpet.
BANDELA, f. m. (in India) a ward wherein foreigners live.
BANDIDO. See *BANIDO*.
Bandido, f. m. an out-law turned robber, a robber on the highway, a banditto, a highwayman.
BANDINS, ou *BANDIS*, the portions or parts into which a *vargem* is divided. (In India.) See *VARGEM*.

B A N

BANDIR, v. a. See *DESTERRAR*.
BANDIS. See *BANDINS*.
BAN'DO, f. m. a ban, a proclamation by voice, or with sound of trumpet; also the hedge or inclosure of a *vargem*. (In India.) See *VARGEM*.
Bando ou multidão de mulheres, a bevy of women.
Bando de passares, a flight of birds.
Bando de perdizes, a covey of partridges.
Bando, a faction, a seditious party, a gang.
BANDO'LAS, f. f. p. a shoulder-belt or collar, with bandoleers, or small wooden cases covered with leather, each of them containing powder that is sufficient charge for a musquet.
Bandela, a jury mast. *Navio em bandela*, (a sea phrase) a ship with the jury-mast, or a yard, set up instead of a mast, which has been broken down by a storm or shot.
BANDOLEIRA, f. f. the belt over the left-shoulder of the carabineers to hang their carabines in.
BANDOLEIRO, f. m. a vagabond, a highwayman.
BANDORRI LHA, f. f. a musical instrument called bandora. Lat. *pandura*.
BANDU'LHO, f. m. (A jocose word.) See *BARRIGA*.
BANDURIAS, f. f. p. See *PELIO*.
NA.
BANDURRA. See *BANDORILHA*.
BANE'NES, or *BANIANES*, f. m. p. banians, a numerous sect of idolaters in the East-Indies, in Asia, who never eat any thing that has had animal life. They believe a God, and yet worship the devil. They principally follow trade, and are perhaps the greatest merchants in the world.
BANHA, f. f. the hog's fat round the kidney.
Banica de flor, a sweet ointment made of hog's lard, blossom of orange trees, &c.
BANHADO, *a*, adj. bathed, &c. See
BANHA'R, v. a. to bathe, or dip, to water, to besprinkle; also to touch a picture, to lay new and fresh colours upon it.
Banhar-se, v. r. to wash, or bathe one's self, to bathe, to be in water, or in any thing like a bath.
Banhar-se em prazer, ou alegria, to joy, to delight, to be delighted.
Banhar-se em agua de rosas, to bathe in rose-water; that is, (metaph.) to be well pleased.
O lugar em que algum se banha, falando em rios, &c. a bathing-place in a river, &c.
BANHO, f. m. a washing place, a bath, or bagnio.
Tomar banhos. See *BANHAR-SE*.
Ganhar, ou començar fenelecendo para tomar o banho, a bathing tub.

B A P

O que tem a casa de banho, the master of a bagnio, a bath-keeper.
Banhos de agoas quentes e minerais. See *CALDAS*.
O homem que dá banhos, a servant attending about the bath.
Banho de Maria. See *BALNEO Maria*.
Banbo de area, ou de fiparação, sand-bath, (with chemists.)
Banhos, banns, or publication of matrimony.
Publicar ou correr os banhos, to bid the banns of matrimony, to ask people in the church.
Cavalleiros do Banho, knights of the Bath, an order of knights who were first created in England by Henry IV. A. D. 1399. They are so called, because of their bathing before they were advanced to that dignity.
Banhos de argel, the prison where the Christian slaves are kept, in Algiers.
BANIDO, f. m. an outlawed and banished malefactor.
BANQUEIRO, f. m. a banker.
BANQUETA, f. f. (in fortification) a heap of ground raised round the foot and in the inside of the parapet.
BANQUETE, f. m. a banquet, or banquet, a feast.
O que dá o banquete, an entertainer, a feaster.
BANQUETEADO, *a*, adj. See
BANQUETEAR, v. n. to banquet, to feast, to revel.
Banquetar, v. a. to feast, or treat one.
Costume, ou cerimonia usada no banquetear algum, a feast rite.
BANQUINHO, f. m. a joint-stool, foot-stool.
BANTIM, f. m. a kind of Indian vessel or ship.
BANZADO, *a*, adj. See
BANZAR, v. n. to feel a violent pain; also to be in a violent passion.
BANZEIRO, adj. ex. *Mar banzeiro*, so they call the sea when it is neither calm nor stormy.
Jogo banzeiro, is said of a game, wherein none of the gamesters lose.

B A O

BAONEZA, f. f. a kind of a sharpish apple so called.

B A P

BAPTISMA'L, adj. baptismal, belonging to baptism.
BAPTISMO, or *BAUTISMO*, f. m. baptism, christening.
Fia do baptismo, the font in a church.
Receter o baptismo, to be christened, or baptised.
Nome do baptismo, the christian name.
BAPTISTA, f. m. St. John the Baptist.

B A R

Baptista, a sort of fine linen cloth.
BAPTISTE RÍO, f. m. the place dedi-
 cated for the font in a church.
BAPTIZA'DO, f. m. christening.
Baptizádo, a, adj. See
BAPTIZA'R, v. a. to christen, to
 baptize.
Aquilo que baptiza, he that christens.

B A Q

BA'QUE, f. m. a fall, the stroke a
 man gives on the ground when he
 falls.
Dar hum baque. See **BAQUEAR**.
BAQUEA'DO, a, adj. See **BA-
 QUEAR** and *Baquear-se*.
BAQUEA'R, v. n. to fall, to tumble,
 to get a fall or tumble.
Baquear, (metaph.) to convince, or
 convict.
Baquear-se, v. r. to stretch, or lay a-
 long on the ground.
BAQUETA, f. f. a drum-stick.

B A R

BAR de ouro, the value of four thousand
 five hundred pounds, (in India.)
BARA'ÇA, f. f. the string to tie the
 flax or hemp to the distaff.
BARA'CHA, a great kettle to boil
 meat or any other thing else aboard
 ships.
BARACINHO, a small rope or cord.
*P. se te derem o porquinho, acode-lhe com
 o baracinho*, that is, lose not the op-
 portunity.
BARA'ÇO, f. m. a rope or cord; it is
 said commonly of an halter to hang
 with; also a bond, a tie.
Por o barço na garganta á algum, (me-
 taph.) to press one, to solicit him, to
 be earnest with him.
Estar com o barço na garganta, to be
 pressed, or solicited. (Metaph.)
*P. em coiza do ladrão, não lembrar bara-
 ço*, this is a wise warning not to
 mention things that are displeasing to
 the hearer.
BARAFU'NDA, f. f. tumult, confu-
 sion, disorder; also a sort of needle-
 work, that from far looks like lace.
BARAFUSTA'DO, adj. See
BARAFUSTA'R, v. n. to struggle,
 to toss up and down, to strive.
BARALHA, f. f. the cards that re-
 main after taking what are necessary
 to play, the stock at cards.
Muse na baralha, (metaph.) to de-
 sist, to cease, to leave off, to give
 over.
Jogar com toda a baralha, (metaph.)
 to be a flatterer; also to treat, or
 handle different subjects without dis-
 posing or setting them in order.
BARALHA'DO, a, adj. See
BARALHA'R, v. a. ex. *Baralhar as
 cartas*, to shuffle cards; also to con-
 found, intangle, to disorder, to dis-
 turb, to put into confusion.
BARALHO, f. m. ex. *Baralho de car-
 tas*, a pack of cards.

B A R

BARA'M, f. m. a baron. See also **VA-
 RAM**.
BARA'TA, f. f. a kind of moth that
 eats books or clothes, a book-
 worm.
BARATEA'DO, adj. See
BARATEA'R, or **ABAXAR** no pre-
 ço. See **ABAXAR**, v. n.
Baratear na compra, to cheapen, to
 haggle, to beat the price.
BARATEIRO, f. m. he that sells
 cheap.
BARATEZA, cheapness.
BARATO, a, adj. that is cheap.
Barato, adv. cheap, of little price.
Barato, f. m. the money given to
 standers by at play by the winner;
 also amends, compensation.
Haveir per barato alguma coisa, to think
 a thing to be better, or more con-
 venient, to be very glad of it.
Meter a barato, to undervalue, to con-
 temn, or despise, not to regard or
 care for, to make no account of.
Dar barato. } See } **CONTRABA-
 Tomar barato.** } **RATEA'R**.
P. a caro hé barato, e o barato he caro,
 the best is cheapest.
BARAYRO, f. m. a gulph, a deep pit,
 any deep place.
BARBA, f. f. the beard, or the chin;
 also the small fibres of a root.
Barba de bade. See **ULMARIA**.
Fazer a barba á algum, to trim, to
 shave, or beard one.
Homen de barbas, a man of reputation.
*Dizer alguma coisa nas barbas de al-
 gum*, to say a thing to a man's face.
Pegar pelas barbas a algum, to pluck
 or twitch one by the beard.
Barba a barba, face to face.
Viver á custa da barba longa, to be a
 sponge, to live upon the catch.
Ter a barba tesa, to resist, to with-
 stand, to face.
Barba de cabra, a goat's beard; also
 the herb so called.
Barba de hum cometa, the beams of a
 blazing star, or the flappet of a
 comet.
BARBAS, (figurat.) age, years.
Barbas de balca. See **BALEA**.
Barbas do ipepe, a little bunch of hair
 tied to an end of an holy water-
 sprinkle, or stick.
*P. quando vires arder as barbas de teu
 vizinho, dita as tuas e remette*,
 when thy neighbour's beard is on
 fire, be careful of thine own. Ho-
 race says, *tua res agitar, paries cum
 proximi ardet*.
Dar a agua fella barba. See **AGOA**.
BARBA'ÇA, f. f. p. a long beard.
BARBACEN, f. f. a countermure, or
 wall set before, a barbican before a
 castle, the out-works.
BARBADAS, or **BARBADAS**, Bar-
 badoes, one of the principal
 islands of the windward division of
 the Caribbees, and, next to Jamaica,
 the most considerable of all the isles
 belonging to the British dominions
 in America.

B A R

BARBADI'NHO, f. m. diminut.
 from *barbado*, he who has a little
 beard. See also **CAPUCHINHOS**.
BARBA'DO, a, adj. bearded.
BARBA'NTE. See **BIRBANTE**.
BARBAR, v. n. to begin to have a
 beard. Lat. *pubescere*.
BARBARA, (in logic) a technical
 word, each of whose syllables prefix-
 ed before the propositions of a syl-
 logism in the first mood and first
 figure, denote the universal affirma-
 tion of the said propositions. It is
 also the proper name of a woman.
Santa barbara, (in a ship) the powder-
 room.
BARBARAMENTE, adv. barbar-
 ously, cruelly; also unintelligibly.
BARBARI'A, f. f. any barbarous
 country.
Barbaria, or **BERBERI'A**, f. f. Barbary,
 a vaste tract of ground in Africa. It
 commonly includes the countries of
 Algiers, Tunis, Tripoly, Barca,
 Fez, and Morocco. The name
 Barbary is generally thought to have
 been given to this country by the Ro-
 mans, on account of the ferocity and
 barbarity of the manners of its in-
 habitants.
Barbaria, cruelty, barbarity, rude-
 ness in manners; also great ig-
 norance.
BARBARICO, a, adj. pertaining to,
 or coming from barbarous people,
 after the Barbarian mode. See **BAR-
 BARO**.
Promontorio Barbarico, a promontory,
 or cape, now called Cape Despichel,
 in Portugal.
BARBARISCO, a, adj. of, or be-
 longing to Barbary.
BARBARISMO, f. m. a barbarism,
 in speaking or writing.
BARBARIZA'DO, a, adj. See
BARBARIZA'R, v. a. ex. *Barbari-
 zar a linguagem*, to induce, or to in-
 troduce a barbarous, improper, or
 broken speech.
Barbarizar os costumes, to corrupt, de-
 prive, or adulterate the morals, by
 bringing in barbarous manners.
BARBARO, a, adj. barbarous, cruel,
 inhuman.
Nação barbara, a barbarous nation.
BARBARRAM, f. m. a long beard:
 also a man that has a long beard.
BARBASCO, f. m. the petty mul-
 lien, wool-blade, torch-weed, or
 high taper, ungwort.
BARBATA, f. f. a bravado, or hec-
 toting.
Lançar barbatas. See **BARBATEAR**.
Barbata, or *Barbates*. See **BARBAD-
 DAS**.
BARBATA'NA, f. f. the fin of a
 fish.
BARBATEA'DO, a, adj. See
BARBATEA'R, v. n. to hector.
BARBATO, f. m. (in some religious
 orders) a lay-brother.
Cometa barbato, a comet with a
 flappet.

BAR-

BAR

BARBEADO, f. m. he who has been shaved.
BARBEADURA, f. f. a shaving.
BARBEAR, v. a. to shave, trim, or barb.
BARBEARIA, f. f. a barber's shop.
BARBECHAR, v. a. to plough a piece of ground that has been untilled for some years.
BARBEIRO, f. m. a barber.
Navalha de barbeiro, a razor.
Loja de barbeiro, a barber's shop.
Barbeiro que sangra, he that letteth blood, a surgeon, a chirurgion.
BARBELLA, f. f. a curb of a bridle.
Barbilla de boy, the dewlap of an ox.
BARBICACHO, f. m. an halter.
BARBILHO, f. m. a muzzle. See also **EMPECILHO**. (Metaph.)
Barbilho, the locks of silk out of which a kind of coarse silk is made.
BARBINHA, f. f. (diminut. from *Barba*) a little beard.
BARBIRUIVA, f. f. a bird called a red-tail.
BARBIRUIVO, a, adj. red-bearded.
BARBO, f. m. the fish called a barbel.
BARBOTE, f. m. the part of the helmet that covers the chin.
BARBUDA, f. f. a sort of ancient coin.
Barbuda, f. f. **BARBOUTHOS**, Bar'buda, or Barmuda, one of the leeward islands, among those called the Caribbees, in the Atlantic Ocean, North America. It belongs to Great Britain.
BARBU DO, a, adj. one that has a great beard.
BARBUZANO, f. m. a kind of tree, and also the wood of the same, which is very lasting and cannot be damaged either by the sun or by the rain. The Portuguese call it also *Pao ferro*. See **FERRO**.
BARCA, f. f. a bark, a great boat.
Por huma barca em equilibrio, de forte, que não peze mais de huma banda que da outra, to trim a boat.
Barca de pescador, a fisher's boat.
Barca em que cavallos, leys, &c. passão o rio, a ferry-boat.
Barqueiro que governa esta barca, a ferryman.
Barca para passar hum exercito, a ponton, a sort of vessel used in passing an army over a river. Lat. *ponte*.
Barca para levar f. zendas pelo rio, a barge, a lighter, or a large vessel for carrying of goods on a river.
Barqueiro que governa esta barca, a barge-man, a lighter-man.
Barca correteira, a kind of lighter, or barge, to carry sugar-cases.
Tomar barca, ou barco para passar o rio, to take water.
Barca do norte. See **URSA**.
Barca de S. Pedro, (metaph.) the Catholic church.
Barca, *Barca*, a country of Africa,

BAR

whose inhabitants the Barczi are mentioned by the ancients for their brutal ferocity, and by Virgil, *lateque furentes*.
BARCAÇA, f. f. augm. of **BARCA**, which see.
BARCADA, f. f. a boat full.
BARCAGEM, f. f. the fare paid to the water-man; also the freight of a boat.
BARCELONA, f. f. Barcelona, anciently Barcino, from its founder the famous Barcinus, Hannibal's father. The Romans call it Faventia. It is the capital of Catalonia in Spain, and the seat of a governor.
BARCO, f. m. a boat; in India they call *barco*, any vessel or ship.
BARDANA, f. f. the burdock, the herb cletes, that beareth the bur.
Bardana grande, a great clot-bur.
Bardana pequena, the lesser clot-bur, ditch-bur, house-bur.
BARDA DO, a, adj. See
BARDAR, v. a. to make a sheep-fold; also to leap over a *Bardo*. See
BARDO, f. m. a fence, an hedge, or inclosure. See also **REDIL**.
BARREJA, f. f. See **VAREJA**.
BARGADAS, f. f. p. the upper and inner part of the thigh.
BARGAL, See **BRAGAL**.
BARGANTE, f. m. a vagabond, a vagrant fellow, an idle person, a rambler.
BARGANTI'M, or **BERGANTI'M**, f. m. a brigantine.
BARGUILHA. See **BRAGUILHA**.
BARITOM, a voice between a tenor and a base.
BARJULETA, f. f. a purse.
BARLAVENTIA DO, a, adj. See
BARLAVENTIA'R, v. n. to ply to the windward; also to ply up and down, or to cruize about.
BARLAVENTO, f. m. the windward.
BARMUDAS. See **BERMUDAS**.
BARNABITAS, f. m. p. Barnabites, a sect of regular priests.
BAROCO, a technical word, expressing a syllogistic mood in logic.
BAROIL. See **VARONIL**.
BAROMETRO, f. m. the instrument called a barometer.
BARONIA, f. f. a barony.
BARQUEJADO, a, adj. See
BARQUEJAR, v. n. to govern a boat, to go on the water in a boat.
BARQUEIRO, f. m. a water-man. See also **BARCA**.
BARQUETA, f. f. or **BARQUINHO**, f. m. a small bark, a small boat.
Barqueta, que tem so hum remador, a sculler, a cock-boat.
BARRA, f. f. a bar at the entrance of a harbour or river.
Barra (in heraldry) bend sinister.
Miya barra, a closet, half a bar (in heraldry).
Barra, de prata, ouro, &c. a bar of silver, gold, &c.

BAR

Tirar a barra, to pitch the bar, a kind of exercise.
Barra da faya, a sort of tape for a woman's gown.
Barra de cabrestante, the capstern-bars, being small pieces of timber to put into the barrel of the capstern through square holes, by which men turn the capstern to heave the anchor.
Lançar a barra mais longe do que o outro, to pitch the bar beyond another, to outdo him; both in the proper and figurative sense.
De barra á barra, from end to end.
Barras que sustentão o leito, a bedstead.
Barras que sustentão tres ou quatro taboas, sobre que se peem a cama, two small benches upon which some people put three or four boards instead of sacking stuff, and bedstead.
BARRACA, f. f. a barrack, or hut, such as soldiers make to lie in, or fishermen on the sea-side.
BARRACHEL, f. m. an officer to carry the guilty soldiers and deserters before the provost-marshal in the army. Arabic.
BARRADO, a, adj. (in heraldry) barry. See also **BARRAR**.
BARRAGANA. See **BARREGANA**.
BARRANCO, f. m. a flough in a road, a deep place, where the ground is broken up; a place where cattle is stuck; also a rub, obstacle, hinderance. (Metaph.)
BARRAM porco. See **PORCO**.
BARRAR, v. a. to lute, or cover with clay.
Barrar com barras a faya, to put a taper or hem in a woman's gown.
BARREDOURA, ex. *Rede barredoura*, a drag-net.
Vela barredoura, a low steering sail.
BARREGA, f. f. a great, lusty, and strong woman. See also **CONCUBINA**.
BARREGA'M, f. m. a great lusty fellow.
BARREGANA, f. f. a hair-cloth.
BARREGAR, v. n. (a jocose word) to bawl, to cry frowardly, as a child.
BARREGUICE, f. f. See **CONCUBINADO**.
BARREIRA, f. f. a barrier. See also **CARREIRA**.
Saltar as barreiras, (metaph.) to go too far, to go beyond the limits.
BARREIRO, f. m. or **BARREIRA**, f. f. a clay pit. From *barro*, clay.
BARRELA, f. f. ley, made of ashes.
Cinza de barrela, ley-ashes.
Panno grosseiro, no qual se peca a cinza, quando se faz barrela, bucking-cloth, mash-cloth.
BARRELA, (metaph.) a deceit.
BARRELEIRO, f. m. ley-ashes, when they are taken out and dried up.
BARRENTO, a, adj. full of clay.
BARRETER. See **VARRER**.
BARRETA DA, cap, capping, capping.
BARRETE,

B A R

BARRETE, f. m. a cap, bonnet.
Barrete da noite, a night-cap, a scull-cap.
BARRETEIRO, f. m. a capper, or cap-maker.
BARREYINHO, f. m. a little cap.
BARRICA, f. f. a large cask.
BARRIGA, f. f. the belly, the paunch.
Muita tudo na barriga, all goes down gutter-lane.
Fazer barriga (speaking of a wall) to belly out, to swell out.
Barriga da perna, the calf of the leg.
Barriga de bom vazo, the belly of a pot.
Barriga grande, a great, or big paunch.
Barriga, a litter. See also **BARRIGUDO**.
Do-me a barriga, my belly aches.
Do de barriga, belly-ache.
Barriga, he who has a great or big paunch.
Estar com a barriga para o ar, to look on the sky, to be idle.
Estar a barriga, to cram, or fill one's guts, to glut one's self.
P. palavras não enchem barriga, a hungry belly has no ears.
P. barriga farta, pé dormente, when the belly is full the bones would be at rest.
BARRIGADA, f. f. a belly-full.
BARRIGUDO, a, adj. big-bellied, gorged-bellied, barrel-bellied.
BARRIGUINHA, f. f. a little-belly, diminut. from *barriga*; also a kind of fish.
BARRIL, f. m. any sort of cask or barrel; as also an earthen vessel with a great belly and narrow neck, in which harvest-men carry drink into the fields.
O que faz barril, a cooper.
BARRILETE, or **BARRILLINHO**, a little cask or barrel.
Barrilete, (among joiners) a joiner's hold-fast.
BARRILHA, See **ALCALI**.
BARRO, f. m. clay, potter's earth.
BARROCA, f. f. a gutter made by a water-hood.
BARROCO, f. m. a rough or Scotch pearl.
Barros igualmente compridos, a long and round pearl, in the manner of a cylinder.
Barros chato de huma banda, e redondo da outra, a pearl in form of a timbrel.
BARROTADO, See **BARROTA**, or *Affentar os barros*, (in carpentry) to settle the beams.
BARROTE, f. m. a rafter, a beam.
Barrete pequenos, a little rafter, a beam.
O vão que ha entre dois barrotes, the space between the two rafters or beams in building.
BARRUNTA DO, a, adj. See **BARRUNTA**.
BARRUNTA, v. a. to guess at a thing by some sign, token, or symptom; to imagine, to presume upon some ground; from the Spanish *bar-*

B A S

rira, a boggy place, where the huntsman seeing the print of a boar's body, judges by it how big he is, and by the track, which way he is gone.
BARRUNTO, f. m. (A jocose word.) See **PRESUMPCAM**.
BARTIDOURO, f. m. a boat's skit.

B A S

BASAS. } See { **VASAS**.
BASAR. } { **BAZA'R**.
BASARUGO. } { **BAZARU'CO**.
BASBA'QUE, f. m. (in the Brasils) a sort of balkers, or men who stand on a high pole fixed in the sea, and give a sign to other men which way the passage or shoal of fishes is; also a stupid fellow. See **TOLO**.
BASCOLEJADO. See **VASCOLEJADO**.
BASCOLEJAR. See **VASCOLEJAR**.
BASCONÇO, or **VASCONÇO**. See **BASCONGADO**, a, adj. of, or belonging to Biscay.
BASE, f. f. the base or pedestal, on which a pillar, or statue, or any other thing stands; also the foundation or basis of any thing, the principal ingredient.
Base, the bottom of any figure. (In mathematics.)
BASILICA, f. f. a basilic, a magnificent church.
Basilica, (in anatomy) the inner vein of the arm, or liver-vein, in the basilic vein, or basilica.
BASILICAS *lys*, Basilic constitution an abridgment and reform of the emperor Justinian's laws.
BASILISCO, f. m. a basilisk, a cockatrice, a fabulous little beast, said by Pliny, &c. to kill by looking; also a basilisk (in gunnery.)
BASOFIA. See **BAZOFIA**.
BASOURA. See **ASSOURA**.
BASTADO, adj. See **BASTAR**.
BASTANÇA. See **ABUNDANCIA**.
BASTANTE, adj. sufficient.
BASTANTEMENTE, adv. sufficiently.
BASTAM, f. m. a cane.
Bastam de general, a general's staff.
Bastam, an acorn, the fruit of the oak.
Arrimar o bastam, to leave off or over a dignity, or employment.
BASTAR, v. n. to suffice, to be sufficient, to be enough; also to last.
Basta não quero vello mais, in short I'll see him no more.
Basta que tragas a vossa conta e feres satisfeito, do but bring your bill and you'll be paid.
BASTARDA, f. f. or *Bastardo*, f. m. a bastard, one begotten out of wedlock.
BASTARDIA, f. f. bastardy.
BASTARDIA DO, See **DEGENERADO**.

B A T

BASTARDIAR. See **DEGENERAR**.
BASTARDO, f. m. a bastard, got in an unlawful bed, illegitimate, natural; also any thing that is degenerating; also a kind of coin.
Bastardo, a, adj. bastard.
Peça bastarda, a demi-cannon, or demi-culverin.
Gale bastarda, a kind of small galley.
Arcoz baylardo, the hoops of a large vessel that holds three pipes of wine.
Trombeta bastarda, or *bastarda*, a sort of trumpet.
Sella bastarda, a saddle with a pommel behind and another before.
Letra bastarda, a sort of hand-writing, which is neither running nor round-hand.
Uva bastarda, a black grape so called.
BASTECER, v. a. to provide, or supply with any thing.
BASTECIDO, a, adj. provided, &c. See **BASTECER**.
BASTIA, f. f. the capital of the island of Corsica.
BASTIA'M, f. m. bastion (in fortification.) It is generally at the angle of a place, and consists of two faces, two flanks, and a gorge; also a heap of earth in the field, to screen the besiegers.
BASTIDA, f. f. a quantity of wood or timber tied together; also a wooden tower raised against a town besieged, made use of by the ancients.
BASTIDOR, f. m. a straining frame for a picture or the like, or such a frame as embroiderers or starchers use.
Bastidor de teatro, the wing of a flat scene.
BASTILHA, f. f. a noted castle in Paris, especially for state prisoners and other delinquents; the Bastile.
BASTIOENS, or **BASTIAENS**, a sort of ancient caver's work.
Renda de bastioens, a kind of lace with figures.
BASTIMENTO, f. m. all sorts of warlike provisions.
BASTIMENTOS, f. m. p. some small islands at the mouth of the bay Nombre de Dios, and above half a mile from the coast of Darien, in South America.
BASTO, a, adj. thick, close, set close.
Fazer basto, to thicken, to make thick, to set, or close together.
En endimento basto, (metaph.) a vast knowledge.
Báste, (in some games at cards) *basto*, the ace of clubs.
BASTOS, (in cant) the fingers.
BASTULA'QUE. See **BADULAQUE**.

B A T

BATALHA, f. f. a battel, or battle, a fight.
Campo de batalha, the field of battle.

B A T

Presentar batalha, to offer battle.
Dar batalha, to engage. to join battle.
Atacar a batalha, to begin to fight.
Ordem de batalha, battle-array, the order of battle, the form of drawing up an army for fight.
Batalha naval, a sea-fight.
Singular batalha. See *DUELLO*; *DE-SAFIO*.
Batalha campal, a set, or pitched battle.
Corpo da batalha, main battle, the main body of an army.
Batalha, it was formerly the whole, consisting of the van, rear, and main battle.
Batalha, any strife, debate, quarrel, or dispute. (Metaph.)
BATALHA DO. See *BATALHAR*.
BATALHADO'R, f. m. a great combatant, he who has fought many battles.
BATALHANTE, (in heraldry) is said of bealls represented in a fighting posture.
BATALHA'M, f. m. a battalion, a body of foot-soldiers, consisting of five, six, seven, or eight hundred men.
BATALHAR, v. n. to fight, to contend, to dispute.
BATARDA. See *ABETARDA*.
BATARIA, or *BATERIA*, f. f. (in fortification) a battery, the place where cannons are planted; also the cannons themselves planted.
Plantar buma bataria, to raise or set up a battery.
BATERIA, (metaph.) an argument, a particular way of disputing; also a snare, a trap, or crafty wile.
BATATA, f. f. potatoe, a sort of eatable root.
BATAVIA, f. f. Batavia, the capital of all the Dutch settlements in the East-Indies, and center of their commerce in Asia; also the name of a river in the Terra Australis, first discovered by the Dutch.
BATAFO, f. m. an Hollander, or Dutchman.
BATECALOU, a small East-Indian Island, on the N. E. side of that of Ceylon. It was the first place taken from the Portuguese by the Dutch.
BATECU', f. m. the stroke a man gives on the ground when he falls on the breach.
BATEDO'R, f. m. one that beats or hammers, &c. according to the v. *Batur*.
Batedor de moeda, a coiner.
Batedor, a boat's skit; also a knocker or hammer affixed to the door in order to strike for admission.
Batedor do campo, a scout, one that is sent to bring tidings of the enemy's army.
Batedor de espigas na tira, a thresher.
BATEFOLHA, or *BATIFOLHA*, f. m. a gold-beater.
Perquinha de que se serve o bat-folha para fazer folhas de ouro, gold-beaters skin.

B A T

BATEGA, f. f. (among the country people) ex. *Batega d'agua*, a sudden shower.
BATEIRA, f. f. a ship's-boat.
BATEL, f. m. a little boat, a wherry, any sort of small boat to go over a river.
BATELA'DA, f. f. the load of a little boat.
Batelada de gente, fare, boat full of people.
BATELEIRO, f. m. a waterman.
BATENTE, f. m. the jambs, the side-post of a door against which it beats.
BATER, v. a. to beat, to hammer; also to throw or sling.
Bater a porta, to knock at the door.
Bater com o pé, to stamp with one's foot.
Bater moeda, to coin or to mint money.
Bater o campo, to scout, or to scout about.
P. bater o ferro quando está quente, to strike the iron whilst it is hot.
Bater com as mãos, dando applausos, to clap, to applaud.
O rio bate as muralhas da cidade, the river beats against (it runs close by) the walls of the town.
Bater ovos, to beat eggs.
Bater muralhas, to batter walls.
Bater o mato, (a term in hunting) to beat bushes, &c. in order to spring or start the game.
Bater espigas de trigo, to thrash, or thresh corn.
Bater papel, ouro, ou livros, to beat paper, gold, books.
Batem-lhe os dentes com frio, his teeth chatter with cold.
Bater as azas. See *AZA*.
Bater, or *fazer manteiga*, to churn milk.
Bater, v. n. to beat.
Bate-lhe o pulso, his pulse beats.
O coração me bate, my heart beats, pants, or goes pit-a-pat.
Bater-se, v. r. to fight.
BATERIA. See *BATARIA*.
BATH, or *BATHE*, Bath, a city of Somersetshire by the river Avon. This place was famous in the time of the Romans for its medicinal waters: it is called by Antoninus Aquæ Solis; by the Britons Caer Baden, i. e. the City of Baths; and by the Saxons Ak-mancheester, or the City of Valetudinarians.
BATIBARBA, f. f. a gentle blow under the chin.
Dar buma batibarba, to chuck, to give a gentle blow under the chin.
BATICA, f. f. (In India.) See *BACIA*.
BATICALA', f. f. the most southern kingdom of Canara, belonging to India, on this side the Ganges. The Portuguese, by blocking up its harbours, and making incursions into the country reduced it thrice, compelling it to pay them tribute.
Baticala, the capital of the last men-

B A X

tioned kingdom, of the same name, is situated on a small river, about four miles from the sea, and thirty leagues S. of Goa. About the year 1670, an English bull-dog happening to kill a cow devoted to a pagod, at a hunting match; the priests of the country raised a mob, by which the whole factory, consisting of eighteen persons, was murdered.
BATI'DO, a, adj. beaten. See *BATER*.
BATIDURA, f. f. a beating, or hammering.
BATIFOLHA. See *BATEFOLHA*.
BATOCA'DO, a, adj. See
BATOCA'R, v. a. ex. *Batocar pipas*, to stop or bung pipes.
BATOQUE, f. m. the hole in a pipe, &c. wherein the stopple or bung is put; also the stopple, or bung itself.
BATRACOMYOMACHIA, f. f. batrachomyomachy, the battle between the frogs and mice.
BATTOLOGIA, f. f. a vain, foolish repetition of the same words over and over again in the same discourse; a battalogy, or vain babbling.
BATUCA'R, v. n. (a vulgar word) to beat often.

B A V

BAVAREZ, f. m. bavarois a kind of modern furout.
BAVARO, a, adj. Bavarian.
BAVIERA, f. f. a country of Upper Germany, Bavaria.
BAU'L. See *BAHU'*.
BAUTISMO. See *BAPTISMO*.
BAUTISTERIO. See *BAPTISTERIO*.
BAUTIZADO. See *BAPTIZADO*.
BAUTIZA'R. See *BAPTIZAR*.

B A X

BA'XA, f. f. decrease, or diminution, abatement, lessening, fall; also lowering in price and value.
Ha baxa no preço do trigo, the corn falls in its price, or the corn falls.
Baxa (a sea term) quick-sands, shelves, or fords under water.
Dar baxa, to resign, surrender, abdicate, or give up one's place.
Dar baxa. (In military affairs.) See *REFORMAR*.
Dar baxa á hum soldado, to cashier a soldier.
Baxa, f. m. bassa, or bathaw, a Turkish officer.
BAXA'DO, a, adj. See *BAXAR*.
BAXAMAR, f. f. low-water.
BAXAMENTE. See *VILAMENTE*.
BAXAM, f. m. a bassoon, a musical instrument.
BAXA'R, v. n. to come down; also to issue out.
Fazer baxar, to bring down.
Baxar a maré, to ebb.

B A Z

BAXELA, f. f. all the plate or furniture for the table.
BAKEZA, or **BAIXEZA**, f. f. low-ness, meanness, vileness, baseness; a mean base action.
BAXI'O, f. m. a shoal, or sand in the sea.
BAXISSIMO, a, adj. superl. lowest.
 See
BA'XO, or **BAIXO**, a, adj. low.
Casa baxa, low-house.
Mari baxa, low-water.
Agua baxa, shallow water.
Animo baxo, a base soul, a mean soul.
Paizes baxos, the Low-countries.
Gente baxa, the common-people, the vulgar, the mob.
O sol ja esta baxo, the sun is going to set.
Nacimento baxo, a mean extraction.
Per baxo a algum, to abuse, to affront one, to tell him his own.
Palavras, ou discursos baxos, a flat mean discourse.
Estilo baxo, a low, or mean style.
Baxe, (speaking of wells, cisterns, &c.) deep.
Lugares baxos e apaulados, marshy, feney, moorish places.
Baxe, cheap. See also **ABATIDO**.
O trigo he muito baxo, the corn is very cheap.
Andar baxo, to be near to the earth. (Speaking of the sun, moon, &c.)
Os baxos de huma casa, the lower rooms in a house, the ground-floor.
O mais baxe, the undermost.
Baxe, adv. ex. *Ficar por baxo*, to be worsted, to be a loser, to be overcome.
Falar baxo, to speak softly.
Elle esta em baxo, he is below.
Olhar para baxo, to look downwards.
Agua que corre per baxo, the water that flows underneath.
Untar por baxo, to anoint underneath.
Dar com alguma cousa em baxo. See **DERRUBAR**.
Pafforo que voa muito baxo, a bird that flies very low.
Remedio que ebra por baxo, a medicine that operates or works downwards.
Baxo, f. m. a ford, shelf, a shallow place, a flat.
Costa cheia de baxos, e nomeada por causa dos naufragios, a shelfy coast, long infamous for ships and sailors lost.

B A Y

BAYA. See **BAHIA**.
BAYONETA, f. f. a bayonet. So called, because the first bayonets were made in the city of Bayonne.
BAYRAM, or **BAIRAM**, a solemn feast among the Turks.
BAYUCA, f. f. a tavern, or ale-house, a tipling-house.
BAYUQUEIRO. See **TAVERNEIRO**.

B A Z

BAZA'R, f. m. exchange, a place

B E B

where merchants meet in India, and particularly in Persia; also the market, or market-place, in India.
Pedra bazar, bezoar, a stone found in the dung of an animal called parau, a kind of goat. From the Persic word *pa*, against, and *zabar*, poison.
BAZARUCO, f. m. a kind of money of small value in India, near a farthing.
BAZILAR, (in anatomy) basilar os, the same with sphenoides, so called, because it forms in some measure the base of the skull.
BAZULA'QUE, f. m. a kind of dish, made of mutton's pluck, with onions, bread, &c.

B D E

BDELLIO, f. m. bdellium, or a black-tree in Arabia, of the bigness of an olive-tree; also the gum of the same tree, transparent like wax.

B E A

BE'ATA, f. f. a sort of religious woman that lives not in a monastery, or in community but by herself; also a bigot or hypocrite (ironically.)
BEATARIA, f. f. bigotry, hypocrisy, bigotryism.
BEATICE. See **BEATARIA**.
BEATIFICA'CA'M, f. f. beatification, the act by which the pope declares a person to be blessed after his death.
BEATIFICA'DO, a, adj. See
BEATIFICA'R, v. a. to beatify, to make blessed, to enrol among the blessed; also to make happy.
BEATIFICO, a, adj. beatifical, or beatific.
BEATO, a, adj. blessed.
Beato, f. m. a religious man, that lives as the beata. See **BEATA**.
Beato falso, a bigot, or hypocrite.
BEATILHA, f. f. a sort of linen wove in Spain, very thin, to make white veils for women, and something like a fine canvas.

B E B

BEBEDI'CE, f. f. drunkenness, a drunken condition.
BE'BEDO, f. m. a drunken man, a drunken fozz, a drunkard, a fuddle-cap, a guzzle, a swill-bowl.
Bebedo que não pode ter a cabeça direita, top-heavy.
Bebido, or acostumado a se embebedar, given to drink.

BEBEDO'R, f. m. a drinker, toper, fudler, tippler, swill-bowl, or guzzler.
P. debaxo de ruim capa jaz hum bom bebedor, under a bad cloak may be a great drinker; that is, under a mean habit may be a rich man; teaching us to despise no man upon the account of dress, since there is no faith to be given to the out-side.
BEBEDOURO, f. m. a cup, &c. for birds to drink in.

M

B E C

BEBER, v. a. to drink; also to receive by education, to drink up, to imbibe.
Bêter a bê mais não poder, to drink as long as man can hold.
Companheiro no beber, a copesmate.
Beber até cabir, to drink till one can't stand.
Bêber o fizo, to turn one's brain.
Beber de bruços, to drink lying all along on the ground.
Beber agua, to drink water.
Beber hum ovo, to sip up an egg.
Beber à costa, to confine upon, or to touch the sea-coast.
Dar a beber, or a crer o que não be, to make one believe a thing that is not true.
Beber, or crer huma cousa, to swallow a thing, to take a thing for granted.
Beber ou verter, to be obliged to do a thing.
Dezajar beber o sangue a algum, to desire to drink another man's blood; the utmost malice.
Bêter à saúde de algum, to drink one's health.
Beber o vento, it is said of a horse when he draws a deal of breath at once.
Beber huma opinião, (metaph.) to swallow an opinion.
Beber alguma cousa, (metaph.) to make no scruple or conscience of a thing.
P. se não bebo na taverna, folgemo nilla, we say, he does not smoke, but smocks.
BE'BERA, f. f. a black long fig so called.
BEBERA'GEM. See **BEBIDA**.
BEBERE'IRA, f. f. the fig-tree that bears béberas. See **BE'BERA**.
BEBERE'TE, f. m. a small draught, or drink.
BEBERRAM. } See **BORRACHAM**.
BEBERRA'Z. }
BEBERRI'CA, f. f. a little drunkard.
BEBERRICA'DO. See
BEBERRICA'R, v. n. (a vulgar word) to be always drinking, or sipping, to bib, to tipple.
BEBERRO'NIA, f. f. a drinking greedily, a riotous way of living; also a multitude of bibbers, or drinkers.
BEBI'DA, f. f. a drink; also a potion; also a drench prepared for a sick horse.
BEBI'DO, f. m. the liquor that has been drank or sipped. See also the v. **BEBER**.

B E C

BE'CA, f. f. a welt of cloth hanging about the neck and almost down to the feet, after the manner of the doctors of divinity's scarfs in England, now worn by all students in colleges, who are distinguished and known by the several shapes and colours of them.
Bêca, the dignity of entering on a fellowship, or any college preferment; it signifies also the students, or other people that wear such a welt.

Bêca

B E I

Pica de desembargador. See **GARNA-CHA**.

BECCHICOS, (in phytic) ex. *Medicamentos ecchicos*, medicines good for affwaging and curing a cough.

BECO, f. m. an alley, a lane; also one who frequents the places where whores live.

B co com sabida, a thorough fare.

Beco sem saída, a lane that has no way out.

B E D

BEDÁ, f. m. (in Goa) one who never went to war.

BEDÁME, f. m. a kind of chissel among carpenters.

BEDEL, f. m. an officer belonging to an university; a beadle, from the English *to bid*.

BEDELHO, f. m. (in cant) a small trump at cards; also a meddler, or busy-body.

BEDEM, f. m. (a Moorish word) a Moorish cloak for the rainy weather, and also to wear upon armour.

B E E

BEETRIA, or **BEHETRIA**, f. f. an inheritance belonging to itself, free from him that lives in it, and can receive for its lord whom it pleases. These are the words of the law, literally translated: "there were two sorts of them, the one called *Bebitrias de mar à mar*, or from sea to sea; to express that they might chuse for their lord whom they pleased, from the Ocean to the Mediterranean." The other sort was called *Bebitrias de cu're parentes*; that is, "among kindred, which were obliged to chuse their lords of certain families, whose right it was." But because these free places were generally full of noise and confusion for want of a sovereign power, therefore *bebtria* is used in Spanish to signify any tumultuous assembly, or confused disorderly noise; or as we say, Dover-court, all talkers and no hearers.

B E H

BEHETRIA. See **BEETRIA**.

B E I

BEICI'NHO, f. m. a little lip, diminut. from *beijo*, a lip.

BEIÇO, f. m. a lip.

Dixar cabir o beijo em sinal de desprezo, to make a lip.

Beijo grosso, a great lip, a blubber-lip.

Pomada ou compressa para os beijos, lip-salve.

Beijos de huma ferida, the lips of a wound.

Beijo rabado, a hare-lip.

Per á alguma o mel pelos beijos, (metaph.) to keep at a bay, to amuse one with fair promises.

BEIQU'DO, a, adj. blubber-lipped, a pouch-mouth.

B E L

BEIJA'DO, a, adj. See

BEIJA'R, v. a. to kiss, to buss.

Muitos beijam a mão que dizteão ver cortada, many do kiss the hand they wish to see cut off.

Beijar as mãos á alguma, to kiss a man's hand, to remember one's respect to him.

Beijar a miúdo, to be always a-kissing.

Beijo lbe as mãos (ironically) Oh! your servant; faith, I sha'n't; excuse me for that.

Beijar-se, v. r. to kiss each other, to mingle, or exchange kisses.

BEIJ'NHO, f. m. a hearty kiss, a wanton kiss.

BEIJO, f. m. a kiss, a buss.

Beijo que se dá com effronde grande dos beijos, a smack, a loud kiss.

Beijo de Judas, a treacherous kiss, a Judas kiss.

O que gosta de beijos, a kissing man.

A que gosta de beijos, a kissing woman, one that loves to kiss and be kissed.

BEIJOIM. See **BEIJU'IM**.

BEIJU' f. m. a kind of paste, made of the flower of the root of mandioca. See **MANDIOCA**.

BEIJU'IM, or **BEIJOIM**, f. m. benjamin, or benzoin; a drug much used in perfumes and sweet bags.

Beijum de boninas, a sort of odoriferous benzoin.

BEILHO, a dough made of eggs, butter, &c.

BEIRA, f. f. the brink or bank of any water.

Beiras do telhado, eaves, house-eaves.

P. andar, andar, vir morrer a beira, to eat an whole ox and faint at the tail. This proverb is spoke when any body falls short of a thing, after having used all endeavours.

Beira, a province in Portugal, and the largest in that kingdom. It is almost square, extending about ninety miles every way, except in some points that run into the Portuguese *Estremadura*, and *Alentejo*. It is bounded on the N. by *Entre Douro e Minho*, and *Traz dos Montes*; from the former of which provinces the Douro divides it; on the E. by Spain; on the S. by *Estremadura* and *Alentejo*; and by the Mediterranean on the W. As for the character of its inhabitants, see *Emanuel de Faria*.

BEIRA'M. See **BAYRAM**.

BEIRAMA'R, f. f. the sea-coast.

Morar á beiramâr, to live on the sea-coast.

BEIR'AME, f. m. cotton-cloth.

B E J

BEJU'. See **BEIJU'**.

B E L

BELDA'DE. See **BELLEZA**.

B E L

BELDROEGA, f. f. the herb purslane.

BELETA. See **GRIMPA**.

BELFAS, f. f. p. (a jocose word) the beard.

BELFO, a, adj. one who has a hanging under-lip, as the house of Austria has been remarkable for.

BELGRADO, f. m. Belgrade, the capital of Belgrade, one of the four sangiacates of Servia, belonging to the Turkish Illyrium, in Europe. The Imperialists recovered it from the Turks, 1717, under prince Eugene, and kept possession of it till 1739.

BELHO, f. m. the shooter of a lock.

BELIAL, wicked. Hebrew. Hence *velbaco*, a knave.

BELICHE, f. m. any small cabin in a ship, besides the great cabin belonging to the captain. It is also the name that the natives of the island of St. Laurence give to the devil.

BELIDA, f. f. a white spot in the eye, a pearl, or web that grows over the sight.

BELIS, f. m. it is only used in this expression: *Hé hum belis* he is a circumspect man, quick-sighted, quick of judgment and understanding; also a rascal, a rogue.

BELISCA'DO. See **BELISCAR**.

BELISCA'M, or **BELISCO**, f. m. a pinch, or nip with the fingers, also a small bit of bread, &c.

BELISCAR, v. a. to pinch, or to nip with the fingers. See also **TO-CAR**.

A acção de beliscar, pinching.

A pessoa que belisca, a pincher.

BELISCO. See **BELISCAM**.

BELLACISSIMO, a, adj. very warlike.

BELLADO'NA, f. f. belladonna, or deadly nightshade.

BELLAMENTE, adj. fairly, beautifully, finely, very well; also very easily.

BELLATRI'CE, adj. warlike.

BELLEGUI'M, f. m. a baliff's follower.

BELLEZA, f. f. beauty; also a beautiful person, or thing.

BELLICHE. See **BELICHE**.

BELLICO, a, adj. of war, or belonging to war.

BELLICO'SO, a, adj. valiant at arms, war-like, martial.

BELLI'DA, f. f. See **BELIDA**.

BELLIGERO, a, adj. war-like, martial, belonging to war.

BELLIGUI'M. See **BELLEGUI'M**.

BELLU'NO, a, adj. of, or belonging to a beast, beastly, monstrous.

BELLO, a, adj. fair, beautiful.

Bello engenho, a fine genius.

BELLONA, f. f. Bellona, the goddess of war.

BELLOTA. See **BOLOTA**.

BELVEDERE, f. m. belvedere, the herb broom-toad flax. Lat. *ofrit*.

BELVERDE, f. m. See **BELVEDERE**.

BEL-

B E M

BELZEBUB, *s. m.* Beelzebub, the prince of devils.

B E M

BEM, *adv.* well, right, just, exactly; also much, very.

Muito bem, very well.

Bem que, although.

Par bem, willingly; also for the best; also fairly, by fair means.

Dizis bem, you speak right.

Affim está bem, now it is well.

Temos sempre bem que jantar, we have always a good dinner.

Estaria bem avisado se não tivesse outra causa de que viver, it would go very ill with me if I had nothing else to live upon.

Eu bem me imaginei, I thought so indeed.

Tomar em bem, to take in good part, to take well.

Estar bem de casas, to be well lodged.

Elle foi bem examinado, he was strictly examined.

Bem, an expletive that gives more emphasis to expression.

Fallei a bem de pessoas, I spoke to a great many people.

A bem de dizer, as it were.

A bem delle, in his behalf.

Era bem meya noite, it was full midnight.

Bem longe, a great way off; also far from.

Bem perto, well-nigh, well-near.

Bem cedo, very soon, shortly, ere it be long.

Pois bem; que tendes que responder? well, what have you to answer to this?

Ainda bem, que, &c. it is well, that, &c.

Ainda bem, or *bem te está*, you deserve it.

Ainda bem que assim seja, I wish it may be so.

Estar bem com alguém, to be friend to one, to be upon good terms with him.

Por-se bem com alguém, to reconcile one's self, to make one's peace, to be friends again.

Quando bem, although, supposing, or in the case.

Pôr bem á humo pessão com outra, to reconcile, to make friends.

Fallar bem, to speak a good language; also to speak civilly.

Bem se me dá, I don't care.

Bem se lhe dá, he does not care.

Ter por bem, to be pleased, to take a thing well of one.

Terei isso por bem, it will be acceptable to me.

Se alguma coisa não andasse bem, if any thing should happen but well.

Bem vindo, welcome.

Bem visto, well-beloved.

Pois, está bem, well and good.

Bem nascido, well-born, well descended.

Bem bonito, or *bem feito*, well-favoured, well-featured.

B E M

Bem intencionado, well-affected, well-minded.

Bem criado, well brought up, well-mannered.

E bem podia isso succeder, and well it might.

Tudo vai bem, all is well.

As cousas correrão tão bem que não podia ser milhor, it happened as well as could be.

Tratar bem a alguém, to treat or use one well.

Tratar-se bem, to eat well, to fare well; also to dress one's self genteelly, or nobly.

Bem, *s. m.* good, benefit, advantage, interest; also happiness, satisfaction, felicity, blessing; also virtue, goodness.

Bem, estate, means, riches, substance.

Dizer bem de alguém, to speak well of one.

Não fazer bem nem mal, we say, to be like a chip in porridge.

Homem de grandes bens, a man of great estate.

Bens adquiridos fardidamente, muck and pelf.

Homem de bem, a well-meaning, or honest man.

Bem publico. See **PUBLICO**.

P. o que se não leva por bem não se leva por mal, soft fire makes sweet malt.

Querer bem, to love, to have kindness for.

Os bens, or *fructos da terra*, the products of the earth.

Desejar bem á alguém, to wish one well.

O que deseja bem a alguém, a well-wisher.

Meu bem, (a compliment to a sweet-heart) my sweet-heart, my minion.

Para bem vos seja, I wish you joy.

P. chega-se o bem para o bem, e o mal para quem o tem, we say, every one bastes the fat hog, while the lean one burneth. The Lat. say, *pauper eris semper, si pauper es*; *Quintiliani, dantur opes nullis, nunc; nisi divitiis*.

BEMAFORTUNA'DO, *a*, *adj.* lucky, fortunate.

BEMAVENTURA'DO, *a*, *adj.* blessed, happy, fortunate, lucky.

BEMAVENTURA'NÇA, good-luck, good-fortune, happiness, bliss, blessedness, beatitude.

BEMFEITO'R, *s. m.* a benefactor, a well-doer.

BEMFEITO'RA, *s. f.* a benefactress, a benefactrix.

BEMFEITORIA, *s. f.* an improvement, or bettering. (Speaking of lands, buildings, &c.)

BEMGOARDA, *s. f.* it is an ancient word for *vanguarda*. See **VANGUARDA**.

BEMQUE'QUES, *s. m.* marigold, a flower.

BEMO'L, *s. m.* a B flat. (in music.)

BEMOLA'DO, *a*, *adj.* (in music) that has the B flat.

BEMQUE', *conj.* though, or tho', although.

B E N

BEMQUERENÇA, *s. f.* See **BENEVOLENCIA**.

BEMQUERIA, *s. f.* See **AMORES**.

BEMQUISTO, *a*, *adj.* well beloved. See also

BEMQUISTAR, *v. a.* to conciliate, reconcile, or accord, to make, to agree. (Metaph.) to make palatable, or pleasant to the taste.

Bemquistar-se, *v. r.* to conciliate, win, procure, or gain favour, to get one's good-will.

BEMTERE, a kind of bird in the Brasile, which the wild native people call *pitangua guatá*, or *cairiri*.

B E N

BENÇAM, *s. f.* a blessing, benediction.

BENDA'DO. See **ENDADO**.

BENDITO, *a*, *adj.* blessed, praised.

BENECE. See **BENESSE**.

BENEFICA'DO. See

BENEFICAR, *v. a.* to do good to another.

BENEFICENCIA, *s. f.* beneficence, the act or disposition of doing good.

BENEFICIA'DO, *s. m.* he who has a benefice.

Beneficiado, *a*, *adj.* See

BENEFICIA'R, *v. a.* to do good to another; also to cultivate, to till, to improve, to better.

BENEFICIO, *s. m.* benefit, good-turn, good-office, kindness, courtesy, advantage, favour, help.

Beneficio ecclesiastico, a benefice, living, a church dignity with a revenue.

Beneficio simples, a fine cure, a benefice that has no charge or cure of souls.

Beneficio do corpo, a looseness, a moderate looseness.

BENEFICO, *a*, *adj.* beneficial, liberal, kind, well-doing, apt to do good.

BENEMERENCIA, *s. f.* (a new word) desert, merit.

BENEMERITO, *a*, *adj.* well-deserving.

BENEPLACITO, *s. m.* leave, permission, consent.

BENESSE, or **BENECE**, *s. m.* altarage, or the profits that arise to the priest by serving at the altar. From the Lat. *beneficium*.

BENEVOLENCIA, *s. f.* benevolence, good-will.

BENEVOLO, *a*, *adj.* benevolent, wishing well, favourable, affectionate. See also **BENIGNO**.

BENGAL, *s. f.* Bengal, one of the five kingdoms belonging to the southern division of Indian, or Mogul, in Asia, and the most easterly. It is also a cane or stick.

BENGUELA, *s. f.* Benguela, a province of Africa; it is also the capital of the same province. Here the Portuguese built a fort with pallisades, and a ditch round it.

BENIGNAMENTE, *adv.* kindly, lovingly.

BENI-

BER

BENIGNIDA'DE, f. f. goodness, kindness, bounty, benignity.
BENIGNO, a, adj. courteous, loving, kind, bountiful; also sweet, mild.
BENS, (the plural of *ben*) estate, riches, chattels; also praises, commendations.
Bens de raiz, real, or immoveable possessions, as lands or houses. See **RAIZ**.
Bens moveis, moveables, personal goods, furniture.
BENTA'erva. See **ERVA**.
BENTI'NHO, f. m. a sort of scapulars, hanging down before and behind the neck, which are no bigger than a hand, or less. At Oxford they have this sort of scapulars, and call them a habit.
BENTO, a, adj. consecrated, holy. See also **ABENÇOADO**.
Agua benta, holy-water.
Bento, f. m. Benedict, a man's name.
A ordem de S. Bento, Benedictines, an order of monks, founded by St. Benedict.
BENZEDEIRO, or **BENZEDOR**, f. m. a kind of impostors, or superstitious people, that pretend to bless the cattle, children, &c.
BENZER, v. a. to consecrate, to appoint to an holy use. See also **ABENÇOAR**.
Benzér-se, v. r. to make the sign of the cross; also to be amazed or surprised.
Buzer-se de algum, to beware of one.
BENZI'DO, a, adj. See **BENZER**.

BEO

BEO'CO. See **BIO'CO**.

BEQ

BE'QUE, f. m. the beak, or beak-head of a ship.

BER

BERBEQUIM, f. m. a thrill, or drill, a boring tool.
BERBERI'A. See **BARBARIA**.
BERBERI'S, f. m. the white-thorn tree.
BERBERI'SCO. See **BARBARISCO**.
BERÇO, f. m. a cradle. Hebrew; also a sort of vault.
Desse o berço, from one's infancy, or tender age, from a child.
Berço, an ancient short piece of cannon.
Berço, (metaph.) the place where the sun and stars rise; also the spring of a river, fountain, &c.
BEREBERE, f. m. (an Indian term) a sort of palsy.
BERGAMOTA, f. f. a bergamot-pear.

BER

BERGANTIM. See **BARGANTIM**.
BERI'LO, f. m. beryl, a sort of precious stone.
BERINGELAS, mad apples. Lat. *mala insana*.
BERLENGAS, f. f. p. the Burlings, two small islands on the coast of Portugal, by Peniche.
BERLIN, the capital of the marquise of Brandenburg, in Germany, and the usual residence of the elector, now king of Prussia.
BERLI'NA, f. f. berlin, a sort of travelling chariot, such as is used at Berlin, in Prussia.
BERMA, f. f. (in fortification) a berm, or a space of ground left at the foot of a rampart, on the side next the country, designed to receive the ruins of the rampart, to prevent its filling up the foss.
BERMUDAS, f. f. p. a cluster of very small islands in the Atlantic ocean, and a pretty way from the continent of America. They are called Bermudas, or Sommer's Islands; the former is so called from a Spaniard of that name, who discovered them in 1552; and the latter from sir George Sommers; who, in 1609, found them deserted, and ever since have been possessed by the English.
BERNA, f. f. Bern, the capital of Bern, or Bearne, the most fruitful, richest, and by much the largest of all the Swiss cantons.
BERNA'CA, **BERNACHA**, or **BERNICA**, f. f. a barnacle, a soland goose, a fowl in the Bas, an island on the coasts of Scotland, supposed by some to grow of trees, or by others to breed out of rotten planks of ships.
BERNARDINOS, f. m. p. Bernardines, a certain religious order of monks, founded by Robert, abbot of Molesme.
BERNE panno, any fine red cloth.
BERRA, f. f. (among hunters) the rut, the lust or copulation of deer; some call it *brama*.
BERRA'DO. See
BERRA'R, v. n. to bellow as kine do, to blare as a cow.
Berrar a ovelha, to bleat.
Berrar o veado, to rut, or to cry like a deer, for the desire of copulation.
Berrar a corça quando anda com o cio, to croyn.
BERRO, f. m. ex. *Berro de bey*, *vaca*, &c. the lowing, or bellowing of kine.
Berro de ovelha, *cabrito*, &c. a bleat, a bleating of sheep, kid, lamb, &c.
BERTANGI'L, **BERTANGI'**, or **BRETANGI'L**, f. m. a sort of cotton-cloth, woven by the Cafrees, a people who live in Africa, towards the Cape of Good-Hope.
BERTO'EJA, or **BORTOEJA**, f. f. a kind of breaking out like the itch.

BES

BERZABU'. See **BELZEBUB**.

BES

BESANTE, f. m. (in heraldry) besant, a term for round plates of gold without any stamp.
BESBELHO, f. m. (in cant) the arse.
DESBELHOTEIRA, f. f. a vile, base, or abject kind of woman.
BESBELHOTEIRO, f. m. a vile, base, or abject kind of man.
BESOA'RTICO, f. m. (among physicians) a cordial medicine, good against poison, and infectious diseases.
BESO'URO, **BISOURO**, or **BIZOURO**, f. m. the great horn-beetle, or butter-fly, a fluttering insect.
BESPA, f. f. a wasp.
BESPA'M, f. m. a bigger wasp.
BESTA, f. f. a beast, a brute, (metaph.) a brutish man, a dunce, an ill-bred fellow, a blockhead, a sot.
Besta, beast, a game at cards like loo.
Fazer a besta, to be loo'd.
Besta brava, a wild beast.
Besta domestica, a tame beast.
Besta fera, a wild, huge, exceeding great beast.
Besta de carga, a beast of burden.
Besta de sella, a beast for the saddle.
A gram besta, an elk, a strong swift beast, in shape like an hart, and as tall as a horse.
Má besta, (metaph.) a cunning fellow.
Homem besta, an ignorant, a sot, a blockhead, a beast.
P. homem grande besta de pau: this proverb intimates, that things are not to be valued by their bulk, but according to their intrinsic worth and value; and so we say, a lark is better than a kite.
Besta, f. f. a cross-bow.
Besta de bodoque, a stone-bow.
BESTEIRA, or *erva de BESTEIROS*, see.
BESTEIRO, f. m. a cross-bow-man; also the man that makes the cross-bows.
Erva de besteiros, an herb called wild black hellebore.
Besteiro, a sort of fluttering insect.
BESTERI'A, f. f. soldiers armed with cross-bows.
BESTIAENS. See **BASTIOENS**.
BESTIA'L, adj. beastly or belonging to beasts.
BESTIALIDA'DE, f. f. the sin committed with a beast.
BESTIALMENTE, adv. brutishly.
BESTIDA'DE, beafliness, senselessness.
BESTI'LHA, f. f. a steam, a farrier's instrument to let a horse blood.
BESTI'NHA, f. f. a little beast, diminut. from *besta*, a beast.
BESTU'NTO, f. m. (A vulgar term.) See **ENTENDIMENTO**.
BESUNTA'DO, a, adj. See

BEZ

BESUNTA'R, v. a. (a vulgar term) to anoint all over.

BET

BETA, f. f. See **VEYA**.

BETAS *do panno*, the stripes of sundry colours in a cloth; also the little stripes of sundry colours in birds.

BETA'DO, a, adj. See

BETA'R, v. a. to stripe with colours.

Betár, v. n. to be striped with colours. (Metaph.) To suit, to become, to agree.

BETARDA, f. f. a bustard. See **A-BETARDA**.

BETEL, **BETHEL**, **BETELHE**, or **BETERE**, is a tender plant, that runs up a stick, and the leaf is the delight of the Asiatics; for men and women, from the prince to the peasant, have no greater pleasure than to chew it all day in company; and no visit begins or ends without this herb.

The *betel* makes the lips so fine, red, and beautiful, that if the European ladies could, they would purchase it for the weight in gold. Gemelli, vol. iii. lib. 1. cap. 8.

BETHLEMI'TAS, f. m. p. Bethlehemites, certain friars who wore the figure of a star on their breasts, in memory of the star that appeared to the wise men, and conducted them to Bethlehem.

BETHLEMI'TO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the Bethlehemites.

BETHPHANI'A. See **MANIFESTA-CAM**.

BETILHO. See **BARBILHO**.

BETONICA, f. f. the herb betony.

BETUMA'DO, a, adj. See

BETUMA'R, v. a. to besmear, or bewray with betume. See

BETUME, f. m. bitumen, a kind of fat clay, or slime, like pitch.

BETUMINOSO, a, adj. full of bitumen, or unctuous clay, bituminous.

BEX

BEXI'GA, f. f. a bladder. Lat. *vesica*.

Bexiga do fel, a gall-bladder.

Bexiga de cão, the herb dog's-stones.

BEXI'GAS, f. f. p. the small-pox.

Sinaes das bexigas, pock-holes.

BEXIGO'SO, a, adj. that has pits or marks made by the small-pox.

BEY

BEY, f. m. bey, a governor of a maritime town or country in the Turkish empire.

BEZ

BEZA'NTE. See **BESANTE**.

BIC

BEZERRA, f. f. an heifer, or a young cow.

BEZERRI'NHA, f. f. a very young cow.

BEZERRO, f. m. a bullock, or steer.

Bezerra, ou vitulo marinho. See **VI-TULO**.

Pé de bezerra, or *jaro*, the herb cuckow-pintle, ramp, or wake-robin.

BEZOAR. See **PEDRA BAZAR**, under the word **BAZAR**.

BEZOARTICO. See **BESOARTICO**.

BIA

BIARIBY, f. m. so the wild people of the Brasils call roast-meat.

BIB

BIBEREQU'I. See **BERBEQUIM**.

BI'BLIA, f. f. the Bible, the Holy Scripture.

BIBLIOTHE'CA, f. f. a bibliotheca, a library, or place where books are kept; also the books kept in it.

BIBLIOTHECA'RIO, f. m. a library-keeper, a bibliothecary.

BIC

BICA, f. f. the end of a spout, whereat the water runs out.

Correr, em bica, to flow or stream out abundantly.

Bicas dos olhos, (metaph) the passage through which the tears drop.

BI'ÇA, a kind of coin in India.

BICA'L *Romaã*, a kind of four pomegranate.

BI'CHA, f. f. a serpent, a snake. See also **SANGUEXUGA**.

Bicha de agua, a water-serpent, or water-snake.

Bicha, a large flat boat. See **PAN-TAM**.

Erva bicha. See **ARISTOLOCHIA**.

Bicha, a sort of ear-ring, anciently used in Portugal.

BICHANO, f. m. (a jocose word) a cat; also a mean fellow.

BICHARI'A, all sorts of worms and hurtful animals, as snakes, toads, &c.

BICHARO'CO, f. m. (a term seldom used) any loathsome, nasty animal.

BICHEIRO, f. m. a long pole to shove forth a vessel into the deep; also one that notes the least thing.

BICHINHO, f. m. a little worm, a grub; diminut. From **BICHO**, which see.

BI'CHO, f. m. a worm, a grub, a vermin. See also **MOLA**.

Bicho que se cria nas favas, a small worm bred among beans, and eating them up.

Bicho que se cria na lingua do cão, a dog-worm.

Tirar o bicho da lingua do cão, to worm a dog.

Bicho que se cria na fruta, carne, e queijo, a maggot or mite.

BID

Bicho, a small insect in Brasil, as big as a flea, bred in the dust, which creeps in between the nails and the flesh of feet, &c. and if not taken out immediately, grows as big as a pea, and is then very troublesome to get out.

Bicho, or *Traça que ros es vestidas*, a moth, or moth-worm.

Bicho que se enrolou nas folhas da vide, a vermin that eateth vines, a vine-fretter, the devil's gold-ring.

Bicho que se cria na barriga, a belly-worm.

Bicho de conta. See **PORQUINHA de S. Antão**.

Bicho da terra, an earth-worm.

Bicho luzente. See **CAGA Luz**.

Bicho da madeira, a wood-worm.

Bicho da seda, a silk-worm.

Sorte de bicho pequeno quasi imperceptivel. See **OUÇAM**.

Bicho, que ros na consciencia, (metaph.) the remorse, stings, or, checks of conscience.

Buraco feito pelo bicho, a worm-hole.

Fullano hé grande bicho, such a one is a great worm; that is, he is a cunning and fly fellow.

Cbo de bichos, wormy.

Comida dos bichos, worm-eaten.

Planta que mata os bichos, worm-grass.

Pezes contra os bichos, worm-kill.

Tirar o bicho, to worm.

Bicho da cozinha. See **COZINHA**.

BICHO'CA, f. f. a boil, a blotch.

BICHOSO, a, adj. wormy.

BICI'PITE, adj. two headed, having two heads.

BI'CO, f. m. ex. *Bico de passaro*, the beak, bill, or nib of a bird.

Bico de peixe, the snout of a fish.

Bico dos peitos, the nipple, or teat, of the breast.

Bico da penna, the nip, nib, or neb of a pen.

Bico do pé, tip-toe.

Estar sobre o bico do pé, to stand a-tip-toe.

Desde o bico do pé até a cabeça, from top to toe.

Bico de huma galbeto, &c. the lip of a cruet, &c.

Bico do candieiro, the top of a spring, coming out of the main stock, in a lamp.

Candieiro de muitas bicos, a branched lamp, with many springs coming out of the main stock, supplying oil to all of them.

Bico de greu, the herb called stork-bill.

Parte inferior do bico do açor, a clap. (Speaking of a hawk.)

BICOR'NIA. (An ancient word.) See **BIGORNIA**.

BICU'DA, f. f. a sort of fish so called.

BICU'DO, a, adj. beaked, that hath a bill, beak, or snout.

BID

BI'DUO, f. m. the space of two days.

BIE

B I M

B I E

BIENNA'L, adj. of, or belonging to two years.
BIENNIO, f. m. the space of two years.

B I F

BIFRONTE, adj. having two foreheads, or faces.

B I G

BIGAMIA, f. f. bigamy, the being married to two at once.
BIGAMO, f. m. who is married to two at one time.
BIGODEIRA, f. f. a tie, to keep mustaches in.
BIGODES, f. m. p. mustaches or whiskers. From the oath *by God*; because the Germans and Goths, when they swore, took hold of their whiskers.
Bigodes à Chamberga, a sort of whiskers introduced in Portugal by general Schomberg.
Tir tens bigodes, to be very pretty. (Speaking of women.)
BIGORNA, f. f. a smith's anvil.
O tronco da bigorna, the stock of the anvil.
BIGORRI'LHA, f. m. a good-for-nothing fellow.
BIGOTAS, (in a ship) dead-eyes.

B I L

BIL'LA, f. f. the choler.
BILBA'O, f. m. Bilbao, vulgarly Bilboa, a corruption of *bello vado*, i. e. a fine ford lying near it.
 It is the capital of Biscay proper, a subdivision of the province of that name in Spain.
BIL'LHA, f. f. an earthen pot, for wine, milk, water, &c.
BILHA'FRE, f. m. a sort of bird of prey. (Metaph.) a tenacious, clofely, or covetous man.
BILHAM, f. m. ex. *Morda de bilbaõ*, small change, brads-money.
BILHAR, f. m. a sort of game like that of billiards, but there are no hazards on the edge of the table.
BILHARDA, f. f. (in a game called cat) a little stick to play with.
BILHETE, a note, billet, or small letter.
Bilhete das sortes, a lottery ticket.
BILHARIO, adj. biliary, belonging to the bile or gall.
BILIOSO, a, adj. bilious.
BIL'RO f. m. a bobbin.
BILROS feitos de ossas, bones, a sort of bobbins made of trotter-bones.

B I M

BIMEALHADA, f. f. a great noise caused by an extraordinary and continual ringing of bells.

B I S

B I N

BINO'GULO, f. m. *au* **BINOCLA**, f. f. binacle, a double telescope.
BINO'NIMO, a, adj. that hath two names.

B I O

BIO'CO, f. m. ex. *Andar de biecos*: it is said of women that walk with a cloak that covers the greater part of their faces, and one eye, so that they can see the other people without being seen. See also **DISFARCE**.
BIO'MBO, f. m. a screen, a device to keep off the wind; also hangings, tapestry fastened against the walls.
Biombo, (metaph.) any obstacle or hindrance.

B I P

BIPARTIDO, a, adj. bipartite, divided into two parts.
BI'PEDE, adj. two-footed.

B I Q

BIZUINHO, f. m. a little beak or snout; diminut. from *Bico*, a beak.

B I R

BIRBA'NTE, or **BARBANTE**. See **BRIBANTE**.
BIRIMBA'O, f. m. a Jews-harp. (Metaph.) a mean despicable fellow.
BIRLIA'NA, f. f. valerian, or great set-wall.
BIRLI'QUE, ex. *Fazer huma coisa por arte de birliquis birloque*, to do a thing by virtue of hocus-pocus.
BI'RRÁ, f. f. a sort of disease in horses. See also **RAYVA**.
BIRRE'NTO, a, adj. (An antiquated word.) See **RAYVOSO**.
BIRRO, f. m. a covering for the head. Greek.

B I S

BISA'GRA, or **VISAGRA**, f. f. an hinge.
BISA'LHO, f. m. a bundle of rough diamonds.
BISA'RMA, f. f. a kind of weapon, with pikes.
BISARRAMENTE. See **BIZARRAMENTE**.
BISARREADO. See **BIZARREADO**.
BISARRIA. } See { **BIZARRIA**.
BISARRO. } { **BIZARRO**.
BISAVO, f. m. a great-grandfather.
Bisavô do bisavô, a great-grandfather's great grandfather.
Bisavô, f. f. a great-grand-mother.
Bisavô da bisavô, a great-grand-mother's great grand-mother.
BISBILHOTÉIRA, f. f. a pitiful, or base woman.
BISBO'RIA, f. m. (a vulgar word) a ridiculous man.

B I T

BISCA'TO, f. m. the food that birds put, or thrust in the mouth of their young ones.
BISCAYA, f. f. Biscay, Biscaya, or Viscaya, in Lat. *Cantabria*; one of the provinces belonging to Spain.
BISCAT'NHO, a, adj. of, or belonging to Biscay.
BISCO'ITO. } See { **BISCOUTO**.
BISCO'NDE. } { **VISCO'NDE**.
BISCOUTEIRO, f. m. a biscuit-maker, or feller.
BISCOUTI'NHO, diminut. From *Biscuito*. See
BISCO'UTO, f. m. a biscuit.
Biscuito de mar, sea-biscuit.
Biscuito, or *Goleadice*, biscuits, junkets, dough, baked with sugar and eggs.
BISDO'NO, f. m. See **BISA'VO**.
BISLINGUA, f. f. the herb laurel of Alexandria, or tongue-laurel.
BISNA'GA, f. f. the herb tooth-pick, a sort of wild-fennel; it groweth commonly in Spain.
BISNETA, f. f. a great-grand-daughter.
BISNETO, f. m. a great-grand-child.
BISONHARIA, f. f. ignorance, want of knowledge, or experience.
BISO'NHO, a, adj. ex. *Soldado bisfonho*, a new-raised foldier; a name accidentally given on account of some Spanish troops that went into Italy, and not knowing the language, learned some odd words, and among the rest, *bisfegno*; that is, *want*, and therefore whatever they stood in need of, they went about saying, *bisfegno carne, pane, &c.* I want meat, bread, &c. and thence the people came to call them *bisenhor*.
Bisenho, any one beginning to learn any art or science.
BISO'URO. See **BESO'URO**.
BISPA'DO, f. m. a bishopric, or the episcopal dignity; also certain towns belonging to the bishop. See also **BISPAR**.
BISPA'L. See **EPISCOPAL**.
BISPA'R, v. n. to obtain a bishoprick; also to seek for, or make interest for a bishoprick.
BI'SPO, f. m. a bishop.
Bispo de anel, a titular bishop.
Bispo de aves, the rump of a bird.
BISPO'TE, f. m. a piss-pot, a chamber-pot.
BISSEXTO, the additional day to the leap-year, which Julius Cæsar ordered to be inserted at the twenty-third of April, which is the sixth before the calends of March; and having that year two sixth days before the calends, it was called bissextus, twice the sixth, whence the Portuguese took it. They also say *anno bissexto*, a leap-year.
BISJORTA, f. f. bistort, the herb snake-root.

B I T

BITA'COLA, f. f. the bittacle, a frame of

BOA

of timber in the steerage, where the compass is placed on board a ship.
BITA'FE. (A jocose word.) See **DE-FEITO**.
BITE'SGA, f. f. See **RECO sem sabida**.
BITOLA, f. f. (a vulgar word) ex. *Fazer huma coisa governando-se pela propria bitola,* to do a thing of one's own head.
BITUALHA. See **VITUALHA**.

BIZ

BIZALHO. See **BISALHO**.
BIZARRAMENTE, adv. fairly, finely, very well.
BIZARRE'ADO. See
BIZARREAR, v. n. to play the gallant, to be fine and gay; also to make a boast of something.
BIZARRI'A, f. f. is either personal bravery and gallantry, or rich apparel; the etymology some will have to be Arabic, some Basquish, some French.
Bizarria, comeliness, gracefulness, fine manner, garb.
BIZARRO, a, adj. either personally brave and gallant, or fine in apparel.
Homen bizarro, a comely, handsome, and civil man, a man of good address.
Azdar bizarro, to enjoy a perfect health.
BIZARRA açã, any illustrious deed.
BIZOURO. See **BESOURO**.

BLA

BLANDI'CIA, f. f. See **AFFAGO**.
BLA'O, (in heraldry) blue.
BLASFEM'A'DO, a. See **BLASFEMAR**.
BLASFEMAMENTE, adv. impiously, blasphemously.
BLASFEMAR, v. a. to blaspheme, or speak evil of.
BLASFEMIA, f. f. blasphemy.
BLASFEMO, f. m. a blasphemmer.
Blasfemo, a, adj. blasphemous.
BLAZAM, or **BRAZAM,** f. m. blazon, arms, coat of arms.
Arte do blazão, or **arte da armeria,** blazon, heraldry, armory.
Autor que trata de armeria, blazoner, herald.
BLAZONA'DO, or **BRAZONADO.** See
BLAZONAR, or **BRAZONAR,** v. a. to blazon a coat of arms.
Blazenar, v. n. to boast of.

BLO

BLOCA'DO. } See { **BLOQUEADO.**
BLOCA'R. } See { **BLOQUEAR.**
BLOQUEA'DO, a, adj. blocked up.
BLOQUEA'R, v. a. to block up.
BLOQUEO, f. m. the blocking up.

BOA

BOA. See **BOM**.

BOC

BOA'L, adj. a sort of grapes so called.
BOAMENTE, adv. willingly, joyfully, gladly.
A' boamente, simply, purely, sincerely.
BOA'TO, f. m. a bruit, rumour, common-fame, talk. Greek.
Boato de que se não sabe o autor, a slim-flam tale, a story.
BOA'Z, f. m. hautbois, hautboy, or hoboy, a musical wind instrument.

BOB

BO'BEDA. See **ABO'BADA**.
BO'BO, f. m. a mimic, a scurrilous huffoon, or jester, a drol. See also **TOLO**.

BOC

BO'CA, f. f. the mouth; also an opening, a hole, an entrance into any place, a passage.
Boca de estomago, do forno, &c. the mouth of the stomach, of an oven, &c.
Boca de huma chaga, the lips, or opening of a fore.
Boca da forno, or **muito larga,** a wide sparrow-mouth.
Boca da peça, the mouth of a cannon.
Boca do rio, the mouth of a river, or a place where a river empties or runs into the sea.
Tapar a boca á alguém, to stop one's mouth, to make him hold his tongue, to silence or put him to a non-plus; also to bribe, or corrupt with gifts.
Abertura da boca, quando se ri, a grinning, or scornful opening the mouth in laughing.
Abertura da boca dos cães quando arrastam os dentes, threatening, grinning, or gnaring as dogs.
Abrir a boca, to open the mouth, to speak.
Boca dos animais carniceiros, mouth, jaw, or chap.
Abrir-se a boca a alguém, to gape, to yawn.
Fazer a boca doce á alguém, to entertain one with fair hopes. (Metaph.)
Cala a boca, hold your tongue, hush, or mum for that.
Com a boca aberta, a gape, staringly with open mouth, as happens in vulgar admiration, or as young birds that gape for meat.
Estar com a boca aberta, to hearken attentively.
Elle faz ficar a elles todos com a boca aberta, he sets them all a-gape.
Torcer a boca, to make mouths.
Que tem a boca torcia, wry-mouthed.
Apanhar com a boca, como faz o cão, to mouth, to catch with the mouth, as a dog.
Doença na boca dos cavallos, que os não deixa comr, canrey.
Isto anda pella boca de todos, it is in every body's mouth, it is a town-talk.

BOC

Dizer alguma coisa de boca, to tell a thing by word of mouth, or orally.
Boca, a boca, face to face.
Elle diz o que lhe vem à boca, he speaks what comes next, or what lies uppermost.
Dizer alguma coisa á boca cheia, to speak openly, or freely.
Tirar da boca para poupar, to pinch one's belly.
Cavallo duro da boca, a hard-mouthed horse.
Cavallo que tem boa boca, a horse that will eat any thing.
Cavallo que tem boca, ou que obedece á redea, a horse of an easy reit upon the head.
Ter tudo a pedir por boca, to live in clover, or at rack and manger; to have all things to one's own heart's desire.
Guardar a boca, is for a sick person to be regular, and eat or drink nothing but what the physician orders.
Não tomar á algum na boca, not to mention a man.
Não tem boca para dizer não, not to know how to give a refusal.
Reservo esta fruta, para fazer a boca doce, I keep the fruits for the last.
Isto vos fara a boca doce, this will sweeten your breath.
Não quero pôr a boca nisto, I won't meddle with it.
Largo da boca, or *o que promete muito e não dá nada,* a man that promises a great deal, and performs nothing, a great cry and little wool.
A pedir de boca, or *per boca,* according to one's mind; desire, wish, or will.
Fallar pela boca pequena, to make as if one did not care for a thing, or would not speak one's mind about it, to mince it.
Famar per boca, to take or swallow down.
Tenho trinta bocas que sustentar, I have thirty mouths, people, beasts, to feed.
Boca da noite, night-fall, the dusk of the evening.
Boca do caranguejo, crabs claws.
Boca do aro, the fide that is marked in an iron circle to play with. See **ARO de jogar**.
Pella mesma boca, with one consent.
Sempre tendes a mesma coisa na boca, you always speak of the same thing.
P. da mão admite fiador, the belly has no ears.
P. da mão á boca se perde a fofa, much falls between the cup and the lip.
P. em boca cerrada não entra meia, a close mouth catches no lies.
P. quem tem boca vai a Roma, that is, a man may go any where if he has language to speak for himself, and ask the way.
P. pella boca morre o peixe: we say, little said is soon amended; or, much talking brings much woe.
BOCA'ÇAS, f. f. a wide ugly mouth.
BOCA-

B O D

BOCADINHO, f. m. a little bit, diminut. from *bocado*, a bit.

BOCADINHOS, dainties, fine eating, junkets, tid-bits, kickshaws, delicacies.

Amigo de bocadinhas, one that likes dainties, &c.

BOCADO, f. m. a mouth-full. See also **PEDAÇO**.

Levantar-se com o bocado na boca, to rise from table with one's mouthful; that is, not to allow one's self time to eat.

O bocado de Adão, Adam's bit, the protuberance of the throat.

Comello de buri bocado, to eat it at a mouthful.

Bocado, ou ferro do freyo que se mette na boca do cavallo, a bit, a horse-bit.

Querer comer algum a bocados, to be in such a passion, as if one would eat a man.

BOCAL, f. m. kerb-stone, the brim or brink of a well.

Bocal do frasco, the mouth of a flask.

Becál, adj. that is taken, or swallowed up.

BOCAXIM, f. m. boccafine, a kind of fustian.

BOCEYADO, a, adj. See

BOCEYAR, v. n. to gape, to yawn.

BOCEJO, f. m. gaping, yawning.

BOCEL, or **BOCELINO**, f. m. the thick and round circle of a pillar under the neck of it.

BOCETA, f. f. a box.

Ter algum numa boceta, to take special care of one.

BOCETE, f. m. a piece belonging to a coat of mail, or cuirass.

BOCETINHA, f. f. a little box, diminut. from *boceta*.

BOCHECHA, f. f. the hollow part of the cheek which stands out by blowing.

Huma bochecha de agoa, as much water as can be held by the cheek when it stands out by blowing.

Com huma bochecha de agoa, (metaph.) with little or no trouble, very easily.

BOCHECHAM, f. m. a stroke with the fist in the cheeks.

BOCHECHUDO, a, adj. blub-checked.

BOCIO, f. m. a swelling in the throat.

B O Ç

BOÇAL, adj. ex. *Negro boçal*, a negro, or a black-moor, that only speaks his own language; also ignorant, rude.

BOÇARDAS. See **BUÇARDAS**.

B O D

BO'DA, or **FODA**, f. f. a wedding.

BO'DE, f. m. a buck goat.

Bede capado, a gelded he-goat.

BODEGA, f. f. a place where

the manner sort of people go to eat, like our mean ordinaries, to which no people of any fashion resort; also a tavern.

BODEGUEIRO, f. m. a man that keeps a bodega.

BODIAM, f. m. a sea-fish like a tench.

BODO, or **VO'DO**, f. m. a feast and banquet, used on some particular holy-days, as it is now practised in Portugal at Whitsuntide.

BODOQUE, f. m. a pellet of clay, a clay-bullet.

BODRIE. See **BOLDRIE**.

BODROMIAS, f. f. p. Boedromia, an Athenian festival, instituted in memory of Ion, the son of Xuthus.

BODU'M, f. m. the rank smell of the buck-goat.

B O E

BOEIRO. See **CANO**.

BOETA, f. f. (a word that is scarce used) a box.

B O F

BO'FA, (in cant) a ree.

Diz bofas, ten rees.

BOFARINHEIRO, f. m. a pedlar, a hawker.

P. cada bofarinheiro louva seus alfinetes, we say, every man thinks his own geese swans.

BO'FE, f. m. the lungs, or lights. Arabic.

Homem de maos bofes, a mischievous, ill-disposed, envious, hard-hearted man.

Lançar os bofes pella boca, to vomit one's heart up.

Maos bofes, (metaph.) ill-will.

Homem de bofes lavados, an open, free, ingenuous, plain, and down-right man.

Espalhar o bofe, to be light-hearted.

Bofé, (a sort of oath) faith; they write it also *bó fé*.

BOFELHAS, the same.

BOFETA', f. m. a sort of fine Indian cotton cloth.

BOFETA'DA, f. f. a blow, or slap on the cheek with the open hand.

Dar bofetadas. See **BOFETEAR**.

BOFETE, f. m. a table, a counter.

BOFETEADO, a, adj. See

BOFETEAR, v. a. to give a blow or slap on the cheek, with the open hand.

BOFILINHEIRO. See **BOFARINHEIRO**.

B O G

BO'GA, or **VOGA**, f. f. rowing with oars.

Biga, or voga arrantada. See **ARRANCADO**.

Bega, f. f. a sort of fish.

B O J, and B O I

BOJA'DO, adj. See

B O L

BOJAR, v. n. to jut, or stand out, to stretch out, to bulge.

BOJA'RDA *pira*, a sort of pear.

BOJA'RES, f. m. p. (in Muscovy) boiars, certain great lords of the czar's court.

BOICININGA. See **CASCABEL**.

BOIGUACU. See **COBRA**.

BO'JO, f. m. any swelling, a projection, or prominence, a belly as of a bottle, lute, &c.

Ter bojo para soffrer alguma coisa, (metaph.) to bear a thing patiently.

Ter grande bojo, (metaph.) to be able and fit to dissemble, feign, conceal, or disguise.

Tirar do bojo a algum huma coisa, (metaph.) to pump one, or to pump a thing out of one.

BOIOBI. See **COBRA**.

BOITIAPO. See **COBRA**.

BOJU'DO, a, adj. round and prominent, that has a belly. See **BOJO**.

B O L

BO'LA, f. f. any round bowl, but generally for such bowls as are used at nine-pins, on bowling-greens, or the like.

Bola, (in cant) the head.

Jogo da bola, the play called nine-pins; also the skittle-ground.

Jogar à bola, to play at nine-pins.

Jogar huma bola, to bowl.

BOLA'CHA, f. f. a sort of cake.

BOLA'DA, f. f. a stroke of a bowl; also the tipping at nine-pins.

BOLA'DO, a, adj. See

BOLA'R, v. a. to tip pins.

Trouxe tres e bolsi cinco, I carried three pins, and tip five.

BOLANDAS, ex. *Leva aquillo em bolandas*, carry that quickly.

Hir em bolandas, to be hurled.

BOLATIM. See **BOLETIM**, and **BORLANTIM**.

BOLCA. See **BOLSA**.

BOLDRIE, f. m. a belt, waist-belt, sword-belt.

BOLEA, f. f. ex. *Cavalle da bolea*, the near-horse.

BOLEADO, a, adj. See

BOLEAR, v. a. to make round, to round.

Bolcar a peça, to move a gun towards starboard, or larboard.

BOLEO, f. m. a slight, or stroke given to a ball before it comes to the ground, or the slight of the ball.

Dar hum bolio, to get a fall.

Levar huma coisa de bolio, to do a thing in a hurry, or rashly.

BOLETA, f. f. or **BOLETO**, f. m. a soldier's billet, a ticket directing soldiers where to lodge; also an acorn, the fruit of the holm, or scarlet oak.

Dar a boleto a hum soldado, to billet, or direct the soldier by a ticket or note where he is to lodge.

BOLETIM, f. m. (a military word) a written message.

BO-

BOL

BOL

BON

BOLETO. } See **COGUMELLO.**
BOLHA, } **EMPOLA.**
BOLHEIHO, f. m. the dirt that comes from the friction, or rubbing of the hands.
BOLICO. } See **BULCO.**
BOLICO'SO. } **BULICO'SO.**
BOLINA, f. f. (a sea term) the bowline, a rope fastened to the middle part of the outside of the sail, to make it stand sharper, or closer by the wind.
Alar a bolina, to sharp the main bowline, to hale up the bowline.
Hir pela bolina. See **BOLINAR.**
Nô da bolina, the bowline knot, a sort of knot which will not slip, by which the bowline-bridle is made fast to the cringles.
BOLINA'DO, adj. See
BOLINA'R, v. n. to fail upon a bowline.
BOLINETE, f. m. a capstan, or capstern of a ship.
BOLINHA. See **BOLINHOLA.**
BOLINHO, f. m. a little cake.
BOLINHO'LA, f. f. a little bowl, or ball; diminut. from *bola*.
BOLINHO'LO, f. m. a sort of pancake.
BOLO, f. m. a cake.
Bolo Armenio, Armenian bole, a fatty medicinal kind of earth of a pale reddish colour.
Bôle, (in some games) a stake at play.
Levar a bôle, to sweep stakes.
BOLONIO, f. m. an ignorant fellow, a simpleton. (In cant.)
BOLO'R, f. m. mouldiness, mould, a kind of concretion now discovered by microscopes to be perfect plants.
Criar bolôr, to mould, to gather mould.
P. pedra muito bulida não cria bolor, a rolling stone gathers no moss.
BOLORE'NTÔ, a, adj. mouldy.
Fazer-se bolorento, to mould, to gather mould. (Metaph.) old, ancient.
BOLOTA. See **BOLETA;** also a piece of needle-work like a *bolota*.
BOLSA, f. f. a purse, a pouch, a bag; also an exchange for merchants to meet, or a company, ex. *Abalsa da India oriental,* the East-India company.
Fazer bolsa, to pucker, to gather up, as garments ill made do.
Meitar na bolsa, to purse up.
Fazer a alguém bolsa, to choose one for purser.
Bolsa de pastor, the herb called shepherds purse, or pouch.
O que faz bolsas, a purse-maker.
Ladyão de bolsas, a pick-pocket, a cut-purse.
Cardens da bolsa, purse-strings, or knittles.
Cabelleira de bolsa, a bag-wig.
Bolsa, the money that is collected for the prisoners.
Bolsa dos testiculos, the scrotum. (In anatomy.)
P. quem tem quatro e gasta cinco, não há mister bolsa nem bolsinho, he that

hath four and spends five hath no need of a purse.
Bolsa ou vida, (the words used by highwaymen) they say in England, *De-liver.*
BOLSA'DO, adj. See
BOLSA'R, v. n. (speaking of children) to vomit, to bring up the milk.
BOLSI'NHA, f. f. a little purse, diminut. from *bolsa*.
BOLSI'NHO, f. m. a little coat pocket, diminut. from *bolsa*.
Bolsinho que se ceeze no cinto dos calções, a fob.
Bolsinho del-rey para gastos secretos, the king's privy-purse.
Bolsinho do grão, the husk, or cod of wheat.
BOLSO, f. m. a coat pocket; also the scrotum.

B O M

BOM, BO'A, adj. good in all its senses.
Bom vinho, boa agoa, good wine, good water.
Bom homem, or *bom-m de bem,* a good man. The last expression is better.
Bom homem, or simples, a simple, or innocent man.
Hum boa legoa, a good long league.
Hum bom, or *grande copo de vinho,* a good, or large glass of wine.
Fullano he buma boa fazenda, (ironically) such a one is a notable blade.
Bom dia, good-morrow.
Boas noites, good-night.
Elle bô buma boa cabeça, he has a good head-piece.
Bom dito, a jest, a quibble.
Bom tempo, fine weather; also playtime, the proper time or season to take one's pleasure.
Bom genio, good-nature.
Homem de bom genio, a good-natured man.
Bom proveito vos faça, much good may it do you.
Boa vontade, good-will.
De boa vontade, willingly.
Bom successo, or *boa fortuna,* good-luck.
Deos vos de bom successo, God speed you.
Homem de bom juizo, a good understanding man.
Homem de boas prendas, a man of good parts.
Bons ares, wholesome air.
Bom para a saúde, wholesome, or good for one's health.
Andar, or estar bom, to be in health.
Homem bom de contentar, an easy man to deal withal.
Ter bom animo, or estar de bom animo, to take courage, to cheer up, to hope well.
Fazer boa cara a alguém, to receive one kindly.
Boas palavras, fair words.
P. acompanha com os bons e eras bom delles, keep good company, and you shall be of the number.

N

Bom, adv. well, that is well. It is used both in the proper and ironical sense.
Fazel-la boa, to play the fool, to play a foolish trick. (Ironically.)
Esta he boa, this is a fine thing indeed. (Ironically.)
Dizêlas boas, to speak like a fool.
Dizêlas boas á a'guem, to chide, to rebuke one. (Ironically.)
Escapar de boa, (ironically) to have a narrow escape, to be out of the scrape.
Vir ás boas, to speak peacefully, to be reconciled with one's enemies.
Estar metido em boa, to be in danger, to be in a scrape. (In the figurative sense.)
Pregála boa a algum, to play one a slippery trick, to play or serve one a trick.
BOMBA, f. f. a bomb; also a pump.
Dar á bomba, to pump.
Braco da bomba, or *emlaete,* pump-break, or the pump-handle.
Alavanca da bomba, the plug or sucker of a pump.
Manga de couro por onde sahe a agoa da bomba, pump-dale, or pump-valet.
Dala da bomba, a gutter or pipe to convey the water from the pump into the sea.
Agoa da bomba, pump-water.
Bolde ou vazo para deitar agoa na bomba, pump-can.
Escuma que sahe da bomba depois de ter tirado a agoa, the pump suckers.
Bomba, a little window in a straw-house.
Bomba da camara, a bucket used for carrying water to quench fires in houses.
Bomba para apagar os incendios, an engine to put out fire.
BOMBA'CHAS, f. m. p. a sort of wide silk breeches.
BOMBA'RD, f. f. a sort of great gun, a mortar.
Pólvora de bombarda, the powder used to charge mortars.
BOMBARDA'DA, f. f. the blow of a bomb.
BOMBARDEA'DO, a, adj. See
BOMBARDEA'R, v. a. to bombard.
BOMBARDEIRA, f. f. See **CAN-HONEIRA.**
BOMBARDEIRO, f. m. a bombardier.
BOMBAZI'NA, f. f. thickset, a sort of stuff.
BOMBEA'R, v. a. to bombard, to throw bombs into a besieged place.
BOMBI'Z, f. m. a silk-worm.
BOMBORDO, f. m. larboard, the left side of a ship.

B O N

BONA'CHO, BONACHAM, or **BONACHEIRAM,** (in familiar discourse) a very good-natured man.
BO.

B O R

BONA'NÇA, f. f. calm, fair weather at sea; also prosperity, quietness.
Tempo bonança, vento bonança, mar bonança, weather, wind, or sea good to sail.
BONANÇO SO. See **QUIETO**.
BONDADE, f. f. goodness; also wholesomeness.
Vir a bondade d', &c. to be so good as to, &c.
Bondade da buma terra, the fruitfulness of a country.
BONECA, f. f. a babby, a doll.
BONECO, f. m. *boneira*, f. f. See **BONECA**.
BONETE, f. m. a cap, a bonnet.
BONICOS, f. m. p. the dung of a horse or ass.
BONIFRATE, f. m. a puppet.
O que faz bolir os bonifrates, a puppet-player, a mountebank.
BONINA, f. f. a little and delicate flower.
Beijum de boninas. See **BEIJUIM**.
BONITO, a, adj. pretty, fine, charming.
Benito, adv. prettily, finely, neatly, well.
Benito, f. m. bonito, a sort of tunny-fish.

B O O

BOOTES, f. m. the evening star.

B O Q

BOQUEJA'DO. See
BOQUEJA'R, v. n. to open the mouth, to gape; also to mutter, to speak softly as with an imperfect voice.
BOQUEIRA'M, f. m. a gulph, whirlpool, pit, abyss, or swallow; also a large bay.
BOQUIABERTO, a, adj. gaping.
BOQUICHEO, ex. *Fallar boquicheo*, to pronounce the words distinctly.
BOQUIM, f. m. the mouth-piece of a wind-instrument.
BOQUIMOLLE, adj. tender mouthed. (Speaking of horses.)
BOQUINHA, f. f. a little mouth, diminut. from *boca*.
BOQUISECO, a, adj. ex. *Ficar boquiseco*, to be at a stand, not to know what to say.
BOQUITORTO, a, adj. wry-mouthed.

B O R

BORAX. See **TINCAL**.
BORBOLETA, f. f. a butter-fly; also a sort of insect that eats the barley.
BORBORINHA, f. f. a shouting of men.
BORBOTOENS, f. m. p. the violent gushing of water out of a pipe or other hole; also the bubbling up of boiling water, or of a spring that gushes out of the ground.

B O R

Borbatoens, the continual flashings of fire.
BORBU LILA, f. f. a pimple; also a bud just putting forth, or the knob out of which the bud riseth. See also **BRULHA**.
BORBULHA'DO. See
BORBULHA'R, v. n. to gush violently as the water does out of a pipe, or to boil very fast, to bubble up.
BORBULHOENS. See **BORBO TOENS**.
BORCA'DO. See **BROCADO**.
BORDA, f. f. edge, side, shore, brink, or brim.
Borda do rio, the bank of a river.
Borda do mar, the sea-shore, the sea-side.
BORDA'DO, f. m. embroidery.
Bordado, a, adj. embroidered.
BORDA'DOR, f. m. **BORDADORA**, f. f. an embroiderer.
BORDADURA, f. f. edge, border.
Bordadura, (in heraldry) a bordure.
BORDALENGO, the name given to the author of a piece called *Certus de Parnaso*.
BORDALO, f. m. a fish much like a sturgeon, a sheat-fish, or shad-fish.
BORDAM, f. m. a stick, a staff to walk with, a walking-staff; also a pilgrim's staff; also the great or base string of an instrument.
Bordas ferrado, a pike-staff.
Bordão, (metaph.) help, assistance, prop, support.
Bordão, the ridiculous and frequent repetition of the same action, or words.
Falso bordão, a kind of grave music.
BORDAMSI'NHO, f. m. a little stick, diminut. from *bordam*.
BORDA'R, v. a. to embroider.
BORDAS, the lips of a woman's privy-parts.
BORDEJA'DO. See
BORDEJA'R, v. n. to tack forwards and backwards at sea.
BORDO, f. m. ex. *Hir a bordo*, to go aboard a ship.
Bordo, tack, the course of a ship from one tacking to another; also a broadside.
Dar, ou fazer hum bordo, to tack the ship, to tack about, or to bring her head about.
Navio de alto bordo, a ship of a large size or rate, a ship that has high sides.
Navio de baxo bordo, a low-built ship, a ship that has low sides.
Berce, (metaph.) humour, temper, disposition.
Bôrdo, a kind of Northern-oak.
BOREAL, adj. northern, northerly.
Aurora boreal. See **AURORA**.
BORE'AS, f. m. the wind called north-east.
BORELHO, f. m. a kind of bird so called.
BORGAMESTRE, or **BORGOMESTRE**. See **BURGAMESTRE**.

B O R

BORJA'CA, f. f. a brazier's bag to put the tools in.
BORJAÇOTES, ex. *Figos borjaçotes*, hard-rinded figs.
BORIL, or **BURIL**, f. m. burin, a graving tool.
Abrir ao buril. See **GRAVAR**.
BURILA'DA, f. f. the stroke given with the burin to examine the quality of the silver, or any metal.
BORLA, f. f. a tuft, or a tassel of silk, or other matter. Doctors wear a *borla*; that is, a silk tassel on their caps to denote their degree.
O que faz borlas, a tassel-maker.
BORLANTI'M, f. m. a dancer on the ropes, a tumbler. See **DANCANTE**.
BORNA'L, f. m. a sort of sack, wherein horses sometimes eat barley, oats, &c.
BORNEADO. See
BORNEA'R, v. a. ex. *Bornear buma peça*, to level a cannon.
BORNE'L. See **BORNAL**.
BORNE'O, f. m. the end of the lance which is used in tilting; also Borneo, one of the Indian or Sunda islands, in Asia.
BORNI', f. m. a kind of hawk from Guinea.
BORNI'DO.
BORNIDOR.
BORNI'R.
BOROA.
BORQUE'L.
BORRA, f. f. dregs, grounds, or settlement of any liquor.
Frades borras, the friars of the third order of St. Francis.
Borra da seda, a kind of coarse silk. See also **BARBILHO**.
BORRA'CHA, f. f. a sort of leather bottle, or vessel for wine.
BORRACHA'M, f. m. a great drunkard.
Borrachão da campanha. See **FORRIEL**.
BORRACHEIRA. See **BEBEDICE**.
Cantar a borracheira, to sleep the fumes of wine away, or to sleep one's self sober.
BORRACHEIRO, f. m. he who makes borrachas. See **BORRA'CHA**.
BORRACHICE. See **BEBEDICE**.
BORRA'CHO. See **BEBEDO**.
BORRA'DO, a, adj. blotted out; also beshit, bewrayed.
BORRADOR, or **BORRAM**, f. m. a minute, or first draught of any writing.
Borrador, a day-book, or note-book, where things are only set down for the present, to be written out fair.
Borrador, he that makes the first sketch.
BORRADURA, f. f. a blot, stroke, or dash through any writing.
BORRA'GEM, f. f. the herb borrag.
BORRA'INAS, the high parts of a saddle

B O S

saddle before and behind, that are stuffed with cow's hair, or any other thing.
BORRALHEIRO, ex. *Gato berrallheiro*, a cat that for the most part lies in embers.
BORRALHO, f. m. embers, hot embers. See also *CALMA*.
Bole de berralho, or *seberralho*, a sort of cake baked under the embers. The cake we call bannock is baked upon the embers.
BORRA'M, f. m. a minute, or first draught of any writing; also a blot. See *DEBUXO*.
Papel lerran, or *metaberram*, thin brown paper.
BORRAR, to blot, to blur; also to blot. Arabic.
O que borra os calções, a shit-breech.
BORRASCÁ, a tempest, a storm, (metaph.) a broil, a fray.
BORRASEIRO, f. m. a falling of dew, or small rain; also a tree so called.
BORRE'CO, f. m. a leading ram.
BORRE'GO, f. m. a lamb. (Metaph.) good-natured, quiet.
BORRE'LHO, f. m. a coot, or moorhen.
BORRE'NA. See *BORRAINAS*.
BORRIFA'DO, a, adj. sprinkled, &c. See
BORRIFA'R, v. a. to sprinkle, to besprinkle, particularly with the mouth.
BORRI'FO, f. m. the action of speaking; also the water that is sprinkled.
BORTOE'JA. See *BERTOEA*.
BORZEGUEIRO, f. m. a buskin-maker.
BORZEGUI'M, f. m. a buskin.

B O S

BO'SFORO. See *BOSPHORO*.
BOS'INA, **BOZINA**, or **BUZINA**, f. f. a cornet, a horn, a trumpet to blow with; also the constellation called the lesser bear.
Bosina de caçador, a bugle horn, or a hunter's horn.
Bosina de pastor, a neat-herd's, or swine-herd's, horn.
Bosina, a sort of large trumpet used at sea, and called speaking-trumpet.
BO'SPHORO, f. m. bosphorus, a strait or narrow neck of the sea that separates two continents. Greek.
BO'SQUE, f. m. a wood, a forest; also a flock or plenty of matter, brought together. (Metaph.)
Bosque pequeno, a grove or ticket.
Piedade de cham sem avaras dentro de hum bosque, a glade in a wood.
O que mora, frequenta, ou tem cuidado do bosque, a woodman, a forester, one that dwells in woods.
Cbo de bosques, woody, full of woods.
Cousa pertencente aos bosques, rural; savage, pertaining to woods.
Esconder nos bosques, to inwood, to hide in woods.

B O T

BOSQUEJA'DO, a, adj. See
BOSQUEJA'R, v. a. to begin or make the draught of a thing, to sketch, to rough-hew, both in the proper and figurative sense.
BOSQUE'JO, f. m. the first draught, or rough beginning of any work. See also *RETRATO*, and *IDEA*.
BOSQUETE, f. m. a grove or thicket.
BO'STA, f. f. dung.
Bosta seca de vaca para queimar, casings, cow blakes.
Bosta de vaca, cow-dung.
BOSTE'LA, f. f. a puth, blister, little wheal, a pimple.

B O T

BO'TA, f. f. a boot.
Corrias das botas, boot-straps.
Botas para andar a cavallo, whole chafe-boots, or large riding boots.
Botas com joelheira, boots with tops.
Botas grandes, jack-boots.
Pão, or taboa aberta de humo parte que serve para tirar as botas, a jack to pull off boots.
BO'TA'DO, a, adj. blunted, that is not sharp.
Botado, thick, muddy turned, troubled (Speaking of liquors.) See also *LANÇADO*, and the v. *BO'TAR*.
BO'TAFO'GO, f. m. a long stick with a match rope fixed to the end, to fire off cannon. (Metaph.) a stirrer-up.
BO'TALO'S, (in a ship) studding-sail booms.
BO'TANICO, f. m. a botanist, an herbalist, one that is skilful in herbs.
BO'TA'M, f. m. a button for a garment.
Casa do botão, a button-hole.
Botão de qualquer planta, a button, a bud of plants, foot-buck.
Botões de ouro, ou prata, plate buttons.
Botões de sedas, ou crinas, hair-buttons.
Botão com pé ou axa, a long button.
Botão de pé de salva, stud.
Botões de prata ocos por dentro, hollow plate buttons.
Botão, or Bostela, a pimple.
Botão de fogo. See *CAUTERIO*.
BO'TA'R, v. a. to cast, to throw, to pour out.
Botar a perder, to spoil, to vitiate.
Botar o navio ao mar, to launch a ship.
Botar a fugir, to run away.
Botar, (speaking of mountains, islands, &c.) to jut or stand out, to stretch out, to hang over.
Botar, or desbotar os dentes, to set the teeth on edge.
Botar, or perder a cor, to be discoloured, to have its colour changed.
BOTARE'O, f. m. an arch, buttress, or prop to hold up a wall that is likely to fall down.
BOTASE'LLA, f. f. ex. *Focar a botase'la*, to sound to horse. (In military affairs.)

B O Y

BO'TE, f. m. the long-boat of a ship.
Bole de lança, a thrust of a lance.
BO'TICA, f. f. an apothecary's shop.
BOTICA'M, f. m. a pincer, to draw out teeth withal.
BOTICARIO, f. m. an apothecary.
BO'TI'JA, f. f. an earthen vessel with a great belly.
Botija de fundo largo, a cistrel.
BOTILHAM. See *ALGA*.
BOTINA, f. f. buskin-boots.
BOTIQUEIRO. See *BOTICARIO*, and *TENDEIRO*. This word is only used in Goa, and some other places in India.
BO'TO, a, adj. (speaking of the teeth) set on edge. See also *BOTADO*.
Homem boto, or *de engenho boto*, a blockish man, and slow of apprehension.
Boto, or BO'UTO, a sort of fish.
BO'TOE'IRA, f. f. **BOTOEIRO**, f. m. a button-maker.
BO'TOQUE, f. m. a pierced stone, worn by the Indians.
BO'TTA de vinho, a sort of vessel that contains three quarters of a pipe, and sometimes more.

B O U

BO'UBAS, f. f. p. buboes.
BOUBENTO. See *GALLICADO*.
BOUCEIRA, f. f. tow, the hard or coarse part of hemp and flax.
BOVEDA. See *ABOBEDA*.
BOURGEMESTRE. See *BURGAMESTRE*.
BO'UTO, or **BOTO**, a sort of fish.

B O Y

BO'Y, f. m. an ox.
Curral de boys, an ox-stall.
Boy silvestre, a wild ox.
Berrar como boy, to low, to bellow like an ox.
Boy marinho, peixe boy, or bezerro marinho, a sea calf, a kind of fish which breedeth on land.
Boy de deus, the little creature we call a lady-bird.
P. onde irá o boy, que não lavre, pois que sabe? where shall the ox go but he must labour?
Cha boy, bohea, a species of tea of a higher colour than green tea.
Boy, a sort of snare for partridges.
Bôy, or **BO'I**, (among the Indians) the servant that carries the umbrella.
BO'IA, f. f. a buoy, a log of wood, barrel, or the like, tied to an anchor when it is cast in the sea, so as to float over it, and show where the anchor lies; also the small pieces of cork, wood, &c. tied to a fishing net; or a float to a fishing line.
Razão que leva a boya ao fundo, a very strong reason.
Pôr boyas na rede, to cork a net.
BO'IA'DA, f. f. a herd of oxen.

BO'I.

B R A

BOYANTE, adj. ex. *Navio boyante*, a ship that is light laden; also happy.
BOYAM, a kind of earthen vessel with two handles; also a canister or vessel in which snuff, &c. is laid up.
BOYEIRA, **BOEIRA**, or **BOEIRA**. See **BOOTES**.
BOYEIRO, f. m. a herdsman, he that ploughs with oxen, or tends on them.
Boyéiro, or Estrella BOYEIRA. See **BOOTES**.
BOYS, the plural of *Boy*, oxen, beesves.
BOYU'NO. See **ESPARAVAM**.

B O Z

BOZINA. See **BOSINA**.

B R A

BRABANTE, f. m. the duchy of Brabant, in Lat. *Brabantia*; a province of the Austrian Netherlands; also pack thread.
BRABURA, f. f. See **BRAVURA**.
BRACA, f. f. a fathom.
BRACA'DA, f. f. an arm full; also a fathom.
BRACADEIRA *da rede*, the handle or string wherewith the target is tied to the arm.
BRACADEIRAS *do coche*, the main braces of a coach.
BRACAL, f. m. a bracelet, a wrist-band or bracer, armour for the arms.
Braçal, adj. ex. *Serra braçal*, a large saw, for two people to saw with.
BRACARENSE, adj. of, or belonging to Braga. See **BRAGA**.
BRACCHIA, (in orthography) a mark in this manner, *u*, to show that a vowel is short.
BRACEADO, a, adj. See **BRACEAR**.
BRACEAGEM, f. m. coinage, the fee which the masters of the mint have out of every sort of money coined.
BRACEAR, v. a. (in navigation) to brace.
BRACEJAR, v. n. to move, to exercise the arms, to resist to.
Bracejar, (among farriers) ex. *Bracejar com a mão de hum cavallo*, to move the fore leg of a horse.
BRACEIRO, f. m. a lady's usher; also one that has a strong arm at casting a dart.
BRACELETE, f. m. a bracelet, a locket, a woman's ornament for the arm.
BRACHIOLOGIA, f. f. brachyology, shortness of speech; a concise expression. Greek
BRACINHO, f. m. a little arm.
BRACO, f. m. the arm, the limb which reaches from the hand to the shoulder; also strength, power. (Metaph.)
Braco de terra, a neck of land.
Braco de mar, ou de rio, an arm of the sea, or of a river.
Receber algum com os braços abertos, to

B R A

receive one with open arms, with joy.
A força de braços, by strength of arms, with main strength.
Vir a braços com algum, to wrestle, to strive.
Braco ecclesiastico, the clergy, the ecclesiastic government, or power.
Braco secular, the laity or temporal power.
Entregar, or relaxar ao braco secular, to deliver a man over to the laity; because when the clergy have found a man guilty of any offence against religion which deserves death, they deliver him over to the laity to receive his sentence.
Pedir socorro do braco secular, to appeal to the judges and laity for redress.
Braco, the neck of a lute, or such instrument wherein the pins are put.
A braços, adv. at random, disorderly, or without regarding; also fighting, striving, struggling.
Pelizar braco a braco, to fight, to come to handy-blows with one.
Braco, the arm or bough of a tree; also the tendrils of a vine.
Fazer cabir os braços, (metaph.) to dishearten, discourage or dispirit, to forbid, deter, to disgust, or to tire.
Cabirem os braços a algum, to despond, to be discouraged, or disheartened. (Metaph.)
Braco direito, the right arm.
Braco esquerdo, the left arm.
Elle hé o meu braco direito, he is my right arm, or he is the person I must rely on. (Metaph.)
Sabaco do braco, the arm-pit, or arm-hole.
Cadeira de braços, an arm-chair, or elbow-chair.
Braco da cruz, the arm of a cross.
Braços de hum edificio, walls erected in the sides of an edifice.
Braços, (in a ship) braces, a sort of ropes; also the ribs, or side timbers of a ship.
Braco de S. Jorge, the straights of Gallipoli, or Dardanelles.
BRACO, f. m. a setting-dog.
BRACUDO, a, adj. brawny, sinewy, strong.
BRADADO, adj. See
BRADAR, v. n. to cry out, to bawl. (Metaph.) to roar as the sea.
BRADO, f. m. cry, loud voice, clamour; also shout, shouting, acclamation, praise, commendation.
BRAGA, f. f. Braga, an archiepiscopal city, and capital of the province of Entre Douro e Minho, in Portugal. It has its name from a certain kind of dress which was in use amongst its ancient inhabitants. The Romans styled it *Augusta Bracara*.
Brága, an iron ring fixed on the slaves' legs.
BRAGADAS. See **BARGADA**.
BRAGAL, f. m. a sort of coarse cloth so called.

B R A

BRAGANÇA, f. f. Braganza, a city in the province of Trás dos Montes, in Portugal. It is situated in a spacious plain upon the little river *Pervença*. It gives the title of duke, the eighth of which, John II. became king of Portugal, under the name of John IV.
BRAGAS, f. f. p. a sort of breeches, or trowles, used by friars and working people.
BRAGUEIRO, f. m. a truss for one that is broken-bellied; also a sort of girdle.
Braguêro, (in a ship) the rudder's rope.
BRAGUILHA, f. f. the cod-piece.
BRAMA'DO, adj. See **BRAMAR**.
BRAMANES, **BRAGMANES**, **BRACHMANES**, or **BRAMENES**, f. m. p. bramans, or bramines, Indian priests, who derive their mission from Confucius.
BRAMAR, v. n. to roar like a lion, or other wild beast; also to bellow, to roar and make a great noise as waters; to bluster as the wind.
BRAMIDO, adj. See **BRAMIR**.
Bramido, f. m. a roaring as of lions, or of the sea; also a blustering.
BRAMIDO'R, f. m. a roarer.
BRAMIR, v. n. to roar like a lion.
BRAMMANES. See **BRAMANES**.
BRANCA urfina, the herb bears-foot, or brank-urfin.
BRANCACENTO, a, adj. whitish, inclining to white.
BRANCAS, f. f. p. grey hairs.
BRANCO, a, adj. white.
O branco, f. m. the white colour, or whiteness.
O branco dos albos. See **ALVA**.
Que tem cabelos brancos, hoary, grey, grey haired.
Muito branco, perfectly white.
Fazer-se branco de medo, to wax pale and wan.
Fazer-se branco de velhice, to wax hoary, or white-headed.
Não sei se fallas he branco ou negro, I know not whether such a one is black or white; that is, I know nothing of him.
Branco da arvore. See **ALVURA**.
O branco da pantaria. See **ALVO**.
Não saber distinguir o branco do preto, to be a simpleton, a blockhead.
Filho da galinha branca, the son of a white hen; that is, a fortunate man who succeeds in all things.
De ponto em branco, adv. point-blank, entirely.
Armado de ponto em branco. See **ARMADO**.
Deixar em branco, to leave a blank in a writing; also to baulk, to disappoint, to leave in the lurch.
Ficar em branco, to be left in the lurch, to be disappointed.
Hum assinado em branco, a blank signed.
Homem branco, a man of a good family.

B R A

Roupa branca, linen, or linen cloths.
Linha branca ou occulta. See *OCCULTO*.
Que he alguma coisa branco, whitish, somewhat white, inclining to white.
Fazer branco, to whiten, to make white, to wash white.
Vestido de branco, dressed in white.
Manjar branco. See *MANJAR*.
BRANCU'RA. See *ALVURA*.
BRANDA'ES, f. f. p. (in a ship) back-stays.
BRANDAMENTE, adv. softly, gently; also by flattery, or fair words.
BRANDA'M, f. m. a sort of torch, or large wax candle; also a great candlestick, to set such a light on.
BRANDE'O, f. m. brandeum, a little piece of cloth, wherewith the bodies of saints and martyrs had being touched, put in a box, and sent as a relic; also a piece of corporal or communion-cloth.
BRANDI'DO, a, adj. See *BRANDIR*.
BRANDI'NHO, a, adj. softish, diminut. from *BRANDO*, which see.
BRANDI'R, v. a. to brandish, to shake to and fro.
Brandir huma espada, to brandish a sword.
BRAN'DO, a, adj. soft, charming, tender, gentle, mild, kind; also flattering, fawning.
Tempo brando, mild weather.
Brando, quiet, still, easy.
Branda condicao, sweet temper.
Palavras brandas, fair words, compliments, courtship; also flattery.
Chuva branda, a gentle rain.
Brando ao tacto, soft to the hand.
Fogo brando, a gentle soft fire.
Demasiadamente brando, too much easy, or indulgent to a fault; also softly, slack.
Sono brando, a slumber.
Brando, adv. See *BRANDAMENTE*.
BRANDU'RA, f. f. softness, gentleness, tenderness, calmness; it is said both of persons and things.
Brandura demasiada, weakness, unsteadiness, or want of resolution in the mind, and aptness to be overcome by temptation.
Cem brandura, peacefully, quietly, calmly.
Rio que leva as suas agoas com brandura, a river that glides smoothly along.
BRANQUEA'DO, a, adj. whited. See *BRANQUEAR*.
BRANQUEADO'R, f. m. he who blanches the pieces to be coined.
BRANQUEA'R, v. a. to whiten, to make white.
Branquar o dinheiro, to blanch the blanks or pieces to be coined.
BRANQUEJA'DO, adj. See *BRANQUEJA'R*.
BRANQUEJA'R, v. n. to wax, or become white, to look white.
Mar que branqueja, a cockling sea.
BRANQUIADO'R. See *BRANQUEADOR*.
BRANQUI'NHO, a, adj. somewhat white, whitish.

B R A

BRASA. See *BRAZA*.
BRASI'L, f. m. Brasil, a large province of South America. Peter Alves Cabral, was the first who discovered this country, in 1501, having been driven thither by a tempest, and erected a pillar with the arms of the king of Portugal his master. See also *BRASILEIRO*.
Par do Brasil, Brasil wood, sufficiently known. The tree is tall, and so thick, that three men can scarce fathom it, the bark of a dark brown, and all prickly. It is used in dying, and physic. The Indians call it *Ibira pitanga*. Huet shews that it had been known by that name many years before the discovery of the Brasils.
BRASILEIRO, f. m. a native of the Brasils.
BRASSICA marina. See *SOLDANELLA*.
BRAVAMENTE, adv. fiercely.
BRAVA'TA, f. f. See *RALHO*.
BRAVEJA'DO. See *ESBRAVEJA'DO*.
BRAVEJAR. See *ESBRAVEJAR*.
BRAVEZA, f. f. headiness, fierceness; also boisterousness, storminess.
BRAVI'O, a, adj. untilled, unmanured, desert; also untamed, wild, ferocious, savage.
Bravio, f. m. a price, or reward given to him that overcometh in masteries, or activities. Greek.
Bravi, a country put.
BRAVO, a, adj. wild.
Bravo, savage, cruel, fierce, stern, fell.
Bravo, ill-natured.
Bravo, uncultivated, unlearned.
Bravo, rough, boisterous. (Speaking of the sea.)
Bravo, magnificent, excellent, stately. (Speaking of buildings.)
Bravo, seldom seen, unusual, rare, scarce, seldom found.
Bravo, without port, or haven.
Bravo, brave, valiant, courageous.
Bravo, comely, civil, polite.
Bravo, impetuous. (Speaking of a river.)
BRAIOSIDA'DE, f. f. arrogance, pride, haughtiness, presumption.
BRAVU'RA. See *BRAVEZA*.
BRA'ZA, f. f. live-coal, burning-coal.
P. chegar a braza a sua sardiaba; it answers to our saying, every miller draws water to his mill.
BRAZA'M. See *BLAZAM*.
BRAZEIRO, f. m. a fire-pan, such as is used in some countries to make fire in it instead of a chimney; they are of earth, copper, or silver.
BRAZI'DO, f. m. ex. *Grande brazido*, a great many burning coals.
BRAZONA'DO. See *BLAZONA'DO*.
BRAZONA'R. See *BLAZONA'R*.

B R E

BREA'DO, a, adj. See

B R E

BREAR, v. a. to rub over with pitch, to pitch.
Brear hum navio, lançando breo quente nas costuras. See *COSTURAS*.
BRE'CA, f. f. a sort of disease in goats, by which they become hairless; also a cramp or contraction of the limbs.
Estar com a breca, (a vulgar expression) to be penfive.
Estar levado da breca, to be in a despairing condition, to be reduced to extremities.
BRE'CHA, f. f. a breach, the ruin of any part of works beaten down with cannon, or blown up by a mine, or the like.
BRECHI, f. m. a sort of spear used by the Arabians.
BREDOS, f. m. p. blites, a kind of beer, having no taste.
P. aviseu se a velha aos brechos, lambete os dedos, the gluttonous old woman, when she was used to eat blites, licked her fingers; that is, the covetous person cannot be satisfied; the more he has the more he desires.
BRE'GMA, or *BREGMATE*, f. m. (in anatomy) bregma, or that part of the head which is formed by the two bones of the skull that make the sagittal suture. Greek.
BREGUIGUA'M, f. m. a kind of shell-fish like a mussel.
BRE'JO, f. m. the sweet broom, heath, or ling; also a marshy low ground; or fen, wherein water springs both winter and summer.
BREJO'SO, a, adj. oozy, moist, wet, plashy, marshy.
BRE'LHO, f. m. a small stone.
BRE'NHA, f. f. a place full of bushes, or brambles.
BRE'O, f. m. ship pitch and tar, to calk and pay a ship.
BRETANGI'L. See *BERTANGIL*.
BRETA'NHA, f. f. the province of Brittany in France. In Lat. *Britannia Minor*, formerly *Armorica*.
Gram Bretanha, Great Britain; a large-populous, rich, and fruitful island of Europe, including England and Scotland, since the union of both these parts of it in 1707, under one head.
Cousa pertencente à Gram Bretanha, of, or belonging to Great Britain, British.
Bretanha, f. f. a sort of linen cloth that comes from Brittany, in France.
Trigo Bretanha, red wheat.
BRE'YE, f. m. a gin, or snare for birds.
BRE'KE, adj. short, brief; also short, in prosody.
Para dizer breves palavras, to be short.
Brève, f. m. ex. *Brève do papa*, a brief, or pope's letter, because compact in a body, to distinguish it from the bull, which has the seals hanging down.
Brève, f. f. (in music) breve, a note, or character of time.

BREVES,

B R I

BREVES. See **ABREVIATURAS.**
BREVEMENTE, adv. briefly, shortly, speedily.
BREVIA, f. f. (in some religious orders) a dwelling in the country.
BREVIA RIO, a breviary; the book containing the daily service of the church of Rome; also brevier, a particular size of letter used in printing.
BREVIDADE, f. f. brevity, speed, haste.

B R I

BRIA'L, f. m. a sort of garment formerly worn in Spain, by queens and great ladies.
BRIAREO, f. m. the son of Titan and Terra, a huge giant, whom the poets feign to have had a hundred arms and fifty heads.
BRIANTE, f. m. a stroller, a fellow who will not work.
BRI'CA, the chief point of the field, in which the crescent, a mark used by the heralds to distinguish the second son from the others of the same family, is placed.
BRIDA, f. f. the bridle used in riding short.
BRIDA'DO, a, adj. bridled. (In heraldry.)
BRI'GA, f. f. strife, quarrel, fighting; also a squabbling, a brawling, or scolding.
BRIGA'DA, f. f. a brigade of soldiers.
BRIGADEIRO, f. m. the officer of a brigade, or a brigadier.
BRIGADO. See **BRIGAR**.
BRIGAM, or **BRIGOSO**, adj. warlike, fighting, contentious, quarrelsome, full of brawling.
BRIGAR, v. n. to fight, to combat.
BRIGUIGAM. See **BREGUIGAM**.
BRILHA'DO, adj. See **BRILHAR**.
BRILHANTE, adj. shining, glittering, lightening, very conspicuous.
BRILHAR, v. n. to shine, glister or glitter.
BRI'M, f. m. a sort of canvas.
BRI'NCA, f. f. the herb hog-fennel.
BRINCA'DO, adj. See **BRINCAR**.
BRINCADO'R, f. m. a sporter, a sportful and jocular man, a jester, a droll, a playful man.
BRINCA'R, v. n. to sport, or to sport one's self; also to sport with one, to make a fool of him.
Companheiro no brincar, a playfellow, companion in amusement.
Não brinques comigo, don't play the fool with me, or don't meddle with me.
BRI'NCO, f. m. a jest, a droll, or witty word; also a plaything, or toy for a child, any pretty bauble.
Brincos das crelhas, ear-rings.
Brincos de crianças, playgame.
Ele não brinca para brincos, he takes no jest.
BRINDA'DO, adj. See

B R O

BRINDA'R, v. n. to drink to.
Brindar a saúde de alguém, to drink one's health, or to drink a brindice.
Brindar a vontade, (metaph.) to allure, to entice.
O que brinda, he who drinks a brindice.
BRINDES, f. m. a brindice.
Fazer hum brindes. See **BRINDAR**.
BRINGELLAS. See **BERINGELLAS**.
BRINQUINHEIRO, f. m. one that maketh rings.
BRI'O, f. m. bravery, valour, mettle, liveliness.
Homem de brio, a man of mettle.
Fazer brio de alguma coisa, to make a pride of a thing, to take a pride, or to glory in it.
BRI'OS, f. m. p. the bunt-lines, a small line made fast to the button of the sail in the ship, in the middle part of the bolt-rope. The use of it is to raise or draw up the sail to the yard.
BRIONIA, f. f. the herb briony.
BRIOSO, a, adj. brave, mettlesome, lively.
BRITANICO, a, adj. British, English.
El-rey Britanico, the king of Great Britain.
BRITA-OSSOS, **QUEBRA-OSSO**, or **QUEBRANTOSSO**, a kind of eagle, having a very strong beak, called bone-breaker.
BRITADO, a, adj. See
BRITA'R, v. a. (This word is only found in ancient writings.) See **QUEBRAR**.
BRI'VIA. (An antiquated word.) See **BIBLIA**.
BRI'ZA, or **BRIZA-VENTANTE**, f. f. the north-east wind.

B R O

BRO'A, or **BORO'A**, f. f. a sort of bread made of millet, and also of maize.
Brôa, (a sea term) the channel of any harbour, river, or sea.
BRO'CA, f. f. an auger or wimble.
Brêça, or **BROSSA**, f. f. a kind of brush, or pencil, used by painters.
BROCA'DILHO, f. m. an inferior sort of *Brocado*. See
BROCA'DO, f. m. brocade, a sort of stuff.
BROCARDICO, a, adj. problematical.
BROCA'TE'L, f. m. a kind of lindsy-woolsey.
BROCHA, f. f. a clasp; also a tack, a little nail with a head.
Brochas ex preguinhos para pregar nos sapatos, sparables, small nails for shoes.
Brocha de que usão os sapateiros, para pregar os saltos, a shoe-maker's peg.
Brocha, stud, a round-headed nail, or boss.
Brochas de boys, thongs of leather to put and tie the oxen to the yoke.

B R U

Brocha, a sort of pencil.
BROCONCELLA, f. f. bronchocete. See **PAPEIRA**.
BRO'DIO, f. m. pottage, such as they give to beggars with the broken bread and scraps of the table. From the Italian *brodo*, broth.
BRO'MA, f. m. ex. *Hé hum broma*, he is a stupid and foolish fellow.
BRO'NCHIO, f. m. bronchia, a hollow pipe dispersed through the lungs. Pronounce as if it was written *Bronquis*.
BRO'NCO, a, adj. coarse, rough, unpolished. See also **TOSCO**.
BRONZE, f. m. cast copper or brass, a compound metal called bronze, two thirds of which consist of copper, and one third of brass.
BROQUE'L, f. m. a round target.
BROQUELEIRO, f. m. a target-maker.
BROSLA'DO. See **BORDADO**.
BROSLADO'R, &c. See **BORDADOR**.
BROTA'DO, adj. See
BROYA'R, v. n. to bud, to shoot out in growing; also to produce, to beget, or bring forth. (Metaph.)

B R U

BRU'ÇOS, this word is only used adverbially with the particle *de* before it; as, *Beber de braços*, to drink lying along on the ground.
BRU'GO. See **BURGO**.
BRU'LHA, f. f. the knob out of which the bud riseth.
Enxertar de brulha, to inoculate, to graft in the bud.
BRULOTE, f. m. a fire-ship.
BRU'MA, f. f. (In poetry.) See **FRIO**.
BRUMA'L, adj. belonging to winter, winterly, brumal.
Festas brumais, brumalia, the feast of Bacchus.
BRUMO, f. m. matter coming out of a putrified fore.
BRUN'DO, a, adj. burnished.
BRUNIDO'R, or **BORNIDO'R**, f. m. a burnisher; also a burnisher or burnishing-stick.
BRUNIDURA, f. f. a burnishing.
BRUNI'R, or **BORNI'R**, v. a. to burnish, or polish; also to iron, to smooth.
Ferro de brunir, a smoothing iron.
BRUSCO, a, adj. See **ESCURO**.
BRUTAL, adj. brutish, beastly.
BRUTALIDADE, f. f. brutishness, beastliness.
BRUTALMENTE, adv. brutally, beastly; also rashly, at random.
BRUTESCO, f. m. grotesque-work, odd sort of landscapes; rude figures made at the pleasure of the artist, only to please the eye.
BRUTEZA, f. f. See **BRUTALIDADE**.
BRUTO, f. m. a brute beast, or a brutish man; also rough, coarse, unpolished.

B U F

Brato mar, boisterous sea.

BRUNIA, f. f. a strick-owl, an unlucky bird, formerly; but now it signifies a witch, a hag.

Chapado das braxas, lean and pale coloured.

BRUXARIA, f. f. See **FEITICERIA**.

BRUXELLAS, Brussels, in French *Bruxelles*, in Lat. *Bruxella*; the capital city of Brabant, and of all the Netherlands. No city in Europe has a finer appearance at a distance, except Naples and Genoa.

B U A

BUA, a word used by children when they want to drink.

BUAMA, a sort of sea fish.

B U B

BUBA'M, f. m. a tumour, or swelling in the groin, a bubo.

B U C

BUÇARDAS, f. f. p. (in a ship) breast-hooks.

BUCELLARIOS, f. m. p. so they called formerly the yeomen of the guard in Spain.

BUCENTA'URO, or (as the vulgar say) **BUCENTORIO**, f. m. bucentaurus, or bucentoro, a stately galley, in which the doge and senate of Venice go annually in triumph, on Ascension day, to espouse the sea, by throwing a ring into it.

BUCEPHALO, f. m. Bucephalus, the name of the famous horse of Alexander the Great.

BUCHELA, f. f. a sort of pincers used by goldsmiths, to hold diamonds and choose them.

BUCHO, f. m. the craw or maw of a bird; also the stomach of a man, and of any animal.

Buço do braço, the brawn of the arms.

Tirar alguma coisa do bucho á alguém, (metaph.) to pump one, or to pump a thing out of one.

BUÇO, f. m. down, downy-beard, soft hair.

BUCOLICA, f. f. bucolic, a pastoral poem.

Bucólico, a, adj. bucolic, pastoral, belonging to a pastoral poem.

B U D

BUDA, f. f. Buda, called Buden by the Turks, and by the inhabitants of the same. It is the principal city of Hungary. The Germans took it from the Turks in 1686, under the duke of Lorraine.

B U E

BUEIRO. See **CANEIRO**.

B U F

BUFA, f. f. foist, fizzle.

B U L

Dar bufar, to foist, to fizzle.

BU'FALO, or **BU'FARO**, f. m. a buffalo, a wild ox, or ure ox.

Pelle de búfalo, buff-skin.

BUFA DO, adj. See **BUFAR**.

BU'FAM, f. m. See **FANFARRAM**, and **CHOCARREIRO**.

BU'FAR, v. n. to puff, to blow, as a horse or an ox, or as a man in a passion; also to be greedy, or eager after.

BU'FARO. } See { **BU'FALO**.

BUFE TE. } See { **BOFE TE**.

BU'FO, f. m. an owl.

BUFONERIA, f. f. buffoonery, ridiculous jesting.

B U G

BUGA'LHO, f. m. the gall-nut that grows on a oak; also a sort of snare or gin for birds.

Bugalho do olho, the white and the ball, apple, or sight of the eye, all together.

BUGI'A, f. f. an ape, or jackanapes.

BUGIA'DO. See

BUGIA'R, v. n. to gesticulate like an ape.

Vai bugiar, (a vulgar saying) go about your business, away, get you gone.

BUGIARI'AS, f. f. p. knack, or knickknack, a trifle, gewgaw, a toy.

BUGIGA'NGA. See **MUGIGANGA**.

BUGI'O, f. m. an ape.

Bugio de alguém, (metaph.) an ape, mimic, an imitator.

B U I

BUI'DO. } See { **ACACALADO**.

BUI'R. } See { **ACACALAR**.

BU'ITRA, f. f. the shelf or till of a printing press.

BU'ITRE. See **ABUTRE**.

B U L

BU'LA. See **BULLA**.

BULBUS, (a Latin word) a wild onion.

BULCA'M, or **VULCA'M**, f. m. a black cloud.

BULDRIE. See **BOLDRIE**.

BU'LE, f. m. a tea-pot.

BULEBU'LE, a sort of herb; also a restless fellow, one that is always in motion.

BULFERINHEIRO. See **BOFA-RINHEIRO**.

BU'LHA, f. f. a quarrel, a strife, a confusion, a disorder, a bustle, a tumultuous commotion, a wrangle.

Fazer bulba, to turmoil, to make a noise, to wrangle.

Amigo de fazer bulbas, a wrangler, a peevish and disputative man.

BULHA'FRE. See **BILHAFRE**.

BULHA'M, f. m. a spring, the rising up of water, a source.

BULIÇO, or **BOLIÇO**. See **REBOLIÇO**.

BULIÇO SO, or **BOLICOSO**, a, adj. restless, turbulent, always in motion, contentious.

B U R

BULIDO. adj. See

BULIR, v. a. to move, to stir. See also **FERVER**.

Bulir, to move as the child does in the belly.

Não bulais com isso, don't touch that.

Bulir-se, v. r. to stir, to move.

Não vos bulais daqui, don't stir from hence.

BU'LLA, f. f. a bull, or letter from the pope.

Bulla, the pope's bull, so called from the Lat. *bullā*, being the seal hanging to it.

Bulla de ouro, or *Bulla aurea*, the golden bull, an ordinance or statute made by the emperor Charles V. A. D. 1536.

BU'LRA, f. f. cheat, fraud.

BULRA'M, f. m. See **ILLICIADOR**.

B U M

BU'MBA, (a vulgar word) ex. *Dar muita bumba*, to bang, or to beat soundly.

B U R

BURA'CO, f. m. a hole or gap, hollow place; also a small house, a cottage.

Buraco por onde se enchê bum barril, &c. a bung-hole.

Buraco da bexiga, the orifice of the bladder.

Buraco da fechadura, the bore of a lock.

Buraco para esconder-se, a lurking-hole.

Cozza que tem muitos buracos, hollow, full of holes as a pumice.

BURACU'NHO, f. m. a little hole, diminut. from *buraco*.

BURA'TO, a sort of fine silk stuff.

BURBULHA. See **BORBULHA**.

BURBULHO'ENS. See **BORBULHOENS**.

BURE'L, f. m. a coarse cloth of a darkish colour, such as the Franciscan friars habits are made of.

BURGALE'Z, f. m. a sort of old coin.

BURGALHA'O, f. m. small shells mixed with small stones, such as are found in the bottom of the sea.

BURGAMESTRE, f. m. a burgher-master; it is not properly a Portuguese word, but is taken from the Dutch, to signify that kind of magistracy.

BURGO. See **ARRABALDE**.

Búrge, f. m. a kind of locust, or caterpillar.

BURGRAVIO, f. m. burghgrave, a title of honour in Germany.

BURGUEZ, f. m. a citizen, a free-man. From the French *bourgeois*.

BURIL, &c. See **BORIL**, &c.

BURLA, f. f. a jest, mock, derision. See also **PEÇA**, and **BULRA**.

BURLA'DO. } See { **BURLAR**.

BURLA'M. } See { **ILLICIADOR**.

BURLA'R, v. a. to jest, to impose upon.

BURLESCO, a, adj. burlesque, merry, jocose, comical, mock.

Poesia burlesca, mock-poetry.

BURNI'DO, a. See **BRUNIDO**.

BUR.

B U S

BURNIR. See **BRUNIR**.
BU'RRÁ, f. f. a she-ass.
Parir a burra, to foal, or bring forth a young ass, or ass-colt.
Leite de burra, asses milk.
Burra, an iron chest to keep money.
BURRA'DÁ, f. f. a drove of asses.
BURRI'NHA, f. f. a little she-ass, diminut. from *burra*.
BURRI'NHO, f. m. a little ass, an ass-colt, or young ass.
Burribo montez, a foal of a wild ass.
BU'RRO, f. m. a he-ass; so the Portuguese call also a violent storm upon the coast of St. Thomas.
Burro do mato, or *montez*, a wild ass.
Ha de dar bom burro ao dizimo, he will be good for nothing.

B U S

BU'SCA, f. f. a search, seeking, quest.
Andar em busca de algum, to inquire after one.
Há muito tempo que ando em busca de fulano, I have been a long time in quest of such a one.
Caô de busca, a finder.
BUSCA'DO, a, adj. See **BUSCAR**.
BUSCAPE', f. m. a sort of squib that follows the people.
BUSCA'R, v. a. to seek, look for, or search, to quest, or go in quest of, to look about; also to visit, to go to see.

B U T

Buscar a vida, to work, to shift for bread, too seek how to live.
Buscar desculpas, to use shifts, to find a hole to creep out at.
Hir buscar, to go for, or to fetch.
Mandar buscar, to send for.
Buscar redesi, to go about the bush.
Buscar o seu proveito, to mind one's own interest.
O que busca, one that seeks or looks for, a searcher.
Buscar, to quest, to go in quest of, or seek out as dogs do; to vent or wind, as a spaniel does.
Caô que busca bem, a dog that is a good or a high ranger.
Buscar pretexto, to pretend, to cloak under a pretence or blind.
Buscar de que pegar, to seek for a drunken quarrel.
BUSILLIS, f. m. ex. *Abi está o busilili*, the difficulty lies in this point.
BU'SSOLA, f. f. a compass, a sea or mariner's compass.
BUSTELA. See **BOSTELA**.
BUSTUA'RIOS, f. m. p. *busluarii*, a kind of gladiators among the Romans, who fought about the bustum, or funeral pile of a person deceased.

B U T

BUTUA, a medicinal root that grows in the city called Butua, in Africa.

B Y Z

B U X

BU'XA, f. f. a stopple.
Buxa de espingarda, wad, a stopple of paper, hay, straw, old clouts, &c. which is forced into a gun upon the powder, to keep it close in the chamber.
BUXA'L, f. m. a place set with box-trees. Greek.
BU'XO, f. m. the box tree.
Buxo do braço. See **BUCHO**.
Buxo de sapateiro, the mallet used by shoe-makers.

B U Z

BU'Z, hush, hold your tongue.
BU'ZIO, f. m. a diver, one whose profession it is to dive under water to fetch up any thing. Greek.
Buxie, a shell-fish like a horn, or trumpet; also a trumpet, cornet, a swine-herd's horn.
Buzio, he that gathers and takes up shell-fish, an oyster man, one who fishes for the purple fish.
BU'ZIOS, a sort of shells, in the Maldives, called cowries, or black-a-moor's teeth; and these serve for small coin in several parts of India.

B Y Z

BYZA'NCIO, or **BISANCIO**, f. m. Byzantium, the ancient name of Constantinople.

C.

C, f. m. the third letter of the Portuguese alphabet.

C before *a, o, u*, and the consonants *l, r*, is pronounced as *k*; but before *e* and *i* takes the hissing sound of *s*, as well as before *a, o, u*, when there is a dash under it thus *c*.

C before *b* is pronounced like *cb* in the English words *charity, cherry*, &c.

Double *c* is founded only before *e* and *i*, the first with the sound of *k*, and the other with the hissing sound of *s*; as in *accidente*, accident, pronounce *at-fidente*.

C is a Roman numeral letter, that stands for a hundred, according to this verse.

Non plus quam centum C, littera fertur habere.

When it is marked with a tittle, then it stands for one hundred thousand.

This letter, among the ancients, was a mark of condemnation, and was called the fatal letter.

C, *sol, fa, ut*, the fourth note in the gamut, or scale of music.

C A

CA', (antiquated word) because.

Cá, adv. here, hither.

Vem cá, come hither.

Huns por cá, outros por lá, some one way, some another.

Cá e lá, hither and thither.

Para cá, denotes the time in which a thing had happened.

A hum mex para cá, a month ago, or since.

Andar de cá para lá, e de lá para acá, to run backwards and forwards, or ramble here and there.

De quando em cá? how long is it since?

P. cá e lá mãs fadas lá, that is, it is the same there as here.

Chegarves para cá, draw near this way.

De entao para cá, since that time, from that time.

Da banda de cá, this side.

Ca me entendo, I know what I am about.

Dame ca de beber, give me some drink.

Armar razoes por da cá aquella palha, to quarrel about nothing.

C A A

Cãã. (In poetry.) See **BRANCO**.

Cãas, f. f. p. grey-hairs.

Com cãas, hoary, grey, grey-haired.

Entrar em cãas, to grow grey, or hoary.

C A B

CABAÇA, f. f. gourd, a pompion, a calabash; also a dry hollow gourd, to keep fish salt, wine, &c. a gourd bottle.

Cabaça de brinco de orelhas, a longish pearl like a gourd in the ear-rings.

CABACINHA, f. f. a little gourd, diminut. from *Cabaça*.

CABACINHAS, f. f. p. See **COLOQUINTIDA**.

CABAÇO, f. m. a dry hollow gourd, used by husbandmen to keep seeds.

CABAIA. See **CABAYA**.

CABAL, adj. just, exact, complete, that wants nothing.

CABALAS, f. f. cabal, a secret science which the Rabbins of the Jews pretend to, by which they unfold all the mysteries in divinity, and expound the scriptures.

CABALLISTA, f. m. a cabalist, a person skilled in the Jewish cabala.

CABALLINA, ex. *Fonte caballina*, a fountain near Helicon, sacred to Apollo and the Muses.

CABALMENTE, adv. exactly, completely, justly.

CABANA, f. f. a cottage, a cabin, a hut.

CABANEIRA, f. f. a country whore, that goes from one cottage to another.

CABANINHA, f. f. a little cottage, cabin, or hut, diminut. from *Cabana*.

CABAZ, f. m. a basket of twigs, &c. a frail, a pannier.

CABAÇA, f. f. a sort of Turkish garment.

CABE, f. m. See **PALHETA**.

Dar bum cabe, to strike a ball and throw it beyond a certain mark, in the play called **ARO**, which see.

CABEÇA, f. f. the head, pate, nod-dle; also mind, thought, imagination, brains, fancy.

A parte dianteira da cabeça, the fore part of the head; it is commonly called *moleira*.

Parte posterior da cabeça, or *tentigo*, the hinder part of the head.

A parte mais alta da cabeça, the top or crown of the head.

Dôr de cabeça, head-ake.

Cabeça gressa, a jolt-head.

Que tem duas cabeças, two-headed, having two heads.

De cabeça abaxo, headlong, with the head foremost.

Da cabeça até os pés, from top to toe.

Cem cabeças de gado, a hundred head of cattle.

Cabeça da familia, the chief of a family.

Cabeça da provincia, the capital of a province.

Cabeça da junta, the chief man in an assembly.

Cabeça de partido, the head of a faction.

Cabeça de alho, a head of garlick.

Cabeça do dedo, the tip of the finger.

Repartir por cabeça, to share out by the head.

Meter-se humo censa na cabeça, to be persuaded, to conceit, to have a thing in one's head.

Dar com a cabeça pelas paredes, to beat one's head against the wall; (metaph.) to carry on an affair rashly to one's own loss.

Não tem pes nem cabeça, he has neither head nor tail.

Cabeça de vento, addle-headed.

Bico, eu cabeça, a play among children instead of push-pin, for they hold the pin covered with their fingers and ask, head or point? and the other is to guess.

Meter na cabeça, to make one believe.

Governar-se pela propria cabeça, to do a thing of one's own head.

Saber de cabeça, to know by heart.

Lervantar a cabeça, to lift up one's head; (metaph.) to mend one's fortune, to grow into a better condition.

Lançar de cabeça, (in agriculture) to bow down the branches of vines, or other plants, and stick them in the ground until they have taken root, before they cut them.

Encostar à cabeça, to bow one's head, or to rest it.

Abaxar a cabeça, (metaph.) to submit, to yield, to buckle to.

Isso vos hade dar na cabeça, the mischief will light upon your own head.

Quebrar a cabeça a algum, to break one's head about a thing, (metaph.) to trouble or importune him about it.

Quebrar a cabeça, (metaph.) to put one's brains upon the rack about a thing.

Vinho que sobe á cabeça, strong heady wine.

Cabeça, a person, a man.

P. quantos cabeças, tantas carapuças, several men, several minds.

P. quem lhe der a cabeça que aperte; we say, if any fool finds the cap fit him, let him put it on.

C A B

Tanto per cabeça, so much a head, so much a man, or so much a piece.
Cabeça, head, front, or first rank of a body politic or military.
Cabeça, the head or top of trees, and some plants.
Boa cabeça, a good head-piece, a man of great sense.
Crime de primeira cabeça, high-treason.
Cabeça de prego, alfinete, cebola couve, &c. the head of a nail, pin, onion, cabbage, &c.
Cabeça de linha, a skain of thread.
Direito de cabeça, head-silver, poll-money, poll-tax.
Não sabe onde hade dar com a cabeça, he does not know which way to turn himself, he is upon his last legs.
Cabeça do dragão, (in astronomy) dragon's head, a constellation.
Cabeça, (in masonry) a large stone.
Cabeça do arco, so the masons call the outside of an arch.
CABEÇADA, f. f. a blow with the head, the head-stall of a beast, a mad prank; also a nod when one is asleep.
CABEÇAS, (among coach-makers) four pieces of wood used instead of our springs.
CABEÇALHA, f. f. the beam of a cart, or wain.
CABECAM, f. m. ex. *Cabeçã da capa*, the collar or cape of a cloak; also a head-stall to tame colts, a cavesson.
Cabecam, or *direito de CABEÇA*, which see.
Cabeçã da camisa de mulher, the body of a smock.
Cabeçã, (among printers) a printer's flower, flourish, or border.
CABECEADO, adj. See *CABEGEAR*.
CABECEAR, v. n. to beckon, shake, or wag the head, to nod; also to nod or threaten to fall, (speaking of edifices.)
Cabecear como quem diz, que sim, to nod unto, to shew assent by nodding the head.
Cabecear, como quem diz, que não, to give a nod for a denial.
Cabecear, como fazem os que estão dormindo, assentados em huma cadeira, &c. to nod, or sleep upon a chair, &c. with a motion of the head.
Cabecear, (among bookbinders) to make head-bands for books.
Cabecear, to approve, to applaud, by nodding the head.
CABECEIRA, f. f. the first place, the beginning, the top.
Cabeceira da cama, the bed's-head.
Cabeceiras do governo de huma cidade, the head men of a city.
Cabeceira de hum livro, the head-band of a book.
CABECINHA, f. f. a little head, diminut. from *Cabeça*.
Cabecinba das erva, the sharp point of the herbs.

C A B

CABEÇO, f. m. the top of a mountain; also a hillock.
CABEÇUDO, a, adj. head-strong, obdinate; also one that has a jolt-head, or a clumsy-pate.
CABEDAL, f. m. a flock, what a man is worth.
Fazer cabedal de huma coisa, to value a thing, to make account of it.
Pouco cabedal faço do que dizes, I don't care for what you say.
Homem de cabedal, a man of substance.
Metter pouco cabedal, (metaph.) to be stingy, niggardly, penurious, clofited.
Grande cabedal, good, or great-flock, abundance.
Ter grande cabedal de sciencia, to have a good stock of learning.
Cabedal, (metaph.) means, course, way, expedient. See also *CAUDALOSO*.
CABEDELLA de pato, goose-giblets.
CABEDELLO, f. m. a heap of sand.
CABEIRO, f. m. one that makes hafts, or handles.
Dentes cabeiros. See *DENTES de sijo*.
CABELLEIRA, f. f. hair, head of hair; also a wig, or peruke.
Cabelleira curta, a bob, a short peruke.
Cabellira de rabicho, tail-wig.
Cabellira de bolsa. See *BOLSA*.
Cabellira de nó, a tye-wig.
CABELLEIREIRO, f. m. a peruke-maker.
CABELLINHO, f. m. little hair, diminut. from *Cabello*.
Cabellinhos das ventas, hairs growing in the nostrils.
CABELLO, f. m. hair; also a hard tumour in a woman's breast that hinders children from sucking.
Anel do cabelo, a curl.
Cabello postiço, false-hair.
Cabello, some large sinews in mutton, &c. which, when much boiled, split like hairs.
Trança do cabelo, a lock of hair.
Cabello, que cabe, quando huma pessoa se pentea, hair combed off.
Cabellos brancos. See *CANES*.
Estar por hum cabelo, to be within a hair's breadth, or within the turn of a dye.
Fita ou coisa semelhante para atar o cabelo, hair-lace, hair-fillet, to tie up hair with.
Ferro para encrespas o cabelo, a crimping-iron.
Cabello crespo, curled-hair, crisped or frizzled hair.
Cabello corrido, lank hair, that hangs flat down.
Arripiar-se o cabelo, is for the hair to stand up an end, as with a fright.
Arrancar-se os cabellos, to tear one's hair for anger, spite, &c.
Cousa que tem pouco cabelo, thin haired.
Cousa sem cabelo, hairless, without hair.
Ir pelos cabellos; we say, to go like a

C A B

bear to the stake, that is, very unwillingly.
CABELLUDO, a, adj. hairy.
Cometa cabelludo, a hairy comet.
CABER, v. n. to be contained in another thing, or to be fit or capable to be contained.
Não caber em si de alegria, not to be able to contain one's self for joy, to be over-joyed.
Caber a alguém por sorte, to fall to one's lot.
Aquella he a parte que me coube, that's fallen to my lot, or share.
Caber a alguém fazer alguma coisa, quando por ordem successiva de pessoas, chega o tempo de acudir a alguma obrigação, to fall to one's turn.
Caber, to become, to be proper, to be suitable or fit.
Não cabe nulle fazer tal coisa, he can't do such a thing, he is far from doing it.
Nisto não cabe erro, there is no danger of mistaking in this.
CABI'DA. See *VALIMENTO*.
CABI'DE, f. m. a rack to set or hang things on.
CABI'DO, a, adj. gracious, in great favour or esteem, well liked of.
Cabido, f. m. a chapter of a church. See also the v. *CABER*.
CABI'DOLA, (in printing) ex. *Letras cabidolas*, large and capital letters or characters.
CABI'LDA, f. f. a pack, or crew of moors that live in the same ward. Arabic.
CABISALVA, f. f. a bird of prey so called.
CABISBAIXO, a, adj. hanging down the head, sorrowful, melancholy, full of grief or shame.
CA'BO, f. m. the extreme part, the end, the conclusion; also a cape or head-land; also the hilt, haft, or handle of a thing. See also *FUNDO*.
Cabo de faca, a knife-haft.
Cabo do cavallo, the tail of a horse.
Cabo de machado, the helve of an ax, or hatchet.
Cabo de navalha de barbear, a razor's scale.
Cabo de cebelas, a rope of onions.
Cabos de hum exercito, the officers or commanders of an army.
Cabo de partida. See *PARTIDARIO*.
Cabo de esquadra, a corporal, an officer in a company of foot, below the serjeant.
Lo: o vai as do cabo, it is but a word and a blow with him.
Ligar ao cabo alguma coisa, to go through stitch with a thing, to make an end of it.
Fallar com o verbo no cabo, to conclude a period with a verb, which is an elegance, if used without too much affectation.
A minha obra esta no cabo, my work is almost over.
P. não se ha de bir com tudo ao cabo, things

C A B

things must not be carried too far.
Cabo, a sea term, signifying all the cordage belonging to a ship.
Dar hum cabo, (a sea phrase) to throw a rope for another to take hold of.
Cabir hum cabo, to coil a cable, (a sea term) or to wind it about in form of a ring, the several circles lying one upon another.
Cabo de S. Vicente, a cape so called, on the coast of Portugal.
Cabo de Boa Esperança, the Cape of Good-Hope, in Caffraria, or the country of the Hottentots, the most southern part of Africa. It was first discovered in the year 1493, by Bartholomew Dias, a Portuguese, in the reign of king John II. and by him called *Cabo Tormentoso*, i. e. the Cape of Great Storms; but the king called it *Cabo de Boa Esperança*, the Cape of Good Hope, as now, said he, there was hope of making prosperous voyages to the East Indies; and the latter name it still retains.
Cabo de boa esperança, a flower so called.
Cabo Verde, a promontory on the west coast of Africa. A little west of this cape lies a cluster of islands called the Verd Islands, subject to Portugal.
CABO'Z, f. m. a sort of fish.
CABOUCO. See *CAVOUCO*.
CABOUQUEIRO. See *CAVOUQUEIRO*.
CABRA, f. f. a she goat; also a fish called a rochet.
De nocturna que mama nas cabras, a sort of owl, that in the night sucketh goats; a goat-milker.
Salvar como huma cabra, to caprize, to leap like a goat.
Casa de cabra, of, or belonging to goats.
Que tem pés de cabra, goat-footed, capripede.
O pastor de cabras. See *CABREIRO*.
Curral de cabras, a stable or cote for goats.
Cabra montez, a wild she-goat.
Cabra d'agua, a water-spider with six feet, that runneth on the top of the water without sinking.
Cabra, so the Portuguese called some Indians that they found chewing the herb betel.
Cabra cega, blind-man's buff, a sort of play.
Cabra saltante, a sort of meteor, or exhalation, which taking fire, goes, as it were, skipping in the air, like goats.
P. cabra way pella vinba, por onde way a may, way a filba: we say, like father like son. *Mali corvi malum ovis*, say the Latins.
CABRA'DA, f. f. a herd of goats.
CABRAM. See *BODE*.
Cabrao capado, a gelded he-goat, a buck.
Cabram, a patient cuckold.

C A C

CABRE. See *CALABRE*.
CABREA, f. f. a hulk, a broad vessel or sort of ship for setting in of masts.
CABREIRO, f. m. a goat-herd.
CABRESTANTE, f. m. the capstan of a ship with which they weigh the anchor.
CABRESTEIRO, f. m. halter-maker.
CABRESTILHO, f. m. a little halter, diminut. from *Cabresto*.
Meyas de cabrestilho, under stockings, or stirrup-sockings.
CABRESTO f. m. a halter for a beast.
CABRI'L, f. m. a stable or cote for goats.
CABRI'NHA, f. f. a little she-goat, diminut. from *Cabra*; also a sort of fish. See *RUIVO*.
CABRI'NHAS, or, as site *Cabrinhas*, the constellation called the seven stars, or the Pleiades.
CABRIO. See *CABRUM*.
CABRIO'LA, f. f. a caper, a skip.
CABRITAS, ex. *Levar as cabritas*, to carry upon the shoulder. (Among boys.)
CABRITI'NHO, f. m. little kid.
CABRITO, f. m. a kid.
Cabrito montez, a wild buck.
Curral de cabritos, a fold where kids are kept.
Cabritos, a constellation called the seven stars. Virgil calls them *Hædi*.
CABRU'M, *CABRUNA*, adj. of, or belonging to goats.
CABRU'NCO. See *CARBUNCULO*.
CABUXAM, f. m. a stone cut tapering.

C A Ç, and C A C

CA'ÇA, f. f. all sorts of game, or sports, as hawking, hunting, shooting, &c. also the game itself, as fowl, deer, &c. from the Italian *Caccia*.
Caô de Caça, a hound or beagle to hunt with.
Caça de passaros que se faz de noite, bat-fowling.
Caça de aves, fowling, birding.
Caça de lieve, veades, games, &c. venery, or hunting.
Livro, que trata desta caça, a venery-book, or a book of venery.
Dar caça, to chase, as ships do one another at sea.
Dar caça, or *Seguir a caça*, to follow after, to pursue, to run after; both in the proper and figurat. sense.
Levantar a caça, to start, to put up, to raise the game.
Andar à caça de gangas, to spend one's time and labour in doing nothing; for *ganga* are a sort of water fowls so cunning that they suffer the fowler to come within gun-shot of them, but before he can take aim they are gone, and so they serve him all the day.
Ir à caça de grillos, to go a cricket hunting, to hunt after uncertainties;

C A C

because when a boy goes to the place where he thought he heard a cricket, he finds him not, but hears the same, or another, a little further, and so lights on none.
Caça, f. f. a fine Indian cotton linen, called muslin.
CAÇA'DA, f. f. a hunting-match.
CAÇADO. See *CAÇAR*.
CAÇADO'R, f. m. a hunter, a sportsman, a woodman.
Caçador de aves, a fowler, a bird-catcher, a hawker.
CAÇADORA, f. f. a huntress.
CACAFETA'M. See *CACOFONIA*.
CAÇA'NTE, (in heraldry) that is represented as preying upon.
CACA'O, f. m. cacao, the nut whereof chocolate is made. It is about the bigness of an almond, growing in North America, but not in Peru, whither there are vast quantities carried every year. It once passed current for money.
CAÇAM, f. m. a sort of fish called sea-lamprey.
CAÇAPO. See *LAPARO*.
CAÇAR, v. a. to hunt, to hawk, to fowl.
Caçar aves, to go a birding, fowling, or hawking.
A açam de caçar, hunting.
Caçar a vela, (among sailors) to draw a cable, to turn the sail to the wind side.
Caçar hum navio, it is said of a ship that is hurried away from her course by strong winds, tides, &c.
CA'CA, f. f. ordure, filth, dirt; nurses use this word to children to persuade them a thing is filthy, and teach them to say it when they want their chair.
CA CARACA', a word made to express the clucking of hens.
Cusar de cacaraca, trifles, things of no value.
CACAREJADO, adj. See *CACAREJAR*.
CACAREJAR, v. n. to cluck as a hen doth for her chickens; also to cackle as the hen doth when she has laid.
A açam de cacarejar, a cackling, or clucking.
CACÊA, ex. *Hir à caccia*. See *CACEAR*.
CACEADO, a, adj. See *CACEAR*, or *CASSEAR*. See *CAÇAR hum navio*.
CACETA, f. f. a colander or strainer, used by apothecaries; also a sort of vessel wherein they mix the ingredients for electuaries, cordials, &c.
CA'CHA, f. f. the vying with bad cards in some games; also a sort of Indian cloth. (Metaph.) Dissimulation, dissembling, disguise.
CACHAÇA, f. f. rum, a spirit drawn from the sugar-cane.
CACHAÇAM, f. m. a blow on the neck.
CACHAÇO. See *CERVIZ*.
CACHADO, a, adj. See *CUBERTO*.

C.A.

C A D

CACHA'GENS, f. f. p. the passages of the nostrils.
CACHA'M, f. m. a bubble of water, when the pot boils.
Fervor em cachos, to bubble.
CACHAPORRA, f. f. a sort of club that has the figure of a leek. From *Perro*, a leek.
P. quem da o seu antes que morra, merece que lhe dem com huma cachaporra: we say,
 Who gives away his goods before he is dead,
 Take a beetle and knock him on the head.
CACHAPORRA'DA, f. f. a blow with such a club.
CACHE'IRA, f. f. a sort of ancient garment. See also **CACHAPORRA**.
CACHEIRO, f. m. See **CAJADO**.
CACHETICO, or **CAQUETICO**, a, adj. cachecticus, one that has an ill habit of body.
CACHEXIA, f. f. cachexy, an ill habit of body, proceeding from a bad disposition of the fluids and humours.
CACHI'A. See **ACACIA**.
CACHIMBA'CHES, f. m. p. iron ware.
CACHIMBA'DO, a. See
CACHIMBA'R, v. n. to smoke or take tobacco.
CACHIMBO, f. m. a pipe to smoke tobacco.
Cazer cachimbos. See **COZER**.
Cachimbos, a sort of beads made of coquillo.
Cachimbos, (in cant) the feet.
Abalar os cachimbos, to go, or scamper away. (In cant.)
CACHIMONIA, f. f. (a vulgar word.) See **JUIZO**, and **PRUDENCIA**.
CACHINHO, f. m. a little cluster, diminut. from *Cacho*.
CA'CHO, f. m. a cluster.
Cácho de uvas, a cluster of grapes.
Cácho de era, a bunch or cluster of ivy-berries.
CACHOE'IRA, f. f. (in the Brasils) a great fall of water from a high place, a cataract.
CACHOLA, f. f. so they call in some provinces a hog's hartslets or entrails.
Cachola, or **CACHO'ULA**. See **TOU-TIÇO**.
CACHO'LAS, (in a ship) the cheeks.
CACHONDE, f. m. a composition of civet and amber, a fine perfume.
CACHONREIRA, f. f. a large head of hair.
CACHO'PA. f. f. See **RAPARI-GA**.
CACHO'PO, f. m. See **RAPAS**.
Carbopo, a rock in the sea.
CACHORRA, f. f. See **CADELLA**; also a sort of fish so called.
CACHORRA'DA, f. f. a bragget, corbel, a prop, or supporter, to bear up the frieze or any other part of a building; cantalivers.

C A D

Cachorrada, (metaph.) mob, rabble, rascally people.
CACHORRI'NHA, f. f. a little puppy, a whelp.
Cachorrinha de fralda, a lap-dog.
CACHORRO, a little dog. See also **TARAMELA** de Moinho.
Cachorro do mato, a sort of wild beast.
CACHOULA, f. f. See **TOU-TIÇO**.
CACHU'CHO, f. m. a sort of sea bream that has large teeth.
Cachúcho, the pith of quills.
CACIA, or **CACHIA**. See **ACA-CIA**.
CACI'COS, so the Peruvians called their petty princes.
CACI'FO. See **SELAMIN**.
CACIMBAS, pits made on the seashore, to get fresh water.
CACI'Z, f. m. a Moorish priest.
CA'CO, f. m. a piece of any broken earthen-ware, a potsherd.
CAÇO. See **FRIGIDEYRA**.
CACOS, f. m. p. lumber, pelf, stuff of very little value.
Fazer em cacos, to break in pieces.
CACOCHEMIA, f. f. cacochymy, ill digestion. Greek.
CACOCHEMIO, or **CACOCHEIMO**, a, adj. of, or belonging to ill digestion, cacochymic.
CACOFONI'A, or **CACOPHONI'A**, a disagreeable sound by a repetition of words.
CAÇO'ULA. See **CASSOULA**.

C A D

CA'DA, a distributive pronoun, every.
Cada vez, every time.
Cada dia, every day.
Cada hum, every one.
Cada dois ou tres dias, every two or three days.
Cada quando, or *Cada vez que*, whenever.
Cada qual, every one.
P. cada qual sente seu mal: we say, the wearer best knows where the shoe wrings him.
CADAFA'LSO, f. m. a scaffold on which criminals are executed, or any other public act performed.
CADA'RÇO, f. m. ferret, or sturt filk; a kind of coarse filk, (Persian.)
CADA'STE, f. m. the stern-post of a ship. The rudder is hung at it on hinges.
CADAV'ER, f. m. a dead body.
CADAV'ER'CIO, a, adj. cadaverous, like, or belonging to a dead carcass.
CADE'A, f. f. a chain; also a goal.
Balas de cadeas, chain-bullets.
Cadea, (metaph.) an order, a concatenation, a train, a continuance, a chain, a series linked together.
CADEA'DO, f. m. a pad-lock.
Reer cadeados, to be in a fret. (Metaph.)
Cadeados, a sort of ear-rings.
CADEIRA, f. f. a chair, a seat.

C A D

Cadeira de braços. See **BRAÇO**.
Espalhar da cadeira, the back of a chaise.
Cadeira que se debrá, a folding chair.
Cadeira, the hip or huckle-bone, the upper part of the thigh.
Derreado das cadeiras, hipped.
CADEIRI'NHA, f. f. a little chair; also a chair or sedan.
Sabir em cadeirinha, to go out in a chair.
CADE'LLA, f. f. a bitch.
CADELLI'NHA, f. f. a little bitch.
CADENCIA, f. f. a cadence in music, when coming to the close, two notes are bound together, and the following notes descend.
Cadencia do discurso, cadence, or fall of a discourse.
Cadencia do verso, cadence, or number of a verse.
Que tem cadencia, cadenced, numerous.
Cadencia, genius, one's temper, talent, or disposition.
Não tem cadencia para aquillo, his genius does not run that way.
CADENETAS, f. f. p. a sort of ancient needle-work, like lace.
CADERNA, or **QUADERNA**, f. f. four together.
Seis cadernas, six times four.
Cadernas, two, four, or caters, at dice.
CADERNA'L, (in a ship) a large block with more than one shiver.
CADERNO, or **QUADERNO**, four or five sheets of paper stitched together.
CADE'XO, f. m. a portion of silk that is fit to be weaved.
CADI, f. m. (among the Turks, &c.) cadi, a sort of justice of peace.
CADI'LHO, f. m. the shagged end of any thing that is woven. From the Hebrew *gadilim*, the ends of cloth.
CADI'MO, a, adj. ex. *Ladrao cadimo*, a notable thief.
CADI'NHO, f. m. a crucible, a sort of vessel in a melting house, wherein metals are melted.
CA'DIZ, the city of **CALES**, by the Romans called Gades, by the Phœnicians, Gadir, or Gaddir, i. e. an inclosure, or place hedged round. It is a famous trading city of Andalusia in Spain.
CADIZADELITAS, f. m. p. Cadizadelites, a kind of stoic sect among the Mahometants, who affect an extraordinary gravity in word and action.
CADO'Z, f. m. a deep place or hole; also the fish called a gudgeon.
Cadex que tem grande cabeça, quab, a kind of fish, called by some water-weasel.
CADUCA'DO, adj. See
CADUCAR, v. n. to be decrepit, extreme old, or crazy, to doat; also to diminish, or to grow less.
Bens que caducarao, an escheat, a wind-fall.
CADUCEADOR. See **ARAUTO**.

C A H

CADUCEO, f. m. a rod, or tip-staff, with two snakes twisted about it, Mercury's wand.
CADUCO, a, adj. doating; also weak, frail, perishable; also falling of itself without violence, or pulling.
CADUCAS *esperanças*, vain hopes.
Mal caduco, the falling sickness, epilepsy.

C A E

CAEDIÇO, a, adj. that is apt to fall down, or give way.
CAES, or **CA'IS**, f. m. the key of a river or haven.

C A F

CAFARES. See **CAFRES**.
CAFE, f. m. coffee.
CAFILA, f. f. a caravan of travellers; also a fleet of trading merchants trading at set times to any certain place. Arabic.
CAFRARIA, f. f. Cafreria, or country of the Cafres, a very large tract in the southernmost part of Africa.
CAFRES, f. m. p. the people who live in Cafreria, Caffers.
CAFU'A, ou **CAFURNA**, f. f. a dungeon, a dark and loathsome place.

C A G

CAGADO, f. m. a tortoise. There are tortoises both on the land and in the water.
Cagado, a, adj. beshit, bewrayed.
CAGA'LHO, f. m. a sort of bird.
CAGALU'ME, or **CAGALU'Z**, f. m. a worm shining by night, a glow-worm.
CAGAM, f. m. one lax of body; also a coward.
CAGANE'IRA, f. f. looseness, or lack.
CAGANITAS, f. f. as, *Caganita de cabra*, the dung of goats; *Caganita de ovelha*, sheep's dung.
CAGAR, v. a. to go to stool, to cack, to shit.
Cagar-se, v. r. ex. *Elle estava cagando se com medo*, his heart was even sunk into his breech.
Cagar duro, to have a hard stool.
CAGAROLA, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a coward.
CAGARRA'Z, f. m. See **MERGULHAM**.

C A H

CAHI'DA, f. f. a fall, ruin, misfortune; also the depression of a planet, when the planet is in a sign which is opposed to that of its exaltation. (In astrology.)
CAHI'DO, adj. See **CAHIR**.
CAHI'DOS, f. m. p. arrears, or rents unpaid.
CAHINHEZA. } See { **MISERIA**.
CAHI'NHO. } { **CAINHO**.

C A H

CAHIR, v. n. to fall, to get a fall, to trip, to fall by losing the hold of the feet.
Cabir de bruços, to fall forward.
Cabir de costas, to fall backwards.
Cabir de cabeça a baixo, to fall headlong.
Cabir ao comprido, to fall all along.
Cabirem os braços a alguém, to be disheartened.
Cabir o coração aos pés, to be without heart, as if dead.
Fazer cabir a alguém na razão, to bring one to reason.
Cabir da memoria, to slip out of one's memory.
Cabir na conta, ou na razão, to perceive the mistake.
Cabir em si, to come to one's self again.
Camo cabio elle nisso? how came he to do that?
Cabir de hum cavallo, to fall off a horse.
Cabir de forte que fique em pé, to fall upon one's feet.
Cabir em pobreza, to fall poor.
Cabir de baixo, to fall under.
Deixar cabir, to drop, or let fall.
Deixar cabir alguma coisa desfazeladamente, to lob, or let fall a thing in a slovenly manner.
Tornar a cabir, to fall again.
Cabir pelas escadas abaixo, to fall down the stairs.
Cabir de narizes, to fall down upon the face.
Cabir em descuido, to be careless.
Cabir sobre o inimigo, to fall upon the enemy, to attack the enemy. (Metaph.)
Cabir hum navio sobre o outro; it is said of ships that fall foul upon one another, as in a storm.
Cabir sobre alguém fazendo-lhe investidas, to fall foul upon one.
Cabir na desgraça de alguém, to fall under one's displeasure.
Não sey sobre quem cabirá a suspeita, I know not upon whom the suspicion will light, or fall.
Cabir em hum crime, to fall into a crime, to commit a crime.
Não se deixou cabir aquillo no chão, that did not fall to the ground, it was taken up, or taken notice of. (Metaph.)
O meu cabello cabe todo, all my hair comes off.
Cabião-lhe as lagrimas dos olhos, the tears trickled down his cheeks.
Deixar-se cabir, to get a fall, to fall.
Frutos que cabem com o vento, windfalls, fruit that is blown down by the wind.
Cabir huma estrella, to shoot as a star does.
Não cabis no que se diz, you don't understand what is said.
Cabir de fome, to starve for hunger.
Não posso cabir, em quem he um. I can't recollect who you are.
Cabir bem, to fall conveniently for one's purpose.
Os 27 de Fevereiro que cabiram em Do-

C A L

mingo, the twenty-seventh of February, which fell on a Sunday.
Cabir da causa, to be cast in law, to lose the suit. From the Lat. *causare causa*.
P. cabir da certãa na brasa, to fall out of the frying pan into the fire.

C A J

CAJADA'DA, f. f. a blow with a sheep-hook.
P. matar dous cellos de huma cajadada; we say, to kill two birds with one stone.
CAJADI'NHO, f. m. a little sheep-hook, diminut. from *Cajado*.
CAJA'DO, f. m. a sheep-hook.
CAJADO *de agoureiro*, the augur's crooked staff, wherewith he used in his office to quarter out the heavens.
CAJAO, ou **CAJON**. See **DESGRAÇA**.
CAJU, f. m. a sort of tree not very tall, but thick of boughs and leaves, the fruit is like an apple. It is singular in this, that all other sorts of fruits have the stone within, and this has it at the top, raised like a green crest.

C A I

CAIACICA, or **CAIATIA**. See **ERVA de Cobras**.
CAIBROS, the four pieces of timber at the top of the four corners of a house.
CAIÇA'LHA, f. f. a pack or multitude of dogs.
CAIMA'M, f. m. an amphibious creature like a crocodile.
CAIMBA, f. f. felley.
Caïmbas de huma roda, the fellies, or fellows of a wheel.
Caïmbas, the pieces put into the bottom of a cloak, or other round garment, to make it hang round.
CAIMBRA. See **CAMBRA**.
CAI'NHO, a, adj. (a ludicrous word) close-fisted, covetous.
CAIRE'L, f. m. a lace.
CAIRO, f. m. the outward shell of the nut of the coco-tree, othwise called the palm tree, of which in the Maldiv islands they make all their cordage and rigging for ships.
Cairo, f. m. Grand Cairo the capital of Egypt, in Africa.
CAJURI, f. m. a sort of tree like the palm-tree in India.
CAIXA, f. f. a sort of small Indian coin. See also **CAXO**.
CAIXEIRO. See **CAXEIRO**.

C A L

CA'L, f. f. lime.
Cal viva, quick-lime.
Caldear, or *derrreter a cal*, to kill-lime.
Cal amassada com areia para obras, mortar.
Obru de pedra e cal, a building made of stone and mortar.

Esta-

CAL

Estar de pedra e cal, so they call a thing that is solid and firm.
Pedra de cal, lime-stone.
Forno de cal, lime-kiln.
Cocbe de cal, a hod.
Mago de p. dreiro que leva a cal as costas no dito cocbe, a hod-man, a brick-layer's labourer.
CALA. See **CALHETA**.
CALABAÇA, f. f. See **CABAÇA**.
CALABOÇO, f. m. a dungeon.
CALABRE, f. m. a cable.
Calabre para alçar, ou guindar hum pezo, the line, or rope that runneth in a pulley.
CALABRIADO. See
CALABRIAR, v. a. ex. *Calabriar vinhos*, to mix wines, especially red and white.
CALABROTE. See **CALABRE**.
CALACARIA, f. f. truantdise, idleness, or truantship. See also **VELHACARIA**.
CALACEAR, v. n. to truant, to play the truant, to loiter about. See also **VELHAQUEAR**.
CALACEIRO. See **VADIO**, and **VELHACO**.
CALACERIA. See **CALACARIA**.
CALADA, f. f. ex. *Pela calada*, infensibly.
CALADAMENTE, or **ACALADA**, adv. without noise, silently, tacitly.
CALADO, a; adj. silent, quiet, of few words, close reserved.
Homem calado, a secret or close man that can keep a secret. See also the v. **CALAR**.
Estar calado. See **CALAR-SE**.
CALAFATE, f. m. a calker.
CALAFETADO, a; adj. See
CALAFETAR, v. a. to calk.
Calafetar hum navio, to calk a ship.
CALAFETO, f. m. oakum, or some other thing, to drive into the seams of ships to keep out the water, or calk ships; also the calking of a ship.
CALAFRIOS. See **CALEFRIOS**.
CALAIM. See **ESTANHO**.
CALALUZ, f. m. a sort of large Indian vessel with oars.
CALAM, f. m. a sort of Indian earthen vessel.
Jaramento de calam, a sort of ordeal trial, by bitter water, among the Caffres.
CALAMBA, or **CALAMBUÇO**, a very valuable sort of wood brought from the West-Indies, whereof they make heads.
CALAMIDADE. See **DESGRAÇA**.
CALAMINA, or *Pedra CALAMINAR*, the calamine stone, brass ore.
CALAMINTA, f. f. calamint, an herb.
CALAMISTRADO, a; adj. crisped, curled. Lat.
CALAMITA, f. f. load-stone, magnet; also a sort of **ESTORAQUE**, which see.
CALAMITOSO, a; adj. See **DESGRAÇADO**,

CAL

CALAMO, f. m. a straw, or stalk of corn.
Calamo aromatico, a sweet cane growing in the East-Indies, Arabia, and Syria.
CALAMOCAR. (A vulgar word.) See **FERIR**.
CALANDRA, f. f. a calender, an engine to calender cloth.
CALAR, v. a. to conceal, to keep close or secret; also to pull, to bring or let down.
Calar sua mágoa, to conceal one's grief.
Calar a boca, hold your tongue, hold your peace.
Calate que me pagaras, I'll be revenged on you, you shall pay for it.
Quem cala consente, silence gives consent.
Calar a bayoneta, to fix the bayonet in the musquet.
Calar os piques para resistir á cavallaria, to present the pikes against the cavalry.
Fazer calar, to command or impose silence, to make one hold his tongue, to stop one's mouth, to silence him.
Calar o melão, to cut a bit out of a melon, to taste it, which is customary in Portugal and Spain before they buy it.
Calar, to pierce through.
Calar, v. n. to be quiet or still, to make no noise.
Calar-se, v. r. to hold one's tongue, one's peace, or one's prating; to be silent, to forbear talking, to keep silence; also to slip or steal away.
P. que nos calamos, let us both be quiet, for we have both our own; when two have reflected hard upon one another; that is, we have both got as good as we brought.
P. ao bom calar chamão santo, good silence is called holiness; that is, to be moderate in talk is a sign of virtue, because he who talks little is not given to detraction.
CALATRAVA, a military order in Spain, instituted under Sancho III. king of Castile, when that prince took the strong fort Calatrava, from the Moors of Andalusia; he gave it to the Templars, who wanting courage to defend it, returned it him again. Dom. Raimond, native of Bureva in Navarre, abbot of the monastery of St. Mary of Hytero, and of the order of the Cistercians, accompanied with several persons of quality and courage, made offer to defend this place, which the king thereupon delivered to them, and instituted that order, in 1158, which increased so much under the reign of Alphonso, king of Castile, that the knights desired that they might have a great-master, which was consented to, and the first was don Garcia Randen.
 There are now about eighty com-

CAL

manderies of these knights in Spain, who at the beginning wore a white robe and scapulary, as the monks of the Cistercian order do. But pope Benedict XIII. dispensed with this garb, and Paul III. gave them leave to marry once.
CALÇADA, f. f. a pavement, the stones of a street or high way.
Dinheiro para concerto das calçadas, paviage.
CALÇADO, f. m. shoes, slippers, boots, &c. any thing that covers the foot and leg.
CALÇADO, a; adj. ex. *Caô calçado*, a dog with white feet.
Pombo calçado, a pigeon with hairy feet. See also the v. **CALCAR**.
CALÇADO, a; adj. See **CALCAR**.
CALÇADOR, f. m. a shoeing horn, a shoeing piece of fur, any thing that helps the shoe on.
CALÇADURO, the corn that is to be threshed upon the threshing-floor; also the vessel or place where grapes are stamped and trod for wine.
CALÇADURA, f. f. that part of a spur that surrounds the heel.
CALÇAMARES, a sort of birds by the Cape of Good Hope.
CALCANHAR, the heel, the hinder part of the foot.
CALCAR, v. a. to press, to weigh down, to tread upon; also to cram, to thrust close.
CALÇAR, v. a. to shoe, or put on the stockings; also to pave.
Calçar huma arvore. See **AMOTAR**.
Calçar a roda de hum carro, para que não cerra para baixo, to clap a stone to a wheel that it may not turn, to scott, or to scotch a wheel.
Calçar tantos fentos, to wear a shoe of such a size.
Calçar-se, v. r. to put on one's shoes, stockings, &c.
CALÇAS, f. f. p. a leg-harness, or greaves.
CALCEDONIA, a kind of onyx-stone, called chalcedony.
CALCETA, f. f. a fetter, or shackle for the feet.
CALCETEIRO, f. m. he who makes or sells **CALÇAS**, which see; also a paviour.
CALCEZ, f. m. a step in a ship, that piece of timber whereon the mast or capstans stand.
CALCINAÇÃO, f. m. calcination, reducing to powder.
CALCINADO, a; adj. See
CALCINAR, v. a. to calcine, to burn to a cinder.
Calcinar com detonação, to detonise, to calcine with detonation.
CALÇOENS, f. m. p. breeches.
CALCORREAR, v. n. (in cant) to run very fast.
CALCOS, (in cant) the shoes.
CALCULADO, a; adj. See
CALCULAR, v. a. to calculate, to reckon or compute.
CALCULO, f. m. calculation, computation,

CAL

putation, reckoning, account; also a little pebble, or great stone, such as the ancients used to reckon with; also the stone in the reins or bladder.

CALCURRIA'DO. See **CALCURRIA'R**, v. n. See **CALCORREAR**.

CALDA *de conserva*, the juice of fruits seasoned with sugar.

CALDAS, f. f. p. hot-baths, hot-waters.

CALDEADO, a, adj. See

CALDEAR, v. a. ex. *Caldear o ferro*, to make iron hot, to work it so.

Caldear a cal. See **CAL**. See also **CONFIRMAR**. (Metaph.)

CALDEIRA, f. f. a kettle, a seether, a boiler, a pot; also a cauldron or kettle, in which wool is dyed, a dying vat.

Pixe caldeira, a grampus.

Caldeira de cisterna, a hollow place in the bottom or pavement of a cistern.

Cemterar caldeiras, taxos, &c. to tinker.

Caldeira, (in agriculture) a little ditch, or trench made round the trees, to keep the water in.

Caldeira de Pedro botebo, it signifies hell. Covarrubias supposes this. Mr. Peter, &c. was some dyer who had a vast great kettle.

CALDEIRA'DA, f. f. a kettle full.

CALDEIRA'M, f. m. a large kettle; also a great fish called a whirlpool, a kind of whale.

CALDEIRA'M, (in music) a print that denotes a cadence, and is marked thus *Q*.

CALDEIREIRO, f. m. a braiser.

Caldeireiro que concerta taxos, caldeiras, &c. pelas ruas, a tinker, a mender of vessels of brass, &c.

CALDEIRI'NHA, f. f. a little kettle, diminut. from *Caldeira*.

CALDI'NHO, f. m. small broth, diminut. from **CALDO**.

CALDO, f. m. broth.

Hir as caldo, to repair for alms to the monasteries, &c. See **SOPA**.

CALÉ, the ancient name of Oporto, or Port à Port, a city and well known sea-port of Entre Douro e Minho, in Portugal.

CALECUT, f. m. Calicut a town and kingdom in the East-Indies, in the country of Malabar, in the Peninsula on this side Ganges. The Portuguese gained there very great victories about the end of the last century; and it was the first place they landed at in 1498, when they found the way to India by the Cape of Good Hope.

CALEDONIA, f. f. Caledonia. that part of Scotland lying on the north of the Firth of Forth.

CALEDONIO, or **CALIDONIO**, a, adj. of, or belonging to Caledonia, or Scotland.

Silva Caledonia, the forest on the mountain Grantzbaine, in Scotland.

CALEFRIOS, **CALAFRIOS**, f. m. p. shivering, or cold fits, such a

CAL

shuddering and quivering as precedes an ague fit; horror.

CALEIRO, or **CATEIRO**, f. m. a lime-maker.

CALEJA'DO, a, adj. See

CALEJA'R-SE, v. r. to wax hard, or callous.

CALENDAS, f. m. p. calends, the first days of every month. Greek. It is also taken for the eve-day before some festival or holiday.

CALENDARIO, f. m. a calendar or political distribution of time, accommodated to use, and taken from the motions of the heavenly bodies; an almanack.

CALÉS, in Latin *Caletum*, Calais, a fortified town in the county of Oye, in the government of Picardy and Artois, in France, with a harbour on the English Channel, on the straight called Pas de Calais, which is between six and seven French leagues or twenty-two English miles broad, to Dover in Kent.

CALETE. See **TEMPERAMENTO**.

CALEXE, f. m. a calash, or chariot. French.

CALHA, f. f. (at nine pins) the space between one row and the other.

CALHAMAÇO, f. m. a sort of coarse linen-cloth.

CALHANDRA, f. f. a lark.

CALHANDREIRA, f. f. a woman that cleans the clove stool-pan.

CALHANDRO. See **BACIO**, and **CALHANDRA**.

CALHA'O, f. m. a flint-stone.

Duro como calbás, hard as flint.

CALHE, (in a garden) a walk; also a mill-lead.

CALHETA, f. f. a small creek, bay, or station for ships.

CALIBRE, or **CALIBER**, the diameter of the mouth of a gun; also the weight of a bullet.

Calibre, (metaph.) fort, quality, power.

CALIÇA, f. f. rubble, or rubbish of old ruinous houses, fallen to the ground.

CALICE. See **CALIS**.

CALIDA'DE, f. f. quality, condition, nature.

Boa calidade, good sort or quality, qualification, accomplishment.

Má calidade, an ill or bad quality, a bad sort.

Calidade, quality, noble birth.

Calidade, (among philosophers) quality, any property or affection of a being, whereby it affects our senses so and so, and acquires such a denomination.

Calidade, quality, title.

Elle não tem as calidades necessarias para isso, he is not qualified for that.

CALIDO, a, adj. See **QUENTE**.

CALIDONIO. See **CALEDONIO**.

CALIFA, **CALIFE**, or **CALIPHA**, a caliph, the title of the successors of Mahomet, in the sovereignty. Arabic.

CAL

CALIFA'DO, the dignity of a caliph.

CALIFICACAM, or **QUALIFICACAM**, f. f. the exact judgment or censure of any thing, or person; also an argument, a reason, a proof.

CALIFICADO, a, adj. qualified; well tried, approved, excellent; also substantial, sufficient, creditable, of good account. See also the v. **CALIFICAR**.

CALIFICADOR, f. m. he who qualifies, describes, or gives the character of.

Calificador, or **QUALIFICADOR do santo officio**, qualificator, a divine appointed to qualify, or declare the quality of a proposition brought before the inquisition in Portugal, &c.

CALIFICAR, v. act. to qualify, to declare good or bad; also to make noble, or illustrious.

Calificar-se, v. r. to make one's self reputable, or noble.

CALIFICATIVO, a, adj. that qualifies, or gives the character of.

CALIFORNIA, f. f. California, a peninsula, confining on the Pacific Ocean, to the north-west and south, and also the gulf of the same name, which separates it from Mexico in North America.

CALIGEM, f. f. dimness.

CALIGINOSO, a, adj. dark, milky, dim, full of obscurity.

CALIS, or **CALIZ**, f. m. a chalice, such as the priest uses at mass. See also **CADIZ**.

CALLAR. See **CALAR**.

CALLIOPE, f. f. Calliope, one of the Muses.

CALMA, f. f. hot, the heat. See also **BONANÇA**.

Faz calma, it is hot.

Abraçar com calma, to be burning hot.

Vão as calmas diminuindo, the heat abates.

CALMADO. See

CALMAR, v. act. (a vulgar word) to strike, to beat.

CALMOU-me na cabeça, he struck me on the head.

CALMARTA, f. f. a calm, when the sea is quiet and still, without the least breath of wind.

CALMORREAR, (A ludicrous word.) See **CALMAR**.

CALMO SO, a, adj. very hot.

CALO, or **CALLO**, f. m. a hard skin, a skin hardened with too much labour.

CALOS nos dedos dos pés, corns on the toes.

Ter feito calos no trabalho, to be inured to labour.

Ter feito calos no vicio, (metaph.) to be hardened in vice.

Ter feito calo na paciencia, to be inured to suffer.

Paõ de calo, bread made of dough that has been too much kneaded, and has no eyes after being baked.

C A M

CALOMELA'NOS, f. m. calomel, or prepared quick-silver.
CALO'R, f. m. heat, warmth.
Dar calor, to make hot, or warm.
Dar calor, (metaph.) to favour, to countenance.
Dar calor à guerra, to set the war on foot again.
Tomar calor, to grow hot.
Tomar calor, (metaph.) to be renewed.
Com calor, fervently, vehemently, ardently.
CALOSO, or **CALLOSO**, a, adj. full of corns, or hard skinned, callous.
CALOSTRO. See **COLOSTRO**.
CALOTE, f. m. a trick, a wile; as *pregar hum calete a algum*, to trick, or to put a trick upon one. It is particularly said of those that borrow money, &c. and do not pay it.
CALOTEAR, v. n. to trick, or to put a trick upon one. See **CALOTE**.
CALOTEROS, f. m. p. Caloyers, or Calogers, a sort of monks in Greece, and elsewhere.
CALVA, f. f. the head of a bald-pated man.
CALVARIO, f. m. Calvary, a mountain without the city of Jerusalem, where Christ our Saviour was crucified, so called from the skulls of dead men found there; also a sort of ancient Portuguese coin, in the reign of John III.
Prigar ou fazer hum calvario á algum, to put a cheat upon one.
CALUDA, (a vulgar interjection) but hush, or mum for that, not a word of the pudding, be sure to keep counsel.
CALVETE, f. m. a pointed stake, used to impale people.
CALUMNIA, f. f. a calumny, a slander, a false accusation; also Calumny, an Athenian deity, in honour of whom they built a temple.
Juramento de calumnia, (a law term) the oath the plaintiff takes that he does not bring his suit out of malice.
CALUMNIADO, a, adj. See **CALUMNIAR**.
CALUMNIADOR, f. m. a slanderer.
CALUMNIADORA, f. f. she which accuseth falsely, a slanderous woman.
CALUMNIAR, v. a. to accuse, or charge falsely, to slander. See also **CONDENAR**.
CALUMNIO SO, a, adj. slanderous.
CALVO, a, adj. bald, without hair; also without leaves, or trees.
Fazer se calvo, to grow bald.
CALURO SO, ex. O *caluroso do tempo*, the heat of the weather.
CALYPHA. See **CALIFA**.
CALYPSO, f. f. Calypso, the daughter of Oceanus, or, as others, of Atlas and Tethys.

C A M

CAMA, f. f. a bed; also any thing

C A M

that is strewed, all that is laid on a bed, as a rug, coverlet, &c.
Cama do melão, the bed a melon grows on.
Fazer a cama a hum negocio, to contrive, the compassing of a business.
Estar de cama, to lie sick a-bed.
Que esta de cama, bed-rid.
Hir para a cama, to go to bed.
Estarna cama, to lie a bed.
Cama, or **camada de cal**, a lay of mortar.
Cama de dormir a festa, or **ripaça**, a bed of ease, or couch, a day-bed.
Cama do cavallo e outros semelhantes animaes, litter, or straw laid under beasts.
Cama de javali, the slough of a wild boar.
Cama de raposa, **loba**, &c. a den or place where beasts resort to lie.
Cama de urado ou cerça, the lodge of a deer, the lair of a stag.
Cama de penas, a feather-bed.
Cama de noivos, a bride or nuptial bed.
Cabeceira da cama, the bed's-head.
Pêr da cama, the bed's-feet.
Cama do feitio de guarda-roupa, a press-bed.
Cama que de dia serve de mesa, a table-bed.
Cama que se fazia de dia e servia de banco, a settle-bed.
Lado da cama, bed-side.
Primeira cama de fruta ou flores, the first fruits or flowers of some plants that bear them more than once a year.
Lançar camas de sal, to salt, as people do in curing fish, salting beef, &c.
CAMA'DA, an eruption, or breaking out into pimples, as it happens in the small-pox, itch, &c. See also **CAMA**.
Grande camada de catarro, a great cold. See also **CAMA**.
CAMAFEO, f. m. any precious stone with figures in it.
CAMA'LDULAS, f. f. p. a sort of chaplet of beads.
CAMALDULENSE, adj. ex. *congregação camaldulense*, Camaldoli, a religious order, founded by Sr. Romuald about the end of the tenth century.
CAMALEAM, f. m. caméléon, a creature like a lizard, frequenting the rocks, living on the air or flies, which, as it is said, can turn himself into all colours but red and white.
Camaleam, (metaph.) a person that is only taken with show and parade.
CAMALHAM, de *lavoura*, a ridge, or piece of land lying between two furrows, whereon the corn groweth.
CAMA'M, f. m. a kind of bird with long red legs and bill, that drinketh as if he bit the water. Lat. *porphyrio*.
CAMARA, f. f. a bed-chamber. Greek. See also **OFFICIAL**.

C A M

Mogo da camara, a valet de chambre.
Camara de ferro. See **GRILHAM**.
Camara, a place of public council, a town house, the house in which the corporation of a town or city meets; also the chief magistrate or corporation of a town or city.
Camara, (in gunnery) the chamber of a gun.
Camara, ou senado da camara, the senate.
Camara do senado, the senate-house.
Camara, a sort of herb in the Brasils.
CAMARABAN DO, f. m. a sort of girdle.
CAMARA'DA, f. m. a companion, a comrade, a fellow-foldier; also company, crew.
CAMARAM, f. m. a shrimp, a prawn; also a sort of grapes.
CAMARAS, f. m. p. a looseness, a flux.
Fazer camaras. See **CAGAR**.
CAMARASINHA, a little bed-chamber, diminut. from **Camara**.
CAMARÇAM, f. m. a little copse or wood; also any sandy land.
CAMARÇO, (in some game at cards) ex. *Dar camarço*, to get all the tricks.
Ficar camarço, (metaph.) to be at a stand, not to know what to say.
Camarço, (metaph.) blow, misfortune, cross, accident, sickness.
CAMAREIRA, f. f. a lady of the bed-chamber to the queen.
CAMAREIRO, f. m. a valet de chambre; also a close-stool.
Camareiro mor, a chamberlain, the first officer of the king's bed-chamber.
CAMARENTO, a, adj. lax of body, loose with flux.
CAMARIM, f. m. a jewel-house.
CAMARINHAS, f. f. p. the fruit of a kind of shrub that grows wild in Portugal, and almost in shape like wild currants.
CAMARISTA, f. m. he who serves as a **CAMAREIRO mor**, which see.
CAMAROTE, f. m. a cabin in a ship; also a box in a play-house.
Camarote, que está de huma parte ou lado na casa da comedia, a side-box.
CAMARTELLO, f. m. a sort of pick-ax and large hammer at the same time, to break stones with.
CAMBA'DA, f. f. it is said of things that are threaded as a needle.
Cambada de peixes, fishes that hang together on a twig, or cord.
CAMBADELLA, f. f. a tumbling trick.
CAMBA'DO, a, adj. See **CAMBAYO**.
CAMBALIA. See **CAMBAYA**.
CAMBALACHA. See **TRAMOYA**.
CAMBAPE, f. m. a trip, or the Cornish hug.
Dar hum cambapé a algum, to trip one up, to trip up his heels.

CAM-

C A M

CAMBA'R, v. n. to straddle, to go straddling. See also **TROCAR**.
CAMBAS, f. f. p. the pieces that make the round of a wheel, called the fellies. See also **NESGAS**.
CAMBA'YO, f. m. bow-legged, that goeth shambling, or shawling.
CAMBETAS, f. f. p. staggering, reeling.
CAMBETEADO. See
CAMBETEAR, v. n. to stagger, to reel.
CAMBIADO, a, adj. See **CAMBIAR**.
CAMBIADOR, f. m. a money-changer, a banker.
CAMBIANTES. (In painting.) See **COR**, and **FURTACORES**.
CAMBIAR, or *dar a cambio*, to put out money to use.
CAMBIO, f. m. exchange, trucking; also change, or the profit of a banker, use-money.
Letra de cambio, a bill of exchange.
O cambio esta muito alto, the change is very high.
Dar a cambio, to put out money to use, or to lend it out upon use.
Tomar a cambio, to take up money at interest.
Cambo, f. m. a hook, or fork. See also **CAMBIO**.
Cambo de peixes. See **CAMBADA**.
CAMBOAS, f. m. p. (in the province of Minho) a fish-garth, a dam, or wear in the sea coast, made for the taking of fish.
CAMBOLI'M, f. m. a sort of cloak for the rainy-weather. See also **BUREL**.
CAM'BRA, or **CA'IMBRA**, f. f. a kind of cramp; stiffness of the nerves.
Cambrá, ou espinheiro alvar. See **ALVAR**.
CAMBRAY, cambric, so called because first brought from Cambray, in the Low-Countries.
CAMBRIDGE, Cambridge, in Latin *Castabrigia*, the capital of a county in England of the same name. It is an university; and the library contains about forty-four thousand books.
CAMBROENS, f. m. p. way-thorn, buck-thorn.
CAMBULHA'DA, f. f. (a vulgar term) a heap of things of the same kind.
CAMBULI'M. See **CAMBOLIM**.
CAMEDRYS, f. m. p. an herb called water-germander.
CAMELEAM. See **CAMALEAM**.
CAMELETE, a sort of cannon, diminut. from *Camelo*.
CAMELO, f. m. a camel; also a sort of cannon formerly used.
Palha de camelo. See **PALHA**.
CAMELOPARDAL, f. m. a beast like a camel and a panther; also a constellation by Calliopea.
CAMENAS, f. f. p. (in poetry) the Muses.
CAMERA. } See } **CAMARA**.
CAMERAM. } See } **CAMARAM**.
CAMERA'RIO, ex. *Corpo camerario*,

C A M

a part of the brain which is in the uppermost hollow of the skull. (In anatomy.)
Camérario, f. m. an ancient dignity in the episcopal churches.
CAMERIRO mor. See **CAMAREIRO**.
CAMERINHAS. See **CAMARINHAS**.
CAMERISTA. See **CAMARISTA**.
CAMERLENGO, f. m. the pope's great chamberlain.
CAMILHA, f. f. a couch, or pallet-bed.
CAMINHA. See **CAMILHA**.
CAMINHA'DO, a, adj. See **CAMINHAR**.
CAMINHA'NTE, f. m. a traveller, a way-faring man.
CAMINHAR, v. n. to travel, to go, to walk.
CAMINHEIRO, f. m. a man sent on purpose, as an express, or a courier.
CAMINHO, f. m. a way, a road, space to go from one place to another; also way, means, expedient course. (Metaph.)
Caminho, or estrada real, the king's high-way, a great road.
Caminho frequentado, a common beaten way.
Caminho estreito, a little narrow way, a path.
Lugar em que se encontram dois, tres, quatro, &c. caminhos, a place where two, three, four, &c. ways meet, a cross-way.
Porfe a caminho, to set out on a journey, to begin a journey.
Andar caminho, to go on, or forward in one's journey.
Adiantar caminho, the same.
Hum dia de caminho, a day's journey.
Não leva esse caminho, that is not likely.
Caminho dos carros, the cart-way.
Ir fora do caminho, to be out of the way, either really in travelling, or to err in opinion, or in one's methods.
Tornar ao caminho, to return into the right way; (metaph.) to be reduced to reason.
Estais fora do caminho, you are out of the way.
Perder-se no caminho, to go out of one's way.
Caminho reím por causa das riuvas, a deep way.
Caminho que custa a subir, a craggy, or steep way.
Caminho de santiago, that part of the sky called the milky way.
Eu fui andando mim caminho e não disse uma palavra, I went my way, and said not a word.
Não sei que caminho hei de tomar, I know not which way to turn myself. (Metaph.)
Por que caminho hizeis? which way do you go?
Mostrar o caminho a algum, (metaph.) to shew one the way, to give him an example.

C A M

Vay pelo teu caminho, go your ways.
Falta-nos ainda muito caminho ate lá, we are a great way off, or we have a great way thither yet.
Impedir o caminho a algum, to stand in one's way.
Ir de caminho, to travel.
De caminho, by the way.
Vay de caminho, go, make haste.
Pobre que pede pelas caminhas sem ter caza, a way-goer, a lazy beggar, a mumper.
O que tem cuidado das caminhas publicas, the overseer of the highways.
Partir, or ir caminho de França, to go towards France.
De hum so caminho, by the way, at the same time.
Ella está no caminho seguro para enriquecer, he is in a fair way to raise his fortune.
Tomar mau caminho, to take, or follow bad courses.
Não sei que caminho levou, I do not know what is become of it.
Isto não leva caminho, this wont do.
P. fazer de hum caminho dois maridos; we say, to kill two birds with one stone.
P. por toda a parte ha hum pedaço de mau caminho, whatsoever way you go, you'll meet with some inconveniency. When a business is cross and difficult every way.
CAMI'SA, f. f. a shirt, St. Isidorus, lib. xix. cap. 22. says, *Camifias, vocamus quod in his dormimus in camis, id est, in stratis nostris*; also a plaster, or plaiting. (In the mason's-work.)
Camisa de mulher, a smock, a woman's shift.
Deixar á hum homem em camisa, to strip a man to his shirt.
Fugir em camisa, to run away in one's shirt.
Que não tem camisas, lack linen, wanting shirts.
Camisa de cobra, the slough, or cast skin of a snake.
Camisa, (in fortifications) a narrow wall round a castle.
CAMISOTE, f. m. a fine shirt with ruffles.
CAMOE'ZA, f. f. a pippin.
Maccira camoeza, the pippin-tree.
CA'MPA, f. f. a grave-stone; also a small bell.
CAMPA'DO, a, adj. See **CAMPAR**.
CAMPAI'NHA, f. f. a little bell.
Campainha da boca, (in anatomy) the uvula.
Campainha abatida, columella, an inflammation of the uvula, when it is extended in length like a little column.
Campainha, the herb withwind, or bind-weed.
Campainhas, the herb bell-flower.
Campainha, (metaph.) a publisher, proclaimer, or setter forth of things.
CAMPA L, adj. ex. *Bata ba campal*, a pitched battle.

C A M

CAMPANA. See **ELLENA** campana.
CAMPANADO, *a*, adj. campaniform, shaped something like a bell.
CAMPANARIO, *f. m.* a sceptre, a bellry.
CAMPANHA, *f. f.* (a military word) a campaign, a field expedition, or summer's war.
Meter-se em campanha, to begin the campaign, to open the field.
Pisa de campanha, a field-piece.
CAMPANIL, *f. m.* copper. Lat. *cyprum æs*.
CAMPANUDO, *a*, adj. fine, excellent, spruce.
Palavras campanudas, big words.
CAMPAR. See **AQUARTELLAR**; also to shine, to be remarkable, to look gay.
CAMPEADO, *a*, adj. See **CAMPEAR**.
CAMPEADOR. See **CAMPEAM**.
CAMPEAM, or **CAMPLAM**, *f. m.* a champion.
CAMPEAR, *v. n.* to encamp; also to command. (Metaph.)
Castillo que campea sobre algum lugar, a castle that commands a place.
Campear, to shine, to be remarkable; also to reign, to sway, or bear sway, to predominate, to have the upper hand; also to cope with one, to strive with.
CAMPECHE, *f. m.* a city and a seaport in the province of Yucatan, in North America, in nineteen degrees of north latitude, and fifty leagues south-west of the city of Merida. This place gives its name to the Compechio-wood, otherwise called log-wood, or block-wood, used in dying.
CAMPESTRE, adj. belonging to the field, rude, rustic, campestrial.
CAMPHORA. See **CANFORA**.
CAMPIDO, *a*, adj. See **CAMPPIR**.
CAMPINA, *f. f.* a campaign, a plain; they also say, *Terra campina*, a flat open country.
CAMPINHO, *f. m.* a little field, diminut. from *Campo*.
CAMPPIR, *v. a.* is for painters to put the sky parts in a picture after drawing it.
CAMPO, *f. m.* a field; also a camp, or army, the field for armies, and the field in heraldry; also space, room, opportunity, time.
Campo lavrado, mas ainda não semeado, land ploughed, but unsown.
Campo que se lavra a primeira vez na primavera, e que se deixa descansar até o outono, land that hath been fallow, and is turned in the spring, and resteth till the autumn.
Campo que se deixa descansar hum anno depois da primeira lavra, land that resteth a year after the first ploughing.
Campo que se lavra e em que se semea

todos os annos, land that is sown and tilled every year.

Nos passamos o inverno na cidade, e o verão no campo, we passed the winter in town, and the summer in the country.

Homem do campo, a country-man.

Mulher do campo, a country-woman.

Ir para o campo, to go into the country.

Sabir a campo, to take the field, to begin the battle.

Viver no campo, to live in the country.

Vida do campo, a country-life.

Casa do campo, a country-house.

Affentar o campo, to pitch one's camp.

Levantar o campo, to decamp, to go from, to break up the camp, to march off.

A acçam de deixar o campo, decampment, a decamping or marching off.

Ficamos senhores do campo, we won the field, we remained masters of the field.

Perder, or deixar o campo, to lose the day.

Campo volante, a flying camp.

Campo de desafio, camp, or lists, the place where camp-fights were anciently fought.

Cousa pertencente ao campo, ou arrayal, of, or pertaining to the camp, or field, to the army or war.

Mestre de campo, See **MESTRE**.

Campo, (metaph.) a large subject to treat of, a field of discourse.

Campos Elysios, the Elysian fields, where the poets feigned the souls of good men went to rest.

Campo de Ourique, a place in Portugal, famous for a signal victory obtained there by king Alphonso, against five Moorish kings.

CAMPONEZ, *a*, adj. pertaining to the country, rustical, rural; also plain, simple.

Camponês, *f. m.* a country-man.

CAMPONEZA, *f. f.* a country-woman.

CAMSINHO, a little-dog, diminut. from *Caô*.

CAMURÇA, *f. f.* shamois, or chamois, a kind of wild goat.

Que tem cor de camurça, of the colour of shamois leather.

Pelle de camurça, shamois, chamois, or chamoy's leather, commonly called shammy, the skin of a kind of wild goat.

C A N

C'ANA, or **CANNA**, *f. f.* a cane, a reed.

Nó da cana, the knot or joint of a cane.

O espaço, que ha entre hum nó e outro nas canas, the space between two knots in a cane.

Cana do trigo, halm, or haulm, the stem or stalk of corn.

Cana de pescar, a fishing-rod.

Cana da perna, the shin, the fore part of the leg.

Cana de açúcar, a sugar-cane.

C A N

Cana do bofe. See **ARTERIA aspera**.
Cana do leme, the whip, or whip-staff, a piece of timber fastened in the helm, thereby to move the helm and steer the ship.

Cana da Índia, or *Bengala*, a fine Indian cane.

CANABRA'S, or **CANNABRAS**, *f. f.* cow-parsnip, a plant.

CANA'DA, *f. f.* a measure in Portugal containing three English pints; also a by-way for carts, not a main road.

CANAFISTULA, *f. f.* purging cassia, or budding-pipe tree.

CANAFRECHA, or **CANNAFRECHA**, *f. f.* an herb like big fennel, and may be called fennel-giant.

CANA'L, *f. m.* a trunk, or pipe for the conveyance of water; a canal, or kennel.

Canal de Inglaterra, the English-channel.

Canal de huma columna, the channel of a pillar.

Canal, a town belonging to the province of Alentejo, in Portugal, famous for the signal victory obtained over the Spaniards in the year 1663.

CANA'LHA, *f. f.* the rabble, the multitude, the mob. From *Caô*, a dog, as if no better than dogs.

CANAMO. See **LINHO**.

CANAPE, *f. m.* a sofa.

CANARIAS, *f. f. p.* the Canaries, a cluster of seven islands, which lie in the Atlantic Ocean. They were first discovered by the Carthaginians; since which time they lay long concealed, till the Spaniards again discovered them in 1403, and are still in the possession of them. They are called *Fortunadas*, i. e. fortunate.

CANARI'M, *f. m.* a sort of low Indian officer.

CANARIO, *f. m.* a Canary-bird.

Canarios pequeninos, que ainda não podem comer por si mesmos, pulvers, Canary-birds that are new flown, and cannot feed themselves.

CANAS, the plural of **CANA**, which see.
Jogo das canas, a sport or exercise used by gentlemen on horse-back, representing a fight, with reeds instead of lances.

Correr as canas, to make such a representation.

Canas, a pitiful village of Apulia, in the kingdom of Naples and territories of Bari, near the river Ausidus; noted for a great overthrow which Hannibal gave to the Romans there, wherein about forty thousand men were slain; and among them such a number of gentry, that he sent to Carthage three bushels of rings, as a testimony of the victory.

CANASTRA, *f. f.* a great basket. Greek.

Canastra, a dorse, dorse, or dosser, a pannier or basket, to carry things on horseback.

Costas de canastra, so the vulgar call a person that has good broad shoulders.

Tejuar

CAN

CAN

CAN

Jejuar pelas almas das canaistras, (a vulgar phrase) it is said of one that does not keep his fast.

CANASTREIRO, f. m. he who makes canaistras: a basket-maker.

CANASTRINHA, f. f. a little basket, diminut. from *Canastra*.

CANAVIAL, f. m. a place where reeds or canes grow.

CANCABURRADA, (A ludicrous word.) See **PARVOICE**.

CANÇAO, f. m. weariness, tire-someness.

CANÇADINHO, a, adj. somewhat weary, diminut. from *Cançado*.

CANÇADO, a, adj. tired, weary, spent, worn out, fatigued; also toilsome, wearisome, fatiguing, requiring much pains; also languishing, faint.

Terra cançada, it is said of the land, which by continual sowing falls into impoverishment.

Cançado, (in painting) it is said of a picture that is made with too much nicety, or exactness. See also the v. **CANÇAR**.

CANCANA'S, (In India.) See **BRACELLETE**.

CANÇAM, f. f. a fong.

CANÇAR, v. a. to tire, to weary. From the Lat. *quassare*, to shake.

Cançar-se, v. r. to be weary, to be tired.

Cançar-se demasiadamente, to plow one's self weary.

Não vos canceis, don't trouble yourself.

CANCEIRA, f. f. See **CANÇAO**.

CANCELLA, f. f. an iron or wooden gate, consisting of pieces or bars, which hinder the access to the place, but not the sight; as the doors of iron bars used in gardens or the like.

CANCELLADO, a. See

CANCELLAR, v. a. to blot out, to cancel, to cross out, to score.

CANCELLARIO, or *Cancellário maximo*; a sort of dignity in the university of Coimbra, in Portugal.

CANCER, or **CANCRO**, f. m. a canker, an eating, or a spreading sore; also cancer, one of the twelve celestial signs.

Cancer, (metaph.) a troublesome person, a disturber.

CANCERADO. See **CANCEROSO**.

Cancerado, (metaph.) inveterate, confirmed by long use, grown into a custom.

CANCEROSO, a, adj. afflicted with the canker.

CANCIONEIRO, f. m. a book of songs, rhymes, &c.

CANCRO. See **CANCER**.

CANCROSO. See **CANCEROSO**.

CANDAIA, f. f. a sort of covering for the legs. It is now out of fashion.

CANDAR, a sort of a square stone that comes from Candahar, in Persia, from whence it takes the name; it is good to expel the after-birth.

CANDEA, or *Candea de garavato*, a lamp, and particularly a little sort of lamp made of iron, open, and hanging by a long hook, with which servants light themselves about the house, and when they do not go about, they hang it upon the same hook in the kitchen.

Trabalhar á candea, to lucubrate, to do any thing by candle light.

P. de noite á candea, a burra parece donzella, at night by the lamp the she-ass looks like a maid; that is, the eyes are soonest deceived by candle-light.

Festa, ou procissão das candelas. See **CANDELARIA**.

Candea de castanheiro, the flower of the chestnut-tree.

Essar de candelas às avessas com alguém, to be at variance, or discord, to disagree. It is also said of things, but very seldom.

CANDEINHA, f. m. a small lamp. See **CANDEA**.

Fazerem os olhos candeinhas, or *Trazerem candeinhas nos olhos*; it is said of drunkards, to whom the number of lights appears to be increased, to see double.

CANDELABRO, f. m. a candlestick. It is used in poetry, but very seldom in prose.

Candelabro, (metaph.) an exemplary person.

CANDELARIA, f. f. the petty mulien, wool-blade, torch-weed, or high-taper, unwore; also candlemas, the feast of the Purification of the Blessed Virgin; the second of February.

CANDENTE, adj. glowing, burning.

CANDENTISSIMO, a, adj. red-hot.

CANDIAL, ex. *Trigo candial*, the best wheat, which makes the finest bread.

CANDIDAMENTE, adv. sincerely, candidly, in earnest.

CANDIDATO, f. m. a candidate, one who offers himself for preferment.

CANDIDEZA. See **CANDURA**.

CANDIDO, a, adj. white, pure, sincere; also of good morals.

CANDIEIRADA, f. f. a sudden effusion of oil from a lamp; also a spot of lamp oil.

CANDIEIRO, f. m. a sort of lamp.

Candieiro das trevas, a sconce made of three pieces of wood set in a triangle, fixed upon a high foot with the point of the triangle up, and down the two sides there are fourteen candles, and one on the top point, which burn at the tenebre, or matins, sung in the churches in the evenings on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday in the holy week.

Candieiro, (in fortification) canditeos, or frames to lay faggots and brushwood on, to cover the work-men.

Canditeos, (in the province of Beira) icicles.

Canditeiro de castanheiro. See **CANDEA**.

CANDIL, adj. ex. *Açúcar candil*, or *candi*, sugar-candy.

Candil, (an Indian term) a weight of half a tun; it is also a small sort of coin at Ormus, an island at the entrance of the Persian gulph, or strait of Ormus, in Asia.

Trigo candil. See **CANDIAL**.

CANDONGA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a pretended and dissembled complaisance. See also **TRAPAÇA**.

CANDONGUEIRO, f. m. a flatterer. See also **TRAPACEIRO**.

CANDO'R, f. m. whiteness, shining whiteness.

CANDURA, f. f. the same thing; also uprightness, sincerity, plain dealing, candor.

CANECA, f. f. a mug.

CANEJA, f. f. a fish so called.

Besta canja, a slender shanked beast.

CANEIRO, f. m. a narrow passage; or channel for the fish to pass through. See **DIQUE**.

CANELA, f. f. cinnamon.

Canela de fiado. See **CINILHA**.

Canela da perna. See **CANA da perna**.

Água de canela, cinnamon-water.

CANELADA, f. f. a blow on the shin.

CANELA'M, f. m. a sort of parsley.

CANELLO, f. m. a piece of a horse-shoe.

CANELOENS, f. m. p. great long comfits, with pieces of cinnamon mixed in it; so they also call the pieces of citron covered with sugar, and some other dainties which made part of a festival, which the maids celebrated on the eve of their marriage-day.

CANEMO. See **LINHO Canemo**.

CANEPHORIA, f. f. canephoris, a ceremony among the Athenians.

CANEQUIM, f. f. a thin sort of linen, like muslin, made of cotton.

CANFORA, f. f. camphor, a sort of oriental gum.

CANGA, f. f. a yoke for oxen.

Canga, the porters poles that ease them in carrying a burthen.

CANGADO, a, adj. See **CANGAR**.

CANGALHAS, f. m. p. the frames which men have on their beasts to carry great pitchers, or jars of water on. It is also used in a ludicrous sense for a pair of spectacles.

CANGALHEIRA guria, a pitcher fit to be carried in the same frames.

CANGALHO de peras, maçãs, &c. a little branch with three, four, or more pears, apples, &c. on it.

CANGALHOS, two pieces of wood on both sides of the oxen's neck, to keep it fast under the yoke.

CANGAR, v. a. ex. *Cangar as beys*, to put the oxen under the yoke; also,

CAN

also to cheat, to put a cheat upon one. (Metaph.)
Ficar cangado, (a low expression) to be disappointed, to be amazed, to be cheated.
CANGARILHA'DA, (A ludicrous word) See *TRAPAÇA*.
CANGIRAM, f. m. a jug for wine.
CANGO STA, f. f. (in the province of Beira) a steep lane or alley.
CANGREJO. See *CARANGUEJO*.
CANHA. See *CANHOTO*.
CANHAMA'ÇO, f. m. a sort of coarse cloth.
CANHAMETRA, f. f. a kind of wild mallows, marsh-mallows.
CANHAM, f. m. a cannon, or a great gun, or a piece of ordnance.
Canham de ferro, iron cannon.
Canham de bronze, brass cannon.
A alma d. canham. See *ALMA*.
O fogam do canham, the touch-hole of a cannon.
Pedago de estopa, ou cousta semelhante para meter no fogam do canham, a fidd.
Cuberta de chumbo para cubrir o fogam do canham, an apron, or a piece of lead which covers the touch-hole of a cannon.
Culatra do canham, the breech of a cannon.
Botaõ, ou extremidade da culatra do canham, the pummel, or hindmost round knob at the breech of a great gun, called the calcabel-deck.
Bala de canham, a cannon-bullet.
Carreta do canhaõ, the carriage of a cannon.
Estar a tiro de canham, to be within cannon-shot.
Pulvera de canham, gun-powder.
Desparar hum canham, to let off, or shoot off a great gun.
Eu ouvi alguns tiros de canham, I heard some great guns go off.
Tiro de canham, a cannon-shot, or cannon-bullet.
Lugar onde affusta a pulvera no canham, the barrel of a gun.
Canham encolumbrinado, a sort of culverin, from thirty to forty pounders and more.
Mey: canham bastardo, a piece of ordnance, from sixteen to twenty pounder.
Canham real, a cannon royal, a cannon of eight.
Mey: canham, a demy-cannon.
Canham dobrado, a double cannon.
Canham para bater huma praça, a cannon for battery.
Canham de vinte e quatro, a twenty-four pounder.
Canham da bota, that part of the boot that covers the ham of one's leg behind the knee upwards.
Canham do vestido, a cuff.
Canham do freys, the cannon of a bit.
CANHAMO. See *LINHO*.
CANHENHO, f. m. (a vulgar term) a book kept for remarks.
CANHOENS, f. m. p. the longer

CAN

and thicker feathers of birds of prey. There are six of them in each wing, and twelve in the tail.
CANHONA'ÇO, f. m. the shot of a cannon.
CANHONEADO, a, adj. See *CANHONEAR*, v. a. to cannonade: neither the preter-tense nor the supine of this verb is used.
CANHONEIRA, f. f. the gap, or loop-hole left open in a parapet, for the cannon to fire through, called the embrasure.
CANHO'TO, a, adj. left-handed.
Hemem canhoto, a left-handed man.
CAN'YA, f. f. rice that is over-boiled. (In india.)
CANIÇADA, f. f. canes laid across to support and keep up the rose-trees, jasmins, &c.
CAN'CIA, or **CANICIE**, f. f. grey-headedness.
CANI'CO, f. m. a sort of thin reeds, like those people make cages with; also a bed of reeds; a great hurdle made of reeds to dry fruits or cheese upon; and also the covering of a cart made of reeds bound together.
CANICULA, f. f. the dog-star; also the dog-days.
CANICULAR, adj. belonging to the dog-star, or dog-days.
Dias caniculares, the dog-days.
CANIFRA'Z, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a lean person like a skeleton.
CANILHA, f. f. a weaver's quill.
CANINO, a, adj. canine, dog-like, relating to a dog.
Fem: canina, a canine appetite, the greedy worm.
CANISTREL, f. m. a basket made of rushes or twigs.
CANIFE TE, f. m. a pen-knife.
CANNABRA'S. See *CANABRA'S*.
CANNIBALES, f. m. p. cannibals, men-eaters, a people in the West-Indies.
CANO, f. m. a water-pipe, a conduit.
Cano da chaminis por onde exhala o fumo, tunnel, the shaft of a chimney, the passage for the smoke.
Cano de orgão, the pipe of an organ.
Cano da limpeza, or Cano real, a sink, or gutter, a common-sewer.
Cano da bota, the leg of a boot.
Cano de espingarda, the barrel of a gun.
Cano da penna, the stem or stalk of a quill.
Cano ou susto de columna, the shaft, or shank of a pillar, between the chapitre and the pedestal.
Cano de huma fôrnalha, &c. por onde passa o fumo, calor, &c. the flue of a furnace, &c. to convey smoke, heat, &c.
CANO'A, f. f. a boat all of a piece, being hewed of a tree; a canoe.
CANO'CULO. See *OCULO*.
CANON, f. m. the canon of the mass.
Canon, (in music) a mark in a canon

CAN

to shew where one part is to follow the other that leads; and is thus formed S.
CANONICA'L, adj. belonging to a canon, or prebendary.
CANONICAMENTE, adv. canonically, according to rule or order.
CANONICA'TO, f. m. canon, a canon's place in a cathedral, or collegiate church, a prebend.
CANO'NICO, a, adj. canonical, agreeable to the canons, or church-laws; also authentic.
Horas canonicas, the canonical hours.
Diruto canonico, canon-law.
Livros canonicos da sagrada escriptura, the canonical books of scripture.
CANO'NISTA, f. m. a canonist, a professor or doctor of the canon-law.
CANO'NIZA, f. f. a woman who lives according to the rules of the secular canons.
CANONIZAÇAM, f. f. a canonization, or declaring of a saint.
CANONIZADO, a, adj. canonized, or declared a saint; also approved, confirmed.
CANONIZA'R, v. a. to canonize, to declare and pronounce one for a saint; also to praise, to approve.
CANOPO, f. m. Canopus, a fabulous god of the Egyptians; also a city of Egypt; also a bright star belonging to the ship Argo, in the southern hemisphere.
CANORO, a, adj. canorous, tuneable, warbling.
CANOTILHO, f. m. purl, gold, or silver purl.
CANOURA dos moineiros. See *CALHA*.
CANSAÇO. }
CANSADO. } See { **CANÇAO**.
CANSAR. } { **CANÇAR**.
CANSEIRA. } { **CANCEIRA**.
CANTA'BRIA, or **BISCAYA**, f. f. Biscay, Biscaya, Vizcaya, in Lat. Cantabria; one of the provinces belonging to Spain.
CANTABRO, or **BISCAINHO**, a, adj. of, or belonging to Biscay.
CANTADEIRA, f. f. a woman who sings for hire.
CANTADO. } See { **CANTAR**.
CANTAM. } { **CANTOENS**.
CANTAR, v. a. to sing.
Cantar, or Celebrar, to chant, to celebrate by song.
Cantar na igreja, to chant, or to sing in the cathedral service.
Cantar a ave, to chirp, or chatter as a bird.
Cantar sempre a mesma cantiga, still to harp upon the same string, to say still the same thing over and over.
Mestre que ensina a cantar, a singing-master.
Cantar à miudo, to sing often.
Tornar a cantar, to sound, or sing again; to repeat.
Cantar o primeiro, to lead, as in a canon, in which one part leads and the other follows.
Cantar depois que outros tem começado, to

CAN

to sing after another, to follow another in singing.
Cantar só com a voz sem instrumentos, to sing by voice alone.
Acompañar a quem canta, to accompany one that sings.
Cantar huma cantiga com a voz muito baixa como para si mesmo, to hum a tune over to one's self.
Cantar para fazer dormir alguém, to sing one asleep.
Cantar a rola, to coo as turtles do.
Cantar a perdiz, to call as a partridge does.
Cantar o corvo, to crow, to croak like a raven.
Cantar o pardal, to chirp like a sparrow.
Cantar o meretgo, to squeak like a bat.
Cantar o melro, to whistle like a black-bird.
Cantar o cuco, to cry like a cuckow.
Cantar a galba, to kow like a jackdaw.
Cantar o gallo, to crow like a cock.
Cantar a rã, to croak like a frog.
Cantar a galinha. See *CACAREJAR*. See also *CHIAR*.
P. quem canta, seus males espanta, the person who sings makes easy his misfortunes; that is, singing causes him not to reflect on it so much as he otherwise would.
CANTARA. See **CANTARO**.
CANTAREIRA, f. f. a place to set pots, pitchers, or earthen vessels on.
CANTARES, the Canticles in scripture, the book of Solomon's Song.
CANTARIA, f. f. masonry, the art of cutting stones to build with; also free-stone.
CANTARIDA, or **CANTHARIDA**, f. f. cantharides, or Spanish-flies, applied to raise blisters.
CANTARINHO, diminut. from *Cantare*.
P. tantas vezes rai o cantarinho á fonte, até que quebra; we say, the pitcher goes so often to the well, that it comes home broken at last.
CANTARO, f. m. a water-pot, a great pitcher to carry water. Greek.
Áma de cantaro, a dull, heavy, stupid fellow.
Cheve a cantaros, it pours down, or it rains deadly-hard. See also **CHOVER**.
CANTATRIZ, or **CANTATRICE**, See **CANTADEIRA**.
CANTEIRA, f. f. a corner stone.
CANTEIRO, f. m. a hewer of stone, a stone cutter; also the horse or stand to put barrels of beer or wine upon.
Canteiro de flores n. s. jardins, a quarter or bed in a garden.
Canteiro do jardim com estercos, a hot-bed.
CANTICO, f. m. a canticle.
Cantico dos Canticos, ou de Salamaõ. See **CANTARES**.
CANTIGA, f. f. a song.

CAN

Cantiga amoroza, love-song.
Palavras da cantiga com sua musica, a pricked-song, a song set to music, a song in score.
CANTIL, a sort of plane used by carpenters.
CANTILENA, f. f. a song.
CANTIMPLORA, f. f. a bottle made of copper, with a long neck, to cool wine, or water, burying it in snow.
CANTINHO, diminut. from *Canto*. See
CANTO, f. m. a corner, or angle.
Casa do canto, a corner-house.
Canto do olho, canthus, the angle or corner of the eye.
Cantos da boca, the wiles of the mouth, the corners of the mouth.
Canto da rua, a corner of a street.
Meter-se em hum canto, to creep into a corner.
Que tem cantos, corner-wise, cornered, that has corners.
Por a hum canto, (metaph.) to neglect, to despise.
Canto, singing.
Canto do organo, or *figural*, music set in all its parts.
Canto chão, a plain singing by notes.
Canto fúnebre, a funeral-song.
Canto do gallo, the cock-crowing.
Canto aos passares, the singing of birds.
Canto musico, a musical concert, harmony.
Canto festivo, nos triumphos, a song of triumph.
Canto, a corner-stone; also a stone.
Canto da igreja, (metaph.) St. Peter and the pope his successor.
Canto, canto, a part of an heroic poem.
Jogo dos cantos, a play for boys, called puffs, puffs, in the corner.
CANTOENS, f. m. p. ex. *Os Treze Cantoes, dos Suíços, ou Esquiceros*, the Thirteen Cantons of Switzerland.
CANTONEIRA, f. f. a common-whore, that plies at the corners of streets.
CANTOR, f. m. a singer.
CANTORA, f. f. See **CANTADEIRA**.
CANTUARIA, f. f. Canterbury, in Latin *Cantuaría*. The Briton called it Kent, and the Romans Duroverno; it is the capital of the county of Kent, and the see of an archbishop, who is primate of all England, and, next to the royal family, the first peer of Great Britain.
CANUDINHO, f. m. a little tube or pipe, diminut. from *Canudo*.
CANUDO, f. m. a tube, a pipe; also a piece of reed cut between two knots.
Canudo dos foles, a bellows-nozzle, or snout.
CANUTILHO, f. m. See **CANOTILHO**.
CANZIS. See **CANGALHOS**.

CAP

CAO

CAO, f. m. a dog.
Gritar o cão, to wail, to cry, to yawl, to howl.
Excremento do cão, *album græcum*, dog's-turd.
Pielbo de cães, tick, the louse of dogs.
Cão a quinta, a house-dog.
Cão para caçar javali, a limer, a great dog to hunt a wild bard.
Cão que se tem prezo a huma cadeia, a band-dog.
O ladrar dos cães, bow-wough, the bark of dogs.
Lair o cão. See **LATIR**.
Cão de caça, a hound, or beagle to hunt with.
Cão para caçar lebres. See **GALGO**.
Cão de água, a shock-dog, a water-spaniel.
Reber o cão, to lap.
Cão de gaio, a shepherd's dog.
Cão que nasce do ajuntamento do lobo com a cadella, a dog engendered of a wolf and a bitch, a wolf-dog.
Cão, que segue a caça pela vista, e não pelo fare, a gaze-hound, or gait-hound.
Cão de massa, a setting-dog.
Cão de fila, a great cur, a mastiff-dog.
Cão sacador, a dog tumbler. Latin *vertagus*.
Cão mayor, (with astronomers) the greater dog, a constellation drawn on the globe in that form.
Cão menor, the lesser dog, a constellation on the globe in that form.
P. cão que muito ladra, nunca bom para a caça, a barking-dog is never a good hunter; we say, brag is a good dog, but holdfast is a better.
P. o cão com raiva de si não trava, a mad-dog bites his own master; there is no trusting to mad-men or people in a rage.
P. quem com cães se lança, com pulgas se levanta; we say, lie with beggars and you'll be lousy.
P. amor de mulher, e fissa de cão, só attentão para a mão,
CAO de pedra. (In architecture.) See **CACHORRADA**.
Cães da cheme, que sustentão a lenha no lar, a dog; an andiron.
Cão ca espingarda, the cock of a musquet.
CAOS, f. m. a confused and disordered heap of things, confusion, chaos.
Semelhante aos cães, chaotic, resembling chaos.

CAP

CAPA, f. f. a cloak. Gothic *capa*.
Capa aguada, ra, a cloak for rainy weather, which is made of bulrush, matweed, leather, &c.
Capa com capello, a cloak with a cawl, or hood to it.

Capa:

Capa de asperges, or *de coro*, a priest's cope.
Homen de capa preta, the better sort of people; such as in Portugal wear black cloaks.
Homen de capa parda. See CAMPO-NEZ.
Fazer enrolar a capa, to wrap the cloak about the arm, as the Portuguese use to do in sudden quarrels, and that serves them for a buckler.
Homen de capa e espada, a lay-man, fit to bear arms.
Capa, (metaph.) colour, pretence; also show, appearance, out-side.
Estar a capa, or *per-se a capa*, to lie by at sea, to back the sails.
Capa da carta, the cover of a letter.
Ser capa de vilbaos, (a vulgar expression) to screen, or protect rogues that they may not be punished.
P. viva el rey, dá cá a capa, let the king live, and give me the cloak; that is spoken of persons, who, under a pretence of authority, rob and plunder other people, and, at the same time, pretend they are doing justice to the power reposed in their hands.
P. andar de capa caída, to be behind-hand in the world.
P. corpo bem feito não há mister capa; we say, a good face needs no band.
CAPACETE, f. m. a head-piece, or helmet.
CAPACHO, f. m. a sort of mat made of mat-weed, bulrush, &c. to keep the feet warm.
CAPACHOS, a religious order founded by St. John de Deos.
CAPACIDADE, f. f. capacity, extension, or capaciousness; also reach of thought, ability, skill, sufficiency.
Conforme a minha capacidade, according to my capacity.
Homen de grande capacidade, a very able man.
CAPACISSIMO, a, adj. superlat. From *Capaz*.
CAPACITADO, a, adj. See
CAPACITAR, v. a. to convince; to make one sensible of; to understand, to conceive; to enable.
Capacitar-se, v. r. to be convinced, or made sensible of.
CAPADO, a, adj. gelded; also a kid that is above a year.
Meio capado, a ridgeling, or ridgel.
Capado, f. m. an eunuch.
CAPADOR, f. m. a gelder; also an instrument used by gelders, which is a pipe of five or six reeds, which he blows running it along his mouth instead of crying his trade, and is like that which Pan is painted with.
CAPADURA, f. f. a gelding.
CAPADURAS, the stones cut off.
CAPAM, or *Gallo capado*, a capon.
CAPAR, v. a. to geld, castrate, or cut the stones off any animal; also to spay, (speaking of a female.)
CAPAR, to cut off the eyes of luxuriant plants.

CAPARAM, f. m. (in falconry) a hawk's hood.
Por o caparaõ no falcão, to hoodwink the hawk.
CAPARAZAM, or *CAPRAZAM*, f. m. a caparison for a horse.
CAPARROSA, f. f. vitriol, or copperas, the name given to three sorts of vitriol, the green, the bluish-green, and the white.
CAPATAM, f. m. a sort of fish so called.
CAPATA'Z, f. m. (a vulgar word) a chief or warden of some company of mechanics.
CAPA'Z, adj. capable, capacious, that can contain; capable, able, apt, fit, sufficient, skillful.
Fazer capaz, to acquaint, to make known.
CAPEADO, a, adj. See
CAPEAR, v. a. to make a sign; also to steal cloaks. See also *DIS-FARÇAR*.
CAPELHAR, f. m. a sort of garment used by people in the sport of the *jogo das canas*. See *CANAS*.
CAPELLA, f. f. a chapel.
Capella pontificia; it is said of the pope when he is attended by cardinals at divine worship.
Capella, or *Capella real*, the royal chapel.
Musicos da capella, the musicians of the royal chapel.
Capella, goods left upon condition of saying mass for the person who left them.
Capella de flores, a garland.
Capella do elbo. See *PALPEBRA*.
CAPELLANI'A, f. f. a living, or church-benefice.
CAPELLAM, f. m. a chaplain.
CAPELLINHA, f. f. a little chapel, diminut. from *Capella*.
CAPELLINHO, f. m. a little hood, diminut. from *Capello*.
CAPELLO, f. m. a cawl, a hood, a capuche; also a hood worn by doctors as a token of their degree.
Capello de cardinal, a cardinal's hat.
Capello de viúva, a widow's mourning veil.
Capello do membro viril, the prepuce, or fore-skin.
Capello, (a word used by friars) a reprehension, a rebuking.
CAPENDU'A, f. f. the short start, or the short shank apple.
CAPEROTADA, f. f. a capilotade, a sort of dish.
CAPIGORAM, f. m. a servitor in the university, one that lives and has his education by serving some gentleman; so called, because they wore *capa e gorra*, a cloak and cap.
CAPILLAR, adj. ex. *Veas e arterias capillares*, (in anatomy) capillary vessels, or small arteries and veins like hairs, or threads.
Ervas capillares, (among botanists) capillary plants.
Capillar, f. m. See *BEDEN*.

CAPILLATO. See *CABELLUDO*. It is only used in poetry.
CAPINHA, f. f. a small cloak.
CAPIROTE, f. m. a sort of hood, or capuchine, worn by boys and girls. See also *CAPARAM*.
Capirote dos caldeiros. See *COLDRE*.
CAPITAL, f. m. capital money, stock.
Capital, adj. capital, main, principal.
Crime capital, a capital crime.
Inimigo capital, a professed or mortal enemy.
Linha capital, (in fortification) a capital of a bastion, or a line drawn from the angle of the polygon to the point of the bastion, or from the point of the bastion to the middle of the gorge.
Lira capital. See *CABIDOLA*.
CAPITANA, *CAPITANIA*, or *CAPITAYNA*, f. f. the admiral-ship, the admiral-galley.
CAPITANEADO, a, adj. See
CAPITANEAR, v. a. to command as a captain, to command in chief.
CAPITANI'A, f. f. the officer, or authority of a captain, a captain-ship.
Capitania, (in the Brasils) a province.
CAPITAM, f. m. a captain, commander, chief, a leader.
Capitão de navio, a captain of a ship.
Capitão de piratas, an arch-pirate, or chief robber on the sea.
Capitão de cavallos, a captain of horse.
Capitão de infantaria, captain of foot.
Capitão da guarda, a captain of the guard.
Capitão da guarnição, the governor, or commander in chief of a garrison.
Capitão geral, a general, or captain-general.
Capitão de mar e guerra, a captain of a man of war.
Capitão tenente, a lieutenant-captain.
Capitão, the foremost. (Metaph.)
Quando se trata de fugir, sempre he o capitão, in time of flight he is always foremost.
CAPITEL, f. m. (in architecture) ex. *Capitel de huma columna*, the whole head of a column, called the capital, or chapter.
CAPITO'A, (a vulgar word) a woman that is the head of a report, sedition, &c. a she-captain.
CAPITOLINO, a, adj. belonging to the Capitol.
CAPITOLIO, f. m. Capitol, a famous fortress of old Rome.
CAPITULA, f. f. a portion of scripture, read at the time of divine service. See also *CABIDOLA*.
CAPITULAÇAM, f. f. a capitulation, or covenant, articles of agreement.
CAPITULADO, a, adj. See
CAPITULAR, v. act. to capitulate, or treat upon terms.

CAP

Capitular os erros de alguém, to impeach, or accuse, or alledge articles of accusation against any one.

Capitular, (among physicians) to explain the quality and symptoms of a disease.

Capitular, f. m. the person who has a vote in any community, or chapter.

Capitular, adj. belonging to a chapter.

CAPITULO, f. m. a chapter in a book, or the chapter of a church, also an article, an accord, or convention.

Fazer capitulo, to hold a chapter.

Casa do capitulo, the chapter-house.

Ter voto em capitulo, to have a voice in the chapter.

Capitulo de frades, ou conegos, a chapter, or assembly of friars, or canons.

Dar capitulos de alguém, to put in articles against one.

CAPO, (Ital.) ex. *Da capo*, a term in music, which means that the first part of the tune should be repeated, *da capo*.

CAPOEIRA, f. f. a coop, a place where fowls are kept and made fat; also any forest, (in the Brasils.)

Capôira, (in fortification) caponniere, a sort of trench, or lodgment, with loop holes to fire out at. French.

CAPOEIRO, ex. *Ladram capotiro*, a thief that steals hens from the coop.

CAPOTE, f. m. See *CAPA*.

CAPOTE, (in the play called picquet) capot.

Dar capote, to capot a man at picquet.

CAPRAZAM. See *CAPARAZAM*.

CAPRICHIO, f. m. a fancy, whim, a positive conceit, or wilfulness; also a sudden motion. See also *OBSTINACAM*, and *BIZARRIA*.

Fazer capricho de alguma cousa, to boast of a thing, to glory, take a pride, or pride one's self in it.

CAPRICHOSAMENTE, adv. See *BIZARRAMENTE*.

CAPRICHOSO, a, adj. capricious, fanciful, whimsical. See also *OBSTINADO*, and *BIZARRO*.

CAPRICORNIO, f. m. capricorn, a sign in the zodiac.

CAPRINO, a, adj. of, or belonging to a goat.

CAPTADO, a, adj. See

CAPTAR, v. a. ex. *Captar a benevolencia*, to curry favour. Lat. *captare*.

CAPUCHINHOS, f. m. p. the Capuchine friars, a reform of the order of St. Francis, living in more poverty and austerly than the others, and going bare-foot. Matthew Basci, a Franciscan, began this reformation in the year 1525; pope Clement the VIIIth approved his rule, and pope Paul the IIIrd confirmed it, in the year 1535.

CAPUCHOS, f. m. p. a sort of Franciscan friars in Portugal.

CAPULHO, f. m. ex. *Capulho da rosa*, a rose-bud. See *BOTÃO*.

CAR

CAPUS, f. m. a long mourning cloak down to the feet, loose before, with a hole to put the head through; formerly used in Portugal and Spain.

CAQ

CAQUEIRA'DA, f. f. a blow with a piece of an earthen vessel.

CAQUEIRO, f. m. a piece of an earthen vessel.

CAR

CARA, f. f. the face, the visage, the countenance. Greek. Also appearance, outside, likelihood, probability, show.

Cara de pascoa, a joyful face.

Cara de aço, a bold impudent face, a brazen face.

Cara fea, hatched-faced, an ugly face.

Cara de poucos amigos, a joyless and unpleasing face.

Cara a cara, face to face, full-but.

Dizer alguma cousa na cara a alguém, to say a thing to a man's face.

Homem de duas caras, a deceitful fellow.

Não ter cara para fazer huma cousa, not to have courage to do a thing, to be ashamed.

Esta cousa he cara. See *CARO*.

Mostrar boa cara, to show a good liking.

Mostrar ma cara a alguém, to look upon one sourly, or with an evil eye.

Meter a espingarda a cara, to take the aim with a fusée or musquet.

Fazer cara, to face, to withstand.

Fazer caras, to make mouths.

Cara de açúcar, a large and round piece of sugar.

CARABE, CHARABE, or KARA-BE. (A Persian word.) See *ALAM-BRA*.

CARABINA. See *ULAVINA*.

CARAÇA, f. f. a great or huge face.

CARACOL, f. m. a snail; also a plant that bears a flower, white, blue, and purple, resembling a snail.

Pedra de caracol, a snail stone.

Escada de caracol, a winding stair-case.

Caracol, (in horsemanship) caracol, a wheeling about.

CARACTER, CHARATER, or CHARACTER, a character; also a fine figure, or character in writing or printing; also a style, a manner of writing; also adventitious titles, or qualities impressed by a post or office; also a mark, token, or stamp; also a sign, or hieroglyphic.

CARACTERIZA, v. a. to characterize, to imprint.

CARAGOATA, a sort of plant. See *BABOSA*.

CARAI'BAS. See *CANNIBALES*.

CARAIBA. (In the Brasils.) See *FEITICEIRO*.

CAR

CARAMANCHAM, CARAMANCHEL, f. m. an arch made of poles, canes, &c. to support the vines, and make a shelter against the heat of the sun.

CARAMBA'NO, f. m. ex. *Carambans de neve*, balls of snow.

CARAMBOLA, f. f. a cheat, a fraud, a trick to deceive; also a fruit growing in India; also a sort of game.

CARAMELO, f. m. ice; also a kind of sweetmeat made of sugar.

Caramelo que ponde das telhas, ou do cano de hum telhado, an icicle.

CARAMINHO'LA, f. f. the top of the hair, wound with a purple lace on the crown of the head.

CARAMUJO, f. m. a shell-fish like a periwinkle.

CARAMUNHAS, or CARAMUNHOS, childrens moanings, or whimperings.

CARANGUEJA'R, v. n. to walk very slow. (A ludicrous word.)

CARANGUEJO, f. m. a crab-fish. See also *CANCRO*.

P. ir para tras como o caranguejo, to go crab-like, or backward.

CARANGUEJO'LA, f. f. a large crab-fish.

CARANTO'NHA, f. f. a vizard, an ugly face; also an old ugly painted woman.

CARAM, f. m. complexion, the colour of one's face.

CARAPAO, f. m. a fish so called.

CARAPETA, f. f. the fruit of a plant called lada, which, when dried, serves as a little top for children to play with.

CARAPETA, ou CARAPATA, the handkerchief in which travellers carry their own provisions.

CARAPETEIRO, f. m. a sort of wild pear-tree.

CARAPETO, f. m. a thorn found in the branches of the *carapeteiro*.

CARAPEVA, f. f. a sort of fish.

CARAPI'NHA, f. f. the curled woolly hair of the blacks.

Que tem carapinha, wool-pated.

CARAPUÇA, f. f. a cap to keep from cold and sun-burning.

Carapuça de rebuço, a cap with a hood to cover the face, chin, and neck.

CARAPUÇAM, f. m. a sort of cap used by the Moorish princes.

CARAPUCEIRO, f. m. a cap-maker.

CARAPUCI'NHA, f. f. a little cap.

CARAI'ANA, f. f. See *CARILA*.

Caravana, (in the order of Malta) a sea expedition of the new knights of Malta.

CARAVANÇARA'. See *CARBAN-CARA*.

CARAI'ATA, f. f. a cravat, a sort of neckcloth, first worn by the Croats.

CARAVELA, f. f. a caravel, or carvel, a sort of ship.

CARAVELAM, f. m. a large caravel; also

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also a very tall man. It is a ludicrous word in this sense.
CARAVELHA, *f. f.* the wooden pin, or peg of any instrument.
CARAVINA, or **CARABINA**. See **CLAVINA**.
CARAVONADA, *f. f.* a carbonado, a rather on the coals.
CARABANÇARA, (a Persian word) a caravanera, an inn, an house of entertainment among the Turks and Persians.
C'RBASO, *f. m.* (in poetry) the linen that sails of ships are made of.
CARBUNCLO. See
CARBUNCULO *f. m.* a carbuncle, a precious stone, in colour like a burning coal; a great ruby; also a plague-fore.
CARCASSAM, *f. m.* (in gunnery) a carcass, iron-case, &c. about the bigness of a bomb, filled with grenades, charged with barrels of pistolets, wrapped in tow and dipped in oil, and the other materials for firing houses; it is shot out of mortar-pieces into besieged places.
CARCERA'GEM, *f. f.* carcillage, prison fees.
C'RCERE, *f. m.* a prison. See also **BUITRA**.
Dar a algum a casa por cárcere, to confine a man to his own house.
CARCEREIRA, *f. f.* a jailor's wife.
CARCEREIRO, *f. m.* a jailor.
CARCOMA, *f. f.* the worm in wood, and the dust that falls from worm-eaten wood.
CARCOMER-SE, *v. r.* to be worm-eaten.
CARCOMIDO, *a, adj.* worm-eaten; also hollow, worm-eaten up with age.
CARCUNDA. (A ludicrous word.) See **CORCOVA**.
CARCUNDO. (A ludicrous word.) See **CORCOVADO**.
CARDA, *f. f.* card, an instrument made of steel-wire, to card wool.
CARDADO, *a, adj.* See **CARDAR**.
CARDADOR, *f. m.* a carder.
CARDADURA, *f. m.* carding.
CARDAL, *f. m.* a place where thistles grow.
CARDAMO. See
CARDAMOMO, *f. m.* the seed cardamomum, well known, hot, but not unpleasant. It is brought from the East-Indies.
CARDAR, *v. a.* to card.
CARDEAL, *f. m.* a cardinal, a prince of the Roman church; also a bird in New Spain, that has not only the feathers but the beak scarlet, with a beautiful tust on the head; so called from his colour; also a sort of fruit.
CARDEALADO, *f. m.* the dignity of a cardinal.
CARDEIRO, *f. m.* he who makes cards to card wool.
CARDENILHO. See **VERDETE**.
CARDEO, *a, adj.* black and blue,

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pale and wan, of the colour of lead.
CARDIACO, *a, adj.* cardiac, cordial.
CARDIALGIA, *f. f.* cardialgia, a pain at the heart or stomach, the heart-burn, heart sickness.
CARDINAL, *adj.* chief, or principal. From the Lat. *cardo*, a hinge.
Numero cardinal, a cardinal number, such as express the number of things, as one, two, three, &c.
Ventos cardinals, the four principal winds; north, south, east, and west.
Signos cardinals, the cardinal points of the zodiac, i. e. Aries, Libra, Cancer, and Capricorn.
Virtudes cardinals, (in divinity) the cardinal virtues, i. e. prudence, temperance, justice, and fortitude.
CARDINALADO. See **CARDEALADO**.
CARDINALATO, *idem*.
CARDINHO, *f. m.* an herb against the hæmorrhoids.
CARDINO. See **CARDEO**.
CARDO, *f. m.* a thistle.
Cardo bravo, sow-thistle.
Cardo mango, the artichoke.
Cardo santo, the holy thistle, a plant bearing small yellow flowers, surrounded with red prickles.
Cardo morto, an herb growing on walls and tiles, with grey down, like old men's hair; groundsel.
Cardo asneiro, a kind of herb, which being eaten by asses, makes them fart. Lat. *onopordon*.
Cardo corredor, the weed sea-holm, sea-holly, or sea-hulver.
Cardo penteador, the teazle, or fuller's thistle.
Cardo leiteiro, the white milky thistle.
Cardo matacão, or *cardo pinto branco*, white camelon thistle.
Cardo que faz azedar o leite, black camelon thistle, out of which they squeeze the juice, and it serves instead of rennet, to make the milk turn.
Cbro de cardas, thistly.
Cardo, is also a symbolical word for torment, pain, affliction, &c.
CARDUÇA, *f. f.* a thistle to card cloth with.
CARDUÇADOR, *f. m.* the man that uses the *carduça*.
CARDUME, *f. m. ex.* *Cardume de peixes*, a shoal of fish.
CAREADO, *a, adj.* See **CAREAR**.
CAREADOR, *f. m.* an allurer, an enticer, a decoyer.
CAREAR, *v. a.* to allure, or entice, to attract.
CARECENTE, *p. a.* wanting, deprived of.
CARECER, *v. n.* to want, to lack, to be deprived, or without.
CARECIDO. See **CARECER**.
CAREIRA, *f. f.* she who sells at a dear price.
CAREIRO, *f. m.* he who sells at a dear price.
CARENCIA, *f. f.* want, need, necessity, scant.

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CAREPA, *f. f.* scurf, dandruff, or dandriff.
Pente para tirar a carepa, a dandriff-comb. See also **LANUGEM**.
CARESA, *f. f.* See
CARESTIA, *f. f.* dearth; also dearth, scarcity, want.
CARETA, *f. f.* grimace, wry face. See also **MASCARA**.
CAREZA. See **CARESTIA**.
CARGA, *f. f.* a load, a burthen, a loading; also oppression, charge, vexation, tax, or tribute.
Carga as arma de fogo, the charge of a gun.
Carga, a discharge, or volley of cannon and musket shot, all at once.
Dar carga ao inimigo, to charge the enemy.
Navio de carga, or *navis mercantis*, a loading or trading ship.
Bessa de carga, a beast to carry burthens.
A's cargas, plentifully.
Cárga, *f. m.* a charge, an office, an employment; also charge, care; also commission, command, order.
Dar carga a algum de alguma coisa, to charge, or to intrust one with something.
Ter a seu cargo, to take charge of.
Cargo de conciencia, a burthen on the conscience.
Lijo esta a meu cargo, I am answerable for it.
Cargo de roupa, a bundle of washed linen.
Cargo, articles of impeachment.
CARIATIDES, *f. f. p.* (in architecture) cariates, or cariatides, an order of pillars shaped like the bodies of women with their arms cut off.
CARIBDES. See **CARIBDES**.
CARICIAS, *f. f. p.* caresses, demonstrations of kindness, flattery, wheedling, fondling expressions.
CARICIOSO. See **CARINHOSO**.
CARIDADE, *f. f.* charity, the love of God, and the love of one's neighbour, for God's sake. See also **ES-MOLA**.
Fazer a caridade a hum pobre, to bestow a charity upon a poor man.
Fazer a caridade de, &c. to be so good as to, &c.
Elle vos fará a caridade, (ironic.) he will cheat you, he will be too sharp for you, he will be revenged of you.
CARIDOSO. See **CARITATIVO**.
CARIES, (among physicians) a venereal bubo; also rottenness in bones.
CARIL, *f. m.* the juice of tamarinds, The Indians boil rice with it; also a dish or plate among the wild people of the Brasils.
CARINHA, *f. f.* a little face, diminut. from *Carra*, face.
CARINHO, *f. m.* kindness, affection, love, any fondling expression.
Cem carinho, affectionately, kindly, amorously.

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CARINHOSO, *a*, adj. kind, affectionate, loving.
CARISMA, or **CHARISMA**, *f. m.* grace, a thankful gift. Greek.
CARISTIA, *f. f.* a sort of bird so called.
CARITATIVAMENTE, *adv.* charitably.
CARITATIVO, *a*, adj. charitable.
CARIZ, *f. m.* ex. *Cariz do céu*, the cope of heaven; or rather a prognostic sign in it.
CARLINA. See **CARDO** *Matacão*.
CARLINGA, *f. f.* (in a ship) the step of the mast, the place wherein the mast is put. The Latins call it *medius*, because it had the form of a bushel.
CARMEADO, *a*, adj. See
CARMEAR, *v. a.* to disentangle, and prepare the wool to be carded.
CARMELITAS, an order of friars, called Carmelites, founded by Almericus, bishop of Antioch, A. D. 1122, at mount Carmel in Syria; also the nuns called Carmelites.
Carmelitas descalços, that is, the bare-foot Carmelites, for the order being fallen from its ancient rigour, St. Teresa undertook a reformation, and reduced it to its primitive severity.
CARMESIM, crimson, a fine deep red colour. Arabic *carmec*.
Filado carmesim, crimson-velvet.
Seda carmesim, crimson-silk.
CARMIM, *f. m.* carmine, a fine red colour; also blood. (Metaph.)
CARMINATIVO, *a*, adj. (in medicine) carminative, that expels the wind.
CARNADURA, *f. f.* complexion, the colour of one's face; also the brawn, muscles, or fleshy part in man, or beast.
Carnadura branca, a fair complexion.
CARNAGEM, *f. f.* a slaughter, a multitude of men slain, a carnage; also the killing of cattle for victualing ships.
CARNAL, *adj.* sensual, lustful, libidinous; also fleshy.
Carnal, *f. m.* flesh days.
CARNALIDADE, *f. f.* sensuality, lust, lechery, concupiscence, wantonness.
CARNALMENTE, *adv.* carnally, sensually.
CARNIVAL, *f. m.* Shrove-tide, carnival, or carnaval.
CARNAZ, *f. m.* the fleshy side of leather.
CARNE, *f. f.* flesh meat; also the pulp, or that part of the fruit which is good to eat.
Carne de animal que morreo por si, carrion.
Carne de carneiro, *vacca*, ou *vit. la*, mutton, beef, veal.
Carne salpessa, powdered meat.
Carne salgada, properly salt pork, pickled pork.
Dia de carne, a flesh day.
Pedaço de carne que os caçadores dão aos

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catns, garbage, or quarry, the reward given by the hunters to hounds after they have caught game.
Carne sem osso, (metaph.) a good employment without any trouble.
Sei unha e carne com alguém, to be a very great friend to one; or, as we say, to be like hand and glove.
Fix-me tremer as carnes, it frightened me to the very heart.
Mostrar as carnes, to be all in rags, to be almost naked.
Cortar até à carne viva, to cut to the quick.
Carnes do peixe, the fleshy parts of a fish.
Carne, flesh, lust, sensuality.
Carne, alliance in blood, kindred.
He hum pedaço de carne, he is a block-head.
P. a carne de lobo, dente de cão, that is to return railing for railing; or, as our modern proverb says, give him a Rowland for his Oliver. The Latins say, *par pari reserre*.
CARNEIRA, *f. f.* sheep-skin to bind books.
CARNEIRAÇA, or **CARNEIRADA**, a sort of disorder.
CARNEIRADA, *f. f.* a large flock of sheep.
CARNEIRO, *f. m.* mutton, or a sheep; also a charnel house, a place where the bones of the dead are laid up, an ossuary.
Carneiro castrado, a wether.
Carneiro castiço, or *carneiro de semente*, a ram, or tup.
Perna de carneiro, a leg of mutton.
Quarto trazeiro do carneiro com a perna, a gigot, a loin and leg of mutton together.
Pedaço de gordura, na perna do carneiro, the pope's eye.
Carneiro, a sort of worm bred among beans, and eating them up.
Carneiro, (in astronomy) aries, the first sign of the zodiac.
Carneiro de cinco quartos, a sheep of five quarters; they are so large that the tail makes one quarter: they come from Africa.
Carneiro, a great horned sea-fish, much of the nature of a shark. See also **ARIETE**.
CARNICAM, *f. m.* (a vulgar word) the thickest matter that issues from a sore.
CARNICEIRO, a butcher.
Mantel de carnicheiro, a clever.
Mesa, ou taboa onde o carnicheiro vende a carne, a butcher's stall.
Carnicheiro, *a*, adj. unnatural, brutish.
CARNICERIA. See **AÇOGUE**, and **CARNAGEM**.
CARNIFICINA, *f. f.* murder, slaughter.
CARNIVORO, *a*, adj. carnivorous, flesh-devouring, or feeding upon flesh.
CARNOSIDADE, *f. f.* carnosity, or fleshy excrecence.
CARNOSO, *a*, adj. fleshy, full of flesh.

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CARNUDO. See **CARNOSO**.
CARO, *a*, adj. dear, costly; also dear, beloved, esteemed, grateful, or pleasant.
Caro, *adv.* dear.
O barato bẽ caro; we say, the best is best cheap.
Caro me custou o ter estado na vossa companhia, your company cost me very dear.
Sabir caro, to come dear.
CAROA'TA, *f. m.* a sort of thistle in the Brasils.
CAROAVEL, *ex.* *Ser caravel de alguma coisa*, to like a thing. (An antiquated word.)
CAROCHA, *f. f.* a painted cap like a mitre, made of a pasteboard, very high, and set on the head of a bawd or a witch that is carried about the streets on an ass, either to be whipped, or only exposed to public shame, like our carting.
CAROÇO, *f. m.* a stone in some sort of fruit. See also **GLANDULA**.
Carço de cereja, axilona, &c. a cherry, olive, &c. stone.
CAROLO, *f. m.* the dashing of two bowls together.
CAROUGHA, *f. f.* a chafer, or beetle.
CAROUCHINHA, *f. f.* a small beetle. See also **CONTOS**.
CARPE, *f. m.* the fish called carp. Lat. *carpio*.
CARPEADO, *a*, adj. See
CARPEAR, *v. a.* See **CARMEAR**.
CARPENTARIA, *f. f.* carpenter's work; also carpentry, or the carpenter's art.
CARPENTEJADO, *a*, adj. See
CARPENTEJAR, *v. n.* to cut, or hew with an ax, to work as carpenters do.
CARPENTEIRO, *f. m.* a carpenter.
Lugar aonde trabalhão os carpenteiros, a carpenter's yard.
Carpenteiro de carros, a cart-wright.
Carpenteiro de navios, a ship-wright, or ship-carpenter.
CARPIDEIRA, *f. f.* a woman hired to mourn at one's burial.
CARPIDO, *a*, adj. See **CARPIR**.
CARPINTEIRO. See **CARPENTEIRO**.
CARPIR, a verb defective, only used in these tenses and persons, where the *p* is followed by the vowel *i*, as *carpiamos*, *carpiis*, we weep, you weep. Preterimperfect, *carpia*, *carpias*, &c. I did weep, &c. See **CHORAR**.
Carpir-se, *v. r.* to scratch one's face.
CARPOBALISAMO, *f. m.* the fruit of the balsam-tree.
CARQUEJA, *f. f.* the lesser ground-ivy.
CARRACA, *f. f.* a sort of very heavy and large ship, called a carrack.
CARRAÇA, *f. f.* a crab-louse.
CARRADA, *f. f.* a cart-load.

CAR-

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CARRANCA, f. f. a frown, a grave look or countenance.
Fazer carranca as, to make faces.
Fazer carranca, to frown, to knit the brows.
Carranca, (metaph.) threat, frightfulness, an ill-boding sign, sad or frightful appearance; also a reason or argument.
Carranca do tempo, the cloudiness of the weather.
Carranca da morte, the frightfulness, or the horror of death.
Carranca do mar, the swell of the sea. (Speaking of an over-grown sea.)
Carranca, a frightful machine full of points to defend the dogs necks against the biting of the wolves.
Carranca, spouts in great houses, &c. made in the shape of lions, bears, or other beasts heads, which the water runs through.
CARRANCUDO, a, adj. rude, crabbed, sullen, furly, of a grave and sullen countenance; also lowering, dark, cloudy, (speaking of the weather.)
Homem carrancudo, a man that has a lowering or frowning countenance.
CARRANQUINHA, f. f. ex. *Fazer carranquinhos*, to fret, or frown a little.
CARRAPATO, f. m. a vermin so called, a tick, which annoy sundry kinds of beasts, as dogs, sheep, &c.
CARRASCAL, a grove of holm-trees.
CARRASCO, f. m. a kind of holm-tree, with prickly leaves; also a hangman, an executioner.
CARRASPANA, f. f. (a ludicrous word) ex. *Tomar a carraspana*, to get drunk.
CARRASQUEIRO, f. m. a kind of holm-tree.
CARRER, v. a. to carry any thing in a cart.
CARRGA. See **CARGA**.
CARRGAÇAM, f. f. See **CARGA**.
Obra de carregagam, sale-work, work carelessly done.
Fazenda de carregagam, common and coarse goods.
CARRGADAMENTE, adv. with an ill-will, grudgingly.
CARRGADAS, f. f. p. a kind of play at cards.
CARRGADEIRAS, f. f. p. the ropes that serve to clap on the sails.
CARRGADO, a, adj. charged, loaded, oppressed; also dark, cloudy, lowering.
Cor carregada, a full or deep colour.
Carregado, unpleasing to the taste.
Carregado, clogging, heavy.
Carre, ado, (in heraldry) any piece that has another over it.
Carregado de vinho, full of wine.
Carregado de sono, sleepy.
Rosto carregado, a dull, sad, or furly countenance.
Que tem o rosto carregado, sour-looking, beetle-browed.
Carregado de annos, full of years.
Carregado de dividas, deep in debts.
Que tem a cabeça carregada, heavy headed.

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Sono carregado, a sound sleep. See also the v. **CARREGAR**.
CARRGADOR, a merchant that loads ships.
Negro carregador, a black man that carries people in the nets, used in India.
CARRGAR, v. a. to load, to burden; also to fall upon.
Carregar uma arma de fogo, to charge a gun.
Carregar as velas, to clap on the sails.
Carregar ao inimigo, to charge or attack the enemy, to fall upon him.
Carregar o povo, to over-burden the people, to lay heavy taxes upon them.
Carregar de pancadas, to cudgel a man very much.
Esta carne carrega muito o estomago, this meat clogs one's stomach.
Carregar a algum de injurias, to rail at one, to revile, or vilify him.
Carregar a algum de maldiçoes, to curse one, to lay a curse upon one.
Carregar a bolina, to go close by the wind.
Carregar, to enter a thing in a book.
Carregar a mão, to punish, or chide one severely.
Carregar em huma razão, ou argumento, to urge a reason, or an argument.
Carregar-se, v. r. to grieve, to be sad or sorrowful, to be displeased with.
CARRGO. See **CARGO**.
CARRREIRA, f. f. a career, a course, a race; also the place where they run races.
A barreira, ou lugar donde se largam os cavallos para a carreira, a stulp, a barrier, or starting place.
Carreira do cavallo, a heat.
Dois carreiras, two heats.
A baliza da carreira, a mark at the end of the place in racing.
Parar no meio da carreira, to stop in full career; (metaph.) to dismay, to fall off one's heat.
Não faz carreira a cego, he will not make way for a blind man; to express the height of ill nature, that one will not put a blind man in the way, when he is out of it.
Hir de carreira, to go with all speed.
Carreira da vida humana, (metaph.) the course of a man's life.
Carreira, ou pequeno intervallo que fica entre os cabellos, separados com o pente, ou com a agulha de teacar, the parting of the hair.
Carreira, a voyage, a going from one place to another, especially by sea.
As carreiras, hastily, swiftly, in full speed.
Carreira de polvora, a train of gun-powder. See **FORMIGAM** de Polvora.
Carreira, a continuance or series of things, a row. See **CARREIRO**.

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CARRREIRO, f. m. a narrow way, a foot path; also a carman, or carter.
Carreiro, (in some parts of Portugal) a tom-turd.
CARRRETAR. See **CARREAR**.
CARRETA. See **CARRO**.
Carreta de canhão, ou reparo. See **CANHAM**.
Ganchos que estão de huma e outra parte das carreias de artilharia, draught-hooks.
CARRETADA. See **CARRADA**.
CARRETAM. See **CARREIRO**.
CARRETEIRA, f. f. a lighter, a heavy vessel into which ships are unloaded.
CARRETEIRO. See **CARREIRO**.
CARRETILHA, f. f. a jaggling-iron, such as pastry-cooks use.
CARRETO, f. m. carriage, portage, waggonage.
CARRIÇA, a hedge-sparrow, or troglodite.
CARRICO, f. m. sedge, sheer-grass.
CARRIL, f. m. the track or rut of a chariot, or chariot wheel; also a high-way for carts or coaches.
CARRILHO, f. m. a check.
Comer a dois carrilhos, to eat with both jaws; that is greedily. (Metaph.) To please two parties, to play Jack on both sides; or to run with the hare and hold with the hound.
CARRINHO, f. m. a little cart, diminut. from **Carro**.
Carrinho de mão que tem huma só roda, a wheel-barrow.
Carrinho para meninos, a go-cart for little children.
CARRITEL, f. m. a pulley; also a small cylindric piece of wood, that serves to intwine spangles of gold, or silver, and also gold-thread, &c. round it.
CARRO, f. m. a cart, chariot, wain, a waggon.
Carro cuberto por cima, a close or covered waggon.
Hum carro de feno, a load of hay.
Carro para acarretar isterco ou sujidade, a tumbrel, or dung-cart.
Carro triumphal, a triumphal chariot.
Carro de ouro, a sort of superfine camblet, called Brussels camblet, or camelote.
Por o carro diante dos boys; we say, to put the cart before the horses.
Carro, (in astronomy) Charles's wane, seven-stars in ursa major.
Acar alguém a hum carro, to cart one.
Carro para acarretar madeira, a tog.
O que tem a seu cargo de buscar carros, quando o rei faz jornada, a car-taker.
CARROÇA, f. f. See **COCHE**.
Carroça de acarretar, a large cart, a waggon.
CARROGIM, f. m. a little coach.
CARRUAGEM, f. f. a cart, wain, or waggon; a coach, or chariot, a general name of all things serving to carry.

C A R

Affeto do carruagem. See *ASSENTO*.
Carruagem de aluguel, a hackney-coach.
CARTA, f. f. a letter.
Dar uma carta para fecho, to do up a letter, or to fold up a letter.
Carta de mar, a sea-chart, being a geographical description of sea coasts, with the true distance, heights, and courses of winds, laid down in it.
Carta geografica, a geographic chart.
Carta cosmografica, a general draught of the whole globe of the earth, commonly called a map of the world.
Carta de qualquer reyno, ou provincia do mundo, a chorographic chart, or a description of a particular country, as of England, &c.
Carta topografica, a topographic chart, or a draught of some particular place as of London, Amsterdam, &c.
Carta de saude, a certificate of health.
Carta de A, B, C. See *ABECEDARIO*.
Carta de pago. See *RECIBO*.
Carta citatoria, summons.
Carta de seguro. See *SEGURO*.
Carta de guia, a note given to one that travels in a strange country, for all people to put him in his way, and not molest him.
Carta de vias, this is spoken when any one, under a pretence of recommending or doing service to another, does him an injury.
Carta de alfinetes, a paper with several rows of pins in it.
Passar por carta de mais ou por carta de menos, to be over or under.
Carta de alforria, a discharge to a slave, by which he is made free.
Carta mandadeira, or *missiva*, a familiar, or missive letter.
Cartas de jogar, playing cards.
A primeira carta que se joga, the leading card.
Lançar as cartas sobre a mesa, ou acabar de jogar, to throw up the cards.
Dar cartas, to deal the cards.
Levantar as cartas, to cut the cards.
Tir boas cartas, ou bom jogo, to have a good hand at cards.
P. não affizes carta que não leas, nem bebas agua que não vejas, do not sign any writing which you have not read, nor drink water which you have not seen; that is, see whether it be clear.
CARTABUXA, f. f. a sort of brush made of copper, and used by goldsmiths.
CARTABUXADO, a, adj. See *CARTABUXAR*, v. a. to clean with the *CARTABUXA*, which see.
CARTAGENA, or *CARTHAGENA*, old Carthage, a city of Murcia, in Spain. It lies on a fine bay, is of a middling magnitude, and defended by a fortress.

C A R

Carthage, New Carthage, the capital of a province of the same name, on the Terra Firma of South America.
CARTAGINEZ, or *CARTHAGINEZ*, Carthaginian.
CARTAGO, or *CARTHAGO*, Carthage, old; in Lat. *Carthago*; once a celebrated city of Tunis, in Africa, which so long contended with Rome for the empire of the world.
CARTAMO, or *CARTHAMO*, f. m. wild saffron.
CARTAM, f. m. a board, or stone in a wall, or other place, to write some inscription upon.
CARTÃO, See *QUARTÃO*.
CARTAPACIO, f. m. a stitched book, or any parcel of writing put together.
Cartapacio da syntaxe, a book wherein the rules of the Latin construction are expounded.
CARTAZ. See *CARTA de seguro*.
Cartaz, any paper set up in corners of streets, or in public places.
CARTAXO, f. m. a little bird so called.
CARTEADO, a, adj. See *CARTEAR*, v. n. to sail according to the compass.
Cartear-se, v. r. to keep correspondence, to correspond by letters.
CARTEL, f. m. a written challenge, a cartel. See also *CARTAZ*.
CARTETA, a sort of play at cards.
CARTHAGO. See *CARTAGO*.
CARTHAMO. See *CARTAMO*.
CARTILAGEM, f. m. cartilage, gristle.
CARTILAGINOSO, a, adj. cartilaginous, gristly.
CARTILHA, f. f. the first book children in Portugal learn to read in, like our primer.
Ler a cartilha a algum, (a familiar expression) to tell one of his faults.
Cartilha de A, B, C. See *ABECEDARIO*.
CARTIMPOLO, f. m. so the countrymen call the book wherein they set their accounts.
CARTINHA, f. f. a short letter, diminut. from *CARTA*.
CARTORIO. See *ARCHIVO*.
CARTULARIO. See *ARCHIVISTA*.
CARTUXA, f. f. a convent of Carthusians.
CARTUXOS, the Carthusians, a religious order instituted by St. Bruno, in the year 1084.
CARTUXO, f. m. a cartridge, to charge any fire-arm with, a case of paper or parchment filled with gunpowder, used for the greater expedition in charging guns; also a cornet of paper used by grocers.
CARVALHAL, f. m. a grove of oaks.

C A S

CARVALHINHA. See *CAMEDRYOS*.
CARVALHO, f. m. an oak.
Cousa de carvalho, of an oak, oaken.
Carvalho muito duro, a que alguns chamam cerquinho, oak of the hardest kind, heart of oak.
CARVAM, f. m. coal.
Carvao de pedra, fossil-coal, or pit-coal.
Carvao de lenha, charcoal.
Converter em carvao, to annihilate, to turn to nothing.
Negro como hum carvao, coal-black.
CARVAMSINHO, f. m. a little coal.
CARVANSERA. See *CARBAN-CARA*.
CARVATA. See *CARAVATA*.
CARV'S, (in India) fishermen.
CARUNCHO, f. m. rottenness, or worm-eatenness in wood; also a worm bred in wood.
CARUNCHOSO, a, adj. worm-eaten, rotten, putrid; carious.
CARUNCULA, f. f. a little piece of flesh, a caruncle.
CARVOEIRA, f. f. a coal-hole, or coal-house; also a coal-pit, or colliery, the place where charcoal is made; also a coal-woman.
CARVOEIRO, f. m. a coal-man, a collier.
CARYBDES, *CARIBDES*, or *CHARYBDES*, a dangerous whirlpool in the straits of Sicily, over against Scylla; a pernicious rock; also any great danger or peril, (metaph.)
CARYOPHILLATA, f. f. avens, or herb benet.

C A S

CASA, f. f. a house, home, habitation; it is sometimes used in the plural number, particularly speaking of the house of some great man, as *as casas do duque*, the duke's house.
Onde está a casa? where do you live?
Casa de loucos, an hospital for lunatics, or mad people, a mad-house.
Casa de febrado, a house with upper rooms, or a chamber above stairs.
Casa da moeda, the mint.
Casa do caracol, a snail's shell.
Casa cuberta de palha, a thatched-house.
Casa real, a royal palace; also the king's household, or servants.
Casa professa, a monastery of religious persons professed.
Casa do campo, a country-house.
Casa de esgrima, a fencing-school; so they also call a room without furniture; but it is only used in jest and raillery.
Casa pequena, que está pegada a outra grande e mais alta, a shed, or out-house.
Casa do jogo, a gaming-house.
Por casa, to set up house-keeping.

De casa em casa, from house to house, or from door to door.
Casa ou sala para receber visitas, a parlour, a withdrawing-room.
Casa para fruta. See *FRUTA*.
Casa onde se come, a dining-room.
Alto da casa, See *ALTO*.
Baxos de huma casa. See *BAXOS*.
Ser de casa, to be intimate, to be well acquainted with.
Casa, (in astrology) a house.
Casas, are also the squares, or chequers on a chess or draught-board.
Fazer casa, (in playing at draughts) to put two men in the same square.
Casa do botão, a button-hole.
Casa forte, so they called formerly a castle or fortress.
Casa em que se poem ou ajunta a sujidade, a draught-house, a house in which filth is deposited.
Casa, house, family, parentage, extraction.
Casa de conversação, a club-room.
P. minha casa e meu lar com foidos val e estimouse mal, porque mais val; we say, home is home, though it be never so homely. The Latins say, *domus amica, domus optima*.
P. quem faz casa na praça, buns dizem que he alta, outros que he baixa; that is, a man in public business can't please every body.
CASACA, f. f. a coat.
Voltar casaca, to be a turncoat; to forsake the party of one, and take that of his enemy; to turn cat in pan.
Casaca amargosa, a sort of plant in the Brasils.
CASACAM, f. m. a great-coat.
CASADO, a, adj. See *CASAR*.
CASADOURA, ex. *Moga donzella casadoura*, a marriageable girl, that is ready for a husband.
CASAL, f. m. a farm-house; also a small village with few houses.
CASAMATA, (in fortification) casemate, a well, with its subterraneous branches, dug in the passage of the bastion, till the miners are heard at work, and air given to the mine; also a vault of mason's work in the flank of a bastion next to the curtain, to fire on the enemy.
CASAMENTEIRA, f. f. a match-maker.
CASAMENTEIRO, f. m. the same.
CASAMENTO, f. m. a wedding; also a match.
Casamento com pessoa inferior, ou desigual, disparagement.
Escriptura de casamento, a marriage agreement.
Casamento a troco, intermarriage. See *CASAR a troco*.
CASAPO, f. m. (in India) a cannon, or piece of ordnance.
CASAR, v. n. or *Casar-se*, v. r. to marry, to take a wife or husband.
Fazer que alguém case com pessoa inferior, ou desigual a sua, to disparage.

Casar, v. a. to join a man and a woman, to marry them; also to conciliate, to unite, to make to agree; also to bestow in marriage.
Casar-se, v. r. to suit with, to agree, to become.
Casar a troco, ou casarem aos irmãos com duns irmãos, to intermarry, to marry one among another of the same families, as the brother or sister of one, with the sister or brother of the other.
CASCA, f. f. bark, the rind of trees and plants; also the husk, or hove of wheat, or other grain; also hull or peel inclosing the seed.
Casca de laranja, the rind, or peel of an orange.
Casca de laranja que se espreme no vinbo para darlhe gosto, zest.
Casca de noz, ou de ovo, the shell of a nut, or of an egg.
Por cascas de albos, for trifles, for things of no signification.
CASCABULHO, f. m. the peel, or skin, wherewith seeds, acorns, &c. are covered. See also *CASCALHO*.
Cascabulho de huma maçã, &c. the core of an apple, &c.
CASCADO. See *CASCAR*.
CASCALHO, f. m. a chip, or shard of marble, or other stone, that comes off in hewing; also gravel, little round pebble stones, coarse sand, grit.
CASCALHUDO, a, adj. full of gravel, or sand, gravelly, gritty.
CASCAR, v. a. (a common and low word) to strike, to lick.
CASCARRA, a sort of fish so called.
CASCARRAM, ex. *Vinbo cascarram*, a sort of heady wine.
CASCASINHA, f. f. a little husk, peel, &c. diminut. from *Casca*.
CASCAVEL, f. m. varvels about the leg of a hawk, ferret, &c.
Cobra de cascavel, a rattle-snake, the wild people of the Brasils call her *boicinianga*.
A cascavel surdido, silently, without noise.
CASCO, f. m. ex. *Casco da cabeça*, the skull.
Casco de cavallo, mula, &c. the horny substance under the hoof of a horse, mule, &c.
Cavallo que tem o casco muyto delgado e brande, a fat-footed horse.
Cascodenavio, a ship without masts, ropes, and other rigging; also the keel, or bottom of a ship.
Casco de marisco. See *CONCHA*.
Casco de cebola, a flake of an onion.
Casco de ferro que se poem na cabeça. See *CAPACEFE*.
Casco de fortaleza, the bare walls and buildings of a fortress without garrison.
Quebrar os cascos, to break the skull; also to plague, to molest.
Fulano tem bons cascos, such a one has a

good head; for the most part spoken ironically.
Meter-se alguma coisa nos cascos, to fancy, to think or imagine, to put a thing into one's head.
Que se vos meteo nos cascos? what whim is now come into your head?
CASCUNHAR, (in cant) to see.
CASEIRA, f. f. a farmer's wife; also a woman that hireth another man's house to dwell in, a tenant.
CASEIRO, f. m. a farmer, a husband-man; also he that hireth another man's house to dwell in, a tenant.
Casero, a, adj. any thing that is homely, home-made, private; also plain, home-spun.
Mulher caseira, a woman that keeps her house and is not a gadder.
Pão caseiro, household bread.
Ave caseira, a dunghill fowl, a tame fowl, a fowl fed in a barton.
CASIA. See *CANELA*.
CASINHA, f. f. a small house, a cottage.
CASINHAS, f. f. p. so they call the rooms of the holy office where the guilty, or suspected about religion, are kept.
CASO, f. m. an accident, a chance, fortune; a law case, a case in declining words; also esteem, regard.
A caso, or peracaso, by chance.
Caso que, put the case, supposing, or admitting that.
O que succede a caso, casual, that happeneth by chance.
A caso, what! why! it is also used with an interrogation, and then signifies perhaps.
Caso de conciencia, a case of conscience, a question or scruple about some matter of religion.
Fazer muito caso de alguma coisa, to make great account of a thing, to make much of it.
Caso enorme, enormous fact.
Caso reservado, (with Romanists) case reserved, sins of consequence, the absolution of which is reserved for the superiors, or their vicars.
Isto não faz ao caso, 'tis no matter, it is not to the purpose.
Neste caso, in this case, if it is so.
Em caso, ou no caso, in case, if it should happen, upon supposition that.
Vamos ao caso, let us come to the point, speak to the thing in hand.
Demos caso, supposing, or admitting.
Caso crime, a capital crime.
Não estou no caso, I do not understand the case.
Não estar no caso, to be unable.
Caso de armas. See *CHOQUE*.
Elle toma tudo em caso de honra, he stands too much upon the point of honour, he stands upon punctilios of honour, he is touchy.
Não faço caso delle, I don't mind him.

C A S

CASPA, *f. f.* scurf, or scales in the head, beard, and brows, dandruff.
CASQUEJADO, *a*, adj. See **CASQUEJAR**, *v. n.* (among farriers.) See **CICATRIZAR**.
CASQUETE, *f. m.* a calot, or leather, or paper to cover the skull.
CASQUILHO, *f. m.* a coxcomb, a top, a beau, a spark.
CASQUINHA, *f. f.* a thin rind, or little bark; also the rind of citron, sweetened with sugar.
CASSAR, *v. a.* See **QUEBRAR**, **RISCAR**, and **ANNULLAR**.
CASSIOPEA, Cassiopea, an northern constellation of twenty-four stars.
CASSIS. } See **CACIZ**.
CASSO. } See **ANNULLADO**.
CASSOULA, or **CAÇOULA**, *f. f.* a perfuming pan, or pot.
CASSOULETA. See **ESCORVA**.
CASTA, *f. f.* race, family, stock, or generation; also race, breed, strain, kind. (Speaking of beasts.)
Castá, sort, kind, species.
Da mesma casta, of one stock or kindred, of the same sort.
Sair á casta, to take after the father, to do as he did, to be the father's own child in conditions.
CASTALIA, *f. f.* a fountain of Phocis, at the foot of the hill Parnassus.
CASTALIO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to the same fountain.
CASTAMENTE, adv. chaste, modestly.
CASTANHA, *f. f.* a chestnut.
O varço da castanha, the husk, or the rough prickly shells of chestnuts.
Castanha do mato. See **HERMODACTILO**.
Castanha rebordaa, a small wild chestnut.
Castanha pilada, a chestnut that has the shell taken off, and is so dried.
Cer de castanha, of a chestnut colour.
Trazido de castanhas, a fashion of curling used among women.
CASTANHA'L, *f. m.* a plot of chestnut-trees, a place planted with chestnut-trees.
CASTANHEIRA, *f. f.* a wild chestnut tree that produces no chestnuts.
CASTANHEIRO, *f. m.* a chestnut-tree.
Castanheiro longal, a sort of chestnut-tree higher than the others.
Castanheiro rebordaa, a wild chestnut-tree.
CASTANHETA, *f. f.* the snapping of the fingers; also a sort of fish.
Castanhetas snappers, castanets, used to dance with.
CASTANHO, *a*, adj. of a chestnut-colour.
Castanho claro, light chestnut-colour.
Castanho escuro, dark chestnut-colour.
CASTELHANO, *a*, adj. Spanish.
CASTELLA, *f. f.* the name of two kingdoms in Spain, the one called *Castella a Velha*, Old Castile; and the other *Castella a Nova*, New Castile.

C A S

Castella de ouro, *Castella dourada*, or *Castella nova*, a great tract of South America, now divided into the provinces of Panama, Cartagena, Uraba, Santa Marta, Rio de la Hacha, Venezuela, Cumana, Paria, New Andaluzia, and New-Granada.
CASTELLAM, *f. m.* See **CASTELLEIRO**.
CASTELLEJO, *f. m.* a small castle; also an old castle.
CASTELLEIRO, *f. m.* a constable, or keeper of a castle.
CASTELLINHO, *f. m.* a little castle, diminut. from *Castello*.
Castellino fabricado sobre huma eminencia, a cop-castle.
CASTELLO, *f. m.* a castle, or fortress.
Castello da popa, the hind-castle, (in a ship.)
Castello da proa, the fore-castle.
Formar castellos no ar, to build castles in the air; that is, to hope or expect things that in all probability are not likely to happen.
CASTEVAL, *f. m.* See **ALCAIDE**, obsolete.
CASTICADO, *a*, adj. See **CASTICAR**.
CASTICAL, *f. m.* a candlestick.
Becado castical, the socket of a candlestick.
Castical de braço, a sconce.
Sorte de castical pequeno, aonde se poem os cotos das velas sobre huma ponta de ferro para aprowentales, save-all.
CASTICAR, *v. n.* to breed, to engender.
CASTIÇO, *a*, adj. so they call in India the sons born of Portuguese parents; also of good breed, or generous in its kind, fertile.
Cavalleo castigo, or *pay de egoas*, a stallion.
CASTIDADE, *f. f.* chastity.
Arvore da castidade, a kind of withy, or willow, commonly called *agnus castus*, in English pork leaves, Abraham's balm, chaste, or hemp-tree.
CASTIGADO, *a*, adj. chastised, punished, corrected.
Estillo castigado, a correct style.
CASTIGADOR, *f. m.* he who chastiseth, a correcter, a chastiser.
CASTIGAR, *v. a.* to chastise, to punish, or correct.
Castigar a algum exemplamente, to make one a public example.
Castigar o cavallo, to speak to a horse, to spur, or to lash a horse.
CASTIGO, *f. m.* a punishment, a chastisement.
CASTO, *a*, adj. chaste, unstained.
Linguagem casta, the purest and finest language.
CASTOENS, or **COSTOENS**, so they formerly called the soldiers whose duty was to guard the sea-coast.
CASTOR, *f. m.* an amphibious animal, called a castor, or beaver.

C A T

Chapeo de castor, or *hum castor*, a beaver or castor, a superfine hat.
Castor & Pollux, Castor and Pollux, a fiery meteor, which at sea seems, sometimes, sticking to a part of the ship, in form of balls; also a constellation called Castor and Pollux.
CASTOREO, castorum, a medicine made of the liquor contained in the small eggs, which are next to the beaver's groin, oily, and of a strong scent.
CASTRADO. See **CASTRAR**.
CASTRAMETAÇAM, *f. f.* castrametation, the art of encamping an army.
O que faz a castrametaçam, the marshal who appointeth the camp, the quarter-master general.
CASTRAMETADO, *a*, adj. surrounded with intrenchments; this word is only used in a figurative sense, and signifies a place free from dangers.
CASTRAR. See **CAPAR**.
Castrear colmeas. See **CRESTAR**.
CASTRENSE, *a*, adj. of, or pertaining to the camp, or field, to the army, or war.
Peculio castrense, goods gotten by service in war.
CASUAL, adj. casual, accidental.
CASUALIDADE, *f. f.* casualty, an unforeseen accident.
CASUALMENTE, adj. by chance, accidentally.
CASUPSTA, *f. m.* a casuist.
CASU'LA, *f. f.* a chasuble, the vestment a priest wears over his alb when he says mass.
CASU'LO, *f. m.* the hull or peel inclosing the seeds, the husk or hove of wheat, or other grain; also a nest. See also **CASCALHO**.
Casulo do bicho da seda, the ball that a silk-worm makes.

C A T

CATA, *f. f.* a view, a search.
CATA CHRESIS, *f. f.* catachresis, a figure in rethoric, when one word is abusively put for another; an abusive expression.
CATACLYSMO, *f. m.* See **INUNDAÇAM**, and **DILUVIO**.
CATAÇOL. See **CATASOL**.
CATACUMBAS, *f. f. p.* catacombs, a sort of grottos in Rome, under the church of St. Sebastian, which extend some miles under ground, where the primitive Christians hid themselves in time of persecution, and buried the martyrs.
CATADUPA, *f. f.* a cataract, or great fall of water, a catadure. See also **CANEIRO**.
CATADURA, *f. f.* countenance, aspect; also humour, temper, disposition.
CATAFRACTO, or **CATAPHRAGO**, *f. m.* a man in complete armour.
CATALECTICO, *a*, adj. ex. *Verço catalectico*, a catalectic verse, or a verse wanting one syllable.

C A T

CATALECTOS, f. m. p. a collection.

CATALO', f. m. (In India.) See **PRE-GUICEIRO**.

CATALOGO, f. m. a catalogue, a list of names; either of persons or things, as of books, &c.

CATANA, f. f. a large broad-sword, used by the inhabitants of Japan.

CATANADA, f. f. a stroke with such a sword; also a wipe, a dry bob. (Metaph.)

CATAPEREIRO, f. m. a sort of wild pear-tree.

CATAPHRACTO. See **CATAPFRACTO**.

CATAPLASMA, f. f. a plaster, a cataplasm, a pultice, a soft mollifying application.

CATAPU'A, f. f. (A ludicrous word.) See **VAYA**.

CATAPULTA, f. f. a catapult, an engine of war, used formerly to throw javelins twelve or thirteen feet long.

CATAR, v. a. to louse, to take away the lice. See also **BUS-CAR**.

Catar-se, v. r. to louse one's self.

CATARATA, f. f. a cataract, or great fall of water; also a cataract in the eyes. Greek.

Tirar as cataratas, to couch the cataract; also to undeceive, to disabuse. (Metaph.)

CATARATEIRO, f. m. he who cures cataracts.

CATARRAL, adj. belonging to a catarrh, or cold.

CATARRO, a catarrh, a cold, a defluxion proceeding from cold. Greek.

CATHARTICO. See **CATHARTICO**.

CATASOL, f. m. a sort of superfine woollen stuff woven like camblet; also a sort of dye. See also **GIRASOL**.

CATASTA, f. f. a cage, or stall wherein they set slaves to sale; also a strappado, or the like, on which Christians used to be tormented.

CATASTROPHE, or **CATASTROFE**, f. m. a catastrophe, or peripetie, the change or revolution of a dramatic poem, or the turn which unravels the intrigue, and terminates the piece; also catastrophe, the end or issue of a business, the fatal conclusion of action, or of a man's life.

CATATAO, f. m. a sort of sword with a large blade.

Fazer o catatao a algum, (a low expression) to be revenged of one, to revenge one's self upon him, to bang him.

CATAVENTO, f. m. a sort of wheel with holes, set at the top of the houses in India, to draw in the air and refresh the house.

CATEL, f. m. a sort of bed in Malabar.

C A T

CATERVA, f. f. a crew, a rout, a shoal, a troop, a gang, a company.

CATHARTICO, a, adj. cathartic, purging. Greek.

CATHARTICOS, f. m. p. cathartics, or purging medicines.

CATHECHESI. See **CATHEQUE-SI**.

CATHECHISTA. See **CATHEQUISTA**.

CATHECISMO, or **CATECISMO**, a catechism, instruction in matters of religion; also the book that contains such instructions.

CATHECUMENO, f. m. f. a catechumen, one that is instructing, in order to receive baptism.

CATHEDRAL, or **CATEDRAL**, f. f. a cathedral, the head church of a diocese.

CATHEDRATICO, or **CATEDRATICO**, f. m. a professor of a science in an university.

CATHEDRILHA, f. f. (in the university of Coimbra) a chair wherein the professor sits for a very short time, and explains a very short lesson.

CATHEGORIA, f. f. a term used by logicians, signifying a predicament; also a class, a rank.

CATHEQUESI, or **CATEQUESI**, f. f. See **CATHECISMO**.

CATHEQUISTA, or **CATEQUISTA**, the person who instructs or teaches the principles of the Christian religion.

CATHEQUIZADO, a, adj. See **CATHEQUIZAR**, or **CATEQUIZAR**, v. a. to catechise, to instruct in religious matters.

CATHOLICAM, or **CATOLICAM**, f. m. catholicism, a universal remedy; a purging electuary, proper for dispelling all ill humours.

CATHOLICO, f. m. he who professes the Catholic religion.

Catolico, a, adj. catholic, universal, general.

El rey catolico, the king of Spain: the title of catholic was given by pope Alexander VI. to Fernando V. and to Isabel de Castilla; and since all the kings of Spain have retained the same title.

Forno catolico, (in chemistry) a little furnace, so disposed as to be fit for all such operations as are performed with a vehement fire.

Quadrante catolico, (in gnomonics) a quadrant so contrived as to be fit to show the hours in any part of the world; also a sort of coin in India.

CATIMBAO, f. m. a ridiculous man.

CATIMPLORA. See **CANTIMPLORA**.

CATINGA, f. f. a sort of rank smell of the blacks, like that of the jack-jaws.

CATIVA, f. f. a slave, a captive.

Cativa de um (a sort of compliment) your most humble servant.

C A V

CATIVADO, a, adj. See

CATIVAR, v. a. to captivate, to take prisoner; also to charm, to subdue.

Cativar o animo de algum, to win one's friendship.

Isto vos fará cativar o animo de todos, this will indear you to all.

Cativar-se, v. r. to be charmed, to be pleased with.

CATIVEIRO, f. m. captivity, bondage.

CATIVO, f. m. a slave, a captive.

CATOBLEPA, f. f. a beast near the rise of the Nile, with a great heavy head, which it always hangs down.

CATOPTRICA, f. f. catoptrics; that part of optics which treats of vision by reflection.

CATOPTROMANCIA, f. f. catoptrromancy, divination by vision, or looking in a glass.

CATORZE. See **QUATORZE**.

CATRAPO'S, ex. *Cavalllo que vaicorrendo a catrapos, ou a quatro pes*, a horse running in his full speed.

CATRAYA, f. f. a sort of boat to carry fish in.

CATRE, f. m. a little bed, a couch.

CATROPEO, (in cant) a horse.

CATTA'. See **GRANDULIM**.

CATUAL, f. m. (a word used in Malabar) a governor of a kingdom.

CATULO, f. m. (in poetry) the young of all beasts.

CATUR, f. m. (an Indian word) a sort of small man of war.

C A V

CAVA, f. f. a furrow, a trench for a drain; also a digging, or delving.

Cava de huma fortaleza. See **FOSSO**.

Primira cava da vinha, a breaking up of the earth to make it proper for the planting of vines.

Segunda cava, a digging, or delving over again; a new digging about vines.

Via cava, the hollow vein.

Cavas, (in architecture) flutings.

CAVACA, f. f. a sort of sweet cake made of flour, eggs, and sugar.

CAVACADO, a, adj. See

CAVACAR, v. a. to chip, to cut chips, to rough hew.

CAVACO, f. m. a chip, or piece of wood.

CAVADICO, a, adj. that which is, or may be digged out of the earth.

CAVADO, a, adj. made hollow; also digged, or pulled out.

Cavado, f. m. one of the principal rivers in Portugal. Its source is in the province of Traz dos Montes, and below Barcelos it falls into the sea.

CAVADOR, f. m. a digger, or delver, a ploughman.

Come mais que hum cavador, he eats more than a ploughman.

CAVADURA. See **CAVA**.

CAVALIM, f. m. a sort of fish of the tunny kind.

C A V

CAVALGADA, f. f. a troop of horse men, cavalcade.
CAVALGADO, a, adj. See **CAVALGAR**.
CAVALGADURA, f. f. any beast for the saddle, fit to ride upon, as a horse, a mule, an ass, &c. See also **ESTUPIDO**.
CAVALGAR, v. n. to ride, to ride a-horseback. See **CAVALLO**.
CAVALGAR, or *Encavalgar* *uma peça de artilharia*, to mount a piece of ordnance upon its carriage.
CAVALHADA, f. f. horse-ridings, or races, a cavalcade.
CAVALHARIÇO, a master of the horse to a prince.
Cavalhариço mayor, the chief quarry to the king.
CAVALHEIRO. See **CAVALLEIRO**.
CAVALHERIÇA. See **CAVALLEIRIÇA**.
CAVALHERO. See **CAVALLEIRO**.
CAVALLA, f. f. a fish called mackerel.
CAVALLA'R, adj. of the race of horses.
CAVALLARIA, f. f. horse, cavalry; also a sort of mule; also knight-hood. See also **CAVALGADA**.
CAVALLARIÇA, f. f. stables.
CAVALLEIRAS, or *Religiosas cavalleiras de Santiago da Espada*, the nuns of St. Jago of the Sword, in Portugal.
CAVALLEIRO, f. m. a horseman, a rider; also a sort of ant.
Ir o cavalleiro, ou a estacada pernas nos ombros de alguém, to ride, or be borne upon another's shoulders.
Cavalleiro de ordem militar, a knight.
Cavalleiros da ordem de Christo, the knights of Jesus Christ, in Portugal.
Cavalleiros da Garretreira, knights of the Garter.
Cavalleiros de Malta, the knights of Malta.
Cavalleiros do Tuzão de Ouro, the knights of the Golden Fleece.
Cavalleiros da Espora dourada, the knights of the Golden Spur.
Cavalleiro Andante, a fabulous hero, intent upon performing great exploits, a knight-errant.
Emprego, ou condicão de hum cavalleiro andante, errantry, the employment of a knight-errant.
Cavalleiro de industria, a sharper, one that lives upon his wits.
Armar cavalleiro, to instal, to dub, or make a knight.
Meter-se a cavalleiro, to affect the dignity of a knight.
Cavalleiro novo, he who offers himself to be dubbed a knight.
Cavalleiro, gentleman-like, genteel, gallant, free, noble.
Cavalleiro, (in fortification) cavalier, a kind of high platform to plant great guns upon.
Lugar alto que está a cavalleiro de outro, a height or rising ground that commands a place.

C A V

CAVALLEIROSAMENTE, adv. nobly, generously, bravely.
CAVALLEIROSO, a, adj. noble, generous, great, famous.
CAVALLERIA, f. f. knight-hood, the military order of knights.
Livros de cavallerias, books of knight-errantry, romances.
Cavallerias, great deeds of chivalry.
CAVALLETE, f. m. an instrument of torture made like a horse, the Romans called it *equuleus*; also the bridge of a musical instrument.
Cavallite, (among painters) a painter's easel.
Cavallite, (among printers) the gallows of a printer's press.
CAVALLINHA, f. f. the herb called horsetail.
CAVALLINHO, f. m. a little horse, a tit; diminut. from *Cavallo*.
Cavallinho de frisa, a cheval de frise, a warlike instrument to keep off the horse.
CAVALLO, f. m. a horse; also the knave, (at cards.)
Andar a cavallo, to ride.
Cavallo, a venereal bubo.
Soldado de cavallo, a trooper.
Cavallos ligeiros, light horses.
Cavallo anão, a nag, a gennet, an ambling nag.
Manejo ou arte de ensinar cavallos, horsemanship.
Cavallo que anda de Andadura naturalmente, a Spanish gennet horse.
A acção de andar a cavallo, riding.
Cavallo dos varais, the fore horse of a coach, or the off horse.
Cavallo do boia, the near horse.
Cavallo de posta, a post horse.
Cavallo de aluguel. See **ALUGUEL**.
Cavallo de coche, a coach horse.
Cavallo que anda de chouto, a horse that jolts.
Cavallo roim, que se serve para puxar pelo carro, a cart jade, a cart horse.
Cavallo que toma o freio entre dentes, a horse that champs the bit.
Cavallo rijo da boca, a hard mouthed horse.
Cavallo doce de freio, an horse of an easy rest upon the hand.
Cavallo, que tem boa boca. See **BOCA**.
Cavallo que tropeça, a stumbling horse.
Cavallo espantadiço, a startling horse.
Cavallo ardente, or *fogoso*, a steely horse.
Cavallo que morde e da couceis, a biting and kicking horse.
Cavallo rebellem, an untamed and unruly horse, a restive, or headstrong horse.
Cavallo que galepea com muita ligeireza, a horse that slightly grazes upon the ground.
Cavallo mal pensado, e magro, a lank, or scraggy horse.
Cavallo, que não consente, ou sofre ancas. See **ANCAS**.
Cavallo mal mandado, a restive horse.
O que amansa os cavallos, an horse-rider, a breaker of horses.

C A V

O que contrata em cavallos, a jockey, a horse-courser.
O que ensina andar a cavallo, a riding-master.
Especial em que se ensina a montar a cavallo, manege, or riding-house.
O que não sabe andar a cavallo; we say, he who sits on horseback as a chip upon a block.
Cavallo marinho, a sea horse.
Cavallo agoadado. See **AGOADO**.
Fugir a unhas de cavallo, to run full speed.
Cavallo de albarda, a pack horse.
Cavallo com mormo, a glandered horse.
Cavali, a knight, (at chess.)
Cavallo de cana, a hobby horse for a child.
Cavallo de pão para os meninos brincarem, a cock horse.
Cavallo de carro, a cart horse.
Cavallo mais chgado ao carro pelo qual outros puxam, the rod, or roddle-horse, a thiller, or thill horse.
Cavallo de sella, a saddle horse.
Cavallo de correr, a race horse.
Cavallo de guerra, a war horse.
Cavallo ajazado, a horse with all his furniture.
Cavallo corredor, a fleet horse.
Cavallo de Barbária, a Moorish horse, a barb.
Cavallo de lançamento, a stallion horse.
Cavallo vilbo, ou muito manso, sobre o qual o caçador de perizes, &c. debruçando-se para hum lado delle se esconde juntamente com a espingarda da vista dos aves, a stalking horse.
Cavallo capado, a gelding.
Cavallo sem ser capado, a stone horse.
Cavallo que da aos fillos, a broken winded horse.
Cavallo quattralvo, a horse that has four white feet.
Cavallo alazem, a sorrel horse. See **ALAZAM**.
Cavallo baio, a bay horse. See **BAIO**.
Cavallo castanho, a chestnut coloured horse.
Cavallo baio e castanho, a chestnut bay.
Cavallo roim, a worthless nag, a poor jade.
Cavallo remendado, ou myo branco e myo negro, a dapple horse.
Cavallo ruão, a dapple grey horse.
Cavallo rufo, a grey horse.
Cavallo que serve para mudar em huma jornada, relay, a fresh horse for a traveller to change.
Cavallo que soffre ancas, a double horse.
Cavallo com asas, a winged, or flying horse.
Cavallo tretaço, a trotting horse.
Cavallo de pas, a wooden horse.
Montar a cavallo, (a military command) to horse.
Montar a cavallo, to get upon a horse, to take horse.
Apesar-se do cavallo to come off one's horse, to light off one's horse.
Cavalgar bem cavallo, to ride a horse.

C A V

Enfinar bem cavallo a andar pela estrada, to way a horse.
Picar o cavallo, to spur the horse.
Picari o voffo cavallo, clap spurs to your horse, spur your horse.
Ferir o cavallo com as esporas, to spur-gall a horse.
Dixar a redea at cavallo, to give a horse the head.
Mijar o cavallo, to stale.
Ajôbiar nos cavallos para que mijem, to whistle to horses a-pissing.
Companhia de cavallos, a troop of horse.
Cavallo, a horse for school-boys to be whipped upon.
Cavallo para andar á caça, a hunter, a horse for hunting, a hunting nag.
Arte de curar os cavallos, horse-leechery.
A cavallo, horse-back, riding.
Mofea de cavallos, or *curvaõ*, horse-fly.
Pezo, ou causa semelhante que serve para montar a cavallo, a horseblock, a stall.
Tranqa do cavallo, a horse-lock.
Guarda a cavallo, horse-guard.
Estreco de cavallos, horse-dung.
Richos do cavallo, maw-worms.
Tanque para os cavallos, horse-pond.
Carga de cavallo, horse-load.
Cavallo pequenino, ou novo, a young horse, or filly.
Ladriões de cavallos, horse stealers.
Carreira, ou curso de cavallos, horse-race, or horse-match.
Tomar a cavallo a alguém para apoutalo na escola, to horse one at school, to hold him up whilst he is whipt.
Estar a cavallo em huma travé, to set a-straddle upon a beam.
Estar a cavallo, (metaph.) to be superior, to be uppermost, to get the better of it.
Per-se a cavallo sobre alguém, (metaph.) to ride one, to keep him under.
Andar bem a cavallo, to be a good horse-man.
Andar a cavallo sobre huma mula, to ride upon a mule.
Mulher que anda a cavallo, a horse-woman.
Andar a cavallo a escacharernas, to ride a-straddle.
O andar dos egas atraz dos cavallos, horsing. (Speaking of a mare that wants to go to horse.)
Hé tempo dos cavallos cubrirem as egas, it is time for the stallions to horse the mares.
Atar os pés de hum cavallo com huma corda, to hople a horse, to tie his feet with a rope.
Cabeça, pescoço, crinas, rabo, e pés do cavallo, the head, neck, mane, tail, and feet of a horse.
Os quatro dentes dianteiros de hum cavallo, gatherers, the fore teeth of a horse.
Vestido de andar a cavallo, a riding-habit.
Andar a cavallo em offo ou sem sella, to ride a horse without a saddle, or on the bare back.

C A V

Caminho só para cavallos, e não para carros, spur-way, a horse-way, a bridle-road.
P. a cavallo dado, não elles o dente, never look in the mouth of a gift horse.
CAVANEJO, f. m. a main-hammer, a hand-basket to carry grapes into the press.
P. depois de vindimas cavanejos; we say, after meat mustard.
CAVAQUINHO, f. m. a little click, diminut. from *Cavaco*.
CAVAR, v. a. to dig, to delve, to make hollow; also to dig, or pull out.
CAVATURA, f. f. hollowness.
CAUCAM, f. f. a caution, or taking heed. See also *FIADOR*.
CAUCASO, f. m. a high hill in Asia between the Euxine and the Caspian sea.
CAUDA, f. f. a tail.
Cauro, ou bolsa para meter dentro a cauda do cavallo, a dock, a leather for a horse's tail.
Cauda de vestidura, the tail of a gown.
Cauda do dragão, (in astronomy) deneb, dragon's tail, or a point of the ecliptic opposite to the dragon's head, which the moon cuts in descending from the north to the south.
Cauda de cometa, the tail of a comet.
CAUDAL, or *CAUDALOSO*, a, adj. ex. *Rio caudaloso*, a mighty river.
CAUDATA'RIO, f. m. a train-bearer.
CAUDI'LHO, f. m. a captain, a leader. Spanish.
CAVEIRA, f. f. a skull.
Pelle que cobre a caveira, scalp.
CAVERNA, f. f. den, cave, cavern.
CAVERNAS, (in a ship) floor-timbers, or ground-timbers, those that form the floor of a ship.
CAVERNOSO, a, adj. full of holes, or dens, hollow, cavernous.
CAVIDADE, f. f. See *COVA*.
CAVIDADES, (among anatomists) cavities, which are great hollow spaces in the body, containing one or more principal parts; as the chest for the lungs, &c. the head for the brain.
CAVIDA'R SE. See *ACAUTELAR SE*.
CAVIDE, f. m. a peg, a ring in the stables to hang up the bridle, &c.
CAVIDOSO. See *ACAUTELADO*.
CAVILHA, f. f. a sort of wooden nail.
Cavilha de ferro, an iron pin, belonging to the building and rigging of a ship.
Cavilha de ferro que se poem no fim do eixo para vir muõ na roda, a linch-pin.
CAVILHA'DO, a, adj. See *CAVILHAR*, to drive in wooden or iron pins.
CAVILHACAM, civil, or sophistical reason.

C A X

CAVILLA'DO, a, adj. See *CAVILLA'R*, v. a. to mock, to deceive, to play the soppbiller.
CAVILLOSAMENTE, adv. captiously, deceitfully, subtilly.
CAVILLOSO, a, adj. captious, full of craft and deceit.
CAVOUCO, or *CABOUCO*, f. m. the cave or hollowness made by a digger of stones in a quarry.
CAVOQUEIRO, or *CABOUQUEIRO*, f. m. a digger of stones in a quarry; also he that undertakes to do a thing that he knows nothing of, an unskilful artist.
CAUSA, f. f. cause, principle, occasion; also cause, reason, motive, subject; also a suit, a plea, a process in law.
Por causa de, for the sake of, on account of.
Por que causa? upon what account? why?
CAUSADA, a, adj. See *CAUSAR*.
CAUSAM, (among physicians) an ardent fever.
CAUSAR, v. a. to cause, to occasion, to create.
Causar enfado a alguém, to be troublesome to one.
Causar a morte a si mesmo, to foredo, to be the occasion of one's own death.
Causar-se, v. r. to bring upon one's self.
Causar-se a si mesmo enfado, to create one's self trouble.
CAUSIDICO. See *ADVOGADO*, and *LETRADO*.
CAUSTICO, a, adj. caustic, burning.
Cáusticos, f. m. p. caustics, or things which burn the skin and flesh. See *CAUTERIO potencial*.
Pintura de caustico, a picture that is enamelled, or worked with fire.
Caustico, (in a moral sense) violence, vehemency.
CAUTAMENTE, warily, heedfully, with caution, circumspectly.
CAUTELA, f. f. caution, heedfulness, wariness.
CAUTELOSO, a, adj. See *ACAUTELADO*.
Cauteloso, crafty, wily, cunning, sly.
CAUTERIO, f. m. cautery.
Cauterio actual, actual cautery, which is made either by fire or hot iron, or other metal.
Cauterio potencial, potential cautery, which is made by burning medicines.
CAUTERIZADO, a, adj. See *CAUTERIZAR*.
Conscientia cauterizada, (in a moral sense) a conscience afflicted with checks or stings.
CAUTERIZAR, v. a. to cauterize, to apply a cautery.
Cauterizar. (In a moral sense.) See *AFLIGIR*.
CAUTO, a, adj. wary, heedful, cautious. See *CAUTELOSO*.

C A X

CA'XA, f. f. a chest, a box; also a drum;

CEA

drum; also shape, form, or figure; also a sort of coin in Tidor, one of the Molucca islands.
Tuar a caixa, to beat the drum.
Caixa, a cashier, a cash-keeper.
Mandar embora com caixas destemperadas, to turn out with contempt and scorn.
Caixa das reliquias dos santos, a shrine.
Caixa, a case.
Caixa de lixa, a shagreen case.
Caixa com buracos no tampo, &c. See *PEIXE*.
Caixa de tabaco, snuff-box.
Caixa para os pobres, a poor-box.
Caixa do coche, the body of a coach.
CAXA'M, f. m. a great box.
Caxens de livros postos em ordem em huma livraria, hutches, cases, or shelves wherein books are kept.
CAXEIRO, f. m. a cashier, a cash-keeper; also a merchant's clerk; also a box-maker.
CAXETTI'M, a printer's box for one sort of letter. French.
CAXILHO, f. m. a frame.
Caxilho de huma porta, a door-case.
Caxilho para huma janella, a frame for a window.
CAXINHA, a little box, diminut. from *Caixa*, a box.

CAY

CAYADEIRA, f. f. a woman that whitens, or white-limes.
CAYADO, a, adj. whitened.
CAYADURA, f. f. whitening.
CAYAR, v. a. to whiten, to white-lime.
Cayar o rosto, to paint, to lay colours on the face.
CAYEIRO, f. m. he who makes lime, a lime-maker.

CAZ

CAZEBRE, (in cant) a house.
CAZERNA, f. f. a sort of hut, or lodge for soldiers in a garrison.
CAZO'L, f. m. a sort of black water, used by women in painting their eye-lids.

ÇA

ÇABUYO. } See *SABUYO*.
ÇAFA. } See *SAFA*.
 N. B. Look under the letter S for the words that you find written with Ç.

CEA

CEA, f. f. supper.
CEADO, a, adj. supped.
CEAR, v. a. to sup, to eat one's supper; also to fall astern, or to put back a boat with oars without bringing her head about. (A sea term.)
CEARA, CEAREIRO. See *SEARA, SEAREIRO*.

CEF

CECEAR, CECIOSO. See *CICIAR, CICIOSO*.

CEB

CEBO, or *Sebo*, f. m. tallow.
Vela de sebo, a tallow candle.
CEBOLA, f. f. an onion; also the head or root of any thing that is like an onion.
Cebola albarram. See *SCILLA*.
Cebola escallonia, a scallion, a kind of small onion.
Cebola cistem, or *cetem*, sea-onion, or sea-leek, a squill, a physical herb.
CEBOLA'L, f. m. a bed, or company of onions, a place sown or set with onions.
CEBOLINHA, f. f. a small onion, diminut. from *Cebola*.
CEBOLINHO, f. m. cibol, ciboulet, a young cibol, a chibbol.
CEBOSO, or *SEBOSO*, a, adj. full of tallow, or suet, greasy.

CEC

CE'CA. See *MECA*.
CECEM. See *ACUCENA*.
Cecem, is symbolically taken for *SAUDADE*, which see.
CE'CIO, a, adj. (a vulgar word) neat, spruce, gim, well-dressed.
CECIOSO. See *CICIOSO*.

CED

CEDELA. See *SEDELA*.
CEDER, v. a. to truckle, to buckle to, to submit, to surrender, to resign, quit, to give way. See also *CONFORMAR-SE*.
Ceder de seu direito, to give over one's right to another.
CEDIDO, a, adj. See *CEDER*.
CEDI'LHO, f. m. a kind of comma under the letter C thus (ç), which makes it sound like an S; a cecilla.
CEDO, adv. soon, early.
Mais cedo, sooner.
CEDRO, f. m. a cedar-tree; they grow in many parts of Asia, and mount Libanus is famous for them; there is also great plenty of them in the West Indies.
Fruto do cedro, the fruit or berry of cedar.
Óleo de cedro, the oil which issueth from the cedar-tree, wherewith they anointed books or other things to preserve them from moths, worms, and rottenness.
Refina que sabe dos cedros mayores, the liquor, pitch, or resin, running out of the great cedar.
CE'DULA. See *SEDULA*.

CE F

CEFA'LICA, VEA. See *CEPHALICO*.

R

CEG

CEG

CEGA, f. f. a sort of snake in the Brasils. The natives call it *ibiyara*, *boyguatu*, or *boddy*.
CEGAMENTE, adv. blindly.
CEGA'R, v. a. to blind, to strike blind; also to cloud, to darken; also to fill up to the top, to cover over, or hide, (speaking of ditches or trenches, &c.)
Cegar, v. n. to be struck blind.
As paixoes cegaõ os maos, passions, blind wicked men.
Isto he tão claro, que cega os olhos, it is plain enough, that is obvious to the eye, one cannot but see it.
Cegar huma peça, to nail up a cannon, or to make it unserviceable, to dismount it.
Cegar a vista, to dazzle. See also *ENTUPIR*.
CEGARRE'GA. See *CIGARRA*.
CEGARSE, v. r. to be in a hurry, to fly into a passion, to do a thing rashly.
CE'GO, a, adj. See *CEGAR*.
Cégo, f. m. a blind man.
Cego de hum olho por algum accidente, a blinkard, or one blink-eyed.
Cego de hum olho por nacimiento, that is born with one eye only.
Nó cego, a hard knot, or intricate, that is hard to be untied, a very tight knot.
Intestino cego, (among anatomists) the blind gut, so called because one end of it shuts up.
Terra cega, woody-land, or land surrounded with mountains.
Area cega. See *AREA*.
Pantada de cego, a stroke of a blind man; that is, a desperate stroke; because blind men, wanting sight to take aim, lay on with such fury, that the first stroke serves for all.
Almorrimas cegas. See *ALMORREIMAS sem sangue*.
A's cegas, adv. with the eyes shut, blindfold, or blindly, rashly.
Fazer as confusões às cegas, to go blindly to work.
P. sonbava o cego que via, sonbava o que queria; we say, as the fool thinks, so the bells tink or clinks.
P. não ha cego, que se veja, nem torto que se conheça; we say, every man thinks his own geese swans. *Suum cuique pulchrum*, say the Latins.
P. na terra dos cegos, o torto he rey; in a country of blind men, he that has one eye is the king; we say, better one eye, than quite blind. The Latins say, *princeps lufus inter cecos*.
CEGO'NHA, f. f. a stork; also an engine to draw up water, a swipe; also the piece of iron to which the rope is fastened in order to ring the bell.
CEGU'DE, f. f. an herb much like our hemlock, the juice of it, though extreme cold, is poison.
CEGUE'IRA, f. f. blindness, either in a proper or a metaphorical sense.

CEI

CEL

CEI

CEIRA, f. f. a basket used by porters to carry burdens in; also a frail to put up dried fruit, as figs, or raisins.
Ceira de lagar de azeite, a sort of basket used at the oil mills, for the oil to run through, and to stop the dregs.
CEIRA'M, a great basket, properly made of rushes, like a mat, or as our hand-baskets, used to load horses, and for other uses.
CEIRINHA, a little basket.
CEITIL, f. m. a sort of coin in Portugal, of very small value.
CEIVA'DO, a, adj. See
CEIVAR or *boys*, to unyoke oxen.

CEL

CELA'DA, f. f. helmet, a cap of steel, a basinet, a salade.
CELAMIM, or **CELEMIM**. See **SE-LAMIM**.
CELA'RENT, (in logic) a syllogism, whose second proposition is an universal affirmative, the other two universal negatives.
CELEBRACAM, f. f. a celebration, or solemnizing, a celebrity; also praise, applause.
CELEBRADO, a, adj. See **CELEBRAR**.
CELEBRADO'R, f. m. a praiser, or commender, he who celebrates.
CELEBRADORA, f. f. she that praiseth, or celebrates.
CELEBRA'NTE, f. m. the priest that says the high mass in a solemnity.
CELEBRA'R, v. a. to celebrate, to solemnize; also to say mass.
Celebrar hum pacto com algum, to agree, to make a bargain with one.
CELEBRE, adj. celebrated, famous, renowned.
CELEBRIDA'DE, f. f. celebrity.
Celebrida'de de bodas, the celebrity of a marriage.
CELEIRO. } See { **CELLEIRO**.
CELEMIM. } See { **SE-LAMIM**.
CELEIREIRA. See **CELLAREIRA**.
CELEIREIRO. See **CELLAREIRO**.
CELERIDA'DE, f. f. celerity, swiftness.
CELESTE, adj. celestial, heavenly.
CELESTIAL, adj. the same.
CELESTINA, the proper name of a woman. See also **FEITICEIRA**.
CELESTINOS, f. m. p. Celestines, an order of monks, founded A. C. 1244, by one Peter, who was afterwards pope, by the name of Celestin. V.
CELEUMA, or *celeusma*, f. f. (a seaterm) the shout or noise which mariners make, when they do any thing with joined strength, at which times they cry, ho-up; or when they encourage each other. Lat. *celeusma*; some say it is of the masculine gender
CELGA. See **ACELGA**.

CEN

CELHA, or **SELHA**, f. f. a basket to pull the fish in.
CELHAS, the eye-lashes. They call them also *pastanas*.
CELIBADO, or **CELIBATO**, f. m. celibacy, a single life.
O que vive em celibado, a bachelor.
CELIBATO, a, adj. of, or belong to celibacy.
CELI'COLAS, the inhabitants of heaven. (Used in poetry.)
CELICO, a, adj. celestial, heavenly. (In poetry.)
CELIDO'NIA, f. f. the herb celandine, very good for the eyes. It is also called *andorinha*.
Celidonia, a stone of a white or red colour, found in the belly of young swallows, as some say; but *Tollius* says that he never could find it there.
CELI'NS, (in the Portuguese India) the trunk of the coco-tree.
CELLA, f. f. a cell, proper for a religious man, or nun in a monastery; also a honey-comb.
CELLAREIRA, f. f. an economist in some religious orders. The nun that takes care of the provisions; the store-house keeper.
CELLAREIRO, or **CELEIREIRO**, f. m. (in some religious orders) an economist, or one who manages the domestic affairs.
CELLULA, f. f. a little cell; also a very small concavity, or hollowness. (Among physicians.)
CELLEIRO, f. m. a granary, the place where corn is kept.
CELSITU'DE, f. f. celsitude, height.
CELISO, a, adj. high.

CEM

CEM, adj. a hundred.
Cem vezes, a hundred times.
Cem vezes outro tanto, hundred fold.
Cousa de cem cabeças, hundred-headed.
CEMENTADO, a, adj. See
CEMENTAR, v. a. (in chemistry) to purify gold.
CEMITERIO, **CEMETERIO**, or **CIMITERIO**, f. m. a church-yard.
Porta do cemiterio, lich-gate.

CEN

CENA. See **SCENA**.
CENA'CULO, f. m. a dining or supping room: also a banquetting-house, (in poetry.)
CENDA'L, f. m. a fine linen, a lawn, or fine silk like tiffany. Arabic.
CENDRA'DO, cleansed, purged, refined.
Prata cendrada, pure, fine silver.
CENDRA'R, v. a. to cleanse, purify, or refine.
CENHO, f. m. (among farriers) a sort of disorder in the horny substance under the hoof of a horse, mule, &c.

CEN

CENO, f. m. See **LODO**.
CENOBIALMENTE, adv. in a cenobitical manner.
CENO'BIO, f. m. a monastery.
CENOBI'TA, f. m. a cenobite, the person who professes a monk's life.
CENOBITICO, a, adj. belonging to a monastery.
CENOPEGIA. See **SCENOPEGIA**.
CENOSIDA'DE, f. f. See **LODO**, and **LAMA**.
CENOTA'PHIO, f. m. an empty tomb, raised in honour of a dead person. Greek.
CENO'URA, or **CINO'URA**, f. f. carrots.
CENRA'DA. } See { **DECOADA**.
CENREIRA. } See { **SENREIRA**.
CENSO, f. m. a charge, a tribute, a yearly revenue.
Pagar o censo a morte, (metaph.) to die. They say also in the same sense, *pagar o censo commum*.
CENSO'R, f. m. a censor, a reformer of manners. See also **CENSURADOR**.
CENSUA'L, adj. belonging to a charge, tribute, or yearly revenue.
CENSU'RA, the office of a censor.
Censura, a censure; also reprehension, blame, reproach; also correction, criticism.
Censuras ecclesiasticas, ecclesiastical censures, punishments inflicted on offenders, according to church laws.
CENSURADO, a, adj. See **CENSURAR**.
CENSURADO'R, f. m. a censor, a reformer of manners; also one who detracts from another's character, or that finds fault with.
CENSURAR, v. a. to censure, to reform manners, to detract from another's character, to find fault with, to reprehend; also to inflict ecclesiastical censures.
CENTAUREA, f. f. the herb centaury.
CENTA'URO, f. m. a centaur; a monster, the poets feigned to be half horse and half man. (Metaph.) a whimsical man.
CENTEAL, f. m. a field of rye.
CENTELHA, f. f. See **FALISCA**.
CENTENA, f. f. the place of hundreds in numeration; as units, tens, hundreds.
Huma centena, an hundred.
CENTENA'R, f. m. hundred.
CENTENA'RIO, a, adj. centenary, a hundred years old.
CENTE'OSO, a, adj. See **CENTEYO**, a, adj.
CENTEYO, f. m. rye; so called because it yields an hundred for one.
Dar em alguma cousa, como em centeyo verde, that is, to consume a thing in a very short time; because the cattle, they say, feed very greedily on green rye.
Cente'yo, a, adj. of, or belonging to rye.

C E P

CENTE'SIMO, *a*, adj. hundredth.
CENTILADO. See **SCINTILADO**.
CENTILAR. See **SCINTILAR**.
CENTINELLA. See **SENTINELLA**.
CENTI'MANO, *f. m.* that has an hundred hands, as the poets feigned the giant Briareus.
CENTO, *f. m.* hundred.
Hum cento de ovos, one hundred of eggs.
Jogo dos centos, picquet. (A game at cards.)
CENTO'CULO, that has an hundred eyes.
CENTO'ENS, *f. m. p.* centos, a sort of poetry gathered out of many authors.
CENTO'LA, or **SANTOLA**, *f. f.* a sort of large crab.
CENTONARIOS, *f. m. p.* (among the Romans) centonarii, officers whose business was to provide tents, and other warlike furniture, called *centones*.
CENTOPE'A, *f. f.* a worm with many feet, a palmer, a kind of caterpillar.
Centopea, (metaph.) a vast number.
CEN'TOS, *jogo das centos*. See **CENTO**.
CENTRA'L, adj. placed in the center, or amidst.
CENTRALMENTE. adv. in the centre.
CEN'TRO, *f. m.* the centre, the point in the midst of any round thing. Greek.
Estar no seu centro, to be at pleasure.
CENTUMVIRA'TO, *f. m.* the officer, or post of the centumviri, or hundred judges, chosen to hear certain civil causes among the people.
CENTUPLICADAMENTE, adv. a hundred times double.
CENTUPLO, *a*, adj. hundredfold.
CENTURIA, *f. f.* a company, or band of an hundred men; also a century, or hundred years.
Per centurias, by hundreds, hundred by hundred.
CENTURIAM, *f. m.* a centurion, a captain over a hundred foot men, of which six made a cohort, and ten cohorts a legion.
O officio de centuriam, the office or post of a captain, commanding an hundred men.

C E O

CE'O, *f. m.* heaven, the sky; also the teller of a bed. See also **CLIMA**.
A parte concava do ceo, the cope of heaven.
Ces da boca, the roof or palate of the mouth.

C E P

CE'PA, *f. f.* the body of the vine, whence the branches shoot out.
Cepa de cabeça, an old vine-stock cut

C E R

down and set deep into the ground, to produce a new offspring.
CEPHALALGIA, *f. f.* cephalalgia, a fresh head-ach.
CEPHA'LICO, *a*, adj. ex. *remedios cephalicos*, medicines which purge the head.
Vea cephalica, cephalic vein which creeps along the arms between the skin and the muscles, and divides into two branches.
CEPILHADO. See **ACEPILHADO**.
CEPILHAR. See **ACEPILHAR**.
CEPI'LHO, *f. m.* a plane, a joiner's tool.
CE'PO, *f. m.* a stump, stock, or body of a tree without the boughs; also a crooked plane used by joiners.
Cepo, a springe, gin, or snare wherewith to catch birds, or beasts, by the legs; also an iron springe or snare to catch thieves.
Cepo de jauris. See **JAURE**.
Cepo, a sort of wooden shackle for the feet of prisoners.
Cepo cu msa onde o carneiro corta a carne, a block, or board to cut out meat.
Cepo, (metaph.) a blockish, or stupid creature.
CEPTRO. See **CETRO**.

C E R

CERA, *f. f.* wax. Greek.
Cera da orelha, ear-wax.
Vella de cera, wax-candle.
Fulano he feito de cera, such a one is a waxen man, or susceptible of any impression.
Cera branca, white-wax.
O que faz cera, wax-maker.
O que faz obras de cera. See **CIRIEIRO**.
Cera amarella, virgin-wax. They call it also *cera billa*.
Cor de cera, wax-colour.
CERA'ME, *f. m.* (in Malabar) a house standing upon four stumps, or stocks of trees.
CERAPE'Z. See **CEROTO**.
CERA'STA, *f. f.* a serpent having four pair of horns, like a ram's.
CERA'UNIA, *f. f.* a thunder-stone.
CERA'UNEOS, or **CERA'UNIOS** mountains, hills on the frontiers of Epirus, parting the Ionian and Adriatic sea.
CERBERO, *f. m.* the infernal dog, that is feigned to have three, sometimes one hundred heads.
CERCA, *f. f.* any garden or vineyard hedged, or inclosed, an inclosure; also a hedge, any thing that incloses gardens or fields.
Cerca de madeira, a palisade, a fence of pales.
Cerca, adv. near, nigh, close by; also about.
CERCADO, *a*, adj. See **CERCAR**.
CERCADORES. See **CERCANTES**.
CERCADU'RA, *f. f.* a compass, to surround something.

C E R

CERCA'NTES, *f. m. p.* the besiegers, or blockers up.
CERCAR, *v. a.* to inclose, to beset, to besiege, to encompass, to wall, hedge, fence, or surround; also to approach, to draw near.
CERCE, or **CERCIO**, adv. even with the root, close to the bottom; as, *Cortar cerce as arelhas*, to cut off the ears close to the head; from *Circinus*, a pair of compasses, as if marked out with them.
CERCEADO, *a*, adj. See **CERCEAR**.
O fallar cerceado, an affected way of speaking.
CERCEADO'R, one who clips, or cuts round.
CERCEADU'RA, clipping, that which is clipped, or cut off.
CERCEA'R, *v. a.* to clip, to diminish, to cut round, to retrench, to lessen.
CERCE'O, *f. m.* a cutting short, cutting round, clipping, diminishing.
CERCETA, *f. f.* a teal, a sort of fowl.
CERCILHADO, *a*, adj. See **CERCILHAR**.
CERCILHA'R, *v. n.* to run often hither and thither.
CERCILHO, *f. m.* a monk's or friar's crown.
CERCO, *f. m.* a siege, a blockade; See also **CIRCO**.
Cerco, a circle about the sun, moon, or stars.
CERDO'SO, *a*, adj. bristly; from the Spanish *cerda*, a hog's bristle.
CEREA'ES, or **CEREA'LES** *festas*, solemn feast to Ceres, cerealia.
CEREBELLO, *f. m.* the hinder and lower part of the brain, wherein the animal spirits are supposed to be generated, the cerebellum.
CEREBRO, the brain.
CEREFOLIO, *f. m.* an herb called chervil.
CEREJA, *f. f.* a cherry. Lat. *cerasum*.
Cerija de saco, the heart cherry.
Cerija preta, the black cherry.
Cerija brava, a cornel, the fruit of the cornel-tree.
CEREJA'L, *f. m.* the place where the cherry-trees grow.
CEREJE'IRA, *f. f.* a cherry-tree.
Cerjeira brava, the cornel-tree.
CEREMONIA, *f. f.* ceremony, rite; also ceremony, compliment.
Mestre das ceremonias, master of the ceremonies.
Sem ceremonias, without ceremonies.
Ceremonias, words of course.
Os seus offrecimentos jam unicamente por cerimonia, ou *ceremonias*, his offers are mere words of course.
Habitos de ceremonias, formalities.
Por cerimonia, adv. coldly, only for fashion, or compliment.
Receber a algum por cerimonia, to receive one coldly, to give him a cold reception.
CEREMONIA'L, *f. m.* a ceremonial, a ritual.

CER

CEREMONIA'TICO, *a*, adj. ceremonious, full of ceremonies, formal.

CEREMONIO'SO, *a*, adj. the same.

CERES, *f. f.* the goddess Ceres.

CERIEIRO, *f. m.* See **CIRIEIRO**.

CER'INGA, *f. f.* See **SERINGA**.

CERINHA, *f. f.* a bit of wax.

CERNE, *f. m.* the best and hardest part of the pine-tree, chestnut-tree, and some others.

CERNE LHA, *f. f.* the end of the ridge-bone of a beast towards the neck.

CEROFERARIO, *f. m.* (in the ecclesiastical ceremonies) he who carries wax, flambeaux, or wax candles in processions, funerals, &c.

CEROL, *f. m.* shoemakers wax.

CEROTO, *f. m.* a plaster made with wax, rosin, and gums; a sear-cloth.

CEROU'LAS, *f. f. p.* drawers, trousers.

CERQUEIRA, *f. f.* **CERQUEIRO**, *f. m.* the nun or friar that takes care of the garden or vineyard; from **CERCA**, which see.

CERRAÇAM, *f. f. ex.* *Cerraçam do tempo*, close gloomy weather.

Cerraçam do peito, shortness of breath, oppression of the breast.

CERRADO, *a*, adj. shut, locked, made fast, close; also dark, close, gloomy, speaking of the weather, or sky; also made thick, that sticks close together.

Bosque cerrado, a dark wood.

Carga cerrada, a volley, a discharge of musquets by a party at once.

Fallar cerrado, to speak a broken or mixt language.

Cavalle, ou besta cerrada, so they say when a beast's age cannot be known by the teeth, when the mark is out of the horse's mouth. See also the *v.* **CERRAR**.

Cerrado, *f. m.* an inclosure, a place inclosed or fenced in.

CERRADO'UROS, *f. m. p.* the strings of a purse to draw it up together.

CERRALHAS. See **SERRALHAS**.

CERRALHEIRO, *f. m.* a locksmith.

CERRA'LHO, *f. m.* the seraglio, where the Great Turk and other Eastern princes keep their women.

Cerrallo de mulheres de má vida, a bawdy-house.

CERRAR, *v. a.* to shut, to lock, to close up; also to thicken, to make thick, to set, or hold close together.

Cerrar com o inimigo, to close with the enemy.

Cerrar a conta, to close an account.

Cerrar a alguém a boca, to stop one's mouth, to make him hold his tongue, to silence, or put him to a non-plus. (Metaph.)

Cerrar os olhos, (metaph.) to yield, to submit; also to take off one's eyes from a thing, not to mind it.

CER

Cerrar com o peito, to urge a reason, an argument.

Cerrar a besta. See **CERRADO**.

Cerrar-se, *v. r. ex.* *Cerrar-se a ferida*, is for wounds to close and heal.

Cerrar-se à banda, to set up a resolution not to listen to what people is talking of, and not to grant what is asked.

Cerrar-se a mollura, is for the skull to close, to begin to have discretion.

Cerrar-se a noite, ou o tempo, to darken, to grow dark, (speaking of the night, weather, &c.)

Cerrar-se, to end, to be at an end.

CERRO, *f. m.* a hillock, or a little rising-ground.

CERTA. See **SERTA**, and **FRI-GIDEIRA**, so they call in Lisbon the bottom of an alembick.

CERTA'MEN, or **CERTA'ME**, *f. m.* a controversy, argument, dispute, exercise, a trial of skill; also danger, persecution, agony.

CERTAMENTE, *adv.* certainly, surely.

CERTAM. See **SERTAM**.

CERTEIRO. See **CERTO**, and **A-CERTADO**.

CERTESA, *f. f.* certainty, surety.

Com certeza. See **CERTAMENTE**.

CERTIDAM, *f. f.* a certificate, a writing under a man's own hand, certifying something.

Certidão debaixo de juramento, an affidavit.

CERTIFICA'DO, *a*, adj. See **CERTIFICAR**.

CERTIFICAR, *v. a.* to certify, to assure, to ascertain.

Certificar-se, *v. r.* to inform one's self thoroughly, to be certified of a thing.

CERTO, *a*, adj. sure, certain; also certain, some; also certain, regular.

Hum certo homem, a certain man.

Eu sey isto de certo, I know it for certain.

Por certo que assim he, certainly it is so, it is a fact.

O que tem a mão certa no atirar, a good marksman, or one that aims well.

Mão certa, a steady hand.

Certo, *adv.* See **CERTAMENTE**.

Do certo, exactly.

CERVA, *f. f.* a hind, a deer.

CERVAL, *ex.* *Lobo cerual*, a beast of the nature of a wolf, having many spots like a deer, a lynx.

CERU'DA. See **CELIDONIA**.

CERVEJA, *f. f.* beer or ale.

Cerveja forte, strong-beer.

Cerveja fraca, small beer.

Casa aonde se vende cerveja, an ale-house.

CERVEJEIRO, *f. m.* a brewer.

CERVLHAS, *f. f. p.* a sort of shoes of a very fine leather used by some people in processions.

CERVI'Z. See **CACHAÇO**; it is also taken for obstinacy, stubbornness.

CES

CERU'LEO, *a*, adj. green coloured.

CERVO. See **PEADO**.

CERU'SSA, *f. f.* ceruse, or cerufs, a preparation of lead with vinegar, commonly called white lead; whence many other things resembling it in that particular, are by chemists called cerufe.

CERZIDO. } See { **CIRZIDO**.

CERZIR. } { **CIRZIR**.

C E S

CÉSAR, the name of Julius Cæsar, the first Roman emperor, and from him conveyed to the succeeding emperors, his successors.

He outro Cæsar, he is another Cæsar, speaking of a brave captain.

Hum grande animo quer ser Cæsar, ou nada, a great genius aims at the greatest things, at being Cæsar or nothing.

CESARÉO, *a*, adj. imperial, belonging to the emperor.

Operaçam cesária, (among surgeons) cesarian operation, the cutting a child out of the womb, by opening the belly of the mother; hence Julius the first Roman monarch was called Cæsar, because he was thus brought into the world, i. e. *caso matris ventris*; and the operation has been called cesarian after him.

CESMEIRO. See **SESMEIRO**.

CESSAÇAM, *f. f.* ceasing, giving over.

Cessaçam de armas, armistice, a cessation from arms for a time, a short truce.

CESSADO, *a*, adj. See **CESSAR**.

CESSA'M, *f. f.* resignation, cession, the act of giving over.

Cessa de seu direito, the delivering up one's right.

Fazer cessa de bens, to resign one's estate, to turn bankrupt.

CESSA'R, *v. n.* to cease, to give over.

CESSIONARIO, *f. m.* a bankrupt.

CESSO, the fundament.

CESTA, *f. f.* a basket, a maund, a pannier of wickers.

Cesta de vindimar, a frail or twig-basket, out of which wine runs when it is pressed.

CESTEIRO, *f. m.* a basket-maker, or feller.

CESTINHA, *f. f.* a little basket, diminut. from *Cesta*.

CESTINHO, *f. m.* diminut. from *Cesta*.

Cestinho de vimes de feitiço de cabeça para apanhar peixe, a kipe.

CESTO, *f. m.* a large cesta. See **CESIA**.

Cesto de acarretar as uvas para o lagar, main-hamper, a basket to carry grapes to the press.

Cêsto, *f. m.* a kind of club, or rather thong of leather, having plumes of lead fastened to it, used in boxing or wrestling; a whirl-bat, hurlibat, or whorle-

CEV

whorlebat; also the girdle of Venus.
CESTO'ENS. (In fortification.) See **CAPOEIRAS**.
CESTRO. See **SESTRO**.
CESTRUOSO. See **SESTRUOSO**.
CESTUATO, a, adj. made in the shape of a basket, when it lies topsturdy.
CESURA, f. f. (in poetry) a syllable left after a complete foot, caesura; also incision, or cutting.

CET

CETERA'C. See **SCOLOPENDRA**.
CETIM. See **SETIM**.
CETO, f. m. a whale, or any other monstrous sea-fish.
CETOSO. See **ACETOSO**.
CETRA, f. f. a short square target, or buckler, formerly used by the Portuguese and Spaniards, made of the ounce, or buffalo's hide.
CETRO, CEPTRO, or SCEPTRO, f. m. a scepter.

CEV

CEFA, f. f. meat, wherewith a beast is crammed or fattened.
Ceva das aves de penna, the filling, or cramming of fowls to make them fat.
CEVA'DA, f. f. barley.
Mandar a cevada, to peel barley.
Paõ de cevada, barley-bread.
Tisana de cevada, a ptyfan, barley-water.
Hum grão de cevada, a barley-corn.
Cevada santa que nasce pilada, naked barley.
Cevada pilada. See **FARRO**.
CEVADA'L, f. m. the place where barley grows.
CEVADEIRA, f. f. (a sea term) the sprit-sail. See also **ALFORGES**.
CEVADEIRO, f. m. he who takes care of the barley for the king's horses. They call him also *Cevadeiro mar*.
CEVADI'CO. See **CEVADO**.
CEVADILHA. See **SEVADILHA**.
CEVA'DO, a, adj. fattened, crammed. See also the v. **CEVAR**.
Cevade, (metaph.) that is stiffly bent on something; that minds a thing, and applies himself earnestly and vigorously to it.
CEVADOR, f. m. a poulterer.
CEVADO'URO, f. m. a place wherein creatures are fattened, a stall, sty, pen, or coop.
CEVADURA, f. f. the remains of a partridge, goose, &c. wherewith any bird of prey is crammed.
Cevadura, (metaph.) engagement, fight.
CEVANDILHA, CEPANDIJA, or SAVANDIJA, which see.
CEVA'M, ex. *Porco cevado*, a pig that has been crammed and fattened.

CHA

CEVA'R, v. a. to make fat, to feed, to glut, both in the proper and figurative sense.
Ceviar a ira, raiva, ou qualquer outra paixão, to satisfy one's anger, rage, or any other passion. (Metaph.)
Ceviar o desejo, to gratify one's desire.
Ceviar a vista, to lead one's sight to one, or many different objects, for one's entertainment or pleasure.
Ceviar os appetites, to glut one's self with sensual pleasures; to indulge the senses.
Ceviar a ispingarda. See **ATACAR**.
Ceviar-se, v. r. to be fed, or glutted, both in the proper and figurative sense; also to be delighted with, to love as one's food.
Pedra de cevar. See **IMAN**.
CEVO. See **CEBO**.

CEY

CEYRA, CEYRAM, &c. See **CEIRA, CEIRAM, &c.**

CEZ

CEZA'M. See **SEZAM**.

CHA

CHA', f. m. tea, the leaf of an Indian shrub, or the shrub itself; also the drink made with the leaf of the shrub.
Chã boy. See **BOY**.
Chã verde, green tea.
CHÃ. See **CHAM**.
Chã da pá. See **PA'**.
CHAMENTE, adv. sincerely, plainly, without disguise; also nakedly, without setting off.
CHABU'CO, f. m. (in the Portuguese India) a whip, or scourge.
CHACA, f. f. (at tennis) chafe.
CHACINA, f. f. salt meat.
Fazer chacina. See **CHACINAR**.
Fazer algum em chacina, to mince, or cut one in pieces.
CHACINADO, a, adj. See **CHACINAR**, v. a. to mince, or cut in pieces the meat and salt it.
CHAÇO, f. m. (a cooper's tool) a driver.
CHACORREIRO, CHACORRICE. See **CHOCARREIRO, CHOCARRICE**.
CHACOTA, f. f. a dancing and singing together.
Fazer chacota de algum, to make a jest of one, to scoff at a thing. From the Latin *cachinnus*, a loud laughing, a laughter in derision.
CHAFALHAM, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a merry or jovial man.
CHAFARI'S, f. m. a fountain that pours water through a conduit, or pipe.
CHAFURDAR-SE, CHAFURDO. See **MERGULHAR-SE, MERGULHO**.

CHA

CHA'GA, f. f. a wound, or sore.
CHALAVEGAM, a sort of vessel with oars.
CHALRATA'M. See **CHARLATAM**.
CHALUPA, f. f. a sloop.
Chalupa, (in some games at cards) so they call the ace of spades when it is together with the ace of clubs, and **MANILHA**, which see.
CHALYBEADO, ex. *Remedio chalybeado*, chalybeates, medicines prepared with steel.
CHAMA, f. f. a flame, or bright burning fire. See also **FLAMMA**.
Chama que logo se apaga como a de palha, &c. a blaze, a sudden blaze, a flash.
Chamas do amor, amorous flames, love, passion. (Metaph.)
CHAMACEIRA, f. f. the gunnel of a boat, through which the rowers put their oars when they row.
CHAMA'DA, f. f. (a term used in war) chamade, parley.
Fazer chamada, to beat a parley.
CHAMA'DO, a, adj. See **CHAMAR**.
Chamado, f. m. a calling, a summoning.
CHAMALOTE, or CHAMELOTE, f. m. camblet, a sort of stuff, partly silk, and partly camel's hair.
CHAMAMENYO, f. m. warning, call, or invitation, to repentance.
CHAMA'R, v. a. to call, to call for, to call to, to give a call; also to draw along; also to fetch down from.
Mandar a chamar, to send for.
Estar prompto para quando for chamado, to be ready at a call.
Chamar para dentro, to call one in.
Como chamais aquillo? how do you call that?
Chamar cada coisa pelo seu nome, p. to call a spade, a spade.
Chamar a algum pelo seu nome, to call one by his name.
Chamar nomes a algum, to call one names.
Chamar a algum para que se vamba embora, to call one away.
Chamar algum para fora desafiando-o, to challenge one to fight.
Chamar a algum com voz alta, to call after one.
Chamar de parte, ou à parte, to call aside.
Chamar muitos juntamente, to call together.
Chamar algum para que ajude, to call to one for help.
Chamar a Deus por testemunha, to call God to witness.
Chamar algum a contas, to call one to account.
Chamar algum para cima, to call one up.
Chamar algum para baixo, to call one down.
Chamar algum a juizo, to call one before the judge.

Cha-

Chamar à corte, to cite, to summon to appear.

Chamar para bem conselho, to call a council.

Chamar a miúdo, to call often.

Chamar algum do lugar, em que tem algum emprego, to call one away, to recall him from his employment.

Chamar-se, v. r. to be called, or named.

Come vos chamais? what is your name?

Chamo-me Pedro, my name is Peter.

CHAMARIZ, f. m. a bird called a witwal, or lariat. See also *NEGAÇA*.

CHAMARRA, f. f. a garment of sheep skins with the wool on, worn by shepherds.

CHAMBAM, f. m. a pickt bone; also he that undertakes to do a thing he knows nothing of.

CHAMBAITL, f. m. a gammon of bacon, or leg of an hog.

CHAMBERGA, a sort of lyric verses.

CHAMBOADAMENTE. See *GROSSEIRAMENTE*.

CHAMBOADO. See *GROSSEIRO*.

CHAMBOICE. See *CROSSERIA*.

CHAMEIRA, f. f. (obfol.) a woman that carries the bread to the oven.

CHAMEJANTE, adj. burning, flaming.

CHAMIÇA, f. f. a small rope made of mat-weed.

CHAMICEIRO, f. m. he who carries *chamisa*.

CHAMICO, f. m. small sticks, or dry brush wood to kindle a fire; also wood that is half burnt and serves to make coal of it.

CHAMINE, *CHEMINE*, or *CHUMINE*, a chimney.

Quadro, ou outro ornamento de pino, ou pedra que se põem a roda da chamine, a chimney-piece.

Partelira da chamine, mantle-piece.

Cano de chamine. See *CANO*.

Escarpa culatra, ou parno, da chamine, the mantle-tree of a chimney.

O que alimpa a chamine, a chimney-sweeper.

CHAMORRO, a scornful name, given by the Spaniards to the Portuguese, who used to cut off the hair. From the Spanish *Chamorro*, bald.

CHAMPA da espada, the flat side of the sword.

CHAMPA'M, f. m. or *CHAMPANA*, f. f. a sort of a large boat in India.

CHAMUSCADO, a, adj. finged.

CHAMUSCAR, v. a. to finge.

CHAMUSCO, f. m. the smell of a thing that has been finged.

CHAM, *chan*, (pronounce it like *cam* and *can*) *cham*, or *chan*, the title of a sovereign prince of Tartary, or emperor of China.

CHAMPROENS, f. m. p. thick and strong planks.

CHANÇA, f. f. (a vulgar term) ex.

Homem que tem grande chanca, a long-footed man.

Chanca do sapato. See *CHANQUETA*.

CHANÇA, f. f. a jest, or witty saying.

CHANÇAREL. See *CHANCELLER*.

CHANÇARONA, f. f. a sea fish so called.

CHANCELA, f. f. a slip or small piece of paper.

CHANCELLARIA, f. f. chancellorship, or chancellourship; also chancery, or chancery court.

CHANCELLER mor do reino, the lord chancellor.

Chancellor, or *CHANÇAREL da universidade*, the chancellor of an university.

CHANCHARAS, *MARRANCHAS*. See *CHULARIA*.

CHANCONETA, f. f. a little song.

CHANEZA, f. f. the smooth, or even surface of a field, glass, &c.

Chaniza de consiãam, ingenuity, freedom, frankness, sincerity.

CHANFRADO, a, adj. See

CHANFRAR, v. a. to slope, to hollow, to slant, to cut sloping. From the French *echancrer*.

CHANFRETAS, f. f. p. trifles, toys, idle stories.

CHANQUETA, f. f. ex. *Andar com os sapatos de chanqueta*, to walk slipshod.

CHANTADO, a, adj. See *CHANTAR*.

CHANTAGEM, f. f. the herb plantain.

CHANTAM. See *ESTACA*.

CHANTAR, v. a. (An obfol. word.) See *METER*, *FINCAR*, *PLANTAR*.

CHANTRA'DO, f. m. the chanter's place or dignity.

CHAN'TRE, f. m. chanter, or chief singer in a church.

CHAM, f. m. ground, or soil.

O chão de hum edificio, ground, or ground-plot.

Cabir no chão, to fall upon the ground.

Botar no chão, to throw, or sling upon the ground.

Chão, chão, adj. smooth, flat, level, plain, or even.

Estilo chão, low style, (opposed to sublime.)

Canto chão. See *CANTO*.

CHAOS. See *CAOS*.

CHAPA, f. f. a plate, or thin piece of some metal.

Chapa de cor que a vergonha faz sabir nas faces, blushing, shamedness, modesty.

Chapa de cor que as mulheres põem no rosto, painting, a counterfeit colour.

Ornado com chapas. See *CHAPEADO*.

Jogo das chapas, a sort of play in which they toss up coin, asking whether it is to be *cruzes*, or *cruzes*, as we say, cross or pile.

CHAPA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Homem chapado*, a good honest man.

Chapada parvoice, nonsense, foolish, absurdly.

Chapado ladrão. See *CADIMO*.

Chapado villão, a great villain, a wicked wretch.

Chapado estudante, a very fine scholar.

CHAPARIA, f. f. plates, or thin pieces of some metals.

CHAPARREIRO, f. m. a young cork-tree in its first growth. Some say it is another sort of oak, that bears no acorns.

CHAPEADO, a, adj. plated, covered or adorned with plates.

CHAPEAR, v. a. to plate, to cover or adorn with plates.

CHAPEIRA'M, a cloak with a cowl, worn by country people; also a broad-brimmed hat.

CHAPELETA, f. f. a leap, a hop, speaking of a cannon bullet after its first falling upon the ground till it is spent.

Chapelista, a sort of hat or cap.

Fazer chapelista, a duck and drake, a sort of play with a flat pebble, or stone, thrown upon the surface of the water.

Chapelistas, the leaps made by the pebble or stone thrown upon the surface of the water.

CHAPELETE, a little hat.

CHAPEO, f. m. a hat.

Tirar o chapéo a algum, to pull off one's hat to one.

Tirar o chapéo da cabeça de algum, to cap one, to take off his hat.

Por o chapéo, to put on one's hat.

Cordaõ do chapéo, a hat-band.

Copa do chapéo, the crown of the hat.

Presilha do chapéo, hat-string.

Presilha para o botaõ do chapéo, the loop.

Aba do chapéo, the brim of the hat.

Chapéo com abas pequenas, narrow-brimmed hat.

Chapéo com abas grandes, a broad-brimmed hat.

Chapéo de palha, a straw-hat.

Chapéo cuxuzense, a high and narrow-crowned hat.

Chapéo de sol, umbrella, a sort of screen that is held over the head for preserving from the sun.

Chapés de telhados. See *COUSELLOS*.

CHAPI'M, f. m. a sort of high-soled clogs made of thick cork: little women, especially, make use of them to appear taller; a *chopin*. Arabic.

Chapim de que usavaõ os que representavaõ nas tragedias, a sort of shoe coming over the calf of the leg, worn by actors of tragedies, with a high heel, that they might seem the taller.

Chapim de ferro, ou calçado para escorregar, &c. See *ESCORREGAR*.

CHAPINS da rainha, ou da princeza, a tribute or tax paid to the queen, or princefs.

Chapins de ferro que usam as mulheres quando bã lama, pattens.

CHAPI NHA, a little plate, diminut. from *Chapa*.

CHA

CHAPINHA'DO, CHAPINHAR. See **PATINHADO, PATINHAR.**
CHAPU'Z, a word invented to express the noise of any thing when it falls down.
CHARABE. See **CARABE.**
CHARAME'LA, f. f. a bagpipe.
CHARAMELEIRO, f. m. he who plays upon the bagpipe.
CHARAM, f. m. a varnish used in China.
CHARCO, f. m. a puddle of standing water.
CHAREL, f. m. a housing, or horse-cloth.
CHARIDA'DE. See **CARIDADE.**
CHARISMA. See **CARISMA.**
CHARISTIAS, f. f. p. (among the Romans) Charista, a festival solemnized on the eleventh of the calends of March, among the relations by blood and marriage; also a sort of bird so called.
CHARLA'DO. See
CHARLAR, v. n. to talk, to prate, to chat, to chatter, to prattle-prattle.
CHARLATAM, f. m. a quack.
CHARNE'CA, f. f. a sandy and barren land.
CHARNEIRA, f. f. See **FIVELLA.**
CHAROA'DO, a, adj. japanned, or varnished like japan-work.
CHAROAR, v. a. to japan, to varnish like japan work.
O que charoa, a japanner.
CHAROLA, f. f. See **ANDOR.**
CHARPA, f. f. a scarf, from the French *charpe*.
CHARRO, a, adj. (A vulgar term.) See **HUMILDE,** and **CHAM.**
CHARRU'A, f. f. a large plough that requires six or eight oxen; also a ship of burden, a merchant-ship.
CHARYBDES. See **CARYBDES.**
CHASCO, f. m. a hedge-sparrow, or a tom-tit; also a trick, a bite, a fly saying.
Falao da bons chascos, such a one is a babler, a prating fellow, a tattle-basket, an idle impertinent fellow.
CHASONA, f. f. ex. *Homem de ma chasona,* a man that finds fault with every thing.
CHASQUEA'R. See **ZOMBAR.**
CHATIM, f. m. so they call in India any great merchant; also a merchant that is inticed by any profit, though small. Lat. *angina*.
CHATINA'DO, a, adj. See
CHATINA'R, v. n. to merchandize small things of little price, or value.
Chatinar aos soldados, to keep back the soldiers pay.
CHATO, a, adj. flat.
Noris chato, flat nose.
CHAVA'M, a sort of stamp or large seal to mark paste or dough with.
CHAVASCO. See **GROSSEIRO.**
CHAVASQUICE. See **GROSSEIRA.**
CHAVE, f. f. a key. See also **CARAVELHA.**

CHE

Fechar á chave, to lock.
O que tem cuidado nas chaves, a key keeper.
P. preguiça chave de pobreza, idleness is the key of beggary. The Latins say, *Otia non discedunt*.
Chave, (metaph.) authority, power, influence.
O poder das chaves, the pope's authority.
Chave da abobada, the key-stone of a vault.
Chave de hum reyno, (metaph.) the key of a kingdom, a strong frontier town.
Chave mestra, a master-key, a key that opens many doors; also a fundamental reason that serves to answer to several objections and difficulties. (Metaph.)
Agrammatica he a chave das sciencias; grammar is the key of science.
Chave feitiça, a false-key, a pick-lock.
Estar de baixo da chave, to be under lock and key.
Buraco da chave, the key-hole.
Palbeta da chave, key-bit. From the French *paneton*.
Tir a chave de alguma coisa, to be master of a thing, to dispose of it. (Metaph.)
Chave, (Metaph.) the very point, or crisis of a matter.
CHAVELHA, f. f. or **CHAVE'LHO,** f. m. a peg or pin to fasten the draught of horses, &c. to the beam of the wain.
CHAVT'NHA, f. f. a little key, diminut. from **Chave**.

CHE

CHE'A, f. f. an overflowing.
CHEAMENTE, adv. See **PLENAMENTE**.
CHEFE, f. m. ex. *Chefe de familia,* the head, or chief of a family or kindred (in genealogy.)
Chefe, (in heraldry) chief, the uppermost part of an escutcheon.
CHEFIA, f. f. a fee held in capite.
CHEGA'DA, f. f. arrival, coming.
CHEGA'DO, a, adj. landed, arrived, come, &c. See **CHEGAR**.
Chegado, neighbouring, near at hand; also near of kin, allied.
CHEGA'R, v. n. to land, to come, to come to, to arrive at, to come to a place, to get into it; also to come to, to arrive at a thing one aims at, to compass it.
Chegar, v. a. to move, or bring to; also to put to; also to come at, or overtake.
Chegar a tempo, to come in time.
Não poderemos chegar lá esta noite, é muito tarde, we cannot reach there to-night, it is too late.
Ainda agora chego de Lisboa, I am just come from Lisbon.
O v. ss. dinheiro chega a dez moedas, your money comes to, or amounts to thirteen pounds ten shillings.

CHE

A quanto chega tudo, what does the whole come, or amount to.
Chego o seu desajore a, &c. his impudence went so far as to, &c.
Eu não posso chegar a isto, I cannot reach it.
Eu chego-lhe com a mão. I reach it, or I reach to it with my hand.
Vem chegando a noite, the night draws on.
Se tu somente posso chegar a falar-lhe, if I can but come to speak with him.
A vossa carta nunca chegou as minhas mãos, your letter never came into my hands.
Chegar a hum navio, para abordo-lo, to come up to a ship.
Elle não pode chegar a imitar aquelle illustre sujeito, he cannot come up to the imitation of that illustrious person.
Esta couza não chega (ou he inferior) aquella, this thing comes short of, or is inferior to that.
Não chegar a alcançar alguma coisa, to come short of a thing, to miss it.
Vir chegando, to approach, to draw near.
Este bosque chega até o caminho real, this forest reaches the high way.
Bu te chegarei a roupa ao couro; (a common and vulgar saying) we say, I'll thrash you, I'll thrash your jacket.
Chegar-se, v. r. ex. *chegar-se a algum,* to accost one, to come up to one, to draw near to him; also to join or agree with one; also to address, to apply one's self, to make one's address to one.
CHEGAI'VOS a mim, come to me, or come near me.
CHEGARAM-SE a mim, they came to me.
CHEIRA'DO, a, adj. See
CHEIRA'R, v. a. to smell.
Cbeiray esta rosa, smell this rose, or smell to this rose.
Cbeirar, v. n. to smell, to have, or call a smell. See also **PARECER**.
A acçao de cbeirar, smelling, or scenting.
Cbeirar bem, to smell sweet.
Cbeirar mal, to smell strong, to stink, to have a hogo.
Esta carne cbeira a queimado, this meat smells of burning.
Cbeirar a badum, to smell rammish.
Cbeirar, (metaph.) to guess at the meaning of a thing, to smoke, or smell it out, to find it out by suspicion.
O sentido de cbeirar. See **OLFATO**.
CHEIRO, f. m. smell, scent, or odour, whether good or bad; also name, fame, reputation. (Metaph.)
Bem ou mau cheiro, a good or bad smell.
Tir bem cheiro, to have a good smell.
Cheiro de bodum, rammish smell.
Cheiro de carne assada, cozida, &c. the savour, scent, or smell of any thing, that is roasted, boiled, &c.

CHI

Ter cheiro de alguma coisa, to have an inkling, or hint of something.
CHEIROS, perfumes, or any sweet things; so they also call some odoriferous and sweet pot-herbs.
CHEIROSO, *a*, adj. odorous, odoriferous, sweet-scented.
CHELONITES, or **CHELONITIDES**, *f. f.* a precious stone like a tortoise.
CHELYDRO, *f. m.* a water-snake.
CHEMINE. See **CHAMINE**.
CHEO, *a*, adj. full; also fleshy, gross, plump.
Estar cheio, to swarm, or abound with, to be full of, to crawl with.
Elle está cheio de piolhos, he crawls with lice.
Lua cheia, full moon.
Com mão cheia, abundantly.
Em cheio, wholly, intirely, fully, to the full.
Dar em cheio, to hit a thing full.
Cheio de vinho, fuddled.
Voz cheia, a sonorous voice.
Cheio até acima, ou até às bordas, top-full, full to the top or brim.
Pulso cheio, the pulse that has a quick motion.
Ter a sua conta cheia, it is said of those that have their purse full of money, or have every thing they wish for.
Não tinha ainda os seus dias cheios, the time of his death was not come yet.
Dormir seu sono em cheio, to sleep soundly.
CHEQUE. See **XEQUE**.
CHERIFE. See **SERIFE**.
CHERINOLA, *f. f.* (a vulgar word) a story, a tale, a petty fiction, or account.
CHERIVIA, *f. f.* skirret, or skirwort.
CHERNE, *f. m.* a kind of sea-fish.
CHERUBICO, *a*, adj. cherubic, pertaining to the cherubim.
CHERUBIM, or **QUERUBIM**, *f. m.* a cherub.
Os cherubins, the cherubim.
CHES *menins*, *ex.* *Dar no ches menins*, to hit the nail on the head.
CHETA. (In cant.) See **VINTEM**.

CHI

CHI, *chi*, these are words used by swine-herds in calling their swine.
CHIA'DO, *a*, adj. (in India) sly, cunning. See also **CHIAR**.
CHIAL, (in India) he who professes the Persian religion.
CHIAOUL, *f. m.* chiaus, an officer of the Turkish court, who does the duty of an usher; and also an ambassador to foreign courts.
CHIA'R, *v. n.* to creak, to make a harsh protracted noise, to shriek, to make a shrill noise, to squeak.
As rodas do carro não chião quando estão untadas, cart wheels squeak not when they are liquored.
CHIAR *e pintainho*, to peep like a chick.
Chiar e pardal, to chirp as a sparrow.
Chiar a doninha, to cry or squeak like a weasel.

CHI

Chiar e rato, to chirp or squeak like a mouse.
Chiar a toupeira, to squeak like a mole.
O chiar dos passarinhos, the chirping or squeaking of birds.
CHIBARRADA, *f. f.* a flock of bucks. From
CHIBARRO, *f. m.* a little buck, a young gelded he-goat.
CHIBO. See **CABRITO**.
CHICHARO, *f. m.* chicklings, a sort of pease.
CHICHARRO, a sort of fish so called.
CHICHELA'DA, *f. f.* a stroke with an old shoe; also a quantity of old shoes.
CHICHELOS, *f. m. p.* old shoes.
Dar ao chibelo, (a ludicrous expression) to go on.
CHICHEROS. See **CHICHAROS**.
CHICHIMECO, *f. m.* (in cant) a little ugly fellow.
CHICISBEO, *f. m.* a ladies-fop, a dangler about women. From the Italian *Cicisbeo*.
CHICORIA, or **ENDIVIA**, *f. f.* endive, or succory. See also **ALMEIRAM**.
CHICOTE, a whip; also the end of a rope or cable, (a sea term.)
CHIFRA, *f. f.* (among bookbinders) a scraper, or grater.
CHIFRA'DO, *a*, adj. See
CHIFRA'R, *v. a.* to scrape, or grate (among bookbinders.)
CHIFRO, or **CHIFRE**, *f. m.* See **CORNO**.
CHILIFICAÇAM. See **CHYLIFICACAM**.
CHILINDRAM, *f. m.* a sort of play at cards. Greek.
CHILO. See **CHYLO**.
CHILRADO, *a*, adj. See **CHILRAR**.
CHILRAM, *f. m.* a sort of net to catch shrimps with.
CHILRA'R, *v. n.* See **CHIAR e rato**. It is also said of birds that chirp together.
CHILREAR'DO, *a*, adj. See
CHILREAR, *v. n.* to chirp together as birds do.
CHILRO, *a*, adj. ill seasoned, good for nothing; also plain, mere, pure, unmixed.
Chilro. See **BILRO**.
CHIM *Cbina*, adj. of, or belonging to China, Chinese.
CHIMBE'O. } See { **ROCIM**.
CHIMERA. } See { **QUIMERA**.
CHIMERICO. See **QUIMERICO**.
CHIMICA, *f. f.* chemistry. See **ALCHIMIA**.
CHIMICO, *f. m.* a chemist.
Cbimico, *a*, adj. belonging to chemistry.
CHIMPAR, *v. a.* to strike; also to blab, to discover any thing that ought to be concealed. It implies rather thoughtlessness, than treachery.
CHINA, *f. f.* China, a vast empire in Asia. This remote and opulent country was first discovered by the

CHI

Portuguese, above two hundred years ago.
Louça da China, China ware.
CHINA, *f. m.* a Chinese, a native of China.
CHINCADO. See
CHINCA'R, *v. n.* *ou dar cincas*. See **CINCA**.
Nem se quer o chingui, (a very common and low expression) I have not even tasted it.
CHINCHA, *f. f.* a sort of fishing boat.
CHINCHE. See **PERSOVEYO**.
CHINCHEIRO, *f. m.* (in the province of Beira.) See **CHIMBE'O**.
CHINCHO'RO, *f. m.* a sort of large fishing net.
CHINCHO'LO, *a*, adj. full of chinchies. See **CHINCHE**.
CHINE'LA, *f. f.* a slipper, to wear in the house. Arabic.
CHINELEIRO, *f. m.* he who makes slippers.
CHIO'TE, *f. m.* a cloak with a cowl, or hood to it, worn by shepherds.
CHIPO, (in India) the places where the aljofar is to be found. See **ALYOFAR**.
Hum dia de chipo, a day for fishing aljofar.
CHIQUEIRO, *Cbiqueiro de porcos*, a swine-cote, the place where they eat. Lat. *stail*.
Fechar dentro de hum chiqueiro, to frank, to shut up in a frank sty, or swine-cote.
CHIRAGRA, *f. f.* the gout in the hands. Greek.
CHIRINO'LA, *f. f.* any puzzling contrivance that cannot be understood.
CHIRI'POS. See **TAMANCOS**.
CHIRIVIA, *f. f.* See **CHERIVIA**.
CHIROMANCI'A, or **QUIROMANCIA**, *f. f.* chiromancy, a ridiculous divination, pretending to discover the constitutions and tempers of persons, and to foretel events by the wrinkles, lines, and marks in the hand.
CHIRRIADO, *a*, adj. See **CHIRRIAR**.
CHIRRIAR, *v. n.* to cry, or squeak as some birds do, but particularly it signifies to cry or whoop like an owl.
CHIRURGI'A, *f. f.* surgery. Greek.
CHISPA, *f. f.* a spark, or flake of fire.
CHISPADO, *a*, adj. See
CHISPAR, *v. n.* to sparkle as fire does, to throw sparks of fire.
Chispar, (in cant) to run away.
CHISPO, *f. m.* See **PESUNHO**.
Chispo, a sort of fine shoes formerly worn by women in Portugal.
CHISTE, *f. m.* a jest, witticism.
Cbistes, jests, witticisms, scoffs, quirps.
CHITAM, (an interjection) hush, silence.
CHITAS, *f. f. p.* chints, superfine Indian painted callicoe.
CHITON. See **CHITAM**.

CHIT-

CHO

CHITTO, f. m. (an Indian term.) See **ESCRITO**.

CHL

CHLAMYDE, f. f. a cloak, a habit for a man of war, a soldier's coat.

CHO

CHOÇA, f. f. a cottage, or cabin of turf, straw, leaves, &c. a thatched house.

CHOCA, f. f. a sort of play among boys.

CHOCADO. See **CHOCAR**.

CHOCALÉJADO. See **CHOCALHADO**.

CHOCALÉJAR. See **CHOCALHAR**.

CHOCALHADA, f. f. a noise of little bells.

CHOCALHA'DO, a, adj. See **CHOCALHAR**, v. n. to make a noise with little bells. It is also said of some other soundings, tinklings, and murmurings. (Metaph.)

Chocalhar, (metaph.) to blab out.

CHOCALHEIRO, f. m. a blab.

Chocalheiro, a, adj. ex. *Passarinhos chocalheiros*, chattering, or chirping birds.

Olhos chocalheiros, staring, prying eyes. It is also said of some other things, which sound and make a noise when shaken. (Metaph.)

CHOCALHI'CE, f. f. the vice of blabbing out a thing.

CHOCALHO, a little bell that people use to put in a collar for horses, oxen, &c.

Caracora com chocalho, bell-weather.

CHOCA'R, v. n. (in the play called *choça*) is for the bowls to be struck one against the other.

Chocar, to beat, knock, or bruise together, to dash one against another; also to fall foul upon one another, as ships do in a storm; also to engage, (speaking of two armies.)

Chocar, v. a. to hatch, to brood, to sit, or hover over.

CHOCARREADO. See

CHOCARREAR, v. n. to jest, to play the buffoon.

CHOCARREIRO, f. m. a jester, a buffoon.

CHOCARRI'CE, f. f. jesting, playing the buffoon; also a scoffing, a saucy saying.

CHOCARRICES, scurrilous sayings.

CHO'CAS, f. f. p. the dirt the cloaths are splashed or dashed with, spots of dirt.

CHOCHI'M, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a ridiculous man.

CHO'CHO, a, adj. unripe and wrinkled. (Speaking of figs.)

Choco, rotten; also worn out, decayed, feeble. (Metaph.) See also **GORO**.

CHO'CO, f. m. a brooding, a lying upon, a sitting abroad, hatching of eggs.

Estar de choco. See **CHOCAR**.

CHO

Choco, a, adj. ex. *Ovo choco*, an hatched egg. See **SEDIÇO**.

Gallinha choca, a hen that is sitting to hatch chickens, a brood-hen.

CHOCOLATE, f. m. chocolate.

CHOCOLATEIRA, a chocolate-pot.

CHOCORRETA, f. m. one who drinks wine often. (In cant.)

Chocorrêta, f. f. or *Vex de vinho*, a glass, or a draught of wine.

CHO'COS, f. m. p. a little cuttle-fish.

CHOFRADO. (In cant.) See

CHOFRAR, v. a. (in cant) to deceive, to disappoint.

CHO'FRE, f. m. ex. *Dar de chofre*, to hit a thing full.

CHO'CHO, a, adj. (a vulgar term) flabby.

CHOISO. See **CHOUSO**.

CHOLDABO'LDA, f. f. (in cant) a great feast, a banquet, wherein there is also a great noise, bustle and confusion.

CHO'QUE, f. m. a crashing, clashing, or dashing of one against another; also a conflict, combat, skirmish, fight, shock.

CHOQUENTO, splashed.

CHORADEIRA, f. f. a weeping woman, that is always ready to cry.

Choradeira dos defuntos. See **CARPI-DEIRA**.

CHORA'DO, a, adj. See **CHORAR**.

CHORADOR, f. m. a weeping fellow, weeping-ripe, ready to weep, a great crying lubber.

CHORAMIGA'DO. See

CHORAMIGA'R, v. n. to cry as a child, or infant, to squall as a child.

CHORAM. See **CHORADOR**.

CHORAMIGAS. (A ludicrous word.) See **CHORADOR**.

CHORA'R, v. a. to cry, to weep, to lament, to whine, to bewail; also to drop with moisture.

Choro a vossa e minha desgraça, I bewail your misfortune and my own.

Chorar a criança, to cry as a child, to mewl, to squall as a child.

Chorar com outro, to bewail, or weep for a thing with one.

Chora-se por elle, he is lamented, or bewailed.

Chorar muito, to shed many tears.

Começar a chorar, to burst out in tears, to fall a-weeping.

Acabar de chorar, to leave off mourning.

CHORICAS. See **CHORADOR**.

CHORI'LHO, f. m. a croud of people.

CHORO, f. m. a weeping, or crying out.

Choro de meninos, the crying of young children. See also **CORO**.

CHOROGRAFIA. See **COROGRAFIA**.

CHOROGRAFO. See **COROGRAFO**.

CHOROMIGAR, v. n. See **CHORAMIGAR**.

CHO

CHORO'NA. See **CHORADEIRA**. **CHORO'SO**, a, adj. mournful, full of tears.

CHO'RRO, f. m. a little Latin grammar, an elementary book, containing the first rules of the Latin tongue.

Chorro de água, a water spout.

Fazer fahir a água em chorro, to cause a spring to spout out.

Chorro da voz, the sound of the voice.

CHORU'ME. See **CHURUME**.

CHOVER, v. imp. to rain.

Chove, it rains.

Chover e nevar juntamente, to sleet.

Chover a cantares, to pour down, or to rain very hard.

Chover pedras, arrãos, &c. to rain stones, frogs, &c.

Chover, v. a. ex. Os vossos olhos choveram luz a cantares, your eyes sparkle very much, or are very shining. (Metaph.)

Está o telhado chovendo rosas, (metaph.) the roof abounds with roses.

P. chover no melbado, to rain upon the wet, to add sin to sin, or affliction to affliction.

Chover estragos, (metaph.) to lay waste, to do a great deal of mischief.

Chover, v. n. to resort, to rain down, or come together in great numbers or companies, to flock, speaking both of persons and things. (Metaph.)

CHOVIDO, a, adj. See **CHOVER**.

CHOVISADO. See

CHOVISCAR, v. imp. to mizzle, to rain very small.

CHO'UPA, f. f. a kind of sea fish; also the broad iron or blade of a hunting-staff, or boar-spear.

CHOUPANA, f. f. See **CHOÇA**.

CHO'UPO, f. m. a sort of poplar-tree, growing near the water.

Lugar em que ha muitos choupos, a grove of poplars, a place set with poplar-trees.

CHOURIÇA, f. f. a sort of large sausage, with some fat in it.

CHOURIÇO, f. m. a kind of sausage; also a sand-bag, or any thing used for hindering the wind from coming into the rooms.

Chouriço mouro, a black-pudding.

CHOUSO, or **CHOISO**, a small hedged piece of ground.

CHOUTADO'R, or **CHOUTAM**, f. m. a hard trotting horse.

CHOUTAR, v. n. to shake, to jog, to lift up and shake, as the hard trotting horse shaketh him that rideth. See also **PIZAR**.

CHO'UTO, f. m. the hard trotting of a horse, mule, &c. also a sort of tribute paid by the inhabitants of Guzarat, in India, to the Resbuts.

Cavalleo que anda de chouto, a horse that trots hard.

CHOZ, a sort of snare to catch partridges, wood-cocks, &c.

CHU

CHR

- CHRISEO**, or **CHRYSEO**, golden. (An epithet for the sun.)
CHRISMA, f. m. an ointment made of oil of olives, and balsam mixed, and blessed by the bishop.
CHRISMA DO, a, adj. See
CHRISMA'R, v. a. to confirm any one in the christian faith.
CHRISTAMENTE, adv. christian like, charitably.
CHRISTANDA DE, f. f. christianity; also christendom.
CHRISTAM, aa, adj. christian.
CHRISTAM, f. m. a christian.
Chrifão novo, a new christian; that is, who is either himself a convert, or descended from the Moors or Jews.
Chrifão velho, an old christian; that is, whose race has no mixture of Jewish or Moorish blood.
CHRISTANOVICE, and **CHRISTAVELHICE**, the abstracts of *chrifão novo*, and *chrifão velho*, signifying the qualities of being a new, or an old christian.
CHRISTIANISMO, f. m. See **CHRISTANDA DE**.
CHRISTIANISSIMO, most christian, the title given to the king of France.
CHRISTIANIZA'DO, a, adj. See
CHRISTIANIZA'R, v. a. to communicate christian virtues; also to cause a thing to become christian-like.
CHRISTIFERO, a, adj. that carries Christ. Greek.
CHRISTO, f. m. Christ, the proper name of the Son of God made man, and ever-blessed Redeemer of mankind.
CHROMATICO. See **CROMATICO**.
CHRONICA. See **CRONICA**.
CHRONOGRAFIA. See **CRONOGRAFIA**.
CHRONOLOGIA, &c. See **CRONOLOGIA**, &c.
CHRYSEO. } See { **CHRISEO**.
CHRISMA. } See { **CHRISMA**.
CHRY SOL, or **CRISOL**, f. m. a goldsmith's melting pot, a crucible. Greek.
CHRY SOLITO, f. m. chrysolite, a precious stone of a golden colour. Greek.
CHRY SOPRASO, f. m. a kind of green stone, mixed with a golden brightness. Greek.

CHU

- CHUÇA**. See **CHUÇO**.
Pella chuça callada, (a very low expression) in huffer-mugger.
CHUCHADO, a, adj. See **CHUCHAR**.
CHUCHAME'L. See **CHUPAME'L**.

CHU

- CHUCHA'R**. See **CHUPAR**.
CHUCHURRIA'DO. See
CHUCHURRIA'R, v. n. to sip, to drink but a little at a time; to drink wine in the manner women do tea.
CHUÇO, f. m. a great half-pike, with a large iron spear to it. Arabic.
CHU'FA. See **CHOCARRICE**.
CHUFADOR. See **CHOCARREIRO**.
CHULARIA, f. f. jocosity, wagging.
CHU'LO, a, adj. jesting, jocose. See **PICARESCO**.
CHUMACETE, f. m. (with surgeons) pledget, or plegget, a piece of rag folded up and applied to the orifice after letting blood.
CHUMA'CO, f. m. a pillow.
CHUMBADA, f. f. pieces of lead in a fishing net to sink it.
CHUMBA'DO, a, adj. of the colour of lead. See also **CHUMBAR**.
Latego chumbado, a whip, or small rope that has balls of lead fastened to one end of it.
CHUMBA'R, v. a. to folder with lead.
Chumbar o cabelo, to press the hair, to make it hang flat down.
CHUMBEYRA, f. f. a casting-net.
CHU'MBO, f. m. lead.
Pedaços de chumbo, com que se pegão as ferres às vidraças, bonds, little pieces of lead with which iron rods are fastened to the panes of glass-windows.
Causa de chumbo, leaden, or of lead.
Causa semelhante a chumbo, leadish, like lead.
Official que faz obra de chumbo, a worker of lead, a plumber.
CHUME'AS, (in a ship) a sort of cheeks to strengthen a mast when it is cracked.
CHUMINE. See **CHAMINE**.
CHUNA'MBO, f. m. (In India.) See **CAL**.
CHUPADO, a, adj. suckled; also very lean. See the v. **CHUPAR**.
CHUPADURA, f. f. a sucking.
CHUPAME'L, f. m. the herb called honey-suckle.
CHUPAM, f. m. black and blue made on the skin by sucking it.
CHUPA'R, v. a. to suck; also to imbibe or soak in.
Chupár, (in India) to smoke, or take tobacco.
Chupar a alguem, (metaph.) to suck one's substance, to drain his purse by little and little.
Chupar-se a perdiz, (among hunters) to lurk behind a turf, as partridges do sometimes. French *se motter*.
CHURDO. See **LAA**.
CHURMA da galé. See **CHUSMA**.
CHURRIA'M, f. m. a sort of waggon, used in the country to carry people in.
CHU'RRO, f. m. a villain.
CHURU'ME, f. m. moisture, juice, of plants, fruits, &c.

CIC

- CHU'SMA**, f. f. the whole crew of slaves in a galley; also the whole crew of any ship; also croud, throng, press, multitudes. From the Italian *ciar-ma*.
Chusmár, v. a. ex. *Chusmar huma galé*, to man a galley, to furnish a galley with men.
CHU'VA, f. f. rain.
Chuva misturada com neve, sleet.
Chuva grande, a shower.
Chuva miuda, a mizzling rain. See also **CHUVEIRO**.
Tempo de chuva, rainy weather.
CHUVEIRO, f. m. a shower.
Chuveiro que passa depressa, a little shower.
Chuveiros, or *Chuva de setas*, a shower of arrows. (Metaph.)
CHUVO SO, a, adj. rainy.
Tempo chuvoso e nevoeiro juntamente, sleet weather.
CHU'Z nem báz, ex. *Não dizer chuz nem buz*, to hold one's peace, to be silent. (A ludicrous phrase.)

CHY

- CHYLIFICAÇAM**, f. f. chylication, the action or faculty of changing the food into chyle.
CHYLO, f. m. chyle, the white juice of digested matter, whereof the blood is made.

CIA

- CIA'R**, **CIA'R-SE**, or **Ter CIUMES**. See **CIUMES**.
CIATICA, f. f. the sciatica, a distemper commonly in the hip, the hip-gout.
CIATICO, f. m. he who is afflicted with that disease.

CIB

- CIBA**. See **SIBA**.
CIBA'LHO, f. m. the worms, or insects the birds and fowls feed upon.
CIBA'NDO, f. m. a kind of bird of prey that fights the eagle.
CIBO'RIO, the cyborium, or covered cup in which the blessed sacrament is kept in churches.

CIC

- CICATRIZ**, f. f. a scar, left by a wound.
CICATRIZADO, a, adj. See
CICATRIZA'R, v. a. to heal up, only leaving a scar.
A chaga se vai cicatrizando, the wound is cicatrizing itself, or healing up to a scar.
CIC'ERO, f. m. pica, the technical name used by printers for types of a certain size; also the name of a famous orator and philosopher among the Romans.
CICERONIA'NO, a, adj. ex. *Estilo Ciceroniano*, Ciceronian style, an eloquent,

C I F

quent, pure, rhetorical style, or manner of expression like Cicero's.
CICIA'R, v. n. to lisp.
CICIO'SO, a, adj. lisping.
Ciciso, Cicieso, or Sciciso, f. m. one that has an impediment in his speech, one that lisps.
CICISBEO. } See **CHICISBEO**.
CICLADES. } See **CYCLADAS**.
CICLAMINIS. See **CYCLAMINIS**.
CICLO'PES. See **CYCLOPES**.
CICU'TA. See **ANÇARINHA**.

C I D

CID, or **CIDE**, in Arabic, signifies lord, or commander. This name the Moors give to the famous Spanish general, Roderick Diaz de Bivar, who gained many victories over them; and to say of a man, *he hum cid*, or *hum cide*, is the same as to say, 'he is as brave as Hector.'
CIDAD'A M, f. m. a citizen, a freeman. See also **FORO**.
CIDA'DE, f. f. a city.
Molher da cidade, a city woman.
CIDADELLA. See **CITADELLA**.
CIDA'O. (In Portuguese India.) See **FORO**.
CIDE. See **CID**.
CIDRA, f. f. citron; also cyder.
Cor de cidra, citron-colour.
CIDRA'DA, f. f. an excellent sweetmeat or jelly, of the juice of citron.
CIDRA'L, f. m. a garden of citron-trees.
CIDRA'M, f. m. See **CIDRA**; also a sort of disease in oxen.
CIDRE'IRA, f. f. citron-tree; also a herb which bees delight in, balm-gentle, or mint.

C I E

CIEIRO, f. m. roughness in the skin caused by excessive cold; the lips, particularly, are very liable to it.
CIENCIA. } See **SCIENCIA**.
CIENTE. } See **SCIENTE**.
CIENTIFICO, &c. See **SCIENTIFICO**.

C I F

CIFADO, a, adj. See
CIFA'R, v. a. (a sea term) to get ready.
CIFRA, f. f. zero, a cypher, (o.) See also **COMPENDIO**.
Cifra, a mark they use in Portugal, every man according to his fancy, being a knot, or some flourish at the end of the name to prevent counterfeiting.
Cousa que não val humma cifra, a thing that is worth nothing. (Metaph.)
Cifra, the key or explanation of a writing in cyphers.
Cifra, ou escriptura enigmatica, cypher, a writing in cyphers, a secret character.
Escrever por cifras, to cypher, or write in cyphers.

C I M

Cifras, cyphers, a flourish of letters.
Cifras, (in heraldry) a devise, or coat of arms; also an emblem, or motto on a shield, or upon the arms of nobility.
Cifra de imprifettes no fim de hum capitulo, ou livro, a tail-piece.
CIFRADO, a, adj. See
CIFRA'R, v. a. See **RECOPIRAR**.
Cifrar, ou escrever por cifras, to cypher, to write in cyphers.

C I G

CIGANA, f. f. **CIGANO**, f. m. a gypsy, a rambling man or woman, that tells people's fortunes.
CIGANARIA, or **CIGANICE**, the life and behaviour of gypsies; a cheating trick.
CIGANO. See **CIGANA**.
CIGARRA, or **CEGARREGA**, f. f. a sauturette, or as others, balm-cricket. Lat. *cicada*; some say that this chirping insect is unknown in England. See Ainsworth's Dict. v. *Cicada*.
CIGUDE. See **CEGUDE**.
CIGURELHA, f. f. savoury, a herb so called.
Cigurelha brava, flea-bane, or moth-mullein.

C I L

CILA'DA, f. f. a snare, a trap, or crafty wile, an ambush, a lying in wait.
Cabir nas ciladas, to insnare one's self.
Armar ciladas, to lay wait for, to endeavour to trapan.
CILHA, f. f. a band, to bind beasts with, a girth.
Cilba de catre, a bed-cord; also the girths of stools and chairs.
Cilba de colmeas, many bee-hives set in order, a stock of bees.
CILHA'DO, a, adj. See **CILHAR**.
CILHA'M. See **SILHAM**.
CILHAR, v. a. to girth, to draw the girth straight. See **CILHA**.
CILICIO, f. m. hair-cloth. See also **SILICIO**.
CILINDRO. See **CYLINDRO**.

C I M

CIMA, f. m. the top of a mountain, hill, or other place.
Per cima, above.
De cima, from above; also besides, more than that.
Para cima, upwards.
A cima delle, above him.
A cima ditto, above-mentioned.
Como a cima, as above.
Ficar de cima, to vanquish, to overcome, to get the better, to surmount, to carry it.
Elle roubou-o e em cima, matou-o, he robbed him, and, more than that, he killed him.

C I N

Per cima de tudo, above all.
Volter de cima para baixo, to overturn, to turn upside down.
Volter tudo de cima para baixo, (metaph.) to disorder, to confound, to put into a great confusion.
Estar a cima, to excel, to surmount, to surpass, to exceed, to differ from; also to domineer.
Estar a cima de tudo, to be above-board.
CIMA'CIO, or **CIMAÇO**. See
CIMALHA, f. f. (in architecture) cymatium, a wave, ogee, or ogive; a kind of carved work, resembling the waves of the sea. Greek.
CIMBALO, f. m. the musical instrument called a cymbal.
CIMBRE, f. m. (From the Spanish *cimbria*.) See **SIMPLES**, (in architecture.)
CIMEIRA, f. f. (in heraldry) the crest of a head-piece.
Cimira de capacete, the crest of a helmet, where the plume is set.
CIMENTAR. See **FUNDAR**.
CIMENTO. See **ALICERCE**.
CIMITARRA, or **SEMITARRA**, f. f. a Persian scymitar, a faulchion.
CIMO, f. m. the top of a mountain, hill, or other place.

C I N

CINABRIO, **CYNABRIO**, **CINNABRIO**, f. m. cinnabar, a soft red stone, found in mines, called minium, read-lead, vermilion; and by an Indian word *cinoper*, i. e. dragons-blood, from the colour.
CINAMOMO. See **CINNAMOMO**.
CINCA, f. f. (in the play called ninepins) ex. *Dar cinca*, to lose five, as when they run through the pins and strike down none.
Dar cinca, (metaph.) to mistake, to misunderstand.
CINCEIRO, f. m. a willow, or fallow-tree.
CINCHO, f. m. a cheese-fat to make cheese in.
CINCO, f. m. ex. *O cinco de conta*, the figure of five (5.)
Cinco, adj. five.
Cousa que tem cinco dobras, five double, or five-fold.
Cinco vezes, five times.
Cinco por cento, five per cent.
Hir a cinco e cinco, to go five by five.
Cinco em rama, an herb called five-leaved-grass, cinquefoil.
CINCOENTA, adj. fifty.
CINCOPA. See **SYNCOPA**, **SYNCOPE**.
CINGIDEIRAS, f. f. p. the middlemost claws of birds of prey.
CINGIDO, a, adj. girded; also encompassed, beset with, surrounded, environed. See also the v. **CINGIR**.
CINGIDOURO, f. m. a girdle, or binding band.
CINGIR, v. a. to tie about; also to gird.

C I O

Cingir a espada, to gird on a sword, to wear a sword.
Cingir-se, v. r. to cling, to keep close to, to stick.
CINGULO, f. m. a girdle; but in Portuguese it is generally used for that with which the priest girds his alb, when he vests to say mass.
CINICOS. See *CYNICOS*.
CINNAMOMO, f. m. a sort of cinnamon-tree.
CINQUINHO, f. m. a sort of ancient coin of small value in Portugal.
CINTA, f. f. a girdle, a sash; it is also said of some other things stretched like a girdle.
Por espada a cinta. See *CINGIR a espada*.
Cinta da gula, (in architecture) an ogee, or ogive.
CINTAS, (in a ship) wales, or wails, the outward timbers in a ship's sides, on which men set their feet when they clamber up.
CINTEIRO, f. m. he who makes or sells girdles.
CINTHIA. } See { *CYNTHIA*.
CINTHIO. } See { *CYNTHIO*.
CINTILADO, a, adj. See *SCINTILADO*.
CINTILA, or *SCINTILA*. See *FAISCA*.
CINTILANTE. See *SCINTILANTE*.
CINTILAR. See *SCINTILAR*.
CINTILHO, f. m. a hatband; also the cecus of Venus. See also *TRAN-CELM*.
CINTO, f. m. a leather girdle with a clasp at the end of it. It is also the ancient name they used instead of *bedrê*, a belt.
Cinto frio, so Camoens calls one of the frigid zones.
CINTRA. See *SINTRA*.
CINTURA, f. f. a man or woman's waist.
CINTURAM, f. m. a broad belt.
CINZA, f. f. ashes.
Cinzas, in the plural, sometimes signifies the reliques and memory of the dead.
Reduzido a cinzas, turned to ashes.
O reduzir-se a cinzas, incineration.
Quarta-feira de cinzas, Ash-Wednesday.
CINZEL. See *SINZEL*.
CINZENTO, a, adj. of an ash-colour.

C I O

CIO, f. m. desire to the male.
Cadella com cio, a proud bitch.
Cio dos peixes, spawning.
Cio do veados, rut.
Andar a esga com o cio, to desire to go to horse as a mare doth.
Estar a porca com o cio, to grunt, as a sow doth to go to boar.
CIOZO, a, adj. jealous.
Ser cioso, to be jealous, to fear lest another should, or envy that he doth,

C I R

possess what I desire; also to retain, to preserve, to keep, to hold fast; also to use endeavours to excuse another, or to gain the same end which another purposes.

C I P

CIPO, ou *IPECACUANHA*, f. m. so they call in the Brasils a kind of shrub that twines about the trees till they reach the top of them; also a sort of wicker.
Cobra de cipô. See *COBRA*.
CI'PPO, f. m. a grave-stone, or monument. See also *TRONCO*.
CIPRESTE. See *CIPRESTE*.

C I R

CIRANDA, f. f. a screen, or skreen to sift lime, gravel, &c. with; also a sieve with large holes for the corn to fall through, and straw to remain behind.
CIRANDA'DO, a, adj. See *CIRANDAR*.
CIRANDA'JEM, f. f. the refuse, or coarser part of the lime, &c. after being sifted through a skreen.
CIRANDA'R, v. a. to screen or skreen, to sift through a skreen; also to sift the corn, to separate it from chaff by a sieve.
CIRCA'SSIA, f. f. Circassia, a province of Asia. We are beholden to the Circassian Tartars, (who traffic in female slaves) for the invention of inoculation.
CIRCENSES jogos, the Circensian games.
CIRCO, f. m. the Circus at Rome, where the people saw the public shows. See also *CIRCULO*.
CIRCUITO, f. m. a circuit, a compass.
Circuito da cefão, the fits of an ague.
CIRCULAÇAM, f. f. circulation.
Circulação do sangue, the circulation of the blood.
Circulação, (in chemistry) circulation.
CIRCULA'DO, a, adj. See *CIRCULAR*.
CIRCULAR, adj. circular, round.
Cartas circulares, circulatory letters.
Circular, v. n. to go or move round; also to rise and fall to and fro, (in chemistry.)
CIRCULARMENTE, adv. circularly, roundly.
CIRCULATORIO, ex. *Vaso circulatorio*, (in chemistry) circulatory, a glass vessel wherein the liquor infused, by its ascending and descending, rolls about as it were in a circle.
CIRCULO, f. m. a circle.
O imperio de Alemanha esta dividido em dez circulos, the empire of Germany is divided into ten circles.
CIRCUNCIDA'DO, circumcised.
CIRCUNCIDAR, v. a. to circumcise.
CIRCUNCISAM, f. f. circumcision.

C I R

CIRCUNDA'DO, a, adj. compassed round.
CIRCUNDA'R, v. a. to compass round.
CIRCUNFERENCIA, f. f. circumference, compass.
CIRCUNFLEXO, (in grammar) circumflex, a sort of accent. (^)
CIRCUNFLUI'R, v. a. to flow about any thing.
CIRCUNFORA'NEO, a, adj. that goes up and down.
Charlatão circumferente, one that sells ointments about the streets.
CIRCUNFU'SO, a, adj. that flows about, circumfluous, or circumfluent; also lying about.
CIRCUNLOCUCAM, f. f. a circumlocution, periphrase, a compass of words, or beating the bush.
CIRCUNLOQUIO, f. m. a circumlocution.
CIRCUNSCREVER, v. a. to circumscribe, or draw a circle or line, to limit, bound, determine; also to circumscribe, or to draw a figure round another. (In geometry.)
CIRCUNSCRIPTIVO. } See *CIRCUNSCREVER*.
CIRCUNSCRIPTO. }
CIRCUNSPECÇAM, f. f. circumspection, or wariness of action or words.
CIRCUNPECTO, a, adj. circumspect, cautious.
CIRCUNSTANCIA, f. f. a circumstance.
Erro nas circunstancias, a circumstantial mistake.
CIRCUNSTANCIA'DO. See *CIRCUNSTANCIAR*.
CIRCUNSTANCIAR, v. a. to circumstantiate, or make a proof of any thing by accidents, to describe a thing with its circumstances.
CIRCUNSTANCIONA'DO, a, adj. See *CIRCUNSTANCIAR*.
CIRCUNSTANTES, f. m. p. those that are present in company, the spectators, beholders, or standers-by.
CIRCUNSTAR, v. a. to stand about, to surround.
CIRCUNVALLAÇAM, f. f. (in fortification) circumvallation. See *LINHA*.
CIRCUNVALLA'DO, a, adj. See *CIRCUNVALLAR*.
CIRCUNVALLAR, v. a. to trench about, to inclose and fortify with bulwarks, or ramparts, to draw the lines of circumvallation.
CIRCUNVE'SINHO, a, adj. neighbouring.
CIRGA. } See { *SIRGA*.
CIRGUEIRO. } See { *SIRGUEIRO*.
CIRGIDEIRAS. See *SIRGIDEIRAS*.
CIRIEIRO, f. m. a waxchandler; also he who makes wax-works.
CIRINGA. See *SERINGA*.
CIRINGA'DO. See *SERINGADO*.
CIRINGAR. See *SERINGAR*.
CIRIO, f. m. a taper, a large wax-candle.

C I T

Cirio paschal, a paschal candle, which is a very large one, standing by the side of the high altar, from Saturday in Holy Week till Ascension, and lighted at high mass.

CIROULAS. See *CEROULAS*.

CIRURGIA, f. f. surgery. Greek.

CIRURGIAM, f. m. a surgeon.

Cirurgião que cura a bordo dos navios, a sea-surgeon.

CIRRO. } See { *SCIRRO*.

CIRZETA. } See { *CERCETA*.

CIRZI'DO, a, adj. fine-drawn, darned; also that keeps close to, or that sticks fast.

CIRZIDU'RA, f. f. a rentering, or fine-drawing.

CIRZI'R, v. a. to darn, or fine-draw.

C I S

CISALPINO, a, adj. of, or belonging to this side of the Alps.

CISCADO. See

CISCAR, v. n. (a vulgar term) to run away privately. See *ESCAPULIR*.

Ciscar-se, v. r. idem.

CISCO, f. m. filth, or dust swept out, sweepings; also charcoal-dust.

Cisco de ourives, a gold-smith's sweepings.

CISMA, or *SCISMA*, f. m. a schism. Greek.

CISMATICO, or *SCISMATICO*, a, r. adj. schismatic.

CISNE, f. m. a swan; also a poet. (Metaph.)

Cisne que ainda he pequeno, a cygnet, a young swan.

CISTER, Cîteaux, a town in the government of Burgundy, in France. Here is a celebrated abbey, the principal of the Cistercian order, reformed from that of St. Benedict, in the year 1098. The abbot is immediately subjected to the pope.

CISTERCIENSE, adj. of, or belonging to Cîteaux.

CISTERNA, f. f. a cistern.

Caldeira da cisterna. See *CALDEIRA*.

CISURA. See *CESURA*.

C I T

CITA. See *ALLEGACAM*.

CITAÇAM, f. f. a citation, or summons to appear; also citation, quoting, or quotation.

CITADELLA, f. f. a citadel, a fortress that commands a town.

CITADO, a, adj. See *CITAR*.

CITANIA, formerly Cinnania, a city in Portugal, about eighteen miles east of Braga. See Val. Max. lib. vi. cap. 4. where you may find a very remarkable instance of the bravery of its inhabitants.

CITAR, v. a. to cite, to summon; also to quote an author.

CITARA. See *CITHARA*.

CITATORIO, a, adj. ex. *Carta ci-*

tatoria, a summons to appear in court at the day appointed, a citation.

CITERIOR, adj. belonging to this side.

CITHARA, f. f. a musical instrument, not much different from a lute, a cittern.

CITHAREDO, f. m. one who plays upon the cithara.

CITHEREA. } See { *CYTHAREA*.

CITRA. } See { *CITHARA*.

CITRARI'A, f. f. (an old word) hawking, or the art of falconry.

CITREIRO, f. m. a falconer, or falckner.

CITREO, a, adj. belonging to the citron-tree, or made of citron-wood.

CITRINO, a, adj. that hath the colour of a citron.

C I V

CIVEL. See *RUSTICO*, *CAMPO-NEZ*. See also *CIVIL*.

CIVICO, belonging to a city, civic.

Coroa civica, the civic crown, given anciently at Rome; a garland of oak, given to him that saved a citizen's life, by the person who was so saved.

CIVIL, adj. pertaining to the citizens, the city or state. See also *DESCORTEZ*.

Civil, civil, not criminal.

Direito civil, a civil law.

Guerra civil, civil war.

Arquitetura civil. See *ARCHITECTURA*.

Morte civil, so they called a degradation from the estate of a freeman.

CIVILIDADE, f. f. See *DESCORTEZIA*, *GROSSERIA*, *RUSTICIDADE*.

CIVILIZADO, a, adj. See

CIVILIZAR, v. a. (a new word) to civilize or make civil, to soften, or polish manners. From the French *civilizer*.

CIU'ME, f. m. jealousy, an immoderate passion, a fear lest another should, or envy he doth, possess what I desire; also hatred, envy.

CIURO. See *HARDA*.

C I Z

CIZA'NIA, f. f. tares, cockle, darnel; also discord. (Metaph.)

CIZA'R. See *SISAR*.

CIZIRA'M, f. m. a kind of pulse like vetches.

C L A

CLADE, f. f. (in poetry) a slaughter. From the Lat. *cladis*.

CLAMADO, a, adj. See

CLAMAR, v. n. to cry out, to make a clamour.

Clamar vingança, to deserve punishment.

CLAMIDE. See *CHLAMIDE*.

C L A

CLAMOR, f. m. clamour, crying out, exclaiming.

CLANDESTINAMENTE, adv. clandestinely, privily, secretly.

CLANDESTINO, a, adj. clandestine, secret, private.

CLANGOR, f. m. a sound of a trumpet.

CLARA de ovo, the white of an egg.

CLARABOYA, f. f. a lantern, or light on the top of a house.

CLARAMENTE, adv. clearly, plainly, evidently, openly, manifestly.

Fallar claramente, to speak plain, or freely.

CLARA'M, f. m. a great reflection of light; also the light seen through two things that are not perfectly joined.

CLAREA, a liquor made with white wine and honey.

CLAREA'DO, a, adj. See

CLAREA'R, v. n. to grow light and clear.

CLARETE, f. m. claret, red-wine.

CLAREZA, plainness, clearness, perspicuity, evidence; also nobleness of birth.

CLARIDA'DE, f. f. clearness, brightness, shine, light; also excellency, fame, renown.

CLARIFICADO, a, adj. See

CLARIFICAR, v. a. to clarify, to make clear; also to ennoble, or make famous; also to improve, to better.

CLARI'M, f. m. a shrill sort of a trumpet, a clarion.

CLARISTAS, f. f. the nuns of Santa Clara, so called from their foundress's name.

CLARO, a, adj. bright, clear, light, luminous; also plain, easy, perspicuous, evident; also illustrious, renowned; also clear, transparent.

Batalha de montes Claros, the battle of Montes Claros, in which the Portuguese, under the command of the marquis de Marialva defeated the Spaniards, A. C. 1665.

Dia claro, clear day.

Voz clara, a clear voice.

Fazer a voz clara, to clear the voice.

Vinho claro, clear wine, fair wine.

No claro, in a lightsome place.

Ces claro, a clear serene sky.

Juizo claro, a clear wit, or judgment.

Claro, (speaking of liquors) clear, fair, pure.

Claro, (speaking of sounds) clear, shrill, loud.

Claro, (in painting) the lights of a picture, tapestry, &c.

Ter a vista clara, to see plain, to be clear sighted, to have a clear eye-sight; also to have piercing, acute, sharp wit, to be sharp, (Metaph.)

Fallar com voz clara, to speak with a clear or shrill voice; to speak loud, or distinctly.

Fallar claro, to speak plain or freely.

Saltar em claro, to jump over. Hence

Saltar em claro, to make no mention of, to leave out, or omit. (Metaph.)

Claras,

C L E

Claro, (a military word) the distance, or space betwixt two regiments.
CLA'SSE, f. f. a class, a rank or order of persons; also a form, (in schools.)
Elle he da segunda classe, he is of the second form.
Autor de primeira classe, one of the most approved credit in schools.
Classe, (in poetry) a fleet of war, an armada.
CLA'SSICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to schools, classic.
Autor classico, a classic author, one of approved credit in schools.
CLAVA, f. f. a club, a baton.
CLAUDICA'DO. See **CLAUDICAR**.
CLAUDICA'NTE, unfit for use. See also
CLAUDICA'R, v. n. to be like to fall, to be wavering, both in the proper and metaph. sense.
CLAVE, f. f. (in music) a key, or cliff.
CLAVEIRO, f. m. (in the order of Christ, in Portugal) he who had the keys of the convent, when the knights of the order of Christ lived together.
CLAVELLINA, f. f. a musk gilly-flower.
CLAVICORDIO, f. m. a harpsicord or spinet, a kind of musical instrument.
CLAVICULA, f. f. (in anatomy) the clavicle, the channel bone.
CLAVINA, f. f. carbine, a sort of gun.
Fechos de clavina. See **FECHO**.
CLAVIORGAM, f. m. a sort of instrument between an harpsicord and an organ.
CLA'USTRA, f. f. so they called formerly, by antiphrasis, the universal relaxation of manners in the religious orders, not long since the year 1348. See **CLAUSTRO**.
CLAUSTRA'ES, f. m. p. a sort of Franciscan friars; the present pope Clement XIV. did belong to it.
CLAUSTRAL, adj. of, or belonging to a cloister.
CLA'USTRO, f. m. a place begirt with pillars, a cloister; also a sort of meeting in the university of Coimbra.
Claustro materno. See **VENTRE**.
CLA'USULA, f. f. article, condition, a clause; also the last circumstance or step in any undertaking.
Clausula, cadence. (A musical word.)
CLAUSULA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCERRADO**, **LIMITADO**.
CLAUSULAR. See **ENCERRAR**, **LIMITAR**.
CLAUSURA, f. f. an enclosure.
Guardar clausura perpetua, to live always in a convent, without having the liberty of going out.

C L E

CLEMENCIA, f. f. clemency, meek-

C L Y

ness, mercy; also temperateness in cold or heat; (metaph.) also Clemency, a goddess among the Romans.
Com clemencia, clemently, meekly, mercifully.
CLEMEN'NTE, adj. meek, merciful, clement; also Clement, the proper name of a man.
CLEMENTINAS, (in the canon law) the constitutions of pope Clement V.
CLEREZIA. See **CLERO**.
CLERICAL, adj. belonging to the clergy.
Estado clerical. See
CLERICATO, f. m. the office or dignity of a clergyman.
CLERIGO, f. m. a clergyman, a priest. Greek.
Clerigo de missa. See **SACERDOTE**.
Clerigo de evangelho. See **DIACONO**.
Clerigo de epistola. See **SUBDIACONO**.
Clerigo del-rey, an ecclesiastical desembargador. See **DESEMBARGADOR**.
CLERO, f. f. the clergy.

C L I

CLICIA. See **CLYCIA**.
CLIENTE, f. m. a client, one who employs a lawyer; also a client, among the Romans.
CLIENTELA, f. f. clientship, among the ancient Romans.
CLIMA, f. m. (in geography) a climate, a part or portion of the earth between two circles, parallel to the equator; and where there is half an hour's difference in the longest day of summer.
CLIMATERICO, ex. *Amos climatericos*, climacterical years; certain observable years, which are supposed to be attended with some great mutation of life or fortune; every seventh and ninth year is a climacteric.
Grandes climatericos, grand climacterics; the sixty-third, and eighty first years, wherein if any sickness happens it is accounted very dangerous.
CLIO, f. f. Clio, one of the nine Muses, feigned to be the inventress of history and heroic poetry. Greek.
CLISTEL. See **AYUDA**. Greek.

C L O

CLOACA. See **CANO da limpeza**.
CLOTHO, f. f. Clotho, one of the three Destinies.

C L U

CLUNIACENSES, Cluniac monks, an order of monks, founded in the year 900, by Berno, abbot of Cluny, in Burgundy.

C L Y

CLYCIA, or **CLICIA**, **CLYTIA**, or

C O A

CLYTIE, a nymph whom Apollo converted into the turn-sole, because she discovered to Orchamus that he had lain with his daughter; also the flower turn-sole, or heliotrope, (in poetry.)

C O A

CO, **COA**, instead of *com e*, and *com a*, with the.
COACÇAM, f. f. force, violence, compulsion.
COACERVA'DO, a. See
COACERVA'R, v. a. to heap up together, to coacervate. Lat.
COADA, f. f. broth strained out of boiled peas, beans, &c. From *Coar*, to strain.
COADEIRA, or **COADEIRO**. See **COADOR**.
COADJUTOR, a coadjutor, a fellow-helper, an assistant.
COADJUTORA, f. f. she that helpeth.
COADJUTORIA, f. f. coadjutorship.
COADO, a, adj. strained; also that looks pale for fear, melted; also that passes through a rift, cleft, or chap in wood or stone, as the wind does. See also **CAPADO**, and the verb **COAR**.
COADOR, f. m. a colander, a strainer.
Coador, or *Coadeiro de lagar de azeit*, a great frail used in straining of olives.
COADUNAÇAM, f. f. assembly, meeting, congregation.
COADUNADO. See
COADUNA'R, v. a. to gather, or assemble together.
COADURA, f. f. strained liquor, or juice.
COAGULAÇAM, f. f. coagulation.
COAGULA'DO, a, adj. See
COAGULA'R, v. a. to coagulate, to congeal, to curdle, to thicken.
COALHADA, f. f. curdle-milk.
COALHADO, a, adj. See **COALHAR**.
COALHADURA, f. f. curling, the turning to a curd; also the thing that has been curdled.
COALHAR, v. a. to curdle, or gather into cream, to curdle, or thicken. See also **CONGELAR**.
Fazer coalhar o leite, to curdle milk.
Coalhar com frio, to be frozen with cold.
Coalhar, to strew, or cover all over.
Coalhar-se, v. r. to be curdled, to thicken, to wax thick.
Coalhou-se me o sangue nas veas, the blood freezed in my veins.
COALHO, f. m. coagulum, curd, rennet which turns milk. It is also particularly said of a sort of curdled milk, found in the intestines of kids, lambs, &c.
COAR, v. a. to strain; also to pass through a rift, or cleft in wood, or stone, as the wind doth.

Coar,

C O B

Cóar, v. n. to slight, to slip away, to slip out, to escape; also to be very pale and wan.

Cear a colíra, it is said of dogs that throw off the collar; it is also said of people that retire from some business.

Cóar-se, v. r. (Metaph.) See *DERRETER-SE*.

COARTAÇAM, or *COARCTAÇAM*. See *RESTRICÇAM*.

COARTA'DA, or *COARCTADA*, (a law term) it is said of one that purges himself of a crime, by proving that he was absent from the place where it had been committed.

COARTA'DO, or *COARCTADO*, *a*, adj. See

COARTAR, or *COARCTAR*, v. a. to restrain, to limit or place bounds, to stint, to confine.

C O B

COBA'LES, f. m. p. cobales, a sort of dæmons in human shape, who were called satyrs, and said to be attendants of Bacchus.

COBA'RDE, f. m. a coward. From *Cova*, a cave, because he hides himself.

COBARDIA, f. f. cowardice.

COBERTO, *a*, adj. See *CUBERTO*.

COBERTO'R, f. m. a covering for a bed, a blanket, a counterpane.

Cobertór de selpa, a rug.

Cobertór de papa, a blanket.

COBIÇA, f. f. covetousness, greediness.

COBIÇA'DO, *a*, adj. coveted.

COBIÇA'R, v. a. to covet.

Cousa para se cobiçar, a thing to be coveted, covetable.

COBICO'SO, *a*, adj. covetous.

COBRA, f. f. a snake.

Camisa de cobra. See *CAMISA*.

Cobra de cipó, a sort of snake in the Brasils that feeds upon frogs; the wild people of the country call her *boiti-má*.

Cobra de coraas, a snake in the Brasils whereof the skin is as white as snow, and spotted with black and red, the wild people call her *ibibeboca*.

Cobra de duas cabeças, another sort of snake in the Brasils, called by the wild people *ibiyara*.

Cobra de viado, *Giboya*, or *Cobra boy*, another sort of snake in the Brasils, and perhaps the largest of that kind; she can easily swallow ailag: the wild people call her *giboya*, and *baiguacú*.

Cobra verde, a sort of green snake in the Brasils, called by the wild people *boicbi*.

Cobra de cascavel. See *CASCABEL*.

Cobra de capello, a sort of very venomous snake in India.

Erva de cobras, a sort of herb in the Brasils, called by the wild people *caiatia*, and *caacica*. It is good against the bite of snakes.

C O B

Cobra, a rope to tie the horses or oxen by their necks, in the threshing floor; also a sort of sweet-meat.

Dizer de alguém cobras e lagartos, to speak ill of one as much as it can be. (A vulgar expression.)

Ser mão como as cobras, to be wily, crafty.

P. saber mais que as cobras, to be more cunning than snakes.

COBRADO, *a*, adj. See *COBRAR*.

COBRADO'R, f. m. a receiver, a recoverer.

Cobrador importuno, a dun, a troublesome and clamorous creditor.

COBRANÇA, f. f. receiving, or recovering.

COBRAR, v. a. to receive, to recover.

Cobrar alguma coisa de alguém com importinencia, to dun, to press a man to pay.

Cobrar forças, to gather strength.

Cobrar o perdido, to retrieve, or make up one's losses.

Cobrar animo, to take courage.

Cobrar saúde, to recover one's health.

Tornar a cobrar a falla, to recover one's speech, speaking of a man that is recovered out of a swoon, apoplexy, &c.

Cobrar juízo, to recover, to come to his wits, or senses again.

Cobrar fize, to leave boy's play.

Cobrar affeição, to have an inclination, to love.

Cobrar devoção, to affect, to love, especially to devote to one's service.

Cobrar a autoridade, to get, or acquire power and authority.

Cobrar fama, to become renowned and famous.

P. cobra boa fama, e deita te a dormir, get a good name, and lie down to sleep: like ours, when your name is up, you may lie a-bed till noon.

Cobrar resposta de huma carta, to get an answer to a letter.

Cobrar-se, v. r. ex. *Tornar a cobrar-se*. See *COBRAR juízo*; also to get a serene and calm mind again.

Tornar a cobrar-se de hum desmayo, to recover one's self out of a swoon.

Tornar a cobrar-se de hum medo, to recover from fear.

COBRE, f. m. copper.

COBRE'LO, f. m. (in physie) herpes miliaris, a cutaneous inflammation which is like millet-seed upon the skin, and itches.

COBRI'NHA, f. f. a little snake.

Cobrinha cega, a floc-worm.

COBRIR. See *CUBRIR*.

COBRO, f. m. ex. *Per alguma coisa em cobro*, to lay up a thing safe, so that it may not be easily found.

Per a alguém em cobro, to keep or have one in custody, to keep or guard him from flight.

Per cobro, to remedy, to put a stop, to stop, to keep from going forward. See also *COBRELO*.

C O C

C O C

CO'CA, f. f. *coculus indicus*, a poisonous narcotic berry, made use of by poachers to intoxicate fish, so that they may be taken out of the water with the hand; called *bacca piscatoria*, fishers-berries; also a sort of shrub in America.

Dar coca a alguém, to wheedle, to allure, to trepan. (Metaph.)

Coca, or *COCO*, which see.

COÇA, ex. *Dar huma coisa a alguém*, to trim one's jacket.

COÇA'DO, *a*, adj. See *COÇAR*.

COÇADU'RA, f. f. scratching.

COÇAR, cu *COÇARDA*, f. f. a plume, or feather for the hat.

Coçar, v. a. to scratch, scrub, or claw.

Coçar-se, v. r. to scratch one's self.

Naõ ter tempo para se coçar, to have one's hand's full, to have enough to do.

Coçar-se a corça, na cabeça, is for a deer to fray her head, or rub it against a tree.

Coçar-se as costas, to scratch one's self, by shrugging up and working the shoulders.

CO'CARAS, f. f. p. ex. *Estar de cocarras*, to squat, to lie or sit squat.

COCÇA'M, f. f. (in medicine) concoction, digestion in the stomach.

COCE'DRA, f. f. (obfol.) a quilt, or mattress. Spanish.

CO'CEGAS, f. f. p. tickling.

Fazer cocegas, to tickle.

Fazer cocegas, (in a moral sense) to make one's mouth water, or to set the teeth a-watering.

Fes lbe cocegas de, &c. the fancy or humour took him to, &c.

Sintir cocegas, (metaph.) ex. *Elle sente cocegas nos curvidos*, he cannot forbear speaking.

COCEGUE'NTO, *a*, adj. ticklish.

COCE'IRA, f. f. an itching.

Cocera, or *Couceira da porta*. See *COUCEIRA*.

CO'CHE, f. m. a coach. It is said to have been invented by the Hungarians.

Coche de aluguel, a hackney-coach.

Dinheiro que se paga pello aluguel do coche, coach-hire.

Caxa do coche. See *CAXA*.

Tjadilho do coche. See *TEJADILHO*.

Estridos do coche. See *ESTRIBO*.

Coche de cal. See *CAL*.

COCHE'IRA, f. f. coach-house.

COCHE'IRO, f. m. a coachman.

Assento do cocheiro, ou *sija almofada*, coach-box.

COCHICHA'DO, *a*, adj. See

COCHICHA'R, v. n. to mumble, to mutter. (A vulgar word.)

COCHI'CHO, f. m. a sort of lark.

COCHICHO'LA, f. f. a narrow house.

COCHI'M, Cochin, the capital of Cochin, or Kakochin, a kingdom of the Malabar coast, and Mogul empire,

COE

pire, in Asia; the Dutch took it from the Portuguese in 1662.
COCHINO, f. m. See **PORCO**. It is also a sort of game at cards.
COCHONILHA, f. f. its first and proper signification is a wood-louse; but since the said name is given to the scarlet-dye, because it is made of small flies, which, sprinkled with wine or vinegar, roll up together like woodlice, and these are the rich scarlet dye. **Cochineal**.
COCITO. See **COCYTO**.
COCIVARA'DO, f. m. (an Indian word) a sort of tribute in the kingdom of Canara, in India.
COCLEA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Escadas cocheadas*, winding stairs.
CO'CO, f. m. coco-nut.
Coco, or *Coca*, words used to fright children; as we say, the bull-beggar.
Fazer coco, to play at bo-peep.
COCODRI'LO, f. m. a crocodile.
COCORIM, f. m. (a Turkish word) a hen.
COCO'UROS. See **COSSOUROS**.
COCYTO, f. m. a small river of Campania in Italy, which runneth into the Lucrine lake, feigned by the poets to be the river of hell.

COD

CO'DEA, f. f. a crust; also the scurf, or scab of a wound.
Codex de arvore. See **CASCA**.
Tirar a codex ao pão, to chip bread.
Codex por meio da qual hum pão fica pega, do no outro no forno, a kissing crust.
Codex, (in a moral sense) the superficial knowledge of any thing.
Cousa que tem codex, crusty.
CODEA'R. (A ludicrous word.) See **COMER**.
CO'DEASINHA, f. f. a little crust; diminut. from *Codex*.
CODE'CO. See **CODESSO**.
CO'DEGO, or **CO'DIGO**, f. m. code; a volume of the civil law, which the emperor Justinian collected.
CODESSO, f. m. a kind of shrub, not unlike a slender willow, good for cattle and women's milk.
CODICI'LLO, f. m. a codicil, a supplement to a will.
CO'DIGO. See **CODEGO**.
CODILHO, codille, a term at ombre, when the game is won against the player.
CODLI'M, f. m. (in India) a sort of spade or shovel, for digging the ground.
CODO, f. m. See **GEADA**. (obfol.)
CO'DORNI'Z, f. f. a quail.
CODORNOS, f. m. p. a warden, a great pear.

COE

COE'IROS, f. m. p. swaith, swathe, swaddling clothes, clouts for children.

COG

COELHE'IRA, a clapper of conies.
COELHO, f. m. a rabbit; also a sort of fish.
Rede para apanhar coelhos, hay, a net to catch conies in.
Cova do coelho, coney-burrough.
Lugar aonde se conservam os coelhos, a coney-warren.
O que tem cuidado dos coelhos, a warrener.
Pelle de coelho, coney-skin.
Pelo de coelho, flue, the down or soft hair of a rabbit.
Gritar o coelho, to squeak as rabbit.
Llevantar hum coelho, to bolt a coney, to start, or to put up a coney.
COENTRE'LLA, so they call in some parts the herb pimpernel. See **PIMPINELLA**.
COENTRO, f. m. the herb called coriander.
COERCI'VO, a, adj. coercive, that has the power of laying restraint.
COESSO, f. m. a sort of fish.
COETA'NEO, a, adj. coetaneous, cotemporary, or contemporary.
COEVO. See **CONTEMPORANEO**.

C OF

COFRE, f. m. a coffer for keeping of money; also a coffer, (in fortification.)
Cofres del-rey, the king's coffers.

COG

COGITATI'VO, a, adj. (a philosophical term) belonging to the power, or faculty of thinking.
COGNAÇA'M, f. f. kindred.
Cognaçam natural, kindred by the mother's side.
COGNO'ME, f. m. a surname. See also **ALCUNHA**, **SOBRENOME**.
Pôr hum cognome, to surname, to give a surname.
COGNOMENTO, f. m. See **ALCUNHA**.
COGNOMINA'DO, a, adj. surnamed.
COGNOSCITI'VO, a, adj. that has understanding, or intellect. (Among philosophers.)
A faculdade cognoscitiva, the cognoscitive faculty.
COGOMBRO. See **PEPINO**.
COGO'TE, f. m. (a vulgar term) the hinder part of the head.
COGU'LA, or **CUCU'LA**, f. f. a monk's cowl, or hood.
Cousa que traz cogula, hooded, cowed.
COGULA'DO, a, adj. heaped up, more than filled.
COGU'LO, the over measure of corn, &c.
COGUME'LO, f. m. a mushroom.
Cogumelo que nasce sem pé, a puff-ball, or puff-bist, a kind of mushroom without a stalk, or root.
Sorte de cogumelos grandes, toad-stool.
Cogumelos de porco, a kind of mushroom about the roots of oaks.
Cogumelos que nascem no pé do sabugueiro, jews-car.

COI

COH

COHABITAÇA'M, f. f. cohabitation, a cohabiting, or dwelling together, especially as man and wife do.
COHABITA'DO. See
COHABITA'R, v. n. to cohabit, to dwell together, especially as man and wife do.
COHERDE'IRA, f. f. coheiress, a woman who shares inheritance with another.
COHERDE'IRO, f. m. coheir, a joint heir with another.
COHERENCIA, f. f. coherence, or coherency, a sticking, cleaving, or hanging together; an agreement.
Coherencia do discurso, a proper connection and agreement between the parts of a discourse.
COHERENTE, adj. coherent, agreeing, or hanging together.
Ser coherente, to cohere, to stick or cleave to, to hang together well, to agree.
COHERENTEMENTE, adv. fully, agreeably.
COHIBI'DO, a, adj. See
COHIBI'R, v. a. to cohibit, to restrain, to curb. See **REPRIMIR**.
Cobibir-se, v. r. to forbear a thing, to refrain, or keep one's self from it.
COHIRMA'M. See **CONHIRMAM**.
COHONESTA'DO, a, adj. See
COHONESTA'R, v. a. to colour, to palliate, or excuse.
COHORA'DO, a, adj. See
COHORA'R, v. a. (among chemists) to cohobate, to repeat the distillation of the same liquor, having poured it on again upon the dregs which remain in the vessel.
A acção de coharar, cohobation, the repeated distillation of the same liquor.
COHORTE, f. f. a cohort, which, among the Romans, was ordinarily a band of five hundred men, or a tenth part of a legion.

COI

CO'IFA, f. f. a cawl for womens heads. From the French *coiffe*.
CO'IMA, f. f. a pecuniary mulct, which is paid in order to redeem the cattle distrained for a trespass, or entering unlawfully on another's ground.
Curral, ou lugar semelhante, onde o rendeiro secha os animais que achou nos campos alheos, a pound, or pinfold for strayed beasts, where cattle distrained for a trespass are detained.
Fazer huma coima, to distrain cattle for a trespass.
COIMBRA, f. f. Coimbra, a fine city in Portugal. Here is an university, which was first founded by king Dennis, at Lisbon, in 1291, but soon afterwards was removed hither, in 1308.
COIMBRÃO, ex. *Estrada Coimbrã*, the

the road that brings to Coimbra; also any highway. (Metaph.)
COINA. See **COUNA**.
COINCIDIDO. See **COINCIDIR**.
COINCIDIR, v. n. to happen together, to meet, or come together, to fall in with, to meet at an end.
Coincidir na mesma culpa, to fall together into the same crime.
Coincidir nas mesmas ideas sobre hum assunto, to jump, to agree, to tally.
Que coincidia no anno de nosso Senhor 725, that fell in the year of our Lord 725.
COINQUINA'DO, a, adj. spotted, defiled.
COIRMAM. See **CONHIRMAM**.
COHA, f. f. (obsolet.) grief, &c. See **PENA**.
COITADI'NHO, f. m. ex. *Elle he hum coitadinho*, he is a poor harmless creature.
Coitadinho, (a word of inderment or pity) poor soul, poor creature.
Coitadinho de mim, poor me.
COITADO, or **COITADO**, a, adj. miserable, pitiful, woful, in a sad plight, wretched, calamitous. From the Spanish *cuita*, vexation, grief, affliction.
Coitado de vos senão fuerdes o que vos mando, woe to you, if you don't do what I bid you.
Coitado de mim, poor me, woe is me.
He hum coitado, he is a poor harmless creature.

COL

COLA, f. f. glue. See also **REDONDILHO**.
Cola, or **CAUDA**, which see.
COLACAM, or **COLLAÇAM**. See **CONSOADA**, and **COLLAÇAM**.
COLAÇO, f. m. foster-brother.
COLA'R. See **CABEÇAM**, and **GOLILHA**.
Colar que os cavalheiros trazem ao pescoço por insignia, a collar of a knight.
Colar de que usão as mulheres, a necklace.
COLARINHO da camisa, the neck of a shirt.
COLATORIO, f. m. a sort of colander formerly used.
Colatório, (in anatomy) ex. *Osso colatorio*, the eighth bone of the head, which is placed about the middle of the origin of the os frontis; it is of its own substance thin, and full of little holes for the use of smelling.
COLCHA, f. f. a counterpoint, or counterpane for a bed, a quilt.
O que faz colchas, a quilt-maker.
C. leba de montaria, a counterpoint with needle-work, representing flags, dogs, &c.
COLCHAM, a mattress.
COLCHEA, f. f. (in music) a crochet, or quaver.
COLCHETE, or **CORCHETE**, f. m. a clasp.

COLCHOE'IRO, one who makes mattresses.
COLCOTHA'R, (among chemists) colcotar, or the dry substance which remains after distillation of vitriol.
COLDRE, f. m. holster.
Couro, ou capiroto que cabi sobre a boca dos coldres para fribalos, a holster-cap.
Coldre de jitas. See **ALFAVA**.
COLEIRA, f. f. a collar, or defensive arm that covereth and defendeth the neck.
Colira que se poem nos caens, e outros a nimais, a collar.
Colira de caõ armada de bicos, a mastic collar full of nails.
COLEIRA'DO, (in heraldry) collared.
Caõ coleirado, a dog with a white ring, or spot round the neck.
COLERA, f. f. cholera; also anger, wrath.
Estar em colera, to be angry.
Colera com muito humor melancolico, melancholy, or cholera adust.
Colera viselina, a thick and yellow bile.
Colera verde, the bile that has a porraceous colour.
COLERICO, a, adj. choleric, in whom cholera predominates; also angry, hasty, passionate.
COLETE, f. m. a waistcoat without sleeves.
Colete de ante, a buff waistcoat.
COLGADU'RA, f. f. a suit of hangings; also a present made to one on his birth-day.
COLHARE'IRO. See **COLHEREIRO**.
COLHEDEIRA, (among painters) a stick, a horn, or any thing else, wherewith painters scrape up their ground colours.
COLHEDOR, f. m. a gatherer, a collector.
COLHEDORES, (in a ship) the lines of the shrouds.
COLHEITA, f. f. a crop, harvest.
Tempo da colheita, reaping, or harvest time.
Colheita, or **PRECARIA PRESTACAM.** See **PRECARIO**.
COLHER, v. a. to gather, pull, or pluck fruit, herbs, &c. also to catch one, to take unawares, to take in the fact; also to infer, gather, or conclude.
Colher as mãos, to lay hands on, to seize.
Colher alguem, to take one up.
Colher a alguem alguma palavra, to lay hold of a word, to not let it fall to the ground, to take it up.
Colher alguem destramente, to take one in by cavilling, or making use of captious arguments.
O vosso argumento não colhe em forma, your argument concludes false.
Colber, to come unlooked for, to come upon suddenly, to surprise.
A chuva nos colbeo na ametade do caminho, the rain caught us at the half-way.

T

Colber hum cabo, (a sea term) to quoil a cable.
Colher os frutos de propriotrabalho, to reap the fruit of one's labour. (Metaph.)
Que fructo colberis disse? what benefit shall you reap by it?
Colber-se, v. r. ex. *Colber-se fira da companhia de alguem*, to rid one's self of one's company.
Colber, f. f. a spoon.
Colber de pedreiro, or *trolha*, (a mason's tool) a trowel to spread mortar with.
Colher em que se poem alguma couza, que encobre o remedio, que se quer dar a hum menino, ou deente, a mad spoon.
Colher, or **Colherada**, a spoon-full, a ladle-full.
Meter a sua colherada, (a vulgar expression) we say, to have an oar in the boat, to intermeddle or put in one's word.
COLHERE'IRO, f. m. a sort of bird.
COLHERI'NHA, f. f. a little spoon, diminut. from **Colher**.
COLHI'DO, a, adj. See **COLHER**.
COLHIMENTO, f. m. a taking, gathering, or receiving.
COLICA, f. f. the colic.
COLIFLOR, f. m. a cauliflower.
COLINA, or **COLLINA.** See **OUTEIRO**.
COLIRICA, f. f. (in medicine) the illness of the stomach, with a flux and vomit.
COLIRIO. See **COLLYRIO**.
COLISSE'O, f. m. an amphitheatre, built by Vespasian in Rome.
COLLAÇAM, f. f. a repast allowed on a fasting night; also the collation of a benefice, or church-living by a bishop, &c. also a collation, collating, or comparing together.
COLLATERA'L, adj. collateral, or that comes side-ways, not direct, on one side; also that is either at the right or left hand.
Ventos collateraes, collateral winds.
Collateral, (in genealogy) ex. *Parentes da linba collateral*, collateral relations, as brothers and sisters children, and those that descend from them.
COLLE. See **OUTEIRO**.
COLLECÇAM, f. f. a collection; also things written or gathered out of many works; notes, collections, observations.
COLLECTA, f. f. a gathering of charities; also a gathering, or levy of a tax.
Collecta, (a sort of prayer) a collect.
COLLECTANEO. See **SEQUAZ**.
COLLECTI'CIO, a, adj. (a military term) gathered up of all sorts, picked up and down.
COLLECTIVAMENTE, adv. (in philosophy) collectively, in a collective sense.
COLLECTIVO, a, adj. (in grammar) collective.
COLLECTO'R, or **COLLEITOR**, a collector, a gatherer of taxes, charities, &c.

COL-

COLLE'GA, *f. m.* a colleague, a fellow, or copartner in office.
COLLEGIADA, *f. f.* a collegiate church.
COLLEGIAL, *f. m.* a collegier. See **PORCIONISTA**.
COLLEGIO, *f. m.* a college, or college, a company or society of those that are of the same profession, and have equal authority; also a college, or school.
COLLEITOR. See **COLLECTOR**.
COLLIGACAM, *f. f.* a conjunction, or union between two or more.
COLLIGADO, *a*, *adj.* confederate, allied. See also **COLLIGAR**.
COLLIGANCIA, *f. f.* (in anatomy) union, tie.
COLLIGAR, *v. a.* to tie, bind, or clasp together.
Colligar-se, *v. r.* to make a league, or alliance.
COLLIGIDO, *a*, *adj.* See
COLLIGIR, *v. a.* to gather, to infer, or draw a consequence; also to collect, or make a collection of.
COLINA, *f. f.* a ward so called in Rome; also a gate of Rome near it.
COLLIQUACAM, *f. f.* (with physicians) colliquation, a kind of dangerous flux.
COLLIRIO. See **COLLYRIO**.
COLLISAM, *f. f.* collision, a knocking, or dashing one body against another.
COLLITIGANTE. See **ADVERSARIO**.
COLLO, or **COLO**, *f. m.* lap; also the neck.
Ter o menino no collo, to hold a child upon one's lap.
Tomai o menino ao colo, take the child in your arms.
fôr eer, or *render o collo ao jugo*, to submit one's self, to yield. (Metaph.)
Collo torto, hypocrite, religious cheat.
Lançar-se ao collo de a'guem, to clasp one about the neck, to embrace him.
Collo de garrafa, the neck of a bottle.
Cello da mão, the wrist, or the part of the arm joining to the hand.
Capa em collo, so they call a vagabond that is not worth a straw.
COLLOCAÇAM, *f. f.* collocation, or placing in order; rank, order.
COLLOCADO, *a*, *adj.* See
COLLOCAR, *v. a.* to set, or pitch in a place.
COLLOQUIO, *f. m.* colloquy, dialogue, conference.
COLLUSAM, *f. f.* collusion, juggling, deceit, covin, used among lawyers.
Por collusion, or *com collusion*, by covin and collusion, collusorily.
Usar de collusion, to collude, to juggle, to plead by covin.
COLLUVIO. See **COLLUSAM**.
COLLYRIO, *f. m.* an eye salve.
COLMADO, *a*, *adj.* See
COLMAR, *v. a.* to thatch.
COLMEIA, *f. f.* a bee-hive.

Cressar colmeas, to take the honey away from the hive.
COLMEIA, *f. f.* a place where bee hives stand, a stock of bees.
COLMEEIRO, *f. m.* he that keeps bees.
COLMEIRO, *f. m.* a thatcher; also a bundle of straw to thatch with.
COLMI'NHOS. See **DENTE**.
COLMO, *f. m.* the stem, stalk, or straw of corn. It is properly the stubble, or straw left in the field after the corn is reaped; also straw of rye to thatch with.
COLO. See **COLLO**.
COLO'BIO, *f. m.* a short coat without sleeves, used in former ages by the monks in Egypt, and by others; it was afterwards changed into the garment called the dalmatica.
COLOBRINA. See **CULBRINA**.
COLOCA'SIA, *f. f.* the Egyptian bean.
COLOCINTIDA, *f. f.* a kind of wild gourd, purging phlegm, the apple whereof is called colocintida.
COLOFONIA. See **COLOPHONIA**.
COLOMBINO. See **COLUMBINO**.
Pes columbinos, a sort of stork-bill.
COLON, *f. m.* the second of the great guts. Greek. Also the middle point of distinction, marked thus (:), in grammar.
COLONIA, *f. f.* a colony, a plantation, a company of people transplanted from one place to another, in order to cultivate and inhabit it; also Cologne, the capital of the electorate of the same name in Germany. Among other tombs in the cathedral are those of the three Eastern wisemen, called the three kings of Cologne; and in the Cordeliers church that of the celebrated Scottish schoolman, Duns Scotus.
COLONO, *f. m.* a husbandman, a farmer, a tiller of the ground; also a planter that goes to settle in some other place.
COLOPHONIA, *f. f.* colophonia, any pitch or rosin, made by the exhalation or drawing off the thinner parts of terebinthinous juices.
COLOQUINTIDA, or **COLOCINTIDA**, *f. f.* colocintida, the bitter apple, the fruit of a wild gourd of a very bitter taste; it is vulgarly called *cabatinhas*.
COLO'R. See **PRETEXTO**.
COLOREA'DO, *a*, *adj.* See
COLOREAR, *v. a.* to colour, to varnish over, to palliate, to blanch.
COLORIDO, *a*, *adj.* See **COLORIR**.
Bem colorido, that has a fine colouring.
COLORIR, *v. a.* to colour, to varnish. See also **PINTAR**, **REPRESENTAR**.
COLORISTA, *f. m.* ex. *Bom colorista*, a painter skilled in the right use of colours.
COLOSSO, *f. m.* colossus, or coloss, a statue of a vast bigness.

Colosso de Rhodes, a large statue at Rhodes representing the sun; it was seventy cubits high, between whose legs ships sailed.
He bum colosso, so they call a very tall and stout man.
COLOSTRO, *f. m.* beestings.
CULBRINA, *f. f.* a piece of cannon called a culverin.
Culbrina real, the largest culverin, carrying a twenty-pound ball.
Culbrina ordinaria, the ordinary culverin, carrying a seventeen-pound ball.
Mega culbrina, the demi-culverin, carrying a ten-pound ball.
Espada culbrina, a sword that has a winding edge.
COLUMBINO, *a*, *adj.* of, or belonging to pigeons; also harmless, innocent. (Metaph.)
COLUMBO, *f. m.* the capital of all the Dutch settlements in the island of Ceylon, in the Indian ocean, in Asia, on S. W. coast; having been taken from the Portuguese in 1656, with immense treasure in it, after a siege of seven months.
COLUMELLA, *f. f.* columella, an inflammation of the uvula, when it is extended in length like a little column.
COLUMNA, **COLONNA**, or **COLUNA**, *f. f.* a column, or pillar.
Cans ou fuste da columna, the shaft or shank of a pillar, betwixt the chapter and the pedestal.
Capitel da columna. See **CAPITEL**.
Bozel, or *Bocelino da columna*. See **BOCEL**.
Gula da columna. See **GULA**.
Dentilheis da columna, a part of a pillar cut and engraven like teeth.
Metopas da columna, the distance or place betwixt the dentils and the triglyphs; the metope.
Triglyphs da columna, a hollow graving like three furrows, or gutters.
Prumos, or *Pefens da columna*, a kind of wreath, or circle about a pillar engraven.
Plano da columna, the square foot of a pillar.
Bese da columna, the foot, or base of a pillar.
Pedestal da columna, the foot-stool of a pillar, or that whereon it standeth; a pedestal.
Craca da columna. See **CRACA**.
Abaco da columna. See **ABACO**.
Columna Dorica, Ionica, Corinthia, Toscana, Composita, Gotica, a column of the Doric, Ionic, Corinthian, Tuscan, Composite, or Gothic order.
Columna torcida, a wreathed pillar.
Columna encaçada, a fluted, or channeled column.
Columnas de bum livre, the columns in a book, or parts of a page divided by a line.
Columna, (in the military art) a column, or the long file or row of troops, or of the baggage of an army, in its march.
Esqueto,

COM

Espaço entre duas columnas, the space between pillars.
Sustentado de columnas, propped, or under-set with pillars.
Lugar cercado de columnas, a place begirt with pillars.
Edifício que tem columnas na fachada, a house or building with pillars in front.
Edifício com oito columnas na fachada, octastyle, or octostyle.
Columnas de Hercules, the Pillars of Hercules, which are two mountains called Calpe and Abyla, in the mouth of the Streight of Gibraltar.
Columna, (metaph.) a support, or one on whom is our dependance.
COLURO, f. m. (in astronomy) colure.
Coluro equinocial, the colure of the equinoxes.
Coluro solsticial, the colure of the solstices.
COLUTEA, f. f. colutea, or the bastard fenna.

COM

COM, prep. with, together with.
Com de dia, by day-light.
Com vós, with us.
Com vós, with you.
Com before a substantive, is very often Englished by an adverb. Ex. *Com prudencia*, prudently; *com facilidade*, easily.
Elle foi-se embora com tudo, o que tinha, he went away with every thing belonging to him.
Com tudo, or *com tudo isto*, notwithstanding, nevertheless, for all that.
Com vós, *com vós*, with us, with you.
COMA, f. f. the mane of a horse or other beast; also branches and leaves of trees, (analogically.)
Coma, (in orthography) a comma, which implies only a small rest, or little pause; and is marked thus (,).
Coma, (in music) the ninth part of a tone or the interval whereby a semitone or a perfect tone exceeds the imperfect.
Coma vigil, (among physicians) coma vigil, a distemper accompanied with a strong inclination to sleep, without being able to do so.
Coma de Berenice, (in astronomy) Berenice's hair, a constellation at the tail of Leo.
COMADRE, f. f. a gossip; also a midwife. See also *ESQUENTADOR*.
Quinta feira de comadres, gossip's Thursday, Thursday seven-night before Shrove-Tuesday.
P. pejeão as comadres, desferrem-se as verdades; we say, when knaves fall out, honest men come by their right. The French say, *les larrons s'entre-batent, les larcins se decouvrent*.
COMARCA, f. f. a hundred, or a part of a shire, a district, or territory

COM

belonging to a province: Portugal is divided into provinces, and each province into comarcas.
Cabeça de comarca, the principal city or town of such a district or territory.
COMARCA'M, *aa*, adj. bordering upon.
COMARO, or *COMORO*, f. m. a sluice, to keep rivers from overflowing.
COMATA, ex. *Gallia Comata*, an ancient name given to France and to the Netherlands.
COMBALIDO, *a*, adj. that is almost sick.
COMBANTO. See *APODRECIDO*.
COMBANIR-SE. See *APODRECER*.
COMBATE, f. m. a combat, or fight. See also *PELEJA*.
Combate de duas pessoas somente, a duel.
COMBATENTE, f. m. a combatant, a fighting man, a soldier.
COMBATER, v. n. to combat, or fight.
Combater contra huma opinião, to combat an opinion.
Combater, v. a. to fight, to combat, to batter.
Combater-se com alguém, to fight a duel.
COMBATIDO, *a*, adj. assaulted, tossed to and fro, attacked.
Combate de varios pensamentos, wavering, doubtful, uncertain.
COMBINAÇÃO, f. f. a combination. See also *CONFRONTAÇÃO*.
COMBINADO, *a*, adj. See
COMBINAR, v. a. to combine, to join together. See also *CONFRONTAR*.
COMBINAVEL, adj. that may be combined.
COMBOY, f. m. a convoy, money, provisions, or ammunition sent to a town or army, with a strong guard to secure it against the enemy: the same word is used at sea for a guard of a men of war to secure merchants.
COMBOIA DO, *a*, adj. See
COMBOIAR, v. a. to convoy.
COMBRO, f. m. a heap of earth.
COMBUSTAM, f. f. (among astrologers) combustion, a planet being under the sun, which continues till it be removed seventeen degrees.
Combustão, the remains of burnt things.
COMBUSTIVEL, adj. combustible, apt to take fire, or burning.
COMBUSTO, (in astronomy) it is said of a planet that is not above eight degrees thirty minutes distant from the sun.
COMEÇADO, *a*, adj. See *COMEÇAR*.
COMEÇAR, v. a. to begin.
Começar a fazer alguma coisa com grande ansia, to fall on, to begin eagerly to do any thing.
Começar a fallar, to begin to speak.

COM

Começar a cortar, to begin to cut.
Começar por onde se deve acabar, to flay an eel at the tail, to begin where one should end.
COMECO. See *PRINCIPIO*.
COMEDIA, f. f. a comedy, a play. Greek.
Livro de comedias, a play-book.
Casa da comedia, a play-house.
Comedia, f. f. See *ALIMENTO*, *COMEDORIA*.
COMEDIANTE, f. m. or f. a player, or actor; a comedian.
COMEDIDAMENTE, adv. civilly, modestly, moderately.
COMEDIDO, *a*, adj. moderate, modest.
COMEDIMENTO, f. m. modestly, moderation.
COMEDIR-SE, v. r. to behave modestly, and with moderation, to weigh one's words and actions.
COMEDOR, f. m. a great eater.
COMEDORA, f. f. a woman that is a great eater.
COMEDORIA, f. f. so they anciently called the victuals given to the family of the founder of any convent, or church; also meat and drink allowed to one of the king's officers.
COMEDURO, f. m. the drawer of a bird cage.
COMEMORAÇÃO. See *COMMEMORAÇÃO*.
COMENDA. See *COMMENDA*.
COMENDADOR. See *COMMENDADOR*.
COMENDATARIO. See *COMMENDATARIO*.
COMENOS, ex. *Neste comenos*, in the mean time, in the mean while.
COMENTADOR. See *COMMENTADOR*.
COMENTAR. See *COMMENTAR*.
COMENTARIOS. See *COMMENTARIOS*.
COMER, v. a. to eat; also to spend, to waste. See also *POSSUIR*.
Começar a comer com grande vontade, to fall to, to begin eagerly to eat.
Comem-me os braços, my arms itch.
Estar comendo alguma coisa com os olhos, to look earnestly on a thing, as if one would eat it.
Comer os santos, it is said of one who says his prayers before the images of saints, and looks earnestly on them, as if he would eat them.
Comer, to eat in, into, or up; also to wear gently, (metaph.)
A ferrugem come o ferro, rust eats into iron.
Comer, to swallow up. (Metaph.) See *SUBMERGIR*.
Comer-se as mãos de raiva, to bite one's hands spitefully.
Comer-se huns aos outros, to eat up one another, to be always quarrelling.
Comer tanto de renda, to spend so much a year.
Comer e calar, to eat on and say nothing.
Comer alguém por hum pé, to sponge upon one, to eat and drink at his cost. (a vulgar expression)

Comer-

COM

Comer-se a vogal, is for a vowel to be cut off in a verse at the end of a word.

Comer as ultimas syllabas, not to pronounce the last syllables.

Comer, f. m. eating.

Acabar o comer feito, to find the victuals ready. It is also said of any thing that is ready and easily obtained.

Comer sem beber, to make a sheep's meal, to eat without drinking.

R. O comer, e o coçar, sendo está no coçar; we say, one shoulder of mutton thrusts down another.

COMERCEA'DO. See **COMMERCE-ADO**.

COMERCE'AR. See **COMMERCEAR**.

COMERCIO. See **COMMERCIUM**.

COMERES, f. m. p. feasts, victuals, dishes of meat.

COMESA'INAS, ou **COMESA'NAS**, f. f. p. feasts, entertainments of eating and drinking.

COMESTIVEL, adj. eatable.

COMESTO, a, adj. See **COMIDO**. It is only used in the proverb *paço comesto*, &c. See **PAM**.

COMETA, f. m. a comet, a blazing star.

Cometa barbato, a bearded comet, a comet with a beard.

Cometa ceprido, *cagudo a modo de espada*, a comet in the air, appearing with swords.

Cometa redendo a modo de tunel, a comet appearing through a mist like a tun.

Cometa a modo de dardo, ou *seta*, a comet like a dart.

Cometa a modo de ponta de bey, a comet like a horn.

Discurso sobre os cometas, cometography.

COMETER, **COMETER**, or **COMETTER**, v. a. to commit.

Cometer huma falta, to commit a fault.

Cometer alguns negocios a algum, to commit a business to one, to leave it to his care or discretion.

Cometer a sua ventura a Deus, to commit one's self to God's care.

Cometer, to enterprise, or undertake; to go about, or endeavour to do a thing.

Cometer, to prove, to try, to endeavour to pass or run through.

Cometer, to seize, to attack.

Cometer huma jornada, to begin a journey.

Cometer a peleja, to engage in battle.

Cometer, to entrust with, to commit to one's keeping, or care.

Cometer, to propose, to offer.

Cometer com paz, to offer peace.

Cometer hum rio, to sound the depth of a river, in order to ford it.

Cometer, or *delegar*. See **DELEGAR**.

COMETIDO. See **COMETER**.

COMETIMENTO, f. m. fault, crime. See also **ACCOMETIMENTO**.

COMEZA'NA, f. f. (a vulgar word)

COM

a great banquet or feast with revelling and junketting.

COMICHAM, f. f. itching.

COMIGHOSO, a, adj. numerous, morose, hard to please, peevish, forward, wayward, comical.

COMICIO, f. m. an assembly of people for chusing officers, or making of by-laws.

COMICO, a, adj. belonging, or fit for a comedy, comical.

Poeta comico, a comic poet.

COMIDA, f. f. eating.

COMIDO, a, adj. See **COMER**.

COMIGO. See **COMMIGO**.

COMILAM, f. m. a great eater, a greedy-gut, a glutton.

COMILLOA. See **COMEDORA**.

COMINHOS, cummin seed.

Não val dous reis de comibus, it is not worth a straw.

COMIRMAM. See **CONHIRMAM**.

COMITIVA, f. f. train, retinue of attendants, followers. Italian.

COMITRE, f. m. the boatswain of a galley.

COMEMORAÇAM, f. f. a commemoration, or remembrance.

COMENDA, f. f. commendam.

COMMENDADOR, f. m. a commendatory; that is, he who has a revenue in commendam.

COMMENDADORIA, f. f. the office of commendatory.

COMMENDATARIO, ex. *Abbate commendatario*, an abbot in commendam.

COMMENSA'L, f. m. a table-fellow, one that eats and drinks with another.

COMMENSURADO, a. See **COMMENSURAR**, v. a. to proportion, or measure together.

COMMENSURAVEL, adj. (in geometry) commensurable.

COMMENTADO, a, adj. See **COMMENTAR**.

COMMENTADOR, f. m. one who makes comments, or remarks, a commentator.

COMMENTAR, v. a. to expound, to write notes upon.

COMMENTARIOS, f. m. p. a brief abstract, or historical abridgment of things.

COMMENTICIO, a, adj. See **FINGIDO**, and **FABULOSO**.

COMMENTO, f. m. a comment, an exposition of an author's text, an interpretation, a gloss.

COMMERCEA'DO. See **COMMERCEAR**, v. n. to traffic, or merchandize.

COMERCIO, f. m. commerce, trade.

Nenhum commercio tenho com elle, I have nothing to do with him.

COMETER. See **COMETER**.

COMETIDO. See **COMETIDO**.

COMMIGO, adv. with me.

COMMUNAÇAM, f. f. commination, threatening.

COMMUNADO. See

COM

COMMUNAR, v. a. to threaten.

COMMUNATORIO, a, adj. comminatory, of, or belonging to threatenings.

COMMISERAÇAM, f. f. commiseration, compassion.

COMMISSAM, f. f. a commission, a power given from one person to another of doing any thing.

Commissam, (in law) commission, or delegation for the determining any cause, &c.

Commissam, (in military affairs) commission, or warrant.

Commissam, (in trade) commission, or the order by which any person trafficks for another; also commission-money, or the wages allowed to a factor who trades for another by commission.

Dar commissam, to commissionate, to give a commission.

Pecados de commissam, sins of commission.

Vender por commissam, to sell for another.

COMMISSARIO, f. m. a commissioner; also a judge to delegate.

Commissario de guerra, ou *de mofras*, a mulier-master, a commissary.

COMMISSO, f. m. a kind of forfeit, or fine.

COMMISSURA, f. f. (among anatomists) the mould of the head where the parts of the skull are united, commissure.

COMMOÇAM, f. f. trouble, disquiet, commotion, anger, disturbance.

COMMODAMENTE, adv. easily, with ease.

COMMODATARIO, f. m. he who has borrowed something that is to be returned in kind, as the lawyers say. (A law term.)

COMMODATO, f. m. (a law term) the thing that is lent or borrowed, and is to be returned in kind.

COMMODIDADE, f. f. convenient time, opportunity; also advantage, convenience, goods of fortune, riches.

COMMODO, f. m. leisure; also advantage, gain, profit, convenience, benefit, interest.

Commodo, a, adj. rich, wealthy, that lives well; also taken and given to pleasure.

COMMOVER, v. a. to put into any concern by anger, fear, love, &c.

COMMOVIDO, a, adj. commoved.

COMMUM, va, adj. common, that belongs to one as well as another.

Commum, (geral universal) common, public, general, universal.

Prego commum, a common rate.

Commum, common, usual, ordinary, familiar.

Adagio commum, a common saying.

Homem do commum, an ordinary man.

O bem commum, the public good.

O commum, the generality, the greatest part.

Viver em commum, to live in common.

COM-

C Q M

COMMUNA'L. See **COMMUM.**
COMMUNGA'DO, a, adj. See
COMMUNGA'R, v. a. to administer,
 or give the communion.
Comungar, v. n. to communicate, or
 receive the communion, or Lord's
 supper.
COMMUNHAM, f. f. communion.
Mesa da sagrada communhão, the com-
 munion-table.
COMMUNICAÇAM, f. f. communi-
 cation, imparting.
Comunicaçam de bens, community of
 goods.
Comunicaçam por palavras praticando
com algum, communication, con-
 ference, the act of communing.
Comunicaçãõ de idiomas, (with divines)
 communication of idioms, or the
 communication of the attributes of
 one nature in Jesus Christ to that of
 another.
Comunicaçam, (amizade) communica-
 tion, intercourse, correspondence.
Comunicaçam, (in fortification.) *Linhas*
de comunicaçam, lines of communi-
 cation. See **LINHHA**.
Comunicaçam, f. f. (a church term)
 fellowship, union in faith.
Comunicaçõ, (with rhetoricians) com-
 munication, as when the orator ar-
 gues with his auditory, and demands
 their opinion.
COMMUNICA'DO, a, adj. See
COMMUNICA'R, v. a. to communi-
 cate, to impart, to tell, to show, to
 discover, to reveal.
Communicar, (tratar, conversar com
 algum) to converse, to keep compa-
 ny, to be familiar with, to commune.
Communicar, (fazer commun) to im-
 part, to share with, to put in common.
Communicar-se, v. r. ex. *Communicar-se*
com algum, to have a correspondence
 with one.
Communicar-se, to be joined to; also to
 spread, to diffuse or spread itself,
 (speaking of opinions, diseases, re-
 ports, &c.)
Mal que se communica, an infectious or
 catching disease.
COMMUNIDA'DE, f. f. commonalty;
 also a community, that is a society
 that lives in common, as religious
 orders.
COMMUNMENTE, commonly, usual-
 ly; also most commonly, for the most
 part.
COMMUTAÇAM, f. f. change, com-
 mutation.
Commutaçam de penas, commutation of
 punishment.
COMMUTA'DO, adj. See
COMMUTA'R, v. a. ex. *Commutar*
penas, to commute, or change the
 punishment.
COMMUTATIVA, ex. *Justiça com-*
mutativa, commutative justice.
COMO, adv. and conjunct. as, like;
 also when.
Come? how?
Dizei-me como lhe hei de fallar, tell me
 how I may speak to him.

COM

Come effa rum? how do you do,
 sir?
Come assim? how so?
Come! what!
Come! não quereis vir? what! won't
 you come?
Come, while, whilst.
Come quer que, whereas, seeing that.
Come isto assim he, since it is so.
Tam bom como, as good as.
Come, as it were, almost.
Come se, as if.
Come tambem, as well as.
Rico como elle he, as rich as he is.
Come seis meu amigo, quero, &c. as (or
 because) you are my friend, I will,
 &c.
Dizei-me o como, tell me how, in what
 manner.
Eu sei como fazer para que elle venha, I
 know the way I shall take to make
 him come.
Come elle lá não esteja, eu irey, provided
 he is not there, I will come.
Come, (speaking of time) after.
Come quer que seja, however it be.
Seja como for, be as it will.
COMORO. See **COMARO**.
COMPACTO, a, adj. compact, close.
COMPADecer-SE, v. r. to pity,
 to take pity of, to have compassion,
 to commiserate; also to agree or
 stand, to be compatible.
Compadecer, v. a. to admit of, to per-
 mit or suffer.
COMPADecIDO, a, adj. See **COM-**
PADECER.
COMPADRE, f. m. a man-gossip, a
 compeer.
COMPAGINAÇAM, a close joining,
 a closure.
COMPAXAM. See **COMPAXAM**.
COMPANHIA, f. f. (an ancient word
 used by Camoens instead of *compan-*
bia) company. See also **CHUS-**
MA.
Companha, a division of a ship's crew,
 who jointly attend the tackling.
COMPANHEIRA, f. f. a the compa-
 nion, a female partner.
Minha companheira, or *minha mulher*,
 my wife.
COMPANHEIRO, f. m. a companion,
 fellow, mate, partner.
Companheiro no estudo, a school-fellow.
Companheiro na guerra, a fellow-soldier,
 a comrade.
Companheiro da mesma casa, ou *do mesmo*
apartamento, a comrade, or chamber-
 fellow.
Companheiro no beber, a pot-companion.
Companheiro na mesa, a companion at
 table, a tabler, or fellow-boarder.
Companheiro no jogo, a play-fellow, a
 fellow-gamster.
Companheiro na dança, partner in dan-
 cing.
Companheiro por mar, a fellow-passenger
 in a ship.
Companheiro no officio, a co-partner in
 office.
Companheiro no herdar. See **COHER-**
DEIRO.

COM

COMPANHIA, f. f. company.
Regra de companhia, (in arithmetic)
 rule of fellowship.
Fazer companhia a algum, to keep one
 company, to accompany him.
Companhia de homens de negocio, compa-
 ny of merchants, corporation.
Fazer companhia, to enter into part-
 nership.
Homem de boa companhia, a sociable man,
 of good company.
Companhia ou tropa de cavallaria, a
 troop of horse.
Companhia de soldados, a company of
 soldiers.
COMPARAÇAM, f. f. comparison,
 comparing, parallel.
Sem comparaçam, without or beyond
 comparison.
Em comparaçam, or *a respeito de*, in com-
 parison of, in regard to, in respect of.
COMPARA'DO, a, adj. See
COMPARA'R, v. a. to compare, to
 set together, to confer, to make
 comparison.
Cousa que se pode comparar, comparable,
 that may be compared, comparative.
COMPARATIVAMENTE, adv. com-
 paratively.
COMPARATIVO, (in grammar) ex.
Grao comparativo, or *de comparaçam*,
 comparative degree.
COMPARECER, v. n. to appear be-
 fore the judge. See **APARECER**.
COMPARECIDO, a, adj. See **COM-**
PARECER.
COMPARTES, (in law) joinders,
 two joined in an action against an-
 other.
COMPASSA'DO, a, adj. measured
 with compasses. See **COMPAS-**
SAR.
Compassado, or *bem regulado*, that is
 kept within compass, regular.
Navio compassado. See **COMPASSO**.
Progerçam compassada, an exact pro-
 portion.
COMPASSAGEIRO, f. m. See **COM-**
PANHEIRO por mar.
COMPASSAR, v. a. to measure with
 compasses.
Compassar, (in music) to beat time.
COMPASSIVO, a, adj. compassionate,
 full of compassion, merciful.
COMPASSO, f. m. a pair of com-
 passes.
Pes do compasso, the flanks of a pair of
 compasses.
Compassos que tem os pes curvos ou arcados,
 callipers, compasses with bowed
 flanks.
Compasso, (in music) the time that is
 kept, or the masters beating time.
Fazer compasso, (in music) to beat
 time.
Sabir do compasso, not to keep time.
Soltar as palavras por compasso, (me-
 taph.) to make a full stop at every
 word, either in reading or speak-
 ing.
Navio de ruim compasso, ou *mal com-*
passado, a ship that is ill stowed, which
 makes her not sail steady.

COM

COMPATIVEL, adj. compatible, that can agree.
COMPATRIOTA, f. m. a countryman; that is, one of the same country.
COMPAXA'M, f. f. compassion, pity, commiseration.
Digno de compaxam, that deserves to be pitied, or lamented.
Verfes que fazem compaxam, (ironically) doggerel verses.
COMPEÇA'DO. See **COMEÇADO**.
COMPEÇAR. See **COMEÇAR**.
COMPEGA'DO. See
COMPEGAR, v. n. (an antiquated word) to eat bread with any victuals.
COMPELLI'DO, a, adj. See
COMPELLIR, v. act. to compel, or force.
COMPENDIA'DO, a, adj. abridged, epitomized; also pressed close, held hard together.
COMPENDIAR, v. a. to abridge, to shorten, to epitomize, to contract.
COMPENDIO, f. m. compendium, abridgement.
COMPENDIOSAMENTE, adv. briefly, in few words, succinctly.
COMPENDIOSO, a, adj. compendious, brief, short, very concise.
COMPENSAÇAM, f. f. compensation, a recompence, amends, satisfaction, equivalent.
COMPENSA'DO, a, adj. See
COMPENSAR, v. a. to compensate, to make amends for, to recompence, to counterbalance.
COMPETENCIA, f. f. a striving, or struggling, debate, strife. See also **EMULACAM**.
A' competencia, with emulation.
Competencia do juiz, a judge's competency.
Ter competencias em amores, to be a rival, or competitor in love.
COMPETENTE, adj. competent, sufficient, proper, lawful.
Juiz competente, a competent judge.
COMPETENTEMENTE, adv. competently, sufficiently, properly, lawfully.
COMPETI'DO, a, adj. See **COMPETIR**.
COMPETIDOR, f. m. a competitor, or rival. See also **EMULO**.
COMPETIDORA, f. f. a female rival.
COMPETIR, v. n. to strive, to contend; also to belong.
COMPILAÇAM, f. f. compilation, collection.
COMPILADO, a, adj. See **COMPILAR**.
COMPILADOR, f. m. a compiler.
COMPILAR, v. act. to compile, to collect.
COMPITALIOS, ou **COMPITALI-CIOS** *seg-*, feasts held among the ancient Romans in honour of the lares.
COMPLACENCIA, f. f. complaisance, compliance, condescension, obliging carriage.

COM

Complacência para consigo mismo, self-conceit, self-conceitedness.
COMPLEMENTAMENTE, adv. See **JUNTAMENTE**.
COMPLEIÇAM, f. f. constitution, or temper of the body.
COMPLEIÇONA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Corpo bem complecionado*, a strong constitution.
COMPLEMENTO, f. m. a complement, a filling up, or perfecting that which is wanting.
Complemento da cortina, (in fortification) complement of the curtain.
Dar complemento. See **COMPRIR**.
COMPLETAR, v. a. to perfect, to finish to complete, to accomplish; also to recruit, to supply or fill up with fresh men. (A military word.)
COMPLETAS, f. f. p. compline, the last of the seven parts of the divine office, sung by priests and religious men, being recited at night before they go to bed.
COMPLETO, a, adj. complete, perfect, finished or ended.
Tem c. m. annos completos, he is completely a hundred years old.
COMPLEXO, f. m. a space, or compass.
COMPLICAÇAM, f. f. (in medicine) complication.
COMPLICADO, a, adj. ex. *Doenças complicadas*, complicated diseases. (in medicine.) See also
COMPLICAR, v. a. to mix, or confuse many things one with another. See also **ATAR**.
Complicar-se, v. r. (in medicine) to be complicated.
COMPLICE, f. m. complice, accomplice, partner in an action.
COMPLICIA'R-SE, v. r. to be complice.
COMPOEDO'R. See **COMPOSITOR**.
COMPONEDO'R, or **COMPONIDOR**, (among printers) a composing-stick.
COMPOR, v. a. (*fazer huma obra em prosa ou verso*) to compose, to make, to write, to be the author of.
Compor, (in music) to set to music.
Compor, (among printers) to compose.
Compor diferenças, to compose, or adjust differences.
Compor, or *Concertar*, to fit, to adjust, to set in order.
Compor, or *Reconciliar pessoas*, to make up differences, to reconcile, to make friends.
Compor-se, v. r. ex. *Compor-se com seus inimigos*, to be reconciled with one's enemies.
Compor-se. See **CONFORMAR-SE**.
Compor-se, or *ter em si*, to consist, or be made up.
Compor-se com os acredores, to compound with one's creditors.
Compor-se com a sua magoa, to bear patiently one's grief, or affliction.
Compor-se com a parte, to compound with the plaintiff.

COM

Compor-se huma melher, is for a woman to dress herself.
COMPORTA, f. f. (*porta que tem muros nas aguas das meinhos*, &c.) a flood-gate, a dam.
COMPORTA'DO, a, adj. See
COMPORTAR, v. a. (*sofrer, tolerar*) to bear, to suffer, to allow of.
COMPOSIÇAM, f. f. composition, writing; also composing, making up, framing, putting, or setting together.
Composiçam, **CONCERTO**, ou **CONVENÇAM**, accommodation, composition, agreement.
Composiçam, (*capitulaçam*) composition, capitulation, articles.
Composiçam, (among printers) the action of composing, as a printer does from a copy.
Composiçam. See **COMPOSTURA**.
COMPOSITA, (in architecture) ex. *Ordem Composita*, the Composite order.
COMPOSITO'R, f. m. (*escriptor de obra de engenho*) composer, writer, author.
Mão compositor, ou *autbôr*, a scribbler, a paltry writer.
Compositor, (among printers) compositor, one that composes in a printing-house.
Compositor de musica, a setter to music.
COMPOSTO, f. m. a composition, mixture, compound.
COMPOSITE, a, adj. composite, writ, or written; also consulting, or made up.
Remedio composto, a composition, (speaking of medicines.)
Palavra composta, a compound word.
Humem composto, a sober and modest man.
COMPOSTURA, f. f. decency, modesty.
Compostura, (in music) counter-point.
COMPRAR, f. f. purchase, emption, buying.
Fazer, or acabar de fazer huma compra, to strike, or strike up a bargain.
COMPRADO, a, adj. bought.
COMPRADO'R, f. m. a buyer, a purchaser, a chapman.
Comprador que compra o comer para huma casa, a caterer, or purveyor.
COMPRADORA, she that buyeth.
COMPRAR, v. a. to buy, to purchase, to get, to procure for money.
Comprar de alguém, to buy of one.
Comprar fiado, to buy upon trust.
Comprar dos que vendem mais barato, to buy things at the best hand.
Comprar caro, ou *barato*, to buy dear, or cheap.
Comprar com dinheiro de contado, to buy, money in hand.
Comprar caro hum favour, to pay dear for a favour.
Comprar de comer, to cater, to buy victuals.
Comprar cartas, (in some games at cards) to take cards.
COMPRAZER, v. a. to please, to humour, to comply with.

COM

Comprender-se, v. r. to delight, to take pleasure.
Comprender-se em si, to value one's self very much upon something.
COMPRAZIDO, *a*, adj. See **COMPRAZER**.
COMPRAZIMENTO. See **COMPLACENCIA**.
COMPRAÇAM. See **COMPLEIÇAM**.
COMPREHENDER, v. a. to apprehend, to comprehend, to conceive, to understand; also to comprehend, to comprise, to include, to contain, to compass, to take in.
COMPREHENDIDO, *a*, adj. apprehended, &c. See **COMPREHENDER**.
COMPREHENÇAM, f. f. comprehension, understanding.
COMPREHENSIVA, f. f. See **COMPREHENSAM**.
COMPREHENSIVEL, adj. comprehensible, intelligible, conceivable.
COMPREHENSIVO, *a*, adj. comprehensive, having the power to comprehend, or understand.
COMPREHENSORES, (in divinity) the blessed in heaven.
COMPRESSAM, f. f. compression, compressure, a pressure.
COMPRESSO, *a*, adj. pressed, or thrust close. See also **CHATO**.
COMPRIDA'M. See **COMPRIMENTO**.
COMPRIDINHO, *a*, adj. somewhat long; diminut. from *Comprido*.
COMPRIDO, *a*, adj. long. See also the v. **COMPRIR**.
COMPRIMENTAR, v. a. to compliment.
COMPRIMENTEIRO, f. m. a complimenter.
COMPRIMENTO, f. m. length, long.
Comprimento do tempo, length of time.
Comprimento das profecias, fulfilling, of the prophecies.
Dar comprimento a sua palavra. See **COMPRIR**.
Dai comprimento aos meus desejos, my desires are fulfilled.
Comprimento, f. m. a compliment, obliging words.
Estudar bem comprimento, to study a compliment.
Comprimentos, compliments, ceremonies.
Palavras de comprimentos, words of course.
Sem comprimentos, freely, without ceremonies.
Por comprimento, or *por cerimonia*, complementally.
Fazer comprimentos, to compliment.
De comprimentos, or *perenente a comprimentos*, complimentary.
COMPRIMIR, v. a. to press, to thrust, to confine in less compass.
Comprimir, (in a moral sense) to appease, to stop, to repress, to keep under.
COMPRIR, v. a. to fulfil, or perform, to keep. See also **CONVIR**.

CON

Comprir a sua promessa, or *voto*, to fulfil one's promise, or one's vow.
Comprir com o seu officio, to perform one's duty.
COMPROMETER-SE, v. r. to compromise, to put to arbitration, to consent to a reference.
COMPROMISSO, f. m. compromise, a compromise of two or more parties at difference, to refer the deciding their controversies to the decision of arbitrators.
COMPROVAÇAM. See **PROVA**.
COMPROVADO, *a*, adj. See **COMPROVAR**.
COMPROVAR, v. a. to prove. See **PROVAR**.
COMPROVINCIAL, adj. (speaking of bishops) comprovincial, belonging to the same province.
COMPULSORIO, *a*, adj. ex. *Carta compulsoria*, a subpoena.
COMPUNÇAM, f. f. compunction, remorse of conscience for an offence committed.
COMPUNGIDO, *a*, adj. penitent, touched with compunction, grieved. See also
COMPUNGIR, v. a. to affect, to influence, to touch, to move.
Compungir-se, v. r. to be penitent, sorrowful, to be touched in conscience for one's sins.
COMPUTAÇAM, f. f. computation, reckoning, or casting up.
Fazer computaçam. See **COMPUTAR**.
COMPUTADO, *a*, adj. See **COMPUTAR**.
COMPUTAR, v. a. to compute, to reckon, to cast up, to sum up, to tell, to count.
COMPUTO. See **COMPUTAÇAM**.
COMSIGO, adv. with himself, within himself.
COMTIGO, adv. with thee.
COMUM.
COMUNGAR.
COMUNICAÇAM.
COMUNICADO.
COMUNICAR.
COMUTAÇAM.
COMUTAR.

CON

CONCAVIDADE, f. f. concavity, hollowness.
Concavidade do ceo, the cope of heaven.
CONCAVO, *a*, adj. concave, hollow.
Concavo metal, (in poetry) a cannon.
CONCEBER, v. a. to conceive a child, to breed. See also **COMPREHENDER**.
Conceber esperanças, to entertain hopes.
CONCEBIDO, *a*, adj. See **CONCEBER**.
CONCEBIMENTO. See **CONCEIÇAM**.
CONCEDER, v. a. to grant, to permit, to give, to allow.
CONCEDIDO, *a*, adj. See **CONCEDER**.
CONCEIÇAM, f. f. conception, breeding.
Frirras da conceiçam, a religious order

CON

of nuns, founded by Beatrix da Silva, a Portuguese lady, and confirmed by pope Innocence VIII. who gave them the rules of the Cistercian order, in 1489; but they, after Beatrix's death, changed them for St. Clare's, retaining the same name and habit, as at first. Julius II. drew them quite from the direction of the Cistercians, and recommended them to the Franciscans care, in 1511.
A immaculada conceição da Virgem Nossa Senhora, the Immaculate Conception of the Holy Virgin, a feast held on the eighth of December, with the Roman Catholics.
CONCEITO, f. m. conceit, thought; also opinion, or judgment upon any thing.
Conceito, esteem, repute, reputation, fame, credit, name.
Explicar bem os seus conceitos, to express elegantly whatsoever is conceived in the mind.
Formar conceito. See **JULGAR**.
CONCEITOADO, *a*, adj. See **CONCEITOAR**.
CONCEITOAR, v. n. to express elegantly whatsoever is conceived in the mind.
CONCEITUOSO. See **SENTENCIOSO**.
CONCELEBRAR. See **CELEBRAR**.
CONCELHO. See **CONSELHO**.
CONCENTO, f. m. concert, harmony.
CONCENTRADO. See **RECONCENTRADO**.
CONCENTRAR. See **RECONCENTRAR**.
CONCENTRICO, *a*, adj. concentric, that hath one and the same center.
CONCEPÇAM, f. f. (in logic) a conception, or simple idea.
CONCERNENTE, adj. concerning, touching.
CONCERTADO, *a*, adj. ordered, disposed, or put in order; also set off, commended.
Concertado no vestir. See **ALINHADO**.
Concertado, promised in marriage, betrothed, or espoused. See also **CONCERTAR**.
CONCERTANTE, f. m. a striver with a rival.
CONCERTAR, v. a. to order, to dispose, or put in order; also to set off, to adorn.
Concertar pessoas desavindas, to reconcile, or set people to rights that were at variance.
Concertar, to agree, to contract.
Concertar com alguém o casamento de sua filha, to betroth one's daughter to a man.
Concertar, to mend, to repair, to patch, or botch.
Concertar-se, v. r. ex. *Concertar-se com a parte*, to compound with the plaintiff.
Concertar-se no preço, to agree in the price.
Concertar-se, or *reconciliar-se com alguém*, to be reconciled with one, to make one's peace with him.

C O N

Concertar-se o tempo, to grow fair. (Speaking of the weather.)
CONCERTO, f. m. disposition, a disposal, or setting in order.
Fazer alguma coisa de concerto, to do a thing by consent, to go hand in hand in a business, to act unanimously.
Concerto, order, discipline.
Concerto, (in music books) a concerto, concert, or piece of music of several parts for a concert.
Concerto, repair, repairing, or mending.
Concerto, agreement, contract, covenant, composition.
CONCESSA M, f. f. concession, grant, permission, dispensation. See also **DOACAM**.
O que alcança a concessam, grantee, the person to whom a grant is made.
O que faz a concessam, granter, the person who makes a grant.
Concessão, (with rhetoricians) concessio, a figure the same with synchorexis.
CONCHA, f. f. a shell.
Concha de grãa, a shell-fish, the liquor whereof makes a purple colour.
Concha em que se girão as perolas. See **MADREPEROLA**.
Cavado a modo de concha, fashioned like the shell of a fish, wide and hollow.
Concha de atafona, the lower mill-stone of a horse or ass-mill.
Meter-se nas conchas do seu scrupulo, to be obstinately scrupulous. (Metaph.)
Meter-se nas conchas, (metaph.) to hold one's peace, to be silent.
Concha que trazem no chapéo os remeiros que vão a Santiago, a sort of cockle-shell the pilgrims, that go to the shrine of St. James the apostle in Galicia, used to wear in their hats.
Que tem duas conchas, bivalve, two-shelled.
CONCHA'VADO. See **CONCLU-IDO**.
CONCHAVAR. See **CONCLUIR**.
CONCHEGA'R-SE, v. r. to conspire, to combine in some secret design, generally criminal.
CONCHEGO, f. m. a conspirator.
CONCHELLOS, f. m. p. the herb penny-wort, penny-grass, Venus-navel, or hip-wort.
CONCHI'NHA, f. f. a little shell; diminut. from **CONCHA**.
Conchinhas chirofas, a kind of shell-fish, mussels.
CONCIENCIA, or **CONSCIENCIA**, f. f. the conscience; also scruple of conscience.
Elle faz consciencia de mentir, he makes a conscience to lie, or of lying.
Elle não faz consciencia de faltar a sua palavra, he makes no conscience of his word.
Exame de consciencia, self-examination.
Consciencia larga, a large conscience.
Consciencia scrupulosa, tender conscience; a strict conscientiousness.
Dea-consciencia, conscientiousness.

C O N

Homem que tem boa consciencia, an upright, conscientious, or honest man.
Desencarregar a consciencia, to discharge one's conscience.
Encorregar a consciencia, to charge, or burthen the conscience.
Sem consciencia, unconscionable.
Em consciencia, in conscience, upon my conscience, indeed.
Não posso fazello em consciencia, I can't answer it to my conscience.
Mesa da consciencia, a tribunal in Lisbon, instituted by king John III. to decide matters of conscience. Muley Maluco desired king D. Sebastian to consult this tribunal about his going to take the kingdom he was master of.
CONCI'LHOS. See **CONCHELLOS**.
CONCILIA'BULO, f. m. an assembly of schismatic prelates, a conventicle.
CONCILIACAM, f. f. conciliation.
CONCILIADO'R, f. m. he who conciliates.
CONCILIADO, a, adj. See **CONCILIAR**, v. a. to conciliate, or gain; also to make agree.
Esta unica acção lhe conciliou o amor de todos os homens de bem, this single action conciliated to him the love of all good men.
Conciliar o sono, to cause sleep, to cast into a sleep.
Conciliar opinioes, to reconcile different opinions.
CONCILIO, f. m. a council, an assembly of bishops and divines, to determine matters of religion.
CONCI'SO, a, adj. concise, short, or brief.
CONCITA'DO, a, adj. excited, &c. See **CONCITAR**, v. a. to stir up, to excite, to instigate. See also **ANIMAR**.
CONCLAVE, f. m. conclave, the place where the cardinals meet to chuse a pope.
CONCLAVISTA, f. m. a conclavist, one who attends a cardinal during his abode in the conclave.
CONCLUDENTE, adj. concluding, convincing.
CONCLUIDO, a. See **CONCLUIR**, v. a. to conclude, to finish; also to make an end, to settle, to determine; also to conclude, or gather by reason; also to convince, or to run one down in argument.
Concluir hum ajuste ou contrato, to strike or conclude a bargain.
Concluir-se, v. r. to decline, to decay.
Hir-se concluindo, (speaking of a sick man) to be in a dying condition.
CONCLUSAM, f. f. conclusion, end, close, issue; also conclusion, consequence, inference; also the last of the three propositions in a syllogism. (In logic.)
Vir a con clusam, to come to a conclusion, or end.
Em conclusam, in conclusion, in short.

C O N

CONCLUSOENS, a disputation, thesis; also the thesis-sheet.
Defender conclusoens, to be a respondent.
CONCLU'SO, a, adj. concluded, finished; also sealed, determined, agreed upon.
CONCOCTIVA, or **CONCOCTIZ**, (among physicians) ex. *Faculdade concoctiva*, the digestive virtue.
CONCOMITA'NCIA, f. f. (a dogmatical word) concomitancy.
Por concomitancia, concomitantly, in course, along with another.
CONCOMITA'NTE, adj. (a dogmatical word) ex. *A graça concomitante*, the concomitant grace.
CONCORDA'DO, a, adj. See **CONCORDAR**.
CONCORDA'NCIA, f. f. concordance, agreement, relation.
Concordancia da Biblia, the concordance of the Bible, an alphabetical index of all Bible words, and their places.
Concordancia, (in grammar) concordance. See also **CONSONANCIA**.
CONCORDAR, v. n. to agree together, to concord; also to be in a tune, to hold together.
Voz que concorda, a tunable voice.
Concordar, v. a. to reconcile, to make friends; also to conform.
Concordar devidas, to adjust, to make up differences.
Concordar a voz com o instrumento, to sing in tune with an instrument. See also **CONCILIAR**.
CONCORDATA, f. f. act of agreement between princes, a treaty, a concordat.
CONCORDE, adj. of one mind, or will, unanimous.
CONCORDEMENTE, adv. by one consent, peaceably.
CONCORDIA, f. f. peace, concord, harmony; also a goddess called Concord, among the Romans.
CONCORRER, v. n. to run with others, to run together, to resort to the same place; also to concur, to help.
Deos concurrer com as causas segundas, God concurs with second causes.
Concurrer com o seu parecer, to concur, or agree with one in something.
Concurrer, to aim, or aspire to the same thing, to be concurrent, or rival.
Concurrer, to meet or join together.
Concurrer para o gasto, to come in for the expence, to club, to pay one's club.
CONCRETO, (in logic) concrete, any quality considered with its subject.
CONCUBINA, f. f. a concubine.
Concubina de homem casado, a married man's leman, or mistress.
CONCUBINARIO, f. m. one that keeps a concubine.
CONCUBINATO, f. m. concubinage, the keeping of a concubine.
CONCULCADO, a, adj. See **CONCULCAR**, v. a. to trample under foot; also to condemn, (in a moral sense.)

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CONCULHOS. See **CONCHELLOS.**
CONCUPISCENCIA, f. f. concupiscence, or lust.
CONCUPISCIVEL, ex. *Appetite concupiscivel*, the concupiscible appetite.
CONCURRENCIA, f. f. state, circumstance, or condition; also a running, or meeting together.
Concurrência, aspiring, the act of aspiring, or pretending to the same thing; canvassing, or suing for the same thing.
Concurrença, or *Concurso de povo*, a running of people to a place, a resort, a concourse.
CONCURRENTE, f. m. competitor, rival, one who sues for the same office or thing which another does.
CONCURSO, f. m. concourse, croud, confluence, resort; also concurrence, the act of pretending to the same thing.
CONCUSSAM, f. f. extortion, money unjustly taken in time of one's office, an unlawful fee.
CONCUSSIONARIO, f. m. an extortioner, one that exercises extortion upon the people.
CONDA'DO, f. m. county, earldom. So they also called formerly a great tract of land given by the king to any *Fidalgo*. See **FIDALGO**. Also the dignity of a count, or earl.
CONDA'M. See **PREROGATIVA, EXCELLENCIA.**
Fara de condum. See **VARINHA.**
CONDE, f. m. a count, or earl; also the knave at cards.
Conde andeiro, words used to fright children, as we say, the bull-beggar.
Pera de conde, a sort of pear.
Villa de Conde, a town of Entre Douro e Minho, in Portugal, on the sea coast, at the mouth of the Ave, with an old strong castle.
CONDECENDER. See **CONDESCENDER.**
CONDECENDIDO. See **CONDESCENDIDO.**
CONDECORADO, a, adj. See **CONDECORAR**, v. a. to grace, to honour, to embellish, to adorn, to set forth, to deck.
CONDENACAM, f. f. condemnation; also a penalty, fine, mulct, commonly of money.
CONDENA'DO, a, adj. condemned, cast, sentenced, damned; also mulcted, fined.
Condenado, f. m. a damned in hell.
CONDENAR, v. a. to condemn, to cast, to sentence, to damn, to pronounce judgment against one; also to fine, to mulct. See also **DESA-PROFAR.**
Condenar-se, v. r. to condemn one's self, to accuse one's self.
CONDENAVEL, adj. blame-worthy, that may be blamed, or sound fault with, condemnable.
CONDENSACAM, f. f. condensation, making thick; also condensity, thickness.

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CONDENSA'DO, a, adj. See **CONDENSA'R**, v. a. to condensate, to condense, to thicken.
Condensar-se, v. r. to grow condensed, to condensate.
CONDENSATIVO, a, adj. that has the virtue of condensing.
CONDESCENDER, v. n. to condescend, to comply, submit, or yield to.
CONDESCENDIDO, a, adj. See **CONDESCENDER.**
CONDESSA, f. f. a countess.
CONDESSILHO. (In old records.) See **DEPOSITO.**
CONDESTABLE, or **CONDESTAVEL**, f. m. this charge was first instituted in Portugal by king Fernando, in 1382, and was the greatest in that kingdom, being generalissimo, or captain-general of all its forces. The first that had this dignity was D. Alvaro Pirez de Castro, count of Arrayolos, brother to the unhappy queen D. Inez de Castro. It has been hereditary in the noble family of the famous D. Nuno Alvares Pereira; but now the duty of such charge is performed by the generalissimo, who is appointed at the king's pleasure. It answered to our ancient lord high-constable of England.
Cond-stable, or *Condestavel de navio*, the chief gunner aboard ship.
CONDICAM, f. f. condition, estate, quality, natural habit, or inclination of the mind; also temper, quality of a person or thing, which renders it good or bad, perfect, or imperfect.
Homem de boa, ou má condicam, a good, or ill-conditioned man.
Condicam, an order, rank, or degree.
Condicam, condition, article, clause, proviso, terms.
Por condicoens, to article, to make a clause or proviso.
Com condicam, upon condition.
CONDICIONADO. See **ACONDICIONADO.**
CONDICIONA'L, adj. conditional.
CONDICIONALME'NTE, adv. conditionally, upon condition, with a proviso.
CONDIDO, a, adj. See **CONDIR.**
CONDIGNO, a, adj. condign, worthy.
CONDIME'NTO, f. m. See **ADUBO.**
CONDIR, v. a. (among apothecaries) to tie a remedy in a piece of cloth in order to boil it.
CONDISCIPULA, f. f. a the school-fellow.
CONDISCIPULADO, fellowship, in school, or learning.
CONDISCIPULO, f. m. a school-fellow.
CONDIZER, v. n. to answer or agree.
CONDOER-SE, v. r. to condole.
O que se condoe, condoler.
CONDOI DO, a, adj. See **COMPADecido.**
CONDOR, f. m. condor, or contur,

CON

a strange and monstrous bird in Peru, with a very hard and sharp beak that will pierce a bull's hide.
CONDUÇAM, f. f. conducting.
CONDUCENTE, adj. conducive, conducting, or conducive.
CONDUCTA, f. f. a canal of pipes for the conveyance of waters; a conduit.
Conduta de soldados, a levy of soldiers.
Conducta, (in the university of Coimbra) ex. *Fazer conducta a algum*, to appoint a learned man to read lectures in a chair of inferior note, till there is room to provide for him better.
CONDUCTARIO, f. m. he who reads lectures in a chair of inferior note, &c. See **CONDUCTA.**
CONDUCTOR, f. m. a leader, or guide.
CONDUPLICACAM, f. f. (with rhetoricians) a figure, when one or more words are repeated over again.
CONDU'TO, f. m. any thing that is eaten with bread.
CONDUZIDO, a, adj. See **CONDUZIR**, v. a. to conduct, convey, or carry in safety any thing; also to hire, or bargain for.
CONDUZIR, v. n. to conduce, to avail, or contribute.
CONEGA, f. f. a canones, a virgin that lives like a nun, but without making a vow.
CONEGO, f. m. a canon.
Conegos amais. See **LOYOS.**
CONESI A, f. f. canonship.
CONEXA M. See **CONNEXAM.**
CONFEDERACAM, f. f. confederation, confederacy, league, alliance.
CONFECTO, a, adj. spent, waited, worn out. From the Lat. *confectus*.
CONFEDERADO, a, adj. See **CONFEDERAR-SE**, v. r. to confederate, to unite into a confederacy.
CONFECAM, f. f. confectio, composition; (in medicine) also the act of preparing a physical composition.
CONFECADO, a, adj. See **CONFECAR**, v. a. to mix, to make a confectio, or physical composition.
CONFETAR, v. a. to confect; to make up into sweetmeats, to preserve with sugar.
CONFETARIA, f. f. a confectioner's shop; also the place where the confectioners live.
CONFETEIRO, f. m. a confectioner.
CONFETOS, f. m. p. comfits, sugar-plumbs.
Confetos deerva doce, aniseed covered with sugar.
CONFERENCIA, f. f. conference, talking together, a parley.
CONFERENTE, f. m. he who confers, or talks with another.
Conferente, adj. See **CONDUCENTE.**
CONFERIDO, a, adj. See **CONFERIR**, v. a. to confer, co-

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late, give, or bestow; also to confront, to compare.
Conferir, v. n. to confer, to discourse, to talk together, to communicate, to impart.
CONFESSA'DO, f. m. ex. *Eu sou confessado de fulano*, I use to confess to such a one.
Confessado, a, adj. See **CONFESSAR**.
P. peccado confessado he meyo perdoado, confession of a fault is half the amends.
CONFESSAR, v. a. to confess, acknowledge, own, or allow; also to confess, or hear one's confession.
Confessar-se, v. r. to confess one's sins, to thrive.
CONFESSA'RIO, f. m. the place where confession is made; a confessional, or penitentiary.
CONFESSO, f. m. one that has confessed. See also **CONVERSO**.
CONFESSOR, f. m. a confessor, either a saint that is no martyr, or a father that hears confessions.
Confessor da primitiva igreja, a confessor of the primitive times, a martyr.
CONFIADAMENTE, adv. boldly, courageously; also freely.
CONFI'A'DO, a, adj. (in a good sense) bold, confident, courageous, having an assurance; also impudent, shameless, saucy, insolent, malapert, fool-hardy (in a bad sense.) See also **CONFIAR**.
Vos s'is bem confiado, you are mighty confident.
CONFI'ANÇA, f. f. (in a good sense) self-consciousness, courage, confidence; also (in a bad sense) presumption, boldness, fool-hardiness; also friendship, intimacy.
Fallar com alguem com confiança, to talk to one friendly.
Fazer confiança. See **CONFIAR**.
Dar confiança, to make one's self familiar, to grow familiar, to contract a familiarity with.
CONFIAR, v. a. to entrust, deliver, upon trust, to trust one with a thing.
Confiar, v. n. (or *fazer confiança*) to confide, to trust upon.
CONFICIONA'DO, a, adj. See **CONFICIONAR**. See **CONFELCOAR**.
CONFIDENTE, f. m. a confident, a bosom friend.
CONFINA'DO, a, adj. See **CONFINAR**.
CONFINANTE, p. a. bordering upon, confine.
CONFINAR, v. n. to confine, to border upon.
CONFINES, f. m. p. confines, borders.
CONFIRMAÇA'M, f. f. confirmation, ratification.
Confirmaçam, (in an ecclesiastical sense) the church confirmation.
Dar a alguem o sacramento da confirmaçam, to confirm one.

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CONFIRMADO, a. See **CONFIRMAR**, v. a. to confirm, to ratify and make good.
Confirmar huma sentença, to affirm, or confirm a sentence.
Confirmar-se, v. r. to confirm one's self.
CONFIRMATIVO, a, adj. confirmatory, whatever corroborates or ratifies a thing.
CONFISCAÇA'M, f. f. confiscation.
CONFISCA'DO, a, confiscated, forfeited; also spent, wasted, worn out.
CONFISCAR, v. a. to confiscate one's goods.
CONFISSA'M, f. f. confession, acknowledgment.
Confissam geral, a general or full confession.
Ouvir de confissam, to hear confession.
Confissam de S. Pedro, St. Peter's confession, or tomb at Rome.
Confissam auricular. See **AURICULAR**.
Confissam da fé, confession of faith.
Confissam dos peccados, confession of sins.
CONFLA'DO. See **UNIAM**.
CONFLICTO, or **CONFLITO**, f. m. See **COMBATE**.
CONFORMAÇA'M, f. f. conformation; See also **CONFORMIDADE**.
CONFORMA'DO, adj. See **CONFORMAR**, v. a. to suit, adapt, or accommodate.
Conformar-se, v. r. to agree with; also to make shift, to like.
Conformar-se com o tempo, to accommodate one's self to the times.
Elle conforma-se com tudo, he makes shift with any thing, any thing serves his turn.
CONFORME, adj. conformable, suitable, like.
Conforme, adv. according, as.
CONFORMEMENTE, adv. conformably, agreeably, by consent.
CONFORMIDA'DE, f. f. conformity, agreeableness, conformableness, resemblance, likeness.
Conformidade da sua vontade com a de Deus, submission, or compliance to God's will.
CONFORTADO, a. See **CONFORTAR**, v. a. to corroborate, to strengthen as a medicine, &c. See also **ANIMAR**, **CONSOLAR**.
CONFORTATIVO, a, adj. that comforts, strengthening.
CONFORTATIVO, f. m. a medicine that comforts the heart.
CONFORTO, f. m. See **ALIVIO**.
CONFRA'DE, f. m. a brother, not by nature, but of a brotherhood or confraternity, which is generally on some pious account.
CONFRAGO'SO, a, adj. rugged, shagged, rough.
CONFRARIA, f. f. a brotherhood, society, fraternity. See **CONFRATE**.
CONFRATERNIDA'DE, f. f. con-

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fraternity, brotherhood, chiefly on a religious account.
CONFRONTAÇA'M, f. f. confronting.
CONFRONTA'DO, a, adj. See **CONFRONTAR**, v. a. to confront, to compare, or oppose.
Confrontaram as testemunhas com o accusado, the witness confronted the criminal.
CONFUNDI'DO, a. See **CONFUNDIR**, v. a. to confound, to mix together; also to confound, or put out of countenance, to puzzle.
Confundir-se, v. r. to be confounded or mixed together; also to be puzzled or perplexed.
CONFUSAMENTE, adv. confusedly.
CONFUSA'M, f. f. confusion, or disorder; also confusion, or shame.
CONFUSO, a, adj. confused, or mixt together; also confused, perplexed, out of order; also ashamed. See also **PERPLEXO**.
CONFUTAÇA'M, f. f. confutation, confusing an argument.
CONFUTA'DO, a, adj. See **CONFUTAR**, v. a. to confute, to run down an argument.
CONGELAÇA'M, f. f. a freezing, or being frozen.
CONGELA'DO, a, adj. See **CONGELAR**, v. a. to congeal, to starve, to freeze.
Congelar-se, v. r. to be frozen or congealed; also to harden, or become hard.
Congelar-se de medo, to curdle for fear.
Congelar-se a voz na garganta, (metaph.) to become speechless.
CONGESTA'M, f. f. (among physicians) congestion or heap.
CONGLOBAÇA'M, f. f. a gathering round, or coming together like a ball.
CONGLOMERA'DO. See **ANOVELADO**.
CONGLOMERA'R. See **ANOVELAR**.
CONGLOTINA'DO, a, adj. See **CONGLOTINAR**, v. n. to be conglutinated.
CONGO, f. m. Congo, or Lower Guinea, a very large tract on the west coasts of Africa. The capital of the Portuguese settlements there is Loango, in a small island near the coast.
CONGO'SSA, f. f. the herb periwinkle.
CONGOXA, f. f. anguish, trouble, pain, affliction.
CONGOXO'SO, a, adj. full of anguish, grief, trouble, or pain.
CONGRAÇA'DO, a, adj. See **CONGRAÇAR-SE**, to be reconciled, to make peace.
CONGRATULAÇA'M, f. f. congratulation.
CONGRATULA'DO, a, adj. See **CONGRATULAR**, v. a. to congratulate, to rejoice with one for his good fortune.

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CONGREGAÇÃO, *f. f.* congregation, assembly, meeting.
CONGREGAÇÃO, *a, adj.* See **CONGREGAR**.
CONGREGAÇÃO, *f. f.* the congregation of the priests of the Oratory, founded by St. Philip Nery.
CONGREGAR, *v. a.* to congregate, to gather together.
Congregar-se, *v. r.* to assemble, to meet, gather, come or meet together.
CONGRESSO, *f. m.* congress, meeting.
CONGRO, *f. m.* a fish called a conger, like a large over-grown eel.
CONGRUA, *f. f.* the ecclesiastical revenue belonging to some priests, being the third part of what is necessary for his convenient support.
CONGRUAMENTE, *apty, fitly, agreeably.*
CONGRUÊNCIA, *f. f.* agreeableness, conformity, congruence.
Ter congruência, to be proper, or convenient.
CONGRUENTE, *adj.* convenient, proper, suitable.
CONGRUO, *a, adj. ex.* *Porcam congrua.* See **CONGRUA**. See also **CONGRUENTE**.
CONHECEDOR, *f. m.* a skilful or knowing man, an understander.
CONHECENÇA, *f. f.* acknowledgment, requital, or arbitrary reward.
CONHECENTE, *f. m.* one that knows.
Ser conhecente de fullano, I know such a one.
CONHECER, *v. a.* to know, to acknowledge, to understand.
Conhecer de vista, to know by sight.
Dar-se a conhecer, to make one's self known.
Conhecer de huma causa, to hear a cause pleaded as judge.
Fazer conhecer, (*mostrar*) to show, to make appear.
CONHECIDAMENTE, *adv.* plainly, knowingly.
CONHECIDO, *a, adj.* See **CONHECER**.
Conhecido, *f. m.* an acquaintance.
CONHECIMENTO, *f. m.* knowledge, acquaintance; also familiarity, friendship.
Tomar conhecimento de huma causa. See *Conhecer de huma causa*.
CONHECIMENTO, a bill of lading.
CONHIRMAM, **CONIRMAM**, or **COHIRMAM**, *f. m.* an ancient word for cousin. They only say now *primos conbirmão*, a cousin german.
CONICO, *a, adj.* conic, conical, having the form of a cone.
Figura conica, a cone.
CONJECTURA, or **CONJEITURA**, *f. f.* a conjecture, a guess.
CONJECTURADO, *a, adj.* See **CONJECTURAR**.
CONJECTURADO, *f. m.* one that guesses, or conjectures.
CONJECTURAR, *v. a.* to conjecture, to guess.

CONJUGAÇÃO, *f. m.* conjugation, the way of conjugating verbs.
CONJUGAÇÃO, *a, adj.* See **CONJUGAR**.
CONJUGAL, *adj.* conjugal, connubial, belonging to a married couple.
CONJUGAR, *v. a.* (in grammar) to conjugate. See also **CONJECTURAR**.
CONJUNÇÃO, *f. f.* conjunction, union; also conjunction (in grammar).
Conjunção, conjuncture, opportunity, the state and circumstances of affairs.
Conjunção do sol com a lua, (in astronomy) the conjunction of the sun and moon.
Conjunção, the monthly flux of women's terms.
CONJUNTIVO, (a term of grammar) conjunctive.
CONJUNTO, *a, adj.* joined, near to, close.
Conjunto em sangue, a-kin by blood and birth, of the same blood and kindred.
CONJUNTURA, *f. f.* conjuncture, the state or circumstance of affairs.
CONJURACÃO, *f. f.* a conspiracy. See also **EXORCISMO**.
CONJURADO, *a, adj.* See **CONJURAR**.
CONJURADOS, conspirators, plotters.
CONJURAR, *v. a.* and *n.* to conspire, to plot.
CONLUIO. See **COLLUSAM**.
Con conlujo, ou conlujosamente, collusively, in a fraudulently concerted manner.
CONNATURAL, *adj.* connatural.
CONNECÇÃO, *f. f.* See **CONNECÇÃO**.
CONNECÇÃO, *f. f.* connection, or hanging together.
CONNIVÊNCIA, *f. f.* See **CONSENTIMENTO**.
CONQUISTA, *f. f.* conquering; also a conquest, the thing conquered; also acquisition.
CONQUISTADO, *a, adj.* See **CONQUISTAR**.
CONQUISTADOR, *f. m.* a conqueror, a subduer.
CONQUISTADORA, *f. f.* a she conqueror.
CONQUISTAR, *v. a.* to conquer, to subdue, to bring under, to gain or get by force of arms. See **ALCANÇAR**, **CONSEGUIR**.
CONSAGRAÇÃO, consecration, a consecrating, or hallowing.
CONSAGRADO, *a, adj.* consecrated. See the *v.*
CONSAGRAR, *v. a.* to consecrate, or hallow, to dedicate, or devote to God, or divine use.
Consagrar (na missa), to consecrate (in the mass).
Consagrar-se, *v. r.* to devote to one's service.
CONSANGUINEO, *a, adj.* of the same kindred and blood.

CONSANGUINIDADE, *f. f.* consanguinity, kindred by blood.
CONSARCINAÇÃO, *a, adj.* patched, or packed together.
CONSCIÊNCIA. See **CONCIÊNCIA**.
CONSCRIPTO, *ex.* *Os patres conscriptes*, a title first conferred on those senators that were taken into that order by Brutus, after the expulsion of Tarquin, to distinguish them from the Patricii, who were elected by Romulus; but afterwards applied to the whole senate in general, who were addressed on all occasions by this epithet: *patres conscripti*. *Legation in sing. & absol.*
CONSECRANTE, *p. a.* consecrating, that consecrates.
CONSECUTIVAMENTE, *adv.* continually.
CONSECUTIVO, *a, adj.* one after another, without intermission.
CONSEGUIÇÃO, *a, adj.* See **CONSEGUIR**.
CONSEGUIENTE. See **CONSEQUENTE**.
Por conseguinte. See *Por consequente*.
CONSEGUINTEMENTE. See **CONSEQUENTE**.
CONSEGUIR, *v. a.* to obtain, get, gain.
Conseguir o seu intento, to obtain what one desireth.
CONSELHEIRA, *f. f.* she that gives advice.
CONSELHEIRO, *f. m.* a counsellor, adviser.
CONSELHO, *f. m.* counsel, advice.
Tomar conselho, to take advice.
Conselho, (*junta de conselheiros*) council-board.
Conselho de estado, the council of state.
Conselho de guerra, a court-martial, or court-marshal.
Conselho da fazenda, the council that has the direction of the king's revenue, the exchequer court.
Conselho ultramarino, the council that has the direction of the ultramarine affairs.
Conselho, or Concelho, so they call some country towns adjoining one another, which are governed after the same manner, and by the same judges.
CONSELOS. See **CONCHELLOS**.
CONSENTO. See **CONSENTIMENTO**.
CONSENTAÇÃO, *a, adj.* consentaneous, convenient, agreeable.
CONSENTIDO, *a, adj.* See **CONSENTIR**.
CONSENTIDO, *f. m.* he that consents.
CONSENTIDORA, *f. f.* she that consents.
CONSENTIMENTO, *f. m.* consent, agreement.
Consentimento, (among physicians) consent of parts, or that perception one part has of another, by means of some

some fibres and nerves that are near one another.

CONSENTIR, v. n. to consent, to agree.

P. quem cala consensit, silence gives consent.

Consentir, v. a. (*permitir*) to permit, to suffer, to let, to bear.

CONSEQUENCIA, f. f. consequence, an orderly following, conclusion, or inference; also importance, moment, weight.

Consequencia, sequel, consequence, what follows.

Per consequencia, consequently, therefore, by consequence.

CONSEQUENTE, (in logic) consequent, the last part of an agreement, opposed, to the antecedent.

Consequente, (in mathematics) consequent, the latter of two terms, which are immediately compared with one another, in any set of proportionals.

Per consequente, *per consequente*, or *consequentemente*, consequently, therefore.

CONSERVA, f. f. preserve, conserve, a sort of comfits.

Fazer conserva de frutas, to preserve fruits.

Andar de conserva, (a sea terms) to keep company together, to sail under a convoy.

As vossas cartas ainda estam de conserva, (metaph.) I have not yet read your letters.

Ter de conserva alguma coisa, (metaph.) to keep a thing without making any use of it.

Conserva, counter-guard, a piece of fortification.

CONSERVAÇÃO, f. f. preservation, security.

CONSERVADO, a, adj. See **CONSERVAR**.

CONSERVADOR, f. m. a conservator, a judge to preserve or secure the rights and immunities.

CONSERVADORA, f. f. she that preserveth.

CONSERVAR, v. a. to keep, to maintain, to conserve, to keep warily; also to keep up, or entire.

Conservar-se, v. r. to keep one's self in health, or in the same estate.

CONSERVATIVO, a, adj. (among physicians) ex. *Remedios conservativos*, conservative medicines, that part of a physician's care that preserves a person in health.

CONSERVATORIA, f. f. a grant to preserve privileges.

CONSERVEIRA, f. f. a woman confectioner, or a woman skilful in making sweetmeats.

CONSERVEIRO, f. m. a confectioner.

CONSERVO, f. m. a fellow-servant.

CONSIDERAÇÃO, f. f. consideration, forecast.

Hemam de muita consideração, a considerate or discreet man, a choice excellent man.

Ter consideração. See **CONSIDERAR**.

Com consideração, considerately, or advisedly.

CONSIDERADAMENTE, adv. considerately, or advisedly.

CONSIDERADO, a, adj. considerate, discreet. See

CONSIDERAR, v. a. to consider, to deliberate, to weigh; also to esteem, to regard, to look upon.

CONSIDERÁVEL, adj. considerable, to be considered.

CONSIGNAÇÃO, f. f. granting; also the thing granted.

Consignação, (a new word among tradesmen) ex. *A' sua consignação*, consigned to him, or to be delivered to him.

CONSIGNADO, a, adj. See

CONSIGNAR, v. a. to give a grant to receive and enjoy any interest of money, ground-rent, &c.

CONSILIA RIO. See **CONSELHEIRO**.

CONSISTENCIA, f. f. consistency, stability, a permanent or lasting estate of any thing; also the thickness of liquid things.

Consistencia da idade, consistence, a state of rest, that age wherein men and beasts live some years without any visible decay.

CONSISTIDO, a, adj. See

CONSISTIR, v. n. to consist.

CONSISTORIAL, adj. belonging to a consistory, consistorial.

CONSISTORIO, f. m. consistory, a solemn meeting of the pope and cardinals. It is taken for some other assemblies. (Metaph.)

CONSOADA, f. f. a light supper, as upon a fast day.

CONSOANTE, the letter called a consonant.

Consoante, (*nos versos*) rhyme, or rhyme, the likeness of sound at the end of words.

Consoantes reflexas. See **REFLEXOS**.

CONSOCIO, f. m. a companion.

CONSOGRO, f. m. when two fathers marry their children together they are *consegros*, that is, joint fathers in law.

CONSOLAÇÃO, f. f. consolation, comfort.

CONSOLAÇAMSINHA, f. f. a little comfort, or ease, diminut. from *Consolação*.

CONSOLADO, a, adj. See **CONSOLAR**.

CONSOLADOR, f. m. a comforter.

CONSOLADORA, f. f. a fine comforter.

CONSOLAR, v. a. to comfort.

Consolar-se, v. r. to be comforted.

CONSOLATORIO, a, adj. consolatory, comforting.

CONSO LDA, f. f. the herb comfrey, or consound.

CONSOLIDAÇÃO, f. f. a gluing, or closing together, an uniting of the lips of a wound; also consolidation,

or unity of possession, i. e. the joining or uniting the possession, occupancy or profits of certain lands with property. (In the civil law.)

CONSOLIDAR, v. a. to consolidate, heal, or close up; also to harden, or make hard. See also **CORROBORAR**.

CONSOLIDAR, (a law term) to consolidate the property and rent to one possessor; also to renew, or to confirm.

Consolidar-se, v. r. to close as a wound doth, to wax found and whole.

CONSONANCIA, f. f. consonance, agreement, harmony, accord in voices or sounds; also concord, friendship.

CONSONANTE, adj. (in music) agreeable to the ear.

CONSONAR, v. n. to agree, or be suitable to.

CONSONO, a, adj. of like tune, or sound, consonous.

CONSORCIO, f. m. fellowship, intercourse, partnership, correspondence, union.

CONSORTE, f. m. a partner, or consort, a partaker, or sharer; also spouse, husband, wife.

Amor os consortes, both husband and wife.

CONSPECTO, f. m. See **PRESENÇA, VISTA**.

CONSPICUO, a, adj. excellent, worthy, commendable, remarkable.

CONSPIRAÇÃO, f. f. See **CONJURAÇÃO**.

Conspiração, (in a good sense) unanimity, consent, harmony.

CONSPIRADO, a, adj. See

CONSPIRAR, v. n. to conspire, or consent, (either in a good or bad sense.)

CONSPURCADO, a, adj. See

CONSPURCAR, v. a. (among physicians) to defile, to be foul, to bewray.

CONSTANCIA, f. f. constancy, steadfastness.

CONSTANTE, adj. constant, steady; also regular.

Constante, sure, certain.

CONSTANTEMENTE, adv. constantly, steadfastly, stoutly, resolutely; also certainly.

CONSTANTINOPLA, f. f. Constantinople, the ancient Byzantium, by the Turks called *Istambul*. It is the capital of Romania, in European Turkey, and now the residence of the grand signior; but by Europeans it is commonly called the Porte.

CONSTADO. See

CONSTAR, v. n. to appear, to be plain, or clear, and manifest; also to consist, or be made up.

CONSTELLAÇÃO, f. f. constellation.

CONSTERNAÇÃO, f. f. surprize, consternation, a great fear by reason of some sudden affliction, or public calamity.

CON

Cauzar confetnaçam, to astonish, to discourage, or, afright.
Estar em confetnaçam, to be astonished, or put into a fright.
CONSTIPAÇAM, f. f. (in medicine) constipation, when the pores of the human body are more closely united than they were before.
CONSTIPADO, a, adj. See **CONSTIPAR**, v. a. to cause a constipation. See **CONSTIPAÇAM**.
CONSTITUENTE, f. m. the person constituting, or appointing another in his room.
CONSTITUIÇAM, constitution, institution.
Constituição do ar, temperateness, or temperature of the air.
CONSTITUIDO, a, adj. See **CONSTITUIR**, v. a. to constitute, appoint, assign, establish, to make.
Constituir algum numa dignidade, to raise or prefer one to honour.
Constituir-se, v. r. to turn or become.
CONSTO, f. m. (In India) See **CERTIDAM**.
CONSTRANGER, v. a. to compel or force, to constrain.
A açam de constranger, constraining.
CONSTRANGIDO, a, adj. compelled, forced, constrained.
CONSTRANGIMENTO, f. m. constraint, or compulsion.
CONSTRICAM, (in medicine) contraction, or shrinking.
CONSTRINGIDO, a, adj. See **CONSTRINGIR**, v. a. (in medicine) to shrink, to make narrow, or narrower.
Constringir-se, to grow narrow, or straight, to grow narrower, or straighter, to shrink.
CONSTRUÇAM, f. f. building, framing, making.
CONSTRUÇAM, or CONSTRUICAM, (in grammar) construction.
CONSTRUIDO, a, adj. See **CONSTRUIR**, v. a. (in grammar) to construe words, to arrange them in their proper order.
O construir, construing.
CONSUAES festas, (among the Romans) Consualia, certain feasts and games appointed by Romulus in honour of Consus, the god of counsels.
CONSUBSTANCIAL, adj. consubstantial.
CONSUL, f. m. a consul, the chief magistrate of ancient Rome, after the expulsion of the kings; also an officer or commissioner in foreign parts, to maintain the immunities and rights of the merchants of his nation.
CONSULADO, f. m. consulship.
Casa do consulado, (in Lisbon) the house wherein the customs belonging to the king, are paid.
CONSULAR, adj. of, or belonging to the consul.
Consular, ou homem consular, f. m. one that has been consul.
CONSULENTE, f. m. he that consults, or asks advice.

CON

CONSULTA, f. f. a consultation, a debate in council; also an ordinance, or decree of council.
Consulta de medicos, a consultation of physicians in order to deliberate upon a sick person's disease.
CONSULTADO, a, adj. consulted of; designed, named, appointed. See also the v.
CONSULTAR, v. n. to consult, to advise together.
Consultar, v. a. to consult, to ask advice, or counsel.
Consultar algum, to ask counsel of one.
CONSULTOR, f. m. a counsellor, or giver of counsel.
CONSUMIDO, a, adj. See **CONSUMIR**, v. a. to consume, to eat up, to spend, to waste.
Consumir, in the mass, signifies the priest's receiving the blessed sacrament.
Consumir-se, v. r. to fret, to fret one's self, to consume away.
CONSUMMAÇAM, f. f. consummation, ending, finishing.
Consummaçam do matrimonio, consummation of matrimony.
CONSUMMA DO, a, adj. consummate, or accomplished.
Homem de consummada prudencia, a man of consummate prudence.
Consummado, well versed, skilled. See also the v. **CONSUMMAR**.
Consummado nas sciencias, an absolute scholar.
CONSUMMAR, v. a. to consummate, to finish, to perfect, to complete, to put an end.
Consummar o matrimonio, to consummate matrimony.
CONSUMMO, f. m. use, charge, (speaking of provisions.)
Consumo mal regulado. See **DESPERDICIO**.
CONSUS, f. m. (among the Romans) Consus, the god of counsels.
CONTA, f. f. account, reckoning; also a bead.
A conta, on account.
Tomar, or ter conta, to take care of, to be answerable for.
Fazer conta, to intend, or to propose.
Esta cousa faz conta, this thing turns to account.
Faço conta de vos vir ver, I intend to go to see you.
Fazer huma conta, to cast up on account.
Pedir contas, to call to an account.
Pagar, or Dar à conta, to pay an account.
Dar boa conta de si, to give a good account of himself, to behave cleverly.
Não acbo a minha conta neste dinheiro, I find something wanting in this sum.
Elle fazia huma conta, e sabio-lhe entra, (metaph.) he was much disappointed.
Não fiz bem as contas, the same.

CON

Não ter conta do que lhe pertence, to leave all at sixes and sevens.
Não faças conta que elle venha, assure yourself that he will not come.
Custa em conta, or *barata*, a cheap thing.
Eu tomo isso à minha conta, I take it upon myself.
Pela conta que lançais, in your judgment, or opinion.
Pela conta, so, if it be so.
Por fim de contas, at the foot of the reckoning, when all is done, upon the upshot.
Ella estava pijada, e por fim de contas acbonse que não era casada, she was with child, and, when it came to the upshot, it was found that she was not married.
Trabalhar por sua conta, to set up for one's self, or to set up a private interest.
Carregai-o na minha conta, set it down in my account.
Faço conta que isto está feito, I reckon it as good as done.
Isto corre por minha conta, I will answer for it.
Por sua conta, on his account; also for the sake of him.
Dar conta a, to set forth, to show, or represent.
Dar conta de, to be answerable for.
Fazer conta, ou estimar, to set by, or to esteem.
Não fazer conta, or desprezar, to set at nought.
Elle tem-se em grande conta, he sets too much by himself.
Conta ou rol dos gastos, a bill, a reckoning.
Conta de venda, account of sales.
Fique isto por conta dos auctores, let us leave it to the authors.
Bicho de conta. See **PORQUINHA** de S. Antão.
Conta relação, ou narração, account, story, or relation.
Cabir na conta. See **CAHIR**.
Ja não faço conta disso, I don't think any more about it.
Ser tido em conta, to be honoured, or esteemed.
Entrar as contas com algum, we say, to pluck a crow with one, to expostulate with him about something.
O que he obrigado a dar conta a quem, an accountant.
Que he obrigado a dar conta por quem, accountable, answerable.
P. fazer as contas sem a hospeda, to reckon without the hostess, or as we say, the host; we say also, to sell the bear's skin before one has caught him.
P. contas de perto, e amigos de longe, even reckonings make long friends.
Contas, a pair of beads; also accounts.
CONTACTO, f. m. contact, the touching one thing with another.
CONTA DO, a, adj. reckoned; also told,

CON

told, or reported. See the v. **CON-
TAR**.
Diabairo de contado, ready money.
De contado. See **TOTALMENTE**,
and also **PROMPTAMENTE**.
P. do contado como o lobo, the wolf eats
of what is counted; that is, thieves
will steal though they know it will
be missed, much more if they think
it will not.
CONTADOR, f. m. a reckoner, ac-
countant, one well versed in casting
up accounts; also a desk.
Contador mór do reino, the auditor of
the exchequer.
CONTADORIA, f. f. See **CON-
TOS**.
CONTAGIA, f. f. See
CONTAGIO, f. m. a contagion, in-
fection, a catching disease, as the
murrain, &c. See also **PESTE**.
CONTAGIOSO, adj. contagious,
infectious. See also **PESTILEN-
CIAL**.
CONTAMINA, f. f. See
CONTAMINAR, v. a. to contami-
nate, to defile, to pollute.
CONTAR, v. a. to count, to tell, to
cast accounts; also to relate, to re-
port, to storry.
Conta-se, it is reported, or storied.
CONTAS de rezar, a pair of beads.
Rezar as contas, to say over one's
beads.
CONTEIRA, f. f. a piece of iron fixed
at the end of a spear in a game called
argolinha.
CONTEIRO, f. m. he who makes
beads.
CONTEMPLAÇÃO, f. f. contem-
plation.
Por contemplação minha, for my sake.
CONTEMPLAÇÃO, a, adj. See **CON-
TEMPLAR**.
CONTEMPLADOR, f. m. one that
is given to contemplate, a contem-
plator.
CONTEMPLADORA, f. f. she that
contemplates.
CONTEMPLAR, v. a. to contem-
plate, to behold, to meditate.
CONTEMPLATIVO, a, adj. con-
templative, given to contemplation.
CONTEMPORÂNEO, a, adj. con-
temporary, of the same time.
CONTEMPORIZAÇÃO, a, adj. See
CONTEMPORIZAR, v. n. to con-
form one's self to the times.
Contemporizar com o humor de alguém, to
humour.
CONTEMPTIVEL, adj. contemptible.
CONTENÇÃO, f. f. See **CON-
TENDA**.
CONTENCIOSO, a, adj. contentious,
litigious, quarrelsome.
CONTENDA, f. f. contention, strife,
debate, quarrel, brabble.
Ter contenda com alguém, to be at odds
with one.
CONTENDER, v. n. to contend, to
cope, to strive, to debate; also to
vie with one, to contest, to try for
the mastery.

CON

CONTENDOR, f. m. a competitor, a
rival.
CONTENÊNCIA, f. f. (a military
word) a salute to princes, generals,
&c. it is performed by bowing the
colours down to the ground at their
feet.
CONTENTAÇÃO, a, adj. See **CON-
TENTAR**.
CONTENTAMENTO, f. m. con-
tentment, joy, satisfaction.
O contentamento há a mayor riqueza, con-
tentment is the greatest wealth.
CONTENTAR, v. a. to content, to
satisfy, to please.
Contentar-se, v. r. to be contented, to be
satisfied, to be pleased.
Contentai-vos, que eu fallo, give me leave
to speak.
CONTENTE, adj. contentful, or
full of content; pleased, satisfied.
CONTENTO, f. m. liking.
Homem de máo conteúdo, a man that is hard
to be pleased.
A meu conteúdo, to my liking, according
to my wishes.
Tomar hum criado a contento, to take a
servant upon liking.
Contento, (approvaçam) good-liking, or
approbation.
CONTER, v. a. to contain, to hold.
Conter-se, v. r. to be restrained, to mo-
derate one's self.
CONTERMINO, a, adj. bordering
near together, nigh.
Contermínos, f. m. p. borders, confines.
CONTERRAÍNEO. See **PAISANO**.
CONTESTAÇÃO, f. f. a taking wit-
ness. See also **CONTENDA**.
CONTESTAÇÃO, a, adj. witnessed,
proved by witnesses. See also **CON-
TESTAR**.
Lite contestada, it is said of a process,
or action at law, after putting in
the plaintiff's declaration, and the
defendant's answer.
CONTESTAMENTE, adv. with one
consent.
CONTESTAR, v. a. to make out any
thing by witness; also to agree upon.
Contestar a lite, to put in the plaintiff's
declaration, and the defendant's an-
swer.
CONTESTES, it is said of witnesses
that declare the same.
CONTEUDO, f. m. contents.
Conteúdo em huma carta, the contents
of a letter.
CONTEXTO, f. m. See
CONTEXTURA, f. f. contexture,
the joining together or framing of a
discourse, or any other thing; also
the context, or the scripture which
lies about the text, before, or after it.
CONTIA, f. f. a sort of reward given
in ancient times by the kings of Por-
tugal to the noblemen that attended
him. See also **QUANTIA**.
CONTIGUIDADE, f. f. contiguity,
or contiguoufness.
CONTIGUO, a, adj. contiguous,
that touches, or is next, very near,
close, adjoining.

CON

CONTINUA de doudo. See **CONTI-
NUA**.
CONTINÊNCIA, f. f. continence,
chastity, temperance.
CONTINÊNCIAS, f. f. p. a sort of
bows or reverences used in some
public rejoicings, as in a bull-feast,
&c.
CONTINENTE, adj. continent,
chaste, temperate.
Continte, (in geography) continent,
or a great extent of land, which com-
prehends several regions and king-
doms which are not separated by
sea.
Em continente, adv. incontinently, pre-
sently, immediately. From the
French *incontinent*.
CONTINGÊNCIA, f. f. contingency,
or contingency, casualty, uncertainty
of event.
Por em contingencia, to expose or to
bring into danger.
CONTINGENTE, adv. contingent,
accidental, casual, that may or may
not happen.
CONTINHA, f. f. a short account,
also a small bead, diminut. from
Conta.
CONTINHO, adv. ex. *De continuo*. See
CONTINUAMENTE.
Contino, f. m. See **CONTINUO**,
f. m.
CONTINUA, f. f. the principal
whim, or crochot of a mad man.
A sua continua bê de, &c. the upshot of
his madness is of, &c.
CONTINUAÇÃO, f. f. continuance;
also continuation, a joining, without
interruption.
CONTINUAÇÃO, a, adj. See **CON-
TINUO**, and the v. **CONTINUAR**.
CONTINUAMENTE, adv. conti-
nually.
CONTINUAR, v. a. to continue, to
lengthen; also to go often to, to fre-
quent; also to go on.
Continuár, v. n. to reach, to be ex-
tended.
CONTINUIDADE, f. f. continuity,
the connexion or joining together of
the several parts of a thing.
CONTINUO, a, adj. continual, with-
out intermission, daily.
Febre continua, continual fever.
Continuo, close together, touching,
plain, even, and uniform.
CONTINUO, f. m. a messenger that
goes on an errand from the king, or
a tribunal; a serjeant, or beadle that
warneth men to appear.
CONTO, f. m. a million, the number
of ten hundred thousand.
Casa dos contos, or *contadaria real*, the
exchequer.
Conto, (oísteria fabulosa) a tale, a story,
or fable.
Hum co to de velhas, ou *da careuchinba*,
an old woman's tale, or story, a tale
of a tub.
O que conta contos de velhas, story-teller.
Tudo vem a hum conto, all comes to the
same purpose.

CON

Cento da lança, a piece of iron fixed at the end of a spear, pike, &c.
CONTOADA, f. f. a stroke with the conto.
CONTO'NO, f. m. See **CIRCUI-TO**.
CONTRA, f. f. See **CONTRADI-ÇAM**, and **DUVIDA**.
Contra, prep. against, contrary to; also over against, opposite to.
Pro e contra, pro and con.
CONTRABALDA'DO. See **BALDADO**.
CONTRABALDA'R. See **BALDAR**.
CONTRABANDI'STA, f. m. a smuggler.
CONTRABA'NDO, f. m. contraband goods; also the act of smuggling.
Fazer contrabandos, to contraband.
CONTRABATERIA, f. f. a counter-battery, that is a battery which plays upon another.
CONTRABA'XO, f. m. (in music) base, the lowest of all its parts.
CONTRACAMBEA'DO. See **COMPENSADO**.
CONTRACAMBEA'R. See **COMPENSAR**.
CONTRACÇA'M, f. f. contraction, or shrinking in; also a contraction of two syllables into one.
CONTRACTIVO, a, adj. that causes contraction.
CONTRACTO, a, adj. (in grammar) *some contractions*, nouns that have a contraction of two syllables into one.
CONTRADA'NÇA, f. f. country-dance.
CONTRADIÇA'M, f. f. contradiction, gain saying.
Ella tem hum espirito de contradicção, he is a contradictory man; or, as we say, he is a cross-patch.
CONTRADICTAR. See **CONTRADITAR**.
CONTRADICTO'R. See **CONTRADITOR**.
CONTRADITA'R, v. a. to contradict, to oppose.
CONTRADI'TAS, f. f. p. (a law term) a refutation of witnesses.
CONTRADI'TO, a, adj. See **CONTRADIZER**.
CONTRADITO'R, f. m. (a law term) adversary.
Contradizer, or *Contraditor*, one that contradicts, or loves to contradict.
CONTRADITO'RIO, a, adj. contradictory, which contradicts itself, or implies a contradiction.
CONTRADITORIAMENTE, adv. oppositely, contradictorily, in a thwarting manner.
CONTRADIZER, v. a. to contradict, to gain say.
Homen inclinado a contradizer, a contradictory man, or a man full of contradiction.
Inclinagem a contradizer, contradic-

CON

toriness, aptness to contradict, thwartingness.
Contradizer-se, v. r. to contradict one's self. See also **DENYE**.
CONTRAERVA. See **CONTRAHERVA**.
CONTRAFAZER, v. a. to counterfeit, to imitate, to mimic, to ape.
Contrafazer-se, v. r. to disguise one's self, to feign, or dissemble.
CONTRAFEITO, a, adj. See **CONTRAFAZER**.
CONTRAFORTE, (in fortification) a fort of prop, or shore, in the inside of the walls.
CONTRAGUA'RDIA, f. f. (in fortification) counter-guard.
CONTRAE'NTE, f. m. and f. a bridegroom, a bride.
CONTRAHERVA, or **CONTRAYERVA**, f. f. *contrayerva*, a plant in the West Indies, much used with others in counterpoisons. From *contra*, against, and *yerva*, which in Spanish sometimes signifies poison.
CONTRAHI'DO, a, adj. See **CONTRAHI'R**, v. a. ex. *Contrahir matrimonio*, to marry, to take a wife or husband.
Contrahir amizade, to contract, engage, or knit a friendship.
Contrahir huma doença, to get or catch a distemper.
Contrahir dividas, to run into debt.
Contrahir hum mau costume, to contract an ill habit.
Contrahir-se, v. r. to be contracted, to shrink (in medicine); also to be included, contained, or comprehended.
CONTRA'LTO, f. m. a counter-treble, in music.
CONTRAMANDA'DO, f. m. countermand, a revoking of a former command.
Passar hum contramandado, to countermand, or give contrary orders.
CONTRAMAR'CHA, f. f. a counter-march.
CONTRAMAR'CHA'R, v. n. to counter-march, to march backward.
CONTRAMESTRE, f. m. a boatswain, an officer in a ship.
CONTRAMINA, f. f. counter-mine.
O que faz contraminas, counter-miner.
CONTRAMINA'DO, a, adj. See **CONTRAMINA'R**, v. a. to counter-mine, both in the proper and figurative sense.
CONTRAMURA'LHA, f. f. counter-mure, a wall set against another.
CONTRAMU'RO, f. m. the same.
CONTRAPARENTE, f. m. and f. a kinsman, or kinswoman by marriage.
CONTRAPECO'NHA, f. f. counterpoison, antidote; also the herb called swallow-wort.
CONTRAPEZA'DO, a, adj. See **CONTRAPEZA'R**, v. a. to counterpoise, to weigh one thing against another, to counterbalance; also to weigh, to examine, or consider.

CON

CONTRAPE'ZO, f. m. a counterpoise, counterbalance; also a small matter to make up weight.
Ser contraponto de dois competidores, (metaph.) to keep two parties in a just balance.
CONTRAPONTI'STA, f. m. (in music) he who knows the counterpoint.
CONTRAPO'NTO, f. m. (in music) counterpoint.
CONTRAPO'R, v. a. to put over against; also to bring a thing into balance with another, to compare them together; to set one thing against another. (Metaph.)
Contrapor-se, v. r. to oppose, to be contrary.
CONTRAPOSIÇA'M. See **OPOSIÇA'M**.
CONTRAPO'STO, a, adj. See the v. **CONTRAPOR**.
CONTRARA'NCHO, f. m. the contrary crew, or party.
De contraranchos, belonging to the contrary crew, party, or faction.
CONTRARIADO, a, adj. See **CONTRARIAR**.
CONTRARIADO'R, a, adj. contradictory, full of contradiction, apt to contradict.
CONTRARIAMENTE, adv. contrarily, in opposition.
CONTRARIA'R, v. a. to contradict, to oppose.
Contrariar-se, v. r. See **CONTRADIZER-SE**.
CONTRARIEDA'DE, f. f. contrariety.
Contrariedade do reo, a law expression, the defendant's answer.
CONTRARIO, a, adj. contrary, opposite.
Contrário, f. m. an adversary, an enemy.
Pelo contrario, adv. contrariwise, on the contrary, nay.
Tudo pelo contrario, quite contrary.
CONTRA-rotura, f. f. a plaster for ruptures.
CONTRASCA'RPA, f. f. (in fortification) a counterescarp.
Fazer huma contrascarpa, to counterescarp.
Fazer eu per contrascarpa a hum sesto, to counterescarp a ditch.
Que tem contrascarpa, counterescarped.
CONTRASEDULA, f. f. a schedule given in countermand of another.
CONTRASE'NHA, f. f. a token, sign, or mark agreed on between two, to answer, or know one another.
CONTRASTA'DO, a, adj. See **CONTRASTAR**, v. n. to quarrel, debate, jar, or dispute; also to strive against.
Contrastar, v. a. to resist, to oppose, to withstand.
CONTRASTE, f. m. See **CONTENDIA**.
Contraste com gritos, e com injurias, a brawling, or scolding, a jar, a strife in words.
Contrastes de fortuna, ill-luck, misfortunes.

CON

Contraste, a weigher, a prizor, valuer, or rater of gold, silver, pearls, &c.
Contraste, touch, trial
CONTRATAÇÃO, f. f. See **CONTRATO**.
CONTRATADO, a, adj. See **CONTRATAR**.
Estar contra a to de caçar, to be contracted to any one.
CONTRATADOR, f. m. a dealer, or merchant.
CONTRATAR, v. n. to trade, or deal; also to contract or bargain.
Contratar em tudo, to deal in all sorts of commodities.
CONTRATO, f. m. a contract, covenant, agreement, bargain; also commerce, traffic, trade, trading.
CONTRATEMPO, f. m. unseasonableness.
Fazer huma coisa a contratempo, to do a thing unseasonably, to ill-time it.
CONTRAVENENO, f. m. See **CONTRAPECONIA**.
CONTRAVENTO, adv. against the wind.
CONTRAVINDO, a, adj. See **CONTRAVIR**.
CONTRAVIR, v. a. to contravene, to infringe, to break a law, custom, &c.
CONTRIBUIÇÃO, f. f. contribution.
CONTRIBUIDO, a, adj. See **CONTRIBUIR**.
CONTRIBUIR, v. a. to contribute, or give something with others. See **COOPERAR**.
CONTRIÇÃO, f. f. contrition, a sorrow for sin, proceeding from love to God more than fear of punishment.
CONTRITO, a, adj. contrite, sorrowful, very penitent.
CONTROVERSA, f. f. controversy, debate, dispute. See also **DUI DA**.
Pertencente a controversia, controversial.
CONTROVERSI STA, f. m. one who holds or writes controversies, a contrivertill.
CONTROVERSO, a, adj. controverted, debated, disputed.
CONTROVERTER, v. a. to controvert, to hold controversies.
CONTUMACIA, f. f. contumacy, stubbornness, wilfulness.
Com contumacia, stubbornly, frowardly.
CONTUMAZ, adj. stubborn; also contumacious, (in law.)
Contumáz, f. m. (a law term) a criminal, who being summoned doth not appear before the judge, a contumacious person.
CONTUMELIA, f. f. a contumely, a reproach.
Com contumelia, reproachfully, injuriously.
CONTUNDIR, v. a. to squash, to crush, to beat, to bruise flat.
CONTUZAM, f. f. a contusion, or bruise, (in surgery.)
CONTUZO. See **CONTUNDIR**.
CONVALESCENCIA, f. f. convalescence, a recovery of health; also

CON

valetudinary, or hospital for sick men that begin to recover their health.
CONVALECENTE, f. m. and f. one that is upon recovery after a fit of sickness.
CONVALECER, v. n. to recover health, to grow strong after sickness.
Convalescer se, v. r. the same.
CONVEN, v. imperf. it is fit, requisite, expedient, convenient, or meet.
CONVENÇA. See **CONVENÇAM**.
CONVENÇAM, f. f. convention, covenant, or agreement. See also **UNIAM**.
CONVENCER, v. a. to convince; also to convict, to prove one guilty. See also **INFERIR**.
Que convence, convincing.
CONVENCIDO, a, adj. See the v. **CONVENCER**.
CONVENIENCIA, f. f. See **UTILIDADE**.
CONVENIENTE, adj. convenient, proper, suitable, fit, agreeable.
CONVENIENTEMENTE, adv. decently, conveniently.
CONVENTICULO, conventicle, an unlawful meeting.
CONVENTO, f. m. a convent, monastery, religious house.
Convento juridico. See **COMARCA**. Some say it signifies the chancery.
CONVENTUAL, adj. conventual, belonging to a convent.
Massa conventual, high mass.
Ordem conventual, ou dos conventuais. See **CLAUSTRAES**.
CONVENTUALIDADE, f. f. the dwelling in a convent.
CONVERSA, f. f. ex. *Friza conversa*, a lay sister in a nunnery.
Conversa, a discourse, talk, or prattle.
CONVERSACÃO, f. f. conversation, discourse. See **PREÇO**.
Casa da conversação, a parlour, or room to receive company in.
Ter conversação com huma mulher, to know a woman, to have carnal knowledge of her.
CONVERSAM, f. f. an alteration, or change; also conversion, change, transmutation, (speaking of morals.)
CONVERSADO, a, adj. See **CONVERSAR**.
CONVERSAR, v. n. to converse, to keep company, to talk, and be familiar with.
Conversar com a boca, (speaking of onions, garlic, &c.) to make one smell strong; to rise in one's stomach.
CONVERSÁVEL, adj. conversable, sociable, easy, or free of access.
CONVERSO, f. m. a lay-brother, in religious orders.
CONVERTER, v. a. to convert, turn, or change; also to convert, or make a convert.
Converter-se, v. r. to turn, to change, to become; also to be reclaimed, or to

COP

mend; also to be made a convert, to be converted.
CONVERTIDA, f. f. a penitent, it is said of penitent women that retire from their lewdness.
Recolimento das convertidas, shelter for women that retire from lewdness, such as the Magdalen-house.
CONVEXO, a, adj. convex.
CONVEZ, f. m. deck.
CONFICÇÃO, f. f. (a law term) conviction, or full proof.
CONFICÇÃO, f. m. See **INJURIA**.
CONFICTO, a, adj. convicted.
CONVIDADO, a, adj. invited, desired to come.
Convidado, f. m. a guest.
O convidado por outro convidado, an unbidden guest, accompanying one to a feast. Lat. *umbra*.
CONVIDAR, v. a. to invite, to bid, to desire to come; also to invite, allure, or incite; also to give a little reward, or drinking-money.
CONVINHÁVEL. (Obsol.) See **CONVENIENTE**.
CONVIR, v. n. (*for conveniente*) to become, to be proper, suitable, or agreeable, to fit, to suit with; also to assent, or agree to, to be of one's mind or opinion, to grant; also to appertain, to belong to one.
CONVITE, f. m. See **BANQUETE**.
Convite, drinking money.
CONVOCAÇÃO, f. f. a convocation, or calling together.
CONVOCAÇÃO, a, adj. See **CONVOCAR**.
CONVOCAR, v. a. to call together, to assemble.
CONVULSAM, f. f. a convulsion, a shivering up of the sinews.
CONVULSIVO, a, adj. convulsive.
CONVULSOENS, convulsion fits,

COO

COOPERAÇÃO, f. f. co-operation.
COOPERADOR, f. m. co-operator.
COOPERADO. See **COOPERAR**.
COOPERAR, v. n. to co-operate, or work together.
COOPERARIO. See **COOPERADOR**.
COORDINAÇÃO, f. f. ordering, order, disposal, contrivance.
COORDINADO, a, adj. See **COORDINAR**.
COORDINAR, v. a. to set in order, to dispose, to place in order, to rank.

COP

COPA, f. f. a set of plate for table use; also a cup-board, or side-board table.
Copa, a cup or goblet to drink out of.
Copa do broquel, ou do escudo, the boss of a buckler, or shield.
Copa do chapéo, the crown of a hat.
Copa da arvore, the tuft of a tree.

COPA DO,

C O P

C O R

C O R

COPA DO, *a*, adj. rusted, thick, bushy

See also the *v.* **COPAR**.

COPADO, (among farriers) round.

COPAI'BA, *f. f.* a sort of a most sovereign balsam.

COPAL, *f. m.* copal, a sort of hard resin, or gum of a whitish or yellowish colour, brought from America.

COPAR, *v. a.* (among gardeners) to top, or cut off the top.

COPAS, *f. f. p.* (a suit at cards) hearts.

COPEIRO, *f. m.* a cup-bearer.

COPELHA, or **COPELLA**, *f. f.* cupel, copel, or cuppel, a furnace made of ashes and burnt bones, to try and purify gold and silver; a crucible.

COPENAGUEN. See **COPPENAGUEN**.

COPIA, *f. f.* a copy; also abundance, plenty, copiousness.

COPIDOR, *f. m.* one who copies any thing, a copier, a transcriber.

Copider de payeis, one who draws from an original.

Copider, (among tradesmen) a book to copy letters in.

COPIA'DO, *a*, adj. See

COPIA'R, *v. a.* to copy, or write out, to transcribe.

Copiar hum paynel, to copy or draw from an original. See also **IMITAR**.

Copiar, *f. m.* (In the Brasils.) See **ALPENDRE**.

COPIOSAMENTE, adv. copiously, abundantly.

COPIOSO, *a*, adj. copious, plentiful, abundant.

COPISTA, *f. m.* one that copies writings, a copier.

COPLA, *f. f.* a catch, a song, a stanza. See the Art of poetry of John Dias Reagisso.

COPPO, *f. m.* a cup, a glass to drink out of; also one of the southern constellations called Hydra.

Copo grande sem pé, a tumbler.

Fallano he grande copo, such a one is a toper, a man that drinks much.

Copo da balança. See **BALANÇA**.

Copo da espada, the shell of a sword-hilt.

Copos de roca. See **ROCA**.

Copo da brida, the branches of a bridle.

COPPENAGUEN, Copenhagen, a free imperial city, the capital of all Denmark, and the royal residence in Danish Kiobenhaun, anciently Kiobmanthaun, i. e. the Harbour of Merchants, on account of its fine haven and commodious situation for trade; in Lat. *Hafnia*.

COPRA, *f. f.* (in India) so they call the pulp or kernel of the coco when dry. See **COCO**.

COPULA, *f. f.* copulation, a carnal coupling.

Copula, (in logic) copula, or the verb which joins together any two terms, in an affirmative or negative proposition.

COPULATIVA, (in grammar) copulative, that which serves to couple, or join; as *Conjunção copulativa*, a copulative conjunction.

C O Q

CO'QUE, *f. m.* a back-hand slap; also a buffet or blow with some broad flat thing.

COQUEADA, *f. f.* so they call by the figure onomatopoeia, the noise made by the monkeys; also the cry made by the sailors in India when they spy land.

COQUEIRO, *f. m.* the coco-tree, otherwise called the palm-tree, because like the palm.

COQUILHO, *f. m.* a little coco-nut that comes from the Brasils; they generally make snuff boxes and beads out of it.

C O R

CO'R, *f. f.* colour, also colour, looks, or complexion.

Cor viva, a lively or gay colour.

Cor triste, a dull colour.

Cor escura, a sad or dark colour.

Cor carregada, a deep colour.

Cor de rosa, rosy colour, or roset.

Cor de palha, straw colour.

Cor de verde mar, ou *verde claro*, plunket colour.

Cor vermelha muito viva, ou *carmin*, carmine, a bright red colour.

Cor incarnada, carnation colour.

Cor de carne, flesh colour.

Cor carmesim, *cor vermelha*, crimson red.

Cor de mel, a dark yellow.

Cor baça, brown, tawny, a dim, or dark colour, dusky.

Cor macilenta, a pale faded colour.

Dois cores, *furtacores*, or *cambiantes*, a deep changeable colour.

Pintura toda de huma cor, *camaieu*, a painting in which there is but one colour.

Mudar de cor, to change the colour as a man does upon a surprize; also to blush.

Ella tem bellas cores, she has a fresh colour.

Cobrar a cor, to recover, to take up again, to resume the colour.

Cor para o rosto, paint, a counterfeit colour.

Cor, a cloke, or pretence, an excuse, or plea.

Cores de eloquencia, rhetorical figures and ornaments.

Não sej de que cor elle seja, I know nothing of him, I never saw him.

Cor, heart, memory, remembrance: this word has always the particle *de* before it.

Saber de cor alguma coisa, to know something by heart.

CORAÇAM, *f. m.* heart.

Mal do coraçam, the pain of the heart.

Corar e coraçam, to break the heart

Isto me certa o coraçam, this makes my heart ache.

Eu o farei de bom coraçam, I shall do it willingly.

Com todo o meu coraçam, with all my heart, willingly.

Nenbuma coisa trago tanto no coraçam, *como*, &c. nothing is dearer, or more acceptable to me, than, &c.

Trazer no coraçam, to value, to esteem, to have at heart, to cherish.

Coraçam, spirit, coarage, heart, mettle.

Ter coraçam, to have courage.

Elle tem muita falsa de coraçam, he is very much out of heart.

Não tenho coraçam para dizello, my heart will not serve to speak it.

Falto do coraçam, faint-hearted.

Que tem grande coraçam, stout-hearted.

Que tem coraçam alegre, light-hearted.

Que tem coraçam cruel, e *duro*, hard-hearted.

Fitras do coraçam, heart-strings.

Bom para o coraçam, hearty, hale, good for the heart.

Agua que conforta o coraçam, heart's-ease, a sort of strong water.

Cabir o coraçam aos pés, to be faint-hearted.

Não tive coraçam para lá bir, I could not find in my heart to go.

Isto me chega ao coraçam, this grieves, or strikes me to the very heart.

Tenho certa coisa no coraçam, *que me não atrevo a diz r*, something lies upon my heart, which I dare not reveal.

Elle conhece inteiramente o meu coraçam, he knows the bottom of my heart.

Coraçam lizo e sincero, an upright heart.

Aquillo chegou-lhe mais ao coraçam, *que outra coisa*, that went more to the heart of him than any thing else.

Meu coraçam, (an expression of endearment) my dear heart.

Coraçam, (metaph.) the heart, or midst.

No coraçam do inverno, in the midst of winter.

O coraçam de Portugal, the heart or midst of Portugal.

Diz me o coraçam, I surmise, think, or imagine.

Coraçam do pão, the pith or heart of a tree.

Coraçam do ceo. See **CULMINANTE**.

Planeta que está no coraçam do sol, a planet that is not above nineteen minutes distant from the sun.

Coraçam de galo, a sort of grapes so called.

P. fazer das tripas coraçam. See **TRI-PA**.

Coraçam-finho, (a word of endearment) a little or pure heart, a sweet-heart, a minion.

CORACORA, or **COROCORA**, a sort of long vessel with oars, in India.

CORAÇU'DO, *a*, adj. See **ANIMOSO**.

COR

CORADO, *a*, adj. coloured; also disguised, pretended. See also **APPARENTE**, **FINGIDO**, and the *v.* **CORAR**.

CORAGEM, or **CORAGE**, *f. f.* courage, heat, valour, resolution, boldness, daringness, mettle.

CORAL, *f. m.* coral, a kind of shrub that grows in the sea; also a tree brought from India.

Vermelho como coral, coralline, red as coral.

Fino como um coral, as fine as coral; this signifies an arch roguish boy.

Coraes de peru, wattles, the red pugged flesh that hangs under a turkey-cock's neck.

Coraes do gallo, the wattles of a cock, jawlaps.

Coral, adj. belonging to the choir of a church.

Canto coral. See *Canto chao*.

Gota coral. See *GOTA*.

CORALLINA, *f. f.* coralline, a sort of moss sticking to the corals; and also to the rocks.

CORAR, *v. a.* to colour, to dye; also to disguise, to cloak, to palliate. (*Metaph*)

Corar os succos, to paint, to beautify the face.

Corar, (speaking of linen) to bleach.

Corar-se, *v. r.* to recover the colour; also to wax red, or blush.

CORARIA, *f. f.* the royal collegiate church of the town of Guimaraens, in Portugal.

CORÇA, *f. f.* the female of a hind, a she-deer, a doe. See **COCAR-SE**.

Gordura de corça, ou *corço*, suet, the fat of a deer.

Corça de tres annos, a spade, a deer of three years old.

CORCHETE. See **COLCHETE**.

CORÇO, *f. m.* a wild buck. See also **COSSO**.

Corço de d. is annos, a pricker, a buck in his second year.

Corço, ou *corça de hum anno*, a fawn.

CORCOMA. See **CARCOMA**.

CORCOMIDO. See **CARCOMIDO**.

CORCOVA, *f. f.* a bunch in the back, on the shoulders, &c.

CORCOPADO, *a*, adj. and *f.* bunched, bosied, bunch-backed, crooked backed, crump shouldered.

Corcovado, *f. m.* a sort of fish caught near the Moluccas islands.

CORCOVO, *f. m.* crupadé, a bounding of a horse.

CORCOZ, *f. m.* he who has a bunch, a bunch-backed man.

CORCULHER, *f. f.* a lark.

CORDA, *f. f.* a cord, rope, halter, line.

Entesar huma corda, to stretch out a cord.

Cordas de instrumentos musicos, strings for fiddles, &c.

Cordas de latao, wire-strings.

Por cordas na rabeca, to string a fiddle.

Corda do arco, the string of a bow.

COR

Corda, or *marema de borlantium*, a dancing rope.

Corda de enforcar, a hanging cord or rope.

Isto merece a corda, that deserves hanging, he deserves hanging for it.

Cordas do navio, cordage, or ropes belonging to a ship.

Corda com que se ata a antena ao masto, the cord wherewith the sail is bound to the mast.

Corda á qual se pega quem sobe a hum navio, entering rope.

Corda que puxa a frega, the rope which bargemen use to pull their barges along against the tide.

Corda que se ata ao navio para o rebocar, halter, hawser, a cable, or rope to tow a ship along with.

Corda á qual se cozem as velas, bolt-rope.

Corda para enxugar a roupa, a cloath-line.

Corda de inquirir, a rope to tie a burden with.

Dar corda ao relógio, to wind up a clock or watch.

Dar corda a alguém, to veer out a line; that is, to give one rope enough, to let a mango on without check.

Corda de ferrania. See **CORDIHEIRA**.

Corda, (in anatomy) tendon, the extremity of a muscle, where its fibres run into a strong springy chord.

Corda de roldana, the line or rope that runneth in the pulley.

Corda pequena. See **CORDINHA**.

P. nem tanto puxar, que se quebre a corda; that is, things must not be carried too far.

P. em casa de ladrao, não falles em corda, name not a rope where one has hanged himself.

CORDAM, *f. m.* a lace, such as women use to their stays; any silk rope, twist, braid, or lace; also a friars rope, or cord full of knots; ex. *Corda de S. Francisco*, St. Francis's girdle.

Cordaõ, (in fortification) cordon, a plinth, or edge of stone, a stone jutting out between the rampart and the basis of the parapet; it goes quite round the fortification.

Cordaõ, (in architecture) cordon, the edge of stone on the outside of a building.

Cordaõ de ouro, a little gold chain, used particularly by women.

Cordões de huma bolsa. See **BOLSA**.

Cordaõ de cavalleria, a troop of horse that surrounds any place.

CORDEADO, *a*, adj. See

CORDEAR, *v. a.* to measure by the cord.

CORDEIRA, *f. f.* a ewe lamb.

CORDEIRINHO, *f. m.* a little lamb, or lambkin.

Cordeirinho que ainda mama, a sucking lamb; diminut. from

CORDEIRO, *f. m.* a lamb. See also **PARTEO**.

Cordeiros tardios, lambs weaned after

Lammas, coisset-lambs.

COR

Berrar o cordeiro, to bay, or bleat like a lamb.

CORDEL, *f. m.* a small cord, or line.

Cordeis com que se dão tratos, little cords wherewith they stretch people upon the rack, to make them confess.

CORDELEJO, *f. m.* (a familiar word) a sharp reprimand.

CORDIACA, or **CORDICIA**, *f. f.* a sort of disease in the heart of a horse.

CORDIAL, adj. cordial, good for the heart; also cordial, sincere, free, open, affectioned.

Cordiãl, *f. m.* a cordial, a physical drink to comfort the heart.

CORDIALMENTE, adv. cordially, heartily, sincerely.

CORDICIA. See **CORDIACA**.

CORDILHEIRA, or **CORDA de Serrania**, a long chain or ridge of hills.

Cordilheiras, the famous chain of mountains consisting of two ridges, that traverse America from south to north, called the Cordilheiras of the Andes.

CORDINHA, *f. f.* a small rope, or cord.

Cordinha que tecida com outra compõem a corda, a twist.

CORDOALHA, *f. f.* cordage, all the ropes belonging to the rigging or tackling of a ship.

CORDOARIA, *f. f.* a rope-yard, a place where cords are made or sold.

CORDOEIRO, *f. m.* a rope-maker.

CORDOVAM, *f. m.* Cordovan leather, made out of goat skins, at Cordova in Spain.

CORDU'RA, *f. f.* discretion, gravity, wisdom.

COREA, *f. f.* a dance where many dance together; a ball.

COREIXA. } See { **GROU**.

COREMA. } See { **QUARESMA**.

CORJA, *f. f.* (an Indian word) the number twenty.

CORICA, *f. f.* a sort of parrot.

CORIFE O, or **CORYFEO**, the chief, or principal.

CORINTHO, Corinth, by the Turks called Gereme, anciently a celebrated city in the Morea of Turkey in Europe. Its first name was Ephyræ: it had also the name of Hehopolis and Bimasis.

Ordem Corinthia, (in architecture) the Corinthian order.

CORISCO. See **PEDRA de corisco**.

CORISTA, *f. m.* a young friar passed his noviceship, but under age to receive holy orders.

CORNA, or **CORNADURA**, the head or horns of a deer.

Primeira corna, crowned top, the first head of a deer.

Corna, a horn in which hunters and country-people use to put fish, meat, &c.

CORNA'CA, *f. m.* (an Indian word) the

the man who takes care of, and teaches the elephant.

CORNA DA, *f. f.* a push, or punch with a beast's horn.

CORNADURA. See **CORNA**.

CORNAS, or **HORNAVEQUES**, (in fortification) horn-work; it is an out-work which advances towards the field, carrying in the fore-part two demi bastions, in the form of horns.

CORNEIRA, *f. f.* a sort of strap of a bull's hide, to tie the horns of the oxen to the yoke.

CORNELINA, *f. f.* the cornelian stone.

CORNEO, *a*, adj. of, or like horn, honey, make of horn.

CORNETA, *f. f.* cornet, a sort of musical instrument made of horn, or something like a hautboy; also an instrument used by shepherds.

Corneta da mentaria, bugle-horn, or a hunter's horn.

Corneta, a cornet, a woman's cornet.

CORNICA BRA PERA, a sort of pear so called.

CORNIFERO. See **CORNIGERO**.

CORNIGE. See **CORNIJA**.

CORNIGERO, *a*, adj. that wears, or carries horns.

CORNIJA, *f. f.* (in architecture) cornish, or cornice.

CORNI NHO, *f. m.* a little horn, such as snails have; diminut. from

CORNO, *f. m.* a horn.

Per os cornu a algum, to cuckold one.

Cornos da lua nova, the horns of the crescent, or moon in its increase.

Quebrar os cornos a algum, to break one's horns; that is, to humble one.

Corns, (an ancient military word) the wing of an army.

Corno de Abundancia, the horn of plenty. *Substancia porosa que cresce dentro dos cornos das boys*, &c. See **SABUGO**.

Não val hum corno, it is not worth a pin.

Mudar os cornos, to shed the horns, as deer do.

CORNOZO LLO, a sort of horse-shoe.

CORNUALHA, *f. f.* Cornwall, the furthest of any part of Great Britain. In Lat. *Cornubia*.

CORNUCOPIA, *f. f.* plenty, abundance, and also the horn full of many things painted, or carved in the hands of Plenty, or Amathia.

CORNU DO, *a*, adj. horned.

Cornudo, *f. m.* a cuckold.

Cornudo consentidor, a witol, wittal, a contented cuckold. Lat. *carruca*.

CORNU TO, *a*, adj. ex. *Argumento cornuto*. See **DILEMMA**.

Obras cornutas. See **CORNAS**.

CORO, *f. m.* choir, the chorus; also choir, the quire of the church where in divine service is said or sung; also the clergy or musicians that sing.

Menino do coro, a singing-boy that sings in divine services, a choirster.

CORO A, *f. f.* a crown, a diadem, a garland; also some ancient coins.

Coroa de religioso, the crown that is shaved on a religious man's head.

Coroa da caleça, noll, noul, the crown of the head.

Coroa triumphal, a garland of laurel, or crown of pure gold, sent to the emperor or general in honour of triumph.

Coroa obsidional, a garland made of herbs, given to him who had raised the siege.

Coroa civica, a garland of oak, given to him that saved a citizen's life, by the person who was so saved.

Coroa mural, a crown given to him who first scaled the wall and entered the town.

Coroa naval, a crown formed like beaks of ships, given to him who first boarded an enemy's ship, or by whose means a sea victory was obtained.

Coroa oval, a garland given to a prince or captain for a victory without slaughter of men, or when the enemies subdued were vile and base.

Coroa, (*reyno*) crown, kingdom, monarchy.

Bens da coroa, the king's demesnes, crown-lands.

Coroa, (a meteor) a circle about the sun, moon, or stars.

Coroa de Aiadna, a constellation of seven stars.

Coroa do monte, the top of a mountain.

Coroa de res, the herb melilot.

Coroa de nossa Senhora, a chaplet, a pair of beads. See also **CASTOR e Pollux**.

Coroa de casco do hum cavallo, an horse's coronet.

Coroa ou obra coroadada, (in fortification) crowned work.

COROAÇÃO, *f. f.* coronation, the act or solemnity of crowning a king.

COROA DO, *a*, adj. See **COROA**.

Obra coroadada. See **COROA**.

COROA R, *v. a.* to crown.

COROA, or **CROÇA**, *f. f.* a sort of cloak made of bulrushes, &c. used by country people to keep off the rain. See also **ENCOROA DO**.

COROCHA. See **CAROCHA**.

COROGRAFIA, *f. f.* chorography.

COROGRAFO, *f. m.* a chorographer.

COROLLARIO, *f. m.* a corollary, or inference. See also **COMPENDIO**.

CORONAL, (in anatomy) ex. *Off. coronal*, coronal, coronale, the coronal bone, or bone in the forehead.

Veas e art. rias coronatis, coronaria vasa.

CORONEL, *f. m.* a colonel.

Coronel, (in heraldry) a duke's or marquis's coronet.

CORONELERIA, *f. f.* colonelship, the office or post of a colonel.

CORONHA. } See **CRONHA**.
CORONICA. } See **CRONICA**.

CORONIDE, *f. f.* the end of any thing; also the cornice, or top ornament of a pillar or other member of a building.

CORONISTA. See **CRONISTA**.

CORONILHA, a sort of cawl for the head.

CORPINHO, *f. m.* a little body; also a little doublet or waistcoat, generally worn by women.

CORPO, *f. m.* body, a compound of matter and form.

Corpo morto, a dead body or corpse.

Tomar a forma de hum corpo, to be shaped, or fashioned into a body.

Corpo do corpo, belonging to the body.

Corpo a corpo, body to body, man to man, hand to hand.

Em corpo, in cuerpo, ex. *Estar vestido em corpo*, to be in cuerpo, or to be without the upper coat, or cloke, so as to discover the true shape of the cuerpo or body.

Meo corpo, a bust, a statue representing only the head, breast, and shoulders of a human body.

Corpo, body, society, company.

Corpo, body, strength, speaking of wine, &c.

Corpo de gente de guerra, body, a whole army, or a certain number of soldiers.

Corpo da batalha. See **BATALHA**.

Corpo de reserva, a reserve of soldiers, or body of reserve.

Corpo da guarda, the corps de guard.

Fazer corpo por si, to live by one's self.

Corpo de direito civil, a body of civil law.

Corpo, body, a collection of what relates to an art or science, out of one, or several authors.

Corpo de delicto, the coroner's inquest.

Corpo da divisa. See **DIVISA**.

Corpo de armas, a breast-plate, or coat of mail.

Corpo santo, (a fiery meteor.) See **CAS-TOR** and **POLLUX**.

Corpo de Deos, Corpus Christi day.

CORPORAL, adj. corporal, bodily, belonging to the body; it is used as a substantive for the corporale, or linen cloth on which the host or blessed sacrament is laid by the priest, who officiates at mass.

Crime corporal, the adultery or incest committed by a bishop.

CORPOREIDADE, *f. f.* (in philosophy) corporicity.

CORPOREO, *a*, adj. bodily, corporeal, that hath a body.

CORPOFERARIO, one that carries a body.

CORPULENCIA, *f. f.* corpulency, bulkiness, or grossness of body.

CORPULENTO, *a*, adj. corpulent, gross, bulky.

CORPUS, ex. *O dia de Corpus*, Corpus Christi day.

CORRA,

COR

CORRA, f. f. the rope that runs round with an engine called *NORA*, which see.

CORREA, f. f. a leather strap, or thong.

Correa de castigar, a whip, or scourge made of thongs.

P. do couro lbe sabem as correas, the thongs come out of his skin; that is, he pays for it.

Correa, ou cinta de couro, a girdle of leather.

Correa tu atilho que se psem nas costas dos livros quando se encadernão, a band for a book.

Correa de gladsador. See *CESTO*.

CORREIA, or **CORRIAM**, f. m. a broad thong of leather; also a shoulder-belt, or collar for soldiers.

CORRIOENS *do coche*, the main braces of a coach.

CORREARIA, f. f. the street, or place where they make purses, scrips, or any thing made of leather, except shoes.

CORRECÇÃO, f. f. correction, punishment, reproof; also correction, or amending, reforming; also correction, a figure when the orator unsays what he has already said, and says something more fit in the stead of it.

CORRECTAMENTE, adv. correctly, without a fault.

CORRECTIVO, (among physicians) corrective.

CORRECTO, a, adj. correct.

Medicamento correcte, a corrective.

CORRECTOR, f. m. a corrector.

CORRECTORA, f. f. she that corrects.

CORREDELLA. See **CORRIDA**.

CORREDEMPTO, f. m. the person, who, with another, helps a third.

CORREDEMPTO, f. f. she that with another helps a third.

CORREDIÇAS, f. f. p. a sort of shutters or frames for the windows that slide on both sides, contrary to those that are so formed as to be let up and down.

CORREDIÇA. See **CORTINA**.

CORREDIÇO, ex. *Nô corredio*, a slip knot.

Cabello corredio. See **CABELLO**.

CORREDOR, f. m. a sort of gallery, or passage in the houses; also a spy in wars, a scout, one that goes out to discover, or to scour the country. See also **ANDARIM**.

Corredor, (in fortification) corridor, or covered way.

Ginete corredor, a hunting nag.

Corredores, the name of two currents in the bay of Lisbon.

Cardo corredor. See **CARDO**.

Corredor da folha, he who looks and takes care of the books wherein the names of the persons that are guilty are set down.

Corredor, he who runs in a race, a racer.

CORREDOURA, f. f. See **GALGA**.

COR

CORREEIRO, f. m. he who makes purses, scrips, or any other thing of leather, except shoes.

CORREENTO, a, adj. hard as leather, (speaking of fowls, geese, &c.)

CORREFERIDO, a, adj. See **CORREFERIR**.

CORREFERIR, v. n. or **CORREFERIR-SE**, v. r. to have a mutual relation to another.

CORREGEDOR, f. m. the chief civil magistrate in every city or town of note, appointed by the king.

Corregedor do civil, a judge that takes cognizance of civil causes.

Corregedor do crime, the judge that takes cognizance of criminal causes.

CORREGEDORIA, the office or dignity of such magistrate.

CORREGER, v. a. to correct, to amend, to punish, to chastise.

Corregger hum navio, to refit a ship, to repair it.

CORREGIDO, a, adj. See **CORREGER**.

Gente corrigida, (an antiquated phrase) people that are neatly dressed.

CORREGIMENTO, f. m. the stopping a leak, (speaking of ships that leak.)

CORREGO, f. m. a canal, or channel.

CORREIÇA, f. f. so they call the going out of a corregedor to administer justice in the places belonging to his jurisdiction. See **CORREGEDOR**.

CORREJOULA. See **CORRIJOLA**.

CORRELAÇÃO, f. f. a mutual relation to another.

CORRELATAÇÃO. See **CORREFERIDO**.

CORRELATAR. See **CORREFERIR**.

CORRELATIVO, a, adj. correlative, that has mutual relation.

CORRENÇA, f. f. See **DIARRHEA**.

CORRENTE, f. f. the current of a river, or of the sea.

Seguir a corrente, to run along with the stream, to go down the stream.

Hir contra a corrente, to go against the stream.

Seguir a corrente de algum, to imitate a person.

Corrente, a chain for prisoners.

Corrent, course, progress.

Corrente, adj. running, that runs.

Corrente, (in heraldry) courant, running, or represented in a running posture.

Moeda corrente, current, or courant coin, or money.

Corrente, general, common, universal.

Estilo corrente, smooth, or ease style.

Persô corrente, a verse that runs smooth.

Corrente, courant, or current, a term used to express the present time; as, the year 1770 is the current year.

Aos dez da corrente, the tenth courant, the tenth day of the month now running.

COR

Corrente, easy to be done.

Homem corrente, a man easy to be pleased, a man of gentle temper.

Estar corrente com algum, to agree together.

Corrente, ready, inclined.

Corrente, free from cares.

Corrente, or **VERSADO**, which see.

Corrente, adv. expeditiously, easily, without hesitation.

Correntes, a sort of small tax.

CORREIO, f. m. a courier, a post, a letter-carrier; also the post-office.

Correo de pé, a foot post.

Correo mar, post master general.

CORRE, v. n. to run, to flow like liquor; also trickle, or trickle down, (speaking of tears.)

Correr com toda a pressa, to fly upon a full speed.

Correr a posta, to ride post.

Correr a cortina, to draw the curtain.

Correr risco, to run the hazard.

Corri risco de afagarrar, I was like to be drowned.

Correr as ruas, to go from side to side, to gad or rove up and down, as vagabonds do.

Correr tal vento, is for such a wind to blow.

Correr a ruore seca, (sea language) to spoon, to lie a hull; a term used of a ship when she takes all her sails in, in a storm, because she cannot carry them.

Correr a campanha, (a military expression) to scour the country for intelligence.

Correr tormenta, to be tossed by the waves in a storm.

Este livro não corre em França, the reading of this book is forbidden in France.

Correr a moeda, is for coin to be current.

Correr huma effocada, to run through with a sword.

Correr touros, to ride at the bulls, as gentlemen do in Portugal and Spain, with spears and on horseback.

Correr a argola, to run at the ring.

Correr o mundo, to go up and down the world, to travel about.

Correr os mares, to rove on, or up and down the sea.

Correr, (speaking of time) to run, slip, go, or pass away.

Correr de cá e de lá, to ramble about, to gad up and down.

Correr com algum negocio, to handle, or manage a business.

Correr a poz de alguma couza, to run after a thing, ambitiously to seek after it.

Isso corre por minha conta, I'll take care of it, I'll be answerable for it.

Correr a voz, it is said, it is given out, or reported.

Fazer correr huma voz, to be the author of a report.

Correr, to reach, to be extended.

Esta razão não corre, this reason does not hold.

Carta a folha das que estam presas, to turn over the book wherein the names of the prisoners are set down.
Carta-me a obrigacão, it is my duty.
Cartar o mesmo risco, to be in the same case.
Cartar, or *correndo*, hastily, in full speed, in a hurry.
Cartar, (speaking of liquids) viz.
Cartar para baixo, to flow, to swim down.
Cartar para dentro, to flow into, to run into.
Cartar por entre, to flow or run between.
Cartar além, to flow, or run beyond.
Cartar para algum lugar, to flow in.
Cartar ao redor, to flow about.
Cartar por baixo, to run, or flow under.
Cartar juntamente, to flow together out of divers places.
Cartar-se, v. r. See *ENVERGONHAR-SE*.
Cartar-se, v. imp. they run.
CORRERI'A, f. f. an excursion of soldiers.
CORRESPONDENCIA, f. f. correspondence, as by letters; also a return for a kindness received; also uniformity in building.
CORRESPONDENTE, f. m. correspondent.
Correspondente, adj. agreeable, answerable. See
CORRESPONDER, v. n. to correspond, answer, to agree with; also to make a return for a kindness.
Corresponder-se, v. r. to correspond, to hold a correspondence one with another.
CORRESPONDIDO. See *CORRESPONDER*.
CORRETA'GEM, f. f. brokerage.
CORRETO'R, f. m. a broker.
Corretor de amores, a pimp.
CORRI'A'M. } See { *CORREAM*.
CORRICO'CHE. } See { *SEGE*.
CORRI'DA. } See { *CURSO*.
De corrida, hastily, in a hurry.
CORRIDO, a, adj. See the v. *CORRER*. See also *ENVERGONHADO*.
Navio de ponte corrida. See *PONTE*.
CORRIGIDO. See *CORREGIDO*.
CORRIGIR. See *CORREGER*.
CORRIJO'LA, or *CORREJOLA*, f. f. the herb knot-grass.
CORRI'LHO, f. m. See *CONVENTICULO*.
Fazer corrilhos, ou *andar por corrilhos*, to haunt the markets, or other public places.
CORRIMA'ÇA. See *VAYA*.
CORRIMA'M, f. m. the piece on the rails of the stairs on which we lay our hand as we go up or down. *Paf-famozo*, Spanish.
De corridão, or *de corrida*. See *CORRIDA*.
CORRIMENTO, f. m. (in physic) a flowing of humours, or rheum.
CORRIOLA, f. f. the herb withwind,

or bind-weed; also a sort of play used by gypsies.
CORRIOLA, a vulgar word, signifying a scrape, secret, or plunge.
Fazer cabir algum na corriola, to let one into a secret, to trick, or cheat him.
CORRIPIO, f. m. a whirling, or turning round.
CORRIQUEIRO. See *TRIVIAL*.
CO'RRIO, f. m. a place to bait bulls.
CORROBORAÇ'AM, f. f. a corroboration, or strengthening.
CORROBORADO, a, adj. See *CORROBORAR*.
CORROBORA'NTE, adj. corroborative.
CORROBORAR, v. a. to corroborate, to strengthen a weak or feeble part, to confirm or make good an evidence, or argument.
CORROER, v. a. to corrode, or eat up.
CORROIDO, a, adj. See *CORROER*.
CORROMPER, v. a. to corrupt, to taint, deprive, debauch, spoil, adulterate, or mar; also to corrupt, bribe, or pervert.
Corromper-se, v. r. is for liquors to decay; also to corrupt.
CORROMPIDO, a, adj. corrupted, &c. according to the v. It is also said of a thing that was divulged, notwithstanding all endeavours to keep it secret.
CORROSA'M, f. f. corrosion.
CORROSIVIDADE, f. f. corrosiveness.
CORROSIVO, adj. corrosive.
Medicamento corrosivo, a corrosive, or corroding medicine.
CORRUPÇ'AM, f. f. corruption, putrefaction, rottenness; also bribery; also alteration, change in languages.
CORRUPTAME'NTE, adv. corruptly.
CORRUPTELA, f. f. corruption, depravation, only in the figurative.
CORRUPTIVEL, adj. corruptible.
CORRUPTO, a, adj. See *CORRUMPIDO*.
O Portuguez he hum Latim corrupto, Portuguese is a broken Latin.
CORRUPTO'R, f. m. a corruptor, a debaucher.
CORRUPTO'RA, f. f. a woman that corrupts, or spoils.
CO'RSA, and *CORSO*. See *CORÇA*, and *CORÇO*.
CORSARIO. See *COSSARIO*.
CO'RSO, f. m. (a sea term) a cruising.
Andar a corso, to cruise.
Corso, one of the most frequented streets in Rome.
CORTADO'LSAS, f. m. (a vulgar word) a cut-purse.
CORTADEIRA, or *TALHADEIRA*, f. f. an iron to make button-holes with; also a broad blade of a sword.
CORTADO, a, adj. cut; also spent, wasted, worn out.

Cortado, (retalhado.) See *RETALHADO*.
Cortado, (speaking of the ransom of a captive) ex. *Em quanto sey cortado?* how much is to be paid for his ransom?
Cortado de temor, desponded, frightened, astonished, amazed. See also *APARADO*, and the v. *CORTAR*.
CORTADOR, a, adj. sharp, cutting.
Espada cortadora, a sharp cutting sword.
CORTADO'R, f. m. a butcher.
CORTADU'RA, f. f. a cut, a jag. See also *AMEA*, and *ENTRINCHERAMENTO*.
CORTAMENTO. See *CORTADURA*.
CORTAR, v. a. to cut.
Cortar em pedacos, to cut in pieces, or asunder.
Cortar huma arvore, to fell, or cut a tree.
Cortar a cabeça a algum, to cut off one's head.
Cortar huma bolsa, to cut a purse.
Cortar o vestido, to cut a suit of cloaths.
Cortar a algum de vestir, (metaph.) to slander, to rail, to back-bite, to speak ill of one.
Cortar por si, to desist, to cease, to leave off, to yield in order to avoid, or prevent a strife.
Cortar as unhas, to pare, cut, or clip the nails.
Cortar a erva, to mow the grass.
Cortar huma carta com hum tranço, to ruff, to trump a card not a trump.
O que corta, a cutter.
O que corta lenha, a wood-cleaver, a feller of wood.
Cortar por todos, to have a satyirical virulent tongue, to spare no body.
Cortar o coraçao. See *CORAÇAM*.
Cortar ou aparar o bico ao falcão, to cope, to pare the beak of a hawk.
Cortar as azas. See *AZAS*.
Cortar hum capão na mesa, to cut up a capon.
Cortar, (abreviar.) See *ABREVIAR*.
Cortar, (atalhar.) See *ATALHAR*.
Cortar, (pronunciar.) See *PRONUNCIAR*.
Cortar, (interromper.) See *INTERROMPER*.
Cortar large, (a sea term) to sail away large.
Cortar, to end, to finish, to make an end, to lay aside, or leave off; also not to mind, nor make account of a thing.
Consa que se pode cortar, that may be cut, cleaved, or taken a sunder.
P. cortar o vestido conforme o panno, to cut one's coat according to the cloth.
Cortar ou aparar hum livro, to cut a book.
Cortar os mares, to sail.
Faz hum vento que corta a cara, there's a wind that cuts one's face, or there's a cutting wind.

COR

Cortar os arts, to fly.
O vinagre corta os beiços, vinegar cuts the lips.
Cortar por si. See **VIOLENTAR-SE**.
Cortar a dilacão, to cut off delays.
Cortar, **DIMINUIR**, **ABATER**, **REPRIMIR**; see them in their proper places, (in a moral sense.)
Cortar ao redor, to clip, or cut round about.
Cortar pelo meio, to cut in the midst, to hew asunder.
Cortar bum pouco, to cut a little.
Cortár-se, v. a. to cut one's self.
CORTE, f. f. the court of a prince, the place where the prince resides.
A corte do grão Turco. See **PORTA OTHOMANA**.
Fazer corte, to endeavour to please, to make one's court to a prince.
Diade corte, court day.
Homem de corte, a courtier, a follower of the court.
Cousa da corte, court-like, of the court, belonging to the court.
Côrte, f. m. the edge. See also **CORTADURA**.
Corte da espada, the edge of a sword.
Espada com duas cortes, a two-edged sword.
De corte, with the edge, with a cutting blow.
Dar de corte, to cut, to slash.
Corte da mata, the felling of wood.
Corte de pano, seda, &c. any quantity of cloth, silk, &c. that does not come to a piece.
Este corte he bastante para bum vestido, there is cloth enough to make a suit of cloaths.
Corte, a medium, or expedient, terms of the composition of a difference.
Dar bum corte, to come to a medium.
Corte de cavallos, stables.
Corte de b. ys, an ox-stall.
Corte de ovelhas, a sheep-fold.
Corte de porcos, a hog's sty.
Corte de cabrais, a house for goats.
CORTEJA DO, a, adj. See **CORTEJA'R**, v. a. to make one's court to a prince, or some other person, to attend, to court.
Cortejar as senhoras, to court the ladies.
CORTEJO, f. m. attendance, train, or retinue.
CORTELHO de porcos. See **POSILGA**.
CORTES, f. f. p. the estates, or the assembly of the three estates of the kingdom, viz. the clergy, nobility, and commonalty. The first cortes in the kingdom of Portugal were held at Lamego.
Fazer cortes, is for the three estates to assemble, meet, or get together.
Chamar a cortes, to call or assemble the three estates.
CORTEZ, adj. courteous, civil, affable, kind.
CORTEZAM, f. m. a courtier, a follower of the court. See also **CORTEZ**.

COR

Bispo cortezão, a titular bishop in the king's chapel in Portugal.
CORTEZANIA, f. f. courtliness, civility, courtesy, a courtier's manners.
CORTEZIA, f. f. civility, kindness, courtesy, good manners; also a bow, a reverence, a courtesy, obedience, an act of reverence by inclination of the body.
Fazer mal huma cortezia, to scrape a leg.
CORTEZMENTE, adv. courteously, kindly, civilly.
CORTIÇA, f. f. a rind, or bark. It is generally taken for the cork or bark of the cork-tree.
Relha de cortiça, a cork.
Tapar com relha de cortiça, to cork, to stop with a cork.
CORTIÇO, f. m. a hive, or bee-hive; also a sort of bird.
Lugar aonde estão os cortiços, the place where bee-hives stand.
CORTIDO, a, adj. soaked, steeped, watered, softened by watering; also tanned.
Cortido, spent, wasted, worn out.
CORTIDO'R, f. m. a tanner.
CORTIMENTO, f. m. tanning.
Cortimento dos vinhos, the making of wine by separating the grapes from the stalks to take the roughness from it.
CORTINA, f. f. a curtain.
Ornar com cortinas, to curtain.
Cortina da cama, a bed-curtain.
Cortina da janella, window-curtain.
Correr ou fechar a cortina. See **FECHAR**.
Correr, ou abrir a cortina, to draw the curtain, to open it so as to discern the object.
Varam, ou verga de ferro por donde correm as cortinas da cama, the lath of a bed, or curtain-rod.
CORTINA, (in fortification) curtain, the part of the wall or rampart that runs from one bastion to another.
CORTINA'DO, f. m. a set of curtains.
CORTI'R, v. a. to soak, to make soft by steeping; also to tan or dress with tan.
Cortir os vinhos, to make wine by separating the grapes from the stalks to take the roughness from it.
Cortir couros, to tan, to curry, or dress leather.
Cortir, to inure or accustom, to exercise, or train up.
Cortir-se com o trabalho, to inure one's self to hardship.
Cortir a pelle, (metaph.) to slander, to rail, to back-bite.
Cortir a cal, to slake lime.
CORUCHEO, or **CURUCHEO**. See **PINACULO**.
Corucheo sobre columna, the chapter of a pillar.
CORTEJADO. See **CORTEJA'R**, v. n. to suckle, to

COS

mind a thing and apply himself earnestly and vigorously to it. From *Corvus*, a crow; because the crows stick to the dead bodies, when once they have begun to eat them.
CORVINA, f. f. a sort of sea-fish; so called, because its fins are as black as a crow.
CORU'JA, or **CURUJA**, f. f. owl, the great owl.
CORUNHA, f. f. Corunna, commonly called the Groyne; it is the ancient Brigantium in Galicia, a maritime province of Spain.
CORVO, f. m. a crow.
Gritar o corvo, to kaw as a crow.
Cervo marinho, a cormorant, a sea-raven.
P. criay o corvo tirarvos-há o elbo; it is said of a person that being received in distress, defrauds, or grows too great for him that entertained him.
Cervo, one of the Azores islands, in the Atlantic Ocean. It lies north of Flores, from which it is divided by a channel; about two miles in breadth. It is only three miles in circuit, has two harbours, and is subject to Portugal.
CORUSCANTE, adj. coruscant, flashing, glittering by flashes. Lat. *coruscus*.
CORUTO, f. m. the top, or round-top of any herb, wherein the seed lieth.

COS

COS dos calções, the waistband of the breeches; also a little doublet worn by women.
Cos, i. e. *com os*, with the, ex. *cos olhos*, with the eyes.
COSCORAM, f. m. a fritter, or pancake.
COSCORO, it is said of linen, cloth, &c. that is wrinkled and stiffened after being washed.
COSCORRAM, f. m. a box on the ear. From *Cosca*, the head, in old Spanish.
COSCORRI'NHO, f. m. that which a son or slave holdeth of their own, under a father, or a master, and is distinct from either of their stocks.
COSCUZEIRO. See **CUSCUZEIRO**.
COSEITO, an antiquated word. See **COZIDO**.
COSE'R, v. a. to sew as a taylor, or seamstress.
Coser ao lume para cozinhar. See **COZER**.
Coser-se com a terra, to lie flat upon the ground; also to coast along, to keep to the shore.
Coser a punhaladas, to stab or kill with a dagger.
COSIDO com agulha. See the v. **COSER**.
Cosido ao lume. See **COZIDO**.
COSINHA. See **COZINHA**.
COSMICO, (in astronomy) *cosmica*, ex. *Nascimento, ou pôr cosmico*, the rising or setting

COS

COS

COT

setting of a star, &c. with the sun; also the ascending above the horizon, or descending below it, (according to Kepler.) Greek.
Cosmico, f. m. See **GLOBO**.
COSMOGRAPHIA, f. f. cosmography. Greek.
COSMOGRAPHICO, a, adj. cosmographical, of, or pertaining to cosmography.
COSMOGRAPHO, f. m. a cosmographer, one skilled in cosmography.
COSMOLABIO, f. m. cosmolabe, an ancient mathematical instrument for measuring distances both in the heavens and on the earth.
COSPIDO. } See **CUSPIDO**.
COSPIR. } **CUSPIR**.
COSSARIO, f. m. corsair, pirate, or robber by sea.
COSSO, f. m. (in India) a measure containing two thousand four hundred, or two thousand five hundred geometrical paces.
COSSO, f. m. ex. *Andar a cosso*, to pirate, to cruise.
Tomar a cosso, is for a corsair to take a ship.
Tomar lebres a cosso, to reach, or overreach the hares.
COSSOLETE, f. m. a corselet, an armour for a pike-man.
COSSOUROS do navio, trucks, (in a ship.)
COSTA, f. f. ex. *Costa do mar*, sea coast.
Navegar costa a costa, to coast along, to keep close to the shore.
Dar a costa, to run a-ground, or on shore.
Costa da mão, the back of the hand.
Costa do monte para baixo, a declivity.
Costa arriba, a bending upwards, steepness.
Costa, a rib.
Costa do couteiro, the ridge of an hill.
Costas do navio, ribs, or side timber of a ship.
Costa de biscute, a piece of biscuit.
Costa de sapateiro, the wedge shoemakers drive in upon the last to raise the shoe on the inlept.
COSTA'DO, f. m. side, or line of confangunity.
Costados do navio, the planks that are laid upon a ship's sides after she is built.
COSTAL, f. m. a sack.
Costal de carne, as much flesh as a man can carry upon his back.
COSTANEIRA, f. f. See **ALA**.
Cestaneira, or *papel cestaneiro*, waste-paper.
COSTAS, f. f. p. the back.
Guardar as costas, to back a man, to stand by him.
Virar as costas a algum, to turn one's back to one; also to forsake one. (Metaph.)
Dar as costas, to run away, to betake one's self to flight, or to one's heels.
Vir nas costas de algum, to be at the heels of another, to be close at his heel, to pursue him close.

Costas com costas, back to back.
Por tudo sobre as costas de algum, to lay all on one's back, to lay all the burden, or charge upon him, (both in the proper and figurative sense.)
Costas do papel, the backside of a leaf.
Cabir de costas, the fall on one's back.
Costas da chaminé, the back of a chimney.
Pancada com as costas da mão, a back-blow, or back-stroke.
Por detrás das costas, behind the back.
Eu o tomarei ás costas, I'll take him up behind me.
Fallar mal de algum por detrás das costas, to back-bite one, to rail at one behind his back, or when he is absent.
O que falla mal de algum por detrás das costas, a back-biter.
Deitar algum de costas, to turn upward, to lay one on his back.
Que está de costas, turned with the belly upward, lying along on his back.
Ter as costas quentes em algum, to be backed, or supported by one. (Metaph.)
Ca para traz das costas, (a low and vulgar expression) by no means.
Deitar huma coisa para traz das costas, to forget a thing, to make slight of it.
COSTEADO, a, adj. See **COSTEAR**.
COSTEAR, v. a. to coast along, to keep close to the shore.
COSTEIRO. See **COSTA do couteiro**.
COSTELA, f. f. a rib; also a sort of snare for birds.
COSTILHA, f. f. a sort of snare for falcons.
COSTO, f. m. a kind of shrub growing in Syria and Persia, having a root of a most pleasant spicy smell.
COSTOENS. See **CASTOENS**.
COSTRA, f. f. crust, scurf, or scab.
COSTUMADO. See **ACOSTUMADO**.
COSTUMAR. See **ACOSTUMAR**.
COSTUMASE, v. imp. it is wont, it is the custom.
COSTUME, f. m. custom, usage, use, way.
Ter per costume, to be wont, to use.
He contra o meu costume, o *sabir a estas horas*, it is not my way, or I am not used to go out at this time.
Fazer tomar hum costume, to accustom, to innure, to use one to a thing.
COSTUMES, f. m. p. morals, manners.
COSTURA, f. f. a sewing, or seam; also the joint of two boards.
Assentar as costuras, to beat down the seams.
Costuras do navio, the seams of a ship.
Lançar breo quente nas costuras do navio, to pay the seams of a ship.
Cestura, the linen that is cut and ready to be sewed.

Costura, the task or work one is to do. (Metaph.)
COSTUREIRA, f. f. a seamstress.

COT

COTA, f. f. a coat of mail; also a long sort of coat used formerly, or rather a vest hanging to the middle of the leg, like a short cassock, very full of plaits, with wide sleeves, and train; also a petticoat; also a sort of large sea-fish.
Cota, annotation, note, remark, observation. See the v. **COTAR**.
Cota, a surplice. From the Italian *Cotta*. This word is used by Vieira.
Cota de faca, the back of a knife.
CORTADO, a, adj. See **COTAR**.
COTAM, f. m. the nap that comes off from the cloth by rubbing it; also cotton, down, mossiness.
COTAR, v. a. ex. *Cotar hum livro*, to write notes in the margin of a book.
COTEJADO. See **COMPARADO**.
COTEJAR. See **COMPARAR**.
COTEJO, f. m. a very little man, a dwarf, a dandiprat.
COTHURNO. See **COTURNO**.
COTIA, f. f. a sort of beast in the Brazils, not unlike the rabbit; also a sort of ship in India.
COTICA, (in heraldry) cotice, or cotise.
COTIDIANAMENTE, adv. daily.
COTIDIANO, a, adj. daily, that happens every day.
COTIO, a, adj. that is easily boiled, or baked.
COTTITA, f. f. Cotytto, the goddess of wantonness.
COTO, f. m. ex. *Coto de vela*, snuff, or a candle almost burnt out.
Coto de aza, that part of a wing from the joint towards the body of a bird; also the stump of a limb that has been cut off.
Coto, f. m. a little sword, or rapier.
COTONIAS, f. f. p. (an Indian word) a sort of fine sustian, dimity.
COTOVAL, f. m. a sort of judge in India.
COTOVELADA, f. f. a hunch.
COTOVELADO. See **ACOTOVELADO**.
COTOVELAR. See **ACOTOVELAR**.
COTOVELO, f. m. the elbow; also a corner turning, bending, or winding. (speaking of rivers, sea, &c.) (Metaph.) See **ANCO**.
Rio que faz cotovelo, a river that makes an angle, or elbow.
COTOVA, f. f. a lark.
P. se cabir o ceo matará todas as cotovias; we say, if the sky fall we shall catch larks. *Quid si caelum ruat?* the Latins say. See also **ESPELHO**.
COTURNO, f. m. a sort of buskin; also a tragedy. It is only used by poets. From the Lat. *coturnus*.
COTTO. See **COTTITA**.

COVA, f. f. hole, ditch, pit; also the grave.
Alimpar huma cova de lodo, ou de lama, to cleanse a ditch of mud.
Cova de plantar arvores, a ditch, dike, furrow.
Cova da mão, the hollow of the hand.
Cova na barba, a dimple.
Cova dos olhos, eye-hole.
Cova soterrada, a cavern under ground.
Cova de ladraens, a house of thieves, or the place where they meet; a lurking hole for thieves.
Cova do ladrão, so the women call the hollow of the hinder part of the head.
Cova do dente, the hollow of the tooth.
Estar os pés na cova, to be very old, to be at the pit's brink, or death's door.
COVADO, f. m. a measure used in Portugal, which contains three quarters of a yard, or a Flemish ell.
COVAM, f. m. a deep and large ditch, or den; also the grave.
Covaõ de gallinbas, See **COVO**.
Covaõ de pescar, a fort of weel to take fishes. See also **COLMEAL**.
COVARDE, } See { **COBARDE**.
COVARDIA, } See { **COBARDIA**.
COVATO, f. m. (in agriculture) a little ditch or furrow.
Covato, a piece of ground for burying dead persons.
COUCE, f. m. a kick, or spurn; also the butt end of a musket; also the recoiling of it.
Tirar couces, to kick, to spurn; also to speak or behave rascally. (Metaph.)
O que tira couces, he who kicks, a kicker.
Hum tira couces, a rogue, a knave, a scoundrel.
Couce da porta, the socket on which a door turns.
Couce da procissão, the latter end of a procession.
COUCEADOR, he who kicks, a kicker.
COUCEIRA, f. f. See **COUCE da porta**.
COVCELLOS, COUSELLOS. See **CONCHELLOS**.
COUÇOETIRA, f. f. a little cup, goblet; also a thick board that comes from the Brasils: this sort of boards are used to make doors.
COUDE'L *mgr*, the commander of a troop or company; also the officer that takes care of stone-horses kept for covering mares.
COUDELARI'A, f. f. the office of taking care of stone-horses, &c. See **COUDEL mór**.
COVEIRO, f. m. a grave-maker.
COVELLO, f. m. a small ditch.
COVIL, f. m. a den of wild beasts, a lurking hole.

C. o i do leão See **LEONEIRA**.
Covil de ladraens. See **COVA de ladraens**.
Covil de lebre. See **CAMA de lebre**.
COVILHE'TE, f. m. a patty-pan, to make little pies in, and thence the pies themselves; also a juggler's cup, or box. See also **DADO**.
COVINHA, f. f. a little hole, or pit, diminut. from **Cova**.
Covinba que os rapazes fazem para jogar, cherry-pit, or chuck-hole.
Jogo da covinba, the play called chuck-farthing.
Covinba, a dimple in the cheek, that is seen when one laughs.
COULIFLOR, or COLIFLOR. See **COLIFLOR**.
COVO, f. m. ex. *Covo de gallinbas,* a pyramidal basket of osiers, bulrush, &c. to keep the hen and chickens.
Covo de pescar. See **COVAM de pescar**.
COURA, f. f. a leather jerkin.
Coura de anta, a buff-coat.
COURAÇA, f. f. a cuirass, an armour for the back and breast; also a cuirassier, a horseman armed with a cuirass; but now it means a soldier that wears a leather jerkin, or buff-coat.
Couraca, (in the ancient fortifications) a work cast up about a besieged city to defend the besieged from sallies; a breast-work.
COURAMA. See **COURO**.
COURELLA, f. f. a long and narrow piece of ground.
COURO, f. m. a hide, a skin.
Dirreito que se paga pelos couros, pellage.
Entre o couro e a carne, between the skin and the flesh.
COUSA, f. f. a thing.
Alguma coisa, something, somewhat.
Cousa de duas leguas, about two leagues.
COUSELLOS. See **CONCHELLOS**.
COUSINHA, a small thing, a trifle, diminut. from **Cousa**.
COUTADA, f. f. a park, a piece of ground inclosed and stored with wild beasts of chase; also a large track of land, wherein no person can catch any game without permission; else he becomes a poacher.
COUTADO. See **COITADO**.
COUTEIRO, f. m. a keeper of a park.
COUTO, f. m. a place of refuge or security, a shelter.
COUVE, f. f. cabbage, a colewort.
Couve murciana, crisp cabbage.
Couve do mar. See **SOLDANELLA**.
Grão da couve, the young sprout of coleworts.

COXA, f. f. the thigh.
Parte de dentro da coxa, the twist, or the hollow of the thigh.
Parte de dentro da coxa do cavallo, gaskins.
Parte mais alta da coxa, the hip, or

haunch, the huckle bone, the joint of the hip.
COXEADO. See
COXEAR, v. n. to go lame, to limp, to halt.
COXI'A, f. f. (in a galley) the coursey.
Peça de coxia, the great gun on the prow.
Coxia, (in a stable for horses) the distance from a post or stake to another, the places where the horses are.
Carrer a coxia, to go from one place to another, to ramble about, to gad up and down.
COXIM, f. m. See **ALMOFADA**.
CO'XO, a, adj. lame, cripple, halt.
COXOTE, f. m. a fort of defensive arm.

COZ. See **COS**.
COZER, v. a. to do, to boil, dress; also to ripen, to bring to ripeness; also to concoct, to digest.
Cozer a borraqueira. See **BORRACHEIRA**.
Tempo necessario para cozer huma coisa, boiling, baking, dressing.
Cozer no forno, to bake.
Fazer cozer muito alguma coisa, to over-boil.
Cozer tijolos, to burn bricks.
Cozer a telha, &c. to aneal, to harden tiles, &c. in the fire.
Cozer cachimbos, to bake tobacco-pipes.
Isto coze-se logo, this is soon done, or dressed.
Cozer com agulha. See **COSER**.
COZIDO, a, adj. See **COZER**.
COZIDURA, f. f. ex. *Cozadura de favaes, ervilhas,* &c. such quantity of beans, peas, &c. that will serve once.
COZIMENTO, f. m. boiling, baking, dressing. See also **DIGESTAM**.
COZINHA, f. f. kitchen.
Bicho da cozinha, a scullion, the lowest domestic servant, that washes the kettles and the dishes in the kitchen.
Arte da cozinha, cookery.
Lugar da cozinha em que se esfrega e lavam os pratos, &c. scullery.
Saber de cozinha, to understand cookery.
Trafes da cozinha, kitchen-tackling.
Fazer a cozinha. See **COZINHAR**.
Moça da cozinha, a kitchen-maid, or a kitchen-wench.
COZINHA'DO, a, adj. See
COZINHAR, v. a. to cook, to dress. See **GUISAR**.
COZINHEIRA, f. f. a woman cook.
COZINHEIRO, f. m. a cook.
Cozinheiro mór, a master-cook.

ÇOC and **ÇOT.** See **SOC** and **SOT**.

C R A

C R A

CRA'CA, f. f. a channel, furrow, hollow gutter, or stroke in rabating of pillars.

Parte da columna mais levantada entre huma, e outra craca, a ridge.

Craca, a sort of shell fish; also seaweeds that stick under a ship, and make her sail heavy.

CRACOVIA, f. f. Cracow, the capital of the whole kingdom of Poland, in the palatinate of the same name. It has been no less than nine times burnt.

CRA'NEO, f. m. the brain-pan.

CRA'PULA, f. f. a surfeit by too much eating, or drinking. Lat.

CRASSAMENTE, adv. rudely, bunglingly.

CRASSIDAM, f. f. thickness, grossness.

CRA'SSO, a, adj. thick, gross.

Ignorancia crassa, gross ignorance.

CRA'STA, f. f. (An antiquated word.) See **CLAUSTRO**.

CRASTINO, a, adj. of tomorrow. From the Lat. *crastinus*.

CRAYAÇAM, f. f. many nails set in order to fasten a thing, or to stud it.

CRAYA'DO, a, adj. See

CRAYA'R, v. a. to nail, to fasten with nails, to strike a nail into a place. From *Cravo*, a nail; also to thrust into, to stick into.

Craveu-lhe o punhal no peito, he stuck the dagger into his breast, he has stabbed him.

Cravar os olhos em algúem, to fix one's eyes upon one, to look stedfastly at him.

Com os olhos cravados, with a steady look.

Cravar o pensamento em alguma coisa, to mind a thing and apply earnestly and vigorously to it. (Metaph.)

Cravar, eu bater o ouro sobre a pedra, to set a stone in gold.

CRAVATA, f. f. a cravat.

CRAVEJADO, a, adj. See

CRAVEJAR, v. a. ex. *cravejar o cavallo*, to fasten, or to put the nails that are wanting in a horse-shoe.

CRAVEIRA, f. f. the holes in a horse-shoe; also a shoe-maker's size.

CRAVEIRO, f. m. a pot to keep pinks in; also the tree that bears cloves.

Palmo craveiro, a span according to the standard.

Craveiro da oração de Christo. See **CLAVEIRO**.

CRAVETE, f. m. the tongue of a buckle.

CRAVINA. See **CLAVINA**.

CRAVIORGAM. See **CLAVIORGAM**.

CRAVO, f. m. a small nail; also a pink.

Cravo da India, clove, a sort of spice.

Cravo, a sort of ring-worm, or tetter; also a sort of corn in the toe, or elsewhere.

C R E

C R E

Cravo, an harpsichord.

CRE'
CREAÇAM. } See { **CREDA**.
CREA DO. } **CRIAÇAM**.
CREA'R. } **CRIADO**.
CREATU'RA, &c. See **CRIATU-RA**, &c.

CRECENÇA, f. f. the overplus in measure of corn, weight of bread, &c.

CRECENTE, f. m. a crescent, or half moon.

Crecente da lua, the increase of the moon.

Crecente. See **FERMENTO**.

Crecente, p. act. ex. *Lua crecente*, half-moon.

Crecente, f. f. ex. *Crecente do rio*, the swelling of a river.

Crecente, heat, ardour, vehemence, the height, or highest pitch of any thing. (In a moral sense.)

Crecente da maré. See **ENCHENTE**.

CRECER, v. n. to grow, to increase; also to abound, to be superfluous, or over and above.

Deixar crescer, to let grow.

Tornar a crescer, to grow, spring, or sprout up again.

CRECIDO. See **CRECER**.

CRECIMENTO. See **AUGMENTO**.

Crecimento da febre, the fit of a fever.

CREDE'NCIA, f. f. the table which is covered by the altar, on which stands the wine, water, and other necessary things for the mass.

CREDE'NCIA'L, adj. ex. *Cartas credenciadas*, ou de *crença*, credentials.

CREDE'NCIA'RIO, f. m. he that has charge of the credencia.

CREDE'NLI DA'DE, f. f. credibility.

CRE'DITO, f. m. credence, credit, or belief.

Homem digno de credito, a credible man.

Dar credito a alguma coisa, to give credence to a thing.

Credito, credit, name, esteem, reputation, power.

Ter grande credito para com algúem, to be great with one.

Credito entre mercaderes, public credit among merchants.

CRE'DO, f. m. the Belief, the Creed; so called because the first word of it in Latin is *credo*, I believe.

Em menos de hum credo, in less time than a man will be saying his Creed; that is, in a trice, in a moment.

CREDO'R. See **ACREDOR**.

CREDU'LI DA'DE, f. f. credulity, easiness or readiness to believe.

CRE'DULO, a, adj. credulous, apt to believe, or give credit.

CREI'VEL. See **CRIVEL**.

CREMESIM. See **CARMESIM**.

CREMO'R de *cevada*, the thick juice of barley.

C R I

Cremor de tartaro, or *Sal de tartaro*, salt of tartar. (Among chemists.)

CRE'NÇA, f. f. See **RELIGIAM**.

Cartas de crença, credentials, or letters of credit.

CRE'NCHA, f. f. the partition of the hair, or the hair curiously parted on the forehead.

CRE'NTE, p. act. of *crer*, a believer.

CREPE, f. m. (a sort of stuff) crape.

CREPITA'DO. See **CREPITAR**.

CREPITA'NTE, p. act. crackling, making a noise.

CREPITA'R, v. a. to crepitate, to crackle, as laurel, &c. in the fire.

CREPUDI'NA, f. f. toadstone.

CREPUSCULAR, v. a. to darken to dim, to cloud.

CREPU'SCULO, f. m. twilight, crepuscule.

CRER, v. a. to believe.

CRERIZIA', f. f. See **GLERO**.

CRESCER. See **CRECER**.

CRESCIDO, &c. See **CRECIDO**, &c.

CRESPAM, f. m. a sort of crisped, and fine woollen stuff.

CRESPIDA'M, f. f. roughness, unevenness.

CRE'SPO, a, adj. crisped, curled, frizled; also curled or shaken with the wind, somewhat swollen or blown up.

Esilo crespo, bombast.

Escrever com esilo crespo, to write bombast.

Crísso, f. m. curl, or curling.

CRÉ'STA, f. f. ex. *Tempo da cresta das colmeas*, the time of taking honey, or driving of the hives.

Dar huma cresta, (metaph.) to rob, to spoil, to plunder, to make a prey of.

Cresta colmeas, f. m. he who takes the honey away from the hives.

CRESTA'DO, a, adj. See **CRESTAR**.

CRESTA'M, f. m. a gelded he-goat, a buck.

CRESTAR, v. a. ex. *Crestar colmeas*, to take the honey away from the hives; also to burn somewhat, or a little; also to rob, to spoil, to plunder, to make a prey of.

CRE'VE, f. m. (in St. Ubes) so they call the man sent by the captains of foreign ships to score the quantity of salt that is sent aboard. From the Dutch *kerker*, he who scores, or marks with chalk, &c.

C R I

CRÍ, or **CRIS**, f. m. a sort of dagger used by the inhabitants of Malacca, or Malaya.

CRÍ'A, f. f. a colt, or foal, a filly, a young horse, or mare.

CRÍO, (in cant) beef.

CRIAÇAM, f. f. education, educating; also creation, the making, or being made out of nothing; also creation, creating; also the young of any creature;

C R I

create; also an establishment, or establishing.
Os da criação do-rey. See *DONZEL*.
CRIADA, f. f. a woman, or maid servant.
Criada que acompanha fora de casa á sua senhora, a waiting maid or woman.
CRIADEIRA, f. f. a good female nourisher, feeder, or maintainer.
Gallinha criadeira. See *GALLINHA*.
CRIADILHA. See *TUBARA*.
CRIADO, a, adj. made out of nothing. See *CRIAR*, and *CRIAR-SE*.
Criado, (ensinado) brought up, educated.
Mal criado, ill-bred.
Menino bem criado, a child well educated.
Bem criado, well fleshed, plump, fat.
Criado, f. m. a servant.
Criado parente, one that has been educated, bred, or brought up at the house of some of his kindred.
Criado. (Moço fidalgo.) See *FIDALGO*.
CRIADOR, f. m. a creator, a maker.
CRIADORA, f. f. she who makes, or creates.
CRIADOR, a, adj. that nourishes, or makes grow up (speaking of the weather); also fertile, fruitful, (speaking of the land.)
CRIANÇA, f. f. a child. See also *MENINO*.
Criança de peito, a child that sucks, a sucking child.
Criança que se deixou ao desamparo, mas se achada, a foundling, an infant exposed, or left in any place, and found there.
Criança que se peem em lugar de outra, a changeling, a child put in the place of another.
Criança das abelhas, a young bee just formed.
CRIAR, v. a. to create; also to nurse, to breed; also to bring forth, to produce; also to nurse, to breed, to nourish, to feed.
Criar magistrados, to create magistrates.
Criar minas de curoço, (a canting phrase) to be very rich.
Criar ao peito, to suckle, or give suck.
Criar sem ser ao peito, to bring up a child by hand.
Criar um menino ensinando-lhe os bons costumes, to bring up a child to good manners.
O que sabe criar bem os meninos, a good breeder of children.
Cordeiro, &c. que se cria a mão, a lamb, &c. brought up by hand, colflet.
Criar cabelo, to wear a beard, to let his hair grow.
Criar-se, v. r. ex. *Criar-se alguma coisa sobre outra*, to grow upon.
Criar-se huma coisa no meio de outra, to grow, or spring up amongst.
CRIATURA, f. f. a creature, a created being.

C R I

Criatura que acaba de nascer, a babe, or child delivered.
Criatura, creature, one that has been made or preferred by another, and owes his fortune and rise to him.
CRIATURINHA, f. f. a little creature, diminut. of *Criatura*; also a poor creature.
CRI'DO, a, adj. believed.
CRIME, f. m. a crime.
Crime infame, a naughty, or base action, a scandalous crime.
Crime capital, a capital crime.
Crime de leja magestade de primeira e segunda cabeça, high treason.
Fazer hum grande crime, to perpetrate or commit a great crime.
Purgar-se de hum crime, to clear one's self from a crime, to justify one's self.
Escrição do crime, a clerk, or register of a criminal court.
Juiz do crime, a judge in criminal causes.
CRIMEMENTE. See *CRIMINAL-MENTE*.
CRIMEZA, f. f. See *RIGOR*, and *SEVERIDADE*.
CRIMINACÃO, f. f. an accusation.
CRIMINADO, a, adj. See *CRIMINAR*.
CRIMINAL, adj. criminal; also severe, crabbed.
CRIMINALMENTE, adv. criminally.
CRIMINAR, v. act. to accuse any one of a crime.
CRIMINOSO, f. m. a criminal, offender.
CRINA, or *CRINE*, f. f. the mane of a horse, or other beast.
Crinas do cometa, the beams of a comet.
Erva crina. See *ERVA*.
CRINITO, a, adj. that has a mane.
Cometa crinito, a hairy comet.
CRIOLO, f. m. a home-born slave.
CRIOULA, f. f. ex. *Gallinha crioula*, a hen that is born in one's house.
Crioula, a bond-woman that is born in the house.
CRIS, f. m. ex. *Sol cris, lua cris*, an eclipse of the sun or moon. See also *CRI*.
CRISADA, f. f. a stroke or blow with the *CRI*, which see.
CRISE. See *CRIZE*.
Crizê, a sort of fine woollen cloth, worn by some friars.
CRISEO. } See { *CHRYSEO*.
CRISMA. } See { *CHRISMA*.
CRISMA'DO, a, adj. See
CRISMA'R, v. act. to anoint with chrism, or holy oil, to confirm.
CRISOL. See *CHRY SOL*.
CRISOLITO. See *CHRY SOLITO*.
CRISOPRASO. See *CHRISOPRASO*.
CRI STA, f. f. the comb of a cock, or hen.
Gallinha de crista. See *GALLINHA*.
Abater as cristas. See *ABATER*.
Jogar as cristas, to fight. (Metaph.)

C R O

Crista de gallo, a sort of tree; also a sort of herb, having leaves like the tuft of feathers in the crown of a cock, loose herb, or red rattle grass.
CRISTAL, or *CRYSTAL*, f. m. crystal.
CRISTALEIRA, f. f. a woman that gives glitters.
CRISTALINO, a, adj. crystalline.
Humor cristalino, crystalline humour, or icy humour, (with oculists.)
Celos cristalinos, the crystalline heavens, or two spheres, supposed by the astronomers of old.
CRISTALLIZADO, a, adj. See
CRISTALLIZAR, v. a. to crystallize.
CRISTANDA DE, f. f. See *CHRISTANDADE*.
CRISTEL, f. m. a glister.
CRITICA, f. f. criticism, the art of criticising; also a censure.
CRITICADO, a. See
CRITICAR, v. a. to criticise, to play the critic, to judge and censure a man's actions, words, or writings; to examine nicely, to find fault with.
CRITICO, f. m. a critic, or faultfinder.
Crítico, a, adj. ex. *Dia critico, ou dia em que se faz a crize*, a critical day, or a day of crisis.
Hora critica, the critical hour.
Apostema critico, an imperfect crisis.
CRIVADO, a, adj. sifted. See *CRIVAR*.
CRIVANTES, (in cant) the teeth.
CRIVAR, v. a. to sift; also to shoot through and through in twenty places.
CRIVEL, adj. credible, to be believed, or credited.
CRIVO, f. m. a sieve.
CRIZE, or *CRIZIS*, f. f. (among physicians) crisis.
Crize perfeita, ou imperfeita, a perfect, or imperfect crisis.

C R O

CRO, the cackling of hens; also a play at cards.
CROÇA. See *COROÇA*.
CROCAL, f. m. a precious stone like a cherry.
CROCITA'DO. See
CROCITAR, v. n. to croak like a raven, or crow.
A acção de croitar, the croaking of crows, or ravens.
CROCODILO, f. m. a crocodile, a very large beast in the shape of a lizard, living both on the land and in the water.
Lagrimas de crocodilo, crocodile's tears, or treacherous tears.
CROCOTA, ou *CROCU'TA*, f. f. a kind of mongrel beast in Ethiopia.
CROCUS metallorum, a kind of impure opaque glass of antimony. *Crocus metallorum*.
CROCUTA. See *CROCOTA*.
CROMATICO, (in music) chromatics,

C R U

tics, a delightful and pleasant sort of music.
CRO'NHA, f. f. the stock of a gun, pistol, &c.
CRO'NICA, or **CHRO'NICA**, f. f. chronicle, a history according to the order of time.
CRO'NICO, a, adj. ex. *Doenças crônicas*, chronic diseases, as the gout, stone, &c.
CRONISTA, f. m. chronicler, a writer of chronicles.
CRONOGRÁFI'A, f. f. chronology.
CRONOGRÁFO, f. m. a chronologist.
CRONOLOGI'A. See **CRONOGRÁFIA**.
CRONOLOGO. See **CRONOGRÁFO**.
CRO'QUE, f. m. a grapple, or grappling iron.

C R U

CRU', a, adj. raw; also undigested.
Humor cru, a crude humour.
Meio cru, half raw.
Seda crua, raw silk.
Cru, (speaking of linen cloth) never whitened nor washed.
Carne crua, raw-meat.
Cru, cruel, fierce, bloody.
CRUAMENTE, adv. awfully, roughly; also rudely, or uncivilly; also cruelly.
CRUCÍFEROS, or **MINISTROS dos enfermos**, a religious order founded by St. Camillus de Lellis, their employment is to serve and wait upon the sick; this congregation was confirmed by pope Sixtus V. in 1586; also another religious order founded in 1160, under Alexander III.
CRUCÍFERO, a, adj. that has a cross.
CRUCIFICADO, a, adj. See **CRUCIFICAR**.
CRUCIFICAR, v. a. to crucify, to nail to a cross. See also **MORTIFICAR**.
CRUCIFIXO, f. m. a crucifix.
Crucifixo, a, adj. crucified.
CRUEL, adj. cruel, fierce, bloody.
CRUELDADE, f. f. cruelty, inhumanity.
Com crueldade, cruelly, inhumanly.
Crueldade para com os estrangeiros, inhospitality.
CRUELMENTE, adv. cruelly, inhumanly.
CRUENTO, a, adj. See **SANGUINOLENTO**.
CRUEZA, f. f. crudity, ill digestion. See also **CRUELDADE**.
CRUSCA, the name of the famous academy in Florence.
CRUSTA, f. f. a crust, scurf, or scab.
CRUTA, f. f. a sort of sea-fish, called sea-bream.
CRUZ, f. f. a cross; also a cross, an affliction, trouble.
Cruz, ou sinal que fazem os que não sabem escrever, a mark or character made by those who cannot write their names.

C U B

Cruz no fim do peçoço do cavallo, a horse's withers.
Fazer o sinal da cruz, to make the sign of the cross.
Cruz em aspa, a cross made after the form of the letter X.
Em cruz, cross-wise.
Por uma coisa em cruz com outra, to put a thing cross-wise.
Terra de Santa Cruz. See **BRASIL**.
CRUZA'DA, f. f. crusade, the expedition of the Christian princes for the conquest of the Holy Land.
CRUZA'DO, f. m. a piece of money in Portugal so called, because of the cross on it, and worth two shillings and eight pence and two fifths of a penny; this is called *cruzado novo*. The other called *cruzado velho*, is worth two shillings and three pence.
Cruzado, a, adj. See **CRUZAR**.
CRUZA'DOS, f. m. p. those that were lifted to go to the crusade.
CRUZAMENTO da cara, two cuts in the face one a-cross the other.
CRUZA'R, v. a. (a sea term) to cruise.
Cruzar a certa, to frequent, or haunt the court.
Não para cruzar, a cruiser.
Cruzar a cara, to give two cuts in the face, one a-cross the other.
Cruzar as mãos, (metaph.) to take patience.
Cruzar, (por em cruz) to lay a-cross; also to cross, or cut one another.
Cruzar hum papel escrito com riscos, to draw cross-lines upon a writing.
Cruzar-se, v. r. to cross, or cut one another. See also **BENZER-SE**.
Cruzar-se, (in the figurative sense) to wonder at, to be very much surprised.
CRUZEIRO, f. m. a large cross of stone they used to set up in the streets, and some other public places; also a cross in building, as in a cathedral church, or the like; also the Crossiers, a little constellation of four stars towards the south pole. They are disposed after the form of a cross.
CRUZETA, f. f. a little cross.

C U

CU', f. m. the breech, the fundament.
Alimpar o cu. See **ALIMPAR**.
Cú de Judas, a dirty lane.

C U A

GUA'DA, f. f. a fall on the backside.

C U B

CUBA, f. f. the vat into which the wine runs from the press. There is a vast one in an ancient convent, called St. Andrew de Ansele near the river Douro, that holds forty pipes of wine.

C U B

Cuba, one of the four great Antilles, an island of North America, in the Atlantic Ocean. It is subject to Spain; it is also the name of a little town of Alentejo, in Portugal.
CUBE'BAS, f. f. p. a sort of small Indian fruit, or berry; cubebs.
CUBE'LLO, f. m. a sort of tower formerly erected upon the walls of a town or fortress.
CUBERTA, f. f. a cover; also a shelter.
Cuberta da mesa, a mess, a course, or service of meat.
Primeira segunda, ou terceira cuberta, the first, second, or third course.
Cuberta do navio, a deck.
Cuberta corrida, (a sea phrase) a flush deck fore and aft, a term used when the decks of a ship are laid level from head to stern.
Cuberta da cama. See **COBERTOR**.
CUBERTAMENTE. See **OCULTAMENTE**.
CUBERTEIRAS, (in falconry) the uppermost feathers of a hawk.
CUBERTO, f. m. a sort of gallery, or balcony.
Cuberto, covered, &c. See the v. **CUBRIR**. See also **CHEO**.
Estrada cuberta, ou encuberta, (in fortification.) See **CORREDOR**.
Frutos cubertos, ou de conserva, preserved fruits. See **CONSERVA**.
Cuberto de nuvens, over-cast, cloudy.
Cuberto pela dívida, it is said of one that has recovered his money.
CUBERTO'R. See **COBERTOR**.
CU'BICO, a, adj. cubical, solid, square every way.
Raiz cubica, (in arithmetic) cube-root.
CUBICULARIO, f. m. a gentleman of the bed-chamber.
CUBICULO, f. m. See **CELLA**.
CUBILHEIRA, f. f. a lady of the bed-chamber to the king.
CUBISTA'L, adj. belonging to the elbow.
CU'BITO, f. m. a cubit, a measure in use among the ancients; which was originally the distance from the elbow, bending inwards, to the extremity of the middle finger.
CU'BO, f. m. cube, a solid body terminated by six equal squares; also a tub, pail, or bucket; also the nave, or round stock of a wheel in which the spokes are fastened.
Arco de ferro que cobrem os cubos das rodas, the trecks of a cart, the iron hoops about the naves.
CUBRICAMA. See **COBERTOR**.
CUBRI'R, v. act. to cover; also to cloke, colour, palliate, dissemble.
Cubrir o carneiro aovelha, to tup, or to copulate as a ram.
O afo de cubrir o carneiro aovelha, tupping.
Cubrir o cavallo a esca, to horse a mare, as a stallion does.
Cubrir huma cadella, to line a bitch.
Huma voz que cobre as outras, a voice that drowns that of other people.

CUI

Cubrir as arvores, to heap up earth at the roots of trees.
Cubrir alguma coisa com ouro, to overlay a thing with gold.
Cubrir, or *fazer casa*, (in playing at draughts.) See *CASA*.
Cubrir huma parede ou muralha, pendelbo por cima as ultimas pedras, to cope a wall.
Pedras que servem para cubrir huma parede, &c. perpenders, coping-stones.
Cubrir-se, v. r. ex. *Cubrir-se o ceo de nuvens*, is for the sky to grow cloudy.
CUBRA-SE, put on your hat, be covered.
CUBRITOR. See *COBERTOR*.

CUC

CUCARNE, f. m. (a sort of play) cockal.
CUCHICHA'DO, a, adj. See
CUCHICHA'R, v. n. to whisper, to speak softly.
A acção de cubichar, whispering.
CUCIO: See *CORDEIRINHO*.
CUCO, f. m. a cuckow.
Cantar o cuco. See *CANTAR*.
CUCU'FA, f. f. a sort of coif with cephalic medicines.
CUCU'LA. See *COGULA*.
CUCUME'LO. See *COGUMELO*.
CUCURBITA. See *CABAÇA*.
CUCURUCU', a word made to imitate the sound of the cock crowing.
CUCURUTA, f. f. the top or crown of the head.
CUCURUTO. See *CARAMANCHAM*.

CUE

CUECAS, f. f. p. trowsers, a pair of drawers.
CUEIROS. See *COEIROS*.

CUG

CUGU'LA. *COGULA*.

CUI

CUIDA'DO, f. m. study, diligence, care; also thought, trouble, affliction, grief. See also the v. *CUIDAR*.
Com cuidado. See *CUIDADOSAMENTE*.
Estar com cuidado, to be uneasy.
Ter cuidado, to take care, to mind.
Isto me dá cuidado, this makes me uneasy.
Não vos de cuidado, never mind, don't trouble yourself.
CUIDADOSAMENTE, adv. carefully.
CUIDADO'SO, a, adj. diligent, careful, mindful; also thoughtful, uneasy.
CUIDA'R, v. n. to take care, to be diligent, to think upon, to mind, to

CUL

reflect, or consider; also to think, to believe, to imagine, or suppose.
Dar que cuidar, or *Dar em que cuidar a algum*, to put one to his trumps.
Isto he coisa que merece que se cuide nella, this is a thing to be considered of.
Não se cuida nisso, people are very easy about it, they don't mind it.
Como se cuida, as people imagine.
CUIDO'SO. See *CUIDADOSO*.

CUJ

CU'JO, a, pron. relat. whose, of which.

CUL

CULA'TRA, f. f. the butt end of a musquet, or the breech of a cannon.
Culatra, ou *escarpa da cheminé*. See *CHEMINE*.
CULEBRINA. See *COLUBRINA*.
CULHER. See *COLHER*.
CULMINA'NTE, (in astronomy) ex. *Ponto culminante*, the highest point in the heavens that it is possible for the sun or any star to be.
CU'LPÁ, f. f. a fault, sin, offence.
A culpa não hé nossa, it is not our own fault.
Dar, ou por a culpa, to tax, to lay the fault on.
Ter a culpa, to be the cause.
P. tanta culpa tem o ladrão como o confessor, the receiver is as bad as the thief.
CULPA'DO, a, adj. guilty, culpable.
Pessoa culpada que está na presença do juiz, a culprit.
CULPA'R, v. a. See *ACCUSAR*.
CULPA'VEL, adj. See *CULPA'DO*.
CULTIVAÇAM. See *CULTURA*.
CULTIVA'DO, a, adj. See *CULTIVAR*.
CULTIVA'DOR. See *CULTOR*.
CULTIVA'R, v. a. to cultivate, to till, to manure.
Cultivar o engenho, to improve one's wit.
Cultivar a amizade de algum, to cultivate one's friendship. (Metaph.)
Que se pode cultivar, cultivable, that may be cultivated.
CUL'TO, f. m. worship, honour, respect, observance.
Culto divino, divine worship.
Dar culto, or *Levantar culto*, to worship.
Culto, or *ornato de huma mulher*, a woman's ornaments.
Culto, a, adj. ex. *Homem culto*, an eloquent man.
Lingua culta, refined language.
Estilo demasiadamente culto, bombast, formal speaking, or writing, an affected elegance.
CULTOR, f. m. a worshiper; also a lover, respecter, observer, a favourer, a fautor, a promoter.
CULTURA, f. f. tillage, husbandry, culture.

CUN

Cultura do engenho, the improvement of the mind. (Metaph.)
Cultura, f. f. ex. *Cultura da lingua*, the refining of a language: some call *cultura da lingua*, the bombastic expressions they foolishly make use of.
CULUMELLA. See *COLUMELLA*.

CUM

CU'ME, f. m. the top; also the height, or the highest pitch of any thing. (Metaph.)
CUMPRIMENTO. See *COMPRI-MENTO*.
CUMPRIR, &c. See *COMPRIR*, &c.
CUMULA'DO, a, adj. filled up. See *CUMULAR*.
Cumulado de louvores, (metaph.) highly commended.
CUMULAR. See *ACCUMULAR*.
CUMULATIVO, (a law term) ex. *Jurisdicção cumulativa*, a new jurisdiction or power that reaches beyond the verge and extent of another jurisdiction or power the same person is possessor of.
CU'MULO, f. m. See *COGULA*.
Cumulo, the height, or the highest pitch of any thing. (Metaph.)

CUN

CU'NA, f. f. a cradle. (It is particularly used in poetry.)
CU'NEO, f. m. (a military word among the ancient Romans) a battalion or company of foot, drawn up in form of a wedge, the better to break the enemy's ranks; also (among the same) seats and benches in the theatre, narrower near the stage and broader behind.
CUNHA, f. f. a wedge.
Casto de malbo com que se bate nas cunbas para as fazer entrar, a beetle, a heavy mallet with which wedges are driven.
O cabo desta sorte de malbo, beetle stock, or the handle of a beetle.
Feito a maneyra de cunba, wedged, made like a wedge.
Cunba ou ripanço do verso. See *RI-PANÇO*.
Cunbas, (in falconry.) See *CUBER-TEIRAS*.
CUNHA'DA, f. f. sister-in-law.
CUNHA'DO, f. m. brother-in-law.
Cunhado, a, adj. See the v. *CUNHAR*.
CUNHADO'R, f. m. a coiner of money.
CUNHA'ES, (the plural of *Cunba*) coins, or quoins, the corners of walls.
CUNHA'L, f. m. an angle, or corner of a wall.
CUNHAR, v. a. to coin money.
Cunhar em moeda. See *AMOEDAR*.
CUNHETE, f. m. a little vessel to put in dry figs and raisins.
CU'NHO, f. m. a stamp to coin money.

CUR

ney with; also pile, one side of a coin, the reverse of cross.
Curbas ou cruzes. (A sort of play.) See **CHAPA**.

CUP

CUPIDO, f. m. Cupid, the fabulous god of love.
CUPULA, or **CUPOLA**, f. f. a cupola, an arch tower of a building, in form of a bowl turned upside down. Ital.

CUQ

CUQUIA'DA. (An Indian sea term.) See **COQUEADA**.

CUR

CURA, f. m. a curate of a parish; also a cure.
Esta he a melhor cura que elle fez. this is the best cure that ever he did.
Cura ou cuidado, care.
CURAÇA'M, f. f. cure, or the curing of any distemper.
CURA'DO, a, adj. cured; also healthful, that is in health and soundness of body. See also the v. **CURAR**.
CURADOR, f. m. a guardian, or trustee.
CURADORA, a woman guardian.
CURADORIA, f. f. guardianship, or trusteeship.
CURAR, v. act. to cure; also to regard, to take care, to mind. See also **PROCURAR**.
Curar o enfermo, to cure a sick man.
Curar do enfermo, to take care of a sick man, to attend a sick body.
Curar, to bleach.
Curar huma ferida, to dress a wound.
Não curar do que se diz, not to value what is said.
CURATIVO, a, adj. physical, that hath the quality of curing.
CURATO, f. m. parsonage, the mansion or dwelling house of a parson.
CURAVEL, adj. curable, that may be cured.
CURIA, f. f. a court of justice.
Cúria de Roma, the court of Rome; but formerly it was the place where the senate or council assembled; the council-house, or state-house, the hall, or moot-house, that belonged to every one of the thirty-five wards of Rome.
CURIA'ES, f. m. p. those of the said court or ward.
CURIA'L, adj. belonging to the Curia. See **CURIA**, and **AULICO**.
CURICA, or **CURICO**. See **CORICA**.
CURIOSAMENTE, adj. curiously, neatly.
CURIOSIDADE, f. f. curiosity, inquisitiveness.
CURIOSO, a, adj. curious, inquisitive.
CURRAL, f. m. ex. *Curral de ovelhas*, a sheep-fold, See **CORTE**.

CUR

Meter gado no curral, to stable, to house cattle in a stable.
CURRICAR, v. n. to run to and fro, to gallop up and down.
CURSADO. See the v. **CURSAR**.
Curfado. (Versado.) See **VERSADO**.
CURSA'NTE, (speaking of the wind) blowing continually and without interruption.
CURSA'R, v. a. to ease one's self, to ease one's belly; also to blow continually, and without interruption. (Speaking of the wind.)
Curfar no mar. See **NAVEGAR**.
Curfar, v. a. to frequent, to follow the schools; also to haunt; also to carry, to reach, (speaking of guns, musquets, &c.) also to profess, to exercise publicly a particular calling or art.
CURSIOS, a sort of small hares, which run very fast.
CURSI'STA, or **CURSANTE**, f. m. he who frequents or follows the schools, especially at an university; a student.
CURSI'VA, (among printers) ex. *Letra cursiva*, Italic letter.
CUR'SO, f. m. a carrier, a running course, race; also a space of time.
Curso de cousta fluida, course, running stream, current.
Curso dos astros, &c. the course of the stars, or any other thing.
Curso de philosophia, the study of philosophy.
Andar no curso, to follow the schools, to be a student, especially at an university.
Andar no curso de philosophia, &c. to study philosophy, &c.
Elle tem andado no curso tantos annos, he has been at the schools so many years.
Abrio-se o curso, the schools are opened.
Curso do corpo, a stool, or going to stool.
CURSO'R, f. m. (in the court of Rome) a courser, a kind of messenger from his holiness the pope to his cardinals, or others of the court, to give them warning or notice of consistories, or convocations.
CURSOS, f. m. p. looseness, flux of the belly.
CURTA, ex. *Por alguem à curta*, to speak ill of one, to rattle him.
CURTA'LOS *Bravanes*, (in India) the most civil and polite Bramins, or Brachmans.
CURTE'ZA, f. f. shortness, the want of breath, or length.
CURTIDO. } See { **CORTIDO**.
CURTIR. } See { **CORTIR**.
CURTO, a, adj. short, brief; also weak, heavy, tardy.
Curto e grosso, ou *curto e forte*, stubby.
Curto no entendimento, half-witted.
Curto de palavras, brief in words.
Curto de vista, short-sighted; also that has no forecast. (Metaph.)
Ser curto, to come, to be, or fall short, to be inferior, to fall, or be below, not to come near.

CUS

Hemem curto, a faint-hearted man.
CURVA, f. f. the ham of one's leg behind the knee.
Curvas, (in a ship) the knees of a ship. From the Lat. *curvus*, crooked.
Curva da perna do cavallo, the ply or bending of the ham of a horse.
CURVA'DO. See **CURVO**.
CURVADURA. See **CURVIDADE**.
CURVAR, v. a. to bow, bend, or make crooked.
Curvár-se, v. r. to bow down, to grow crooked.
CURUCHEO. See **CORUCHEO**, and **PINACULO**.
CURVETA, f. f. a curvet, the gait, motion, or practising of a managed horse.
CURVETEADO. See
CURVETEAR, v. n. to prance as a managed horse does.
CURU'JA. See **CORUJA**.
CURVIDADE, f. f. crookedness.
CURU'L, adj. belonging to a chariot, or chair of state, in which the head officers of Rome were wont to be carried to council.
Cadeira curul, a chair of state in which, &c. See **CURUL**.
CUR'VO, a, adj. arched, crooked, bent.
CURUTA. See **CRUTA**.

CUS

CUSCUTA, f. f. the herb dodder, or or-with-wind. Lat.
CUSCU'Z, or **CUSCU'S**, f. m. p. a kind of eatable made of the finest flower.
CUSCUZEIRO, f. m. a kind of earthen vessel to boil the cuscuz in.
Chapeo cuscuzeiro, a high-crown'd hat, shaped at the top like a pyramid.
CUSPE, f. m. so they call the very small fishes.
CUSPIDEIRA, f. f. a spitting box.
CUSPIDO. See the v. **CUSPIR**.
Elle he cuspidor, ou semelhante a seu pay, he is the lively image of his father. (A very low expression, not to be used.)
CUSPIDOR, f. m. a spitter, a spitting, or spawling man.
CUSPINHA DO. See
CUSPINHA'R, v. n. to spit often, to be always spitting.
CUSPI'R, v. n. to spit, to spit out.
Cuspir na cara de alguem, to spit in one's face out of contempt.
Homem que cuspe muito. See **CUSPIDOR**.
Cuspir, v. a. to spit, ex. *Cuspir sangue*, to spit blood.
Cuspir, not to abide, to cast, or throw back.
CUSPO, f. m. spit, spittle.
CUSTA, f. f. cost, charge, expence.
CUSTA'DO. See
CUSTA'R, v. n. to cost, to stand in; also to be dear, chargeable, painful, or troublesome.
Quanto vos custa o vosso chapeo? how much does your hat cost?

C U T

As demandas custao muito, law-suits are too chargeable.
Mes filho me custou mais de, &c. my son cost me above, &c.
A gloria custa a alcançar, the purchase of glory is a dear purchase.
Bem lhe custa o estar ausente, he pays dear for his absence.
As muitas custas muito a quem as quer conservar, much worship much cost.
Tudo lhe custa a fazer, he does every thing against the grain.
Nenhuma resoluçao me custou tanto, I never was so long resolving about any thing.
O dinheiro não lhe custa a ganhar, he knows not the value of money.
Pouco lhe custa as lagrimas, he, or she makes nothing to cry.
Custo o que custar quero verbe o fim, I don't mind any troubles or expences, provided I see the end of it.
CUSTAS, f. f. p. charges.
CUSTO, f. m. cost, expence; also loss.
A custo, with the loss.
A todo o custo, at any rate.
CUSTODE, ex. *Anjo custode*. See **ANJO**.
CUSTODIA, f. f. custody, keeping, charge; also the tabernacle in which the blessed sacrament is kept on the altar; some call it remonstrance.
Custodia de reliquias, a case or box that contains the relics, or remains of the bodies or cloaths of saints.
Custodia, the convent where the custodio lives. See
CUSTODIO, f. m. a warden in a religious house, the provincial's deputy.
CUSTOZAMENTE, adv. costily, sumptuously.
CUSTOZO, a, adj. sumptuous, costily, chargeable; also troublesome.

C U T

CUTANEO, a, adj. cutaneous, belonging to the skin.
CUTE'LA, f. f. a large knife.
Cutela de carniceiro, a butcher's chopping knife.

C Y C

CUTELARIA, f. f. the street where the cutlers live.
CUTELO, f. m. See **ALFANGE**; also a broad semicircular knife, used by the *correiros*. See **CORREIRO**.
Cuteles, (in falconry) the six principal feathers in each of the hawk's wings, called the *farcel feathers*.
Cuteles, (in a ship) studding sails, bolts of canvas, extended in a fair gale of wind, along the side of the main-sail, and boomed out with a boom.
CUTICULA, f. f. (in anatomy) cuticle, a little thin skin which covers the main skin of man or beast, extending all over like a membrane, and is void of sense.
CUTILADA, f. f. a cut, or wound made with the edge of a sword.
CUTILEIRO, f. m. a cutler.

C U - V

CUVILHEIRA, f. f. (an antiquated word.) See **CUBILHEIRA**.
CUVILHETE. See **COVILHETE**.

C U Y

CUYA, f. f. a cup made of clay, used by the wild people of the *Brasilis* to drink in.

Ç U

ÇUJAR. } See { **SUJAR**.
ÇUJO. } See { **SUJO**.
 N. B. Look under the letters *Su* for the words that you find written with *Çu*.

C Y C

CYCLADAS, f. m. p. certain islands in the Archipelago, reckoned about fifty-three in all.
CYCLAMINIS, f. f. the herb called sow-bread.
CYCLO, f. m. a cycle.
Ciclo solar, the solar cycle.
Ciclo lunar, the lunar cycle.
CYCLOPAS, or **CYCLOPES**, the Cy-

C Z A

clops, a gigantic people, having but one eye, and that in the middle of their fore-head. Greek.

C Y L

CYLINDRICO, a, adj. cylindrical.
CYLINDRO, f. m. a cylinder; also a roller, a rolling-stone.

C Y N

CYNABRIO. See **CINABRIO**.
CYNICOS, cynics, a sect of philosophers, first instituted by Antisthenes. Greek.
CYNOCEPHALOS, the plant called snapdragon.
CYNOSURA, f. f. cynosura, the constellation of the Lesser Bear, or the polar star in the tail of it.
CYNTHIA, f. f. so the poets call the moon.
CYNTHIO, f. m. Apollo, so called as being born in Cynthus.

C Y P

CYPO. See **CIPO**.
CYPRESTE, or **CIPRESTE**, f. m. the cypress-tree.
Fruto do cypreste the nut, or little round ball of the cypress-tree.

C Y R

CYRENAICOS, f. m. p. Cyreniacs, certain philosophers who accounted pleasure the chief good.

C Y T

CYTHARA. See **CITHARA**.
CYTHEREA, f. f. Venus, so called because worshipped at Cythera.
CYTISO. See **CODESSO**.

C Z A

CZAR, f. m. czar, the title of the emperor of Muscovy, and Russia. He that first took the title of czar was Basilus, son of John Basilides.

D.

D, one of the mutes, supposed to be formed from the Greek Δ. It was anciently represented by three stars set in a triangle. In numbers it stands for five hundred, according to this verse

Littera D velut A quingentes significabit.

In Portuguese, *D* before a proper name signifies *Dm.* Pierius gives a large account of all that belongs to this letter.

D'. See *DO*, and *DA*.

D A

DA, prep. and article, of, from. ex. *Damelber*, of the woman. *Dajaula*, from the window.

D A C

DACTYLO; f. m. a dactyl, a foot in poetry, consisting of one long and two short syllables.

DACTYLICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to a dactyl.

Verses dactylicos, several sorts of verses so called.

D A D

DADA, f. f. a bestowing, a donation. *DADIVA*, f. f. a gift.

P. dadiwas quebrantaõ penbas, gifts break rocks; that is, kindness overcomes the hardest hearts, and bribes or presents corrupt the most resolved.

DADIVO'SO, a, adj. liberal, bountiful.

DA'DO, a, adj. given. See the v. *DAR*, and *DAR-SE*.

Dado, (inclinado.) See *INCLINADO*.

Dado, f. m. a dye to play with.

Covillete com que em algumas partes se joga aos dados, meaning os nelle, e depois lançando-se, a dice-box to throw the dice out of.

DADO'R, f. m. a giver, a donor, or bestower.

DADO'RA, f. m. a woman that gives or bestows.

D A H

DAHI', adv. from thence, on that occasion, for that cause.

Dahi por diante, from that time, thenceforth, or thence forward; also from that place.

D A I

DAIRI, or *DAIRO*. See *DAYRI*.

D A L

DALA, f. f. (in a ship.) See *BOMBAL*.

DALI', adv. from thence, from that place.

Dali em diante, *dali a diante*, or *dali por diante*. See *DAHI'* *por diante*.

DALMATICA, f. f. the vestment used by deacons in the church of Rome; a dalmatic.

D A M

DAMA, f. f. a lady; at chess the queen; also a doe.

Fazer dama, or *cobrir a dama*, to king a man at draughts.

Jogo das damas, the game of draughts.

Molber dama, a whore; also a mistress, or sweet-heart.

DAMAM, Damaan, a port town of Cambaya, and on the west coast of the Hither India, in Asia. It is a Portuguese factory, and their second best in the East Indies.

DAMARIA. See *DAMICE*.

DAMASCA'DO, a, adj. damasked.

DAMASCO, f. m. damask; also a sort of apricots so called.

DAMASQUEIRO, f. m. an apricot-tree.

DAMASQUILHO, f. m. worsted damask, or half thread half worsted.

DAMASQUINO, a, adj. damasked, as swords, or knives, from the city Damascus.

DAMICE, f. f. delicacy, niceness; also affectation, affectedness, women's whims.

DAMIFICAÇAM. See *DANIFICAÇAM*.

DAMNIFICADOR. See *DANIFICADOR*.

DAMNO, &c. } See { *DANO*, &c.

DAMNOSO. } { *DANOSO*.

DAMO, f. m. a ruffian, a bully, a pimp.

DAMORIM, a sort of pear so called.

D A N

DANADO, a, adj. corrupted; also ill-minded. See the v. *DANAR*.

Author danado, an author whose writings have been condemned.

Cão danado, a mad dog.

Danado. See *CONDENADO*.

DANA'R, v. a. to corrupt, to spoil;

also to damnify, to hurt; also to ruin, or undo; also to bend, or crook (speaking of a sword); also to mad, to make mad.

Danar-se, v. r. to be corrupted, to grow or wax rotten, or tainted; also to grow mad, (speaking of a dog.)

Danar-se o ferro, is for a sword, knife, &c. to be blunted, to have the edge taken off.

DANÇA, f. f. a dance. Gothic.

Mestre de dança, a dancing-master.

Escola de dança, a dancing-school.

Dança de pontos movimentos, e mancos do corpo, brawl, a sort of dance.

Dança de espadas, a sword dance.

Guia da dança, he that leadeth the dance.

DANÇADEIRA, a woman dancer.

DANÇADEIRINHA, a little dancing girl, diminut. of *Dançaadeira*.

DANÇA'DO, a, adj. See *DANÇAR*.

DANÇADO'R, f. m. *DANÇADORA*, f. f. See

DANÇANTE, f. m. and f. a dancer.

Dançante em corda, or *berlantium*, rope-dancer.

Pao que tem nas mãos os dançantes, a poy, or pole used by rope-dancers.

Corda ou marema dos dançantes, ou *berlantium*. See *CORDA*.

DANÇA'R, v. n. to dance.

Dançar sobre a corda, to dance upon the rope.

O dançar, dancing.

DANIFICAÇAM, f. f. See *DANO*.

DANIFICA'DO, a, adj. damnified, hurt.

DANIFICADO'R, f. m. one that damnifies, or does hurt.

DANIFICA'R, v. a. to damnify, to hurt, to damage.

DANI'NHO, a, adj. (speaking of mischievous birds, or beasts) hurtful, mischievous.

DANI'NHO, f. m. he who sends horses, oxen, &c. into a field of corn, garden, &c. on purpose to hurt another.

DANO, *DAMNO*, or *DANNO*; f. m. detriment, loss, hurt, damage, prejudice.

Dano que faz o daninho, ou o que mete gado, ou bestas à cinte em pão, chivao, &c. de outrem, damage tenants.

DANO'SO, a, adj. mischievous, hurtful.

D' ANTEMAM, adv. before hand, or afore-hand.

Condenar d'antemam, to condemn afore-hand.

D' ANTES, adv. before.

DAN-

D A R

DANTISCO, or **DANTZIC**, f. m. Dantzick, in Lat. *Dantiscum*, or *Gedanum*; a famous trading and fortified city of Little Pomerania, in Polish Prussia. The Poles call it Gdantzk.
DANUBIO, f. m. Danube, in Lat. *Danubius*, and by the Germans called *Donau*; a very large and famous river in Europe.

D A Q

DAQUEM. See **AQUEM**.
DAQUI, adv. hence, from this place. See **AQUI**.

D A R

DAR, v. a. to give.
Dar huma catilada, to cut with a sword.
Dar horas, is for the clock to strike. *O relógio está para dar dez horas*, the clock is upon the stroke of ten.
Dar a alma a Deus, to give up the ghost, to die.
Deu-me huma dor, I was taken with a pain.
Dar no alvo, to hit the mark.
Da cá, give hither.
Dar fé, to credit, to believe; also to perceive, to descry, to take notice, to smell out.
Dar ligam, to teach as a master does, or to read one's lesson.
Dar consigo em alguma parte, to cast one's self into a place, or to go to a place.
Dar leite, to suckle.
Dar garrote, to strangle.
Dar parte de hum negocio, to impart a business.
Dar com huma pessoa, to light upon a person.
Dar vozes, to cry out, to bawl.
Dar suspiros. See **SUSPIRAR**.
Dar ouvido, to give hearing.
Dar em rosto, to upbraid, to cast in the teeth.
Dar sobre o inimigo, to fall upon the enemy.
Dar a luz nos olhos cegando-os com o resplendor, to dazzle, to hurt the sight with too much light.
Dar o sol nos olhos, it is for the sun to shine in one's eyes.
Dar razoes, to debate, to reason, to contend, to yield reasons for some thing.
Dar comgo no chão. See **CAHIR**.
Dar ordem. See **ORDENAR**.
Dar, to bear, to bring forth, to produce.
Dar em alguém, to strike, or smite, to thump, to beat one.
Dar em alguém com a mão aberta, to spank, to slap with the open hand.
Dar em alguém, to catch one, to take one unawares.
Dar de si, to bend, bow, or sink; also to sink, or go to the bottom; also to bend in, to bend in the middle; also to yield, to submit, to surrender.

D A R

Dar em alguma coisa com o movimento que se faz, to strike upon, or run against.
Dar em alguma coisa. See **ACERTAR**.
Dar à vela. See **VELA**.
Dar à costa. See **COSTA**.
Dar as mãos, to shake hands.
Dar a mão ajudando. See **AJUDAR**.
Dar batalha. See **BATALHA**.
Dar, to cause, to occasion.
Dar em que falar, to give an occasion to be slandered and backbitten.
Dar com alguma coisa. See **ACHAR** and **ENCONTRAR**.
Dar em que entender a alguém, to put one to his trumps.
Dar os parabéns, to congratulate.
Dar com a porta na cara, ou olhos de alguém, to shut the door upon one.
Dar com a porta nos olhos a alguma coisa, to slight, to despise a thing. (Metaph.)
Dar com o navio nos cachopos, to run a ship against the rocks.
Dar o furo a alguém de huma coisa, to distrust something.
Esta travessa vai dar na rua larga, this lane strikes or goes into the broad street.
Dar em alguém (accusar.) See **ACUSAR**.
Dar em todos, or *dizer mal de todos*. See **CORTAR** *por todos*.
Dei no pensamento de, &c. it came into my head to, &c.
Dar alçada, to give the title of highness.
Dar de escolher a alguém, to give one the choice.
Dar em, to grow, to become.
Quem me d-ra estar em casa! How fain would I be at home!
Elle deu em bir a aquelle lugar, he began to use that place.
Dar em ridicularias, to grow, or become ridiculous.
DARANDELLA, f. f. a sort of ancient garment.
DAR-SE, v. r. ex. *Dar-se por culpado*, to acknowledge one's self guilty.
Dar-se, (applicar-se) See **APPLICAR-SE**.
De nenhuma sorte vos deis por entendido ou achado, take no notice of any thing.
Dar-se por aggravado, to make a shew of anger.
Elle deu-se a toda a sorte de vícios, he gave himself over to all manner of vice.
Não se me da disso, I matter it not.
Que se vos da a vos disso? What have you to do with it?
Pouco se me dá, I care but little.
Não se lhe dá de morrer, he matters not his dying.
Tanto se me dá de ir como de ficar, I had as lief go as stay.
Eles deo-se muito bem, they agree mighty well together.
Esta carne não se dá bem comigo, this meat does not agree with me.
Dar-se por vencido, to submit, to surrender one self a prisoner, or to yield a point.

D E

Dar-se por satisfeito, to rest satisfied.
Dar-se a partido, or *lançar-se ao partido*. See **PARTIDO**.
Quando se der a occasião, when occasion shall require.
DARDO, f. m. a dart.
DARES, s. *temares*, chiding, brawling, strife, contention, reasoning, and debate between two persons, or parties.
DARIS, so they call some monkeys from Guinea.

D A T

DATA, f. f. the date of any writing. See also **HUMOR**.
Pôr a data, to date, to set such a date to.
Que data tem aquella carta? What date does that letter bear?
Data (dadia.) See **DADIVA**, and **DOM**.
DATARIA, f. f. the chancery of Rome.
DATARIO, f. m. datary, the chief officer in the chancery of Rome, through whose hands most vacant benefices pass.
DATILES. See **TAMARA**.
DATIVO, (in grammar) the dative case.

D A V

DAVANTE. (a sea term.) See **DI-ANTE**.

D A Y

DAYRI, ou *dayro*, the title given to the emperor of Japan.

D E

DE, prep. from, of; it is also the indefinite article in the Portuguese language.
De aqui, hence.
De porta em porta, from door to door.
De longos annos, since many years.
De noite ou de dia by night, or by day.
Hora de comer, time to dine.
Espero de ver, I hope to see.
De todo, entirely.
De parte a parte, from side to side; that is, quite through.
De dez annos a esta parte, since ten years.
De, for, or by reason of.
Este livro he de fulano, this book belongs to such a one.
Eão perto de vinte, they were about twenty.
He coisa de perigo, it is a dangerous thing.
Isto não he de crer, this is not to be believed.
He de crer que, &c. people must believe that, &c.
Elle estava vestido de marinheiro, he was dressed in sailor's dress.
Não sou de ceremonias, I make no ceremonies, or I don't like ceremonies.

DEB

Penne de escrever, a pen to write with.

DEA

DEADO, f. m. deanship, the office or dignity of dean.

DEALBADO, a, adj. See **BRANQUEADO**.

DEAMBULATORIO, ex. *Interdictio deambulatoris*, a general interdict, through the whole kingdom, or province. (A law term.)

Deambulatoris, f. m. See **PASSEYO**.

DEAM, f. m. dean.

Jurisdicção do deam, deanry, the jurisdiction of a dean.

DEARTICULADO, a, adj. See

DEARTICULAR, v. a. to articulate, to pronounce distinctly.

DEB

DEBADO'URA. See **DOBADO'URA**.

DEBAIXO. See **DEBAXO**.

DEBALDE, adv. in vain, for nothing.

Debalde vos cansais, you trouble yourself for nothing.

P. Malher be fazer debalde que estar debalde, it is better to work for nothing, than be lazy and do nothing at all.

DEBATE, f. m. strife, contention, and debate between two persons or parties.

DEBATER, v. n. to contend, to strive, to debate.

Debater-se, v. r. to clap the wings, to try to fly.

DEBATIDIÇO, a, adj. that claps the wings very much.

DEBATIDO, a, adj. agitated, debated.

DEBATIDURA, f. f. the action of clapping the wings too much.

DEBAXO, prep. under.

Debaxo, adv. from under, underneath, beneath.

Levar algums debaxo, to throw one down.

DEBELLAÇAM, f. f. a vanquishing, or overthrow, debellation. (It is little used.)

DEBELLA'DO, adj. See

DEBELLAR, v. a. to vanquish, to overthrow, to debellate.

DEBICA'DO. See the v.

DEBICAR, v. a. to taste, touch lightly, or take a smack of a thing (a vulgar word;) also to piddle, &c. See **PETISCAR**.

DEBIL, adj. weak, feeble.

DEBILIDADE, f. f. weakness, feebleness, debility.

Debilidade do espirito, faint-heartedness.

DEBILITAÇAM, f. f. debilitation. See **DEBILIDADE**.

DEBILITADO, a, adj. weakened, enfeebled. See also **ABATIDO** and **ATTENUADO**.

DEBILITAR, v. a. to weaken, to enfeeble, to debilitate. See also **ABATER** and **DIMINUIR**.

DEBILMENTE, adv. feebly, weakly.

DEC

DEBITO, f. m. the mutual obligation in marriage.

DEBOLA'DO, a. See

DEBOLA'R, v. a. to take off the crust, scurf, or scab.

DEBREADO, a, adj. See

DEBREAR, v. a. to whip cruelly, to lash, to jerk to pieces.

DEBRUA'DO, a, adj. See

DEBRUA'R, v. a. to hem.

Debruar (guarnecer.) See **GUARNECER** and **ORNAR**.

DEBRUÇADO, a, adj. See

DEBRUÇAR-SE, v. r. to stoop, to bend downwards.

Debrugar-se a algum, or *aos pés de algum*, to prostrate one's self, to call one's self at any one's feet.

DEBRUÇOS, adv. flat on the ground, with the mouth down.

DEBRUM, f. m. hem, selvage, border.

DEBU'LHA, f. f. the time of threshing corn.

DEBULHA'DO, a. See

DEBULHAR, v. a. to thresh.

D. bulhar (desfolhar.) See **DESFOLHAR**.

Debulbar-se em lagrimas, to melt into tears.

DEBU'LHO, f. m. the threshing of corn.

Debulbo, or *Desbulbo*, an entrail, an inward part of a hog, ox, &c.

DEBUXADO, a, adj. See **DEBUXAR**.

DEBUXADO'R, f. m. one that draws in black and white.

DEBUXANTE, p. ad. of

DEBUXAR, v. a. to draw in black and white, with a pen, coal, pencil, or the like. Camoens makes use of this word instead of *Pinhar*, to paint.

DEBU'XO, f. m. the art of drawing in black and white, with a pen, coal, &c. also a draught drawn by hand, with pen and ink, pencil, or the like.

Não te metas em debuxos, meddle not with what does not concern you, or with what may hurt you.

DEC

DECADA, f. f. decade, the number of ten, as the Decades of Livy. Greek.

DECADENCIA. See **DESCAHIDA**.

DECA'GONO, f. m. (in geometry) a decagon. Greek.

DECA'LOGO, f. m. the Decalogue, the Ten Commandments. Greek.

DECAMPA'DO, a, adj. See

DECAMPAR, v. n. to decamp, to go from, to break up the camp, to march off.

A acção de decampar, a decampment, a decamping, or marching off.

DECANA'DO. See **DEADO**.

DECANI'A, f. f. presidentship, or the place of a monk that had ten others under his command.

DECA'NO, f. m. the senior in any order, the eldest in a corporation; also a dean.

DEC

Decans, (among astrologers) decanate, decury, ten degrees attributed to some planet, which being in, it is said to have one dignity.

DECANTA'DO, a, adj. sung, or solemnly pronounced; also much spoken of, in every body's mouth. See the v.

DECANTAR, v. a. to praise, to commend, to sing out, to publish.

DECEINA'DO, a, adj. See

DECEINAR, v. a. (in falconry) to tame the hawk again, that is after the changing of the feathers; also to cry aloud.

DECEMVIRATO, f. m. the office of the decemviri, decemvirate.

DECEMVIROS, f. m. p. decemviri, ten noblemen among the Romans, who governed the commonwealth instead of consuls.

DEGENCIA, f. f. decency, comeliness, seemliness.

Com decencia, decently, becomingly.

DEGENDENCIA. See **DESCENDENCIA**.

DEGENDENTE. See **DESCENDENTE**.

DECENDER, &c. See **DESCENDER**, &c.

DECENTE, adj. decent, becoming, befitting.

Decente, or *descente*, f. f. the channel of a river.

DECENTEMENTE, adv. decently, becomingly.

DECEPA'DO, a, adj. maimed, mangled, or cut off.

O Decapado, so they called the most brave and valiant standard-bearer Edward d'Almeyda, from whom the Spaniards, in the year 1385, could not wrest the colours without cutting off his hands.

DECEPAR, v. a. to maim, or mangle.

DECER. See **DESCER**.

DECERTAR. See **PELEJAR**.

DECIDA. See **DESCIDA**.

DECIDI'DO, a, adj. See

DECIDI'R, v. a. to decide, to determine, resolve.

DECIFRA'DO, a, adj. See

DECIFRAR, v. a. to decypher.

Decifrar buma carta, to decypher a letter.

A acção de decifrar, decyphering.

Decifrar, ou *descrever*, to decypher, or describe.

DECIMA, f. f. decastick or stanza, consisting of ten verses; also the tenth part of any thing paid to a prince; but the tenth part due to the parson of the parish is properly called *dizimo*. See **DIZIMO**.

DECIMAÇAM, f. f. decimation. See **DIZIMAR**.

DECIMADO, a, adj. See **DIZIMADO**.

DECIMA'L, adj. of or belonging to tithes.

Aritmetica decimal, decimal arithmetic.

DEC

DECIMA'R. See **DIZIMAR**.

DECIMO. *a*, adj. the tenth, or decimal part.

Decimo tercio, or *terceyro*, the thirteenth.

Decimo quarto, the fourteenth.

Decimo quinto, the fifteenth.

Decimo sexto, the sixteenth.

Decimo sétimo, the seventeenth.

Decimo oitavo, the eighteenth.

Decimo nono, the nineteenth.

DECISAM, *f. f.* decision, resolution, determination, conclusion.

DECISIVAMENTE, *adv.* decisively, determinately, resolutely.

DECISTIVO, *a*, adj. decisive, conclusive.

DECLAMAÇAM, *f. f.* declamation, a declaiming, an oration made upon a theme; also the action of declaiming.

DECLAMADOR, *f. f.* a declaimer, a pleader; also a reciter or rehearser; also a publisher, proclaimer.

DECLAMA'DO, *a*, adj. See

DECLAMAR, *v. n.* to declaim, to make set speeches.

Declamar muitas vezes, to declaim, or plead often.

DECLAMATORIO, *a*, adj. declamatory, pertaining to the exercise of declaiming.

DECLARAÇAM, *f. f.* a declaration, manifestation, explanation, exposition; also a deposition in law.

Declaração de bens, a publick owning, or registering of goods. (A law term.)

Fazer declaração dos bens, to give in an account of lands, or goods, so as to have them recorded, or registered.

DECLARADAMENTE, *adv.* openly, clearly, evidently.

DECLARA DO, *a*, adj. See

DECLARAR, *v. a.* to declare, to manifest.

Declarar bem as palavras. See **ARTICULAR**.

Declarar os bens, ou fazendas, to give in an account of lands, or goods, so as to have them recorded, or registered. (In law.)

Declarar as fazendas aos officiaes da alfândega, to enter goods at the custom-house.

Inimigo declarado, a professed, or open enemy.

Declarar a guerra, to declare war.

Declarar-se, *v. r.* to declare, tell, or open one's mind, or thoughts.

Declarar-se por, ou contra alguém, to declare for, or against one.

Declarai-vos, explain yourself.

Declarar-se com alguém. See **ABRIR-SE** *com alg-um*.

DECLARATIVO, *a*, adj. declarative, serving or tending to declare.

DECLINA, *f. f.* (in astronomy) *alidada*, or transform, or cross-staff, a kind of ruler that moves on the back of an astrolabe.

DECLINAÇAM, *f. f.* (in grammar) a declension, or the varying of nouns according to their diverse cases.

Declinaçã, a declining, a decaying.

DEC

Declinação, (among physicians) declension.

O dia effa na sua declinação, it draws towards night, it grows late.

Declinação, (in astronomy) declination, or the distance of any star, or part of heaven, from the equator.

Declinação da idade, declining age.

Declinação da agulha, declination of the mariner's compass.

DECLINADO, *a*, adj. See **DECLINAR**.

DECLINANTE, *p. act.* declining, going off. See the *v.* **DECLINAR**.

Relógios do sol declinantes, declining dials, dials drawn upon declining planes.

DECLINAR, *v. a.* to decline grammatically.

Declinar a jurisdição, (law term) to decline a jurisdiction.

Declinar, *v. n.* to decline, decay, to abate, to lessen, to grow less, to sink, to decrease.

O dia declina, ou váy declinando, it begins to grow late, it draws towards night.

Declinar o sol, (in astronomy) is for the sun to run from the equator.

Declinar, to bend downwards, to hang; also to lean, to incline, or to be inclined.

Declinar, to incline to, to come near, to be something like, (speaking of colours.)

Declinar, to decline, a term used in grammar.

DECLINATORIA, (a law term) *ex. Execução declinatoria*, an exception taken against a judge or jurisdiction.

DECLIVE, *adj.* bending downward, steep.

DECLIVIDADE, *f. f.* a bending downward, a declivity.

DECOA'DA, *f. f.* ley-ashes.

Panno que cobre a cuba em que se faz a decoada, bucking-cloth.

Cuba em que se faz a decoada, buckingtub.

Decoada de erva, the herbs that were boiled with the ley-ashes.

DECOÇAM, *f. f.* decoction, a boiling or feething a medicinal liquor, or diet-drink, made of roots, herbs, &c. boiled.

Decoção, (metaph.) See **DECISAM**.

DECORA DO, *a*, adj. See

DECORAR, *v. a.* to learn by heart, to con. to fix in the mind, to study.

DECORO, *f. m.* suitableness of the character to the person.

Com decoro, comely, seemly, handsomely.

Decoro, decorum, that comeliness, order, decency, or good grace, which it becomes every man to observe in all his actions.

Guardar o decoro, to keep a decorum.

Couja contra o decoro, unbecoming unhandsome, unseemly.

DECOROSO, *a*, adj. decorous, decent, comely, seemly.

Decorejo, (modesto.) See **MODESTO**.

DED

DECOTA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DECOTAR**.

Ave decotada, a bird that has the feathers rent and pulled in pieces.

Decotado, that has the neck and the breast uncovered, that has a naked breast.

DECOTA'R, *v. a.* to thin plants, to cut away the boughs that hinder the light; also to prune or lop trees that they may grow, or spring up again.

DECRECIMENTO, *f. m.* a decreasing.

Decremento da lua, the wane of the moon.

DECREPITA'R, *v. a.* (with chemists) to decrepitate, to calcine salt till it has ceased to make a crackling noise in the fire.

DECREPITO, *a*, adj. very old, decrepit.

DECRETADO, *a*, adj. See **DECRETAR**.

DECRETA'ES, *f. f. p.* Decretals, the second of the three volumes of the canon law; which contains the decretal epistles of popes, from Alexander III to Gregory IX.

DECRETAR, *v. act.* to decree, to resolve, determine.

DECRETO, *f. m.* a volume of the canon law, so called, collected by Gratian, a monk of the order of St. Benedict; also a decree, an edict, a law.

DECRETORIAMENTE, *adv.* decisively, in manner of a final decision.

DECRETORIO, *adj.* critical, decisive.

Dia decretorio, (among physicians) the day when the disease may be judged of.

DECU'BITO, *f. m.* the lying of a sick man a-bed. (Among physicians.)

DECUMA NO, *a*, adj. the tenth; also huge, of a large size.

Onda decumana, a huge wave, or billow.

DE CUPLO, *a*, adj. decuple, tenfold, ten times as much as another.

DECURIA, *f. f.* a decury, a committee of ten judges, or a band of ten troopers amongst the ancient Romans; also the number of ten scholars.

DECURIAM, *f. m.* a decurion; also a scholar that bears the lessons of ten other scholars, and looks at their exercises.

DECURSO, *f. m.* a course.

Decurso, *a*, adj. (a law term) *ex. Foras decursus*, ground-rents that are due.

DED

DEDA'Da, *f. f.* as much as a finger can hold.

DEDA'L, *f. f.* a thimble, from *dedo*, a finger.

Dedal de alfarate, a ring-thimble.

DEDA'ES, or **DIDA'ES**, a childish play with thimbles.

DE-

DED

DEDEIRA, f. f. a finger, or thumb-stall for reapers, or mowers.
DEDICACAM, f. f. a dedication. See also **CONSAGRACAM**.
Da da dedicacão da igreja, dedication day, the festival at the consecrating of a church.
DEDICADO, a, adj. See
DEDICAR, v. a. to dedicate, or consecrate.
Dedicar um livro, to dedicate, or address a book.
DEDICATORIA, f. f. dedication, an epistle dedicatory.
DEDIGNAR-SE, v. r. to count unworthy, not to vouchsafe, to disdain, slight, or scorn.
DEDILHADO, a, adj. See
DEDILHAR, v. n. to stop the strings of a harp, or any instrument of music, in the neck.
DEDINHO, f. m. a little finger, diminut. of
DEDO, f. m. a finger.
O dedo polegar, the thumb.
O dedo mostrador, the fore-finger.
De's do meio, the middle-finger.
Dedo anular, the ring-finger.
Dedo menor, or *minimo*, the little-finger.
Dedo anel, a toe.
Polares dos dedos, the tips or tops of the fingers.
Junta e nos dos dedos, the joints and knuckles of the fingers.
Largura de um dedo, a finger's breadth.
Mostrar com o dedo, to point out with the finger.
Contar pelos dedos, to reckon by the fingers.
Dar golpes com os dedos, to make a snapping with the fingers.
Dedos de huma mão metidos por entre os da outra, pecked fingers.
Posura dos dedos de huma mão metidos por entre os da outra, peckination.
Não te afastes a grossura de um dedo, don't stir a jot.
Passando eu couro que se põem no dedo fende ou duente, a finger-stall
Saber eu ter huma coisa nas pontas dos dedos, to have a thing at one's fingers end, to be perfect.
Ver os dedos, (metaph.) to see clearly, or plainly.
Fazer ver alguma coisa com os dedos, (metaph.) to demonstrate a thing, to make it out as clear as the sun at noon-day.
Hum dedo de vinho, a little wine.
O dedo de Deus, the finger, or doing of God.
Causa pertencente aos dedos, of or belonging to a finger, digital.
Elle não deixa meter o dedo na boca, (a familiar expression) that is, he is not a fool, he is sharp enough.
Dedo, (in astronomy) digit, or the twelfth part of the diameter of the sun, or moon, and is used to denote the quantity of an eclipse.
Morder-se os dedos, to bite one's fingers, to be enraged, to be in a great passion.

DEF

DEDUCCAM, f. f. a deducing, a deduction; also a conclusion, consequence, or inference.
DEDUZIDO, a, adj. See
DEDUZIR, v. a. to deduce, to draw one thing from another, to infer; also to conduct, to guide, to lead, or bring along.

DEF

DEFAMADO, **DEFAMAR**. See **DISFAMADO**, and **DISFAMAR**.
DEFECADO, a, adj. defecated, refined from the dregs; also pure, unmixed. (Metaph.)
DEFECAR, v. act. to defecate, to purge from dregs, to refine.
A acção de defecar, defecation.
DEFECTIBILIDADE, f. f. faintness, lassitude, weakness, feebleness.
DEFECTIVO, (in grammar) ex. *Nomes defectivos*, defective nouns. *Verbo defectivo*, a defective verb.
DEFECTUOSO, or **DEFEITUOSO**, a, adj. defective, faulty, imperfect, maimed.
DEFEITO, f. m. defect, blemish, failing, imperfection, want; a fault, a mistake, an error.
DEFEITUOSO. See **DEFECTUOSO**.
DEFENDENTE, f. m. a respondent, he that answers the opponent in disputations.
DEFENDER, v. a. to defend, to protect, support, or uphold; to assert, maintain, or justify; also to answer the opponent in disputations.
Defender-se, v. r. to defend, to keep one's self from.
DEFENDIDO, a, adj. See **DEFENDER**.
DEFENSA, f. f. defence, guard, or protection.
Defensa, (in military affairs) defence, opposition.
Sem defesa, defenceless, without defence.
Por-se em defesa, to stand upon one's defence, or guard.
Linha da defesa fixante, line of defence fixed or fixant, or that line which is drawn from the angle of the curtain to the flanked angle of the opposite bastion, nevertheless without touching the face of the bastion.
Linha da defesa razante, ou flanquante, line of defence, razant, a line drawn from the point of the bastion along the face, till it comes to the curtain.
DEFENSAM, f. f. See **DEFENSA**.
DEFENSIVEL, adj. defensible, of defence.
DEFENSIVO, a, adj. defensive.
Armas defensivas, defensive arms.
Remedio defensivo, (among surgeons) defensatives, or such medicines which divert humours from a part affected.
DEFENSOR, f. m. defender, protector.
Defensor da fe, defender of the faith, a title given by Pope Leo X. to king

DEF

Henry VIII. of England, for writing against Luther.
DEFERENTE, (in astronomy) deferent, an imaginary circle or orb in the Ptolemaic system, that is supposed, as it were, to carry about the body of the planet, and it is the same with eccentric.
DEFERIDO, a, adj. See
DEFERIR, v. n. To answer, or subscribe a petition; also to grant, yield, to allow, to approve of, to permit.
Deferir como se pede, to grant what a petitioner or requester asks for.
Deferir à experiencia, to be led, moved, or persuaded by experience.
DEFESA, f. f. (in law) a reply, or defence.
Nada disse em sua defesa, he said nothing in his behalf.
Defesa, (in fortification.) See **DEFENSA**.
D'fesa. See **DEFEZA**.
DEFESO. See **PROHIBIDO**.
DEFICIENCIA. See **FALTA**.
DEFIDENTE, adj. mistrustful, diffident, suspicious, from the Ital. *Diffidente*.
DEFINHA DO, a, adj. See **MAGRO** and
DEFINHA'R, v. n. to consume, or pine away. See **EMAGRECER**.
DEFINICAM, f. f. a definition.
DEFINIDO'R, f. m. one who defines, or determines; also a definitor, counsellor, or assistant of a general or provincial of a religious order.
DEFINIDO, a, adj. See
DEFINI'R, v. a. to explain, to define.
DEFINITIVAMENTE, adv. decisively, definitively, determinately, conclusively.
DEFINITIVO, a, adj. ex. *Parte definitiva*, (in rhetoric) so the rhetoricians call that stating of a cause, wherein the terms of the controversy are first to be explained. See also **DECISIVO**.
DEFIRIR, eu *disfirir à vela*, (a sea phrase) to set sail, to sail, to go out.
DEFLORADO, a, adj. See
DEFLORAR, v. a. to deflower or deflower, to rob a virgin of the flower of her virginity; also to pick out or cull, to choose.
DEFLUVIO, f. m. a falling of the hair.
DEFLUXO, f. m. See **CATARRO**, and **ESTILLICIDIO**.
DEFORMADO, a, adj. See
DEFORMAR, v. a. to disfigure, or mar the fashion of, to deform.
DEFORME, adj. deformed, ugly, misshapen, disfigured.
DEFORMIDADE, f. f. deformity, ugliness; also disgrace, dishonour, (in a figurative sense.)
DEFRALDADO. See **DESFRALDADO**.
DEFRALDA'R. See **DESFRALDAR**.
DEFRAUDADO, a, adj. See

DEG

DEFRAUDAR, v. a. to defraud, to cheat, to cozen, or beguile, to deprive by a trick; also to refuse, to deny, to deprive.
Defraudar a sua natureza, eu esmago, to pinch one's belly. Terence says, *defraudare genium*.
O que defrauda, a deceiver, a beguiler.
D fraudar-se, v. r. to deprive one's self of; also to usurp the property of a thing, to claim or take to one's self.
DEFRAUDO, f. m. a deceiving, beguiling, cozening, defrauding; also the thing a man was deprived of by a trick.
DEFRONTAR, v. n. to face, to stand opposite to, (speaking of mountains, islands, &c.)
DEFRUTADO. See **DEFRUTADO**.
DEFRUTAR. See **DEFRUTAR**.
DEFUMADO, a, adj. smoky, or black with smoke; also dried in the smoke, smoke-dried. See also the v. **DEFUMAR**.
DEFUMADURA. See **PERFUME**.
DEFUMAR, v. a. to smoke, to hang, or dry in the smoke; also to blacken with smoke.
Defumar, (perfumar.) See **PERFUMAR**.
DEFUNTA, f. f. **DEFUNTO**, f. m. the dead body of a woman, or man.
O dia da comemoração dos defuntos, All Souls day.
B ns do defunto que servem para pagar as dívidas e legados, assets.
Defunto, a, adj. that is dead, deceased, late.
O rey defunto, the late king.

DEG

DEGELADO, a, adj. thawed.
DEGELAR-SE, v. r. to thaw. From the French *degeler*.
DEGENERADO, a, adj. See
DEGENERAR, v. n. to degenerate, to grow out of kind, (speaking of trees, &c.)
D gerar de si mesmo, to change one's mind, to alter from himself.
D gerar d s seus antepassados, to degenerate, to fall from the virtue of his ancestors.
O que degra da virtude dos seus antepassados, a layman, one that degenerates from the virtues of his ancestors.
Causa que degenera, degenerating.
Degenerar, to grow worse, (speaking of trees that are transplanted.)
Degenerar em prado, to turn into a green field, or common.
DEGOLAÇÃO, f. f. decollation, a beheading.
DEGOLADO, a, adj. See **DEGOLAR**.
DEGOLADOURO, the hutchery, a slaughter-house; also the fore-part

DEI

of the neck where the wind-pipe is.
DEGOLAR, v. a. to kill, or cut one's throat, to behead, or decapitate.
DEGRADAÇÃO, f. f. degradation, a degrading, a disqualifying.
DEGRADADO, a, adj. See
DEGRADAR, v. a. to banish, to turn or send out of his native, into some foreign country; also to cast out, drive out, or away. (Metaph.)
Degradar, to degrade, to deprive of an office, title, or dignity.
Degradar da nobreza, to degrade from the estate of a nobleman.
Degradar da milicia, to put out of commission, to cashier a soldier, to disband, to dismiss out of service with disgrace.
Degradar do cler'ato, to degrade a priest from his priesthood for ever.
DEGRADO, adv. willingly, readily, freely, gladly.
Muito degado, very willingly.
DEGRADUADO, a, adj. See
DEGRADUAR, v. a. to deprive of an office, title, or dignity.
DEGRÃO, f. m. step of stairs, or of a ladder.
De degrão em degrão, eu p'ir degrãos, gradually, by degrees, by steps, by little and little.
D grãos, (metaph.) an occasion, entry, way, or means to a thing, degree.
DEGREDO, f. m. banishment, exile, transportation.

DEI

DEIDA'DE, f. f. a deity, a fabulous god, or goddess.
Deidade, or substituto de deos. See **SUBSTITUTO**, and **DEOS**.
DEJECAÇÃO, f. f. (among physicians.) See **CAMARAS**.
DEIFICAÇÃO, f. f. See **APOTHEOSIS**.
DEIFICADO, a, adj. See
DEIFICAR, v. a. to deify, to put among the gods.
DEIFICO, a, adj. See **DIVINO**.
DEIFORME, adj. (an ascetic word) that is united to God, or that is conformable to God's will.
DEISTAS, f. m. p. deists, a sect so called.
DEITAR DO, a, adj. See **DEITAR**, and **DEITAR SE**.
DEITAR, v. a. to cast, throw, sling.
D itar lagrimas, to shed tears.
Deitar sangue, to bleed.
Deitar agua, to pour water.
Deitar fora, to thrust, or drive out.
Deitar a perder, to spoil, to ruin, to corrupt, (both in the proper and figurative sense.)
O calor deita a perder a carne, heat taints the meat.
Deitar, to put, or stretch; as, *Elle deitou a cabeça fora da carruagem,* he put his head out of the coach.
Deitar galinhas, to lay a course of eggs under a hen to hatch them.
Deitar ovos as galinhas, the same.
Gallinha deitada, or choca. See **CHOCO**

DEI

Deitar a culpa, to tax, to lay the fault on.
Deitar a culpa sobre outrem, to cast the fault upon another.
Deitar no chão, to throw or pull down.
Deitar a semente à terra. See **SEMEAR**.
Deitar em resto, to throw a thing in one's dish, to hit in the teeth with.
Deitar a lingua fora da boca, to loll out one's tongue.
Deitar sortes, to cast lots.
Deitar raizes, to take root.
Deitar ancora, to cast anchor.
Deitar uma coisa a mal, to take any thing ill.
Deitar, to put to bed.
Deitar uma ajuda, to give a glyster.
Deitar de costas a alguém, to lay one on his back.
Deitar ventosas, to cup, as the surgeon does.
Deitar debruços a alguém, to lay one with the mouth down.
Deitar grilheins, to fetter, to shackle.
Deitar a mão, to lay hold of.
Deitar humilde, to make a proclamation.
Deitar às costas, to take upon one's back.
Deitar a conta, to make the account, to reckon.
Deitar umas solas nos sapatos, to sole shoes.
Deitar para um canto, to cast into a corner, to despise, to contemn.
Deitar um cadeado, to shut up with a padlock.
Deitar um remendo, to patch, or piece.
Deitar vinho, to fill, or pour out wine.
Deitar uma ferradura a um cavallo, to shoe a horse.
Deitar um vestido, to put on a new suit of cloaths.
Deitar poeira nos olhos, to throw dust in one's eyes, to give him to understand that the moon is made of green cheese. (Metaph.)
Deitar alguém a dormir, to lay a sleep, or to sleep.
Ir-se deitar, to go to bed.
Ides-vos deitar, go to bed.
P. deitar em jaco reto, to spend the breath in vain.
P. deitar azote no fogo, to make bad worse. Horace lays, *illum addere cinem*.
Deitar, v. n. to come, to amount.
A quant o deita tudo? what does the whole amount to?
Deitar-se, v. r. to go to bed, or to lie down.
Deitar-se vestido, to lie rough, or with one's cloaths on.
Deitar-se per terra, to lie down flat, to lie along.
Deitar-se a dormir, to lie down to sleep.
D. nar r. moquis. See **REMOQUEAR**.
Se fizerdes esta vida deitar-vos-eis a perir, if you live such a life you'll ruin yourself.

DEIXA,

DEI

DEIXA, f. f. (*legado*.) See **LEGADO**.
Deixa, ou a ultima palavra de huma figura que faz lembrar a outra, o que tem para dizer, cue, or the last words of a speech, which the player, who is to answer, catches, and looks on as an intimation to begin.
DEIXAÇA'M, f. f. a giving, or giving up, a renouncing.
DEIXADO, a, adj. See
DEIXAR, v. a. to leave, to forsake, to quit; also to leave behind; also to leave off, or over.
Deixar de, &c. to let pass, to slip, or pass over; to make no mention of, to leave out, or omit.
Deixar, to transmit by writing, or tradition.
Deixar, to suffer, to permit, to let one do a thing.
Deixei-o em casa, I left him at home.
Deixo a vossa consideração, I leave you to think.
Deixei recado a moça para que lho dissesse, I left word with the maid that she should tell him of it.
Deixar a pro'ria mulher, to leave, or put away one's wife.
Deixamecom isso, leave that to me.
Deixar fugir huma boa occasião, to slip, or let slip a fair opportunity.
Deixar no ar, to leave undetermined.
Deixaim, let me alone, be quiet, don't meddle with me.
Deixai-o, let him alone.
Deixar no testamento, to bequeath, or leave by will.
Deixaimbir, pray let me go.
Deixar, to lay aside, or apart.
Deixei a minha bolsa sobre a mesa, I left or forgot my purse upon the table.
Deixai aqui a vossa capa, leave your cloak here.
Deixar hum caminho à direita, to leave a way on the right-hand.
Elle deixou os seus papeis nas mãos de fulano, he has left his papers with such a one, he has deposited them in his hands.
Deixar ao cuidado ou prudencia de algum, to leave, to trust, or commit to one's care, or prudence.
Deixar, or perder a vida, to lose, or lay down one's life.
Não de xar homem à vida, to kill every man, to spare none.
A p'isar de quanto lhe tembo dito, não deixa de o fazer, for all that I told him, he does not leave off, or forbear doing it, or he still does it.
Isso porém não deixa de ser certo, it is certain nevertheless, or for all that.
Nunca deixarei de amarvos, I shall always love you.
Não deixarei de fazer da minha parte o que puder, it shall not be wanting on my part.
Deixai de cuidar nisso, trouble not your self about it, don't think about it.
Não deixar cabir huma coisa no chaô, to take notice of a thing. (Metaph.)

DEL

Nam deixarei de passar pella vossa casa, I shall not balk your house.
Deixar de, &c. to abstain from, &c.
Não pode deixar de ser, it cannot be otherwise.
Carne que deixa máo gosto, a meat that leaves an ill taste behind.
Deixar, to cause, to occasion.
Deixar a fele, to die.
Deixar o mundo, to leave the world, to enter into a religious life.
Deixar as escuras, to leave in the dark.
Deixar algum com a palavra na boca, to leave one without hearing what he says.
Deixar no tinteiro, to omit, to leave out, not to mention.
Deixar as rédeas ao cavallo, to let loose the reins of a horse, to give him the head.
Deixar algum com a boca aberta, to deceive one's hopes.
Deixar de parte, to lay aside.
P. deixemos de rascar e fallemos de fixo, jesting aside, let us speak seriously.
Horace says, amote quaramus seria ludi.
P. deixoume nas pontas do tanto; that is, he left me in great danger.
Deixar-se, v. r. ex. Deixate disso, let that alone.
Deixar-se cabir, to fall.
Deixar-se dar, to suffer one's self to be beaten.
Deixar-se persuadir, to be persuaded, to be prevailed upon.
Deixar-se levar de seus appetites, to addict, to abandon one's self up to passions, to gratify one's passions.
Deixar-se do negocio, to leave off trade.
Deixar-se cabir em tentação, to yield to a temptation, to give way to it.
Deixar-se enganar, to be imposed upon, or to suffer to be imposed upon.
Deixar-se bir pela agra abaixo, (metaph.) to commit one's self to fortune, to make no account of any thing.

DEL

DELAMBER-SE, v. r. it is vulgarly used, speaking of a sneering fellow, that slips away laughing in his sleeve.
DELATADO, a, adj. See
DELATAR, v. a. to accuse, to impeach, to inform against one; also to acquaint one, or make one acquainted with.
DELATOR, f. m. an informer, an evidence, an accuser. Lat. See also the v. **DELATAR**.
DELECTO, f. m. choice, or picking out.
DELEGAÇA'M, f. f. delegation, or commission.
DELEGADO, f. m. a delegate, one to whom authority is committed from another, to handle and determine matters.
Delegado, a, adj. delegated, &c. See
DELEGAR, v. a. to delegate, to appoint, by an extraordinary commission,

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judges, to hear and determine a particular case.
Delegar, to communicate, to impart. (Metaph.)
DELEITAÇA'M, f. f. a delight, pleasure, enjoyment.
DELEITADO, a, adj. See
DELEITAR, v. a. to delight, to please.
Delitâr-se, v. r. to be delighted.
DELEITAVEL, adj. pleasant, delightful.
DELEITE, f. m. See **DELEITAÇA'M**.
DELEITOSO, a, adj. See **DELEITAVEL**.
DELEIXADO, a, adj. See **MOLLE** and **PREGUIÇOSO**.
DELEIXAME'NYO, f. m. faintness, feebleness, weakness; also laziness, slothfulness.
DELETERIO, a, adj. ex. *Remedios de letes*, deleterious medicines, that is, whose particles are of a poisonous nature. Greek.
DELETREAR. See **SOLETRAR**.
DELFI'M, a dolphin, a sea-fish.
Delfin, (in astronomy) dolphin, a constellation so called.
Delfin de França, the dolphin or dauphin, the eldest son of the king of France, whose coat of arms is set out with dolphins and fleurs-de-lis.
Delfin, (in gunnery) dolphins, or handles made in that form to pieces of ordnance.
DELGADAMENTE, adv. thinly, nicely, finely; also ingeniously, subtly.
DELGADEZA, thinness, fineness.
Delgadeza do engento, subtilty, sharpness of wit.
DELGADO, a, adj. slender, thin; also subtle, acute.
Fiar delgado, to spin nicely.
Fiar delgado, (metaph.) to look too narrowly into things; also to be too sparing, too saving, stingy, and peevish. (In the same sense.)
DELIA, f. f. one of the names of Diana, or the moon.
DELIBERAÇA'M, f. f. deliberation; also resolution, determination.
DELIBERADAMENTE, adv. deliberately, purposely, advisedly, for the purpose.
DELIBERADO, a, adj. consulted of; deliberate; also free; also resolved, resolute, stout, hardy, bold, intrepid, fearless. See the v.
DELIBERAR, v. n. to deliberate upon a thing; also to take a resolution.
DELIBERATIVO, a, adj. pertaining to deliberation.
DELICADAMENTE, adv. delicately, deliciously; also sharply, ingeniously.
DELICADEZA, f. f. daintiness, delicacy, niceness.
Delicadezas de huma lingua, the niceties, or delicacies of a language.
Delicadeza de engenho. See **DELGADEZA**.
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DELICADO, *a*, adj. delicate, fine, dainty; also ingenious.
Manjares delicados, dainty bits.
Mãos delicadas, soft hands.
Delicado, (*subtil*) thin, small, slender.
Delicado, (*polido*) nice.
Delicado, (*que não pode sofrer*) queasy, squeamish, that loatheth, and cannot brook an affront.
Estomago muito delicado, a squeamish stomach.
Delicado de compleição, delicate, nice, weak, tender.
Ter o gosto delicado, to love good things; also to have a good genius.
Consciência delicada, a tender, or nice conscience.
DELÍCIA, *f. f.* delight, pleasure, that which delights.
DELÍCIA-R-SE, *v. r.* See **DELEITAR-SE**.
DELICIOSAMENTE, *adv.* deliciously, delightfully, wooingly.
DELÍCIOSO, *a*, adj. delightful, delicious, sweet, agreeable.
Delicioso, (*dado às delícias*) voluptuous, sensual, given to pleasures.
DELICTO. See **DELITO**.
DELIDO, *a*, adj. liquefied, made liquid, dissolved.
DELINEAÇÃO, *f. f.* a delineation.
DELINEAR, *a*, adj. See
DELINEAR, *v. a.* to delineate, to draw the outlines; also to describe. (*Metaph.*)
DELINEATIVO, *a*, adj. that can delineate.
DELINQUENTE, *p. act.* a delinquent, an offender.
DELINQUIDO. See
DELINQUIR, *v. n.* to transgress, to offend, to commit a crime.
DELIQUADO, *a*, adj. See
DELIQUAR, *v. a.* (in chemistry) to dissolve the calx by suspending it in moist cellars.
DELIQUIO, *f. m.* a fainting, or swooning. *Lat.*
Deliquio, (in chemistry) deliquium.
Resolver por deliquio. See **DELIQUAR**.
DELIR, *v. a.* to liquify, to dissolve, to make liquid.
DELIRADO, *a*, adj. See **DELIRAR**.
DELIRAMENTO. See **DELIRIO**.
DELIRAR, *v. n.* to rave, to be light-headed, to talk idly.
Que d-lira, doating, that talks or acts idly, delirious.
DELIRIO, *f. m.* deliration, a doating, or being beside one's self.
DELITO, *f. m.* a crime.
DELIVRADO, *a*, adj. See
DELIVRAR, *v. n.* is for a woman in labour to expel the after-birth.
DELLA, DELLE, the genitives of the relative pronouns **ELLA, ELLE**, which see.
DELO'NGA, *f. f.* *ou* **DELO'NGO**, *f. m.* See **DILAÇÃO**.
DELTON, *f. m.* a constellation of six stars, like the letter Δ , Deltoton,

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otherwise called *Triangulus Septentrionalis*.
DELU'BRO, *f. m.* a church, chapel, a place consecrated to some god; also a shrine, or place where some image or idol stood.
DELU'CIDARIO. See **DILUCIDARIO**.
DELU'TO, *f. m.* (among physicians) an infusion.

DEM

DEMAN'DA, *f. f.* a suit, a plea, a process in law.
O'fício ou autos de huma demanda, papers, belonging to a law-suit, the particulars of a case.
Demanda civil, ou criminal, a civil or criminal cause.
Fazer, armar, por demanda a algum, to sue one, or bring his action against.
Perder a demanda, to lose his action, to be cast.
Vencer a demanda, to carry the cause, to cast one's adversary.
Ter huma demanda, or *andar em demanda*, to have a law-suit, to be at law.
Compôr huma demanda, to make an end of a law-suit by compounding with the plaintiff.
O que anda em demanda, a client, one that has a suit in law.
Andar em demanda, to hunt after, to strive to obtain.
Hir em demanda de algum, to inquire after one.
Hir em demanda de algum lugar, to seek, to look for a place.
DEMANDADO, *a*, adj. requested, sued for. See the *v.* **DEMANDAR**.
DEMANDANTE, or **DEMANDAM**. See **DEMANDISTA**.
DEMANDAR, *v. a.* to sue at law; also to go, to march, to seek for a place, to repair to it; also to require, to demand.
Hir demandar (speaking of things) to reach.
DEMANDISTA, *f. m.* a splitter of causes, a barterer, a caviller, or quarrelsome knave. In law, a pettifogger, a litigious man.
DEMARCAÇÃO, *f. f.* a bounding, or limiting; also a boundary, or land-mark.
Demarcação, the land that is limited, or bounded.
Demarcação. (In a moral sense.) See **LIMITE**.
DEMARCADOR, *f. m.* a surveyor of lands that setteth bounds.
DEMARCA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DEMARCAR, *v. a.* to bound, to set bounds to, to limit; also to serve as a boundary or land-mark.
DEMASI'A, *f. f.* overplus, superfluity; also want of moderation, unreasonableness, excess.
Em demasia, too much, excessively.
Demasia, the rest of the money.
Demasia, insolence, haughtiness, sauciness.

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DEMASIADAMENTE, *adv.* excessively.
DEMASIADO, *adv.* the same.
Demasiado, *a*, adj. overmuch, excessive, immoderate.
DEMASIAR-SE, *v. r.* to grow immoderate, extravagant, or intemperate.
DEMENCIA, *f. f.* madness, stupidity, silliness.
DEMERE'CI-MENTO. See
DEMERITO, *f. m.* want of merit, or desert, demerit.
DEMIGOLLA, *f. f.* (in fortification) demi-gorge.
DEMINUIÇÃO. See **DIMINUIÇÃO**.
DEMINUI'DO, &c. See **DIMINUI'DO**, &c.
DEMISSA'M, or **DIMISSA'M**, the resignation of an office, quitting, or laying aside; also a discharge of soldiers.
DEMISSO, *a*, adj. *ex.* *Ter os olhos demissos*, to look downwards.
DEMITTIDO, *a*, adj. See
DEMITTIR, *ou* *demitir*, *v. a.* to give over, to leave off.
Demitir de si a vontade, to be unwilling.
Demitir de si a razão, to slight or contemn reason.
Demitir o seu direito, to yield up one's right.
Demitir, (a military word) to dismiss, to discharge.
DEMO, *f. m.* See **DEMONIO**.
P. não he o demô tam f. o como o pintão; we say, the lion is not so fierce as his picture.
DEMOCRA'CIA, *f. f.* democracy, a popular state, such as Holland, Greece.
DEMOCRA'CIO, *a*, adj. democratical.
DEMOLIÇÃO, *f. f.* a destruction, demolition, ruin.
DEMOLIDO, *a*, adj. See
DEMOLIR, *v. a.* to demolish, to pull down any thing built.
DEMONIO, *f. m.* demon, an evil spirit, the devil. *Greek.*
DEMONSTRAÇÃO. See **DEMOSTRAÇÃO**.
DEMONSTRADO. See **DEMOSTRADO**.
DEMONSTRAR, &c. See **DEMOSTRAR**, &c.
DEMORA, *f. f.* delay.
Fazer demora. See **DEMORAR-SE**.
DEMORADO, *a*, adj. See
DEMORAR, *v. n.* to lye, or be situate; also to delay, or keep back, *v. a.*
Demorar-se, *v. r.* to lye, or stick; also to tarry, to stay, to lag, to touter.
Nos demoramo-nos lá tres dias, we tarried there three days.
DEMOSTRAÇÃO, *f. f.* demonstration, a clear proof; also a sign, or token.
Demonstração, (in mathematics) a demonstration, or a proof founded on self-evident principles.

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DEMOSTRADO, *a*, adj. See **DEMOSTRAR**.
DEMOSTRADOR, or **DEMONSTRADOR**, *s. m.* one that demonstrates, or shews things plain.
Dito demonstrador, or mostrador. See **DEDO**.
DEMOSTRANTE, or **DEMONSTRANTE**, (in heraldry) that points at a thing.
DEMOSTRAR, or **DEMONSTRAR**, *v. a.* to demonstrate, to shew plainly, to prove evidently.
DEMOSTRATIVAMENTE, *adv.* demonstratively, convincingly.
DEMOSTRATIVO, or **DEMONSTRATIVO**, *a*, adj. demonstrative.
DEMOVIDO, *a*, adj. See **DEMOVER**, *v. a.* to displace, to turn out of an office.
DEMUDADO, *a*, adj. that has changed countenance, turned pale.
DEMUDAR-SE, *v. r.* to change countenance, to turn pale. From *Mudar*, to change.

DEN

DENÁRIO, *s. m.* a Roman denier, near the weight of the Attic drachm, in value about eight pence three farthings of our money, till after the reign of Vespasian, when the weight of it being reduced it amounted not to above seven-pence half-penny.
DENDROPHOROS, *s. m. p.* dendrophori, those who performed that office in the dendrophoria.
DENDROPHORIA, *s. f.* dendrophoria, a ceremony performed in the sacrifices of Bacchus, Cybele, &c. of carrying trees through a city.
DENEGADO, *a*, adj. See **DENEGAR**, *v. a.* not to give or grant. See also **ARRENEGAR**.
DENEGRIDO. } See **DENIGRIDO**.
DENEGRIR. } See **DENIGRIR**.
DENGUE, *s. m.* a coyneis or affection; also a minion, a darling, or favourite.
DENIGRIDO, *a*, adj. made black; also made black and blue, pale and wan, of the colour of lead.
DENIGRIR, *v. a.* to blacken, to demigrate.
Denigrir-se, *v. r.* to wax black, to turn black.
DENODADAMENTE, *adv.* rashly.
DENODADO, *adj.* bold, resolute, intrepid; also rapid, violent, rash.
Voto denodado, a rash and inconsiderate vow, as that made by Vasco Martins de Melo, in 1385, at Aljubarrota, of apprehending the king of Spain.
DENODO. See **ATREVIMENTO**.
DENOMINACÃO, *s. f.* denomination.
DENOMINADOR, *s. m.* (in arithmetic) denominator.
DENOMINADO, *a*, adj. See **DENOMINAR-SE**, *v. p.* to be denominated.
DENOTADO, *a*, adj. See

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DENOTAR, *v. a.* to denote, mark, or signify.
DENSAMENTE, *adv.* thickly.
DENSIDADE, *s. f.* density, thickness. See also **ESPESSURA**.
DENSO, *a*, adj. dense, thick, close compact; a term opposed to thin. See also **ESPESSO**.
Ar denso, gross air.
Denfas trevas, great darkness.
Densa nevoa, a thick fog.
Denso, full of, impervious, unpassable.
Materia densa, como borra, ou outra coisa semelhante, a thick matter, as the dregs, grounds, or sediments of any liquor.
Faz-r denso, to thicken, to make thick.
DENTADA, *s. f.* a mark, or bite of a tooth, the impression made with the teeth in any thing.
DENTADO, *a*, adj. toothed, having teeth.
DENTAM, a kind of fish with sharp teeth.
DENTE, *s. m.* a tooth.
Dentes incisivos, or gelatinos, the fore teeth.
Dentes caninos, or oculares, the eye-teeth, or fanglers.
Dentes molares, or queixais, the grinders, or cheek-teeth.
Dentes cabeiros, da sabedoria, or do fiso, the two farthest teeth, which come last; they are called *dentes sapientiae*, because they grow after a man is come to years of maturity.
Dentes colmillos, (in a horse) the four teeth next the gatherers, that is, one on each side above and below; the tusks or tusks of a horse.
Colmillos da parte de cima, (in a horse) wolf's teeth, two teeth in the upper jaw, which grow sharp pointed, so as to prick the tongue and gums.
Dentes cavalgados, ou pestes huns sobre os outros, snag, or snagged teeth.
Que tem os dentes muito apartados huns dos outros, gap-toothed.
O que tira dentes, a tooth-drawer.
Dente aballado, a loose tooth.
Dor de dentes, the tooth-ach.
Covas dos dentes, the sockets of the teeth.
Começa a nacer-lhe hum dente, one of his teeth begins to peep out.
O nacer dos dentes, the breeding of the teeth.
Temto em que naceu os dentes, dentition.
Fallar por entre os dentes, to speak between one's teeth, to mumble, to mutter, to growl.
Fomar entre dentes, to defame, to slander. (Metaph.)
Todos o tomão entre dentes, every one has a sting at him.
Mudar os dentes, to shed teeth.
Mistrar os dentes, (metaph.) to show the teeth, to show one's self a man of courage.
Dente de alho, a clove of garlic.
Bate os dentes com frio, his teeth chatter with cold.
Ter dente de coelho, so they say when a

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matter or writing is very intricate or hard.
Dentes postiços, set teeth.
Dente da ancora, fluke of an anchor.
Dente do arado, the wood wherein the share or coulter of the plough is put; also the coulter.
Ranger com os dentes, to gnash with the teeth for anger, or pain.
Remedio para alimpar os dentes, dentifrice.
Dente, (in masonry) toothing, a corner stone left for more buildings.
Dente de pentem, the tooth of a comb.
Dente de ferra, the tooth of a saw.
Dente da roda de moinho, a cog of a mill-wheel.
Fazer os dentes a huma roda, to cog a wheel.
P. primeiro sam dentes que parentes; we say, near is my coat, but nearer is my skin; and Terence says, *bus proximus sam egomet mihi*.
P. lá vai a lingua onde o dente grita, to scratch where it itches.
Valente do dente; so they say, speaking of one that can eat more than he can earn.
P. quando cuidas metter o dente em seguro, coparas o duro; harm watch, harm catch. Horace says, *et fragili quærens illidere dentem, effindet solidum*.
P. dar com a lingua nos dentes, to contradict one's self, to belie.
A acção de dar com a lingua nos dentes, ou contrasizer-se em juizo, miskenning, or miskenning.
Dente de liam, the herb called lions-tooth.
DENTIFRÍCIO, *s. m.* dentifrice, a powder for scouring, cleaning, and whitening of teeth.
DENTILHOENS. See **COLUMNA**.
DENTINHO, *s. m.* a little tooth, diminut. of *Dente*.
DENTRO, *prep.* and *adv.* within.
Dentro das muralhas, within the walls.
Por dentro, thorough; also inwardly, or withinside.
De dentro, from within.
Dentro de casa, within doors, at home.
Para dentro, inward, or inwards, towards the inner parts.
Hir para dentro, to go in.
Dentro is also used as a substantive; as, *o de dentro*, the inside.
De portas a dentro, within doors.
Dentro de poucos dias, within a few days.
DENTUÇA, *s. f.* crookedness, or bending of the teeth; also he who has got gag-teeth.
DENUNCIACÃO, *s. f.* an information.
Denunciação de guerra, a declaration of war.
DENUNCIADO, *a*, adj. See **DENUNCIAR**.
DENUNCIADOR, *s. m.* an informer, a secret accuser.
DENUNCIAR, *v. a.* to inform against

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gainst one. See also *DECLARAR*.
D'unciar guerra, to declare war.
DENVOLTA. See *ENVOLTA*.

DEO

DEOS, f. m. God.
Deos vos guarde, (a form of saluting at meeting) God save you.
Deos vos acompanhe, God be with you.
Deos vo lo pague, God-a-mercy.
Deos vos de bom successo, God speed you.
Por providencia de Deos, as God would have.
A Deos, adieu, farewell.
Não queira Deos, God forbid.
Queira Deos, God grant.
Prouvera a Deos, would to God.
Deos o faça, God grant it.
Por graça de Deos, by the grace of God.
Graças a Deos, God be thanked, or thanks be to God.
Por amor de Deos, for God's sake.
Falhe-me Deos, God help me, or good God!
Deos lhe tenha a sua alma na gloria, God rest his soul.
Está com Deos, or *Deos o levou*, he is dead.
P. quem não falla não o turve Deos, a man may hold his tongue in an ill time.
P. quando Deos n'õ quer, santos não ro-gão, when it pleaseth not God, the saints can do little.
P. ventura se dá Deos filho, que saber pouco se basta, God give you good luck, child; for a little learning will serve your turn; because it is fortune that raises men more than merit.
P. não fez Deos a quem desamparasse; we say, he that sends mouths sends meat; that is, God made no body to forsake him, he provides for all the creatures he makes.
P. cada qual por si, e Deos por todos, every one for himself, and God for all.
DEOSA, f. f. a goddess.
DE OSES da gentildade, heathen gods, or deities.

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DEPARA'DO, a, adj. See
DEPARAR, v. a. this verb is used speaking of persons, or things, upon which we light, or with which we meet by chance; as, *d'parou-me Deos este homem*, I met with this man by chance, or God sent this man to me.
Deos me depare boa, God send it be good to me.
DEPARTIÇAM, f. f. (obol.) See *CONVERSAÇAM*.
DEPARTIDO, a, adj. See
DEPARTIR, v. n. to speak together, to discourse, to confer. (obol.)
Departir-se, v. r. See *APARTAR-SE*.
DEPENNADO, a, adj. See
DEPENNA'R, v. a. to peck, or

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plume; also to strip, to spoil, to rob, to bereave. (Metaph.)
DEPENDENCIA, f. f. dependence, or dependency, a relation, or subjection to.
DEPENDENTE, p. aet. depending.
DEPENDER, v. n. to depend.
DEPENDIDO, part. of the præterp. tense of *depend.r.* Ex. *Ter dependido*, to have been a dependant.
DEPENDURA. See *PENDURA*.
DEPENDURADO. See *PENDURADO*.
DEPENDURAR. See *PENDURAR*.
Estar a dependura, to be very near to die.
DEPENICA'DO, a, adj. See
DEPENICA'R, v. a. to pluck off by little and little.
DEPLORA'DO, a, adj. deplorate, hopeless, past recovery, past all hope, given over. See also
DEPLORAR, v. a. to deplore, to lament, to bewail.
DEPLORAVEL, adj. deplorable, sad, calamitous, miserable.
DEPOENTE, (in grammar) a verb deponent.
DEPOIMENTO, f. m. a testimony, an evidence, or deposition; also a bearing of witness, a testifying.
DEPOIS, or *DESPOIS*, prep. after.
Depois que, since.
O dia depois, the day after.
Logo depois, forthwith, immediately.
DEPONENTE. See *DEPOENTE*.
DEPOPULA'DO, a, adj. unpeopled, depopulated.
DEPOR, v. a. to turn out, to remove, to depose; also to lay down, to resign.
A açam de depor, deposing.
Depor as armas, to lay down arms.
Depor, or *fazer depoimento*, to depose, to swear to as a witness.
Depor em alguma alguma coisa, to depose, or trust a thing with one.
Depor a vida, to die, to expire.
DEPORTAÇAM, f. f. transportation, or banishment, also a carrying away captive.
DEPORTADO, a, adj. banished, exiled.
DEPOSIÇAM, f. f. a deposing, degrading, degradation. See also the v. *DEPOSITAR*.
DEPOSITA'DO, a, adj. deposited, intrusted. See also the v. *DEPOSITAR*.
DEPOSITADO'R, f. m. he who deposits.
DEPOSITAR, v. a. to deposit, to put one in trust with a thing, to intrust one with a thing.
Depositar o corpo de hum defunto, to set a dead body upon a bed of state.
Ser depositado, (speaking of a dead body) to lie in state.
A açam de depositar, a trusting of a thing with one.
DEPOSITARIO, f. m. depository, trustee, or keeper of a thing.
DEPOSITO, f. m. depositum, the thing deposited, or left in trust.

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DEPO'STO, a, adj. deposed, &c. See *DEPOR*.
DEPRAÇA, adv. publicly, openly.
DEPRAVAÇAM, f. f. depravation, spoiling, corruption.
DEPRAVADAMENTE, adv. depravedly, corruptly.
DEPRAVADO, a, adj. depraved, corrupted; See also *FALSIFICA-DO*.
DEPRAVADO'R, f. m. one who depraves, or corrupts, a corrupter.
DEPRAVAR, v. a. to deprave, to corrupt, to spoil. See also *ADULTERAR*, and *FALSIFICAR*.
Depravar-se, v. r. to corrupt, or be corrupted, debauched, marred, &c.
DEPRECAÇAM, f. f. a prayer; also deprecation, a figure whereby the orator invokes the aid of some person or thing.
Deprecação, (in law) a petition put up by an inferior judge to a superior one; also a deprecation, a begging pardon for.
DEPRECA'DO, a, adj. See *DEPRE-CAR*.
DEPRECA'DO'R, f. m. a deprecator.
DEPRECAR, v. aet. (in law) is for an inferior judge to put up a petition to a superior one; also deprecate, to ask pardon for; also to invoke the aid of some person, or thing.
DEPRECATO RIA carta, a deprecatory letter.
DEPREDA'DO, a, adj. See
DEPREDA'R, v. a. to rob, or spoil, to plunder.
A açam de depredar, depredation.
DEPRESSA, adv. quickly, hastily, with speed; also by-and-by, ere long, soon; also in a hurry.
Elles tão depressa pelijão como fazem as pazes, they easily fall out, and are friends again.
Hum pouco depressa, somewhat quickly.
Mais depressa, more speedily, sooner.
DEPRIMI'DO, a, adj. See
DEPRIMIR, v. a. to depress, to debase.
DEPUTA'DO, f. m. a subaltern, or inferior officer, or minister; also a deputy.
Deputado, a, adj. See
DEPUTAR, v. a. to depute, to appoint any one to represent the person and act in the room of another. See also *SINALAR*, and *DESIGNAR*.

DER

DEREYTAMENTE. See *DIREY-TAMENTE*.
DEREYTO. See *DIREYTO*.
DEREYTURA. See *LIREYTURA*.
DERELICTO. See *DESEMPARA-DO*.
DERIVAÇAM, f. f. derivation, the tracing a word from its original; also derivation, or the drawing of a humour from one part of the body to another. (In physic.)

DER

DER

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DERIVADO, or **DERIVATIVO**, *a*, adj. derived. See also
DERIVAR, *v. a.* to derive; also to draw the humour from one part of the body to another.
Derivar-se, *v. r.* to be derived, to come originally from; also to spread, to diffuse, or spread itself. See also **DECENDER**.
DERIVATIVO, *a*, adj. derivative. (In grammar.)
DERIVATORIO, *a*, adj. (in physic) that draws the humour from one part of the body to another.
DEROGAÇÃO, *f. f.* the taking away by a new law, to make some exception to a former.
DEROGADO, *a*, adj. See
DEROGAR, *v. a.* (in law) to take away by a new law, to make some exception to a former; also to derogate, to lessen, or take from the worth of any person, or thing.
DEROGATORIO, *a*, adj. derogatory. (In law.)
DERRABADO, *a*, adj. docked.
DERRABAR, *v. a.* to dock, or cut off the tail of an animal; also to break, or cut off the latter end of any thing.
Derrabar hum cavallo, to dock a horse.
DERRADEIRO, *a*, adj. the last.
Por derradeiro, adv. lastly, at last.
DERRAMAÇÃO, *a*, adj. spilt, scattered, shed; also set or placed in a scattered manner. See **DERRAMAR**.
Caix derramada. See **DANADO**.
DERRAMADO, *f. m.* one that spills, or wastes.
DERRAMAMENTO, *f. m.* a spilling, or scattering. See also **EFFUSÃO**.
DERRAMAR, *v. a.* to scatter, to spill, to waste; from *rama*, a branch; as it were to scatter branches of a thing.
Derramar dinheiro sobre o povo, to sling money among the people.
Derramar lagrimas, to shed tears.
Derramar sangue, to spill, or shed blood.
Derramar, vagamente os passos to step in vain.
Derramar, (espa'bar) to scatter about, to spread, to diffuse, to disperse.
Campos derramados, wide fields.
Derramar, (divulgar) to divulge, to publish, to spread about.
Derramar-se, *v. r.* to be poured out, to be scattered, or spilt, to diffuse, or spread itself.
DERRANÇAR, *v. a.* to deprave, to spoil.
DERRANGAR, or **DERRENGAR**, *v. a.* to luxate, to disjoin, to put out of joint.
DERREAÇÃO, *a*, adj. broken-backed.
DERREAR, *v. a.* to break one's back, to hip-shot a beast.
DERREDO, or *ao redor*. See **REDOR**.

DERREGAÇÃO, *a*, adj. See
DERREGAR, *v. a.* to plough land the second time.
DERRENCAR, or **DERRENGAR**. See **DERRANGAR**.
DERRETER, *v. a.* to melt, to dissolve, or make liquid, to thaw; also to weary, to tire, to be tiresome, to be tedious. (Metaph.)
Derreter-se, *v. r.* to melt like wax; also to run as metal doth; also to thaw as snow doth, to grow liquid; also to be weary, to be tired. (Metaph.)
DERRETIÇÃO, *a*, adj. See **DERRETER**.
Homem derretido nas palavras, a man that entices with fair words.
DERRETIMENTO, *f. m.* trouble, weariness.
Que causa derretimento, tedious, wearisome, tiresome.
DERRIBADO. See **DERRUBADO**.
DERRIBAR. See **DERRUBAR**.
DERRIÇÃO, *a*, adj. See
DERRIÇAR, *v. n.* to stretch out with the teeth; also to mow as a dog, &c.
DERROCAÇÃO, *a*, adj. See
DERROCAR, *v. a.* to throw down, from *roca*, a rock, as it were cast from a rock.
DERROGADO, **DERROGAR**. See **DEROGADO**, **DEROGAR**.
DERROTA, *f. f.* ex. *Derrota, ou caminho que se faz por terra*, road, way. *Derrota ou viagem por mar*, the course, or way of a ship.
Tomar a derrota caminho de França, to go towards France.
Tomar a derrota caminho do norte, to steer one's course to the northward, to steer to the northward, to ply to the north.
Bem vejo a derrota que quereis tomar, I know what you aim at. (In a moral sense.) See also **ROTA**.
DERROTAÇÃO, *a*, adj. See **DERROTAR** and **QUEBRANTADO**.
DERROTAR, *v. a.* to rout, to defeat.
DERRUBAÇÃO, destroyed, overthrown. See also **PROSTRADO**.
Derrubado, (among farriers) ex. *Orelhas do cavallo derrubadas*, the ears of a horse that are bent and close to his head.
Terreiro derrubado, (in horsemanship) a piece of ground somewhat bending downward.
DERRUBADOURO, *f. m.* a precipice.
DERRUBAR, *v. a.* to throw down; also to enervate, to weaken.
Derrubar alguém com vinho, to drink one down.
Derrubar (speaking of the wind that shakes down the fruits, leaves, &c.) to shake down, to shake off.
DERVISHIOS, *f. p.* dervises, a strict order of religious persons among the Turks, who undergo very severe penances.

DES, a negative, or privative inseparable particle that answers to our English, *un*, and is never found but in composition, as
DESABAFADO, *a*, adj. uncovered, or laid open; also disengaged, freed, rid of.
Lugar desabafado, an open, airy place.
Homem desabafado, a bold man who is not out of countenance at any thing; also a man that has a sweet temper.
Desabafado, whose prospect is not hindered. See also
DESABAFAR, *v. n.* to take some fresh air; also to vent, to wreak, or breathe out one's anger.
Desabafar de roupa, to undress one's self, or to pull the heavy clothes off and put on the light ones.
Desabafar, to tell, to relate.
Desabafar, *v. a.* ex. *Desabafar penas*. See *Desafogar com alguém o seu sentimento*.
DESABALADAMENTE, adv. unmeasurably.
DESABALADO, *a*, adj. enormous, vast, huge, exceeding great.
DESABITAÇÃO, *a*, adj. See
DESABITAR, *v. a.* to forsake, leave, or abandon a place, or country.
DESABITUADO. See **DESACOSTUMADO**.
DESABITUAR. See **DESACOSTUMAR**.
DESABONADO, *a*, adj. See
DESABONAR, *v. a.* ex. *Desabonar a hum homem*, to diminish, lessen, or ruin a man's reputation, to speak ill of him.
DESABONO, *f. m.* prejudice, harm, damage, (speaking of reputation, fame, or credit.)
DESABOTOAÇÃO, *a*, adj. See
DESABOTAR, *v. a.* to unbutton.
Desabotar-se, *v. r.* to unbutton one's self; also to open, and spread as a flower doth.
DESABRIDAMENTE, adv. rudely, roughly, harshly, bitterly.
DESABRIDO, *a*, adj. sharp, unpleasant; See also the *v.* **DESABRIR**.
Inverno desabrido, a sharp winter.
Homem desabrido, (metaph.) an ill tempered man.
Voz desabrida, an harsh voice.
Resposta desabrida, a rude or sharp answer.
DESABRIGADO, *a*, adj. abroad in the air, without the house, open; also that wants repair.
DESABRIGAR, *v. a.* to leave one without shelter, lodging, or place against ill weather.
DESABRIGO, *f. m.* want of shelter, lodging, or place against ill weather.
DESABRIMENTO, *f. m.* ex. *Desabrimento do tempo*, the sharpness of the weather.
Averiguar desabrimentos, to end, to decide a controversy, or difference. (Jacint. Freyre, edit. Paris, p. 306.)

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Desabrimento das palavras, bitterness of words.
Fallar com desabrimento a algum, to inveigh bitterly against one.
Com desabrimento. See *DESABRIDAMENTE*.
DESABRIR *maõ*, v. a. to desist, to leave off, to give over. See also *CESSAR*.
DESABROCHA'DO, a, adj. unclasped, loose. See also
DESABROCHAR, v. a. to unclasp, to let loose, from *brecha*, a clasp; also to speak ill of one freely. (Metaph.)
DESACATA'DO, a, adj. See
DESACATAR, v. a. to disrespect, to behave unmannerly.
DESACATO, f. m. disrespect, unmannerliness.
DESACERTA'DO, a, adj. that is very much liable to miscarrying, or disappointment. (Speaking of an undertaking.)
DESACERTAR, v. n. to err, to mistake, to miscarry, not to succeed, to take wrong measures.
DESACERTO, f. m. a fault, a mistake, a wrong measure.
DESACOBARDA'DO. See *ANIMADO*.
DESACOBARDA'R. See *ANIMAR*.
DESACOMMODA'DO, a, adj. unprovided of conveniences; also unfit, not proper. See
DESACOMMODAR, v. a. to incommode, to disturb, to trouble.
DESACOMPANHADO, a, adj. alone, unaccompanied.
DESACOMPANHAR, v. a. to leave alone, to shun a man's company. See also *DESUNIR*.
DESACONSELHA'DO, a, adj. See
DESACONSELHAR, v. a. to dissuade.
DESACORDA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Desacordado das sentidas*, raving, bereaved of sense. See also
DESACORDAR, v. n. to disagree.
DESACORDO, f. m. ex. *Desacordo das sentidas*, a raving, the loss of one's wits.
Desacordo (falta de attenção) negligence, carelessness.
DESACOROÇOAR. See *DESCORÇOAR*.
DESACOSTUMA'DO, a, adj. disused, unaccustomed; also broken of a custom.
DESACOSTUMAR, v. a. to break off, or wean from a custom, or habit, to make one leave it off.
Desacostumar hum menino das maas habitos, to break a child of his tricks.
Desacostumar-se, v. r. to disuse, to leave off, to break one's self of a custom.
Desacostumar-se do vinho, to disuse wine.
Desacostumar-se de mentir, to leave off lying.
DESACREDITA'DO, a, adj. that has lost his credit. See
DESACREDITAR, v. a. to discredit, to take away one's reputation.

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Desacreditar-se, v. r. to lose one's credit, or reputation, to sink in one's credit.
DESADORA'DO, a, adj. not adored, not worshipped.
Desadorado por impaciente, impatient.
Desadorado por rayuoso, fuming, angry, in a chafe.
DESADORAR, v. n. ex. *Desadorar com impaciencia*, to be impatient.
Desadorar com rayua, to chafe, to fret and fume.
Fazer desadorar, to chafe, or anger.
DESAFECTAÇÃO, f. f. a natural and unaffected way of speaking, writing, &c. it is contrary to affectation.
Com desafeção, without affectation.
DESAFECTA'DO, a, adj. natural, unaffected.
DESAFECTO. See
DESAFEIÇÃO, f. f. indifference, disaffection, want of love.
Com desafeição, without love, disaffectedly.
DESAFEIÇÃO'DO, a, adj. disaffected. See also
DESAFEIÇOAR, v. a. to disaffect, or alienate from.
Desafeiçar-se, v. r. to be disaffected, or to lose the affection.
DESAFERRA'DO, a, adj. See
DESAFERRAR, v. a. to force out from, to take away a thing that was held by a cramp iron, &c.
Desaferrar, to snatch away, to wrest, or wring.
Desaferrar do porto, to weigh the anchor, to unmoor, to put out to sea.
Desaferrar-se, v. r. to desist, to leave off, to give over.
DESAFERROLHA'DO, a, adj. See
DESAFERROLHAR, v. a. to unbolt.
Desaferrrolhar cadeas, grilboens, &c. to unthackle.
DESAFIA'DO, a, adj. See *DESAFIAR*.
DESAFIADOR, f. m. a challenger.
DESAFIAR, v. a. to challenge; also to defy, to face bravely; also to blunt.
Desafiar os ventos, to defy the winds.
DESAFINA'DO, a, adj. See
DESAFINAR, v. n. to be out of tune.
DESAFIO, f. m. a challenge.
Desafio singular, a duel, a fight between two persons.
Cartel de desafio, a cartel, a challenge to a duel, a letter of defiance.
Chamar a desafio. See *DESAFIAR*.
Entrar em desafio com a morte, to defy death.
DESAFOGA'DO, a, adj. drained; also free from cares, easy.
Tempo ou horas desafogadas, spare time, leisure.
Desafogado, open, airy. See also
DESAFOGAR, to free, to clear, to give liberty, or air.
Desafogar o coração, to ease the heart.
Desafogar com algum o seu sentimento,

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to unbosom one's self to one, to communicate one's trouble, or affliction to another, to unload one's heart.
Desafogar a ira, to vent one's anger.
Desafogar as paixões, to gratify, or indulge one's passions.
Desafogar saudades, to ease one's heart by shedding tears, looking at, or speaking to a beloved person whom we have been absent from. See *SAUDADE*.
DESAFOGO, f. m. ease, relief, comfort; also alacrity, cheerfulness.
DESAFORADAMENTE, adv. forwardly, snappishly, saucily. See also *DESAVERGONHADAMENTE*.
DESAFORA'DO, a, adj. insolent, saucy, malapert, abusive, impertinent. See also *DESAVERGONHADO*.
Desaforado, freed from ground-rent; also exempt, free from. (Metaph.) See also
DESAFORA'R, v. a. to exempt, or free from ground-rent.
Desaforar-se, v. r. to deprive one's self of the privileges; also to grow unruly, or licentious, to take too much liberty.
DESAFORO, f. m. outrage, an injury, a wrong; also malapertness, sauciness.
DESAFORTUNA'DO, a, adj. unhappy, unlucky.
DESAFREGUESA'DO, a, adj. that has lost some customers.
DESAFRONTA'DO, a, adj. See
DESAFRONTAR, v. a. to revenge, avenge, or vindicate.
Desafrontar-se, v. r. ex. *Desafrontar-se de todos os cuidados*, to rid one's self of all cares.
DESAGASALHA'DO, a, adj. See
DESAGASALHAR, v. a. to turn one out of doors, to bereave one of shelter.
DESAGASTA'DO, a, adj. See
DESAGASTAR, v. a. to appease, to pacify, or calm.
Desagastar-se, v. r. to grow calm again. (Speaking of a person in a passion.)
DESAGOA'DO, a, adj. See
DESAGOAR, v. n. to discharge, to empty, to disburthen, to disembogue itself, as a river does; also to become dry.
DESAGRA'DADO, a, adj. See
DESAGRADA'R, v. a. to displease.
Desagradar-se, v. r. to dislike, to have a dislike, to disallow.
A causa que mais me desagradava d'elle, the chiefest thing I dislike in him.
DESAGRADA'VEL, adj. disagreeable, unpleasant.
DESAGRADAVELMENTE, adv. disagreeably, unpleasantly.
DESAGRADECER, v. a. to be unthankful, or ungrateful.
DESAGRADECIDO, a, adj. unthankful, ungrateful.
DESAGRADECIMENTO, f. m. unthankfulness, ingratitude.
DESAGRA'DO, f. m. disagreeableness,

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ness. See also *DESABRIMENTO*.
Isto he desagrado de Deus, this is disagreeable to God.
Caracter-seem desagrado, to become disagreeable.
DESAGRAVA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESAGRAVAR*, *v. a.* to right, to redress wrongs.
DESAGRAVO, *f. m.* righting of wrongs. See also *SATISFACAM*.
DESAGUISA'DO, *a*, adj. ill minded, ill affected.
Desaguisado, or *Desaguiso*, *f. m.* a disgust, a wrong, an injury.
DESAGUI'SO. See *DESAGUISA'DO*.
DESAINADU'RA, *f. f.* (among farmers) a superfluous humour in a horse, which proceeds from want of exercise, and too much feeding.
DESAIRADO, *a*, adj. See *DESAIRAR*, *v. a.* to deprave, to spoil.
DESAIRE, *f. m.* a depravation, a crooking, or writhing, want of dourness. See *DONATRE*.
DESAIROSAMENTE, without grace, or elegance, awkwardly.
DESAIRO'SO, *a*, adj. unhandsome, without grace, awkward.
DESATJUDA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESATJUDAR*, *v. a.* to forbear assisting, or to do harm instead of good; also to help to ease one of a thing, to help to disburden.
DESALAGA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESALAGAR*, *v. a.* to draw off water, to drain.
Causa que se pode, ou não pode desalagar, drainable, or undrainable.
DESALASTRAR. See *DESLASTRAR*.
DESALBADA'DO, *a*, adj. unpannelled. See *DESALBADA'R*, *v. a.* to take off the pack-saddle, to unpanel a beast.
DESALENTA'R-SE. See *DESANIMAR-SE*.
DESALINHA'DO, *a*, adj. flutty, not neat. See also *DESALINHAR*, *v. a.* to take away the ornament, or attire.
Desalinhar huma mulher, to unrig a woman, to take off her cloaths, attire, ornaments.
DESALINHO, *f. m.* unhandfomeness, want of set-off, or neatness.
Cem desalinho, without neatness, or set-off.
DESALIVA'DO. See *DESALIVIA'DO*, *a*, adj. eased, &c. See *DESALIVIA'R*, *v. a.* to ease, to mitigate, to allay, to unburden.
Desaliviar-se, *v. r.* to recover, or to unburthen one's self.
DESALMADAMENTE, adv. impiously, cruelly, without conscience.
DESALMA'DO, *a*, adj. that has no regard to his soul, wicked.
Desalmado, *f. m.* a wicked man.

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DESALMAR, *v. a.* Bluteau says that it is not easy to understand the meaning of this word. This is only what I can say, that in Spanish it signifies to take away the life of another violently.
DESALOJA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESALOJAR*, *v. n.* to decamp, to remove the camp, to dislodge.
Desalojar, *v. a.* to dislodge, to drive an enemy from a station or post.
O desalojar, the action of marching off.
DESALTERADO, *a*, adj. See *DESALTERAR*, *v. a.* (in surgery) to put, or set again in the same state.
DESALUMBRAMENTO. See *DESLUMBRAMENTO*.
DESAMA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESAMAR*.
DESAMADO, *f. m.* he who is no more loved.
DESAMANHADO. See *DESCONCERTADO*.
DESAMANHAR. See *DESCONCERTAR*.
DESAMA'R, *v. a.* to love no more; also to hate.
DESAMARRA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESAMARRAR*, *v. a.* to unbind, to let loose; also to weigh anchor.
Desamarrar, or *desaferrar do porto*. See *DESAFERRAR*.
DESAMARRAR, *v. n.* See *DESAFERRAR-SE*.
DESAMOR, *f. m.* hatred, aversion; also a declining, or decadency in love.
DESAMORA'DO, *f. m.* he who does not love so much as he did before.
DESAMORA'VEL, adj. that is not amorous, disagreeable, unlovely.
DESAMORA'VELMENTE, adv. with hatred, or aversion.
DESAMPARADO. See *DESEMPARADO*.
DESAMPARAR. See *DESEMPARAR*.
DESAMPARO. See *DESEMPARO*.
DESAMUADO, *a*, adj. See *DESAMUAR-SE*, *v. r.* to be pacified or pleased again. It is properly said of children. See *AMUAR*.
DESANCA'R, *v. a.* to pummel, to beat soundly.
Desanquei-lhe o corpo, I pummelled his sides for him, i. e. I beat him soundly.
DESANCORA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESANCORAR*, *v. a.* to weigh anchor.
DESANDA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESANDAR*, *v. a.* to go the same way over again, as when a man has gone out of his way and is forced to turn back.
Desandar o andado, to go over again; also to undo what is done. (Metaph.)
Quanto anda tanto desanda, he does nothing but to do and undo. Horace

DES

says, *Destruit, ædificat, mutat quadrata rotundis*.
Desandar com alguma coisa, praticando com alguem, to bring a thing in a discourse.
Desandar com huma b-fetada. See *PES-PEGAR*.
DESANGRA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESANGRAR*, *v. a.* to bleed one dry, to drain all the blood out of the body.
Desangrar, (metaph) to weaken, to debilitate, to enervate.
DESANIMA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESANIMAR*, *v. a.* to discourage.
Desanimar-se, *v. r.* to be discouraged, or disheartened, to lose courage, to despond.
DESANINHA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESANINHAR*, *v. a.* to turn out of the nest; also to dislodge.
DESANNEXA'R, *v. a.* (in law) to divide things that were incorporated.
DESANNEXO, *a*, adj. divided, &c. See the *v. DESANNEXAR*.
DESAPAIXONADAMENTE, adv. without passion, or partiality.
DESAPAIXONA'DO, *a*, adj. impartial, unconcerned, not affected with passion, or concern. See also the *v. DESAPAIXONAR*, *v. a.* to calm, to quiet, to ease.
DESAPARECER, *v. n.* to disappear, to vanish away, to go out of sight.
DESAPARECIDO, *a*, adj. See the *v. DESAPARECER*.
DESAPARELHA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESAPARELHAR*, *v. a.* ex. *Desaparelhar a não*, to unrig, to unmast, to disarm a ship, to lay her up.
Desaparelhar a mesa, to take away, to clear the table.
Desaparelhar a bista. See *DESALBARDAR*.
Desaparelhar, (speaking of a ship) is sometimes taken in a passive signification, and then it signifies to be unrigged, or unmastered. Jac. Freyre.
DESAPEGADO. See *DESPEGADO*.
DESAPEGAR, &c. See *DESPEGAR*, &c.
DESAPERCEBI'DO, *a*, adj. unprovided, unfurnished, destitute, unprepared.
DESAPERTA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESAPERTAR*, *v. a.* to unbend, to loosen, or make loose.
DESAPIEDA'DO. See *DESPIEDADO*.
DESAPODERA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESAPODERAR*, *v. a.* to put out of power.
DESAPODERADAMENTE, adv. mightily, far and wide.
DESAPOSSA'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESAPOSSAR*, *v. a.* to dispossess, to deprive of a possession.
DESAPRAZER, *v. n.* to displease, to be unacceptable, or disagreeable.
DESAPRENDI'DO, *a*, adj. See *DESAPRENDER*, *v. a.* to unlearn, to forget what one has learned.

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DESAPRESSADO, *a*, adj. See **DESAPRESSAR**, *v. r.* to free, to deliver; also to free one from great cares or troubles.
DESAPROPRIADO, *a*, adj. See **DESAPROPRIAR-SE**, *v. a.* to dispossess one's self, to deprive one's self of the property of any thing.
DESAPROVADO, *a*, adj. disapproved.
DESAPROVAR, *v. a.* to disapprove, or dislike.
DESAPROVEITADO, *f. m.* See **DESPERDIÇADOR**.
Desaproveitado, *a*, adj. See **DESAPROVEITAR**, *v. a.* to prejudice, to cause one to be a loser; also to waste, to consume, to squander away.
DESAR, *f. m.* faultiness, pravity, consisting in excess, or defect of what ought to be; also a mistake, an error. See also **INFORTUNIO**.
DESARADO, *p.* of the preterperf. See **DESARAR** *a casto*, *v. a.* (among farriers) to cause the hoof of a horse to fall off.
DESARCA DO, *a*, adj. ill-shaped, huge, exceeding great. See also **DESARCAR**, *v. a.* to drive out hoops.
DESARMA DO, *a*, adj. See **DESARMAR**, *v. a.* to disarm.
Desarmar huma casa, to pull down the suits of hangings, and other furniture of a room.
Desarmar hum arco, to unbend a bow.
Desarmar, *v. n.* or *Desarmar-se*, *v. r.* to fly with elastic force, to spring.
DESARRAIGADO, *a*, adj. See **DESARRAIGAR**, *v. a.* to pull up by the roots; also to root out, to extirpate.
DESARRANYADO, *a*, adj. dispersed, disturbed, confused; also without shelter. See **DESARRANYAR**, *v. a.* to disorder, to disperse, to scatter about, to confound, to put out of order.
DESARRAJO, *f. m.* confusion, disorder, perplexity.
DESARRAIGADO. See **DESARRAIGAR**.
DESARRAIGAR. See **DESARRAIGAR**.
DESARREZOADAMENTE, adv. unreasonably, unjustly, wrongfully.
DESARREZOADO, *a*, adj. unreasonable. See also **DESARREZOAR**, *v. a.* to shew the unreasonableness of any thing.
DESARRUGADO, *a*, adj. See **DESARRUGAR**, *v. a.* to take away wrinkles, to make smooth.
DESARFORADO, *a*, adj. See **DESARFORAR**, *v. a.* to pull down.
Desarforar huma naa, to cut down the mast; or to shoot a mast by the board.
DESASADO, *a*, adj. foolish, blockish; also careless, negligent.
DESASADO, *a*, adj. pulled, or drawn

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away. From the Spanish *v. Desasir*, to separate things that cling together, See also **DESAVINDO**.
DESASISADO, *a*, adj. foolish, silly; blockish.
DESASNADO, *a*, adj. See **DESASNA'R**, *v. a.* to teach wit. (A vulgar word.)
Está desasnado, he is grown wiser.
DESASO, *f. m.* blockishness, dullness; also negligence, carelessness.
Com desaso, negligently, carelessly.
DESASOLVADO, *a*, adj. See **DESASOLVAR**, *v. a.* (among artillery men) ex. *Desasolvar a peça*, to unload a cannon, to draw the charge.
DESASSISTIDO, *a*, adj. See **DESEMPARADO**.
DESASSOCIGADO, &c. See **DESASSOSSEGADO**, &c.
DESASSOMBRADAMENTE, adv. boldly, without fear; also easily, without with ado.
DESASSOMBRADO, *a*, adj. sunny; also free from fear or trouble. See also **DESASSOMBRAR**, *v. a.* to free from care, or trouble.
Desassombrar-se, *v. r.* to recover from fear, surprise, &c.
DESASSOSSEGADO, *a*, adj. unquiet, restless.
DESASSOSSEGAR, *v. a.* to disquiet, to trouble, to perplex.
DESASSOSSEGO, *f. m.* unquietness, restlessness.
Com desassossego, unquietly, restlessly.
DESASTRADAMENTE, adv. unhappily, unluckily, unfortunately.
DESASTRADO, *a*, adj. unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky.
DESASTRE, *f. m.* a disaster, a misfortune; also a chance, an accident.
Por desastre, by chance.
DESASUSTADO, *a*, adj. free from fear, recovered from fear.
DESASUSTAR, *v. a.* to drive away fear, to recover from fear. From *susto*, fear; and the negative particle **DES**, which see.
DESATACADO, *a*, adj. See **DESATACAR**, *v. a.* to unlace, to loosen; also to unload a hand-gun, pistol, &c. to draw the charge.
Desatar os cabosens, to untie one's breeches.
DESATADO, *a*, adj. untied; also unhandsome, improper, not neat.
Discurso desatado, a loose discourse that does not hang together.
Rir com riso desatado, to burst out with laughing, or into laughter.
Desatado das priscos do corpo, dead. See also **DERRETIDO**, and the *v.*
DESATA'R, *v. a.* to untie.
Desatar dúvidas, dificuldades, &c. to resolve, to untie, to decide a hard question, difficulty, &c.
Desatar a lingua a lamentar, to lament, bewail, or mourn for.
Desatar, to resolve, to dissolve.

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Desatar-se, *v. r.* is for a knot to be undone.
Desatar-se, *v. r.* to get rid. (Metaph.)
DESATAVIADO, *a*, adj. See **DESATAVIAR**, *v. a.* to unrig, to take off the ornament.
DESATTENÇAM, *f. f.* want of attention. See also **ABSTRAÇAM**, and **DISTRACÇAM**.
Desatençaõ, disrespect, want of respect.
DESATTENDER, *v. a.* to be unattentive; also to neglect; also to disrespect.
DESATTENDIDO, *a*, adj. See **DESATTENDER**.
DESATTENTADAMENTE, adv. unadvisedly, rashly.
DESATTENTADO, *a*, adj. See **DESATTENTAR**.
Desattentado, *f. m.* he that considereth not, or taketh not care what he saith or doth.
DESATTENTAR, *v. a.* See **DESATTENDER**.
DESATTENTO, *f. m.* want of consideration, indiscretion.
DESATINADA, *f. f.* a heedless, rash, hot-headed woman.
DESATINADAMENTE, adv. madly, imprudently.
DESATINADO, *f. m.* a heedless, rash, hot-headed, giddy-headed man.
Desatinado, *a*, adj. stunned, amazed. See also **LOUCO**, and the *v.*
DESATINAR, *v. n.* to be mad, out of his wits, or beside himself; also to mistake; also to be in a fret; also to have a great mind, to long.
Desatinar, *v. a.* to trouble, or be troublesome, to importune, to beat a man's brains with a thing.
Desatinar algum para que pague o que deve, to dun, to press a man to pay.
DESATI'NO, madness, extravagancy, folly, rashness.
DESATRAVESSADO, *a*, adj. See **DESATRAVESSAR**, *v. a.* to remove from lying across.
DESAUCIA DO, *a*, adj. out of all hopes. It is a Spanish word, though needless in the Portuguese language, since they have the word *desconfiado*, which answers to the same. (Speaking of a sick person.)
DESAVENÇA, *f. f.* See **DISSENÇAM**.
DESAVENTURA. See **DESASTRE**.
DESAVENTURADAMENTE, adv. unluckily, unhappily, unsuccessfully.
DESAVENTURA DO, *a*, adj. unhappy, unlucky, miserable.
Desaventurado, *f. m.* a wicked man, a relentless rascal.
DESAVERGONHADAMENTE, adv. impudently, shamelessly.
DESAVERGONHADO, *a*, adj. shameless, impudent, brazen-faced. See the *v.* **DESAVERGONHAR-SE**.
DESAVERGONHAMENTO, *f. m.* impudence, shamelessness, effrontery.

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DESAVERGONHAR-SE, v. r. to grow shameless, to grow impudent.
DESAVEZADO. See **DESACOSTUMADO**.
DESAVEZAR. See **DESACOSTUMAR**.
DESAVIAMENTO, f. m. See **DESATENÇAM**.
DESAVINDO. See **DISCORDE**, and the v.
DESAVIR-SE, v. r. ex. *Desavir-se com algum*, to break, or fall out with one.
DESAUTHORADO, a, adj. degraded, &c. See
DESAUTHORA'R, v. a. to degrade, to deprive of an office, title, or dignity.
DESAUTORIDA'DE, f. f. unworthiness, indignity, baseness. (Speaking of an unworthy action committed by a prince, or other person that is in power or authority.)
DESAUTORIZADO, a, adj. See **DESAUTORIZAR**, v. a. to put out of authority, or to lessen the authority or power, to disauthorize.
DesautORIZAR-se, v. r. ex. *E assim se desautORIZOU*, and so he lost or lessened his authority.
DESAZADO. } See { **DESAZADO**.
DESAZO. } { **DESAZO**.
DESBAGOADO, a, adj. See
DESBAGOA'R, v. a. to pick out a bunch of grapes, &c.
DESBALÇADO, a, adj. See
DESBALÇAR, v. a. to grub up.
DESBANCADO, a, adj. See
DESBANCAR, v. a. to beat, to drown, to eclipse or surpass.
Desbancar algum na disputa, to bear or run one down in a dispute; also to win all the money of a dealer, at the game called basket.
DESBARATADAMENTE, adv. See **DISPARATADAMENTE**.
DESBARATADÍSSIMO, a, superl. See
DESBARATADO, a, adj. put to the rout, overthrown, beaten. See also **DESPROPOSITADO**, and **ARRUINADO**.
DESBARATADO, dissolute, licentious, loose. See also **ESTRAGADO**, and the v. **DESBARATAR**.
DESBARATADOR, f. m. a prodigal man, a waster, consumer, great spender, spend-thrift.
DESBARATAR, v. a. to waste, to consume, to spend, to squander away; also to beat, to get the better of, to overcome, to rout, to put to the rout.
Desbaratar, to put, to turn, to drive out, or away.
Desbaratar, to disorder, to put in confusion.
Desbaratar, to blot, or raze out of memory.
Desbaratar o intento de algum, to defeat, or frustrate one's design.
DESBARATE, f. m. havock. See also **DISPARATE**.

DESBARATO, or **DESBARATE**, f. m. wasting, consuming, spending, squandering away; also havock.
DESBARBADO, a, adj. beardless, without a beard.
DESBARBAR, v. a. to shave.
DESBARRADO, a, adj. See
DESBARRAR, v. a. to open that which is stopped or covered with clay.
DESBARRETADO, a, adj. with an open head, or bare-headed. See
DESBARRETAR, v. a. ex. *Desbarretar a guim*, to take away another's cap.
Desbarretar-se, v. r. to put off one's cap.
DESBASTADO, a, adj. See
DESBASTAR, v. a. to rough-hew; also to remove, to cut off (metaph.); also to civilize, (in the same sense.)
Desbastar uma pedaça de madeira, to rough-hew a piece of timber.
Desbastar os ramos das plantas, to thin plants.
DESBOCADO, a, adj. ex. *Cavalo desbocado*, a hard-mouthed horse.
Desbocado, foul mouthed.
Ira desbocada, an implacable anger.
DESBOCAR-SE, v. r. ex. *Desbocar-se o cavalo*, is for a horse to be unruly and hard-mouthed, not to obey the bridle.
Desbocar-se no falar, to talk rashly, or imprudently, to talk nastily.
DESBOTADO, a, adj. discoloured, that hath lost its colour.
Cor desbotada, faded colour.
Dentes desbotados, teeth set on edge. See **DESBOTAR**.
DESBOTADURA, f. f. discolouring.
DESBOTAR, v. a. to discolour, to deface the colour.
Desbotar os dentes, to set the teeth on edge.
Desbotar-se, v. r. to fade, to be discoloured, to have its colour changed.
DESBRAVADO, a, adj. See
DESBRAVAR, v. n. to vent one's fury or fierceness upon a person or thing.
DESBROCHADO. See **DESABROCHADO**.
DESBROCHAR. See **DESABROCHAR**.
DESBUCHADO, a, adj. or **DESEMBUCHADO**. See
DESBUCHAR, or **DESEMBUCHAR**, v. n. to clear the maw, to disgorge. (Speaking of birds of prey.)
Desbuchar, (a vulgar phrase) to reveal secrets.
Fazer desbuchar algum, to pump one, or to pump a thing out of one.
Desbuchar contra algum, to vent one's hatred upon another.
DESBULHO. See **DEBULHO**.
DESCABEÇADO, a, adj. See
DESCABEÇAR, v. a. to behead, to take the head off.
Descabeçar a maré, (metaph.) to begin to ebb.
Descabeçar, (in agriculture) to open a tree or vine at the root, to bare the root.

DESCABELLADO, a, adj. See **ESCA-BELLADO**.
DESCADEIRADO. See **DERREADO**.
DESCADEIRAR. See **DERREAR**.
DESCAHIDA, f. f. a misfortune, a fall, or ruin.
Descabida de gallinha, the entrails, bowels, guts, or garbage of a hen.
DESCAHIDO, a, adj. See **DESCAHIR**.
DESCAHIMENTO, f. m. See **RELAXAÇAM**.
DESCAHIR, v. n. to decay, to decline, to sink.
Descahir da sua grandeza, to fall from one's greatness.
Descahir do valimento para com buma corte, to sink in, or lose one's credit, or grow out of favour at court.
Descahir da sua esperança, to lose one's expectation, to be disappointed.
Descahir, (a sea term) not to keep the right course, to drive, or deflect from the right course, by the force of currents, winds, &c.
Descabimos na pratica, e fallamos sobre aquillo, the conversation fell upon that.
DESCALÇADO, a, adj. See
DESCALÇAR, v. a. to pull off the shoes.
Descalçar-se, v. r. to pull off one's own shoes.
DESCALÇO, a, adj. bare-footed.
A pé descalço, bare-footed.
Descalço de pé impertna, bare-footed and bare-legged.
Descalço, (metaph.) unprepared not ready.
DESCAMBAÇAM, f. f. drollery, buffoonry.
DESCAMBADO, a, adj. pleasant, merry, jocose, comical. See also
DESCAMBAR, v. n. to slide and fall at once. See also **TROCAR**.
DESCAMINHADO. See **DESENCAMINHADO**.
DESCAMINHAR. See **DESENCAMINHAR**.
DESCAMINHO, f. m. imbezzelement, purloining, the ill use of a thing; also the corruption of morals.
DESCAMPADO, f. m. a desert.
DESCANÇADAMENTE, adv. easily, quietly, in rest.
DESCANÇADO, a, adj. ease, undisturbed, quiet, at rest, or that has rested.
Viver descançado, to live at one's ease. See also **DESCANÇAR**.
DESCANÇAM, f. m. he who serveth the country people, as mowers, &c. with drink at their meals.
DESCANÇAR, v. n. to rest, to take some repose or rest; also to cease, to desist, to discontinue.
Descançar em algum, to rely upon one about an affair, to trust, or intrust him with it.
Descançar, to rest or sleep; also to lie upon.

Descançar, be easy, don't trouble yourself.
Terras que se deixam descansar, a fallow field, or fallow ground.
Descançar, v. a. to help, or relieve, to rest.
DESCANÇO, f. m. rest, ease, quietness.
Descanços de ferragão, the sleeves of a sort of cloak used in former times, with a large cape. See *FERRAGUOLO*.
DESCANTADO, p. of the preterperfect tense. See
DESCANTAR, v. n. to give a concert.
DESCANTE, f. m. a concert; also a serenade at a lady's door.
DESCARADO, a, adj. brazen-faced, impudent.
DESCARAPUÇADO, f. m. he who is bare-headed, or that has the cap taken off.
DESCARGA, f. f. unloading, or disburthening.
Descarga de humores, a driving out or purging off the humours.
Descarga da culpa, a clearing, or excuse.
Lugar onde há a direita descarga de um navio, the place where the cargo of a ship is to be laid down.
DESCARGO, f. m. a clearing, or excuse.
Por descargo da consciência, to unburthen the conscience.
DESCARNADO, a, adj. lean, meagre, not fleshy. See also
DESCARNAR, v. a. to pick the flesh off.
Descarnar um dente, to clear a tooth from the gum in order to draw it.
Descarnar da terra, to wash away the ground, as the tides do from the rocks by dashing against them.
Descarnar os alicerces, to dig out the ground, that is, by the ground-sellings, and throw it away, that the wall may more easily be pulled down.
Descarnar, to remove, to drive away. (Metaph.)
DESCARRREGA, f. f. a discharging, or unloading.
DESCARREGADO, a, adj. See
DESCARRREGAR, v. a. to unload, to discharge, to unburthen.
Descarrregar febre a alguém a sua ira, to vent, or wreak one's anger upon one.
Descarrregar um golpe, ferindo de alto abaixo, to cut down-right.
Descarrregar-se a alguém os seus cuidados, to throw off, or cast one's cares upon one.
Descarrregar a espingarda, to discharge, or shoot off a gun without aiming.
Descarrregar, v. n. to lie upon.
Descarrregar com artilharia, to discharge, or let off the guns.
Descarrregar-se, v. n. to get rid of.
Descarrregar-se de humores, to drive out the humours of one's body.
DESCARTADO, a, adj. See

DESCARTAR-SE, v. r. to discard, to lay out one's cards.
DESCARTE, f. m. the discarding of cards; also those that stood candidates for any office, but were excluded from it. (Metaph.)
DESCASCADO. See *ESCASCADO*.
DESCASCAR. See *ESCASCAR*.
DESCATIVADO, a, adj. See
DESCATIVAR, v. a. to free from slavery.
Descativar os cercados. See *DESCERCAR*.
DESCAVALGADO, a, adj. See
DESCAVALGAR, v. a. ex. *Descavalgar uma peça de artilharia*, to dismount a piece of ordnance.
DESCAVEIRADO. See *ESCAVEIRADO*.
DESCENDENCIA, f. f. extraction, race, lineage.
DESCENDENTE, p. a. of *Descender*, he who draws his origin from; an offspring.
DESCENDER, v. a. to descend, to draw his origin from, to come from. See also *DESCER*, and *BAIXAR*.
DESCENDIDO, a, adj. See *DESCENDER*.
DESCENDIMENTO, f. m. the action of taking a thing down.
Hum descendimento da cruz, a picture representing the manner of our Saviour's being taken down from the cross.
DESCENSAM, f. f. (in music) the going down of the hand in beating time.
Descensam, (in astronomy) descension.
Descensam recta, ou obliqua de um signo, the right, or oblique descension of a sign.
DESCER, v. a. to come, go, or step down.
Descer, or pender para baixo. See *DECLINAR*.
Descer as particulares, to descend to particulars.
Descer, (in music) to sing a note lower.
Descer, v. a. ex. *Descer as escadas*, to go down stairs.
Descer um outeiro, to descend a hill.
Elle não quer descer um jota da sua autoridade, he will not part with a jot of his authority.
Descer-se, v. r. ex. *Descer-se da sua opinião*, to change one's opinion, to forsake it.
DESCERCADO, a, adj. See
DESCERCAR, v. a. to make the besiegers raise the siege.
DESCIDA, f. f. the going down; also a descent of ground.
DESCINGIDO, adv. See
DESCINGIR, v. a. to ungird.
DESCOALHADO, a, adj. See
DESCOALHAR, v. a. to melt, to dissolve, or make liquid.
DESCOBRIDOR, f. m. a scout, one that is sent to bring tidings of the enemy's army.

DESCOBRIMENTO, f. m. detection, discovery.
DESCOBRIR, v. a. to uncover, to bare, to discover, disclose, open, declare or reveal; to discover, see, perceive, find out, or detect.
Mandar descobrir o campo, to send out scouts for intelligence.
Descobrir terra, (metaph.) to make diligent enquire and search.
Descobrir a alguém o seu coração, to gobosom one's self to another.
Descobrir de longe, to descry, to discover afar off.
Descobrir a cara a alguma coisa, is for a dissembling man to show plainly and manifestly what he had artfully concealed. (Metaph.)
Descobrir-se, v. r. to uncover one's self.
Descobrir-se, ou tirar o chapéu, to pull off one's hat.
Isto há de descobrir-se algum dia, this will come out, or be known one time or other; time will bring it to light.
DESCOCADAMENTE, adv. overboldly, over-freely, with too much liberty.
DESCOCADO, a, adj. bold impudent, saucy. See
DESCOCAR-SE, v. r. to grow impudent, bold, insolent.
DESCOCO, f. m. impudence, audacity.
DESCODEADO, a, adj. See
DESCODEAR, v. a. ex. *Descodear o pão*, to chip bread.
DESCOMEDIDAMENTE, adv. immoderately, uncivilly.
DESCOMEDIDO, a, adj. See the v. *DESCOMEDIR-SE*.
DESCOMEDIMENTO, f. m. want of moderation, excess. See also *DESCORTEZIA*.
DESCOMEDIR-SE, v. r. to behave without moderation, to be rash.
Descomedir-se em palavras, to speak rashly.
Descomedir-se contra alguém, to rise or stand up against one.
DESCOMER. See *DESISTIR do corpo*.
DESCOMIDO. See *DESISTIDO*.
DESCOMODO, f. m. See *INCOMMODIDADE*.
DESCOMPADRADO, a, adj. See
DESCOMPADRAR, v. n. to vary, to disagree, to fall out with one.
DESCOMPASSADAMENTE, adv. without measure, beyond compass.
DESCOMPASSADO, a, adj. out of measure, immoderately great; that is beyond compass, or rule, disorderly, discomposed.
Navio descompassado, a ship that is not well trimmed.
DESCOMPASSAR, v. a. to do a thing without proportion, moderation, or decency, to exceed the bounds in doing it.
Descompassar-se, v. r. to be out of measure, or beyond compass, immoderately

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rately great; also to behave without moderation.

DESCOMPO'R, v. a. to discompose, to disorder; also to affront, to abuse with ill language.

Descomper os intentos de algum, to frustrate one's designs, to make them miscarry.

Descomper, to confound, to puzzle.

Descomper-se, v. r. to pull off one's proper cloaths, as a man does that is disturbed, or dashed out of countenance.

Descomper-se no andar, to walk awkwardly.

DESCOMPOSIÇAM. See **DESALINHOS**.

DESCOMPOSTAMENTE, adv. indecently, immodestly.

DESCOMPOSTO, a, adj. disordered, immodest; also affronted.

Descomposto, that is not in a gentle garb.

Homem descomposto em tudo, a man that has no good garb at all.

Gritos descompostos, confused cries.

Ser descomposto nas palavras, to use lewd words, or expressions.

DESCOMPOSTURA, f. f. immodesty, indecency, disorderliness.

DESCONCERTADAMENTE, adv. disorderly; also immoderately.

DESCONCERTADO, a, adj. ex. *Homem desconcertado*, a man that is not in a gentle garb. See also

DESCONCERTAR, v. a. to disorder, to put out of order.

Desconcertar um relógio, to disorder a watch.

Desconcertar-se, v. r. ex. *Desconcertar-se com algum*, to break a bargain.

Desconcertar-se um pé, ou uma mão, to put a hand or foot out of joint.

DESCONCERTO, f. m. disorder, confusion; also trouble, mutiny.

Desconcerto nos costumes, libertinism, debauchery.

Desconcerto, a naughty, base, or scandalous action.

DESCONCORDADO, a, adj. See **DESCONCORDAR**.

DESCONCORDANCIA, f. f. variance, disagreeing, difference.

DESCONCORDAR, v. n. to vary, to dissent, to disagree.

DESCONFIADAMENTE, adv. with distrust, diffidently.

DESCONFIADO, a, adj. suspicious, jealous, mistrustful. See also **DESSANIMADO**, and the v. **DESCONFIAR**.

Desconfiado dos médicos. See **DESAUCIADO**.

DESCONFIANÇA, f. f. distrust, mistrust, diffidence, suspicion, jealousy.

Estar em desconfiança, to begin to mistrust.

DESCONFIAR, v. n. to distrust, to mistrust, or suspect; also to despair of a thing.

Eu desconfio delle, I distrust him.

Desconfiar de si, to fall into despair; also not to trust to one's self.

Desconfiar com algum, to fall out with one.

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DESCONFORMAR, v. n. to disagree, to dissent.

DESCONFORME, adj. disagreeing.

See also **DESAFINDO**.

DESCONFORMIDADE, f. f. dissent, or contrariety of opinion.

DESCONHECER, v. a. not to know, to take for another; also to disown, not to own for one's own. See also **NEGAR**.

Desconhecer-se, v. a. to forget one's self, to forget one's former condition.

DESCONHECIDO, a, adj. unknown; also ungrateful. See the v. **DESCONHECER**.

DESCONHECIMENTO, f. m. ungratefulness.

DESCONJUNTADO. See **DESLOCADO**.

DESCONJUNTAR-SE. See **DESLOCAR**.

DESCONJUNTURA. See **DESLOCACAM**.

DESCONSENTIDO, p. of the preterf. tense of

DESCONSENTIR, v. n. to dissent. See also **REPUGNAR**.

DESCONSOLAÇAM, f. f. a discomfoting, affliction.

DESCONSOLADO, a, adj. See

DESCONSOLAR, v. a. to discomfot.

DESCONTADO, a, adj. See

DESCONTAR, v. a. to discount, to deduct, or to abate; also to compensate, or make amends for.

Descontar-se, v. r. to be compensated.

DESCONTENTADISSO, or **DESCONTENTADIÇO**, a, adj. peevish, hard to please.

DESCONTENTADO, a, adj. See **DESCONTENTAR**.

DESCONTENTAMENTO, f. m. uneasiness, trouble, or disquiet of mind, a discontent, or sorrow.

DESCONTENTAR, v. a. to displease, to discontent.

DESCONTENTE, adj. discontented.

Viver descontente da sua vida, to live a discontented life.

Parcer descontente, to look discontentedly, to have a discontented look.

DESCONTINENCIA. See **INCONTINENCIA**.

DESCONTINUACAM, f. f. intermission, discontinuance, cessation, interruption.

DESCONTINUADO, a, adj. See

DESCONTINUAR, v. n. to discontinue, to leave, or break off for a time.

Descontinua-se, they leave off for a time.

DESCONTO, f. m. discount, or deduction; also a recompense, a compensation, satisfaction.

DESCONTOS, f. m. p. See **DISCORDIA**.

DESCONVENIENCIA, f. f. disagreeing. See **DESPROPORÇAM**.

DESCONVENIENTE, adj. disagreeing.

DESCONVERSAR, v. n. to change the subject matter of a discourse.

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DESCONVERSÁVEL, adj. unsocialable, not fit for conversation.

DESCORADO, a, adj. discoloured; also pale, wan, white. See

DESCORAR, v. n. to lose or change its colour, to fade away. See **DESMAYAR**.

DESCORCHAR. See **ESCORCHAR**.

DESCORÇOADO, a, adj. See

DESCORÇOAR, v. a. to discourage.

Descorçoar, v. n. to be discouraged, or disheartened, to lose courage, to despond.

Elle não descorçoou, he was not wanting to himself.

DESCORNAR. See **ESCORNAR**.

DESCOROADO, a, adj. See

DESCOROAR, v. a. to uncrown.

DESCORRER. See **DISCORRER**.

DESCORRIDO. See **DISCORRIDO**.

DESCORTEZ, adj. unkind, discourteous.

DESCORTEZI'A, f. f. incivility, discourtesy.

Com desertezia, discourteously.

DESCORTINADO, a, adj. See

DESCORTINAR, v. a. (in fortification) to pull down the curtain; also to see, or descry.

DESCORTINO, f. m. See **DESCORBRIMENTO**, and the v. **DESCORTINAR**.

DESCOSER, v. a. to rip, to unslitch, or unsew.

Descoser a amizade, to break or fall out with one by little and little. (Metaph.)

Descoser na carne do inimigo, to cut in pieces the enemy.

Descoser a vida. See **MURMURAR**.

DESCOSIDO, a, adj. See the v. **DESCOSER**.

DESCOSIDURA, f. f. ripping, unsewing.

DESCOSTUMADO. See **DESACOSTOMADO**.

DESCOSTUMAR. See **DESACOSTOMAR**.

DESCOUTADO, a, adj. See

DESCOUTAR, v. a. to bereave a place of the privilege of being an asylum.

DESCOZER. See **DESCOSER**.

DESCOZIDO, &c. See **DESCOSIDO**, &c.

DESCREDITADO. See **DESACREDITADO**.

DESCREDITAR. See **DESACREDITAR**.

DESCREDITO, f. m. discredit, disgrace.

DESCREPA'DO, part of the preterf. tense of **DESCREPAR**, which see.

DESCREPA'NCIA, f. f. variance, disagreeing, difference.

DESCREPAR, v. n. to vary, to dissent, to disagree.

DESCREER, v. a. to disbelieve, not to believe.

DESCREVER, v. a. to describe, to make a description of.

DESCRÍDO, a, adj. disbelieved, &c. See the v. **DESCRER**.

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Deferido, one that will not believe what he believed before.
DESCRIPÇÂ'M, f. f. description.
Descripçom da terra. See **GEOGRAPHIA**.
Descripçom de lugares. See **TOPOGRAPHIA**.
Descripçom do mundo. See **GOSMOGRAPHIA**.
DESCRITO, a, adj. described, &c. See the v. **DESCREVER**.
DESCUBERTAMENTE, adv. openly, plainly.
DESCUBERTO, a, adj. uncovered, discovered; also found out.
Descuberto, abroad in the air.
Descuberto, unfortified, unwall'd, without garrison, or other strength.
A cara descuberto, openly.
Em descoberto, abroad in the air, without any thing to shade from the sun, rain, &c.
DESCUBRIR. See **DESCOBRIR**.
DESCUIDADAMENTE, adv. carelessly, negligently.
DESCUIDA'DO, a, adj. careless, negligent.
DESCUIDA'R-SE, v. r. to neglect, to be careless. See also **ESQUECER-SE**.
DESCUIDO, f. m. negligence, carelessness.
DESCULPA, f. f. an excuse.
O que tem justa desculpa para não apparecer em juizo sendo citado, an essoign. (In law.)
Desculpa para não apparecer em juizo, an essoign, or excuse.
Desculpa, (in music) temperament, or tempering, a rectifying, or amending the false or imperfect concords, by transferring to them part of the beauty of the perfect ones.
DESCULPA DO, a, adj. See
DESCULPAR, v. a. to excuse, to justify.
Desculpar, (in music) to rectify or amend the false or imperfect concords. See **DESCULPA**.
Desculpar-se, v. r. to pretend, or plead in way of excuse, to justify, or clear one's self.
Desculpar-se com a pobreza, to plead poverty.
Desculpar-se com a ignorancia, to plead ignorance.
DESCURIOSIDADE, f. f. incuriousness, carelessness, laziness.
DESCURIOSO, a, adj. incurious, careless, inattentive, lazy.
DESCURSO. See **DISCURSO**.
DESDA'DO, p. of the preterp. tense of **DESDAR**.
DESDANHADO. See **DESDENHADO**.
DESDANHAR. See **DESDENHAR**.
DESDA'R, v. a. ex. *Desdar bum no*, to untie a knot.
DESDE, p. from, since.
Desde a criaçom do mundo, from, or since the creation.
Desde aquelle tempo, since that time.
Desde aqui, from this place.

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Desde o berço, from the cradle.
Desde tal tempo, ou lugar, from such a time, or place.
Desde o presente, from this time forward.
Desde entao, from that time, ever since.
Desde que, ou logo que, as soon as; also since.
Desde quando? how long since, or ago?
DESDEM, f. m. disdain, scornfulness; also negligence; also demureness, affected gravity, or pretended reservedness.
Com desdem, scornfully; also negligently; also demurely, with an affected gravity, or pretended reservedness.
Do desdem, carelessly dress, without any set-off, or attire.
DESDENHA'DO, a, adj. See
DESDENHA'R, v. a. to disdain, to scorn, to set light by.
Desdenhar-se, v. r. to count unworthy, not to vouchsafe, to disdain, slight, or scorn. See also **DESPREZAR-SE**.
DESDENHOSO, a, adj. disdainful, scornful; also demure, affectedly grave.
DESDENTA'DO, a, adj. toothless, or that hath few teeth left.
DESDENTA'R, v. a. to make toothless.
DESDITA, f. f. a misfortune.
DESDITOSAMENTE, adv. unfortunately.
DESDITO'SO, a, adj. unfortunate.
DESDITO, p. of the preterp. tense of **DESDIZER-SE**, v. r. to unsay, to recant.
Desdizer-se de alguma coisa, to unsay a thing.
Eu o farei desdizer-se, I'll make him unsay.
DESDIZER, v. n. to misbecome, not to become.
DESDOBRA'DO, a, adj. See
DESDOBRA'R, v. a. to unfold.
DESDOURA'DO, a, adj. See
DESDOURA'R, v. a. to take off the gilding. See also **DESHONRAR**.
Desdourar, to darken, to deprive of light.
DESDOURO, f. m. a spot, or blemish on the reputation.
DESECA'DO, a, adj. See
DESECA'R, v. a. to dry, or make dry.
DESECATIVO, a, adj. deficcative, apt to dry, of a drying quality.
DESEDIFICA'DO, a, adj. See
DESEDIFICA'R, v. a. to scandalize, to give scandal, or bad example, to be a stumbling block.
DESEJA'DO, a, adj. See
DESEJA'R, v. a. to desire, to wish for.
Desejar muito, to desire greatly, or earnestly, to fain.
Desejar muito alguma coisa, to be a-gog for a thing, to desire it earnestly.
Desejar-se, v. r. ex. *Desejo-me fora daqui*, I wish myself out of this place. *Ver-se e desejar-se, ou estar muito em talas*. See **TALAS**.
DESEJA'VEL, desirable, eligible, that is to be wished for.

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DESEJO, f. m. desire, wish, eagerness to obtain or enjoy.
A medida do desejo, according to wish.
Desejo de mulher prenhe, a longing of a woman with child, a pica, a vitiated appetite, wherein women with child crave things sometimes unfit for food.
Fazer vir o desejo, to set a-gog.
Ter desejo. See **DESEJAR**.
DESEJO'SO, a, adj. desirous.
DESEMBAINHA DO, a, adj. See
DESEMBAINHA'R, v. a. to unsheath.
DESEMBARAÇADAMENTE, adv. speedily, readily, easily, without let or hindrance.
DESEMBARAÇA'DO, a, adj. prompt, ready, quick, bold. See also
DESEMBARAÇA'R, v. a. to disentangle. (It is used both in the proper and figurative sense.)
Desembaraçar o cabelo, to disentangle the hair.
Desembaraçar, to make a clear riddance, to set in order, to get in readiness, to clear, to get clear, to rid of, or from, to free or get out.
Desembaraçar-se, v. r. to get rid, or rid one's self of, or from.
Desembaraçar-se de todas as cuidades, to rid one's self of all cares.
Desembaraçar-se de hum negocio trabalhoso, to disentangle one's self from a scurry business.
Desembaracete finalmente daquille impertinente, at last I got rid of that troublesome fellow.
DESEMBARAÇO, f. m. disentangling, clearness from encumbrance; also quickness, promptness.
Com desembaraço, quickly, nimbly, without hesitation, boldly.
DESEMBARALHA'DO, a, adj. See
DESEMBARALHA'R, v. a. to make a clear riddance where there is a confusion, to set in order.
DESEMBARCADOURO, f. m. a landing place.
DESEMBARCA'DO, a, adj. See
DESEMBARCA'R, v. n. to land or come to shore.
Desembarcar, v. a. to land, to set on shore.
A açom de desembarcar, disembarking.
DESEMBARGADOR, f. m. a chief judge.
Desembargador do paço, one of the king's judges belonging to the privy council.
Desembargador da casa da supplicaçom, one of the judges belonging to the tribunal, called *Casa da supplicaçom*. See **SUPPLICAÇAM**.
Desembargador da mesa da conciencia, one of the judges belonging to a tribunal, called *Mesa da conciencia*. See **CONCIENCIA**.
DESEMBARGADO, a, adj. See
DESEMBARGA'R, v. a. to take off an embargo, to set at liberty, to free that which was attached, stopped, or detained.
DESEMBARGO, f. m. a deliverance,

or dismissing; the action of taking off the embargo.

Desembarço do paço, the privy council.
DESEMBARQUE, f. m. disembarking, landing.

Lugar bom para desembarque, a good landing-place.

DESEMBEBEDA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMBEBEDA'R**, v. a. to make sober, to recover from drunkenness.

DESEMBESTA'DO, p. of the preterp. tense of

DESEMBESTAR, v. n. is for a beast to begin to run furiously.

DESEMBIRRA'DO. See **DESAGASTADO**.

DESEMBIRRA'R. See **DESAGASTAR**.

DESEMBOCA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMBOCAR**, v. n. to disembogue itself as a river doth; also to disembogue, to sail out of a streight or gulph at sea, to come out of the mouth of a river.

Ela traveça desemboca, or *vai desembocar no mercado*, this lane strikes or goes into the market-place.

DESEMBOLÇADO, a, adj. See **DESEMBOLÇAR**, v. a. to disburse, to lay out.

DESEMBORRACHA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMBORRACHA'R**, v. a. (among silver-smiths) to blanch, to whiten, to make white.

DESEMBRAVECE'R, v. a. to tame, to mitigate, or appease.

Desembravecer-se, v. r. to be appeased, to relent, to grow gentle.

DESEMBRAVECIDO, a, adj. See **DESEMBRAVECE'R**.

DESEMBRENHA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMBRENHA'R**, v. a. to draw forth any thing from a place full of brambles.

DESEMBRULHADO, a, adj. See **DESEMBRULHA'R**, v. a. to open, unwrap, unfold. See also **DESEMBARÇAR**.

DESEMBUÇA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMBUÇA'R**, v. a. to unmuffle.

Desembuçar-se, v. r. to unmuffle one's self.

DESEMBUCHADO. See **DESBUCHADO**.

DESEMBUCHAR. See **DESBUCHAR**.

DESEMBURRADO. See **DESASNADO**.

DESEMBURRAR. See **DESASNAR**.

DESEMBURULHADO. See **DESEMBRULHADO**.

DESEMBURULHAR. See **DESEMBRULHAR**.

DESEMCAVADO. See **DESENCAVADO**.

DESEMCAVAR. See **DESENCAVAR**.

DESEMMALADO, p. of the preterp. tense of

DESEMMALAR, v. n. to empty a portmanteau. From *Mala*, a portmanteau.

DESEMMARANHA'DO, a. See **DESEMMARANHA'R**, v. a. to disentangle. See **DESEMBARÇAR**.

Desemmaranbar, to make manifest, to clear up, or render conspicuous any obscure or intricate matter. (Metaph.)

DESEMMASCARAR, v. a. to unmask, to take off a mask, both in the proper and figurative sense.

Desemmascarar a língua, (metaph.) to speak or write in a plain style.

Desemmascarar-se, v. r. to unmask, to pull off one's mask.

DESEMMASTEADO. See **DESMASTEADO**.

DESEMMASTEAR. See **DESMASTEAR**.

DESEMELHANÇA. See **DESSEMELHANÇA**.

DESEMPACHA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMPACHADO**, and

DESEMPACHA'R, v. a. to take away loathing by purging and driving out the humours, to bring the stomach to an appetite.

DESEMPA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMPAR**.

DESEMPAPELA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMPAPELA'R**, v. a. to unfold any thing covered with paper.

DESEMPA'R, v. a. to take away the props, or pales from under the vines.

DESEMPARADO, a, adj. See **DESEMPARA'R**, v. a. to forsake, to quit, to give over, to abandon.

As forças me desemparam, my strength fails me.

DESEMPARELHADO, a, adj. See **DESEMPARELHA'R**, v. a. to unmatch.

Desemparelhár, v. n. is for a runner to cast the other behind, after being even in their running.

DESEMPA'RO, f. m. an abandoning, forsaking, or leaving.

Deixar tudo ao desamparo, to leave all things to be pillaged.

DESEMPAVEZA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMPAVEZA'R**, v. a. (a sea term) to take away the waste cloths that hung about the cage-work of a ship's hull, to shelter the men from the enemy in a fight.

DESEMPEÇA'DO. See **DESEMBARÇADO**, and **DESEMPEÇAR**.

Estilo desmpeçado, a free and easy style.

DESEMPEÇA'R, v. a. See **DESEMBARÇAR**.

Desmpeçar-se, v. r. See **DESEMBARÇAR-SE**.

DESEMPEDI'DO, a, adj. that is at leisure, that has nothing to do. See also

DESEMPEDI'R, v. a. to give a free passage, to remove any let or hindrance.

Desempedir o caminho. See **ABRIR o caminho**.

DESEMPEDRA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMPEDRA'R**, v. a. to unpave.

Desempedar um campo cheio de pedras, to clear a field of stones.

DESEMPENADO, a, adj. See

DESEMPENAR, v. a. (among carpenters) to examine whether a board is even.

DESEMPENHADO, a, adj. See **DESEMPENHA'R**, v. a. to redeem out of pawn, to disengage.

Desempenbar a palavra, to perform one's promise.

Desempenbar a expectação de alguém, to answer one's expectation.

Desempenbar a promessa, to fulfil one's promise.

Desempenbar a outro das suas dividas, to rid one of his debts, to pay the debts for him.

Desempenbar-se, v. r. to pay one's debts.

Desempenbar-se na execução de alguma coisa, to come off with credit, or with flying colours.

Desempenbar-se na administração do seu officio, to do, or to perform the duty of one's place, to acquit one's self very well in his office.

Desempenbar-se (mostrando-se agradecido) to acquit an obligation.

DESEMPE NHO, f. m. the redeeming of goods in pawn; also the action of discharging one's self from an obligation, &c. according to the v. **DESEMPENHAR**.

DESEMPERRA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMPERRA'R**, v. n. to lay aside: stubbornness, to become pliant, to yield.

DESEMPESTADO. See **DESINFICIONADO**.

DESEMPESTAR. See **DESINFICIONAR**.

DESEMPOADO, a, adj. See **DESEMPOA'R**, v. a. to clean from dust.

DESEMPOSSADO. See **DESAPOSSADO**.

DESEMPOSSAR. See **DESAPOSSAR**.

DESEMPRASTA'DO, a, adj. See **DESEMPRASTA'R**, v. a. to take off a plaster.

DESEMPULHADO, p. of the preterp. tense of

DESEMPULHA'R-SE, v. r. to make a return of rallery, to return rallery for rallery.

DESENCABRESTADAMENTE, adv. ex. *Correr desencabrestadamente*, to run full speed.

Fazer huma coisa desencabrestadamente, to do a thing rashly. (Metaph.)

Viver desencabrestadamente, to lead a licentious, or dissolute life.

DESENCABRESTADO, a, adj. See **DESENCABRESTAR**.

Desencabrestado, f. m. (a vulgar word) a rake, or a rake-hell.

DESENCABRESTA'R, v. a. to unhalter.

Cavalleo que se desencabresta, a horse that unhalters himself.

DESENCADEA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENCADEA'R**, v. a. to unchain.

DESENCADERNADO, a, adj. See **DE-**

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DESENCADERNAR, v. a. to unbind papers or books.
DESENCAXADO. See **DESENCAXADO**.
DESENCAXAR. See **DESENCAXAR**.
DESENCALHADO, a, adj. See **DESENCALHAR**, v. a. ex. *Desencalhar hum navio*, to get off a vessel that was run aground.
Desencalhar a penna, to begin to write. (Metaph.)
Desencalhar, v. n. is for a ship to come off from a shelf, sand, &c. to float again.
DESENCALMADO, a, adj. See **DESENCALMAR**, v. a. to cool, to refresh.
Desencalmar o caraço, to restore the face to its natural colour.
DESENCAMINHADO, a, adj. See **DESENCAMINHAR**, v. a. to put out of the way; also to pervert, to embezzle, or purloin, to misemploy, to convert to another use.
Desencaminhar o dinheiro do thesouro del-rey, to imbezzle the king's treasure.
A açcam de desencaminhar neste ultimo sentido, imbezzling.
O que desencaminha o dinheiro do publico, a purloiner, a converter of public money to his own use.
Desencaminhar os bens da igreja, to de-seccrate.
Desencaminhar, to lead astray. See also **DEPRAVAR**.
Andar desencaminhado, to go astray.
DESENCAMINHAR-SE, v. r. to go astray. See also **DEPRAVAR-SE**.
DESENCAMIZADO, a, adj. See **DESENCAMIZAR**, v. a. (in falconry) to unhood the hawk.
DESENCAMPADO. See **DESENCAMPAR**, v. a. to return, or send back a thing to the person who had sent or sold it for good, not being so.
DESENCANTADO, a, adj. See **DESENCANTAR**, v. a. to disenchant, to decharm; also to discover, to find out.
DESENCAPELLADO, a, adj. See **DESENCAPELLAR**, v. a. (a sea term) to unrig the mast.
DESENCARCERADO, a, adj. See **DESENCARCERAR**, v. a. to free one from a prison.
DESENCARREGADO, a, adj. See **DESENCARREGAR**, v. a. to free, to rid.
Desencarregar alguem de todos os seus tribos, to rid one of all his troubles.
Desencarregar-se, v. r. ex. *Desencarregar-se de hum culpa pondoa a outrem*, to cast the fault upon another.
Desencarregar a consciencia, to unburthen the conscience, to make satisfaction for wrongs done.
DESENCATELLADO, a, adj. See **DESENCATELLAR**, v. a. to beat out of a cast.
DESENCASTADO, a, adj. See **DESENCASTAR**, v. a. to take a

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stone out of a ring, the head out of a cane, or the like.
DESENCAYADO, a, adj. See **DESENCAYAR**, v. a. to unhast, to pull off the hilt or haft of any tool, or weapon; also to take to pieces.
Desencayar-se, v. r. is for the hilt or haft of any tool to fall off by itself.
DESENCAXADO, a, adj. See **DESENCAXAR**, v. a. to unjoint, to separate, to pull a thing from the place where it was fastened. See **DESCONJUNTAR**, and **DESLOCAR**.
Desencaxar-se, v. r. to shake, to be agitated with a vibratory motion.
DESENCERRADO, a, adj. See **DESENCERRAR**, v. a. to open, to disclose, to expose to public sight.
DESENCOLADO, a, adj. See **DESENCOLAR**, v. a. to unglue.
DESENCOLHER, v. a. to extend, to dilate, to stretch out.
Desencolher-se, v. r. to spread, or stretch one's self.
Desencolher-se, to lay aside bashfulness. (In a figurative sense.)
DESENCOMENDADO, a, adj. countermanded, &c. See **DESENCOMENDAR**, v. a. to countermand, to contradict former orders, or what had been bespoken.
Desencomendar-se, v. r. is for one to desire to be excused, or to refuse to perform another's orders.
DESENCONTRADO, a, adj. See **DESENCONTRAR-SE**, v. r. to go different ways, not to meet one another.
Desencontrar-se no parecer, to dissent, to be of a contrary opinion, to disagree.
DESENCORDADO, a, adj. See **DESENCORDAR**, v. a. to unstring an instrument.
DESENCOSTADO, a, adj. standing straight up, that does not lean, or rest upon any thing. See also **DESENCOSTAR**, v. a. to remove a thing from another which it was leaning upon, or by which it was supported.
Desencostar-se, v. r. to stand, or stand up, not to lean upon any thing.
DESENCOVA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENCOVA'R**, v. a. to dig out, to dig up; also to ferret, to drive out of lurking places, as the ferret drives the coney.
DESENDIVIDADO, a, adj. See **DESENDIVIDAR-SE**, v. r. to get out of debt, to pay one's debts.
DESENFADADICÇO, a, adj. pleasant, delightful.
DESENFADADO, a, adj. merry, jocund, pleasant, witty.
Humor de enfadado, good humour. See also the v. **DESENFADAR**.
DESENFADAMENTO. See **DESENFADO**.
DESENFADAR, v. a. to please, to ease of vexation, to divert, to make merry, to recreate.

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DESENFADAR-SE, v. a. to divert one's self, to take one's pleasures; also to grow calm, or easy again.
DESENFADO, s. m. diversion, pleasure; also tranquility, calmness, composedness.
DESENFARDELA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENFARDELAR**, v. a. to unpack, to open a pack.
DESENFASFIADAMENTE, adv. prettily, with a grace, wittily, smartly; also with good appetite.
DESENFASFIADO, a, adj. restored to an appetite, that has the loathing taken away; also that takes away loathing, that provokes appetite.
Desenfasiado no humor. See **DESENFADADO**.
DESENFASFIAR, v. a. to restore to an appetite, to take away loathing.
DESENFAXADO, a, adj. See **DESENFAXAR**, v. a. to unroll, unswathe, to unbind.
DESENFETADO, a, adj. unadorned, not decked, or trimmed; also without rhetorical ornaments or flourishes.
DESENFETAR, v. a. See **DESALINHAR**.
Desenfetar-se, v. r. to lay aside the ornaments.
DESENFETICADO, a, adj. See **DESENFETICAR**, v. a. to unbewitch, to disenchant.
DESENFEXADO, a, adj. See **DESENFEXAR**, v. a. to untie a bundle.
DESENFERRUJA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENFERRUJAR**, v. a. to get out, or fetch off the rust.
DESENFEZADO. See **DEFECADO**.
DESENFEZAR. See **DEFECAR**.
DESENFILADO, a, adj. See **DESENFILAR**, v. a. to unthread.
Desenfiar perolas, to unstring pearls.
Desenfiar a agulha, to unthread a needle.
Desenfiar-se, v. r. is for a needle to be unthreaded, or for beads, pearls, &c. to be unstrung.
DESENFREADAMENTE, adv. disorderly, ungovernably.
DESENFREADO, a, adj. unbridled; also unruly, lewd, disorderly; according to the v.
DESENFREAR, v. a. to unbridle.
Desenfrear-se, v. r. is for a horse to pull off the bridle.
Desenfrear-se, (in a moral sense) to grow unruly in talk or actions.
Appetites que se desenfreão, unbridled desires, or affections.
DESENFRONHADO, a, adj. See **DESENFRONHAR**, v. a. to take off the pillow from the pillow-bear.
DESENGAÇADO, a, adj. See **DESENGAÇAR**, v. a. to pull the grapes from the stalks where they hung.
DESENGANADAMENTE, adv. ingenuously, without dissimulation, freely, frankly.
DESENGANA'DO, a, adj. plain, honest, downright.

Não desenganado, a plain and flat denial.
See also
DESENGANA'R, v. a. to undeceive, to shew a man his mistake, to work one out of an error.
Desenganar-se, v. r. to undeceive one's self.
DESENGA'NO, f. m. the discovery of a deceit. See also **LIBERDADE**.
Com desengano, freely, openly, boldly.
DESENGASTA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENGASTA'R**, v. a. to take a stone out of a ring.
DESENGENHO'SO, a, adj. destitute of capacity, judgment, or apprehension.
DESENGOMA'DO, p. of the preterp. tense of
DESENGOMA'R, v. n. to dissolve the gum.
DESENGONÇA'DO, a, adj. put out of joint; also that looks to be out of joint.
DESENGONÇA'R, v. a. to loosen, to put out of joint.
Desengonar-se, v. r. to be put out of joint; or to look to be out of joint.
DESENGRAÇADAMENTE, adv. unhandsofly, without grace, grossly.
DESENGRAÇADO, a, adj. without grace, unpleasant, unhandsome.
DESENGRAZADO, a, adj. See **DESENGRAZA'R**, v. a. ex. *Desengrazar contas*, to unstring beads.
Desengrazar-se, v. r. to be unstrung. ex. *Desengrazara-se, senhora, as vossas contas*, madam, your beads are unstrung.
DESENGRENHADO: See **DESGRENHADO**.
DESENGRENHA'R. See **DESGRENHAR**.
DESENGROSSA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENGROSSA'R**, v. a. See **ADELGAÇAR**.
DESENGUIÇA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENGUIÇA'R**, v. a. (*tirar o enguiço*.) See **ENGUIÇO**.
DESENHA'DO, or **DEZENHADO**, a, adj. See
DESENHA'R, or **DEZENHAR**, v. a. to form to one's self an idea of a thing, to have an idea of any thing or person; also to delineate, to sketch, to design.
DESENHO, or **DEZENHO**, the idea or design that a painter has in his head; also the form or image of any thing (in the figurative sense.)
Livro de desenhos, a drawing book.
Desenho, design, purpose, project, enterprise.
DESENJURIA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENJURIA'R-SE**, v. r. to be revenged, to return like for like, to be even with one, to retaliate an injury.
DESENLAÇA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENLAÇA'R**, v. a. to unlace, to loose any thing fastened with strings.
DESENNASTRADO, a, adj. without bondage, that is, loosely shed.
DESENNOVELLADO, a, adj. See

DESENNOVELLA'R, v. a. to undo a bottom of thread or yarn.
DESENQUIETAÇAM, f. f. See **IN-QUIETAÇAM**.
DESENQUIETA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENQUIETA'R**, v. a. to disquiet, to disturb, to make uneasy, to harass, to deprive of tranquility.
Desenquitar a criado de huma coisa, to intice a servant in order to leave his master.
Desenquitar alguem da sua obra, to take one off from his work.
Desenquitar huma virgem, to entice a virgin.
DESENQUIETO, a, adj. See **IN-QUIETO**.
Rapariga desenquitta, a girl that plays the wanton.
DESENREDA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENREDA'R**, v. a. to disentangle, to extricate, to rid of trouble. (In a proper and figurat. sense.)
Desenredar-se, v. r. to disentangle one's self, to get rid of a trouble.
DESENROLA'DO, a, adj. unrolled; also clear, evident, plain. (Metaph.) See also
DESENROLA'R, v. a. to unrol, to open what is rolled or convolved; also to examine, to expound.
Desenrolar muitos textos, to alledge or quote many texts, word for word.
Desenrolar os cuidados alheos, to detect the designs of another.
DESENROSCA'DO, a, adj. untwined. See
DESENROSCA'R, v. a. to untwine, to undo that which is held together by convolution.
Desenroscar-se, v. r. to untwine, or unwind itself.
DESENSACA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENSACA'R**, v. a. to take out of a sack.
DESENSINA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENSINA'R**, v. a. to unteach.
DESENTENDE'R, v. n. to feign one's self ignorant.
DESENTENDI'DO, a, adj. that wants understanding and apprehension.
Dar-se por desentendido. See **DESENTENDER**.
Fazer huma coisa muito ao desentendido, to do a thing very covertly, so that people cannot apprehend that it is done on set purpose, and with a design.
DESENTERESSADAMENTE, adv. disinterestedly; also impartially.
DESENTERESSADO, a, adj. disinterested, or disinterested; also impartial.
DESENTERESSE, f. m. disinterestedness.
DESENTERIA. See **DYSENTERIA**.
DESENTERRA'DOR, f. m. he who digs out dead bodies.
DESENTERRA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENTERRA'R**, v. a. to unbury, to dig up; also to find out or discover.

Desenterrar os mortos, to unbury the dead; also to talk ill of them. (Metaph.)
DESENTESOURA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENTESOURA'R**, v. a. to take out of a treasure.
DESENTEZA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENTEZA'R**, v. a. to unbend.
Desentezar-se, v. r. to slacken, to grow loose.
DESENTOADAMENTE, adv. out of tune.
DESENTOA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENTOA'R**, v. n. to be out of tune, to be rudely loud; also to utter a thing unexpected.
Desenteoar, (in music) to jar.
Risada desenteada, a loud laughter.
Voz desenteada, a jarring voice.
DESENTOA'R-SE, v. r. See **DESENTOAR**.
DESENTORPECER, v. a. to remove a stiffness. See also **DESPERTAR**.
DESENTORPECIDO, a, adj. whose stiffness is removed. See also the v. **DESENTORPECER**.
DESENTRANÇA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENTRANÇA'R**, v. a. to unplait the hair.
DESENTRANHA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENTRANHA'R**, v. a. to unbowel, to draw the guts; also to examine, to sift, to search diligently. (Metaph.)
Desentranhar hum negocio, to extricate an affair, to make it easy.
Desentranhar-se, v. r. ex. *Desentranhar-se por alguem*, to bestow all one has on another.
DESENTRONIZADO. See **DESTRONADO**.
DESENTRONIZA'R. See **DESTRONAR**.
DESENTROUXA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENTROUXA'R**, v. a. to unpack, to open a truss, bundle, or fardel.
DESENTULHA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENTULHA'R**, v. a. to empty, or to make any place void by taking away what it contained.
Desentulkar da caliza e rainas de edificios vellos, to cleanse from rubbish.
Desentulhar hum poço, to cleanse a well.
O que desentulha, an emptier, one that empties.
O que desentulha os poços, a cleanser of wells.
DESENTUPIDO, a, adj. See **DESENTUPI'R**, v. a. to unstop, to free from stop.
DESENVAZA'DO, a, adj. See **DESENVAZA'R**, v. a. (among ship-carpenters) to take out from the stocks, to launch a ship, or boat.
DESENVENCILHADO, a, adj. See **DESENVENCILHA'R-SE**, v. r. (a vulgar word) to disentagle one's self.
DESENVERNADO. See **DESINVERNADO**.
DESENVERNAR. See **DESINVERNAR**.
DESENVOLADO, a, adj. See **DE-**

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DESENVOLAR, v. a. to hallow a gain, as it happens in a church when homicide, or some other crime has brought pollution upon it.

DESENVOLTAMENTE, adv. readily, easily, nimbly; also licentious-ly, overfreely, with too much liberty.

DESENVOLTO, a, adj. nimble, light, speedy; also licentious, dissolute, unruly.

DESENVOLTURA, f. f. See **AGILIDADE**.

Desenvoltura nos costumes, licentiousness, boundless liberty.

Com d' desenvoltura. See **DESENVOLTAMENTE**.

DESENVOLVER. See **DESENTROUXAR**.

DESENVOLVIDO. See **DESENTROUXADO**.

DESENXABIDAMENTE, adv. foolishly, unwittingly.

DESENXABIDO, a, adj. insipid, wallowish, having no taste or relish, unsavoury; also sottish, silly, witless, absurd, foolish. (Metaph.)

Graças desenxabidas, poor jests, little puns.

DESENXARCEADO, a, adj. See **DESENXARCEAR**, v. a. (a sea term) to unrig, to strip of the tackle.

DESERÇAM, f. f. desertion, the act of deserting, or running from the colours.

DESERDAÇAM. See **DESHERDAR**.

DESERDADO. See **DESHERDADO**.

DESERDAR. See **DESHERDAR**.

DESERTA'DO, a, adj. deserted, &c. See **DESERTAR**, v. a. to desert, to run away from the colours.

Desertar, (in law) not to appear in a court at a day assigned, to forsake a law suit.

DESERTO, a, adj. (in law) ex. *Deserta appellacão*, is when he that appeals does not appear in a court at a day assigned, so that the appeal will not afterwards be allowed.

Deserto, f. m. a desert, or wilderness.

DESERTO'R, f. m. a deserter.

DESERVIÇO, f. m. an inofficious action, an ill turn, a disservice.

Fazer deservicos. See **DESERVIR**.

Quefas deservicos, inofficious, not civil.

DESERVIDO, a, adj. See **DESERVIR**, v. a. to deserve, to do injury to, to hurt.

DESESPANTADO, a, adj. See **DESESPANTAR-SE**, v. r. to cease from wonder.

DESESPERAÇAM, f. f. despair, des- peration, despondency.

DESESPERADAMENTE, adv. hope- lessly, despairingly.

DESESPERA'DO, a, adj. desperate, hopeless; also despaired of, given over, forlorn, given up for lost.

Desesperado, without care of safety, rash, precipitant, resolute through despair.

Desesperado da saúde, without hope of recovery. See

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DESESPERA'R, v. n. to despair, to despond, to have no hopes, to be out of or past hopes, to give over for lost; also to be mad.

Fazer deseperar algum, to put one out of hopes, to give him no hopes; also to make one mad, to tease him.

Desesperar, (in theology) to lose hope of the divine mercy.

O que desepera, a despairer, one with- out hope.

DESESPERADO, a, adj. without equipping, or rigging.

DESESTIMADO. See **DESPREZA- DO**.

DESESTIMAR. See **DESPREZAR**.

DESFABRICA'DO, a, adj. See **DESFABRICAR**, v. a. to unbuild, to raze, to destroy.

DESAÇAR-SE. See **DESAVER- GONHAR-SE**.

DESFALCA'DO, a, adj. See **DES- FALCAR**.

DESFALCAMENTO, f. m. defalca- tion, diminution, abatement.

DESFALCAR, v. a. to defalcate, to cut off.

DESFALCER, v. n. to faint, to waste away, to grow feeble and weak, to decay.

Desfalcar no esforço, to lose courage.

DESFALCADO, a, adj. fainted, &c. See **DESFALCER**, and **FAL- TO**.

DESFALCIMENTO, f. m. faint- ness, wasting away, discouragement.

Desfalcimento do cerebro. See **ESVAI- DO da cabeça**.

DESFASTO, f. m. appetite, sto- mach, desire of eating; also mirth, wit. (Metaph.)

DESAFAR, f. m. decay, or decline from the state of being favoured; also a denial.

DESAFVORECER, v. a. to disgrace, to put out of favour.

DESAFVORECI'DO, a, adj. dis- graced, &c. See **DESAFVORE- CER**.

Desafvorecido da natureza, that is not endowed with gifts of nature.

DESAZER, v. a. to undo; also to dissolve.

Desazer huma muralha, to pull down a wall.

Desazer hum no, to untie a knot.

Desazer hum contrato, to break, or vio- late a contract.

Desazer huma causa tecida, to unweave.

Desazer, v. n. ex. *Desazer em algum*, to find fault with one, to speak ill of him.

Desazer-se, v. r. ex. *Desazer-se de al- gum coisa*, to part with a thing, to sell, or change it for another.

Desazer-se de criados, to dismiss, or send away the servants.

Desazer-se de hum officio, to divest one's self of an office.

Desazer-se em lagrimas, to melt into tears.

DESFECHA'DO, a, adj. opened, un- locked.

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DESFECHADA mentira, an impudent lie. See also

DESFECHA'R, v. n. to break, or burst out; also to utter a thing unex- pected.

Desfechar a rir, to fall a-laughing.

Desfechar, v. a. to open, to unlock.

Desfechar a bôsa, to shoot arrows out of a bow.

Desfechar o sello, to break the seal.

Desfechar-se, v. r. ex. *Desfechar-se a es- pingarda*, is for the cock of a gun or musquet to go down by itself.

DESFECHO, f. m. (among comedi- ans) the solution, discovery, or un- ravelling of the intrigue of a play, which commences when the reader begins to see the doubts cleared up.

DESFEITA, f. f. an excuse; also an ill usage, a knavish trick.

DESFEITO, a, adj. undone, &c. See the v. **DESAZER**.

Desfeito, excessive, very great, out of measure; also very lean.

Desfeito, f. m. a sort of hash made of mutton, bread, &c.

DESFERIDO, a, adj. See **DESFERIR**, v. a. (a sea term) ex. *Desfirar as velas*, to loosen the sails.

DESFERRADO, a, adj. See **DESFERRAR**, v. a. to unshoe a horse, or other beast.

A açam de desferrar, unshoeing.

Desferrar-se, v. r. is for a horse or other beast to loose the horse-shoe.

DESFERROLHADO. See **DESA- FERROLHADO**.

DESFERROLHAR. See **DESAFER- ROIHAR**.

DESFIADO, a, adj. untwisted, un- spun; also a sort of linen-cloth for- merly used that had some threads drawn out. See also **ESPALHADO**, and the v.

DESFIAR, v. a. to unravel, or un- weave.

Desfar-se, v. r. to unravel, to unweave.

DESFIGURADO, a, adj. See **DESFIGURAR**, v. a. to disfigure, to deform.

Desfigurar-se, v. r. to grow more home- ly, to lose one's good shape, features, or complexion.

DESFIADA, (a military word) ex. *Marchar a desfilada*, to file off.

DESFIADO, a, adj. See **DESFIAR**, v. n. to file off.

DESFIVELLADO, a, adj. See **DESFIVELLAR**, v. a. to unbuckle.

DESFLEIMADO, a, adj. See **DESFLEIMAR**, v. n. to expectorate, to bring away or purge off phlegm.

DESFLORAÇAM, f. f. defloration, or deflowering. (Speaking of a virgin.)

DESFLORA'DO, a, adj. See **DES- FLORAR**.

DESFLORAMENTO, f. m. See **DES- FLORAÇAM**.

DESFLORAR, v. a. to deflower, to get one's maidenhead; also to wash away the finest part of any thing.

DESGONADO, a, adj. See **DESGONAR-SE**, v. r. (among gunners)

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gunners) ex. *Desfogonar-se huma peça*, is when the touch-hole of a gun is spoiled, so that the gun is of no use at all. From the Ital. *Sfoconato*.
DESFOLHADO, *a*, adj. See **DES-FOLHAR**.
DESFOLHADURA, *f. f.* slipping of leaves.
DESFOLHAR, *v. a.* to pull off the leaves.
Desfolhar a vinha, to pluck, or rub off superfluous leaves of a vine.
DESFORÇA'DO, *p.* of the preterp. tense of
DESFORÇA'R-SE, *v. r.* to be reinvested, or placed in possession of a thing one had been deprived of by force; also to requite a man in his own way, to repay an ill fully.
DESFORMA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESFORMAR**, *v. a.* See **DESFIGURA'R**.
DESFORME. See **DEFORME**.
DESFORRADO, *a*, adj. See **DESFORRAR**, *v. a.* to unline, to take out the lining.
Desferrar-se, *v. r.* to win one's money back again.
DESFRADA'DO, turned out of his monkish order. See
DESFRADA'R, *v. a.* to turn a friar out of his order.
Desfradar-se, *v. r.* to forsake one's monkish order.
DESFRALDA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESFRALDAR**, *v. a.* to lessen the width of a coat, gown, &c.
Desfraldar as velas. See **DESFERIR**.
DESFRUTADO, *a*, adj. See
DESFRUTAR, *v. a.* to gather, or have the product of a land; also to impoverish, to make sterile. (Speaking of lands.)
Desfratar dinheiro, to waste money, to be a spendthrift.
DESFUNDADO, *a*, adj. See
DESFUNDAR, *v. a.* to slave a cask, pipe, &c. to knock off its head or bottom.
DESGABA'DO, *a*, adj. not worthy to be named, unworthy of praise.
DESGABA'R, *v. a.* to blame, to discommend, to find fault with.
DESGADELHADO, *a*, adj. See **DESGADELHAR**, *v. a.* to dishevel, to pull one's hair about.
DESGALHA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DESGALHAR, *v. a.* to cut away, or to tear off the branches or boughs of a tree.
DESGARRADO, *a*, adj. that has missed or lost his way. See also **DESEMBARAÇADO**, and
DESGARRAR, *v. a.* to miss or lose one's way.
Desgarrar, (a sea term) to let sail.
Desgarrar a ancora, to weigh the anchor.
DESGARRO, *f. m.* a bravado, or boasting.
DESGOSTA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DESGOSTAR, *v. a.* to disgust, to offend.
Desgostar-se, *v. r.* to be or grow out of

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conceit, to grow weary, to be displeased with.
DESGOSTO, *f. m.* a disgust, an offence.
DESGOSTOSO, *a*, adj. troublesome, offensive, grievous, unpleasant; also that is grown weary or displeased with.
DESGOVERNA'DO, *a*, adj. mindless, careless; also disordered, corrupted, misgoverned. See
DESGOVERNAR, *v. a.* (among farriers) to drench a horse, or to burn certain veins in his pasterns.
Desgovernar-se, *v. r.* (Speaking of the animal economy) to break, or to want that regularity which causes health. See also **DESREGRAR-SE**.
DESGOVERNO, *f. m.* misgovernment, ill administration, mismanagement.
Desgoverno, (among farriers) the burning of the veins, &c. See **DESGOVERNAR**.
DESGRAÇA, *f. f.* misfortune, disgrace, the state of being out of favour.
Cabir na desgraça de algum. See **CAHIR**.
DESGRAÇADAMENTE, adv. unfortunately.
DESGRAÇA'DO, or **DESGRACIADO**, *a*, adj. unfortunate, unlucky.
DESGRENHA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESGADELHADO**.
DESGRUDA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DESGRUDAR, *v. a.* to unglue.
Desgrudar-se, *v. r.* to unglue, to come off.
DESGUARNECIDO, *a*, adj. undecked.
DESGUARNECER, *v. a.* to undeck, to deprive of ornaments.
DESHERDAÇAM, *f. f.* disinheriting.
DESHERDA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DESHERDAR, *v. a.* to disinherit.
DESHONESTAMENTE, adv. immodestly, indecently, obscenely.
DESHONESTIDADE, *f. f.* dishonesty, immodesty, obscenity.
DESHONESTO, *a*, adj. immodest, indecent, bawdy, lewd, obscene.
DESHONRA, *f. f.* dishonour, shame, ignominy.
DESHONRA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DESHONRAR, *v. a.* to dishonour, to bring a reproach upon, to disgrace, to discredit, to brand with infamy.
Desbonrar huma donzella. See **DESFLORAR**.
Desbonrar-se, *v. r.* to disgrace one's self.
DESHORA'DO, or **FORA de horas**. See
DESHORAS, adv. ex. *A deshoras*, unseasonably, out of due time.
Consa que se faz a deshoras, untimely, ill timed.
DESHUMANAMENTE, adv. inhumanly, cruelly.
DESHUMANIDADE, *f. f.* inhumanity, cruelty.
DESHUMANO, *a*, adj. inhuman, cruel, barbarous.

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DESIDIA, *f. f.* idleness, slothfulness.
DESIGNADO, *a*, adj. See
DESIGNAR, *v. a.* to design, to appoint, to elect.
Designar bum dia, to set, or appoint a day.
DESIGNIO, *f. m.* a design, purpose, intent.
DESIGUAL, adj. unlike, unequal, different, not even, not equal. See also **INCAPAZ**.
Pulso desigual caprizant pulse, an uneven or leaping pulse.
Lugar desigual, an uneven place.
DESIGUALDADE, *f. f.* inequality, unevenness,
DESIGUALMENTE, adv. unequally.
DESJEJUA'DO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of.
DESJEJUA'R-SE, *v. r.* to break one's fast.
DESIMAGINA'DO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of.
DESIMAGINAR, *v. a.* to blot a thing out of another's imagination.
Desimaginar-se, *v. r.* to blot a thing out of one's imagination.
DESINÇADO, *a*, adj. See
DESINÇAR, *v. a.* to extirpate, to root out, to destroy.
DESINCHA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DESINCHAR, *v. a.* to take a swelling away.
Desinchar, *v. n.* to unswell.
DESINFECTAR. See **DESINFICIONAR**.
DESINFICIONADO, *a*, adj. See
DESINFICIONAR, *v. a.* to take away the infection,
DESINSADO. See **DESINÇADO**.
DESINSAR. See **DESINÇAR**.
DESINVERNA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DESINVERNAR, *v. n.* (a military word) is for soldiers to leave the winter quarters.
DESIRMANA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DESIRMANAR, *v. a.* to unmatch.
DESISTENCIA, *f. f.* desistance, the act of desisting, cessation.
DESISTI'DO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of
DESISTIR, *v. n.* to desist, to cease from any thing, to stop.
Desistir do corpo, to evacuate by stool.
Ter vontade de desistir, to go to stool, to have a mind to do his needs.
DESISTIVO, *f. m.* a purging medicine.
DESLACERA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DESLACERAR, *v. a.* to rend, to tear, to tear off, to pull in pieces.
DESLADRILHADO, *a*, adj. that has the bricks taken away. See
DESLADRILHAR, *v. a.* to take away the bricks.
DESLAMBER-SE, *v. r.* See **DESLAMBER-SE**.
DESLASTRAR, *v. a.* to take away the ballast of a ship.
DESLASTRE, *f. m.* the act of taking away the ballast of a ship.
DESLAVA'DO, *a*, adj. discoloured.

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See also **DESAVERGONHADO**, and
DESLAVA'R, v. a. to discolour, to deface the colour. See also **DESBOTAR**.
DESLAVRA'DO, a, adj. See
DESLAVRA'R, v. a. to give the ground the second tilth.
DESLEA'L, adj. disloyal, false, unfaithful.
DESLEALDA'DE, f. f. disloyalty, falsehood, unfaithfulness.
DESLEALMENTE, adv. disloyally, unfaithfully.
DESLEIXADO, a, adj. lazy, good for nothing.
DESLIADO, or **DESLIGADO**. See **DESATADO**.
DESLIAR, or **DESLIGAR**. See **DESATAR**.
DESLINDA'DO, a, adj. See
DESLINDA'R, v. a. to clear any business.
DESLIVRA'DO. See **DELIVRADO**.
DESLIVRA'R. See **DELIVRAR**.
DESLIZA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of.
DESLIZA'R, v. n. to slip, to slide.
Deslizar no caramello, to slide on the ice.
Deslizar, v. a. ex. *Deslizar a algum de huma coisa*, to keep a thing secret, to say nothing of it, not to mention it to one.
Deslizar-se, v. r. to come down, to descend.
DESLOCAÇA'M, f. f. (in surgery) dislocation, luxation, a violent pressure of a bone out of the socket.
DESLOCA'DO, a, adj. See
DESLOCA'R, v. a. to dislocate, to put out of joint; also to put any thing out of the proper place, (Metaph.)
DESLOCADU'RA. See **DESLOCAÇAM**.
DESLOMBA'DO, a, adj. See
DESLOMBA'R, v. a. to break the back.
DESLUMBRADO, a, adj. See **DESLUMBRAR**.
DESLUMBRAMENTO, f. m. the dazzling of the sun, or any overlight; also hallucination, error, blunder, mistake, folly.
DESLUMBRA'R, v. a. to daze, or dazzle, to overpower with light, to strike with too strong lustre.
DESLUSTRA'DO, a, adj. See
DESLUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away, or lessen the lustre.
Deslustrar a reputaçam de algum, to stain or blur one's reputation.
DESLUSTRE, f. m. deprivation of the splendour, or lustre; also blemish, stain, note of infamy.
DESLUZID'O, a, adj. See
DESLUZIR, v. a. to take away the gloss or beauty of a thing; also to eclipse, to drown, to surpass. See **DESLUSTRAR**.
DESMALIA'DO, a, adj. fainted, swooned.
Desmaiado na cor, pale, wan.

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Verfes desmaiadas, (in the vulgar poetry) so they call those verses that appear to the ear, to be shorter than they ought to be, for want of synalcephas. See also
DESMALIA'R, v. n. to faint, to swoon, to lose courage, to dismay, to despond; also to grow pale, to decay, and fade.
Desmaiá'r, v. a. to puzzle, to dazzle, to surprise, to amaze, to astonish by something wonderful.
DESMALIO, f. m. a swoon, a lipothymy, a fainting fit.
Acedar de hum desmaio, to recover from a swoon.
Desmaio do valor, discouragement, want of courage.
Desmaio das forças, feebleness, want of strength.
DESMAMA'DO, a, adj. See
DESMAMA'R, v. a. to wean, to put from the breast, to ab lactate.
Criança que se acabou de desmamar, a weanle, a weanling, a child newly weaned.
DESMANCHADAMENTE, adv. confusedly, disorderly.
DESMANCHA'DO, a, adj. See **DESMANCHAR**, and *Desmanchar-se*.
DESMANCHAPRAZERES, f. m. and f. (a vulgar word) a troublesome guest, one that spoils the sport of the company.
DESMANCHA'R, v. a. to take to pieces, to unhast. See also **DESLOCAR**.
A açam de desmanchar, unhafting.
Desmanchar, to confute, to shew to be false.
Desmanchar-se, v. r. to be taken to pieces. See also **DESMANDAR-SE**.
DESMANCHO, f. m. confusion, disorder; also want of moderation, excess.
Desmancho nos costumes, licentiousness, corruption of morals.
DESMANDA'DO, a, adj. disobedient. See also **DESREGRADO**, and **DESMANDAR-SE**.
Pedra desmandada, a stone thrown at random, as when the hurler of it takes no aim at all.
DESMANDA'R-SE, v. r. to go too far, to pass the bounds of fitness.
DESMANTELA'DO, a, adj. See
DESMANTELA'R, v. a. to dismantle, to throw down walls, or works.
DESMARCADAMENTE, adv. out of measure, immoderately, beyond measure.
DESMARCA'DO, a, adj. out of rule, exceeding great, out of square, enormous.
Encaricimento desmarcado, too spruce affectation.
DESMAREA'DO, a, adj. See
DESMAREA'R-SE, v. r. ex. *Desmarrear-se a navegaçam*, is for sailors not to perform their duty.
DESMASTEADO, a, adj. See
DESMASTEAR, or **DESEMMAS-**

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TEAR, v. a. ex. *Desmastear hum navio*, to unmast a ship.
Desmastear hum navio com tiros de peça, to shoot the masts of a ship by the board.
A tempestade desmasteou o nosso navio, we lost our masts in the storm.
DESMAZELADAMENTE, adv. negligently, carelessly.
DESMAZELA'DO, a, adj. senseless, careless.
DESMAZELAMENTO. See
DESMAZELO, f. m. want of thought, negligence, carelessness.
Com desmazelo. See **DESMAZELADAMENTE**.
DESMEDI'DO. See **DESMARCA-DO** and
DESMEDI'R-SE, v. r. See **DESMANDAR-SE**.
DESMEDRA'DO, a, adj. See
DESMEDRA'R, v. n. (speaking of plants) to go backward, to decay instead of thriving; also to diminish, to grow less, to be impaired.
DESMELHORA'DO, a, adj. See
DESMELHORA'R, v. a. to make worse.
Desmelhorar, v. n. to grow worse.
DESMEMBRAÇA'M, f. f. dismembering, pulling to pieces; also dismembering, dividing, cantling. (Speaking of lands, provinces, &c.)
DESMEMBRA'DO, a, adj. See
DESMEMBRA'R, v. a. to dismember, or pull in pieces; also to dismember, divide, or cantle. (Speaking of lands, provinces, &c.)
DESMEMORIA'DO, a, adj. forgetful.
DESMENTI'DO, a, adj. that has had the lie given him. See
DESMENTI'R, v. a. to give the lie; also to belie or contradict. See also **DESMANCHAR**.
Desmentir o caminho, to go out of the road in order to deceive a pursuer.
Desmentir-se, v. r. to belie, or contradict one's self.
Não se desmentir, to be always the same, to be steady, firm and constant.
DESMENTIO-SE a conjectura, the conjecture was false.
DESMERECER, v. n. to become undeserving, to demerit, to deserve blame.
DESMERECIMENTO. See **DEMERITO**.
DESMESURA'DO, a, adj. See **DESMARCA-DO**.
DESMIOLA'DO, a, adj. See
DESMIOLA'R, v. a. to pull out the brains; also to take out the crumb of bread.
DESMONTA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Cavalle desmontado*, a horse that is saddled but has no rider upon him. See also
DESMONTA'R, v. n. - See **APEAR-SE**.
Desmontar, v. a. to unhorse, to beat from an horse, to throw from the saddle; also to order to alight.
Desmontar huma peça, to throw a cannon from its carriage.

DES

DESMORONA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESMORONA'R-SE**, *v. r.* to moulder away. (Spanish.)
DESNACER, *v. n.* to re-enter the mother's womb.
DESNARIGA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESNARIGA'R**, *v. a.* to cut off the nose.
DESNATURA'DO. See **DESNATURALIZADO**.
DESNATURALIZAÇÃ'M, *f. f.* the act of disnaturalizing.
DESNATURALIZA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESNATURALIZA'R**, *v. a.* to disnaturalize, to deprive of the privileges of birth.
DESNATURA'R, *v. a.* See **DESNATURALIZAR**.
DESNAVEGA'VEL, adj. that hinders from sailing. (Speaking of the weather.)
DESNCESSARIAMENTE, adv. unnecessarily.
DESNCESSARIO, *a*, adj. unnecessary, needless.
DESNEVA'DO, *a*, adj. cold as snow.
DESNINHA'DO. See **DESANINHADO**.
DESNINHA'R. See **DESANINHAR**.
DESNOC'A'DO, or **DESNUCADO**, *a*, adj. See **DESNOCAR**, or **DESNUCAR**, *v. a.* to break or hurt the nape or the joint of the neck behind.
DESOBEDECER, *v. n.* to disobey, to be disobedient.
DESOBEDECIDO, *a*, adj. disobeyed.
DESOBEDIÊNCIA, *f. f.* disobedience.
DESOBEDIENTE, adj. disobedient.
DESOBEDIENTEMENTE, adv. disobediently.
DESOBRIGA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESOBRIGA'R**, *v. a.* to exempt, or free from duty. See also **REFORMAR**.
Desfregar-se, *v. r.* to do, or to perform one's duty.
Desfregar-se da sua promessa, ou de hum voto, to fulfil one's promise, or one's vow.
Desfregar-se da quaresma, is for the Roman Catholics to confess their sins and receive the holy sacrament in Lent.
Desfregou-se da execução da sua promessa, he excused himself for not having fulfilled his promise.
DESOBSTRUENCIA. See **DESOPILAÇÃ'M**.
DESOBSTRUENTE, adj. (in medicine) ex. *Remedio desobstruente*, deobstruent, deopillative, or deopillatory medicines, that serve to move obstructions or stoppages.
DESOBSTRUÍDO. See **DESOPI-LADO**.
DESOBSTRUÍR. See **DESOPI-LAR**.
DESOCUPA'DO, *a*, adj. at leisure, idle, without business. See also **LIVRE**.

DES

DESOCUPA'R, *v. a.* to depart from a place, to quit it. See also **DESPEJAR**.
Desocupar-se, *v. r.* to retire from a business, to free one's self from it, to lay it aside.
DESOLAÇÃ'M, *f. f.* destruction, desolation, ravage.
DESOLA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESOLAR**, *v. a.* to lay waste, to desolate, to ruin.
DESOPILAÇÃ'M, *f. f.* deopilation.
DESOPILA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESOPILAR**, *v. a.* to deobstruct, to deopillate, to free from obstructions.
DESOPPRIMI'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESOPPRIMI'R**, *v. a.* to free from oppression.
DESORDEM, *f. f.* disorder, confusion.
Cem desordem, confusedly, disorderly.
DESORDENADAMENTE, adv. idem.
DESORDENADO, *a*, adj. disordered; also unbridled, loose, unruly. See **DESORDENA'R**, *v. a.* to disorder, to throw into confusion, to confound, to put out of method, to ruffle, to confuse.
DESORELHADO, *a*, adj. See **DESORELHA'R**, *v. a.* to cut off the ears.
DESOSSA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESOSSA'R**, *v. a.* to bone, to take the bones from the flesh.
DESOVADO, *a*, adj. See **DESOVAR**, to spawn, to produce as fishes do eggs.
DESPACHADAMENTE, adv. speedily, readily, without hindrance.
DESPACHA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESPACHAR**.
DESPACHADO'R, *f. m.* a man of quick dispatch.
DESPACHA'R, *v. a.* to dispatch.
Despachar hum negocio, to dispatch a business.
Despachar hum correo, to dispatch, or send a courier.
Despachar, or Despachar desta vida a hum homem, to dispatch, or to kill a man, or to dispatch him out of the way.
Despachar a alguém, to dispatch another's affairs.
Despachar-se, *v. r.* to conclude one's affairs; also to make haste. See also **AVIAR-SE**.
DESPA'CHO, *f. m.* a writing in answer to a petition, which we call a rescript when it comes from the emperor, or from the pope; also a dispatch, a letter.
Dias de despacho, leading days.
DESPALMA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESPALMAR**, *v. a.* (among farriers) to pare a horse's hoofs.
DESPA'LA'DO, *a*, adj. (in horsemanship) that lifts or holds up the head too much.
DESPARADO. See **DISPARADO**.
DESPARAR. See **DISPARAR**.

DES

DESPARATADO. See **DISPARATADO**.
DESPARATAR. See **DISPARATAR**.
DESPARATE. See **DISPARATE**.
DESPARTI'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESPARTIR**, *v. a.* to separate, to disunite, to part, to break off.
Despartir as qua estão pelejando, to part combatants.
DESPARZIDO. See **ESPARZIDO**.
DESPARZIR. See **ESPARZIR**.
DESPEA'DO, *a*, adj. foundered. See also **DESPEAR**, *v. a.* to unfetter, or unlock a horse, &c.
DESPEDAÇÃ'DO, *a*, adj. See **DESPEDAÇAR**, *v. a.* to tear in pieces.
DESPEDIDA, *f. f.* a farewell, taking leave; also a discharging, dismissing. See also **FIM**.
Por despedida, at last.
DESPEDI'DO, *f. m.* he who took leave; also he who was dismissed.
Despedido, *a*, adj. See **DESPEDIR**, *v. a.* to dismiss, to turn away; also to disband.
Despedir hum criado, to turn off a servant.
Despedir, to shoot, to let off, to discharge any thing so as to make it fly off with speed or violence.
Despedir, or Despachar hum correo. See **DESPACHAR**.
Despedir, *v. n.* to cease, to be at an end.
Despedir-se, *v. r.* to take leave.
DESPEGA'DO, unglued. See also **DESPEGAR**, and **Despegar-se**.
DESPEGA'R, *v. a.* to unglue, to loose any thing cemented.
Despegar, ou despegar da obra, *v. n.* to leave one's work.
Despegar-se, *v. r.* to part, to leave, to come away, to get rid.
O homem habituado ao vicio com difficuldade se despega delle, a man hardened in vice will hardly get rid of it.
DESPEGO, or **DESAPEGO**. See **LIBERDADE**, and **IZENÇÃ'M**.
Despego de huma pessoa, a withdrawing from one's company. See also **AVERSA'M**.
DESPEJADAMENTE, adv. quickly, expeditionally.
DESPEJA'DO, *a*, adj. ex. *Lugar despejado*, a place that is cleared, or voided.
Despejado, shameless, impudent. See also **DESPEJAR**, *v. a.* to clear or void a place; also to depart, to go away, to go out. See also **VASAR**.
DESPEJO, *f. m.* See **DESCOMPOSTURA**.
DESPEJOS, the accommodations of a house.
Casa que tem muitos despejos, a very convenient house.
DESPEITO, *f. m.* contempt.
A despeito, or em despeito, in spite.
Em seu despeito, in spite of him.

Em rosto de despeito, in spite of your teeth
DESPERITÓRADO, *a*, adj. See
DESPERITÓRARE, *v. r.* to open or
 to discover one's breast.
DESPENADO, *a*, adj. See
DESPENAR, *v. a.* to rid one of his
 troubles and cares.
DESPENDER, or **DISPENDER**, *v. a.*
 to spend.
Despender razões, to produce or bring
 forth reasons.
DESPENDIDO, *a*, adj. See the *v.*
DESPENDER.
DISPENDIO. See **DISPENDIO**
DESPENHADEIRO, *f. m.* a pre-
 cipice, a head-long steep, a fall
 perpendicular, without gradual de-
 clivity.
DESPENHADO, *a*, adj. See
DESPENHAR. See **PRECIPITAR**.
Despenhar-se, *v. r.* See **PRECIPITAR**.
SE.
DESPENHO, *f. m.* a falling from a
 high place. See also **DESPENHA-
 DEIRO**.
DESPENSA, *f. f.* a buttery, or pan-
 try, a place to keep provisions in.
DESPENSAÇAM. See **DISPENSA-
 ÇAM**.
DESPENSADO, &c. See **DISPEN-
 SADO**, &c.
DESPENSEIRA, *f. f.* she that dis-
 penses, shares, or bestows any thing,
 a distributor.
DESPENSEIRO, *f. m.* a butler, a
 yeoman of the larder, a steward; also
 a distributor, one who deals out any
 thing.
DESPENTEADO, *a*, adj. See
DESPENTEAR, *v. n.* it is said of a
 horse whose shoulder parts from the
 breast. This disease, or hurt, is
 called by our farriers shoulder-torn.
DESPERDIÇADO, *a*, adj. See **DES-
 PERDIÇAR**.
DESPERDIÇADOR, *f. m.* a spend-
 thrift, a prodigal, a lavish.
DESPERDIÇAR, *v. a.* to lavish, to
 scatter with profusion.
Elle desperdizou toda a sua fazenda, he
 has spent all his estate.
Vos desperdizais as palavras, you spend
 your breath in vain.
DESPERDÍCIO, or **DESPERDIÇO**,
f. m. lavishness.
DESPERTADO, *a*, adj. See **DE-
 SPERTAR**.
DESPERTADOR, *f. m.* he that
 wakes others; also an alarm-bell to
 wake by; also an exciter.
DESPERTAR, *v. a.* to wake, to
 rouse from sleep; also to excite, to
 put in motion, or action; to stir up.
Despertar, *v. u.* to wake, to cease from
 sleep.
DESPEZA, *f. f.* charge, expence,
 cost.
DESPEZO, *ex.* *Anlar despezo*, to
 lack, to be wanting.
DESPEDOSAMENTE, *adv.* un-
 mercifully without pity.
DESPEDADO, *a*, adj. unmerciful,
 pitiless.

DESPICADO, *a*, adj. that has taken
 revenge. See
DESPICAR SE, *v. r.* to be revenged,
 to return like for like, to be even
 with one, to retaliate an injury, to
 revenge an affront.
DESPI DO, *a*, adj. stripped of, made
 naked, deprived of covering; al-
 so untheated. See the *v.* **DE-
 SPIR**.
DESPIEDADE, *f. f.* inhumanity,
 cruelty.
DESPIEDADO, *a*, adj. cruel, bar-
 barous, inhuman, fierce, hard.
DESPIMENTO, *f. m.* the act of di-
 vesting, or making naked. See also
DESPEGO
DESPINTADO, *a*, adj. See
DESPINTAR, *v. a.* to misrepresent,
 to falsify.
DESPIQUE, *f. m.* satisfaction, or re-
 venge taken.
DESPIR, *v. a.* to divest, to strip, to
 make naked.
Despir a serpente a pelle, to cast off the
 slough. (Speaking of a snake.)
Despir-se, *v. r.* to pull off one's cloaths,
 to strip one's self naked; also to
 leave, to lay aside, to forsake; also
 to change, to put off, to cast off, to
 leave off.
DESPLUMADO. See **DEPENNA-
 DO**.
DESPLUMAR. See **DEPENNAR**.
DESPOJADO, *a*, adj. See
DESPOJAR, *v. a.* to strip, to spoil,
 to rob, to bereave, to dispossess.
Despojar huma pessoa da sua dignidade,
 to strip or deprive one of his dig-
 nity.
DESPOJO, *f. m.* a robbing, spoiling,
 pillaging, or plundering; also a spoil,
 a booty.
DEPOIS. See **DEPOIS**.
DESPONSAES. See **DESPOSORI-
 OS**.
DESPONTADO, *a*, adj. See
DESPONTAR, *v. a.* to blunt, to take
 off the point.
P. as letras não despontaram a lança,
 that is, learning and military virtue
 are not incompatible.
Despontar o cabelo, to clip the hair.
Despontar, *v. n.* to depart, to desert
 from a practice.
Elle não despontou em hum quilate, he de-
 parted not an hair's breadth.
Despontar a mare, is for the tide to be-
 gin to ebb.
DESPO'R. See **DISPOR**.
DESPO'RTO. See **DIVERTIMEN-
 TO**.
DESPOSIÇAM, &c. See **DISPOSI-
 ÇAM**, &c.
DESPOSADA, *f. f.* a woman espoused
 a bride or a new-married woman.
DESPOSADO, *f. m.* a bridegroom,
 or a new-married man.
DESPOSADO, *a*, adj. See
DESPOSAR, *v. a.* to affiance, to be-
 troth, to bind any one by promise to
 marriage.
O que desposou, an affiancer, he that

makes a contract of marriage be-
 tween two parties.
DESPOSORIOS, *f. m. p.* espousals,
 the act of contracting, or affiancing a
 man and woman to each other, the
 act or ceremony of betrothing.
DESPOSSADO. See **DESAPOSSA-
 DO**.
DESPOSSAR. See **DESAPOSSAR**.
DESOTICO, *a*, adj. despotic, des-
 potic, absolute in power.
Senhor despótico, ou absoluto, an absolute
 prince, one that governs with un-
 limited authority, a despot; but
 this last word is not in use, except
 as applied to some Dacian prince; as
 the despot of Servia.
DESOTO, *f. m.* a despot, a great
 title anciently given by the Grecians
 to a lord or governor of a country.
DESPOVOADO, *f. m.* a desert place.
Despovado, *a*, adj. See
DESPOVAR, *v. a.* to unpeople, to
 depopulate.
DESPRAZER. See **DESGOSTO**.
Dar desprazer, to displease, or discon-
 tent.
DESPREGADO, *a*, adj. See **DES-
 PEGAR**.
DESPREGADURA, *f. f.* the act of
 unplaiting, or undoing the plaits.
DESPREGAR, *v. a.* to unmail; also to
 unmail, or undo the plaits.
Bandeiras despregadas, colours flying, or
 displayed.
Despregar o panno, or *as velas*, to spread
 the sails.
Despregar os olhos de algum objecto, to
 cease looking at an object.
Despregar os olhos, to open the eyes.
DESPRENDE'R, *v. a.* See **SOL-
 TAR**.
Desprender-se, *v. r. ex.* *Desprender-se dos
 olhos de algum*, to disappear, to
 vanish away, to go out of sight.
DESPRENDIDO, *a*, adj. See **DES-
 SPRENDER**.
DESPREVENIDO, *a*, adj. unwary,
 heedless, that doth not foresee.
DESPREZADO, *a*, adj. See **DES-
 PREZAR**.
DESPREZADOR, *f. m.* a despiser,
 contemner, scorner.
DESPREZADORA, *f. f.* she that
 scorns, or cares not for.
DESPREZAR, *v. a.* to despise, to
 scorn, to contemn, to slight, to dis-
 respect. It is said both of things and
 persons.
Desprezar-se, *v. r.* to disdain, to scorn,
 to consider as unworthy of one's
 character.
DESPREZÁVEL, or **DESPREZI-
 VEL**, *adj.* despicable, contempti-
 ble, vile, mean, sordid, worthless.
DESPREZIVELMENTE, *adv.* de-
 spicably, meanly, sordidly, vilely.
DESPREZO, *f. m.* contempt, slight
 regard, scorn.
Com desprezo, or *por desprezo*, scorn-
 fully, disdainfully, lightly, with
 contempt.
Ter por desprezo. See **DESPREZAR-SE**.
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Depressa, a neglect, carelessness.
LESPRIMOR, f. m. a fault, a foolish or impolitic action; also a fault or defect. See **DESCORTEZIA**.
DESPRIMOROSAMENTE, adv. without *primor*. See **PRIMOR**.
DESPRIMOROSO, a, adj. that wants *primor*. See **PRIMOR**.
DESPRIVAR, v. a. to disgrace, to turn out of favour; also to reject, to cast off, to slight.
DESPROPORÇAM, f. f. want of symmetry, disproportion.
Com desproporçam, or *d'sproporcionadamente*, disproportionately.
DESPRORORCIONADO, a, adj. disproportionate, unsymmetrical, unsuitable to something else either in bulk or value.
DESPROPOSITADAMENTE, adv. nonsensically, foolishly, impertinently.
DESPROPOSITADO, a, adj. impertinent, foolish, out of the way, nonsensical. See
DESPROPOSITAR, v. n. to talk idly, or impertinently, to talk at random, to extravagagate, to doat.
Despropositar com algum, to break, or fall out with one.
DESPROPOSITO, f. m. nonsense, impertinence, absurdity.
Não faz se não dizer despropositos, he talks nothing but nonsense.
DESQUE. See **DESDE** *que*.
DESQUEIXADO, a, adj. See
DESQUEIXAR, v. a. to tear the jaws.
DESQUERER, v. a. to dislike, to regard without affection, to regard with ill-will, or disgust; also to love no more.
DESQUERIDO, a, adj. disliked, &c. See the v. **DESQUERER**.
DESQUITADO, a, adj. See
DESQUITAR-SE, v. r. to divorce one's wife. See also **DESFORRAR-SE**.
DESQUITE, f. m. a recovering what was lost. See **DESFORRAR-SE**, and **DIVORCIO**.
Tir bem desquite, to be even with one's competitor.
DESRAMADO. See **DECOTADO**.
DESRAMAR. See **DECOTAR**.
DESREGRADO, a, adj. See
DESREGRAR-SE, v. r. to exceed in eating, drinking, &c. not to observe the rules prescribed by the physician. See also **DESMANDAR-SE**.
DESSA. See **PRONOME**.
DESSABOR, or **DISSABOR**, f. m. See **DESGOSTO**.
DESSABOROSO, a, adj. that has a bad taste.
DESSAR, v. a. (in the province of Beira) to unsalt, to water salt meat or fish.
DESSE. See **PRONOME**.
DESSICADO. See **DESECADO**.
DESECAR, &c. See **DESECAR**.
DESSEINAR-SE. See **DESENGONÇAR-SE**.
DESSEMElhADO, a, adj. disfigured, deformed.

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DESSEMElhANÇA, f. f. unlike-ness.
DESSEMElhANTE, adj. unlike. See also **DIFFERENTE**.
DESSEMElhANTEMENTE, adv. diversely. See also **DIFFERENTEMENTE**.
DESSERT, f. m. (a new word from the French.) See **SOBREMESA**.
DESSERVIR, v. a. to deserve, to hurt; also to misserve, to serve unfaithfully.
DESSOLADO. } See { **DESOLADO**.
DESSOLAR. } { **DESOLAR**.
DESTA, **DESTE**, genitive of the pronoun *este*. See **ESTE**, and **PRONOME**.
DESTACADO, a, adj. See **DESTACAR**.
DESTACAMENTO, f. m. (a military word) detachment, a body of troops sent out from the main army.
DESTACAR, v. a. to detach, to send out part of a greater body of men on an expedition. From the French *d'tacher*.
DESTAMPADO, a, adj. doating, silly. See also
DESTAMPA'R *com algum*, v. n. to fall out with one.
DESTAMPATORIA, f. f. See **DISPARATE**.
DESTAPADO, a, adj. See
DESTAPAR, v. a. to open, to unstop.
DESTECER, v. a. to unweave, to unravel.
DESTECIDO, a, adj. unravelled, unwoven.
DESTELHADO, a, adj. See
DESTELHAR, v. a. to untile.
Destelhar huma casa, to untile a house.
DESTEMER, v. a. to have no fear, to make no account of.
DESTEMIDO, a, adj. bold, stout, undaunted, fearless.
DESTEMPERADAMENTE, adv. intemperately, immoderately, without measure or moderation.
DESTEMPERADO, a, adj. that is out of tune. See also **DESTEMPERAR**.
Mandar umbra com caixas d'stemperadas. See **CAXA**.
DESTEMPERAMENTO, weakness, squeamishness, aptness to vomit. (Speaking of the stomach.)
Destemperamento da barriga, diarrhoea, flux of the belly.
DESTEMPERANÇA, f. f. See **INTEMPERIE**.
DESTEMPERAR, v. a. to put out of tune; also to dilute, to make thin, to attenuate by the admixture of other parts.
Licor que serve para destemperar outro, a diluter, that which makes any thing else thin.
A açam de destemperar hum licor com outra, a dilution, the act of making any thing thin or weak.
Destemperar o estomago, to loosen the belly, to ease colliciveness.
Destemperar as caixas, to beat the drum

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confusedly. It is used when they punish a soldier.
DESTEMPERO, f. m. See **INTEMPERIE**.
DESTERRADO, a, adj. See
DESTERRAR, v. a. to banish, to condemn to leave his own country; also drive away.
A açam de desterrar, a banishing, a sending away, or confining to some far country.
O que d'sterra, a banisher, he that forces another from his own country.
DESTERRO, f. m. banishment; also a desert or wilderness.
Desterro da razão, (metaph.) deviation, or swerving from reason.
DESTETADO. See **DESMAMADO**.
DESTETAR. See **DESMAMAR**.
DESTILAÇAM. See **DESTILLACAM**.
DESTILADO, &c. See **DISTILLADO**, &c.
DESTINAÇAM, f. f. See **DESTINO**.
DESTINADO, a, adj. See
DESTINAR, v. a. to purpose, to determine, to appoint, to destinate.
DESTIMIDO. See **DESTEMIDO**.
DESTINGIDO, a, adj. See
DESTINGIR, v. a. to discolour, or extinguish the colour.
DESTINO, f. m. destiny, fate.
DESTINTO, f. m. See **INSTINCTO**.
DESTITUIÇAM, f. f. destitution, want; also abandoning, forsaking.
DESTITUIDO, a, adj. that wants something necessary. See also
DESTITUIR, v. a. to leave one destitute. See **DESEMPARAR**.
DESTORCER, v. a. to untwist, to separate any things involved in each other, or wraped up on themselves. See also **INDIREITAR**.
DESTORCIDO, a, adj. See **DESTROCER**.
DESTORROADO, a, adj. See
DESTORROAR, v. a. to harrow, to break with the harrow.
A açam de destorroar, a harrowing, or breaking of clods.
Aquelle que destorroa, a harrower.
DESTOUÇADO, a, adj. See
DESTOUÇAR, v. a. to undress the head.
Destouçar o cabelo. See **DESENTRANCAR**.
DESTRA, f. f. the right hand.
De destra, ou á destra. See **ADESTRO**.
DESTRAGADO. See **ESTRAGADO**.
DESTRAGAR-SE, &c. See **ESTRAGAR-SE**, &c.
DESTRAHIDO. See **DISTRAHIDO**.
DESTRAHIMENTO, &c. See **DISTRAHIMENTO**, &c.
DESTRAMENTE, adv. sharply, wittily; also cunningly, subtilly, shrewdly.
DESTRANCADO, a, adj. See
DESTRANCAR, v. a. to unbar.
DESTRATADO. See **DISTRATADO**.
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DESTRATAR. See **DISTRATAR.**
DESTRAVADO. See **DESPEADO.**
DESTRAVAR. See **DESPEAR.**
DESTREPADO. See **DESLIZADO.**
DESTREPAR-SE. See **DESLIZAR-SE.**
DESTREZA, f. f. dexterity, readiness of contrivance, quickness of expedient, skill of management.
DESTHRONADO. See **DESTRONADO.**
DESTHRONAR. See **DESTRONAR.**
DESTRICTO. See **DISTRICTO.**
DESTRINÇADO, a, adj. See
DESTRINÇAR, v. a. to unravel, to disentangle, to extricate, to clear, to expound things minutely.
DESTRIPADO, a, adj. gutted, paunched.
DESTRIPAR, v. a. to gut, to paunch, to pull out the guts.
DESTRO, a, adj. dexterous, expert in management, subtle, full of expedients; also that shows the artificer's dexterity.
DESTROÇADO, a, adj. See
DESTROÇAR, v. a. to make havock, to put to flight, to break in pieces.
Destroçar, (cortar em troços) to cut in pieces.
Destroçar, to divide an army into **TROÇOS**, which see.
Destroçar, (falar a troços.) See **TROÇOS.**
Capitão destrocado, a captain that has lost his ship.
DESTROÇADO, a, adj. See
DESTROÇAR, v. a. to change again what was changed before.
DESTROÇO, f. m. havock, slaughter, spoil, destruction, desolation, ravage.
Destroços de huma armada, the broken remnants of an army.
Destroços de hum navio, the remains of a ship that was destroyed by winds or rocks.
Destroços da fortuna, the remains of one's fortune.
DESTRONADO. See **DESENTRONIZADO.**
DESTRONAR. See **DESENTRONIZAR.**
DESTRONCADO, a, adj. See
DESTRONCAR, v. a. to truncate, to maim, to lop; also to cut or pull down the trunk of a tree.
DESTRUCTIVO. See **DESTRUIDOR.**
DESTRUICAM, f. f. destruction, ruin.
DESTRUIDO, a, adj. See **DESTRUIR.**
DESTRUIDO'R, f. m. one that casts down, a demolisher, a quencher, a destroyer.
DESTRUIDORA, f. f. she that destroys, or casts down.
DESTRUIR, v. a. to demolish, to throw, pull, or take down any thing that is built or made; also to subvert.

DES

Destruir-se, v. r. to come to ruin, to fall, or fall down.
Essas opiniões destroem-se com o tempo, these opinions are lost in time.
Destruir-se hum ao outro, to ruin one another.
DESUADIDO. See **DISSUADIDO.**
DESUADIR. See **DISSUADIR.**
DESVAIRADO, a, adj. (an antiquated word) that stuns the ear, that makes dizzy.
DESPA'IRO, f. m. See **DISCORDIA.**
DESVAIL'DO, f. m. he who is out of favour, one that is disgraced at court.
DESVAILMENTO, f. m. disgrace; the state of being out of favour.
DESVANECER, v. a. to puff up one with pride; also to frustrate, to disappoint, to deceive.
Desvanecer as esperanças, to cut off from expectation.
Desvanecer a cabeça, to make giddy, to cause giddiness.
Desvanecer-se, v. r. to grow proud, to be blown or puffed up; also to vanish, to pass away, to be lost.
DESVANECIDAMENTE, adv. proudly, arrogantly.
DESVANECIDO, a, adj. See **DESVANECER.**
DESVANECIMENTO, f. m. pride, vanity.
DESVAM, f. m. a little room, or accommodation in a house. See **DESPEJOS.**
DESVARIADO, a, adj. many and various.
Desvariado de juizo, light-headed. See
DESVARIAR, v. n. See **DELIARAR.**
DESVARIO, the loss of wits, alienation of mind, disorder of the faculties.
DESVELADO, a, adj. without sleep, waking, that sleepeth not. See also
DESVELAR, v. a. to hinder from sleeping; also to overwatch, to subdue with long want of rest.
Desvelar-se, v. r. to apply the mind to, to care for a thing, to give one's self to it, to long, to wish with eagerness continued.
Desvelar-se em alguma coisa, to be very careful and laborious in a thing. See also **VIAR.**
DESVELO, f. m. a watching, a sitting up all night long; also care, diligence, watchfulness, diligent observation.
DESVENTURA. See **DESAVENTURA.**
DESVIA'DO, a, adj. put out of the way, removed. See also
DESVIAR, v. a. to put out of the way.
Desviar algum do estudo, to divert, or take away one from his study.
Desviar huma pancada, to shun, or parry a blow.

DET

Desviar dinheiro, fazenda, &c. See **DESENCAMINHAR.**
Desviar o pensamento. See **DIVERTIR.**
Desviar algum da sua resolução, to dissuade one from his resolution.
Desviar alguns do caminho da razão, to make one deviate, or swerve from reason.
Desviar algum do seu caminho, to put a traveller out of his road.
Desviar algum do perigo, to keep one from danger.
Desviar-se, v. r. ex. *Desviar-se do caminho,* to digress, to turn out of the road; also to miss one's way, to wander, to go astray.
Desviar-se da virtude, to forsake virtue.
Desviar-se da obediência, to shake off obedience.
Desviar-se do seu assumpto, to digress, or depart from the main design of a discourse.
Desviar-se de hum costume, de huma regra, ou da sua obrigação, to deviate, or depart from a custom, rule, or from one's duty.
Desviar-se de hum perigo, to shun a danger.
Desviar-se da razão, to swerve from reason.
Elle desvia-se de mim, he avoids me.
Os pecadores impenitentes não se desviaram da vingança de Deus, impenitent sinners shall not avoid God's vengeance.
DESVIO, f. m. a place secret or apart from company, a retirement; also a deviation, or the act of quitting the right way, an error, (both in the proper and moral sense.)
Desvio do caminho comum, a turning, a side-way, a by-path.
Desvio, coldness, want of ardour, (among lovers.)
Desvio, or **SUBTERFUGIO**, which see.
Desvio de dinheiro, ou fazenda. See **DESENCAMINHO.**
DESVITUADO, a, adj. See
DESVITUAR-SE, v. r. (among farriers) ex. *Desvituarse o casco,* it is one of the effects that proceed from the **ATROAMENTO**, which see.
DESVIVER. v. n. to die.
DESVIVIDO, p. of the preterperf. tense of **DESVIVER.**
DESUNIAM, f. f. disjunction, disunion. See also **ANTIPHEM.**
DESUNIDO, a, adj. See
DESUNIR, v. a. to disunite, to separate, to divide.
DESUSADO, a, adj. unusual, that is not in use; also unfrequented.
Palavras desusadas, obsolete words.
DESUSAR-SE, v. r. to grow out of use or date.
DESUSO, f. m. disuse, lack of custom.

DET

DETENÇA, f. f. delay, stay.
DETENÇAM. See **RETENÇAM.**
DETENÇOSO, a, adj. craggy, rugged, almost

DET

DEV

DEV

almost impervious. See also *PAGAROSO*.
DETER, v. a. to keep back, to stop, to detain, to with-hold, to hinder; also to withstand, or oppose.
Deter o albeo, to detain, or keep that which belongs to another.
Deter o pranto, to forbear crying.
Deter a guita com palavras, to keep one at a bay, to drive one off with fair words.
Deter-se, v. r. to stay, to continue in a place, to forbear departure, to tarry.
Deter-se por causa do vento, to be wind-bound.
Deter-se muito, to be long in coming.
DETERIOR, adj. worse.
DETERIORADO, a, adj. See **DETERIORAR**, v. n. to grow worse.
DETERMINAÇÃO, f. f. determination, resolution; also a boundary.
DETERMINADAMENTE, adv. namely, precisely, particularly. See also **DELIBERADAMENTE**.
DETERMINADO, a, adj. See **DETERMINAR**, v. a. to determine, to resolve.
Determinar com fogo, to conclude, to be resolved, to conclude with one's self. See also **DESTINAR**.
Determinar-se, v. r. to resolve, to design, to come to a resolution.
DETERSIPO, a, adj. (with physicians) detestive.
DETESTAÇÃO. See **ABOMINACÃO**.
DETESTADO. See **ABOMINADO**.
DETESTAR. See **ABOMINAR**.
DETESTAVEL. See **ABOMINAVEL**.
DETIDO, a, adj. hindered, stopped, &c. See the v. **DETER**.
DETONAÇÃO, f. f. (in chemistry) detonation. See also **CALCINAR**.
DETONADO. See
DETONAR, v. n. (in chemistry) is for a mixture that is kindled in the containing vessel, to make a thundering noise.
DETORADO, a, adj. See
DETORAR, v. a. to prune, or lop trees, that they may grow or spring up again.
DETRACÇÃO, f. f. detraction, the impairing, or lessening a man in point of fame.
DETRACTOR, f. m. a detractor, one that takes away another's reputation.
DETRAHIDO, a, adj. See
DETRAHIR, v. a. to detract, to slander, to backbite.
DETRAZ, a prep. after, behind.
A porta detraz da casa, a back door.
A parte detraz da casa, the back part of a house.
DETRIMENTO, f. m. detriment, damage, hurt, loss.
Detrimen'o, (in astronomy) detriment, or the greatest of the essential debilities of a planet, viz. the sign directly opposite to that which is its house; as the detriment of the sun in Aquarius, because it is opposite to Leo.

DETRONADO. See **DESENTRONIZADO**.
DETRONAR. See **DESENTRONIZAR**.

DEV

DEVAÇÃO, or **DEVOÇÃO**, f. f. devotion.
DEVAGAR, adv. slowly, softly, leisurely.
P. devagar se vai ao longe, fair and softly goes far.
Devagar, softly, hold there.
Devagar não vos enfadéis, prithee be not angry.
DEVANEIO. See **DESVANECIMENTO**.
DEVASSA, f. f. the act of examining witnesses, and hearing their depositions; also the writings containing the same depositions.
Tirar devassa, to examine witness.
DEVASSADO, a, adj. conspicuous, obvious to the sight, that may be seen at a distance. See also
DEVASSAR, v. n. to examine witnesses, to take an information in order to prosecution at law.
Devassar, v. a. to view, to take a view of, to see afar off.
Devassar-se, v. r. *Devassar-se a mulher*, is for a woman to sell herself to whoredom, or to take a lewd course of life.
DEVASSIDAM, f. f. licentiousness.
DEVASSO, that does not shut close. See also **DEVASSADO**.
Mulher devassa, a whore, a prostitute, a public strumpet.
DEVASTAÇÃO, f. f. devastation, waste, havoc, desolation.
DEVASTADO, a, adj. See **DEVASTAR**.
DEVASTADOR, f. m. a spoiler, waster, a depopulator.
DEVASTADORA, f. f. she that wasteth, or destroyeth.
DEVASTAR, v. a. to waste, to destroy, to desolate, to depopulate, to lay waste.
DEUCALIAM, f. m. Deucalion, the son of Prometheus.
Delúvio de Deucalião, Deucalion's flood or deluge, which happened A. M. 2440, and 784 years after that in Noah's time.
DEVENDOR, f. m. a debtor.
Ser devendor, to owe, to be obliged to pay, to be indebted. See also **DEVER**.
DEVENDORA, f. f. a woman that owes something.
Ser devendora. See **DEVER**.
DEVENTRE, f. m. the entrails, the intestines, the bowels, &c.
DEVER, v. a. to owe, to be indebted; also to be obliged to ascribe, to be obliged for.
Dever ao terço e ao quarto, to be in every body's debt.
Dever os cabells da cabeça, (a vulgar phrase) to owe more than one is worth, to be in debt over head and ears.
Que devemos fazer? what must we do?

Tu deves de ser leuro, you must be a fool.
Como deve ser, as it ought to be
Eu devo vir, it is my business, or duty to go, I must go.
Deve ser assim, it ought to be so.
Não ficar devendo nada a algum, to recompence one fully; also to be equal to one.
Elle deve vir hoje, he is to come to-day.
Ainda que eu devêsse perder a minha vida, though I were to lose my life.
Li-vros do deus, e la d. baur. See **HÁVER**.
P. a rico não devas, e a pobre não prometas, do not run in debt with a rich man, nor promise any thing to a poor one; because rich men are litigious, and poor men will not fail to claim a promise.
P. quem não deve não tems, out of debt, out of danger.
DEVER, f. m. duty, devoir, part.
Fazer seu dever, to do, or perform one's duty.
DEVERAS, adv. in earnest, truly, indeed.
DEVERTIDO. See **DIVERTIDO**.
DEVERTIMENTO, &c. See **DIVERTIMENTO**, &c.
DEVESE, v. imp. people must, or ought.
DEVEZA, f. f. a pasture ground; also a piece of ground planted with chestnut trees, oaks, &c. from the Spanish *Dehesa*.
DEVIDAMENTE, adv. duly.
DEVIDO, a, adj. See **JUSTO**, and the v. **DEVER**.
DEVIZA. See **DIVIZA**.
DEVIZADO, &c. See **DIVIZADO**, &c.
DEVOÇÃO, f. f. devotion, love, or piety to God, godliness; also devotion, disposal, power.
DEVOCIONARIO, f. m. a prayer-book.
DEVOÇOENS, f. f. p. prayers, private devotions.
DEVOLUÇÃO, f. f. devolution, removal from hand to hand; also a falling into lapse. (In canon law.)
DEVOLVER, v. a. to leave, or refer a thing to one, to make him the judge of it.
Devolver-se, v. r. (in law) to be devolved, to devolve. See also **PROPENDER**.
DEVOLUTARIO, f. m. he that has a benefice fallen into lapse, or one that claims a benefice fallen to lapse.
DEVOLUTO, a, adj. devolved, escheated. (In law.)
Terra devoluta a cerca, an escheat.
Beneficio devoluto, a benefice fallen into lapse.
Perda do direito que algum tinha para a apresentação de hum beneficio que ficou devoluto, a lapse, or the forfeiture of the presentation to a benefice fallen into lapse.
Causa devoluta a cerca por appellação, an action, or cause devolved to the king by way of appeal.

D I A

DEVORADO, *a*, adj. See
DEVORAR, *v. a.* to devour, to eat greedily.
Devorar os livros, (or *Estudar muito*) to devour books.
Devorar os povos, to devour, or oppress the people.
DEVOTAMENTE, adv. devoutly.
DEVOTO, *a*, adj. devout, religious; See also **AFEEÇADO**.
DEUTERONÓMIO, *f. m.* Deuteronomy. Greek.

D E X

DEXTRA, *f. f.* See **DESTRA**.

D E Z

DEZ, *f. m.* ten; also the middle pin in the play called nine pins.
DEZANOVE, nineteen.
DEZASEIS, sixteen.
DEZASETE, seventeen.
DEZEMBRO, *f. m.* December.
DEZENA, *f. f.* the place of tens in numeration; also half a score.
DEZENHADO. See **DESENHADO**.
DEZENHAR, &c. See **DESENHAR**, &c.
DEZIMA. See **DECIMA**, and **DIZIMA**.
DEZIMADO. } See { **DIZIMADO**.
DEZIMAR. } { **DIZIMAR**.
DEZOUTO, eighteen.

D G

DGINDI. See **GINDI**.

D I A

DIA, *f. m.* the day.
Dia natural, the natural day, or the time from noon to noon.
Dia artificial, the time between the rising and setting of the sun, called the artificial day.
Dia santo, a holiday.
Dia de fazer, or *de trabalho*, a week-day, a working day, neither Sunday, nor holiday.
Dias de entrudo. See **ENTRUDO**.
Ultimo dia de entrudo, Shrove-tuesday.
Dia de sum João, Midsummer-day.
Meio dia, mid-day, or noon.
Dia do natal, Christmas-day.
Dia de páscoa, Easter-day.
Dia de anno bom, New year's day.
Dia de reis, Twelfth-day.
Dia do baptismo, the christening-day.
He dia cluro, it is broad day.
Dia de corte, a court-day.
De dia em dia, from day to day.
Cada dia, day by day.
Todos os dias, every day.
De duas em duas dias, every other day.
De tres em tres dias, every third day.
Trabalhar o dia inteiro, to work all the day long.
O dia de hoje, to-day, or this day.
Nunca o vi antes d'este dia, I never saw him before to day.
Afin se chama a be o dia de hoje, it is so called to this day.
De hoje a outro dia, this day se'nnight, or a week hence.

D I A

Ha cuto dias, this day se'nnight, or a week ago.
O romper do dia, day-break, or day-spring.
Trabalho de hum dia, day labour.
O que trabalha para dias ou jornalero, day labourer, one that works by the day, a journeyman.
Bons dias, good-morrow.
Dar os bons dias a algum, to bid or wish one good-morrow.
Tres dias há, three days ago.
Treze dias há, thirteen days since.
Dia de verão, a summer day.
De dia, in the day-time.
De noite e de dia, by night and day.
Jornada de hum dia, a day's journey.
Pagar tanto por dia, to pay so much a day.
Dia de carne, meat-day.
Dia de peixe, fish-day.
Dia do casamento, wedding-day.
Dias, (in the plural) days, time, age, life.
P. não há dia sem tarde; we say, the longest day must have an end; or, be the day never so long, at length cometh even-song. The French say, *Il n'est si grand jour que ne vienne a ve'pre*.
P. em bons dias boas obras, the better days, the better deed.
P. para dia de sam cerço; we say, when two Sundays come together, that is never.
P. o que senão faz no dia de santa luzia faz se no outro dia; we say, all is not lost that is delayed. The French say, *Ce qui est différé n'est pas perdu*.
Dia, a Greek word used in pharmacy to signify the principal ingredient of which the medicines are made.
DIABALAUSTIA, *f. f.* an astringent powder that is principally made of the flowers of the pomegranate-tree.
DIABALZEMER. See **DIASENE**.
DIABELHA. See **GUIA-BELLA**.
DIABETES, *f. m.* diabetes, a disease when one cannot hold his water. Greek.
DIABETICO, *a*, adj. diabetical, troubled with, or belonging to a diabetes.
DIABINHO, *f. m.* devil-kin, a little devil. See **FURADO**.
DIABO, *f. m.* the devil, a fallen angel.
Que diabo tendes feito? what the devil or the deuce have you done?
Levastes o diabo, the devil take you.
Diabo do mar, a sea-devil, a strange monster on the coasts of America, having black horns, like a ram, a terrible aspect, and a bunch on the head, resembling a hedge-hog, tusks like a boar, a forked tail, and the flesh of a poisonous quality.
Raiz reida do diabo, devil's bit, an herb.
P. nem sempre o diabo está atrás da porta; we say, every flow will have its ebb. The Latins say, *varia sunt fortuna vires*.
Algum diabo, eu mal haja que, &c. See **HAYER**.

D I A

DIABOLICAMENTE, adv. devilishly, very wickedly.
DIABOLICO, *a*, adj. devilish.
DIABORACIS, *f. m.* a sort of powder chiefly made of borax.
DIABOTARO, *f. m.* an emplaster made of herbs.
DIABRETE, *f. m.* a small devil.
DIABRURA, *f. f.* devilishness, very great wickedness.
DIABRYONIAS, *f. m.* a cephalic electuary chiefly made of the root of the herb bryony.
DIABUGLOSSI, *f. m.* a sort of powder chiefly made of the rind of the root of borragé.
DIACALAMINTHES, *f. m.* a compound medicine, whose principal ingredient is calaminth.
DIACARTHAMO, *f. m.* a medicine chiefly made of the seeds of carthamus.
DIACASSIA, *f. f.* a medicine made of cassia.
DIACASTOREO, *f. m.* a medicine made of castor.
DIACATOLICAM, *f. m.* a compound medicine fitted for all bodies, and all humours; diacatholicon.
DIACHALCITEOS, *f. m.* an emplaster wherein chalcitis is the chief ingredient.
DIACHO. See **DIABO**.
DIACHYLAM, or **DIAGUILAM**, *f. m.* a kind of plaster, to maturate boils, eruptions, &c. diachylon.
DIACINNABARIS, *f. m.* a sort of powder chiefly made of cinnabar.
DIACINNAMOMO, *f. m.* a medicine chiefly made of cinnamon.
DIACLETES, *f. m.* a sort of stone.
DIACODIO, *f. m.* a syrup of white poppies.
DIACOLOCYNTHIDOS, *f. m.* a confectio chiefly made of colocynthis.
DIACONATO, *f. m.* deaconship.
DIACONISA, *f. f.* a deaconess.
DIACONO, *f. m.* a deacon.
DIACORO, *f. m.* a cephalic electuary chiefly made of acorns.
DIACOSTO, *f. m.* a medicine chiefly made of costus.
DIACROCO, or **DIACURCUMA**, a medicine made chiefly of saffron.
DIACRYDIQ. See **DIAGRYDIO**.
DIACRYSTAL, a sort of powder made chiefly of chrysal.
DIACURCUMA. See **DIACROCO**.
DIACYMINO, *f. m.* a composition made of cummin.
DIADAMASCENO. See **DIAPRUNIS**.
DIADEMA, *f. m.* a diadem.
DIAPÁ, *f. f.* a reward given to husbandmen above their due.
DIAPANO, or **DIAPHANO**, *a*, adj. diaphanous, transparent. Greek.
DIAPARFARA, *f. f.* a composition, made of foal-foot, or colts-foot.
DIAPENICAM. See **DIAPHENICAM**.
DIAPHORETICO, or **DIAPHORETICO**,

D I A

TICO, *a*, adj. ex. *Medicamentos dia- phoreticos*, diaphoretics.
DIAPHRAGMA, *f. m.* diaphragm, the midriff, or a muscle which separates the thorax or chest from the abdomen. Greek.
DIAPHRAGMATICO, *a*, adj. belonging to the diaphragm, or that pass through the diaphragm.
DIAGALANGA, *f. m.* a composition chiefly made of galangal.
DIAGARGANTE, or **DIAPAPAR**, *f. m.* a gurgle of sugar, or sugar-candy.
DIAGNOSTICO, *a*, adj. (in physic) ex. *Sinaes diagnosticos*, diagnostic signs, or those signs of a disease that are apparent.
DIAGONAL, adj. diagonal
DIAGRYDIO, *f. m.* diagridium, a preparation of scammony, by baking or roasting it inclosed in the fruit of quince.
DIAPHYSOPE, *f. m.* a medicine chiefly made of hyssop.
DIA'L. See **QUOTIDIANO**.
DIALACCA, *f. f.* a medicine chiefly made of lacca, or gum.
DIALECTICA, *f. f.* dialectica, or logic. Greek.
DIALECTICO, a logician.
Dialectico, *a*, adj. dialectical, or dialectic.
DIALECTO, *f. m.* dialect, or a manner of speech peculiar to some part of a country, and differing from the manner used in other parts, yet all using the same radical language as to the substance of it.
DIALOGIA, *f. f.* (a figure in rhetoric) diaphora.
DIALOGISMO, *f. m.* a figure in rhetoric, when a man reasons by himself, as if he had another with him.
DIALOGO, *f. m.* dialogue.
DIALTEA, *f. f.* ointment of marsh-mallows.
DIAMANTE, *f. m.* diamond, adamant.
Diamante tabla. See **TABLA**.
Diamante bruto, a rough diamond, a brail.
O que corta diamantes, a diamond cutter.
De diamante, ou duro como diamante, adamantine, of or belonging to adamant, hard, inflexible.
Diamante, (in gunnery) a sort of priming iron.
DIAMANTINO, *a*, adj. adamantine.
DIAMÃO. See **DIAMANTE**.
DIAMARGARITAM, *f. f.* diamargariton, a restorative powder whose main ingredient is pearl.
DIAMASTICOSE, *f. f.* diamastigosis, a solemnity in honour of Diana.
DIAMETRAL, adj. diametrical, or diametral
DIAMETRALMENTE, adv. diametrically, or directly over-against.
DIAMETRO, *f. m.* a diameter.
DIAMORO, or **DIAMORON**, *f. m.* a confection made of mulberries.

D I A

DIANA, *f. f.* Diana, the poetical goddess of hunting.
DIANTE, prep. before.
Hir por diante, or *continuar*, to go on, to continue.
Do diante, afterwards.
Dar por diante, or *por avante*, (a sea expression) to put about.
Daqui em diante, hereafter, hence forward.
P. quem ao diante não elba atraz torna, he that looks not before, finds himself behind.
DIANTEIRA, *f. f.* the forepart, front; also the act of running, or making speed before.
Tomar a dianteira, to over run, to out run, to get the start of one.
Dianteira da cabeça. See **MOLEIRA**.
Dar a alguém a dianteira, to give preference to one, to yield, or to resign one's place to him.
Dianteira do exercito. See **VANGUARDA**.
DIANTEIRO, *a*, adj. that is before another.
As partes dianteiras de hum cavallo, the fore-hand, or fore-parts of a horse, as head, neck, and fore-quarters.
Relógio dianteiro, a clock, or watch that goes too fast.
DIAPAPA'R. See **DIAGARGANTE**.
DIAPAZAM, *f. f.* (in music) diapason.
DIAPENTE, *f. m.* a diapedesis in music, which is the second of the concords in music, called a perfect fifth.
Diapente, (in pharmacy,) a diapente, which is a composition made of five ingredients.
DIAPHANO. See **DIAFANO**.
DIAPHENICAM, or **DIAFENICAM**, *f. f.* an electuary made chiefly of dates, or the fruit of the palm tree.
DIAPHORETICO. See **DIAPHORETICO**.
DIAPHRAGMA. See **DIAPHRAGMA**.
DIAPRUNIS, *f. m.* a composition made of damascens.
DIARQUILAM. See **DIACHYLAM**.
DIARIAMENTE, adv. daily, day by day.
DIÁRIO, *a*, adj. daily.
Diario, *f. m.* a diary, a relation of what happens day by day, a journal.
DIARRHEA, *f. f.* diarrhoea.
DIASENE, *f. m.* an electuary made chiefly of senna.
DIASPRO, *f. m.* a kind of jasper.
DIASTOLE, *f. m.* (in physic) diastole.
DIATHEZERAM, or **DIATESSARAM**, *f. m.* (in music) diatessaron.
DIATHEUTICA, or **DIETHEUTICA**, *f. f.* (in physic) dietetic, that part of physic, which considers the way of living, as to food or diet, suitable to particular cases.
DIATONICO, *a*, adj. (in music) diatonic.

D I F

D I C

DIÇAM, *f. f.* See **DOMINIO**.
DICÇAM, *f. f.* a word.
DICCIONARIO, *f. m.* a dictionary.
DICHA, *f. f.* (a Spanish word) See **DITA**.
DICHOTE, *f. m.* a scoff, a jest: it is generally used in the plural.
DICIPLINA. } See { **DISCIPLINA**.
DICIPULO. } { **DISCIPULO**.
DICTADO, *a*, adj. See **DICTAR**.
Dictado, or *Ditado*. See **ADAGIO**.
Dictados do mestre, lessons, or notes, which the master pronounceth to his scholars.
DICTADOR, *f. m.* a dictator, or chief magistrate among the Romans.
DICTADURA, *f. f.* the dictatorship.
DICTAME, *f. m.* dictate, precept, instruction, rule.
Conforme ao dictame da razam, according to the dictates of reason.
DICTAMO, *f. m.* dittander, or dittany, garden ginger, an herb in Crete, which the goats when they are shot, feed upon, and which causes the arrow to fall out.
DICTA'R, *v. a.* to dictate how, or what one shall write; also to dictate, to advise, to deliver to another with authority, to prescribe, to suggest.
DICTERIO, *f. m.* jest, witticism, scoff, quirk.

D I D

DIDAL. See **DEDAL**.

D I E

DIECESE, or **DIOCESE**, *f. f.* diocece. Greek.
DIERESIS, *f. f.* diæresis, a poetical figure, where one syllable is divided into two, as *evcluisse* for *evcluisse*.
DIESIS, a term in music, denoting a tone below a semi-tone, or sharp.
DIETA, *f. f.* (in physic) diet.
Fazer dieta, to diet, to eat by rules of physic.
Prescrever a dieta a alguém, to diet one: *O que prescreve a dieta*, a dieter.
Cousa pertencente a dieta, dietary, dietetical, or dietetic.
Dieta, diet (from *diar*), an appointed day, Skinner; from *diet*, an old German word signifying a multitude, Junius) an assembly of princes or estates.
Dieta, (among the Arabians) dieta, a day's journey.
DIETHEUTICA. See **DIATHEUTICA**.

D I F

DIFFAMAÇAM, *f. f.* defamation, calumny, reproach.
DIFFAMADO, *a*, adj. See **DIFFAMAR**.
DIFFAMADOR, *f. m.* a defamer, a detractor.
DIFFAMAR, *v. a.* to defame, to make infamous, to destroy reputation.

DIE-

DIG

DIFFAMATORIO, *a*, adj. defamatory, calumnious, tending to defame.
DIFFERENÇA, *f. f.* difference; also dispute, quarrel, debate.
Diferença, (in logic) difference, or the attribute which essentially distinguishes one species from another.
Diferença, (in a coat of arms) difference, or such thing that distinguishes one family from another, or persons of the same family from each other.
DIFFERENCIADO, *a*, adj. See **DIFFERENCIAR**.
DIFFERENCIAR, *v. a.* to difference, to cause a difference.
Diferenciar-se, *v. r.* to differ, to be distinguished from, to have properties and qualities not the same with those of another person or thing.
DIFFERENTE, adj. different, distinct, not the same.
DIFERENTEMENTE, adv. differently.
DIFERIDO, *p.* of the preterp. tense of
DIFERIR, *v. r.* See **DIFFERENCIAR-SE**.
DIFFICIL, adj. difficult, hard.
Difficil de contentar, hard to please.
DIFFICILMENTE, adv. difficultly.
DIFFICULDADE, *f. f.* difficulty.
Batcar dificuldades donde não as há; we say, to stumble upon plain ground; and Terence says, *Natum in seipso quare*
Difficuldade no persuadir-se, difficultness
DIFFICULTADO, *a*, adj. See **DIFFICULTAR**.
DIFFICULTAR, *v. a.* to make difficult, to raise difficulties.
DIFFICULTOSAMENTE, adv. See **DIFFICILMENTE**.
DIFFICULTOSO. See **DIFFICIL**.
DIFFINIDOR. See **DEFINIDOR**.
DIFFORMAR. See **DEFORMAR**.
DIFUNDIR, *v. a.* to diffuse, to pour out; also to spread, to scatter, to disperse.
Diffundir-se, *v. r.* to diffuse itself.
DIFUSAMENTE, adv. diffusively.
DIFUSAM, *f. f.* diffusion, diffusiveness, a spreading.
DIFUSIVO, *a*, adj. that may be diffused, or spread abroad.
DIFUSO, *a*, adj. diffused, spread abroad; also copious, not concise. See also **DISIRIBUIDO**, and **COMPRIDO**.
DIFIRIR á vela. See **DEFIRIR á vela**.

DIG

DIGAMMA, (among grammarians) digamma, or the letter F.
DIGERIDO, *a*, adj. See **DIGERIR**.
DIGERIR, *v. a.* to digest, to concoct in the stomach; also to suffer, to bear patiently.
Digerir, (a chemical term) to soften by heat as in a boiler, or in a dunghill.
Causa que se pode digerir, digestible, that which is capable of being digested.
DIGESTAM, *f. f.* digestion, or concoction.

DIL

Causa que ajuda a digestam, a digerent thing, a digester.
DIGESTIDO } See } **DIGERIDO**.
DIGESTIR }
DIGESTIVO, *f. m.* digestive, an application which disposes a wound to generate matter.
DIGESTO, *a*, adj. digested.
O digesto, the Digest, the Pandect of the Civil Law, containing the opinions of the ancient lawyers.
DIGNADO, *a*, adj. See **DIGNAR**.
DIGNAMENTE, adv. worthily, deservedly.
DIGNAR, *v. a.* to deem worthy.
Dignar-se, *v. r.* to vouchsafe, to condescend, to deign, to yield.
DIGNIDADE, dignity, rank of elevation.
Dignidade, (among ecclesiastics) a promotion or preferment to which any jurisdiction is annexed.
Dignidade, (in astrology) dignity, or the advantage which a planet has upon account of its being in a particular place of the zodiac, or in such station with other planets, &c.
DIGNO, *a*, adj. worthy.
DIGRESSAM, *f. f.* digression, a passage deviating from the main tenor or design of a discourse.

DIL

DILAÇAM, *f. f.* delay.
Por em dilaçam. See **DILATAR**.
DILACERADO. See **DESPEDAÇADO**.
DILACERAR. See **DESPEDAÇAR**.
DILAPIDADO, *a*, adj. See **DILAPIDAR**.
DILAPIDAR, *v. a.* to dilapidate, to ruin.
DILATAÇAM, *f. f.* dilatation, extension.
DILATADAMENTE, adv. See **AMPLAMENTE**.
DILATADO, *a*, adj. delayed, put off, deferred; also lasting, of long continuance, long. See **DILATAR**.
DILATADOR, *f. m.* a dilator; also a delayer. See also **PROPAGADOR**.
DILATAR, *v. a.* to delay, to prolong, to put off; also to dilate, to extend, to spread abroad.
Dilatar-se, *v. r.* to be prolix in writing, or speaking, to be copious, not concise; also to dilate, to widen, to grow wide.
DILECÇAM, *f. f.* love, affection, dilection.
DILEMMA, *f. m.* a dilemma, an argument equally conclusive by contrary suppositions.
DILEMMATICO, *a*, adj. off, or belonging to a dilemma.
DILIGENCIA, *f. f.* diligence, industry, assiduity. See also **PROMPTIDAM**.
DILIGENCIADO, *a*, adj. See **DILIGENCIAR**.
DILIGENCIAR, *v. a.* to solicit, to be diligent in the prosecution of affairs.
DILIGENTE, adj. diligent.

DIN

DILIGENTEMENTE, adv. diligently.
DI-LO-HEI. See **DIZER**.
DILUCIDADO, *a*, adj. See **DILUCIDAR**.
DILUCIDAR, *v. a.* to dilucidate, to explain.
DILUCIDARIO, *f. m.* any writing or book, that dilucidates, or explains another.
DILUCIDO. See **LUCIDO**.
DILUVIO, *f. m.* a deluge, a flood.
D I M
DIMANADO, *p.* of the preterp. tense of
DIMANAR, *v. n.* to stream, or flow abroad as water doth.
DIMENSAM, *f. f.* dimension, measure.
DIMIDIADO, *a*, adj. See **DIMIDIAR**.
DIMIDIAR, *v. a.* to halve, to divide into two halves.
DIMINUIÇAM, *f. f.* diminution, subtraction. (In arithmetic.)
Hir em diminuiçam, to grow less.
Diminuiçam das colunas, (in architecture) contraction.
DIMINUIDO, *a*, adj. See **DIMINUIR**.
DIMINUIR, *v. a.* to diminish, to impair, to lessen the opposite, to increase; also to subtract (in arithmetic.)
Diminuir, *v. n.* to diminish, to grow less, to be impaired.
Diminuir-se, *v. r.* idem.
DIMINUTAMENTE, adv. imperfectly.
DIMINUTIVO, (in grammar) a diminutive; a word which lessens the original word from whence it is derived.
DIMINUTO, *a*, adj. imperfect, that wants, defective, not complete.
DIMISSION, or **DEMISSION**, which see
DIMISSORIO, *a*, adj. ex. *Letras dimissórias*, dimissory letters, i. e. letters sent from one bishop to another, in favour of one who stands candidate for holy orders in another diocese.
DIMITTIDO. See **DEMITTIDO**.
DIMITTIR. See **DEMITTIR**.

DIN

DINAMARCA, *f. f.* Denmark, one of the three northern kingdoms of Europe, Sweden and Norway being the other two.
DINAMARQUE'S, *a*, adj. Danish.
Dinamarques, ou natural de Dinamarca, a Dane.
DINAMENTE. See **DIGNAMENTE**, &c.
DINIDADE, &c. See **DIGNIDADE**.
DINAR, *f. m.* a sort of coin in Ormus.
DINASTA. See **DYNASTA**.
DINHEIRAMA, *f. f.* (a ludicrous word) a great heap of money.
DINHEIRO, *f. m.* money, any sort of coin; also a sort of coin formerly used in Portugal. See *Manoel Severim de Farir*, p. 196, 197, &c.
Dinheiro de san pedro, Peter pence, a tribute of a penny paid by every house

DIR

houfe, given to the pope by Ina, king of the West Saxons, A. C. 720.
Dinheiro de contado, ready money.
Que vale dinheiro, money's worth.
Ha muito dinheiro, money flirs, or is flirring.
Que tem muito dinheiro, full of money.
Que não tem dinheiro, moneyless.
P. tudo pode o dinheiro, money governs the world. Horace says, Scilicet uxorem cum dote, fidemque & amicos, et genus et ferream, regina pecunia donat.

DIO

DIO, or DIU, an island of Cambaya, or Guzuratte in the empire of the Mogul, in Asia; it is the strongest place belonging to the Portuguese in the East Indies.
DIOCESE, DIOCESI, or DIECESE. See DIECESE.
DIOCESANO, a, adj. diocesan.
Diocefano, f. m. one that is of a bishop's diocese.
DIOPTRA, f. f. dioptra, the index, or ruler of an astrolabe.
DIOPTRICA, f. f. dioptries.
DIOPTRICO, a, adj. dioptrical.

DIP

DIPHTONGO, or DITONGO, a diphthong.
DIPLOA, f. f. (in anatomy) the diploe, the inner lamina, or plate of the skull.
DIPLOMA, f. m. a diploma, a charter, or a prince's letters patent, a writ, a mandamus.
DIPTYCOS, f. m. p. (in the Greek church) diptychs; a sort of tables or tablets, on one of which were written the names of the deceased, on the other the names of the living, for whom prayers were to be offered.

DIQ

DIQUE, f. m. a sluice, a frame of wood in a river for keeping the water from overflowing low grounds.

DIR

DIRAS, f. f. p. curses, imprecations; also the furies.
DIRECCAM, f. f. direction.
DIRECTAMENTE, adv. directly.
DIRECTIVO, a, adj. that directs or rules, directive, having the power of direction.
DIRECTOR, f. m. a director.
Director da consciencia, a ghostly father.
DIRECTORA, f. f. a governess.
DIRECTORIO, f. m. a book, or writing that contains rules, laws, or precepts.
DIREITAMENTE, adv. See DIRECTAMENTE.
DIREITO, a, adj. right, straight.
Vision directa, (in optics) direct vision.
Armas directas, (in heraldry) a coat of

DIS

arms without differences, or mixture of any other arms.
Direito senhorio, the right owner.
Homem ás direitas, an upright and honest man.
A's direitas, the right way.
Isto he direito, this is right or reasonable.
A mão direita, the right hand.
Dar a mão direita a algum, to give one the right hand; a compliment paid to the female sex, or to those to whom one should show respect: we say, to give one the wall.
Não sabe qual he a sua mão direita, he is an ignoramus or a silly fellow.
Direito, adv. directly, or strait.
Hir direito a algum, to go directly to one.
Elle anda direito, he deals or proceeds honestly.
Direito, f. m. right, claim, a man's due in law.
Direito natural, the law of nature.
Direito civil, the civil law.
Direito canonico, the canon law.
Direito, ou parte opposta ao canax, the smooth glossy side of the leather.
Direito divino e humano, divine and human law.
Direitos da alfandega, customs for goods imported or exported.
DIREITURA, or rather em direitura, adv. straight way, straight on, straight forward, directly.
DIRIGIDO, a, adj. See
DIRIGIR, v. a. to direct.
Dirigir-se, v. r. ex. Este discurso se dirige a vos foment, this discourse regards none but you, or is directed to none but you.
DIRIMENTE, p. a. (in the canon law) ex. Impedimento dirimente, an absolute impediment, that invalidates a marriage.
DIRIMIDO, a, adj. See
DIRIMIR, v. a. to break off, to determine, to make an end of.
Dirimir o matrimonio, to dissolve, or break off a match.
DIRIVAÇAM. See DERIVAÇAM.
DIRIVADO, &c. See DERIVADO, &c.

DIS

DISBARATE. See DISPARATE.
DISCENSAM. See DISSENÇAM.
DISCENTERIA. See DISSENTERIA.
DISCERNIDO, a, adj. See
DISCERNIR, v. a. to discern one thing from another.
A acçam de discernir, discerning.
O que discerne, a discernor.
Que se pode discernir, discernible.
DISCINGIDO, a, adj. See
DISCINGIR, v. a. to ungird.
DISCIPLINA, f. f. discipline, a sort of scourge; also discipline, institution, education, instruction; also any liberal art or science.

DIS

Tomar disciplina. See DISCIPLINARE.
Disciplina militar, the discipline of war.
DISCIPLINADO, a, adj. See DISCIPLINAR.
DISCIPLINANTES, f. m. p. men that scourge themselves.
DISCIPLINAR, v. a. to discipline, to instruct; also to discipline, or scourge one, as they do in monasteries.
Disciplinar-se, v. r. See ACQUOTAR-SE.
DISCIPLINAVEL, disciplinable, tractable, apt to receive instruction, capable of discipline.
DISCIPULA, f. f. a she scholar.
DISCIPULO, f. m. a scholar, a disciple, or learner.
DISCO, f. m. a quoit of stone, brass, &c. which the Grecians and Romans used in exercise, wherein he was victor who threw it highest, or at greatest distance.
Disco, (in astronomy) discus or disk, the round phases in the sun or moon, which at a great distant appear plain or flat.
DISCOLO, or DISCOLO, a, adj. See DEPRAVADO.
DISCOMMODIDADE. See DESCOMMODO.
DISCOMMODO. See DESCOMMODO.
DISCONFORME, adj. discordant, not conformable.
DISCONVENIENCIA, f. f. variance, disagreeing, difference.
DISCORDADO, a, adj. See DISCORDAR.
DISCORDANCIA. See DISCONVENIENCIA.
DISCORDAR, v. n. to vary, to dissent, to disagree. See also DESENTORAR.
DISCORDE, adj. harsh untunable; also that is at discord, jarring, that is at variance.
DISCORDIA, f. f. discord, variance, debate, strife.
DISCORRER, v. n. to reason, to discourse, to speak; also to run over, or to recount cursorily.
Discurrir no pensamento, to run over in the mind.
Discurrir por varias terras, to travel through different countries.
Discurrir, v. a. ex. Discurrir os meios, to think about an expedient.
DISCORRIDO, a, adj. See the v. DISCORRER.
DISCRASIA. See DISCRASIA.
DISCREPADO, p. of the preterp. tense of DISCREPAR.
DISCEPANCIA, f. f. disagreement, difference, contrariety. See also DIFERENÇA.
DISCREPANTE, p. a. of
DISCREPAR. See DISCORDAR.
DISCRETAMENTE, adv. discreetly, prudently, ingeniously, wittily.
DISCRETO, a, adj. discreet, judicious.

DIS

Quantidade discreta, discrete quantity.
Discreto, f. m. a wise man, a judicious man.
DISCREÇÃO, f. f. discretion, judgment, prudence. See also *AGÜ. DEZ* e *de engenho*.
Anos da discreção, the years of discretion.
Entregar-se a discreção, to surrender at discretion, to yield without terms.
Correr bem navio, &c. *à discreção dos ventos, ou dos mares*, is for a ship, &c. to go a-drift, or to be committed to the winds or waves.
Entregar-se a discreção das ondas, to commit one's self to the waves.
DISCRIMINADO, a, adj. See **DISCRIMINAR**, v. a. to divide or part.
DISCURSADO. See **DISCORRIDO**.
DISCURSAR. See **DISCORRER**.
DISCURSIVO, a, adj. discursive.
DISCURSIVOS, f. m. p. the spectators of mankind.
DISCURSO, f. m. discourse, reasoning, speech, talk; also space, or quantity of time.
Discurso, (in logic) discourse, that rational act of the mind, by which we deduce or infer one thing from another.
O que faz discursos, a discourses, a speaker.
DISCUTIDO, a, adj. See **DISCUTIR**, v. a. to discuss, examine.
DISFARÇADO, a, adj. See **DISFARÇAR**, v. a. to disguise, to put on a counterfeit habit. See also **DISSIMULACAM**.
Disfarçar-se, v. r. to disguise one's self, to put one's self in a disguise.
DISFARCE, f. m. a disguise, or counterfeit habit. See also **DISSIMULACAM**.
DISFAVOR. } See { **DESFAVOR**.
DISFORME. } { **DESFORME**.
DISGREGADO, a, adj. See **DISGREGAR**, v. a. (in optics) ex. *Disgregar a vista*, to disjoin, or separate the visual rays.
DISGREGATIVO, a, adj. that separates the visual rays.
DISISTAM, this word is found in the first volume of the Monarch. Lustit. but Bluteau thinks it was to be either *digestão*, or *decisão*. See these words in their proper places.
DISISTIDO. See **DESISTIDO**.
DISISTIR, &c. See **DESISTIR**, &c.
DISJUNCTIVO, a, adj. disjunctive, (in grammar.)
DISLOCAÇAM. See **DESLOCAÇAM**.
DISLOCADO, &c. See **DESLOCADO**, &c.
DISPAR, adj. See **DIFFERENTE**, and **DESIGUAL**.
DISPARADO, a, adj. See **DISPARAR**, v. a. to shoot, to discharge, to let off, (speaking of a pistol, gun, &c.)
Disparar affrontas contra alguém, to affront one.

DIS

Disparar-se, v. r. to go off, to shoot.
DISPARATADAMENTE, adv. foolishly, absurdly.
DISPARATADO, a, adj. See **DISPARATAR**, v. n. to talk, or act ignorantly or foolishly. See also **DESPROPOSITAR**.
DISPARATE, f. m. nonsense, a nonsensical or foolish action, or expression.
DISPARIDADE, f. f. disparity or disparity.
DISPENDER. See **DESPENDER**.
DISPENDIDO. See **DESPENDIDO**.
DISPENDIO. See **GASTO**; see also **DANO**, **PERIGO**, **PERDA**.
DISPENSE, f. f. See **DESPENSE**, See also **DISPENSACAM**, f. f. immunity, exemption, a dispensation.
Dispensacão, distribution, management, a stewardship.
DISPENSADO, a, adj. See **DESPENSAR**.
DISPENSADOR, f. m. a dispenser, a distributor.
DISPENSAR, v. a. to dispense with, to excuse one.
Dispensar See **DETERMINAR**, and **DISTRIBUIR**.
Dispensar-se, v. r. to decline, to avoid, or refuse.
DISPENSEIRO. See **DESPENSEIRO**.
DISPERSAM, f. f. dispersion, separation.
DISPERSO, a, adj. dispersed, scattered, separated.
DISPLACENCIA, f. f. displeasure. See also **DISGOSTO**.
DISPOR, v. a. to dispose, to order, to contrive, to prepare. See also **TRANSPLANTAR**.
Dispor, v. n. to dispose of, to do what one pleases with.
A quem de dispor, disposing.
Dispor-se, v. r. to prepare, or prepare one's self, to get or make one's self ready.
P. o homem propoem, e Deus dispoem, man proposes, and God disposes.
DISPOSIÇAM, f. f. disposition, order, contrivance; also a constitution, a state of body either good or bad. See also **APTIDAM**.
DISPOSIÇAM, mind, resolution. See also **PREPARACAM**.
DISPOSITIVAMENTE, adv. with a preparative or preparatory means to any thing.
DISPOSITOR, f. m. a disposer, and setter in order.
DISPOSTO, a, adj. disposed.
Estar bem disposto, to be in a good disposition of body, to be well. See also the v. **DISPOR**.
DISPUTA, f. f. dispute, debate, controversy, contest.
DISPUTADOR, f. m. a disputant.
DISPUTADO, a, adj. See **DISPUTAR**, v. n. to dispute, contend, quarrel.

DIS

DISPUTAVEL, adj. disputable, which may be brought into controversy.
DISSABOR. See **DESSABOR**.
DESSECÇAM, f. m. (with anatomists) dissection.
DISSENSAM. See **DISCORDIA**.
DISSENTERIA. See **DYSSENTERIA**.
DISSENTIDO, p. of the preterperfect of
DISSENTIR, v. n. to dissent, to be of another opinion.
DISSERTACAM, f. f. dissertation, a treatise upon any subject.
DISSIDENTE. See **DISCORDE**.
DISSIMILAR, adj. (in anatomy) dissimilar, unlike.
DISSIMULACAM, f. f. dissimulation, dissembling, disguise, hypocrisy, counterfeit.
Usar de dissimulação, to use dissimulation, to dissemble.
DISSIMULADAMENTE, adv. dissemblingly, sily, craftily.
DISSIMULADA, f. f. a dissembling woman.
DISSIMULADO, f. m. a dissembler, or a dissembling man.
DISSIMULAR, a, adj. See **DISSIMULAR**, to dissemble, feign, conceal, disguise, cloak, or counterfeit; also to connive at a thing, to take no notice of it.
DISSIMULO, f. m. See **DISSIMULACAM**.
DISSIPACAM, f. f. dissipation, dispersion, scattering; also dissipation, waste, destruction.
DISSIPADO, a, adj. See **DISSIPAR**, v. a. to dissipate, remove, scatter, disperse, to dispel; also to dissipate, to waste, to consume, spend, or squander away, to destroy.
Dispar, to enervate, weaken, or enfeeble.
DISSO, of it. See **PRONOME**.
DISSOLUCAM, f. f. dissolution, chemical liquefaction; also dissoluteness, lewdness, licentiousness, depravation. See also **EFAPORACAM**.
DISSOLVENTE, adj. (in chemistry) dissolving.
DISSOLVER, v. a. to dissolve to part or separate; also to dissolve, melt, liquify.
Dissolver o matrimonio, to dissolve, or break off a match.
DISSOLVIDO, a, adj. dissolved, &c. See **DISSOLVER**.
DISSOLUTIVO. See **DISSOLVENTE**.
DISSOLUTO, a, adj. lewed, wicked, dissolute, debauched.
DISSONANCIA, f. f. (in music) dissonance, disagreement in sound. See also **CONTRARIÉDADE**.
Dissonancia, absurdity, impropriety.
DISSONANTE, p. act. disagreeing.
DISSONAR, v. n. to disagree, to make discord in music, to be discordant.

DIS

DISSONO, *a*, adj. See **DISSONANTE**.
DISSUADI'DO, *a*, adj. See **DISSUADIR**, *v. a.* to dissuade, to advise to the contrary.
DISTAN'CLA, *f. f.* distance.
DISTAN'TE, adj. distant.
DISTA'R, *v. n.* to be distant.
DISTICO, *f. m.* a distich, a couplet, two verses.
DISTILLAC'AM, *f. f.* See **DEFLUXAM**.
Distillac'um. See **ESTILLAC'AM**.
DISTILLADO, &c. See **ESTILLADO**, &c.
DISTILLA'DO, or **DESTILLADO**, *a*, adj. See
DISTILLAR, or **DESTILLAR**, *v. a.* to drop, or trickle down, distil.
DISTINC'AM, *f. f.* distinction.
Homem de grande distinc'ao, a man of note. See also **DIFFERENÇA**.
DISTINCTO. See **INSTINCTO**.
DISTINGIDO. See **DESTINGIDO**.
DISTINGIR. See **DESTINGIR**.
DISTINGUI'DO, *a*, adj. See
DISTINGUI'R, *v. a.* to distinguish.
Distinguir-se, *v. r.* to make one's self eminent, to raise one's self above the common level by one's wit or learning.
DISTINGUIVEL, adj. that may be distinguished from another.
DISTINGUAMENTE, adv. distinctly.
DISTIN'TO, *a*, adj. distinctive.
DISTINTO, *f. m.* See **INSTINCTO**.
Distinto, *a*, adj. See **DIFFERENTE**.
Dis'to, of this. See **PRONOME**.
DISTRACCA'M, *f. f.* distraction.
DISTRACTIVO, *a*, adj. that takes off, or diverts from.
DISTRAHI'DO, *a*, adj. distracted; also corrupted. See **DISTRAHIR**.
DISTRAHIM'ENTO, *f. m.* distraction, licentiousness.
DISTRAHIR, *v. a.* to distract, to divert from, to fill the mind with contrary considerations. See also **DEPRAVAR**, and **DESENCA-MINHAR**.
DISTRATA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DISTRATA'R, *v. a.* to abolish, cancel or make void an agreement.
DISTRIBUIÇ'AM, *f. f.* distribution, the act of dividing or sharing amongst many; also the figure called *distri-butio*, (in Rhetoric.)
DISTRIBUIDOR, *f. m.* a distributor.
DISTRIBUI'DO, *a*, adj. See
DISTRIBUI'R, *v. a.* to distribute, to divide or share, to dispose or set in order.
DISTRIBUTIVA justiça, distributive justice.
DISTRICTO, *f. m.* a district, territory, or precinct.
DISTRINÇ'ADO. See **DESTRINÇADO**.
DISTRINÇAR. See **DESTRINÇAR**.
DISTURBIO. See **ESTORBO**.

DIV

DIT

DITA, good luck.
DITADO. See **DICTADO**.
DITADOR, &c. See **DICTADOR**, &c.
DITHYRAMBO, *f. m.* dithyrambic; a sort of hymn anciently sung in honour of Bacchus.
DITINHO, *f. m.* any word of endearment to engage a person's affections to one.
DITO. See **DITTO**.
DITONGO. See **DIPHONGO**.
DITONNO, *f. m.* ditone, a double tone in music, or the greater third.
DITOSAMENTE, adv. happily, luckily.
DITO'SO, *a*, adj. happy, prosperous, fortunate.
DITAME. } See { **DICTAME**.
DITADO. } { **DICTADO**.
DITAR. } { **DICTAR**.
DITTO, or **DITÓ**, *a*, adj. said; also the aforesaid, or the same.
Ditto, *f. m.* a saying.
Que tem bons ditos, drolling, full of pleasantries.

DIV

DIV. See **DIO**.
DIVA, *f. f.* a goddess, (in poetry.)
Divia, *eu divina*. See **DIVINO**.
DIVAM, or **DIVAN**, *f. m.* divan, a great council or court of justice, among the Turks and Persians.
DIVAGA'DO, *p.* of the preterperfect of
DIVAGAR, *v. n.* to wander, to gad, or rove up and down.
DIVERSAMENTE, adv. differently.
DIVERSAM, *f. f.* a diversion, the act of diverting from.
Fazer huma diversam dos humores, to divert the humours.
Diversam, (a military word) a diversion, or the act or purpose of drawing the enemy off from some design, by threatening, or attacking a distant part.
Diversam dos negocios, avocation from businesses.
DIVERSIDA'DE, *f. f.* diversity, variety, difference.
DIVERSIFICA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DIVERSIFICA'R, *v. a.* to diversify, to vary, to variegate.
DIVERSO, *a*, adj. See **DIFFERENTE**.
DIVERSORIO, *f. m.* an inn, a public house of entertainment.
DIVERTIDAMENTE, adv. carelessly, negligently.
DIVERTI'DO, *a*, adj. jocund, pleasant, sportful, merry, full of joy. See also the *v.* **DIVERTIR**, and **DESAT-TENTO**.
DIVERTIMENTO, *f. m.* absence of mind, heedlessness; also entertainment, amusement, diversion.
DIVERTI'R, *v. a.* to call off, to divert;

D d

DIU

also to turn away; also to have a respite.
Divertir o pensamento, to withdraw the mind.
Divertir os humores, to divert the humours.
Divertir as forças, (in war) to draw forces to a different part.
Divertir-se, *v. r.* to divert one's self, to take one's pleasure.
DIVULGAS, *f. f. p.* See **RIQUEZAS**.
DIVIDA, *f. f.* debt.
Divida perdida, a bad debt, money that is irrecoverably lost.
DIVIDAMENTE. See **DEVIDAMENTE**.
DIVIDENDO, *f. m.* dividend, a number given to be divided.
DIVIDI'DO, *a*, adj. See
DIVIDI'R, *v. a.* to part, to share, to divide, to separate, to sunder.
Dividir hum numero, to divide a number.
DIVIDO. See **PARENTESCO**. (Obsoleto.)
DIVINAMENTE, adv. from God, divinely. See also **EGREGIAMENTE**.
DIVINATORIO, *a*, adj. belonging to divination.
DIVINDA'DE, *f. f.* divinity, the god-head.
DIVINIZA'DO, *a*, adj. See
DIVINIZA'R, *v. a.* to make divine.
DIVINO, *a*, adj. divine, of or belonging to God; also heavenly.
DIVISA, *f. f.* a device, a compound of a picture and of the motto; also a mark of distinction to be known.
Corpo da divisa, *eu empreza*, the body of a device.
Alma da divisa. See **ALMA**.
DIVISADO, *a*, adj. See **DIVISAR**.
DIVISA'M, *f. f.* a division, separation, partition; also disunion, discord, difference.
DIVISAR, *v. a.* to discern, to see.
DIVISIVEL, adj. that may be parted and divided.
DIVISO, *a*, adj. divided, separated.
DIVISOR, *f. m.* (in arithmetic) divisor.
DIVORCIA'DO, *a*, adj. divorced.
DIVORCIO, *f. m.* a divorce, a parting of man and wife.
Fazer divorcio, *eu quitar-se de huma mulher*. See **QUITAR-SE**.
DIVOS, *f. m. p.* (a poetical word) the heathen gods; also the canonized saints.

DIU

DIURETICO, *a*, adj. diuretic, that provokes urine.
DIURNO, *f. m.* a diurnal, or book of the divine office, that contains part of the Breviary.
Diurno, *a*, adj. daily, or of the day, diurnal.
DIUTURNIDA'DE, *f. f.* diuturnity, lastingness, long continuance.

DI-

D I Z

DIUTURNO, *a*, adj. lasting, of a long continuance.
DIPULGA DO, *a*, adj. See **DIPULGAR**, *v. a.* to divulge, to publish, to give out.
O que divulga, a publisher.

D I X

DIXYES, *f. m. p.* children's playthings, baubles, as bells, rattles, puppets.
DIXIMES. See **MEXERICOS**.

D I Z

DIZENHO. See **DESENHO**.
DIZER, *v. a.* to tell, say, speak, talk, or relate.
Que quer dizer aquilo? what is the meaning of that? what signifies that?
Aquillo quer dizer que, the meaning is that.
Aquillo não quer dizer nada, that signifies nothing.
O coração me diz que, my mind misgives me, that.
Dizer alguma coisa ao ouvido, to whisper a thing in one's ear.
Diz Fra ciso N. (in a petition) Francis N. humbly sheweth.
Dizer injurias. See **INJURIAR**.
Achar que dizer, to find fault with.
De li-bri a v'osso pay, I will tell your father of it.
Dizem, it is said, it is reported.
Dizer que sim, to say yes.
Dizer que não, to say no.
Dizer mal, to slander, to speak ill.
Dizer bem, to speak well of, to praise.
Andar de z'zo, to give out, to divulge, to spread abroad.
Dizer a dor, to bid adieu, to take leave of one, to bid farewell to.
Que quer dizer, que não vindes mais? whence comes it, or what can be the reason you come no more?
Dizelhe que vinha amanhã, bid him come to-morrow.
Para assim dizer, or *por mais de dizer*, as it were, as one should say.
Para dizer ta'o em uma palavra, to wind up all in one word.
Elle diz tudo que lhe vem a boca, he speaks what comes next, or what lies uppermost.
Dizer alguma coisa de boca, to tell a thing by word of mouth.
Em toda a parte se diz, it is reported every where.
Dizer, *v. n.* to agree with, to be suitable.
Foi hum dizer e fazer, it was no sooner said, but done.
DIZIDOR. See **FALLA' OR**.
DIZIMA, *f. f.* See **DECIMA**.
Dizima, (in arithmetic) decimal arithmetic, they call it also decimal.
DIZIMA' DO, *a*, adj. See **DIZIMAR**, *v. a.* to decimate, to tithe, to take the tenth.
Dizimar soldados, to decimate, to punish every tenth soldier.
A açã de dizimar, decimation.

D O B

DIZIMADOR, or **DIZIMEIRO**, *f. m.* a tithing man, a tither.
DIZIMO, *f. m.* tithe, the tenth part part of all fruits, &c. the revenue that is generally due to the parson of the parish.
Cousa que paga dizimos, or *dizimas*, tithe-able.
DIZIVEL, adj. that can be said.

D L

D-L-A-SOL-RE, the fifth note in each of the three septenaries of the gamut.

D O

DO, a sign of the genitive case, of; also from.
Dó, *f. m.* mourning, a mourning suit of cloaths.
Dó alivido, second mourning.
Fazer o dó por alguém, to mourn for one, to wear the habit of sorrow for him.
Consapertencente ao dó, mourning, mournful.
Dó, compassion, pity.
Ter dó de alguém, to have compassion of one, to pity him.
Perder o dó ao diabo, to lay out money liberally.

D O A

DOAÇA'M, *f. f.* gift, a free gift, a donation, a grant.
DOA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DOAR**.
DOADO'R, *f. m.* a giver, a donor.
DOA'R, *v. a. ex.* *Doar os seus bens*, to make over one's goods by gift.

D O B

DOBADEIRA, *f. f.* a woman that winds skains, or bottoms.
DOBA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DOBAR**.
DOBADO'URA, *f. f.* windle, a pair of blades.
DOBAR, *v. a.* to wind into a skain, or bottom.
DOBRA, *f. f.* plait, or fold.
Dobra, a sort of ancient coin in Portugal; also a piece of money worth three pounds twelve shillings.
DOBRADAMENTE, adv. doubly.
DOBRADIÇO, *a*, adj. pliant, pliable, flexible, that bends easily.
DOBRADO, *a*, adj. folded, or folded up.
Dobrado, doubled, made twice so much.
Dobrado, crafty, subtle, wily.
Dobrado, ou torcido. See **TORCIDO**.
Dobrado, ambiguous, that has a double sense, or meaning. See also the *v.* **DOBRAR**.
DOBRADURA, *f. f.* a folding, or folding up; also a bending.
DOBRAM. See **DOBRA**.
DOBRAR, *v. a.* to fold, or fold up; also to crooken, bow, or bend.
Dobrar huma carta, to fold, or make up a letter.
Criada que dobra os vestidos, a maiden that foldeth, or layeth up garments, a chamber-maid.
Dobrar hum sino, to toll, to ring a bell.

D O D

Dobrar os sinos por defuntos, to ring a peal for the dead.
Dobrar hum cabo, (a sea expression) to double, or turn a cape at sea.
Dobrar as guardas, to double the guard.
Dobrar, to move, to prevail with, to make yield. (Metaph.)
Dobrar a parada, to double the stake at play.
Dobrar, to strengthen, to reinforce, or fortify; to encrease the number.
Dobrar o mão natural de alguém, to tame one, to break him of his bad temper.
Dobrar a ganancia, to get twice as much.
Dobrar a selba, (metaph.) to depart, digress, to go from the purpose.
Dobrar huma rua, to turn, or go from one street into another.
Dobrar, *v. n. ex.* *Dobrar de resolução*, to change one's mind, or resolution.
Dobrar, to sing well. (Speaking of birds.)
Dixar-se dobrar, to be prevailed with.
Dobrar-se, *v. a. ex.* *Dobrar-se ao parti-do de alguém*, to take one's part, to become a confederate.
Dobrar-se, to be moved, or affected.
Dobrar-se, to become double.
DO'BRE, adj. double, deceitful; also doubled, made twice as much.
Dobre, *f. m.* Dover, by the Romans called Portus Dubris, i. e. a steep place.
DOBREZ. See **RUGA**.
Dobrez, *f. f.* double dealing, slyness, craftiness, cunningness.
DO'BRO, *f. m.* double, as much again, as much more.
Pagar em dobro, to give double the price.

D O C

DOÇAINHA, or **DOÇAINO**, a sort of wind instrument, called a flute with a lip.
DO'CE, adj. sweet. See also **AGRA-DAVEL** and **GOSTOSO**.
Doce, that has not salt enough.
Palavras doces, fair and flattering speech, courteous language.
DOCEL, *f. m.* a canopy.
DOCEMENTE, adv. sweetly.
DOCEZINHO, *a*, adj. sweetish, somewhat sweet.
DO'CIL, adj. docil, tractable, good natured.
DOCILIDADE, *f. f.* docility, tractableness.
DOCTAMENTE. See **DOUTAMENTE**.
DOCTRINA, &c. See **DOUTRINA**, &c.
DOCUMENTO, *f. m.* document, instruction. See also **PROVA**, and **TESTEMUNHO**.
DOCUMENTOS, (in law,) papers, writings belonging to a law-suit.
DOÇURA, *f. f.* sweetness.

D O D

DODECA'GONO, *f. m.* a dodecagon.
Dodecagão, (in fortification) dodecagon, a place with twelve bastions.
DODECATEMORIO, *f. m.* dodecatemory, the twelve signs of the zodiac.

DOM

DOE

DOENÇA, f. f. sickness, disease, distemper, malady, indisposition.
Principio, augmento, auge, e declinação da doença, arche, anabasis, acme and parame of a distemper.
DOENTE, adj. sick, ill, diseased, out of order. See also
DOENTIO, a, adj. sickly, subject to sickness.
Lugar doentio, an unwholesome or noisome place.
DOER, v. n. to ach, to feel pain.
Dóem a cabeça, my head aches.
Que vos dóe? what ails you
Não lhe dóe a dor alba, he is not moved, or affected by another's grief.
DOERSE, v. r. to pity, to take pity; also to complain.
Dur o cabello a alquem; we say, to smell a rat, to distrust something.
DOESTADO. See **INJURIADO**.
DOESTAR. See **INJURIAR**.
DOESTO, f. m. See **INJURIA**.

DOG

DÓGE, f. m. doge, the chief magistrate of the republics of Venice and Genoa.
DOGMA, f. m. a dogma, a tenet, a doctrine.
DOGMÁTICO, a, adj. dogmatical or dogmatic.
Philosophia dogmatica, dogmatic philosophy, which, being grounded upon sound principles, asserts a thing positively, and is opposed to sceptic.
Dogmático, f. m. dogmatist.
DOGMATISTA, f. m. a dogmatist, or one who is the author of any new sect, or opinion.
DOGMATIZADO, a, adj. See
DOGMATIZAR, v. a. to dogmatize, to give instructions, or precepts, to teach new opinions.
DÓGO, f. m. a bull-dog. From the English dog.

DOL

DOLANQUIM, a sort of black dye or tincture that comes from China.
DOLINHA. See **DONINHA**.
DÓLO, f. m. fraud, deceit.
Com dolo, craftily, deceitfully.
DOLORIDO. See **DORIDO**.
DOLOROSAMENTE, adv. sorrowfully, grievously.
DOLOROSO, a, adj. painful, tormenting, sorrowful, smarting; also a thing to be lamented.
DOLOSO, a, adj. fraudulent, deceitful, knavish.

DOM

DOM, f. m. a gift, or present.
Dom da natureza, a natural gift, endowment, or advantage.
Dom, a title given to gentlemen and persons in poss of honour in Portugal and Spain. It was formerly retained to the kings, and some par-

DON

ticular great families, but now it is grown more common.
DOMADO, a, adj. See **DOMAR**.
DOMADOR, f. m. tamer, vanquisher, subduer, conqueror.
DOMADORA, f. f. she that tames, or subdues.
DOMAR, v. a. to tame, to subdue, to overcome.
A acção de doma; a taming, breaking.
DOMÁVEL, adj. easy to be tamed, or subdued.
DOMESTICADO, a, adj. See
DOMESTICAR, v. a. to tame, to make gentle, or familiar.
Domesticar-se, v. r. to grow familiar, to grow tame.
DOMESTICÁVEL. See **DOMÁVEL**.
DOMESTICO, a, adj. tame, gentle, familiar; also domestic.
DOMICILIO, f. m. a dwelling, an habitation. See also **RECEPTACULO**. (Metaph.)
DOMINAÇÃO, f. f. command, domination, dominion, sovereignty.
DOMINAÇÕES, dominations, one of the nine orders of angels.
DOMINADO, a, adj. See **DOMINAR**.
DOMINADOR, f. m. a commander, who has power over others.
DOMINADORA, f. f. she that commands.
DOMINANTE, p. act. of *dominar*. See also **PRINCEPE REY**.
Planeta dominante, a predominant planet.
DOMINAR, v. a. to lord, to command, to have power.
Dominar, (*prevalecer*.) See **PREVALECE**.
A cidadella domina a cidade, the citadel commands the city. See also **DEVASSAR**.
DOMINATIVO, a, adj. having power, government, or superiority.
DOMINGA, or **DOMINGO**, f. m. Sunday.
DOMINICAL, adj. belonging to Sunday.
Letra dominical, the dominical letter.
Oração dominical, the Lord's prayer.
DOMINICANOS, or **DOMINICOS**, dominicans, an order of friars founded in the year 1206. by St. Dominic.
DOMÍNIO, f. m. dominion, rule, power, lordship.
DOMÍNIO SO, a, adj. See **ALTIVO**.
DÓMO, f. m. the cathedral church of a city. From the Ital. *Duomo*.

DON

DONNA, f. f. a title given to ladies of quality. See **DOM**.
Dona de honra, a lady of honour to the queen.
Dona, an old widow that they keep in the great houses in Portugal, rather for grandeur than any service they do; it is also the title given to some nuns.

DOR

DONALDO, (among some friars) a lay brother that has made his profession.
DONATARIO, f. m. donee, he to whom a thing is given.
DONATIVO, f. m. a present made to a church; also a donative, a dole, a distribution among many.
DONATO, f. m. a lay-brother among some friars, who has not made his profession, as it is generally practised, or only serves the friars and makes no profession at all.
DONATRE, f. m. grace, good behaviour.
Donay, a woman's hoop, a hoop-petticoat.
DONDE? where? also from whence.
De onde vindes? where do you come from?
Por donde? which way?
Donde está? what countryman are you?
DONINHA, f. f. a weasel; also a greedy fish, a sea lamprey, an eelpout.
Cor de doninha, a tawny, or yellowish colour.
Doninha de rato muy seipudo, a mole of raposa. See **HARDA**.
DÓNO, f. m. the master, owner, or proprietor of any thing.
Dono da casa, the master of the house.
DONOSO, a, adj. pleasant, witty.
DONZEL, (in falconry) that may be easily tamed.
Donzel, so they anciently called the eldest son of any noble family, who was brought up in the king's palace.
Vinho donzel, pleasant wine, without any harshness.
DONZELLA, f. f. a maid, a virgin.
Donzella, a dumb-waiter.

DOR

DÓR, f. f. grief, pain, sorrow.
Dores de parida, the throws, or pangs of a woman in labour. See also **PALEAS**.
P. dor de cotovelo e dor de marido, ainda que doa, logo he esquecida, sorrow for a husband is like the pain of an elbow; it is very sharp, but lasts only a short time.
DÓRICO, a, adj. ex. *Ordem Dorica*, the Doric order in architecture.
DORIDO, a, adj. delicate, weak, that cannot bear or suffer.
DORMENTE, adj. benumbed, stiff.
Ponte dormente, a bridge made of stone, &c. it is opposite to a draw-bridge.
P. barriga farta pé dormente; we say, when the belly is full, the bones would be at rest.
Os sete dormentes, the seven sleepers.
DORMIDA, f. f. the tree where a bird sleeps by night continually.
DORMIDEIRAS, f. f. p. the herb called poppies.
DORMIDO, a, adj. See **DORMIR**.
DORMINHOÇO, f. m. a sleeper, a sluggard.
DORMIR, v. n. to sleep, to be fallen asleep.
Dormir com o sono ligeiro, to slumber.
Dormir a sesta, to take a nap after dinner.

DOU

Dormir sem cuidado, to sleep securely;
Terence says, *Dormire in utramvis
aurum*.
Dormir a sono folto, to sleep soundly.
Fingir de dormir, to sleep dog-sleep.
Estar com ventia e de dormir, to be sleepy.
Dormir em o senhor ou em deus, is for a
virtuous man to die.

Dormem as leys, (metaph.) the laws are
not regarded.

P. dorme como hum a-ganáz, he sleeps
like a dormouse.

DORMITADO, *a*, adj. See

DORMITAR, *v. n.* to nod, to slum-
ber.

DORMITÓRIO, *f. m.* a dormitory, a
dorter, dortoir, or dorture, the com-
mon room where all the friars, or
nuns of a convent sleep at nights.

DORNA, *f. f.* a vat for wine, oil, &c.

DORSEL, *f. m.* the back part of the
chairs used in the choirs of the
churches.

DORSO, *f. m.* the back.

DOS

DOS, the sign of the genitive of the
plural for the nouns of the masculine
gender, ex. *Des homens*, of the men;
dos corpos, of the bodies.

DOSIS, *f. f.* a dose of physic.

Determinar a dosis necessaria, to dose.

DOT

DOTAÇÃO, *f. f.* a foundation, a re-
venue settled and established for any
church.

DOTADO, *a*, adj. See **DOTAR**.

DOTADOR, *f. m.* he who endows,
or gives; a dower.

DOTAL, adj. of, or pertaining to a
dower that is given with a woman in
marriage.

DOTAR, *v. a.* to endow, to give a
dower, or marriage goods; also to
enrich with any excellence.

Dotar huma igreja, to endow a church.

Dotar a algum de excellentes qualitates,
to endow one with excellent qualities.

DOTÉ, *f. m.* a dowry, a woman's
portion.

DOTES, endowments, gifts of nature.
See also **PRENDAS**.

DOU

DOUDAMENTE, adv. foolishly, ex-
travagantly, unwisely.

DOUDEJA DO, *p.* of the preterperf.
tense of.

DOUDEJAR, *v. n.* to play the fool,
to play mad tricks; also to play the
scuffer, jester, or buffoon; also to
court a woman.

DOUDICE, *f. f.* madness, stupidity,
foolishness, silliness.

DOUDICES, trifles, nonsense, idle
stories.

DOUDO, *a*, adj. mad, fool, out of
his senses.

Nascer doudo, to be fool-born, or foolish
from the birth.

Festa dos doudos. See **FESTA**.

DOURADA, *f. f.* dorado, some call it

DOU

St. Peter's fish; it is an enemy to the
flying fish.

DOURADINHA, *f. f.* the herb called
ceterach, or ceterack, much like to
fern, wall-fern, stone-fern, mil-
l-waist, spleen-wort.

DOURADO, *a*, adj. gilt.

Cavalleiros Dourados, the knights of the
Golden Spur.

Idade dourada, the golden age.

DOURADOR, *f. m.* a gilder.

DOURAR, *v. a.* to gild, or gild over.

Dourar, (*palliar*.) See **PALLIAR**.

Dourar, (*mitigar adçar*) See **MITI-
GAR**, *adoçar*.

Dourar, (*ornar*) See **ORNAR**.

DOURO, *f. m.* Douro, a river of Por-
tugal, which rising in the N. B. part
of Old Castile, a province of Spain,
runs from thence by Valladolid, cross-
ing Leon, it empties itself into the
Atlantic Ocean below the town of
Porto. It is said formerly to have
yielded gold in its sands, out of which
King John III. they say, had a sceptre
made.

DOUS, *duas*, adj. two.

Duas vezes, twice.

Dous e dous, two and two.

Qual dos dous? which, or whether of the
two?

Ambo de dous, ambas de duas, both.

Qualquer dos dous, whichever of the
two.

Hum dos dous, one, or other of the
two.

Dous de conta, the figure of two.

DOUTAMENTE, adv. learnedly.

DOUTÍSSIMO, *a*, superl. very learned

DOUTO, *a*, adj. learned.

Medianamente douto, half learned.

DOUTOR, *f. m.* a doctor.

DOUTORADO, *f. m.* the degree of
doctor.

Doutorado, *a*, adj. See **DOUTORAR-
SE**.

DOUTORAL conego, (in a cathedral)
a canon that has taken the degree of
a doctor in law.

DOUTORAMENTO, *f. m.* the act of
giving the degree of a doctor.

DOUTORANDO, *f. m.* he who is to
take the degree of a doctor.

DOUTORAR-SE, *v. r.* to take the
degree of a doctor.

DOUTRINA, *f. f.* doctrine, learning,
instruction. See also **ENSINO**.

Doutrina christã, the christian doctrine,
the catechism.

Congregação da doutrina christã, a sort
of religious order founded by Cæsar
de Bus.

DOUTRINADO, *a*, adj. See **DOU-
TRINAR**.

DOUTRINAL, adj. belonging to doc-
trine.

DOUTRINALMENTE, adv. See
MAGISTRALMENTE.

DOUTRINANTE, *p. act.* of
DOUTINAR, *v. a.* to teach, to in-
struct.

DOUTINAVEL, adj. apt to be in-
structed.

DRY

DOZ

DO'ZE, the number twelve.

Douze vezes, twelve times.

De douze, of twelve.

Douze em ordem. See **DUODECIMO**.

DRA

DRA'CHMA, *f. f.* a Greek coin, the
same as the Roman denier.

Drachma, or *drama*, a drachm, the
eighth part of an ounce.

DRACUNCULO, *f. m.* a sort of
small worm so called

DRAGAM, *f. m.* a dragon, a sort of
serpent; also a sea-fish so called; also
a constellation.

Dragem, a dragoon, or dragoonier, a
soldier who fights sometimes on horse-
back, and sometimes on foot.

Ordem do Dragam, knights of the order
of the Dragon, an order erected by
the emperor Sigismund, A. C. 1417.
upon the condemnation of John Hus,
and Jerom of Prague.

Sangue de dragam, dragon's blood, the
gum, or resin of a tree called *Arbor
draco*.

Dragam volante, flying dragon, it is a
fat, heterogeneous, earthy meteor, in
the shape of a flying dragon.

Dragam, (among farriers) a small white
spot in the bottom of a horse's eye.

DRA'CO. See **DRAGAM**.

Sangue de drago. See **DRAGAM**.

DRAGOEIRA, or **DRAGOEIRO**,
the dragon tree.

DRAGONTEA. See **SERPENTINA**.

DRAMA, *f. m.* drama, a play, either
comedy or tragedy.

Drama. See **DRACHMA**.

DRAMATICO, *a*, adj. dramatic.

DRI

DRI'ADAS. See **DRYADAS**.

DRIÇAS, *f. f. p.* (in a ship) the hal-
liards, being the ropes by which they
hoist all the yards in a ship, except
the cross-tack and the sprit-sail yard.

DRO

DROGA, *f. f.* any sort of drug; also
goods, commodities.

Dar em droga, to grow a very drug.

Isto he droga, this is not worth a pin, it
is a drug.

DROGARIA. See

DROGAS, *f. f. p.* all sorts of drugs in
general, grocery-ware.

DROGUETE, *f. m.* drugget, a sort of
stuff.

DROMEDARIO, *f. m.* a dromedary,
a sort of camel, having two bunches
on the back.

DRU

DRUIDAS, or **DRUIDES**, *f. m. p.*
the druids, certain learned Pagan
priests of the ancient Britons and
Gauls.

DRY

DRYADAS, *f. f. p.* Dryades, the
nymphs

DUO

nymphs of the woods and mountains.

DUA

DUAL, adj. (in grammar) ex. *Numero dual*, the dual number.

DUALS. See **DOUS**.

DUB

DUBIO, *a*, adj. ex. *Cena dubia*, a supper where there are so many dishes that a man knows not which to eat of. Terence says, *Cena dubia*.

DUBLIN, the city of Dublin in Ireland; it is the seat of government.

DU C

DUCA'DO, *f. m.* a dukedom; also a ducat, a foreign coin of gold, or silver of different values, according to the places where current.

DUCA'L, adj. belonging to a duke, ducal.

DUCA'M, (an Indian word.) See **QUINTA**.

DUCATAM, *f. m.* a foreign coin called ducatoon.

DUCTIL, adj. conveyed into.

DUCTO, *f. m.* (in medicine) See **VIA** and **CAMINHO**.

DUE

DELLI'STA, *f. m.* a duellist.

DUELLO, *f. m.* a duel, single combat, the point of honour which obliges men to fight. See also **DESAFIO**.

DUENDES, *f. m. p.* fairies, spirits, hobgoblins.

DUL

DULCIFICA'DO, *a*, adj. See **DULCIFICAR**.

DULCIFICANTE, *p. aët.* of.

DULCIFICAR, *v. a.* See **ADOÇAR**.

DULFA, *f. f.* the honour and servitude due to the saints.

DUN

DUNAS, or **DUNES**, downs, or sandy hills; also the sea lying near the sands upon the coast of Kent, where the British navy rides.

DUO

DUO, *f. m.* (in music) duetto, little songs, or airs, in two parts.

DUODECAGONO. See **DODECAGONO**.

DUR

DUODECIMO, *a*, adj. the twelfth.

DUODENO, (in anatomy) duodenum, or the first of the intestines or guts, in length, about twelve fingers breadth.

DUP

DUPLEX, double, one of the three offices of the Roman Breviary.

DUPLICAC'A'M. See **REPETIC'A'M**.

DUPLICADO, *a*, adj. See

DUPLICAR, *v. a.* to double.

DUPlice. See **DUPLEX**.

DUQ

DUQUA'DO. See **DU CADO**.

DUQUE, *f. m.* a duke.

DUQUES, (at dice, &c.) two, deuce.

DUQUE'SA, *f. f.* a duchess; also a sort of woollen stuff.

DUR

DURA, *f. f.* lastingness.

Causa de munta dura, a very lasting thing. See also **GUARDA**.

DURAÇAM, *f. f.* duration, continuance.

DURACO. See **DURAZIO**.

DURA-MATER, (in anatomy) dura mater, the outward skin, which encompasses the brain.

DURADO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of **DURAR**.

DURAMENTE, adv. hardly.

DURANTE, *f. m.* durant, a sort of stuff made of wool.

Durante, *f. m. p. aët.* of.

DURAR, *v. n.* to last, to continue.

DURAVEL, adj. durable, lasting.

DURAZIO, a sort of peaches, that will not easily part from the stones.

Durazio, *a*, adj. See

DUREIRO, *a*, adj. colliè, or bound in body.

DUREZA, *f. f.* hardness, solidity.

Dureza do coração, cruelty, ruggedness.

Dureza do ventre, costiveness.

DURIA'M, a sort of fruit growing in several parts of the East Indies.

DURO, *a*, adj. hard, stiff; also cruel, niggardly, unmerciful, hard.

Duro de subir, steep.

Homem duro dos fechos, a man that is not easily persuaded.

Verfos duros, so they call those verses that appear to the ear to be longer than they ought to be, by having many synalephas. They are opposed

DYS

to those called *versos desmaiados*. See **DESMAIADOS**.

DUV

DUVIDA, *f. f.* a doubt.

Sem duvida, ou *controverfia*, without doubt, or controversy. See also **DISCORDIAS**.

DUVIDA'DO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of

DUFIDAR, *v. n.* to doubt, or question.

DUFIDAR-SE, *v. imp.* it is not certain, it is a question.

DUFIDOSAMENTE, adv. doubtfully.

DUFIDO'SO, *a*, adj. doubted.

Duvidoso, doubtful, dubious, uncertain; also dangerous, full of peril.

DUUMVIRATO, the office of two in equal authority, the duumvirate.

DUUMVIROS, *f. m. p.* two officers of Rome, that had an authority like our sheriffs, the duumviri.

DUZ

DUZEN'TOS, two hundred.

DU'ZIA, *f. f.* a dozen.

DYN

DYNA'STA, *f. m.* a nobleman of great power, a prince, a ruler, a potentate, a lord.

DYNASTIA, *f. f.* dynasty.

DYS

DYSCOLO. See **DISCOLO**.

DYSCRACIA, (in medicine) dyscracy, or an unequal mixture of elements in the blood, or nervous juice.

DYSCRECIADO, *a*, adj. that is troubled with dyscracy.

DYSENTERIA, *f. f.* dysentery, looseness accompanied with gripings in the belly.

Deres que causa a dysenteria, the gripings of the guts.

DYSEPULOTICO, *a*, adj. ex. *Cbaga dysepulotica*, an ulcer beyond cure, or hard to cicatrize or cure.

DYSPESIA, (in medicine) dyspepsy, or a difficulty of digestion, or fermentation in the stomach or guts.

DYSPNEA, *f. f.* dyspnea, or difficulty in breathing.

DYSURIA, *f. f.* dysury, or difficulty of urine.

E.

E, the fifth letter of the Portuguese alphabet, and the second of the vowels. Among the ancients it was a numeral letter, that stood for 250, according to this verse,

E Quoque ducentos, & quinquaginta tenet.

E, a conjunctive particle, and. *Este e aquele*, this and that.

E A

E A, or *E I A*. an exhortative particle, now, come on.

E B A

E'BANO, f. m. the ebony-tree, or ebony-tree.

Ebano, ebony, the wood of the ebony, or ebony-tree.

O que trabalha, ou faz obras de ebano, an ebonyist, a cabinet-maker in such way.

E B R

EBRA'ICO. } See { *HEBRAICO*.
EBREO. }
EBRIEDAD, f. f. drunkenness.

E B U

EBULLIÇAM, f. f. ebullition, or boiling up of the blood.

EBULO. See *ENGES*.

EBURNEO, a, adj. made of ivory, or white as ivory, (in poetry.)

E Ç A

EÇA, f. f. a cenotaph, an empty tomb, set up in honour of the dead.

E C C

ECCEIÇAM, &c. See *EXCEIÇAM*.
ECCENTRICIDADE, f. f. (in astronomy) eccentricity.

ECCENTRICO, a, adj. eccentric.

ECCLESIASTES, f. m. Ecclesiastes, (i. e. the Preacher) the title of a book in the Scripture, written by king Solomon. Greek.

ECCLESIASTICO, a, adj. ecclesiastical, belonging to the church.

Ecclesiástico, f. m. an ecclesiastic, a churchman, a clergyman; also Ecclesiasticus, a book of the Scripture, written by Jesus the son of Sirach.

ECCO. See *ECO*.

E C H

ECHADIÇO, a, adj. spread abroad, laid in the way designedly.

ECHO. See *ECO*.

E C L

ECLIPSA'DO, a, adj. See

ECLIPSA'R-SE, v. r. to be eclipsed, or darkened, to be in an eclipse.

ECLIPSE, f. m. an eclipse.

ECLIPTICA, f. f. ecliptic, a great circle of the heavens, in which the sun moves in its annual motions.

ECLOGA, f. f. an eclogue, a pastoral poem

ECLU'SA. See *DIQUE*.

E C O

ECO, *ECHO*, *ECCO*, or *ECCHO*, f. m. echo, or echo, rebounding of sound; also a nymph who fell in love with Narcissus, but being slighted by him pined away to a skeleton, having nothing left her but her voice. Greek.

E'co, (in poetry) a sort of verse, in which the last part of the last word is repeated, as the natural echo does words.

ECONOMIA, or *ECONOMICA*, f. f. œconomy, the government of a house or family. Greek.

ECONOMICO, a, adj. œconomical, œconomic, belonging to œconomy.

ECONOMO, f. m. an œconomist.

E C U

ECU'LEO, f. m. an instrument of torture, made like a horse.

ECUMENICO, a, adj. œcumenical. Greek.

E D A

EDA'Z, adj. eating much, gluttonous. From the Latin *edax*.

E D E

EDEMA, f. m. (in medicine) œdema, any tumour or swelling; but more strictly a white, soft, insensible tumour, proceeding from pituitous matter. Greek.

EDEMATO'SO, a, adj. œdematous, belonging to an œdema.

E D I

EDIÇAM, f. f. edition of a book.

EDIÇTO, or *EDITTO*, f. m. an edict, a proclamation.

EDIFICAÇAM, f. f. an edifying good example.

Dar ediçãam, to edify, to set good examples

EDIFICA'DO, a, adj. See *EDIFICAR*.

EDIFICADOR, f. m. a builder.

EDIFICAR, v. a. to build, to edify; also to edify, to set good examples; also to please.

EDIFICATIVO, a, adj. edifying, that sets good example.

EDIFICIO, f. m. an edifice, a building, a structure.

EDI'L, f. m. an edile, or officer in ancient Rome, a surveyor of the works, clerk of the market, &c.

EDIMBU'RG, or *EDEMBURGO*, Edinburgh, the metropolis of the kingdom of Scotland.

EDI'TAL, f. m. the paper wherein an edict or proclamation is written.

EDITTO. See *EDICTO*.

E D U

EDUCAÇAM, f. f. education.

EDUCA'DO, a, adj. educated.

EDUCANDA, f. f. a girl put in a nunnery to be educated.

EDUCAR, v. a. to educate, to bring up.

O que educa, one that brings up.

EDULCORA'DO, a, adj. See

EDULCORAR, v. a. (in chemistry) to edulcorate, to sweeten, to make sweet.

E F E

EFFEBO, or *EPHEBO*, f. m. a stripling of fourteen years old, a youth, a lad. Lat.

EFEMERIDES. See *EPHEMERIDES*.

EFEMINADO. See *EFFEMINADO*.

EFIMERO. See *EPHIMERO*.

E F F

EFFECTIVAMENTE, adv. really, effectually.

EFFECTIVO, a, adj. effective, real. See also *EFFICAZ*.

Homem effectivo nas promessas, a punctual man, a man of his word.

EFfeito, f. m. effect; also performance, deed, execution.

EGY

O effeito de hum mercador, the effects or goods of a merchant.
Com effeito, really, in effect.
Para effeito, to the end that.
Causa que não tem effeito, effectless.
EFFEITUA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EFFEITUAR**, *v. a.* to effect, perform, bring to pass, or put in execution.
O qui effitua alguma causa, an effector.
EFFEMINA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EFFEMINAR**, *v. a.* to effeminate, to enervate.
EFFERA'DO, *a*, adj. made wild, fierce, enraged.
EFFERVESCE'NCIA, *f. f.* See **EBULLICAM**.
EFFICA'CIA, *f. f.* efficacy.
EFFICA'Z, adj. efficacious, full of efficacy, effectual, powerful.
EFFICAZME'NTE, adv. efficaciously.
EFFICIEN'CIA, *f. f.* efficiency, efficiency, the faculty or power to do a thing.
EFFICIENTE, adj. efficient, producing its effect.
Causa eficiente, efficient cause.
EFFIGIE, *f. f.* effigies, image, the picture or portraiture of a person.
EFFU'GIO, *f. m.* See **SUBTERFUGIO**.
EFFUNDI'ÇA, *f. f.* See **INFUNDIÇA**.
EFFUNDI'R, *v. a.* to shed; as *effundir lagrimas*, to shed tears.
EFFUSA M, *f. f.* effusion, or shedding, a pouring out.

EPI

EPIMERA. See **EPHIMERA**.

EFO

EFORO. See **EPHORO**.

EGL

EGLOGA. See **ECLOGA**.

EGO

EGOA, *f. f.* a mare.
Ega pequena, a silly-foal, a young mare, a mare colt.
Hama cobra de egoas, a stud of mares, a stock of breeding mares.
EGARICO, *f. m.* a breeder of horses, or one that takes care to raise a breed of horses.

EGR

EGREGIAMENTE, adv. egregiously.
EGREGIO, *a*, adj. egregious, rare, excellent.
EGRO, *a*, adj. sharp, violent, hard.

EGY

EGYPCIA'NO, **EGYPCIO**, **EGYPTANO**, or **EGYTANO**, *a*, adj. Egyptian.

EIV

EGYPTO, *f. m.* Egypt, a kingdom in Africa.
EGYTA'NO. See **EGYPCIANO**.

EIA

EI, (obsolet.) See **EU**.
EIA. See **EA**.

EIC

EICHA'M, or **EYCHAM**. See **DESPENSEYRO**.

EID

EIDO, (in the province of Beira.) See **LAR**.

EIL

EILA, **EILAS**. } See **EIS**.
EILO, **EILOS**. }

EIR

E'IRA, *f. f.* a threshing-floor, a barn-floor.
EIRA'DO, *f. m.* the leads of a house, the solar in a house, a terrace.
EIRO, *f. f.* a sea-fish, very like an eel.

EIS

EIS, adv. demonstrative, behold, here is, this is, here are, these are.
Eis aqui que tu emmudecerás, behold, thou shalt be dumb.
Eis aqui o homem que tu procurava, here is, or this is the man I looked for.
Eis aqui os meus livros, here are my books.
Eis aqui a minha mulher, e os meus filhos, here are, or these are my wife and children.
Eis-me aqui, here am I.
Como eu vinha chegando á cidade, eis que vejo vir hum grande numero de soldados a ter commigo, as I drew near the town, I perceived a great number of soldiers making towards me.
N. B. The consonant **S** is very often changed into *lo*, or *los* for the masculine; and into *la*, or *las* for the feminine; as, *eilo abi vem*, here he comes; *eilas a qui*, here they are; *eila abi vem*, here she comes; *eilo lá vai o traidor*, there goes the traitor; *eilo al*, there he is, or there it is; *eila ali*, there she is.

EIT

EITO, they make use of this word, putting the particle *a* before it; ex. *A ris*, continually, without intermission.

EIV

EIVA, *f. f.* See **FALHA**.
EIVA'DO, *a*, adj. (speaking of fruits) See **TOCADO**.

ELE

Eivado, that has got a falha. See **FALHA**, and **ACHACOSO**.

EIX

EIXO. See **EXO**.

EJ

EJECTO, *a*, adj. cast, or thrown forth.

EL

EL, the Portuguese make use of this Spanish article only before the word *rey*, instead of the Portuguese article *O*, the; ex. *El-rey*, the king.

ELA

E-LA-MI, the sixth ascending note of each septenary in the scale of music. e-la-mi.
ELABORA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ELABORAR**, *v. a.* to make an elaborate piece of work; also to concoct or digest the animal fluids, (among physicians.)
A acção de elaborar neste ultimo sentido, elaboration, or digestion of the animal fluids.
ELA'DO, *a*, adj. a Spanish word seldom used by the Portuguese. See **CONGELADO**.
ELA'STICO, *a*, adj. elastic, or elastical.
Virtude elastica, elasticity.

ELC

ELCHE. See **RENEGADO**, Arab.

ELE

ELEBORA'STER, *f. m.* the black hellebore.
ELECTIVO, *a*, adj. elective.
Reyno electivo, an elective kingdom.
ELECTO, *a*, adj. elected.
ELECTRA, *f. f.* See **ALAMBRE**.
ELECTRI'Z, *f. f.* an elector's wife, an electress.
ELECTUA'RIO, *f. m.* (in pharmacy) an electuary.
ELEFA'NTE. See **ELEPHANTE**.
ELEGA'NCIA, *f. f.* elegance, fineness of speech.
Com elegancia, elegantly.
ELEGA'NTE, adj. elegant, fine, (speaking of the style.) See also **DISCRETO**.
ELEGER, *v. a.* to elect, to chuse.
ELEGI'A, *f. f.* elegy, a mournful poem.
ELEGIA'CO, *a*, adj. elegiac.
ELEGIVEL, adj. eligible, fit to be chosen.
ELEIÇAM, *f. f.* election, choice, opinion.
ELEITO, *a*, adj. elected.
ELEITOR, *f. m.* an elector.
Eleitores do imperio, the electors of the empire.

ELU-

E L I

ELEITORADO, *f. m.* electorship; also an electorate, an elector's territories.

ELEITORAL, *adj.* electoral, of, or belonging to an elector.

ELEITUARIO. See **ELECTUARIO**.

ELEMENTAL, *adj.* belonging to the elements, or that partakes of the elements, elementary.

O fogo elemental, the elementary fire.

ELEMENTAR, *adj.* belonging to the elements, rudiments, grounds, or first principles of any art or science.

ELEMENTARIO. See **ELEMENTAL**.

ELEMENTO, *f. m.* an element; also the grounds of any art or science, the rudiments, or first principles of them, (metaph.)

Elar no seu elemento, to be in one's element, (speaking of a thing one delights in.)

A caça he o seu elemento, hunting is his element.

ELENA campana. See **ENULA campana**.

ELENCO, *f. m.* the index in a book; also a sophistical argument, an elench.

ELEPHANCIA, *f. f.* elephantiasis, the leprosy, which makes the skin rough like that of the elephant.

ELEPHANTE, *f. m.* an elephant.

Gritar o elephante, to bray as an elephant.

Cavaleiros do Elephante, knights of the Elephant, or of the order of St. Mary; an order of knighthood in Denmark. It was instituted by king Canutus, A. C. 1184.

ELEPHANTINO, *a, adj.* elephantine, or belonging to an elephant.

Mal elephantino. See **ELEPHANCIA**.

ELEVAÇAM, *f. f.* elevation, lifted up; also rise, preferment, advancement.

Elevaçam do polo, (in astronomy) elevation of the pole, which is the height of the pole above the horizon, or the number of degrees the pole is raised above the horizon.

Elevaçam, (in gunnery) elevation, or the angle which the chase of a cannon or mortar, or the axis of the hollow cylinder, makes with the plane of the horizon.

ELEVA'DO, *a, adj.* rapt, rapt up, or ravished; is commonly taken for one in rapture, or besides himself, in divine contemplation; also elevated, lifted up, raised, preferred; also proud. See

ELEVA'R, *v. a.* to raise, to lift up, to elevate; also to ravish, to transport with pleasure.

Elvar, ou arrebatado com admiraçam a alguem, to ravish one with admiration.

Elvar-se, *v. r.* to be rapt up, ravished, or transported.

E L I

ELIACO. See **NACIMENTO**, and **PO'R**.

E L V

ELIA'NOS. See **CARMELITAS**.

ELIMINADO, *a, adj.* See

ELIMINAR, *v. a.* to put, or turn out.

ELIOTAS. } See { **ELIANOS**.

ELISIOS. } See { **ELYSIOS**.

ELIXAÇAM, *f. f.* (in pharmacy) elixation.

ELIXIR, *f. m.* (with alchemists) elixir.

E L L

ELLA, a feminine pronoun, she, or it.

ELLE, masculine pronoun, he, or it.

Elle vai, he goes. See also **EA**.

ELLEBORASTER. See **ELEBORASTER**.

ELLEBORINHA, *f. f.* the herb called wild white hellebore.

ELLEBORO, *f. m.* the herb hellebore, or sneeze-wort.

Elleboro branco, white hellebore.

Elleboro negro, black hellebore, or bears-foot.

ELLI'PSE, (in grammar) ellipsis; it is when some word is wanting to make up the sense; also a figure of rhetoric, by which something is left out; also an ellipsis or oval figure in geometry.

ELLIPTICO, *a, adj.* elliptical.

ELLO. See **ELO**.

E L M

ELMO, *f. m.* an helmet, or casque.

E L O

ELO, *f. m.* the tendril, or young twig, or shoot of a vine, wherewith it takes hold of every thing and climbs up by it. See also **GRILHAM**, and **TESOURINHAS**.

ELOCUAÇAM, *f. f.* elocution, the power of expression, or diction.

ELOENDRO, rose-tree, rose-bay-tree, rose bay, oleander.

ELOGIACO, *a, adj.* that contains praises or elogies.

ELOGIO, *f. m.* an elogy, a commendation, a speech, or verses made in praise of one.

Fazer bom elogio, to aggrandize, to extol, to praise.

ELOQUENCIA, *f. f.* eloquence.

ELOQUENTE, *adj.* eloquent.

ELOQUENTEMENTE, *adv.* eloquently.

E L R

EL-REY, the king.

P. onde não ha el-rey o perde; where nothing is to be had the king must lose his right. We say also, it is very hard to shave an egg.

E L V

ELVAS, a city of Portugal, in the province of Alentejo. It was anciently called Helva, from the Helvi, a people of Gaul. It is a good fortress, and has

E M B

a castle called Santa Luzia. Among the curiosities of this city is a very large cistern into which water is conveyed by means of an aqueduct about a mile long, and so high near the town, that it requires a three-fold row of arches over one another to support it. The Spaniards took the place in 1580, but in 1659 they were defeated in the neighbourhood by the Portuguese. Lat. *Helvia*.

E L U

ELUCIDARIO. See **DILUCIDARIO**.

ELUDI'R, *v. a.* to elude, to shift off, to get clear of any mischief by any artifice; also to shift off or avoid in words.

E L Y

ELYSIOS Campos, the Elysian Fields, feigned by the poets to be the place where the souls of just men lived in pleasure, and free from all sense of pain.

E M

EM, prepos. in, at. See also **PARA**, and **POR**.

Estarei em casa, I shall be at home.

Em quatro annos, in four years.

Em sonho, in a dream.

Em, or Em quanto, while, whilst.

E M A

EMA *f. f.* a sort of ostrich first found in the islands called Moluccas, and particularly in that of Banda.

EMACIADO, *a, adj.* lean, thin, emaciated.

EMALHAR *redes*, *v. a.* to weave or make nets. From *malha*, a mesh.

EMANAÇAM, *f. f.* emanation; it is used by divines to express the proceeding of the Holy Ghost from the Father and the Son. See also **ORIGEM**, and **NASCIMENTO**.

EMANADO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of

EMANA'R, *v. n.* to flow, to proceed from.

Causa que emana, that floweth from, emanative.

EMANCIPAÇAM, *f. f.* emancipation, setting free. See the *v.* **EMANCI- PAR**.

EMANCIPADO, *a, adj.* See

EMANCIPAR, *v. a.* to emancipate, to set at liberty his son, nephew, or any other under his jurisdiction.

Emancipar-se, *v. r.* to take too much liberty; also to get rid, or free one's self from another's jurisdiction.

E M B

EMBABACA'DO, *a, adj.* See

EMBABACA'R, *v. a.* to allure, to deceive, to cajole, (a vulgar word)

EM-

EMB

EMB

EMB

EMBAÇA'DO, *a*, adj. mumped, at a loss, put to a stand, stunned, amazed, astonished. See also

EMBAÇA'R, *v. a.* to strike one hard in the spleen, or some other part, so that he scarce may breath or speak. From *baço*, spleen.

Embar, to make blackish; also to make dull, to sully a looking-glass with the breath.

Embar, to astonish, to amaze, to put to a stand, to stun. (Metaph.)

Embar, (*embar*.) See **ENTUPIR**.

Embar, *v. n.* to grow stunned, or amazed; also to be out of breath.

EMBACELLAR, *v. a.* to plant young vines. From **BACELLO**, which see.

EMBACIA'DO, *a*, adj. (speaking of colours.) See **BAÇO**, *a*, adj.

EMBAIMENTO, *f. m.* a deceit. See also **MENTIRA**.

EMBAINHA'DO, *a*, adj. See

EMBAINHA'R, *v. a.* to sheathe.

Embar, *a espada*, to sheathe, or put up a sword in the scabbard.

Embar, *as unhas*, (speaking of a lion, birds of prey, &c.) to shut the claws.

Embar, (*a'ainbar*.) See **ABAINHAR**.

EMBAI'DO. See **ENGANADO**.

EMBAIDOR. See **ENGANADOR**.

EMBAIR. See **ENGANAR**.

EMBAIXADA. See **EMBAIXADA**.

EMBAIXADOR. See **EMBAIXADOR**.

EMBALANÇA'DO. See **BALANÇADO**.

EMBALANÇA'R. See **BALANÇAR**.

EMBALA'DO, *a*, adj. See

EMBALA'R, *v. a. ex.* **Embar** *hum menino*, to rock a child.

O. or a que embala, a rocker.

EMBALSAMADO, *a*, adj. See

EMBALSAMAR, *v. a.* to embalm, to impregnate a body with aromatics, that may resist putrefaction.

EMBANDEIRA'DO, *a*, adj. See

EMBANDEIRAR, to adorn with flags or colours.

EMBARAÇADAMENTE, *adv.* intricately.

EMBARAÇA'DO, *a*, adj. See

EMBARAÇA'R, *v. a.* to encumber, to entangle, to stop, to hinder.

Embar, *hum negocio*, to perplex, intricate, or confound a business.

Embar, to confound, to put to a nonplus.

Embarçar-se, *v. r.* to be entangled or ensnared with something not easily extricable, as a net, or something adhesive, as briars or thorns.

Embarçar-se, to confound one's self, to be at a stand. (Metaph.)

Embarçar-se em algum negocio, to entangle one's self in a business, to engage in a business.

EMBARAÇO, *f. m.* impediment, clog, hindrance; also confusion, crowd, embarrassment; also stop, crowd in a way or passage.

Embaraço, or *perturbação do animo*, trouble, a being puzzled, perplexity of mind, the being gruelled.

EMBARAÇO'SO, *a*, adj. troublesome, cumbersome, perplexing, puzzling.

EMBARBASCADO, *a*, adj. See

EMBARBASCAR, *v. n.* to stick in the ground as the plough does against a root; also to stumble or trip in walking against the root of a tree, or any other thing, (metaph.)

EMBARCAÇA'M, *f. f.* embarkation, the shipping of men or goods; also any sort of vessel or ship.

EMBARCADO, *a*, adj. See

EMBARCAR, *v. a.* to ship, to embark.

Embarcar-se, *v. r.* to go aboard ship, to embark.

Embarcar-se em algum negocio, to embark in an affair, to engage one's self in it.

Embarcar-se sem biscoito, to go hand over head in an affair, to undertake a thing rashly.

EMBARGA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMRARGAR**.

EMBARGANTE, *p. act.* he that letteth, or withstandeth a matter that it may not go forward; also he that brings in an exception in law. See also

EMBARGA'R, *v. a.* to lay an embargo, to arrest, to stop, to seize, to stay. See also **REPRIMIR**, and **IMPEDIR**.

Isto não embarga, this does not hinder. See also

EMBARGO, *f. m.* an embargo, an arrest, a stop, a stay; also an exception at law.

Sem embargo, nevertheless, notwithstanding.

Por embargo, or **embargar**, to except against a thing, to bring in an exception in law.

Embargo, an objection, a difficulty.

EMBARRANÇADO, *a*, adj. See

EMBARRANÇAR, *v. n.* to doubt, to stop, to be at a stand, to be in the briars.

EMBARRA'DO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of

EMBARRAR, *v. n.* to strike upon, or run against.

Embarrar, *v. a.* to daub with clay. From **barro**, clay.

Embarrar-se, *v. a.* See **METER-SE**.

EMBARRILADO, *a*, adj. See

EMBARRILAR, *v. a.* to put in a barrel.

EMBASBACADO, *a*, adj. foolishly surprised, taken up with trifles, gazing like a fool.

EMBAITE, *f. m.* a beating against a thing.

EMBAIXADA, *f. f.* an embassy, or embassy, a commission which a prince or state gives to a man of parts and skill, to treat with another prince or state about matters of importance.

Mandar embaxada, to send an embassy.

Ir fazer huma embaxada, to go upon an embassy.

Embaxada, a message, or errand.

Fazer huma embaxada, or **dar hum recado**, to deliver one's message.

EMBAXADOR, *f. m.* an ambassador, he that is sent by one sovereign, prince or state to another, either to compliment, or to treat of business.

EMBAXATRIZ, *f. f.* an ambassadress, she that is sent with a commission to treat of affairs, &c. or the ambassador's lady.

EMBEDECER. See **EMBEBER**.

EMBEDIDA'DO, *a*, adj. See

EMBEDIDA'R, *v. a.* to make or get fuddled, to fuddle one.

Embedidar-se, *v. r.* to fuddle one's self, to get fuddled or drunk.

EMBEBER, *v. a.* to imbibe, to suck.

Embeber-se, *v. r.* to imbibe, to suck or drink in, to be imbibed; also to be taken up intirely with a thing, to stand on any thing; also to be wrapt up, or involved totally.

Embeber-se no cuoir algum, to hang on what one speaks.

Setta embebida no arco, an arrow ready to be shot.

EMBELECA'DO, *a*, adj. See

EMBELECA'R, *v. a.* to cheat, to impose upon, to defraud.

EMBELECO, *f. m.* a fraud, a deceit, an imposition; also an oversight.

EMBESPINHA'DO, *a*, adj. See

EMBESPINHA'R-SE, *v. r.* (a vulgar word.) See **AGASTAR-SE**.

EMBETESGA'DO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of

EMBETESGAR, *v. n.* to go into a place that is not a thoroughfare. From **BITESGA**, which see. (It is little used.)

EMBEZERRA'DO, *a*, adj. frowning. (A vulgar word.)

EMBICA'DO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of

EMBICAR, *v. n.* to stumble, to trip in walking; also to slip, to slide into a blunder.

Embicar, (*riparar*.) See **REPARAR**, and **DIFFICULTAR**.

Embicar em alguma coisa sem razão, to seek for a drunken quarrel.

EMBIGO, *f. m.* the navel. From the Latin *umb*.

EMBIOCADO, *a*, adj. See

EMBIOCA'R-SE, *v. r.* is for women to cover and hide their faces.

EMBIRRA'DO, *a*, adj. (a vulgar word) obstinate stubborn.

EMBLEMA, *f. m.* an emblem, an allusive picture.

EMBOBORADO, *a*, adj. See

EMBOBORAR. See **ABOJORAR**.

EMBOCA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMBOCAR**.

EMBOCADURA, *f. f.* the mouth or passage into a place; also that part of the bridle that is in the mouth of a horse, the bit-mouth.

EMBOCA'R, *v. a.* to get into the mouth of a passage.

EMB

Embecar a rua, to enter a street.
Embotar a bala, to lay a bowl into the iron ring at trucks, or into the port at billiards, or the like.
Embecar, to blow upon, in any wind instrument.
Embecar hum passaro, to feed a bird, to give him his bill full.
EMBOÇA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBOÇA'R, *v. a.* (in masonry) to lay on the first plaster or mortar.
EMBOÇO, *f. m.* the first plaster, or parget laid on in a wall; also the act of laying on the first plaster or mortar.
EMBOLDREA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENLODADO**.
EMBOLDREA'R-SE, *v. r.* See **SUTAR-SE**.
EMBOLISMA'L, *adj.* embolismical.
EMBOLISMA, *f. m.* embolism. Greek.
EMBOLSA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBOLSA'R, *v. a.* to put into a purse.
Embolçar-se, *v. r.* See **COBRAR**.
EMBO'LSO, *f. m.* a putting of money in a purse.
EMBONA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBONA'R, *v. a.* to add some planks or timber to the bilge of a ship, in order to enlarge it.
EMBONICA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBONICA'R-SE, *v. r.* is for women to adorn themselves with too much affectedness. From *bonica*, a doll.
EMBO'NO, *f. m.* the act of adding some planks, &c. See **EMBONAR**.
EMBO'QUE, *f. m.* the act of playing the ball at billiards into the port; or the act of laying a bowl into the iron ring at trucks, or the like.
EMBO'RA, *adv.* prosperously, in a good time, auspiciously.
Seja embera como queris, well, let it be as you will.
Muito embera seja assim, well, or never mind, let it be so.
Vaite embera, go away.
Embras. See **PARABENS**.
EMBORCAÇAM. See **EMBROCAÇAM**.
EMBORCA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBORCA'R, *v. a.* to whelm, or to whelve, to turn the open side of a vessel downwards.
EMBORNA'ES, *f. m. p.* the scupper-holes in a ship, which are close to the decks, through the ship's sides, by which the water runs out off the decks.
EMBORRACHA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBORRACHA'R, *v. a.* *Emborrachar-se*, *v. r.* See **EMBEBEDAR**, and **Entebedar-se**.
EMBORRALHA'DO, *a*, adj. covered with ashes.
EMBOSCA'DA, *f. f.* an ambush.
EMBOSCA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBOSCA'R-SE, *v. r.* to go into the wood, in order to lay in ambush.
EMBOTA'DO, *a*, adj. See

EMB

EMBOTA'R, *v. a.* to dull or blunt, to take off the edge.
Vinho embetado. See **BOYADO**.
Embotar o juizo, to dull or blunt the brain, or wit. (Metaph.)
Embotar-se, *v. r.* to be blunted.
EMBRAÇADEIRA, *f. f.* the hold of a shield, or buckler.
EMBRAÇA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMRRAÇA'R, *v. a. ex.* *Embraçar o escudo*, to fix the buckler to the arm, by running the arm through the rings on the inside of it.
EMBRANDECE'R, *v. a.* to make soft; also to loosen.
EMBRANDECI'DO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **EMBRANDECE'R**.
EMBRANQUECE'R, *v. n.* to grow white.
Embranquecer de velho, to be hoary, to have grey hairs; to wax old.
EMBRANQUECI'DO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **EMBRANQUECE'R**.
EMBRAVECE'R, *v. a.* to make fierce or furious, to enrage one.
Embravecer-se, *v. r.* to grow fierce or furious.
EMBRAVECI'DO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **EMBRAVECE'R**.
EMBRECHA'DOS, *f. m. p.* little stones, pebbles, or shells, for a grotto.
EMBRENHA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBRENHA'R-SE, *v. r.* to hide, or thrust one's self into the briars and rocks.
EMBRIAGADO. See **EMBEBEDA'DO**.
EMBRIAGAR. See **EMBEBEDAR**.
EMBRIAGUEZ. See **BEBEDICE**.
EMBRIA'M, *f. m.* the embryo, or embryo, the child before it is formed in the womb; also any abortive conception of the mind, the state of any thing yet unfinished, (metaph.)
EMBRIDA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBRIDA'R, *v. n. or.* *Embridar-se*, *v. r.* is for a horse to go with the head lifted up when bridled; also to be in a huff, thrusting at the same time the chin into the neck; we say, (speaking of women) to bridle it.
EMBROCAÇAM, *f. f.* (in medicine) embrocation, a kind of fomentation, wherein the fomenting liquor is let distil from aloft, drop by drop, very slowly, upon the part, or body to be fomented. Greek.
EMBRULHA'DA, *f. f.* See **CONFUSAM**, and **DISCORDIA**.
EMBRULHA'DO, *a*, adj. wrapped up, involved.
Embrulhado, (*embarçado*.) See **EMBARAÇADO**.
Ter o estomago embrulhado, to be ready to vomit. See also the *v.* **EMBRULHAR**.
EMBRULHADO'R, *f. m.* a trisler, a toyer, a baffle, a cheat, a disturber, a perturbation.
EMBRULHAMENTO, *f. m. ex.* *Embrulhamento do estomago*, a qualm, or list to vomit.

EME

EMBRULHA'R, *v. a.* to intricate, to perplex or confound; also to wrap up.
Embrulhar o estomago a algum, to make one ready to vomit. See also **ENFADAR**.
Embrulhar-se, *v. r.* to be perplexed or confounded.
Embrulhar-se no seu capote, to throw one's cloak about one's shoulders.
Embrulhar-se no discurso, to be at a stand, not to know what to say.
Embrulhar-se fallando, not to pronounce distinctly.
Embrulhar-se o estomago, to be ready to vomit; also to be mightily displeased at a thing. (Metaph.)
EMBRUSCA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBRUSCA'R-SE, *v. r.* to grow dark, or cloudy.
EMBRUTECE'R, *v. a.* to make one brutish.
EMBRUTECI'DO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **EMBRUTECE'R**.
EMBRUXA'DO, *a*, adj. See
EMBRUXA'R, *v. a.* See **ENFETIÇAR**.
EMBUÇA'DO, *a*, adj. muffled up.
Embuçado, wrapped up.
Manhaa embuçada, cloudy morning.
Embuçado, (*finjado*.) See **FINGIDO**, and **DISSIMULADO**. See also
EMBUÇA'R-SE, *v. r.* to muffle one's self up.
Embuçar-se na capa, to wrap up one's self in one's cloak.
A açam de embuçar-se, muffling up.
Embuçar-se. See **DISFARÇAR-SE**.
EMBUCHA'DO, *a*, adj. See **FARTO**.
Embuchado de huma coisa que enfada, tired with a thing. See also
EMBUCHA'R. See **FARTAR**.
EMBUÇO, *f. m.* any thing with which a man muffles up himself. See also **DISSIMULAÇAM**, **DISFARCE**, and **ENGANO**.
EMBU'DE, *f. m.* See **FUNIL**.
EMBURRICADO, *a*, adj. See
EMBURRICAR, *v. a.* to make an ass of one. From *burro*, an ass.
EMBURULHADA. See **EMBRULHADA**.
EMBURULHADO, &c. See **EMBRULHADO**, &c.
EMBU'STE, *f. m.* a fly lie, a cheat, an imposition, a falsehood.
EMBUSTEIRA, *f. f.* or **EMBUSTEIRO**, *f. m.* a lying prating person, a cheating gossip; also an hypocrite.
EMBUTIDO, *a*, adj. See **EMBUTIR**.
Obra de embutidos, inlaid work.
EMBUTIDO'R, *f. m.* an inlayer.
EMBUTIR, *v. a.* to inlay wood or stone.
Embutir, ou Embotar o juizo. See **EMBOTA'R**.

EME

EMENDA, *f. f.* amendment, reformation; also correction, punishment.
Emenda,

EMM

Emenda, that which is substituted in the place of any thing wrong; also an honourable amend.
EMENDA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMENDAR**.
EMENDADO'R, *f. m.* a corrector, or amender.
EMENDADO'RA, *f. f.* she that corrects or amends.
EMENDAR, *v. a.* to correct, to amend, to improve, to better, to mend, to reform, to help. See also **CASTIGAR**.
He conta que não podemos emendar, it is a thing we cannot help.
Emendar, (in physic) to correct, or to obviate the qualities of one ingredient with another.
Emendar-se, *v. r.* to amend, to grow better, to be reformed.
EMENDA'VEL, adj. amendable, that may be amended.
EMENTA. See **EMMENTA**.
EMERGENTE, adj. emergent; proceeding, or issuing from any thing.
EMERITO, *a*, adj. deserving, worthy of esteem.
EMERSA'M, *f. f.* the act of emerging out of the water.
Emergem, (in astronomy) emerſion, the time when a star, having been obscured by its too near approach to the sun, appears again.
EMETICO, *a*, adj. emetic, emetical, having the quality of provoking vomit.

EMF

EMFASI. See **EMPHASIS**.
EMFATIO'TA. See **EMPHYTEUTATA**.

EMH

EMHASTA'DO. See **ENHASTADO**.

EMI

EMINA. See **HEMINA**.
EMINENCIA, *f. f.* eminency or eminence, a high place; also the title given to a cardinal. See also **EXCELLENCIA**, **SUPERIORIDADE**.
EMINENTE, adj. eminent, lofty, high placed, remarkable. See also **IMMINENTE**.
Eminente, (excellents.) See **EXCELLENTE**.
EMINENTEMENTE, adv. eminently, excellently.
EMI'R, *f. m.* emir, a title of dignity or quality among the Saracens and Turks. It answers to our word commander. From *amar*, Arab. to command.
EMISFERIO. See **HEMISPHERIO**.
EMITRITEO. See **HEMITRITEO**.

EMM

EMMADEIRA'DO. See **MADEIRADO**.
EMMADEIRAMENTO, &c. See **MADEIRAMENTO**.

EMP

EMMADEIXA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMMADEIXAR**, *v. a.* to make skeins of thread, silk, &c. From *madeixa*, a skein of thread, silk, &c.
EMMAGRECER, *v. a.* to make lean, to emaciate.
Emmagrecer-se, *v. r.* to grow lean.
EMMAGRECIDO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **EMMAGRECER**.
EMMANQUECER, *v. n.* to grow lame.
EMMARANHADO. See **EMBARACADO**.
EMMARANHAR. See **EMBARACAR**.
EMMARA'R, *v. n.* (a sea term) to go far off from the land.
EMMASCARADO. See **MASCARADO**.
EMMASCARAR-SE. See **MASCARAR-SE**.
EMMASSA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMMASSA'R**, *v. a.* to bundle, to tie in a bundle.
EMMASSAR, or **AMASSAR** *as cartas*. See **AMASSAR**.
EMMASTE'A'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMMASTE'A'R**, *v. a.* to fit a ship, or vessel with masts.
EMMEDA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMMEDA'R**, *v. a.* to pile, or to make up corn, hay, &c. into ricks.
EMMENINECER, *v. n.* to grow a child again; also to wax young.
EMMENTA, *f. f.* a sort of memorandum book. (An antiquated word.)
EMMENTES, adv. whilst.
EMMOLDADO. See **MOLDADO**.
EMMOLDAR. See **MOLDAR**.
EMMOSTOA'DO, *a*, adj. wet, or moist with must.
EMMOUQUECER. See **ENSURDECER**.
EMMOUQUECIDO. See **ENSURDECIDO**.
EMMUDECER, *v. n.* to lose the faculty of speaking; also to be silent.
EMMUDECER, *v. a.* to silence, to still, to oblige to hold peace.
EMMUDECIDO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **EMMUDECER**.
EMMURCHECER. See **MURCHAR**.

EMO

EMOLLI'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMOLLIR**.
EMOLLIENTE, (among physicians) emollient, making soft.
EMOLLI'R, *v. a.* (among physicians.) See **MOLLIFICAR**, and **EMBRANDECER**.
EMOLUMENTO, *f. m.* emolument, advantage, profit.
Cousa de que se tira emolumento, emolumental, profitable.

EMP

EMPA, *f. f.* the staking, propping, or underſetting of vines.
EMPACHA'DO, *a*, adj. hindred, ob-

EMP

ſtruded; also surſeited. See the *v.* **EMPACHAR**.
EMPACHAMENTO, *f. m. ex.* *Empachamento do estomago*, surſeit, sickness, or satiety, caused by overfulness, cloyment.
Doente por causa de empachamento do estomago, crop-sick.
EMPACHA'R, *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct.
Empachar o estomago, to surſeit, to feed with meat or drink to satiety and sickness, to cram overmuch, to cloy with eating.
O que empacha o estomago com comer, &c. a surſeit.
Empachar-se, *v. r.* to be oppressed with grief, fear, &c. to despond.
EMPA'CHO, *f. m.* See **OBSTACULO**, and **EMBARAÇO**.
Empacho do estomago. See **EMPACHAMENTO**.
Agua que cura os empachos do estomago, surſeit-water.
Empacho, (*pejo*.) See **PEJO**.
EMPA'DA, *f. f.* a sort of pie.
EMPA'DO, *a*, adj. that is propped, stayed, or underſet with ſtaks. See also **SUSTENTADO**, and **ARRIMADO**. (Metaph.)
EMPALADO, *a*, adj. See **EMPALAR**, *v. a.* to impale, a kind of punishment used in Turkey, which consists in driving a ſtake through a man, from the fundament to the head.
EMPALAMA'DO, or **EMPALEMA'DO**, *a*, adj. covered over with sores, or ulcers.
EMPALHEIRA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMPALHEIRAR**, *v. a.* to put the straw into the barn.
EMPALLIDECE'R, *v. n.* to grow pale.
EMPALLIDECIDO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **EMPALLIDECE'R**.
EMPANA'DA, *f. f.* (a Spanish word.) See **EMPADA**.
Empanada de janelas, ſash-window, made of linen or paper, to keep the sun, &c. from the room.
EMPANADI'LHA, *f. f.* a little pie; diminut. of **EMPANADA**. (Spanish.)
EMPANA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMPANAR**, *v. a.* to make dull, to dull, (speaking of a looking-glass, &c.) that is doted with one's breath. From *panno*, cloth, because it looks as if a cloth were over it.
EMPANTANA'DO, *a*, adj. boggy or bogged.
EMPANTUFA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMPANTUFAR-SE**, *v. r.* to put on one's pantofles. From **PANTUFO**, which see.
EMPANTURRA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMPANTURRAR-SE**, *v. r.* to eat one's belly full; also to grow proud.
EMPAPA'DO, *a*, adj. See **EMPAPAR**, *v. a.* to soak, to steep. From *papa*, pap; because soaking makes things soft.
EMPAPELADO, *a*, adj. See **EMPA-**

EMP

EMPAPELA'R, v. a. to wrap, to put up in paper. From *papel*, paper.
EMPA'R, v. a. (in agriculture) ex. *Empar a vinha*, to stay, or to prop a vine.
Cana vara, &c. com que se empa a vinha, a vine-prop.
A açam de empar as vinhas, staking, propping, or undersetting of vines.
EMPARAMENTA'DO. See **PARA-MENTA'DO**.
EMPARAMENTA'R. See **PARA-MENTA'R**.
EMPARA'DO. See **AMPARADO**.
EMPARAR. See **AMPARAR**.
EMPAREDA'DO. See **EMPAREDA'R**, v. a. to shut up betwixt walls. From *pareda*, a wall.
Emparedar-se, v. r. to shut one's self up in a room, or betwixt walls.
EMPARELHA'DO, a, adj. abreast, side by side. See also the v.
EMPARELHA'R, v. a. to match, to set one thing by another, to make them alike. From the Latin *par*, equal.
Emparelhar, v. n. ex. *Emparelhar, eu andar emparelhado com alguém no jogo*, to go half with one in playing.
Emparelhar com alguém, to match or to be equal to one.
EMPARO. See **AMPARO**.
EMPARVOECER, v. n. to rave, to become light-headed.
EMPARVOECI'DO, a, adj. See the v. **EMPARVOECER**.
EMPASCOA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
EMPASCOAR, v. n. to keep Easter.
EMPASTADO, a, adj. (in painting) pasted.
EMPATA, f. f. (a word used in *Cafreia*) a sort of confiscation, or forfeiture.
EMPATADO, a, adj. See
EMPATAR, v. a. See **SUSPENDER**.
EMPATARAM os votos, or *os votos ficaram empatados*, their yeas and noes were equal, (speaking of the votes or opinions concerning a matter in debate)
EMPATAR as vasas, is for a player to get as many tricks as the other.
EMPAVEZA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPAVEZA'R, v. a. (a sea-term) to make ready the ship for fight, by putting the nettings on a side of a ship or galley stuffed with beds, or the like, to defend men against the small shot.
EMPEÇA'DO, a, adj. See **EMBARAÇADO**, and the v.
EMPEÇAR, v. a. See **EMBICAR**.
Empesar, (começar) See **COMEÇAR**.
EMPECER, v. a. to hurt.
EMPECI'DO, a, adj. hurted.
EMPECILHO, f. m. any lett, or impediment.
EMPEÇONHENTA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPEÇONHENTA'R, v. a. to poison. From *peçonha*, poison.

EMP

EMPEDERNI'DO, a, adj. See
EMPEDERNI'R-SE, v. r. to petrify, to grow stony, or hard hearted.
EMPEDIMENTO. See **IMPEDIMENTO**.
EMPEDRA'DO, a, adj. See **EMPEDRAR**.
EMPEDRADU'RA, f. f. a disorder in a horse's hoof.
EMPEDRA'R, v. a. to pave. From *pedra*, a stone.
EMPEGADO. See **EMMARADO**.
EMPEGA'R-SE. See **EMMARAR**.
EMPEIORA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPEIORAR, or **EMPEYORAR**, v. a. to make worse. From *peor*, worse.
Empeiorar-se, v. r. to grow worse.
EMPELLICA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Elle nasceo empellicado*, he was wrapt up in his mother's smock; he is born to a good fortune.
Empellicado, (in *Ásia*) violated, injured by irreverence.
EMPENA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPENAR, v. n. is for a board to bend, or warp.
EMPENHA'DO, a, adj. (*endividado*) See **ENDIVIDADO**, and the v. **EMPENHAR**.
Empenbado, (hypothecado) See **HYPOTHECADO**, and
EMPENHAR, v. a. to lay, to gage, to pawn a thing; also to engage, persuade, to draw in, to get, or to make interest with one.
Empenhar a sua palavra, to engage one's word.
Empenhar, eu meter empenhos para alcançar algum posse, to put in, sue, canvass, or stand for an office, to seek for preferment, to make an interest for a place, to court it. French, *Briguer une charge*.
Empenhar-se, v. r. to engage, to promise to take upon one's self, to pass one's word; also to run in, or into debt.
Empenhar-se em algum perigo, to run one's self into a danger.
Empenhar-se por algum, to protect one, to take one under one's protection, to put in for one, in order to get a place or preferment for him.
Empenhar-se, to have a great desire, or passion.
Empenhar-se contra alguém, to oppose one, to be against him.
EMPENHO, f. m. a pawning; also engagement, promise, obligation.
Empenho, undertaking, attempt, enterprise.
Empenho para alcançar hum posse, a canvassing, an earnest suing, soliciting and making interest for a place, an intrigue to get a dignity.
Empenho, assiduity, diligence, closeness of application, an earnest endeavour after any thing.
Com empenho, earnestly, vehemently.
EMPENHOS. See **AMORES**.
EMPENNADO, adj. feathered, &c. See

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EMPENNA'R, v. n. to begin to have feathers, to be fledged.
Empennar, v. a. to feather, to fit with feathers.
Empennar huma setta, to put feathers to an arrow, to feather it.
EMPEORA'DO. See **EMPEIORA'DO**.
EMPEORA'R. See **EMPERIORAR**.
EMPEPINA'DO, a, adj. See **EMPERTIGADO**.
EMPEQUETA'DO, a, adj. (in heraldry) chequered, or chequer-wise.
EMPERADOR, f. m. an emperor.
EMPERATRIZ, f. f. an empress.
EMPERRA'DO. See **OBSTINA'DO**.
EMPERRA'R. See **OBSTINAR-SE**.
EMPERTIGA'DO, a, adj. that holds up his head, and thrusts the chin into the neck. It is said of one that takes much state upon him, and moves as if he had a pole in his body. From the Lat. *pertica*, a pole.
Andar empertigado, is for a woman to bridle, or thrust the chin into the neck.
EMPESTA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPESTAR, v. a. to infect, or corrupt.
EMPEYORADO. See **EMPEIORA'DO**.
EMPEYORAR. See **EMPEIORAR**.
EMPEZA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPEZAR, v. a. to preserve from corruption, or infection.
EMPHASIS, **EMFASI**, or **EMPHASE**, f. m. an emphasis, a strong or vigorous pronunciation of a word; also earnestness, or an express signification of one's intention. Greek.
EMPHATICAMENTE, adv. emphatically.
EMPHATICO, a, adj. emphatical, emphatic.
EMPHYTEOSIS, f. m. the renting of land upon condition to improve it. Greek.
EMPHYTEUTA, f. m. he who rents a land upon condition to improve it.
EMPICILHO. See **EMPECILHO**.
EMPIEMA. See **EMPIEMA**.
EMPIGEM, f. f. a ring-worm, a tetter.
Empigem farinbenta, a morphew.
Empigem, que começa na barba e se estende por todo o rosto, a foul tetter, or scab on the chin, causing the hair to fall off.
EMPILHADO, a, adj. See
EMPILHA'R, v. a. to heap up, to pile.
EMPINA'DO, raised, lifted up; also craggy, steep, hard, or dangerous to climb, or get up. See the v. **EMPINAR**.
Sol empinado, is for the sun to come to the meridian. See **MEFO-dia**.
EMPINAR, v. n. or *Empinar-se*, v. r. to prance, to stand, or rise upon his two hind feet, as a horse does. From *pinheiro*, a pine-tree, which is tall.
A açam de empinar-se hum cavallo, pont-levis, a peśade.

EMP

Fazer empinar o cavallo, to rear up a horse.
Empinar, v. a. See *LEVANTAR*.
Empinar bum cepo, to lift up the glass, to drink the whole glass, to see the bottom of it.
Empinar bum fino, to raise a bell, so that the mouth is up-right.
EMPIREO. See **EMPIREO**.
EMPIRICO, a, adj. empirical, belonging to a quack. Greek.
Experiencia empirica, empiricy, skill in physic, gotten by mere practice.
Profissam, ou practica empirica, empiricism, the profession, or practice of a quack, or empiric.
Empirico, f. m. empiric, a physician by bare practice, a mountebank, or quack.
EMPISCA'DO, p. of.
EMPISCA'R, v. a. as, *empiscar o olho*, to wink, or make signs with the eyes. Lat. *micare*.
EMPLASTICO, a, adj. (in pharmacy) ex. *Medicamentos emplasticos*, emplastics, or medicines which constrict or shut up the pores of the body.
EMPLASTO, **EMPRASTO**, or **EMPLASTRO**, f. m. a plaster. Greek.
Emplasto, ou panno com unguento que se applica na cabeça, &c. a piece of cloth covered with salve, a plaster laid to the head, &c.
EMPLUMADO, or **EMPRUMADO**, a, adj. feathered, adorned with feathers.
EMPOADO, a, adj. full of dust, dusted, dusty. See
EMPOAR, v. a. to dust, to cast dust upon.
EMPOBRECE R, v. n. to grow poor.
Empobrecer, v. a. to beggar, to impoverish, or make poor.
EMPOBRECIDO, a, adj. See **EMPOBRECE R**.
EMPOÇADO, a, adj. ex. *Estar empoçado em lama*, to stick in the mire.
EMPOFIA, f. f. (a word used in Cafreria.) See **TRAPAÇA**, and **DEMANDA**.
EMPOFO, or **EMPOPHO**, f. m. a sort of beast in Cafreria like a horse.
EMPOLA, f. f. a bubble of water when it rains, or the pot-boils.
Fervar empolas, to bubble. (Speaking of water and other liquids.)
Empola, blister, or rising of the skin.
Empola, (in India) See **POMAR**.
EMPOLADO, a, adj. swollen; puffed up, that has blisters, or risings in the skin.
Estylempelado, a high flown style, a high strain, bombast. See also
EMPOLAR, v. n. to bubble. See also **ENRIQUECER**.
Empalar-se, v. r. to swell, to rage and storm, as the sea does.
EMPOLEIRA DO, a, adj. See
EMPOLEIRA R-SE, v. r. to perch, to sit or roost upon a perch, stick, or twig of a tree, as birds do. From *poleiro*, a hen-roost.
EMPOLGADEIRA, f. f. the notch in the horn or end of the bow.

EMP

EMPOLGA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPOLGA'R, v. a. See **AFERRAR** and **ATRACAR**.
EMPOLVARIZA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPOLVARIZA'R-SE, v. r. to grow dusty, to cover one's self with dust.
EMPOPHO. See **EMPOFO**.
EMPORETICO, a, adj. emporetic, or emporitical, of, or pertaining to markets, fairs, or merchandize. *Carta emperetica*, the paper used by merchants to wrap up stuffs, &c.
EMPORIO, f. m. emporium, a market-town.
EMPOSSADO. See **APODERADO**.
EMPOSSAR-SE. See **APODERAR-SE**.
EMPOSTA, f. f. that part of a pillar in vaults, and arches, on which the weight of the whole building lies; also any thing that is interposed, or put between two others.
Emposta de terra, a hill, a rising ground.
EMPOTRA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPOTRA'R, v. n. (among farriers) to grow hard.
EMPRASTA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPRASTA'R, v. a. to lay a plaster to a sore, &c.
EMPRAZA'DO, a, adj. See **EMPRAZAR**.
EMPRAZAMENTO, f. m. a summons, or warning to appear before the judges on an appointed day.
EMPRAZAR, v. a. to summon, to appear, to cite.
Emprazar, or fazer bum prazo. See **PRAZO**.
Emprazar a casa. See **BATER mato**.
EMPREGA'DO, a, adj. employed. See also the v. **EMPREGAR**.
Bem empregado, well done, he deserved it.
EMPREGA'R, v. a. to employ, to bestow, to use, or make use of; also to lay out, to spend. See also **CASAR**.
Empregar a vista, em alguma cousa, to fix one's eyes upon a thing.
Empregar o tempo, to spend one's time.
Empregar mal, to misuse, to make an ill use of.
Empregar bem, to make a right use of.
Empregar em alguém a furia, to vent one's fury upon one.
Empregar dinheiro, to lay out money.
Empregar bem bum tiro, dardo, &c. to take one's aim well.
Empregar o tempo no estudo, to bestow one's time upon books.
Empregar-se, v. r. to apply one's self, to bestow one's self. See also **OCUPAR-SE**, and **APPLICAR-SE**.
EMPREGO, f. m. a purchase.
Fazer bum emprego, to purchase.
Emprego amoroso. See **AMORES**.
Fazer emprego, in hit, or strike the aim.
Fazer emprego na fama, to get renown and reputation.
Emprego, the act of taking one's aim well, or hitting the aim.
Emprego. See **OCCUPAÇAM**, **OFFICIO**, **CARGO**.

EMP

EMPREITA, f. f. (among mat-makers) a long strip made of *esparto*. See **ESPARTO**.
Empreita de pão. See **CHINCHO**.
EMPREITA'DA, f. f. the act of undertaking a work by the great.
Tomar de empreitada, to undertake a work by the great; also to haunt, to frequent, to be much about any place, or person. (Metaph.)
Dar de empreitada, to set out a thing by the great.
EMPREITEIRO, f. m. an undertaker of work by the great.
EMPRENDER, v. a. to undertake, to enterprize, to attempt.
Emprender luma praça, to besiege, to lay siege to a town, or fortress.
EMPRENDI'DO, a, adj. See **EMPRENDER**.
EMPRENHAÇAM, (in chemistry) impregnation.
EMPRENHA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPRENHA'R, v. a. to get with child, to impregnate.
Empreñar, (falleando dos animas) to fill with young.
Empreñar, v. n. to be get with child, to conceive.
Empreñar, (in chemistry) to impregnate, or imbibe.
EMPRENHIDA'M, f. f. impregnation; also the state of being with child.
EMPRESA. See **IMPRESA**.
EMPRESA'DO. See **IMPRESA'DO**.
EMPRESA, or **EMPREZA**, f. f. an enterprize, an undertaking; also an emblem, a device.
Tomar por empresa alguma cousa, to undertake a thing.
EMPRESTA'DO, a, adj. lent.
Tomar emprestado, to borrow.
EMPRESTA'R, v. a. to lend.
P. quem empresta, não cobra, e se cobra, não todo, se todo não tal, e se tal, inimigo mortal, he that lends is not paid, if paid not all; if all, he gets a mortal enemy, meaning of him he lent to.
EMPRESTIMO, the act of lending or borrowing.
Estar em alguma parte por emprestimo, to be in a place for a little while.
EMPREZA. See **EMPRESA**.
EMPRI DO, a, adj. See
EMPRI R, v. a. (an antiquated word) See **ENCHER**.
EMPROA DO, a, adj. See
EMPROA R, (a sea term) to steer right forward, to turn the prow strait to another ship, or place.
EMPROVISO. See **IMPROVISO**.
EMPRUMA'DO. See **EMPLUMA'DO**.
EMPULGUEIRA. See **EMPOLGADEIRA**.
EMPULHA'DO, a, adj. See
EMPULHA R, v. a. to rally, jeer, or banter.
EMPUNHA'DO, a, adj. See **EMPUNHAR**.
EMPUNHADURA, f. f. a hilt, a haft, or handle.

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EMPUNHA'R, v. a. to grasp in a fist.
From *punho* the fist.
Empunhar a espada, to lay hold of the sword, as ready to draw it.
EMPURRAÇA'M, f. f. trouble, importunity.
EMPURRA'DO, a, adj. See **EMPURRAR**.
EMPURRA'M, f. m. a thrusting, pushing, or driving out.
EMPURRAR, v. a. to thrust, to push; also to thrust upon one, whether he will or no.
Empurrar para diante, to thrust forward.
Empurrar para fora, to put away, thrust, or drive out.
EMPUXA'DO, a, adj. See **EMPURRADO**.
EMPUXAM. See **EMPURRAM**.
EMPUXAR. See **EMPURRAR**.
EMPYEMA, f. m. empyema, or a collection of purulent matter in the cavity of the thorax.
EMPIEMÁTICO, f. m. one that is afflicted with an empyema.
EMPYREO, f. m. the empyrean, the highest heaven in which is the throne of God, the residence of angels, and glorified spirits.
Cosia do empyreo, empyreal, or empyrean.

EMS

EMSOÇO. See **ENSOSSO**.

EMU

EMULAÇA'M, f. f. emulation, envy, vying with another.
EMULA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
EMULA'R, v. a. to emulate, or to rival.
EMULGENTE, adj. (in anatomy) emulgent.
EMULO, a, adj. emulous rivalling, vying with.
Emulo, f. m. a competitor, a rival, an emulator, one that vies with another; also an imitator.
EMULSA'M, f. f. (among physicians) an emulsion, a physical drink made of the kernels of some seeds infused in a convenient liquor.
EMUNCTORIOS, or **EMUNTORIOS**, (among surgeons) emunctories.

ENA

ENAGENAÇA'M, f. f. See **ALIENACAM** and **DELIRIO**. From the Spanish *Enagénation*, alienation.
ENALLAGE, f. f. (in grammar) enallage.
ENAMORA'DO. See **NAMORADO**.
ENAMORAR-SE, &c. See **NAMORAR-SE**, &c.
ENAM. See **ANAM**.
ENARMÔNICO, a, adj. (in music) enharmonical, or enharmonic, the last of the three sorts of music.
ENASTA'DO. See **ENHASTADO**.

ENC

ENCABEÇA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCABEÇAR**.

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ENCABEÇAMENTO, f. m. a registering, or recording.
ENCABEÇA'R, v. a. See **REGISTAR** and **MATRICULAR**.
Encabeçar bum morgado, is for a man that has several properties to constitute one the chiefest of all for being the best. See **MORGADO**.
Encabeçar bum morgado em alguém, to give the title and privilege of *morgado* to one. See **MORGADO**.
Encabeçar botas, to make the feet for a pair of boots.
ENCABELLA'DO, a, adj. (a vulgar word) ex. *Mal encabellado*, that has an ill temper.
ENCABRESTA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCABRESTAR**.
ENCABRESTADURA, f. f. (among farriers) a cut, or cutting.
ENCABRESTA'R, v. a. to halter a beast. From *cabresto*, a halter.
ENCADEA'DO, a, adj. linked, chained; also coherent, connected, joined in a just series of thought or regular construction of language. See **ENCADEA'R**.
Encadeado, f. m. ex. *Encadeado de bum discurso*, the coherence, or texture of a discourse.
ENCADEAMENTO, f. m. See **ENCADEADO**.
ENCADEA'R, v. a. to chain, to link. From *cadea*, a chain.
Encadear, to connect, to join in a just series of thought, to connect the several parts of an ingenious composition, to make them hang together, so that one part follows another regularly and naturally; or in such a manner that one part does not contradict or destroy the other.
Balas encadeadas, chain-shot.
Encadear bum discurso, to connect the parts of a discourse, to make them coherent.
ENCADEIRADO. See **ENTRONIZADO**.
ENCADEIRAR. See **ENTRONIZAR**.
ENCADERNAÇA'M, f. f. a binding of books.
ENCADERNA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCADERNAR**.
ENCADERNADO'R, f. m. a book-binder.
ENCADERNA'R, v. a. to bind up books.
ENCAFURNA'DO, a, adj. shut up in a cave or den.
ENCAIXADO. See **ENCAIXADO**.
ENCAIXAR, &c. See **ENCAIXAR**, &c.
ENCALAMOUÇA'DO. See **ENGANADO**, and **INTRODUZIDO**.
ENCALAMOUÇA'R. See **ENGANAR**, and **INTRODUZIR**.
ENCALDEIRA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCALDEIRA'R**, v. a. (in agriculture) to dig the ground round the trees that the water that falls in, may go to the roots of them.
ENCALHA'DO, a, adj. See

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ENCALHA'R, v. n. to flick, to clear to, to be at a stand.
Encalhar, to run a-ground.
Encalhar, v. n. to run a ship a-ground, to strand a ship.
ENCALHO, f. m. the place where a ship runs a-ground.
ENCALMADIÇO, a, adj. See **ENCALMA'DO**, a, adj. See **ENCALMA'R**, v. n. to be in a great heat, to grow very hot.
ENCAMARA'DO. See **PEDREIRO**.
ENCAMBULHA'DO, a, adj. (a vulgar word) entangled.
ENCA'ME, f. m. the lair, or couch of a boar.
ENCAMERA'DO, a, adj. (speaking of guns) that has a small breech.
ENCAMIÇADO. See **ENCAMISADO**.
ENCAMIÇAR. See **ENCAMISAR**.
ENCAMINHA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCAMINHA'R**, v. a. to direct, to put into the way.
Encaminhar bum negocio, to set a business forward.
Encaminhar-se, v. r. See **DIRIGIR-SE**.
ENCAMISA'DA, f. f. (a military word) camifade, a setting upon, or surprizing an enemy by night, or an attack made by soldiers with their shirts over their apparel and arms. From *camisa*, a shirt.
ENCAMISA'DO, a, adj. covered with a shirt, or some other thing like it; also hooded. (Speaking of a hawk.)
ENCAMPAÇA'M, f. f. the act of making void an agreement, or lease.
ENCAMPA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCAMPAR**.
ENCAMPANA'DO, a, adj. (in gunnery) made like a bell.
ENCAMPAR, v. a. to rescind; to make void an agreement, or lease. See also **ENGANAR**.
ENCANA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCANA'R**, v. n. ex. *Encanar o trigo*, is for the stalk of corn to grow up. From *cana do trigo*, a stalk of corn.
Encanar huma columna, to channel, to flute a column.
Encanar agoas, to make a conduit, or pipe for conveyance of waters that overflow a country, to convey or conduct water by a canal.
ENCANASTRA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCANASTRA'R**, v. a. to put into a large basket. From *canastra*, which see.
ENCANCERA'DO, a, adj. See **CANCEROSO**.
ENCANDEA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCANDEA'R**, v. a. to dazzle the eyes.
Encandear-se, v. r. to be dazzled, to wax blind.
ENCANDILA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCANDILAR-SE**, v. r. to candy, to crust, as sugar-candy.
ENCANEÇER, v. n. to grow grey-headed. From *caas*, grey hairs.
ENCANECI'DO, p. of the preterperfect tense of **ENCANEÇER**, which see.

Encantado, worn out, decayed. (Metaph.)
ENCANGALHA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCANGALHA'R-SE**, *v. r.* to be tied. (Speaking of a dog after having lined a bitch.)
ENCANGADO. See **CANGADO**.
ENCANGAR. See **CANGAR**.
ENCANHAS, (in cant) the stockings.
ENCANHO. See **EMBARAÇO**.
ENCANIÇA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCANIÇAR**, *v. a.* to hem in with canes, or reeds.
ENCANTA'DO, *a*, adj. enchanted.
Casa encantada, a house where all the people keep close, and things are kept private, as if they were enchanted.
Palácio encantado, a palace haunted with spirits.
Homem encantado, a man that lives retired from the world, who converses with no body.
ENCANTADOR, *f. m.* an enchanter.
ENCANTADORA, *f. f.* an enchantress, witch, or sorceress.
ENCANTAMENTO, *f. m.* enchantment.
Desfazer, ou quebrar hum encantamento. See **DESENCANTAR**.
ENCANTAR, *v. a.* to enchant, to charm, or bewitch; also to delight, to ravish, or transport with pleasure; also to froth up.
ENCANTEIRA'R, *v. a.* to put barrels or pipes of wine, &c. upon the horses or stands.
ENCANTINA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCANTINA'R**, *v. a.* to cast an ivory ball in at a window without throwing it into the hazard. (At billiards.)
ENCANTO, *f. m.* See **ENCANTAMENTO**.
Encanto, wonder, admiration, surprise; also a perfect beauty.
ENCANTOADO, *a*, adj. thrust into a corner, forsaken, solitary, obscure. See
ENCANTOAR-SE, to keep one's self up close, to live private. See **ACANTOAR-SE**.
ENCANUTA'DO, *a*, adj. (among farriers) like a reed or pipe, in the form of a *canudo*. See **CANUDO**.
ENCAPELLA'DO, *a*, adj. swollen (Speaking of the sea.)
Encapellado, (among sailors). See **AMONTOADO**. See also
ENCAPELLAR, *v. n.* or **ENCAPELLAR-SE**, *v. r.* to swell. (Speaking of the sea)
Encapellar, *v. a.* as *encapellar o mar*, to swell the sea.
Encapellar, (a sea term) to rig a ship.
ENCAPOTADO, *p.* of the preterperfect of
ENCAPOTAR-SE, *v. r.* (in horsemanship) is for a horse to bore.
ENCAPRICHA'R, *ou fazer capricho de alguma coisa*. See **CAPRICHOS**.
ENCARA'DO, *a*, adj. *ex. Homem bem encarado*, a man that has a good countenance.
Homem mal encarado, a man that has an

ill face. From *cara*, a face. See also **ENCARAR**.
ENCARAMELA'DO. See **REGELADO**.
ENCARAMONA'DO, (a jocose word) See **MELANCOLICO**, and **TRISTONHO**.
ENCARAPINHA'DO *servete*, a sort of *servete*. See **SORVETE**.
ENCARAPITA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCARAPITAR-SE**, *v. r.* to perch on the top of a tree, rock, &c.
ENCARAR, *v. n.* to look to one's face.
Encarar, *v. a. ex. Encarar a Springfield* to present a gun, to take aim. From *cara* the face.
ENCARSIA. See **ENXARCIA**.
ENCARCERA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCARCERAR**, *v. a.* to imprison, to incarcerate, to confine. From *carcere*, a prison.
ENCARECEDOR, *f. m.* one that exaggerates, and magnifies above measure.
ENCARECE'R, *v. a.* to exaggerate, to amplify, to enlarge in words.
Encarecer, *v. n.* to rise, to grow dearer.
ENCARECIDAMENTE, *adv.* earnestly, pressingly.
ENCARECIDO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **ENCARECER**.
Encarecido, *f. m.* See **ENCARECEDOR**.
ENCARECIMENTO, *f. m.* exaggeration.
Com encarecimento. See **ENCARECIDAMENTE**.
ENCARETA'DO. See **MASCARADO**.
ENCARGO, *f. m.* charge, care, duty, office.
ENCARNAÇA'M, *f. m.* the incarnation of our Saviour.
Encarnação, (in painting) flesh-colour.
ENCARNA'DO, *a*, adj. that has the colour of a rose, rosy. See also
ENCARNAR, *v. n.* to take flesh, or assume the human nature. (Speaking of our Saviour.)
Encarnar, (in surgery) is for a wound to grow up, and fill with new flesh as it heals.
Encarnar, (among hunters) to give carnage, fees, or reward to the hounds.
Encarnar, (speaking of a brood-hen) to turn the eggs into blood.
ENCARNAS. See **ENGASTE**.
ENCARNÊ, *f. m.* carnage, the fees, or reward given to the dogs.
ENCARNATI'VO, *a*, adj. (in surgery) that causes the flesh to grow.
ENCARNIÇA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCARNIÇAR-SE**, *v. r.* to grow cruel, relentless, or unmerciful, to be blooded like a dog.
Encarnigar-se no combate, to fight desperately.
Encarnigar, *v. a. ex. Encarnigar os olhos*, to look sternly, or crabbedly.
ENCARQUILHA'DO, *a*, adj. (a vulgar word) wrinkled, crumpled.
ENCARREGA'DO, *a*, adj. See

ENCARREGA'R, *v. a.* to charge one with a thing, to trust him with it.
Encarregar-se, *v. r.* to take the care of a thing upon one's self.
ENCARREGO. See **ENCARGO**.
ENCARSEA. See **ENXARCIA**.
ENCARTA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCARTAR**, *v. a.* to proclaim an outlaw, to post. From *carta*, or *cartax*, the proclamation or paper put up.
A acção de encartar, a proscription, or outlawry.
Encartar-se, *v. r. ex. Encartar-se em hum effcio*, to take a royal charter, or a prince's letters, in order to exercise an office.
ENCARVOA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCARVOAR**, *v. a.* to blacken with coal.
ENCASA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCASAR**, *v. a.* (among farriers) to set a bone that has been dislocated.
ENCASQUETA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCASQUETAR-SE**, *v. r.* (a vulgar word) to fancy, to think, or imagine, to put, or beat a thing into one's own mind.
ENCASQUILHADO, **ENCASQUILHAR**. See **ENCASTOADO**, **ENCASTOAR**.
ENCASTELLADO, *a*, adj. hoof-bound, incastelled, or narrow-heeled. See also **ENCASTELLAR-SE**.
ENCASTELLAMENTO, *f. m.* (among farriers) the being hoof-bound, incastelled, or narrow-heeled.
ENCASTELLAR-SE, to make one's self strong, to get into a castle. From *castello*, a castle.
Encastellar-se, *v. r.* (among farriers) to become hoof-bound, or narrow-heeled.
ENCASTOADO, *a*, adj. See **ENCASTOAR**, *v. a.* to inchace, to set in, or put in the bezel.
ENCATARROADO, *a*, adj. heavy-headed, full of rheum in the head.
ENCAVALGA'DO. See **CAVALGA'DO**.
ENCAVALGAR. See **CAVALGAR**.
ENCAVA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCAVAR**, *v. a.* to haft, or set a haft on, to helve.
Encavar hum machado, to helve an axe.
ENCAXA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCAXAR**, or **ENCAIXAR**, *v. a.* to chest, to put in a box, or in a chest; also to set a bone that has been dislocated.
Encaxar, to thrust in, to insert.
Encaxar alguma coisa na cabeça a algum, to beat a thing into a man's mind.
Encaxar a barba, to lay hold of the beard.
Encaxar huma madeira na outra, to mortise or mortoise, to fasten one piece of timber into another, or fix the tenon of one piece of wood into a hole or mortise of another.
ENCAXE. See **ENCAXO**.
ENCAXILHA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ENCAXILHAR**, *v. a.* to put a frame

frame about a picture, looking-glass, &c.
ENCHAXO, f. m. a knuckle, a joint of any thing closed and opened, as of the bones, a table, &c. Lat. *commissura*.
Encaixe, mortise, a hole made in one piece of wood to receive the tenon of another piece, and thereby form a joint.
Encaixo, (among the wild people of the-Brazil) a leaf, or branch they cover their privy parts with.
ENCEIRA DO, a, adj. See **ENCEIRA R**, v. a. to put a thing into a basket. From *cira*, a basket.
ENCELEIRA DO, a, adj. See **ENCELEIRA R**, v. a. to lay up. From *celeiro*, a granary, barn.
Enceleirar o trigo, to lay up the corn.
ENCELLA DO, a, adj. shut up in a cell. From *CELLA*, which see.
ENCENDER. See **ACENDER**.
ENCENDI DO. See **ACENDIDO**, and **VERMELHO**.
ENCENDIMENTO. See **INGEN DIO**.
ENCENIAS, f. f. p. a feast among the Jews, called the feast of the Dedication of the Temple; also yearly festivals anciently kept on the days whereon cities were built. Among Christians it signifies the consecration, or wake day of churches. *Encenia*, Greek.
ENCENSA DO. See **INCENSADO**.
ENCENSAR, &c. See **INCENSAR**, &c.
ENCENSARIO, or **ENCENSORIO**. See **INCENSORIO**.
ENCERADO, a, adj. waxed, covered with wax.
Encerado, f. m. a sear-cloth, or an oil-cloth.
Encerado das janelas, a piece of sear-cloth which they use to put in sash-windows instead of the panes or squares of glass.
ENCERADO, a, adj. See **ENCERAR**, v. a. to wax any thing. From *cera*, wax.
Encerar as extremidades de hum pano ou estofa com hum pavio ou vela, to sear with a wax-candle, (among tailors.)
ENCERRA DO, a, adj. See **ENCERRAR**.
ENCERRAMENTO. See **CLAUSURA**.
ENCERRAR, v. a. to shut, or lock up. See also **COMPREHENDER**.
Encerrar-se, v. r. See **FECHAR-SE**.
ENCERTA DO, or **ENSERTADO**, p. of the preterperf. tense of **ENCERTAR**, or **ENSERTAR**, v. n. is for a hen to begin to lay eggs.
Entertar-se, v. r. to begin, to enter upon.
ENCETADO, a, adj. See **ENCETAR**.
INCETADURA, f. f. the first cut, raising, broaching, &c. according to the v.

ENCETAR, v. a. to cut, or make the first cut, to taste, to broach, to begin to eat or drink of a thing, to tap a vessel, &c.
Entar, to try, essay, to experiment. (Metaph.)
Entar-se, v. r. See **ENCERTAR-SE**.
ENCHACOTADO, a, adj. See **ENCHACOTAR**, v. a. (among potters) to kiln-dry those earthen vessels which are to be glazed.
ENCHAPINADO. See **ENCASFELLADO**.
ENCHARCA DO, a, adj. See the v. **ENCHARCAR-SE**.
Agua encharcada, standing water.
ENCHARCAR-SE, v. r. to throw one's self into a puddle of standing water. From *CHARCO*, which see.
ENCHENAM, ex. *Homem de enchennam*, a man of great repute and credit, (a vulgar expression.)
ENCHENTE, f. f. overflowing.
Enchente da graça divina de nosso Salvador, the overflowing grace of our crucified Saviour.
Enchente, p. a. ex. *Mare enchente*. See **MARE**.
ENCHER, v. a. to fill; also to fulfill.
Encher a alguém as medidas, to satisfy, or content one to the full.
Enche a maré, the tide goes up.
ENCHIMENTO, f. m. shear-wool, hair, flocks, &c. used in stuffing of bed-ticks, cushions, &c.
Enchimento, (*empachamento*.) See **EMPACHAMENTO**.
ENCHIRIDION, f. m. an enchiridion, a small portable book. Greek.
ENCHORIÇA R-SE, v. r. (a ludicrous word) to grow proud, to be blown or puffed up.
ENCINTA DO. See **CINGIDO**.
ENCLAUSTRA DO, a, adj. cloistered, shut up in a monastery.
ENCLAUSTRA R-SE, v. r. to retire, or go to a cloister, or religious house.
ENCLITICAS, (in grammar) enclitics, certain particles joined to the end of a word; as, *que, ne, &c.*
ENCOBERTADO. See **ACOBERTADO**.
ENCOBERTAR. See **ACOBERTAR**.
ENCOBERTO. See **ENCUBERTO**.
ENCOBRIDOR, &c. See **ENCUBRIDOR**, &c.
ENCODEA DO, a, adj. See **ENCODEAR**.
ENCODEAMENTO, f. m. a crusting, or making crusty.
ENCODEAR, v. a. to crust.
O pão começa a encodear, the bread begins to crust.
Encodear, v. a. to set a crust upon.
ENCOIMA DO. See **ACOIMADO**.
ENCOIMAR. See **ACOIMAR**.
ENCOLA DO, a, adj. See **ENCOLAR**, v. a. (among painters) to cover, or draw over with glue.

ENCOLERIZADO. See **AGASTADO**.
ENCOLERIZAR-SE. See **AGASTAR-SE**.
ENCOLHER, v. a. to shrink, to draw together.
Encolher os hombros, to shrug up one's shoulders.
Encolher-se, v. r. to shrink up, to curl, to roll up, to rivel, shrivel; also to be bashful, or modest. (metaph.)
Encolher-se, to gather one's self.
ENCOLHI DO, a, adj. See **ENCOLHER**.
Encolhido, (*timido*.) See **TIMIDO**.
Encolhido, (*modesto*.) See **MODESTO**.
ENCOLHIMENTO, f. m. shrinking, drawing together; also bashfulness. (Metaph.)
ENCOMIO, f. m. an encomium, a commendation. Greek.
ENCOMENDA, f. f. a thing recommended to one's care, in order to carry it to some place.
Fazenda de encomenda, goods bespoken.
ENCOMMENDA DO, a, adj. recommended, &c. See **ENCOMMENDAR**, v. a. to recommend; also to bespeak, to give order for something beforehand.
Encommendar, to trust, to put one in trust with, to commit to one's care, or favour.
Encommendar na fé de alguém hum segredo, to trust one with a secret.
Encommendar à memoria, to commit to one's memory.
Encommendar alguém a Deus, to pray for one at church.
Encommendar. See **LOUVAR**, and **CELEBRAR**.
O que encommenda alguma fazenda, ou outra coisa que se ha de fazer, a bespoken.
Encommendar-se, v. r. to trust to rely or depend upon.
Encommendeu-se a Deus e immediatamente morreu, he recommended himself to God, and died presently after.
ENCONTRAÇÃO, a, adj. ex. *Fazer-se encontradiço com alguém*, to go to meet one on purpose, and designedly.
ENCONTRA DO, a, adj. (*oposto*.) See **OPPOSTO**. See also the v. **ENCONTRAR**.
ENCONTRAM, f. m. a shove or push; the act of rushing against one with the whole body, in order to throw him down.
ENCONTRAR, v. a. to meet, to meet with, to encounter, to meet by accident.
Nos encontramos duas naos de guerra, we met, or fell in with two men of war.
Encontrar, to oppose, to be against.
Encontrar, (*offender*.) See **OFFENDER**.
Encontrar a esperança de alguém, to answer one's expectation.

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Entratar a vontade de alguém, to will, or to bend our souls to the doing of that which another is pleased with.

Entratar-se, v. r. to meet, or meet with.

Entratar-se nos pensamentos, to jump, to agree, to join.

Sair a encontrar-se com alguém, to go to meet one.

Entratar-se com as lanças, it is for two horsemen to run at one another, and tilt with their lances.

Entratar-se, to rencounter, to meet an enemy unexpectedly.

Entratar-se, (*contrariar-se*.) See *CONTRARIAR-SE*.

Entratar-se nas opiniões, to differ in opinions.

ENCANTRO, f. m. a meeting, or running to. See also *ENCONTAM*.

Sair a o encontro a alguém, to go to meet one.

Encastro. See *ACASO*.

Encastro, (*contrariedade*.) See *CONTRARIEDADE*.

Encastro, an encounter, meeting with the lances.

Encastro, a rencounter, a loose or casual engagement.

ENCORDIO, f. m. a swelling in the groin, a bubo; so called, *gunfi* in *chordis*, because of the many sinews there.

ENCORDA'DO, a, adj. stretched. See also

ENCORDA'R, v. a. to string a musical instrument. From *corda*, a string.

Encordar a lança, is for one that runs at the ring to strike with the lance the rope instead of the ring.

Ter o pescoço encordado, to have a crick in the neck.

ENCORNELHA'DO. See *INJURIA'DO*, and *INFAMADO*.

ENCOROÇA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Benefício encoroçado*, *eu em coroa*, a benefice annexed to a bishopric. (Obsol.) From *coroia*, which in old records signifies the pastoral staff.

ENCORPA'DO, a, adj. that has body or thickness.

Este papel não he tem encorpado, this paper has not body enough. See also

ENCORPA'R, v. n. to fatten, to grow fat.

ENCORPORAÇÃO, f. f. an adoption, union, association, incorporation.

ENCORPORA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCORPORAR*.

ENCORPORAMENTO, f. m. incorporation, or union of divers ingredients in one mass.

ENCORPOA'R, or *INCORPORAR*, v. a. to incorporate, to mingle different ingredients so as they shall make one mass; also to incorporate, to unite, to associate.

Encorpear na coroa, to unite to the king's demesnes.

Encorpear huma terra em provincia a en-

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tra, to annex, to unite a land, or province to another.

Encorparar-se, v. r. to incorporate, to unite into one mass.

ENCORREA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCORREAR*.

ENCORREADU'RA, f. f. ex. *Entorreadura da espota*. See *ESPOA*.

ENCORREAR, v. n. to wrinkle, to grow wrinkled.

ENCORRE'R, v. n. to incur, to fall under, to draw upon one's self.

ENCORRI'DO, a, adj. See *ENCORRER*.

ENCORRILHA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCORRILHA'R*, v. a. to involve, to inwrap, or cover with a rind or bark. According to Bluteau it signifies to involve, or draw one into a conveticle. From *corrilho*, a knot of people, a company standing in a ring to talk.

ENCORTICA'DO, a, adj. that is rough and hard like a bark, or cork.

ENCOSPAS, f. f. p. a boot-tree, or boot-last.

Metter alguém nas encostas, to silence, or to put one to a non plus.

ENCOSTA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCOSTA'R*, v. a. to lay any thing against another, in order to support it.

Encostar o mestre de campo a gineta. See *RENUNCIAR*, and *DAR baixa*.

Encostar-se, v. r. to lean, to rest.

Encostar-se no cotovelo, to lean upon the elbow.

Encostar-se a huma arvore, to lean against a tree.

A escada está encostada à muralha, the ladder rests against the wall.

Encostar-se a alguém, to rely, to depend upon a man's protection.

Encostar-se a huma opinião, to embrace, or favour an opinion.

Encostar-se, to go to bed.

ENCOSTO, f. m. a prop, a stay, any thing that holds up another, or that serves to lean upon.

Encosto de cadeira ou banco, the back of a chair, or form.

ENCOVA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCOVA'R*, v. a. to shut up in a cave or den. From *cova*, a cave.

Olhos encovados, eyes that are sunk in the head.

ENCOURA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCOURA'R*, v. a. to cover with leather.

Encourar, v. n. to crust, to gather or contract a crust.

ENCOUTO, f. m. a pecuniary mulct.

ENCOYMA'R. See *ACOIMAR*.

ENCRABAÇÃO, f. f. a romance, a feigned story, or false report. See also *ENCRAVADURA*.

ENCRABA'DO, a, adj. accloyed, (speaking of a horse.)

Encravado, cheated, or imposed upon.

Encravado, (*culpado*.) See *CULPADO*.

Encravado, (*fixo*.) See *FIXO*, and the v. *ENCRAVAR*.

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ENCRABADU'RA, f. f. a retrace, or retreat; a prick in a horse's foot, or the like.

ENCRABA'R, v. a. ex. *Encravar hum cavallo quando se ferra*, to prick or nail a horse in the shoeing.

Encravar huma peça de artilharia, to nail up a piece of ordnance.

Encravar, to cheat, or impose upon, (metaph.)

Encravar-se, v. r. to be accloyed. (speaking of a horse.)

Encravar-se, to condemn one's self out of his own mouth.

Encravar-se no lodo, to stick in the mud.

ENCRE'NQUE, f. m. (a jocose word) unbeliever.

ENCRESPA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCRESPA'R*, v. a. to curl, to crisp, to frizzle; also to plait, or make plaits.

Encrespar o cabelo, to frizzle the hair.

O que encrespa, a frizzler.

A acção de encrespar, frizzling.

Encrespar-se, v. r. ex. *Encrespar-se com alguém*, to rise up against one, to make head against him.

Encrespar-se com soberba. See *ENSOBERBECER-SE*.

Encrespar-se, (*irar-se*.) See *IRAR-SE*.

Encrespar-se o mar. See *EMPOLAR-SE*.

Encrespar-se a gallinha, is for a hen to raise up her feathers.

ENCRUA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCRUAR*, or *INCRUAR*, v. a. to exacerbate, to exasperate, to heighten any malignant quality, (in physic.)

Encruar, (*irritar*.) to exacerbate, to exasperate, to provoke, to anger, to incense, to vex.

Encruar-se, v. r. See *ENCRUECER-SE*, v. r. not to be able to digest the food, to want digestion; also to be indigestible, or not conquerable in the stomach.

ENCRUECIDO, p. of the preterperf. tense of *ENCRUECER-SE*.

ENCRUELECER-SE, v. r. to grow cruel, to rage.

ENCRUELECIDO, p. of the preterperf. tense of *ENCRUELECER-SE*.

ENCRUZA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCRUZA'R*, v. a. ex. *Encruzar as pernas*, to sit cross-legged.

Que tem as pernas encruzadas, cross-legged.

ENCRUZILHA'DA, f. f. a crossway.

ENCUBA'DO, a, adj. See *ENCUBA'R*, v. a. to put into a butt, vat, tun, or pipe.

ENCUBERTA'DO, f. m. a beast in the Brasils and West Indies, covered all over with shells or scales like armour. The natives of the Brasils call him *tatu*, the Indians *tatic*, and the Spaniards *armadillo*.

ENCUBERTA'DO. See *ACUBERTADO*.

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ENCUBERTA'R. See **ACUBERTAR**.
ENCUBERTAMENTE, adv. secretly.
ENCUBERTO, a, adj. concealed, &c. See the v. **ENCUBRIR**.
Encuberto, f. m. a beast in the Brasils, &c. See **ENCUBERTADO**.
ENCUBRIDOR, f. m. **ENCUBRIDORA,** f. f. a receiver, or concealer of stolen things, one that harbours, lodges, and conceals thieves.
ENCUBRIR, or **ENCUBRIR,** v. a. to conceal, to hide, to keep secret.
Encubrir furtos, to conceal, or receive stolen things.
Encubrir hum ladrão, to conceal or harbour a thief.
A acção de encubrir ladroens, ou furtos, concealment, or concealing.
Encubrir, (dissimular.) See **DISSIMULAR**.
Encubrir hum segredo, to conceal a secret.
Perque me quereis vos encubrir isso? why will you conceal it from me?
ENCULGA. See **INCULCA**.
ENCULGA'DO, &c. See **INCULCADO,** &c.
ENCUMAGRA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCUMAGRA'R,** v. a. to curry, or dress leather with the leaves of sumach. From *sumagre,* sumach.
ENCURRALADO, a, adj. See **ENCURRALAR.** v. a. to stable, to house cattle in a stable. From *curral.* See **CURRAL** and **CORTE**.
Encurralar, to confine, to restrain within certain limits. (Metaph.)
ENCURTA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCURTAR**.
ENCURTAMENTO, f. m. a retrenching, lessening, diminishing, or abridging, retrenchment.
ENCURTA'R, v. a. to retrench, lessen, or diminish, to shorten, to make shorter. See also **ABREVIAR**.
ENCURVA'DO, a, adj. See **ENCURVAR**.
ENCURVADURA, f. f. bowing, bending, incurvation.
ENCURVAR, v. a. to crook, bow, or bend.
Encurvar-se, v. r. to grow crooked, to bow, to bend, to sink.
Encurvar-se de baxo da carga, ou peso, to bend, sink, or shrink under a burden.
ENCYCLOPEDIA f. f. encyclopedia, the whole circle or compass of learning, which comprehends all the liberal arts and sciences.

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ENDECAGONO, f. m. (in geometry) endecagon, a plain figure of eleven sides and angles. Greek.
ENDECHA'DO, a, adj. See **ENDECHAR,** v. a. to sing a song called *endechas*. See **ENDECHAS,** f. f. p. dirges, mourn-

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ful ditties sung over dead bodies; also a merry song.
ENDEMONINHA'DO. See **ENERGUMENO**.
ENDENTA'DO. (in heraldry.) See **ADENTADO**.
ENDEOSADAMENTE, adv. See **DIVINAMENTE**.
ENDEOSA'DO, a, adj. made a god, or goddess; also inspired with a god.
Endeñado, (seberbo.) See **SOBERBO**, and
ENDEOSA'R, v. a. to make a god of one. See **DEIFICAR**.
Endesar-se, v. r. to take upon one's self, or to arrogate to one's self the attributes of God, to grow vain and haughty.
ENDEREÇA'DO. See **DIRIGIDO**.
ENDEREÇAR. See **DIRIGIR**.
ENDEREITA-velhacos, (a vulgar expression) a chastiser, a person that chastises villains.
ENDEREITADO. See **ENDIREITADO**.
ENDEREITAR. See **ENDIREITAR**.
ENDEXAS. See **ENDECHAS**.
ENDEZ, f. m. a nest-egg, an egg, or the form of one in chalk, left in the nest to keep the hen from forsaking it, and induce her to lay her eggs in the same place.
ENDIABRADO, a, adj. furious, raging, mad, frantic. From *diabo,* the devil; as if one was possessed with the devil.
ENDIAÇO. See **ENDRO bravo**.
ENDINHEIRA'DO. See **ADINHEIRADO**.
ENDIREITADO, a, adj. See **ENDIREITAR,** v. a. to make strait; also to make better, to reform. See also **IGUALAR**.
Endireitar-se, v. r. to raise, to get up, to stand up.
ENDIVIA, f. f. endive, or succory.
ENDIVIDA'DO, a, adj. See **ENDIVIDA'R-SE,** v. r. to contract debts, to run into debt.
ENDIVILHA, f. f. a particular way of flaking vines.
ENDONÇAS, f. f. p. ex. *Quinta-feira de endonças,* Maundy-Thurs-day, the last Thursday in Lent.
ENDOUDECER, v. a. to make mad, or distracted. From *louco,* mad.
Endoudecir, v. n. to grow mad, or distracted, to madden.
ENDOUDECIDO, a, adj. See the v. **ENDOUDECER**.
ENDRO, f. m. the herb dill.
Endro bravo, wild dill.
ENDROS. See **ICHNEUMON**.
ENDURAÇAM, f. f. See **INDURACAM**.
ENDURECER, v. a. to harden, to make hard.
Endurcir o ventre, to make costive, or bound in body.
Endurecer, to harden, or inure to hardships.

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Endurecer-se, v. r. to grow hard. See also **ACOSTUMAR-SE**.
Endurcir-se, (obstinar-se.) See **OBSTINAR-SE**.
ENDURECI'DO, a, adj. hardened, &c. See the v. **ENDURECER-SE**.
ENDURECIMENTO, f. m. hardness.

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ENEADA, or **ENEIDA,** f. f. Virgil's *Æneis*.
ENERGI'A, f. f. energy, strength of expression.
ENERGUMENO, f. m. one possessed by the devil.
ENERVA'DO, a, adj. enervated, &c. See the v. **ENERVAR**.
Couro enervado, a sort of leather made of the sinews and nerves of oxen.
ENERUAR, v. a. to enervate, to weaken.

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ENFADA'DO, a, adj. put out of humour, disgusted; also tired with a thing. See the v. **ENFADAR**.
ENFADAMENTO, f. m. uneasiness, disquiet, &c. See **ENFADO**.
ENFADA'R, v. a. to put out of humour, to tire, to disgust, to offend.
Enfadar-se, v. r. to grow angry; also to loath, to abhor, to hate.
Vos logo vos enfadais, you soon take pepper in your nose, you soon grow angry.
ENFA'DO, f. m. weariness, molestation, tediousness, dislike.
ENFADO'NHO, a, adj. troublesome, uneasy, offensive, tiresome.
ENFADOSO, a, adj. See **ENFADONHO**.
ENFANAR-SE. See **ENFADAR-SE**.
ENFARA'DO, a, adj. See **ENFASTIADO**.
ENFARDA'DO, a, adj. See **ENFARDAR,** v. a. to pack up.
ENFADELADO, a, adj. See **ENFADELAR,** v. a. to make up into a bundle. See also **ENFARDAR**.
ENFARELA'DO, a, adj. full of bran.
ENFARELAR, v. a. to cover with bran.
ENFARINHADAMENTE, adv. dissemblingly, feignedly, falsely.
ENFARINHA'DO, a, adj. sprinkled with flour, or meal.
Enfarinhado, that has a tincture, smattering or superficial knowledge of any thing.
Elle é enfarinhado de muitas linguas, he knows a little, or has a little knowledge of several languages.
ENFARINHA'R, v. a. to powder, or make white with meal.
ENFARRUSCA'DO, a, adj. See **ENFARRUSCAR,** v. a. to blacken, to make black.
ENFASTIA'DO, a, adj. that loaths meat, that has a bad stomach.

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Enfastiade, out of conceit with, weary of, or forfeited with. See also *ENFASTIA'R*, v. a. to take away one's stomach, to make to loath; also to put out of conceit, to weary, to tire.
Enfastiár-se, v. r. to begin to loath; also to grow weary.
ENFATICO. See *EMPHATICO*.
ENFATILHA'DO. See *ENFARDELADO*.
ENFATILHA'R. See *ENFARDELAR*.
ENFATIO'TA. See *EMPHYTEUTICA*.
ENFATUA'DO. See *INFATUADO*.
ENFATUA'R. See *INFATUAR*.
ENFAXADO, a, adj. See
ENFAXA'R, v. a. ex. *Enfaxar hum menino*, to swaddle, or swathe a child, to wrap him up in swaddling cloaths.
ENFEITADO, a, adj. See
ENFEITA'R, v. a. to trim, to attire, to make gay, or trick up.
Enfeitar hum discurso, to flourish one's discourse, to use flourishes.
Enfeitar as mercancias para que pareçam mais novas, e melhores, do que são, to trim up commodities, to put a gloss upon them, to shew them to the best advantage.
O que enfeita as mercancias, he who fetters off any kind of ware, to make it seem fairer.
Enfeitar, to colour, to palliate, or excuse.
Enfeitar-se, v. r. to trim, or tuck up one's self, to make one's self fine.
ENFEITE, f. m. drefs, garb, attire, apparel.
Enfeites de huma mulher, a woman's ornaments.
Enfeite do discurso, idle flourish of words, fustian. See also *AFFECTACAM*.
ENFEITIÇA'DO, a, adj. See
ENFEITIÇA'R, v. a. to bewitch, or charm.
ENFEIXA'DO, a, adj. See
ENFEIXA'R, v. a. to bundle up, to make up into a little bundle.
ENFERMA'DO. See *ADOECIDO*.
ENFERMA'R. See *ADOECER*.
ENFERMARI'A, f. f. an infirmary, an apartment for the sick.
ENFERMEIRO, f. m. he that has charge of the sick.
ENFERMIDA'DE, f. f. sickness. See also *DOENÇA*.
ENFERMO. See *DOENYE*, and *ACHACOSO*.
ENFERNA'DO. See *DESATINADO*.
ENFERNA'R, (a vulgar word.) See *DESATINAR*.
ENFERRUJA'DO, a, adj. rusty.
ENFERRUJA'R, v. a. to rust, to make rusty.
Enferrujár-se, v. r. to rust, to contract rust.
ENFEZA'DO, a, adj. dreggy, full of dregs.
Enfizado, (corrupte.) See *CORRUPTO*, and

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ENFEZA'R, v. a. to fill with dregs.
Enfezar, (a vulgar word) to make one very angry.
ENFIA'DO, a, adj. threaded, as a needle.
Enfiado, that has changed the colours for fear, anger, &c. See *PALLIDO*, and the v.
ENFIA'R, v. a. to thread, as a needle.
Enfiar perolas, to string pearls.
Enfiar hum discurso, to enter upon, or begin a discourse.
Enfiar patranhas, to tell fictions, fables, or stories.
Enfiar as cortinas, to run the curtains into a curtain-rod.
Enfiar huma rua, to go through a street.
Enfiar, to range into files.
Enfiar, to run through.
Enfiar, v. n. or *Enfiar-se*, v. r. to change the colour, to look pale for fear of.
Enfiar-se por huma espada, to fall on a sword.
ENFIM, adv. in fine, in short, after all, at last, finally, at length, in a word.
ENFITEOSIS. See *EMPHYTEOSIS*.
ENFIPELA'DO, a, adj. See
ENFIVELA'R, v. a. to buckle.
ENFORCA'DO, a, adj. hanged.
Vides de enforcado, vines tied to trees, and growing up by them.
Plantar arvores em hum campo para vinhas de enforcado, to plant with trees, to set a place with trees for vines to grow amongst.
ENFORCA'R, v. a. to hang. From *ferca*, the gallows.
Enforcár-se, v. r. to hang one's self.
Vay'e enforçar, go hang yourself. Terence says, *abi in malam crucem*.
ENFORMAÇAM, f. f. information, intelligence given, instruction; also a strict examination.
Enformação errada, misinformation.
ENFORMAÇOENS, evidences, or deeds.
ENFORMADO, a, adj. See
ENFORMA'R, v. a. to inform, to give information.
Enformar os sapatos, to put the shoes upon the last.
Enformar contra alguem, v. n. to inform against one.
O que enforma, an informer.
Enformar mal, ou erradamente, to misinform.
Enformar-se, v. r. to inquire, or examine, to make an inquest, to inform one's self about a thing.
ENFORNADO, a, adj. See
ENFORNA'R, v. a. to set into the oven.
ENFRAQUECER, v. n. to grow weak, or feeble.
Enfraquecer, v. a. to weaken, to infirm.
Enfraquecer-se, v. r. See *Enfraquecer*, v. n.
ENFRAQUECIDO, a, adj. See the v. *ENFRAQUECER*.

ENG

ENFRASCA'DO, a, adj. See
Enfrascár-se, v. r. to be taken up entirely with a thing; to stand on any thing. See also *EXTREMETER-SE*. From the Spanish *frascas*, brambles.
Elle enfrasca-se tanto no estudo, he buckles himself wholly to his study.
ENFREADO, a, adj. See
ENFREAR, v. a. to bridle. From *freyo*, a bridle; also to contain, to restrain, to repress, to keep in awe, to curb.
Enfrear, (parar.) See *PARAR*.
ENFRECHADU'RA, f. f. (a sea term) a ship-ladder.
ENFRESTADO, a, adj. thin, not thick.
Dentes enfrestados, teeth that do not join close.
ENFRONHADO, a, adj. wrapt up. See also
ENFRONHA'R, v. a. to put the pillow into the pillow-bear. From *fronha*, a pillow-bear.
Enfrenhar as mãos, to look on the sky, to be idle.
ENFRENADO, a, adj. (a sea term) ex. *Velas enfrenadas*, sails full stretched out, or swollen with wind. See also *SOBERBER-SE*.
ENFUNADO, (metido.) See *METIDO*.
ENFUNA'R-SE, v. r. ex. *Enfusa-se o vento por aquella rua*, the wind comes directly into that street. See also *ENSOBERBECER-SE*.
ENFUNDICA. See *INFUNDICA*.
ENFUNDIDO, &c. See *INFUNDIDO*, &c.
ENFUNILADO, a, adj. like a funnel. See also
ENFUNILA'R, v. a. to pour liquor through a funnel into a vessel. From *funil*, a funnel.
ENFURECER, v. a. to enrage, to make mad, to make furious. From *furia*, fury.
Enfurecer-se, v. r. to grow furious, to be enraged.
ENFURECIDO, a, adj. See *ENFURECER*.
ENFUSA', f. f. a pitcher, a water-pot.
ENFUSCADO. See *OFFUSCADO*.
ENFUSCAR. See *OFFUSCAR*.

ENG

ENGAÇO, f. m. the stalk of the clusters of grapes when dried and freed from the fruit, a rape.
ENGA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of *ENGAR*.
ENGAFECER, v. n. or *Engafecer-se*, v. r. to grow leprous.
ENGAFECIDO, a, adj. infected with leprosy.
ENGALA. See *ENCALLA*.
ENGALADO, p. of the preterperfect. tense of
ENGALA'R, v. a. (in horsemanship) is for a horse to erect, or set up his neck.
ENGALFILHADO, or *ENGALFINHADO*, a, adj. See
ENGALFILHA'R, or *ENGALFINHAR*,

HAR, v. n. (a jocose word) to hold fast one another, (speaking of wrestlers.)
Engalgar-se, v. r. idem.
ENGALGADO, } See **GALGADO**.
ENGALGAR, } See **GALGAR**.
ENGALLA, a sort of wild boar in the Lower Ethiopia.
ENGANADO, a, adj. See **ENGANAR**.
ENGANADOR, f. m. a deceiver, a cheat.
ENGANA'R, v. a. to deceive, to cheat, to cozen, to gull, to bubble, to delude, to beguile.
Enganar o tempo, to pass away the time.
Enganar-se, v. r. to be cheated, deceived, cozened, to mistake.
ENGANI DO, a, adj. (in the province of Beyra) grown stiff with cold.
ENGANI'R, v. n. ex. *Enganir com frio*, to grow stiff with cold.
ENGANO, f. m. deceit, fraud.
ENGANOSAMENTE, adv. deceitfully, fraudulently.
ENGANOSO, a, adj. deceitful, fraudulent.
ENGA'R, v. a. (a vulgar word) ex. *Engar com alguém*, to favour, or bear good will and affection to one; also to prosecute, to vex, or trouble one. From **ENGOS**, which see.
ENGARANHA DO, (a vulgar and very low word.) See **EMBARAÇA DO**.
ENGARACHADO, (in the province of Beyra.) See **ENFEITIÇADO**.
ENGARGANTA DO, a, adj. ex. *Pé engargantado*, the foot put up to the instep into the stirrup. (In horsemanship.)
ENGARGANTA'R, v. a. (in horsemanship) ex. *Engargantar o pé*, to run the foot up to the instep into the stirrup.
ENGASGA DO, a, adj. that has something stuck in the throat, as the wolf in Phædrus's Fables.
ENGASGAR, v. n. or *Engasgar-se*, v. r. to have something sticking in the throat, to be ready to be choaked, or suffocated.
Engasgar-se no falar, to flammer, to falter in one's speech.
ENGASTADO, a, adj. See
ENGASTAR, v. a. to set, as a stone in a ring, or the like.
ENGA'STE, f. m. the bezel, or collet of a ring; also the setting of stones in rings, or the like.
ENGATADO, a, adj. See
ENGATA'R, v. a. to cramp, or bind with cramp-irons.
ENGATINHA DO, p. of the preterperfect of
ENGATINHA'R, v. n. to creep on all four like a cat. From *gato*, a cat, as children do when they learn to go.
Engatubar, to be a beginner. (Metaph.)
ENGEITADA, f. f. **ENGEITADO**, f. m. a foundling.
ENGAYOLA DO, a, adj. shut up in a cage.
ENGEITA DO, a, adj. rejected, slight-

ed, despised, &c. See the v. **ENGEITAR**.
ENGEITAMENTO, f. m. rejection, or casting off.
ENGEITA'R, v. a. to reject, to cast off, to refuse, to slight, to despise.
Enguitar o comprado, to return a thing one hath bought for some fault, and turn it on his hands that sold it.
A acção de enguitar neste sentido, the restoring of a thing to him that sold it.
Enguitar huma criança, to expose a child.
A acção de enguitar neste sentido, the exposing of a child.
ENGELHADO, a, adj. See
ENGELHA'R-SE, v. r. to shrivel, to grow wrinkled, or clung, to wither. (Speaking of fruit.)
A sua cara está toda engelhada, his face is all full of wrinkles.
ENGENDRADO. See **GERADO**.
ENGENDRAR. See **GERAR**.
ENGENHA DO, a, adj. See
ENGENHA'R, v. a. to contrive, to invent.
Engenhar-se, v. r. to strain, to endeavour, to strive, to study, to apply one's mind, to do one's best.
Cada qual se engenha como pode, every body does what he can.
ENGENHEIRO, f. m. an engineer, a person well skilled in the art of contriving all forts, and other works; also one that makes any sort of strange engines.
ENGENHO, f. m. wit, art, skill, knowledge, discretion, understanding, sense, genius, talent; also a machine, an engine, or any invention to perform that with ease, which before was difficult.
Homem de engenho, a man of wit.
Não tenho engenho, or *Não posso fazer gadanho*. See **GADANHO**.
Engenho de açúcar, a sugar work, that is, the mill and other necessities to get it from the cane.
Engenho de fazer papel, a paper-mill.
ENGENHOSAMENTE, adv. ingeniously, wittily.
ENGENHOSÍSSIMO, sup. of
ENGENHO'SO, a, adj. ingenious, witty; also any thing that is said, or performed ingeniously.
ENGESSADO, a, adj. See
ENGESSA'R, v. a. to parget, to do over with **GESSO**, which see.
ENGILHAR-SE. See **ENGELHAR-SE**.
ENGO. See **ENGOS**.
ENGODA DO, a, adj. allured, enticed, &c. See the v. **ENGODAR**.
ENGODADOR, f. m. a wheedler, a wheedling man.
ENGODADORA, f. f. a wheedler, a wheedling woman.
ENGODA'R, v. a. to wheedle, decoy, or cajole, to allure.
A acção de engodar, wheedling.
ENGODO, f. m. wheedle, a subtle drawing of one in, an allurements, an incitement.

Engodo para pescar, a bait to catch fish.
ENGOLFA DO, a, adj. got far out at sea; also plunged into any business. (Metaph.)
ENGOLFA'R, (a sea term) v. n. to get far out at sea.
Engolfar-se, v. r. to plunge into any business. (Metaph.)
ENGOLIDO. } See **ENGULIDO**.
ENGOLIR. } See **ENGULIR**.
ENGOLOZINA DO, a, adj. See
ENGOLOZINA'R-SE, v. r. to eat greedily, to be very much pleased with a meat.
ENGOMADEIRA, f. f. a starcher, a woman that starches.
ENGOMA DO, a, adj. gummed, starched.
ENGOMADU'RA, f. f. the act of starching, or gumming.
ENGOMA'R, v. a. to gum, to starch.
Ferro de engomar, a smoothing-iron.
ENGO'NÇO, f. m. an iron hook, or crook.
Engonço do espinhaço, a joint in the backbone.
Fallar por engonços, we say, to go about the bush, (a vulgar expression.)
Não me falles por engonços, speak plainly.
ENGORDA DO, a, adj. See
ENGORDA'R, v. a. to fatten, to make fat.
Engordar as terras, to manure, to muck or dung grounds.
Engordar animais. See **CEVAR**.
Engordar, v. n. to grow fat, to fat.
ENGORLADO, a, adj. parboiled.
ENGORLA'R, v. a. to parboil, to half-boil.
Engorlar a lição, is for a scholar to repeat his lesson in a hurry, without pronouncing it cleverly. (Metaph.)
ENGOROVINHADO, a, adj. See
ENGOROVINHA'R, v. a. to wrinkle, or to make wrinkled.
ENGOS, a sort of plant called wall-wort, or danewort, dwarf-elder.
ENGRA, a corrupted word for **ANGULO**, which see.
ENGRACADAMENTE, adv. prettily, with a grace, handsomely, wittily, smartly.
ENGRAÇA DO, a, adj. pretty, witty, jocund, pleasant.
ENGRACHA DO. See **ENGRAXADO**.
ENGRACHA'R. See **ENGRAXAR**.
ENGRADecer, v. n. is for the grain or corn to be formed, or grow to perfect maturity, so as to fill up the ear.
ENGRADecido. See **GRADO**.
ENGRANDECER, v. a. to magnify, to extol, to aggrandize, to make great. From *grande*, great.
Engrandecer-se, v. r. to increase, to augment, to grow greater.
ENGRANDECIDO, a, adj. magnified, &c. See the v. **ENGRANDECER**.

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ENGRANDECIMENTO, f. m. an amplifying, or enlarging.
ENGRAVADO, a, adj. See **ENGRAVITAR-SE**, v. r. (a vulgar word) ex. *Engravidar-se hum ramo*, is for a branch to turn itself upward.
Engravidar-se com algum, to oppose or withstand one.
ENGRAXADO, a, adj. See **ENGRAXAR**, v. a. ex. *Engraxar botas*, or *sapatos*, to liquor boots or shoes.
ENGRAZADO, a, adj. See **ENGRAZAR**.
ENGRAZADOR, f. m. the person who strings beads on a wire.
ENGRAZAR, v. a. to string beads on wire, linking every wire each bead is on to the next, so that each is on a particular link, and not each running loose upon a long wire.
ENGRECEER, v. n. (in agriculture) to grow ripe, to come to maturity.
ENGRIMAÇO, or **ENGURIMANÇO**, f. m. a long circumstance of words, tedious stories, impertinences; also dark mysterious sayings; also affectation, or affectedness, either in speaking, or doing any thing.
ENGROLADO. See **ENGORLADO**.
ENGROLAR. See **ENGORLAR**.
ENGROSSADO, a, adj. See **ENGROSSAR**, v. a. to enlarge, or swell, to make greater, thicker, or bigger, to increase, to augment; also to incrassate.
Engrossar, v. n. or *Engrossar-se*, v. r. to grow big, or thick; also to swell. (Speaking of a river.)
Engrossar, or *Engrossar-se*, to increase, to grow, either in quality, or quantity.
ENGROTADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ENGROTAR, v. n. is for an hourglass to stop on account of the sand being wet.
ENGROVINHADO. See **ARRUGADO**.
Engrovinhado com o frio, shivering, or quaking for cold.
ENGROVINHAR. See **EMBICAR**.
ENGUIA, an cel.
ENGUIÇADO, a, adj. See **ENGUIÇAR**, v. a. to ominate sadly, to be a presagement of ill luck to one. See also **ACANHAR**.
ENGUIÇO, an omination, a presagement of ill luck. See also **ACANHAMENTO**.
Tirar o enguiço, to avert the threats of ill tokens.
Enguiça, impertinence, extravagance, folly.
ENGURIMANÇO. See **ENGRIMANÇO**.
ENGULHADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ENGULHAR, v. n. to heave, to heave, to feel a tendency to vomit.
ENGULHOS, f. m. heave, or effort to vomit.
Tirar engulhos. See **ENGULHAR**.
ENGULIDO, a, adj. See

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ENGULIR, v. a. to swallow, to devour, to absorb, to lap up, to gulp down.
Engulir hum enfado injuria &c. to swallow a gudgeon, to swallow, or pocket an injury, &c.
Engulir, to sup up, or gulp down (Speaking of liquid bodies.)
Isto não se pode engulir, it is a hard thing to bear.
ENGURRIA. See **ANGURRIA**.
ENGURUNHIDO, a, adj. (a vulgar word) ex. *Engurunhido com o frio*, shrunk with cold.

E N H

ENHASTADO, a, adj. that is fet, or tied to the point of an *astea*. See **ASTEIA**.
ENHO, f. m. a fawn, or young deer.

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ENJAEZADO, a, adj. trapped, &c. See
ENJAEZAR, to trap, to furnish a horse. From *jaezar*, horse furniture.
ENIGMA, f. m. an enigma, a riddle, an obscure question.
ENIGMATICO, a, adj. enigmatical, darkly, or ambiguously expressed.
ENJOADO, a, adj. that is afflicted with nausea, or vomiting, ready to vomit, oppressed with qualms.
ENJOAMENTO, f. m. See **ENJOAR**.
ENJOAR, v. n. or **ENJOAR-SE**, v. r. to be ready to vomit, to have a motion to spew.
Enjoar no mar, to be sea-sick.
Causa que faz enjoar, nauseous, that provoketh vomiting.
A carne muito gorda faz enjoar, meat too fat turns one's stomach.
ENJOYO, or **ENJOYADOURO**. See **GACHO**.
ENJOYO, f. m. a being sea sick; also crudities, a qualm, or list to vomit.

E N L

ENLABUTADO, a, adj. See **ENLABUTAR**, or **ENLABUZAR**, v. a. to foul, soil, dirty, spot, or stain.
ENLAÇADO, a, adj. snared, &c. See **ENLAÇAR**, to intangle, to snare, to take in a snare; also to wind, to plait with other things.
Enlaçar, (cativear) See **CATIVEAR**.
Enlaçar, (embaraçar) See **EMBARAÇAR**.
ENLAMEADO. See **ENLODADO**.
ENLAMEAR. See **ENLODAR**.
ENLAPADO, a, adj. shut up into a *lapa*. See **LAPA**.
ENLEADO, a, adj. perplexed, intricate, difficult to be found, or understood.
Enleado na dor, pierced with grief, or sorrow. See the v.
ENLEAR, v. a. to involve, to entangle. See also **EMBARAÇAR**.
Enlear, to allure, to ensnare.
Enlear-se, v. r. ex. *Enlear-se em hum negocio*, to entangle one's self in a business.

E N O

ENLEIO, f. m. hesitation, doubting.
Enleio, (embaraço) See **EMBARAÇO**.
Enleios de amor, intrigues, amours, affairs with ladies.
ENLEVADO, a, adj. affected, or touched, with delight, or admiration, elevated with great conceptions, wrapt up in admiration. See also
ENLEVAR, v. a. to charm, to ravish, to wrap up in admiration, to delight.
Enlevar-se, v. r. to be in a rapture, to be exceedingly pleased or charmed with a thing.
ENLODADO, a, adj. bedaggled. See
ENLODAR, v. a. to bedaggle with mud.
ENLOUQUECER. See **ENDOUECER**.
ENLOUQUECIDO. See **ENDOUECIDO**.
ENLUTADO, a, adj. clad in mourning. From *luto*, mourning.
ENLUTAR, v. a. to sadden, to make gloomy.
Enlutar-se, v. r. to mourn for one, to wear the habit of sorrow for him.

E N M

ENMENDA. See **EMENDA**.

E N N

ENNASTRADO, a, adj. See
ENNASTRAR, v. a. to weave the hair and a ribbon, or hair-lace, together. From *nastro*, a ribbon.
ENNEAGONO, (in geometry) enneagon, a regular figure of nine equal sides, and nine angles.
ENNEGRECER. See **DENEGRIR**, and **ESCURECER**.
ENNEGRECIDO. See **DENEGRIDO**, and **ESCURECIDO**.
ENNEVOADO, a, adj. See
ENNEVOAR, v. a. to cover with mist, or fog. From *nevoa*, a mist, or fog.
Ennevoar, (in a moral sense) See **INFAMAR**, and **DESLUZIR**.
ENNOBRECER, v. a. to make noble, to ennoble.
ENNOBRECIDO, a, adj. made noble.
ENNODADO, a, adj. See
ENNODAR, v. a. to make, or tie a knot. From *nó*, a knot.
ENNOVELADO, a, adj. See
ENNOVELAR, v. a. to wind silk, thread, &c. into bottoms, or clews. From *novello*, a bottom, or clew.
Ennovelar, (enroscar) See **ENROSCAR**.

E N O

ENOJADO, a, adj. angry.
Enojado. See **ANOJADO**, and the v.
ENOJAR, v. a. to anger. From the Spanish *ojos*, the eyes, because anger appears in them.
Enjar o estomago, to make sick, or ready to vomit.
Enjar-se, v. r. to be angry, vexed, displeased, to fret, to be in a fret.
ENORME, adj. enormous, deformed, excessive

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excessive big, out of measure; also enormous, heinous, grievous.
Crime muito enorme, a very shocking, or a glaring crime.
ENORMEMENTE, adv. enormously, excessively, out of measure.
ENORMIDADE, f. f. enormity, heinousness, grievousness.
Enormidade, an enormous crime, or high misdemeanour.

ENQ

ENQUEREDOR, f. m. an inquisitor, or examiner.
ENQUERIDO, a, adj. See
ENQUERIR, or **INQUIRIR**, v. n. to make inquisition, to sit upon examination and trial of offenders.
Enquerir, (*perguntar*) See **PERGUNTAR**.
ENQUIRICA M, f. f. inquest, inquiry, search; also evidence, or deposition. (Speaking of witnesses)
ENQUIRICA M. See **INQUIRICA M**.
ENQUIZIDOR. See **INQUIZIDOR**.

ENR

ENRAMADA, f. f. a cottage, or hut covered with boughs.
ENRAMADO, a, adj. See
ENRAMAR, v. a. to cover, or adorn with boughs. From *ramo*, a bough.
Enramar balas, to join a cannon bullet to another, by running a little iron rod through them.
ENRAIVECER, v. n. to rage, to be mad, to be in a fret.
ENRAIVECIDO, a, adj. enraged, mad. See **RAIVOSO**.
ENRASTAR. See **OPPOR-SE**.
ENREDADO, a, adj. See
ENREDAR, v. n. to entangle, to catch, or surround with a net; also to set people together by the ears.
Enredar a alguém o juízo, to ensnare one.
Enredar a alguém com lisonjas, to inveigle, to deceive by flattery. See also **EMBARAÇAR**.
ENREDO, f. m. a mischievous story in order to set people at variance, an intricate lie; also a wrapping, or entangling with another.
Enredo manejado com desfeza, an intrigue, a secret design carried on with privacy.
Enredo da comédia, &c. the intrigue, the knot, or intricate part of the plot of a play.
Enredo, a subtle device, or trick.
ENREGELADO, a, adj. frozen, chilled.
ENREGELAR-SE, v. r. to be affected with great cold; also to freeze, or be frozen, to chill.
ENREJADO. } See { **ENREJADO**.
ENREJAR. } See { **ENREJAR**.
ENRESINADO, a, adj. resin.
ENRESINAR, v. imp. to become resinous.
ENRESTADO. See **ENRISTADO**.
ENRESTAR. See **ENRISTAR**.
ENRICAR, v. n. to grow rich.
ENRIJADO. See **CONVALECIDO**.

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ENRIJAR. See **CONVALECER**.
ENRIQUECER, v. a. to enrich, or make rich.
Enriquecer de palavras huma lingua, to enrich a language, to make it more copious.
Enriquecer, v. n. to grow rich, to thrive.
ENRISTADO, a, adj. See
ENRISTAR, v. a. (in chivalry) ex.
Enristar a lança, to couch, or to set the lance upon the rest, in the posture of attack. From *riste*, the rest of a spear.
ENRISTE. See **RISTE**.
ENROCA DO, ex. *Mantos enroca do*, or *de abanos*, a sort of band with hollow plaits in it; people anciently used to wear it about the neck.
ENRODILHADO. See **ENROLADO**.
ENRODILHAR. See **ENROLAR**.
ENROLADAMENTE, adv. privately, secretly.
ENROLADO, f. m. a sort of woollen cloth.
Enrolado, a, adj. See
ENROLAR, v. a. to roll, or roll up; also to tie round. From *rolo*, which see.
Enrolar-se, v. r. to roll, or to move as waves or volumes of water.
ENROSCADO, f. m. ex. *O enroscado de huma cobra*, the folds, or wriggling of a snake.
Enroscado, a, adj. See
ENROSCAR-SE, v. r. to wind like a snake. From *rosca*, which see.
Enroscar-se em alguma coisa, to twine, to wrap itself closely about a thing.
Enroscar-se dobrando o corpo bora de huma parte bora da outra, to wriggle, to turn here and there, as a snake does.
ENROUPADO, a, adj. See
ENROUPAR-SE, v. r. to clothe one's self. From *roupa*, which see.
ENROUQUECER, v. a. to make hoarse.
Enrouquecer, v. n. to grow hoarse, to wheeze. Lat. *irraucescere*.
ENRULHAR, v. a. to stop, or make collive.

ENS

ENSABOADO, a, adj. See
ENSABOAR, v. a. to soap, to wash in soap.
ENSACADO, a, adj. See
ENSACAR, v. a. to put in a sack, or bag.
ENSALADO, or **ENSAYADO**, a, adj. See **ENSAIAR**.
ENSALADOR, f. m. an assayer, an officer of the mint for the due trial of silver and gold.
ENSAIAR, v. a. ex. *Ensaíar prata*, to assay silver.
Ensaíar, to rehearse, to recite previously to public exhibition.
Ensaíar, (*instrair*) See **INSTRUIR**.
Ensaíar-se, v. r. to try, to endeavour, to try one's strength, or ability, to prove, or essay what one can do, before he comes to the thing. See also **INSTRUIR-SE**.

ENS

Ensaíar-se para dar batalha, to prepare one's self for fighting.
ENSAIO, f. m. an essay, or flourish, a proof, or trial; also assay, or the assaying of metals.
Ensaio, rehearsal, private practising.
Ensaio de huma comédia, the rehearsal of a play.
Fazer ensaio, to make a trial. See also **ENSAIAR**.
Ensaio, (*figura* or *imagem*) See **FIGURA** and **IMAGEM**.
ENSALMO, f. m. the superstitious way of saying strange words over sick people, on pretence to cure them.
Curar per ensalmo, to attempt to cure, by saying certain superstitious prayers over sick people.
ENSALMOURADO. See **SALMOURADO**.
ENSALMOURAR. See **SALMOURAR**.
ENSAMBENITADO, a, adj. that has a badge put on, as the Spaniards and Portuguese use to do to the converted Jews, when they are brought out of the inquisition.
Ensambenitadas da honra, that do not deserve the marks and tokens of honour. (Metaph.)
ENSAMBLADO. See **SAMBLADO**.
ENSAMBLADOR, &c. See **SAMBLADOR**, &c.
ENSANCHAS, f. f. p. (among taylors) a widening-piece.
Dar ensanchas, to prolong, to spin out. (Metaph.)
ENSANDECER. See **ENDOUCER**.
ENSANDECIDO. See **ENDOUCIDO**.
ENSANGOENTADO, a, adj. bloodied, &c. See
ENSANGOENTAR, v. a. to make bloody, to imbue with blood. From *sangue*, blood.
ENSARILHADO. See **SARILHADO**.
ENSARILHAR. See **SARILHAR**.
ENSARTADO. See **ENFIADO**.
ENSARTAR. } See { **ENFIAR**.
ENSAYADO. } See { **ENSAIADO**.
ENSAIAR. } See { **ENSAIAR**.
ENSEADA, f. f. a bay in the sea.
ENSEJO. See **OCCASIAM**.
Marcial ensajo, an engagement, or fight.
ENSENHOREADO. See **APODERADO**.
ENSENHOREAR-SE. See **APODERAR-SE**.
ENSERTADO. See **ENCERTADO**.
ENSERTAR. See **ENCERTAR**.
ENSEVADO, a, adj. See
ENSEVAR, v. a. to tallow, to do over with tallow.
Ensevar hum navio untando-o com sebo azate de balia, &c. para casarvar o calafeto, to grave a ship.
ENSI FERO, a, adj. (in poetry) ensiferous, that beareth a sword, an epithet of Orion.
Ensfirar. See **GLADIFEROS**.
ENSINADO, a, adj. See

ENT

ENSINA'R, v. a. to teach, to instruct, to learn, or shew, to point out.
O que ensina, a teacher.
ENSINHO, f. m. a rake. (In agriculture.)
Arrastar com o ensinbo, to rake.
ENSI'NO, f. m. instruction, education. See also **CORTEZIA**.
Más ensino, bad education. See also **DESCORTEZIA**.
ENSOA'DO, a, adj. growing weak, on account of the heat; also glowing, hot, sultry.
ENSOBERBECER, v. a. to make proud. From *seberba*, pride.
Ensoberbecer-se, v. r. to grow proud.
ENSOBERBECIDO, a, adj. made proud.
ENSOÇO. See **ENSOSSO**.
ENSOLVA'DO, a, adj. (in gunnery) so they call a cannon that cannot be shot off on account of the powder being wet.
ENSOPA'DO, a, adj. See **ENSOPA'R**, v. a. to sop, or soak in. See also **EMBEBER**.
ENSORDECER. See **ENSURDECER**.
ENSORDECIDO. See **ENSURDECIDO**.
ENSO'SSO, a, adj. without smack of salt, unsavoury, insipid.
Parade ensofso, a wall of stones heaped together without mortar.
Não levar ensofso alguma coisa, to pay dear for a thing.
ENSOVALHADO. See **ENXOVALHADO**.
ENSOVALHAR. See **ENXOVALHAR**.
ENSURDECER, v. a. to make deaf, to deaf, or deafen.
Ensurdecer, v. n. or *Ensurdecer-se*, v. r. to grow deaf; also to make as if one were deaf.
ENSURDECIDO, a, adj. deafened, deaf, &c. See **ENSURDECER**.

ENT

ENTABOA'DO, a, adj. boarded; also made stiff, or hard. See **ENTABOAR**, to board.
Entab ar-se, v. r. to be made stiff and hard.
ENTABOLADO, a, adj. See **ENTABOLAR**, v. a. ex. *Entabolar hum negocio*, to dispose a business into method, that it may be easily compassed.
ENTAI'PADO, a, adj. See **ENTAI'PAR**, v. a. to wall, or shut up. From *taipa*, mud.
ENTALAÇAM. See **ENTALADURA**.
ENTALADO, a, adj. See **ENTALADURA**, f. f. the act of squeezing, or forcing between close bodies.
ENTALA'R, v. a. to squeeze, or force between close bodies.
ENTALHADO, a, adj. See the v. **ENTALHAR**.
ENTALHADOR, f. m. a carver in wood, or the like.

ENT

ENTALHA'R, v. a. to carve in wood, or the like.
ENTAL'LHO, f. m. the work done by the carver; also the act of carving.
ENTALISCA'DO, a, adj. incumbered.
ENTAM, adv. then, in that time.
Ate entam, till then, till that time.
Desde entam, since that time, since that, or since.
De entam, or *des entam*, thenceforth, thenceforward, from thenceforth.
Eu bem vejo isso, mas entam? I see it, and what then?
ENTAPIZADO, a, adj. See **ENTAPIZA'R**, v. a. to hang with tapestry.
ENTE, f. m. a being, ex. *Este real*, a real being.
Este da razão, an imaginary being.
ENTEADA, f. f. daughter-in-law, the wife's daughter by another husband, or the husband's by another wife; a step-daughter.
ENTEADO, f. m. a son-in-law, a step-son, *Quasi ante natus*, born before they were married.
ENTEJADO, a, adj. See **ENTEJAR**, v. a. to loath, to nauseate. See also **ABORRECER**.
ENTE'JO, f. m. loathing. See also **ODIO**.
ENTENA. See **ANTENA**.
ENTENAS, f. m. p. a sort of birds so called because they perch on the yards of a ship, which the Portuguese call *entenas*, or *antenas*.
ENTENDEDO'R, f. m. one that conceives, or understands, an understander.
P. a bom entendedor poucas palavras; we say, a word to the wife is enough; and the Lat. *Intelligenti pauca*.
ENTENDENTE. See **ENTENDIDO**.
ENTENDER, v. a. to understand, to conceive.
Eu me entendo, I understand my own business.
Dar a entender, to give to understand, to give a hint of something.
Entendo que isso foy erro, I understand that it was a mistake.
Não entendo isso, I don't understand it, or I do not consent to it, I don't approve of it.
Que entendes tu por isso? what do you mean by that?
Entendo que fareis isso, I expect you should do that.
Fazer o que entenderdes, do as you think fit, or best, do as you see cause.
Entender de guisades, to have a good palate for the tasting of meat.
Entender de alguma coisa, to have skill in something, to understand it.
Entender de hum negocio, to understand a trade.
Entender com alguém, to meddle with one, to vex, trouble, or teaze him.
O que entende com tudo, a meddler, or busy-body.
Entendo o que quereis dizer, I apprehend you, I know what you mean.

ENT

A meu entender, according to my opinion.
Eu assim entendo, I mean so.
Fazer-se entender, to explain, or signify one's thoughts, to speak plain.
Entender mal, to mistake.
Dar a entender, to make believe. See also **PERSUADIR**.
Dar que entender a alguém, to puzzle, or confound, to perplex one.
Dar em que entender, to incommode, trouble, to be troublesome.
Entender em alguma coisa, to be busy, or employed about something.
Por-se a entender com alguém, to begin to quarrel with one.
Desde que me entendo, since I know myself, since my infancy.
Entendo-se, v. imp. people think.
Entender-se, v. r. ex. *Entender-se com alguém*, to agree with one.
Eles lá se entendem, they understand one another, or they play booty.
ENTENDIDO, a, adj. understood. See also **DOUTO**, and the v. **ENTENDER**.
Não se dar por entendido, ou achado em alguma coisa, not to take notice of a thing, to wink at it.
Prezar-se de entendido, to be proud, to carry it high, to take too much upon one's self.
ENTENDIMENTO, f. m. understanding; also signification, or meaning.
ENTERECE. See **INTERESSE**.
ENTERNECER, v. a. to move to compassion.
Enternecer-se, v. r. to be compassionate, to be moved with pity.
ENTERNECIDO, a, adj. See the v. **ENTERNECER**.
ENTERRA'DO, a, adj. See **ENTERRAR**.
ENTERRAMENTO. See **ENTERRO**.
ENTERRA'R, v. a. to bury, to inter. From *terra*, earth.
A aquém de enterrar, burying.
Lugar a onde se enterra, a burying-place.
ENTERREIRADO, a, adj. See **ENTERREIRAR**, v. a. (in agriculture) to cut the herbs, bushes, &c. round an olive-tree, that the olives may be easily gathered. From *terreiro*, a void place in a city without building; a walking place.
Enterreirar hum negocio. See **ENTABOLAR**.
ENTERRO, f. m. a burial. See also **SEPULTURA**.
ENTERROMPER. See **INTERROMPER**.
ENTERROMPIDO, &c. See **INTERROMPIDO**, &c.
ENTERTER. See **ENTRETER**.
ENTERTIDO. See **ENTRETI'DO**.
ENTESADO, a, adj. See **ENTESA'R**, v. a. to stretch, to lay out; also to stiffen.
Entesar-se, v. r. to become stiff.
Entesar-se, to grow and increase more and more. (Speaking of the wind.)

ENT

Ente-se com algum, to oppose or withstand one.
ENTESICADO. See **ENTISICADO**.
ENTESICAR-SE. See **ENTISICAR-SE**.
ENTESTADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTESTAR, *v. n.* to stand, or to be set right over against, to border, or confine upon.
ENTEZADO. See **ENTESADO**.
ENTEZAR. See **ENTESAR**.
ENTHESOURADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTHESOURAR, *v. a.* to heap up riches; also to hoard, to treasure, to lay up money.
ENTHUSIASMO, *f. m.* an enthusiasm.
ENTHYMEMA, *f. f.* an enthymeme, an imperfect syllogism. Greek.
ENTHYMEMIA, *idem*.
ENTIBIADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTIBIAR, *v. a.* to cool. (In a proper and figurative sense.)
Entibiar-se, *v. r.* to grow cool. (In a proper and figurative sense.)
ENTIDADE, *f. f.* (in philosophy) entity; also value, estimation.
ENTISICADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTISICAR, *v. n.* to grow consumptive.
Entiscar, *v. a.* to throw into a consumption.
ENTOACAM, *f. f.* a tuning, setting a tune, raising the voice; also the entrance, or beginning of a song.
ENTOADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTOAR, *v. a.* to tune, to raise the voice; also to sing before.
ENTONADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTONAR-SE, *v. r.* to be proud.
ENTONCES. See **ENTAM**.
ENTORNADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTORNAR, *v. a.* to pour on, or in; also to spill, or shed.
Entornar, (*tembar*) See **TOMBAR**.
Entornar, to misuse, to make an ill use of.
Entornar-se, *v. r.* to be spilt, or shed.
ENTORPECER, *v. a.* to numb, to make torpid, to make dull of motion or sensation; also to make lazy.
Entorpecer-se, *v. r.* to grow torpid, and numbed; also to grow dull, or inactive.
Entorpecer-se, to stagnate, to lie motionless, to have little, or no course or stream. (Speaking of waters, or any other liquid.)
ENTORPECIDO, *a*, torpid, numbed.
ENTORPECIMENTO, *f. m.* numbness, torpor, interruption of sensation.
ENTORTADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTORTAR, *v. a.* to crook, bend; or bow; also to set awry, to wrest aside.
Entortar a boca, to make wry faces.
Que entorta a boca, wry-mouthed.
Entortar o pescoço, to wry the neck.
Que tem o pescoço entortado, wry-necked.
Entortar os olhos, to squint, or look askint.
A acção de entortar os olhos, squinting.
Cum os olhos entortados, squintingly.

ENT

ENTRADA, *f. f.* entrance, entry, avenue.
Dar entrada publica como hum embaxador, &c. to make public entrance, like an embassador, &c.
Entrada da porta, threshold, the ground or step under the door.
Entrada da casa, a porch, or entry to a house.
Na entrada do porto, at the entrance into the port.
Entrada violenta, a bursting in, a violent breaking, or entering in, an irruption.
Dar entrada ao ar, to let in the air.
Entrada, (*principio*) See **PRINCIPIO**.
Entrada, custom for imported commodities.
Entrada, access, favour, admittance.
Ter entrada em casa de hum embaxador, to be admitted to an embassador, to be in his favour, to have his ear.
ENTRADO, *a*, adj. come in, entered.
Entrado em annos, stricken in years, elderly.
Era entrada a noite, it was late in the night.
Entrado. See **PENETRADO** and **PODERADO**.
Entrado do demonio. See **ENERGUMENO**. See also the *v.* **ENTRAR**.
ENTRALHAR, *v. a.* to make knots in the threads of a net between the meshes. From *tralla*, which see.
ENTRAMBOS, *ba*, pron. both; also amongst them.
De entrambos, from both.
ENTRAMENTES. See **ENTRETANTO**.
ENTRANCADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTRANCAR, *v. a. ex.* *Entrancar o cabelo*, to braid the hair.
ENTRANCIA, *f. f.* advancement, or promotion. See also **PRINCIPIO**.
ENTRANHA DO, *a*, adj. that penetrates, pierces, or enters into.
Entranhado com a carne, that sticks into the flesh.
ENTRANHAS, *f. f. p.* the entrails, the inward parts, the bowels.
Tirar as entranhas. See **DESENTRANHAR**.
Entranhas, the recess, or inmost part of any place.
Entranhas da terra, the bowels of the earth.
Homem de boas entranhas, a good natured, or compassionate man.
ENTRANHAVEL, *adj.* hearty, sincere; also deadly, spiteful, long borne in mind.
Ter desejo entranhavel, to desire earnestly.
Amigo entranhavel, a hearty, sincere, intimate friend.
ENTRANHAVELMENTE, *adv.* heartily, sincerely.
ENTRANHINHA, (*a vulgar word*) *ex.* *He entranhinha*, he broods, hatches, or brews ill designs.
ENTRAPADO, *a*, adj. See
ENTRAPAR, *v. a.* to wrap in clouts, or rags. From *trapo*, a rag. See also **EMPRASTAR**.

ENT

ENTRAR, *v. n.* to enter, to go into.
Entrar com força, ou violencia, to break in violently, to enter, or rush in by force or main strength.
Entrar com pressa e furia, to run hastily, or furiously in, or upon a thing.
Entre, um. come in, sir.
Entrar, to go about something, to go about to do it, to fall to work, to begin it; as *Entrar a chorar*, to fall a crying, to begin to cry.
Entrar em si, to be wise, to come to one's wits.
Entrar na graça de algum, to get into one's favour.
Entrar em huma conjuração, to enter into a plot, or conspiracy, to be one of the plotters.
Aquillo entroube muito dentro, that went to his heart. (Metaph.)
Entrar a suspeitar de algum, to begin to entertain a suspicion of one.
Entrar a parte, to have a share in.
Entrar em consideração, to begin to think.
Entrar as contas com algum. See **CONTAS**.
Entrar de guarda, to mount, or go upon the guard.
Entrar, (*desembocar*.) See **DESEMBOCAR**.
Isto não me entra na cabeça, I do not comprehend this thing, or this thing convinces me not.
Entrar por hum ouvido e sair pelo outro, in at one ear, and out at the other.
Entra-se, *v. imp.* they go in.
ENTRE, prep. among, between, betwixt.
Entre nos, amongst ourselves, or betwixt you and I.
Entre lusco e fusco, at twilight, betwixt hawk and buzzard.
Entre vivo e morto, half dead.
Entre Douro e Minho, the outermost province of Portugal, towards the N. It has its name from its situation between the rivers Douro and Minho, as its Latin appellation *Interamensis*, plainly denotes. It contains two cities, Braga and Porto twenty-six towns, and other lesser districts; so that, in proportion to its largeness, it is the best inhabited among all the Portuguese provinces.
ENTRECAMBA DO, *a*, adj. entangled.
ENTRECA'SCA, *f. f.* the thin skin that is between the bark and wood of any tree.
ENTRECA'SCO, *f. m.* See **ENTRECA'SCA**.
ENTRECOLUMNIO, *f. m.* the space between pillars.
ENTRECOSTO, *f. m.* a bald rib, or rib-spine of an hog.
ENTREDENTES, *ex.* *Fallar por entredentes*, to speak low, or mutter to one's self.
ENTREDI'A, by day, in the day-time.
ENTREDITO. See **INTERDITO**.
ENTREFORRO, *f. m.* a false roof.

ENTREGA, f. f. a delivery, or delivering any thing up.
Tomar entrega de alguma coisa, to receive a thing, to take care of it.
Fazer entrega. See **ENTREGAR**.
Entrega de huma praça, surrender, or surrendering of a town, or fortress.
ENTREGA DO, a, adj. See **ENTREGAR**.
ENTREGAR, v. a. to deliver, or deliver up. See also **REVELAR**.
Os mundanos entregão os seus corações aos deleytes, the worldlings deliver or give up their hearts to voluptuousness.
Entregar (fiar.) See **FIAR**.
Entregar com traição, to betray, to be false to.
Entregar, to prostitute, to sell to wickedness, to expose to crimes for a reward. It is commonly used of women sold to whoredom by others.
Entregar, to charge one with a thing, to trust him with it.
Entregar-se, v. r. to give one's self up, or over, to surrender, to abandon one's self.
Entregar-se, (speaking of a woman.) See **DEVASSAR-SE**.
Entregar-se mais do que be razam. See **DEMASIAR-SE**.
Entregar-se todo a alguma coisa, to mind a thing, and apply himself earnestly and vigorously to it.
Entregar-se a merce dos inimigos, to deliver one's self up to the mercy of his enemies.
ENTREGUE, adj. delivered up.
Fiz entrega da carta, I received the letter.
Entregue, surrendered, &c. according to the v. **ENTREGAR**.
ENTRELI'NHA, f. f. interlineation, correction made by writing between the lines.
Fazer entrelinhas, to interline, to correct by something-written between the lines.
ENTRELOCUCAM. See **INTERLOCUCAM**.
ENTRELOCUTOR, &c. See **INTERLOCUTOR**.
ENTRELUNIO. See **INTERLUNIO**.
ENTREME'ADO, a, adj. See **ENTREMEAR**.
ENTREMEAR, v. n. to be interposed, or put between two other things.
ENTREME'DIO, a, adj. that is put between.
ENTREMENTES. See **ENTRETANTO**.
ENTREME'S, or **ENTREME'Z**, f. m. a droll, a farce, a dramatic representation written without regularity, and fluffed with wild and ludicrous conceits.
ENTREMETE'AR-SE, v. r. to intrude one's self, to intermeddle, to be meddling, to meddle.
ENTREMETI'DO, a, adj. interposed, put between.
Homem entremetido, a meddler, a busybody, a ferreter, one that hunts another in his privacies, a forward man

that has a fine way of winning upon company.
ENTREMETIMENTO. See **INTERPOSICAM**, and **INTERVENCAM**.
ENTREMEYO, f. m. a sort of lace that is sewed, or stitched in; also the space between two things.
Neste entremeyo, mean time, mean while, in the mean time, in the mean while, while these things are doing, while that passed on.
Entremeyo, a, adj. compound, or made up of two. (Speaking of colours.)
ENTREPA'NO, f. m. (speaking of a shelf for books) the board that separates the shelves that are on the right from those that are on the left hand.
ENTREPOLACAM. See **INTERPOLACAM**.
ENTROPOLADO, &c. See **INTERPOLADO**, &c.
ENTREPO'R, v. a. to put between, to set between, to interpose. From the Lat. *interpono*.
Entrepor a sua autoridade, to interpose one's authority.
Entrepor-se, v. r. to interpose, or intermeddle in a business.
O que se entroposm, an interposer, one that comes between others.
ENTREPORTAS, ex. *Tomaraõ-no entrepartas*, he could not escape, or get away.
ENTREPOSIÇAM. See **INTERPOSICAM**.
ENTREPOSTO. See **INTERPOSTO**.
ENTREPRENDER. See **INTERPRENDER**.
ENTREPRENDIDO. See **INTERPRENDIDO**.
ENTREPREZA, or **INTERPREZA**, f. f. (a military word) ex. *Tomar per entrepreza*, to take by surprize.
ENTRESACHADO, a, adj. See **ENTRESACHAR**.
ENTRESACHAR, v. a. to put, to set, or plant between, to thrust in among; also to interweave, to intertwine, or intertwist.
ENTRESOLHO, f. m. a room taken out between two floors.
ENTRETALHADO, a, adj. See **ENTRETALHAR**.
ENTRETALHAR, v. a. to cut a paper, skin, &c. into elegant forms, or figures; also to cut, or chop in.
ENTRETA'LHO, f. m. the act of cutting paper, &c. or the work itself. See **ENTALHAR**.
ENTRETANTO, adv. in the mean while, in the mean time.
Nesta entretanto, or *Neste entremeyo*. See **ENTREMEYO**.
No entretanto que, whilst, while.
No entretanto que vos fazeis aquillo eu fazei isto, while you do that, I shall do this.
ENTRETECE'ER, v. a. to interweave, to intertwist, to intertwine.
ENTRETECIDO, a, adj. interwoven, interwove, or interweaved. See **ENTRETECE'ER**.
ENTRETELA, f. f. a cloth put between the lining and the cloth.
ENTRETALADO, a, adj. See

ENTRETALAR, v. a. to put any thing between the lining and the cloth. (Among taylors)
ENTRETENI'DA, f. f. tergiversation, shift, subterfuge, evasion.
ENTRETENI'DO, a, adj. diverting, pleasant. See also **OCCUPADO**.
Capitão entretendido, a captain in half-pay.
ENTRETENIMENTO, f. m. diversion, pastime.
ENTRETER, v. a. to divert, to amuse, to keep, to stay, to make stay, to stop, to hold in play, to keep at bay.
Entreter a algum com boas palavras, to drive one off with fair words and promises.
Entreter a algum conversando com elle, to entertain one by way of discourse.
Entreter, to ease, assuage, or mitigate; also to detain, or make stay, to hinder.
Entreter-se, v. r. to pass the time pleasantly, to divert one's self.
Entreter-se em causas frivolas, to stand trifling, to loiter, to dally one's time.
Entreter-se, to bellow one's pains and time about something, to mind, to be taken up with a thing.
Entreter-se, to stay, to tarry, or sojourn.
ENTRETI'DO, a, adj. amused, &c. according to the v. **ENTRETER**.
ENTRETIMENTO. See **ENTRETENIMENTO**.
ENTREVA'DO, a, adj. impotent, that has lost the use of his limbs.
ENTREVALLO. See **INTERVALLO**.
ENTREVAR, v. n. to be impotent, to lose the use of the limbs.
ENTREVIDO. See **INTERVIDO**.
ENTREVIR. See **INTERVIR**.
ENTRIDA, f. f. a kind of food made of crumbs of bread soaked in water; also a panada, caudle, or such like.
ENTRINCHEYRADO, a, adj. See **ENTRINCHEYRAR**.
ENTRINCHEYRAMENTO, f. m. a pit, or ditch round an intrenchment.
ENTRINCHEYRAR, v. a. to intrench, or fortify with intrenchments.
Entrincheyrar-se, v. r. to intrench, to fence, or fortify one's self with intrenchments.
ENTRISTECE'ER, v. a. to make sad.
Entristecer-se, v. r. to grow sad, or melancholy.
ENTRODUCCAM. See **INTRODUCCAM**.
ENTRODUZIDO, &c. See **INTRODUZIDO**, &c.
ENTRONCADO, a, adj. See **ENTRONCAR**.
ENTRONCAR, v. n. (in genealogy) to spring, or proceed from the same stock, or head of a family.
ENTRONIZADO, a, adj. See **ENTRONIZAR**.
ENTRONIZAR, v. a. to inthronize, to set upon the throne; also to raise, to prefer, or advance.
ENTROSA, f. f. a dented wheel in an oil-press.
ENTROUXADO. See **ENFADELADO**.

ENV

ENTROUXAR. See **ENFARDELAR.**
ENTRUDADO, &c. See **INTRUDADO, &c.**
ENTRU'DO. See **INTRUDO.**
ENTRUGIR, (in cant) to understand.
ENTULHA'DO, a, adj. See
ENTULHA'R, v. a. to fill up a ditch, pit, &c. with rubbish, or ruins of some buildings.
ENTU'LHO, f. m. rubbish, shards, rough, rugged stones, or something like, to fill up a pit or wall with.
ENTUMECER. See **INTUMECER.**
ENTUMECIDO. See **INTUMECIDO.**
ENTUPIDO, a, adj. See
ENTUPI'R, to stop, to close any aperture, to obstruct.
ENTUSIA'SMO. See **ENTHUSIASMO.**

ENV

ENVASADO, a, adj. See **ENVASAR.**
ENVASADURA, f. f. (with shipwrights) the stocks. *Largar a envasadura,* is for a ship to be launched.
ENVASAMENTO, f. m. the broadest and lowest part of a pillar, &c. the foot, or base of it.
ENVASA'R, v. a. to put into vessels; also to make an **ENVASAMENTO**, which see.
ENVASILHA'R, v. a. to put into vessels. From **VASILHA**, which see.
ENVEJA, f. f. envy. *Com inveja,* or *por inveja,* enviously.
Coisa que move a inveja, enviable, such as may excite envy.
ENVEJADO, a, adj. See
ENVEJA'R, v. a. to envy, to hate another for excellence, happiness, or success.
ENVEYOSO, adj. envious, infected with envy.
Pessoa invejosa, an envier, one that envies another.
ENVELHECER, v. a. to make old.
Envelhecer, v. n. to grow old. From *velho*, old.
ENVELHECIDO, a, adj. See the **v. ENVELHECER.**
ENVENCILHA'DO, ENVENCILHAR. See **EMBARAÇADO, EMBARAÇAR.**
ENVENTANADO, a, adj. See
ENVENTANAR-SE, v. r. (at billiards) ex. *Enventantar-se a bola,* is for an ivory ball to be cast in at a window without falling into the hazard.
ENVERDECER, v. a. to make green, or flourishing.
Enverdecer, v. n. to wax green.
ENVERDECIDO, a, adj. See the **v. ENVERDECER.**
ENVERGADA vela, a sail tied to the yard
ENVERGAR velas, (a sea phrase) to tie the sails to the yards. From *verga*, a yard.
ENVERGONHA'DO, a, adj. See
ENVERGONHA'R, v. a. to shame,

ENV

or disgrace, to make one ashamed. From *vergonha*, shame.
Envergonhar-se, v. r. to be ashamed, or bashful, to blush.
ENVERQUES, f. m. p. (a sea term) the ropes with which the sail is fastened to the sail yard.
ENVERNIZA'DO, a, adj. See
ENVERNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish.
ENVES. See **AVESSE.**
ENVESTIDA. See **INVESTIDA.**
ENVESTIDO, &c. See **INVESTIDO, &c.**
ENVIA'DO, f. m. an envoy, a public minister sent from one power to another, a minister of a lower degree than an ambassador.
Enviado, a, adj. See
ENVIA'R, v. a. to send.
ENVIDA'DO, a, adj. See
ENVIDA'R, v. a. to vie at cards, to set at hazard.
Envidar o resto, to throw at all, at dice.
Envidar de falso, throw a levant.
ENVIEZADO, a, adj. See
ENVIEZA'R, v. a. to cut overthwartly; also to place obliquely, or sideways.
Enviezar as velas, to veer the sails.
Enviezar, v. n. to go slanting, or sloping.
ENVILECER, v. n. to grow vile.
ENVILECIDO, a, adj. growing vile, or base.
ENVINAGRADO. See **AZEDADO.**
ENVINAGRAR. See **AZEDAR.**
ENVISCA DO, a, adj. limed. See also
ENVISCAR, v. a. to lime, to smear with lime. From *visco*, bird-lime.
Enviscar-se, v. r. to be entangled, or caught with bird-lime.
Vaca enviscada, a lime twig.
ENVITE, f. m. vying at any game, setting a hazard.
ENVIUADO, a, adj. widowed, deprived of a husband or wife.
ENVIUA'R, v. n. to be made a widow, or a widower, to be deprived of a husband or wife.
Fazer enviuvar huma mulher, to widow, to deprive of a husband.
ENULA campana, f. f. the herb called elicampane.
ENUMERAÇÃO, f. f. enumeration.
Fazer a enumeração, to enumerate, or reckon up.
ENUNCIACÃO, f. f. enunciation.
ENVO'LTÁ, ex. De envolta, or *desenvolta*, confusedly, one with another, promiscuously, in common, without any order, or regularity.
ENVO'LTO, a, adj. wrapped up.
Envolto, (turvo) See **TURVO**
Envolto, (metido) See **METIDO.**
Envolto em pranto, bathed with tears.
Envolto em sono, that is sound or fast asleep. See also the **v. ENVOLVER.**
ENVOLTÓRIO, f. m. any thing that is tied in a bundle. See also **INVOLUTORIO.**
Cuberta do envoltorio, a wrapper; any thing to pack up merchandise in pa-

ENX

per, or other stuff, wherein tradesmen wrap their several wares.
ENVOLVEDOR, ENVOLVEDOURO, or *Cuberta do envoltorio.* See **ENVOLTÓRIO.**
ENVOLVEDO URO para hum menino, a swathing-band.
ENVOLVE'R, v. a. to wrap, or fold in, to involve.
Envolver em sombra, em trevas, &c. See **ESCURECER.**
Envolver, to contain, to hold, or comprehend.
Envolver-se, v. r. to go among, to intrude one's self.

ENX

ENXABI'DO. See **DESENXABI'DO.**
ENXA'CA, f. f. one side of a great basket.
ENXACO'CO, f. m. one that speaks a broken or mixt language.
Fallar enxacoico, to speak a broken language.
ENXA'DA, f. f. (in agriculture) a mattock, a hoe, an instrument to cut up the earth, of which the blade is at right angles with the handle.
ENXADADA, f. f. a stroke with a hoe.
ENXADA'M, f. m. See **ALFIAM.**
ENXADREZ. See **XADREZ.**
ENXADREZA'DO, a, adj. See **EMPEQUETADO.**
ENXAGOADO, a, adj. full of watrish matter; also rinsed, &c. See
ENXAGOA'R, v. a. to rinse, or wash.
Enxaguar hum copo, to rinse a glass.
Enxaguar a boca, to wash one's mouth.
ENXALMOS da besta, the pannels of a pack-saddle, or any thing else to keep the burdens in equilibrium.
ENXAMBRA'DO, a, adj. half wet.
ENXA'ME, f. m. ex. *Enxame de abelhas,* a swarm of bees.
Enxame de homens, a company or body of men. It is seldom used in this sense.
Enxame de peixes, a shoal of fishes.
ENXAMEA'DO, a, adj. See
ENXAMEA'R, v. n. to swarm, as bees do.
ENXAQUE'CA, f. f. megrim, a headache coming by fits. From the Arab. *Xacaque*, a disruption or crack.
ENXARAVIA. See **POLAINA.**
ENXARCÍAS, or ENÇARSEAS. f. f. p. the shrouds of a ship. See **OVENCADURA.**
ENXARCIA'DO, a, adj. See
ENXARCIA'R, v. a. to rig a ship.
ENXAREO, f. m. a sort of sea-fish.
ENXAROPA'DO, a, adj. See
ENXAROPA'R, v. a. to give a syrup.
ENXARRO'CO, f. m. a fish of the sea called a frog-fish.
ENXA'YAM. See **SAYAM.**
ENXE CO, f. m. (an antiquated word) see **DANO.**
ENXELHARIA. See **SILHARIA.**
ENXEQUETA'DO. See **ENXADREZADO.**

EN-

ENX

ENXERGA, f. f. a sort of straw-bed they use to put upon a pack-saddle.
ENXERGA'DO, a, adj. See **ENXERGAR**.
ENXERGA'M, f. m. a straw-bed.
ENXERGA'R, v. a. to discover, to perceive by the eye, to descry.
ENXERIDO. } See { **ENXIRIDO**.
ENXERIR. } { **ENXIRIR**.
ENXERTADEIRA, f. f. a grafting-knife.
ENXERTA'DO, a, adj. See **ENXERTAR**.
ENXERTADO'R, f. m. a grafter.
ENXERTA'R, v. a. to graft, or graft.
A açam de enxertar, grafting.
Enxertar de borbulha, or *de brulha*, to inoculate trees.
A açam de enxertar de borbulha, the inoculation of trees.
O que enxerta de borbulha, an inoculator, one that practises the inoculation of trees.
Enxertar, eu meter o garfo de sacada. See **SACADA**.
Enxertar de escudo, to graft by a scutcheon. When this sort of grafting is made in the top of trees, they call it *enxertar de cerea*.
Enxertar, (in a figurative sense) to insert, to place in or amongst other things; also to graft, or insert into a place or body to which it did not originally belong.
ENXERTARIO, f. m. (in a ship) parrel.
Trar enxertario, to unparrel.
ENXERTIA, f. f. the act of grafting, or ingrafting; so they also call any numbers of trees that are ingrafted.
Enxertia de sacada, whip-grafting. See **SACADA**.
ENXERTO, f. m. a grafted-tree.
ENXI'DO, f. m. a little farm, or manor.
ENXIRI'DO, f. m. See
ENXIRIR, v. a. to insert, or to place in or amongst other things.
ENXO, f. f. an addice, or as we corruptly speak and write *adze*.
ENXOFRA'DO, a, adj. See **SULFURADO**.
ENXOFRA'R, v. a. to dress or smoke with brimstone.
ENXOFRE, f. m. brimstone.
Cassa que cheira a enxofre, ou tem enxofre, sulphureous.
ENXOTA'DO, a, adj. See
ENXOTA'R, v. a. to scare, to fright away, to drive away. (Chiefly hurtful things, as flies from the face, birds from the corn, &c.)
Enxotar huma boa occasiam, to slip, or let slip a fair opportunity.
Enxotar, to expel, cast off, (as grief, melancholy, &c.)
ENXO'VA, f. f. a sort of small tunny; also an anchovy, a little sea-fish.
ENXO'VAL, f. m. the new linen cloths belonging to the bride.
ENXOVALHADO, or **ENSOVALHADO**, a, adj. filthy, nasty.

ENZ

Enxovalbado, (*desalinbado*.) See **DESALINHADO**, and
ENXOVALHAR, or **ENSOVALHAR**, v. a. to defile, to besoul.
Enxovalbar a reputaçam de algum, to stain, to blur, or blemish one's reputation.
Enxovalbar, (*deslustrar*.) See **DES-LUSTRAR**.
Enxovalbar com palavras, to abuse, to rail, or affront.
Enxovalbar com pancadas, to beat or trounce one, to belabour him.
Enxovalhar-se, v. r. to grow dirty, filthy, or nasty.
ENXOVI'A, f. f. a dungeon, a close prison; generally spoke of a prison, when it is dark or subterraneous.
ENXUGA'DO, a, adj. See
ENXUGA'R, v. a. to dry.
Enxugar as ar, to air.
Enxugar ao sol, to sun, to set, or dry in the sun.
Enxugar as mãos, to wipe the hands.
Enxugar as proprias lagrimas, to wipe off one's tears.
O vento enxuga os caminhos, the wind dries up the way.
Redilha, eu pano que serve para enxugar, a wiping-clout.
Redilha para enxugar os pratos, a dish-clout.
O que enxuga, a wiper.
A açam de enxugar, whipping, &c. according to the v.
ENXU'GO, f. m. ex. *Tomar enxugo*, to goow dry.
ENXU'LHA, f. f. so they call the fat in the birds belly, after having been well fed in their moulting, or mewing.
ENXUNDIA, or **ENXU'NDA**, f. f. axunge, or axungia, fat, suet, grease; but molt properly the lump of fat in a hen's or any other fowl's belly.
ENXURDADO, a, adj. See
ENXURDA'R-SE, v. r. to tumble, to wallow, to welter, or grovel in dirt, as swine and other beasts do.
ENXURDEIRO, f. m. mire, slough, mud.
ENXURRA'DA, f. f. a torrent, a sudden stream raised by showers.
ENXURRO, f. m. See **ENXURRADA**.
Enxurro de gente, crowd, or throng of people. (Metaphr.)
ENXU'TO, a, adj. dry, without moisture; also dried up, dried.
Elle passou a pé enxuto, he went over dry.
Que tem olhos enxutos, that has dry eyes.
Enxuto, (*magro*.) See **MAGRO**.
Homem enxuto, a man that speaks but few words, and at the same time is crabbed, morose, and surly.

ENZ

ENZINHEIRA, f. f. a kind of oak tree, called by some holm, the scarlet oak.
Cousa de pao de enzineira, of holm, or made of holm.

EPI

ENZO'L, f. m. See **ANZOL**.

EOL

EOLIPILA, f. f. æolipyle, or æolopyce, an ancient device to help smoaking chimneys; also in hydraulics, a round hollow ball made of metal, with a neck and small hole, which being about two third parts filled with water, and set on the fire, the vaporous air will break forth with a great noise and violence. An instrument called hermetic bellows.

EOO

EO'O, (in poetry) eastern.

EPA

EPA'CTA, f. f. epact, the eleven days which the common solar year hath above the common lunar year. Greek.

EPANAPHORA, f. f. a figure, when divers clauses begin with one and the same word. Greek. See also **RELAÇAM**.

EPA'TICA, f. f. liver-wort, a sort of plant.

EPE

EPENTHESIS, the putting in a letter, or syllable, in the middle of a word.

EPH

EPHEBO, f. m. See **EFEBO**.

EPHEMERIAO. See **EPHEMERO**.

EPHEMERIDES, f. f. p. ephemerides, astronomical tables.

EPHE'MERO, or **EPHEMERON**, f. m. the herb hermodactyl, or as others, May-lilies, lily of the valleys. Greek.

EPHIALTA. } See { **PESADELO**.
EPHIMERA. } { **EPHEMERO**.
EPHIMERO, a, adj. ephemeran, of one day, or that lasts but one day.

Febre ephimera, an ephemeran-ague, a day-ague, an ague of one day.

EPHO'D, f. m. ephod, a garment used by the Jewish priests.

EPHORO, f. m. ephorus, a judge of great power among the Lacedæmonians.

EPI

EPIALA, (in medicine) *febre epiala*, epiala, a continual fever, wherein the patient feels both heat and cold at once. Greek.

EPICEDIO, f. m. epicedium, a funeral song, or copy of verses in praise of the dead. Greek.

EPICHE'A, or **EPIQUE'A**, f. f. a mitigation of the rigour of the law according to equity. Greek.

Usar de epiche'a, to mitigate the rigour of the law, according to equity.

E'PICO, a, adj. epic. Greek.

EPI

Poesia epica, epics, epic poetry.

Poeta epico, an epic poet.

Poeta epico, an epic poet.

EPICYCLO, (in astronomy) an epicycle, a lesser orb, whose center is the circumference of a greater.

EPIDEMI, or **DORINÇA epidemica**, epidemic, an epidemical disease, a popular disease. Greek.

EPIDEMICO, *a*, adj. epidemical, epidemic, popular, catching.

EPIDERMA, *f. f.* epidermis, the outward thin skin of the body. Greek.

EPIDICTICO. See **DEMONSTRATIVO**.

EPIFANIA. See **EPIPHANIA**.

EPIFONEMA. See **EPIPHONEMA**.

EPIGLOTTIS, *f. m.* (in anatomy) epiglottis, the fifth cartilage of the larynx, the cover of the opening of the windpipe. Greek.

EPIGRAMMA, *f. m.* an epigram, it is usually taken for a short witty poem, playing upon the fancies and conceits which arise from any kind of subject; also an inscription upon a statue, &c. Greek.

Agudja do epigramma, the point or sting of an epigram.

O que faz epigrammas, an epigrammatist.

EPI GRAPHE, *f. f.* epigraphe, an inscription on a statue. Greek.

EPILEPSIA, *f. f.* epilepsy, a falling-sickness; so called because the persons afflicted with it fall down on a sudden. Greek.

Remedios contra epilepsia, epileptics.

EPILEPTICO, *a*, adj. epileptical, or epileptic, troubled with an epilepsy.

EPILOGADO. See **RECAPITULADO**.

EPILOGAR. See **RECAPITULAR**.

EPI LOGO, *f. m.* an epilogue, a conclusion of a speech. See also **RECAPITULACAM**. Greek.

EPIMONA, *f. f.* epimone, a rhetorical figure, when, to move affection, the same word is repeated. Greek.

EPINICIO, *f. m.* epinicion, a triumphal song after a victory. Greek.

EPIPHANIA, *f. f.* Epiphany, a church festival, celebrated on the twelfth day after Christmas. It is also called Twelfth-day, or Twelfth-tide. Greek.

EPIPHONEMA, *f. f.* epiphonema, an exclamation, a figure in rhetoric; a smart close at the end of a narration, or a lively reflection on the subject treated of; as, so inconstant is the favour of princes. Greek.

EPIPHORA, *f. f.* (in phyc) epiphora, a defluxion of humours into any part, but more especially a defluxion of humours in the eyes. Greek.

EPIPLOON. } See { **REDENHO**.

EPIQUEA. } See { **EPICHEA**.

EPISCOPALES, *f. m. p.* Episcopalian, or Episcoparians, those of the episcopal party, (in England.)

EQU

EPISCOPAL, adj. episcopal, of, or belonging to a bishop.

Palacio episcopal, the bishop's palace.

Dignidade episc pal, episcopacy.

EPISODIO, *f. m.* episode, a separate story, or action, which a poet connects in the main plot of his poem, in order to give it a plain diversity; as the story of Dido in Virgil.

EPISTOLA, *f. f.* epistle. Greek.

Clerigo de episto'a. See **SUBDIACONO**.

EPITAPHIO, *f. m.* an epitaph, an inscription on a tomb. Greek.

EPITHALAMICO, *a*, adj. belonging to an epithalamium.

EPITHALAMIO, *f. m.* an epithalamium, a wedding-song, or poem.

EPI THEMA, or **EPITIMA**, *f. m.* an epithem, a liquid medicine. Greek.

Epithema. See **REMEDIO**.

EPITHETO, or **EPITETO**, *f. m.* an epithet, a word expressing the nature and quality of another word, to which it is joined. Greek.

EPI THIMO, or **EPI'TIMO**, *f. m.* epithyme, a medicinal plant growing indifferently on all kinds of herbs.

EPI TOME. See **COMPENDIO**.

EPO

EPOCA, *f. f.* epoch, era, period of time. Greek.

EPO'DICO, *a*, adj. belonging to an epode.

EPO'DO, *f. m.* an epode, a pindaric ode; also a title of one of Horace's books.

EPOPEA, or **EPOPEIA**, *f. f.* epopea, epic poem, epic poetry.

EPU

EPULIDA, *f. f.* (in phyc) epulis, an excrescence in the gums.

EQU

EQUABILIDA'DE, *f. f.* evenness of temper, steadfastness, modesty, equality; also temperateness in cold or heat.

Discurso que tem equabilidade, an even discourse.

EQUACAM, *f. f.* (in astronomy) equation, the proportioning or regulating of time, or the difference between the time marked out by the apparent motion of the sun, and the time measured by the real or middle motion of it, according to which clocks and watches are to be adjusted.

Equacam, (in algebra) equation, a mutual comparing of things of different denomination; as $35 = 36d$.

EQUADOR, *f. m.* aquator, the equinoctial line, called by sailors emphatically *the line*.

EQUESTRE, adj. equestrian, belonging to a knight; also that represents a man on horse-back.

EQUANGULO, *a*, adj. equiangular.

EQU

EQUIDA'DE, *f. f.* equity, justice, right and reason.

EQUIDISTANTE, adj. equidistant.

EQUILATERO, *a*, adj. equilateral.

EQUILIBRIO, *f. m.* equilibrium, or equal balance.

Por em equilibrio, to poise; also to keep the balance even betwixt parties. (Metaph.)

EQUINOCCIAL, adj. equinoctial.

Linha equinoctial. See **EQUADOR**.

EQUINOCCIO, *f. m.* equinox.

Equinoccio vernal, the vernal equinox. It is about the twenty-first day of March.

Equinoccio autumnal, the autumnal equinox. It is about the twenty-third of September.

EQUIPAGE, *f. f.* equipage, accoutrements, furniture, attire.

Equipagem para o mar. See **ESQUIPAÇAM**.

EQUIPARADO, *a*, adj. See

EQUIPARAR, *v. a.* to compare, to match, to set together, to make equal.

EQUIPENDENCIA, *f. f.* equiponderance, or equiponderancy. See **EQUILIBRIO**.

EQUIPOLLENCIA, *f. f.* equipollence.

EQUIPOLLENTE, adj. equipollent, that is of equal force or signification.

EQUISETO, *f. m.* See **CAVALLINHA**.

EQUISSIMO, *a*, adj. most just, or upright.

EQUIVALENCIA, *f. f.* equivalent, or equivalency.

EQUIVALENTE, adj. equivalent, of equal value, force, power, or weight.

EQUIVALER, *v. n.* to be equal, or correspond with, to have an equal value with another.

EQUIVOCACAM, *f. f.* equivocation, a double meaning, equivocalness. See also **ERRO**.

Jurar sem equivocacão, to swear point-blank, to swear with a safe conscience.

EQUIVOCADO, *a*, adj. See

EQUIVOCAR-SE, *v. r.* to mistake, to make a mistake, to take one thing or person for another.

EQUIVOCO, *a*, adj. equivocal, of doubtful signification, meaning different things.

Geraçam equivoca, (in philosophy) equivocal generation.

Equivoco, *f. m.* equivocal, ambiguity, a word of doubtful meaning.

Por equivoccos, equivocally, ambiguously.

Usar de equivoccos, to equivocate, to use words of double meaning.

O que usa de equivoccos, an equivocator, one who uses ambiguous language, one who uses mental reservation.

EQUOREO, *a*, adj. (in poetry) equorean, belonging to the sea.

EQU'LEO, *f. m.* an instrument of torture made like a horse.

ERG

ERA

ERA, f. f. See **EPOCA**.
Era, See **ANNO**, **TEMPO**, and **IDADE**.
Causa que não tem era, or *que se lhe passou a era*, a very old thing, a thing out of date.
Era, ou anno que se põem no dinheiro, the date of a coin.
Era. See **HERA**.
ERANÇA. See **HERANÇA**.
ERÁRIO, f. m. the exchequer.
ERATO, f. f. Erato, one of the nine Muses.

ERE

EREBOS, f. m. Erebus, an infernal poetical deity, said to be the father of Night and Hell. It is taken for hell.
ERECÇÃO. See **INSTITUIÇÃO**, and **FUNDAÇÃO**.
ERECTO. See **ERIGIDO**.
ERECTOR. See **FUNDADOR**, and **INSTITUIDOR**.
EREGER. } See { **ERIGIR**.
EREGIDO. } See { **ERIGIDO**.
EREMITA, f. m. an anchorite, a hermit, an anchorite, an eremite.
Causa pertencente a hum eremita, eremitical.
EREMITERIO. See **ERMIDA**.
EREMITICO, a, adj. eremitical.
EREMITORIO, f. m. See **ERMIDA**.

ERG

ERGASTULO, f. m. a prison, a house of correction.
ERGO, (a scholastical word) therefore. Lat.
ERGUER, v. a. to raise up, to erect, or make upright. See also **LEVANTAR**.
Erguer-se, v. r. to rise, to get or stand up.
ERGUIDO, a, adj. raised, &c. according to the v. **ERGUER**, and **ERGUER-SE**.
ERICHTONIO, f. m. Erichonius, a constellation, the same as Auriga.
ERIDANO, f. m. the river Po, in Italy; also Eridanus, a southern constellation of twenty-eight stars.
ERIGIDO, a, adj. See
ERIGIR, v. a. to erect, to raise, to set up; also to erect, or build, to establish anew, to settle.
Erigir huma estatua a alguém, to erect a statue to, or for one.
O que eriga, an erector, or erector.
A acção de erigir, erecting, or erection.
ERISIPELA, or **ERYSIPELA**, f. f. a swelling full of heat and redness, a sore commonly called St. Antony's fire.
Erisipela não verdadeira, erysipelatodes, a bastard erysipelas.

ERR

ERISPELATO SO, a, adj. (in physic) erysipelatous, belonging to, or of the nature of an erysipelas.
ERITREO. See **ERYTREO**.

ERM

ERMANADO. See **IRMANADO**.
ERMANAR. See **IRMANAR**.
ERMI DA, f. f. a hermitage, the cell, or habitation of a hermit with a chapel by it.
ERMITA M. See **ERMITA**.
ERMITO A, f. f. a hermitess, a woman retired to devotion.
ERMITORIO, f. m. See **ERMIDA**.
ERMO, f. m. a wilderness, a desert, a solitary place.
Ermo, a, adj. See **SOLITARIO**, and **FALTO**.
Estar ermo, to want, to be wanting.
ERMODATILAS. See **HERMODATILLO**.

ERN

ERNIA. See **HERNIA**.

ERO

ERODENTE. (In physic.) See **CORROSIVO**.
EROE. See **HEROE**.
EROGADO. See **DADO**, and **DISTRIBUIDO**.
EROGAR. See **DAR**, and **DISTRIBUIR**.
EROICO. See **HEROICO**.
EROTICO, a, adj. belonging to the passion of love.

ERP

ERPES. See **HERPES**.

ERR

ERRADAMENTE, adv. erroneously.
ERRADICADO. See **DESARRAIGADO**.
ERRADICAR. See **DESARRAIGAR**.
ERRADICATIVAMENTE, adv. (in physic) radically.
ERRADICATIVO, a, adj. (in physic) erradicative, that which cures radically.
ERRA DO, a, adj. mistaken.
Molher errada. See **PECCADORA**.
Hir errado, to be out of the way.
Vacca errada, a cow that does not bring forth young every year. See also the v. **ERRAR**.
ERRANTE, p. act. erring, errant, wandering, erratic, going astray.
O que anda errante ou vagabundo, a wanderer.
Estado, ou condição de hum que anda errante, errantia.
Estrellas errantes, the seven planets, or errant stars.

ERY

ERRAR, v. a. to miss, not to hit; also to mistake, to take one thing for another.
Errar o tiro, atirando ao alvo, to miss the mark, (in shooting.)
Errar o tiro, (metaph.) to miss one's aim, (in an undertaking.)
Errar fogo, to miss fire, (as a gun.)
Arma que erra fogo, a gun that misfires.
Errar o caminho, to lose one's way.
Errar a cura ao enfermo, to apply wrong medicines, to mistake the method of cure.
Errar o nome a alguém, to miscall one, to give him a wrong name.
Errar totalmente o norte, to be in a great error; or, as we commonly say, to be in the wrong box.
Errar o intento, to deviate from the purpose.
Sujeito a errar, errable.
Qualidade, ou condição do que está sujeito a errar, errableness, liableness to error.
Errar, v. n. to wander, to ramble. See also **ENGANAR-SE**.
ERRATAS, f. f. p. the errata, the faults of the printer, inserted in the beginning or end of a book.
ERRÁTICO, a, adj. erratic, keeping no certain order.
Febre erratica, erratic fever.
Estrellas erraticas, or errantes. See **ERRANTE**.
ERRHINO, a, adj. (in physic) ex.
Medicamento errhino, errhine, a medicine snuffed up the nose, occasioning sneezing.
ERRIÇADO, a, adj. See
ERRIÇAR, v. a. to make the hair stand up, or rise on-end.
Erriçar-se, v. r. to stand on-end, to stare.
ERRO, f. m. error or mistake; also error, folly. See also **CULPA**.
Erro, a fault, a mistake, or scape in writing, &c. an oversight, or blunder.
Erro no nome, miscalling.
Erro na conta, a mistake in reckoning.
Por erro, by chance, not designedly, without a design.
Causa feita por erro, an undesigned thing.
ERRONEO, a, adj. erroneous, false, mistaken.
Opinião erronea, an erroneous opinion.
Consciência erronea, an erroneous conscience.
ERRO NIA, f. f. an error, an erroneous opinion.
ERRO R, f. m. a sin, a fault; also wildness, want of plain path. See also **ERRO**.

ERV

ERVA, f. f. herb, herbage in general. Herbs are those plants whose stalks are soft, and have nothing woody in them, as grass, hemlock, &c.
Produzir erva, to graze, to breed grass.

Verde

ERV

Verde como erva, green like grass.
Que produz erva, bringing forth herb or grass.
Cuberto de ervas, herbed, covered with herbs.
Que brota em ervas, herbescient, growing into herbs.
Comem a brotar as ervas, the herbs come, shoot, or peep out of the ground.
Cisto de ervas, herbous, abounding with herbs.
Que contem ervas, herbulent.
Que tem natureza de ervas, herby, having the nature of herbs.
O que entende de ervas, herbalist, herbarist, a man skilled in herbs.
O que he curioso de ervas, herbalist, one curious in herbs.
Mulher que vende ervas, herb-woman, a woman that sells herbs.
Livro que contem o nome e descripçam das ervas, an herbal.
Ervu pequena, herbelet, a small herb.
Que se nutre de ervas, herbaceous, feeding on vegetables.
Pertencente a ervas, herbaceous, belonging to herbs.
Ervas para a cozinha, pot-herbs.
Ervas cheirosas, sweet-herbs.
Ervas medicinaes, physical-herbs.
Sopa feita com ervas, herb-pottage.
Turmo de terra com erva e raiz, a turf, a clod covered with grass.
Ervu andorinha. See *ANDORINHA*.
Ervu lalsea. See *BABOSA*.
Ervu lenta, or *valeriana*, valerian, or great set-wall.
Ervu campana. See *ENULA campana*.
Ervu cidreira. See *CIDREIRA*.
Ervu crina, the herb called the little germander. *Trifago mixer*.
Ervu das almorromas, or *scrophularia*, the herb called scrophularia, blind-nettle, pile-wort, fig-wort.
Ervu de lesteiros. See *ELLEBORO*.
Ervu de St. João. St. John's wort.
Ervu dos telhados, or *ervas de cao*. See *UVA*.
Ervu dos passarinhos. See *POLYGO NO*.
Ervu dos pegamentos, or *erva do affio*, the great clot-bur, or burdock.
Ervu dos pegamentos menor, the lesser clot-bur, ditch-bur, house-bur.
Ervu gigante. See *BRANCA-URSINHA*.
Ervu leiteira, or *Ervu maliteira*, or *Maleita*, an herb called spurge, of which there are divers sorts.
Fumo da erva leiteira, the devil's milk.
Ervu maliteirinha, or *fumo da terra*, fumitory, or earth-smoke.
Ervu moura, an herb called nightshade, or banewort.
Ervu turca, rapture-wort.
Ervu neiva, winter-cherry; a sort of nightshade. It is also called *alka kengi*.
Ervu pielbura, louse-wort, lice-bane, or slaves-acie.

ESB

Ervu santa. See *TABACO*.
Ervu de santa Maria, spear-mint.
Ervu sempre noiva, knot-grass.
Ervu sempre viva, the herb called sea-houseleek.
Ervu asia. See *SERPOL*.
Filho das ervas, an obscure person. The Latins say. *Terra filius*.
Ervu, (among jewellers) any spot in the precious stone called emerald.
Ervu má que nasce por si mesma, e que he inutil, weed, any useless herb that grows by itself.
ERVACAL, f. m. an herbous place.
ERVADO, f. m. See *ERVACAL*.
Ervado, a, adj. envenomed, poisoned. See *ERVAR*.
ERVAGEM, f. f. plenty of herbs.
ERVANÇO. See *GRAM*.
ERVAR, v. a. to envenom, to poison, by rubbing with poisonous herbs.
ERVATO. See *ERVADO*.
ERUDICAM, f. f. erudition, learning.
ERUDITAMENTE, adv. learnedly, skilfully.
ERUDITO, a, adj. learned, skilful.
ERUGINOSO, a, adj. rusty, cankered, eaten with rust.
ERVILHA, f. f. a pea.
ERVILHACA, f. f. the pulse called a vetch, or tare.
ERVILHAL, f. m. a place sowed with peas.
ERVINHA, f. f. See *ERVA pequena*.
Eruinha, fenugreek, a plant.
ERVODO. See *MEDRONHEIRO*.
ERVOLARIO, f. m. an herbarist, or herbalist; a man skilled in herbs.

ERY

ERYTHREO, a, adj. ex. *Mar Erythreo*, or *Mar Vermelho*, the Red Sea.
Sibylla erythra. See *SIBYLLA*.

ES

Hum es não es. See *NONNADA*.

ESB

ESBAFORIDO, a, adj. busy, hasty, that cometh or goeth in post-haste.
ESBAGOADO. See *DESBAGOADO*.
ESBAGOAR. See *DESBAGOAR*.
ESBAGULHA'DO, a, adj. See *ESBAGULHA'R*, v. a. to take out the grape stones, or kernels.
ESBAMEALHA'R, (A ludicrous word.) See *DESCOMPOR*, and *DESCONCERTAR*.
ESBANDALHADO. See *ESFARRAPADO*.
ESBANDALHAR. See *ESFARRAPAR*.
ESBANJAR, (A ludicrous word.) See *GASTAR*, and *DISSIPAR*.
ESBARRADO, a, adj. See

ESB

ESBARRA'R, v. n. to slip, to slide, not to tread firm.
Esbarrar, v. a. to dash, to throw any thing against another.
ESBARRONDADEIRO f. m. a slippery place, not affording firm footing. See also *DESPENHADEIRO*.
ESBOFA'DO, a, adj. short winded, breathing thick and short, puffing and blowing, out of breath.
ESBOFETEADO, a, adj. See *ESBOFETEAR*, v. a. to give many blows, or slaps on the cheek with the open hand, to buffet.
ESBOMBARDEADO, a, adj. See *ESBOMBARDEAR*, v. a. to batter, to beat, to beat down. It is used speaking of walls thrown down by artillery, or bombarding. From *bombar*, a bombard.
ESBOROADO, a, adj. See *ESBOROAR*, v. a. to powder, or bring a thing to powder.
Esborsar-se, v. r. to be made into powder, or into dust.
Esborrar a terra. See *GRADAR*.
ESBORRACHA'DO, a, adj. See *ESBORRACHA'R*, v. a. to burst, to break suddenly, to make a quick and violent disruption, to make fly open.
Esborrachar-se, v. r. to burst, to break or fly open.
ESBORROLHADOURO. See *VAREDOURO*.
ESBRAGUILHA'DO, adj. that has the cod-piece unbuttoned.
ESBRANQUIÇADO, a, adj. whitish, somewhat white, inclining to white, pale, wan.
ESBRAVEJA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ESBRAVEJA'R, v. n. to rage, or roar, to make a loud noise, to be in a great passion or commotion of mind.
Isto me faz esbravejar, I am mad at it.
ESBRUGADO. See *ESBURGADO*.
ESBRUGAR. See *ESBURGAR*.
ESBUGALHA'DO, a, adj. prominent, protuberant, standing out beyond the near parts.
Olhos esbugalhados, prominent eyes. See also *ESBUGALHAR*.
Que tem os olhos esbugalhados, full-eyed.
ESBUGALHA'R, v. a. to powder any thing with the fingers.
ESBULHA'DO, a, adj. See *ESBULHA'R*, v. a. to dispossess of, to put out of possession.
Esbulhar, (*despejar*.) See *DESPOJAR*.
Esbulhar a algum, ou buscar nos recessos, e que a'guem traz sobre si, to search one.
ESBU'LHO, f. m. an usurpation, a forcible, unjust, illegal seizure, or possession; also a booty or prey gained from the enemy.
Fazer esbulho, to usurp, to possess by force, or intrusion, to seize, or possess without right.

ESC

ESBURACA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ESBURACA'R**, *v. a.* to bore, to make many holes.
ESBURGA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ESBURGA'R**, *v. a.* to shell; also to skin, to take off the skin.
Esburgar ervilhas, ou favas, to shell peas or beans, to slip beans, &c. out of their skins. See also **APARAR**.
ESBUXADO. See **DESLOCADO**.
ESBUXAR. See **DESLOCAR**.

ESC

ESCAPECHE. See **ESCAVECHE**.
ESCABELLA'DO, *a*, adj. dishevelled, whose hair hangs loose.
ESCABELLO, *f. m.* a joint-stool.
ESCABIOSA, *f. f.* scabious, a plant.
ESCABRO'SO, *a*, adj. disagreeable to the touch, hard, sharp; also rough, rugged, uneven, craggy, or craggy.
Escabroso, difficult, hard, intricate, perplexed, dangerous, perilous, ticklish.
Negocio escabroso, an intricate business.
Escabroso, boorish, untractable, ill-natured, churlish, cross.
Escabroso, disagreeable to the ears, harsh, grating.
Escabroso, *f. m.* roughness, harshness, unpleasantness, &c. according to the adj. **ESCABRADO**.
ESCABUJA'R, *v. n.* to struggle, to endeavour to get rid of, or from.
ESCAÇAMENTE. See **ESCAÇAMENTO**.
ESCAÇEA'DO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of
ESCAÇEA'R, *v. n.* (a sea term) ex. *Esfaca o vento*, the wind lies or slackens. See also **ESCASSEAR**.
ESCAÇEA. See **ESCASSEZA**.
ESCACHA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ESCACHAR**.
ESCAHAPECEGUEIRO, (a ludicrous word) ex. *Mentira de escachapecegueiro*, a great lie.
ESCAHAPEERNAS, *adv. ex.* *Andar a cavallo as escachapernas*, to ride straddling as men do.
ESCACHAR, *v. a.* to cleave, to part asunder; also to make spangles of gold or silver.
ESCAÇO. See **ESCASSO**.
ESCALDA, *f. f.* a ladder, stair-case, or stairs.
Subir as escadas, to go up stairs.
Tabelço da escada, ou espaço, que se deixa depois de alguns degraus da escada, e que serve para descansar, footpace; some call it half-pace, pallier, or pallier.
Escada secreta e de caracol, a private and winding stair-case.
Escada ruim de subir, an ugly pair of stairs.
Escada para escalar cidades, ou fortalezas, scaling-ladders.
Degrao de huma escada de mão, the round of a ladder, or a ladder-step.

ESC

Escada que se porem no lado do navio para subir a elle, entering ladder.
Escada de corda, rope-ladder.
Escada de caracol. See **CARACOL**.
Cordas atravessadas na enxarcia que servem de escada, rattlings, the steps of the ship-throuds.
Escada de mão, a hand-ladder.
Cousa concernente a escada, of a ladder.
A modo de escada, ladderwise.
ESCA'DEA, *f. f.* See **ESGALHOS de uvas**.
ESCADELECER, *v. n.* (An antiquated word.) See **DORMITAR**.
ESCADELECIDO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of **ESCADELECER**.
ESCAFEDER, *v. n.* (a jocose word) to slip out, to slip, or steal away, to slink secretly.
Esfafeder-se, *v. r.* idem.
ESGALHAR-SE. See **ESCAN-GALHAR-SE**.
ESCAIMBO, or **ESCAMBO**. See **TROCA**.
ESCALA, *f. f.* (a military word) ex. *Levar a escala vista*, to scale, to storm, to carry by scalado.
Escala, (in cosmography) the scale of a map.
Escala, a sea-port town, a place of trade to which ships resort.
ESCALADA, *f. f.* (a military word) a scaling, or scalado, a storming with ladders.
ESCALADO, *a*, adj. See **ESCALAR**.
ESCALAMORCADO. See **ESCALAVRADO**.
ESCALAMORCAR. See **ESCALAVRAR**.
ESCALAR, *v. a.* to cleave, to part asunder, to cut; also to embowel.
Esfalar, (a military word) to scale, to storm, or carry by scalado.
Esfalar com apontes, to slash cruelly.
Esfalar, to defame, to taunt, (in a moral sense).
ESCALAFAVAES. (A vulgar expression.) See **MAROTO**.
ESCALAVRA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ESCALAVRAR**.
ESCALAVRADURA, *f. f.* a slight wound.
ESCALAVRAR, *v. a.* to make a slight wound. See also **FERIR**, and **DAR em algum**.
ESCALDADO, *a*, adj. scalded with hot liquor. See also **ESCARMENTADO**.
Esfaldado, (quimado.) See **QUEIMADO**, and the *v.* **ESCALVAR**.
P. ga'o esfaldado da oga fria há medo; we say, a burnt child dreads the fire.
ESCALDADURA, *f. f.* a scalding or burning.
ESCALDAR, *v. a.* to scald, to burn, to parch, to scorch, to dry up.
ESCALER, *f. m.* a barge, a sort of large fine boat used for state or pleasure.
ESCALFADO, *c*, adj. (speaking of eggs) poached.

ESC

ESCALFADOR, *f. m.* a vessel of brass, or tin, used to warm water in.
ESCALFA'R, *v. a.* (speaking of eggs) to poach, to boil slightly.
ESCALFURNIO, (a jocose word) ill-natured, cruel.
ESCALHO. } See { **BORDALO**.
ESCALO. } See { **BORDALO**.
ESCALRACHO, *f. m.* a sort of weed, or noxious herb.
ESCALVA'DO, *a*, adj. (speaking of fields, mountains, &c.) bare, without corn, grass, or trees.
ESCALMA, *f. f.* the scale of a fish, a serpent, or other beast.
A modo de escamas, scaly, or in the fashion of scales.
Que tem escamas, rough and full of scales, scaly.
Esfama de ouro, prata, &c. a thin leaf, or plate of gold, silver, &c.
ESCAMADO, *a*, adj. See **ESCAMAR**.
Esfamado vilhaco, a crafty knave, an old fox.
ESCAMAR o peixe, *v. a.* to scale fish.
ESCAMBADO. See **TROCADO**.
ESCAMBAR. See **TROCAR**.
ESCAMBO, ESCAIMBO, or ESCAMBIO. See **TROCA**.
ESCAMEL, *f. m.* the frame, or foot-stool of a harness-sowerer.
ESCAMIGERO, *a*, adj. scaly, having scales.
ESCAMINHA, *f. f.* a little scale.
ESCAMONEA, *f. f.* scammony.
ESCAMOSO, *a*, adj. scaly, having scales.
ESCAMPADO, *a*, adj. See **ESCAMPAR**, *v. n.* to cease from rain, to rain no more.
ESCANÇADO, *a*, adj. lucky. See also **EXPERIMENTADO**, and **VERSADO**.
Bem lançado, easily expiated.
ESCANÇAM, *f. m.* a cup-bearer, one who fills out liquor to drink. From the French *echanson*.
ESCANÇARAS, *ex. de escancarar*, openly, publicly.
ESCANÇARADO, *a*, adj. wide open.
ESCANÇARAR a porta, *v. a.* to set a door wide open.
Esfancarar a consciencia, (metaph.) to make no scruple of committing any sin, to break loose into wickedness.
ESCANÇARIA, *f. f.* the king's wine cellar. From the French *echansonerie*.
ESCANÇARDO, *a*, adj. See **ESCANÇAR-SE**, *v. r.* to set a straddle, to spread, or open one's legs, to stride, to stand with the legs far asunder.
ESCANDALIZADO, *a*, adj. See **ESCANDALIZAR**, *v. a.* to scandalize, to give offence. See also **OFFENDER**.
Esfandalizar os ouvidos, to offend chaste ears.
Esfandalizar-se, *v. r.* to take offence.

ESC

or take pet; to be scandalized, or offended at a thing.
ESCANDALO, f. m. scandal, offence, bad example.
Dar escandalo, to raise a scandal.
P. da de scandalo, a stumbling block.
ESCANDALOSAMENTE, adv. scandalously, in a scandalous manner.
ESCANDALOSO, a, adj. scandalous, giving offence.
ESCANDEA. See **ESCANDIA**.
ESCANDECENCIA, or **EXCANDECENCIA**, f. f. anger, passion.
ESCANDECER, or **EXCANDECER**, v. n. to wax very hot.
Escandecer de ira, or *Escandecer-se*, v. r. to be very angry, to be in a fume.
ESCANDECIDO, a, adj. See the v. **ESCANDECER**.
ESCAN DIA, a sort of large wheat, which makes very white bread.
ESCAN GALHA DO, a, adj. See **ESCAN GALHA R-SE**, v. r. (a jocose word) ex. *Escan galhar-se com riso*, to split with laughing.
ESCANHOA DO, a, adj. See **ESCANHOA R**, v. a. (among barbers) to shave very close.
ESCANIFRA DO, a, adj. (a ludicrous word) very thin or lean.
ESCANI NHO, f. m. a small partition or division within a drawer, chest, &c.
ESCANO, f. m. a small bench or form.
ESCAN SADO. See **ESCANÇADO**.
ESCAN TILHA M, f. m. a sort of measure used by those that plant a vineyard, in order to keep the necessary distance among the vines.
ESCAPADO, a, adj. See **ESCAPA R**, v. n. to escape, to get away. From *capa*, a cloak; as it were to run away and leave one's cloak behind; also to shun, to avoid.
Escarpar do perigo, to scape a danger.
Deixar escapar huma occasião, to slip an occasion.
Escapezume da memoria, it has slipped from my memory, I have forgot it.
Nada lhe escapa, nothing escapes his knowledge, he knows every thing.
Escarpar a un'as de cavallo, to escape narrowly.
Escarpeulhe huma palavra, he let fall, or he dropped a word.
Deume hum aviso que eu não deixei escapar, he gave me an information which I did presently lay hold of.
Escarpar de boa, to scape a great danger, to shun it.
ESCAPARA TE, f. m. a shew-glass, a glass-box.
ESCAPOLA, f. f. a tenter-hook.
Escapela, a sea-port, &c. See **ESCALA**.
ESCAPULA. See **SUBTERFUGIO**.
ESCAPULARIO, f. m. scapulary, or scapulars, a sanctified piece of stuff, about a foot broad, which monks and nuns wear uppermost over their habits. There are also some scapu-

ESC

lars worn by lay-people, but these are out of sight. At Oxford they have this sort of scapulars, and call them a habit.
ESCAPULIDO, a, adj. See **ESCAPULIR**, v. n. or *Escapulir-se*, v. r. to sneak, to creep sily, to go as if afraid to be seen.
ESCAQUES, f. m. p. the little squares of a chess-board.
ESCARA, f. f. the scab of an ulcer, or sore.
ESCARABEO. See **ESCARAVELHO**.
ESCARAFUNCHA DO, a, adj. See **ESCARAFUNCHA R**, v. a. (a vulgar word) to scratch, to pick, to scrape, to rake.
Escarafunchar os dentes, to pick one's teeth.
Escarafunchar, to rake into.
ESCARAMUÇA, f. f. a skirmish, a slight fight.
ESCARAMUÇADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of **ESCARAMUÇAR**, v. n. to skirmish, to fight loosely.
ESCARAPELA, f. f. a fray among women, or base people, where there are no weapons but their hands, cuffing and scratching. From *cara*, the face, and *pelar*, to strip.
ESCARAPELADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of **ESCARAPELAR**, v. n. (a vulgar word) to quarrel, to make a fray. See **ESCARAPELA**.
ESCARAVALHO, f. m. (in gunnery) is what gunners call honey-comb, that is, holes in the metal, and in the interior part of a gun, which is a fault in casting, and dangerous in firing them.
ESCARAVELHA. See **ESCARAVALHO**.
ESCARAVELHO, f. m. the insect called a beetle.
ESCARÇA, f. f. a sort of disease in a horse's hoof.
ESCARÇADO, a, adj. See **ESCARÇAR**, v. a. to take the honey from the hives.
Escarçar se, v. r. to be ripped, or unfixed.
ESCARCELLA, f. f. a sort of large purse of leather formerly used with a spring in it; also a sort of welt or guard in the armour, or the armour from the waist to the thighs.
ESCARCEO, f. m. a huge wave, or billow; also a heap.
Escarceo. See **ENCARECIMENTO**.
Fazer escarceus. See **ENCARECER**.
ESCARCHA, f. f. ex. *Canham de escarcha*, a sort of cannon bit, a scatch, a kind of horse bit for bridles. From the French *Escarce*.
ESCARDILHO, f. m. a tool for husbandry, a rake; or a weed hook.
ESCARDUÇADO, a, adj. See **ESCARDUÇAR**, v. a. to card wool.
ESCARFAS. See **IGUARIAS**. (Obsol.)

ESC

ESCARLA TA, f. f. scarlet dye, cochineal; also scarlet cloth.
ESCARMENTA DO, a, adj. that has taken warning by what he has seen, or suffered.
P. dos escarmentados se fazem os artífices, crafty men are made of those that have taken warning; that is, those who have warning by their own, or others punishment, grow crafty and cautious.
ESCARMENTA R, v. n. to take warning by what one sees, or experiences.
ESCARMENTO, f. m. warning taken by punishment, or experience. Gothic.
ESCARNADO. See **DESCARNADO**.
ESCARNADO R, f. m. an iron instrument wherewith the flesh of the gums is parted round about from the teeth in order to draw them.
ESCARNAR. See **DESCARNAR** *hum dente*.
ESCARNECEDO R, or **ESCARNICADOR**, f. m. a scoffer, a jester, a fletcher, a mocker.
ESCARNECER, v. n. to scoff, to mock, to laugh at, to ridicule, to deride, to jeer or banter.
ESCARNECIDO, a, adj. scoffed, derided, &c. See **ESCARNECER**.
ESCARNECIMENTO. See **ESCARNEO**, f. m. mockery, railery, banter, contumely, affront, reproach, rebuke, contempt.
ESCARNICADO. See **ESCARNECIDO**.
ESCARNICAR. See **ESCARNECER**.
ESCAROLA, f. f. the herb endive.
ESCARPA, f. f. the scarp, or slope of any work in fortification.
Escarpa da chemine. See **CHEMINE**.
ESCARPA DO, a, adj. sloped, made with a slope. (In fortification)
Escarpada, craggy, steep, hard, or dangerous to climb, or get up.
ESCARPA R, v. a. ex. *Escarpar hum fesso*, to make a ditch with a slope.
ESCARPEADA, f. f. a sort of brown bread.
ESCARPI M, f. m. a linen, or wool-len sock.
ESCARRADO, a, adj. See **ESCARRAR**.
He seu pay escrito e escarrado, he is a lively image of his father, he is as like his father, as if he had been spit out of his mouth.
ESCARRADO R, f. m. a hawker or hemer; also, a spitting-box.
ESCARRAMA M, f. m. a sort of little pie, made of mutton, onions, &c.
ESCARRANCHADO. See **ESCARRAPACHA DO**. See **ESCANÇADO**.
ESCARRAPACHA R-SE, (a vulgar word.) See **ESCANCHAR-SE**.
ESCARRA R, v. n. to reach in spitting, to hawk.
Escarrear com violencia, to hem, to spit with a hem.

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Esfarrar, v. a. ex. *Esfarrar sangue*, to spit blood.
Fazer sfarrar alguma coisa a algum, to pump one; or to pump a thing out of one.
Tanto lidiei com ella, que por fim esfarrurei, I have so pumped her, that she told me all at last.
A açaga de sfarrar, hawking.
ESCAVARO, f. m. the phlegm which is forced up by hawking, and is thicker than the common spittle or saliva.
ESCARVADO, a, adj. See *ESCARVAR*, v. a. to sap, to undermine. See also *ESCAVAR*.
ESCASADO, a, adj. See *ESCASAR*, v. a. to peel, to take off the rind or bark, to shell.
ESCASSAMENTE, adv. sparingly, sparingly, pinchingly. See also *DIFÍCILMENTE*.
ESCASEADO. See *ESCASEADO*.
ESCASEAR. See *ESCASEAR*.
ESCASEZA, or *ESCASEZA*, f. f. niggardliness, covetousness, savingness, sparingness.
ESCASSO, a, adj. stingy, too sparing, or too saving, niggardly, pernicious, close-fisted.
Esfaffo, light, that is not full weight.
Vento, ou tempo esfaffo, small wind. See also *POUCO*.
Esfaffo, almost, not quite.
ESCAVA, f. f. the laying open of the roots of vines, or other trees.
ESCAVADO, a, adj. See *ESCAVAR*, v. a. to chip wood, to cut it into small pieces. From *CAVACO*, which see.
ESCAVADO, a, adj. that has the root laid open.
ESCAVAR, v. a. to lay open the roots of trees, also to scrape about.
ESCAVECHE, or *ESCAVECHE*, f. m. sauce or pickle for fish, made with wine, lemons, bay leaves, vinegar, &c.
ESCAVEIRO, a, adj. that has a wan, ghastly look.
ESCHINANCIA. See *ESQUINANCIA*.
ESCIROSO. See *SCIRROSO*.
ESCLARECER, v. n. to grow bright. *Vem o dia esclarecendo*, it dawns, day breaks, it waves light.
ESCLARECIDO, a, adj. grown bright. See also *ILLUSTRE*.
Esfarado, f. m. the quality of being light coloured.
ESCLAVAGEM, f. f. a sort of ornament formerly worn by the ladies about their neck.
ESCLAVINA, f. f. a short mantle like a rochet, which pilgrims wear about their shoulders.
ESCOADO, a, adj. strained, &c. See the v. *ESCOAR*.
Esfado de sangue, bloodless.
ESCOADRINHADO. See *ESQUADRINHADO*.
ESCOADRINHAR. See *ESQUADRINHAR*.
ESCOAR, v. a. to pour, or pour out,

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to separate a liquor from any matter or sediment. See also *COAR*.
ESCOAR, v. n. to drop out, to fall out, or slip away.
ESCOAR-SE, v. r. to drop, to fall by drops; also to slide, or fall down by degrees. See also *ESCOAR*, v. n.
Esfoca-se o tempo, the time runs away.
Esfoca-se, (metaph.) See *DERRETER-SE*.
Esfoca-se de sangue, to become bloodless.
ESCOCEZ, a, adj. Scotch.
ESCOCIA, f. f. Scotland, the northern part of Great Britain, very mountainous, and consequently not very fruitful, part of which is the ancient Caledonia.
ESCODA, f. f. a mason's chisel to cut stones.
ESCODADO, a, adj. See *ESCODAR*, v. a. to hew stones.
Esfodar, (among curriers) to turn a skin or leather, and smooth the outside in order to dye it.
ESCODEADO, a, adj. See *ESCODEAR*, v. a. to chip bread; also to peel a plant, or tree.
ESCODRINHADO. See *ESQUADRINHADO*.
ESCODRINHAR. See *ESQUADRINHAR*.
ESCOIMA, a, adj. free from coima. See *COIMA*. See also *LIMPO*, and *ACEADO*.
ESCOLA, f. f. a school for reading, writing, and casting accounts. See also *CRIAÇAM*, *DISCIPLINA*, and *DIRECCAM*.
Ter huma escola, to keep a school.
Escola de esgrima, a fencing school.
Escola de dança. See *DANÇA*.
Mestra da escola, a school-mistress.
Mestra da escola, a school-dame, or a school-mistress.
Menino da escola, a school-boy.
Companheiro da escola, school-fellow.
ESCOLAR, f. m. a sort of sea fish.
ESCOLAS, the plural of *escola*, colleges, universities.
ESCOLASTICAMENTE, adv. scholastically.
ESCOLASTICO, f. m. See *ESTUDANTE*.
Esfolastico, a, adj. scholastic, of the school.
Thologia esfolastica, scholastic divinity, school divinity.
ESCOLHA, f. f. a choice, or election.
Com esfolha, choicely.
Cousas de que se tem feito a esfolha, pickings, that which is picked out.
ESCOLHER, v. a. to choose or chuse, to make choice of; to pick out, to pitch upon, to elect.
Esfolher trigo, arroz, &c. to cleanse, or take away the small stones from corn, rice, &c.
P. a quem não escolhe; we say, beggars must not be choosers. We say likewise in the same sense, we must not look a gift horse in the mouth.
ESCOLHIDO, a, adj. chosen, &c. See the v. *ESCOLHER*.

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Os esfolhidos, the faithful, those that are predestinated, and selected for eternal life. (In theology.)
ESCOILHO, f. m. a cliff, a rock under the water.
ESCOILIO, f. m. annotation, note, explanatory observation, schelion or scholium.
Fazer esfolhos, to scholy, to write expositions.
ESCOLOPE'NDRA, f. f. a sort of venomous worm; also a fish that is somewhat like the said worm; also the herb spleen-wort, or milt-wort, common in the West of England.
ESCOLTA, f. f. (a military word) a guard, a convoy, an escort.
Fazer escolta. See *ESCOLTAR*.
ESCOLTADO, a, adj. guarded, convoyed.
ESCOLTAR, v. a. to guard, or convoy, to escort.
ESCOMMUNGADO. See *EXCOMMUNGADO*.
ESCOMMUNGAR. See *EXCOMMUNGAR*.
ESCONDEDOURO, f. m. a lurking hole, a close or secret place, a hidden corner.
ESCONDER, v. a. to hide, to conceal; also to balk.
Nam lhe esconderei nada, I will not balk him a whit, I will tell him all.
Esconder-se, v. r. to conceal, to hide one's self, to lurk or skulk, to abscond, or abscond one's self.
Deus a quem nada se esconde, the all seeing God.
Esconder-se por medo, ou por malicia, to skulk.
ESCONDIDAMENTE, adv. in secret, secretly, under hand, in huggermugger.
A's escondidas. See *ESCONDIDAMENTE*.
Jogo das escondidas, a sort of play called hide and seek.
ESCONDIDO, a, adj. absconded, concealed, &c. See *ESCONDER*.
Estar escondido, to lie, to lurk, or skulk.
ESCONDRIJO, f. m. See *ESCONDIDOURO*.
ESCONJURADO, a, adj. See *EXORCIZADO*.
ESCONJURADOR. See *EXORCISTA*.
ESCONJURAR. See *EXORCIZAR*.
ESCONJURO. See *EXORCISMO*.
ESCO'NSO, a, adj. that bends, or hangs downwards.
ESCO'NTRA, or *DE-FRONTA*. See *FRONTA*.
ESCOPE'TA, f. f. a sort of petronel, or carbine.
ESCOPE'ADA, a shot of a petronel, or carbine.
ESCOPE'ARIA, f. f. soldiers armed with petronels, or carbines.
ESCOPE'ADO, a, adj. See *ESCOPE'AR*, v. a. to shoot with a petronel, or carbine.
ESCOPE'IRO, f. m. a soldier armed with a petronel, or carbine.

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ESCO'PRO, f. m. a sort of chissel, a joiner's strait chissel; also a chissel used by stone-cutters, &c. also scope, aim, design.

ESCO'RA, f. f. a prop, a stay. See also **ARRIMO**, **AMPARO**.

ESCORA'DO, a, adj. propped, &c. See

ESCORA'R, v. a. to bear up, to support, to prop, to stay, to keep up.

Escarar, v. n. to rely, to depend upon a man's credit, or protection.

ESCORA'DO, a, adj. See

ESCORA'R, v. a. (in painting) to shorten, to draw figures with some limbs contracted.

ESCORCHA'DO, a, adj. See

ESCORCHA'R, v. a. (speaking of the goods taken out of an enemy's ship.) See **DESPEJAR**.

Escarbar a algum de dinheiro, to cheat one of his money.

Escarbar, to discover, or take out what was concealed. (Metaph.)

ESCORCIONE'IRA, f. f. the herb vipers-grass. From the Catalanian word *escorou*, a venomous creature; or as Cobarrubias says, from the common Spanish word *escorzo*, a toad.

ESCO'RÇO, f. m. (in painting) the contraction of the body. ex *Fazer hum escorço*. See **ESCORA'R**.

Escorços, so they call the figures that are smaller than the natural ones.

ESCO'RDIO, f. m. See **CAMEDRÍOS**.

ESCO'RIA, f. f. dross of any metal, any trash.

Eferia, the baser sort, the mob, the scum. (Metaph.)

ESCORIAÇA'M, f. f. (in surgery) See **ESFOLADURA**.

ESCORIA'L. See **ESCURIA'L**.

ESCORIA'DO, a, adj. See

ESCORIA'R-SE, v. r. (in surgery.) See **ESFOLAR-SE**.

ESCORNA'DO, a, adj. punched, or gored with a horn.

Escornade, (a vulgar word.) See **AF-FRONTADO**.

ESCORNA'R, v. a. to punch, or gore with the horns.

ESCORPIA'M, f. m. a scorpion, a venomous insect; also the celestial sign, or constellation of the zodiac, called the Scorpion.

Escorpiam, a scourge made of caltrops, or the like, so called from its cruelty; also a sea-fish called scorpion, also a whip having plummets of lead at the end of the cords.

Erva de laje semelhante a cauda do escorpiam, scorpion's tail.

Escorpiam, an ancient warlike engine, a kind of cross-bow to shoot small envenomed arrows, or darts.

ESCORRALHAS. See **FUNDAGEM**.

ESCORREGADI'ÇO, a, adj. slippery.

ESCORREGA'DO, a, adj. See **ESCORREGAR**.

ESCORREGA'DO'URO, f. m. a slippery plate, a sliding place.

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Escarregadouro, ou *agua gelada em que a gente vay escorregar*, a slide, a frozen place to slide upon.

ESCORREGA'R, v. n. to slide, to slip. *A acçam de escorregar*, sliding.

O que escorrega, a slider, one that slips or slides.

Escarregar sobre o caramelo, to slide upon the ice, to skate.

Especie de chapins, ou calçado de ferro para escorregar sobre o caramelo, skates to slide upon ice.

O que escorrega sobre o caramelo com os mesmos chapins, a scater, or skater.

Escarregar a lingoa, to let fall, or drop a word by inadvertency.

ESCORRE'ITO, a, adj. (a vulgar word) sound, healthy.

São e escorreito, sound and well.

ESCORRER, v. n. to drop, to fall in short slow drops, to run.

Efcorrer em suor, to be all in a sweat.

Efcorrer, v. a. to drop, to pour in drops; also to drain a vessel of the liquor left in it.

Efcorrer, (a sea term) to go beyond.

ESCORRI'DO, a, adj. dropped, &c. See the v. **ESCORRER**.

ESCORRIPICHA'DO. See

ESCORRIPICHA'R, v. a. (a drinking term) to bottom off, to drink the last draught of a pot of drink, or the last draught of a bottle of wine.

ESCORTINA'DO, a, adj. (in fortification) that has a curtain. See **CORTINA**.

ESCO'RA, f. f. the fire-pan of a gun; also the prime, or the powder that is put in the touch hole, or pan of a gun, &c.

ESCO'RA'DO, a, adj. See

ESCO'RA'R, v. a. to prime, to put in the first powder, to put powder in the pan of a gun.

ESCOSIDO, a, adj. (an antiquated word) routed, defeated.

ESCO'TA, f. f. a rope in the ship called the tack.

ESCO'TE, f. m. club, every one's share of a reckoning, shot. Gothic.

Que nam paga escote, shot-free, or scot-free.

ESCOTEIRO, a, adj. free, without embarrassment.

ESCOTI'LHA, f. f. the hatches of a ship, scuttles.

Pedago de lona breada com que se cobre a escotilha, tarpaulin.

ESCOTILHA'M, f. m. a room by the hatches, to keep the provisions.

ESCOTI'STA, f. m. a Scotist, or follower of the doctrine of Scotus.

ESCOTOMIA, f. f. (in medicine) scotomy, a dizziness, or swimming of the head causing a dimness of sight.

ESCO'VA, f. f. a brush.

ESCO'VA'DO, a, adj. See

ESCO'VA'R, v. a. to brush.

ESCO'VE'NS, or **ESCOUVES**, f. m. p. the hawkes, or the great round holes before, under the head of the ship, through which the cables pass, when the ship is anchored.

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ESCOVI'LHA, f. f. the little ditch where the goldsmith's sweepings are gathered.

ESCOVI'LHO, f. m. ex. *Ouro de escovillo*, goldsmith's sweepings.

ESCOVINHA, f. f. a flower called the blue-bottle.

ESCOXA'DO, a, adj. See

ESCOXA'R, v. a. (in the province of Alentejo.) See **ALIMPAR**.

ESCOZÉR. See **MAGOAR**.

ESCR'A'VA, f. f. a woman slave.

ESCRAVARI'A, f. f. bondmen, servants, slaves.

ESCRAVIDA'M, f. f. slavery, servitude, bondage; also slavery, or great dependance.

ESCR'A'VO, f. m. a slave.

Trabalhar como hum escravo, to slave, to toil and moil like a slave.

Cousa de escravo, slavish.

Vida de escravo, a slavish life.

Como escravo, slavishly.

Ser escravo das suas paixões, to be a slave to one's passions, to be conquered by them.

Tratar a algum como escravo, to make a slave of one.

ESCREMEN'TO. See **EXCREMEN'TO**.

ESCREVE'NTE, f. m. a clerk, one that writes under another.

ESCREVER, v. a. to write. See also **COMPOR**.

Mestre de escrever, a writing master.

ESCRIBA, f. m. scribe, an expounder of the law among the Jews.

ESCRITA, f. f. writing.

ESCRITO, f. m. a writing; also a bill for lodgings to be lett.

Escrito. See **BILHETE** and **CARTAZ**.

Escrito de disasso. See **CARTEL**.

Escrito, a note under one's hand.

Escrito, a, adj. written, &c. See the v. **ESCREVER**.

Escrito, scriptory, written, not orally delivered.

Livro escrito de mam. See **MANUSCRITO**.

Por escrito, in writing.

ESCRITO'R, f. m. a writer, an author.

ESCRITO'RIO, f. m. a writing desk, a scitory. See also **CARTORIO**.

Escritorio, a counting-house.

ESCRITOS, the p. of *escrito*, writings. See **ESCRITO**.

ESCRITU'RA, f. f. writing, scripture.

Pertencente a escritura, scriptural, contained in the Bible.

Escritura publica, a record, or an instrument made before a notary.

Escritura sagrada, the holy Bible, holy writ, the holy scripture.

ESCRIVANI'NHA, f. f. a standish, a case for pen and ink; also the office of *escrivam*. See

ESCRIVA'M, f. m. a scrivener, one who draws contracts; also an officer in Portugal, who when any criminal is apprehended, presently draws up his offence, with all the circumstances in form.

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Escrivão de notas, a public notary.
Escrivão do civil, a scrivener of civil causes.
Escrivão do crime, a scrivener of criminal causes.
Escrivão do judicial, a notary or clerk of office; also attorney.
Escrivão do pago, a clerk of the court.
ESCROFULA. See **ALPORCA**.
ESCROFULARIA, f. f. scrophularia, blind-nettle, pile-wort, fig-wort.
ESCROTO, f. m. the scrotum, or bag which contains the testicles.
ESCRUPULEADO, p. of the preter-perf. tense of
ESCRUPULAR, v. n. to make a scruple, or conscience of a thing, to stick at it.
ESCRUPULO, f. m. scruple, niceness in point of conscience, scrupulosity; also a scruple, a weight, the third part of a dram.
Fazer, or *Tir. escrupulo de alguma coisa*, to make a scruple or conscience of a thing.
Escrupulo, (in astronomy) a very small part of a minute.
O que faz ou tem escrupulos, a scrupler, a doubter, one who has scruples.
ESCRUPULOSAMENTE, adv. scrupulously.
ESCRUPULOSO, a, adj. scrupulous, nicely doubtful; also that causes scruples.
O estado, condição, ou qualidade de hum scrupuloso, scrupulousness, the state of being scrupulous.
ESCRUTADO, a, adj. See **ESCRUTAR**.
ESCRUTADOR, f. m. he who gathers the votes; also an enquirer, searcher, examiner, scrutator.
ESCRUTAR, v. a. to scrutinize, to examine, to search, to scrutiny, to scrutinize into.
ESCRUTINIO, f. m. scrutiny, enquiry, search, examination with nicety; also a scrutiny, a perusal of suffrages, or votes.
Fazer eleição por escrutinio, to chuse by ballot, to ballot for an election.
ESCUADADO, a, adj. See
ESCUADAR, v. a. to shield, to cover with a shield. From *escudo*, a shield. See also **AMPARAR**, and **CUBRIR**.
Escudar-se, v. r. ex. *Escudar-se com alguma coisa*, to arm, to defend, or protect one's self with a thing. (Metaph.)
ESCUDEIRA'DO, a, adj. See
ESCUDEIRA'R, v. a. to serve as an *Escudeiro*. See
ESCUDEIRO, f. m. the title given in ancient times to the noblemen, now call **FIDALGOS**, which see.
Escudeiro, so they formerly called him, who, after a battle had the honour of knight-hood conferred upon him. See *Monarch. Lusit. tom. v. p. 76, 77, &c.*
Escudiro, an usher, an esquire, a servant that waits on a lady, or gentleman.

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They were formerly poor gentlemen that waited on the nobility, like our ancient esquires, and were so called; from *escudo*, a shield, because they carried their master's buckler or shield.
Escudeiro de linbagem, an esquire or servant that descends from other esquires or servants.
Porcos escudeiros, (among hunters) the young wild boars, which are the first that come out of the woods.
ESCUDELA, f. f. a porringer.
ESCUDELLADO, p. of the preter-perf. tense of
ESCUDELLAR, v. n. to take out pottage in porringers, to distribute by porringers. It is used in the following proverb:
P. no escudellar verás quem te quer bem, ou mal; that is, people's affections are discovered by their liberality.
ESCUDETE, f. m. a small escutcheon of arms.
Escudete, scutcheon of a lock.
ESCU'DO, f. m. a shield, a buckler; also a sort of ancient golden coin, formerly current in Portugal.
Escudo de enxerto, a escutcheon of graft.
Escudo de que usavaõ as Amazonas, a very short buckler or target, in form of a half moon, used by the Amazons. Lat. *pelta*.
Escudo de que usavaõ os antigos Hispanhos, e os Africanos, a sort of short square targe or buckler, used by the Spaniards and Moors.
Copa do escudo, the boss of a buckler or shield.
Escudo, a scutcheon, or escutcheon, a coat of arms.
Escudo commum, the escutcheon of a lay-prince, or any lay-nobleman.
Escudo ovado, an oval escutcheon, used by the ecclesiastical people.
Escudo en lisanja, a escutcheon with a *lisanja*, that is, with a quadrangle, which is divided by a diagonal perpendicular to the escutcheon's base, without any thing in the triangle that is in the right side. It belongs to the infantas of Portugal before marriage.
Escudo enxequetado, jaquelado, or empequetado. See **ENXADREZADO**.
Escudo partido em palla, escutcheon with a pale, which is one of the eight honourable ordinaries, representing a stake placed upright; we call it party per pale.
Escudo partido em faixa, a scutcheon divided by a fesse, which is a band, or girdle, possessing the third part of the escutcheon over the middle; we call it, party per fesse.
Escudo partido em aspa, an escutcheon with a saltier which is made in the form of a St. Andrew's cross; we call it party per saltier.
Escudo partido em franchado, an escutcheon divided into two, from the upper corner on the right, to the

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opposite below; we call it party per bend.
Escudo esquartelado, a escutcheon divided into four quarters.
Centro do escudo, fesse-point, the middle point of an escutcheon.
Escudo. (In a moral sense.) See **AMPARO**, and **PROTECCAM**.
ESCULPI'DO, a, adj. See
ELCULPI'R. See **GRAVAR**.
ESCULTOR, f. m. a carver.
ESCULTURA, f. f. carved work, or the art of carving, sculpture.
ESCU'MA, f. f. scum, froth, foam.
De espuma, frothy, foamy.
Cor de espuma, ou qui tem semelhança com ella, having the colour of, or resembling foam.
Fazer espuma, to foam, to gather into foam.
Converter-se em espuma, to begin to foam.
Escuma, dross, the recrement, or depuration of metals.
Escuma de ouro ou de prata, litharge of gold or silver.
Escuma do mar, sea-long, the froth of the sea.
Escuma, (metaph.) the baser sort, the mob, the scum.
Lançar espuma pela boca com ira, to foam and fret, to be in a great passion.
Lançar espuma pela boca com dores, to foam at the mouth with pain.
ESCUMADEIRA, f. f. a skimmer.
ESCUMADO, a, adj. See **ESCUMAR**.
ESCUMALHO. See **ESCORIA**.
ESCUMAR, v. a. to skim, to scum, to take off the scum.
Escumar, or *Fazer espuma*. See **ESCUMAR**.
Escumar de ira, or *Lançar espuma*, &c. which see.
ESCUMILHA, f. f. small shot, used to shoot with a birding piece; also a sort of superfine linen like the finest muslin, of which women make head-cloaths.
ESCURAMENTE, adv. darkly, obscurely.
ESCU'RAS, ex. *A's escuras*, in the dark.
Deixar alguém as escuras, to leave one in the dark; also to keep one in the dark. (As in a business.) (Metaph.)
Apalpar as escuras, to grubble, to feel in the dark.
ESCURECER, v. a. to darken, to benight, to involve in darkness, to obscure; also to cast a mist. (Speaking of a looking-glass.)
A acção de escurar, darkening, obscuration, a making obscure.
Escurecer. See **DESLUSTRAR**, and **DESLUZIR**.
Escurecer-se, v. r. to darken, to grow dark.
ESCURECIDO, a, adj. darkened, &c. See **ESCURECER**.
ESCURIAL, f. m. a famous monastery in

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in Spain, built by king Philip II. in the shape of a gridiron, in honour of St. Laurence, and takes its name from a village near Madrid. It contains a king's palace, St. Laurence's church, and the monastery of the Jeronimites, and the free-schools.

ESCURIDA'DE, *f. f.* darkness, obscurity.

Esfuridade da vista, dimness, dulness of sight.

ESCU'RO, *a*, adj. dark, obscure; also dark, obscure, or hard to be understood.

Esfrelhas escuras, (in astronomy) the less shining stars.

Que tem a vista escura, dark-sighted.

Camara escura, (in optics) obscura camera, a room darkened all but one little hole, in which is placed a glass to transmit the rays of objects to a piece of paper, or white cloth.

Camara escura portatil, dark-tent, a portable camera-obscura.

Esfuros, (in painting) shadow, or dark colours.

Esfuro nascimento, an obscure, or mean birth.

Faz escuro, it is dark.

ESCUSA, *f. f.* an excuse.

ESCU'ADO, *a*, adj. See **SUPERFLUO**.

Esfusado, that meets with, or suffers a repulse, repulsed. See also

ESCUSAR *alguma coisa*, *v. a.* to forbear, to make shift without a thing, not to want it very much.

Esfusar, to spare, to save.

Eu vos esfusarei aquelle trabalho, I'll spare, or save you that trouble.

Nam esfusar huma coisa, to want a thing.

Esfusar-se, *v. r.* See **DESCULPAR-SE**.

Esfusar-se, to decline, to shun, to avoid to do any thing.

Esfusar-se alguma coisa, is for a thing not to be very much wanted.

ESCU'SO. See **APOSENTADO**. See also **LIVRE**, and **ISENTO**.

Esfuso, solitary, remote, unfrequented; also over and above, unnecessary, serving too little or no use.

ESCU'TA, *f. m.* a hearer, one that hearkens, a listener.

Estar á escuta, to listen, to hearken with attention.

Estar á escuta de baixo da janella de algum, to listen under windows; we say in common phrase, to eaves-drop.

O que assim esta á escuta, a listener under windows, an eaves-dropper.

Esfuta, *f. f.* a nun that stands by when another has leave to talk with any body, to hear all that is said.

Esfuta, a subterraneous passage in the mines, or counter-mines, to listen to the enemies motions.

ESCU'TADO, *a*, adj. See

ESCU'TA R, *v. a.* to hearken, to listen, to give ear to.

Esfutar, or *Estar á escuta*. See **ESCU'TA**.

ESF

Esfutar-se, *v. r.* to hear one's self speak, to have a formal flow way of speaking.

ESD

ESDRU'XOLO, a sort of short verse which always ends with dactyles, or words that have the accent on the antepenultima, the two last syllables short. From the Italian *esdruciole*.

Esdruxolo, *a*, adj. belonging to that sort of verse.

ESF

ESFACE'LO. See **ESPHACELO**.

ESFAIMA'DO, *a*, adj. hunger-starved, or starved with hunger. See also **COBIÇOSO**, and **DESEJOSO**, (metaph.)

ESFAIMAR, *v. a.* to famish, to starve, to hunger-starve.

ESFALFA'DO, *a*, adj. quite wearied, or tired, out of breath, overtoiled. See

ESFALFAMENTO, *f. m.* a fever that proceeds from being overtoiled.

ESFALFAR, *v. a.* to over-tire, to put out of breath.

Esfalfar-se, *v. r.* to over-toil, to be out of breath; also to dwindle away, to waste. (Speaking of wanton and lascivious people.)

Esfalfar-se de correr, to run one's self out of breath.

ESFARRAPADI'NHO, diminut. of **ESFARRAPADO**, *a*, adj. torn, rent, pulled in pieces, tattered, ragged. From *farrapo*, a rag.

Esfarrapado, ragged, dressed in tatters.

ESFARRAPA'R, *v. a.* to rend, tear, or pull in pieces.

Esfarrapar hum vocabulo, to divide a word into syllables, in order to make the analysis of the compound ones into primitives, which is wretchedly ridiculous, when words are restrained by common usage, to a particular sense, as Collier observes.

ESFATIA'DO, *a*, adj. See

ESFATIA'R, *v. a.* to slice.

ESFERA, *f. f.* a sphere, a round body, as a bowl, (in geometry.) Greek.

Esfera, (in geography and astronomy) any globe of the mundane system; also a globe representing the earth or sky.

Esfera pequena, spherule, a little globe.

Esfera armillar, or *artificial*, an armillary sphere.

Esfera do planeta, (in astrology) sphere of a planet, the orb, or compass in which it is conceived to move.

Esfera, (among astronomers) sphere, the whole frame of the world.

Esfira direita, sphere direct, or sphere-right.

Esfira obliqua, oblique sphere.

Esfira parallel, parallel sphere.

Aprender a sciencia da esfera, to learn the globes.

ESF

Esfera da actividade, (among philosophers) sphere of activity of any natural body.

Esfira, sphere, reach of power.

Por sobre huma esfira, to sphere, to place in a sphere.

A modo de esfera, spherically.

Esfira, a sort of golden coin, formerly used in Portugal.

Esfira, a cannon, or a piece of ordnance formerly used.

ESFE'RICO, *a*, adj. spherical.

Redondeza esferica, sphericalness, sphericity.

ESFI'NGE, or **ESPHINGE**, *f. f.* sphinx, a monster poets feign was near Thebes, which had the head, neck, and breasts like a maid, the body like a dog, the voice of a man, the claws of a lion, and the tail of a dragon.

ESFINGITES, a sort of precious stone, very like the jasper.

ESFOLA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ESFOLAR**.

ESFOLADO'R, *f. m.* a slayer.

ESFOLADU'RA, *f. f.* a slaying, a scratch, a place where the skin is off, excoriation.

ESFOLAGATO, *f. m.* (A jocose word.) See **REPREENSAM**, and **SUBTERFUGIO**.

ESFOLAR, *v. a.* to slay, to strip off the skin, to skin.

Esfolar hum coelho, to uncase a rabbit.

Esfolar, (metaph.) to exact upon, as they do in cut-throat places.

Esfolar-se, *v. r.* ex. *Esfolar-se par andar a cavallo*, to chafe, to be galled by riding, to lose leather.

ESFOLINHA'DO, *a*, adj. See

ESFOLINHA'R, *v. a.* to sweep the dust from the walls, closets, drawers, &c. to pull down the cobwebs.

ESFORÇADAMENTE, adv. valiantly, stoutly.

ESFORÇA'DO, *a*, adj. See **VALE-ROSO**, and **ROBUSTO**.

Esforçado, a law book that treats of the last wills, (a vulgar word among lawyers.)

Caldo esforçado, a strong broth made of hens and partridges boiled together. See also

ESFORÇA'R, *v. a.* to strengthen, or make strong; also to encourage, incite, or stir up. See also **LEVANTAR**.

Esfogar-se, *v. r.* to endeavour, to strain hard.

ESFORÇO, *f. m.* endeavour, attempt; also the action of endeavouring, or forcing himself to do something. See also **ANIMO**, and **VALOR**.

Esforço. (Among farriers.) See **RENDIMENTO**.

ESFREGAÇAM, *f. f.* a rubbing, or friction.

ESFREGADO, *a*, adj. See **ESFREGAR**.

ESFREGADURA. See **ESFREGAÇAM**.

ESG

ESFREGA'LHO, or **ESFREGAM**, a rubber, or rubbing-cloth.
ESFREGA'R, v. a. to rub.
Virar a esfregar, to rub again.
Esfregar hum cavallo com huma mancha de palha, to wipe, or rub down a horse with straw.
Esfregar, to wipe, to make clean, to scour.
Lugar, no qual se esfregão os pratos, &c. scullery.
Esfregar-se per alguma coisa, v. r. to rub one self against, or upon a thing.
ESFRIA'DO, a, adj. See **ESFRIAR**.
ESFRIAME'NTO, f. m. a refreshing, a cooling.
ESFRIAR, v. a. to cool, to make cold, to chill; also to cool, to allay. (Metaph.)
Esfriar, v. n. to grow cold; ex. *Não deixis esfriar o jantar*, don't let the dinner grow cold.
Esfriar-se, v. r. to grow cold, to begin to be cool; also to be less vehement and earnest, to begin to cease, (metaph.)
ESFUSIA'DA de artelbaria, a volley of cannon-shot.
ESFUSIA'R, v. n. (A ludicrous word.) See **FUGIR**.
ESFUSILA'DO. See **FUZILADO**.
ESFUSILA'R. See **FUZILAR**.
ESFUSIOTE, f. m. ex. *Dar hum esfusio a alguem*, to make one run away.

ESG

ESGALGA'DO, a, adj. lank as a grey-hound. From *galgo*, a grey-hound.
Esgalgado com fome, hunger-starved, clung with hunger.
ESGALHADO, a, adj. full of shoots, slips, or sprigs.
Esgalhado, branched, as a deer's head. See also
ESGALHA'R, v. a. to cut off the shoots or sprigs.
ESGA'LHO, f. m. a shoot, set, or slip; also the knotty part that remains of a shoot or sprig that has been cut off. See also **PONTA do veadó**.
Esgalho de uvas, a part of a bunch of grapes broke off.
ESGALRACHO. See **ESCALRACHO**.
ESGAN'A'DO, a, adj. See
ESGANAR, v. a. (a vulgar word) to rise to death, to strangle.
ESGANADO a fome, hunger-starved.
Estar esganado á sede, to be almost choaked, to be very dry or thirsty.
ESGANICA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ESGANICA'R-SE, v. r. to grow hoarse with crying out, or speaking aloud. See also **GANIR**.
ESGARABULHA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ESGARABULHA'R, v. n. (among boys) is for a top to hop or skip, and not to spin ready.

ESG

ESGARAVATADOR, f. m. a picker, ex. *Esgaravador para os dentes*, tooth-picker.
Esgaravador para os ouvidos, ear-picker.
ESGARAVATA'DO, a, adj. See
ESGARAVATA'R, v. a. to rake, to scrape, ex. *Esgaravatar a terra*, to scrape the ground.
Esgaravatar os dentes, ou os ouvidos, to pick the teeth or ears.
Esgaravatar no papel escrevendo depressa e mal, to scrawl, to write fast and ill.
Esgaravatar, to search thoroughly, or over, to scan narrowly, (metaph.)
ESGARAVULHA'R. See **ESGARABULHA'R**.
ESGARAVUNHA'R, v. n. to scrawl, to scribble, to form scrawling letters or characters.
ESGARRES, f. m. p. See **VISAGEM**.
ESGARRA'LO, a, adj. See **ESGARRAR**.
ESGARRA'M, f. m. (a sea term) ex. *Tempo esgarram*, contrary winds.
ESGARRAR, v. n. (A sea term.) See **APARTAR-SE**.
ESGORJA'R, v. n. (a ludicrous word) to long, to desire very earnestly. It is used with *por* after it.
ESGOTA'DO, a, adj. drained to the last drop. From *gota*, a drop.
Esgotado, drained, sucked dry, emptied, exhausted. (Metaph.) See also
ESGOTAR, v. a. to drain to the last drop. See also **CONSUMIR**, **ACABAR**, and **EXHAURIR**.
ESGRAVATADOR. See **ESGARAVATADOR**.
ESGRAVATADO, &c. See **ESGARAVATADO**.
ESGRAVULHA'R. See **ESGARABULHA'R**.
ESGRIMA, f. f. fencing.
Mestre de esgrima, a fencing master.
ESGRIMIDO, p. of the preterperf. tense of *esgrimir*.
ESGRIMIDO'R, f. m. a fencer.
ESGRIMI'R, v. n. to fence, to tilt. From the old gothic *grimmich*, to fence.
Egrimir, v. a. to shake, to brandish, to wave. (Metaph.)
ESGROUVA'DO, (a ludicrous word) tall and thin.
ESGUARDA'R. (Obfol.) See **CONSIDERAR**.
ESGUEIRA'R, v. a. to steal artfully.
Esgueirar-se, v. r. to steal, or withdraw privily, to steal away, to go away by stealth, or unseen.
ESGUELHA, f. f. ex. *Andar de esguelta*, to go with the body the narrowest way, to sidle.
Por de esgueta a alguma coisa, to place a thing obliquely, or sideways.
Dar de esgueta, to strike in an oblique manner, sidelong.
ESGUELHA'DO, a, adj. oblique, sideway.
ESGUIA'M, f. m. Irish linen.
ESGUIERO, or **ESGUIZERO**. See **SUIÇO**.

ESM

ESGUICHA'DO, a, adj. See **ESGUICHAR**.
ESGUICHAR, v. n. to spirt, to fly out with a quick stream, to spirt, to spring out in a sudden stream.
ESGUICHO, f. m. a squirt, an instrument by which a quick stream is ejected.
Esguicho de agua, a water-spout, jet.
ESGU'IO. See **ALTO**, and **COMPRIDO**.
ES UNCHO, f. m. a hollow wooden shovel, to water the sides of a ship.

ESI

ESLABA'M, (among farriers) a tumour in the inside of a horse's knee.
ESLADROA'R, v. a. (in agriculture) to cut off the useless suckers of a tree. From *ladrao*, a useless sucker, or water-shoot.
ESLAGARTADO, a, adj. See
ESLAGARTAR, v. a. ex. *Eslagarlar a vinha*, to pull out the leaves of a vine that are infected with a little hairy worm called a vine-fetter. From *lagarta*, an insect that eateth vine-leaves.

ESM

ESMA'DO, a, adj. See **ESMAR**.
ESMAGADO, a, adj. See
ESMAGAR, v. a. to squash, to crush in pieces, to bruise, to press a thing so hard as to burst it.
ESMALMA'DO. See **DESLEIXADO**.
ESMALTADO, a, adj. enamelled.
Esmaltado a fogo, enamelled, or wrought with fire.
Esmaltado com variedade de cores, enamelled, or variegated with colours.
Esmaltado com variedade de flores, enamelled, or chequered with flowers. See also **ORNADO**.
ESMALTADOR, f. m. an enameller.
Esmaltador, que faz obras de esmalte a fogo, he that enamelleth, or maketh pictures with fire.
ESMALTA'R, v. a. to enamel, to inlay, to variegate with colours; also to spangle. (Metaph.)
Esmaltar a fogo, to enamel, or to make pictures with fire.
A acção de esmaltar, an enamelling. See also **ORNAR**.
ESMALTE, f. m. enamel, amel. It is also said of flowers or any other thing variegated with colour. (Metaph.)
Esmalte do discurso, the figures, or flourishes in rhetoric, (metaph.) See also **ORNATO**.
Esmalte, a sort of blue dye, or tincture, used by painters. See the v. **ESMALTAR**.
ESMANJA'R. (A ludicrous word.) See **GASTAR** and **DISSIPAR**.
ESMIA'R, v. a. to gues by sight.
ESMECHA'DO, a, adj. See

ESM

ESMECHAR, v. a. to break, or to wound dangerously the head with a stick, or stone.

Esmear, v. n. to scorch, to parch, to burn. (It is a ludicrous word in this sense.)

ESMERADAMENTE, adv. very nicely, perfectly well.

ESMERADO, a, adj. performed with care; also very accurate, and exact; also neat, spruce.

ESMERALDA, f. f. the green precious stone called an emerald. Greek.

Que tem cor de esmeralda, like an emerald, very green, smaragdine.

ESMERAR-SE, v. r. to endeavour to do a thing very accurately; also to be earnest, eager, or vehement. From **ESMERIL**, which see.

ESMERIL, f. m. emery, the lapidaries cut the ordinary gems on their wheels by sprinkling the wetted powder of it over them. It is useful in cleaning and polishing steel, and has been recommended by the ancients as an abstergent.

Esmiril, a sort of small cannon.

ESMERILHA DO, a, adj. neat, fine, trim, spruce, saug. See also **ESMERILHAR**.

ESMERILHAM, f. m. merlin, a sort of small hawk, the smallest of all the birds of prey.

Esmirilham, a sort of musquet to kill the birds of Arribaçam. See **ARRIBAÇAM**; also a sort of cannon.

ESMERILHA R, v. a. (a vulgar word) to seek, to search diligently.

ESMERO, f. m. care, diligence, accuracy, or attention in doing any thing.

Com esmero. See **ESMERADAMENTE**.

Fazer com esmero alguma coisa. See **ESMERAR-SE**.

ESMIGALHA DO, a, adj. See **ESMIGALHA R**, v. a. to crumble, or break into small pieces, to comminute.

Esmigalhar dentro, to crumble in.

Cousa que se pode esmigalhar, a thing that may be crumbled, or broken small.

A açam de esmigalhar, a breaking into small pieces, or crumbs.

ESMIOLA DO, a, adj. See **ESMIOLA R**, v. a. ex. *Esmiolar o pão*, to take out the crumb, or the soft part of the bread.

ESMIUÇADO, a, adj. See **ESMIUÇAR**, v. a. to pound to dust; also to scrutinize, to make a strict enquiry into, to examine thoroughly and nicely. (Metaph.)

ESMO, f. m. a guess of any thing, a conjecture, a judgment without any certain grounds, and only depending upon what appears to the eye.

A esmo, by the sight; also rashly, or at random.

ESMOER, v. a. to digest, to concoct in the stomach, to cause digestion.

ESP

Esmoer o comer, to digest, or concoct the food.

ESMOIDO, a, adj. concocted, &c. See **ESMOER**.

ESMOLA, f. f. alms, charity, alms-deed, Greek.

Fazer ou dar esmola, to give alms, to bestow a charity.

Pedir esmola, to beg, to beg a charity.

Cesto ou cusa semelbante em que se põem o que se deve dar por esmola, alms-basket.

O que vive de esmolas, an alms-man.

Esmola que os principes fazem ás igrejas, ou seja fundação, frankalmoigne, a tenure in *frank almote*, or a tenure by a divine service.

P. por dar esmola nunca falta a bolsa, giving alms never empties the purse, because God gives a blessing to charitable people.

ESMOLA DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of

ESMOLAR, v. n. to give alms.

P. esmolou S. Mattheus, esmolou para si; we say, charity begins at home.

ESMOLARIA, or **ESMOLERIA**, f. f. the almoner's office or dignity; also an alms-house, or a house devoted to give alms, and to support the poor.

ESMOLEIRO, f. m. a friar that begs to support his convent.

ESMOLE R, adj. that gives much alms.

Molher muito esmolera, a very charitable woman.

Esmoler, f. m. an alms-giver.

Grande esmolera, a great alms-giver.

Esmoler do principe, an almoner, or alms-giver.

ESMORECER, v. n. See **DESCORÇOAR**.

Fazer esmorecer, to dismay, to discourage, to depress, to deject.

ESMORECIDO, a, adj. without heart, as if dead.

ESMORECIMENTO, f. m. dismay, failure of courage, desertion of mind, dismayedness, dispiritedness.

ESMOUTADO, a, adj. See **ESMOUTA R**, v. a. to cut brambles, or any other rough prickly shrub.

ESMURRA DO. See **ESPIVITA DO**.

ESMURRA R. See **ESPIVITAR**.

ESN

ESNOCADO. See **DESNOCADO**.

ESNOCAR. } See { **DESNOCAR**.

ESNOGA } See { **SYNAGOGA**.

ESP

ESPAÇAR, v. n. to pass away one's time, to divert one's self; also to walk. (Obsol.) See also **DILATAR**.

ESPAÇO, f. m. space, any quantity of place, or time, while.

Large espaço, grande espaço, or muito tempo, a long while.

ESP

De espaço, slowly, leisurely, at leisure.

A espaço, between whiles, from time to time, now and then.

A espaço, or de lugar em lugar, from place to place.

ESPAÇOSAMENTE, adv. spaciouly, largely, widely.

ESPAÇO SO, a, adj. wide, large, spacious, broad, ample.

ESPA DA, f. f. a sword.

Espada nua, a sword that is unsheathed, or drawn from the scabbard.

A força da espada, the space between the middle and the hilt of a sword.

O fraco da espada, the space between the middle and the point of a sword, the feeble of a sword.

Garnição da espada, hilt.

Espada de marca, a sword of due size, because the swords are measured and marked by authority.

Puxar pela espada, or meter mam á espada, to unsheathe the sword, to draw it from the scabbard.

Tirar pela espada, idem.

Passar tudo a espada, to put all to the sword.

Passar alguém com espada, to run one through with a sword.

Homem de espada, a sword-man.

Homem de capa e espada. See **CAPA**.

Dança de espadas. See **DAÇA**.

Ajuntar a espada. See **ASSENTAR**.

Medir a espada com alguém, is for two people to fight with their swords.

Trazar espada, to wear a sword.

A força da espada, by dint of sword.

O que combate com a espada. See **GLADIADOR**.

Que tem espada, or cingido com espada, sworded, girted with a sword.

Espada presta, a foil, such as is used in fencing.

Espada branca, a common sword.

Mestre da espada presta, a fencing-master.

Dar com huma espada na outra, to swash, to dash swords one against another.

Espada, or solba damojquina. See **DAMASQUINO**.

Solba da espada, the blade of a sword.

Maçam da espada, the pommel, or pummel of a sword.

Fita, ou cusa semelbante, que se põem no punho da espada, a sword-knot.

Espada virgem, a sword that never hurted any body; or a maiden sword that was never drawn.

O que leva a espada diante del-rey, the king's sword-bearer.

Espada sem ponta que se leva diante del-rey de Inglaterra na sua coroação, cuttana, a pointless sword carried before the king of England at his coronation.

Peixe espada, the sword-fish.

Espadas romanas, the feathers in a horse.

Espadas, the suit at cards called spades.

Loja na qual se vendem espadas, a sword-cutler's shop.

Por guarnição em huma espada, to mount a sword.

ESP

Santiago da espada, a military order, instituted by Ramirus, king of Castile, A. C. 846.

ESPADADO. See **ESPEDAÇADO**.

ESPADAÇAR. See **ESPEDAÇAR**.

ESPADACHIM, f. m. a bully, or hector that loves to be always in broils, a swath-buckler, a braggadochio, a swaggerer.

Fazer o espadachim, to hector, to play the bully, to bluster.

ESPADADO, a, adj. beaten, &c. See **ESPADAR**.

ESPADADOR, f. m. a sort of leaning stock formed as an half moon to support the left hand of people that are peeling hemp.

ESPADANA, f. f. the common flags that grow in watery places, so called, because the leaf is like a sword.

Espadana de fogo, so they call a flame that bursts out and appears like a sword. (Metaph.)

Espadana de água, a water spout that flies out and appears like the blade of a sword. (Metaph.)

Espadana de peixe. See **BARBATANA**.

ESPADANA'DO, a, adj. See **ESPADANAR**, v. a. to strew with flags, or some other herbs.

Espadanar as ruas, to strew, or cover the streets with flags, or some other herbs, as they do in a public rejoicing.

ESPADANO. See **PEDANEÓ**.

ESPADAR o linho, v. a. to beat, or to peel hemp or flax.

ESPADARTE, f. m. a kind of whale fish. Lat. *pristis*.

ESPAU'DO, a, adj. that has broad shoulders, broad-shouldered.

ESPADEIRO, f. m. a sword-cutter.

ESPADELLA, f. f. the brake for flax or hemp.

Espadella, a sort of large and very heavy oar they make use of, instead of the helm, in the barges on the river Douro.

ESPADELLADO. See **ESPADADO**.

ESPADELLAR. See **ESPADAR**.

ESPADILHA, f. f. the ace of spades at cards, spadille.

ESPADIM, f. m. a little sword; also a sort of small fish.

Espadim, so they called several coins formerly current in Portugal.

ESPADINHA, f. f. a little sword made of gold or silver formerly worn by women in their heads.

ESPA DOA, f. f. the shoulder blade, or blade-bone. The anatomists call it scapula, or scapular bone. See also **HOMBRO**.

ESPA'LDA. See **HOMBRO**.

Espalsa, (in fortification) a shouldering piece, or covert, a square orillion in the bastions near the shoulder.

Espal as de cadeira, the back of a chair.

ESPALDA'R, f. m. a shoulder-piece, armour for the back.

Espalvar de cadeira, the back of a chair.

ESP

ESPALDEADO. See **DEBILITADO**.

ESPALDEAR. See **DEBILITAR**.

ESPALDEIRA'DA, f. f. a blow, or stroke with the flat part of the sword.

Dar espaldeiras, to strike flat long, or with the flat downwards.

ESPALDETA, f. f. (in horsemanship) ex. *Fazer espaldeta*, to distort the shoulders in riding.

ESPALHA'DO, a, adj. scattered, dispersed, &c. See the v. **ESPALHAR**.

ESPALHAFATO, f. m. a sort of cannon.

Fazer espalhafato, to disperse, to scatter, to drive people to different parts, to force back.

ESPALHAGA'DO, a, adj. See **ESPALHAGA'R**, v. a. (in husbandry) to separate the straw from the corn upon the threshing-floor.

ESPALHAR, v. act. to scatter about, to spread, to disperse; also to divulge, to publish, to spread abroad.

Espalhar, or alrir as asas, to mantle, to spread the wings as a hawk in pleasure.

Espalhar a bese. See **BOFE**.

Espalhar flores, to strew flowers.

Espalhar a vista, to lead one's sight to many different objects.

Espalhar-se, v. r. to spread, to diffuse, or spread itself.

ESPALMADO, a, adj. flat. See also **ESPALMA'R**, v. a. to flat, to lay flat.

Espalmar, ou dar peder a buca navio. See **PENDOR**. (A sea term.)

Espalmar, (among farriers) to pare all that part of a horse's hoof that is insensible, or void of feeling.

ESPANA'DO, a, adj. See **ESPANAR**, v. act. to clean from dust, to dust off, to wipe off the dust.

ESPANCA'DO, a, adj. See **ESPANCA'R**, v. a. to cudgel.

Espancar o mar remando, to row.

ESPANHA, &c. See **HESPANHA**, &c.

ESPANTA leões, the hatter, or trefoil tree. Lat. *colutea*.

ESPANTADIÇO, a, adj. subject to be frightened.

Cavalleo spantadiço, a starting horse.

Cavalleo que he alguma coisa spantadiço, a startlish horse.

ESPANTADO, a, adj. frightened, scared, amazed, astonished.

Espantado com admiraçam, taken up with admiration.

ESPANTALHO, f. m. a scare-crow, a bug-bear.

ESPANTAR, v. a. to fright, to scare, to cause admiration, to astonish.

Espantar-se, v. r. to be frightened, to be amazed, to be astonished, to be surprised.

ESPANTO, f. m. a fright; also admiration, surprize.

ESPANTOSO, a, adj. dread, horrid, frightful; also marvellous, or wonderful, strange, astonishing.

ESPAVA'M, f. m. (among farriers) spavin, a disease in horses.

ESP

ESPAVE'L, a sort of barrack like those made by some fishermen on the sea shore. See also **CHAPEO do sel**.

ESPARCELA'DO, a, adj. that has many parcels. See **PARCEL**.

Terra esparcelada, a very flat, level, and even ground.

ESPAECER, v. n. to walk, or fetch a walk.

ESPAECIDO, p. of the preterperf. tense of *espaecer*.

ESPAECIDO. See **ESPALHADO**.

ESPAECIR. See **ESPALHAR**.

ESPAR'GO, f. m. asparagus. Greek. *So como espargo no monte*, as solitary as asparagus, because every one of them springs up by itself.

ESPARREGA'DO, adj. (speaking of pot-herbs) boiled and seasoned with vinegar, oil, &c.

ESPARRELLA. See **ABOIZ**.

Cabir na esparrella, to run one's self into a noose.

ESPAARRINHAR, (in the province of Beira) to sprinkle water about.

ESPARSA, f. f. the less roundelay; a sort of Spanish poetry, whereof the verses are of six syllables.

ESPARSO. See **ESPALHADO**, and **ESTENDIDO**.

ESPARTAL, f. m. the place where the *esparto* grows. See **ESPARTO**.

ESPARTEIRO, f. m. one that makes mats, ropes, or baskets of *esparto*.

ESPARTENHAS, f. f. p. a sort of sandals made of *esparto*; also any other sandals like *espartenhas*, though made of some other thing.

ESPARTILHO, f. m. stays, a pair of stays for women.

ESPARTO, f. m. Ray p. 1257. calls it *spartum*, and *gramen spartum* in Latin, and matweed in English. They make coarse mats of it; as also ropes and baskets of several sorts.

ESPARZIDO. See **ESPALHADO**.

ESPARZIR. See **ESPALHAR**.

Espazir lagrimas, to shed tears.

ESPA'SMO, f. m. a convulsion, or convulsion fit, spasmus, or spasm.

Espasmo chamado tetanos, another kind of spasmus called tetanus.

Espasmo na boca, dog-cramp.

ESPASMODICO, or **ESPASMODICO**, a, adj. (in physic) belonging to spasm, spasmodic.

ESPATHARIO, f. m. a kind of dignity among the Goths.

ESPA'TO, f. m. the colour of myrrh that serves to paint dead bodies.

ESPA'TULA, f. f. a spatula, a spatle, or slice, an instrument used by apothecaries and surgeons in spreading plasters, or stirring medicines together.

ESPAVORI'DO, a, adj. astonished, affrighted.

ESPECIAL, adj. especial. See also **PARTICULAR**.

ESPECIALIDADE, singularity, a particular qualification.

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Com especialidade, especially, in an uncommon degree above any other.
ESPECIALIZADO. See **ESPECIALIZADO**.
ESPECIALIZAR. See **ESPECIALIZAR**.
ESPECIALMENTE, adv. especially, particularly, principally, in an uncommon degree above any other.
ESPECIARI A, f. f. spicery, the commodity of spices.
Adubar com especiari, or *especiaria*, to spice, to season with spice.
O que negocia em especiaria, a spicer, one who deals in spice.
ESPECIAS. See **ESPECIARIA**.
ESPECIE, f. f. (in logic) species, one of the five predicables.
Especie, species, appearance to the senses.
Especie da visam, de som, &c. the visible, audible, &c. species.
Especie, species, or representation to the mind.
Especie, species, or circulating money.
Especies, (in algebra) species, or those letters, marks, or symbols, which represent the quantities.
Especies sacramentais, sacramental species.
Especies, (in music) voices, sounds.
Especie, species, kind, sort.
ESPECIEIRO, f. m. a grocer, one that sells spices.
ESPECIFICACÃO, f. f. specification, distinct notation, determination by a peculiar mark.
ESPECIFICADAMENTE, adv. particularly.
ESPECIFICADO, a, adj. See **ESPECIFICAR**, v. a. to specify, to mark by notation of distinguishing particularities.
ESPECÍFICO, a, adj. specific, or specific, that which makes a thing of the species of which it is.
Gravidade específica, (among philosophers) specific gravity, or the appropriate and peculiar gravity or weight, which any species of natural bodies have, and by which they are plainly distinguishable from all other bodies of different kinds.
Diferença específica, specific difference.
Específico, (in medicine) specific, appropriated to the cure of some particular distemper.
ESPECIOSIDADE, f. f. See **FERMOSURA**.
ESPECIOSO, a, adj. specious, showy, plausible, superficially, and not solidly right, striking at first view.
Algebra especiosa, specious algebra, first introduced by Vietas, about the year, 1590.
ESPECTACULO, f. m. spectacle, a public shew, or sight.
ESPECTADOR, f. m. a spectator, a looker on, a beholder.
ESPECTADORA, f. f. she that beholderth.
ESPECTATIVA. See **EXPECTATIVA**.

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ESPECTATORIO. See **EXPECTATORIO**.
ESPECTRO, f. m. a ghost, spectre, appearance of persons dead.
ESPECULACÃO, f. f. speculation, mental view, intellectual examination - contemplation.
ESPECULADOR, f. m. speculator.
ESPECULADO, a, adj. See **ESPECULAR**, v. a. to speculate, to consider attentively, to look through with the mind.
ESPECULATIVO, a, adj. speculative, given to speculation.
Especulativo, speculative, theoretical, notional, ideal, not practical.
ESPECULO, f. m. (among surgeons) speculum, an instrument, that serves for several uses, as *especulo da matriz da boca*, &c. speculum matricis, speculum oris, &c.
ESPELHADO, a, adj. See **ESPELHAR**, v. a. to tear, or dash in pieces.
ESPELDO, &c. See **EXPEDIDO**, &c.
ESPELHADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ESPELHAR-SE, v. r. to look in a glass, to behold one's self. See **REFLECTER-SE**.
Espehar-se em alguém, to follow one's example, to imitate one's good actions. (Metaph.)
ESPELHO, f. m. a looking-glass, a mirror.
Espeho que queima, an ustreous, or burning-glass.
Espeho para apanhar cotovias, daring-glass, a device for catching larks.
Apanhar cotovias com espeho, to dare larks, to catch them by means of a looking-glass.
Espeho, mirror, pattern, model. (Metaph.)
Ella he o espeho da modestia, she is a mirror of modesty.
P. não ha melhor espeho que o amigo velho, there is no better looking-glass than an old friend; that is, such a one will not flatter a man, but tell him the truth.
Ver-se ao espeho. See **ESPELHAR-SE**.
Espeho, (speaking of a horse.) See **REDOMONHO**.
Espeho, a sort of ornament about the middle hole of the belly of a guitar which is a musical instrument not much used except in Portugal and Spain.
Espeho, a circular glass-window in the frontpiece of ancient buildings.
ESPELHA, ou *aveta de que se faz pão*, spelt.
ESPELUNCA. See **CAVERNA**.
ESPEOLHADO, &c. See **ESPIOLHADO**, &c.
ESPEQUE, f. m. a prop, a support, a stay, that on which any thing rests; See also **ARRIMO**. (Metaph.)
Espeque, a hand-spike, or wooden lever, to heave up the anchor at sea, and for several other uses.

ESP

ESPERA, f. f. stay, waiting.
Espera, (a law term) a demurrer, a pause upon a point of difficulty, or of law.
Estar a espera, to wait, to expect, to stay for; also to watch in order to attack.
Espera, (an antiquated word.) See **ESPERA**.
ESPERADO, a, adj. expected, &c. See the v. **ESPERAR**.
ESPERANÇA, f. f. hope, expectation of some good; also the object of hope.
Causa que da de si, ou de que se tem grandes esperanças, hopeful, promising, full of qualities which produce hope.
Boas esperanças que de si da bom menino, the hopefulness of a child.
Ter esperança de alguma coisa, to hope for a thing.
Não ha esperanças, there is no hopes.
Legar alguém dando-lhe várias esperanças, to dodge with one, to play fast and loose.
Perder todas as esperanças, to be out of hopes, or without all hopes.
Ancora da esperança, sheet-anchor.
ESPERAR, v. n. to hope.
Eu espero que, &c. I hope, I flatter myself; I am apt to believe that, &c.
Esperar por alguma coisa, to hope for a thing.
P. quem espera desespera, he that expects despairs; that is, expectation makes a man uneasy.
ESPERADO, hoped for.
Causa que não deve ser esperada, a thing not to be hoped for.
Esperar, to expect, to wait, to attend the coming.
Tenho esperado por vos ha duas horas, I have expected you these two hours.
Eu não vos esperava tam cedo, I did not expect you so soon.
Que se pode esperar, sperable, such as may be hoped.
Esperar, v. a. to wait, to expect; also to watch as an enemy, to lie in wait, to be upon the catch, to snook, to lie lurking for a thing or person, to watch in order to attack.
ESPERDIÇADO. See **DESPERDIÇADO**.
ESPERDIÇADOR. See **DESPERDIÇADOR**.
ESPERDIÇAR. See **DESPERDIÇAR**.
Esperdiçar sua fama, to bring one's self into disrepute.
ESPERJURADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ESPERJURAR, v. n. to forswear, to swear falsely, to commit perjury.
O que perjura fals, a forswearer, a perjurer, one that swears falsely.
ESPERMA, f. f. sperm, seed, that by which the species is continued.
Produzir ou criar esperma, to spermatize, to yield seed.
O que trata, ou escreve da esperma, spermologist.
Esperma da balsa, or *esperma ceti*, spermaceti,

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macell, corruptedly pronounced par-
maſſig. It is a particular ſort of
whale that affords the oil whence this
is made, and that is very improperly
called *ſperma*, becauſe it is only the
oil which comes from the head of
which it can be made.

ESPERMATICO, *a*, adj. ſpermatical,
or ſpermatie.

ESPERNEGADO, *a*, adj. See

ESPERNEGAR, *v. a.* to part the
legs aſunder by violence. From *perna*,
a leg.

ESPERTADO. See **DESPERTADO**.

ESPERTADOR. See **DESPERTA-
DOR**.

ESPERTADURA, *f. f. ex.* *Eſperta-
dura do cabelo*, the parting of the
hair.

ESPERTAMENTE, *adv.* briskly,
readily, courageouſly.

ESPERTAR. See **DESPERTAR**.

ESPERTEZA, *f. f.* alacrity, brisk-
neſs, courage.

Eſperiza de engenho, intellectual acute-
neſs, ſharpneſs, and ſubtilty of wit.

ESPERTO, *a*, adj. See **ACORDA-
DO**.

Eſperto de engenho, ſubtle, acute of mind,
witty, ingenious, inventive.

Lume eſperto, a brisk fire.

ESPESCOÇADO. See **DESCABE-
ÇADO**.

ESPESCOÇAR. See **DESCABEÇAR**.
(In agriculture.)

ESPESSADO, *a*, adj. See **ESPE-
SAR**.

ESPESSAMENTE, *adv.* thickly,
cloſely.

ESPESSAR. See **CONDENSAR**.

Eſpeſſar-se, *v. r.* See **CONDENSAR-
SE**.

ESPESSO, *a*, adj. thick, cloſe, ſet
cloſe.

ESPESSURA, *f. f.* thickneſs; alſo a
thicket, or thick wood.

ESPETADA, *f. f.* See

ESPETADO, *f. m. ex.* *Eſpetado*, or
eſpetada de carne, great quantity of
meat put upon a ſpit.

Eſpetado, *a*, adj. See

ESPETAR, *v. a.* to ſpit, to put upon
a ſpit; alſo to thruſt through, to
pierce as with a ſpit.

Andar eſpetado, (a vulgar phraſe) to be
affected, to be proud, to carry one's
ſelf ſtiff, or ſtraight like a ſpit, to
walk bolt upright, to bricken, to
hold in one's chin proudly.

Eſpetar, (*impalar*.) See **EMPALAR**.

ESPE'TO, *f. m.* ſpit, a long prong,
on which meat is driven to be turned
before the fire; a broach, or broacher.

Volta'r o eſpeto, to turn the broach, or
ſpit.

Engenho para volta'r o eſpeto, a jack, an
engine which turns the ſpit.

ESPHACELO, *f. m.* ſphacellus, a gan-
grene, a mortification.

Cauſar eſphacelo, to ſphacellate, to affect
with a gangrene.

Padeſcer de eſphacelo, to ſphacellate, to
ſuffer the gangrene.

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ESPHERA. } See { **ESFERA**.
ESPHINGE. } **ESFINGE**.
ESPHINTER. } **SPHINTER**.

ESPHIRENA, or **ESPHYRENA**, *f. f.*
a kind of long fiſh, called a guard-
fiſh. Lat. *ſudis*.

ESPIA, *f. f.* a ſpy.

Eſpia dobre, a ſpy on both ſides, one
that takes money of both parties, and
betrays both.

Eſpia perdida, a perdue, an advanced
centinel.

Embarcaçam pequena de eſpia, a bri-
gantine, a ſoſt, a bark for eſpial.

Eſpias dos cabreſtantes, the lines, or ropes
that run in the pulley.

ESPIADO, *a*, adj. See

ESPIAR, *v. a.* to ſpy, watch, dog,
or obſerve.

Eſpiar a redea, (among ſpinſtlers) ſo the
women that ſpin ſay when they have
ſpun the wool or flax that was in the
diſtaff.

ESPICAÇADO, *a*, adj. See

ESPICAÇAR, *v. a.* to peck, to ſtrike
with the beak as a bird; alſo to
ſtrike with any pointed inſtrument.

ESPIÇA. See **CAMBADA**.

Sardinha de eſpicha, a red pilchard.

ESPICHA'DO, *a*, adj. See

ESPICHA'R, *v. a.* to run through;
alſo to pierce, tap, or broach, ſpeak-
ing of a veſſel that is pierced, in order
to draw the liquor.

ESPICHO, *f. m.* a ſpigot, a pin or
peg put into the ſaucet to keep in the
liquor.

Fullano be bam eſpicho, ſuch a one is
ſlender as a ſpigot, that is, he is very
lean, or ſlim. We ſay, he looks like
a ſhotten herring.

ESPIGA, *f. f.* ear of corn, ſpike.

Ordem militar da Eſpiga, an order called
De l'Épi, i. e. of the Ear of Corn,
inſtituted by Francis V. in Bretagne,
A. C. 1450.

Cabeça da eſpiga, the little grain at the
top of the ear of corn.

*Bainha donde ſabe a eſpiga depois de for-
mada*, the cod, or huſk in which the
ear of corn is lodged.

Apanhar as eſpigas depois da ſega, to
glean, to pick up ears of corn after
harveſt.

Eſpiga, or *raigota das unhas*, ſlaw, a lit-
tle ſkin that grows ſometimes at the
root of one's nails.

Eſpiga, (among joiners) a tenon, the
end of a timber cut to be fitted into
another timber, or mortife.

Eſpiga, (in aſtronomy) a ſign in heaven
called the Virgin's Spike.

ESPIGADO, *a*, adj. eared, grown to
an ear.

Eſpigado, run to feed. (Speaking of
plants.)

Eſpigado, grown up, (ſpeaking of per-
ſons.) See alſo the *v.* **ESPIGAR**.

ESPIGA'M, *f. m. ex.* *Eſpigam do aro*,
an iron ſpike to fix an iron circle on
the ground in order to play with it.
See **ARO**.

Eſpigam do muro, the top of a wall.

E S P

Eſpigam das unhas, a ſlaw. See **ESPIGA**.

ESPIGAR, *v. n.* to ear, or grow to an
ear.

Eſpigar, to run to feed. (Speaking of
plants.)

Eſpigar, to grow up, to grow tall.
(Speaking of perſons.)

ESPIGAS, (*in cant*) the whiſkers, or
muſtachio.

ESPIQUETO, *f. m. ex.* *Flautado de
eſpiqueto*, the high or ſhrill ſound of a
flute.

ESPIGUI'LHA, *f. f.* a ſort of bobbin-
work.

ESPI'M. See **U.F.A.**

ESPI'NA cervina. See **CAMBRO-
ENS**.

ESPINA'FRE, *f. m.* ſpinage, a ſort of
pot-herb.

ESPINÇADO, *a*, adj. See

ESPINÇAR, *v. a.* to root up the
herbs from the ſalt pits, or places
where ſalt is made.

ESPINE'LLA, *f. f.* a kind of ruby.
See alſo **DECIMIL**.

ESPINETA, *f. f.* a ſpinnet, virginal.

ESPINGARDA, *f. f.* a fuſil, or light
gun, a firelock, a muſquet.

A tiro de eſpingarda, within a muſquet-
ſhot.

Eſpingarda para matar paſſaros, a fowl-
ing-piece.

ESPINGARDA'DA, *f. f.* a muſquet-
ſhot.

ESPINGARDA'M, *f. m.* a ſort of
muſquet formerly uſed, with a wider
mouth.

ESPINGARDARIA, *f. f.* muſque-
teers; alſo a volley of muſquet-ſhot.

ESPINGARDEADO, *p.* of the preter-
perf. tenſe of

ESPINGARDEAR, *v. a.* to ſhoot at
one with a muſquet.

ESPINGARDEIRO, *f. m.* a gun-
ſmith; alſo a muſqueteer.

ESPINHA, *f. f. ex.* *Eſpinha de peixe*,
a fiſh-bone.

Eſpinha da ſurça. See **ESPINHO**.

Eſpinha carnal, a kind of pimple, or
ſwelling with many reddiſh pimples
that eat, and ſpread.

Couſa cheia de eſpinhas, thorny.

Eſpinha, obſtacle, difficulty, trouble,
any thing troubleſome. (Metaph.)

Ter eſpinha com algum, to be at variance
with one.

Eſpinha. See **ESPINULA**.

*P. a eſpinha quando nate leva o bico di-
ante*, it early pricks that will be a
thorn.

ESPINHAÇO, *f. m.* the ridge-bone
of the back of any creature, ſo called
from *eſpinha*, becauſe the ribs ſtick
out like thorns.

Eſpinhaço de ferranias. See **CORDIL-
HEIRA**, or **CORDA de ferranias**.

ESPINHA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ESPIN-
HAR** and **ESPINHAR-SE**.

ESPINHAL, *f. m.* a place full of
thorns, a thorn-buſh.

Eſpinhal, *adj.* (in anatomy) ſpinal, be-
longing to the back-bone.

Medulla eſpinhal, ſpinal marrow.

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ESPINHAR, v. a. to prick like a thorn; also to nettle, to sting, to irritate, to provoke. (Metaph.)
Espinhar as orelhas com sem aspero, to grate, or offend the ear.
Espinhar-se, v. r. to be displeased, to disdain, to think scorn of. See **OFFENDER-SE**.
ESPINHEIRO, f. m. a thorn-tree.
Espinheiro que tem flores amarelas com seis folhas que formam uma rosa, barberry-tree, or barberry-bush.
Espinheiro, ou especie de rosira, a brier.
Espinheiro alzar, white thorn, a species of thorn. Lat. *alba spina*.
ESPINHELA, f. f. (a vulgar word) the tip or extremity of the sternum. The anatomists call it *cartilago ensiformis*. See also **ESPINELLA**, and **APARADOR**.
Cabir a espinhela, is for the tip of the sternum to be distorted, and out of the true direction, or posture.
Levantar a espinhela, to restore the tip of the sternum to its natural direction or posture.
ESPINHO, f. m. thorn, a prickle, a small sharp point, like that of a brier.
Ceto de espinhos, thorny, briery, full of thorns, or briers.
Arvores de espinho, so they call an orange-tree, lemon-tree, and some others that have thorns.
P. não ha rosa sem espinhos, no rose without its prickle.
Espinho, obstacle, difficulty, any troublesome thing. (Metaph.)
Porco espinho, a porcupine.
Ordem militar do Porco Espinho, a French order called of the Porcupine, or of Orleans, whose device was *cominus et eminus*, but king Lewis XII. crowned the porcupine with another motto, *ultra vias Trojae*.
ESPINHO'SO, a, adj. thorny.
ESPINICA'DO, a, adj. (a ludicrous word) that ponders often and long upon, or that examines much into.
ESPINULA, or **ESPINHA**, (in some ceremonial books.) See **ALFINEYE**.
ESPIOLHA DO, a, adj. See
ESPIOLHAR, v. a. to louse, to clean from lice.
ESPIQUE, f. m. the ear of the plant called spikenard.
ESPIRA, f. f. a spire, a curve line.
ESPIRADO. See **ASPIRADO**, and the v. **ESPIRAR**.
ESPIRAL, adj. spiral.
Em forma espiral, spirally, in a spiral form.
ESPIRAR, or **EXPIRAR**, v. n. See **MORRER**.
Espirar, (ucabar.) See **ACABAR**.
Espirar, (assoprar.) See **ASSOPRAR**.
Espirar, (xubalar.) See **EXHALAR**.
Espirar, (apagar-se.) See **APAGAR-SE**.
ESPIRITADO, a, adj. possessed with, or by the devil.
ESPIRITO, f. m. spirit, ghost.
Espirito, ou alma do homem, soul, ghost:

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Dar, ou xubalar o espirito, to give up the ghost, to die.
Espirito, (extensimento) See **ENTENDIMENTO**.
Espirito maligno. See **DEMONIO**.
Espiritos vitales, e animaes, vital and animal spirits.
Espirito, ou parte mais sutil que se tira dos corpos por destillaçam, &c. spirit. (In chemistry.)
Espirito. See **ANIMO**, **VIGOR**, **RESOLUÇÃO**.
Espirito levantado, a high, or great spirit.
Espirito abatido, low spirit.
Espirito, (devocão) See **DEVOÇÃO** and **PIE'DADE**.
Espirito universal, (among chemists,) universal spirit.
Espirito forte, ou o que se aparta das opiniões communs, a free thinker.
Espirito santo, the Holy Ghost.
Ordem do Espirito Santo, a military order in France, called Du Saint Esprit, i. e. of the Holy Ghost. It was created by Henry III. at his return from Poland, who was both born, and crowned king of France on Whitsunday.
Domingo; ou festa do Espirito Santo, Whitsunday, Whitsuntide.
Espirito santo, the capital of the captainship of the same name in the Bra- zils, between Porto Seguro and Rio de Janeiro; also a town of Guaxaca in New Spain, North America.
ESPIRITUA'L, adj. spiritual, immaterial, incorporeal; also not temporal, relating to the things of heaven, spiritual.
Espiritual, (pio) See **PIO** and **DEVOTO**.
ESPIRITUALIDADE, f. f. spirituality, incorporeity, immateriality, essence, distinct from matter.
ESPIRITUALIZADO, a, adj. See **ESPIRITUALIZAR**, v. a. to spiritualize, to purify from the feculencies of the matter, to change a compact body into spirits; also to refine the intellect, to purify from the feculencies of the world.
ESPIRITUALMENTE, adv. See **DEVOTAMENTE**.
ESPIRITUOSO, or **SPIRITUOSO**, a, adj. spirituous.
ESPIRRACANIVETES, f. m. (a ludicrous word) an ill tempered man.
ESPIRRADEIRA brava. See **LINGOA de cavallo**.
ESPIRRAR, v. n. to sneeze, to emit wind audibly by the nose.
Espirrar, to crackle, to make slight cracks and sparkle at the same time.
Espirrar a candea quando se apaga, is for a lamp to crackle when it is almost burnt. See **CANDEA**.
Fazer espirrar algum de hum lugar, to make one run away in a hurry.
ESPIRRO, f. m. a sneeze.
Dar hum espirro. See **ESPIRRAR**.
ESPIRITADO, a, adj. ex. *Ter a lingua tem espiritada*, to have one's

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tongue well hung, to have a great facility of expression.
Lingagem espiritada, a fluent speech.
Espiritado, snuffed, &c. See
ESPIVITAR a vela, v. a. to snuff the candle.
Tesouras de espiritar, snuffers.
Pequena salva, prato, ou coisa semelhante na qual se põem as tesouras de espiritar, snuffers-pan.
O que acende e espirita as velas nas casas de comedias, snuffers.
Apagar a vela espiritandoa mais abaxo do que devia ser, to snuff out the candle.
A açam de espiritar, snuffing.
ESPLANADA. See **EXPLANADA**.
ESPLANADO. See **EXPLANADO**.
ESPLANAR. See **EXPLANAR**.
ESPLENDENTE. See **RESPLANDECENTE**.
ESPLENDAMENTE, adv. splendidly.
ESPLENDIDO, a, adj. splendid, great, or magnificent.
ESPLENDOR, f. m. splendor, pomp, magnificence.
ESPLENICO, a, adj. splenic, belonging to the spleen.
ESPOJADO, p. of the preterperfect tense of
ESPOJAR-SE a besta, v. r. is for a beast to roll or tumble in the dust. From *ps*, dust.
Espojar-se com riso, to fall, or tumble down with laughing, to laugh without restraint.
ESPOLIOS, f. m. p. goods, moveables, spoils.
Espolios dos clerigos, goods left by clergymen.
ESPONDA'ICO, a, adj. ex. *Verso espondáico*, a spondaic verse.
ESPONDEO, f. m. spondee, a foot of two long syllables.
ESPONDYL, or **ESPONDILA**, f. f. spondyle, a vertebra.
ESPONGIOSO, a, adj. spongy, or spongy.
ESPO'NJA, a sponge, a soft porous substance; also the flower of the tree called *acacia*. See **ACACIA**.
Pedra esponja, a stone growing in sponges.
Espanja, a spongy symptom of the venereal disease.
ESPONJEIRA. See **ACACIA**.
ESPONJO'SO. See **ESPONGIOSO**.
ESPONSA'ES, f. m. p. spousals, the contract of betrothing a man and woman to each other.
Espousas publicas. See **DESPOSORIOS**.
ESPONTA'NEO. See **SPONTA'NEO**.
ESPONTA'M, f. m. a pike which the officers of infantry carry.
ESPO'RA, f. f. a spur.
Dar ou picar com a espo'ra. See **ESPO-REAR**.
Bico da espo'ra, a rowel.
Espero, spur, or encitement.
Correa ou encorreadura da espo'ra, spur-leathers.

ESP

Ferir com as esporas a hum cavallo, to spur-gall a horse, to rowel.
Apertar com a espora. See **ESPOREAR**.
O que faz, ou vende esporas, a spurrier, a spur-maker.
Espora, or *esporas de cavalleiro*. See **CONSOLDA**.
Ordem da Espora, the military order of the Spur, instituted by pope Pius IV. A. C. 1560.
ESPORADA, f. f. a stroke with a spur.
Esporada. (Metaph.) See **ESTIMULO**, and **INCENTIVO**.
ESPORAM, the sharp points on the legs of a cock with which he fights; a spur.
Esporam de navio, the beak, or beak-head of a ship.
ESPORENS de aço, prata, &c. *que se põem nos gallos para pe'garem*, gablocks, false spurs for fighting-cocks, of steel, silver, &c.
ESPOREADO, a, adj. See
ESPOREAR, v. a. to spur, to prick with the spur; also to spur, to incite, to urge forward. (Metaph.)
ESPORTULADO. See **SPORTULADO**.
ESPORTULAR, &c. See **SPORTULAR**.
ESPOSA, f. f. she that is betrothed to a man; the bride.
ESPOSA'DO, a, adj. See **DESPOSADO**, and
ESPOSA'R, v. a. to marry, to join a man and woman.
ESPO'SO, f. m. he that is betrothed to a woman; the bridegroom. See also **MARIDO**.
ESPOSOIRO, or **ESPOSO'RIO**. See **DESPOSORIOS**.
ESPRAYADO, a, ad. See
ESPRAYAR, v. n. to overflow, or break out of its banks.
Esprayar-se, v. r. to expaciate, to enlarge on a subject.
Esprayar-se com a pena, to write copiously, diffusely, or at large.
Esprayar-se nos louvores, to praise highly, to mention with approbation.
ESPREGUIÇADO. See **ESPRIGUIÇADO**.
ESPREGUIÇADOR, &c. See **ESPRIGUIÇADOR**, &c.
ESPREITA, f. f. peep, a fly close look.
Estar á espreita. See **ESPREITAR**.
ESPREITADO, a, adj. See **ESPREITAR**.
ESPREITADOR, f. m. a watcher, a diligent overlooker, or observer; one who peeps or looks slyly, closely, or curiously. See **ESPREITAR**.
ESPREITANÇA, f. f. the act of peeping, &c. See **ESPREITAR**.
ESPREITANTE, p. a. (in heraldry) it is said of beasts that are presented as if they were peeping. See
ESPREITAR, v. a. to peep, to spy, to look slyly, closely or curiously, to

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look through any crevice, to look through a hole or chink.
Espreitar alguem, to watch one, to observe him in ambush, to watch in order to attack him; also to watch one curiously without being discovered.
Espreitar huma occasiã, to watch an opportunity, or for an opportunity.
Baraco, ou cusa semelhante por onde alguem espreita, a peep-hole, or a peeping-hole.
Espreitar, (espiar.) See **ESCUAR**.
O espreitar, Espreita, or Acçã de espreitar, watching, &c. according to the v. **ESPREITAR**.
ESPREMER, v. a. to squeeze, to press hard, or to squeeze out in order to extract the juice.
A acçã de espremer, squeezing.
Espremer-se, v. r. to strain, to make violent efforts in order to evacuate.
A acçã de espremer-se, straining.
ESPRIMIDO, a, adj. squeezed, &c. See **ESPREMER**, and *Espremer-se*.
Fallar, ou cantar com voz esprimida, to strain one's voice, to raise, or force it high, to speak or sing with a shrill or squeaking voice.
ESPRIGUIÇADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of *Espriguiçar-se*.
ESPRIGUIÇADOR. See **RIPANÇO**.
ESPRIGUIÇAR-SE, v. r. to stretch one self after sleep, or in a lazy humour.
Espriguiçar-se, e abrir a boca, to stretch and gape.
ESPULGA'DO, a, adj. See
ESPULGAR, v. a. to rummage, to search into.
Espulgar-se, v. r. to flea, or to clean one's self from fleas.
ESPUMADO. See **ESCUMADO**.
ESPUMANTE, adj. frothy.
ESPU'MEO. See
ESPUMOSO, a, adj. full of foam, foamy.
ESPU'RIO, a, adj. born of a common woman, one who knoweth not who is his father, bastardly, base born. See also **PRIVADO**, and **DESPOJADO**.
Esparis, (among physicians) spurious, that degenerate from its kind.
ESPUTO. See **CUSPO**.

ESQ

ESQUADRA, f. f. ex. *Esquadra de navios*, a squadron of ships.
Cabo de esquadra. See **CABO**.
Esquadra de soldados, so they call several bands of soldiers, the least is composed of twenty-five soldiers.
ESQUADRA'DO, a, adj. set in array. See **ESQUADRAR**.
ESQUADRAM, f. m. a squadron which is composed of one hundred and twenty horse. See also **BATALHAM**.
Fermar hum esquadram, to draw up soldiers in squadrons.

ESQ

ESQUADRA'R, v. a. to set an army in array.
ESQUADRIA f. f. square, a rule or instrument by which workmen measure, or form their angles.
Posto em esquadria, made by rule and square.
ESQUADRINHA'DO, a, adj. See **ESQUADRINHAR**.
ESQUADRINHADOR, f. m. a diligent seeker, a rummager, a searcher.
ESQUADRINHAR, v. act. to speculate, to consider attentively, to look through with the mind, to search diligently. From *esquadria*.
Esquadrinhar os orbis celestis, e sus phenomenos, to speculate, to contemplate, view, or observe the celestial orbs, and their phenomena.
ESQUADRO, a right angle drawn upon a board.
ESQUALIDO, a, adj. See **SUJO**, and **DESALINHADO**.
ESQUAQUELLADO, a, adj. (in heraldry) chequered, variegated in the manner of a chess-board.
ESQUAQUES, f. m. p. (in heraldry) little squares in the manner of a chess-board.
ESQUARTEJADO, a, adj. See
ESQUARTEJAR, v. a. to quarter, to cut into quarters.
ESQUARTELA'DO, a, adj. See
ESQUARTELA'R, v. a. (in heraldry) to quarter, to divide into four.
ESQUECER, v. n. to be forgot, or forgotten.
Esquecer, v. a. to cause a thing to die in oblivion.
Esquecer-se, v. r. to forget, to lose memory of.
Esquecer-se de si mesmo, to forget one's self; also to grow proud; also to be exceedingly mad and enraged.
Esquecer-se de qualquer coisa em algum lugar, to forget, to leave a thing in some place.
Esquecer-se da sua obrigação, to forget one's duty.
Não vos esqueçaes dos pobres, pray remember the poor.
Esquecer-se dos amigos, to forget, or neglect one's friends.
ESQUECIDO, a, adj. forgot, &c. See **ESQUECER**, and *Esquecer-se*.
Esquecido, forgetful, unmindful, apt to forget. See also **ENTORPECIDO**.
Homem esquecido, ou que se esquece das coisas, forgetter, one that forgets.
ESQUECIMENTO, f. m. forgetfulness, oblivion, loss of memory.
Causa que causa esquecimento, oblivious, forgetful, causing oblivion, or forgetfulness.
Entregar ao esquecimento, to cause to be forgotten, to bury in oblivion.
Ficar alguma coisa a alguem em esquecimento. See **ESQUECER-SE**.
ESQUELETO, f. m. a skeleton, the bones of the body preserved together, as much as can be, in their natural situation. Greek.

ESQ

Esqueleto, ou pecca muito magra, a skeleton.
ESQUENTA'DA, f. f. ex. *Pilla esquentada*, in the great heat and burning of the sun; also scarcely, with difficulty.
ESQUENTA'DO, f. m. a sort of disease in a horse's hoof.
ESQUENTA'DO, a, adj. See **ESQUENTAR-SE**.
ESQUENTADOR, f. m. a warming-pan.
ESQUENTAMENTO, f. m. See **GONORRHEA**.
Esquentamento, over-heating.
ESQUENTA'R-SE, v. r. to over-heat one's self.
Esquentar-se na batalha, to grow hot in the engagement.
ESQUERDEA'DO, p. of the preterperfect tense of
ESQUERDEA'R, v. n. to swerve from reason.
ESQUE'RDO, a, adj. left, the contrary to right.
Voltei a mam esquerda, turn upon the left hand.
A' esquerda, ou para a parte esquerda, toward, or on the left hand, or side.
Esquerdo ou canhoto, f. m. a left handed man.
Esquerdo de ambas as mãos, one that is both right and left handed, which useth both hands alike.
ESQUI'FE, f. m. a cock boat, a skiff, a small boat belonging to a ship.
Esquife de enterrar, a bier, a coffin to bear dead bodies.
ESQUI'LLA, or **ESQUIROLA**. See **ESQUIROLA**.
ESQUINA, f. f. the corner of any thing, the outward angle.
ESQUINANCIA, **ESCHINANCIA**, or **ESQUINENCIA**, f. f. a disease called the squinancy, or quinsy, an inflammation in the throat.
ESQUINANTO, f. m. See **PALHA de cavale**.
ESQUINIA'M, f. m. a bird called a red-sparrow. Lat. *junco*.
ESQUIPAÇAM, f. f. the crew of a ship.
Sem esquipaçam, ou desesquipado, without crew or men.
Esquipaçam de vestidos, variety of habits or garments.
Esquipaçam, fashion, form, make, state of any thing with regard to its outward appearance.
Nova esquipaçam, a new fashion.
Deito com esquipaçam, elegant, neat, curious.
Com esquipaçam, comically, in such a manner as raises mirth.
Esquipaçam. See **DISPARATE**.
ESQUIPA'DO, a, adj. See
ESQUIPA'R, v. a. to equip, or set out a ship.
ESQUIROLA, f. f. the fragment of a bone.
ESQUISITO. See **EXQUISITO**.
ESQUIVA DO, a, adj. See **ESQUIVAR**.

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ESQUIVAMENTE, adv. scornfully, coyly, with reserve.
ESQUIVANÇA, f. f. disdain, contempt, scorn, contemptuous anger; also coyness, disinclination, slight dislike.
Tratar com esquivança, to disdain, to scorn, to consider as unworthy of one's character, to coy, to bear with reserve, to reject familiarity.
ESQUIVAR, v. a. to disincline, to produce dislike, to make disaffected, to alienate affection from.
Esquivar, to reprehend. It is obsol. in this sense.
Esquivar-se, v. r. to shun, to avoid. See also **RETIRAR-SE**, and **AFASTAR-SE**.
ESQUI'VO, a, adj. coy, disdainful, scornful; also inconsolable, sorrowful beyond susceptibility of comfort.

ESS

ESSA. See **EÇA**.
ESSE, **ESSA**, pron. demonstr. that. See **PRONONCE**. It shows the thing or person that is a little farther from the person we speak to.
Essi entro, the other.
ESSENCIA, f. f. the essence, or being of a thing.
Quinta essência de alguma coisa, quintessence.
Que consta de quinta essência, quintessential, consisting of quintessence.
ESSENCIA'L, adj. essential, necessary to the constitution or existence of any thing; also important in the highest degree, principal, essential.
ESSENCIALMENTE, adv. essentially, by the constitution of nature.
ESSENOS, f. m. p. Essens, a sect of monastic philosophers among the Jews, who referred all to destiny, held the mortality of the soul, &c.
ESSOU'RO, a, adj. that other. See **PRONOME**.

EST

ESTA, pron. demon. in the feminine. this.
Esta mulher, esta coisa, this woman, this thing.
ESTABELECE'R, v. a. to establish, to settle firmly, to fix unalterably.
Estabelecer, to establish, set, appoint, ordain, or make.
Estabelecer novas opiniões, to broach new opinions.
Estabelecer huma expressão, to bring an expression into use, to make it go current.
Estabelecer, (ordenar.) See **ORDENAR**.
Estabelecer-se, v. r. to settle, to fix one's self, to establish a residence.
ESTABELECI'DO, a, adj. established, &c. See **ESTABELECE'R**, and *Estabelecer-se*.
ESTABELECIMENTO, f. m. esta-

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blishment, settlement, fixed estate; also settled regulation, form, model of a government, or family.
Estabelecimento, foundation, fundamental principle, settled law. See the v. **ESTABELECE'R**, and *Estabelecer-se*.
ESTABILIDA'DE, f. f. stability, stability, steadiness.
ESTABIL. See **ESTAVEL**.
ESTACA, f. f. a stake, a palisade, a pin in a wall, a rack.
Estaca de prender bestas, a post, or tether, whereunto horses are tied in a stable.
Estaca para plantar, a stalk to graft on.
Plantar de estaca, to set such a stock in the ground.
Estaca com que se arma a rede para caçar aves, a small stake or fork, to stay up nets, or to stretch or pitch them upon in fowling.
Estar a estaca, (metaph.) to be confined to a narrow compass, as a beast that is tied to a stake.
ESTACA'DA, f. f. a place palisaded, or hemmed in with stakes; also piles driven into the ground to make firm a foundation. See also **PALISSADA**.
Engenho, ou machina para furar os pass das estacadas, an instrument to drive piles of wood into the ground, called a commander.
Estacada que se põem nas bordas dos rios para que não alaguem os campos. See **DIQUE**.
ESTACADO, f. m. an inclosure made with stakes, or a list to fight, or wrestle in. From the Italian *flectato*.
ESTAÇAM, f. f. station.
Correr as estações, (among Roman Catholics) is to go to so many stations; that is, churches, or places appointed in remembrance of the several passages of our Saviour's passion, there to pray in honour of those mysteries.
Estaçam, (in astronomy) station, or point in which a planet appears to an eye placed on the earth, to stand still, and have no progressive motion forward in its orbit.
Estaçam, catechism, or instruction of what is to be believed in the Christian religion.
Fazer a estaçam, to catechize, to instruct in the fundamental articles of the Christian religion.
Estaçam do tempo, season, one of the four quarters of the year, which are, spring, summer, autumn, and winter.
Estaçam, a sort of itinerary measure in Arabia and Tartary of twenty thousand geometrical paces.
ESTACIONARIO, (in astronomy) stationary.
ESTADA, f. f. abode, residence, stay.
ESTA'DIO, f. m. stadium, a Roman measure, now taken for a furlong; also an itinerary measure.

ESTÁ-

EST

ESTADI'STA, f. m. a statesman.
ESTADO, estate, the general interest, the business of the government, the public. In this sense it is now commonly written *state*.
Estado, estate, condition of life, with regard to prosperity, or adversity.
Dar estado, to settle, to fix in any way of life.
Tomar estado, to settle, to chuse a method of life, as to marry, to enter into a religious order, or the like.
Estar em estado de graça, to be in a state of grace.
Estado da innocencia, the state of innocence.
O estado das cousas em dos negocios, the state, posture, or condition of things, or affairs.
Elle não está em estado de se casar, he is not in a condition to marry.
Eu vi em hum estado miseravel, I saw him in a pitiful case, or condition.
Elle está em estado de servir os seus amigos, he is in a fair way to serve his friends.
Estar em estado, to be ready.
Estado, state, way of going in clothes.
Elle anda com tam grande estado como huma senhora de qualidade, she carries as much state, (or she goes as fine) as a lady of quality.
Em que estado está a vossa saúde? how is your health?
Estado, state, parade, shew, ostentation.
Cama de estado, a bed of state.
Estado de huma doença, the acme, or height of a distemper.
Estado, state, dominion.
Ministro de estado, a minister of state.
Razões de estado, a reason of state.
Máximas de estado, affairs of state.
Os tres estados do reyno, the estates, or the three estates of the kingdom, viz. the clergy, nobility, and commonalty.
A junta dos tres estados, the estates, or the assembly of the three estates.
Estados gerais, states-general.
Estados de Hollanda, the States, or the States of Holland.
Conselho de estado, a council of state.
Estado secular, the laity.
Estado ecclesiastico, the clergy; also the pope's dominions.
Estado, p. of the preterpass. tense of the v. **ESTAR**, which see.
ESTADU'LHO, f. m. a sort of club, or heavy stick.
ESTAES, the plural of *estay*, (in a ship) the stays. See **OSTAIS**.
ESTAFÁ, f. f. ex. *Dar huma estafa*, to beat, or cudgel. See also **ESTAFETA**, and **ESTAFADOR**.
ESTAFADO, a, adj. See **ESTAFAR**.
ESTAFADOR, f. m. a shifter, a cozenor, a cheater.
ESTAFAR, v. a. to cozen, to cheat, to trick, to defraud, to chouse.
O que facilmente se deixa estafar, a

EST

chouse, a bubble, a tool, a man fit to be cheated.
ESTAFERMO, f. m. a wooden statue to run a-tilt.
ESTAFETA, f. f. a courier, an express.
ESTAGNA'DO, a, adj. (among physicians) ex. *Sangue estagnado*, stagnant blood, or blood that stagnates.
ESTALADO, a, adj. broken, &c. See **ESTALAR**.
ESTALAGEM, f. f. an inn.
ESTALAJADEIRA, f. f. a hostess.
ESTALAJADEIRO, f. m. an inn-keeper.
ESTALAR, v. n. to crack, to split, to shiver, to break in pieces, to burst.
O vidro estala no fogo, glass flies in the fire.
Estalar de riso, to split one's sides with laughing, to laugh out.
Estalar a paciencia, to be out of patience, to lose patience.
Estalar por alguma coisa, to long, to wish with eagerness for a thing.
Estalar de fome, frio, &c. to starve for hunger, for cold, &c.
ESTALEIRO, f. m. stocks, posts framed to build a ship, or boat upon.
Navio que está no estaleiro, a ship upon the stocks.
Lançar huma nao do estaleiro, to launch a ship.
ESTALIDO. See **ESTALO**.
ESTALLA. See **ESTREBARIA**. From the Italian *stalla*, stables.
ESTALO, or **ESTRALO**, a noise, a cracking, or crack.
Estalo de azorrague, the jirk, or snapping of a whip.
Estalo com os dedos, a snap with the fingers.
Dar estalos com os dedos, to snap the fingers.
Estalo que se dá com a boca, ou beijos, depois de provar alguma coisa, a smack, or the act of parting the lips audibly.
Dar estalos neste ultimo sentido, to smack.
Estalo que se dá beijando, a smack, or a loud kiss.
Fallor por estalos, so they say of a people bordering upon Æthiopia, near the Arabian gulph, who cannot articulate nor form words, but only make a noise with their tongues by means of which they understand one another.
A minha barriga dá estalos, my belly crieth copboard.
ESTAMAGADO, **ESTAMAGAR-SE**. See **ESTOMAGADO**, **ESTOMAGAR-SE**.
ESTAMAGO. See **ESTOMAGO**.
ESTAMENHA, f. f. flaming, a light sort of French stuff.
ESTAMPA, f. f. impression, print; also a cut, or print.
Estampa fina, a brass-cut, a copper-plate.
Dar hum livro á estampa, to print a book.

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Estampa dos pés. See **PISADA**.
ESTAMPADO, a, adj. See **ESTAMPAR**, v. a. to print, impress, or stamp.
Estampar. See **GRAVAR**.
ESTAMPI'DO, f. m. a noise, a crash, a crack. See also **ESTRONDO**.
ESTANÇA. See **ESTADA**.
Estanca-cavallos, the herb called hedge-hyssop.
ESTANCADEIRA, f. f. the herb called sea-thrift.
ESTANCA'DO, a, adj. See **ESTANCA'R**, v. a. to stanch, or stop, to hinder from running.
Estancar, v. n. to be over-tired; also to stanch, to stop, to cease from running.
Fonte, ou agua que não estanca, a perpetual water spring.
ESTANÇIA, f. f. a dwelling place, a place to stay in; also a station, a place where any one is placed.
Estancia de naos, a bay, a creek, or road for ships to ride in.
Estancia, a stanza in poetry.
Estancia, a place in Lisbon where they cleave and sell wood.
ESTANÇO. See **ESTANQUE**.
ESTANDARTE, f. m. a standard, an ensign in war, particularly the ensign of the horse.
O que leva o estandarte, a standard-bearer.
ESTANHA'DO, a, adj. tinned; also calm, smooth. (Metaph.)
ESTANHA'R, v. a. to tin, or tin over.
ESTANHO, f. m. pewter.
O que faz louça de estanho, a pewterer, a smith who works in pewter.
Estanho fino, tin, fine pewter.
Estanho liquido, (metaph.) the sea.
ESTANQUE, or **ESTANCO**, f. m. the shop or place where the *estancueiros* sell certain commodities. See **ESTANQUEIRO**.
Estanque de tabaco, a snuff-shop.
Estanque, adj. sound, not leaky.
Água estanque, standing water.
ESTANQUEIRO, f. m. a monopolist, or patentee, that hath licence to engross certain commodities for his own profit, with power to exclude others from trading in the same.
ESTANTE, f. f. ex. *Estante do coro*, a reading desk, or chorister's desk in a church choir.
Estante da livreria, a case, or shelf for books.
Estante, f. m. See **MORADOR**.
Estante, adj. See **ESTAVEL**, and **FIRME**.
EST'OS, the name of the ancient king's palace in Lisbon.
ESTAPHISA'GRIA. See **PIOLHEIRA**.
ESTAR, v. a. to be, to stand. See the v. **SER**.
Estar em pé, to stand on one's feet.
Estar direito com o corpo, to stand, to stand up.

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Estar quieto, to stand still, or to be quiet.
Estar neutro, to stand neuter.
Estaré por tudo o que vos parecer mais conveniente, I shall stand to whatsoever you shall think fitting.
Estar, (*confistir*.) See *CONSISTIR*.
Estar, to leave, to abide, or dwell, to be in a place.
Estar por alguém, to stand for one, to be of his side.
Estar por, or *em lugar de*, &c. to stand for, or signify.
Elle estava na altura do Cabo da Boa Esperança, he stood off the Cape of Good-Hope.
Eu não quero estar ás razas com vósco, I won't stand or dispute with you.
Está quanto quizeres, stay as long as you please.
Estar à janela, to be at the window.
Ande estays de casa? where do you live?
Estaré pelo que disser a pessoa que for de vósso mayor agrado, I'll refer it to whom you please.
Não podemos estar por isso, we can't stand to that.
Não quero estar pella vossa sentença, I won't take your judgment.
Estar sem fazer nada, to stand still, to do nothing.
Como está v. m.? how do you do, sir?
Estar, accompanied by an adj. has the same signification as *to be*.
Estar deente, to be sick.
Estou lendo, I am reading, I read.
Estar dormindo, to be asleep.
Estar, joined with the infinitive of a verb, and the particle *para*, signifies to be ready, or about doing a thing which has always reference to the signification of the *v.* *Ex.*
Estou para ir, I am going, I am ready to go.
Estou para comprar um cavallo, I am about buying a horse.
Estou para casar-me, I am going to be married.
Esta casa está para cair, this house is ready to fall.
Está para chover, it is going to rain.
Estou para dizer, I dare say.
Estar, (*convir*.) See *CONVIR*.
Não está no meu poder, it is not in my power.
Esta cabel'eira vos está bem, this wig becomes you very well.
Estar com a boca aberta, to stare, to look, to hearken attentively.
Estai comigo, stay with me.
Estai comigo, listen to me, or hear me favourably.
Estar em casa, to be at home.
Estar de regimento, to keep to a diet.
Estar fiado em alguém, to trust to, to rely, or depend upon one.
Estar no fundo, to lie at the bottom.
Estar de frente, to lie over against.
Estar em competencia, to stand in competition.
Estar ao lume, to stand by the fire, to warm one's self at the fire.

EST

Estar de longe, to stand at a distance.
Estar ao ar, to stand in the air.
Estar alerta. See *ALERTA*.
Estar com saúde, to be in health.
Estar ao sol, to stand in the sun.
Estar alto, to stand high, or in a high place.
Estar á mão direita de alguém, to be at one's right-hand, to have the first place.
Que está por vir, future, that is to come hereafter.
Que está por nacer, unborn, future, not yet brought into life.
Estar em perigo, to be in danger.
Estive em perigo de afogar-se, he was like to be drowned.
Estar de sentinella, to stand centry.
Estar a ordem de alguém, to be ready at one's commands, to be at one's disposal.
Estar escondido para esperar alguém, to lie in ambuscade; to watch one.
Estar assentado, to sit.
Isso não está nos termos that is not right, it will not do.
Estar ás razas, to contend, to strive, or quarrel.
Estar a ver, to look at, to behold.
Estavemos a ver, we shall see.
Estar bem com alguém, to be in favour with one, to be in friendship with him.
Estar bem, to be well, to be at one's ease.
Bem aviado estaria eu se, &c. it would be very bad for me, indeed, if, &c.
Estar bom de saúde, to be in good health.
Esta bom, it is well done.
Bem está, or *isto vai bem*, this goeth well.
Está em conceito de bomem bonrado, he is looked upon as an honest man.
Estar na se, to believe, to think, suppose or imagine.
Estar em duvida, to doubt, to be irresolute, or undetermined what to do, to be at shall I, shall I.
Estar de posse, to possess, to have the possession of something.
Deixai estar isso, let that alone.
Estar em si, to be in one's right wits.
Não estar em si, to be out of one's wits.
Deixai-vos estar, stay, or tarry awhile.
Deixai-vos estar, (a sort of threatening) we say, I shall pay you off for it, I'll be revenged on you, you shall pay for it.
Estar. (In ancient writings.) See *HOSPEDARIA*.
ESTARDA TO. (In cant.) See *ESTOQUE*.
ESTARDIOTA, f. f. a saddle, with long stirrups, contrary to ginetra. It was so called from the stradiots of Epirus.
ESTARNA, or *STARNA*, f. f. a sort of small partridge. Ital.
ESTATELA DO, a, adj. unmoveable like a statue.
ESTATOUDER. See *STATOUDER*.

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ESTATUA, f. f. a statue.
ESTATUARIA, f. f. statuary, the act of making statues.
ESTATUÁRIO, f. m. a statuary, one that practises the art of making statues.
ESTATUIDO, *ESTATUIR*. See *DETERMINADO*, *DETERMINAR*.
ESTATURA, f. f. stature, size.
ESTATUTA. See *INSTITUTA*.
ESTATUTO, f. m. a statute, a decree.
ESTAVEL, adj. stable, firm.
ESTAY, the singular of *ESTAES*, which see.
ESTAZADO, or *ESTAÇADO*, a, adj. over tired.
ESTAZAMENTO, or *ESTAÇAMENTO*, f. m. weariness, lassitude, accompanied with shortness of breath.
ESTE, pron. demonstr. in the masculine gender, this. It shews the thing or person that is just near, or by us.
Este homem, este livro, this man; this book.
ESTEADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ESTEAR, v. a. to stay, to shore, to prop, to support; also to cease from rain, to rain no more.
ESTEIO, f. m. a shore, a prop, a stay or support.
Por estios, to prop, &c. See *ESTEAR*.
Estes, support, help, prop, or protection. (Metaph.)
ESTEIRA, f. f. a mat.
Esteira que se põem nas janelas por causa do sol, an umbrella for a window.
Esteira, ou rasto que em a agoa faz o navio, the rake, or wake of a ship.
Esteira, (a sea-term) the lower part of a sail.
ESTEIRA'M, f. m. a coarse matt made of matt-weed.
ESTEIREIRO, f. m. a matt-maker.
ESTEIRINHA, f. f. a little matt; diminut. of *esteira*.
ESTEIRO, f. m. a salt marsh, a place where the tide ebbs and flows, a creek, or an inlet of the sea; also an arm of a river.
ESTELANTE, adj. (in poetry) shining, or fluted with stars.
ESTELLIA M. See *STELLIO*.
ESTELLIFERO, a, adj. (in poetry) stelliferous, having stars.
ESTELLIONATO, f. m. stellionate, a kind of crime which is committed (in law) by a deceitful selling of a thing otherwise than it really is, as if a man should sell that for his own estate, which is actually another man's.
ESTENDEDURO, f. m. (among washer-women) the place where they dry the linen.
ESTENDER, v. a. to spread, stretch, or stretch out, to open, to extend.
Estendi aquella tapete, spread that carpet.
Estender os braços, to spread, or stretch one's arms.
Estender a vida, to prolong, or lengthen one's life.

Estender o seu exercito, to spread, to extend one's army.
Estender hum homem no cham, ou matallo, to kill a man upon the spot.
Estender, to spread by making thin.
O ouro estendese com o martello, gold is spread with a hammer.
Estender, to extend, stretch out, or enlarge.
Estender suas conquistas, to extend, or enlarge one's conquest.
Instrumento, ou pessoa; que serve para estender alguma coisa, an extender.
Estender as mãos, to stretch one's hands.
Estender a toalha, to spread, or lay the cloth.
Estender o pensamento a alguma coisa, to turn or bend one's thoughts upon a thing.
Estender-se, v. r. to spread, or stretch one's self.
Estender-se ao comprido, to sprawl, or lie sprawling along.
A acção de estender-se ao comprido, sprawling.
Estender-se na cama, to stretch one's self a-bed.
As veas estendem-se por todo o corpo, the veins spread themselves through the whole body.
Estender-se sobre algum assumpto, ou materia, to enlarge or dwell upon a subject.
Arbítrio se estendem os seus dominios, his dominions stretch, or reach to that place, or so far.
Não se estende a tanto o seu poder, his power does not reach, or go so far.
Cóisa que pode estender-se, extensible.
Musculo que serve para que hum membro se estenda, an extensor, the muscle by which any limb is extended.
Estender-se. See *DIVULGAR-SE*, and *DILATAR-SE*.
Estender-se o significado de huma palavra, is for a word to have a further meaning or signification.
ESTENDERETE, f. m. a sort of play at cards.
ESTENDIDO, a, adj. spread, stretched, &c. See *ESTENDER*, and *Estender-se*.
Estendido, (morto.) See *MORTO*.
ESTENSA M. See *EXTENÇÃO M.*
ESTERCA'DO, a, adj. See *ESTERCA'R*, v. a. to dung the ground.
ESTERCO, f. m. dung.
Esterco de raposa, ou de texugo, hants, the dung of a fox, or badger. Our hunters call also scumber the dung of a fox.
ESTERIL, adj. barren, steril, unfruitful, wanting fecundity.
Terra esteril, a barren ground.
Mulher esteril, a barren woman.
Ano esteril, a year of scarcity.
Materia ou argumto esteril, a barren subject. (Metaph.)
Eugenbo esteril, a barren poor wit. (Metaph.)
ESTERILIDADE, f. f. sterility, barrenness, unfruitfulness.
Esterilidade de trigo, scarcity of corn.
Esterilidade da materia, do eugenbo,

&c. sterility, barrenness, poorness, dryness, emptiness.
ESTERILINA. See *ESTERLINA*.
ESTERILIZADO, a, adj. See *ESTERILIZA'R*, v. a. to make, or render any thing barren.
ESTERLINA, ex. *Libra esterlina*, a pound sterling, or twenty shillings.
ESTERNON. See *STERNON*.
ESTERQUEIRA, f. f. a dunghill, a laystall, a heap of dung.
ESTERQUINIO, f. m. idem.
ESTERTO'R, f. m. (among physicians) a sort of snore, caused by the shortness of breath.
ESTEVA, f. f. the plough tail, or handle. Lat. *fistula*.
Esteva, a plant of two kinds, one called long rose, the other hath on its leaves about midsummer a fatty dew, whereof laudanum is made. It is called *cistus ledon*.
ESTEVAL, f. m. the place where the estevas grow. See *ESTEVA*.
ESTHIOMENO. See *ESTIOMENO*.
ESTIA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ESTIA'R, v. n. to cease from rain, to rain no more.
Estiar-se, v. r. See *AFROXAR-SE*.
ESTIBA, f. f. (in India) ex. *Fazer estiba*, to compute, to reckon, to examine the quantity of any thing.
ESTIBORDO, f. m. starboard, the right side of a ship.
ESTIGE. } See { *ESTIGE*.
ESTIGIO. } See { *ESTYGIO*.
ESTILADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ESTILAR-SE, v. r. (a forensic term) ex. *Isto se estila*, this is the practice of the court, or the way of proceeding in law-suits.
ESTILLAÇA'M, f. f. distilling, or distillation.
ESTILLADO, a, adj. See *ESTIL-LAR*.
O estillado, (metaph.) the finest.
ESTILLADOR, f. m. a distiller.
ESTILLAR, v. act. to distill, to extract the moisture of things by heat through the alembic.
ESTILLICIDIO, f. m. a distillation, a falling down or flowing of humours from the brain.
ESTILO, f. m. a style in writing; also use, custom, practice.
Estilo dos tribunaes, the practice of the court, the style of court.
Estilo do relógio de sol, the stile-pin, or cock of a dial.
Estilo, ou ferrinho agudo com que os antigos escreviam, style, a pointed iron used anciently in writing on tables of wax; also a tool with a sharp point, used by gold-smiths.
ESTIMA, f. f. esteem, value.
ESTIMAÇA'M, f. f. esteem, value; also estimation, rating, prizing.
Fazer estimacão. See *ESTIMAR*.
ESTIMADO, a, adj. See *ESTIMAR*.
ESTIMADOR, f. m. one that esteems,

or values; also a prizer, an appraiser, an esteemer, an estimator.
ESTIMAR, v. a. to esteem, to value, to have an esteem or value for, to make account of.
Estima a honra mais que a vida, I esteem honour above life.
Estimar, to estimate, prize, value, rate.
ESTIMATIVA, f. f. the power, or faculty of judging and distinguishing the worth or value of any thing, or person.
Estimativa, (a sea-term) estimation.
ESTIMAVEL, adj. estimable, valuable.
ESTIMULAÇA'M, f. f. stimulation, a pricking or putting forward, excitement. See *ESTIMULO*.
ESTIMULADO, a, adj. See *ESTIMULAR*.
ESTIMULADOR, f. m. an instigator, encourager, enticer, or setter on.
ESTIMULAR, v. a. to stimulate, to excite by some pungent motive. See also *IRRITAR*.
ESTIMULO, f. m. a prick, a goad, an incentive.
ESTINHA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
ESTINHAR, v. a. to take the honey away the second time from the hives.
ESTIO, f. m. the summer.
ESTIOMENADO, a, adj. See
ESTIOMENAR, v. a. (among physicians) to gnaw and consume. See
ESTIOMENO, (among physicians) *esthiomeno*, an inflammation which gnaws and consumes the parts, a gangrene, a mortification. Greek.
ESTIPENDIADO, a, adj. See
ESTIPENDIAR, v. act. to keep soldiers in pay, to pay them their wages.
ESTIPENDIARIO, f. m. a stipendiary, that takes wages. See also *TRIBUTARIO*.
ESTIPENDIO, f. m. a stipend, wages, pay, or allowance.
ESTIPULAÇA'M, f. f. stipulation, agreement.
ESTIPULADO, a, adj. See *ESTIPULAR*.
ESTIPULANTE, p. act. peculiar and suitable to a stipulation.
ESTIPULAR, v. a. to stipulate, to contract, to settle terms, to agree.
ESTIRADO, a, adj. extended, stretched out.
Estirado no chão that lies sprawling along.
Estirado, (nobre.) See *NOBRE*.
Andar muito estirado, or andar estirado. See *ESPETADO*, and the v. *Estirar*.
ESTIRAM, f. m. journey, way.
Hum bom estiram, a long or great way.
ESTIRAR, v. a. to extend, or stretch out.
Estirar a alguém morto no chão, to kill one upon the spot.
Estirar, to stretch, to carry by violence

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* farther than is right; as to stretch a text, *estirar hum texto*. See **TORCER** o sentido, &c.
ESTIRENA. See **ESPHIRENA**.
ESTIRPACAM. See **EXTIRPACAM**.
ESTIRPADO, &c. See **EXTIRPADO**, &c.
ESTIRPE, f. f. a stock; a race.
ESTÍTICO, a, adj. (among physicians) astringent, astringent.
ESTIVA, f. f. (a sea term) the trimming of a ship.
ESTIVADO, a, adj. See **ESTIVAR**.
ESTIVA'L, adj. estival, pertaining to the summer.
ESTIVAR, v. a. (a sea term) to trim a ship.
ESTIVO, a, adj. See **ESTIVAL**.
ESTO. See **ENCHENTE**.
ESTOCADA, f. f. thrust, pass, a floccado, a thrust with the rapier, or sword.
Jogar as estecadas, to tilt, or thrust, or make passes at one another; to fight.
Dar huma estecada, to make a thrust, or pass upon one, with a long rapier, or sword.
ESTOCOLMO. See **STOCOLME**.
ESTOFA, f. f. stuff, a sort of thin cloth made of wool or other matter. See also **CALIDADE**, and **CONDICAM**.
ESTOFADO, a, adj. See
ESTOFAR, v. a. (in cookery) to stew meat.
Estofar, to quilt; also to stuff, to quilt.
Estofar, (in painting) to draw with a thin colour over gold, so that the gold appear through it.
ESTOFO, f. m. any cloth stuffed with wool, cotton, &c. See also **ESTOFA**.
Estofa, or *figura estofada*, (in painting) See **ESTOFAR**. (In painting.)
Estofa, a, adj. calm, smooth.
ESTOICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the stoics. See also **SEVERO**.
ESTOICOS, f. m. p. the philosophers call stoics.
ESTOYO, f. m. a case, a tweezer, a tweezer-case, a case of instruments.
ESTOLA, f. f. a stole, a robe, a garment down to the heels, but particularly the stole, an ornament worn about the neck of a priest.
ESTOLIDAMENTE, adv. foolishly, extravagantly, simply, unwisely.
ESTOLIDO, a, adj. foolish.
ESTOMACAL, adj. stomachic, good for the stomach.
ESTOMAGADO, a, adj. angry, stomachached.
ESTOMAGAR-SE, v. r. to stomach, to be angry at.
ESTOMAGO, f. m. the stomach.
Fullano tem estomago para tudo, such a one is a bold and outrageous man. (Metaph.)
Isso não me fez bom estomago, I do not like this. (Metaph.)
ESTOMATICO, a, adj. See **ESTOMACAL**.
ESTOPA, f. f. tow, hards of hemp and flax.

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Estopa que se tira dos cabos or cordas velhas para calafetar os navios, oakum.
P. nem estopa com tiquens nem molher com varrens; that is, conversation of women is dangerous; it is not good jelling with edged tools.
ESTOPADA, f. f. ex. *Blepada de ovos*, tow dipped in beaten eggs.
ESTOPAR prego, a sort of nail with a broad head, like those called scupper-nails.
ESTOQUE, f. m. a long rapier, a tuck; also the herb glader, or sword-grass. Lat. *genitalis*.
Estoque real, the royal sword.
ESTORAQUE, f. m. the sweet gum called storax; also the tree itself.
ESTORNINHO, f. m. a bird called a starling, or stare; so they also call the students in the colleges.
Cor de estorninho, (speaking of a horse) flea-bitten.
ESTORROADO, a, adj. See
ESTORROAR, v. a. to break the clods; also to quote, to cite many passages of authors in disputing. (Metaph.)
ESTORTEGADO, a, adj. See
ESTORTEGAR, v. a. to writhe, or wreath with the fingers.
ESTORVADO, a, adj. See **ESTORVAR**.
ESTORVADOR, f. m. hinderer, he or that which hinders, or obstructs.
ESTORVAR, v. a. to hinder, to obstruct, to stop, to let, to keep from, to disturb. See also **IMPEDIR** and **EMBARAÇAR**.
Saber estorvar o anzol para que o peixe o não corte, to know how to keep the fishing-hook from being cut from the fishing-line by the fish.
ESTORVILHO, f. m. a little hinderance, diminut. of
ESTORVO, f. m. hinderance, impediment, let, stop, obstruction.
ESTOURADO, part. of the preterperfect of
ESTOURAR, v. n. to burst with great noise, or sound.
ESTOURO, f. m. burst or bursting. See also **ESTALO**.
Estouro repentino como o da polvera, &c. a bounce.
Estouro de huma bomba, the bursting of a bomb.
Dar hum estouro. See **ESTOURAR**.
Estouro (pancada). See **PANCADA**.
ESTOUTRO, a, adj. this other. See **PRONOME**.
ESTOUVADO, f. m. **ESTOUVADA**, f. f. a heedless, rash, hot-headed man, or woman, a blunderbuss.
ESTRABUXAR, v. n. to stamp, or beat often the ground with the foot. See also **ESTRIBUXAR**.
ESTRADA, f. f. a highway, main road, public road.
Ladram de estradas, a highwayman, or robber.
Estrada encoberta, (in fortification.) See **CORREDOR**. Some call it *estrada cuberta*.

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Estrada de Santiago, (a vulgar phrase) the bright circle in the sky, caused by the reflection of many little stars, called the Milky Way.
Estrada Salaria, the Salters Way, the name of a street in Rome. See also **VIA**.
Ter a estrada a algum, to go before one.
Ter a algum a estrada, (in a moral sense) to prevent, to anticipate.
Deitar-se na estrada com algum, (metaph.) to pump one, to get out of one, to examine artfully by fly interrogatories.
Tirar algum a estrada, (metaph.) to induce one, to persuade him.
Estrada, (metaph.) a rule, method, or course.
ESTRADI'NHO, f. m. See **ESTRADO**, whose diminut. it is.
ESTRADO, f. m. a place raised a step higher than the rest of the rooms, and covered with carpets or mats, as is used where thrones are set; but in Portugal and Spain they have an estrado in every house, where the women sit upon cushions.
ESTRAGADAMENTE, adv. licentiously, over freely, with too much liberty.
ESTRAGADO, or **DESTRAGADOR**, f. m. a spendthrift, a squanderer, a prodigal, a waster, a lavisher.
Estragado, a, adj. licentious, unrestrained by law or morality, profligate.
Humem estragado, a profligate, an abandoned shameless wretch.
Estragado, impaired, worn out, in point of health.
Gosto estragado, a whim, a freak, a caprice, an irregular motion of desire, a frolic. See also the v. **ESTRAGAR**.
ESTRAGADOR, f. m. See **ESTRAGADO**.
ESTRAGAR, v. a. to waste, to squander, to scatter lavishly, to spend profusely, to throw away in idle prodigality.
Estragar a sua saúde, - ou *fergar*, to wear away, to decay, to fade away, to lose one's strength, to break one's health.
Estragar o segredo, to divulge, to reveal a secret.
Estragar a amizade, to dissolve, to break off friendship, to separate united persons.
Estragar o vestido, to rend, or pull in pieces the cloaths, or a suit of cloaths.
Estragar o beneficio, to slight, or to take no notice of a benefit, or favour.
Estragar, (violar.) See **VIOLAR** and **QUEBRANTAR**.
Estragar-se, v. r. to grow lewd, to follow ill courses, to begin to lead a licentious life, to grow corrupt and vicious.
ESTRAGO, f. m. devastation, waste, havoc, desolation, destruction.
O que faz estragos, a destroyer, waster, ravager, pillager, or plunderer, a spoiler of people and countries. See also **DESTRUIÇAM** and **RUINA**.
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ESTR'ALO. See **ESTALO.**
ESTRANGE'IRA, f. f. a stranger, an outlandish woman.
ESTRANGE'IRO, f. m. a stranger, a foreigner.
Acusado de estrangeiro, a tone in the pronunciation, shewing him that speaketh to be a foreigner.
Estrangeiro, a, adj. strange, foreign, outlandish. See also **ESTRANHO.**
Elle he estrangeiro na sua patria, he is a stranger in his country, he is a stranger to its customs.
ESTRANHA'DO, a, adj. See **ESTRANHAR.**
ESTRANHAMENTE, adv. See **ADMIRAVELMENTE.**
Estranhamente, (com estranheza.) See **ESTRANHEZA.**
ESTRANHA'R, v. a. and n. to wonder, marvel, admire, to think strange, to admire at, to be surprized; also to reprehend, to blame.
Estranhar a algum, not to know one.
ESTRANHA'VEL, adj. reprehensible, blameable, &c. according to the v. **ESTRANHAR.**
ESTRANHEZA, f. f. See **ESQUIVANÇA.**
Com estranheza, or *estranhamente*. See **ESQUIVAMENTE.**
Estranhezas, wonders, wonderful things.
ESTR'ANHO, f. m. a stranger, a foreigner, an outlandish man.
Estranho, a, adj. See **ESTRANGEIRO.**
Estranho, another man's.
Estranho, no kin, or relation, alien.
Estranho, contrary, opposite, inconsistent with.
Estranho, strange, wonderful, unheard of, unexpected.
Estranho, dreadful, frightful, that maketh afraid.
ESTRATAGE'MA. See **STRATAGEMA.**
ESTRAVA'DO, p. of the preterperfect of **ESTRAVAR.**
ESTRAVAGAN'CIA. See **EXTRA-VAGANCIA.**
ESTRAVAGANTE, &c. See **EXTRA-VAGANTE**, &c.
ESTRAVAR. See **CAGAR.**
ESTRA'VO. See **MERDA**, and **ESTERCO.**
ESTRE'A, f. f. handfel, the first act of doing any thing, the first act of sale. See also **PRINCIPIO**, and **AGOURO.**
Humem de estrea, a lucky man.
ESTREA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Bem estreado*, handsome, well-favoured.
Mal estreado, ugly, deformed. See also
ESTREAR, v. n. ex. *Estrear na compra*, to handfel, or hanfel, to give hanfel.
Estrear-meig, handfel me.
Estrear na venda, to take handfel.
Estrear, v. a. See **PRINCIPIAR.**
Estrear-se, v. r. See **ESTREAR**, v. n.
ESTREBARI'A, or **ESTREVARIA**, f. f. stables.
ESTREITA'DO, a, adj. See **ESTREITAR.**

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ESTREITAMENTE, adv. closely, narrowly; also rigidly, strictly.
ESTREITA'R, v. a. to straiten, or make straiter, to make narrower. See also **DIMINUIR.**
Estreitar, to prosecute, to continue endeavours after any thing, to carry on vigorously.
Estreitar, (fregar.) See **FORÇAR.**
Estreitar-se, v. r. to grow shorter.
ESTREITEZA, f. f. narrowness, straitness; also poverty.
Estreiteza, (rigr.) See **RIGOR.**
Estreiteza, perplexity, difficulty, trouble.
Estar em grandes estreitezas, to be in great straits.
Nossa estreiteza dos tempos, in these calamitous, or hard times.
ESTREITO, a, adj. narrow, strait. See also **INTIMO.**
Estreito, that is, or falls short, that is inferior, and does not come near.
Estreito, (confiso, lacenico.) See **CONCISO**, &c.
Estreito, strict, exact.
Per algum em termo estreito, to reduce to extremities, to straiten, or reduce to straits.
Ser estreito no gasto, to live sparingly.
Estreito, f. m. streight, a narrow arm of the sea.
ESTREITU'RA. See **ESTREITEZA.**
ESTRELLA, f. f. a star.
Ver as estrelas ao meio dia, to be hunger-starved.
Estrella, a sort of shell-fish, called star-fish.
Estrella, (destino, sorte) See **DESTINO**, &c.
Nacido debaixo de boa ou ma estrella, luckily, or unluckily starved.
Estrella, (in fortification) star-redoubt, a small fort of four, five, six, or more points.
Sciencia das estrelas, astronomy, star-read, the doctrine of the stars.
Estrellas que apenas se podem ver como telescopio, unformed stars.
Causa que não pode ser penetrada pela luz das estrellas, star-proof.
Estrellas, (metaph.) eyes.
Por algum nas estrellas, (metaph.) to praise one mightily.
Estrella de athenas, the flower or herb called starwort, or shawwort.
ESTRELLA'DA, f. f. the herb called stone liverwort.
ESTRELLA'DO, a, adj. starry.
Noite com o ceo estrelado, a star-light night.
ESTRELLAMIM. See **ARISTOLOCHIA.**
ESTRELLAR, v. a. to make a thing that is frying look brown.
ESTRELLEIRO, a, adj. (in horsemanship) that holds up the head, as if star-gazing.
ESTRELLI'NHA, f. f. a little star. See also **ASTERISCO.**
ESTREMADAMENTE. See **EXTREMADAMENTE.**
ESTREMA'DO. See **EXTREMADO**, and **ESTREMAR.**
ESTREMADU'RA, a province in Por-

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tugal, a long strip of land along the sea coast, from the mouth of the river Mondego, in a northerly direction, quite southwardly, below the town of Setuval, or St. Ubes. Here are two cities, Lisbon and Leiria.
ESTREMAR. See **LIMITAR**, and **DIVIDIR.**
ESTRE'ME, adj. (among the country people) pure, mere, unmixed, without mixture.
ESTREMECER, v. n. to tremble, to quake, to shake, to tremble for fear.
Estremecer o corpo com calafrios, to shake in an ague-fit.
Estremecer sobre alguma coisa que se ama, to love a thing excessively.
Estremecer, v. a. to cause a trembling, to shake.
ESTREMECI'DO, a, adj. See **ESTREMECER.**
Estremecido, amorous, that is in a transport of love.
ESTREMECIMENTO, f. m. ardency of love.
Estremecimento do corpo causado da febre, cold fit.
ESTREMIDADE. See **EXTREMIDADE.**
ESTREMO, &c. See **EXTREMO**, &c.
ESTREMON. See **ESTERNON.**
ESTREMO'Z, a town of Alentejo, in Portugal, standing high; it is the best modern fortress in the kingdom, having double walls, defended with several high towers. The number of its inhabitants is upwards of six thousand five hundred. Here is a curious manufacture of red earthen ware, made into a variety of utensils. In the neighbourhood are quarries of fine marble, which when polished resembles alabaster. In 1663. the Portuguese under count Schomberg, obtained a signal victory over the Spaniards near this place.
ESTREP'AR. See
ESTRE'PE, f. m. a pointed stake.
Estrepe de ferro. See **ABROLHO.**
Estrepe de pau, pointed stakes fixed in the ground to hurt the enemies feet.
ESTRE'PITO, f. m. a noise.
Estrepito, (applauso, louvor.) See **APPLAUSO**, &c.
ESTRI'A, f. f. (in ancient architecture) striz, the lists, fillets, or rays, which separate the striges, or flutings of columns.
Estria, (in natural history) striz, the small hollows or channels in the shells of cockles, scollops, &c.
ESTRIA'DO, a, adj. striated, formed in striz. See **ESTRI'A.**
ESTRI'AM. See **BOBO** and **COMEDIANTE.**
ESTRIB'ADO, a, adj. underfet, propped. See also **ARRIMADO**, **FIADO**, and the v. **ESTRIBAR.**
ESTRIB'AM, f. m. any space of ground.
ESTRIB'A'R, v. a. to prop, to support; also to ground, to found as upon cause or principle. (Metaph.)
Estribar-se, v. r. or *Estribar*, v. n. to lean,

lean, or rest upon, to be supported, also to depend, to rely on, to trust to, or confide in. (Metaph.)
ESTRIBARIA. See **ESTREBARIA**.
ESTRIBERIA, a stirrup to a saddle. See also **ESTRIBO**.
ESTRIBEIRO, f. m. a master of the horse.
Estribado mar, the chief equerry to the king.
ESTRIBALHO, f. m. the foot of the ditty, a verse often repeated, the burthen of the song.
ESTRIPO, f. m. a stirrup to a saddle.
Estribos de mulher, a foot-stall, a woman's stirrup.
Perder os estribos, to lose one's stirrups; also to fall in a passion. (Metaph.)
Estribos de coche, the boot of a coach.
Estribo da littera, the foot-board of a litter.
Tirar os estribos, to have two stirrups to a bow.
Fazer perder a algum os estribos, to make a man lose his stirrups; also to put a man out of patience. (Metaph.)
Correa do estribo, stirrup leather.
Alongar os estribos, to lengthen the stirrups.
Levantar os estribos, to shorten the stirrups.
Estribos, (a sea-term) the first rattlings or steps of the ship-shrouds.
ESTRIBUXADO, or **ESTREBUXADO**, p. of the preterperf. tense of.
ESTRIBUXAR-SE, or **ESTREBUXAR-SE**, v. r. to flutter, to take a short flight with great agitation of the wings.
ESTRIDENTE, adj. making a noise, roaring.
ESTRIDOR, f. m. noise, crashing, gnashing, the creaking of a door, the whistling of wind, the hissing of a serpent, the grunting of a boar, the rattling of wheels, the gnashing of teeth, the shrieking of a saw, the hissing of a pot, or hot pan, the roaring or raging of the sea, the noise, buzz, or din of people.
ESTRIGA, f. f. ex. *Estriga de linho*, a strike of flax, a handful of combed and hatchelled flax fit for spinning.
Estriga de burel, an half vara of burel. See **VARA** and **BUREL**.
ESTRIGE. See **STRIGE**.
ESTRIPADO, a, adj. See
ESTRIPAR, v. a. to unbowel, to unrip.
ESTRO, f. m. poetic rage, inspired fury.
ESTROGIDO. } See { **ESTRUGIDO**.
ESTROGIR. } See { **ESTRUGIR**.
ESTRONCADO. See **DESTRONCADO**.
ESTRONCAR. See **DESTRONCAR**.
ESTRONDO, f. m. a noise, a buzz, a din, a creaking, cracking, rustling, rattling, bustle, hurly-burly.
Fazer grande estrondo, to make a great noise, to make a great stir.
Estrondoso, f. m. grande estrondo na cidade,

this accident made a great bustle in the town.
Fazer estrondo fallando muito sobre alguma coisa, to make a great noise or bustle about a thing, to talk much of it.
Estrondo de armas, que dam humas nas outras, rustling or rattling of arms.
Estrondo de espadas que dam humas nas outras, clashing of swords.
Estrondo feito com os dentes, chattering, or crashing of the teeth.
Estrondo de azorrague, the jerk or snapping of a whip.
Estrondo da ferra ou lima, the shrieking of a saw, or file.
Estronda de cousas que cabem, a bouncing, or bounce.
Estronda de cousas que se raxam, a creaking, or crack.
Estrondo que se faz com os pés quando se anda, the rustling, or stamping of the feet.
Estrondo de uma porta, the creaking, or shrieking of the door.
Estrondo que fazem os sapatos, the creaking, or shrieking of shoes.
Estrondo do mar, the roaring or raging of the sea.
Estrondo de cousa sonora, sound. See also **ESTRIDOR**.
Estrondo que fazem os cavallos andando. See **TROPEL**.
Estrondo de trovam, clap of thunder, or thunder clap.
Estrondo feito por collisam de corpos duros e sonoros, clank, clash.
Estrondo agudo, clang, a sharp shrill noise.
Fazer grande estrondo ou bulha, to jangle, to wrangle.
Estrondo, jar, dispute, a thundering noise. See also **TUMULTO**, and **BULHA**.
O que faz estrondo neste sentido, a jangler, a wrangler.
Fazer estrondo no mundo, to be renowned, famous; celebrated, eminent, famed, to act renownedly.
Fazer estrondo, to be noised abroad, or talked of publicly.
Com grande estrondo, with great preparations, stately, sumptuously.
Elle fez a sua entrada com grande estrondo, he made his entry with a magnificent retinue.
Estrondo que offende os ouvidos, a harsh grating sound.
Estrondo que se faz com as mãos por applauso, ou alegria, a clapping for joy.
Estrondo das aves com as asas, the clapping of the wings.
ESTRONDOZO, a, adj. noisy, tumultuous; also renowned, eminent, famed; also coisly, stately, magnificent.
Festa estroandosa, a splendid, or great entertainment.
ESTROPALHO, f. m. a dirty rag, or clout for foul uses.
ESTROPIADA, f. f. (a vulgar word) the rustling, or stamping of the feet.

ESTROPIADO, a, adj. maimed. See also
ESTROPIAR, or **ESTROPEAR**, v. a. to maim, to deprive of any necessary part, to cripple, to lame.
Periodo, ou sentido estropiado, a lame expression, period, or sense.
ESTROVINHA DO, (a low and very little used word.) See **TEMERARIO**.
Estrovinhado do sono, half asleep, and half awake.
ESTROVO, f. m. the piece of rope that fastens the oars to the thowls when they row.
ESTRUCIURA, f. f. structure.
ESTRUGIDO, a, adj. See
ESTRUGIR, v. a. to stun, to confound, or dizzy with a noise.
ESTRUMADO, a, adj. See
ESTRUMAR, v. a. to litter, to cover with straw, or to spread shrubs, briars, brambles, or any shrub about an ox-stall, or a hog-sty, &c. in order to rot, and make dung of it.
ESTRUME, f. m. litter, straw, briars or brambles, any shrub they use to spread about an ox-stall, &c. in order to make dung of it.
ESTRUMERIA, f. f. the place where the *estrume* grows. See **ESTRUME**.
ESTRUMOSO, a, adj. See **ANTISTRUMATICO**.
ESTRUPIADA, f. f. (an antiquated word.) ex. *Estrupada de vento*, puff of wind.
ESTUACAM f. f. (among physicians) ex. *Estuaçam da febre*, the burning of a fever.
Estuaçam do estomago, weakness, queasiness of the stomach.
ESTUDADO, a, adj. elaborate, finished with great diligence, performed with great labour, studied. See also **ESTUDAR**.
ESTUDANTE, f. m. a student, a scholar.
ESTUDAR, v. a. to study, to apply the mind to, to learn by application, to study.
Que estuda as posturas do estelbo, a glass-gazing, finical.
Estudar as posturas, to study, or compose one's gesture.
Estuda-se, v. imp. people learn, mind, or are given to, they study, or endeavour at.
ESTUDIOSIDADE, f. f. studiousness, addition to study.
ESTUDIOZO, a, adj. studious, given to learning, bookish.
ESTUDO, f. m. study.
Cem estudo, studiously.
Gabinete do estudo, ou no qual se estuda, study, or closet set off for literary employment.
Estudo, grammar-school.
ESTUFA, f. f. a stove, hot-house, dry-bagnio.
Estufa, a sort of coach, for four or six people with several glass windows.
ESTUGADO. See **APRESSADO**.
ESTUGAR. See **APRESSAR**.

ESV

ETH

EVA

ESTULTICIA, f. f. folly, foolishness, silliness.
ESTUPEFACIENTE. (Among physicians.) See **NARCOTICO**.
ESTUPEFACTIVO. See **NARCOTICO**.
ESTUPENDO, a, adj. stupendous, amazing, astonishing, wonderful.
ESTUPIDO, a, adj. stupid, foolish.
Estupido, (among physicians) numb, dull.
ESTUPO'R, f. m. stupor, suspension, or diminution of sensibility, numbness.
Estupor, an apoplexy, an apoplectic fit.
Ter hum estupor, to be seized with an apoplexy.
Que tem estupor, apoplexed, seized with an apoplexy.
Estupor, (*pasmo*.) See **PASMO**.
Estupor dos dentes, the state of the teeth set on edge.
ESTUPRAR, v. a. to stuprate, to deflower a virgin.
ESTU'PRO, f. m. the act of deflowering a virgin, stupration.
ESTUQUE, f. m. stucco, or plaster of Paris.
ESTU'RDIA, f. f. (a jocose word) ex. *Fullano he hum esturdio*, such a one is an extravagant and frolicsome fellow.
Fazer huma coisa por esturdia, to do a thing out of a frolic.
ESTURRA DO, a, adj. See
ESTURRAR, v. a. to dry or burn meat, &c. so as to make it smell of burning.
Esturrar, v. n. or *Esturrar-se*, v. r. to burn up, or to be burnt so as to smell of burning.
ESTU'RRRO, f. m. the burning of meat, &c.
Esta carne cheira a esturro, this meat smells of burning.
ESTYGE. } See { **STYGE**.
ESTYGIO. } See { **STYGIO**.

BSV

ESVAECER. See **DESVANECER**.
Esvaecer-se, v. r. See **EVAPORAR**.
Esvaecer-se, (in a moral sense) to decay, to wear away.
Esvaecer-se. See **DESMAIAR**, v. n.
ESVAECI'DO, a, adj. See **ESVAECER** and **Esvaecer-se**.
Esvaecido, (*esvaído*.) See **ESVAIDO**.
Esvaecido, proud, vain glorious.
ESVAECIMENTO, f. m. See **EVAPORACAM**, and **DESMALIO**.
ESVAI'DO, a, adj. faintly, weak, languid, giddy.
Esvaído, vain, fading, apt to decay, that will soon perish, evanid. See also the v. **ESVAIR**.
ESVAIMENTO, f. m. See **EVAPORACAM**.
Esvaimento da cabeça. See **DESMALIO**.
ESVAI'R, v. n. See **EVAPORAR**.
Esvaír, to be giddy.
Fazer esvaír, to cause giddiness.
ESVEDIGA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of

ESVEDIGA'R, or **ESPIDIGAR**, to gather the vine branches after dressing.
ESVELTO, a, adj. (in painting) tall and thin in proportion.
ESVERRUMA'DO, a, adj. See
ESVERRUMA'R, v. a. to squeeze pus or corruption out of a puch or blister.

ESU

ESULA, f. f. the herb spurge.
ESURINO, a, adj. (among physicians) esurine, that wets the stomach.

ETC

ETCETERA, f. m. and so forth. It is marked thus, &c.

ETE

ETEGO. See **ETHICO**.
ETERNAMENTE, adv. eternally, everlastingly, for ever, evermore, always, to eternity.
ETERNIDA'DE, f. f. eternity, duration, without beginning or end, everlastingness.
ETERNIZA'DO, a, adj. See
ETERNIZA'R, v. a. to eternalize, to make for ever famous, to immortalize.
ETERNO, a, adj. eternal, without beginning or end; also perpetual, constant, unchangeable.
ETERODO'XO. See **HETORO-DO'XO**.
ETEROGE'NEO. See **HETEROGE-NEO**.
ETERO'SCIO. See **HETEROSCIO**.
ETESIO vento. See
ETESIA, f. f. a north-east wind that blows constantly every year for forty days together in the dog days.

ETH

ETHEREO, a, adj. ethereal, or ethereal, heavenly, celestial.
Óleo etheres, (among chemists) ethereal oil.
Assento etheris, (in poetry) the heaven, or sky.
ETHESIA. See **ETESIA**.
ETHICA, f. f. ethics, moral philosophy. Greek.
ETHICO, a, adj. hectic, consumptive.
Febre ethica, hectic fever.
Ethico, ethical, moral.
Ethico, (among painters) ex. *Imagem ethica*, a picture drawn to the life.
ETHIGUIDA'DE, f. f. consumptive-ness.
ETHIO'PIA, f. f. Ethiopia, one of the divisions of Africa.
ETHIOPE, f. m. an Ethiopian, or black-moor.
ETHIOPICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to Ethiopia.
ETHNICAMENTE, adv. heathenishly, after the manner of heathens.
ETHNICO, f. m. heathen.

K E Z

E'ethico, a, adj. heathen, heathenish. Greek.
ETHOLOGIA, f. f. ethology, a discourse, or treatise of manners. Greek.
ETHOLOGIA, or **ETHOPE'IA**, (in rhetoric) the art of shewing the manners of others.

ETI

ETIGUIDA'DE. See **ETHIGUIDA-DE**.
ETIQUETA, f. f. (a French word) a ticket, or note upon a bag, a title. See also **BOLETA**, and **BOLETIM**.
ETITES, f. m. etites, eagle stone. It is about the bigness of a chestnut, and hollow, with somewhat in it that rattles upon shaking.

ETN

ETNA, f. f. *Ætna*, a volcano, or burning mountain in Sicily, which continually vomits out fire and smok.
ETNEO, a, adj. of, or belonging to *Ætna*.

ETR

ETRU'RIA. } See { **TOSCANA**.
ETRU'SCO. } See { **TOSCANO**.

ETY

ETYMOLOGIA, f. f. etymology.
ETYMOLOGICO, a, adj. etymological, relating to etymology.
ETYMOLOGISTA, f. m. and f. etymologist, one who searches out the original words.

EU

EU, pron. I.
Eu fallo, I speak.
Eu mesmo, myself.
Eu! interj. wo! alas! O!

EVA

EVACUACAM, f. f. evacuation, discharge of the body by any vent, natural or artificial. (In physic.)
Evacuacão, the act of evacuating a place, or withdrawing out of it, (in military affairs.)
EVACUA'DO, a, adj. See
EVACUA'R, v. a. (among physicians) to evacuate, to avoid by any of the excretory passages.
EVACUATIVO, or **EVACUATORIO**, a, adj. that procures evacuation by any passage.
Remedio evacuatorio, an evacuant.
EVADI'DO, a, adj. See
EVADI'R, v. a. to evade, to elude by artifice, stratagem, subterfuge, or sophistry.
EVANGELHO, f. m. evangely, the Holy Gospel, the Gospel of Jesus.
Promulgacão do evangelho, evangelism.
EVANGELICO, a, adj. evangelical, agreeable to Gospel.
EVANGELIZA'DO, a, adj. See **EVAN-**

EVI

EVANGELIZAR, v. a. to evangelize. See also **ANNUNCIAR**, and **PREGAR**.
EVANGELISTA, f. m. an evangelist, a writer of the history of our Lord Jesus.
EVANO. See **EBANO**.
EVAPORACÃO, f. f. evaporation.
EVAPORADO, p. of the preterperfect of
EVAPORAR, v. n. to evaporate, to fly away in vapours or fumes, to waste insensibly as a volatile spirit.
EVAPORATÓRIO, f. m. any hole or passage through which the vapours or fumes pass.
EVAPORÁVEL, adj. that easily may evaporate.
EVASÃO, f. f. evasion, excuse, subterfuge, artful means of eluding, or escaping.
Lugar por onde a água faz sua evasão, the channel, or place through which the water flows.

EUC

EUCARISTIA, f. f. the holy eucharist, the sacrament of the Lord's supper.
EUCARÍSTICO, a, adj. eucharistical, relating to the sacrament of the supper of the Lord.
EUCARÍSTICON, f. m. an eucharistical discourse, containing acts of thanksgiving, or a discourse made in praise of the eucharist.
EUCOLOGIO, f. m. euchology, a formulary of prayers and ceremonies, a ceremonial, or book of church ceremonies.

EVE

EVENTO, f. m. event, or issue. See also **SUCCESSO**.
EVERSÃO, f. f. destruction, eversion, overthrow.
EVERSOR, f. m. a destroyer.

EUF

EUFÓRBIO, f. m. a tree first found by king Juba, and called by the name of his physician Euphorbus, euphorbium.
EUFRAZIA, or **EUFRAZIA**, f. f. the herb eyebright, euphrasy.
EUFRA'TES, or **EUPHRATES**, f. m. Euphrates, the finest river of Turkey in Asia.

EVI

EVICÇÃO, f. f. (a law term) the recovery of a thing by law, which the adverse party had got *bona fide*, an eviction.
Tirar alguma coisa a alguém por evicção, to evict, to recover by law what the adverse party had got *bona fide*.
EVIDÊNCIA, f. f. evidence, demonstration, perspicuity.

EUT

EVIDENTE, adj. evident, clear, plain, manifest.
EVIDENTEMENTE, adv. evidently, clearly, manifestly, plainly.
EVIDENTÍSSIMO, a, adj. most evident.
EVITADO, a, adj. See
EVITAR, v. a. to avoid, to shun. See also **POUPAR**.
EVITÁVEL, adj. avoidable, that may be avoided.
EVITERNIDADE, f. f. eviternity.

EUL

EULOGIA, f. f. eucharist; but more particularly the holy bread formerly distributed in the parishes.

EUN

EUNUCHO, f. m. eunuch.
Fazer hum eunucho, to eunuchate, to make an eunuch.

EVO

EVO. See **EVITERNIDADE**, and **SECULO**.
EVOCACÃO. (In grammar.) See **AVOCACÃO**.
EVOLADO. } See { **EVAPORADO**.
EVOLAR SE. } See { **EVAPORAR**.
EVORA, f. f. Evora, in very ancient times called Ebora, and on account of the considerable privileges bestowed upon it by Julius Cæsar, had the name of Liberalitas Julia, and afterwards Elbora. Here is an university instituted by Cardinal Henry, in 1559. Latin *Ebera*.

EUP

EUPATÓRIO, f. m. the herb agrimony; also the herb called sweet-mandarin.
EUPHONIA, f. f. euphony, a graceful sound, a smooth running of words. Greek.
EUPHORBIO. } See { **EUFORBIO**.
EUPHRASIA. } See { **EUPHRASIA**.
EUPHRATES. } See { **EUPHRATES**.

EUR

EURIPO, f. m. Euripus, a narrow sea in Greece, which ebbs and flows seven times in twenty-four hours.
EURO, f. m. the east wind. Latin *Eurus*.
EUROPA, f. f. Europe, the least of the four parts of this lower globe.
EUROPEO, f. m. an European.
Europeo, a, adj. European.

BUT

EUTERPE, f. f. Euterpe, one of the nine Muses, the inventress of the mathematics and playing on the pipe.
EUTRAPELIA, f. f. pleasant jesting with innocence. Greek.

EXA

EUX

EUXINO, or *Panto Euxias*, the Euxine Sea, now commonly called the Black Sea.

EXA

EXACÇÃO, f. f. exactness, accuracy. See also **COBRANÇA**.
EXACERBAÇÃO, f. f. exacerbation, provocation; also exacerbation, or the height of a disease.
EXACERBADO, a, adj. See
EXACERBAR, v. a. to exacerbate, to embitter, to exasperate, to heighten any malignant quality.
EXACORDO. See **HEXACORDO**.
EXACTAMENTE, adv. exactly, accurately, nicely, thoroughly.
EXACTIDAM. See **EXACÇÃO**.
EXACTO, a, adj. exact, accurate, not negligent; also exact, methodical, not negligently performed.
EXACTOR, f. m. an exactor, he that demands by authority.
EXAGGERACÃO, exaggeration, hyperbolic amplification. See also **ENCARECIMENTO**.
Fazer exaggerações. See **EXAGGERAR**.
EXAGGERADO, a, adj. See **EXAGGERAR**.
EXAGGERADOR, f. m. See **ENCARECEDOR**.
EXAGGERAR, v. a. to exaggerate, to extol, to represent above measure.
EXALAÇÃO, f. f. See **EXHALACÃO**.
EXALADO. } See { **EXHALADO**.
EXALAR. } See { **EXHALAR**.
EXALADO. See **EXALTADO**.
EXALAMENTO. See **EXALTAÇÃO**.
EXALÇA'R. See **EXALTAR**.
EXALTAÇÃO, f. f. exaltation, state of greatness, or dignity; also elevation to power, or dignity.
Exaltação, (in astronomy) exaltation, dignity of a planet in which its powers are increased.
Exaltação, (in pharmacy) exaltation, raising a medicine to a higher degree of virtue, or an increase of the most remarkable property of any body.
Exaltação da santa cruz, Holy-wood day, the Exaltation of the Cross.
EXALTADO, a, adj. See
EXALTAR, v. a. to exalt, to elevate to power or dignity.
Exaltar, to exalt, to praise, to extol, to magnify.
Exaltar, to heighten, to exalt, to improve, to refine by fire, as in chemistry.
Exaltar-se, v. r. to extol one's self, to boast, to glory, to brag.
EXAME, f. m. examen, examination; also a trial, essay, experiment, or proof of a thing.
Fazer exame, to examine; also to be examined.

EX-

EXC

EXAMINAÇÃO, *f. f.* *ex. Carta de examinação*, a patent, or letters patent.
Obra de examinação, an essay or trial, a work made by one in order to give a proof of his skill.
EXAMINADO, *a, adj.* See **EXAMINAR**.
EXAMINADOR, *f. m.* an examiner, an examiner.
EXAMINAR, *v. a.* to examine, search, or inquire into, to weigh, to canvas, consider, discuss, or sift.
A pessoa examinada, an examinee, the person examined.
Examinar hum corpo morto, to sit upon a dead body.
Examinar a res, to examine, to try a person accused or suspected, by interrogatories.
Examinar huma testemunha, to examine, or interrogate a witness.
Examinar, to try, to prove, to make experiment or trial of.
Examinar a prata, is for an assayer, to make the due trial of silver.
EXANGUE, or **EXSANGUE**, *adj.* bloodless, dead; also exanguious, formed with animal juices, not sanguineous.
EXARADO. See **GRAVADO**.
EXARCA, *f. m.* exarchy, or exarchate, the dignity of an exarch; also an exarchate, the country subject to an exarch.
EXARCO, *f. m.* an exarch, a lieutenant, or vice-emperor.
EXASPERAÇÃO, *f. f.* exasperation, provocation, irritation, incitement to rage.
EXASPERADO, *a, adj.* hardened, made hard. See also
EXASPERAR, *v. a.* to exasperate, to provoke, to enrage, to irritate, to anger, to make furious.
O que exaspera, an exasperater, a provoker.
EXAUTORADO, *a, adj.* exautorated, put out of office or service.

EXC

EXCANDESCENCIA, or **ESCANDECENCIA**. See **ESCANDECENCIA**.
EXCANDECER. See **ESCANDECER**.
EXCANDECIDO. See **ESCANDECIDO**.
EXCARCERADO, *a, adj.* See
EXCARCERAR, *v. a.* to get one out of prison, to set at liberty.
EXCEDENTE, *adj.* that goes too far, that passes the bounds of fitness.
EXCEDER, *v. a.* to exceed, to go beyond, to out-go, to go too far; also to excel, to surpass.
Exceder, to exceed, to bear the greater proportion.
Exceder as ordens, to over-act, to act beyond one's commission.
EXCELAÇÃO. See **EXCEPCÃO**.
EXCEITADO. See **EXCEPTUADO**.

EXC

EXCEITUAR. See **EXCEPTUAR**.
EXCELLENCIA, *f. f.* excellence, or excellency. See also **ANTONOMASIA**.
Excellencia, excellence, a title of honour in Portugal. It is usually applied to a marquis.
EXCELLENTE, *adj.* excellent, of great virtue, eminent in any good quality.
EXCELLENTEMENTE, *adv.* excellently, well in a high degree.
EXCELSAMENTE, *adv.* haughtily, lofty, highly.
EXCELSO, *a, adj.* See **ALTO** and **SUBLIME**.
EXCENTRICIDADE. See **ECCENTRICIDADE**.
EXCENTRICO. See **ECCENTRICO**.
EXCEPCÃO, *f. f.* exception, exclusion from the things comprehended in a precept or position; exclusion of any person from a general law; also an exception against, or to.
Que não tem excepção, exceptless.
O que faz excepção, exceptor.
EXCEPTO, or **EXCEITUADO**, *except*. This word, long taken as a preposition or conjunction, is originally the participle passive of the *v. Exceptuar*, or *Exceituar*.
EXCEPTUADO, *a, adj.* See
EXCEPTUAR, *v. a.* to except; also to balk, to omit.
A morte nam exceptua ninguém, death balks no creature.
EXCESSIVAMENTE, *adv.* excessively, exceedingly.
EXCESSIVO, *a, adj.* excessive.
EXCESSO, *f. m.* excess, more than enough. See also **CRIME** and **DELICTO**.
EXCIDIO, *f. m.* See **RUINA**, and **DESTRUICÃO**.
EXCITAÇÃO, *f. f.* excitation.
EXCITADO, *a, adj.* See **EXCITAR**.
EXCITADOR, *f. m.* **EXCITADO**.
EXCITADO, *f. f.* an exciter, one that stirs up others.
EXCITAMENTO, *f. m.* excitement.
EXCITAR, *v. a.* to excite, to rouse, to animate, to stir up, to encourage; also to excite, to put into motion, to raise.
Excitar huma questão, to put a question.
Excitar huma sedição, to raise a sedition.
Excitar, (*edificar*.) See **EDIFICAR**, **PROVOCAR**, and **ESTIMULAR**.
EXCLAMAÇÃO, *f. f.* exclamation, an emphatical utterance, a pathetical sentence; also an exclamation or vehement outcry.
Que contém exclamações, exclamatory.
EXCLAMADO, *p.* of the preterperfect of
EXCLAMAR, *v. n.* to exclaim, to cry out with vehemence.
O que exclama, an exclaimer.
EXCLUIDO, *a, adj.* See
EXCLUIR, *v. a.* to exclude, to de-

EXE

EXCLUSAM, *f. f.* exclusion.
EXCLUSIVAMENTE, *adv.* exclusively.
EXCLUSIVA, *f. f.* See **EXCLUSAM**.
EXCLUSIVO, *a, adj.* exclusive.
EXCLUSO, or **EXCLUIDO**. See the *v. EXCLUIR*.
EXCOGITADO, *a, adj.* See
EXCOGITAR, *v. a.* to excogitate, to invent, to strike out by thinking.
EXCOMMUNGAÇÃO, *f. f.* or **EXCOMMUNGAÇÃO**, *f. m.* a woman or man that is excommunicated.
EXCOMMUNGAÇÃO, *a, adj.* See
EXCOMMUNGAR, *v. a.* to excommunicate, to eject from the communion of the visible church, by an ecclesiastical censure.
EXCOMMUNHAM, *f. f.* excommunication.
EXCORIAÇÃO, *f. f.* (among physicians) excoriation, loss of skin.
Fazer huma excoriação, to excoriate, to flay, to strip off the skin.
EXCRESCENCIA, *f. f.* excrescence, or excrescency.
EXCREMENTICIO, *a, adj.* excrementitious, or excremental, (in physic.)
EXCREMENTO, *f. m.* excrement.
Excremento de vacas, e outros animais de cer alconada, fewmets, or fewmilshing, the dung of deer.
EXCREMENTOSO. See **EXCREMENTICIO**.
EXCRETO, *f. m.* (in physic) the matter that is separated from the animal substance.
EXCURSAM, *f. f.* an invasion, or inroad, a sally.

EXE

EXECRAÇÃO, *f. f.* execration, curse, imprecation of evil.
EXECRADO, *a, adj.* See **EXECRAR**.
EXECRANDO, *a, adj.* execrable, hateful, detestable, accursed, abominable.
EXECRAR, *v. a.* to execrate, to curse, to imprecate ill upon, to abominate.
EXECRATORIO juramento, execration, curse.
EXECRAVEL, *adj.* See **EXECRANDO**.
EXECUÇÃO, *f. f.* execution, performance.
Homen de execução. See **EXECUTIVO**.
Execução, distress, or distraining of goods.
Dar à execução, to put in execution.
Fazer execução. See **EXECUTAR**.
Fer execução, to take effect.
EXECUTADO, *a, adj.* See
EXECUTAR, *v. a.* to execute, or put in execution, to perform to effect; also to execute, to punish capitally by authority.
Executar, or Fazer execução nos bens do

EXE

devedor, to distrain one's goods by an execution, to serve an execution upon goods.
Executar em algum a sua ira, to vent, or wreak one's anger upon one.
Executar em algum o golpe, to cut or slash one.
Executar hum golpe de setta, to shoot an arrow.
EXECUTIVO, *a*, adj. resolute, stout, bold, courageous, brisk, capable of performing any thing, executive.
Homem executivo, or *de execuçam*, a man that is capable of performing any thing, a man fit for action.
Executivo, (*violento*.) See **VIOLENTO**.
EXECUTORIA, *f. f.* **EXECUTOR**, *f. m.* an executor, or executor, one that performs or executes any thing.
Executora testamentaria, an executrix, a woman intrusted to perform the will of the testator.
Executor testamentario, an executor, or executor, he that is intrusted to perform the will of a testator.
Cargo de executor testamentario, or *testamentaria*, executorship.
EXECUTORIO, *a*, adj. (in law) *ex*. *Carta executoria*, a writ of execution.
EXEDRA, *f. f.* a by-place, or jutting building with seats, either for study or discourse Greek.
EXEMPCAM, *f. f.* exemption, freedom from any thing. Lat.
EXEMPLAR, *f. m.* an exemplar, a pattern, an example to be imitated.
Exemplar, adj. exemplary, or exemplary, such as may deserve to be proposed to imitation; also such as may give warning to others, exemplary.
EXEMPLARMENTE, adv. exemplarily, in such a manner as deserves imitation.
Exemplarmente, exemplarily, in such a manner as may warn others.
EXEMPLIFICADO, *a*, adj. See **EXEMPLIFICAR**, *v. a.* to exemplify, to illustrate by example.
EXEMPLO, *f. m.* example, pattern, model.
Exemplo, example, instance, precedent.
Sem exemplo, ou *de que não ouve exemplo*, unprecedented.
Por exemplo, for example.
Pôr, or *trazer hum exemplo*, to instance, to give, or offer an example.
Fazer exemplo em algum, or *castigallo para dar exemplo*, to make one a public example.
Tomar exemplo delle, take example by him.
EXEMPTO, *a*, adj. exempt, or free from.
EXEQUIAS, *f. f.* p. funeral obsequies, funeral pomp, the last duty to the dead, and the prayers for his soul at, or before his burial; exequies.
Pertencente às exequias, funeral, exequial.
EXERCER, *v. a. ex.* *Exercer hum cargo*, to exercise, or bear an office.

EXH

Exercer huma arte, ou *ciencia*, to exercise, or practise an art or science.
EXERCICIO, *f. m.* exercise, labour of the body, labour considered as conducive to the cure or prevention of diseases.
Exercício militar, the military exercise.
Fazer exercicio, to use exercise.
Fazer exercicio, (a military word) to practise all motions, actions, and management of arms, by which a soldier is instructed in the different postures he is to be in under arms, and the different motions he is to make to oppose an enemy.
Exercício em compor obras de engenho, como *fazem os estudantes nos collegios*, ou *escolas*, exercises.
EXERCITADO, *a*, adj. See **EXERCITAR**.
EXERCITADOR, *f. m.* an exerciser.
EXERCITADORA, *f. f.* exerciser, she that exercises.
EXERCITAR, *v. a.* to exercise.
Exercitar a sua crueldade, to exert one's cruelty.
Exercitar hum cargo, ou *huma arte*, &c. See **EXERCER**.
Exercitar a sua memoria, to exercise or practise one's memory.
Exercitar, to instruct, to train up.
Exercitar-se, *v. r.* to exercise, to use exercise, to labour for health, or for amusement.
Exercitar-se na caça, to exercise one's self with hunting.
EXERCITO, *f. m.* an army.
Vivandeiro, ou *o que leva e vende o viver ao exercito*, a sutler, or sutteler, one that follows an army to sell victuals.

EXH

EXHALACAM, *f. f.* exhalation.
EXHALADO, *a*, adj. See **EXHALAR**, *v. n.* to evaporate, to be exhaled.
Materia, ou *vapor que exhala*, exhalament, matters exhaled.
Exbalár, *v. a. ex.* *Exbalar a alma*. See **MORRER**.
Exbalár-se, *v. r.* See **EVAPORAR**.
EXHAURIR, *v. a.* to exhaust, to drain, to deprive by draining, to empty; also to draw till nothing is left.
Exaurir o thesouro del-rey, to exhaust the king's treasure.
Cousa que não se pode exaurir, exhaustless.
A acção de exhaurir, exhaustion.
EXHAUSTO, *a*, adj. drawn out, emptied, exhausted; also beggared, reduced to want.
Exhausto de sangue, bloodless, without blood.
Exhausto de gente, dispeopled.
EXHEDRA. See **EXEDRA**.
EXHIBICAM, *f. f.* exhibition.
Fazer exhibicam. See **EXHIBIR**.
EXHIBIDO, *a*, adj. See **EXHIBIR**, *v. a.* to exhibit, to offer, or propose in a formal or public manner.

EXO

O que exhibe, an exhibiter.
EXHORTACAM, *f. f.* exhortation.
EXHORTADO, *a*, adj. See **EXHORTAR**.
EXHORTADOR, *f. m.* **EXORTADORA**, *f. f.* an exhorter.
EXHORTAR, *v. a.* to exhort, to incite by words to any good action.
EXHORTATIVO, or **EXHORTATORIO**, *a*, adj. exhortatory, tending to exhort.
EXHUMACAM, *f. f.* the act of unburying a dead body.

EXI

EXICIO, *f. m.* ruin, destruction, a great misfortune.
EXIGENCIA, *f. f.* exigence, or exigency.
EXIGUO, *a*, adj. little, small. From the Latin *exiguus*.
EXIMIDO. See **EXEMPTO**, and **EXIMIR**.
EXIMIO, *a*, adj. eximious, famous, eminent, conspicuous, excellent.
EXIMIR, *v. a.* to free, to deliver.
EXINANICAM, *f. f.* (among physicians) inanition, emptiness of body, want of fulness in the vessels of the animal.
EXINANIDO, *a*, adj. See **EXINANIR**, *v. a.* See **ANNIHILAR**.
Exinanir-se, *v. r.* to humble, to abase one's self.
EXISTENCIA, *f. f.* existence, or existency.
EXISTENTE, *p. act.* existent.
EXISTIDO, *p.* of the preterperfectense of
EXISTIR, *v. n.* to exist, to be, to have a being.
EXISTURO. See **ABCESSO**.
EXITO, *f. m.* a going forth, or going out.
EXITURO. See **EXISTURO**.

EXO

EXO, *f. m.* axle-tree, or axel-tree of a wheel.
Cavilha do exo, que *sustenta a roda*, axle-pin.
Chapa de ferro a roda do exo para que se não gaste, a clout, or iron plate to keep an axle-tree from wearing.
Exo da esphera, (in geography) axis, or axle-tree, a right line going through the center of a sphere.
Exo do mundo, the axis of the world.
Exo de sejourar, the rivet that holds the scissors together.
Exo, (in a moral sense) the very point or crisis of a matter.
EXODO, *f. m.* Exodus, or Exody, the second book of Moses, so called because it describes the journey of the Israelites from Egypt. Greek.
EXONERADO, *p.* of the preterperfectense of
EXONERAR-SE, *v. r.* to resign, sur-

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forrénder, abdicate, or give over one's place, to free, rid, or disburthen one's self.
EXOPHTALMIA, f. f. (in phytic) exophthalmy, or a protuberance of the eye out of its natural position. Greek.
EXORAVEL, adj. exorable. Lat.
EXORBITANCIA, f. f. exorbitance, or exorbitancy.
EXORBITANTE, adj. exorbitant.
Se exorbitante, to exorbitate, to deviate, to go out of the track, or road prescribed.
EXORCIZADO, a, adj. See **EXORCIZAR**, v. a. to exorcise, to adjure by some holy name.
EXORCISMO, f. m. an exorcism.
EXORCISTA, f. m. an exorcist.
EXORDIAL, adj. of, or belonging to an exordium. See
EXORDIO, f. m. exordium, a formal preface, the proemial part of a composition. See also **PRINCIPIO**.
EXORNAÇÃO, f. f. an exornation.
EXORNAÇÃO, a, adj. See
EXORNAR, v. a. See **ORNAR**.
EXORTAÇÃO. See **EXHORTAÇÃO**.
EXORTADO, &c. See **EXHORTADO**, &c.
EXOTICO, a, adj. exotic, or exotic, brought out of another country, not domestic.

EXP

EXPECTAÇÃO, f. f. expectation.
Desempenhar a expectação, to answer one's expectation.
Contra a expectação de todos, contrary to all men's expectation. See also **ESPERANÇA**.
EXPECTATIVA, f. f. (in canon law) a mandate granted for church livings before they come void.
EXPECTATORIO, a, adj. ex. *Ado*, or *questam expectatoria*, so they call several acts or solemn disputations in the universities.
EXPECTAVEL, adj. See **VISTOSO**, **BELLO**.
EXPECTORANTE, adj. (in phytic) expectorative, having the quality of promoting expectoration.
EXPEDIÇÃO, f. f. expedition, dispatch.
Expedição, ou empresa militar, an expedition, a military enterprize.
Expedição, expedition, haste, activity.
Homem de expedição, a man fit for action.
Dir expedição, to dispatch, hasten, or speed.
Com expedição, expeditely, with quickness.
EXPEDIDO, a, adj. See **EXPEDIR**.
EXPEDIENTIA, f. f. expedition, quickness, readiness, speed.
Com boa expediência, expeditely, with quickness.
EXPEDIENTE, f. m. the royal and supreme council.

EXP

EXPEDIENTE, an expedient, a shift, means to an end, which are contrived in an exigence.
EXPEDIR, v. a. to dispatch, hasten, or speed; also to dispatch, or send away in haste; also to publish by edict, or proclamation.
Expedir, (expulsar.) See **EXPULSAR**.
Expedir-se, v. r. to get rid of, to make haste, to disentangle one's self from any impediment.
EXPEDITAMENTE, adv. expeditely, easily.
EXPEDITO, a, adj. disengaged, freed, rid of.
Expedito, convenient, easy, apt, fit, advantageous; also plain, even, (speaking of a road.)
Ter a lingua bem expedita, ou bem espiwidado. See **ESPIVITADO**.
EXPELLIDO, a, adj. expelled.
EXPELLIR, v. a. to expel, to drive out, to force away, to reject, to throw out.
EXPENDIDO, a, adj. See
EXPENDER, v. a. to weigh, to examine, judge, or consider.
Expendir, (gastar.) See **GASTAR**.
EXPENSAS, f. f. p. the expences, the costs. See **GASTO**.
EXPERIENCIA, f. f. experience, practice; also an experiment, proof, or trial.
Falta de experiencia, inexperience.
Que tem falta de experiencia, inexperienced, inexpert.
Por experiencia, experimentally.
O que faz experiencia, an experimenter, or experimenter.
EXPERIMENTADO, a, adj. See **EXPERIMENTAR**.
EXPERIMENTAL, adj. experimental, formed by observation, built upon experiment.
Philosophia experimental, experimental philosophy.
EXPERIMENTAR, v. a. to experiment, to try, to search out by trial, to experience, to try; also to know by practice, or experience.
EXPERTO, a, adj. experienced, made skilful by experience, wise by long practice.
EXPIAÇÃO, f. f. an expiation, an atonement.
EXPIADO, a, adj. See
EXPIAR, v. a. to expiate, to annul the guilt of a crime by subsequent acts of piety, to atone for.
Que se não pode expiar, inexpressible.
EXPIATÓRIO, a, adj. expiatory.
EXPIRAÇÃO, f. f. (in phytic) a breathing out. See also **EXHALAÇÃO**.
EXPIRADO, a, adj. See
EXPIRAR, v. n. to die, to expire, or breathe one's last. See also **ACABAR**.
EXPLANAÇÃO. See **EXPLICACÃO**.
EXPLANADA, or **ESPLANADA**, f. m. esplanade (In fortifications.) It is the same with the glacis of the

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counterslope originally; but now it is taken for the empty space between the glacis of a citadel and the first houses of the town.
EXPLANADO, a, adj. See
EXPLANAR, v. a. to explain, to expound, to illustrate.
Que se pode explicar, explainable, explicable.
O que explica, an explainer, or expeditor, an explicator.
EXPLICAÇÃO, f. f. explication, explanation.
Que contém a explicação, ou explanação de alguma coisa, explanatory, containing explanation.
EXPLICADO, a, adj. explicated, &c. See **EXPLICAR**.
EXPLICADOR, f. m. an explicator, an expounder, an explainer, or expeditor.
EXPLICADORA, f. f. she that explaineth.
EXPLICAR, v. a. to explicate, to explain, to expound, to clear.
Que se não pode explicar, inexplicable.
EXPLICITAMENTE, adv. explicitly, plainly, not merely by inference, or implication.
EXPLICITO, a, adj. explicit, plain, not merely implied.
EXPLORADO, a, adj. See **EXPLORAR**.
EXPLORADOR, f. m. an explorer, a scout, a spy, one that goes to reconnoitre, or take a view of. (A military word.)
Pertencente ao explorador, ou à acção de explorar, exploratory.
EXPLORADORA, f. f. she that goes to reconnoitre or take a view of.
EXPLORAR, v. a. to explore, to search out; also to reconnoitre, observe, view, or take a view of.
A acção de explorar, exploration, exploiment.
EXPONENTE, f. m. (in mathematics) an exponent.
EXPOR, v. a. to expose, shew, or lay out. See also **EXPLICAR**.
Expor ao ar alguma coisa, to expose or set any thing in the air.
Expor-se, v. r. to expose one's self, to venture.
Expor-se a algum perigo, to expose one's self to any danger.
Homem que se expõe a zombaria, e escarneo de todos, a man that makes himself a laughing stock, or that makes himself ridiculous to every body.
EXPOSIÇÃO, f. f. See **EXPLICAÇÃO**.
EXPOSITO, f. m. an expeditor, explainer, expounder, interpreter.
EXPOSTO, a, adj. exposed, &c. See **EXPOR**.
EXPRESSADO, a, adj. expressed.
EXPRESSAMENTE, adv. expressly.
EXPRESSÃO, f. f. expression.
EXPRESSAR, v. a. to express.
Que se pode expressar, expressible, that may be uttered or declared.

Que

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Que pode expressar, or expressivo. See **EXPRESSIVO**.
EXPRESSIVA, f. f. expression, the form, or cast of language, in which any thoughts are uttered. See also **PRONUNCIACAM**.
EXPRESSIVO, a, adj. expressive.
Por hum modo expressivo, expressively, in a clear and representative way.
Capacidade para representar alguma coisa por hum modo expressivo, expressiveness, the power of expression.
EXPRESSO, a, adj. express, plain, expressed.
Expresso, f. m. an express, a messenger sent on purpose.
EXPRIMIDO, a, adj. See
EXPRIMI'R, v. a. to express, to represent in words, to exhibit by language, to utter, to declare.
Exprimir, to press, to squeeze. See **ESPREMER**.
EXPROBRA'DO, a, adj. See
EXPROBRA'R, v. a. to exprobrate, to upbraid, to impute openly with blame.
A acção de exprobrar, exprobration
EXPROVINCIAL, f. m. exprovincial, a monk, or friar that has been provincial.
EXPUGNAÇAM, f. f. expugnation.
EXPUGNADO, a, adj. See **EXPUGNAR**.
EXPUGNADO'R, f. m. a conqueror.
EXPUGNADO'RA, f. f. she that vanquisheth.
EXPUGNA'R, v. a. to expugn, to conquer.
EXPUGNAVEL, adj. conquerable.
EXPULSA'DO, a, adj. See **EXPULSAR**.
EXPULSA'M, f. f. expulsion.
EXPULSAR, v. a. to expulse, to drive out, to expel, to force away.
O que expulsa, an expeller, one that driveth out.
EXPULSIVO, a, adj. (in physic) expulsive.
EXPULSO, a, adj. expelled, &c. See **EXPULSAR**.
EXPULSORIA, f. f. ex. *Dar a expulsoria*. See **EXPULSAR**.
EXPULTRIZ, adj. (in physic) excretive, excretory, expulsive, having the power of separating and ejecting superfluous parts or excrements.
Faculdade expultriz, expulsive faculty.
EXPURGAÇAM, or **EMERSA'M**, f. f. (in astronomy) emersion, or the coming of the sun or moon out of an eclipse.
Expurgacão dos humores, (in physic) the expulsion, or driving out of the humours.
EXPURGA'DO, a, adj. See
EXPURGAR, v. a. (among surgeons) to purge or cleanse.
Expurgar hum livro, to correct a book by purging away what is noxious and pernicious to religion, morals, &c.
EXPURGATORIO, f. m. the index expurgatory, a book set forth by the pope, containing a catalogue of those

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authors and writings which he has thought fit to censure, and forbid to be read.
Expurgatorio, (in physic) expurgatory, or purging medicine.

EXQ

EXQUISITAMENTE, adv. exquisitely, rarely well, daintily; also carefully, diligently.
EXQUISITO, a, adj. exquisite, far-sought, excellent, dainty, delicious. See also **ESTUDADO**, and **EXACTO**.

EXS

EXSA'NGUE. See **EXANGUE**.

EXT

EXTA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
EXTA'R, v. n. to remain, or be left. Lat. *qui exta*, extant.
EXTASIS, **EXTHASIS**, or **EXTASI**, f. m. an extasy, a rapture, a trance. Greek.
EXTATICO, a, adj. extatical, or extatic.
EXTEMPORA'NEAMENTE, adv. suddenly, without premeditation, extempore, extemporally.
Falar extemporaneamente, to extemporize, to speak extempore.
Dom de fallar extemporaneamente, extemporiness.
EXTEMPORA'NEO, a, adj. extemporaneous, extemporary, uttered or performed without premeditation; also extemporal, speaking without premeditation.
EXTENDER. See **ESTENDER**.
EXTENDIDO. See **ESTENDIDO**.
EXTENSAMENTE, adv. largely, fully, amply, at large.
EXTENSA'M, f. f. extension, dilatation. See also **ESPAÇO**.
Extensam, an extent of meaning.
Extensam sem limites, extendlessness.
EXTENSO. See **ESTENDIDO**.
Per extenso, all at length, at large; as, *escrever o seu nome per extenso*, to write one's name at large.
EXTENUAÇAM, f. f. (in physic) extenuation, a leanness of the whole body.
Extenuacão, (in rhetoric) extenuation, or a figure, whereby things are diminished and made less than they really are.
EXTENUA'DO, a, adj. See
EXTENUAR, v. a. to extenuate, to lessen; also to make lean.
EXTERIO'R, f. m. the out-side, outward appearance, or shew of a thing or person.
Exterior, adj. exterior, outward. Lat. *Obras exteriores*, (in fortification) the out-works of a place.
EXTERIORMENTE, adv. exteriorly, outwardly.
EXTERMINA'DO, a, adj. See **EXTERMINAR**.

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EXTERMINADO'R, f. m. an exterminator.
EXTERMINA'R, v. a. to exterminate, to root out, to destroy, to drive away, to abolish, to banish.
EXTERMINIO, f. m. destruction, desolation, ruin, extermination. See also **DESTERRO**.
EXTERRECER, v. a. to put in fear, to frighten.
EXTERRECI'DO, a, adj. See the v. **EXTERRECE'R**.
EXTINÇAM, f. f. extinguishment. See **EXTERMINIO**, and **RUINA**.
EXTI'NCIO, a, adj. extinct, extinguished, put out.
Extinto, (*esquecido*.) See **ESQUECIDO**.
Extinto, (*morto*.) See **MORTO**.
Extinto, (*murcha*.) See **MURCHO**.
Extinto, (*acabado*.) See **ACABADO**.
EXTINGUIDO, a, adj. See
EXTINGUI'R, v. a. to extinguish, to put out, to quench; also to suppress, to destroy.
Extinguir, (*disparar*.) See **DISSIPAR**.
Extinguir, to abolish, to annul.
Extinguir huma ley, to abolish, to repeal a law.
Extinguir hum juro, to pay the principal and interest of a sum.
Extinguir-se, v. r. to vanish, to pass away, to be lost.
EXTINTO. See **EXTINCTO**.
EXTIRPAÇAM, f. f. extirpation, eradication, destruction.
EXTIRPA'DO, a, adj. See **EXTIRPAR**.
EXTIRPADO'R, f. m. an extirpator, one who roots out, a destroyer.
EXTIRPA'R, v. a. to extirpate, to root out, to eradicate. (Both in the proper and figurative sense.)
EXTORSA'M, f. f. extortion.
Fazer extorsões, to extort.
O que faz extorsões, an extorter.
EXTRACÇAM, f. f. an extraction, or drawing out.
Fazer extracção da prata do ouro, &c. to dig out of the ground, silver, gold, &c.
Extracção, exportation.
Fazer extracção, (in the way of traffick) to export, to carry out of a country.
Extracção de mercancias, exportation of commodities.
Fazenda que teve extracção, export, commodity carried out in traffick.
O que faz extracção de mercancias, an exporter.
Extracção, extraction, derivation from an original, lineage, descent.
EXTRA'CTO, f. m. extract, the substance extracted, the chief parts drawn from any thing. (In chemistry.)
Extracto dos vegetaveis, the extract of vegetables.
Extracto, extract, the chief heads drawn from a book, an abstract, an epitome.
EXTRAHIDO, a, adj. See
EXTRAHI'R, v. a. to extract, to draw out of something.
Extrahir, to extract, to draw by chemical operation.

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Extrahere, to extract, to select, and abstract from a larger treatise.
EXTRAJUDICIAL, *adj.* extrajudicial, out of the regular course of legal procedure.
EXTRAJUDICIALMENTE, *adv.* extrajudicially, in a manner different from the ordinary course of legal procedure.
EXTRAMURAL, *adj.* that is without the walls.
EXTRAMUROS, *adv.* without the walls.
EXTRANEO, *a, adj.* extraneous.
EXTRANUMERAL, *adj.* supernumerary.
EXTRAORDINARIAMENTE, *adv.* extraordinarily.
EXTRAORDINARIO, *a, adj.* extraordinary, different from common order, not ordinary; also extraordinary, different from the common course of law.
Extraordinario, extraordinary, eminent, remarkable, more than common.
Embaxador extraordinario, an ambassador extraordinary.
Gastos extraordinarios, extraordinaries, or extraordinary expences.
EXTRAEMPORA, *adv.* *extra tempora*, a licence from the pope to take holy orders at any time.
EXTRAVAGANCIA, *f. f.* extravagancy, extravagance, extravagance.
Dize extravagancias. See **DESPROPOSITAR**.
EXTRAVAGANTE, *adj.* extravagant, roving beyond just limits or prescribed methods; also singular, particular, very rare.
Desembargador extravagante, a supernumerary desembargador. See **DESEMBARGADOR**.
Extravagante, *f. m. and f.* an extravagant, one who is confined in no general rule, or definition.
Extravagante nos gastos, a wasteful, prodigal, or extravagant man.
Exravagante, *f. f.* the singular of **EXTRAVAGANTES**; which see.
EXTRAVAGANTEMENTE, *adv.* extravagantly, in an extravagant manner.
EXTRAVAGANTES, Decretal Epistles published after the Clementines, by pope John XXII. and

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other popes, added to the canon-law; so called, because they were not ranged in any order in the body of the common-law; also certain constitutions and ordinances of princes not contained in the body of the civil-law.
EXTRAVASADO, *a, adj.* (among physicians) extravasated, forced out of the properly containing vessels.
EXTRAVENADO, *a, adj.* (in physics) extravenate, let out of the veins.
EXTREMADAMENTE, or **EXTREMADAMENTE**, *adv.* extremely, in the utmost degree. See also **EXCELLENTEMENTE**.
Amar algums extremadamente, to be desperately in love with one; to dote upon one, to be extremely fond of him.
EXTREMA DO, *a, adj.* extreme, greatest, of the highest degree, most perfect, consummate, complete.
EXTREMADURA, *f. f.* See **EXTREMADURA**.
EXTREMAUNÇAM, *f. f.* extreme unction, a solemn anointing of a sick person at the point of death; and is one of the seven sacraments in the Romish church.
EXTREMIDADE, *f. f.* extremity, the utmost parts, the parts most remote from the middle.
Extremidade, extremity, extreme necessity or distress.
EXTREMO, or **ESTREMO**, *f. m.* the first or last indivisible part of any quantity. See also **EXTREMIDADE**.
Extremos, extremities, the points in the utmost degree of opposition, or at the utmost distance from each other.
Extremo, (in a moral sense) extreme, excess, extravagantness.
Fugir dos extremos, to avoid extremes.
Passar de hum a outro extremo, to pass from one extreme to another.
Dar em extremos, to extravagante, to wander out of limits, to run upon extremes.
Ella he hum extremo de fermosura, she is an extraordinary beauty.
Neste extremo de miseria, in this sad and extreme misery.
Fazer extremos por alguma coisa, to have a strong passion, or desire for a thing, to endeavour what one can to get it.

E Y Z

Fazer extremos de sentimento, to be thoroughly sensible of grief.
Extremos de amor, dotage, excessive fondness.
Com extremos de amor, doatingly, fondly.
O que faz extremos de amor, a doater, a man fondly, weakly, and excessively in love.
Extremo, a great head, a pater.
Em extremo, or *em todo o extremo*. See **SUMMAMENTE**.
Per extremo, intemperately, immoderately, without measure or moderation.
Extremo, (in the province of Alentejo) a limitaneous furrow, that serves to divide one piece of ground from another.
Extremo, *a, adj.* See **ULTIMO**.
EXTREMA necessidade, extreme necessity, or distress.
EXTREMOSAMENTE, *adv.* studiously, earnestly, vehemently.
EXTREMO SO, *a, adj.* See **EXCESSIVO**, and **EXTREMADO**.
Amar extremo, consummate love.
EXTRINSECO, *a, adj.* extrinsic, or extrinsic, external, not intrinsic. See also **EXTERIOR**.

E X U

EXUBERA DO, *p.* of the preterperfect tense of **EXUBERAR**.
EXUBERANCIA, *f. f.* exuberance, or superabundance.
Com exuberancia, exuberantly.
EXUBERANTE, *p. a.* exuberant, more than sufficient.
EXUBERAR, *v. n.* to exuberate, to superabound.
EXULAR, *v. n.* to be banished, to live in exile. Lat. *exulare*.
EXULCERAÇAM, *f. f.* (in physics) exulceration.
EXULCERA DO, *a, adj.* See **EXULCERA R**.
EXULCERA R, *v. a.* to exulcerate, to make sore with an ulcer.
EXULCERATIVO, *a, adj.* exulceratory.
EXULTAÇAM, *f. f.* exultation, joy, rapturous delight.
EXULTAR, *v. n.* to exult, to leap and skip for joy. Lat. *exultare*.

E Y C

EYCHAM, or **EICHAM**. See **DESPENSEIRO**.

F.

F, f. m. the sixth letter of the Portuguese alphabet, and by some reckoned a mute, by others a semi-vowel. Suetonius says, that the emperor Claudius invented this letter, with other two; and that this had the force of V consonant.

F, amongst the Latins, was a numeral letter worth forty, according to this verse.

Sexta quaterdenos geris que distat ab alpha.

But when it was marked with a tittle on the top, then it stood for forty thousand.

F FA, one of the notes in music, called fa.

F A B

FABORDA'M, f. m. a kind of grave music. From the French *fauxbourdon*.

FABRICA, f. f. fabric, or building, an edifice, frame, structure, fabrication.

Fabrica da igreja, ou renda para os reparos della, fabric-lands, the revenue of a church for the repairs and maintenance of it.

Fabrica, manufacture, a work-house.

Fabrica de sedas, a manufacture of silks.

Fabrica, (artificio.) See **ARTIFICIO** and **LAVOR**.

Fabricar, (in a moral sense.) See **IDEAS**, and **DESENHOS**.

FABRICA'DO, a, adj. made, &c. See the v. **FABRICAR**.

FABRICADOR, f. m. a builder, a fashioner, a maker.

Fabricador do mundo, God, the universal maker.

FABRICANTE, f. m. a manufacturer, a workman, an artificer; but more particularly the director in a manufacture, or work-house.

FABRICAR, v. a. to build, to frame, to manufacture, to form by workmanship.

Fabricar um navio, to build a ship.

Fabricar moeda, to coin, or mint money.

Fabricar pano, to make cloth.

Fabricar-se, v. r. ex. *Nos nos fabricamos a nos mesmos as nossas desgraças*, we are the cause of our own misfortunes.

FABRI'L, adj. mechanic, or mechanical, servile, of mean occupation.

FABRIQUEIRO, f. m. he who receives the fabric lands. See **FABRICA** da igreja.

FABULA, f. f. fable, apologue; also a fiction in general.

O que inventa, ou escreve fabulas, a fabler, or fabulist.

Fabulas de Esopo, Æsop's fables.

Fabula, ou conto para divertir, a tale, or story.

O que conta fabulas, a fabulator, a teller of fables or stories.

Histeria das fabulas, mythology.

Ser a fabula do mundo, to be the common talk.

FABULA'DO, a, adj. See

FABULA'R, v. a. to fable, to feign, to write not truth but fiction. See also **FINGIR**.

FABULOSAMENTE, adv. fabulously.

FABULO'SO, a, adj. fabulous, feigned, full of fables, or invented tales.

F A C

FA'CA, f. f. a knife; also a young mare; also a nag, a little horse.

Faca de fouce. See **AGOMIA**.

Faca de mesa, a table-knife.

Faca de carneiro, a butcher's chopping-knife.

Faca de sapateiro, ou trinebete para arrunbar os sapatos, a shoemaker's paring-knife.

Faca de mate, a hanger, a wood-knife.

Faca de fogo, (among farriers) cauting iron, a farrier's iron to cauterize, or sear the parts of a horse which require burning.

Homem de faca e calbão, (a vulgar expression) a man fit for any business.

FACA'DA, f. f. a thrust with a knife.

FACALHA'M, f. m. a great knife.

FACANHA, f. f. an exploit, a great action, a feat; from *facar*.

Façanha, (ironically) silly doings.

Façanha, a debated question.

FAÇANHEIRO. See **VAIDOSO**, and **PATARATA**.

FAÇANHO'SO, a, adj. famous, that performs great exploits.

Empreza façanhosa, a great enterprize.

Façanhoso, exceeding great, vast, huge, enormous.

FACÇA'M, f. f. faction, cabal, party.

Façam, a military enterprize.

FA'CB, f. f. face; also the cheek, the ball of the cheek.

P. na face e nos olhos se le a letra do coração; we say, in the forehead and in the eye, the lecture of the mind does lie.

Dizer em face, to tell to one's face, or before his face.

Face, face, surface, or superficies; also sight, or view.

A primeira face, at first sight, or view.

Face, the front, or fore part of any thing.

Face do edificio, front, fore-front, or facing.

Face dos negocios, face, state, or condition of affairs.

Aquella negocio tem duas faces, that business has two faces.

Face, (in fortification) front, the face of a work.

Receber-se em face da igreja, to marry in public.

FACE'CLA, f. f. merry conceit, or humour, facetiousness.

Facecia pitante, jeer, jest, banter.

FACE'IRA, f. f. ex. *Faceira de boi*, the flesh that covers the cheek-bones of an ox.

Faceira, f. m. See **PATARATA**, and **VAIDADE**.

FACESI'NHA, f. f. a small face.

FACE'TA, f. f. a facet, a small surface, a superficies cut into several angles.

Diamante com facetas, or *facetado*, a diamond cut facet-wise, a facet diamond.

FACE'TA'DO, a, adj. cut with facets, or facet-wise.

FACE'TAMENTE, adv. facetiously, gayly, cheerfully, wittily, merrily.

FACE'TO, a, adj. facetious, gay, cheerful, merry, witty.

FA'CHA, f. f. a torch, a taper, light, a flambeau.

Facha de armas, battle-axe.

FACHA'DA, f. f. front, fore-front, a portal, or frontispiece; also a blow, or cut with a battle-axe.

Fachada, f. m. a follower of the mode, a fop, a coxcomb.

FA'CHO, f. m. a faggot, or bundle of brush-wood, that they use to kindle upon a high place by the sea, as a token for the people to take arms; also two stakes set in fashion of a cross and pitched upon a watch tower, on which they use to hang lights as a token of the enemy's approach, or coming nigh to.

FA'CIL, adj. easy, facil, or facile, not difficult, performable, or attainable with little labour; also facilç, easy of access, or converse, not haughty.

Estilo facil, an easy, or clear style.

Facil, (among physicians) relaxed, loosened.

FACILIDA'DE, f. f. facility, easiness to be performed, freedom from difficulty.

Facildade da luz, diffusiveness of light.

Facilidades, too much familiarity.

FACILITA'DO, a, adj. See

F A D

FACILITAR, v. a. to facilitate, to make easy, to free from difficulty.
Facilitar os mares, to facilitate navigation.
Facilitar-se, v. r. to grow easy of access, or converse.
Facilitar-se com a'guém, to grow familiar with one.
FACILMENTE, adv. easily, without difficulty.
FACINOROSO, a, adj. criminal, enormous, wicked, vicious, villainous, facinorous.
FACITIVEL, adj. that can be made, or done.
FACQUILA. See **FACUDO**.
FACTO, f. m. a fact, a thing done.
De facto, adv. in effect, really.
Ipso facto, immediately, at once, *ipso facto*.
Faço, (successo.) See **SUCCESSO**.
FACU'DO, a, adj. broad-faced.
FACULDADE, f. f. faculty, leave, the power of doing any thing.
Faculdades da alma, the faculties, or powers of the soul.
Faculdade, (in physic) faculty, power, or ability to perform any action natural, vital, and animal.
Faculdades, wealth, fortune, goods, estate.
Faculdade, a science.
Faculdade, the whole body of professors, or public readers in an university; the faculty.
FACULTOSO, a, adj. See **RICO**.
FACU'NDIA, f. f. eloquence.
FACU'NDO, a, adj. eloquent, facund.

F A D

FADA, f. f. so the writers of romances call enchanted nymphs, or women who they feign to be able to tell what is appointed by fate; so they also call the Parca, or Fates, which the poets feign have the disposal of human life.
Mas fadas, (a vulgar expression.) See **TRABALHOS**.
FADADO, a, adj. fated, doomed, decreed by fate. See also **FATAL**.
Pedra sadada, fairy-stone. It is found in gravel-pits, being of an hemispherical figure, hath five double lines arising from the centre of its basis, which meet in the pole.
Fadado, endued with any quality by fate.
Fadado, invested with the power of fatal determination. See also
FADAR, v. a. to tell fortunes, to tell what is appointed by destiny or fate.
FADARIO, f. m. fatality, or tendency to some actions, which the fatalists foolishly maintain to happen by invincible necessity, fate, or destiny.
Fadario, a bad habit, an irregular sort of life.
FADIGA, f. f. carking care, trouble, anguish of mind. See also **TRABALHO**.
FADIGADO. See **FATIGADO**.

F A L

FADIGAR. See **FATIGAR**.
FADO, f. m. fate, destiny.

F A E

FAETAM, f. m. Phaëton, the son of Phœbus and Clymene.

F A G

FAGOTE, f. m. faggoto, a musical wind-instrument.
FAGUEIRO, a, adj. fawning upon, flattering. See also **MEIGO**.

F A I

FAIA. See **FAYA**.
FAIM, f. m. (an ancient word). See **ESPADIM**.
FAINA, f. f. the shout, or noise which mariners make when they encourage each other. Our sailors cry, Ho-up!
FAISAM, f. m. pheasant, a sort of bird well known to sportsmen.
Cortar bna faisão, (in carving) to allay a pheasant, to cut it up.
FAISCA, f. f. a spark of fire, a sparkle, a nill.
Faisca, a remnant, or relique. (Metaph.)
FAIXA. See **FAXA**.

F A L

FALA. See **FALLA**.
FALACA, f. f. bastinado, or bastinado, a sort of punishment inflicted by the Algerines upon the Christians, which consists in beating the soles of their feet.
Dar falaca, to bastinado, or bastinado, to beat the soles of the feet.
FALACHA, or **FALAXA**, f. f. (in the province of Minho) a sort of cake made of chestnuts.
FALADO. } See { **FALLADO**.
FALANGE. } See { **PHALANGE**.
FALAR. } See { **FALLAR**.
FALBALA'S, f. m. a furbelow, a flounce, a fringe, or lace, about a woman's gown. From the French *falbala*.
Ornada com falbalas, furbelowed, flounced.
Ornar com falbalas, to furbelow, to flounce.
FALCA, f. f. a square piece of timber cut with the axe, from the main trunk of a tree, fit to be sawed.
FALCADO. See **FALCATO**.
FALCAM, f. m. a hawk, a falcon.
Falcão manso, a reclaimed hawk.
Falcão bravo, *que caça antes de ser apanhado*, a haggard, a wild hawk.
Falcão de dois annos, a hawk of the first coat.
Falcão macho, a tassel, or tassel-hawk.
Falcão que está com a vista tapada, an encased hawk.
Bando de falcões, a cast, or set of hawks.

F A L

Lugar, ou sorte de gaiola donde se tem o falcões quando mudam as penas, a hawk-mew, a coop for hawks.
Novelinho de linbo, ou a'gedam para purgar o falcão, casting, a pellet of canvas, or cotton, to purge a hawk.
Purgar o falcão, to encase a hawk.
FALCAM, falcon, a piece of ordnance; also the inferior part of the *tailamar*, cutwater. See **TALHAMAR**.
FALCATO, a, adj. falcated, ex. *Carro falcato*, the ancient chariots, with scythes sticking out on both sides, which they used to drive among the enemies, to break their ranks, and cut down men.
FALCATRU'A, f. f. (a vulgar word) a cheat, sham, knavery, a trick, a wile.
FALCOA'DA, f. f. the shooting off a piece of ordnance called a faucon.
FALCOEIRO, f. m. a faulconer, or falconer.
Falcoeiro, or *caçador de volateria*, he that catches birds by means of a hawk, one that hawks, a falconer.
FALCONETE, f. m. fauconet, a great gun, about six feet and a half long.
FALDA. See **FRALDA**.
FALDISTORIO, f. m. a faldisdory, a great chair, or the bishop's seat within the chancel.
FALDREIRO, or *caçadorinho faldreiro*, a lap-dog, a little dog fondled by ladies in the lap.
FALDRILHA, f. f. a sort of hoop-petticoat.
FALECEER. See **FALLECEER**.
FALECIDO, &c. See **FALLECIDO**, &c.
FALE'NO, f. m. muscadine, a rich sort of wine; also a mountain of Campania, near the Tuscan sea.
FALHA, f. f. a crack, a fissure, a flaw.
Falha, a spot, a fault, a blot, a blemish, both in the natural and moral sense.
Falha, (in the Brasilis) a stop, stay, or delay in a journey.
FALHA'DO, a, adj. See
FALHA'R, v. n. (at the game of draughts) to miss the point, as when one throws a doublet when he wants a tray-point, quater-point, &c.
Falbar, to mistake, to be disappointed.
Falbar, (among gold or silversmiths) to decrease in weight.
FALIDO, f. m. a bankrupt.
Falido, a, adj. ex. *Mercador falido*, a broken merchant.
Falido, (pobre.) See **POBRE**.
FALLA, f. f. speech, talk.
Fazer buma falla, to make a speech. See also **ARENGA**, and **PRATICA**.
FALLA'CIA, f. f. deceit, fraud, falsehood.
Que usa de fallacias, deceitful, fraudulent.
Fallacia, (in logic) fallacy, sophism.
Com fallacias, fallaciously.
FALLADO, a, adj. spoken; also talked of.

Consa muito fallada, a thing much talked of.
Ser bem fallado, to have a good name. See also *FALLANTE*.
FALLADOR, f. m. a talkative person, a prating fellow, a great talker.
FALLADORA, f. f. a talker, a rattle-basket, a tattling woman.
FALLANTE, p. a. that can speak, or talk.
Hem bem fallante, or *bem fallado*, a well-spoken man, a good spokesman, or speaker.
FALLAR, v. a. to speak, ex. *Fallar Portuguez*, to speak Portuguese; also to speak plain, as we say, downright English.
Fallar, v. n. to speak, to talk.
Fallar alto, to speak loud; also to talk big.
Fallar a algum, to speak to one.
Fallar com algum, to speak or talk to one; also to have to do carnally with one.
Fallar consigo mesmo, to speak to one's self.
Fallar a favor de algum, to speak for one.
Passaro que falla, a bird that speaks.
Fallar por entre os dentes. See *DENTES*.
Eu lhe ensinarei a fallar, (a sort of threatening) I'll teach him to rule his tongue.
Fallar no ar, to talk vainly, or out of the subject.
Fallar bem ou mal de algum, to speak well, or ill of one.
Fallar depressa, lançando cuspo pella boca, to sputter.
A cusa falla por si mesma, the thing speaks of itself.
Perse a fallar de algum, or *em algum*, to fall into discourse of one.
Fallar de papo, to talk after a lofty, stately manner.
Os olhos fallam, *eu fazem conhecer os pensamentos*, the eyes speak.
O que falla em publico, como *hum orador*, &c. a speaker.
Fallar, f. m. speech, ex. *Conheço-o no fallar*, I know him by his speech.
Falla-se, v. imp. they speak.
Falla-se muito nisto, it is a thing much talked of.
Não se falla mais nisto, there is no more talk of it.
Falla-se francez por toda a Europa, the French tongue is spoken all over Europe.
P. quem nam falla, *Deas nam o ouve*, we say, spare to speak, and spare to speed.
P. fallar sem cuidar de atirar sem apontar, to talk without thinking, is to shoot without taking aim; to let one's tongue run without reflecting on what one says, is like shooting at random.
P. tam duro de no doudo calar, como *ao falso fallar*, it is as hard for the fool to hold his tongue, as for the wife to talk.
P. falla pouco e tem terteira per algum, talk little and well, and you will be

counted somebody; that is, you will be esteemed.
FALLA'Z, adj. fallacious.
FALLECER, v. n. to die.
Fallecer, (*faltar*.) See *FALTAR*.
Fallecer em alguma cusa, to fail in one's duty, to be wanting in it, to neglect it.
FALLECIDO, p. of the preterperf. tense of, *fallecer*, dead, &c. See *FALLECER*.
FALLECIMENTO, f. m. See *MORTE*.
FALLE'NCIA, f. f. a fault, a mistake, an error.
Sem fallencia, without fail.
FALLI'VEL, adj. fallible, that may err.
FALO-HEI. See the v. *FAZER*.
FALPERRA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a trick, malice, or abuse.
FALQUEADO, a, adj. See *FALQUEAR*.
FALQUEAR, v. a. to rough-hew, to chip, to make slender, speaking of the body of a tree, trunk, &c.
FALRI'PAS, or *FARRIPAS*, f. f. p. (a vulgar word) thin hair.
FALSA, (in music) ex. *Especie falsa*. See *FALSO*.
FALSA'DO, a, adj. See *FALSAR*.
FALSABRA'GA, (in fortification) false bray.
FALSAME'NTE, adv. falsely, not truly.
FALSA'R, v. act. to falsify, to forge, to counterfeit, to adulterate, to embezzle.
Falsar a pela. See *FALSO*.
Falsar o pē. See *FALSO*.
Falsar. See *AMOLGAR*, *TORCER*, and *PASSAR*.
Falsar huma espada, to bend a sword.
Falsar, (in a moral sense.) See *BALDAR* and *FRUSTRAR*.
FALSA'RIO, f. m. a falsifier, a forger, a counterfeiter.
Falsario, a false witness.
Falsario, one that is forsworn, or forswears himself, a perjured man, a perjurer.
FALSEADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
FALSEAR, v. n. to be discordant, jarring, or untunable.
FALSETE, f. m. a false, or feigned treble in music.
FALSIDADE, f. f. falsity, falsehood, untruth, lye, tale, imposture.
FALSIFICA'ÇAM, f. f. falsification, falsifying, counterfeiting.
FALSIFICA'DO, a, adj. See *FALSIFICAR*.
FALSIFICADO'R, f. m. a falsifier, a forger, a counterfeiter, a false coiner.
FALSIFICA'R, v. a. to falsify, to forge, to counterfeit, to adulterate, to embezzle.
Falsificar a moeda, to counterfeit or embezzle the coin.
FALISO, f. m. (in cant) a handkerchief.
Falso, a, adj. false, untrue.
Falso, false, treacherous, perfidious, deceitful, hollow.

Falso, counterfeit, not real.
Amigo falso, a false friend.
Moeda falsa, false money.
Escriptura falsa, a counterfeit writing.
Affundar sobre, ou *fabricar sobre falso*, *em falso*, to build upon an ill bottom.
Affundar em falso, that has not a sound foundation.
Envidar de falso, an expression among gamesters, when one puts, though he holds nothing, only to brave his adversary. See also *ENVIDAR*.
Impor hum nome sobre falso, to give a wrong and undeserved name.
Por o pe em falso, or *falsar o pe*, to make a false step, or to miss one's footing.
Dar a pela hum palo em falsa, or *falsa a pela*, fifteen at tennis.
Porta falsa, a postern-gate, or back-door.
Especies falsas (in music) discords, sounds not of themselves pleasing, but necessary to be mixed with others.
Chave falsa, *eu feitiça*. See *CHAVE*.
FALTA, f. f. want, need, deficiency; also a fault at tennis, as when he that serves out the ball, strikes it out of play, or the like.
Falta de bens da fortuna, poverty, penury, indigence.
Ter falta de alguma cusa, to want, or to be without something fit, or necessary.
Fazer falta, to be missed, or wanted.
Elle fez falta a todos, he is missed by every body.
Sentir a falta, to miss, to perceive want of.
O que tem hum verdadeiro amigo pede carcer de todos os mais homens sem qui finca a falta d'elles, he who has a true friend, may want all the rest without missing them.
Sinto a falta deste rapaz, or *este rapaz me faz falta*, I cannot miss this boy.
Isto não me faz falta, I can make shift without it.
Falta, fault, neglect, carelessness.
Acurar algum de alguma falta, to fault one, to charge him with a fault.
O que faz, ou *comete huma falta*, a fault-er, one who commits a fault.
O que examina as faltas, a fault-finder.
Sem falta, without fail.
Cousa sem falta, *eu que não tem falta*, faultless, without fault, perfect.
Cousa que tem falta, faulty, defective, bad in any respect, not fit for the use intended.
FALTA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
FALTAR, v. n. to want, to need, to stand in need of; also to miss, to omit.
Eu nunca falta hum dia, I never miss one day.
Não vos faltara nada, you shall have no want of any thing, you shall want for nothing.
Que vos falta? What do you want?
Falta-me tudo, I want every thing.
Faltam-me as forças, I want strength, or my strength fails me.
Não me falta nada, I want nothing.

F A M

Falta-me dinheiro, money is short with me.
Faltar á palavra, to break one's word, to be unfaithful, to fail, to balk one, to disappoint him.
Faltar a sua obrigação, to neglect one's duty; or to fail in one's duty.
Faltar-me as palavras, I want words.
Faltar ao juramento, to be forsworn, to forswear one's self, to violate or go from one's oath.
Faltar a alguém, to forsake one; also to disappoint one, to balk one.
Falta bum quarto para as seis horas, it wants a quarter of an hour of six o'clock.
Pouco, ou nada faltava, there wanted little, or nothing.
Pouco faltou que o não matassem, he was very near being killed, or he was within a hair's breadth of being killed.
Faltar muito, to want a great deal, to come far short. (Speaking both of persons and things.)
Aqui falta bum quarto de ouro, here wants a piece of six shillings and nine pence.
Não falta quem diga, &c. there want not, or there are some that say, &c.
Nunca faltaram guerras civis, there will never want civil wars.
Faltar, to die.
Se por desgraça o pay lhe faltasse, if their father was unfortunately taken from them, if they had the misfortune to lose their father.
Eu não faltarei, I will not fail.
Faltar ao respeito, to break in upon the respect due to one, to be saucy, or impertinent before one.
FALTO, *a*, adj. deficient, wanting.
Falso de juizo, foolish, unwise, silly, sottish, unadvised.
Falso, (*defectuoso*.) See *DEFECTUOSO*.
FALU'A, *f. f.* a barge, such as are used on rivers for pleasure, or to carry people of note.

F A M

FAMA, *f. f.* fame, report, renown.
Sem fama, or *que não tem fama*, fameless, unheard of.
Ditar fama, to spread, or spread abroad a report.
Ditar ma fama de alguém, to report ill of one.
Homem que tem ma fama, a man ill reported of.
Acançar boa, ou má fama, to get a good or an ill name. See *REPUTAÇÃO*.
Molher de fama, a whore.
Fama, (in India) a sort of procession.
P. cobra boa fama, &c. See *COBRAR*.
P. quem a fama tem perdida morto anda nesta vida, he who has lost his reputation, is as good as dead whilst living; we say, one had as good be hanged, as have an ill name.
P. a quem ma fama tem, nem acompanhar nem digas tem, do not keep company with, nor be fond of one that has an ill name.

F A M

FAMACO. See *ESCAÇO*, and *MI SERAVEL*.
FAMELICO. See *FAMINTO*.
FAMIGERADO, *a*, adj. renowned, famous, that is of great note or reputation.
FAMILIA, *f. f.* family.
Pay de familia, the housekeeper, the master of the family.
Mãe de familia, the lady, mistress, or good wife of the house.
Filho familia, a son that is not emancipated.
Negócios de buma familia, family, or domestic concerns.
Familia, family, household, domestics.
Familia, *f. f.* family, house, flock.
O ultimo descendente de buma familia, a lagman, one that is the last of a family.
FAMILIAR, adj. domestic. See also *CASEIRO*.
Familiar, familiar, intimate, free.
Discurso, or pratica familiar, familiar discourse.
Estilo familiar, a familiar, free, or easy style.
Espirito, ou demonio familiar, a familiar, a familiar spirit, or hob goblin.
Trato familiar. See *FAMILIARIDADE*.
Familiar, *f. m.* a domestic, a servant.
Familiar do santo officio, persons of the greatest quality take it as an honour to be admitted to this title; and it is much sued for, none being admitted, but such as make it out they are not descended from Moors, or Jews. They are, for the most part, only titular officers of the inquisition, having no allowance, nor any thing to do, unless to appear in the public solemn acts of inquisition, or other extraordinary occasions. But there are other *familiars* in pay, who assist at apprehending of criminals, and other occasions.
FAMILIARIDADE, *f. f.* familiarity, familiar way of converse, intimacy.
P. a muita familiaridade causa desprezo, too much familiarity breeds contempt.
FAMILIARIZADO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of
FAMILIARIZAR-SE, *v. r.* to familiarize one's self, to make one's self familiar, to grow familiar, to contract a familiarity with.
Familiarizar-se, to match, to ally to many families.
FAMILIARMENTE, adv. familiarly.
FAMINTO, *a*, adj. hungry, hunger-starved; also covetous, greedy, eager.
FAMOSAMENTE, adv. extremely, extraordinarily, famously.
FAMOSO, *a*, adj. famous, renowned, celebrated, much talked of.
FAMULADO, *f. m.* serviceable attendance.
FAMULENTO, *a*, adj. See *FAMINTO*.

F A N

FAMULO, *f. m.* in colleges is a poor student, who, for his learning and maintenance, serves the college in general, but not any person in particular.

P A N

FANADO, *a*, adj. See *ESCAÇO*, *POBRE*, and the *v.* *FANAR*.
Putinha fanada. See *MARAFONA*.
Fanado judeo. See *FANECO*.
FANÁ'M, *f. m.* (in Ethiopia) a small sort of coin.
Fanam, (in India.) See *QUILATE*.
FANAR, *v. a.* to circumcise; also to cheat one of his money.
FANATICO, *a*, adj. fanatic.
FANCARIA. See *FANQUERIA*.
FANCHAM, *f. m.* a poltroon, a wretch, whose predominant passion is fear.
FANCHONICE, *f. f.* cowardice, pusillanimity, timidity.
FANEGA, *f. f.* a sort of sea-fish.
FANECO, or *judeo faneco*, a circumcised Jew.
FANEÇA, *f. f.* a corn measure containing four alqueires. See *ALQUEIRE*.
FANFARRA'M, *f. m.* a fanfaron, a hector, a braggadochio, a swaggerer, or swaggering fellow, bully, or hectoring blade; also a fop, a coxcomb.
FANFARRICE, *f. f.* swaggering; ostentation, rhodomontado, bragging, boasting; also foppery.
FANFURRIA. See *FANFARRAM*, and *FANFARRICE*.
FANGA, *f. f.* See *FANEGA*.
FANGAPENA, *f. f.* (among the wild people of Maranhão) a sort of *PAR-TASANA*, which sec.
FANHO SO, *f. m.* *sanbosa*, *f. f.* a snuffler, one that speaks through the nose.
FANT'COS, *f. m. p.* (a ludicrous word) small pieces or bits.
FANO, *f. m.* a temple.
FANQUERIA, or *FANCARIA*, *f. f.* a place in Lisbon where they sell Indian and foreign commodities.
FANQUEIRO, *f. m.* he who sells Indian or foreign commodities.
FANTASIA, or *FANTAZIA*, *f. f.* fantasy, fancy, imagination.
Fantasia, fancy, maggot, frolic, caprice, crochet, whim, whimsy, vagary.
Elle lê a-se de fantasias, he follows his own fancy, he does the things inconsiderately.
Se lhe dá, ou vem fantasia, if he takes a fancy.
Fantasia, or *Fantasia*, image, or representation of a thing formed by the mind.
Fantasia. See *FANTASTIQUE*.
Fantasia, (in music) an assaying, a voluntary, a musician's play extempore, such as comes next to his fancy.
Tocar de fantasia, it is when a master plays on an instrument, not any set lesson.

F A R

lesson, but by his own invention, or extempore composition.
Fantasia, (*fazam*.) See *FICCAM*.
FANTASIOSO. See *FANTAZIOSO*.
FANTASMA, *f. f.* a phantom, a ghost, an imagination of a weak brain.
Fantasma, an image, or representation of a thing formed by the mind to itself.
FANTASTICA. See *FANTASTIQUE*.
FANTASTICO, *a*, *adj.* fantastical, or fantastic, bred only in the imagination, unreal.
Fantástico, *f. m.* a self-conceited fellow.
FANTASTIQUE, *f. f.* self-conceit, or self-conceitedness.
FANTAZIA'DO, *p.* of the preterperfect tense of
FANTAZIA'R, *v. n.* to fancy to, imagine.
FANTAZIOSO, *a*, *adj.* full of vain fancies, or conceits.

F A O

FAOSTO. See *FASTO*.

F A Q

FAQUEIRO, *f. m.* a case of knives.
FAQUINHA, *f. f.* a little knife; also a young mare, &c. See *FACA*.
FAQUIRES, a sort of people in India that do public penance.

F A R

FARAÇOLA, *f. f.* (in India) the weight of about eighteen Portuguese pounds.
FARANDULA, or *FARANDULAGEM*, *f. f.* a trifle, a thing of small value. Spanish.
FARAUTE. See *ARAUTO*.
FARÇA, *f. f.* a farce, a comical representation, written without regularity; also a mock, a mockery; a mock-comedy stuffed with extravagant passages of wit.
FARÇANGA, *f. f.* parasang, or far-sango, a Persian measure of about four English miles, or, as others say, of three miles.
FARÇANTE, or *FARCISTA*, *f. m.* a player, one that acts a farça. See *FARÇA*.
FARDA, *f. f.* a soldier's dress, or clothes.
FARDA'DO, *a*, *adj.* See *FARDAR*.
FARDA'GEM, *f. f.* See *FARDA*.
FARDAR, *v. a.* to clothe the soldiers.
FARDEL, *f. m.* a truss, pack, or fardel.
FA'RO, *f. m.* a bale, a pack of merchandize.
Fazer bum farde, to make up into a bale.
Farde, (in India) the weight of forty-

F A R

two Portuguese pounds.
FARELENTO, *a*, *adj.* full of bran.
FARELINHO. See *ATOMO*.
FARE'LO, *f. m.* bran.
Farelo que tem alguma farinha, bran that has some meal among it.
Farelo que nam tem farinha, coarse bran.
Farelo de que se faz pão para cães, dogbolt, or flour for dogs.
P. aproveitador de furlos, espedigador de farinha, that is, one that saves at the spigot and lets it run out at the bung.
FARELO'RIO, *f. m.* so they call several sorts of sweet-meats; also any thing of small value, a trifle.
FAFALHA, or *FAFALHADOR*, *f. m.* a flammer, or flutterer, one who flutters, or flammers.
FAFALHADA, *f. f.* (a vulgar word) the whispering or rustling of trees shaken by the wind.
FAFALHA'R, *v. n.* to flutter, or flammer.
FAFANTE. See *FANFARRAM*.
FARINHA, *f. f.* meal, flour.
Flor, ou elbo da farinha, flour, or the finest meal.
Farinha de cevada, dessecada ao lume, barley flour dried at the fire.
P. não fazem boa farinha, they cannot agree; we say, they cannot set their horses together.
FARMACIA. See *PHARMACIA*.
FARNE'NTO, *f. m.* a sort of black grapes so called.
FARNESIS, ou *Farnesim*. See *FRE-NESIS*.
FARNETICO. See *FRENETICO*.
FARO, *f. m.* the smelling, or nose of dogs.
Que tem bom fero, quick-scented.
Ir pelo fero, (speaking of hunting dogs) to hunt upon scent.
Dar o fero a alguém de alguma causa, or *tomar o fero de alguma causa*, to distrust something, we say to smell a rat.
Faro, a town of the kingdom of Algarve in Portugal. Lat. *Pharus*; also a place in Alentejo, but inconsiderable.
Faro. See *PHARAS*.
FAROL, the lantern or watch-light on the poop of a ship.
FARPA, *f. f.* a rag, or rent; or a loose piece hanging from a garment, any thing flowing loosely from a flock.
Farpa do estandarte, a streamer, of the standard; cut like streamers.
Farpadafeita, anzol, &c. barb, the crooked, or hooked part of an arrow, fishing-hook, &c.
FA'RPADO, *a*, *adj.* that is made, or cut like streamers, cut in sundry fashions, forked; also barbed.
Farpado como a lingua da serpente com tres pontas, three-pointed, or three-forked.
FA'RPAM, *f. m.* See *ARPEO*.
FA'RPAR, *v. a.* to cut like streamers, or loose hanging pieces.

F A R

Farpas e anzol e mira as peixes, to bark, or crook a fishing-hook; or to make a fishing-hook in order to fish.
FARRAGEM, *f. f.* mixture of sundry grains together; also a mixture of good and bad together, hodge-podge. (Metaph.)
FARRAGU'ULO, *f. m.* a sort of cloak. From the Italian *ferrajuolo*.
FARRAPAM, *f. m.* a tattered demalion, a ragged fellow.
FARRAPARIA, *f. f.* quantity of rags or tatters.
FARRA'PO, *f. m.* a rag, tatter, tattered clothes.
Lembremo delle quando era coberto de farrapos, I remember him when he was all in tatters.
FARRAGU'ULO. See *FARRAGU'ULO*.
FARREJEAL. See *FERREJEAL*.
FARRICO'CO, *f. m.* (a vulgar word) one who carries the body to the grave, a bearer.
FARRIPAS. See *FALRIPAS*.
FA'RRRO, *f. m.* barley that has the husk just taken off, which serves to make a pisan for sick people.
FARROMA, *f. f.* (A vulgar word.) See *FANFARRICE*.
FARROUPILHA, (A ludicrous word.) See *FARRAPAM*.
FARRUPEO, (A vulgar word.) See *FARRUSCA*, (a vulgar word) an old and rusty sword.
FARSOLA, (A vulgar word.) See *FANFARRAM*.
FARTADELLA, *f. f.* See *BARRIGADA*.
FARTA'DO, *a*, *adj.* See
FARTA'R, *v. a.* to fill, to give one his belly full, to satiate; to satisfy, both in the proper and figurative sense.
Farta a sua ira, ou paixão, to satisfy one's anger, or passion.
Comer a fartar, to fill one's belly, to eat one's belly full.
Causa que não pode fartar, cloyness, that of which too much cannot be had.
Fartar-se, *v. r.* to eat one's belly full; also to be cloyed, surfeited, satiated, or tired.
FARTAVELHA'CO, *f. m.* a sort of plum so called.
FA'RTÉM, *f. m.* a little thing made in the manner of cheesecake, but the middle part is like a pudding of eggs, almonds, sugar cinnamon, cloves, &c. all this put in a thin paste and so baked; so called from the Latin *fervere*, to stuff.
FA'ERTO, *a*, *adj.* full fed; that hath his belly full, sated, glutted. See also *ABUNDANTE*, and *FER-TIL*.
Farto de comer ou de beber, sated with meat or drink.
Farto, surfeited, satiated, wearied, tired.
Estou farto de promessas, I am surfeited with promises.

F A T

Depois de farta de cherar, after she had cried enough.
Estou farto do mundo, I am wearied of the world.
FARTURA, f. f. cloyment, satiety. See also **ABUNDANCIA**.

F A S

FASCA'L, f. m. (in agriculture) a pile or heap of sheaves of corn.
FASCES, f. m. p. bundles of birchen rods, carried before the Roman magistrates, with an ax bound up in the middle of them, so as to appear at top.
FASCINAÇ'AM, f. f. fascination, a bewitching, charming, or enchanting by the eyes.
Consa causada por fascinaçam, fascinous.
FASCINA'DO, f. m. he that has been fascinated.
Fascinado, a, adj. See **FASCINAR**.
FASCINADOR, f. m. one that bewitcheth.
FASCINA'NTE, p. a. of
FASCINAR, v. a. to bewitch by the eyes, to influence in some wicked and secret manner.
FASQUI'A, f. f. a lath, a thin piece of cleft wood.
FASIDIOSO, a, adj. fastidious, disdainful.
Fastidioso, tedious. See also **ENFADONHO**, and **MOLESTO**.
FASTIE'NTO, a, adj. loathsome, causing satiety, or fastidiousness.
Fastento, fastidious, disdainful, insolently nice, delicate to a vice, squeamish.
Fastento, that sees food with dislike.
FASTO, f. m. a loathing, a wanting of appetite.
Ter fastio, to loathe, to see food with dislike.
Causar fastio. See **ENFASTIAR**.
Fastio do mar. See **ENJO'O**.
Fastio, (enfado) See **ENFADO**.
Temer fastio, to loathe, to hate, to look on with abhorrence.
Fazer fastio, to be tedious, to weary, to tire, to be wearisome.
O que tem fastio, a loather.
Fasto, f. m. pride, haughtiness. See also **POMPA**, and **MAGNIFICENCIA**.
FASTOS, f. m. p. calendars, wherein were set down the festivals by the Romans, as also the names of their officers, &c. also a book of Ovid's so called for that reason.

F A T

FATACA, a sort of fresh-water fish.
FATECA'Z, f. m. (a vulgar word) a large piece of bread, cheese, &c.
FAT'AL, adj. fatal, fustileous.
Fate, (função) See **FUNESTO**. See also **NOTAVEL**, and **FAMOSO**.
FATALIDADE, f. f. fatality, misfortune, unhappiness; also fatality.
Per fatalidade, or *sem fatalidade*, fatally.

F A V

FATALME'NTE, adv. idem.
FATASA. See **PATACA**.
FATA'XA, f. f. (A ludicrous word.) See **FACANHA**.
FATEOSIM. See **EMPHYTEOSIS**.
FATE'XA, f. f. a grapner, a small anchor belonging to a little vessel; a hook to drag things out of a well.
FATTA, f. f. a slice. ex: *Fatia de pão*, a slice of bread.
Fatia, (pedaço) See **PEDAÇO**.
FATIADO. } See { **ESFATIADO**.
FATIA'R. } { **ESFATIA'R**.
FATIAZINHA, f. f. a thin slice.
Fatiazinha de pão, a sippet, a thin slice of bread.
FATIDICAMENTE, adv. with knowledge of futurity, in manner of a prediction.
FATIDICO, a, adj. fatidical, having the power to foretell future events.
FATIGADO, a, adj. See
FATIGAR, v. a. to weary, to tire, to fatigue, to fatigue.
Fatigar, v. n. to fatigue one's self.
Que facilmente fatiga, ou *he fatigado*, fatigable, easily wearied, susceptible of weariness.
FATIOSIM. See **EMPHYTEOSIS**.
FATIO'TA, f. f. (A ludicrous word.) See **FATO**.
Levar, ou *levantar fatista*, to go away.
FATIVEL. See **FACTIVEL**.
FATO, f. m. clothes, goods, things.
Fato da casa, householdstuff, or implements, furniture, all things moveable within the house.
Fato. See **CABRADA**.
FATUAMENTE, adv. foolishly.
FATUIDADE, f. f. fatuity, foolishness.
FATUO, a, adj. fatuous, stupid, fatwitted.

F A V

F'AVA, f. f. a bean.
Cana da fava, a bean straw, or stalk, on which the pods hang.
Casca da fava, the husk, cod, or shell of a bean.
Fava com casca, a bean unshelled.
Fava de malaca. See **ANACARDO**.
Mandar alguém a fava, to get rid of one, to send him away with scorn.
FAVA'L, f. m. a field of beans.
FAUCES, f. f. p. the gorge or gullet-pipe.
FAVISSA, (with antiquaries) faviſſa, a hole, pit, or vault under ground, wherein some rarity of great value was kept.
FAU'LA, f. f. See **FAISCA**.
FAUAOS, f. m. Fauni, the gods of the woods and fields.
FAVO, f. m. a honey-comb.
Favo, (in medicine) anchor, a sort of cruſted ſcab on the ſurface of the head.
FAVO'NIO, f. m. Favonius, one of the winds, ſuppoſed to be the moſt advantageous for the good of the earth.

F A X

FAVO'R, f. m. favour, kindneſs, benefit, good office, courteſy.
Carta de favor, a recommendatory letter, or letter of recommendation.
Favor, (benefício) See **BENEFICIO**.
A meu favor, in my behalf.
Com o favor, by the favour, means, or help.
Elle teſou em favor de ſeu filho mais moço, he has left his eſtate to his younger ſon.
Deram ſentença em meu favor, the cauſe went on my ſide.
FAVORAVEL, adj. favourable, kind, propitious.
Ter o vento favoravel, favourable, to have a good wind.
Favoravel. See **BENIGNO**, and **SADIO**.
Favoravel, prosperous, favourable, lucky.
FAVORAVELMENTE, adv. favourably, kindly, with favour.
FAVORECEDOR, f. m. a favourer, one that aſſiſts, or relieves.
FAVORECER, v. a. to favour, to aid, to help, to aſſiſt, to relieve.
Favorecer algum no retrato, is for a painter to draw a picture finer than the perſon is.
FAVORECIDO, a, adj. See **FAVORECER**.
FAVORI'TAS, f. f. p. a ſort of ancient ornament for a woman's head.
FA'USTO, a, adj. See **FELICE**.
Dias fauſtos, (among the ancient Romans) court, or law-days.
Fauſto, or *Faſto*. See **FASTO**.
FAUTOR, f. m. a favourer, or fautor, a cheriſher, maintainer, or abettor.
FAUTORA, f. f. a ſhe-favourer, &c.
FAUTORIZA'DO, a, adj. See
FAUTORIZA'R, v. a. to favour, to countenance, help, back, aſſiſt. See **APADRINHAR**.
FAUTRI'Z. See **FAUTORA**.

F A X

FA'XA, or **FA'IXA**, f. f. a ſwathing band, a roller, ſuch as they uſe about children, &c.
Faxa, (in architecture) ſaſcia, one of the three bands of which the architrave is compoſed.
Faxa, a royal wreath or diadem.
Faxa, (in heraldry) ſeſſe.
Faxas, (in heraldry) bars.
Faxa de ferro, a plate, or thin piece of iron.
Faxas de ferro para cubrir as cainbas das rodas, bands of iron to cover the ſelloes of a wheel; ſtrakes.
Faxa, (eſpaço) See **ESPAÇO**.
Faxas do canham, the rings of a gun, or circles of metal, whole names are, the baſe ring, the reinforced rings, trunnion ring, cornice ring, and muzzle ring.
Taxas que o papa coſtuma mandar a os prime-

F A Z

primogenitos dos reis, swathes, or swadling clothes, which the pope uses to send to the first born of the kings.

FAXADO, or **FAIXADO**, *a*, adj. See **FAXAR**.

Faxado, (in heraldry) with a fesse, or with bars.

Faxado com huma faxa, with a fesse. (In heraldry.)

Faxado com sete, nove, ou qualquer outro numero impar de faxas, that has seven, nine, &c. bars, (in heraldry.)

Faxado com seis, oito, ou qualquer outro numero par de faxas, barwise, or barry of six, eight, &c. (in heraldry.)

FAXAR, or **FAIXAR**, *v. a.* to swathe.

FAXE'QUE, *f. m.* so they call in Japan some ministers of their king.

FAXINA, *f. f.* fascine, such as armies use to fill up ditches, raise trenches, or the like.

FA XO, *f. m.* (in cant) wood.

F A Y

FAYA, *f. f.* a beech-tree.

Causa de faya, ou *pertencente a faya*, beechen.

FAYAL, *f. m.* the place where beech-trees grow.

Faya, the most western island of the Azores, in the Atlantic ocean; it is so called from the number of beech-trees growing in it. It lies about mid-way between Europe and America. The English making a descent upon it, destroyed most of its fortifications. It belongs to Portugal.

F A Z

FAZENDA, *f. f.* an estate, wealth, riches, goods, fortune; also a farm, land, a plot of ground with a house belonging to it, a country farm, a country house, &c.

Homem que tem muita fazenda, a man of good fortune.

Fazenda real, the king's revenue, or treasure, the exchequer.

Conselho da fazenda, the council that has the direction of the king's revenue, the exchequer-court.

Letra fazenda, court hand, the hand or manner of writing used in judicial proceedings.

Fazenda de ley, so they call such commodities that are not liable to new fashions, or modes, as linen for shirts, iron to make arms, &c. because there is an established custom of wearing shirts made of linen, &c.

Diamante fazenda, so they call any little or large diamond that has any sort of work, provided it be crystalline.

FAZENDEIRO, *f. m.* he who endeavours, or works to get a fortune, a good husband, a man that knows and practises the methods of frugality and profit.

F A Z

FAZENDA'S, morals. (Obsol.)

FAZENDEINHA, *f. f.* a little farm, or manor; diminutive of *fazenda*.

FAZER, *v. a.* to do, to make, to create; also to form of materials.

Fazer huma saude, to drink a health.

Fazer, to cause, to bid, command or order.

Faz-lhe cortar a cabeça, he caused his head to be cut off.

Fazer, to concern, to import, to matter, to signify.

Que vos faz, eu que vos importa que elle venha ou não? what is it to you if he comes or not?

Fazer fim ao desejo, to satisfy one's desire or longing.

Fazer, (*fingir*.) See **FINGIR**.

Fazer por alguma coisa, to take pains, to endeavour, to labour to a certain purpose, to work for a certain end.

Faço por isso, I endeavour after it.

Fazer, (*igualar*.) See **IGUALAR**.

Fazer ao negocio, ou ao caso, to come to the purpose.

Fazer esmolas, to give alms.

Fazer gasto, to spend.

Fazer fumo, to smoke.

Fazer de comer, to dress the meat.

Fazer auzente a alguém, to believe one absent.

Fazer frio, it is cold.

Fazer gente, to raise men, soldiers.

Fazer em pedaços, to pull into pieces.

Fazer zombaria de alguém, to mock, or to laugh at a person.

Fazer caso. See **ESTIMAR**.

Nam fazais caso disso, do not mind that.

Fazer agoada. See **AGOADA**.

Isso me faz vir a agua á boca, this makes my teeth, or mouth water.

Fazer, (*alto*.) See **ALTO**.

Fazer, (*caras*.) See **CARAS**.

Fazer das tripas coração. See **CORACÃO**.

Fazer fista, to endear, to fondle.

Fazer huma festa, to give an entertainment, to feast.

Fazer as vias de alguém, to make any business for another.

Fazer trapações, to chicanery, to cavil, to quibble, to use tricks, fetches at law, to use quirks.

Fazer lugar, to make room.

Fazer merce, to grant a favour.

Fazer ouvidos de mercador, to make as if one were deaf.

Fazer suas necessidades, to ease one self, to go to stool.

Ter muito que fazer, to be very busy.

Fazer exercicio, to use exercise.

Fazer exercicio. (A military phrase.) See **EXERCICIO**.

Que fazeis aqui? what makes you here?

Fazer hum vestido, to make a suit of clothes.

Fazer huma ley, to make a law.

Fazer hum discurso, to make a speech.

Fazer guerra, to make war.

Fazer, to make, or force.

Fazer saber alguma coisa a alguém, to make one acquainted with a thing.

F A Z

Fazer enraivecet alguém, to make one mad.

Fazer conta, to make account, to intend; also to reckon. See **CONTA**.

Fazer, or **ajustar as contas**. See **JUSTAR**.

Isso não me faz nada, it makes nothing to me, that does not concern me.

Fazer pausa, to make a stop for a time, to pause.

Fazer de alguém tolo, to make a fool of one.

Fazer dinheiro de alguma coisa, to make money of a thing, to sell it.

Tornar a fazer, to make again.

Ter que fazer com alguém, to deal with one, to have to do with one.

Fa-lo-bei, I will do it; also I shall make him; as, *fa-lo-bi fallar*, calar, &c. I shall make him speak, hold his tongue, &c.

Fazer, joined to an adjective, or to a substantive, it takes their signification.

Fazer honra, to honour.

Fazer fey, to make known, to testify, to witness.

Fazer forte, to fortify, or strengthen.

Fazer mençam, to mention.

Fazer mal, to hurt.

Fazer parallel, to parallel, to compare.

Fazer de alguém o que huma pessoa quer, to dispose of one.

Faz vento, the wind blows.

Fazer vida com alguém, to cohabit, or dwell together.

Fazer a vontade a alguém, to comply with one's desire.

Fazer a sua vontade, to do as one pleases.

Fazer o possível, to do one's best, or endeavour.

Fazer a nutrem o que quizeramos que extrin nos fizesse a nós, to do by others as we would be done by.

A vossa carta fará grande effeito para com elle, your letter will do much with him.

Não fareis nada com isso, you will do no good in it.

Não fazais mais assim, do so no more.

Se tornardes a fazer assim, if ever you do so again.

Desejo que faça a sua fortuna, I wish he may do well.

Custoume muito a fazello vir, I had much to do to get him to come.

Que tendes vos que fazer com isso? what have you to do with it? or what is that to you?

Não tenho que fazer com isso, I have nothing to do with it.

Que faremos? what had we best do? what course had I best to take?

Fazer o que alguém manda, to do as one is bid.

Dar que fazer a alguém, to employ one, to set him at work, to set him upon some business.

Ter que fazer com huma mulher carnalmente, to have carnally to do with a woman.

Fazer

F A Z

Fazer de mim o que vos parecer, do with me as you shall think fit.
Fazer hum grande estroendo, to keep a heavy do.
O que faz tudo, do all.
Elle fez o que fez tudo naquello negocio, he was the do-all in that business.
Fazer huma boa casa, to raise, to set up one's family.
Que fareis hoje? what will you do to-day? how do you employ yourself to-day?
Fazer hum filho a huma malher, to get a woman with child.
Fazer o seu curso, to finish its course, as a star does.
Fazer a cama, to make the bed.
Não sei que lhe fazer, I can't help it.
Fazer grande negocio, to drive a great trade.
Fazer o seu officio, to exercise, or discharge one's office.
Fazer professam, to profess.
Todos o faziam, ou tinham por morto, they gave out that he was dead.
Fazer vir, to call, or send for.
Fazer entrar, ou sabir, to call in, or out, to bid one come in, or out.
Fazer sabir por força, to force or drive out, to drive forth.
Isto não faz nada, it is no matter.
Fazer boa cara no ruim jogo, to set a good face on a bad game.
Não sei que fazer disso, I have no need of that.
Ja nam tenho que fazer com elle, I have done with him.
Eu vou para onde tu nam tens nada que fazer, I go where thou hast no business.
Fazer exemplo em algum. See EXEMPLO.
Fazer hum livro, to write a book.
Fazer amizade com algum, to make friendship, to get into friendship with one.
Fazer das suas, to play the fool, to dodge, to play tricks.
Ajuda Deus me faça bem, como eu nam o fiz com mas fim, God help me, I meant no harm by it.
Elle sempre esta fazendo das suas, he is always playing his foolish tricks.
Fazer de pessoa, to behave courageously.
Fazer jurar algum, to tender the oaths to one, to put one to his oaths.
Fazer saltar, ou voar pellos ares, to blow up.
Fazer lenha, to sell wood.
Fazer lenha, (a sea term) to take in a provision of wood.
Fazer a ronda, to walk the rounds.
Fazer dividas, to run into debt, to contract debt.
Faz luar, the moon shines.
Fazer violencia, to offer violence.
Fazer fazer, ou encomendar, to bespeak, to get made.
Fazer fazer. See OBRIGAR.
P. quem má a faz, nella jáz, we say, self do, self harm.

F E A

P. fazer bem, nunca se perde; we say, do well and have well.
P. fazer mal, e espera outro tal, harm watch, harm catch.
Fazer-se, v. r. to turn, to become, to grow.
Fazer-se religioso, to turn monk, to go into a monastery.
Cousa que pode fazer-se, feasible, such as may be done.
Faz-se tarde, faz-se noite, it grows late, it grows towards night.
Fazer-se, to use, or inure one's self to a thing.
Fazer-se ver, to shew one's self.
Fazer-se, (fingir-se.) See FINGIR-SE.

F E

FE, f. f. faith, belief of the revealed truths of religion; also faith, truth in the honesty or veracity of another.
Dar fé, to perceive, to take notice.
Dar fé ao que algum diz, to believe, trust, or credit what one says.
Homem digno de fé, a credible man.
Fé, (lealdade.) See LEALDADE, and FIDELIDADE.
Guardar fé, to be faithful, to be just, to keep promise.
Quebrar a fé, to break faith, to violate a contract or promise.
Fé, a certificate, a testimony.
Fé, (prova.) See PROVA.
Fé, (opinião.) See OPINIAM, and IMAGINACAM.
Estou nesta fé, this is my opinion.
Estar na fé, to believe, think, make account, suppose or imagine.
Na fé de que, &c. supposing, considering, imagining, or taking for granted that, &c.
Fazer huma censa na fé de que agrada, to do a thing, believing it will please.
Fé, (tenção.) See TENCAM, and CONCIENCIA.
Boa fé, good faith, honesty, sincerity, fidelity, plain dealing.
Má fé, dishonesty, knavery, treachery, perfidiousness.
Homem de má fé, a knave, a cheat, a double dealer.
A falsa fé, ou com má fé, perfidiously, treacherously.
Ter fé em algum, ou em alguma cousa, to trust to, or in, to put trust, or confidence in a person, or in a thing.
Amar a algum por fé, to love one without having seen him.
Possuidor de boa, ou má fé, one that enjoys a thing, bona, or mala fide.

F E A

FEALDADE, f. f. deformity, ugliness; also enormity, or heinousness. (Metaph.)
FEAMENTE, adv. uglily, deformedly. See also VERGONHOSAMENTE.
FEANCHAM, f. m. a very ugly man.

F E C

F E B

FE'BE, f. f. the sister of Phœbus, the moon.
FE'DAO, a, adj. (a poetical word) of, or belonging to Phœbus, or the sun.
FE'BO, or *PHEBO*, f. m. (in poetry) the sun, or Apollo.
FEBRA. See FIBRA.
FEBRA'M, f. m. a great fever, augment. of *FEBRE*.
FEBRE, f. f. a fever, or an ague.
Febre quotidiana, a quotidian, or daily ague.
Febre continua, a continual fever.
Febre terçã, a tertian ague.
Febre terçã dobre, a semiterian ague, a sort of ague partaking of a tertian and quotidian.
Febre quartã, a quartan ague.
Febre quartã, a que os medicos chamaõ esquisita, ou tripla que repete todos os dias, an exquisite quotidian, or every day's ague. Lat. *amphimerina febris*.
Febre intermitente, an intermitting fever.
Febre malina, a malignant fever.
Febre ardente, a burning fever.
Ter febre, to be sick of a fever, to febricitate.
Que precede da febre, febrile, proceeding from a fever.
Que causa febre, feverous, having a tendency to produce fevers.
Que afugenta a febre, febrifuge, having the power to cure fevers.
Que tem febre, feverish, feverous, or fevery, febriculate.
Febre pequena, a feveret, a slight fever, febricula.
Febre, (metaph.) See PAXAM.
FEBREFU'GO, or *FEBRIFUGO*, f. m. a febrifuge.
FEBRICITANTE, f. m. and f. one that febricitates, or is in a fever.
Febricitante, adj. greedy, ambitious, desirous, that passionately covets any thing.
FEBRI'L, adj. febrile, belonging to a fever.
FEBRI'NHA, f. f. diminut. of *febre*, See *FEBRE pequena*.
FEBRUO, a, adj. of, or belonging to Pluto, infernal. (In poetry)

F E C

FECA'L, adj. (among physicians) dreggy, seculent.
FECENINO. See FESCENINO.
FE'CHA da carta. See DATA.
FECHA'DO, a, adj. close, inclosed, shut up, locked in, cooped up. See also the v. *FECHAR*.
Noite fechada, so they say when it is quite dark.
Homem muito fechado, a very close, or reserved man.
Ter alguma coisa fechada na mam, to dispose of a thing, to have the disposal of it. (Metaph.)
FECHADU'RA, f. f. a lock.
Abrir fechaduras com gazua, to pick a lock.

F E C

O que abre as fechaduras com gaxuas, a
pick-lock.
FECHA'R, v. a. to shut, or shut up;
also to stop the way to.
Fecbar a porta a algum, to shut one out
Fecbar a porta depois que algum tem en-
trado, ou sabido, to shut the door up-
on one.
Fecbar a chave, to lock, to lock up.
Fecbar com o ferrolho, to bolt.
Fecbar com a tranca, to bar, to make fast
with a bar.
Fecbar huma carta, to make, or close up
a letter.
Fecbar huma carta com sinete, to make
and seal up a letter.
Fecbar huma ferida, to close a wound.
Fecbar a mam, to clutch, or clinch one's
fit.
Fecbar a mam escondendo nella alguma
coisa, to palm, to conceal in the palm
of the hand, as jugglers.
Fecbar os olhos, to close, or shut the
eyes; also not to take notice of a
thing, to wink at it. (Metaph.)
Fecbar os olhos a tudo; we say, to run
through thick and thin. (Metaph.)
Fecbar, ou tapar hum caminho, to stop a
way.
Fecbar o olho. See MORRER.
Fecbar a algum de fora, to shut one out.
Fecbar, to barricade, to shut up.
Fecbar huma carta dentro de outra, to in-
close a letter within another.
Fecbar a cortina, to draw the curtain,
to close it so as to shut out the light,
or conceal the object.
Fecbar, ou cerrar com hum inimigo. See
CERRAR.
Fecbar, ou cerrar a conta. See CERRAR.
Fecbar hum discurso, to conclude a dis-
course. See also ACABAR.
Fecbar a abobada, to finish a vault.
Fecbar-se, v. r. ex.
Fecbar-se a chave, to lock one's self in;
also to close, or close up. (Speaking
of a wound, or sore.)
Fecbar-se, ou cerrar-se à banda. See
CERRAR-SE.
FECHO, f. m. ex. *Fecho ou chave da*
abobada. See CHAVE.
Fecho de açúcar, a small case filled up
with sugar.
Fecho, conclusion, end, close, issue.
Fechos de huma espingarda, ou pistola, the
lock of a musquet, or pistol.
Fechos de clariza, spanner, the lock of a
carbine.
Homem duro dos fechos, a constant, self-
willed, and inflexible man. (Metaph.)
FECIA'L, f. m. a herald at arms,
who denounces war or peace.
FECUNDA'DO, a, adj. See
FECUNDA'R, v. a. to make fruitful,
to fecundify.
Fecundar, (metaph.) See AUGMEN-
TAR, and MULTIPLICAR.
FECUNDIDA'DE, f. f. fruitfulness,
abundance, fertility, fecundity.
(Speaking of the earth, plants, ani-
mals, &c.)
Fecundidade do engenho, eloquence,
fluency. (Metaph.)

F E I

FECUNDO, a, adj. secund, fruitful,
prolific, copious, abundant. (Both in
the proper and figurative sense.)
F E D
FEDEGO'SA, f. f. the herb mercury.
FEDE'LHO, f. m. a stinking or pitiful
fellow, a brat.
FEDE'R, v. n. to stink, to smell rank.
Comçar a feder, to begin to stink.
Feder-like o bafô, his breath stinks.
Feder a alho, to stink of garlick.
Feder a catinga, to stink of jack-daws;
this they say of the negroes.
Causa que fede. See FEDORENTO.
Ja fede, so they say of a thing, or per-
son, that is troublesome or offensive.
O voffo bafô fede muito a vinho, your
breath smells very strong of wine.
Fede como cão morto, he stinks like a
dead dog.
Esta carne fede, this meat stinks, or has
a hogoo.
FEDI'DO, part. of the preterperf. of
FEDER.
FEDI'FRAGO, a, adj. that breaketh
a league, contract, &c.
FEDOR, f. m. stink, stench, strong
smell, hogoo, funk, sulliness.
Feder do sobaco dos braços, the rank
smell of the arm-hole, or arm-pit.
FEDOREN'TA, f. f. a stinking wo-
man; also a nice, squeamish, affect-
ed, and finical woman.
FEDORENTO, a, adj. stinking,
strong, sultry.
Bafô fedorento, a stinking strong breath.
Melhor muito gorda e fedorenta, a wo-
man noisomely fat.
Fedorento, f. m. a stinking man; also
an affected finical, over-nice man, a
man of squeamish taste, that is easily
disgusted.
F E I
FEIÇA'M, f. f. garb, comeliness, be-
haviour, carriage.
Homem de boa, ou linda feiçam, a man of
good address, a polite man.
Nam ter feiçam de gente, to be very ugly,
deformed, or disfigured.
P.r em feiçam, (a military expression) to
rank, to place a-bread, to range, to
put in ranks.
FEIÇOENS, the plural of *feiçam*, fea-
tures, the lineaments of the face.
FEIJÁ'M, f. m. French-beans.
Feijam sapata, or bijes, kidney-beans.
Feijam fradi-bo, a sort of small French-
beans with a black spot.
Feijam, a sort of bird so called.
FEIRA, f. f. a fair, or great market.
Presente que se faz no tempo da feira prin-
cipalmente aos meninos, fairing.
Fazer a sua feira. See FEIRAR.
Dia de feira, fair day.
Segunda feira, Monday.
Terça feira, Tuesday.
Quarta feira, Wednesday.
Quinta feira, Thursday.

F E I

Sesta feira, Friday.
Sesta feira da pazam, Good-friday.
Gidade onde se faz grande feira, a mart
town.
FEIRA'DO, a, adj. See
FEIRA'R, v. a. to buy in a fair, or
great market.
FEI'SSIMO, a, adj. sup. very ugly.
FE'ITA, ex. *Defia feita, now, now at*
length, at this time.
FEITICE'IRA, f. f. a witch, a hag,
or sorceress.
Festas que as feiticeiras fazem de noite,
the night revellings of witches.
Feiticeira, a sort of feast so called.
FEITICE'IRO, f. m. a wizard, witch,
sorcerer.
Feiticeiro, a, adj. charming, bewitch-
ing, pleasant, delightful.
FEITICER'IA, f. f. sorcery, witch-
craft.
FEITI'ÇO, f. m. sorcery, charm.
Dar feitiços. See ENFEITIÇA'R.
Feitiços para inclinar a ventade de huma
pessoa a amar outra, love-charms, or
medicines causing love, a philter.
Dar feitiços neste sentido, to philter, to
charm to love.
Feitiço, a, adj. artificial, done or
made by art.
Feitiço, (fingido.) See FINGIDO.
Feitiço, (metaph.) attractive, charm,
allurement.
FEITI'O, f. m. workmanship, or
make of a thing, also cost, charge,
expence for the making of any thing.
Perder o tempo, e o feitiço, to lose both
cost and pains.
Feitio. See FEIÇOENS.
Feitio, sort, quality, temper. See also
FRAGO.
FEITO, f. m. fact, act, deed, action.
Feito d'armas, feat of arms, exploit, at-
chievements.
Feitos heroicos, heroic exploits.
Feito, papers, writings, belonging to a
law-suit.
Fallar a algum a feito, to challenge
one, to send him a challenge.
Causa de feito, matter of fact.
Feito, a, adj. done, made, &c.
Ho que he bem feito? well done! O fac-
tum bene!
Homem feito, a full grown man.
Homem bem feito, a genteel, or accom-
plished man.
Dito e feito, no sooner said but done.
Seu feito assi, I am of that temper, that
is my humour.
Que he feito delle? what is become of
him?
Feito, used, inured, accustomed, or
brought up to a thing.
Essar em a espada feita, to lie upon one's
guard. (In fencing.)
FEITO'R, f. m. a bailiff of husband-
ry, an under steward of a manor.
Feitor de hum convento de religiosas, one
that does business for a nunnery.
Feitor de huma feitoria de mercaderes, a
factor, a merchant's factor.
Feitores da alfandega, the commissioners
of the custom-house.

FEL

FENTORIA, f. f. the employ of a tutor. See **FEITOR**.
Fetoria, the wages allowed to a *feitor*. See **FEITOR**.
Fetoria, factory, a house, or district inhabited by traders in a distant country; also the traders embodied in a distant country.
FEITORIZA'DO, a, adj. See **FEITORIZA'R**, v. a. to be a factor.
Feitorizar a fazenda de algum, to take care of another's goods, to sell them for him.
FEITU'RA, f. f. creature, one that has been made or preferred by another.
FEIXE, f. m. a faggot, a bundle of wood, twigs, straw, reeds, &c.
Feixe de lagar, a press for oil, wine, &c.
FEIXINHO, f. m. a little bundle, diminut. of *feixe*.

FEL

FEL, f. m. the gall.
Amargo como fel, as bitter as gall.
Fel da terra, the lesser centaury, an herb so called because of its bitterness.
Não ter fel, to have no gall, to be all meekness.
P. agora da pãe e mel, e depois dara pãe e fel; we say, after sweet meat comes sour sauce; the Lat. say, *post gaudia luctus*.
Dara b.ber fel, (metaph.) to afflict, to trouble.
Fazer algum de fel e vinagre, idem.
P. Lingua doce como mel, e coração amargo como fel, a honey tongue, a heart of gall.
FELEPECI'M. See **FILIPIXIM**.
FELICE. See **FELIZ**.
FELICEMENTE, adv. happily, prosperously, luckily.
FELICIDA'DE, f. f. happiness, felicity.
FELICITA'DO, a, adj. See **FELICITA'R**, v. a. to succeed, to prosper, to make successful. See also **BEATIFICAR**.
FELIPE'NDULA, f. f. the herb dropwort.
FELI'Z, adj. happy, fortunate, lucky, blessed.
Feliz memoria, an excellent and happy memory.
FELIZEMENTE, ou **FELIZMENTE**, adv. happily.
FELLIPODIO. See **POLYPODIO**; also a sort of drug.
FELPA, f. f. shag, such as breeches are made of, or the like.
FELPADO. See **FELPUDO**.
FELPECHIM. See **FILIPIXIM**.
FELPU'DO, a, adj. hairy, shaggy.
FELTRO, f. m. felt, cloth made of wool united without weaving; so called from *Feltri*, in the Venetian territories.
Filtros, ou sapatos de feltro, felt-shoes.
Fazer feltro, to felt, to unite without weaving.
FELUGEM. See **FULIGEM**.

FEO

FEM

FEMEA, f. f. a female, a she, one of the sex which brings young. See also **MACHO**.
Femea, (speaking of birds) a hen.
Femea do pardal, ou pardoca, a hen-sparrow.
FEMEA'L. See **FEMINIL**.
FEMENTI'DO. See **FEDIFRAGO**.
FEMINIDA'DE, f. f. womanish weakness, and imbecility.
FEMINI'L, adj. womanish, of a woman, effeminate.
FEMINI'NO, a, adj. womanish, of a woman, woman-like.
Genero feminino, (in grammar) feminine gender.
Planeta feminino, (in astrology) feminine plants, or such as surpass in passive qualities, i. e. moisture, and dryness.

FEN

FENDA, f. f. chap, chink, crevice, gap, crack.
FENDENTE, f. m. a cutting blow given downright.
FENDE'R, v. a. to cleave, slit, or spilt, from the Lat. *findo*.
Fender, to cross, to run cross, to flow, or run between. (Speaking of a river.)
Fender as ondas, to cleave the waves.
FENDI'DO, a, adj. cleft, &c. See **FENDER**.
Que tem a unha fendida, cloven-footed, cloven-hoofed, having the foot divided into two parts.
As duas partes da unha fendida, clees, the two parts of the foot of beasts which are cloven-footed.
FENECE'R, v. n. to end, or make an end, to have an end, to reach, to be extended. See also **ACABAR**.
Fenecer, v. a. to finish, to bring to a conclusion.
FENECI'DO, a, adj. finished, ended, concluded.
FENIZ. See **PHENIZ**.
FENO, f. m. hay.
A casa do feno, a hay-loft, or other place where hay is laid up.
Feno da ultima fega, lateward hay.
Colheita do feno, the harvest of hay, sweepage, or swepage.
Tempo da colheita do feno, hay-making time.
Segador do feno, a mower, or cutter of grass.

FENOMENO. See **PHENOMENO**.

FEO

FEO, a, adj. deformed, ugly, ill-favoured, homely.
Fazer feo, to disfigure, to deface.
Fazer-se feo, to grow ugly.
Fco, (*vergonhoso*.) See **VERGONHO**.
SO, and **INDECENTE**.
Fco, (*desonesto*.) See **DESHONESTO**, and **ESCANDALOSO**.

FER

Fco, (*horrifico*.) See **HORRIFICO**.

FER

FE'RA, f. f. a wild beast. Lat.
FERACI'SSIMO, a, adj. superl. very fruitful.
FERAES festas, (among the Romans) *feralia*, festivals dedicated to the manes.
FERDIZE'LLO, f. m. a sort of bird with a black cap in the head.
FERETRO. See **TUMBA**, and **ATAUDE**.
FEREZA, f. f. fierceness, cruelty, ferocity.
FERIA, f. f. (in the language of the church, or in the breviary) the psalms or office appointed to be said by clergymen on a *feria*, or a day of the week between Sunday and Saturday, that is not holy-day, nor appointed to venerate any saint.
Segunda feria, ou feira. See **FEIRA**.
Feria, a workman's wages.
FERIADO, ex. *Dias feriados, or ferias*, holy-days on which all the courts of justice are shut up, days vacant, vacation, gaudy days.
FERIAS, f. f. p. See **FERIADO**.
Ferias que se concedem aos estudantes nas universidades, gaudy days, or holy-days, the time when school is broke up.
Dar ferias aos cuidados, (metaph.) to cast away cares.
FERIDA, f. f. wound.
Que não tem ferida, woundless.
Ferida, (among hunters) the place wherein partridges sometimes lurk.
Tocar ou bulir na ferida a a'guem; we say, to touch a galled horse upon the back.
FERIDA'DE, (a poetical word.) See **FEREZA**, and **CRUELDADE**.
FERI'DO, a, adj. wounded, struck: *Ferido do rayo*, blasted with lightning: *Batalha bem ferida*, a bloody battle.
FERIDO'R, f. m. one that wounds. See also **FUZIL**.
FERIME'NTO, f. m. a wounding, or striking.
Ferimento do compasso, (in music.) See **COMPASSO**.
FERI'NO, a, adj. of, or pertaining to wild beasts. See **CRUEL**.
FERI'R, v. a. to wound, to strike; also to reach, or to arrive at.
Ferir a algum, to wound one.
Ferir, (in music.) See **TOCAR** and **TANGER**.
Ferir fogo, to make to shine, or glister.
Ferir lume com pedrinha, to strike fire.
Ferir a vista, to strike the sight; also to dazzle.
Ferir o ponto; we say, to hit the nail on the head, or the bird on the eye.
Ferir a silla o cavallo, is for the saddle to hurt, or gall the horse.
Ferir o remo as agoas, (a poetical expression.) See **REMAR**.
FERMENTAÇAM, f. f. fermentation.
FERMENTA'DO, a, adj. See **FERMENTA'R**, v. a. to leaven.

FER

Fermentar a massa, to leaven the dough.
Fermentar-se, v. r. to puff, or rise up by leavening.
FERMENTO, f. m. ferment, that which causes an irregular motion.
FERMOSA, or *ilba fermosa*. See **FERMOSO**.
FERMOSAMENTE, adv. beautifully.
FERMOSEADO, a, adj. See **FERMOSEAR**, v. a. to beautify.
FERMOZO, or *fo-mofo*, beautiful, handsome.
Fermoso, (*f.reno*.) See **SERENO**.
Fermoso tempo, sunshiny weather.
Fermoso basbaque, a great fool. (Ironically.)
Fermosa loucura, a notable folly.
Ilba fermosa, the most considerable island belonging to Tokin in China, in Asia. The principal town of it called Tyowan was taken by the Dutch from the Portuguese in 1635. But the same Dutch were routed from it by Coxinga, for treacherously seizing on a vessel loaded with treasure to pay his army with.
FERMOSURA, or **FORMOSURA**, f. f. beauty.
FERO, a, adj. See **CRUEL**.
Fero, enormous, exceeding in bulk the common measures.
Fera batalha, a bloody battle.
FEROCIDADE, f. f. fierceness, cruelty, ferocity. See also **EFFERESCENCIA**.
FERONIA, f. f. the fictitious goddess of the groves.
FEROS, f. m. p. great threatenings, menaces, or sharp words.
FEROZ, fierce, wild, furious.
FEROZMENTE, adv. fiercely, cruelly.
FERRA, f. f. a shovel, an iron instrument consisting of a long handle, and broad blade with raised edges, a fire-shovel.
FERRA, or **FERRAM**, f. f. barley that is not yet eared. It serves for oxen and other beasts.
FERRADA, or *ferrado da criança*. See **FERRADO**.
Ferrada de tirar agoa. See **BALDE**.
FERRADO, a, adj. shod, bound, tipped, or pointed with iron; also marked with a marking iron.
Agoa ferrada, chalybeate water.
Ferrado com o ferrete, (speaking of a slave and some others) branded. See also the v. **FERRAR**.
Ferrado, f. m. ex. *Ferrado de tibia*, the blood of the cattle-fish.
Ferrado, (*tarro*.) See **TARRO**.
Ferrado, ou ferrada da criança, the thick and black humour, or excrements that first comes out from a newly born child.
FERRADOR, f. m. a farrier, a shoer of horses.
Talgão, ou couro onde o ferrador tem os seus ferrões, a farrier's pouch.
FERRADURA, f. f. a horse-shoe.
FERRAGEM, f. f. iron-work. See also **FERRADURA**.

FER

Ferragem de huma roda, iron clouts about a wheel.
FERRAGOULO, f. m. a sort of cloak used in former times with a cape.
FERRAL, ex. *Uva ferral*, a black grape with a hard thick skin.
FERRAMENTA, f. f. an iron-tool.
FERRAM, f. f. sting, prick; also a sharp iron point in a child's top, or in a pilgrim's staff, &c.
Ferram da mosca, &c. the sting of a fly, &c.
FERRAMSI'NHO, f. m. diminut. of *ferram*, a little sting, sharp point, &c.
FERRAR, v. a. to bind about with iron work.
Ferrar hum cavallo, to shoe a horse.
Lugar aonde se ferram os cavallos brabos, trave, travel, or travise.
Ferrar, ou por hum ferram, to tip or furnish with a *ferram*. See **FERRAM**.
Ferrar com ferrete, to brand, to mark with a marking-iron.
Ferrar, (a sea term) to cast anchor.
Ferrar as velas, (a sea expression) to furl the sails.
Ferrar o panco, idem.
Ferrar, to fix, to thrust in the ground, to set, or set up.
Ferrar o bordam, (a vulgar phrase) to fix, or settle one's dwelling in a place.
Ferrar a agoa, to dip a burning or hot iron in water, to make chalybeate water.
Ferrar as unhas em alguma coufa, to gripe fast, to hold with the nails.
Ferrar-se com alguém, ou com alguma coufa, v. r. to take hold, to cling, to keep close to, to cleave, to stick, or stick fast.
Ferrar-se com o inimigo. See **CERRAR** com o inimigo.
FERRARIA, f. f. a smith's shop, or the place where smiths live.
FERREGIAL. See **FERREJEAL**.
FERREJADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
FERREJAR, v. n. to forage, to cut *ferram* for the horses. See **FERRAM**.
FERREJEAL, f. m. a piece of ground sowed with barley, which is to be cut before being eared; from *ferraa*.
FERREIRINHO, f. m. a sort of little bird so called.
FERREIRO, f. m. a blacksmith.
Ferreiro. See **FERREIRINHO**.
FERRENHO, a, adj. hard as iron. See also **INFLEXIVEL** and **PERTINAZ**.
FERREO, a, adj. of iron.
FERRETE, f. m. brand, or mark. See also **LABEO**, and **INFAMIA**.
Azul ferrete. See **AZUL**.
FERRETOADA, f. f. a puncture, a small prick, a pricking, or stinging.
Dar huma ferretuada, to sting.
FERRICO CO. See **FARRICOCO**.
FERRINHO, f. m. a small piece of iron.
Ferrinho da fivela. See **FIVELA**.
FERRO, f. m. iron.
Coufa de ferro, iron, made of iron, irony.

FER

Ferro da lança, ou da seta, the head of a spear, or arrow.
Cer de ferro, dark iron grey colour.
Ferro, (*ancora*.) See **ANCORA**.
Ferro, a sword, a dagger, a spear, &c.
Pao ferro, or barbutano, iron-wood, a kind of wood extremely hard. It grows in America.
Ferro de alfyate, a goose, a taylor's smoothing iron.
Ferro de engomar. See **ENGOMAR**.
Ferro de arado, the coulter, the sharp iron of the plough which cuts the earth.
Ferro velho, old horse-shoes, or the like, that is almost past using.
Ferro que se põem na ponta da cana, em do cabo de huma faca, &c. a ferrel, or ferrule, a piece of iron to be put on the end of a cane, haft of a knife, &c.
Ferro e fogo, fire and sword.
Ferro de lewa, (in a crane or engine to draw up burdens) slings, or iron pincers.
Ferro morto, so they call the iron that is not reeled, such as that of a soil.
Ferros, ou sorte de algemas que se põem nos cavallos para os fustellos a andar a passo, a trammel.
Corpo de ferro, (metaph.) a body of iron, a strong robust body.
Idade, ou século de ferro, the iron-age.
Barra de ferro, an iron bar.
Ferro caldo, ou ferro quente, ordeal by fire; it was when the party accused undertook to prove his or her innocence by walking blindfold and barefoot between nine red-hot plough shares, laid at unequal distances one from another; or by holding a red-hot iron in his or her hand.
Ferrugem de ferro. See **FERRUGEM**.
Que tem coração de ferro, hard-hearted.
Mulhar em ferro frio, (metaph.) to lose time, to labour in vain.
Bater o ferro quando esta quente, to beat the iron whilst it is hot, to make hay whilst the sun shines.
Ferro, (*monçã*.) See **MONÇAM**, **OCASIAM**, and **VIAGEM**.
Ferro para ferrar, ou marcar, a marking-iron.
Ferro de encrespas cabe'las, a crimping-pin, or an iron to curl the hair with.
Mina de ferro, an iron mine.
O que contrata em ferro, an ironmonger, a dealer in iron.
P. quem com ferro mata a ferro morre, he who kills by the sword, dies by the sword, taken from our Saviour's words to St. Peter.
P. carregado de ferro carregado de medo, he who is loaded with iron is loaded with fear; that is, he who loads himself with armour and weapons against danger, discovers he is much afraid.
P. quando o ferro esta acendido estão ba de ser batido, you must strike whilst it is hot.
FERROPI LHA, f. m. (a vulgar word) a sorry fellow, a rascal, a scrub.
FERROLHA DO, a, adj. bolted.
O que esta ferrolhado, ou escondido em coja,

FER

cafa, one who hides himself in his own house, a bolter.
FERROLHA'R, v. a. to bolt.
FERROLHO, s. m. a bolt.
FERROPEA, s. f. See **GRILHAM**.
FERROS, the plural of *ferro*, irons, chains, fetters, iron-chains.
Par eu meter em ferras, to chain, to clap up in irons.
Ferris del-rey. See **CADEA**.
FERROTOADA. See **FERRETOADA**.
FERRU'GEM, s. f. rust.
Cor de ferrugem, or *ferrugenta*. See **FERRUGENTO**.
Ferrugem de ferro, the rust, or rustiness of iron.
Ferrugem de cobre, de latam. See **AZINHAVRE**.
Ferrugem de cheminé, the reek, or soot of a chimney.
Cuberto com ferrugem de cheminé, sooted.
Ferrugem das sementiças. See **ALFORRA**.
Ferrugem dos olhos, dimness, dulness of sight.
Criar ferrugem em si, to rust, or grow rusty; also to be impaired by time or inactivity. (Metaph.)
Criar, ou fazer criar ferrugem, to rust, to make rusty.
Tirar a ferrugem. See **DESENFERRUJAR**.
FERRUGENTO, a, adj. rusty; also impaired by time or inactivity.
Navio que tem os pregos e a de mais ferrugem ferrugenta, a ship that is iron sleek.
Cor ferrugenta, dark blue, or murrey, mingled of black and red.
FERRUMPEO, s. m. See **FARRUSCA**.
FERTIL, adj. fruitful, fertile, abundant.
FERTILIDA'DE, s. f. fertility, abundance, plenteousness.
FERTILIZA'DO, a, adj. See
FERTILIZA'R, v. a. to fertilize, to fertilize, to fecundate, to make fruitful, or productive.
FERVEDOURO, s. m. a philter.
Fervidouro de ferrugem. See **FORMIGUEIRO**.
FERVENÇA. See **FERVURA**.
FERVENTE, adv. fervent, hot, boiling; also ardent, earnest, eager, fervid.
FERVE'R, v. n. to boil.
Fazer ferver huma coisa a'e a metade, e não inteiramente, to parboil.
Ferver demasiadamente de forte que o liquor corra para fora do vaso, to boil over, to run over the vessel with heat.
Fazer ferver pés de boy até que se reduzam em gelea, to boil neat's feet to a jelly.
Ferver, to work, to be in a fermentation, as wine and other liquors do.
Ferver o sangue, to be hot, eager, restless.
Ferver em pilbas, to swarm with lice.
Ferver, to be crowded, to swarm, to be filled up with confused multitudes.

FES

Ferver, to crowd, to incumber by multitudes.
Ferve a guterra em todo o Portugal, all Portugal is in arms.
Ferver a peste em algum reyno, is for a kingdom to be miserable vexed with the plague.
Ferver o desejo, or *estar fervendo o desejo*, to desire earnestly.
Este capam serviu demasiadamente this capon is boilded to rags.
Ferver, v. a. to boil, to seeth, to decoct in hot liquor.
Caldeira, ou vaso em que se ferve alguma coisa, a seether, a boiler, a pot.
Lugar, no qual se ferve o sal nas salinas, boilary, a place at the salt-works where the salt is boiled.
FERVESCENTE, adj. (among physicians) that has an effervescency, or grows very hot.
FERVIDO, a, adj. boiled, &c. See **FERVER**.
Fervido, a, adj. fervid, vehement, eager, violent, precipitate, hot; also scorched, burned, parched.
Fervido, accelerated, that has a quickness of motion. See also **FOGOSO**.
Fervido, (among physicians) very hot, fiery.
FERVOR, s. m. fervour, vivacity, warmth, fervour of mind, earnestness, fervency, great zeal; also heat of blood.
FERVOROSAMENTE, adv. earnestly, eagerly, zealously.
FERVOROSO, a, adj. fervorous, earnest, eager, zealous.
FERVURA, s. f. seething, or bubbling up.
Fervura pequena, walm, a little boil over the fire.
Depois de tres, ou quatro fervuras as ervas estam cozidas, three or four walms is enough to boil herbs.
Levantar fervura, to boil, or bubble up, to raise in bubbles, to wamble.
Dar huma fervura, to make boil, bubble up, or rising in bubbles once.
Dar duas fervuras, to make bubble up, or raise in bubbles twice.
Quebrar a fervura, or *deitar agoa na fervura*, (metaph.) to curb, to restrain, to repress.

FES

FESCENINO, a, adj. wanton, smutty.
From Fescenna, a town in Italy near the Tiber, now called Galese. Hard.
FESTA, s. f. a feast, a festival, an entertainment, merry-making.
Festa, or *dia de festa*, a holy-day, a festival day.
Festas mudavies, moveable holy-days.
Festas immudavies, set holy-days.
Guardar o dia de festa, to keep the holy-day.
A festa do natal, Christmas-day.
Festa, caresses, demonstration of kindness.
Fazer festa a algum, to make one welcome, to use one kindly; also to

FES

cringe, to fawn, to court by frisking before one, as a dog.
Fazer festa a hum menino, &c. to cocker, to cade, to fondle, to caress, or to fondle a child, &c.
Memmo eu souja a que se faz muita festa, a fondling.
Fazer festa correndo a man por cima, to stroke.
Festa de bodas, a wedding-feast.
Vestido de festa, Sunday's cloaths.
Cuida que sem elle não se pode fazer esta festa, he makes himself necessary.
Festas publicas, public rejoicing and entertainment, as fire-works, horse-races, &c.
Festa dos touros. See **TOURO**.
De festa, ou concernente a festa, festival, solemn.
Fazer huma festa. See **FESTEJAR**.
Dar as boas festas a algum, to wish a happy Christmas, or Easter to one, to wish one the compliments of the season.
Nem sempre há festa, every day is not Sunday.
P. quem te faz festa, não sendo fazer, ou te quer enganar, or *te há mistar*, he that makes more of you than he is wont to do, either designs to cheat you, or stands in need of you.
P. sem mim não se faz esta festa, they cannot make shift without me.
FESTABOLE, so they anciently called the city of Porto in Portugal.
FESTA'M, s. m. flowers, or fruit-work graven in chapters of pillars, &c. a festoon.
FESTEIRO, s. m. he who prepares and takes care of a festival.
FESTEJA'DO, a, adj. See
FESTEJA'R, v. a. ex. *Festear a algum*, to welcome one, to rejoice, or give any entertainment for his coming, or for some other reason.
Festear, (applaudir.) See **APPLAUDIR**.
Festear alguma coisa, to rejoice at a thing, to give an entertainment on account of it, to receive it with joy.
Festear com riso, to laugh in one's sleeve.
Festear, ou fazer huma festa. See **CELEBRAR**.
Festear, to wag the tail, to fawn upon, to cringe, as a dog does.
Festear por lisonja e servilmente, to fawn upon, to court by frisking before one, as a dog.
O que festia desta sorte, a fawner.
FESTEJO, s. m. an entertainment, a kind reception.
Festejo lisonjeiro, e servil, cringe, a fawning cringe.
FESTIM. See **BANQUETE**.
FESTIVAL, adj. festival. See also **ALEGRE**.
FESTIVALMENTE, adv. handsomely, with a good grace, or kind reception.
FESTIVO, a, adj. festival solemn, belonging to an entertainment.

FESTO,

FEY

FESTO, f. m. ex. *manies de festo*, a sort of collar formerly used.

FET

FETAL, f. m. a fern-field.

FETAM. See **FETO**.

FETIDO, a, adj. stinking, rank.

FETO, or **FETAM**, f. m. fern, a plant.

Cuberto de feto, ferny.

Cousa em que se tem gravado f-lbas de feto, a thing that is indented about like fern, notched, scalloped.

Feto, the fetus, or young in the womb, any animal in embryo.

FEV and FEU

FEVARA. See **FEVERA**.

FEUDATARIO, f. m. a feudatory, one who holds not in chief.

FEUDATARIO, a, adj. feudal.

Terra, willa, &c. *feudataria á coroa*, a fief held directly and without meise of the crown.

FEUDO, f. m. fee, or fief, feudal tenure, lands and tenements which the vassal holds of his lord by fealty and homage, or pays rent.

Feudo dominante, a fief, or manor belonging to the lord paramount; a fief held in chief, and of which many others hold.

Feudo servente, a meise, or inferior fief, that holds of another.

Feudo nobre, a noble fief or manor.

Feudo rural, a fief held in socage, a fief abridged, restrained, and not noble.

FEVERA, f. f. a small sprout, or string like hair hanging at the roots of herbs; or at inwards, or entrails. See also **FIBRA**.

Homem de severa, or *valente*, a stout and brave man.

Fevera, *ou carne de severa*, the pulp, the fleshy part or brawn of any meat; a piece of flesh without bone and fat.

FEVEREIRO, f. m. February, the name of the second month in the year.

FEZ

FEZ, the sediment of liquors, dregs, lee; also the dross of metal.

Fez, the baser sort, the mob, the scum. (Metaph.)

As fezes do povo, the dregs of the people, the riff-raff of the people, the mob.

Que tem fezes, dreggish, or dreggy.

Abundancia de fezes, dreggishness, fulness of dregs or lees.

Fazes de ouro, litharge of gold.

F E Y

FEYO. See **FEO**.

FEYTO, a, adj. See **FEITO**, a.

FIB

FIA

FIADO, f. m. thread.

Fiado posto no tear, woof, weft.

Fiado, a, adj. trusting in, or relying upon.

Fiado no vosso favor, trusting in, or relying upon your favour.

Dar, ou vender fiado, to trust, to sell upon trust, to give credit.

Comprar fiado, to buy, to take upon trust, to tick, or go upon tick.

Fiado, spun. See the v. **FIAR**.

FIADOR, f. m. surety, one that is bound for another, a bail.

Dar fiador, to give, or put in bail.

Ficar por fiador, ou ser fiador de algum, to be bail for one, to bail one.

Sabir da cadeia dando fiador, to be out of prison upon bail, to be bailed.

Soltar algum com condicam que de fiador, to bail, to admit to bail.

Que pode sabir da prisam dando fiador, bailable, that may be set at liberty by bail or sureties.

Fiador com outro na mesma materia, he that is bound with another, a joint security.

Fiador, (in falconry) creance, a fine small line fastened to a hawk's leash when she is first lured.

FIAMBRE, f. m. cold meat.

FIANÇA, f. f. caution, security for a bailing, or giving security.

Dar fiança, to give caution.

Fiança, (Among farriers) See **ESTERCO**. It is derived in this sense from the French *fiante*, dung.

FIANDEIRA, f. f. a spinner.

FIAR, v. a. to spin.

A arte ou officio de fiar, spinstry.

Fiar ouro, ou prata, to wire-draw gold or silver.

O que fia ouro, ou prata, a wire-drawer. *Instrumento como qual se fia o ouro*, a wire-drawing iron.

Fiar delgado. See **DELGADO**.

Fiar alguma coisa de algum, to trust one with a thing.

Fiar, ou ficar por fiador. See **FIADOR**.

Fiár, v. n. ex. *Fiar muito de si*, to be a presumptuous and self-conceited man, to carry it high.

Fiár-se, v. r. to trust to, to rely or depend upon.

FIB

FIBRA, f. f. (in anatomy) a fibre, an animal thread.

Fibras de ceraçam, heart-strings.

Fibra pequena, a fibril, a small fibre.

Composto de fibras, ou que tem fibras, fibrous.

FIBULA. (In poetry.) See **FIVELLA**.

FIC

FIC

FICA'DA, f. f. an abiding, or tarrying behind, a remaining.

FICA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of

FIAR, v. n. to remain, or be left.

Não me fica mais que dizer, I have nothing else to say.

Se ainda fica alguma esperança, if there be yet any hope left.

Não ficou nada, there is nothing left.

Isto fica á minha disposicam, ou arbitrio, that is left to me, it is left to my discretion.

Ficou algum dinheiro, there remains some money, there is some money left.

As obras que nos ficaram de Cicero, the works of Cicero now extant.

Elle ficou com aquelle nome, he was afterwards called by that name.

Ficar, to stay, remain, or continue, to abide, to live.

Fico por isto, I'll answer for it.

Fico nisso, I agree to it, I agree with you.

Nos ficamos de partir o dia seguinte, we agreed to set out the next day.

Ficou commigo de, &c. he agreed with me to, &c.

Ficar bem, to become.

Ficaver muito bem este vestido, that suit becomes you well.

Isto nam fica bem a huma pessoa de vossa profissam, this does not become a man of your profession.

Não vos fica bem o fallar assim, it does not become you to speak so.

Ficar por baxo. See **BAXO**.

Ficar por cima. See **CIMA**.

Nam ficará por mim o &c. I will do the best I can for, &c.

Nam ficou por mim o &c. for my own part I did the best I could for, &c.

Ficou por nós o campo, we got the day, or carried the day; we kept the field after the fight.

Elle ficou com o melhor, he had the best of it.

Fica em pé a ley, the law is still in force.

Ficar com alguma coisa, to have, or keep a thing.

Ficar, to resolve, or purpose, to come to a resolution.

Ficar por herdeiro, to heir. See **HERDEIRO**.

Ficar senhor de si, or *ficar com desembaraço*, to be master of one's self, to be one's own man.

Ficar sem poder andar, nem para traz nem para diante, to be at a stand, not to know what to say.

Ficar de fora, to be left out.

Ficar, to attend, to await, to be in store for, to remain.

Fique para os n'ossos vindouros esse cuidado, let our posterity have that care hereafter.

Eu nam sei se he verdade, ou nam, isso fica por conta de quem mo disse, I know not whether it be true or no, it remains upon those that I have it from.

Ficar

F I D

Ficar de saude, to be in health.
Ficar, to rest upon, to agree to, to acquiesce, stand to.
Ficar devendo, to remain in one's debt, to owe still.
Ficarei por tudo o que melhor vos parecer, I shall stand to whatsoever you shall think fitting.
Ficar neutral, to stand neuter.
Ficar atrás, to remain, to stay behind.
Ficar per algum, or *ficar fiador por algum*, to bail one, to be bail for him.
Quereis vós ficar nella divida? will you answer the debt?
E assim, em que ficamos? well, what do you say? what resolution shall we take?
Ficamos, em que havíamos de &c. we agreed, or we took the resolution of, &c.
Ficar alguma coisa no tinteiro, is for a thing to be omitted, or left out.
Fique isto como cousta certa, let no question be made of it.
P. quem adiante não elba, atrás fica, who looks not before, finds himself behind.
Ficar-se, v. r. to keep to himself, to purloin.
Ficar-se com a fazenda de algum, to keep, or hold one's estate from him.
A deus fique-se embora, adieu, farewell, good by to you.
FICÇAM, f. f. a fiction, a tale, invention.
FICHU', f. m. (a French word) a neck-handkerchief, we call it neck-atec.
FICTÍCIO, a, adj. fictitious, fictitious, feigned, imaginary.

F I D

FIDA' LGA, f. f. a gentlewoman, a lady that is a *fidalgos*' wife. See *FIDALGO*.
FIDALGAMENTE, adv. genteely, gentleman like.
FIDA' LGO, f. m. a gentleman, one nobly descended. From the Portuguese word *filho*, a son, and the Spanish *algo*, something; that is, the son of something, or a son to whom his father had something to leave, viz. an honour and estate; thence for shortness called *fidalgo*.
Fidalgo de solar, a gentleman of an ancient house; that is, who has an ancient mansion-house and estate in his country, which the family has long enjoyed.
Fazo de fidalgo, a privilege, or especial grant given by the king to one for his good services, or to him that has bought his gentility.
Fidalgo de vigar quinhentos soldos. See *KINGAR*.
Fidalgoite, a gentleman of the lower degree.
FIDALGUIA, f. f. gentry, gentility;

F I G

also the noblesse, the nobility and gentry.
Fidalguia, towardliness, a gentle disposition.
FIDEDI' GNO, a, adj. credible, that deserves to be credited.
FIDEICOMMISSO, f. m. a seoffment of trust, when a thing by will is put into one's hand upon his honesty, to dispose of to some certain use, a trust upon the only credit of honesty.
Fiar o fideicommissa de algum, to seoff in trust.
Aquelle de quem se tem fiado o fideicommissa, a seoffee in trust.
O que fia o fideicommissa de algum, a seoffer in trust.
FIDELIDA' DE, f. f. fidelity, honesty, faithful adherence.
Ordem da Fidelidade, a military order instituted by Frederick III. king of Denmark, A. C. 1670.
Duvido da sua fidelidade, I question his honesty.
Gem fidelidade, faithfully, honestly, loyally.
FIDE OS, f. m. p. long strings made of fine flour, like fiddle strings, and rolled up like them, used in soups; we call them by the Italian name, *vermicelli*; because in broth they look like worms. *Fideos* is from the Lat. *fides*, a fiddle string, because they are like them.
FIDO, a, adj. See *FIEL*.
FIDUCIA' L. See *LINHA*.

F I B

FIE'IRA, f. f. a wire-drawing iron. See also *FILEIRA*.
FIE' L, adv. faithful. See also *CERTO*.
Fiel, f. m. ex. *Fiel da balança*. See *BALANÇA*.
Fiel, a Christian.
Fiel da camara de Barcellos, so they call in the town of Barcellos an officer that sets the price upon the bread and wine.
Fiel, (in agriculture) a new vine-sprig.
FIEIS judos, a heap of stones in a desert place wherein some body has been killed.
FIELMENTE, adv. faithfully.
Hum livro fulmente traduzido, a book faithfully translated.

F I G

FI'GA, f. f. a *fico*, the hand with the fingers clinched, and the thumb sticking out between the fore and middle finger; also a little hand made of jet, which in Portugal and Spain they hang about children to keep them from evil eyes; a superstitious custom; the hand is made with the fingers clinched, &c. See also *REDOMOINHO*.
Dar huma figa, to fig, to give the *fico*,

F I G

to put one's hand into that form which is done in contempt of another, to flirt.
P. mijar claro, dar huma figa ao medico; we say, tell the truth and shame the devil.
Todas as grandezas da corte nam valem huma figa em comparação da vida privada, all court grandeurs are nothing when compared to a private life.
FIGADA' L, adj. See *INTIMO*.
Figadal, (Among countrymen.) See *UFANO*, and *AFIDALGADO*.
FIGADALMENTE, adv. See *ENTRANHAFELMENTE*.
FIGADEIRA, f. f. a sort of disease in the liver of hens.
FIGADI' NHO, f. m. a little liver.
FIGADO, f. m. the liver.
Que tem algum mal no figado, diseased in the liver.
Ter figados, (metaph.) to have courage or resolution.
FI'GO, f. m. a fig.
Os graõs finos, que se acham no figo, the grains or stones in figs.
Figo verde, a green fig not yet ripe.
Figos lampos, a sort of figs that ripen before others, the first figs that come in May, green figs.
Figo passado, a kind of dry fig, a lenten fig.
Figo vendimo, a sort of figs that grow ripe in the vintage.
Figo regado, a fig that gapes or is opened in fissures.
Figo borjaçote. See *BORJAÇOTES*.
Certa custa de figo grande, desinxabido, a great unfavoury fig. Lat. *maricón*.
Figo da India, &c. See *FIGUEIRA da India*, &c.
Passa de figo. See *FIGO passado*.
Figo, (among farriers) the fig, a sort of disease in horses.
FIGUEIRA, f. f. the fig-tree, a tree that bears figs.
Figueira douda, brava, lafereira, ou de teccar, a wild fig-tree; also the sycamore-tree.
Figueira do infirno, the plant *palma Christi*, growing in Egypt.
Figueira da India, a fig-tree that grows in India.
FIGUEIRA' L, f. m. a place where fig-trees grow, an orchard of fig-trees.
FIGUI' NHO, a little fig.
FIGURA, f. f. figure, the form of any thing as terminated by the outline.
Mudar a figura a alguma coisa, to transshape, to transform a thing, to bring it into another shape.
Figura, a figure, a person, appearance graceful or inelegant.
Galante figura, (ironically). an odd figure.
Figura, a figure, a distinguished appearance, eminence, remarkable character.
Fazer alguma figura no mundo, to make some figure in the world.
Figura, countenance; looks, face.
Figuras,

FIL

Figura, (in theology) type, representative, figure.
Figura, (in rhetoric) figure, any mode of speaking, in which words are detorted from their literal and primitive sense.
Figura, (at cards) court-card.
Figura, (in grammar) a figure, any deviation from the rules of analogy or syntax.
Figura, (in astrology,) a figure, the diagram of the aspects of the astrological houses.
Levantar a figura, to set or cast a figure.
Os que levantam figuras, figure flingers, casters of nativities.
Figura de syllogismo, the figure of a syllogism.
Figura, a picture.
Armação inteira de pannos em figuras, a suit of hangings with figures.
Figura, an actor, a stage-player; also a person, a man or woman represented in a fictitious dialogue, or in a play; a character.
Fazer figura ou papel, to personate, to represent by fictitious or assumed character.
Figura, (in music) a note.
FIGURAÇÃO, f. f. (in astronomy) an observation made in order to know the rising of any star, or planet, as well as the time of their coming to the meridian.
FIGURADAMENTE, adv. figuratively, in a figurative sense.
FIGURADO, f. m. the thing represented by a typical, or figurative resemblance.
Figurado, a, adj. figurative, full of figures, full of rhetorical exornations, full of changes from the original sense, or primitive meaning, not literal. See also the v. *FIGURAR*.
FIGURA'L, adv. ex. *Canto figural*, music set in all its parts.
FIGURAR, v. a. to figure, to represent by a typical or figurative resemblance; also to figure, to image in the mind.
Figurar-se, v. r. See *AFIGURAR-SE*.
FIGURATIVAMENTE, adv. typically, in a typical manner, figuratively.
FIGURATIVO, f. m. type, that by which something future is prefigured.
FIGURILHA, f. f. a ridiculous ugly person, an odd figure.

FIL

FI'LA, (a military word) file, a line of soldiers ranged one behind another.
Cabe de fila, ou seja o primeiro dos soldados p'stos nesta ordem, a file-leader, the head man of a file.
Cerra fila, the last man of a file, the bringer up.
Caô de fila. See *CAM*.

FIL

FILAÇA, f. f. any thick thread that is not even.
FILACTERIA, f. f. philactery, a bandage on which was inscribed some memorable sentence.
FILAGRANA. See *FILIGRANA*.
FILA'NDRAS, f. f. p. blanders, a sort of small worms which birds, especially those of prey, breed in their bowels, so called from *filum*, thread, because they are as small as threads.
FILAR, v. act. ex. *Filar o caô a algum*, to set a dog at one.
Filer, v. n. to catch, to lay hold. (Speaking of a dog.)
FILARETE. See *FILERETE*.
FILA'UCIA, f. f. philauty, self-love. Greek.
FILEIRA, f. f. a row, a rank, a number of things ranged in a line.
Fil ira de soldados, a rank or line of soldiers placed a-breast.
Por-se em fileiras paraque el rey, ou outra pessoa de qualidade passe por entre ellas, to make a lane.
O espaço entre esta sorte de fileiras, a lane, a passage between men standing on each side.
Por em fileiras, to rank, to place a-breast. (Speaking of soldiers.)
Por em fileiras, to set in a row.
FILELE, f. m. a sort of thin stuff made in Barbary.
FILERETE, a sort of plane which joiners use; also a tissue, or ornament round the cloth.
FILETE, f. m. (among joiners) the inner part of the frame of a picture, that part which is the nearest to it.
Filote, (in architecture) a fillet, a little member which appears in the ornaments and mouldings, and is otherwise called listel.
FILHA, f. f. a daughter.
FILHAÇÃO, f. f. a religious house depending on another, from which it first came.
FILHADA'LGO. See *FIDALGA*.
FILHA'DO, p. of the preterperfect tense of *filhar*. See *FILHAR*.
FILHAMENTO, f. m. so they call the honour of being made a *fidalgo*, and having their own names set down in a book for that purpose, which they call *livro dos filamentos*.
FILHA'R algum, v. a. to make one a *fidalgo*, to set down his name in a book kept for that purpose.
Filhar, (in ancient writings.) See *TO-MAR*.
Cam de filhar. See *CAM de fila*.
FILHI'NHA, f. f. a little daughter.
FILHI'NHO, a little, or young son.
FILHO, f. m. a son.
Filho primogenito, the first begotten son.
Filho natural, a bastard son.
Filho espirital, a spiritual son.
Filho legitimo, a son lawfully begotten, a legitimate son.
Filho da puta, son of a whore.
Trattio como se fizesse filho da casa, I used him as my own son.

FIM

Sem fillos, ou que nam tem fillos, childless, without children.
Filbo, a native.
Filbo de Lisboa, a native of Lisbon.
Os filbos de Portugal, the Portuguese natives, the natives of Portugal.
Que tem hum filbo, childed, furnished with a child.
Filbo, ou renovo da arvore, a young sprout, or shoot of a tree.
Filbos dos animaes, the young of all beasts, the young of any thing, a chick, or any other young bird, a foal, &c.
Filbo da India, so they call in India those that have made their fortune there.
Filbo, f. f. a thin cake made of fine flour, oil, &c. a fritter, pancake. See also *CATAPLASMA*, and *EMPLASTO*.
FILHO'VE, f. m. a native.
Filboto de Londres, a native of London.
A'cunba que se da aos filbotes de Londres, cockney, a nick-name for Londoners.
FILIAÇÃO, f. f. the descent from fathers or sons. See also *FILHACAM*.
Relação de filiação, filiation, the relation of a son to a father.
FILIA'L, adj. filial.
Filial, child-like.
Amor filial, filial love, or the love of a son towards his parents.
FILIGRANA, f. f. filigrane, fillegreen, or filigran-work, which is curious fine work in silver, or gold. It is as fine as threads, and therefore has its name from *filum*, thread.
Filigranas, quirks, subtilties, artful distinctions. See *AGUDEZAS*.
FILIPENDULA. See *FELIPENDULA*.
FILIPIXI'M, wool woven with fine flowers.
FILISTRIA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a trick or prank.
Fazer filstrias, to play tricks.
FILOMELA. See *PHILOMELA*.
FILOMBRAS. See *FILANDEAS*.
FILOSOFADO. See *PHILOSOPHADO*.
FILOSOFAR, &c. See *PHILOSOPHAR*, &c.
FILOSOMIA. See *PHISIONOMIA*.
FILTRAÇÃO, f. f. a filtering, or straining of liquor among the chemists.
FILTRA'DO, a, adj. See
FILTRAR, v. a. to strain liquor, as chemists do.
Panno que serve para filtrar, a filter.

FIM

FIM, f. m. end, the extremity of any thing materially extended; also end, aim, or design.
O fim do mundo, the end of the world.
Hir athe o fim do mundo, to go to the furthest end of the world.
O fim de huma rua, the further end of a street.

FIN

Per fim a alguma coisa, to put an end to a thing, to make an end of it.
Ter fim, to end.
Ter mau fim, to come to a shameful end.
Quando teram fim os nossos trabalhos, when will our troubles end.
Sem fim, *ou que nam tem fim*, endless, everlasting.
Para sempre sem fim, everlastingly, world without end, for ever. This expression is only used in common-prayers.
Quem sabe que fim terá tudo isto? who knows what will be the end of all this?
O veram esta quasi no fim, the summer is almost at an end.
A que fim? to what end? to what purpose?
Fim, (*intenção*.) See *INTENÇAM*, and *INTENTO*.
Eufiz isto a bom fim, *ou com bom fim*, I did it with a good intention.
Para o fim da semana, towards the end of the week.
Em fim, *ou per fim*, at last, in fine. See *FINALMENTE*.
Elle não considera o fim das cousas, he cares not which end goes forward.
Fim, (*morte*.) See *MORTE*.
Fim, (*limite*.) See *LIMITE*.
P. o fim coroa a obra, all is well that ends well.
FIMBRADO, *a*, adj. (in heraldry) fimbriated, that is, bordered round with a different colour.
FIMBRIA, *f. f.* fringe, ornamental appendages added to dress or furniture. Lat.
Fimbria, a corrupted word used instead of *ephimera*. See *EPHIMERA*.

FIN

FINA'DO, a dead body.
Díados Finados, All Soul's day.
Finado, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of *FINAR-SE*.
FINA'L, adj. final.
Causa final, final cause.
Sentenciar a final, to determine a lawsuit, to make an end of it.
O dia final, the day of judgment, doomsday.
FINALIZADO. See *ACABADO*.
FINALIZAR. See *ACABAR*.
FINALMENTE, adv. finally, in fine, ultimately, lastly.
FINAMENTE, adv. affectionately, fondly, tenderly.
FINAMENTO, *f. m.* See *MORTE*.
FINANÇAS. See *FAZENDA real*. it is only used speaking of the king of France.
FINAR-SE, *v. r.* to consume or pine away, to wear or waste away, to decay.
Finar-se de riso, to die with laughing.
FINCA'DO, *a*, adj. fixed, or stuck in, driven in, thrust in as a stake in the ground, or the like. See also the *v.* *FINCAR*.
FINCAPE, *f. m.* a thing to rest or

FIN

stand fast against; also the action of setting the foot fast against any thing.
Fazer fincape, to set the foot fast against any thing; also to depend, to rely on, to trust to, or confide in. (*Metaph.*)
FINCA'R, *v. a.* to thrust in, to stick fast in, to drive in.
Fincar os dados, to cog the dice, to secure it so as to direct its fall.
FINDA'DO, *a*, adj. See *FINDA'R*. See *ACABAR*.
FINDO, *a*, adj. See *ACABADO*.
FINE'ZA, *f. f.* curiousness, fineness, thinness, neatness, (the contrary of coarseness and thickness.)
Fineza, favour, kindness, courtesy; also a gallantry done for the sake of a lady, a refined address to women; also any mark or expression of love and friendship; an act of friendly kindness.
Render finezas, to play the gallant, to court, to flatter, to endeavour to please, to pick thanks.
Fazer huma fineza a algum, to oblige one, to do him a kindness.
Com fineza, friendly, obligingly, respectfully, courteously.
Com muita fineza, most lovingly, most kindly, very civilly.
Fineza, an obligation, or favour by which one is bound to gratitude.
Dever huma fineza, to be under an obligation.
Devo-vos grandes finezas, you have laid great obligations upon me, I am very much obliged, beholden, or bound to you.
Que fineza devo eu a quem me faz presente do que elle mesmo nam faz caso? where is the obligation of any man's making me a present of what he does not care for himself?
Fineza de affeição, excess of love, fondness.
Finezas, fair or kind words, compliments.
Fineza, (*sutileza*.) See *SUTILEZA*, and *DESTREZA*.
Fineza das cores, the liveliness or brightness of colours.
Feito com fineza, curiously wrought.
FINGIDAMENTE, adv. counterfeitly, feignedly, with a pretence only, dissemblingly.
FINGI'DO, *a*, adj. feigned, counterfeited; also newly invented. See the *v.* *FINGIR*.
Sono fingido, dogs-sleep, pretended sleep. Juvenal speaking of a drowsy husband who raised an estate by snoring, says;
Deus et ad calicem vigilanti stertere naso.
Affalto fingido, a feint, a mock assault.
FINGIMENTO, *f. m.* a counterfeiting, a dissembling, a colour, pretence or disguise.
FINGI'R, *v. a.* to feign, to invent.
Fingir, *v. r.* to feign, to image from the invention; also to make a shew

FIO

of, to do upon some false pretence, to make as if, to pretend.
O que finge, a seigner.
Fingirei que sou seu irmão, I'll pretend to be his brother.
Fingir-se, *v. r.* See *FINGIR*, *v. n.*
Fingir-se ignorante, to pretend ignorance.
FINITIMO. See *CONFINANTE*.
FINITO, *a*, adj. finite, limited, bounded, terminated. (In mathematics.)
FINO, *a*, adj. fine, thin, not coarse.
Panno fino, fine cloth.
Ouro fino, fine, or right gold.
Diamante fino, a right diamond.
A' fina força, upon pure force, as when a man is forced to do what he can no way avoid.
Mostrar-se fino com algum, to oblige one, to do him a kindness.
Fino vilbato, a crafty knave.
Fino, fine, acute, sharp, quick.
Fino, sly, cunning, sharp, subtle.
Fino, curious, nice.
Fino, *f. m.* See *CORNO*.
FINTA, *f. f.* a tax, an impost, a tribute imposed, an excise, a tallage.
Finta, *ou direito de cabeça*. See *CABEÇA*.
Finta, club, the shot or dividend of a reckoning, a contribution to a common expence in settled proportions.
Finta que se lança sobre as terras, land-tax.
Lançar finta. See *FINTAR*.
FINTA'DO, *a*, adj. See *FINTA'R*.
FINTA'R, *v. a.* to impose, to lay or set a tax, to tax, to load with imposts.
A acção de fintar, taxation, the act of imposing taxes.
O que finta, *ou lança fintas*, a taxer, he who taxes.
Que se pode fintar, taxable, that may be taxed.
Fintár, *v. n.* is for the mass of bread to be fully leavened or fermented.
Fintár-se, *v. r.* to club, to contribute to a common expence in settled proportions.

FIO

FI'O, *f. m.* thread.
Fio ordido, *que faz o comprimento do panno*, the warp, or thread in a thing woven that crosses the woof.
Fio tecido, *que faz a largura do panno*, the thread in weaving called the woof.
Fio de carrito, pack-tread; also caburn, or rope-yarn.
Fio a fio, thread by thread.
Usado, *ou que mostra o fio*, threadbare.
Fio da espada, the edge of a sword.
Fio de huma navalha de barbear continto, &c. the thread, rough edge, or wire-edge of a razor, pen-knife, &c.

Fio

F I R

Fio de perolas, a rope or string of pearls, a row of pearls.
Fio de prata, silver-wire.
Fio de ouro, gold-wire.
Fio de arame, wire, or copper-wire.
Tornar ao fio, ou *pegar no fio do discurso*, to resume the thread or file of one's discourse.
Correr em fio, to trickle, to rill in a slender stream.
Fios das raízes das ervas, small sprouts, or strings like hairs hanging at the roots of herbs.
Fios que se levantam no meio das flores, chives, or chievers, the threads or filaments rising in flowers, with seeds at the end.
Remates destes fios. See *REMATE*.
Fios de panos usados, para se poram nas feridas, linen scraped into threads, or soft woolly substance, to lay on sores, lint.
Fio da gente, a number of people walking one after another.
Hir pelo fio da gente, (metaph.) to go after the multitude, to follow the people, to do as others do.
Caminhar a fio, to go one after another.
Fio do lombo, the fleshy part of the end of the back bone or spine; also the ridge, or the rough top of any thing resembling the vertebrae of the back.
Fio do espinhaço, the fleshy part that covers the back-bone.
Passar a fio de espada, to kill with the sword.
Estar por um fio, to be in a dying condition; also to be almost finished.
Escapar por um fio, to escape narrowly, to be very near, to be within a hair's breath.
Fio de sapateiros que serve para cozer sapatos, shoemaker's thread.
A fio. See *SEGUIDAMENTE*.
Cortar o fio a alguém, (metaph.) to clip one's wings, to diminish his power or credit, to stop his proceedings.
Hum fio de azeite, ou vinagre, a stream, or some few drops of oil, or vinegar.
Dar os fios, (metaph.) to be exhausted.

F I R

FIRMA, f. f. a man's hand to a writing.
Fazer firma, to rest, to lean, to be supported.
FIRMA DO, a, adj. See *FIRMAR*.
Cruz firmada, (in heraldry) so they call a cross in an escutcheon, whereof the four extremities reaches or comes to the circumference of it.
FIRMAMENTO, f. m. firmament, the sky, the heavens; also support, prop, stay, (in a figurative sense.)
FIRMA'R, v. a. to make steady, firm, or stable; also to settle, to establish invariably.
Firmar, to sign, to put one's hand to a writing.
Firmar com selo, to seal.

F I S

Firmar huma escapola na parede com chumbo, ou outra coisa para que não abale, to cramp an iron, or tenter-hook into a wall, to fasten it with lead, &c.
FIRME, a, adj. firm, steady, unmoveable, unshaken, not to be shaken; also unmoveable, unmoved, unshaken, steady, firm, constant, resolute.
Memoria firme, ou feliz. See *FELIZ*.
Terra firme, a continent, land not disjoined by the sea from other lands.
Canto firme. See *CANTO chão*.
FIRMAMENTE, adv. firmly, steadily, stoutly, steadfastly.
FIRMEZA, f. f. firmness, certainty, soundness.
Firmeza, firmness, durability.
Firmeza, firmness, stability, hardness, compactness, solidity.
Firmeza do animo, firmness, steadiness, constancy, resolution.
Para mayor firmeza da vossa memoria, that you may call it more easily to remembrance.
Firmeza, firmness, strength.
Firmeza, so they call the triangle set over the head of the image of God the Father, the first person of the adorable Trinity.
Com firmeza. See *FIRMAMENTE*.

F I S

FISCA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the *FISCO*, which see.
Procurador fiscal, the king's solicitor-general, the solicitor of the Exchequer.
Fiscal, f. m. the king's solicitor, or one that acts like the attorney-general.
Fiscal, (metaph.) a censurer, one who blames.
FISCALIZADO, a, adj. See *FISCALIZAR*, v. n. to debate matters belonging to the *fisco*.
Fiscalizar, v. a. See *ACCUSAR*.
FISCO, f. m. the exchequer, the fiscal; but more properly the money that proceeds from pecuniary penalties, or mulcts paid to the king by mulcted persons.
Fisco, the king's solicitor, an officer of the exchequer.
FISGA, f. f. a trout-spear, or eel-spear, a sort of lance generally with prongs to kill fish, a sizgig, a kind of dart or harpoon, with which seamen strike fish.
FISGA'DO, a, adj. See *FISGAR*.
FISGADO'R, f. m. a jesting scoffing fellow.
FISGAR, v. a. to strike with a *FISGA*, which see; also to play upon a man, to jeer, to scoff.
FISICA. See *PHYSICA*.
FISIONOMIA. See *PHYSIONOMIA*.
FISTICO, f. m. pistachio, a sort of fruit known to the ancients; the Arabians call them *pestuch* and

F I X

festuch, and we sometimes *fistich-nuts*.
FI'STULA, f. f. a pipe, or flute made of reed or other stuff, a flagelet.
Fistula, a fistula, a sinuous ulcer callous within.
Fistula lagrimal, fistula lachrymalis, a disorder of the canals leading from the eye to the nose.
FISTULA'DO, a, adj. that has one or several fistulas.

F I T

FI'TA, a ribbon.
O que faz fitas, a ribbon-weaver.
Fita para atar os cabelos, hair-lace, or hair-fillet, to tie up hair with.
Fita gradual, a silk ribbon of thirty-two or forty spans in length, which is graduated, and serves for several uses in mathematics.
Fita, a bandage, a ligature.
FITA'R, v. a. to fix, to direct without variation.
Fixar, ou dar no fito. See *FITO*.
FITI'NHA, f. m. a little fillet, band, or ribbon.
Fitinha que se põem por final nos livros, a tassel for a book.
FITO, a, adj. fixed, or fixt, directed without variation, unmoveable.
Porque estais, com os olhos fixos nas muralhas? why are your eyes fixed on the walls?
Fito, f. m. a sort of play, also the mark used in the same play.
Dar no fito, to hit the mark.
Tirar a dois fitos; we say, to have two strings to a bow.
Por a juia no fito, to compass one's ends.

F I V

FIVE'LA, f. f. a buckle.
Ferrinho, ou sustam da fivela, the tongue of a buckle.
Arco da fivela, the ring of a buckle.
Charneira da fivela, chape, the point by which a buckle is held to the back strap.
Prender com huma fivela, to buckle.
FIVELA'DO, a, adj. buckled.
FIVELETA, ou *FIVILETA*, ex. á fivela, properly, in a proper order, as it ought to be.
FIVELHAM, or *FIVELLAM*, f. m. a large buckle.
FIVILETA. See *FIVELETA*.
FIU'SA, f. f. (an antiquated word.) See *CONFIANÇA*, and *FE*.

F I X

FI'XA de machafimea, tenon, the square end of a piece of timber diminished by one third part of its thickness, fixed into the mortise.
FIXAÇAM, f. f. the act of setting, or posting up a bill or paper, in order to notify any thing to the public; also fixation

F I A

fixation, want of volatility, destruction of volatility. (In chemistry.)
FIXADO, *a*, adj. See **FIXAR**.
FIXANTE, (in fortification) *ex. Linba de defesa fixante*, fixed line of defence, a line drawn along the face of the bastion, and terminated in the courtine.
FIXAMENTE, *adv.* attentively, carefully, fixedly, earnestly, diligently, heedfully.
FIXAR, *v. a.* to fix, to direct without variation.
Fixar os olhos, to fix one's eye upon, to look attentively upon, to gaze, to stare at, or upon, to look stedfastly.
Fixar uma edital, ou papel, to set up, or post up a bill, or paper in order to notify any thing to the public.
Fixar, to fix, to deprive of volatility. (In chemistry.)
Fixar o pensamento em alguma coisa, ou fixar alguma coisa no pensamento, to take a thing into consideration, to consider it attentively.
Aqui elle fixou os seus passos, here he stepped, or here the prints of his steps appear.
FIXO, *a*, adj. fixed, steady, settled, unmoveable.
Fixo, (in chemistry) fixed.
Estrellas fixas, (in astronomy) fixed stars, or such as do not, like the planets, change their positions, or distances in respect of one another.
Signos fixos, (in astronomy) the four fixed signs, or stars, which are Taurus, Leo, Scorpio, and Aquarius.
Fixo, (*determinado*.) See **DETERMINADO**.

F L A

FLAGELLA'DO, *a*, adj. See **FLAGELLAR**.
FLAGELLA'NTES, *f. m. p.* Flagellants, heretics in the XIIIth century, who preferred whipping to martyrdom, and held that scourging one another was the chief virtue in christianity.
FLAGELLAR, *v. a.* to flagellate, to whip, or scourge. Lat.
A' açam de flagellar, flagellation.
FLAGELLO, *f. m.* scourge or whip; also a punishment, a vindictive affliction.
Flagello, (in a figurative sense) scourge, one that afflicts, harasses, or destroys. Thus Attila was called *Flagellum Dei*.
FLAGICIO, *f. m.* a naughty, or base action, a scandalous crime. Lat. *Flagitium*.
FLAGICIOSO, *a*, adj. flagitious, very wicked, villainous.
FLAGRANTE. See **FRAGRANTE**.
FLAMA. See **FLAMMA**.
FLAMANTE. See **FLAMMANTE**.
FLAME, *f. m.* (among farriers) a beam, an instrument used to bleed horses. From the French, *flamme*.
FLAMENGA, or **FRAMENGA**, *a* Flemish woman; also a sort of plate for soup.

F L A

FLAMENGO, or **FRAMENGO**, *a*. adj. of or belonging to Flanders, Flemish.
Flamengo, or framengo, *f. m.* a Fleming, a native of Flanders.
Flamengo, flamenco, or framengo, *f. m.* a bird, that has a red breast and pinions. Lat. *phœnicepterus*; also a sort of plate for soup.
FLAMINES, or **FLAMENS**, *f. m. p.* the flamens, certain heathen priests.
FLAMINIA, *f. f.* a servant maid who waited on the arch-priest's wife.
FLAMMA, *f. f.* flame. Lat.
Que faz ou levanta flammaz, flammiferous.
Flamma amarela, amorous flame, love, passion.
Cer de flama, ou chama, flame-coloured, of a bright yellow colour.
FLAMMENCIA, *f. f. ex. Timar flammancia*, to flame, to burn with emission of light.
FLAMMANTE, *adj.* flaming, that burns with emission of light, or that shines like flame.
Flammante, spick and span new.
FLAMMULA, *f. f.* a streamer, or a pendant in a ship; so called, because it moves like a flame.
FLANCO, *f. m.* (in fortification) flank; that part of the bastion which reaches from the curtain to the face, and defends the opposite face.
Fazer fiancos, ou fortificar com fiancos. See **FLANQUEAR**.
Flanco, flank, the side of any army, or fleet.
Envestir o inimigo pelos fiancos, to flank, to attack the side of a battalion, or fleet.
FLANDES, or **FLANDERS**, *f. m.* Flanders proper, a province of the Low Countries, and its first county, or earldom, in Flemish called *Vlanderen*. Sometimes the whole ten provinces of the Netherlands are called *Flan- ders*.
De flandes. See **FLAMENGO**.
FLANDRISCO *ago*, Flemish steel.
FLANQUEA'DO, *a*, adj. (in fortification) *ex. Angulo fianqueado*, an angle flanking that which is made by the meeting of the two faces of the bastion. See also the *v.* **FLANQUEAR**.
FLANQUEANTE, (in fortification) *ex. Angulo fianqueante*, angle flanked, or angle flanking.
Angulo fianquante interior, angle flanked inward.
Angulo fianquante exterior, angle flanking outward.
Linba fianquante, flanking-line.
FLANQUEAR, *v. a.* to flank, to defend by lateral fortifications.
FLATO, *f. m.* wind, flatulence, windiness, flatus, wind gathered in any cavities of the body, caused by indigestion, and a gross internal perspiration.
Flato, (metaph.) vanity, pride.
FLATO'SO, *a*, adj. that causes a flato, windy, flatusous.

F L O

FLATULENCIA, *f. f.* flatulency, flatuosity, wind, &c. See **FLATO**.
FLAVO, *a*, adj. a bright yellow like gold, or such as ears of corn have, when they are full ripe. Lat.
Colera flava, yellow bile, or choler.
F L E
FLEBOTO'MANO, *a*, adj. that lets blood, or opens a vein.
Barbeiro flebotomano, phlebotomist, a blood-letter.
FLECHA. } See { **FRECHA**.
FLECHADO. } See { **FRECHADO**.
FLE'GMA, **FLEIMA**, or **FLEMA**, *f. f.* phlegm, one of the humours of the body.
Flagma, (among chemists) phlegm.
FLEGMA'TICO, *a*, adj. phlegmatic, full of phlegm. See also **PAGA-ROSO**.
FLEIMA. See **FLEGMA**. See also **PACIENCIA**.
Elle tem muita fleima, he is dull, or heavy.
Fleima, spittle, such as that which is spit out by one that hems, or spits with a hem.
FLEIMA'M, *f. m.* phlegmon, a swelling with inflammation.
FLEIMA'TICO, *a*, adj. See **FLEGMA'TICO**.
FLEXIBILIDA'DE, *f. f.* flexibility, or flexibleness, pliancy, aptness to bend.
Flexibilidade de condicoõ, flexanimousness, flexibleness of mind or disposition.
FLEXIVEL, *adj.* flexible, easy to be bent; also ductile, manageable.
FLEXUOSO, *a*, adj. full of turnings, or windings.
FLEXU'RA, *f. f.* a winding, or bending.

F L O

FLOCO. See **FROCO**.
FLOR, *f. f.* flower, blossom.
De flores, ou compos de flores, flowery, or made with flowers, florulous, composed of flowers.
Guarnecido, cuberto, ou smaltado de flores, flowery, adorned or drest with flowers, florulent.
A flor das negueiras, &c. gossin, gossling, cat's tail, catkins, in walnut-trees, nut-trees, &c.
Flor de vinha. See **LIA**.
Cerça de flores, ou capella, a garland of flowers, a wreath, a chaplet.
Ramalhete de flores, a posy, or nosegay.
Estar em flor, to flourish, to have, or to bear flowers, to blossom, (speaking of trees) also to be in one's prime, to be in repute, or esteem. (Metaph.)
Perder a sua flor, (speaking of trees) to shed its blossoms, to shed, or cast its flowers; also to decay and fade. (Metaph.)
Jardim de flores, flower-garden.
Conja que produz flores, that beareth flowers, florid, floriferous.

F L O

Que colhe flores, that gathereth flowers, as bees do.

Páscoa de flores, Palm Sunday.

Campo de maysa flor, a meadow enamelled with flowers.

Flor da paixão, passion-flower; a flower which represents all the instruments of our Saviour's passion, as the pillar, nails, &c.

Na flor da sua idade, in the flower of his age, or in his prime.

Morreo na flor da sua idade, he died in the prime of his age.

Flor da virgindade, maiden-head, virginity.

Flor, the choice, the prime, the best of any thing.

A flor da nobreza, the prime of the nobility.

Flores da rhetorica, flowers of rhetoric.

Flor da farinha. See *FARINHA*.

Flor do vinho, the mother of wine.

Flores, (in chemistry) flowers, or flores, the more subtle parts of a substance separated from the grosser by sublimation.

Flor feita com agulha, an embroidered flower.

Flor de luz, the flower-de-luce.

Seda com flores, flowered silk, flory.

A flor da terra, close to, or even with the ground.

A flor da agoa, betwixt wind and water.

Bateria a flor da agoa, a battery, placed near the edge of the water.

A flor do rosto, that lie level with the face, that are neither protuberant, nor sunk in one's head. (Speaking of the eyes.)

O que entende de flores, eu cultiva flores, a florist.

Cama de flores, (metaph.) a very delicate bed.

Flor de laranja, orange-flower.

Páso de terra, &c. *no qual se plantam flores*, a flower-pot.

FLORA, f. f. a common strumpet, who growing very rich made the Roman people her heir, but they being ashamed of her profession, made her the goddess of flowers. This account however is not free from suspicion, since Ovid styleth her modest, and maketh her the wife of Zephyrus.

FLORAL, adj. Floral, relating to Flora.

Festas Florais, *Floralia*, sports in honour of Flora.

FLORADA, f. f. a sort of comesture made of orange-flowers.

FLORAM, f. f. flower-work, flourish; also a sort of small Spanish coach.

FLOREÁDO, a, adj. ex. *Egrima florada*, the exercise, or the act of fencing.

Discurso florado, a florid style, a style full of flourishes. See also

FLOREAR, v. n. to flourish, to move any thing in quick circles, or vibrations by way of show, or ostentation.

Florear com a espada, to make a flourish

as fencers make with the foils before and after fencing.

Florear, v. a. to flourish, to adorn with embellishments of language, to grace with eloquence, ostentatiously diffusive.

Florear alguma coisa de louvores, to praise a thing and make use at the same time of ostentatious embellishments, or rhetorical flourishes.

FLORECENTE, p. act. flourishing. See also

FLORECE'R, v. n. to flourish, to have or to bear flowers, to blossom, also to flourish, to be in vigour, not to fade.

Florece'r, to be in one's prime. (Metaph.)

Florece'r, to flourish, to be in a prosperous state, both in the proper and figurative sense.

FLORECIDO, p. of the preterperf. tense of *florece'r*.

FLORENCIÁDO, a, adj. ex. *Cruz florenciada*, or *florida*, a cross, whereof the extremities were made like a flower-de-luce.

FLORENTE, adj. flourishing, that is in vigour, prosperous. (It is only used metaphorically,) speaking both of persons and things.

FLORE'O, f. m. a flourish fencers make with the foils before fencing; also a sort of riding at a bull, in the bull feasts.

Floreo, a flourish, an ostentatious embellishment, or ambitious copiousness.

Flores do tambor, (among drummers) so they call a certain number of beats of a drum, which serve to distinguish the chiefs and generals according to their different ranks.

FLORE'STA, f. f. a forest.

FLORETE, f. m. (among fencers) a file, a sword without edges, with a button at the point.

FLORETEADO, a, adj. (in heraldry) adorned with flowers.

FLORIDO, a, adj. florid, embellished. *Florido*, flourishing, blossoming; also florid and gay, that has floridity. (Metaph.)

Florido, (in heraldry.) See *FLORETEADO*.

Cruz florida, or *florenciada*. See *FLORENCIADO*.

FLORIM, f. m. a florin, a sort of coin first made by the Florentines. That of Germany is in value two shillings and four pence; that of Spain, four shillings and four pence halfpenny; that of Palermo and Sicily, two shillings and six pence; that of Holland, two shillings; that of France, one shilling and six pence; that of Savoy, three-pence halfpenny sterling; of gold, five shillings.

FLORSINHA, f. f. a small flower, a floweret.

FLORIPONDIO, f. m. a tree in the West-Indies, which bears no fruit, but only flowers, bigger than lilies, shaped like bells, all white, with fibres within, like the lily.

F L O

F O C

Florinha imperfeita, a floret, a small imperfect flower.

FLOXIDAM. } See { *FROXIDAM.*
FLOXO. } { *FROXO.*

F L U

FLUCTISONANTE, adj. (in poetry) roaring or sounding with waves and billows.

FLUCTUÁDO, p. of the preterperf. tense of *FLUCTUAR*.

FLUCTUANTE, p. act. floating, also wavering, doubtful, uncertain. (Metaph.)

Fazenda flutuante no mar e sem dono, flotsen, goods that swim without an owner on the sea.

FLUCTUAR, v. n. to float, to hull, to drive to and fro upon the water; also to be floating, or wavering, to be at an uncertainty, to fluctuate in one's mind, to be irresolute.

Que anda flutuando, wandering on, or tossed by the waves; also to be irresolute.

O movimento, ou agitação de coisa que anda flutuando, fluctuation.

FLUCTUOSO, a, adj. fluctuous, unquiet, boisterous. (Both in the proper and figurative sense.)

FLUENTE, f. m. a river, a stream. *Fluente*, adj. flowing, fluent. See

FLUIDO, a, adj. fluid, having parts easily separable, not solid.

Fluido, weak, or languid, watery.

Fluido, moist, insipid, waterish.

Mantimento fluido, food that is easily digested.

Estilo fluido, a fluent, easy, or natural style.

FLUX, or *FROXO*, (in some plays at cards) flush, cards all of a sort.

FLUXAM, f. f. fluxion, or defluxion, a flowing down of humours.

FLUXO, f. m. flux, a looseness of the belly; also any flow or issue of matter.

Fluxo de sangue, flux of blood, or bloody flux.

Estancar fluxos de sangue, to stop fluxes of blood.

Fluxo de palavras, babbling, talking vainly.

Estar em continuo fluxo de palavras, to be always talking, to have a tongue running upon wheels.

Fluxo e refluxo do mar tide, the alternate ebb and flow of the sea.

Fluxo mensal, flowers, monthly courses, or months.

F O A

FOAM. See *FULANO*.

F O C

FOCA, or *PHOCA*, f. f. a sea-calf.

FOÇADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of

FOÇAR, v. a. to root, or rout, as swine do.

FO-

F O G

FOCILE, f. m. (in anatomy) focile, the greater or less bone between the knee and ancle, or elbow and wrist. Arabic.

FOCINHA'DA, f. f. a striking or dashing with the face; also a blow with the snout. From **FOCINHO**, which see.

FOCINHE'IRA, or **FUCINHEIRA**, f. f. See **BOCAL**.

FOCINHO, or **FUCINHO**, the muzzle, or snout of any beast.

Focinho de porco, the snout of a hog.

Focinho, phiz, or the face, in a sense of contempt.

Ele deu-lhe nos focinhos, he gave him a slap on the chops. (A vulgar phrase.)

Cabir de focinhos, to fall upon one's face.

Que tem mais focinho, ou **que esta de mais focinho**. See **CARRANCUDO**.

Dar nos focinhos de algum, (metaph.) to reproach, to upbraid one, to hit him in the teeth.

FOCINHU'DO, a, adj. See **CARRANCUDO**.

FO'CO, f. m. (among physicians) focus, a place in the mesentery; from whence the ancients deduced the original of fevers.

Foco, (in geometry) focus, ex. **O foco da ellipse**, ou **da parabola**, the focus of an ellipsis, or of a parabola.

Foco, (in optics) focus, ex. **O foco de hum espelho**, the focus of a glass.

F O F

FOFI'CE, f. f. the quality of a thing that is soft and puffy.

Fofes, vain talking, prittle-prattle, (metaph.) See also **OSTENTACAM**.

FOFINHO, a, adj. diminut. of

FOFO, a, adj. soft and puffy, spongy, hollow and light.

Mamas fofas, flabby dugs.

Foso, (metaph.) vain, proud, that talketh vainly. See also **FANGLORI-OSO**.

F O G

FOGA'ÇA, f. f. a cake; also a cake, melon, or any thing offered in worship.

FOGA'GEM, f. f. inflamed pimples, or wheals, wild-fire.

Fogagem que sabe pela boca aos natinos, an exulceration in the mouth of children.

FOGA'L, f. m. hearth-money, or chimney-money.

FOGA M, f. m. a hearth; also the touch-hole of a gun.

Fogam de hum navio, &c. the cook-room of a ship, &c.

FOGAMSI'NHO, f. m. diminut. of **fogam**, a little hearth, &c.

FOGAREIRO f. m. a chaffing-dish, a portable grate for coals.

Fogareiro de barr, a little stove made of clay, or a sort of chaffing-dish, such as they use in Spain and Portugal, instead of a chimney.

F O G

FOGARE'O, f. m. a piece of iron fashioned like a shell in the top of a stake that is fixed in the ground. They used to light pine-apples in it in the night time.

FOGIDO. } See { **FUGIDO**.

FOGIR. } See { **FUGIR**.

FO'GO, f. m. fire, one of the four elements.

Fogo de reverberacão, (among chemists) reverberatory fire, or *ignis reverberii*.

Fogo potencial, potential fire.

Fogos que se fazem em occasiam de alguma festa, bonfires.

Fogo grego, an inextinguishable sort of fire, made with pitch, and other burning ingredients.

Fogos artificiaes, fire works.

De fogo, ou **que tem a natureza de fogo**, fiery.

Fazer-se em fogo, to be on fire. See **ABRAZAR-SE**.

Lançar fogo, to sparkle, to emit sparks of fire; also to shine, to glitter.

Fogo brando, gentle, slow fire.

Da cor do fogo, of the colour of fire.

Fogo de S. Antão, or **de S. Marçal**, St Anthony's fire, or the shingles.

Fogos errantes, *ignis fatuus*, a fiery meteor commonly called Will with a whisp, or Jack with a lanthorn, appearing chiefly in summer nights,

and haunting commonly churchyards, meadows, and bogs; it consists of a sort of viscous substance, or fat exhalations, which being kindled

in the air, reflects a kind of thin flame, yet without any sensible heat.

See also **CASTOR** and **POLLUX**.

Ferir fogo com fusil e pederneira, to strike fire out of a flint.

Dar fogo a huma peça, to fire a great gun.

Fogo, ou **muytos tiros de peças juntos**, a volley of cannon-shot.

Fazer grande fogo sobre o inimigo, to fire briskly upon the enemy.

Armas de fogo, fire-arms.

Errar fogo, to flash in the pan, or miss fire.

Peça, &c. **que erra fogo**, a gun, &c. that mis-serves.

Por fogo a huma casa, to set a house on fire.

Fogo, (a military expression) fire, or give fire.

Aldea de cem fogos, a village containing one hundred houses, reckoning every fire a house.

A fogo e sangue, with fire and sword.

Fogo, fire, passion, anger. (Metaph.)

Tomar fogo, (metaph.) to take fire, to grow angry, to fall into a passion.

Fogo, sparkling, or brightness.

Ocos de fogo, fiery, red, inflamed eyes.

Perei as mãos no fogo por isso, I would lay my life upon it. An asseveration

urging they will venture to put their hands into the fire, to prove the truth of what they say; taken from the ancient way of trial by ordeal.

Tocar os fins a fogo, to ring the bells backwards for fire.

F O L

Lenha para fazer fogo, fire wood, wood to burn.

Navio que serve para por fogo a cutres, a fire-ship.

O que da fogo as casas, &c. ou **incendiario**, a frer, an incendiary.

Homem que tem o cargo de apagar os fogos nas casas, &c. a fire-man.

Tijam de fogo, a fire brand, a fire stick.

Fogo, (in a figurative sense) fire, mettle, briskness, liveliness, life. See also

ARDOR, and **VEHEMENCIA**.

Fogo da mocidade, the mettle of youth.

P. do fogo te guardaras, e do mau homem não poderas, you will preserve yourself from fire, and will not be able to

do it from a wicked man. Fire is a less dangerous enemy than wicked men.

FOGO'SO, a, adj. fiery, vehement, ardent; also passionate, easily provoked. See also **ARDENTE**, and

ABRAZAR.

Cavalle fogue, a fiery, or mettlesome horse.

FOGUE'O, f. m. a sort of impost, or tax formerly paid in the city of Goa.

FOGUE'IRA, f. f. a fire made of wood which makes great flames; also a bonfire, a fire made for some

public cause of triumph, or exultation.

FOGUE'TE, f. m. a rocket.

FOGUETEIRO, f. m. he who makes rockets.

F O I

FOI'NHA, ou **FUINHA**, f. f. a kind of weasel, a small animal that eats pigeons, &c.

F O J

FO'JO, f. m. a deep hole made in the ground to catch wild beasts in, a pitfall. Lat *Fovea*.

Fujo, (in fortification) a pitfall, a pit dug and covered, into which the enemy falls unexpectedly.

Fujo das minas, essay hatch, a little trench, or hole, which they dig to

search for ore.

F O L

FOLE. See **FOLLE**.

FOLAR, f. m. Easter's gift, or present. It consists properly of eggs, &c.

FOLLEGO, f. m. breath; also rest, repose, leisure.

Da hum folgo, of a stretch, at one bout, without intermission.

Tomar folgo, ou **desfregar no folgo**. See **RESPIRAR**, and **DESCANAR**.

Tomar o folgo, to suppress, to keep in, not to let out one's breath.

Dar folgo, to give time.

Dame um pouco de folgo para vos pagar, give me a little time to pay you.

FOLGA, f. f. See **RECREACAM**, and **DESCANCO**.

Estar de folga, to be at leisure, to have nothing to do. See also **OCIO**.

Dis

FOL

Dia de folga, a play day, day exempt from tasks, or work.
FOLGA DAMENTE, adv. easily, without any ado.
Viver eu passar folgadamente, to live in plenty and ease.
FOLGA DO, a, adj. free from business, toil, trouble, or cares. See also the v. **FOLGAR**.
Andar folgado levar vida folgada, or *passar folgadamente*. See **FOLGADAMENTE**.
Trazer vestidos, ou sapatos folgados, to wear one's cloaths, or shoes big enough, not to be pinched by them.
Estar folgado na fazenda, to have plenty.
Trazer a mão folgada, to be puffed up, to become arrogant, fierce, or haughty for having achieved an undertaking.
FOLGANÇA, f. f. See **FOLGA**, and **REMAVENTURANÇA**.
FOLGAR, v. n. to spend one's time at one's own pleasure, free from business; also to rejoice, to be glad, to delight, or take delight in, to be pleased with.
P. se não bebe na taverna folga nella; we say, he does not smoke, but he smokes.
FOLGAZA'M, f. m. an idle fellow.
FOLGO. See **FO'LEGO**.
FOLGUEDO. See **PASSATEMPO**, and **DIVERTIMENTO**.
FOLHA, f. f. a leaf of a tree, or herb; also a thin plate of metal, or lamina.
Folha de espada, the blade of a sword.
Folha de papel, a sheet of paper.
Folha de um livro, the leaf of a book.
Lançar folhas, to bear, or bring forth leaves, to wax green, to spring.
F. to de folhas, made of leaves.
Folhas secas ou murchas no outono, withered leaves in autumn.
Cor de folha murcha semelhante a das folhas no outono, ou cor acastellada, feuille-morte, colour, or the colour of withered leaves in autumn; we corruptly pronounce and write *philemot*, or *fillemot*.
Que tem muita folha, leafy, or full of leaves.
Rosa de cem folhas, a kind of rose with many leaves.
Folha de fenders, tin, such as we make lanthorns, pots, and other things of.
Bater o metal para estendello em folhas, to foliate, to beat into laminas, or leaves.
A açam de bater o metal desta sorte, foliation.
As cabir da folha, at the fall of the leaf in autumn.
Folhas sem fruto, leaf, and no fruit, all thew, and no substance; all talk and no doing. (Metaph.)
Folha, (among carpenters and joiners) a thin board, or plank.
Folha do anno. See **ALMANAQUE**.
Folha de rezas, a church calendar for the order of divine service of the church of Rome.

FOM

Folha, (in agriculture) a piece of ground that is sowed, or fit to be sowed.
Folha que os lavradores deixam em relva, a fallow-ground, a lain land, land laid up.
Folha de partilhas, a sentence, instrument, or writing expressing what each inheritor is to receive by succession. (In law.)
Folha, (among architects, painters, &c.) See **FOLHAGEM**.
Roupa em folha, linen, or linen-clothes, that are spick and span new, linen that was never washed.
FOLHA'DO, or **FOLHUDO**, a, adj. full of leaves, leafy.
Bolo folgado, a cake made of puff-paste.
FOLHAGEM, f. f. leaves, or leave-branches.
Folhagem, (among architects, painters, &c.) foliage, or branched work.
FOLHEADO, a, adj. See
FOLHEAR, v. a. ex. *Folhear um livro*, to turn over the leaves of a book; but commonly it means to read a book cursorily, and with slight attention.
FOLHEÇA, f. f. ex. *Folheça de neve*, a flake of snow.
FOLHELHO, f. m. the husk, cod, or shell of a bean, pease, &c. also a hiding place, a lurking hole, a close corner.
FOLHETA, f. f. a small thin plate, or lamina.
FOLHINHA, ou *folha de rezas*. See **FOLHA**.
Folhinha, (almanaque.) See **ALMANAQUE**.
FOLHO, f. m. the horny excrescence under the hoof of a horse, mule, &c.
FOLHU'DO, a, adj. See **FOLHADO**.
FOLIA, f. f. a sort of mad dance used in Portugal, by a great number of people with a confused noise, whence it took its name, as being so like folly; also a play, or show.
FOLIADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of **FOLIA'R**.
FOLIA'M, f. m. he who dances in the *folia*. See **FOLIA**.
FOLIA'R, v. n. to dance as they do in the *folia*. See **FOLIA**.
FO'LLÉ, f. m. bellows to blow the fire, or for an organ, &c. a pair of bellows.
Cano do folle, the nose, nozle, or nozel of a pair of bellows.
Dar aos folles, is for a horse to be broken winded.
Folle, a little bag of leather.
Folle, so the Portuguese call a sort of fruit in Africa, very much resembling an orange.
FOLLICULO, f. m. See **FOLHELHO**.
FOLO'SA, f. f. a sort of little bird.

FOM

FO'ME, f. f. hunger, appetite, stomach.
Ter fome, to be hungry.

FON

Morrer de fome, to die with hunger, to be starved to death, to be hunger-starved.
Deixar-se morrer de fome, to starve one's self.
Deixar-se morrer de fome como fazem os avaros, to pinch one's belly.
Matar à fome, to starve, to famish.
A' açam de matar à fome, famishing.
Morto de fome, famished, starved to death with hunger, hunger-starved.
Que tem fome, hungry.
Fome causada por carestia de mantimentos em huma cidade, ou em hum reino, famishment, famine, a general want of provisions.
Tomar huma cidade matando a fome es moradores, e guarniçam della, to take a town by famine.
Fome canina. See **CANINO**.
Matar, ou fartar a fome, to satisfy one's hunger.
P. á bea fome não ha mão pão, there is no bread bad to hunger; we say, hungry dogs will eat dirty pudding, or hunger makes hard bones sweet beans.
FOMENTACA'M, f. f. fomentation.
Fazer huma fomentação, to apply a fomentation.
FOMENTADO, a, adj. See
FOMENTAR, v. a. to foment, to cherish with heat, to bath with warm lotions.
Fomentár, to foment, to encourage, to support, to cherish. (Metaph.)
FOMENTO, f. m. See **FOMENTACA'M**.
FO'MO, f. m. so the Portuguese of the Brasil call an earthen vessel wherein they boil flour and mandioca. See **MANDIOCA**.

FON

FONDURAS, or **KONDURAS**, f. f. Konduras, or Camaigua, a province of the audience of Guatimala, and Old Mexico, or New Spain in North America. This country was once extremely populous, till thinned by the Spaniards, who tortured and put many to death, it is said, in order to make them discover their gold and silver.
FONTANA'L, adj. (in theology) ex. *Principio fontanal*, original, the first spring.
FONTANELLA, f. f. a cautery, an issue, a fontanel, a discharge opened in the body.
FO'NTE, f. f. a fountain, a spring; also an original, first principle, first cause, (in a figurative sense)
Fonte da cabeça, temple, the upper part of the sides of the head where the pulse is felt.
Fonte, or *fontanella*. See **FONTANELLA**.
Fonte baptismal, the font; a stone vessel in which the water for holy baptism is contained, in the church.
FONTINA'ES, *festas*, (among the Romans)

FOR

mans) Fontanalia, the feast of Fountains.

FONTI'NHA, f. f. a small fountain, a little spring.

FOR

FORA, adv. and prepos. without, not in, abroad, out, out of doors.

Elle está fora, he is without.

Buscai-a fora de casa, look for him without doors.

Estar fora, to be abroad, or out of one's house.

Fora, (alem.) See **ALEM**.

Fera de razão, unreasonable.

Fera de tempo, ou *sezam*, out of season.

Fera da cidade, out of town.

Fera de horas, beyond the hour, late, unseasonably.

Estar fora de si, to be out of one's wits.

Fera de perigo, out of danger.

Lançai isso fora, throw it out.

Estar fora de esperança, to be out, or without hope.

Causa de fora, ou *de outra terra* outlandish.

Que deita, ou *sabe para fora*, out-jetting, (speaking of stones in some walls, or buildings.)

Fera de hum emprego ou cargo, out of a place.

Fera da graça, out of favour.

Fera d'aqui com isto, away with this.

Fera d'aqui com elle, away with him.

Fera d'aqui, away, get you gone.

Fera! interj. hey-day! an expression of wonder.

Juiz de fora, a judge that has the usual jurisdiction and the trying of common causes in a place.

Tam fora estou de amalla, que quasi a aborreço, I am so far from being in love with her, that I almost hate her.

Sabir pella porta fora, to go out, or go abroad, to go out of doors.

Lançar alguém pella porta fora, to turn one out of doors.

Lançar alguém a couces pella porta fora, to kick one out of doors.

Fera, except, exclusive of, without inclusion of.

Isso be fora de propósito, this is nothing to the purpose.

Deixar de fora, to shut out, to exclude, to reject and refuse, to keep and debar from, not to admit; also to make no mention of, to leave out, or omit.

Para fora, outwardly, to the outer, not the inner parts.

Perfora, or *de fora*, without, not on the inside, outwardly.

O de fora, the outward or external appearance, the outside.

Huma bella casa por fora, a fine house without.

Fera de zombaria, without jesting.

Sabir para fora da cadeia, to get out of prison.

Deute que sabe fora, a sick person that goes out, or goes abroad.

FOR

FORAGIDO. See **VAGABUNDO**.

FORA'L, f. m. a register, a book to enter the duties paid to the king.

FORA'M, f. m. a ferret, a kind of rat, with red eyes and a long snout, used to catch rabbits.

Foram, (metaph.) a ferreter, one that hunts another in his privacies.

P. andar com o forão morto á cda, to go a coney-catching with a dead ferret; that is, to undertake business with improper methods; also to follow women in old age.

FORASTE'IRO, f. m. a stranger, a guest. Ital.

FORÇA, f. f. gallows, gibbet.

Elle hade hir parar em alguma força, he will go to the gallows, or he will be hanged.

A força está esperando por elle, the gallows groans for him.

Velhaco que merece a força, a Newgate-bird, or wicked rascal.

P. vayte à força, go and be hanged, go and be hanged to you, go hang your self. *Abi in malam crucem*.

FORÇA'DO, a, adj. forked.

Forçado, f. m. a pitch-fork, a prong, a hay-fork, a prong to cast up sheaves or fluckles of corn with.

Tijolo de forçado, a sort of narrow and thick brick.

FORÇA, f. f. force, strength of body, mind, or of any thing generally.

Que tem força. See **ROBUSTO**.

Que não tem força, forceless, without force, weak.

Cobrar forças depois de huma grande doença, to gather strength after a great fit of sickness.

Força, the height, the highest pitch, the utmost degree of any thing.

Na força do verão, in the midst of summer.

Força, (violencia.) See **VIOLENCIA**.

Por força, by force, in a forcible manner, forcibly, forcefully.

Tomar por força, ou *assalto*, to storm a town, to take a town by storm.

Eu vos farei fazer isso por força, I'll make you do it in spite of your teeth.

A força de braços, by strength of arms.

A força de chorar, with much crying.

Trabalhar com força, to work hard.

Com toda a força, with all one's might, with might and main.

Força, (vigor.) See **VIGOR**.

Fazer força a alguém. See **FORÇAR**.

Feito por força, forcible, done by force.

Força, sujeito, alvo, ou ponto principal de hum discurso, the dint of a discourse.

Força de huma palavra, the strength or energy of a word.

O seu estilo não conserva sempre a mesma força, his style flags here and there.

A força, unwillingly. See also **VIOLENTAMENTE**.

Behida, ou *liquor que tem perdido a força*, flat, or dead drink, that drinks flat, that has lost its spirits.

A força da verdade, the force or forcibleness of truth.

FOR

Razão que tem muita força, a forcible or strong reason.

Por força de armas, by dint of sword.

Fazer força de vela, (a sea expression) to crowd all sails, to make the best of one's way at sea.

Eu não tenho a sua força, I am not so strong as he, I am not his match.

Forças, (in the plural) forces, troops.

Força, the act, violence, or crime of forcing a woman.

Fazer força a, ou forçar huma mulher. See **FORÇAR**.

Não se pode passar em Londres senão a força de muito dinheiro, people cannot live in London without having a great deal of money; that is, every thing is extremely dear in London.

Corrigir hum menino a força de pancadas, to beat a child into better manners.

Elle alcançou isso a força de empenhos, he has got it by favour.

Dar força de alguém, (in law) to inform against one, to exhibit an accusation against one for a violence or injury offered by him to the plaintiff.

Força, a fortress, a strong hold, a fortified place.

Força bruta, so they call in India the elephants when they are armed.

Senhor da força bruta dos indianos, a sort of title among the Indians.

Forças brutas, ou *maquinas para levantar grandes pesos*, moving powers.

FORÇADAMENTE, adv. against one's will. See also **NECESSARIAMENTE**.

FORÇADO, a, adj. forced.

Eu fui forçado a fazelo, I was forced to do it.

Ser forçado a fazer alguma coisa, to be forced upon a thing.

Caso forçado, ou *de necessidade*, a forced put.

Forçado, forced, not free nor natural.

Estilo forçado, a stiff, rough, rugged, and not fluent style.

Dar sentido forçado a hum texto, to wrest or force the sense of a text.

Forçado, (forçoso.) See **FORÇOSO**, and the v. **FORÇAR**.

Herdeiro forçado, an heir who succeedeth to an estate, though it hath not been bequeathed to him.

Conseantes forçados, so they call some words given to a rhymmer, who engages to make use of them as cadences, or rhymes, in the verses he is to make upon some particular subject.

FORÇADO, f. m. a galley-slave.

FORÇADOR, f. m. a ravisher, one that constiprates by force.

FORCADU'RD, f. f. the space between the two points, or prongs of a pitch-fork, or something like it.

FORÇAR, v. a. to force, to compel, to constrain; also to ravish, to violate by force.

Forçar a natureza, fazendo mais de que se pode fazer, to force nature.

Forçar, to storm, to take, or enter by violence.

Forçar o remo, to ply one's oars.

For-

Forçar o tempo, (a sea term) to sail or go against both the wind and the tide.

Forçar huma batalha, to break through a battalion.

Forçar hum trincheira, to break into a trench.

FORCEJA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of

FORCEJA'R, v. n. to struggle, to strive, to use all one's force.

Forçar com as ondas, to struggle with the waves.

FORÇOSAMENTE, adv. forcibly, violently, forcefully. See also **NECESSARIAMENTE**.

FORÇO'SO, a, adj. necessary, inevitable, unavoidable.

Argumento forçoso, a strong and necessary argument.

Forçoso, urgent, cogent, pressing.

Forçoso, very strong, robust.

Herdeiro forçoso, or *forçado*. See **FORÇADO**.

FORCULO. See **FORICULO**.

FORCURA. See **FRESSURA**.

FORE'CA, f. f. (Obsol.) See **CADERNO**.

FOREIRO, a, adj. tributary, paying a quit-rent.

FORENSE, adj. forensic, belonging to courts of judicature.

Termo forense, a forensic term.

FORESTÉIRO, f. m. a sort of ancient title in Flanders, which was changed into that of count.

FORICULO, f. m. (among the Romans) Forculus, a deity, who, as they fancied, had the guardianship or tuition of their doors.

FORJA, f. f. a smith's forge.

Anda o negocio na forja, (a metaphorical expression); we say, the business is upon the carpet, or in agitation.

FORJADO, a, adj. See **FORJAR**.

FORJADOR, f. m. smith, blacksmith, a forger.

FORJA'R, v. a. to forge or frame, to hammer; also to forge, to invent, to devise, to contrive, to imagine. Gothic.

FORMA, f. f. form, the external appearance of any thing, fashion, shape, figure, or manner.

Forma de fallar, ou *de fazer alguma coisa*, the form, manner, or way of speaking or doing any thing.

Forma dos sapatos, the last, or the mould on which shoes are formed.

P. achou forma para o seu sapato, he has found a last to his shoe; that is, he has met with his match.

Forma de hum chapéu, a block for a hat.

Forma, (among printers) a printer's form.

Argumentar em forma, to argue in due form, to make or form a syllogism.

Na forma que se segue, as follows.

Pro forma, for form sake.

Que não tem forma, formless, shapeless.

Forma, (in philosophy) form, or the second principle, which joined to

matter, makes up all natural bodies, or the essential, specific, or distinguishing modification of the matter of any natural body.

Forma, (idea.) See **IDEA**, and **IMAGEM**.

Forma, (formalidade.) See **FORMALIDADE**, and **FORMULA**.

Dar forma a alguma coisa, to give a thing its form.

Forma do governo, the form of government.

Fazer as coisas em forma, to do things in due form.

Letra de forma, a type, a printing letter, a letter to print with.

Forma, a sort of vessel pierced in the bottom, which they make use of in the sugar-works to purify the sugar.

FORMAÇA'M, f. f. formation, the act of forming.

FORMA'DO, a, adj. formed, fashioned, &c. See **FORMAR**.

FORMADO'R, f. m. one that forms, fashions, or moulds, a former.

Forma flanco, (in fortification) ex. *Angulo forma flanco*, the angle of the flank.

FORMA'L, adv. plain, express, explicit.

Cum palavras formais, in express terms.

Causa formal, (in philosophy) formal cause.

FORMALIDA'DE, f. f. formality, ceremony, established mode of behaviour.

Argumentar com formalidade, or *em forma*. See **FORMA**.

Responder com formalidade, to give a categorical answer.

FORMALMENTE, adv. (in philosophy) formally.

Formalmente, categorically, positively, expressly.

FORMA'M, f. m. a chissel, or chizzel, a carpenter's and joiner's tool. See also **SALVOCONDUTO**.

Formam. (An antiquated word.) See **INFORMAÇAM**.

FORMA'R, v. a. to form, to fashion, to mould.

Formar hum desenho, to form a design.

Formar quixas, to find cause to complain.

Formar os tempos de hum verbo, to form the tenses of a verb.

Formar, (a military word) to form, to arrange, to combine in any particular manner.

Formar hum exercito, to set an army in array.

Exercito formado para dar batalha, an army in battle-array.

Formar-se, v. r. (in the universities) to take one's degree.

Formar-se, ou *por-se reito*. (In fencing.) See **RECTO**.

FORMATU'RA, f. f. (in the universities) the act of taking one's degree.

Tempo da formatura, ou *em que os estudantes se formão*, act, (at the university of Oxford) the time when de-

grees are taken. The same is called commencement at Cambridge.

Formatura, (a military word) array, or order.

Formatura, ou *ordem em que está hum exercito para dar batalha*, battle-array.

FORMEIRO, f. m. a last-maker, one that makes lasts for shoe-makers.

FORMICA miliaris. See **COBRELO**.

FORMIDA'NDO, a, adj. See **FORMIDA'VEL**.

FORMIDA'VEL, adv. formidable, dreadful, to be feared.

FORMIDAVELMENTE, adv. formidably.

FORMIDOLO'SO, a, adj. formidable, to be feared; also formidolose, fearful, dreading very greatly.

FORMIGA, f. f. an ant, pismire, or emmet.

A' formiga, by little and little.

FORMIGA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of **FORMIGAR**.

FORMIGA'M, f. m. ex. *Muro de formigan*, a wall made of very small stones, with mortar, which they throw between two boards.

Formigan, or *carreira de polvera*, a train or line of powder reaching to a mine, fortress, &c.

FORMIGA'R, v. n. to prick as the blood does in one's body, like the stinging of ants.

A mão me formiga, I feel a pricking in my hand like the stinging of ants.

FORMIGUEIRO, f. m. an ant-hillock, an ant-hole, an ant's nest.

Formigueiro de gente, (metaph.) a swarm, a great throng, or crowd.

Ladram formigueiro, a pilferer, a sheep-biter, one who steals petty things.

Formigueiro, ou *formigulho*, a distemper in horses, which destroys and wastes their hoofs entirely.

FORMOSO. See **FERMOSO**.

FORMOSURA. See **FERMOSURA**.

Ilha formosa. See **FERMOSA**.

FORMULA, f. f. a form, manner, or method, a formulary.

FORMULARIO, f. m. a formulary, a book containing stated and prescribed models, or set forms.

FORNACA'ES f. f. as, (among the Romans) Fornacalia, the feasts of Ovens.

FORNACEIRO, f. m. an officer of the mint.

FORNA'DA, f. f. one baking, an oven full, a batch.

Huma fornada de pão, a batch of bread.

Cozer a fornada, (a jocose expression) to sleep the fumes of wine away, or to sleep one's self sober.

FORNALHA, f. f. a furnace.

FORNEAR, v. n. to set bread in the oven.

Fornear, v. n. (metaph.) to strike into.

FORNECER, v. a. to furnish, to provide. See also **PROVER**.

FORNECIDO, a, adj. furnished, &c. See **FORNECER**.

FORNECIMENTO, f. m. a furnishing, providing, storing.

FORNEIRA, f. f. a woman that keeps a public oven.

FOR

P. não sejas fornira, se tentes a cabeça de man-tiga, do not undertake to be a baker if your head is made of butter; that is, do not take upon you any business you are unfit for.

FORNEIRO, *f. m.* one that keeps a public oven, or an oven-tender.

FORNEZINHO, *f. m.* (an antiquated word) a ballard, a child of fornication.

FORNICAÇÃO, *f. f.* fornication, or commerce with an unmarried woman.

FORNICA'DO, *a, adj.* See **FORNICAR**.

FORNICADO'RA, *f. f.* a fornicatress.

FORNICADO, *f. m.* a fornicator, one that has a commerce with unmarried women.

FORNICA'R, *v. a.* to fornicate, to commit lewdness.

Fornicar, (in scripture) to idolatrize, to worship idols.

FORNICE, *f. f.* an arch; also a vault. From the Lat. *foenix*.

FORNIDO, *a, adj.* See **BASTECIDO**, and the *v.* **FORNIR**.

Fornido de carnes. See **CORPULENTO**.

Fornido de membros, strong, or well limbed, sinewed, or sinewy.

Fornido de pennas, full of feathers, feathered.

FORNI'LHO, *f. m.* a little oven.

Fornilho, (in fortification) the hollow or cavity wherein the powder is lodged in a mine; the fourneau, or the chamber of a mine.

FURNIMENTO. See **FURNIMENTO**.

FORNIR, *v. a.* See **FORNECER**.

FORNIZ. See **FORNICE**.

FORNO, *f. m.* an oven.

Forno de cal, a lime-kiln.

Forno para vidros, a glass-house, where glass is made.

Boca do forno, the mouth of an oven.

Forno de tijolo, a brick-kiln.

Forno portátil, a portable oven, or furnace.

Casa ou lugar onde está o forno, a bake-house.

Tirar o pão do forno, to draw or take bread out of the oven.

Bolo do forno, a cake, or tart.

Pão do forno, a peel, a broad thin board with a long handle, used by bakers to put their bread in and out of the oven.

Garavatos, ou lenha miuda para aquecer o forno, bavinns to heat the oven.

Forno. (A military word.) See **FORNILHO**.

FORO, *f. m.* court, or hall of justice.

Fôro ecclesiastico, arches-court.

Fôro secular, the chancery-court, the high court of parliament, or any other court that is not a court of arches.

Fôro interior, ou da consciencia, that knowledge which a man hath of his own thoughts or actions, the estimate of conscience.

Fôro, quit-rent, an acknowledgment,

FOR

or small rent payable by tenants to the lord of the manor.

Fôro de fidalgo. See **FIDALGO**.

Fôro de cidadam, denization.

O que tem foro de cidadam, a denizen, or denison, a freeman, one enfranchised.

Dar foro de cidadam, to denizen, to enfranchise, to make free.

Estar posto em foro de fazer alguma cousa, to have a right to do any thing.

Foro da natureza, (metaph.) the law of nature.

FORQUILHA, *f. f.* a pitch-fork with three points or prongs, a three-pronged fork.

Forquilha de armar redes, para apanhar passiros, a small stake or fork to stay up nets, or to stretch or pitch them upon, in fowling. See also **FORCADO**.

FORRADO, *a, adj.* See **FORRAR**.

FORRAÇITAS. (A jocose word.) See **POUPADO**.

FORRAGEADO, *p.* of the preterperfect of **FORRAGEAR**.

FORRAGEADOR, *f. m.* one that goes a forraging, or that gets forrage.

FORRAGEAR, *v. n.* to go a forraging, to forrage.

FORRA'GEM, *f. f.* (a military word) forrage, provision of hay, oats, straw, &c.

Hir á ferragem. See **FORRAGEAR**.

FORRAR, *v. a.* to line; also to lay over, to overlay, to cover superficially.

Ferrar de marmore huma parede, to line, or to cover a wall with marble.

Ferrar o telão de huma casa, to ceil, to overlay, or cover the inner roof of a house.

Ferrar hum navio, (a sea-phrase) to furr a ship.

Ferrar. See **POUPAR**, and **APROVEITAR**.

Quero ferrar-vos deste trabalho, I'll spare or save you this trouble.

Ferrar hum escravo, to make a slave free.

Ferrar-se. See **DESFORRAR-SE**.

Ferrar-se, (livrar-se.) See **LIVRAR-SE**.

Ferrar-se bem, to clothe one's self well.

Ferrar-se de nuvens, to be cloudy, or covered with clouds.

Elle não se ferra com ninguém, he abates nothing of his own right; that is, he is a stingy, covetous, or niggardly fellow; also he spares no one.

FORREJADO, *p.* of the preterperfect of

FORREJAR, *v. a.* to waste, ruin, or ravage.

FORRETA, *f. m.* (a low and vulgar word) a stingy, niggardly fellow, a miser, a wretch covetous to extremity.

FORRIÉ'L, *f. m.* (A military word.) See **QUARTEL mestre**.

FORRO, *f. m.* a lining. From the Gothic word *fidra*, signifying the same.

FOR

Ferro que se põem nos lados dos sapatos, the side-lining of a shoe.

Ferro da casaca, the lining of a coat.

Ferro do chapéo, the lining of a hat.

Ferro do tecto, the ceiling, or the inner roof of the house.

Ferro, a, *adj. ex.* *Escravo ferro*, one that has been a slave and is made free. It is Arabic in this sense.

Ferro, free from ground-rent.

Ferro, (livre.) See **LIVRE**.

Comer a tripa ferro, ou á custa da barba longa. See **BARBA**.

Vaca ferro, a cow with calf.

FORSU'RA. See **FRESSURA**.

FORTALECER, *v. a.* to strengthen, to fortify. See also **FORTIFICAR**, and **CORROBORAR**.

FORTALECIDO, *a, adj.* strengthened, &c. See **FORTALECER**.

FORTALEZA, *f. f.* fortitude, one of the cardinal virtues.

FORTALEZA, a fortress.

Fortaleza do espirito, courage, intrepidity, fortitude, constancy.

FORTE, *f. m.* a fort.

Forte, (in the mint) this term is used to express that the coin is rather above weight.

Moeda com forte, a piece of money that bears down the weight.

Forte pequeno, a fortlet, a little fort.

Forte, a fort of ancient small coin.

Forte de campanha, a fortillage, a block-house.

Fôrte, *adj.* strong, able, powerful.

Fazer-se forte. See **FORTIFICAR-SE**.

Vinho forte galardo, strong-bodied wine.

Huma caixa forte, a strong box.

Praça forte, a strong place.

Huma forte armada, a strong fleet.

Agea forte. See **AGOA**.

FORTEMENTE, *adv.* strongly, valiantly, bravely.

FORTIDA'M, *f. f.* thickness, grossness, power or endurance, firmness, durability, toughness.

Fortidam, sourness, acidity, austereness of taste.

FORTIFICAÇÃO, *f. f.* a fortification, a place built for strength; also fortification, or the science of military architecture.

Fortificação regular, regular fortification.

Fortificação irregular, irregular fortification.

FORTIFICA'DO, *a, adj.* See **FORTIFICAR**.

FORTIFICAR, *v. a.* to fortify, to strengthen against attacks by walls, or works; also to fortify, to encourage, to confirm.

FORTI'M, *f. m.* a fortlet, a little fort.

FORTUITAMENTE, *adv.* by chance, casually, fortuitously.

FORTUITO, *a, adj.* that happeneth by chance, casual, fortuitous.

Caso, ou acontecimento fortuito, fortuitousness.

FORTU'M, *f. m.* a strong smell.

FORTU'NA, *f. f.* (among the Heathens) the goddess of Fortune; also fortune, fate, destiny.

F O S

Bea, ou má fortuna, good or bad luck.
Filha da fortuna, a whore.
Bea, ou má fortuna no jogo, good or ill run at play.
Soldado de fortuna, a volunteer, a soldier of fortune.
Ter fortuna, to prosper, to thrive.
Por fortuna, by chance, by good luck, fortunately, happily.
Roda da fortuna, the wheel of fortune.
Que tem fortuna, fortunate, lucky, happy.
Bra fortuna, fortunateness, happiness, good-luck, success.
Ellis veio a Londres a procurar a sua fortuna, he came to London to seek his fortune.
Fazer sua fortuna, to make one's fortune.
Fazer huma grande fortuna, to make a great fortune.
Livro que alguns consultão para saber a fortuna de algum, a fortune book.
O que engana o vulgo pretendendo de saber a fortuna de algum, a fortune-teller.
O que procura de fazer fortuna, casando com mulheres ricas, fortune-hunter.
Fortuna, tempest, storm. See also *PERIGO*.
Fortunas, (in astrology) fortunes, the two benevolent planets, Jupiter and Venus.
Fortuna Mayor, ou Primeira, Jupiter.
Fortuna Menor, ou Segunda, Venus.
P. quando a fortuna he contraria, os amigos voltam as costas, when once fortune begins to frown, friends will be packing.
P. a fortuna ajuda aos doudos, fortune favours fools.
Fortunas, (riquezas.) See *RIQUEZAS*.
P. ao homem cufado a fortuna lée da a mam, fortune favours the bold.
P. a fortuna he para os doudos, e o atajo para os seys, luck for the fools, and chance for the ugly.
FORTUNA'DO, *a*, adj. fortunate, fortun'd, lucky, happy.
Ilhas fortunadas, the Fortunate Islands, now called the Canaries.

F O S

FOSCA, *f. f.* a menace, threat, bullying, provocation, insult, contemptuousness, (a vulgar word.)
Fazer foscas, to menace, to threaten, to bully, to provoke, to anger, to excite by words or actions of contempt.
Fosca, illusion, false show, counterfeit appearance.
Que faz foscas, (nesta ultimo sentido) illusive, deceiving by false show.
Fazer foscas, (no mesmo sentido) to illude, to deceive by false shew.
FOSSA'DO. See *FOSSO*.
FOSSE'TE, *f. m.* a little ditch, moat, or trench.
FOSSIL, adj. fossil, that which is dug out of the earth.

F R A

Sal f-fil, fossil, or rock salt.
FOSSO, *f. m.* a ditch, a trench; also a trench, or earth thrown up to defend soldiers in their approaches to a town, or to guard a camp.
Abrir fossos, to trench, to cut or dig into pits or ditches.

F O T

FO'TA, *f. f.* a fort of fine veil, or covering for the head like the turban worn by Mahometans.
FOTEA'DO, *a*, adj. made like a *sata*. See *FO'TA*.

F O U

FOUCA'DA, *f. f.* a blow with a scythe.
FOUCE, *f. f.* a sithe, or scythe to mow with.
Fouce podadeira, a pruning knife.
Fouce rogadeira, hedging-bill.
Meter a fouce na siara alba, (metaph.) to meddle with other peoples business.
FOUCI'NHA, a little scythe or bill.
FOUCI'NHO, *f. m.* idem.
FOUVEIRO, *a*, adj. fallow. Lat. *rufus*.

F O Y

FOYO. See *FOYO*.

F O Z

FOZ, *f. f. ex.* *Foz de hum rio*, the mouth of a river.
De foz em foz, at sea, far from the coast.
Foz, (Metaph.) See *ENTRADA*.
Hir de foz em foz, (a metaphorical expression) to exceed the limits, or bounds of moderation or reason.

F R A

FRACAMENTE, adv. weakly, faintly, poorly.
Fracamente, cowardly.
FRACAÇO, *f. m.* a great noise, rattling of arms, clashing of swords, &c.
Fracoço, a sudden and unexpected misfortune.
FRACCA'M, *f. f.* (in arithmetic) a fraction, a broken number.
FRA'CO, *a*, adj. weak, feeble, faint, languishing. See also *COVARDE*.
Memoria fraca, weak or treacherous memory.
Voz fraca, weak voice.
Fraca razam, a weak reason.
Fraca desculpa, a lame excuse.
Fraco remedio, em expediente, a poor shift.
Fraca consolaçam, a cold comfort.
Ter a vista fraca, to be short-sighted.
Fraco, (ignorante.) See *IGNORANTE*.
Fraco conhecimento, a little knowledge.

F R A

Elles estavam fracos de infantaria, they wanted foot.
Fraco, poor, without spirit, flaccid.
Vinho fraco, wine that is half flat, nothing brisk.
Discurso fraco, a flat or plain discourse.
De pouca, ou frata saude, sickly.
Engenho fraco, a heavy or dull wit.
Na minha fraca opiniam, in my poor opinion.
Fraco, insignificant, unimportant, ineffectual, of little or no significance.
Que tem animo, ou espirito fraco, feeble-minded, cowardly, faint-hearted.
Testemunhas fracas, insignificant testimonies.
Fraco, *f. m.* weak part, or side, weakness.
O fraco de huma pessoa, the feeble, weak side, or blind side.
Eu conheço o fraco delle, I have the blind side of him.
O fraco, ou parte mais fraca da espada, the feeble or small of a sword.
FRACTURA, *f. f.* a fracture, or breaking of a bone, a breaking in pieces.
FRADARI'A, *f. f.* a quantity of friars assembled together; also any religious order of friars; also a friary trick.
FRA'DE, *f. m.* a friar.
Convento de frades, a friary, a monastery, or convent of friars.
Frade leigo, a lay-brother, (in a monastery.)
Frade, (with printers) a friar, a sheet, page, or part of it so ill wrought off at the press, that it can scarce be read.
FRADESCO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to a friar, friar-like, or friary.
FRADESILHO, *f. m.* a sort of small bird called an ope.
FRADI'NHO, *f. m.* a little friar, a child in a friar's habit.
Fradinbo, a sort of flower of a violet colour, so call for being like a friar's hood.
Fradinbo da mam furada. See *DUENDE*.
Feijam fradinbo. See *FEIJAM*.
FRA'GA. See *FRAGOSIDADE*.
FRAGALHO, *f. m.* See *FRAPO*.
FRAGANTE, adj. ex. *Apanhar algum em fragante delite*, to take a man in flagrant, that is, actually committing the crime.
Ladram tomado em fragante, ou apanhado com o furto numa tapada, a backberend, or backberond.
FRAGARIA, *f. f.* a strawberry-bush.
FRAGATA, *f. f.* a frigate; also a small boat.
FRA'GIL, adj. fragile, brittle, weak, soon broken; also frail, weak of resolution. (Metaph.)
FRAGILIDADE, *f. f.* fragility, brittleness, weakness; also instability of mind, frailty. (Metaph.)
Peccados de fragilidade, sins of infirmity.
FRAGMENTO, *f. m.* a fragment, a part

a part broken from the whole, an imperfect piece.
FRAGÓ, (in hunting) the lesser, or the dung of a rabbit, wolf, &c.
FRAGOA. See **FORNALHA**.
FRAGOR, f. m. fragor, a noise, a crash, a crack. Lat.
FRAGOSIDA'DE, f. f. cragginess, crag, or craggedness.
FRAGOSO, a, adj. craggy, rugged, full of prominences, rough to walk on, or climb.
FRAGRANCIA, f. f. fragrance, a sweet odour or scent.
FRAGRANTE, adj. fragrant, odiferous, sweet of smell. See also **FRAGANTE**.
FRAGUEIRICE, f. f. it is not easy to understand the meaning of this word, nor of the next; but I think it signifies humour, caprice, maggot, or whim.
FRAGUEIRO, a, adj. some say it signifies not to be wearied, indefatigable; some others say it means impatient, uneasy, or the like.
Fragueiro, that lives upon cragged and steep places, or mountains.
Fragueira companhia, the Muses.
FRAGURA, f. f. See **FRAGOSIDADE**.
FRA' LDA, or **FALDA**, f. f. the skirt, or that part of any garment that hangs down, as of a gown, robe, &c. a train.
Fralda da camisa, the lower part both of the fore-flap and hind-flap of a shirt, or of a smock.
Mulher em fraldas de camisa, a woman in her smock, when she has no petticoat on.
Fralda, ou falda do monte, the skirt, or lower part of a mountain.
FRA' LDO, a, adj. that has a great many folds, or plaits. See also **FRA' LDO**, v. a. to sew, or clap on a flap or skirt. From **FRA' LDA**, which see.
FRADELIM. See **GUARDAPE**.
FRAMEA, f. f. a sort of halbert.
FRAMENGO. See **FLAMENGO**.
FRA' NÇA, f. f. France, a large kingdom of Europe, very advantageously situated in the middle of the temperate zone.
FRANCAMENTE, adv. frankly, freely, liberally.
FRA' NÇAS, f. f. p. so they call the tops of trees, or the extremities of the branches of them.
FRANCELHO, f. m. a kind of hawk called a sparrow-hawk, an hobby.
FRANCEZ, f. m. a French-man.
P. roupa de francesas, things left at random, or exposed to be pillaged.
Francez, a, adj. French.
A' Franceza, after the French fashion.
FRANCEZA, f. f. a French woman.
FRANCHADO, (in heraldry) ex. *Escudo partido em franchado*. See **ESCUDO**.
FRANCIDO. See **FRANZIDO**.

FRANCISCA, f. f. Frances, a proper name for women.
FRANCISCO, f. m. Francis, a proper name of men.
FRANCISCA' NOS, f. m. p. Franciscans, an order of friars.
FRA' NCO, a, adj. free from duties, taxes, or any expences, or impediments.
France, (francez.) See **FRANCEZ**.
Franco, (aberto) See **ABERTO**.
Li-gsa Franca, a mixture of the French, Italian, Spanish, &c. languages, *lingua franca*.
France, (fincero.) See **SINCERO**.
France, f. m. a sort of French coin, a livre, worth twenty pence.
FRANCOLIM, f. m. a bird called heath-cock, or rail.
FRANDES. See **FLANDES**.
FRANDULA' GEM, f. f. (a vulgar word) trifles, things of small value.
FRA' NGA, f. f. a young hen, or pullet.
FRA' NGAM, f. m. a cockrel, a young cock, a chicken.
FRANGIPA' NA, f. f. a sweet scented conffection so called.
Luvras frangipanas, sweet or perfumed gloves.
FRA' NGO. See **FRANGAM**.
FRA' NGUE, f. m. so the Moors call the Frenchmen, and almost all the European Christians.
FRA' NJA, f. f. a fringe.
O que faz franjas, a fringe-maker.
Ornar com franjas, to fringe, to adorn with fringes.
FRANJA DO, a, adj. fringed, or adorned with fringes.
FRANQUEA' DO, a, adj. See **FRANQUEA' R**, v. a. to clear, to facilitate, to make easy, to ease, to set free from any impediment.
Franquear o passo, ou passagem, to clear a passage.
Elle franqueou os Alpes, e entrou em Italia, he crossed the Alps and entered into Italy.
Franquear dificuldades, to overcome, or surmount difficulties.
Franquear, to free from duties, imposts, or customs.
FRANQUEZA, f. f. freedom, liberty, or permission granted by any prince to foreigners, that they may come into his kingdom, or go out of it, without any hindrance.
Franqueza, (sinceridade.) See **SINCERIDADE**.
FRANQUIA. See **FRANQUEZA**. See also **COUTO**, and **ASYLO**.
Franquia, (among the Arabians.) See **CHRISTIANDADE**.
FRANSELHO. See **FRANCELHO**.
FRANZI' DO f. m. plaits, folds.
Franzido, a, adj. gathered into plaits; also thrunk, that expresses fear, pain, &c. by contracting the body. See the v. **FRANZIR**.
Olhos franzidos, twinkling eyes.
FRANZI' NO. See **DELGADO**.
FRANZI' R, v. a. to gather into plaits,

to contract into folds, to pucker.
 From the French *francier*.
Franzir as sobrancelhas, to frown, to look stern, to knit, or contract one's brow.
FRAQUEA' DO, p. of the preterperfect tense of
FRAQUEA' R, v. n. to fail, faint, yield, or succumb.
Fraquear, to give ground, to fall back, to flag, to grow spiritless.
FRAQUEIRA, or *terra fraqueira*, a barren, or unfruitful land.
FRAQUEZA, f. f. weakness, feebleness; also fragility, frailty, lialleness to fault; also frailty, or fault proceeding from weakness, a sin of infirmity. See also the adj. **FRACO**.
P. tirar forças de fraqueza, to make one's utmost efforts, to make a virtue of necessity.
FRAQUINHO, a, adj. somewhat faint, weak, or feeble. (Diminut. of **FRACO**.
FRA' SCA, (a word not generally used in Portugal.) See **LOUÇA**.
FRASCA' L. See **FASCAL**.
FRASCA' RIO, f. m. a man that is given too much to the love of women.
FRA' SCO, f. m. a square glass bottle, a flaggon; also a flask, a powder-horn.
O que faz frascos, a flaggon-maker.
Frasco, (among goldsmiths) a box: to keep the sand, that serves to cast.
FRASE, or **FRASI**. See **PHRASE**.
FRASINELLA, f. f. the herb called Solomon's seal.
FRASQUEIRA, f. f. a box, or case for bottles or flaggons.
FRASQUINHO, f. f. a little bottle, or flaggon; also a powder-horn.
FRATERCIDA. See **FRATRICIDA**.
FRATERNA, f. f. ex. *Fazer huma fraterna*, to reprove, to chide, to give one a lecture.
FRATERNAL. See **FRATERNO**.
FRATERNIDA'DE, f. f. brotherhood, fraternity.
FRATERNO, a, adj. brotherly, fraternal.
Com caridade fraterna, fraternally, in a brotherly manner.
FRATRICI' DA, f. m. and f. the murderer, or murderers of a brother, a fratricide.
FRATRICI' DIO, f. m. a fratricide, the murderer of a brother.
FRATRI' SAS, f. f. p. a sort of religious women that lived in their own houses, but were subject to the order of knights of Malta.
FRAUDE, f. f. fraud, cheat.
FRAUDULENCIA, f. f. deceit, fraudulence.
FRAUDULENTAME' NTE, adv. deceitfully, fraudfully, or fraudulently.
FRAUDULE' NTO, adj. fraudulent, fraudulent, deceitful. (Speaking both of persons and things.)
FRAUTA, f. f. a flute.

F R E

Frauta doce. See *DOÇAINHA*, or *DOÇAINO*.
Tanger a frauta, to play upon the flute.
Frauta travessa, a German flute.
Frauta pequena que tem o som claro, e agudo, a flagelet.
O que tange mal a frauta, a piper.
O que faz frautas, a flute-maker.
FRAUTA'DO, *a*, adj. shrill, high in music. See also the *v.* *FRAUTA'R*.
Voz frantada, a shrill or high voice, also a soft sweet voice.
FRAUTA'R, *v. a. ex.* *Frautar o organ*, to pull out the flute-stop of an organ, and to push in the other stops.
FRAUTEIRO, one that plays upon the flute.

F R E

FRE'CHA, *f. f.* an arrow, a shaft.
O que faz frechas, a fletcher.
De frecha, directly.
Frecha de ponte levadiça, so they call that large piece of timber in a draw-bridge that serves to lift up the bridge.
FRECHA'DA, *f. f.* the stroke, or wound of an arrow.
FRECHA'DO, *a*, adj. See *FRECHAR*.
FRECHA'L, *f. m.* (among carpenters) a beam upon the walls of a building, or that piece of wood into which the feet of the principal rafters are framed.
FRECHA'R, *v. act.* to shoot an arrow.
FRECHEIRO, *f. m.* an archer, he that shoots with a bow, he that carries a bow in battle.
FREGAÇÃ'M. See *ESFREGAÇAM*.
FREGIR. See *FRIGIR*.
FREGUEZ, *f. m.* a parishioner, one that belongs to the parish; also a customer, one who frequents any place of sale for the sake of purchasing.
Tirar as frequizes a huma loja, to balk a shop, to hinder its custom.
Acquirir frequizes, to get, or draw chapmen, or customers.
FREGUEZIA, *f. f.* a parish, or parochial church; also a certain compass of ground belonging to it.
FREIMA. See *FLEIMA*.
FREIMAM, &c. See *FLEIMAM*. &c.
FREIRA, *f. f.* a nun; also a sort of fish, so called.
FREIRA'TICO, *f. m.* one that is given too much to the love of nuns.
FREIRE, *f. m.* a brother, or religious man of some orders of knighthood; also a fish so called.
FREIRICE, *f. f.* an habitual intercourse with nuns; also a fancy, magnet, or whimsy of nuns.
FREIXO, *f. m.* an ash-tree.
O fruto que o freixo da, kit-keys, the fruit of the ashen-tree.
De freixo, ashen, of ash.
Freixo, (metaph.) a ship.
FREMI'DO, *p.* of the preterperf. tense of
FREDU'R, *v. n.* See *BRAMIR*.

F R E

FRENESIS, or *PHRENESI*, *f. f.* frenzy, madness.
FRENETICO, *a*, adj. frantic, mad.
FRE'NTE, *f. f.* (a military word) *ex.* *Frete do exercito*, the front of an army.
FRE'O, *f. m.* a bit, horse bit.
Tomar o freo nos dentes, is for a horse to champ the bit.
Freio, (metaph.) a check, or curb.
Por freio, to bridle, to curb, to rein; also to keep in, to check, to restrain, to stop, or stay. (Metaph.)
Largar o freio, to let loose the reins. (Both in the proper and figurative sense.)
Tomar o freio na bocca, (metaph.) to resist, to oppose, not to submit.
Freio da lingua, the string that holds the tongue, and hinders tongue-tied people from speaking.
Freio do membro viril, frænulum, a membrane which ties the fore-skin to the nut of the yard.
FREQUENCIA, *f. f.* frequency, often doing a thing; also a great company or meeting of people.
FREQUENTACÃ'M, *f. f.* frequenting, going often to a place, or doing a thing often, haunting, conversing.
FREQUENTADAMENTE, *adv.* oftentimes, frequently.
FREQUENTADO, *a*, adj. frequented, resorted to, (speaking of a place, See also
FREQUENTAR, *v. a.* to frequent, or haunt, to go, or resort often to.
Frequentar algum, ou a casa de algum, to frequent, or haunt one, to converse, keep company, or society with him, to frequent his house.
Frequentar, to make often use of.
Que se pode frequentar, frequentable.
O que frequenta hum lugar, a frequenter, one who often resorts to a place.
FREQUENTATIVO, (in grammar) frequentative, a verb signifying the frequent repetition of an action.
FREQUENTE, *adj.* frequent, that often cometh, or is often done; also frequent, or used often to practise anything.
FREQUENTEMENTE, *adv.* frequently, often.
FRESCA, *f. f.* cool, *ex.* *Pella fresca*, in the cool.
FRESCA'L, *adj.* fresh, new, late made.
Queijo frescal, green, or soft cheese.
FRESCAMENTE, *adv.* lately, newly.
FRESCO, *a*, adj. fresh, cool; also fresh, sweet, opposed to stale or sinking.
Vento fresco, a favourable gale of wind, or a wind not tempestuous, yet stronger than a breeze.
Tempo fresco, cool weather.
Pam fresco, new bread.
Peixe fresco, fresh fish.
Ar fresco, fresh or cool air.
Lugar fresco, a pleasant cool place.
Mulher fresca, a fresh-coloured wholesome looking woman.

F R I

Novas frescas, fresh news, that hath not been heard before.
Ovos frescos, new-laid eggs.
Fresco, fresh, not salt.
Atinques frescos, white herrings.
Fresco, (são.) See *SAM*, and *ROBUS*. *TO*.
Fresco, ou não cansado, fresh. *ex.* *Soldados frescos*, fresh troops, or soldiers.
Vindo de fresco, newly come.
Ervas colhidas de fresco, herbs fresh gathered.
Cor fresca da cara, a fresh and clear complexion.
Chaga fresca, green, or raw wound.
De data fresca, of a late date.
Esta ainda muyto fresco na minha memoria, it is still quite fresh in my memory.
Fresco, that is not dried up.
Fallar fresco, to talk wantonly.
Palavras, ou discursos frescos, wanton words, or discourses.
Fresco, *f. m.* cool.
Faz fresco, it is cool.
Tomar o fresco, to enjoy the cool air.
Fazer jornada pello fresco, ou fresca do dia, to travel in the cool of the day.
Per alguma cousa em fresco. See *REFRESCAR*.
As fresco, in the cool.
Fresco, (in painting) fresco, a painting on walls newly plaitered.
Pintar a fresco, to paint in fresco.
FRESCURA, *f. f.* coolness, freshness, pleasant air.
FRESQUETA, *f. f.* (among printers) the striket of a printer's press.
FRESQUIDÃ'M. See *FRESCURA*.
FRESSURA, *f. f.* pluck.
Fressura de porco, the baslet, or baslet of a hog.
FRESSUREIRA, *f. f.* a woman that sells plucks.
FRESTA, *f. f.* a little window, a hole to let in light, a small aperture lengthwise.
Fresta, (janilla.) See *JANELLA*.
Fresta vos dentes, the space between the teeth that do not join close.
FRETA'DO, (in heraldry) *ex.* *Campo fretado*, a fret, a field with several lines running cross one another like a lattice.
Fretado, *a*, adj. freighted. See *FRETAR*.
FRETAMENTO. See *FRETE*.
FRETA'R, *v. a.* to freight, or hire a ship.
Fretar, ou tomar hum navio, to hire, to take to hire, or to freight a ship.
Fretar hum navio sendo dono delle, to hire, or let to hire a ship.
FRETE do navio, *f. m.* freight, the money due for transportation of goods, to hire, or take to hire a ship.
FRETO, *f. m.* a narrow sea between two lands, a strait.
FREY, a (title given to friars) brother, *ex.* *Frey Pedro*, brother Peter.

F R I

FRIA'CHO. See *TIBIO*.

F R I

FRIGEM, f. f. the quality of being coldish, a moderate cold.

FRIALDADE f. f. frigidity, coldness; also want of corporeal warmth.

FRIAMENTE, adv. coldly, without heat; also coldly, or without concern, indifferently, negligently without warmth of temper or expression, frigidly, or without affection.

Friamente, quietly, calmly, without trouble.

FRIAVEL, adj. (in medicine, surgery, &c.) that may be crumbled, or broken small; friable, or easily reduced to powder. Lat.

Qualidade ou disposiçam de huma coisa friavel, friability, aptness to crumble.

FRICASSE, f. m. fricassée, a dish made by cutting chickens, or other small things in pieces, and dressing them with strong sauces. French.

FRIEIRA, f. f. chilblain, kibe, often occasioned by cold.

Que tem frieiras, kibed, troubled with kibes.

Frieira ulcerada, a kibe, an ulcerated chilblain, a chap in the heel caused by the cold.

Que padece destas frieiras, kibed, troubled with kibes.

FRIELDADE. See **FRIALDADE**.

FRIEZA. See **FRIALDADE**.

Frieza, (metaph.) coldness, unconcern, frigidity of temper, want of zeal, negligence, disregard; also coyness, want of passion, frigidity, dulness, want of intellectual fire.

FRIGIDEIRA, f. f. a frying-pan.

Frigideira de apañar o pingo, a dripping-pan, the pan in which the fat of roast meat is caught.

P. cabir da frigideira nas brasas, to fall out of the frying-pan into the fire.

FRIGIDO. See **FRIO**.

Zonas friidas, the frigid, or frozen zones.

Frigido, e malefiado, impotent, or without power of propagation, and at the same time bewitched and fascinated.

Frigido, a, adj. See

FRIGIR, v. a. to fry, to dress victuals, &c. in a frying pan.

Cortar carne em pedaços para frigilla, to fritter, to cut meat into small pieces to be fried.

P. ao frigir dos ovos o vereis, you will find it when you come to fry the eggs; that is, you will be sensible of what you do, when you find the ill consequences. They say it was taken from a thief, who having stole a frying-pan, the owner asked him as he was going out, what he carried? he answered, you will know when you go to fry the eggs.

FRINCHA, f. f. (a provincial word) See **GRETA**.

FRIO, f. m. cold.

Tenho frio, I am cold.

Faz frio, it is cold.

Tremar com frio, to quake, or shiver with cold.

F R I

Tremar com frio, (in falconry) to frill.

ex.

O falcão está tremendo com frio, the hawk frills.

Que causa frio, causing cold, frigorific.

Fazer-se frio, to grow cold.

Fazer-se muito frio, to grow very cold.

Frio da febre, a cold fit of an ague, chillness.

Frio, adj. cold.

Tempo frio, cold weather.

Frio, (metaph.) serious, unaffected, unconcerned, cold, slack, indifferent, dull, frigid.

Frio, frigid, dull, without fancy or fire. (Metaph.)

Argumentos frios, weak arguments of small force.

Frio, (metaph.) flat, dull, insipid, that has no salt, or wit.

Sangue frio, cold blood.

Matar alguém em sangue frio, ou a ferro frio, to kill one in cold blood.

Malbar em ferro frio. See **FERRO**.

Beter frio, to use cold drinkings, to drink with ice.

As bebidas frias matao muita gente, drinking with ice kills a world of people.

Amante frio, a cold-lover.

Acho este autor muito frio, this author does not affect me in the least.

Frio, *cu que faz alguma coisa fria*, that makes any thing cold.

Cabo Frio, Cape Frio, a head-land of Rio Janeiro, in Brasil, South America.

Estar sepultado em cinzas frias, (metaph.) to be buried in oblivion.

FRIOLEIRA, or **FRIONEIRA**, f. f. a foolish, nonsensical expression, a jest without any wit.

Frionaleira, a trifling, or frivolous thing, a thing of no moment; also frivolousness, want of importance, or ground.

FRIORENTO, a, adj. chilly, very sensible of cold.

FRISA, f. f. See **FRISIA**.

Cavalle de frisa, cheval de frise, a warlike instrument to keep off the horse.

Frisa, *ou paño de frisa*, frize, a coarse knap cloth, perhaps so called because first made or worn by the people of Friesland.

Frisa do paño, the nap, the tufted, or hairy superficies of cloth.

FRISADO, a, adj. See **FRISAR**.

FRISAM, f. m. one of Friesland.

Cavalle frizam, or frizam, a great Flander's horse or mare; so called, because they breed in the province of Friesland.

FRISAR, v. a. ex. *Frisar o paño*, to nap cloth.

Frisar, v. n. to agree, to consent, to hang together. (Metaph.)

FRISIA, f. f. Friesland, one of the seven united provinces of Holland. Lat. *Frissa*.

Frissa oriental, East Friesland, otherwise called the earldom of Embden. It properly belongs to Westphalia.

FRISO, f. m. (in architecture) frize, or frieze.

F R O

FRITADA, f. f. a fricassée, chickens, &c. fried in a pan.

FRITO, a, adj. fried.

Peixe frito, fried fish.

Ovos fritos, an omelet.

FRIVOLO, a, adj. frivolous, slight, trifling, of no moment.

F R O

FRACADURA, f. f. See

FROCO, f. m. a sort of ribband, or label hanging down on garlands and garments.

Fraco de neve, a flake of snow.

FRONDENTE. See **FOLHUDO**.

FRONDI FERO, a, adj. (in poetry) frondiferous.

FRONDOSO, a, adj. See **FOLHUDO**.

FRONHA, f. f. a pillowbear, a pillowcase.

FRONTAL, f. m. an altar-piece, or the ornament that sets off the front of the altar, or is set before it.

Frontal, the head-stall of a bridle.

FRONTALEIRA, f. f. broad slips of silk, &c. laid along the top of a curtain. See **SANEFÁ**.

FRONTARIA, f. f. See **FRONTISPICIO**, and **FACHADA**.

FRONTE, f. f. See **CARA**, and **TESTA**.

Fronte, (in military affairs) front.

Frete da terra. See **PRAYA**.

De frente, adv. over-against.

FRONTEIRA, f. f. a frontier, borders.

Capitam da fronteira. See **FRONTEIRO**.

FRONTEIRO, a, adj. over-against, frontier.

Cidade fronteira, a frontier town.

Fronteiro, f. m. a governor of a fort on the frontiers.

Fronteiro mór, captain-general of the frontiers. See **FRONTEIRO**. It was an appellation of honour or title, formerly given even to the infants of Portugal.

FRONTISPICIO. See **FACHADA**.

Frontispicio de hum livro, the title, or first page of a book, telling its name, and generally its subject.

FROTA, f. f. merchant-men, or ships that keep company together.

FROVA, f. f. a sort of bird very much like the mag-pye.

FROUXEL, f. m. the down, or soft feathers of a goose, &c.

Cama feita de frouxel, a feather-bed.

FROXAMENTE, adv. slackly, remissly, faintly; also negligently, with delay, coldly.

Eroxamente, ou por cerimonia. See **CEREMONIA**.

FROXIDA, f. f. slackness, looseness, not tightness.

Froxidam, (in a moral sense) slackness, negligence, inattention, remissness.

Froxidam, ou falta de devoçam, aridity, or barrenness of devotion.

FROXO, or **FLOXO**, a, adj. slack, not tense, not hard drawn, loose.

F. C. 179

FRU

Frax, slack, remiss, not diligent, not eager, not fervent. (In a moral sense.)
Terra fraxa, or *fraxeira*. See *FRAQUERA*.
Fraxo. See *FLUX*.
Petaram nelle a fraxo, the voters voted him, or he carried all the votes.

FRU

FRUCTIFERO, *a*, adj. fructiferous, bearing fruit, fruitful.
FRUCTIFICADO, *a*, adj. See *FRUCTIFICAR*.
FRUCTIFICAR, *v. a.* to fructify, to make fruitful, (both in the proper and moral sense.)
Fructificar, *v. n.* to fructify, to bear fruit.
FRUCTUOSAMENTE, adv. commodiously, profitably.
FRUCTUOSO, *a*, adj. profitable, beneficial.
FRUGAL, adj. frugal, thrifty, sparing, parsimonious, not lavish.
Homem frugal, a frugal man.
Meza frugal, a frugal meal, or table.
FRUGALIDADE, *f. f.* frugality, thrift, parsimony, good husbandry.
Com frugalidade, frugally, parsimoniously, sparingly, thriftily.
FRUITA. See *FRUTA*.
FRUICAM, *f. f.* fruition, enjoyment, possession.
FRUNCHO, or *FURUNCULO*, *f. m.* a sore called a felon, a bile.
FRUSTRADAMENTE, adv. in vain, to no purpose.
FRUSTRADO, *a*, adj. frustrated, disappointed. See the *v.* *FRUSTRAR*.
Ficou a sua esperança frustrada, he was disappointed of his hope.
FRUSTRANEAMENTE, adv. in vain, to no purpose.
FRUSTRANEO, *a*, adj. vain, useless.
FRUSTRAR, *v. a.* to frustrate, to disappoint, to balk.
Frustrar as esperanças de algum, to frustrate one of his hopes.
Frustrar os desígnios de algum, to frustrate one's designs, to make them miscarry.
Frustrar-se, *v. r.* to be disappointed, to miscarry, not to succeed.
FRUSTRATORIO, *a*, adj. See *FRUSTRANEO*.
FRUTA, *f. f.* fruitage, fruit collectively, various fruits, fruitery.
Casa de fruta, an apple-loft, or storehouse for fruit, a fruit-loft, a repository for fruit.
Tempo da fruta, fruit-time.
Fruta que tem casta dura, como as nozes, &c. all fruits that have a hard shell.
Fruta nova. See *ALBRICOQUE*.
FRUTAR, *v. n.* to fructify, to bear fruit.
FRUTEIRA, *f. f.* an apple-woman, a woman that sells fruit.
FRUTEIRO, *f. m.* a fruiterer, one who trades in fruit.
Frutiro, a fruit dish.
FRUTICE, *f. m.* See *ARBUSTO*.

FUG

FRUTIFICADO. See *FRUCTIFICADO*.
FRUTIFICAR. See *FRUCTIFICAR*.
FRUTO, *f. m.* fruit, the product of a tree or plant, in which the seeds are contained.
Frutos da terra, como trigo, legumes, &c. all kinds of products that the earth bringeth forth, as corn, pulse, &c.
Abundante em frutos, fruitful, abundantly productive.
Dar fruto, to fructify, to bear fruit.
Frutos, rent, or revenue of land, (in law.)
Fruto, fruit, advantage gained by any enterprise or conduct.
Fruto de benção, ou fruto do matrimonio, fruit, offspring of the womb, a lawful issue.
Que não dá fruto, fruitless, barren of fruit, not bearing fruit.
FRUXO. See *FLUX*.
Fruxo de riso, a sudden laugh.

FUC

FUCINHEIRA. See *FOCINHEIRA*.
FUCINHO. See *FOCINHO*.
FUCINHUDO. See *FOCINHUDO*.

FUE

FUEIRO, *f. m.* a stick fastened in the sides of a cart, to sustain the cart-load.

FUG

FUGA, *f. f.* flight, running away, and escape.
Fuga, (in music) fugue, a chase, as when two or more parts chase one another in the same point.
Fazer fuga, (in a moral sense) to forsake, to quit, to leave.
Fuga, the room or extent of place that is necessary for a cannon or engine when it plays.
Fuga de casas, several rooms placed in a line or row, with the doors facing one another.
FUGACE, adj. swift in flight, fleet, that is easily put to flight.
FUGACIDADE, *f. f.* fugacity, quality of flying away; also fugacity, uncertainty, instability.
FUGAES festas, Fugalia, festivals observed by the ancient Romans, on account of the expulsion of their kings.
FUGALÇA, *f. f.* (a ludicrous word) time, leisure. See also *REGABOFE*.
Dar fugalça, to let a rope go by hand, or to let it run out of itself.
FUGAZ, adj. See *FUGACE*.
FUGATE, adj. (in heraldry) represented in a flying posture.
FUGIDA, *f. f.* See *FUGA*.
Pôr em fuga. See *AFUGENTAR*.
FUGIDISSO, or *fugidiço*. See *DESECTOR*.
FUGIDO, *a*, adj. run away, &c. See *FUGIR*.

FUL

FUGIR, *v. n.* to fly, to run away; also to decline, to shun, or avoid to do any thing.
Fugir de alguma coisa, ou a alguma coisa, to shun or avoid a thing.
Foge da minha presença, avoid my presence.
Fugir do trabalho, to eschew labour.
Fugir da vista de algum, to escape one's sight.
Fugir o corpo, ou com o corpo a alguma coisa, (metaph.) to decline, to shun, to avoid to do any thing.
Fugir o corpo ou com o corpo ao golpe de algum, to shun, or avoid one's blow or thrust.
Fugir da justiça, ou à justiça, to fly from justice.
Isso fuge à nossa vista, that is removed from our sight, we cannot see it.
Fugir, to slip away, (as time.)
Fugir o pé a algum. See *ESCORREGAR*.
Deixar fugir a occasião, to slip the occasion.
Fugir da memória, to slip, to escape, to fall away out of the memory.
Fugir o tempo a algum, (in a figurative sense) is for one to lose by negligence, or to slip the occasion.
Fugir a voz, is for one single part to begin to sing, and then be seconded by a third, fourth, &c. part. See *FUGA* (in music.)
Fugir, ou escapar a unhas de cavallo. See *ESCAPAR*.
Fugir do inimigo no mar, to bear away, to run away at sea.
FUGITIVO, *a*, adj. fugitive, not tenable, not to be held, or detained, (both in the proper and figurative sense.)
Prazeres fugitivos, momentaneous, or transitory pleasures.
Fugitivo, that slips away. (Speaking of time.)
Fugitivo, rapid. (Speaking of a river.)
Fugitivo, *f. m.* a runner away, he that flies away, a fugitive.
FUINHA, or *feinha*, *f. f.* See *FOINHA*.
FUINHO, *f. m.* a bird that is always creeping on the bodies of trees, a wood-pecker.

FUL

FULA. See *EMPOLA*.
Fula fula, (a vulgar expression and ludicrous reduplication) hurry, or great haste; also great dealing or trade, a crowd or multitude of affairs. From the French *foule*.
Fula, ou fura. See *SURA*.
FULGURAR. See *RELAMPAGUEAR*.
FULHEIRO, *f. m.* a sharper at play; a fallender.
FULHERIA, *f. f.* sharpening, or cheating at play.
FULLANA, *f. f.* *FULLANO*, *f. m.* such a one. From the Hebrew *fuloni*, or the Arabic *phalen*, such a one.
O seu.

F U M

O senber fullano, master such a one.
FULIENSES, f. m. p. an order of begging friars of the order of St. Bernard. They had their beginning under pope Gregory XIII.
FULIGEM, f. f. See **FERRUGEM da chemin**.
Fuligem, (among physicians) a fuliginous vapour.
FULIGINOSO, a, adj. fuliginous, sooty.
Vapores fuliginosos, (among physicians) fuliginous vapours.
FULMINADO, a, adj. thunderstruck, blasted. See also the v. **FULMINAR**.
FUMINADOR, f. m. he who fulminates.
FULMINANTE, p. aét. fulminant, casting thunderbolts; also that makes thunderbolts.
Fulminante, (in chemistry) ex. *Ouro fulminante*, aurum fulminans.
Fulminante, (metaph.) fierce, terrible, fulminant, making a noise like thunder, fulminatory.
FULMINAR, v. aét. to strike with a thunderbolt, to blast.
Fulminar, (metaph.) to strike terror, to fulminate, to throw out as an object of terror.
Fulminar mortes, to kill a great many men.
Fulminar golpes, to cut or wound many a man.
Fulminar huma excommunbaõ, to fulminate, or thunder out an excommunication.
Fulminar, to punish severely.
Fulminar nadar, to punish severely the poor sort of people.
Fulminar, (destruir.) See **DESTRUIR**.
Fulminar ameaças, to threaten highly.
Fulminar sentença. See **SENTENCIAR**.
Fulminar, to go about, or endeavour to do a thing, to design, meditate, plot, or contrive. See **MAQUI-NAR**.
Processo fulminado, a suit or trial that is concluded.
Fulminar hum processo, to conclude or put an end to a process, suit, or trial; from *fulmen*, a thunderbolt, because the sentence is like a thunderbolt to a criminal, and to him that is cast.
FU'LO, f. m. a sort of black-a-moor.
FU'LVO, a, adj. of a deep yellow, fallow colour.

F U M

FUMAÇA, f. f. a smoky paper held under the nose of one that sleeps.
Fumaça, (in military affairs) the smoke that rises from powder, and gives signal in the day-time in a watch tower.
Fumaça, (In a moral sense.) See **ORGULHO**, and **VAIDADE**.
FUMAÇO, f. m. (In military affairs.) See **FUMAÇA**.

F U M

FUMADO. } See { **FUMEGADO**.
FUMAR. } **FUMEGAR**.
FUMARADA, f. f. See **ORGULHO**.
FUMARIA, f. f. the herb fumitory, fumiter, or earth-smoke.
FUMEGADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
FUMEGA'R, v. n. to fume, to smoke.
FUMEIRO, f. m. the tunnel of a chimney, or the place where they smoke bacon, or the like.
P. dizem os filhos ao fumaíro, o que eu vem dizer a seu pays ao fumaíro, the child said nothing but what he heard at the fire; or what children hear at home soon flies abroad; to which pretty nearly answers the other proverb, that little pitchers have great ears. These proverbs are a good caution to parents and others, not to use too much freedom in discourse before children; therefore, *maxima debetur puro reverentia*, says Juvenal.
Carne de fumo, meat dried by smoke.
Fumifero, a, adj. fumiferous, bringing smoke, (in poetry.)
FUMIO, f. m. smoke, vapour, steam.
Fazer ou lançar fumo, to smoke.
Que lança, ou faz muito fumo, smoky.
Ir-se, ou resolver-se em fumo, to come to nothing. (Metaph.)
Fumo, (metaph.) smoke, air, wind, vain hope.
Já nam bá disse fumo, a metaphorical expression) it vanished away, or it is come to nothing.
Seccar ao fumo, to smoke-dry, to dry by smoke.
Que parece, ou tem a natureza de fumo, smoky, that has the appearance or nature of smoke
Fumo que fabe do vinbo, e dos comeres, e be agradável ao elato, flavour.
Faz fumo nesta casa, this room smokes.
Fazer negro com o fumo, to besmoke.
Negro com o fumo, besmoked.
Luzar por onde fabe o fumo em huma cabana, a loover, an opening for the smoke in a cottage.
Arcoque de fumo, ou desumado. See **ARENQUE**.
Fumes que fobem a cabeça, fumes or vapours.
Ter fumes, (metaph.) to be proud, haughty.
Fumo do chapéo, a mourning hat-band.
Fumo, (Metaph.) See **ORGULHO**, and **PRESUMÇAM**.
Fumo da terra, or *erva molarinha*. See **ERVA**.
P. onde fogo não ba, fumo não se levanta; we say, when there is smoke there is fire.
P. Perto voy o fumo da chania; we say, there is no smoke without some fire.
FUMO SO, a, adj. smoky, that smoketh, humid, vaporous; also that has a flavour, or pleasant smell or taste. (Speaking of wine, meats, &c.)
Fumoso, (Metaph.) See **ORGULHO**.
Fumus terra. See **FUMO da terra**.

F U N

F U N

FUNA'MBULO, f. m. a dancer on the ropes, a tumbler. From the Lat. *funambulus*.
FUNÇAM, f. m. a function, or employment; also a feast, an entertainment, or any public act.
FUN'CE, f. m. a sort of Indian vessel, or ship.
FUNCHA'L, f. m. Funchal, the capital of a territory of its own name, and likewise of the whole Madeira Islands. It lies on a fine bay of the Atlantic Ocean, is subject to Portugal, and three hundred and twenty miles west of Morocco, in Africa. Here is the see of a bishop. It takes its name from
FUNCHA'L, a place set with fennel.
FU'NCHO, f. m. fennel.
Funcho de parco, maiden-weed, hog's-fennel, or sulphur-wort.
Funcho marinho, rock-samphire, sea-fennel.
Funcho bravo, ou silvestre, wild, or great fennel.
FUNDA, f. f. a sling.
Braças da funda, the strings of the sling.
O meyo, ou centro da funda em que assenta a pedra, the strap of the sling.
O que atira com funda, a slinger or one that hurleth stones out of a sling.
Atirar com a funda, to sling, to throw by a sling.
Funda, a truss, a bandage by which ruptures are restrained from lapsing.
FUNDAÇAM, f. f. a foundation; also the original, rise; a revenue settled for any purpose, particularly charity.
FUNDA'DO, a, adj. See the v. **FUNDAR**.
FUNDADOR, f. m. a founder, one from whom any thing has its original or beginning; also a founder, one who establishes a revenue for any purpose.
FUNDADORA, f. f. foundress, a woman that begins or establishes any thing, and particularly any charitable revenue.
FUNDAGEM, f. f. See **BORRA**.
FUNDAMENTADO, a, adj. See the v. **FUNDAMENTAR**.
FUNDAMENTAL, adj. fundamental; both in the proper and figurative sense.
Pedra fundamental, a foundation stone.
FUNDAMENTAR, v. aét. to establish. See **ASSEGURAR**.
FUNDAMENTO, f. m. a foundation, the principles or ground on which any notion is raised; also the foundation, or lower parts of an edifice. See also **ALICERSE**.
Sem fundamento, groundlessly.
Com fundamento, groundedly.
Que não tem fundamento, groundless.
FUNDA'R, v. a. to lay the foundation or ground-work.
Fundar, ou fazer es alicerces de huma casa, to groundsel a house.

F U N

Fundar, to ground, or to found as upon cause, or principle
Fundar a sua opiniao, to ground one's opinion.
Fundar, to found, or institute.
Fundar huma igreja, to endow a church. (Metaph.)
Fundar hum imperio, to lay the foundation of an empire. (Metaph.)
Fundar, (in a moral sense) to dive into a subject, to examine it thoroughly.
Fundar muito, (speaking of plants) to root deeply, or to a great depth.
Fundar, ou for o fundo a hum barril, &c. to clap on a bottom to a cask, &c.
Fundar-se, v. r. to be grounded.
Fundar-se no credito e proteccao de hum homem, to rely, to build, to depend upon a man's credit, or protection.
Fundar-se em algum texto da escriptura sagrada, to ground what one says upon some passage of the holy writ.
FUNDEA'DO, p. of the preterperf. tense of
FUNDEAR, v. n. to dive, to sink voluntarily and go to the bottom, as those do who dive for the pearl.
FUNDEIRO, f. m. a slinger
FUNDIADO. See **FUNDEADO**.
FUNDIAR. See **FUNDEAR**.
FUNDIBULARIO, f. m. (among the ancient Romans) a slinger.
FUNDICAM, f. f. a melting, founding, or casting; also a foundery, a casting house.
Defundiram, melted, or cast.
FUNDIDO, a, adj. melted; cast.
Olhos fundidos, ou encovados. See **ENCOVADO**. See also the v. **FUNDIR**.
FUNDIDO'R, f. m. a founder, a caster.
Fundidor de sinos, a bell-founder.
FUNDILHO, f. m. (among taylor) a gore to widen the breeches.
FUNDIR, v. a. to melt, to dissolve, to liquify.
Fundir hum sino, ou huma estatua, to cast a bell, or a statue.
Fundir a casa com effrondos, to throw a family into confusion, to set a family in an uproar, to make such a noise as if they would shake the house down.
Fundir, v. n. (render.) See **RENDER**.
Fundir, (aproveitar.) See **APROVEITAR**, and **SERVIR**.
Fundir-se, v. r. to melt, to become liquid, to be made fluid.
Fundir-se, to sink, to fall in.
Fundio-se o sobrado de repente, the floor fell in, or sunk all of a sudden.
Fundio-se a terra debaixo dos seus pes, the earth sunk under his feet.
FUNDO, f. m. bottom of any thing.
Fundo do mar, the bottom of the sea.
Dar fundo, (a sea expression) to cast anchor.
Lancar ou meter hum navio no fundo, to sink a ship.
Fundo, (profundidade.) See **PROFUNDIDADE**.
Fundo da agulha, the eye of a needle.
Hir, ou hir se co fundo, to settle, sink, or go to the bottom.

F U R

Que não tem fundo, ou sem fundo, bottomless.
Fundo do coração, the bottom, or inward recesses of the heart.
Fundo, the further end, the most remote part, the utmost part.
Fundo de hum negocio, (metaph.) the main, or main point of an affair.
Penetrar, ou hir ao fundo de huma questao, ciencia, &c. to dive, to go deep into any question, science, &c. (Metaph.)
Ter fundo, to be deep.
Fundo de hum barril, the head of a cask.
Fundo de hum liquor. See **BORRA**.
Fundo, (among painters) the ground.
O fundo da pintura he muito claro, the ground of the picture is too light.
Fundo do exercito, the distance between the front, and the rear of an army.
Fundo, a, adj. deep, profound.
Diamante fundo, so they call a diamond that is worked both in the upper and inner part.
FUNDURA, f. f. deepness, profundity, depth.
FUNEBRE, adj. funeral, funereal.
Oraçao fúnebre; a funeral oration.
Pumpa fúnebre, the funeral, the pomp or procession with which the dead are carried.
Fúnebre, (triste.) See **TRISTE**.
FUNERAL, adj. See **FUNEBRE**.
Funeral, f. m. a funeral, the solemnization of a burial, obsequies.
FUNEIRO, a, adj. (in poetry) See **FUNEBRE**.
FUNESTADO, a, adj. See **FUNESTAR**.
FUNESTAR, v. a. to pollute, or defile, to inqurate, (in a religious sense.) See also **PROPHANAR**.
Funestar, to sadden, to make melancholy, or gloomy.
FUNESTO, a, adj. fatal, unlucky.
FUNGAM, f. m. a sort of mushroom called a puff-ball, or puff-bill.
FUNGO, f. m. a mushroom; also a sort of tumour, or excrescence in wounds.
FUNGO'SO, a, adj. spongy.
O aljofar de fungoso, sponginess.
FUNIL, f. m. a funnel, or tunnel.
FUNILEIRO, f. m. he who makes funnels.

F U R

FURACAM, f. m. a whirlwind, an hurricane, starting up on a sudden, which overturns houses, and sinks ships, unless they be provided to receive it.
FURA'DO, a, adj. bored, &c. See the v. **FURAR**.
Diabito da mão furada, Robin Good-fellow, a good-natured sort of spirit, some people imagine haunts houses.
Mal furada. See **HYPERICAM**.
FURADOR, f. m. a borer, a piercer, an instrument to bore.
FURAR, v. a. to bore, or pierce.
Furar de parte a parte, to bore through.

F U R

Furar, (metaph.) to sail, or pass through, or over, by a ship.
Furar, (metaph.) to dive, to go deep into any question or subject, to be acute, sagacious, and penetrative, to penetrate into the inside and reality of things.
Furar a noite, is for the students in the universities not to study, nor mind their books in the three hours of the night, as it is usual amongst them.
FURCULA, f. f. (in anatomy) *furcula os, furcula superior furcella*, or the upper part of the sternum, or breast-bone.
FURFURA'CEO, a, adj. scurfy, furfaceous. (Among physicians.)
FURFURACIO, f. m. *furfures, dasdruff*, the scales that fall from the head, or skin, or the other parts of the body.
FURIA, f. f. fury, rage, madness, precipitation, rashness.
Levado da furia. See **ENFURECIDO**.
Furia, boisterousness, storminess, vehemence. (Speaking of wind, sea, &c.)
Furia, frolic, whim.
Fazer huma furia, to do a thing out of frolic.
Furia, a sort of sport, or diversion by water, with fiddles, victuals, &c. particularly by night, a match for pleasure.
Fazer huma furia neste sentido, is for some friends to divert themselves by water, &c. See **FURIA**.
Furia, brunt, fire, eagerness, folly.
Velasco não quiz dar batalha a esfranceses e desta sorte esfriou a primeira furia delle, by avoiding an engagement, Velasco cooled the first eagerness of the French.
Furia, one of the Furies of hell mentioned by the poets.
FURIBUNDO, a, adj. See **FURIOSO**.
FURIOSAMENTE, adv. furiously, madly, violently.
FURIOSO, a, adj. furious, transported by passion beyond reason; also furious, mad, phrenetic.
Furioso, exceeding, amazingly great.
FURNA, f. f. a hollow place, a cavern, or den.
FURNIMENTO, f. m. so they call the timber of a sort of northern oak, like a fir-tree.
FURO, f. m. a bore, the hole made by boring.
Fazer, ou dar hum furo, to bore a hole.
Vir a furo, (speaking of an imposthume) to draw to a head.
FURO'R, f. m. fury, rage, madness, frenzy.
Furar poetico, poetical rapture.
Furar prophetic, (among the heathens) an enthusiastical rapture, such as that of heathen priests, who pretended to be inspired by God.
Furar divino, the holy zeal.
Ter fureres de amor prophano, to deat,

FUR

FUS

FUZ

to be in love to extremity, to be disordered with love.
Furar uterino, a distemper which provokes women to transgress the rules of common modesty.
FURRIE'L. See **FORRIEL**.
FURTACÓRES, f. m. ex. *Taça a furtacores*, changeable taffeta.
FURADELA, f. f. it is only used adverbially, ex. *As furtadellas*, by stealth.
FURADO, a, adj. stolen. See also the v. **FURTAR**.
Luzes furtadas, so they call candles or any thing that gives light and is not seen.
Passo furtado. See **FURTAPASSO**.
FURTAFOGO, ex. *Lanterna de furtafogo*, a dark lantern.
FURTAPASSO, f. m. (speaking of a horse) ex. *Cavallo que anda de furtapasso*, a horse that goes very easy, a pad.
FURTA'R, v. a. to thief, to steal, to rob; also to subtract, or take away.
Furtar occultamente, to purloin.
O que furta occultamente, a purloiner.
Furtar o corpo ao golpe. See **FUGIR** o corpo, ou com o corpo.
Furtar o corpo, (metaph.) See **FUGIR** o corpo, ou com o corpo. (Metaph.)
Furtar cousas de pouco preço, to pilfer.
O que furta cousas de pouco preço, a pilferer.
Furtar, (falsificar.) See **FALSIFICAR**.
Furtar do thesouro publico estando delle encarregado, to embezzle.
Furtar, to ravish, to take away by violence.
Dado, ou inclinado a furtar, thievish.
Disposiçã, ou habito de furtar, thievishness.
Furtar o tempo, to spare time.
Se posso furtar algum tempo, if I can spare any time, if I have any time to spare.
Furtar meninos, to kidnap, to steal children.
O que furta meninos, a kidnapper.

Tempo ou horas furtadas, a spare time.
Furtar as voltas, to dodge, to run from side to side, or place to place, to avoid one, to double and turn like a hunted hare.
Furtar as voltas, eu caminbo a algum, is to go through several windings and turnings, in order to overtake one at unawares.
Furtar-se, v. r. See **ABRIGAR-SE**.
Furtar-se da vista de algum, to escape one's sight.
P. quem huma vez furta, ful nunca, he who once steals, is never trusty. Once a thief, always a thief.
FURTIVAMENTE, adv. privily, by stealth.
FURTIVO, a, adj. private, secret.
FURTO, f. m. theft, the act of stealing; also the thing stolen, thievery.
A furto, ou furtivamente. See **FURTIVAMENTE**.
FURUNCULO. See **FRUNCHO**.

FUS

FUSA, f. f. (in music.) See **COLCHEA**.
FUSCO, a, adj. brown, tawny, dusky. See also **LUSCO**.
Fusco, (triste.) See **TRISTE**.
FUSIL. See **FUZIL**.
FUSILADO, &c. See **FUZILADO**, &c.
FUSO, f. m. a spindle.
Fuso do lagar, the screw or spindle of a wine-press.
Dirito como hum fuso, as straight as a spindle; we say, as an arrow.
P. mal way ao fuso quando a barba não anda em cima, alas for the spindle when the beard is not over it: by the spindle is meant the woman, and by the beard the man.
P. cada terra com seu uso cada roca com seu fuso, so many countries, so many customs.
FUSTA, f. f. a foist, a pinnace, or small ship with sails, or oars.

FUSTAM, f. m. fustian.
Festo de fustão, fustian.
FUSTETE, f. m. a sort of wood that serves to make yellow dye.
FUSTIGADO, a, adj. See
FUSTIGAR, v. a. to switch, or to beat with switches; also to cudgel, to beat with a cudgel, to fustigate. See also **CASTIGAR**.

FUT

FUTIL, adj. futile, trifling, worthless, of no weight.
FUTILIDADE, f. f. futility, triflingness, want of weight, want of solidity.
FUTURO, a, adj. future, that which will be hereafter.
O estado de huma coisa futura, futurity.
Tempo, ou coisa futura, futurity, time to come, events to come.
Futuro, f. m. (in grammar) the future, or future tense.
Futuro, the future, or time to come.
Pa a o futuro, for the future, henceforth, futrely.

FUZ

FUZA'M, f. f. See **FUNDIÇAM**.
Fogo de fuzam, (in chemistry) a reverberated flame, a reverberatory flame or fire.
FUZE'LA, f. f. (in heraldry) a fusil.
FUZIL, f. m. a steel to strike fire withal. See also **RELAMPAÇO**.
Elle vive ao lume do seu fuzil, he lives upon his own estate.
Fazer fuzis, (a sea expression) to give a signal with the smoke of powder.
FUZILADO, p. of the preterperf. tense of **FUZILAR**.
FUZILA'M, f. m. See **FIVELA**.
FUZILAR, v. n. to lighten.
Fuzilar, or *fazer fuzis*, (a sea expression.) See **FUZIL**.
FUZIS pennas, beam feathers, the long feathers of the wing of a hawk.

G.

G, f. m. the seventh letter of the Portuguese alphabet. It has a double sound, viz. hard and soft. It retains the hard sound before *a, o, u, l, r*, as in *gala, golpe*, &c. the soft sound resembles that of *J*, and is found before *e, i*, as in *gênero, giria*, &c.

Sometimes they intermix the letter *u* between the *g* and *e*, or *i*, as in *guerra, guia*, &c. and then the *gue* is pronounced as *gue* in the word *guess*, and *gui* like *gi* in the word *gift*.

GUA sounds almost lik *gua*. ex. *Guarda*, pronounce *guarda*.

G, in Latin numbers signified four thousand, according to this verse:

G quadringentos demonstrativa tenebit.

G, with a dash at top, signified forty thousand.

G A B

GABADI'NHO, *a*, adj. (a familiar word) it is said both of persons and things that are most commended and praised: diminut. from

GABADO, *a*, adj. See **GABAR**.

GABADO'R, *f. m.* a praiser, a commender.

GABADO'RA, *f. f.* she that commendeth.

GABA'M, *f. m.* a gabardine, a coarse frock worn by country people. See **ALBERNOZ**.

GABA'R, *v. a.* to praise, to commend. *Gabar-se*, *v. r.* to boast, to brag, to display one's own worth or actions in great words, to vaunt.

Motivo para que algum se gabe, ou a causa de que a'guem se gaba, a boast.

O que se gaba, a boaster, a vaunter, a bragger.

Causa que se gaba, ou bé inclinada a gabar-se, boastful, or inclined to brag.

GABELLA, *f. f.* so they call a certain sum of money deposited by the appellants in the court of chancery.

GABINA'RDO, *f. m.* See **GABAM**.

GABINETE, *f. m.* a cabinet; also the king's cabinet-council.

GA'BIO, *f. m.* (In cant.) See **CHAPÉO**.

GABO. See **LOUVOR**.

GABRI'TO, *f. m.* a sort of net for fishing.

G A C

GA'CHO, *f. m.* (speaking of a bull) the nape or joint of the neck behind.

G A D

GADAMECI'S, or **GADAMEXINS**.

See **GUADAMECINS**.

GADA'NHA. See **GUADANHA**.

GADA'NHO, *f. m.* (among country people) it is only used in this phrase, *Não posso fazer gadanho*, that is, my hand is benumbed with cold; or I am so cold that I cannot contract or double my fingers.

Lançar a alguém os gadanhos. See **AGADANHAR**.

Meter os gadanhos n' alguma coisa, to lay or clap one's hand upon a thing, (a vulgar phrase.)

Gadanhos, (speaking of birds of prey) a crooked claw.

GADE'LHA, *f. f.* a lock of hair; it is also taken for the hair that grows on the lips and chin. From the Hebrew *gedelim*.

Gadelbas de laã, so they call the flocks of wool wound up in a round bottom, or brought into a round heap.

Vir ás gadelbas com alguém, to fly in one's face, and pull him by the head. Terence says, *involare in capillum*.

GADELHA'DO, *a*, adj. (in heraldry) ex. *Gadelbado de cabillos vermelhos*, adorned with red hair.

GADELHU'DO, *a*, adj. one that wears much hair; but it is more properly said of one that wears long and lank hair, that hangs flat down. **GADIZ**. See **CADIZ**.

GADITA'NO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to Cales, or Cadiz.

GADO, *f. m.* cattle of any sort.

O que negocia em gado, ou o que cria gado, para o vender, a grazier.

Elles tomaraõ cem cabeças de gado, they took a hundred head of cattle.

Gado grosso, big cattle.

Gado miúdo, all smaller cattle, as sheep, goats, &c.

Manada de gado grosso, a drove, or herd of big cattle.

Rebanho de gado miúdo, a flock of sheep, goats, &c.

G A F

GA'FA, *f. f.* the bender of a cross-bow.

GAFA'DO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **GA-FAR**.

GAFANHO'TO, *f. m.* a locust.

GAFAR, *v. a.* to snatch away suddenly, or violently, particularly with the nails, or with any thing that is hooked.

Gafar a péla, not to stretch the hand cleverly in playing at tennis.

Gafar, *v. n.* is for olives to rot and fall down; which is occasioned by fogs.

Gafar-se, *v. r.* to be infected.

Gafar-se de sarna, to be infected with the itch.

GA'FARI'A, *f. m.* an hospital for lepers, or people infected with leprosy.

GA'FE'IRA, *f. f.* a sort of leprosy that makes the joints stand bent; also a sort of disorder in goats, by which their hair comes off.

Gafeira, or *sarna de caõ*, mange.

GA'FO, *a*, adj. infected; as, *Gafo de sarna*, infected with the itch.

Gafo, benumbed, crooked jointed, sick with a sort of leprosy which makes the joints stand bent.

Azeitona gafa, so they call the olives that are rotten and ready to fall down.

See **GA'FAR**, *v. n.*

G A G

GAGA'O, *f. m.* a sort of game with dice.

GAGATA, *f. f.* gagates, a sort of stone.

GAGE'IRO, *f. m.* a man that stands in the round-top of a ship's mast to desery land, or enemies.

Vinho gagairo, heady wine, that flies up quickly into one's head.

GA'GES, *f. f. p.* See **GA'JAS**.

GA'GO, *a*, adj. stuttering, or stammering.

GAGUEJA'DO, *a*, adj. See **GAGUEJA'R**, *v. n.* to stutter, to stammer.

Homem ou mulher que gagueja, a stutterer, a stammerer, one that speaks with hesitation.

GAGUE'IRA, *f. f.* stammering, stuttering.

G A I

GAICHETE. See **GAXETAS**.

GAIFO'NAS, *f. f. p.* grimaces, wry faces. See also **GALHOFA**.

GAIO. See **GAYO**.

GAIO'LA, *f. f.* a cage, or bird-cage.

Gaiola grande, ou viveiro de passares, an aviary.

GAIPÉ'IRO, *f. m.* (in the province of Minho) one that likes grapes.

GA'IPO, *f. m.* See **ESGALHOS de uvas**.

GA'ITA, *f. f.* See **FRAUTA**.

Gaita de folle, a bagpipe.

Tocar a gaita, to play upon the flute.

Tocar a gaita. (A low and vulgar expression.) See **EMBORRACHAR-SE**.

Gaitas, so they call those holes that are seen in a lamprey's neck; and because

GAL

cause that part of it is very dainty; hence came the proverb, *Sabe como gaitas*, it tastes like gaitas; that is, it is a very exquisite and dainty meat.

GAITEIRO, f. m. See **FRAUTEIRO**.

Gaitero que roea gaita de folle, a bag-piper.

Gaitero, a gallant.

Gaitero, a, adj. of gaudy and very gay colours.

GAIVAM, f. m. martinet, or martlet, a kind of swallow.

GAIVOTA, f. f. a sea-mew, cob, or gull.

GAIVOTAM, f. m. a sort of large bird about the Cape of Good-Hope.

G A J

GAJADEROPA, f. f. a kind of shell-fish.

GA'JAS, f. f. p. an honorary gift over and above the wages, by-gains, by-profits, perquisites.

GAJEIRO. See **GAGEIRO**.

G A L

GALA, f. f. ornament, finery, a rich and splendid dress; also gracefulness, elegance of manners. Greek.

GALADO. See **GALLADO**, and the v. **GALAR**.

GALADURA. See **GALLADURA**.

GALAGALA, f. f. a composition or mixture of hair and tar, wherewith they cover all that part of the ship which is under water before they sheath it, that when the worm goes through the sheathing, it may not fasten upon the side of the ship.

Lançar galagala a hum navio, to sheath, or to case that part of the hull of a ship that is to be under water, with something to hinder the worms from entering into her planks; then nailing on milled lead, or planks of wood.

GALAN. See **GALANTE**.

GALA'NGA, f. f. galangal, a medicinal root.

GALANICE, f. f. fineness, elegance.

GALANTE, adj. gallant, comely, handsome, graceful, civil; also merry, pleasant, jocund, witty.

Dito galante, a neat, witty, or pleasant saying.

Galante, f. m. a gallant, one who courts a lady.

GALANTEADO, a, adj. See

GALANTEAR, v. n. to play, to joke.

Galanteár, v. a. to court, to gallant.

Galantear huma dama, to court a lady.

GALANTEMENTE, adv. pleasantly, handsomely, with a good grace.

GALANTEO, f. m. gallantry, courtship.

GALANTERIA, f. f. gallantry, courteous behaviour, genteelness.

Galantéria nas palavras, wit, pleasant wittiness in words.

Acho-lhe muita galantéria, elle quer que

eu viva a seu modo, (an ironical expression) a pretty man indeed, he would confine me to live as he doth.

Com galanteria. See **GALANTEMENTE**.

Galanterias, neat and curious works, pretty toys, or knacks.

GALAM, f. m. a galloon of any sort, silk, silver, or gold.

Galão, bound, start, (speaking of a horse that starts for a race, and flies out on a sudden.)

GALAR, v. n. to be dressed fine and gay.

Galár, v. a. See **GALLAR**.

GALARDAM, f. m. reward. From the French *garden*.

Deus vos de o galardão, God reward you.

GALARDOADO, a, adj. rewarded.

GALARDOAR, v. a. to reward.

O que galardoa, a rewarder.

Digno de ser galardoado, rewardable.

GALARIAM, f. m. a multiplication of numbers. See Clavius's Arithmetic, chap. xxv. *De progressionibus*.

GALATRISTE. See **GALLITRICO**.

GALAXIA, f. f. the galaxy or milky way.

GAL'BANO, f. m. galbanum, a fat juice, which will not dissolve in oil, but in water, betwixt a gum and a resin, for it burns like resin, and dissolves in water like a gum.

GALDROPE, f. m. See **GUALDROPE**.

GALE, f. f. a galley; also a printer's tool called a galley.

GA'LEA, f. f. See **CAPACETE**.

Que tras galea, galeated.

GALEAÇA, f. f. a galeas.

GALEAM, f. f. we call it a galleon; they were formerly great ships of an odd form, trading to the West-Indies; now all the men of war sent to those parts, though nothing different from other ships, are called galleons.

GALEATO, a, adj. galeated, wearing an helmet.

GALEIRAM, f. m. a sort of bird that dives.

GALEOTA, f. f. a galliot, a light vessel.

GALEOTE, f. m. a galley-slave.

GALEOTO, f. m. See **GALEOTA**.

GALEA, f. f. a long waggon, as it were a land galley.

GALERIA, f. f. a gallery.

GALE'RNO, f. m. the north-east wind.

Galérno, a, adj. of, or belonging to the north-east wind.

GALE'RO, f. m. a sort of helmet made of the skin of beasts.

GALEZA. See **GAZELA**.

GALFA'RRRO, f. m. a proud and stout fellow.

GALGA, f. f. a greyhound-bitch; also the upper mill-stone in a mill wherein oil is made; also hunger.

Galga de pedra, a stone cast from the top of a hill upon the enemy.

Galga, (in masonry) the top of a wall.

GAL

GAL

GALGA'DO, a, adj. See

GALGAR, v. a. (in masonry) ex. *Galgar huma parede*, to build or raise a wall to a certain height.

GALGO, f. m. a greyhound, a harrier, a dog for hunting hares.

Correa com que se ata o galgo para ir a caça, a leash.

P. a galgo velbo daitake a lebre, e não coelbo, slip an old greyhound after a hare, not after a rabbit; that is, put men of experience to the most difficult task.

P. o galgo á larga a lebre mata, at the long run the greyhound kills the hare; that is, perseverance overcomes all difficulties.

P. galgo, que muitas lebres levanta, nenhuma mata, the greyhound that puts up many hares, kills none; he who undertakes too much business does none.

GALHO, f. f. a gall, or galnut.

GALHA'RDIA, f. f. a lighter and more active sort of dance than the *pavana*. See **PAVANA**.

GALHARDAMENTE, adv. bravely, briskly, courageously. See also **BIZARRAMENTE**.

GALHARDETE, f. m. See **FLAMMULA**.

GALHARDIA, f. f. See **BIZARRIA**.

GALHA'RDO, a, adj. strong, brave, &c. See **BIZARRO**.

GALHETA, f. f. a cruet, or little bottle for wine, vinegar, or oil.

GALHO, f. m. See **ESGALHO**.

GALHOFIA, f. f. mirth, good cheer, plentiful entertainment, frolicksomeness.

De galhofa, pleasantly, daintily, with great cheer and mirth, frolickly, frolicksingly.

Fazer galhofa de algum, to mock one. **GALHOFEAR**, v. n. to frolick, to rejoice, to cheer up, to be merry.

Galhofear de algum. See **ZOMBAR**.

GALHOFEIRO, a, adj. frolicksome.

GALHU'DO, f. m. a fish, of whose skin water-glue is made. See also **FARRICOCO**.

GALILE, f. f. (An ancient word.) See **ALPENDRE**.

GALLACRISTA, or **GALLOCRISTA**, f. f. See **CRISTA de galls**.

GALLA'DO, a, adj. See **GALLAR**.

Ovo galhado, an egg that has a chicken in it.

Ovo não galhado. See **GORO**.

GALLADURA, f. f. the cock's tread, or cock's treadle, the sperm of an egg.

Dar huma galladura. See

GALLAR, v. a. to tread, or feather as a cock doth.

O gallo galla, ou toma a gallinha, the cock treads the hen.

GALLICADO, a, adj. infected with the French pox.

GALLICAR, v. a. to infect with the French pox.

GALLICO, f. m. the French or venereal disease.

G A M

Gállico, *a*, adj. venereal, belonging to the venereal disease.

GALLINHA, *f. f.* a hen.

Gallinha Mourisca, a Guinea hen.

Gallinha de crista revolta, ou criadira, a hen that is a good breeder.

Ca de gallinha, ou navio redondo. See **REDONDO**.

P. graõ a graõ enche a gallinha o papo, light gains make a heavy purse; or many a little makes a mickle.

P. viva a gallinha, viva com sua pevide, let the hen live, though she still have the pip. Better a creature should live, though infirm, than die.

P. gallinha não nasce, que não esgaravate, such a father, such a son. The Italian say, *Cbi di gallina nasce, cenvien che razzeli*.

GALLINHEIRO, *f. m.* he that keeps and feeds poultry; also a poulterer; also a hen-roost, or coop to keep hens in.

GALLINHO'LA, *f. f.* a wood-cock.

GALLITRICO, *f. m.* the herb called clary. Spanish *gallecresta*.

GALLO, *f. m.* a cock. Lat. *gallus*; also a fish called by some gold-fish. Lat. *zeus*.

Cantar o gallo, to crow as a cock does.

O canta do gallo, cock-crowing.

Gallo, a fore bump, a bile; also the candle set on the top point of a sconce made of three pieces of wood, &c. See **CANDIEIRO** das trevas.

P. o migo e o gallo hum só anno, a servant and a cock must be kept but a year; because servants are best at first, and afterwards grow worse; and the cock after the first year declines of his vigour.

P. muito pode o gallo no seu poleiro; we say, every cock is proud on his own dunghill. The Lat. say, *Gallus in suo strigilivis plurimum potest*.

P. quem se come seu gallo, se sella seu cavallo, who eats his cock alone must faddle his horse alone.

GALLONADO, *a*, adj. laced.

GALO'CHAS, *f. f. p.* wooden shoes; also a sort of nails used by ship-carpenters.

GALOPE, *f. m.* the gallop of a horse.

GALOPEADO, participle of

GALOPEAR, *v. n.* to gallop as a horse does. Greek.

GALRADEIRA, *f. f.* (in cant) the tongue.

GALRAR, *v. n.* (in cant) to speak, to talk.

GALVETA, *f. f.* a sort of vessel or ship used in India.

G A M

GA'MA, *f. f.* a doe, a fallow deer; also the surname of a noble family in Portugal, the chief of which is the count Videgueira, lineally descended from Vasco da Gama, the great discoverer of India, and first of that name. See also **GAMMA**.

G A N

GAMAM, *f. m.* the plant asphodel.

GAMA'RA, *f. f.* a martingal, a thong of leather for a horse.

GAMBIAS, (in cant) the legs.

GAMBO'A, *f. f.* a sort of sweet quince.

GAMELLA, *f. f.* a trough for hogs to feed in; also a great wooden bowl, that serves for many uses.

GAMENHO. (A ludicrous word.) See **GUAPO**.

GA'MMA, *f. m.* a Greek letter so called; also the gamut, in music.

GA MO, *f. m.* the fallow deer; and according to some the chamois or wild goat.

GAMOENS, the plural of **GAMAM**, which see.

GAMOTE, *f. m.* a wooden bowl, that serves for many uses in a ship.

G A N

GANAN'NCIA, *f. f.* profit, gain.

Filho de ganancia. See **BASTARDO**.

GANANCIO'SO, *a*, adj. profitable.

GANAPE'RDE, *f. m.* a sort of game at cards called load-him.

GANCHHO, *f. m.* any sort of hook.

Pao com gancho no fim para apanhar nozes, &c. abaixando os ramos, a nut-hook.

Presentes de gancho, gifts given for advantage.

Gancho, ou coisa semelhante do qual esta dependendo hum caldeirão sobre o lume, a pot-hanger.

GANCHORRA, (in cant) the hand; also a sort of pole with a hook at the end.

GANDA. See **RHINOCEROS**.

GANDA'YA, it is only used in the following expression, *Andar a gandaya*, to go about the streets to gather rags, pieces of iron, &c. hence to play the knave.

O que anda á gandaya, one who goes about the streets to gather rags, &c. a bunter.

GA'NGA, *f. f.* a water fowl somewhat less than a hen, which is very hard to shoot, because it always rises just as they are taking aim at it.

GA'NGES, *f. m.* a sort of fish so called.

GANGOSO, *a*, adj. See **FANHOSO**.

GANGRENA, *f. f.* a gangrene, a mortification.

GANGRENA'DO, *a*, adj. See

GANGRENA'R-SE, *v. r.* to gangrene, to become mortified.

GANHADIA. See **GANANCIA**.

GANHADO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **GANHAR**.

GANHAM, *f. m.* properly a hired plow-man, or herdsman. See also **GUAPO**.

GANHAR, *v. a.* to get, to gain, to win; also to conquer. See also **A-PODERAR-SE**.

Ganhar, (dilatarse) See **DILATAR**.

Ganhar tempo, or **APPRESSAR-SE**, which see.

Ganhar o talvanto, (a sea phrase) to get the wind.

Ganhar a demanda, to carry one's cause.

G A R

Ganhar a vontade de alguém, to gain one's friendship or good-will.

GA'NHO, *f. m.* profit, gain.

GANI'ÇOS, (in cant) the dice.

GANI'DO, *f. m.* a yelping howl, the cry of a dog or wolf.

GANI'NFA, *f. f.* a Moorish cloak.

GANI'R, *v. n.* to howl, to cry, as a dog or wolf does when hurt.

GANI'Z, *f. m.* a small bone used by boys, when they play at cockal.

GANSADO, or **GANÇADO**. (An antiquated word.) See **ALCANÇADO**.

GANSAR, or **GANÇAR**. (An antiquated word.) See **ALCANÇAR**.

GAN'SO, or **GANZO**, *f. m.* a drake.

GANTA, *f. f.* a sort of measure in Malaca. Seven gantas make an **ALQUEIRE**, which see.

GANTAS, *f. m.* (In India.) See **VISHADOR**.

GANZO, *f. m.* See **GANSO**.

G A O

GA'O, *f. m.* (in cant) a louse.

G A R

GARABU'LHA, *f. f.* scrawling, scrawl, pot-hook, ill formed letters. See also **EMBRULHADOR**, and **CONLUJO**.

GARABULHENTO, *a*, adj. rough, rugged, uneven.

GARAY'O, *f. m.* a sort of bird about the coast of Guinea.

GARAYAM, *f. m.* a very tall fellow.

GARALHA'DA, *f. f.* See **GRALHADA**.

GARAMU'FO. See **PRINCIPIANTE**.

GARANHA'M, *f. m.* a stallion horse, (metaph.) a lascivious man.

GARANTE, *f. m.* guaranty, surety.

GARANTI'A, *f. f.* guaranty, or warrant.

GARAFÁ, *f. f.* (in the Brasil) a sort of wine extracted from the dregs of sugar.

GARATU'JA, *f. f.* scrawling, scrawl, any irregular dath with a pen, &c.

Fazer garatujas, to scrawl, to scribble or write in a careless manner; also to scrawl, to draw or paint irregularly, to scribble, to dash with a pen.

GARATU'ZA, *f. f.* a sort of game at cards. See also **GARATU'JA**.

Der garatuza, is to take in all the cards, and leave the rest without any.

GARAVANÇO, *f. m.* a sort of **ENSINHO**, which see.

GARAVANSUELO, *f. m.* a sort of **ESPARAVAM**, which see.

GARAVATO, *f. m.* a hook.

Garavates secos, small sticks, or dry brushwood to kindle the fire.

GARATO, *f. m.* a sort of bird so called.

GARBO, *f. m.* See **GRÇA** and **BIZARRIA**.

GARÇA, *f. f.* the bird called a heron; also the plume or bunch made of the feathers of a heron.

G A R

Lagar, no qual criaõ as garças, heronry, heronshaw.
Garça real, the blue heron.
Garça ribeirinha, the red, or ruddy heron.
Que tem olhos de garça, blue-eyed.
Falção que caça garças, or falção garçeiro, a sort of hawk that preys upon herons.
Garça de Italia, a sort of flowered silk.
GARÇA'M, f. m. a boy, lad, or youth. From the French garçon.
GARCEIRO, f. m. a hawk that preys upon herons.
GARÇO, a, adj. blue.
Que tem olhos garços, blue-eyed.
GARÇOTA, f. f. a small kind of heron; also a plume or bunch of feathers of the same bird.
Garças, f. f. p. so they call the plumes of herons feathers that are white and very fine.
GARDINGO, f. m. this word among the Goths answered to the Portuguese word DESEMBARGADOR, which see.
GARELLA, f. f. a sort of partridge so called.
GARFA'DA, f. f. a fork-full.
GARFI'LA, f. f. See ORLA.
GARFO, f. m. a fork; also a graft, or young cyon.
Garfo de gente, a small number of men.
GARGALHA'DA, f. f. ex. Gargalhada de riso, a loud laughing, or horse-laugh.
GARGALHO, f. m. tough phlegm, spit out with a hawking or coughing.
GARGALO, f. m. the neck of a pot, bottle, &c. See also PORTA.
Gargalo, the superior part of the throat.
GARGANTA, f. f. the throat. So they also call a woman's breast.
Garganta dos montes, a strait, or narrow passage betwixt two hills, a defile.
Passo de garganta, (among mulicians) a quavering or shaking of the voice.
GARGANTA'M, f. m. a voracious beast.
GARGANTEADO, participle of GARGANTEAR, v. n. to quaver with the voice.
GARGANTEO, f. m. a quavering or shaking of the voice.
GARGANTILHA, a necklace.
GARGANTOICE, f. f. (It is not used.) See PAPEIRA.
GARGAREJADO. See GARGARIZADO.
GARGAREJAR. See GARGARIZAR.
GARGAREJO, f. m. a gargarism, a washing of the throat.
GARGARIZADO, part. of GARGARIZAR, v. n. to gargle, to wash the mouth and throat. Greek.
GARJOFYLLATA, f. f. the herb called avens, or bennet.
GARITEIRO, f. m. one that keeps a gaming-house.

G A R

GARITO, f. m. (an antiquated word) a gaming house.
GARLOPA, f. f. a joiner's tool called a long plane, serving to plane the flat of boards.
*GARNA'CHA, f. f. an ancient sort of upper garment or gown, worn only by dignified persons; but now it is peculiar to the ministers called *desembargadores*. See *DESEMBARGADOR*.*
GARNEAR o couro, v. a. to smooth leather.
GAROYI'L, f. m. (among sailors) so they call the upper part of the sail with holes in it, to make fast the ENVERGUES, which see.
GAROUPA, f. f. a sort of fish so called.
Garoupa de cavallo. See GARUPA.
GAROUPEZ. See GURUPEZ.
GARRA, f. f. a claw, a talon; they also call so certain long bristles round the joints of the feet of some horses.
GARRA'CHA, f. f. (in cant) the hand; also the nail of a finger.
GARRACICA'M, f. m. a sort of bird in the Brasils, that feeds upon honey and dew only.
GARRADO, a, adj. See the verb GARRAR.
GARRA'FA, f. f. a bottle. From the Italian caraffa.
GARRAFA'L, adj. ex. Girja garrafal, so they call a sort of large cherries they have in Portugal.
GARRA'NCHO, f. m. a sort of disease in the horse's hoof.
GARRA'R, v. n. (a sea term) to drive; that is, when an anchor does not hold fast, and the ship drags it away.
Garrar, v. a. to drag the anchor, when it gives way, (a sea term.)
GARRAYO, a, adj. ex. Boy garrayo, a little and brisk ox.
Pregador garrayo, a novice, or new beginner in the art of preaching.
GARRIDA, f. f. a little bell.
Fazer garrida, to go round or about something.
GARRIDICE, f. f. See GALANICE, ALINHO, and GALANTARIA.
GARRIDO, a, adj. See GUAPO, and GALAN.
GARRO'CHA, f. f. a sort of dart, or rather like a goad, having but a short point, and the stick short, which they prick the bulls with to vex them at the bull-feasts.
GARROCHA'M, f. m. the spear with which they that ride at the bulls in the bull-feasts strike them.
GARROTE, f. m. strangling.
Dar garrote, to strangle.
GARROTEA, f. f. See JARRETEIRA.
GARROTI'LHO, f. m. a quinsy in the throat, so called, because it chokes a man, as if he was strangled.
GARRU'CHA, f. f. a sort of pulley to torture criminals.
Garrucha, a pannel, or pack-saddle, it is obfus. in this sense.

G A T

GARRULO, a, adj. chattering, or chirping as birds. Lat.
GARUPA, f. f. the buttock. (Speaking of a horse.) See also ANCA.

G A S

GASALHA'DO, a, adj. See GAZALHADO.
GASALHOS, f. m. p. a sort of mushroom.
GASNA'DA, f. f. the cry of an eagle, the clacking of a goose, or the crunking of a crane; any loud and shrill noise of birds.
GASNADO, participle of GASNAR, or GRASNAR, v. n. to cackle like a goose, to crunk like a crane, &c.
GASNA'TE, f. m. the larynx, the top of the windpipe.
GASTA'DO, a, adj. spent, or worn. See the v. GASTAR.
GASTADOR, f. m. a spendthrift, waster; also a pioneer.
GASTA'M, f. m. the head of a cane; also a whirl to put on a spindle.
GASTAR, v. a. to expend, to spend, to wear, to waste, to use, to consume. Gastar o tempo de balde, to labour in vain. Gastar o camiser. See DIGERIR.
Gastar-se, v. r. to be spent, to wear away. See also ACABAR-SE.
Gastar-se, is for a commodity to sell well, to be in vogue.
Gastar-se muito a vela por causa do vento, to flare, as a candle does with the wind.
P. o muito se gasta, e o pouco abasta, much is spent, and little suffices.
GA'STO, f. m. expence, charge, cost, consumption.
Gastos superfluos, idle expences.
Cenja que trax consigo muitos gastos, expensive, chargeable.
Jogar para ver quem bá de pagar os gastos, to play for the reckoning.

G A T

GATA, f. f. a she-cat; also the mizen-top-sail; also a precious stone having the colour of myrrh; also a sort of fish.
Parir a gata, to kitten.
Tomar a gata, to make one's self drunk.
Larga a gata, (speaking to a man in liquor) stand upright, walk steadily.
Gata, a sort of warlike engine formerly used.
GATA'ZIO, f. m. a scratching as cats do; also a cheat, a fraud, a knavish trick.
Pregar bem gatazio, to cheat, to play a knavish trick.
GATE, f. m. Gate, a range of mountains running from N. to S. through the middle of the hither Peninsula of India in Asia.
GATEADO, GATEAR. See ENGATINHADO, ENGATINHAR.
GATE'IRA, f. f. a hole for a cat to creep in and out.
GATI'LHO, f. m. the trigger, or trigger, the catch which being pulled dis-

G A Z

disengages the cock of the gun, that it may give fire.
GATI'NHA, f. f. a little she-cat diminut. from *Gata*.
De gatinhas, creeping on all four like a cat.
GATI'NHO, f. m. a kitten, a young cat, diminut. from
GAT'IO, f. m. a cat.
Gato montez, a cat-a-mountain.
Gato de algalia, a civet-cat
Gato carnofo, a disease in the horse's neck.
Gato sapato, (in India.) See *CABRA ciga*.
Fazer de alguém gato sapato, to mock one, to laugh at him.
Quantidade de gatos juntos, kinder, a company of cats.
Gato, (in masonry) cramp iron, or crampen; an iron which fastens stones in buildings.
Gato que já está muito vilbo e cansado, a gib-cat.
Gato teixugo, a sort of cat something like *teixugo*. See *TEIXUGO*.
Semelhante a gato, cat-like.
Gato piegado. See *GALHU'DO*.
Olho de gato. See *OLHO*.
P. de noite os gatos todos são pardos, when candles are out, all cats are grey; we say also, Joan is as good as my lady in the dark.
P. lançar o gato nas barbas, to shake off any danger upon another.
P. vender gato per libra, to sell a cat instead of a hare, to put a cheating commodity upon a man.
P. tirar a fardinha, ou castanha do fogo em a mão do gato, to shake off any danger upon another.
Estar, ou viver com alguém como o cão com o gato, to live like cats and dogs, always at variance.
GATU'NO, (a ludicrous word) a great knave.

G A V

GAVARRO, f. m. a swelling in the hollow of a horse's pastern.
GAV'RA, f. f. the round-top of a ship's mast. From the Hebrew, *gab*, lofty.
GAVE'LA, f. f. a sheaf of corn.
GA'VETA, f. f. a drawer.
GAVIA M, f. m. a sparrow-hawk.
Gavião de vide. See *ELO*.
GA'FIOENS, so they call the two teeth in the upper jaw, which grow sharp pointed in a horse, so as to prick the tongue and gums.
GA'VO. See *GABO*.

G A X

GAXETAS, f. f. p. (a sea term) the lines that fasten the sails to the yards.

G A Y

GA'YFONAS. See *GA'IFONAS*.
GA'YO, f. m. a sort of bird so called.

G A Z

GAZALHA'DO. See *AGAZALHO*.
GAZEADO, part. of

G E I

GAZEAR, v. n. to play the truant, (speaking of a boy or student that plays the rogue, instead of going to school.)
GAZE'LLA, f. f. a creature much like a wild goat. Arab.
GA'ZEO, f. m. truanship. (Speaking of a boy that stays from school without leave.)
Gazco, a loud and shrill noise of birds.
Cavalleo que tem os olhos gazeos, a wall-eyed horse.
GAZETA, or **GAZETTA**, f. f. a gazette, a news paper, a paper of public intelligence. From *gazetta*, a Venetian halfpenny, the price of a news paper, of which the first was published at Venice.
GAZETEIRO, f. m. he who makes, or composes, or sells the gazette.
GAZI, (among the Turks,) a title applied to such princes as made war upon the Christians.
GAZIA. See *GAZUA*.
GAZOPHY'LAGIO, f. m. a treasury, or place to keep treasures, or wealth.
GAZU'A, f. f. a pick-lock.
Abrir huma fechadura com a gazua, to pick a lock.
Gazua, one of the pieces belonging to a spear, and serves to take hold of it.
Gazua, or *gazia*, (among the Moors) a sort of crusado, or military expedition against the princes of Christendom.

G E A

GEA'DA, f. f. a frost, a hoar frost.
Queimado da geada, frost-bitten.
GEA'DO, part. of
GEA'R, v. n. to freeze, to be congelated with cold.
Capaz de gelar, gelable; capable of being frozen.

G E B

GE'BA, f. f. (in cant) an old mother.
 See also *CORCOVA*.
GEBO. See *CORCOVADO*.

G E H

GEHENNA, f. m. Gehenna, a valley near Jerusalem; also hell. (Metaph.)

G E I

GE'IRA, f. f. an acre of ground, so much as one yoke of oxen will ear in a day, it containeth in length two hundred and forty feet, in breadth, one hundred and twenty.
Per giras, ou as giras, by, or of, every acre, acre by acre.
GE'ITO, f. m. a turn, rule, method, course, or way; also likeness, form, appearance.
Ter geito de alguém, to favour, to be like, to resemble one in feature.
Ter geito de outra coisa, to be like another thing.
Geito de penna, a stroke or dash of a pen.
Geito com o corpo, gesture or motion, and carriage of the body.

G E N

Q que tem geito nos olhos, goggle-eyed, one who looketh a-squint.
Fazer buna cousa com geito, to go the right way to work, to take the right course or method.
Pellos geitos que eu lhe vejo, as he goes to work, as he manages matters.
Naõ faz as cousas com geito, he goes the wrong way to work, he takes a wrong course or method.
Com geito, or por geito, by fair means.
Elle podera alcançar de mim o que quizer se me levar com geito, he may have any thing of me by fair means.
De geito que, so that, inasmuch that.
GEITO'SO, a, adj. fir, apt, that takes the right course or method; also goggle-eyed.

G B L

GELA'DO. See *CONGELA'DO*.
GELA'R. See *CONGELAR*.
GELE'A, f. f. jelly, the juice of meat, or fruit congealed.
GE'LHAS, f. f. p. withered corn. From *ENGELHAR-SE*, which see.
GE'LO, f. m. a frost.
GELOSI'A, f. f. a lattice for windows, doors, or the like, being small laths in chequers, which hang before the windows, that those within may see all that is done in the street, without being seen; also a sort of multiplication in arithmetic.
GE'LVA, f. f. a sort of small boat.

G E M

GEMA. See *GEMMA*.
GEMEA, f. f. a female-twin, a she-twin.
Per-se o cavallea em gemeas, to prance, to throw up the fore-legs, as horses do.
GE'MEO, f. m. a twin.
Gemeo, ca, adj. twin.
Dois irmãos gemeos, two twins.
Sua irmãa gemea, his twin-sister.
Tres irmãos gemeos, three children at a birth.
Gemeos, (with astronomers) the Twins, or the sign of Gemini.
GEMER, v. n. to groan, to wail, to lament. (Both in the proper and metaphorical sense.)
Gemer a relas, to coo.
GEMI'DO, f. m. a groan.
Gemido, part. See *GEMER*.
GE'MINI, or **GEMINIS**, f. m. (in astronomy) Gemini, a celestial sign; also a sort of plaster made of wax, &c.
GE'MINO, a, adj. double.
GEMMA, f. f. the yolk of an egg; also any precious stone, a gem.
Na gemma do inverno, (metaph.) in the midst of the winter.
Ornar com gemmas, to gem, to adorn with gems or jewels.
GEMMA'DO. See *JULEPE*.
GEMMA'NTE, adj. gemed, or adorned with gems, or the like.

G E N

GEN

GEN

GENCIA'NA, f. f. the plant gentian.
GENEALOGIA, f. f. genealogy.
Greek.
GENEALOGICO, a, adj. genealogical.
Genealogico, f. m. See
GENEALOGISTA, f. m. genealogist, one skilled in the method of describing pedigrees.
GENERAL, f. m. a general, the chief commander of an army.
General das galis, the general of the galleys.
General, the general, a particular beat of drum early in the morning, to give notice for the foot to be in readiness to march.
GENERALADO, or **GENERALATO**, f. m. the charge, office, or dignity of a general, either of an army, or of a religious order.
GENERALIDADE, f. f. generality.
GENERALISSIMA, f. f. a commandress, a woman vested with supreme authority.
GENERALISSIMO, f. m. a generalissimo, or supreme general of an army.
GENERATIVO, a, adj. generative.
GENERICAMENTE, adv. generically.
GENERICO, a, adj. generical, or generic.
GENERO, f. m. (in logic) a genus; also gender (in grammar) Lat. *genus*.
Gente, kind sort.
O genero humano, human kind. See also **CONDICAM, CALIDADE**.
GENEROSAMENTE, adv. generously, nobly.
GENEROSIDADE, f. f. generosity, greatness of soul; also excellency of any thing in its kind.
GENERO'SO, *esa*, adj. generous, noble; also generous in its kind.
Vinho generoso, a strong generous wine.
GENESI'S, f. m. Genesis, the first book of Moses. *Greek.*
GENETA. See **GINETA**.
GENETARIO. See **GINETARIO**.
GENETE. See **GINETE**.
GENETHLIACO, f. m. a genethliacal discourse or poem pronounced upon a prince's birth-day.
GENGI'VE, f. m. ginger, an Indian root of a hot quality.
GENGI'VA, f. f. the gums wherein the teeth are set.
GENIO, f. m. genius, a good or evil angel or spirit, supposed to attend upon every person; also a man's natural disposition, inclination, or temper.
Tir bom genio, to be of a good temper.
GENITAL, adj. genital, generative, serving to generation.
Genital, f. m. genitals, the privy parts of a male.
GENITIVO, f. m. (in grammar) genitive, the genitive case.
GENITO. See **GERADO**.

GEN

GENITOR, f. m. a father. Lat.
GENITORI'A, f. f. See
GENITU'RA, f. f. procreation. See **NASCIMENTO**, and **ORIGEM**.
GENIZARO, **GENI'ZERO**, **JANIZARO**, or **JANIZARO**, f. m. a janizary; also an officer belonging to the chancery of Rome.
GENRO, f. m. a son-in-law, a daughter's husband.
Genro casado com a netta de alguem, a niece's husband, the husband of a grand daughter.
GENTA'LHA, f. f. mob, rabble.
GENTE, f. f. people, folks; also men, servants, attendants, domestics.
Gente dada as letras, the learned, or scholars.
O direito das gentes, the law of nations.
Gente baixa, the mob, or rabble.
Gente que não he gente, good for nothing people.
Da nossa gente, of our family, or dependents.
Gente, or *soldados*. See **SOLDADO**.
Fazer gente, to raise soldiers.
Gente de cavallo, the cavalry of an army.
Gente de pe. See **INFANTARIA**.
Gente, or *nação*. See **NAÇAM**.
Gente do mar, marines, soldiers belonging to a navy.
Muyta gente, a great company, or meeting of people.
Gente, the vulgar, the common people.
Gente principal, the nobility or gentry.
Ser gente, to be a man above the vulgar.
P. ande eu quente ria-se a gente, so I be warm, let the people laugh; it is no matter what the world says, so a man keeps himself warm.
GENTI'L, adj. genteel, handsome, comely, graceful.
Gentil, (in grammar) ex. *Nomes gentis*, gentiles, nouns betokening a man's being of such a country.
Gentil, f. m. an ancient coin so called. There were different sorts of it. See also **GENTIO**, f. m.
GENTILEZA, f. f. See **FERMO-SURA**.
Gentilezas, great actions, exploits.
Gentilezas de corte. See **CORTEZANIA**.
Gentilezas, neat and curious works.
GENTIL-HOMEM, or **GENTILHOMEM**, f. m. a nobleman; also a gentleman-usher, a genteel man, a comely, graceful person.
Gentil-homens da camara, a gentleman of the bed-chamber.
Andar gentilhomem em alguma coisa, to behave like an honest man.
GENTILICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the gentiles, or pagans.
GENTILIDADE, f. f. paganism, gentilism, heathenism; also the heathenish age.
GENTILISMO, f. m. See **GENTILIDADE**.
GENTILMENTE, adv. genteely, handsomely, gracefully.
GENTIO, f. m. a gentile, one of an

GER

uncovenanted nation, one who knows not the true God.
Genio, a, adj. heathen. See also **VIL**.
GENUFLESSORIO, f. m. a stool to kneel upon.
GENUFLEXA'M, f. f. genuflexion, a bending the knee.
GENUINAMENTE, adv. plainly, fairly, properly.
GENUINO, a, adj. natural, proper, genuine.

GEO

GEODESIA, f. f. geodesia, that part of geometry which contains the doctrine or art of measuring surfaces, and finding the contents of all plane figures. *Greek.*
Causa pertencente á geodesia, geodetical.
GEOGRAPHIA, f. f. geography, a description of the whole globe of the earth, or known habitable world, together with all parts, limits, situations and other remarkable things thereunto belonging. *Greek.*
GEOGRAPHICO, a, adj. geographical, geographic, or belonging to geography.
GEOGRAPHO, f. m. a geographer.
GEOMANCIA, f. f. geomancy, a kind of divination by points and circles made on the earth, or by opening the earth. *Greek.*
O que sabe geomancia, a geomancer, one skilled in geomancy.
GEOMETRA, f. m. a geometrician, one skilled in the science of geometry.
GEOMETRIA, f. f. geometry, it originally signifies the art of measuring the earth, or any distances or dimensions on or within it; but now it is used for the science of extension, abstractedly considered, without any regard to matter. *Greek.*
GEOMETRICAMENTE, adv. geometrically.
Fazer alguma coisa geometricamente, to geometrize, to act according to the laws of geometry.
GEOMETRICO, a, adj. geometrical, or geometric.
GEORGICAS, f. f. p. Virgil's book of Georgics, or country affairs.

GER

GERA, f. f. a composition made chiefly of aloes.
GERACAM, f. f. a generation, a family, or lineage.
Geraçãõ, (in the holy writ,) an age, or a century.
GERADO, a, adj. begotten, or produced. See the v. **GERAR**.
GERAES. See
GERA'L, adj. general, universal.
Em geral. See **GERALMENTE**.
Geral, f. m. the general of a religious order.
Geraes, (in the universities) they call the public schools by this name; because they are for all that will come in general.
Geraes, or *Ventos de monção*, trade winds.

G E S

Dar geral, or *dar cumarço*. See *CAMARÇO*.
GERALMENTE, adv. generally, universally.
GERAPICRA. See *GERA*.
GERAR, v. a. to ingender, to produce.
GERARQUIA. See *JERARQUIA*.
GERARQUICO. See *JERARQUICO*.
GEREBITA, f. f. (in the Brasil) a sort of liquor extracted from the dregs of sugar-canes.
GERGELIM, f. m. sesame, a sort of Indian corn. Lat. *sesamum*.
GERIBITA. See *GEREBITA*.
GERIFALTE, f. m. the hawk called a gerfalcon; a bird of prey, in size between a vulture and a hawk, and of the greatest strength next to the eagle.
GERIGNA, f. f. gibberish, and generally all that is obscure, or difficult to apprehend.
GERIPGA. See *GERA*.
GERIYTA, f. f. a sort of liquor in the Brasil.
GERMANADO. See *UNIDO*.
GERMANAR SE. See *UNIR-SE*.
GERMANIA. See *ALEMANHA*.
GERMANICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to Germany.
GERMA NO, a, adj. proper, true, not counterfeit.
GERMINANTE, adj. germinant, budding.
GEROMENHA, f. f. an ancient and fortified town of Alentejo, in Portugal. It stands upon a hill, and on the west shore of the Guadiana. Here is a strong castle with seventeen towers. In 1662, it stood out a whole month's close siege by the Spaniards before it was taken.
GEROGLYPHICO. See *JEROGLIFICO*.
GEROPICRA. See *GERA*.
GERUNDIO, f. m. a gerund; so called from a double signification. (In grammar.)

G E S

GESMIM. See *JASMIM*.
GESSO, f. m. parget, white lime, plaster.
Gesso mate, so they call the common white lime, after being powdered, and softened by watering. It is used by painters and gilders.
GESTO, f. m. gesture, the motion of the body.
Fazer muitos gestos no fallar, to use too much gesture in speaking, to gesticulate.
O que faz muitos gestos, one that gesticulates, a morrice dancer, a mimic.
Gesto, composition, combination.
Compoitura dos gestos, composition of gesture.
Gisto, countenance, look, air of the face.
Gisto, or *apparencia*. See *APPAREN-CIA*.

G I N

G I B

GIBAM, f. m. a doublet.
Gibam de agitar, a whipping with a cat-o'-nine-tails, or any other sort of whip.
GIBBOSO, ofa, adj. gibbous, gibbous.
GIBELINA. See *ZEBELINA*.
 convex, bunching out. Lat. *gibbus*.
GIBOYA, f. f. a sort of snake of monstrous size in the Brasil.

G I E

GIESTA, f. f. the plant called broom. Lat. *genista*.

G I G

GIGA, f. f. a sort of wide basket made of twigs.
GIGAYOGA, f. f. a sort of game at cards.
GIGANTE, f. m. a giant. Lat. *gigas*.
Gigante, adj. giant-like. See also **GRANDE**.
Erva gigante, the herb called brankurine.
Especie de erva gigante chamada branca urfina. See *BRANCA urfina*.
GIGANTEO, a, adj. giant-like, gigantic.
GIGANTOMACQUIA, f. f. the battle of the giants against the gods. Greek.
GIGOTE, f. m. a dish of minced meat.

G I L

GILAVENTO. See *SOTAVENTO*.
GILBARBEIRA, f. f. butcher's-broom, knee-holm, knee-holy, petty-whin. See also *MURTA brava*.
GILLA, f. f. (with chemists) gilla vitrioli, emetic vitriol, or white vitriol purified.
GILVAZ, f. m. a great cut or slash over the face.
Fazer a algum bum gilvaz, to cut, to slash, to gash one over the face. (*Balafrer*, French.)

G I M

GIMBO. See *ZIMBO*.

G I N

GINDI, or *DGINDI*, f. m. a sort of dexterous riders, among the Turks.
GINETA, f. f. a case used by the Portuguese captains, instead of our leading-staff, as a token of their employ.
Encostrar a gineta, or *dar baxa*, (a military expression.) See *BAXA*.
Andar á gineta, (in horsemanship) to ride short.
Gineta, gennet, a little creature so called; there are two different sorts of gennets.
Ordem da Gineta, the most ancient order of knighthood in France, called the order of the Genete. It was erected by Charles Martel, after overthrowing the Saracens in a great battle at Tours, A. C. 782, where many of those gennets, like Spaniards or civet-cats, were found in the camp.
GINETARIO, f. m. one skilled in

G I R

riding short. See also *CAPALLEIRO*.
GINETE, f. m. genet, a kind of Spanish horse.
Ginete, a light horseman; also any horseman.
GINGIBRE. See *GENGIVRE*.
GINJA, f. f. agriot, sour or tart cherry.
Ginja garrafal, a very large sort of cherry.
GINGEIRA, f. f. the agriot-tree.
GINGIVA, f. f. See *GENGIVA*.
GINSA'M, f. m. ginseng, a root brought lately into Europe from China. The Chinese value this root so highly, that it sells with them for three times its weight in silver. The Asiatics in general think the ginseng almost an universal medicine.

G I O

GIO'LHO. See *JUELHO*, or *JOELHO*.

G I R

GIRA, or *GIRIA*, f. f. cant, a particular form of speaking peculiar to some certain class or body of men, but more particularly to varlets and scoundrels.
GIRACAL, f. m. the best sort of Indian rice.
GIRADO, a, adj. See the v. *GIRAR*.
GIRAFÁ, f. f. giraffa, a beast called in Latin, *camelopardalus*.
Girafa, (a constellation) See *CAMELOPARDAL*.
GIRANDULA, f. f. a wheel stuck full of fire-works, which turning swiftly round, sends forth a great light and fire; from *gírar*, to turn.
GIRANTE, p. a that turns round. See *GIRAR*.
GIRAM. } See { *GIRAM*.
GIRAPRIGA. } See { *GERA*.
GIRAR, v. a. to turn, to put into a circular, or vertiginous motion, to move round.
Gírar, v. n. to turn, to have a circular or vertiginous motion.
GIRASOL, f. m. the plant and flower heliotrope, or turnsol, as Ray calls it. The Portuguese name is given from the quality they assign to it, which is to turn after the sun. From *gírar*, to turn, and *sol*, the sun.
Girasol oriental. See *HELIOTROPIA*.
GIRATACACHEM. See *GIRAFÁ*.
GIRAVAGOS. See *GIROVAGOS*.
GIRIA, f. f. turn, or action of malice. See also *GIRA*.
GIRIBANDA, f. f. (in India) See *GAMARRA*.
GIRIGOTE, f. m. a great knave.
GIRO, f. m. a circular rapid motion; also turn, or time, at which any thing is to be had or done.
Cada bum per seu giro, every one in his turn.
GIROPA, f. f. (in cant) broth.
GIROVAGOS, f. m. p. a sort of ancient wandering monks.

G L O

G I S

GIS. See **GIZ.**

G I T

GIT, or **GITH**, f. f. the herb nigella, gith. Arab.

GITO, f. m. (among braziers) a sort of conduit or pipe through which the melted metal runs.

G I Z

GIZ, f. m. a sort of chalk used by taylor.

GIZADO, a, adj. See

GIZA'R, v. a. to chalk cloth, &c. as taylor do; also to dispose, to prepare, to fit, or make ready for any purpose.

G L A

GLACIA'L, adj. See **CONGELADO**

GLADIADO'R, or **GLADIATOR**, f. m. a sword-player, a gladiator.

Profissão e exercício de gladiador, sword-play.

GLADIAR, v. n. to fight with the sword.

GLADIATORIO, a, adj. of, or belonging to sword-players.

GLADI FEROS, f. m. an order of knight-hood of Livonia, erected A. C. 1163.

GLADIO, f. m. ex. *gladio temporal*, or *secular*, the laity, or temporal power.

Gladio spiritual, the clergy, the ecclesiastical government, or power.

Gladio, a sort of geometrical instrument invented by Latinus Urfinus.

GLANDI' FERO, a, adj. bearing mast, or acorns. Lat.

GLANDOSO. See **GLANDULOSO**.

GLANDULA, f. f. a kernel in the flesh, glandula. (In anatomy.)

Glandula genital. See **BALANO**.

GLANDULOSO, a, adj. glandulous. (In anatomy.)

GLA'STO, f. m. the herb woad, with which they dye cloth.

G L E

GLE'BA, f. f. a clod, or lump of earth, clay, &c. Lat.

G L O

GLOBI' FERO, a, adj. that bears a globe, or something like it.

GLOBO, f. m. a globe, a round ball, the globe of the earth, or any thing very round.

Globo celeste, celestial globe.

Globo terrestre, terrestrial globe.

Globe, (among the ancient Romans) a body of soldiers drawn into a circle.

Globo pequeno, globule, a little globe.

Quem figura de globo, globose, globous, spherical, round.

Fazer-se em hum globo, to be glomerated, or gathered into a sphere or ball.

GLOBO SO, a, adj. globose, globous, spherical, round.

G N O

GLOMERA'DO, a, adj. glomerated.

GLOMERAR, v. a. to glomerate, to gather any thing into a ball.

GLO'RIA, f. f. glory, praise, fame, honour, renown; also glory, or the felicity of heaven prepared for those that please God.

Gloria, (in painting) glory, a circle of rays, which surrounds the heads of saints.

Manto de gloria, a sort of manto made of silk. See **MANTO**.

Gloria, ou *maestade de Deus*, the majesty of God, considered with infinite power, and all other infinite perfections.

Gloria patri, (glory to the Father) a formula in the liturgy, called also doxology.

GLORIA'R, v. n. or **GLORIA'R-SE**, v. r. to boast, to glory, to brag.

Gloriar-se de huma coisa, to glory of a thing.

GLORIFICAÇAM, f. f. glorification, admitting to the state of eternal glory

GLORIFICA'DO, a, adj. See

GLORIFICAR, v. a. to glorify, to give glory to, to praise, to place among the blessed.

GLORIOSAMENTE, adv. gloriously, with great honour.

GLORIOSO, a, adj. glorious, illustrious, excellent.

GLOSA, &c. See **GLOSSA**, &c.

GLOSSA, **GLOSA**, or **GRO'ZA**, f. f. a gloss, an exposition, a comment. Greek.

Glossa, a sort of poetical composition. See **GLOZAR**.

GLOSSADO, a, adj. See the v **GLOSSAR**.

GLOSSADOR, or **GLOSADOR**, f. m. a commentator, a glossographer.

GLOSSAR, or **GLOSAR**, v. a. to gloss, to comment, or make notes upon.

GLOSSARIO, f. m. a glossary, a dictionary to explain words, especially such as are obscure and barbarous, in any language.

Arte, ou profissão de escrever glossarios, glossography, the art of writing a glossary.

GLOTAM, f. m. a glutton.

GLOTONARIA, f. f. gluttony, excess in eating.

GLOTONI'A. See **GLOTONARIA**.

GLOTONICO, a, adj. gluttonous.

GLOZA. } See { **GLOSSA**.

GLOZAR. } See { **NOTE**.

G L U

GLUTINO'SO, a, adj. glutinous, that sticks like glue, clammy.

G N O

GNOMON, f. m. the gnomon of a sundial, whose shadow shews the hour; the style-pin, or cock of a dial.

GNOMO'ICA, f. f. gnomonics, the art of dialling.

GNOMO'NICO, a, adj. gnomonological, belonging to the art of dialling.

G O L

GNOSTICOS, f. m. p. Gnostics, a set of heretics, sprung up A. C. 125.

G O A

GOA, f. f. Goa, a large city of the hither India, in Asia, with an harbour. Here is the residence of the viceroy, who presides over the Portuguese settlements from the Cape of Good Hope as far as China.

GOANHAMBIG, f. m. a sort of bird in the Brasils.

GOARDA. See **GUARDA**.

GOARDADO. See **GUARDADO**.

GOARDAR. } See { **GUARDAR**.

GOARECER. } See { **GUARECER**.

GOARECIDO. See **GUARECIDO**.

GOARIDA. See **GUARIDA**.

GOARINA, f. f. a sort of ancient frock.

G O D

GO'DA, f. f. a sort of coin among the Goths.

GODILHAM. See **GUDILHAM**.

GODOS, f. m. p. the Goths, a people whose country bordered upon Denmark and Norway.

GODRI'N, f. m. a sort of blanket, or quilt made of fine silk.

G O G

GO'GA, f. f. Goga, a large trading town of Guzurrate, in the Mogul's dominions in the East Indies, in Asia. Here is the rendezvous of the Portuguese ships in their passage to Goa.

GOGO, f. m. the pip, a defluxion with which fowls are troubled.

Tirar o gogo, to pip, to take away the pip.

G O I

GOIABE'IRA, f. f. a sort of tree in the Brasils.

GO'IA, f. f. the sort of chissel carpenters call a gouge. From the Spanish *guvia*, or *gurbia*.

GO'IVO, f. m. a clove-gilliflower.

Casto de goivos que cheirao melhor ao anoieter que de dia, the sea-gilliflower.

Goivos de nossa senhora, the white gilliflower.

G O L

GO'LA, f. f. the gorget, armour to cover the throat. See also **GARGANTA**.

Gola, (in fortification) the gorge, entrance, or neck of a bastion, &c.

GO'LE, f. m. a go-down, a draught; *Em dois goles*, at two go-downs.

GOIE' LHA, f. f. (a vulgar word.) See **IZOFAGO**.

Goliba, much babbling, prate.

GOLELHA R, v. n. to prate, to talk over-much.

GOLES, (in heraldry) gulcs, the red or vermillion colour.

GOLFA'DA, f. f. a spout, water, or any liquor falling in a body.

Correr a golgadas, to spout, to issue as from a spout.

G O M

GOLFA'M, f. m. water-lily, nymphaea.
Golfaõ. See **GOLFO**.
GOLFI'M e balca, a sort of play among children.
GOLFINHO, f. m. a dolphin.
GOLFO, f. m. a gulph, or part of the sea that runs between two lands called freights. It is sometimes taken for the main ocean.
GOLGOTHA, f. m. Golgotha. See **CALVARIO**.
GOLI'LHA, f. f. a little band worn in Spain, starched, stiff, and sticking out under the chin like a ruff; also an iron collar wherewith a malefactor, or criminal soldier is tied to a post; a punishment much like the pillory.
GOLLA, (in fortification.) See **GOLA**.
GOLODI'CE, f. f. dainty bits, as sweetmeats, or the like. See also **GLOTONARIA**.
GOLOMBRI'NA. See **COLUBRI'NA**.
GOLOSADO, part. of
GOLOSAR, v. n. (a vulgar word, and very little used) to eat deliciously, to pick and choose tid-bits.
GOLOSINA, f. f. gluttony, liquorishness.
GOLOSI'NO, a, adj. dainty, delicious. *Vianda golosina*. See **GOLODICE**.
GOLO'SO, a, adj. liquorish, greedy of fine bits.
GOLPE, f. m. a blow, a stroke. Greek. *Golpe do tambor*, the beat or noise of a drum.
Golpe de gente, a great number of people.
Golpe, or *quantidade*. See **QUANTIDADE**.
Golpe de agua, a spout of water.
Golpe de vinho, a small quantity of wine.
Golpe, or *infortunio*. See **INFORTUNIO**.
Golpe, a cut, gash, or wound made by cutting.
D: golpe. See **JUNTAMENTE**, and **SUBITAMENTE**.
Golpe, (in cant) the pocket.
GOLPEADO, a, adj. See
GOLPEAR, v. a. to strike, or smite. See also **BATER**.
Vestido golpeado, a sort of snipt garment.

G O M

GOMA. See **GOMMA**.
GOMA'DO, part. of
GOMAR, v. n. to bud, to bloom.
COMELEIRA, f. f. a shoot, twig, or cyon, springing out of the root, or side of the stock, an uselefs sucker, a water shoot.
GOMENA. } See { **GUMENA**.
GOMIA. } See { **PUNHAL**.
GOMIL, or **GUMIL**, f. m. ewer, a vessel in which water is brought for washing the hands.
GOMMA, f. f. gum, a congealed, tough juice, issuing out of trees, &c. Lat. *gummi*.
Gomma gallica, *gumma gallicum*, the

G O R

eating out of a bone by the French
 pox.
Gomma arabia, or *arabica*, gum arabic.
Gomma de engomar voltas, &c. starch.
GOMMO'SO, a, adj. gummy, full of gum.
GOMO, f. m. bud, the first shoot of a plant, a gem.
Lançar gomos, to bud, to put forth young shoots.
Gomo de laranja, some of the parts into which an orange separates, when the peel is torn off.
Gomos de filva, or *fruto de filva macha*, commonly written hips, the fruit of the plant called dog-briar.

G O N

GONDOLA, f. f. gondola, a Venetian wherry-boat.
GONORRHE'A, f. f. gonorrhœa, a disease called the running of the reins.

G O R

GORA'DO, part. of
GORA'R, v. n. (speaking of eggs) to grow addle, or rotten under the hen.
Fazer gorar, to addle, to make addle.
Gerar, or *gerar-se*, v. r. (metaph.) not to have the intended event, not to succeed.
GORA'Z, f. m. a fish called a rochet, a roach.
GORDAL uva, a sort of grapes so called.
GORDA'M, f. f. (speaking of stags) *ex. estar na gordam*, to be fat.
GORDIANO. See **JUGO**.
GORDIAM, f. m. the herb euphorbium, and the gum coming from it.
GORDI'NHO, a, adj. somewhat fat, diminut. from
GO'RDO, a, adj. fat, plump, fleshy, the contrary to lean.
Terra gorda, fruitful, or fat ground.
Fazer-se gordo. See **ENGORDAR**, v. n.
Domingo gordo, Shrove-sunday, or *Quinquagesima-sunday*.
Vinho gordo, so they call the wine, when it grows thick and condensate.
GORDU'RA, f. f. fat, fatness.
Gordura com que untão os eixos das rodas dos carros, the grease, or swarf, in the axle-tree of a wheel.
Gordura, ex pingo que cabe da carne que se offa no espeto, the drippings of roast-meat, kitchen-stuff.
Gordura derretida, grease.
Sujo, ou besuntado com gordura, greasy.
GORGEA'DO, part. of
GORGEAR, v. n. to warble as birds do.
GORGETA, f. f. vails, money given to servants by guests for salutations.
GORGEYO, f. m. a warbling, or melodious sound of birds. See also **GARGANTEO**.
GORGUEIRA. See **GORGUEIRA**.
GORGOLEJADO. See **GARGAREJADO**, and **GARGANTEADO**.

G O S

GORGOLEJAR. See **GARGAREJAR**, and **GARGANTEAR**.
GORGOLETA, f. f. an earthen and narrow mouthed vessel, out of which the water runs, and guggles.
Rumor que faz a agua quando sabe da gorgoleia, guggling.
GORGOMILO, f. m. the narrowest part of the mouth of a leather bottle.
Gorgomilos, the entrance or upper part of the œsophagus, and arteria trachea.
GORGORAM, f. m. grogram, grogram, or grogran, stuff woven with large wool and a rough pile.
GORGORY, f. m. a sort of instrument used in India and upon the coast of Africa, to smoke tobacco.
GORGUEIRA, f. f. a sort of ruff formerly worn by women.
GORGULHO. See **GURGULHO**.
GORJA. See **GARGANTA**.
Gorja, the narrowest part of a ship.
GORO, a, adj. addle, as an egg.
P. hum ovo e esse goro, but one egg, and that addle; spoken of those that have but one child, and that sickly or good for nought, or one of any other thing that is faulty.
GOROUPES, or **GOROUPÉZ**. See **GURUPES**.
GORRA, f. f. a cap, a bonnet formerly used in Spain and Portugal, of the same fashion as we see in pictures of king Henry VIII. and others before his time; also a sort of small hat with a narrow brim, and covered with velvet, this is only worn in Portugal by the *desembargadores*. See **DESEMBARGADOR**.
Gorra de estudantes, (in the universities) a sort of cap like a long sleeve, or rather a satchel used by scholars, to carry their books.
Meter-se de gorra com algum, to intrude, to thrust oneself into company without any more invitation or acquaintance than bare moving the hat.
GORRIAM, f. m. a bird in Spain, that is about the bigness of a sparrow, but for colour inclining to black, and sings sweetly.
GORVIAM, f. m. the plant called euphorbium. From the Spanish, *gurbian*.

G O S

GOSMA, f. f. (speaking of horses) thick phlegm, or rheum; also a sort of disease in hawks.
GOSMA'DO, part. of
GOSMAR, v. n. (speaking of horses) to throw off, or to expel the thick phlegm or rheum.
GOSMENTO, a, adj. (speaking of horses) full-of, or troubled with thick phlegm.
Gosmento, f. m. a hawker, or hémer.
GOSTA'DO, a, adj. See
GOSTAR, v. n. to be pleased with, to like, to chuse. See also **PROVAR**.
Gostar de brma coisa, to be pleased with a thing.

G O T

GO'STO, f. m. taste, the sense of tasting; also taste, savour, relish.
Perder o gosto, to be out of taste.
Gosto, taste, discerning faculty, gusto, skill.
Ter hum gosto fino e delicado na escolha dos comidos, to have a dainty palate.
Carne de bom, ou máo gosto, well-tasted, or ill-tasted meat, savoury or unsavoury meat.
Achar huma coisa de seu gosto, to relish a thing, to like or fancy it.
Não creyo que aquillo seja de seu gosto, I don't think that will please you, or fit your palate.
Gosto, or *contentamento*. See **CONTENTAMENTO**, and **SATISFAÇAM**.
Fazer gosto de huma coisa, to relish a thing, to take delight in it, or to be pleased with it, to take pleasure in it.
Dar gosto a alguém, to please one.
Gosto, or *contentado*. See **VONTADE**, and **CONSENTIMENTO**.
Gostos da vida. See **PASSATEMPO**.
Viver a seu gosto, to live at ease.
Fazer isso ao vosso gosto, ou com vosso commando, do it leisurely.
Gosto estragado. See **ESTRAGADO**.
Liuro de gosto, a pleasant book.
Gosto que alguns liqueres deixão na boca, e que se não sentia quando se bebião, after-taste.
GOSTOSAMENTE, adv. pleasingly, to one's palate, to one's liking.
GOSTOSO, a, adj. relishing, well tasted, pleasant, savoury; also delightful, wellcome, jocund.

G O T

GOTA, f. f. a drop, a globule of moisture.
Gota e gota, by drops, drop after drop.
Gôta, gout, a painful disease in the feet, legs, &c.
Gôta das mãos, chiragra, the gout in the hands.
Gôta dos pés, podagra, the gout in the feet.
Gôta arthetica, arthritis, the gout in the joints or limbs.
Gôta sciática. See **SCIATICA**.
Gôta corál. See **EPILEPSIA**.
Gôta serena, drop serene.
Gôta, (in architecture) a drop, an ornament of pillars of the Doric order, representing drops or little bells underneath the triglyphs.
GOTADO, a, adj. (in heraldry) spotted with drops.
GOTEADO, a, adj. See **GOTEAR**.
GOTEAR, v. a. to drop, to pour in drops or single globules.
Goteár, v. n. to drop, to fall in drops or single globules.
GOTEJADO, a. See **GOTEADO**.
GOTEJAR. See **GOTEAR**.
GOTEIRA, f. f. a gutter-tile, or the eaves of a house, from whence the water drops.
GOTHIA, f. f. Gothland, a large and fruitful country, and the most southern of all Sweden.

G O Y

GOTHICO, a, adj. Gothic, or belonging to the Goths.
Ordem Gotica, (in architecture) Gothic building, a building after the manner of the Goths.
Letra Gotica, black letter.
GOTO, f. m. wind-pipe; it is only used in the following vulgar phrases:
Dar no goto, (speaking of eating or drinking.) to go into the wind-pipe, and not into the œsophagus, or gullet, through which the meat passes from the mouth to the stomach.
Deu-lhe no goto aquella bebida, he was almost choaked with that drink.
GOTO'SO, a, adj. gouty, troubled with the gout.

G O V

GOVERNACAM, f. f. See **GOVERNO**.
GOVERNADORA, f. f. a housewife, a woman prudent in managing domestic affairs.
GOVERNADO, a, adj. frugal, parsimonious, not prodigal. See also the v. **GOVERNAR**.
GOVERNADOR, f. m. a governor, a commander.
Governador das armas. See **GENERAL**.
GOVERNADORA, f. f. a governor's lady.
GOVERNALHO, f. m. See **LEME**.
GOVERNANÇA. See **GOVERNO**.
GOVERNAR, v. a. to govern, to rule. Lat. *gubernare*.
Governar. See **ACONSELHAR**.
Governar hum navio, to steer a ship, to guide her with the helm.
Molher, ou criada que governa huma casa, house-keeper.
Governar hum negocio, to manage or carry on a business.
Governar com poder despotico e insolentemente, to ride, to manage insolently at will.
Governar-se, v. r. to carry, govern, or behave one's self. See also **REGULAR-SE**, and **ACCOMMODAR-SE**.
Homem, que se governa pella mulher, a hen-pecked man.
GOVERNATRIZ, adj. proper or apt to govern.
GOVERNO, f. m. government.
Governo da casa, ou governo domestico, household government.
O governo de hum navio, the steering of a ship.
Governo de hum só. See **MONARQUIA**.
Governo aristocratico. See **ARISTOCRACIA**.
Governo popular. See **DEMOCRACIA**.

G O U

GOULAM. } See { **GLOTAM**.
GOUROUPEZ. } See { **GURUPES**.
GOUVIR. (Obsol.) See **LOGRAR**.

G O Y

GOYAVA, f. f. a poor sort of fruit in the Brasil, full of hard seeds. It

G R A

stinks like the bugs that breed in beds.

G O Z

GOZADO, a. See **GOZAR**.
GOZAR, v. a. to enjoy, to take the profit of, to obtain possession, or fruition of. See also **LOGRAR**, and **POSSUIR**.
Gozar huma mulher, to enjoy a woman.
GOZARIA, f. f. curiishness.
GOZO, joy; also a sort of dog that only barks, and is good for nothing else, a curr.
Gozo, (among astrologers) a sort of dignity. See **DIGNIDADE**.
GOZO'SO, a, adj. joyous, giving joy.

G R A

GRÃO, f. f. the grain wherewith cloth is died in grain. See also **GRAM**.
Vestidura de grão, a garment died in grain.
GRÇA, f. f. favour, good-will, genteel air, agreeableness.
Grça, (among divines) grace, favourable influence of God on the human mind.
Com grça, pleasantly, wittily.
De grça, gratis. See also **GRATUITAMENTE**.
Ter grça, to have a good grace, a good air or carriage, to be pleasant, witty, or diverting.
A grça de hum homem, a man's name.
Como he a sua grça? what is your name?
Cabir em grça, to please, to be acceptable.
Descabir da grça, to lose the favour one had.
Por grça, in jest, merrily.
Dizer alguma coisa por grça, to speak in jest, to joke.
Dizer grças. See **GRACEJAR**.
Grça, fun, high merriment, sport, frolicsome delight, mirth, wit, drollery.
Má grça, raillery, satirical merriment; also ungenteel way, awkwardness.
Bom grça, good grace, graceful way, gracefulness, comeliness; also a biting, or nipping jest. (Ironically.)
Grça, or bom grça, (ironically) an insipid, bald, or ridiculous jest.
Discurso, que tem grça, a neat, handsome, or graceful discourse.
O gesto da grça ao discurso, action sets off, action gives life to a discourse.
Grça, (ironically) unpleasantness, want of qualities to give delight.
Oh que grça que tem! (ironically) O charming little rogue! Terence says, *O capitulum l'pidum!*
Achevos muita grça, (ironically) you are very rude, clownish, or unpolished.
Grça, or indulgencia. See **INDULGENCIA**.
Grças a Deus, God be thanked.
Dar grças, to give thanks, either as we commonly do for any kindness, or to say grace after meals.

Dar

GRA

Dar graça, to grace, or set out.
Grça ridicula, poor jest, little pun.
Grça picante, a jeer, scuff, taunt, biting jest.
Dizer grças picantes, to jeer, to treat with scoffs.
Grças de huma lingua, the beauties of a language.
Grça, or *favour*. See *FAVOR*, and *MERCE*.
Que tem grça. See *GRACIOSO*.
Que não tem grça, clownish, unpleasant, rude, not witty.
Acçã de grças. See *ACÇAM*.
Humem que não be para grças, a man that cannot take a jest.
Grças, the Graces, three goddesses among the Heathens.
GRACEJADO, participle of *GRACEJAR*, which see.
GRACEJADOR, f. m. a jester, a merry companion.
GRACEJAR, v. n. to joke or jest, to play the scoffer, jester or buffoon.
GRACEJA. See *GRACINHA*.
GRACIA dei, a plaster made of wax, resin, suet, turpentine, mastic and olibanum. See also *ALMISCAREIRA*.
GRACIL, adj. gracile. See *DELGADO*.
GRACINHA, f. f. a small jest, &c. See *GRÇA*, when it signifies fun, &c.
GRACIOSA, f. f. one of the Azore Islands in the Atlantic Ocean. It belongs to Portugal.
GRACIOSAMENTE, adv. gratis, freely, without any cost.
Graciosamente, or com grça. See *GRÇA*.
GRACIOSIDADE. See *GRÇA*.
GRACIOSO, a, adj. facetious, merry, pleasant, witty; also beauteous, comely, handsome, graceful, fine, fair, accomplished.
Gracioso, or apaisado. See *APRAZIVEL*, and *AMENO*.
Gracioso, or gratuito. See *GRATUITO*.
Grça, f. m. a sort of grapes so called. See also *BOBO*.
GRÇO'LA, f. f. (A ludicrous word) See *GRACINHA*.
GRDÇAM, f. f. (in rhetoric) gradatio, a figure the same that the Greek is called climax.
GRADADO, a, adj. harrowed. See *GRADAR*.
GRADADOR, f. m. a harrower.
GRADAR, v. a. to harrow, to break the clods in a ploughed field, that the ground may lie even and the grain be covered.
A açã de gradã, a harrowing, or breaking of clods.
GRADÊ, f. f. a harrow, or drag with teeth, wherewith clods are broken, also a grate, or partition made with bars placed near to one another, crossing each other; such as are in cloisters, prisons, &c.
Grade, a painter's frame, called also *case*.

GRA

Grade, the grate of a monastery, where the nuns come to speak to their friends.
Dar licença a huma freyra para que falle na grade, to give a nun leave to talk at the grate.
Grade, a rack to put hay in for horses to feed on.
Dar grã de fogo. (Among farriers.) See *GRADEAR*.
Grades secidas de vimes, hurdles made of twigs.
GRADEADO, a, adj. See *GRADEAR*, v. a. (among farriers) to cauterize a horse, to sear the parts of a horse which require burning.
GRADELHAS, f. f. p. (in ancient heraldry) a piece so called.
GRADELIM, adj. a colour mixed of purple and red.
GRADINHA, f. f. a small grate; diminutive of *GRADE*, which see.
GRADIVO, a name of Mars the god of war.
GRADO, a, adj. well kernalled, grown to grain; also full of grain, grown to perfect maturity.
Colheita de trigo grado, a well kernalled harvest.
Grado. (Metaph.) See *NOBRE*.
Grado, f. m. See *GALARDIAM*.
Fazr huma coisa de grado, to do a thing with a good will.
Mão grado á, in spite of.
Mal d' teu grado, in spite of you.
Mão grado, or não grado rebates, a mischief take you. (A sort of imprecation.)
GRADUAÇAM, f. f. an estimation or measuring of things by degrees; also graduation, or the act of conferring academical degrees; also dignity, honour; also gradation or climax, a rhetorical figure.
GRADUADAMENTE, adv. gradual y. by degrees.
GRADUADO, f. m. a graduate, one who has taken a degree in the university.
Graduado, a, adj. See *DOUTO*, and the v. *GRADUAR*.
GRADUAL, f. m. the Gradual, a part of the mass, sung between the Epistle and the Gospel.
GRADUAES psalmos, gradual psalms, which were wont to be sung by the Levites, as they went up the fifteen steps of Solomon's temple, a psalm on each step.
GRADUAR, v. a. to mark with degrees, to graduate.
Graduar huma cidade, to find out the longitude or latitude of a town.
Graduar, (metaph.) to call, to name.
graduár, (a chemical term) to graduate.
Gradua-se, v. r. to be graduated, or dignified with a degree in the university, to take a degree.
GRADULIM. See *GRADELIM*.
GRAJA'O, f. m. a sort of Indian bird so called.
GRAINHA, f. f. the kernel, or stone of

GRA

any fruits, as grapes, quinces, &c.
GRAIXA. See *GRAXA*.
GRA'L, f. m. a wooden mortar wherein things are brayed.
Mão de grã, a wooden pestle, with which any thing is broken in a mortar.
GRA'LHA, f. f. a crow, or rook.
GRALHA'DA, or *GRALHE'DA*, f. f. the confused noise or chattering of crows, or any thing like it.
GRALHA'DO, part. of the v. *GRALHAR*, which see.
GRALHADOR, f. m. a babbler, a prating fellow, an idle impertinent talker.
GRALHAR, v. n. to gaggle like a goose, to cry as crows, or such like birds, to chatter; also to babble, or talk idly, to clatter and make a noise. (Metaph.)
GRALHE'DA. See *GRALHADA*.
GRALHO, f. m. a jackdaw, a Cornish chough, a jay.
GRAM. See *GRÃO*.
Gram, or *grão*, (for the mascul.) and *grã*, (for the femin.) great, big; being the same as *grande*; but it is only placed before some substantives, as, *gram mestre de Malta*, the grand-master of Malta; *grão Turco*, or *ográo* sultan, the grand seignior, the emperor of the Turks, &c.
GRAMA, f. f. grafs for cattle.
GRAMADE'IRA, a brake for flax or hemp; also an instrument used by hostlers.
GRAMADO, a, adj. See *GRAMAR*, v. a. to beat flax with a brake, so as to separate the fibrous from the brittle part.
GRAMATA, f. f. kali, salt-wort, or glass-wort.
GRAMINEO, a, adj. gramineous, or graminose, grassy, or full of vervain.
GRAMINHO, f. m. gage, an instrument used by carpenters to mark or draw lines upon wood. From the Spanish *gramil*, which, according to Del Pino, signifies a gage.
GRAMMATICA, f. f. grammar, the art of speaking and writing any language truly.
GRAMMATICAL, adj. grammatical, belonging to the art of grammar.
GRAMMATICAMENTE, adv. grammatically, or according to the rules of grammar.
GRAMMATICO, f. m. a grammarian, one that is skilled in, or teaches grammar.
Reis grammaticos, a grammaticaster, a finisher in grammar.
GRAND'IA, f. f. a granado, a little hollow globe of iron, &c. filled with powder, fired by a fusee at a touch-hole; through which, when the fire comes to the hollow of the ball, the case flies into many pieces, to the great damage of all near it; also a granate, a shining transparent gem.
GRANADILHO, f. m. a fine sort of speckled Indian wood.

G R A

G R A

G R E

GRANA'DO, *a*, *adj.* of the best fort.
GRANA'L, *adj.* perfect, learned, honest, wise.
GRANATES, *f. f.* a granate, a shining gem.
GRANÇA, *f. f.* See **RUIVA**.
Grangat de trigo, the husks that remain after sifting or winnowing corn.
GRANDE, *adj.* grand, great, big, large. Lat. *grandis*.
Grande, or *grosso*. See **GROSSO**.
Grande, or *eminente*. See **EMINENTE**.
Quisfas grande, grandific, making great.
Viver alogrande, to be sumptuous and magnificent, to live in great state.
Grande, *f. m.* a grandee.
Grande de Espanha, a grandee of Spain.
GRANDEFERENTE, *f. m.* a sort of squadron so called.
GRANDEMENTE, *adv.* greatly.
GRANDEZA, *f. f.* greatness, largeness, bigness, hugeness, bulk.
Grandeza, grandeur, greatness, magnificence, power, dignity, state. See also **LIBERALIDADE**, and **MAGNIFICENCIA**.
Grandeza, a title given to a grandee of Spain.
GRANDILOCO, *a*, *adj.* that speaketh in a lofty style.
Epilo grandiloco, grandiloquence, loftiness of speech, a high style or expression.
GRANDIOSAMENTE, *adv.* magnificently, or splendidly.
GRANDIOSO, *a*, *adj.* magnificent. See also **MAGNIFICO**.
GRANDISSIMO, *a*, *superl.* very great, very large, vast.
GRANDULIM, *f. m.* a sort of bird in Arabia Deserta.
GRANEL, *f. m.* or rather *a* *granel*, *adv.* by heaps; also plenty; as, *trigo a granel*, plenty of corn.
GRANGEA, *f. f.* a sort of small confitures. See **CONFITOS**.
GRANGEADO. See **ACQUIRIDO**, and the *v.* **GRANGEAR**.
GRANGEADOR, *f. m.* a farmer; also a good husband, one that gathers wealth. (Metaph.)
GRANGEAR, *v. a.* to cultivate, to husband, or till the ground carefully; also to gather wealth. (metaph.)
Grangear, or *ganbar a ventada de alguem*. See **GANHAR**.
Grangear, or *acquirir*, to procure, to obtain, to acquire, to get.
Grangear-se, *v. r.* to procure, to obtain, to bring upon one's self.
Grangear-se a alguma desgraça, to bring upon one's self some misfortune.
GRANGEARIA, *f. f.* husbandry, tillage.
Grangearia, (metaph.) See **GANANCIA**, and **LUCRO**.
GRANJA, *f. f.* a grange, a farm. From the French *grange*.
GRANITO, *f. m.* a kernel, or stone. See also **GRAMSINHO**.
Granito de uvas, the stone of grapes.
GRANIZO, *f. m.* hail. Lat. *grando*.

GRANULADO, *a*, *adj.* See
GRANULAR, *v. a.* to granulate, to pour melted metal through an iron cullander into cold water that it may become grains. (Chem.)
A arte de granular, granulation, the art of reducing metals into grains.
Granular-se, *v. n.* to granulate, to be formed into small grains.
GRANZAL, *f. m.* a place sowed with grain. See **GRAM**.
GRÃO, *f. m.* a degree, a dignity, a preferment, a step. Lat. *gradus*.
Grãos de consanguinidade, degrees of consanguinity.
Grão, the degree taken at the university.
Grão, (in mathematics) degree, the three hundred and sixtieth part of a circle; on the earth sixty miles.
Grão, (in physic) degree, the vehemence, or slackness of the hot or cold quality of any mixed body.
Hum grão d' calor, a degree of heat.
Hum grão de gloria, a degree of glory.
Grão, *cu gram*. See **GRAM**.
Grão, *f. m.* grain, a single seed of corn.
Timar grão, or *par-se im grão*. See **ENGRATECER**.
Cheio de grão, grainy.
Grão, all sorts of grain, and a grain in weight.
Grão, a sort of pease used much in Spain and Portugal, whereof there are none in England.
Grão, the runner, or upper stone of a horse or ass-mill.
Grão, (in cant) a new crusade, a sort of coin.
GRAMSINHO, *f. m.* a small grain or seed.
GRAPA, *f. f.* a sort of disease in horses.
GRASNADO, part of
GRASNAR, *v. n.* to cry like an eagle, or such like birds.
GRATIDAM, *f. f.* gratitude, thankfulness.
GRATIFICAÇÃO, *f. f.* thanksgiving, thanks.
GRATIFICA'DO, *a*, *adj.* See
GRATIFICAR, *v. a.* See **AGGRATECER**.
GRATIFICIO, *f. m.* See **GRATIDAM**.
GRATIS, *adv.* gratis, for nothing, without any cost.
GRATO, *a*, *adj.* grateful, pleasing, acceptable, agreeable.
GRATUITAMENTE, *adv.* gratis, freely, only for good-will gratuitously.
GRATUITO, *a*, *adj.* gratuitous, done voluntarily, freely bestowed, without regard to recompence or interest.
GRATULATORIO, *a*, *adj.* gratulatory, or congratulatory.
Grat lato io, *f. m.* a congratulatory discourse or speech.
GRAUDO, *a*, *adj.* grainy, full of grains; also grown up.
GRAVADO, *a*, *adj.* engraved; also troubled, oppressed.

Ter a consciencia gravada, to feel the stings of conscience.
GRAVAME, *f. m.* grievance, oppression, load, surcharge.
GRAVAR, *v. a.* to engrave.
GRAVATA. See **CARAVATA**.
GRAVATO, or **GARAVATO**, *f. m.* a small dry faggot, dry brushwood to kindle a fire quickly.
GRAVE, *adj.* grave, serious, solemn, not gay; also grave, of weight, credible, not futile; also weighty, serious, important, not trifling.
Os mais graves autores, authors of the best account.
Grave, or *enorme*. See **ENORME**.
Grave negocio, an important affair, a business of consequence.
Doença grave, a dangerous sickness.
Acento grave, (in grammar) the grave accent.
Por-se grave, or *fazer-se grave*, to take state upon one, to carry it high.
Religioso grave, a grave, sober, and religious man.
Grave, grave, not showy, not tawdry; as, *hum vestido grave*, or *modesto*, a grave suit of clothes.
Grave, (in music, and speaking of sounds) low or deep.
Grave, *f. m.* a sort of ancient coin in Portugal.
GRAVEMENTE, *adv.* gravely, solemnly, seriously. See also **MUITO**.
Estar gravemente doente, to be dangerously ill.
GRAVEZA, *f. f.* grievousness, or greatness of a thing; also heaviness, weightiness.
Graveza da culpa, gravity, atrociousness, or weight of guilt.
GRAVIDAÇÃO. See **PRENHEZ**.
GRAVIDADE, *f. f.* (in philosophy) gravity.
Gravidade, graveness, gravity, seriousness, solemnity, and sobriety of behaviour, authority, majesty. See also **GRAVEZA**.
GRAVIDAR, *v. a.* to get with child.
GRAU LHO, *f. m.* See **BAGULHO**.
GRAXA, *f. f.* blacking, or black for shoes.
Graxa, the grease, or swarf, in the axle-tree of a wheel; also grease molten a distemper in a horse, when his fat is melted by over-hard riding or labour.
GRAXO, (among painters), *ex.* *Ola graxa*, the oil that is made thick after being sunned.

G R E

GRECIA, *f. f.* the whole country of Greece.
GRECISMO, *f. m.* Grecism, the idiom or propriety of the Greek language.
GREDA, *f. f.* fuller's earth, lime.
GREGA L, *adj. ex.* *Soldado gregal*, a common soldier. Lat. *gregarius miles*.
GREGE. See **GREY**.
GRE'GO, *a*, *adj.* Greek.
Grego, *f. m.* a Greek, a Grecian, born in Greece; also Greek, or the Greek language.

GREEK

G R I

GREI. See GREY.

GRELA'DO, part. of

GRELA'R, v. n. to sprout, to put forth sprouts.

Qu'grela antes de se meter na terra, ou de se simado como a cevada, &c. acrospired.

GRE'LHAS, f. f. p. a gridiron.

Astar nas grelhas, to grill.

GRE'LO, f. m. a sprout.

Grêlo que se da da cevada, &c. antes de se meter na terra, acrospire.

Grêlo de couves, the young sprout of coleworts.

*Grêlo, ou parte da semente corrupta da qual se vey formando a cana do trigo, plume, some call it acrospire.*GREMI'D L, f. m. a rich piece of silk held by two priests, betwixt the bishop and the people, when he says *missa in pontificalibus*.

GRE'MIO, f. m. the lap; also a body, corporation, or number of men united by some common tie. (Metaph.)

*Grêmio da igreja, the bosom or pale of the church.*GRENHA, f. f. (an antiquated word formerly used instead of *Cabello*.) See *CABELLO*. But *grenha* is used now to signify the hair of the head clotted and tangled, for want of combing.

GRE'TA, f. f. a rift, cleft, chink, fissure, a gaping chap.

*Gretas das mãos, pés, &c. chaps and clefts in the hands, feet, &c.**Gretas, (among farriers) chaps behind the knees of a horse.**Gretas nos talões do cavallo, clefts. (Among farriers.)**Gretas entre o ta-aô e a primeira junta, scratches. (Among farriers.)*

GRETA'DO, part. of

GRETA'R, v. n. to chap, or break into hiatus, or gapings.

GREVAS, f. f. p. a sort of armour for the legs. French *grevis*.GREY, f. f. a flock, a herd of cattle; also people committed to one's charge, (metaph.) Lat. *grex*.

G R I

GRIFO. See GRIPHO.

GRILHAM, f. m. fetters for the legs. *Lançar grilhamas, to fetter.*

GRILHO, f. m. See GRILHAM.

GRILLO, f. m. a cricket.

GRIMPA, f. f. a weather-cock.

*Elle se como a grimpa, he is a mere weather-cock, that is, he is sickle and inconstant.**Levantar a grimpa, (a ludicrous expression) to cry out, to talk loud.*

GRINALDA, f. f. a garland, or wreath of flowers.

GRIPHA, ex. *Letra gripha*, (among printers) Italic letter.

GRIPHO, or GRYPHO, f. m. griffin, or griffon, a fabled animal, said to be generated between the lion and eagle, and to have the head and paws of the lion, and the wings of the eagle; also a sort of riddle; also a sort of bird of prey so called.

G R O

GRIS, grey colour.

Gris, (in cant) cold. See PRIO, f. m.

GRISE, f. m. a sort of white woollen.

GRISOENS, f. m. p. the Grisons or inhabitants of Rhetia. The name Grisons they have from the first of them, who made a league in the fifteenth century against their oppressors, wearing coarse grey coats made of a home-spun manufacture.

GRISO'L. See CRY SOL.

GRITA, f. f. a crying out, shrieking, hollowing, a shout.

Grita de navegantes. See FAINA.

GRITA'DA, f. f. See GRITA.

GRITA'DO, part. of GRITAR, which see

GRITADO'R, f. m. a bawling fellow.

GRITADO'RA, a clamorous and bawling woman.

GRITAR, v. n. to halloo, to wail, to cry out, to bawl; also to scold, to chide.

*Gritar por algum, to call upon one.**Gritar sobre algum, to cry, or call for help against one.**Gritar contra algum, to cry down, to inveigh against one.**Gritar aqui del rey, to cry and demand assistance in the king's name, to cry out murder.*

GRITARI'A, f. f. See GRITA.

GRITO, f. m. a shriek, a shout, a cry; also wailing, lamenting.

*Grito que se dá antes de principiar a guerra, cry de guerra.**Dar gritos. See GRITAR.*

GRIZETA, f. f. the copper wire that supports the wick of a lamp.

G R O

GROMENA'R, f. m. (in India) a profound reverence.

GRO'NHO, f. m. a very good sort of apples so called.

GRO'SA, or GRO'ZA, f. f. a gross, or twelve dozen; also a sort of file used by carpenters to smooth wood. See also GLOSSA.

GROSA'DO, a, adj. See GROSAR.

GROSADOR, f. m. See GLOSSA-DOR.

GROSAR, v. a. to smooth with the file, as carpenters do. See also GLOSSAR.

GROSSEIRAMENTE, adv. coarsely, clownishly, unmannerly, grossly.

GROSSEIRO, a, adj. coarse, clownish, rude, raw, unpolished; also coarse, rough, homely, unwrought. (speaking of any work.)

Homem de engenbo muito grosseiro, a block-head, a dunce, a dull-pated, or awkward fellow.

GROSSERI'A, f. f. rusticity, clownishness, rudeness, churlishness; also a sort of coarse linen.

GROSSIDA M, f. f. thickness, clot, concretion, grume, a thick viscid consistence of a fluid.

GRO'SSO, a, adj. big, great, huge; also coarse.

Grosso, or gordo. See GORDO.

G R U

Grasse, or grande. See GRANDE.

Grasse, or denjo. See DENSO.

Grasso, clotted, grumous, thick.

Grasso, or rico. See RICO.

Grasso, or inchado. See INCHADO.

*Mar grasso, high, rough sea.**Voz grassa, full voice, rough voice.**Gado grasso. See GADO.**Erro grasso, a gross or palpable mistake or error.**Grasso, that is not rough-hewn yet.**Dinheiro grasso, so they call any coin that is above a testoon. See TOSTAM.**Jogar jogo grasso, to play high.**Grasso, f. m. ex. O grasso de hum exercito, the body of an army.**Hum grasso de cavallaria, a body of horse.**Em grasso, adv. in general.**Tomar alguma coisa em grasso, to take offence at something.*

GROSSU'RA, f. f. grossness, bigness, thickness.

GROTO marinho. See ONOCROTA-LO.

GROU, f. m. a crane, a fowl.

GRO'ZA, &c. See GLOSSA, &c.

G R U

GRU', gru, the guggling of a narrow mouthed pot, or strait necked bottle, when it is emptying; also the crowing of a turkey.

GRU'A, f. f. the pulley of a crane to draw up weights with.

GRUDADO, a, adj. See the v. GRUDAR.

GRUDADOR, f. m. a gluer, one who cements with glue.

GRUDADU'RA, f. f. a gluing.

GRUDA'R, v. a. to glue.

Grudar, (metaph.) See UNIR, and AJUNTAR.

GRU'DE, f. m. glue.

*O que faz grude, glue-boiler.**Causa que se pega como grude, glutin.**Grude de peixe, water glue, mouth glue, isinglass.**Peixe de que se faz o grude, a species of sturgeon, from which isinglass is prepared.*GRUDO, is only used in this phrase: *Grudo e miudo, promiscuously, one with another.*GRUEIRO, a, adj. ex. *Falcão grueiro, a sort of hawk, enemy to cranes.*GRU'LHA, f. m. foul play. *Fullano de hum gr-lha, such a one plays foul play; also such a one is a turbulent fellow.*

GRUMETE, f. m. the meanest sort of sailor.

GRU'MO, f. m. grume, clot, concretion, coagulation.

GRUMOSO, a, adj. grumous, thick, clotted.

GRUNHI'DO, f. m. grunt, the noise of a hog.

Grunbia, part. of

GRUNHI'R, v. n. to grunt, as a hog does.

GRUPA, f. f. the crupper that goes under a horse's tail. See also GAD-RUPA.

GRU.

G U A

GRUTA, f. f. a den, a cave, a hollow place under ground.
GRUTE'SCO, f. m. antick work, anticks, grotesques, a sort of painting, representing a cave or den, with such creatures as are generally found in them.

G R Y

GRYPHO. See **GRIPHQ**.

G U A

GUADAMECINS, f. m. p. gilt leather for hanging, or such uses.
GUADANHA, f. f. a scythe.
GUADIANA, f. f. a river of Spain, which rises in the middle of New Castile. It passes on to Merida, in Spanish Extremadura, and by Badajoz, enters Portugal near Elvas, after which it runs through Alentejo and Algarve, and discharges itself into the Mediterranean near Agamonte and Castro. Lat. *Anas*.

Olhos da Guadiana, the places where the river Guadiana in Spain, breaks out again after it has sunk, and run several miles under ground.

GUAICAM, or **GUAYACO**, f. m. guaiacum, the wood of an Indian tree, used in decoctions to provoke sweats; called also *lignum sanctum*.

GUALDE, adj. a sort of yellow colour.

GUALDIDO, a, adj. (a vulgar word) See **COMIDO**, and **PERDIDO**.

GUALDIPAR, v. a. (a jocose word.) See **FURTAR**.

GUALDRA'PA, f. f. a covering, in the nature of a housing-cloth, over the saddle, and buttocks of the horse, to the crupper, and hanging down within a foot and a half of the ground. All physicians and clergymen ride on them in Spain and Portugal.

GUALDRO'PE, f. m. a rope made use of, when the sea is so rough that the men cannot govern the helm with their hand.

GUALTEIRA, f. f. a sort of carapuca. See **CARAPUCA**.

GUANTA, f. f. a sort of measure in India.

GUAPI'GE, f. f. soppery, affected neatness, affectation of drefs.

GU'PO, a, adj. soppyish, affectedly neat, smug, spruce, dressed with affectation of niceness.

Mço guapo, a beau, a spruce gallant, whose great care is to deck his person. See also **FANFARRAM**.

Gadelhas guapas, a sort of ancient head drefs.

GUARDA, f. f. a keeper, a warden; also guard, a man, or body of men, whose business is to watch by way of defence or prevention.

Corpo da guarda, the corps de guard, or guard-house; also the men that are upon guard.

Entrar de guarda, to mount the guard.

Sabir de guarda, to come off the guard.

G U A

Estat a guarda, or *de guarda*, to be upon guard.

Render a guarda, to relieve the guard.

Guarda grande, or *gran guarda*, (in a camp) main guard.

Guarda avançada, advanced guard.

Guardas del-rey, the king's guards.

Caô de boa guarda, a good house-dog.

Guarda, or *Vigia*. See **VIGIA**.

Ter guarda. See **GUARDAR**.

Guarda, keeping, custody, charge.

Dar em guarda, to give, to keep, to commit to one's keeping.

Fru'a de guarda, a fruit that keeps.

Guardas da fechadura, the wards of a lock.

Guardas de huma ponte, a wall breast-high on the outside of bridges, to keep folks from falling.

Guarda, (at cards) the guard, as to a king against the ace, or the like.

Guarda, (in agriculture) a young branch with which a plant may be repaired, if the residue decay.

Guarda do frontal, a piece of silk, or the like, hanging down in the middle of a frontal. See **FRONTAL**.

Guarda altar, a square piece of linen, to keep the corporale, or communion cloth, used in the church of Rome.

Guarda da lança, vamplate, or vamplet, a piece of steel sometimes in the shape of a tunnel, used in tilting spears, just before the hand, to secure and defend it.

Dias santos de guarda, kept holy-days.

Mudar as guardas, (metaph.) to talk craftily.

Guardas do norte, Guards, the two stars nearest the pole, being in the hind part of the chariot at the tail of the Little Bear.

Dar de guarda alguma coisa, (metaph.) to assure, or affirm a thing, to assert, or aver it.

Anjo da guarda. See **ANJO**.

Guarda, a city of Beira, in Portugal, and the see of a bishop. Lat. *Egitania*, or *Igedita*.

Guarda da pessoa real, a life-guard, or a life-guard-man.

Guarda, f. m. one that watches, a watch-man.

O guarda de huma floresta, a forest-keeper.

O guarda dos estudos, an officer belonging to an university, whose business is to whip the scholars.

Guardas, guards, custom-house waiters, officers to receive toll, turnkeys in prisons.

Guardas que estão vigiando as fazendas que se descarrigão, land-waiters.

Guardas que estão vigiando até que os navios estejam descarrigados, tidelmen, or tide-waiters.

Guarda, take care, beware.

Guarda daqui para fora, away, get you gone.

Guarda, (interject.) no, no, I will not do it.

Guarda-costa, a cruiser.

Guarda damas, a gentleman-usher to wait on the ladies at court.

G U A

GUARDA'DO, a, adj. See **GUARDAR**.

GUARDADO'R, f. m. a keeper, one that preserves, or watches.

Guardador, (in horfemanship) the pillar round which a horse turns.

Guardador de gado grosso, a herdsman.

Guarda-infante, f. m. a farthingale, consisting of hoops sticking out on both sides, worn formerly in Spain and Portugal, over which the women had a large petticoat.

Guarda-joias, f. m. the master of the jewel-house in the king's family.

Guarda-lama, (in a chaise, calash, &c.) a piece of leather to keep people from being splashed.

Guarda-mão da espada, f. m. the bow of a sword-hilt.

GUARDAMA'YOR, f. f. the mother of the ladies of honour to the queen.

GUARDAMO'R, f. m. the chief esquire of the king's body; also the chief guard.

Guardamor, f. f. See **GUARDAMA'YOR**.

GUARDANA'PO, f. m. a napkin.

GUARDAPATAS. See **PATA**.

GUARDAPE', f. m. an under petticoat.

GUARDAPO', f. m. any cloth that is spread to keep off the dust.

GUARDAPO'RTA, f. f. a piece of tapestry hung before a door to keep out the wind. It was formerly used instead of *cartina*. See **CORTINA**.

GUARDAPUXA, an interj. indeed. (Ironically.)

GUARDA'R, v. a. to keep or preserve. See also **RESERVAR**, and **PRESERVAR**.

Guardar para outro tempo, to keep or lay up, to reserve.

Guardar, to guard, to keep, defend, or to look to or after; also to secure or keep from.

Guardar o gado, to keep, or to look to the cattle.

Guardar palavra, ou o prometido, to keep one's word or promise.

Guardar, or *obfervar*. See **OBSERVAR**.

Guardar, ou lembrar-se de huma injuria para tomar vingança, to owe one a spite, to remember an ill turn one has done to repay it.

Guardar as dias santos, to keep holy-days.

Guardar a boca. See **BOCA**.

Guardar as costas. See **COSTAS**.

Guardar, to stand sentry, to keep watch and ward.

Guar'e Deus a vms. God save you, a form of saluting at meeting.

Quem guarda, acaba, he who saves, finds.

Guardar-se, v. r. to keep from, to avoid, to forbear, to beware. The particle *de* always goes before the thing which excites caution.

Guardar-se de má companhia, to keep from, or to shun ill company.

Guardai-vos daqui para fora, away, get you gone.

GUAR

G U A

GUARDAREPOSTA, f. m. he that looks after the carpets, coverlets, and the like furniture.
GUARDARIO, f. m. See **ALCYON**.
GUARDAROUÇA, f. f. a wardrobe, the place where the cloaths are kept.
Guardarouça, f. m. the keeper of the wardrobe.
Guardarouça mór d'el-rey, clerk of the wardrobe to the king.
GUARDAPVENTO, f. m. a large screen to keep the wind off.
GUARDAVINHO, f. m. the little walls round the place into which the wine runs from the press.
GUARDIANIA, f. f. the dignity of the guardian of the Franciscans.
GUARDIAM, f. m. the guardian or superior of the Franciscans.
Guardião da não, a boatwain.
GUARDINHAM, f. m. a sort of play among children.
GUARECER, v. n. to recover after a sickness; also to make a figure, to look to be of some value.
Guarecer-se, v. r. to keep from, to avoid, to escape.
GUARECIDO, participle of **GUARECER**, which see.
GUARIDA, f. f. a place of refuge. See **AMPARO**.
Guarida, *Guarita*, or *Gurita*, a centry-box.
GUARNECEDO'R, f. m. a provider, a furnisher, one that laces, furnishes, &c. See the verb.
GUARNECER, v. a. to furnish, to provide, to garrison, to set off, to garnish.
Guarnecer hum vestido de fitas, to trim a suit of clothes with ribbons.
Guarnecer de galam, to bind with galloon.
Guarnecer huma praça, to garrison a place.
Guarnecer huma parede, to whiten a wall.
Guarnecer o falcão, to hood-wink a hawk, to set him off with bells, &c.
GUARNECIDO, a, adj. furnished, garnished, &c. See the v. **GUARNECER**.
GUARNICAM, f. f. a garrison; also the lacing, embroidery, or other trimming of a garment.
Guarnicam da espada, the hilt of a sword.
Praça na qual ha guarnição, a garrison-town.
Guarnição da nao, marines, soldiers who serve on board of ships.
Mojas de guarnição, (in a ship) chain-wales, or broad timbers jutting out of a ship's sides, serving to spread the shrouds, that they may the better support the masts.
Guarnição, help, aid, succour; also a certain number of soldiers to guard a squadron.
GUARTE, for *guarda-te*, take heed, have a care.
GUAYA, f. f. (upon a horse) feather, a sort of natural frizzling of hair,

which, in some places, rises above the lying hair, and there makes a figure resembling the tip of an ear of corn. (An African word.)
GUAZIL, f. m. (in Arabia and Persia) the governor of a sea-town. (Arabic.)
GUAZILADO, f. m. the dignity of a guazil. See **GUAZIL**. (Arab.)

G U D

GUDA'M, f. m. (an Indian word) a shop that is almost under ground.
GUDILHAM, f. m. a lock of wool, or the like; also a small tumour.
GUDINHA, f. f. (in the province of Alentejo) a little field, a small piece of ground.

G U E

GUEDA'LHA, f. f. See **GADELHA**.
GUELA. See **GARGANTA**.
GUELFOS e *Gibelinos*, Guelphs and Gibbelines, two potent factions in Italy, the one of which took part with the emperor of Germany, and the other with the pope.
GUELRAS, f. f. p. the gills of a fish.
GUERRA, f. f. war; also the art of war.
Fazer guerra. See **GUERREAR**.
Capaz de bir a guerra, able for war.
Pertencente a guerra, warlike, military.
Serviço da guerra, *serviço militar*, warfare, a military life.
Guerra que se faz por mar, sea-service, naval war.
GUERREADO'R, f. m. See **GUERREIRO**.
GUERREA'DO, part. of
GUERREAR, v. n. to war, to make or to wage war.
GUERREIRO, f. m. a warrior.
Guerreiro, a, adj. warlike.
GUETE, f. m. a bill of divorcement.
Dar guete, to give a bill of divorcement.

G U I

GUI'A, f. f. a guide; also a leading or conduct. (Gothic.)
Guia da dança, he that leadeth the dance, the leader of a dance.
Carta de guia, a pass, a safe conduct, to travel without impediment. See also **ITINERARIO**.
Carta de guia, (metaph.) a method or way of pursuing any thing.
Carreiro de guia, a bell-wether, he that carries a bell among the sheep.
Guia, a frame whereon vines are joined.
Guias, the two she-mules that go before, and are not put under the mill.
Guia-bella, f. f. the herb called buck's-horn, dog's-tooth, or twine-crests.
GUIADO'R, f. m. See **GUIA**.
GUIADO, a, adj. See the v. **GUIAR**.
GUIAM, f. m. a banner, or standard, a guidon.
Guião, a standard-bearer, a guidon.
Guião, (in music) a *majra*, or little

G U I

mark at the end of each line, shewing with what note the next line begins.
GUIAR, v. a. to guide, to lead, to conduct.
Guiar a dança, to lead up the dance. See also **ENCAMINHAR**.
GUILHERME, f. m. a carpenter's tool so called.
GUILHOTE, f. m. he that hath the use and profit of a thing, but not the property or right. (Arabic.)
Guilbot, an idle fellow that will not work, but goes about spunging where he can.
GUIMARAENS, an ancient town of *Entre Douro e Minho* in Portugal, it was formerly the royal residence.
GUINADA, f. f. (a sea term) the motion of a ship that yaws. See **GUINAR**.
Dar guinadas, to make yaws. (Speaking of a ship.)
O cavallo da guinadas, the horse is not well wayed.
GUINADO, part. of
GUINAR, v. n. (a sea term) to yaw, or make yaws as a ship does, when, through the fault of the steersman, she is not kept steady in her course, but makes angles in and out.
Guinar, (metaph.) to propend, to have an inclination, or tendency of desire to any thing.
Guinar, ou dar guinadas com o corpo, to show aversion for a thing by gestures, or movements of the body. (Metaph.)
GUINCHA'DO, part. of
GUINCHA'R, v. n. (a vulgar word, supposed to be made *per onomatopœiam*) to cry out inarticulately, to cry shrilly.
GUINCHO, f. m. (a vulgar word) an inarticulate cry; also a sea-gull.
GUINDA, f. f. the rope of any crane.
GUINDADO, part. of **GUINDAR**, which see.
GUINDALETA, f. f. a great cord in a ship, called the tackle, which serves to hoist goods aboard.
GUINDAMINA, f. f. (a sea term) ex. *Abater a bandeira per guindamina*, to strike the flag, and then hoist it up immediately. It is derived from *guinda* and *amaina*. See **GUINDAR** and **AMAINAR**.
GUINDAR, v. a. to hoist up, to crane up, to draw up with a pulley. From the French, *guinder*.
GUINDASTE, f. m. a crane, an instrument made with ropes, pulleys, and hooks, by which great weights are raised.
GUINTE, (in the Portuguese India) See **JARRO**.
Guinda, f. m. the act of hoisting up, &c. See **GUINDAR**.
GUINE, f. f. Guinea, a large country of Africa. The Dutch have dispossessed the Portuguese from thence, after they had been masters of the whole

G U L

G U S

G Y R

whole coast upwards of an hundred years.

GUINGAM, f. m. so they call in some places the excrement of the silk-worm.

Guingam, a sort of cloth from Mogol.

GUIRLINDAO, f. m. an iron plate at the top of the masts, which serves to make fast the top-masts.

GUIRNALDA. See **GRINALDA**.

GUISA, f. f. a fashion, manner, quality, guise.

Aguisa, adv. like.

GUISADO, a, adj. dressed (speaking of victuals.) See the v. **GUISAR**.

Guizado, weaponed, armed for offence, furnished with arms, and other accoutrements of war.

Guizado, f. m. meat dressed.

Ham mao guizado, (metaph.) a crime, a fault.

GUISAMENTO, f. m. accoutrement. See also **AVIAMENTO**.

GUISAR, v. a. to dress or season meat, and make it more pleasant to the taste.

O modo de guisar, seasoning, sauce.

O que guisa, a seasoner.

GUI'SO, f. m. a small bell, such as a hawk's bell.

GUITA, f. f. pack-thread.

GUITA'RA, f. f. guitar, or guitar, a musical instrument not much used, except in Portugal and Spain. French *guitarre*.

GUITARRINHA, f. f. a little guitar.

G U L

GU'LA, f. f. gluttony; also the throat. *O que tem o vicio da gula*, a glutton, a greedy eater.

Gula, (in architecture) a gule, or gula.

Gula reversa, (in architecture) *cima reversa*, or an ogre with the hollow downwards.

GULAS, f. f. p. a sort of **GARLOPA**, which see.

G U M

GU'ME, f. m. the sharp edge of a sword, knife, &c.

GU'MENA, f. f. a cable of a ship.

GUMI'L, f. m. See **GOMIL**.

GUMILEME, f. m. a sort of gum called gum elemi.

G U N

GUNCHO, f. m. a sort of aquatic fowl.

GUNE, f. m. (an Indian word) a sort of coarse cloth.

G U R

GURGULHAM, f. m. See **BULHAM**.

GURGU'LHO, f. m. a little worm that eats out the pith of corn, beans, and lentils, a mite or weevil.

GURGUTUO' *minha vida*, (a ludicrous expression) it cannot be helped.

GURI'IA. See **GUARITA**.

GURUPA. See **GARUPA**.

Grupa do exercito, the rear, the hinder troop of an army.

GURUPE'S, f. m. (a sea term) the bowsprit, or boltsprit, a mast running out at the head of a ship, not standing upright, but a-slope.

G U S

GU'SA, f. f. (in a foundry) a long

piece of iron, like the beam, or main piece of timber that supports the house.

GUSANI'LHO, f. m. a small worm.

GUSANO, f. m. a worm.

Cemesto de gusao, worm-eaten.

Gusao que se cria na madeira, a worm that breeds in wood.

Gusao com cornos que se cria nas arvores, a hornet.

G U T

GUTTURA'L, adj. guttural, pronounced in the throat, or belonging to the throat.

A qualidade de ser guttural, gutturalness, the quality of being guttural.

G Y M

GYMNA'SIO, f. m. a place where wrestlers, or other gamesters exercised their strength; also a school or college where sciences are taught.

GYMNA'STICO, a, adj. belonging to the place or art of exercise, gymnastic.

GYMNOSOPHI'STAS, f. m. p. gymnosophists, certain philosophers in India, who went always naked, and lived solitary in woods and deserts, feeding on herbs.

G Y R

GYRA'M, f. m. (in heraldry) gyron, an ordinary consisting of two straight lines, issuing from divers parts of the escutcheon, and meeting in the fesse point.

GYROFAQOS. See **GIROPAGOS**.

H.

H, f. m. is rather an aspiration, than a letter, and it is never pronounced before a vowel in the beginning of words in Portuguese, for which reason many of them are now spelt without it.

PH, in Portuguese, as well as in English stand for **F**.

CH, is pronounced like *ch* in the English words, *charity*, *cherry*, &c.

LH, is pronounced like *g*, before an *l*, in the Italian words *figlio*, *foglio*, &c.

NH, has the same sound as *gn*, in Italian or in the French words *Espagne*, *Allemagne*, &c.

H, before or after all the other consonants is ever mute.

H, among the ancients was a numeral letter worth two hundred, according to the following verse.

H quoque ducentos per se designat habendor.

And when it was marked with a title on the top, it stood for two hundred thousand.

H A B

HA'BIL, adj. capable, dexterous, active, fit, able.

HABILIDADE, f. f. ability, dexterity, capacity. See also **CAPACIDADE**.

Habilidade, frequently signifies abilities, that is, the power of the mind, or the force of understanding given by nature, as distinguished from acquired qualifications.

HABILITA'DO, *a*, adj. See **HABILITAR**, *v. a.* to make able, to able, to enable, to capacitate.

Mandar habilitar algum, to send one in order to be examined.

Habil tar-se, *v. r.* to enable one's self.

HABITAÇAM, f. f. habitation, a dwelling place.

HABITA'DO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **HABITAR**.

HABITADO'R, f. m. an inhabitant, a dweller.

HABITAR, *v. n.* to inhabit, to dwell.

HABITAVEL, adj. capable of being dwelt in, habitable.

HABITO, f. m. a habit, use, or custom; also a religious man's or any other habit. See **VESTIDO**.

Tomar o habito, to take the religious habit, to go into a monastery.

Por habito. See **HABITUALMENTE**.

Habito, the badge of knighthood worn by a knight.

Cavalleiros do habito de Christo, knights of Jesus Christ.

Habito que algumas pessoas moribundas vestem para participar das graças dos religiosos, angelical garment.

Habito da corça. See **TEMPERAMENTO**, and **COMPLEIÇAM**.

P. o habito não faz o monje, a tattered cloak may cover a good drinker. Men are not to be judged of by outward appearance.

HABITUA'DO, *a*. See **HABITUAR-SE**.

HABITUA'L, adj. habitual, grown to habit by long use, customary.

HABITUALMENTE, adv. habitually, customarily, by habit.

HABITUAR-SE, *v. r.* to use, or accustom one's self, to get an habit.

HABITU'DE, f. f. See **CALIDADE**, and **DISPOSIÇAM**.

H A C

HACANE'A, or **ACANE'A**, f. f. an ambling nag, choice pad of a considerable price.

H A D

HADEPUCHA. See **ADEPUCHA**.

H A G

HAGIOGRAPHOS, f. m. p. holy books wrote by the inspiration of the Holy Spirit, but not admitted into the degree of prophecy. Such are, according to the Gemurists, Ruth, the book of Psalms, Job, Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, Canticles, Lamentations, Daniel, Esther, Ezra, the Chronicles.

Autor de livros hagiographos, hagiographer.

H A I

HAI. See **AI**.

H A L

HALCYON. See **ALCYON**.

HA'LITO, f. m. a vapour. See also **EXHALAÇAM**.

Que tem habito, halituous, vaporous.

H A M

HAMADRYADAS, f. f. p. the Amadryads, the nymphs of the woods, supposed by the ancients, to be born and die with the woods.

HAMEC. See **DIACOLOCYNTHIDOS**.

H A R

HARDA, f. f. a squirrel, a wood weazel.

HARMA'LE, f. f. wild rue.

HARMONI'A, f. f. harmony, melody, a musical concert, a due proportion, or agreeable union, in sound, agreeableness, or due proportion of any thing, mutual agreement. See also **SYMMETRIA**.

Harmonia, (in anatomy) harmonia, a joining of the bones by a plain line, as may be seen in the bones of the nose and palate.

Com harmonia, toneably.

HARMONI'ACO. See

HARMONICO, *a*, adj. harmonious, full of harmony, harmonical, harmonic.

Proporção harmonica, harmonic proportion.

HA'RO. } See { **ARO**.

HARPA. } See { **ARPA**.

HARPAM, or **HARPEO**. See **ARPAM**.

HARPI'A, f. f. harpy, a poetical monster.

HARPOADO. } See { **ARPOADO**.

HARPOAR. } See { **ARPOAR**.

HARUSPICE. See **ARUSPICE**.

HARUSPICINA. See **ARUSPICINA**.

HARUSPICIO. See **ARUSPICIO**.

H A S

HA-SE, *v. imper.* See **HAVER-SE**.

HA'STA, f. f. a spear, lance, or pike. **HASTATOS**, ou **bastariis**, f. m. p. soldiers bearing or fighting with spears.

HA'STE, or **HA'STEA**, f. f. the staff of a spear, standard, &c. See also **ASTE'A**.

H A V

HAVER, an active, and auxiliary *v.* to have.

Haver, with the particle *de*, is often rendered into English by the verbs *to be*, and *must*.

Se eu houver de vir, if I shall be obliged to go.

Tu has de vir, you must go.

Elle ha de vir hoje, he is to come to-day.

Se elle houver de vir, if he was to come.

Ainda que isso me custasse de custar a vida, though I were to lose my life for it.

Elle esta todo nu, ha de ter muito frio, he is entirely naked, he must needs be very cold.

Haveris vos de estar em casa? shall you be at home?

Eu hei de acbar-me la, I must be there.

Eu hei de receber dinheiro, I am to receive money.

Elle

H A V

H E D

H E M

Elle ba de ser enforcado, he is to be hanged.

Vos ba que haveis de jugar, you are to play.

Aquillo vos ba de servir de recompensa, or *servir-vos ba aquillo de recompensa*, that must be to you instead of a recompence.

Com condiçao que aquillo não haja d'causar-vos desconmodo, so it be no trouble to you.

Eis aqui como haveis de fazer, this is the right course or method you must take.

Aquillo ba que vos haveis de fazer, you ought to do that, or you should do that.

Haver por bem, to take in good part.

Haver por mal, to take in ill part.

Que ba de ser, that is to be hereafter.

Aquillo nunca ba de ser, that will never be.

Mal baja elle, the deuce take him.

Mal baja que, a doubt whether a thing will be done; as, *creis vos que elle o fara?* *mal baja que elle tal faça*, he'll do it? the devil he will.

Eu hei de ser a causa da sua morte, ou *ruina*, I shall be the death, or ruin of him.

Para haver de, to, in order to, that, to the end that; these three words are always followed by a verb in the infinitive mood; as, *para haver de falar*, *ouvir*, &c. in order to speak, hear, &c.

Que ba de ser de mim? what is to become of me?

Haver filhos, to beget, to become the father of children.

Haver filhos de huma mulher, to beget on, or upon a woman.

Livros do devedor e ba de haver, journals, books of debtor and creditor.

Haver mister, to want.

Ha mister apressar-se, it is necessary to haste, or to make haste.

Haver, when impersonal, is rendered into English by the v. *to be* preceded by *there*; as,

Ha, there is, or there are.

Ha homens tão malvados, there are men so wicked.

Havia huma mulher, there was a woman.

Ha alguns bons e outros maos, there are some good, and some bad.

Hamuytas casas, there are several houses.

Ha alguma coisa de novo? is there any news?

Ha mais de huma hora, it is above an hour since.

Ha muito tempo, long since.

Ha perto de huma hora que elle sabio, it is almost an hour since he went out.

Ha hum anno, a year ago.

Ha oito dias, eight days ago, or eight days since.

Ha perto de 20 legoas daqui la, it is near upon twenty leagues thither.

Não ba, there is not.

Não havia, there was not.

Elle cuida que não ha mais que purgar, he believes that purging is all in all, or that purging is the only remedy in such a case.

Não havera, there will not be.

Havera, or *ba de haver*, there will be.

Haver-se, v. r. to carry, or behave one's self.

Ele sabe como se ba de haver, or *elle sabe como ba de haver-se*, he knows how to behave himself.

Para haver-se de lavar, to, or in order to be washed.

Elle houve-se de maneira que, &c. he behaved himself in such a manner, that, &c.

La se avouba e la se-lo baja, I leave it to him, I will have nothing to do with him.

NB. when this v. is used impersonally, it is always followed by the particle *de*; as,

Ha-se de mister dinheiro, money is wanted.

Ha-se de fazer, ou *dizer isto*, this must be done, or said.

Ha-se de fazer o que elle quizer, people must do what he pleases.

HAVE'RES, s. m. p. substance, wealth, or riches, what one has.

HAVIDO, a, adj. had; also reputed, looked upon, counted. See *HAYER* and *SUCCEDIDO*.

HA'USTO, s. m. See *SORVO*, and *TRAGO*.

H A Z

HA'Z, s. f. (an ancient word) the wing of an army.

Haz, a certain order or disposition kept by some birds in their flight, as the cranes do.

H E B

HEBDOMADA, s. f. hebdomade.

HEBDOMADARIO, s. m. he that presides in the choir at divine service for the week.

HEBDOMATICO, a, adj. See *CLIMATERICO*.

HEBRAICO, a, adj. Jewish, of the Jews.

Lingua Hebraica, the Hebrew, or the Hebrew tongue.

O que sabe lingua Hebraica, Hebraist, a man skilled in Hebrew.

HEBRAISMO, s. m. Hebraism, an idiom of the Hebrew language.

HEBRAIZANTE, s. m. one that follows the Jewish text.

HEBREO, s. m. a Jew.

Hebreo, or *lingua Hebraica*. See *HEBRAICO*.

H E C

HECATOMBA, s. f. an hecatomb.

HECATOMBE, s. m. f. idem.

HECTICA, s. f. a consumption, or hectic, an hectic fever.

HECTICO, s. m. one that is hectic.

Hectico, a, adj. hectic, or hectic.

H E D

HEDIONDO, a, adj. horrid, dreadful, hideous.

H E G

HEGI'RA, s. f. (in chronology) hegira, the epocha, or account of time used by the Arabians and Turks, who begin their accounts from the time that Mahomet was forced to make his escape from the city of Mecca, which was on Friday, July 16, A. C. 622.

H E L

HELE'POLI, s. m. helepolis, an ancient military machine, for the battering down the walls of besieged places.

HELI'ACO, a, adj. (in astronomy) heliacal, belonging to the sun.

Nascimento heliaco de huma estrella, heliacal rising of a star.

O por heliaco de huma estrella, the heliacal setting of a star.

HELIADA. See *ILIADA*.

HELICE, s. f. a constellation called the Great Bear; also a spiral line called helix.

HELICON, s. m. Helicon, a hill in Phocis, sacred to the Muses.

HELIOTRO'PIA, s. f. a precious stone of a green colour, with red spots, or veins.

HELIOTROPIO, s. m. heliotrope, the plant turnsole, which is said always to follow the course of the sun.

HELLEBORO. See *ELLEBORO*.

HELLESPONTO, s. m. Hellespont, the narrow sea, or streight of Constantinople.

HELVECIOS. See *SUIÇOS*.

H E M

HEMATYTIS, or *HEMATITES*, s. f. a stone of a dark red colour, a blood-stone.

HEMEROBAPTISTAS, s. m. p. hemerobaptists, a sect among the Jews, who baptized themselves every day.

HEMERO'LOGIO, s. m. a diary. See *CALENDARIO*.

HEMETICO. See *EMETICO*.

HEMICRANIA, s. f. hemicrania, a pain in either half part of the head.

HEMICYCLO, s. m. hemicyle, or half cycle.

HEMICYLINDRO, s. m. half cylinder.

HEMINA, s. f. a measure containing nine nonces.

HEMIO'LIO, a, adj. ex. *Numero hemiclio*, a number that contains another, and half so much again.

HEMISPHERIO, s. m. hemisphere, half a globe, or sphere cut by a plane through the centre.

HEMISTICHIO, s. m. hemestic, half a verse.

HEMITRITEO, s. m. (among physicians) a semi-tertian fever, or ague.

HEMORRAGIA, s. f. hæmorrhage, a flux of blood.

HEMORRAGI'ACO, a, adj. belonging to hæmorrhage.

HEMORROES, s. f. a kind of serpent.

HER

by which if a man be hung he bleedeth to death.
HEMORROIDA, or **HEMORROIDE**, f. f. a vein belonging to the fundament.
HEMORROIDAL, adj. hæmorrhoidal, or belonging to the veins in the fundament.

HEN

HENDECASYLLABO, a, adj. a verse of eleven syllables.
HENOTICON, f. m. Henoticum, an edict of the emperor Zeno, intended to reconcile and unite the Eutychians and the Catholics.

HEP

HEPATICA, f. f. the herb liver-wort.
HEPATICO, a, adj. hepatic, belonging to the liver.
HEPTAGONO, f. m. (in geometry) heptagon, a figure of seven sides, and as many angles; also heptagon, a place, which has seven bastions for its defence.

HER

HERA, f. f. ivy, a plant which twines about trees, and fastens upon walls. See also **ERA**.
Hera que não dá fruto, barren, or creeping ivy.
Hia terrestre, ground-ivy; it is also called alehoof, or tunhoof.
Cacha de bagos de hera, a bunch, or cluster of ivy berries.
HERANÇA, f. f. inheritance, an estate. *Per herança*, hereditarily, by inheritance.
Herança jacente, an inheritance that is not enjoyed, nor possessed.
HERBÁTICO, a, adj. herbatic, belonging to herbs.
HERBOLARIA, f. f. a woman skilled in herbs; also a sorceress that makes use of herbs.
HERBOLARIO. See **ERVOLARIO**.
HERBOSO, a, adj. herbulent, plentiful in grass, containing herbs.
HERCOLECTONICA, f. f. military architecture, fortification.
HERCULEO, a, adj. Herculean, belonging to Hercules.
HERCULES, f. m. Hercules, a famous ancient hero.
Columnas de Hercules, Hercules' Pillars, two pillars which Hercules is said to have erected, one at Cadiz in Spain, and the other at Ceuta, in Africa.
Trabalhos de Hercules, Herculean labours, great and dangerous exploits, such as those that were performed by Hercules.
HERDADE, f. f. See **HERANÇA**.
Herdade, (in Alentejo) a great farm or field, a great, or large possession.
HERDA DO, a, adj. inherited. See **HERDA R**, v. a. to inherit, to heir, to receive or possess by inheritance.
Que se pode herdar, inheritable, obtainable by succession.

HER

HERDEIRA, f. f. an heiress, inheritrix, or inheritress.
HERDEIRO, f. m. an heir, or inheritor.
Herdeiro, ou fidalgo natural. See **NATURAL**.
Que não tem herdeiros, heirless.
Privilegio, ou qualidade de herdeiro, heirship.
Taças da casa, ou bens movéis que pertencem ao herdeiro sem que se ponhão no inventario, heir-loom.
HEREDITARIO, a, adj. hereditary, possessed or claimed by right of inheritance.
HEREGE, f. m. an heretic, one who holds heretical opinions, or is tainted with heresy.
HEREMITA. See **EREMITA**.
HEREMITICO, a, adj. eremitical, solitary.
HEREO, f. m. a tenant who rents a land.
HERESIA, or **HEREGIA**, f. f. heresy, obstinate error in matters of faith.
HERESIA RCA, f. m. an heresiarch, the chief of a sect of heretics, or the author of an heresy.
HERETICO, a, adj. heretical, belonging to heresy.
HERMAFRODITA, **HERMOFRODITO**, **HERMAPHRODITO**, or **HERMAPHRODITO**, an hermaphrodite, one who has the genital parts of both sexes, so called from Hermaphroditus, the son of Mercury and Venus.
Causa de hermafrodita, ou pertencente a hermafrodita, hermaphroditical.
HERMETICO, a, adj. hermetical, or hermetic.
Sciencia hermetica, chemistry.
Sello hermetico, hermetical seal, or Hermes' seal.
HERMIDA. } See { **ERMIDA**.
HERMIYAM. } See { **EREMITA**.
HERMO. } See { **ERMO**.
HERMODASTILO, a sort of root called hermodastyl.
HERMOFRODITO. See **HERMAFRODITA**.
HERNIA, f. f. hernia.
Hernia humoral, hernia humoralis.
Hernia acosa, hernia aquosa, a watery rupture.
Hernia ventosa, hernia ventosa, a windy rupture.
Hernia carnosa, hernia carnosa, a fleshy rupture.
Hernia varicosa, hernia varicosa.
Hernia zibral, ou intestinal, burstness, a rupture, the swelling of the scrotum by the guts falling into it.
Que tem hernia, hernious, troubled with the hernia, bursten, broken bellied.
HERNIA RIA, f. f. the herb rupture-wort.
HERODES, f. m. Herod surnamed the Great, a king of Jerusalem; also any cruel man (figuratively.)
Mandar de Herodes para Pilatos, (a figurative expression) to put off cunning-

HET

ly, to delay with some artifice or excuse, to toss from post to pillar, to keep at a bay.
HERODIANOS, f. m. p. Herodians, a sect of Jewish heretics, who took Herod for the Messiah.
HEROA, f. m. See
HEROE, f. m. an hero, a great and illustrious person.
HEROICIDADE, f. f. heroism.
Com herocidade, heroically.
HEROICO, a, adj. heroical, heroic, noble, excellent, belonging to or becoming an hero.
Poema heroico, heroic poem.
Verso heroico, heroic or hexameter verse.
HEROINA, f. f. a heroine, or heroess, a female hero.
HERPES, f. m. herpes, a spreading inflammation, a kind of St. Anthony's fire; some call it the shingles.
Herpes corrosivo, ou ambulativo, herpes excedens, a cutaneous inflammation, more corrosive and penetrating, so as to form ulcers.
Herpes miliaris, herpes miliaris, a cutaneous inflammation which is like millet-seed upon the skin, and itches.
HERRICA DO. See **ARRIPIADO**.
HERRICAR. See **ARRIPIAR**.
HERVA. } See { **ERVA**.
HERVOSO. } See { **HERBOSO**.

HES

HESITACAM, f. f. hesitation, doubt, uncertainty; also hesitation, faltering, or intermission in the speech.
HESITADO, part. of
HESITAR, v. n. to hesitate, to beat a loss in speaking; also to hesitate, or be in suspense, or in a quandary, to demur, to stick in the briars, to be at a stand or stay.
HESPANHA, f. f. Spain, the ancient Iberia, Celtiberia, and Hesperia Major, and, according to Ortelius, Pania, now Hispania. The Spaniards themselves call it Espanna, the French Espagne, and we by contraction, Spain.
Causa de Hispanha, ou pertencente a Hispanha, Spanish.
HESPANHOL, *Hespanhola*, adj. Spanish.
Hespanhol, f. m. a Spaniard.
HESPANHOLA, f. f. a Spanish woman.
HESPERIA, (or *Hesperia prima*.) f. f. Italy.
Hesperia ultima, Spain.
HESPERIDAS, f. f. p. the daughters of Hesperus, brother to Atlas; also a cluster of islands; called the Verd Islands, and subject to Portugal.
HESPERO, f. m. Hesperus, the evening star, the same which is called Phosphorus, or Lucifer, in the morning.

HET

HETEROCLITO, f. m. (in grammar) heteroclitc. Greek.

H I E

Heteroclito, *a*, adj. heteroclitical, or deviating from the common rule.
Ser heteroclito, (metaph.) to be a little singular in one's way of living.
HETERODO'XO, *a*, adj. heterodox, differing in sentiments or opinion from the generality of mankind. Greek.
HETEROGENEO, *a*, adj. heterogeneous, of a different nature, kind, or quality. Greek.
HETERO'SCIOS, *f. m. p.* (in geography) heterosceans, those whose shadows fall only one way, as the shadows of us who live north of the tropic, fall at noon always to the north.
HETRUR'IA, *f. f.* a country of Italy, called Tuscany.
HETRUSCO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to Tuscany.
HETRUSCOS, *f. m. p.* the people of Tuscany.

H E X

HEXACORDO, *f. m.* hexachord, an interval of music, commonly called a sixth; also a musical instrument that has six chords or strings.
HEXAGONO, *f. m.* hexagon, a geometrical figure, which has six equal sides, and as many angles.
Hexagone, *a*, adj. hexagonal, belonging to a hexagon.
HEXAMERON, *f. m.* hexameron, the six day's work of creation.
HEXAMETRO, *a*, adj. hexameter, consisting of six feet.
HEXAPLOS, *f. m.* Hexapla, a work of Origen's in six columns, containing the four first Greek translations of the Bible; together with the Hebrew text, and the Hebrew written in the Greek characters.

H I A

HIA'CTE, *f. m.* a yacht, a sort of small ship.
HIADAS. See *HYADAS*.
HIA'YO, *f. m.* a gap or hiatus; also a great aperture, a breach.

H I B

HIBERNO, *a*, adj. winterly, or wintry; of, or belonging to winter.
HIBLA. See *HYBLA*.

H I C

HICHO'. See *ICHO'*.

H I D

HIDRA. See *HYDRA*.
HIDRAULICO. See *HYDRAULICO*.
HIDRIA. See *HYDRIA*.
HIDROGRAPHIA. See *HYDROGRAPHIA*.
N. B. Look under *HY* for the words which you cannot find here.

H I E

HIEMAL, adj. hiemal, belonging to the winter.

H I R

HIENA. See *HYENA*.
HIERA-PICRA, *f. f.* *hiera picra*, a purging electuary made of aloes, spikenard, saffron, honey, &c.
HIERARCHIA. See *JERARQUIA*.
HIEROGLYPHYCO. See *JEROGLYPHYCO*.
HIERUSALEM. See *JERUSALEM*.

H I L

HILAR'IAS, *f. f. p.* (among the Romans) Hilaria, feasts celebrated annually with great gaiety in honour of the mother of the gods.
HILAROTRAGEDIA, *f. f.* hilaro-tragedia, a dramatic performance, partly tragic or serious, and partly comic or merry.

H I M

HIMEN, or *HIMENEO*. See *HYMENEO*.
HIMPA'DO, part. of
HIMPA'R, *v. n.* (a vulgar word) to sob, to heave audibly with convulsive sorrow.

H I N

HIN, *f. m.* a Jewish measure for liquid things, containing one gallon, two pints, two and a half solid inches, wine measure.

H I P

HIPOCRISIA. See *HYPOCRISIA*.
HIPOCRITA. See *HYPOCRITA*.
HIPOQUISTIDOS. See *HYPOQUISTIDOS*.
HIPPOCAMPO, *f. m.* a sea-horse.
HIPPOCENTAURO, *f. m.* hippocentaur, a fabulous monster, half horse and half man.
HIPPOCRE'NE, *f. f.* a fountain near Helicon, sacred to Apollo and the Muses.
HIPPO'DROMO, *f. m.* hippodrome, a place for coursing or running of horses.
HIPPOGLOSSON, the herb horse-tongue.
HIPPOGRY'PHO, *f. m.* a fabulous monster feigned by the ancient poets to be half an horse, and half a griffin, that flies with wings.
HIPPO'MANES, *f. m.* a kind of poison used in philtres; also a venomous humour falling from a mare, when she wants the horse; also a piece of flesh on the forehead of a colt newly foaled, which the mare presently bites off; also an Arcadian herb, whereof if horses eat, it maketh them furious.
HIPPOPO'TAMO, *f. m.* an amphibious and monstrous creature in the rivers Ganges and Nile. It is as big, as two of our horses together. See Joao dos Santos, in the first part of his history of the East Aethiopia.

H I R

HIDO, part. of
HIR, or *IR*, a neut. and irreg. *v.* to

H I R

go, to walk, to march; also to grow, to reach any estate gradually, to be going.

Indic. pres. *vos, vai, váy, vamos, ides, vão*. Preterimp. *bia, bias, bia, &c.* Preterp. *fui, foste, foi, fomos, fostes, foram*. Fut. *irei, iras, &c.* Imperat. *vai tu, vaeis, vamos vós, ide vós, vão eles*. Subj. *va, vai, vá, vamos, vades, vão*. First preterp. *fera, ou fosse, &c.* Second preterp. *iria, irias, &c.* Fut. *far, feres, &c.*

Hir a pé, to go on foot.

Hir a cavallo, em coche, &c. to ride, to go on horse back, to go in a coach, &c.

Hir por mar e por terra, to travel by sea and land.

Como vão os vossos negócios? how go your concerns? how goes the world with you?

Tudo vai bem, all is well, all goes well.

As suas ceifas vão muito mal, things go very ill, or very hard with him.

Hir a mão, to hinder, to obstruct, to prevent, to obviate.

Hir passando, to grow out of fashion, or use.

Hir andando, to go on, or forward, to keep or hold on his way; also to proceed, to continue on, to prosecute.

Hir andando, or passando, to shift, to pass life not quite well, to live though with difficulty.

Que vai de novo? is there any thing new?

Que vai nisso, or onde vai isto a dar comisso? what of all this?

Hir buscar. See *BUSCAR*.

Hir debaixo, to come by the worst.

Creio que haremos debaixo disso, I believe we shall come by the worst of it.

Hir para, to approach, to go near.

Quanto mais vamos para a primavera, mais cumpridos são os dias, the nearer the spring, the longer the days.

Hir de mal para peor, to grow worse and worse.

Hir diante, to go before.

Hir por diante, to go on, or forward.

Hir ao encontro, to go to meet.

Hir ao fundo, or hir a pique, to sink, or fall to the bottom.

Hir e vir, to go to and fro, to go and come.

Não faço mais do que hir e voltar, I will not stay, I shall be back again presently.

La vai, (in drinking a health) my service to you.

Isto já lá vai, it is a thing past and done.

Agua vai, an expression used in Portugal to give notice when any thing is thrown out of the window, for people in the street to avoid it.

Eilo lá vai, there he goes.

Elle vai, so so, pretty well.

Que vos parece daquella mulher? *elle vai*, *ella não be fea*, how do you like that woman? she is so so, she may pass.

Elle vai, folgo que assim seja, so so, or well, well; I am glad on it.

Elle

H I R

Elle vai is also used as a particle of reconciliation, or incitement to it, come on, come, come; as, *elle vai, he certo que elle tambem ri como eu, mas a differença he, &c.* come, come, at all I laugh, he laughs no doubt, the only difference is, &c.
Como as cousas agora vão, as things go now, as the world goes.
Por que partides? which way do you go?
Deus vá com vós, the Lord of heaven go with you.
Hir a roda do mundo, to go about the world.
Vai tratar da vida, go about your business.
Hir com alguem, to go along with one.
Esta travessa vai ser a rua larga, this lane goes into the broad street.
Ela o irai ver de caminho, I will call upon him as I go along.
Hir reubar as estradas, to go upon the highway.
Hir continuando o seu caminho, to go along.
Hir fora do seu caminho, to go out of one's way, to lose one's way, to wander, or straggle, to go astray.
Hir ham de humta banda e outro da outra, to go afunder.
Hir para traz, to go backward.
Hir de trás, to go behind.
Hir atraz de alguem, to pursue, to go after one.
Hir em alance de alguem. See *ALCANCE*.
Hir ataxa, to go down.
Hir a cima, to go up.
Vai o teu caminho, go on, or go on your way.
Hir buscar, or procurar, to go for, or fetch.
Hir para diante, ou continuar huma coisa começada, to go forward with a thing.
Hir para diante, ou adiantar-se nos estudos, to go forward in learning.
Hir de, to go from.
Eu fui de lá para Paris, I went from thence to Paris.
Hir para dentro, to go in.
Hir para fora, to go out.
Hir peregrinando, to go a pilgrimage.
Hir fazer huma embaçada, to go on an embassy.
Hir a bordo, to go on ship-board.
Se alguma cousa lhe succede, logo a vai dizer ao primeiro que encontrar, if any thing happens to him, out it goes to the next comer.
Hir por, pello, pellos, pella, or pellas, to go through.
Hir, to go to; as, *hir ver, cantar, &c.* to go to see, to sing, &c.
Vamos, acabemos, come, or come on, let's make an end.
Vamos, vamos fazei as cousas como deveis, go to, come, come, take a right course. (A scornful exhortation.)
Hir a ver com alguem, to address, to apply one's self to one.
Hir fazer hum negocio, to go upon a business.
Hir com a mare, to go with the tide.
Hir dormir, to go to sleep.

H I R

Hir para a cama, to go to bed.
Hir por a par com alguem, to go cheek by jowl with one.
Vai para ou em quatro meses que eu aqui cheguei, it is now going on four months since I came hither.
Ide em paz, depart in peace.
Vai pouco, it little concerneth.
Vai muito em, &c. it is a thing of great concern to, &c. it matters very much to, &c.
A ti e a mim nos vai muito em, &c. it concerns me as much as you to, &c.
Aquelle navio vem de Cadix, e vai a Londres, that ship is bound from Cadiz to London.
O tempo vai abrandando, the weather grows mild.
Hir, (at cards) to go, to lay, to stake, to set.
Hir-se, v. r. to go, to go away, to go one's way, to get one's self gone, to depart, to set out; also to run, or leak.
Hir-se a elba, ou a panella, is for the pot to boil over.
Hir-se o enfermo, is for a sick man to die.
Hir-se signifies sometimes an action that is almost done.
Aquellesma vai-se acabando, Lent draws to an end.
Hir-se, to slip or pass away. (As time.)
Nada se vai mais depressa que o tempo, nothing goes faster than time.
Aquelles montes vão-se estendendo, those mountains extend or stretch themselves.
Hir-se embora, to go away.
Vai-te, or vai-te embora, go away.
Vai-te embora que não sabes engodar a gente, away, or go, you know not how to wheedle people.
Hir-se de huma carta, (at cards) to throw away a card.
Hir-se, to grow, to draw on, or near, to be going. It is followed by the gerund when it has this signification, as, *Vai-se fazendo tarde,* it grows late.
Vai-se chegando a noite, the night grows on apace, or the night draws on.
Vai-se chegando o tempo da sign, it grows near harvest.
Depressa se ira descobrindo, it will be soon discovered.
Vai-se acabando o meu consulado, my consulship is almost at an end.
Hir-se escapulindo, to sneak away.
Hir-se a mão, to refrain, to forbear, to abstain.
Hir-se, imperson. as, *vai-se,* they go; *foi-se,* they are gone; *hir-se-ba,* they shall go.
HIRSU'TO, a, adj. hirsute, rough, hairy. See also *ARRIPIADO*.
HIRTO, a, adj. See *TESO*, and *ARRIPIADO*.
HIRU'NDINA pedra, a fort of stone. See *CELIDONIA*. Bluteau, refers the reader to *Chelidonia*, but I think it is a mistake.
HIRUNDINARIA, f. f. the herb celandine, or swallow-wort.

H O L

HIRU'NDINO, a, adj. of, or pertaining to a swallow.

H I S

HISPA'NO, a, adj. Spanish.
HISSEPE. See *HYSOPE*.
HISTERICO. See *HYSTERICO*.
HISTORIA, f. f. history, a narration, or relation of things as they are, or actions as they did pass; also a story, or tale.
Saber bem a historia, ou ser bem bom historiador, to understand history, to be a good historian.
Livro de historia, an history-book.
A modo de historia, historically, in the manner of history.
HISTORIADO, a, adj. See *HISTORIAR*.
Paynel historiado, a picture representing any memorable event, an history-piece.
Ornado com pinturas desta sorte, storied, adorned with historical pictures.
HISTORIADOR, f. m. an historian, or historiographer.
A arte de historiador, ou de escrever historias, historiography.
HISTORIA'L, adj. historical, or historic.
HISTORIA'R, v. a. to historify, to relate, to record in history, to story, to compose or write histories; also to paint history pieces.
HISTORIOGRAPHO, a, adj. that writes chronicles, histories, &c.
HISTRIAM. See *ISTRIAM*.

H O

HO, so they formerly used to write the article O. See O.

H O D

HODIERNO, a, adj. hodiernal.

H O E

HOETA. See *VE'STIA*.

H O J

HOJE, adv. to-day, this day; also at this time, in this age.
Hoje em dia, or no dia de hoje, now a-days, in our days.
Affim se chama até o dia de hoje, it is so called to this day.
Faz hoje oito dias, this day se'nnight, or seven night, (that is, a week ago.)
De hoje a oito dias, this day se'nnight, (or a week hence.)
Do dia de hoje hodiernal, belonging to the present day, or time.

H O L

HOLLANDA, f. f. the province of Holland; also Holland cloth, or linen.
HOLLANDEZ, f. m. a Dutchman, a Hollander.
Hollandez, a, adj. Dutch.
HOLLERIANA, See *HERNIARIA*.
HO-

H O M

HÓLOCAUSTAR. See **SÁCRIFICAR**.
HÓLOCAUSTO, f. m. a whole burnt-offering, or sacrifice in the Jewish law, in which no part was reserved, but all burnt, an holocaust. Greek.

H O M

HOMA'CA, f. f. (in Cochinchina) a sort of boat.
HOMAI. See **HUMAI**.
HOMBREA'DO, a, adj. See
HOMBREA'R, v. a. to shoulder, or to put upon the shoulder.
Hombrear, v. n. to compare one's self, to enter into competition.
HOMBRE'IRAS, f. f. p. shoulder-straps, or the shoulder pieces of a man's shirt. See also **UMBREIRAS**.
HOMBRIDA'DE, f. f. great bravery of mind, manliness, a noble courage.
HO'MBRO, f. m. a shoulder.
Olhar sobre hombro para alguém, to look down upon one with contempt.
Hombro com hombro, shoulder by shoulder; cheek by jowl.
Armas ao hombro, (a military command) shoulder your musket.
Levar aos hombros, to carry on the shoulders.
Trazer o olho sobre o hombro. See **VI-GIAR-SE**.
Fallar com alguém por cima do hombro, to speak contemptuously to one, and cast a wry look on him.
Que tem os hombros levantados, high-shouldered.
HOMBROS. See **FORÇA** and **ANIMO**.
HOMEM, f. m. a man.
Os homens, ou o genero humano, mankind.
Homem de palha, a man of straw.
Homem moço, a young man.
Homem varão, a man arrived at full growth.
Homem de idade, an old man.
Homem de bem, or homem honrado, an honest or good man, a man of honour, a gentleman.
Como homem de bem, or honrado, genteely, in a genteel manner.
Que tem calidades, ou aqçens de homem, manly.
Mulher que tem aqçens de homem, a manly woman, a virago.
Não tenho homem, I have no man, I have no body to take my part, to assist, or to defend me.
Não fais homem para fazer tal cousa, you are not man enough to do such a thing, you have not the courage.
Ricos homens, were formerly men of the first rank and quality, before it was grown so frequent to distinguish them by the titles now used of dukes, earls, &c.
Homens ricos, rich and wealthy men.
O meu homem, so some women among the meaner sort call their husbands.
Homem de capa e espada, a man that

H O M

swears a cloak and sword; that is, one of the better sort.
Ser homem, to be much a man, to be brave.
Fazer homem a alguém, to prefer one, to advance him, to make his fortune.
Homem de sua palavra, a man of his word, a man as good as his word.
Elle be o meu homem, he is the person I most rely on.
Homem d'armas, a man armed on all parts, from top to toe, cap-a-pee.
Homem del-rey, so they formerly called one belonging to the king's household.
P. homem apercebido, meço combatido, a man that is prepared, has half the battle over.
P. homem honrado não ba mister gabado; we say, a good face needs no band.
P. homem grande, besta de pino; this proverb intimates, that things are not to be valued by their bulk, but according to their intrinsic worth and value; and so we say, a lark is better than a kite.
HOMEMZARRAM, f. m. (augmented) a great big man.
HOMEMZINHO, f. m. (diminut.) a little man, a dwarf; also a child somewhat big, of good stature, or age.
Hir-se fazendo homemzinho, to begin to be a young man.
HOMENAGEM, or *Omnagem*, f. f. homage, service paid and fealty professed to a sovereign, or superior lord.
Dar homenagem, to homage, to possess fealty.
O que dá homenagem, homager, one who holds by homage of some superior lord.
Obrigado, ou pertencente á homenagem, homageable, subject, or belonging to homage.
Privilegio de homenagem, a privilege by which noblemen are exempted from being imprisoned.
Torre de homenagem, the chief, or highest tower of a castle in which the constable, or keeper of it professes fealty to his sovereign or superior lord.
HOMICIDA, f. m. a murderer, or homicide, a manslayer, a manqueller, or mankiller.
HOMICIDIO, f. m. murder, homicide, mankilling.
Homicidio involuntario, ou causado por desastre, homicide casual, which is when the slayer kills a man by mere mischance.
Homicidio voluntario, ou feito de proposito, e com malicia, wilful murder, or homicide voluntary.
Homicidio feito sem malicia; no qual porem o homicida teve alguma culpa, manslaughter, the act of killing a man not wholly without fault, though without malice.
HOMILIA, f. f. an homily, a plain discourse made to the people, instructing them in matters of religion. Greek.
HOMIZIA'DO, f. m. a refugee, one who flies to shelter, or protection.

H O N

Recolher hum homiziado que furtou, to conceal, or harbour a thief.
O que recebe em sua casa homiziados, an harbourer, one who shelters a refugee; or harbours a murderer, thief, &c.
Homiziado, a, adj. See
HOMIZIA'R-SE, v. r. to fly to a place, or to one for shelter, or refuge, to take sanctuary.
Elle homizou-se em minha casa, he is fled to me for refuge.
Lugar onde se homizão ladraes, an harbour of thieves.
HOMIZIO, f. m. the act of flying to a place, or to one for shelter; also the state of being sheltered, or harboured.
HOMOCENTRICO, a, adj. (in astronomy) homocentrical, that has the same center.
HOMOGENEO, a, adj. homogeneal, or homogeneous, of the same nature or principles.
HOMOLOGADO, a, adj. See
HOMOLOGA'R, v. a. (a forensic word) to ratify, or confirm by public authority.
HOMONYMO, a, adj. homonymous, comprehending divers significations under the same word.
HOMOPLATA, f. f. homoplata, the shoulder-blade.

H O N

HONESTAMENTE, adv. modestly, decently.
HONESTA'DO, a, adj. See
HONESTA'R, v. a. to honour, to give reputation to; also to palliate, to disguise, to colour, to cloak.
HONESTIDA'DE, f. f. chastity, freedom from obscenity.
HONESTO, a, adj. honest, chaste, shamefaced; also competent, suitable, proportionate; but speaking of the price in buying and selling, it is the reasonable value of a thing.
Mulher honesta, a chaste woman.
Honesto is also used as a substantive; as, *unir o util com o honesto*, to join profitable and honest together.
HONO'R, it is used in this phrase, *dona de hono'r*, a lady of honour to the queen.
HONORAR. See **HONRAR**.
HONORARIO, f. m. (with the ancient Romans,) an honorary, or free gift to the consul when he came into his province.
HONORIFICAMENTE, adv. honourably, with honour.
HONORÍFICO, a, adj. honourable, creditable, that bringeth honour.
HONRA, f. f. honour, respect, reverence, due veneration; also dignity, reputation, fame, glory.
Honra, the chastity among women; also any favour granted.
Ponto de honra, the point of honour.
Homem de honra, an honest man, a man of honour.

H O R

Tenho a honra de estar na sua graça, I have the honour, or happiness to be in his favour.

Terei a honra de vos vir ver, I shall do myself the honour to wait on you.

Sobir a grandes honras, to be raised to great honours.

Humma melter que tem perdido a sua honra, a woman that has lost her honour.

Sabir com honra e credito, to come off with honour and credit.

HONRAS, honours, the most noble part of feignories, upon which other inferior manors depend, by the performances of some customs or services to the lords of such honours.

Honras. See **EXEQUIAS**.

Com honra. See **HONRADAMENTE**.

P. honra de dos amos, o que se faz aos criados, the honour done to servants, redounds to their masters.

P. officio de conselhe, honra sem proveito, an office in the council is honour without profit; that is, to be of the council of a town, by which nothing is got in Portugal.

HONRADAMENTE, adv. honourably, with honour.

Portar-se honradamente, to act like an honest man, or a man of honour.

HONRA'DO, a, adj. honest, good, virtuous; also honourable, conferring honour.

Honradas feridas, honourable wounds.

Honrado, splendid, sumptuous, costly; also honoured, respected.

Diz-me por honrado de vos ter podido servir, I hold, or account myself honoured in having been able to serve you.

Lugar honrado, a privileged town belonging to the lord of the honours. See **HONRAS**.

HONRADOR, f. m. honourer, one that honours.

HONRA'R, v. a. to honour, to respect.

Honar hum lugar, to privilege a town, to invest with the privileges called honras. See **HONRAS**.

P. honra ao bom, paraque te honre, e ao mau, paraque te não deshonre, honour a good man, that he may honour you; and an ill man, that he may not dishonour you.

HONROSAMENTE. See **HONORIFICAMENTE**.

HONROSO. } See { **HONORIFICO**.

HONTEM. } { **ONTEM**.

H O R

HORA, f. f. an hour; also a particular time.

Eu estarei lá dentro de huma hora, I will be there within an hour.

Que horas são? what's o'clock?

São sete horas, it is seven o'clock, or of the clock.

A que horas estareis vós lá? at what hour or time will you be there?

As horas que for preciso, in due or good time, at the time appointed.

H O R

Horas disoccupadas, leisure hours.

A ultima hora, ou a hora da morte, the last hour, or the dying hour.

Cada hora, every hour.

De hora em hora, hourly, every hour.

Miya hora, half an hour.

Hum quarto de hora, a quarter of an hour.

Meyo quarto de hora, half a quarter of an hour.

Huma hora e meya, an hour and a half.

Há huma hora, an hour ago, or an hour since.

Dentro de huma hora, within an hour, or an hour hence.

Dentro de duas horas, &c. within two hours, &c.

Fora de horas, beyond the hour, or very late.

Recolher-se a boas horas, ou cedo, to keep good hours.

Recolher-se fora de horas, to keep bad hours.

Perto das horas de jantar, about dinner time.

Ainda estais na cama a estas horas? are you a bed at this time of the day?

A horas, in time.

O relógio dá horas, the clock strikes.

Já derão onze horas, it struck eleven o'clock.

Relógio de hora, hour-glass.

Muito a boas horas, early, betimes.

A horas convenientes, ou a boas horas, in good time, in time, at the the time appointed, in the very nick of time.

Na má hora, in an ill hour, unluckily, unfortunately.

Vai-te na má hora, go to the devil, go and be hanged.

Toda a hora que, whensoever, at what time soever.

Toda a hora que quizerdes, at what time you will.

Hora, time or hour of childbirth.

Molher que anda para cada hora, a woman near her time.

Horas de fazer oração, prayer-time.

Horas de hir para a cama, bed-time.

Horas de comer, times of eating.

Horas de jantar, ou de ceia, dinner or supper-time.

Chegar a hora, is for a person to die.

Estar esperando pela sua hora, to wait for God's time.

Naõ-ter a hora, to long, to desire earnestly, to wish with eagerness continued, with em, or de before the thing desired.

São horas de, &c. it is time to, &c.

Ja não são horas, it is too late.

Horas canonicas, canonical hours, the set time for the clergy to say their offices; also those parts of the office itself, called prime, tierce, sixth, and none, because said at those hours; and to these we must add the matins, lauds, vespers, and complin, which joining the matins and lauds, make the seven canonical hours.

Horas, any little prayer-book, but par-

H O R

ticularly that in which is the office of the blessed Virgin; because it is divided into hours, like the great office, and from that the name is applied, though improperly, to any other prayer-book.

Quarenta horas. See **QUARENTA**.

Conta das horas, horography, an account of the hours.

Arte de dividir o tempo em horas, horometry, the art of measuring time by hours.

Hora, adv. and interject. ex.

Hora deixa-o hir, pray, let him go.

Hora deixa-te destas parvoíces, away with these fopperies.

Hora deixemo-nos nos destes cumprimentos, away with these compliments.

Hora vai daqui para fora, away, get you gone.

Hora vamos, tira daqui isto, away with this.

Hora eu não posso sofrer aquillo, I cannot away with it.

Hora vamos, tem vergonha, away, for shame.

Hora vamos, não ha perigo, away, there is no danger.

Hora vamos, despaxa-te, come, come, make haste.

Hora hum hora outro, sometimes one, sometimes another.

Ellas hora estão sobre hum pé, hora sobre outro, they stand now on one foot, and then on another.

Hora he possível que elle se esquecesse de si mesmo? is it possible for him to have forgot himself?

Hora que quer dizer isso? how now?

Tudo o que he bom deve ser amado, hora Deos he infinitamente bom, logo, &c. all that is good is to be loved, now God is infinitely good, therefore, &c.

Hora havia hum homem doente, now there was a sick man.

Per hora, at present, for the present, now, at this time.

HORA'RIO, a, adj. horary, horal.

HORDA, f. f. bord, or horde, a clan, a company, or body of wandering people, (as of the Tartars) who have no settled abode.

HORDAES festas, (among the ancient Romans), Hordicalia, festivals wherein they sacrificed cattle big with young.

HORDEOLO, f. m. a kind of wheal or swelling in the eye-lids like a barley-corn.

HORIZONTAL, adj. horizontal.

Relógio horizontal, horizontal dial.

HORIZONTALMENTE, adv. horizontally.

HORIZONTE, f. m. horizon.

Horizonte sensível, ou visível, horizon apparent.

Horizonte racional, rational horizon.

HORMINIO, or **ORMINIO**, f. m. the plant called clary, or clear-eye.

Horminio bravo, wild clary; it is otherwise called *oculus Christi*.

Horminio amarello, yellow clary, or rather Jupiter's distaff.

H O R

H O S

H U M

HORNAVE'QUE, f. m. a horn-work, a kind of angular fortification.
HOROLOGIAL, adj. ex. *estrela boreal*, one of the two first stars belonging to the Lesser Bear.
HOROLOGION, f. m. See **BREVIARIO**. This word is only used speaking of the Greek Breviary.
HOROSCO'PO, f. m. (in astrology) horoscope; also the hour of birth.
Horosco'pa, a, adj. that tells the hour.
HORRENDAMENTE, adv. horribly, dreadfully, hideously.
HORRENDO, a, adj. horrid, dreadful, hideous, shocking, frightful, ghastly.
HORREO, f. m. See **CELEIRO**.
HORRIBILIDA'DE, f. f. horribleness, horridness, hideousness, terribleness.
HORRIDO, a, adj. See **HORRENDO**, **INCULTO** and **GROSSEIRO**.
HORRIFICO, a, adj. horrific, causing horror.
Febre horrific, horrific febris, a fever that causes the patient to fall into shaking fits, and horrible agonies.
HORRIPILAÇAM, f. f. horripilation, the standing up of the hair.
HORRISONO, a, adj. horrifonous, sounding horribly, or dreadfully.
HORRIVEL, adj. See **HORRENDO**.
HORRO'R, f. m. horror. See also **AVERSAM**.
Herrer, (among physicians) horror, such a shuddering and quivering as precedes an ague fit.
HORRO'RO'SO, a, adj. See **HORRENDO**.
HORTA, f. f. a kitchen-garden; also a goddess of the Heathens.
P. borta sem agua, casa sem telhado, melhor sem amor, marido sem cuidado, de graça be caro, that is, a garden without water, a house untiled, a wife without love, and a careless husband, are all alike, being all stark nought.
Arte de cultivar as hortas, horticulture, the art of cultivating gardens, gardening.
Terra boa para borta, garden-mould, mould fit for a garden.
Toda a fôrta de erva que se planta nas hortas, garden ware.
Cultura das hortas, garden-tillage.
Cultivar a borta, to garden.
HORTA'DO, a, adj. planted with herbs, or fruits for food; see also **HORTENSE**.
HORTALIÇA, f. f. pot-herbs, greens, any garden herbs for food.
Hortalica miuda, small herbs good to eat.
HORTAR, v. 2. to plant herbs, or any other thing in a kitchen-garden.
HORTELAM. See **ORTELAM**.
HORTENSE, adj. pertaining to, or growing in a garden.
HORTO, f. m. this word is only used speaking of the garden called Gethsemani, and mentioned in the sacred writings.

HORTOLAM, f. m. a gardener that planteth gardens with herbs or fruits for food.
Sacho de que se serve o hortolam para plantar, a dibble.
HORTOLO'A, f. f. the gardener's wife, or she that planteth gardens with herbs or fruits for food.

H O S

HOSANNA', an Hebrew word, which signifies, save we beseech thee. It was used by the Jews in the feast of Tabernacles.
HOSPEDA, f. f. an hostess, a landlady; also a woman-guest.
Qualidade, ou officio de hospeda no primeiro estado, hostessship.
P. fazer conta sem a hospeda. See **CONTA**.
P. hospeda fermosa dano faz á balsa, a beautiful hostess, or landlady is bad for the purse. Or the fairer the hostess, the fouler the reckoning.
HOSPEDADO, a, adj. lodged, entertained as a guest.
HOSPEDA'GEM, f. f. the act of hospitality, of lodging, or entertaining guests.
Bom, ou mal hospedagem, good, or bad entertainment.
Com boa hospedagem, hospitably, friendly, with an hospitable reception.
O que faz boa hospedagem, one who entertains guests in an hospitable manner.
HOSPEDAR, v. 2. to entertain as a guest.
Hospedar bem, to receive hospitably.
Hospedar-se, v. 2. to be a guest, to hospitate, to reside under the roof of another.
Todos murmuravam, dizendo, que se tinha hospedado em casa de bom peccador, they all murmured, saying, that he was gone to be guest with a man that is a sinner.

HOSPEDARIA, f. f. a place to entertain strangers, an hospital, or place for entertainment.
HOSPEDE, f. m. an host, one who gives entertainment to another; also a guest.
Casa dos hospedes, guest-chamber.
Casa dos hospedes nos conventos de religiosos, hostiaria.
P. o hospede e o peixe aos tres dias fede, fresh fish and new-come guests smell when they are three days old.
P. hospede com sel, há honra, first come, first served.
HOSPEDEIRO, f. m. one who receives, or entertains guests.
Hum grande hospedeiro, one who entertains guests in an hospitable manner.
HOSPICIO, f. m. a little house or any religious order to entertain their brethren that travel. See also **HABITAÇAM**, and **DOMICILIO**.
HOSPITAL, f. m. an hospital, a place built for the reception of the sick, or support of the poor.
Hospital para os engeitados, a foundling hospital.

Hospital de peregrinos, ou estrangeiros, an hospital for poor travellers.
O que recebe os peregrinos no hospital, an hospitalier.
Cavalleiros do hospital. See **HOSPITALARIOS**, f. m. p. the knights of Malta.
HOSPITALEIRO, f. m. one who has the care of the hospital, and the sick in it.
HOSPITALIDA'DE, f. f. hospitality.
Com hospitalidade, hospitably, with kindness to strangers.
Que tem grande hospitalidade, hospitable, kind to strangers.
HOS'TE, f. f. (an antiquated word) an host, an army, numbers assembled for war.
HOS'TIA, f. f. the sacrifice offered; also the host that is consecrated at mass.
HOS'TIL, adj. hostile, enemy-like.
HOS'TILIDA'DE, f. f. hostility.
Com hostilidade. See **HOS'TILMENTE**.
HOS'TILINA, f. f. (among the Romans) Hostilina, a goddess who presides over the corn when it shoots forth into ears.
HOS'TILMENTE, adv. like an enemy, in a hostile manner.

H O Z

HOZANA. See **OSANA**.

H U

HU, where. Obfol.

H U E

HUETA. See **VESTIA**.

H U G

HUGIA. See **UGA**.

H U I

HUI, an interjection that serves to express complaint, or admiration, oh! alas! well-a-day!
HUIVA'DO, participle of **HUIVA'R**, v. n. to howl, to cry like a dog, or wolf. *Aullar* in Spanish.
HUIVO, f. m. howl, the cry of a dog, or wolf.

H U M

HUM, *buma*, adj. number one.
Hum por bum, or bum e bum, one by one.
Hum, dous, três, quatro, &c. one, two, three, four, &c.
Hum homem, a man.
Hum mulher, a woman.
Hum eunucho, an eunuch.
Hum Deus, or hum só Deus, one God, one only God.
Tudo he bum, or tudo he o mesmo, it is all one, it comes all to one, it is the same thing.
A buma, por que, &c. á outra, por que, &c. first, because, &c. secondly, because, &c.

H U M

Huns, some.
Huns são ricos, outros são pobres, some are rich, and others poor.
Hum e outro, both the one and the other; both, each.
Querem-se bem uns aos outros, they love one another, or each other.
Eles comem-se uns aos outros, they eat one another.
Hum ou outro, either of the two, which of the two thou wilt, whethersoever of the two.
Nem hum, nem outro, neither.
Nem hum, nem outro o fará, neither of them will do it.
Hum com outro, one with another.
De huma e outra parte, on both sides.
N. m. de huma, nem de outra parte, of, or on neither side.
Hora hum, hora outro, by turns, one after another.
Nem sequer hum, never a one.
Humas vezes diz isto e outras vezes diz aquilo, one while he says this, and another while that.
Huma vez, once.
Tudo de huma vez, all at once.
Hum, or hum certo homem, such a one, some certain person.
Fazer huma, or fazer huma peça a algum, to put a trick or sham upon one.
Não há senão hum homem, there is but one man.
Eis-aqui hum, or huma, here is one.
Eis-aqui hum bom, or huma boa, here is a good one.
Como se huma pedia dissesse, as if one should say.
Que há de fazer huma peça com semelhante gente? what shall one do with such folks?
Cada hum. See *CADA*.
Que tem hum só olho, one-eyed.
Que tem huma só mão, one-handed.
De huma só cor, of one colour.
Que tem huma só raiz, that hath but one stock, or root.
Huma desgraça atraz da outra, one mischief on the neck of another.
N. B. When this adjective is used as an article, it respects our primary perception, and denotes individuals as unknown: but the articles *e, a*, respects our secondary perception, and denote individuals as known; as, *Ali vai hum pobre com huma barba comprida*, there goes a beggar with a long beard. The man departs and returns a week after; what do I say then? *Ali vai o pobre da barba comprida*, there goes the beggar with the long beard.
Hum, adv. (among the ancient writers) where.
HUMANADO, a, part. See *HUMANAR*.
HUMANAMENTE, adv. humanely, civilly, courteously; also humanly.
HUMANAR, v. a. to civilize, to humanize.
O que humanou, a civilizer.

H U M

Humanar-se, v. r. to humble one's self, to be courteous and affable.
HUMANIDADE, f. f. humanity, the nature of man; also benevolence, tenderness, humanity.
HUMANIDADES, philology, grammatical studies.
HUMANISTA, f. m. humanist, philologist, grammarian.
HUMANO, a, adj. human; also civil, courteous, affable, humane, kind, benevolent.
Gênero humano, or os humanos, mankind, the collective body of mankind.
Letras humanas. See *HUMANIDADES*.
HUME, ou pedra hume, alum stone.
HUMECTADO. See *HUMEDECIDO*.
HUMECTAR. See *HUMEDECER*.
HUMECTATIVO, a, (among physicians) moistening, or that humectates.
HUMEDECER, v. a. to humect, to humectate, to wet, to moisten.
A acção de humedecer, humectation.
O que humedece, moistener.
Humedecer-se, v. r. to grow moist or wet.
HUMEDECIDO, a, adj. moistened, wet, &c. See *HUMEDECER*.
HUMENTE. See *HUMIDO*.
HUMERARIO, a, adj. humeral.
Vea hume aria, the cephalic vein that creeps along the arm.
HUMIDA'DE, f. f. dampness, moisture, humidity.
Que causa humidade, that bringeth moisture.
Humidade natural da terra, the natural moisture of the earth, oozeiness.
HUMIDO, a, adj. humid, moist, damp.
Hum pouco humido, somewhat moist, or wet, wetish, dampish.
Causa naturalmente humida, oozy, plashy, marshy, miry, muddy, slimy.
Terra humida no fundo dos poços, rios, &c. See *LODO*.
HUMILDADE, f. f. humility; also lowliness, meanness of condition.
Com humildade. See *HUMILMENTE*.
HUMILDE, adj. humble, modest, submissive; also low, mean, contemptible, poor.
HUMILDEMENTE, adv. See *HUMILMENTE*.
HUMILHAÇAM. See *HUMILIACAM*.
HUMILHADO, a, adj. humbled. See also the *v. HUMILHAR*.
Humilhados, Humiliates, a religious order instituted A. C. 1160, who led very strict and mortified lives; also a sort of heretics.
HUMILHAR, v. a. to humble, to make humble, to make to bow down with humility, to bring low.
Humilhar-se, v. r. to humble or abase one's self.
HUMILIAÇAM, f. f. humiliation, descent from greatness, act of hu-

H Y D

mility; also humility, freedom from pride.
HUMILIMO, a, adj. and superlat. most humble.
HUMILMENTE, adv. humbly, modestly, submissively; also humbly, lowly, meanly.
HUMOR, f. m. humour, moisture.
Os humores do corpo humano, the humours in human bodies.
Humôr, general turn or temper of mind; humour; also humour, or present disposition.
Estar de humor para fazer alguma coisa, to be ready or willing to do a thing.
Bom humor, good humour, merry disposition, mirth, merriness.
Gastar bem humor, to live humorously and merrily.
Que está de bom humor, humorous; pleasant, jocular.
Bom humor, good-nature, good natural disposition.
Que tem bom humor, good-natured; good-humoured.
Mão humor, bad nature, ill-humour.
Que tem mau humor, ill-natured, humour-some, peevish.
Estar de mau humor, to be out of humour, to be in an ill-humour.
Que segue o proprio humor, humorous, capricious.
O que segue o proprio humor, an humorist, one who conducts himself by his own fancy.
Seguir o proprio humor, to please one's humour.
Conformar-se com o humor de algum, to humour one, to gratify, or sooth him by compliance.
Eles são do mesmo humor, they agree mightily well together.
HUMORAL, adj. humoral, proceeding from the humours.

H U R

HURCA. See *URCA*.

H U Y

HUYVAR, Huyvo, &c. } See { *HUIVAR, HUIVO, &c.*

H Y A

HYADAS, f. f. p. the constellation, called the Seven Stars, or Hyades; a watery constellation.

H Y B

HYBLA, f. f. a town and mountain of Sicily, in the valley of Noto, noted for producing the best honey.
HYBLEO, a, adj. of, or belonging to Hybla.

H Y D

HYDRA, f. f. hydra, a snake that lives in the water; also one of the southern constellations.

Hydra

H Y M

Hydra de Lerna, a water-serpent, having fifty heads, destroyed by Hercules in the lake of Lerna.
HYDRARGIRO, *f. m.* (among physicians) quicksilver. Greek.
HYDRAULICO, *a, adj.* hydraulic, belonging to water-works.
Arte de fazer maquinas hydraulicas, hydraulics.
HYDRELEO, *f. m.* (among physicians) water mixed with oil.
HYDRIA, *f. f.* a water-pot.
HYDRO, *f. m.* an adder, the male of the hydra. See **HYDRA**.
Hydra, a constellation lately discovered. The astronomers call it also Anguis, Aëna, Aëcia, Coluber, Hydrus Aquaticus.
HYDROCELE. See **HERNIA Aëcia**.
HYDROCEPHALO, *f. m.* hydrocephalus, a swelling of the head by reason of a watery humour, whereby the futures of the brain are forced asunder.
HYDROGRAPHIA, *f. f.* hydrography.
O que sabe hydrographia, hydrographer, one skilled in hydrography.
HYDROGRAPHICO, *a, adj.* hydrographical, or belonging to hydrography.
HYDROMANCIA, *f. f.* hydromancy, divination by water.
HYDROMEL, *f. m.* hydromel, mead, a decoction of water and honey.
HYDROPSIA, *f. f.* the dropsy.
Remedios contra a hydropsia, hydroptic.
Hydropsia, (in a moral sense) an eager desire of any thing.
HYDROPHOBIA, *f. f.* hydrophobia, a distemper proceeding from the bite of a mad dog, or a contagion analogous to it, wherein the patient has a great dread to water and all liquid things. Greek.
HYDROPHOBICO, *a, adj.* that is troubled with the hydrophobia.
HYDROPICO, *a, adj.* dropical, hydro-pical, belonging to, or troubled with the dropsy; also that has an eager desire of any thing, (in a moral sense.)
Abriu bam hydroptico para lhe tirar a agoa, to tap one for the dropsy.

H Y E

HYENA, *f. f.* hyæna, a beast supposed to be like a wolf, with a mane like a horse, which in the night counterfeits a human voice near shepherds cottages to draw them out and devour them; also a kind of sea-fish.

H Y M

HYMENE' O, *f. m.* Hymen, a Heathen deity feigned to preside over matrimony; marriage itself.
Pertencente ao hymeno, Hymenean, Hymeneal, belonging to Hymen, or marriage.

H Y P

Cantiga, que se canta no hymeno, hymenean, hymeneal, a marriage song.
HYMNO, *f. m.* an hymn, a spiritual song.
Cantar hymnos, to hymn.
Pertencente a hymnos, hymnic.

H Y O

HYOIDE, *f. m.* (in anatomy) hyoides, a bone at the root of the tongue.

H Y P

HYPALLAGE, *f. f.* hypallage, a rhetorical figure, wherein the order of words is contrary to the meaning of them.

HYPERBATOS, *f. m.* hyperbaton, a figure in rhetoric, where the words are transposed from the plain grammatical order.

HYPERBOLE, *f. f.* (some make it masculine) hyperbole, a figure in rhetoric, which in expression exceeds truth, representing things much greater, lesser, worse, or better than they really are.

Hyperbole demasiada ou excessiva, high-flown hyperbole.

Hyperbole, (in geometry) hyperbola, one of the conic sections.

HYPERBOLICAMENTE, *adv.* hyperbolically, with exaggeration, or extenuation.

HYPERBOLICO, *a, adj.* hyperbolic, or hyperbolic.

HYPERBOREO, *a, adj.* hyperborean, northern.

HYPERCATALECTO, or *verso hypercatalecto*, hypercatalectic verse, a verse which has a syllable or two too many in the end.

HYPERCRITICO, *f. m.* hypercritic, a critic exact or captious beyond use or reason.

HYPERDULIA, *f. f.* (in divinity) a sort of adoration and worship.

HYPERICAM, *f. m.* the herb St. John's wort.

HYPHEN, *f. m.* hyphen, a note of conjunction, as *vir-tue*.

HYPOCAUSTO, *f. m.* a subterraneous place, where there was a furnace to heat the baths of the antients; a stove or hot-house, a bagnio.

HYPOCONDRIA, *f. f.* melancholy windy distemper.

HYPOCONDRIACO, *a, adj.* hypochondriacal, hypochondriac.

HYPOCONDRIOS, *f. m.* hypochondres, the lateral parts of the belly about the short ribs, where lie the liver, stomach, and spleen.

HYPOCRENE. See **HIPPOCRENE**.

HYPOCRISIA, *f. f.* hypocrisy, dissimulation with regard to the moral or religious character.

Com hypocrisia, hypocritically.

HYPOCRITA, *f. m.* an hypocrite, a dissembler in morality or religion.

HYPODIASTOLE. See **ANTI-PHEN**.

HYPODORIO, *a, adj. ex. Modo hy-*

H Y P

podorio, a kind of music which is more grave and solid than the Doric mood.

HYPOGASTRIO, *f. m.* hypogastrium, the lowermost region of the abdomen, reaching from three inches below the navel to the os pubis.

HYPOLIDIO, *a, adj. ex. Modo hypolidio*, a kind of music more doleful and lamentable than the Lydian mood.

HYPOPHRYGIO, *a, adj. ex. Modo hypophrygio*, a kind of music which is not so warlike as the Phrygian mood.

HYPOMIXOLIDIO, *a, adj. ex. Modo hypomixolidio*, a kind of sweet music used in spiritual songs.

HYPOQUINIDIOS, *f. m.* so the apothecaries erroneously call the juice of the herb goats-beard. Dodoneus says that it signifies the sprout which shoots out from the root of the cistus. But some others think it signifies the juice of the same sprout, which we call hypocistis.

HYPOSPHAGMA. See **SUGILLACAM**.

HYPOSTASIS, hypostasis, which among divines signifies the subsistence of the persons of the Trinity.

HYPOSTATICAMENTE, *adv.* (among divines) in manner of an hypostasis, substantially.

HYPOSTATICO, *a, adj.* hypostatical, belonging to an hypostasis, or personal subsistence.

HYPOTHECA, *f. f.* hypotheca, an obligation whereby the debtor's effects are made over to his creditors; a mortgage (in civil law.)

O que recebe, ou aquelle em favor do qual se faz a hypotheca, mortgages.

O que faz a hypotheca, mortgager, the party who has made a mortgage.

HYPOTHECA DO, *a, adj.* mortgaged.

HYPOTHECAR, *v. a.* to mortgage, to pledge, to put to pledge, to make over to a creditor as a security.

O que hypotheca, ou o que faz a hypotheca, mortgager.

HYPOTHECARIO, *a, adj.* of, or belonging to a mortgage.

HYPOTHENAR, *f. m.* (in anatomy) hypothenar, a muscle serving to draw the little finger from the rest; also hypothenar, the space from the fore to the little finger.

HYPOTHENUSA, *f. f.* hypotenuse, or hypothenuse, the line that subtends the right-angle of a right-angled triangle.

HYPOTHESIS, *f. f.* hypothesis, a supposition, a system formed upon some principle not proved.

HYPOTHETICAMENTE, *adv.* hypothetically, conditionally.

HYPOTHETICO, *a, adj.* hypothetical, or hypothetic.

Proposicao hypothetica, conditional or hypothetical proposition.

HYPOTYPOSIS, *f. m.* hypotyposis, a figure in rhetoric, which by a very lively

J A C

lively description represents any person or thing, as it were, in a picture set before the eye, or a lively and exact description of any object made in the fancy.
HYPPOGRYPHO. See **HIPPOGRYPHO**.

J A E

H Y S

HYSOPADO, *a*, adj. sprinkled, &c. See **HYSOPAR**.
HYSOPAR, *v. a.* to sprinkle with water by means of an holy-water stick.
HYSOPE, *f. m.* an holy-water stick, or sprinkle.

J A N

HYSOPO, *f. m.* the herb called hyssop. Hebrew.
HYSERICO, *a*, adj. hysterical, hysterical, belonging to the womb. Greek. *Accidentis*, or *affectus hysterici*, hysterical passion, fits of the mother, a disease in women.

I.

I, *f. m.* is the ninth letter of the Portuguese alphabet, and the third of the vowels.
I is sometimes consonant, and then its shape is lengthened with a tail downwards (thus *j*) and in this case it sounds like a *g* before *e* and *i*.
I among the ancients was a numeral letter, that stood for a hundred, according to this verse.
I. C. Compar erit, et centum significabit.

J A

JA', adv. already.
Ja ha muito tempo, a long while ago.
Ja antigamente, a long time ago.
Ja para ja, forthwith, on the nail, immediately.
Ja que, since, or seeing that.
Ja desde, ever since, even from.
Ja com o sono, ja com o vinho, one while with wine, another with sleep.
Ja agora, even now; also now, after this, since things are so.
Ja entao, even then.
Elle ja vem, he will be here presently.
Jamais. See **JAMAIS**.

J A B

JABOTICA'BA, *f. f.* a large fruit tree in the province of Brasil, in South America, with large branches bearing fruit from the foot to the top, in such quantity, and so close together, that the body of the tree can scarce be seen.

J A C

JA'CA, *f. f.* a tree growing in some islands of India near the water; it is very tall and thick, the leaf a span long, of a light green: there are two sorts of it, the one called *barca*, which is the best, the other *papa* or *gyrafal*, which is known by its softness, for it yields under the finger like dough. See also **BOLÇA**.
Jaca, *f. f.* (among jewellers) so they call any spot, or heterogeneous matter in precious stones.
JA'CARA, *f. f.* a sort of song, or ballad.
JACARO, *a*, adj. belonging to the song, or tune called *jacara*.
JACARANDA', *f. m.* a tree in the province of Brasil in South-America,

of wonderful beauty; the wood whereof has a delicious scent, like that of a rose.

JACARE', or **JACAREO**, *f. m.* an alligator or crocodile. This name is chiefly used for the crocodile of America.

JACATA', *f. m.* (among the Japanese) a prince, or petty king.

JACENTE, adj. jacent, lying along. *Herança jacente*. See **HERANÇA**.

Jacente, *f. m.* See **BAXIO**, and **BAXO**.

JACERINA *cota*, a coat of mail. Spanish.

JACINTINO, *a*, adj. belonging to jacinth, of a violet, or purple colour.

JACINTO, *f. m.* jacinth, a violet, or purple-coloured flower; also a precious stone called a jacinth, of a violet colour.

JACKAL, *f. m.* jackal, a wild beast, about the bigness of a spaniel-dog, with black shaggy hair, who, in the evening, hunts for prey for the lion with open cry; to whom the lion listens, and follows to seize it; for the jackal will not eat of it till the lion is satisfied, and afterwards feeds on what he leaves.

JACOBEO, *f. f.* jacobeo, *f. m.* a bigot, or hypocrite.

JACOBITAS, *f. m. p.* Jacobites, a sect of heretics, set up by one Jacob a Syrian.

JACTANCIA, *f. f.* boasting, pride, vanity, haughtiness.

Com jactancia, braggingly, with ostentation.

JACTANCIOSO, *a*, adj. boasting of. See also **UFANO**.

JACTAR-SE, *v. r.* to boast of.

JACTO, *f. m.* a throw, hurl, or cast. *De hum jacto*, at once.

JACTURA, *f. f.* See **PERDA**, and **DANO**.

JACULACAM. See **TIRO**.

JACULATORIO, *a*, adj. ejaculatory, ex. *Oração jaculatoria*, a short and ardent prayer, an ejaculation, an ejaculatory prayer.

J A E

JAEZ, *f. m.* a furniture for a horse. See also **GENERO**, and **SORTE**.

JAEZADO. See **ENJAEZADO**.
JAEZAR. See **ENJAEZAR**.

J A G

JA'GARA, *f. f.* the water that runs from a coco-tree, which distilled makes a strong spirit, and boiled to a consistence serves for sugar.

JAGRA. See **JAGARA**.

J A L

JALA'PA, *f. f.* jalap, a firm and solid root. It was not known in Europe till after the discovery of America, and had its name from Xalapa, a town in New Spain.

JALDE, *f. m.* bright yellow, a bright glaring colour, as gold.

JALEA, *f. f.* a sort of Indian vessel, or ship. See also **GELEA**.

JALECO, *f. m.* a sort of doublet, generally worn in winter.

JALOFO. See **RUDE**, and **BOÇAL**.

J A M

JAM da cruz, (a ludicrous expression) money.

JAMAIS, or **JA MAIS**, adv. never.

JAMBEIRO, *f. m.* a sort of tree in the East Indies; it is as large as the biggest orange-trees in Portugal, very thick of boughs, making a fine shade and pleasing to the sight. This tree is always full of fruit and blossom, all the ground under it covered with blossoms, which look like scarlet, fresh coming out as the old falls off, so that there is blossom, green and ripe fruit all at once.

JAMBO, *f. m.* an iambic foot in verse, consisting of two syllables, the first short, and the other long; also an iambic verse.

De jambo, ou pertencente a jambo, iambic. *Jambo*, the fruit of the tree called *jambeiro*. See **JAMBEIRO**.

JAMPANAM, *f. m.* (a ludicrous word) a ragged fellow.

J A N

JAN da cruz, (a ludicrous expression) money.

JANEIRAS, *f. f. p.* a new year's gift; also a sort of carrol they sing in some places at the beginning of the new year.

J A R

JANEIRO, f. m. January, the first month of the year.

Rio de Janeiro, a captainship of Brasil, in South America. This is one of the richest provinces belonging to the Portuguese in Brasil; whence they annually import diamonds and other gems, besides a great deal of gold and silver.

Rio de Janeiro, a town in the aforesaid province of the same name.

JANELLA, f. f. a window; also a gap, or empty place, when any thing is wanting in writing.

Janella de grad's, a window that has iron or wooden bars before it.

Janella que fecha por cima em forma de arco, a bay-window.

JANELLEIRA, f. f. a woman that is always gazing at the window.

JANELLINHA, f. f. a little window.

JANGA'DA, f. f. floats, drags, pieces of timber made fast together with rafters, for conveying burdens down the river with a stream; also a sort of Indian measure.

JANGA Z, f. m. a very tall fellow. (A ludicrous word.)

JANIANNES, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a little sorry fellow.

JANI'CARO. See **GENISERO**.

JANISTROQUES. See **JANIANNES**.

JANTA DO, part. of

JANTAR, v. n. to dine, to eat one's dinner.

Horas de jantar, dinner-time.

Sal'a, em lugar da casa onde se janta, dining-room.

Jantar, f. m. the dinner, the meal eaten about the middle of the day.

Jantar requintado, a second-hand dinner.

O jantar d'il-roy, a contribution formerly paid to the king of Portugal, upon his surveying and visiting the kingdom.

J A O

JA'O, f. m. an itinerary measure in India, which answers to four Portuguese leagues and a half; also a native of the island of Java.

J A P

JAPINABEIRO, f. m. a very beautiful tree in Brasil, which bears a fruit in shape like an orange, in taste like a quince, excellent against the flux. The juice of it is first white, but rubbing the skin with it, it soon turns wonderful black, which lasts nine days; the Indians use it to colour their skins.

J A Q

JAQUETA, f. f. a sort of jacket made close before, and open on the sides; also a corset.

JAQUEIADO. See **EMPEQUETA DO**.

J A R

JARDIM, f. m. a flower-garden, a

J A V

garden in which flowers are principally cultivated.

Laveres que se fazem nos jardins tesquiando a murta, buxo, &c. e dandelbo varias figuras, certain figures cut in the top of small trees to adorn a garden.

Fazer hum jardim, or cultivar hum jardim, to garden, to cultivate a garden, to lay out gardens.

Cultura dos jardins, gardening.

JARDINEIRO, f. m. a gardener.

Jardineiro que tesquia as plantas e n'ellas representa varias figuras, a gardener who maketh diverse kinds of knots and devices in plants as they grow, as in the likeness of men, birds, or beasts.

Jardineiro que faz 'atadas em arco, one who maketh arbours, or bowers.

J'A'RO, f. m. the herb cuckow-pintle, ramp, or wake-robin.

J'A'RRÁ. See **JARRO**.

JARRETA, f. m. a stingy man; also a drunkard, a good for nothing man.

JARRETA'DO, a, adj. See

JARRETAR, v. a. to bough, to hamstring, to hock, or hockle, to maim, to deprive of any necessary part. It is generally used speaking of the arms and legs. From the French *jarret*, ham, or hough. See also **MOLESTAR**, and **AFFLIGIR**.

JARRETE, f. m. (speaking of oxen, mutton, &c.) the part of the fore-leg betwixt the knee and the shoulder.

JARRETEIRA, f. f. as *Cavalleiros da Jarreteira*, knights of the Garter, an order of knighthood instituted by king Edward III. A. C. 1350. These knights are also called knights of St. George.

JARRILHOS, f. m. p. (among physicians) as, *Cura de jarrilhos*, a sort of remedy for the French disease.

J'A'RRÓ, f. m. a pot, pitcher, or jar, an ewer.

Jarro de duas azas, a pot with two ears.

JARZANA, f. f. a sort of grapes so called.

J A S

JASIGO. See **JAZIGO**.

JASMIM, f. m. jasmine, or jessamine. Arabic *yajmin*.

JASMINEIRO, f. m. the shrub called jasmine, or jessamine.

JA'SPE, f. m. jasper, or jasper-stone, a green sort of marble.

JASPEADO, a, adj. speckled, or coloured like jasper, or adorned with jasper-stone.

JASPEAR, v. a. to speckle, to mark with small spots like jasper; to sprinkle with green and vermilion, as book-binders do their books.

J A T

JATRALEPTICA medicina, that part of physic that cures by friction, jatraleptic.

J A V

JAVALI. See **PORCO montez**.

I C H

JAURE, or **JAUREIRA**, f. f. the uppermost hoop of a cask and other vessels.

Cepo de jaure, a cooper's tool called a driver.

J A Z

JAZE'DA, f. f. a bay, a creek, or road for ships to ride in. See also **DESEMBARCADOURO**.

JAZER, v. n. to lie, to be extended in or on a bed, or any thing else.

Aqui jaz, here lies. (It is used in epitaphs.)

Jazir, (in geography) to lie, to be placed or situated.

Herança que jaz. See **HERANÇA jacente**.

JAZIDO, part. of **jazer**. See **JAZER**.

JAZIDA, f. f. See **DECUBITO**.

JAZIGO, f. m. a place where one lies.

Jazigo de mortos, a grave, a sepulchre.

Jazigo da casa, a den, or place where beasts resort to lie.

Jazigo do mar. See **JAZEDA**.

I B E

IBERIA, f. f. one of the ancient names of Spain; also Gurgistan, a part of Georgia.

I B I

IBIBOBOCA. See **COBRA**.

IBIRAPITANGA. See **PAO Brasil**.

IBIS, or **IBICES**, the plural of

ibi, f. m. a bird in Egypt resembling the stork, which is high, hath stiff legs and long bill, and eats up the serpents that infect the country.

I B Y

IBYARA. See **COBRA**.

I C A

ICA, a term used by seamen, when they are halling at a rope.

ICADO, a, adj. See

ICAR, v. a. to hoise sail.

I C H

ICHACO'RO. See **EMBUSYEIRO**.

ICHAM, an itinerary measure used in China, it contains six Portuguese leagues and a quarter.

ICHNEUMON, f. m. a rat of Egypt, of the bigness of a cat, which steals into the crocodiles mouth when he gapes, and eating his bowels, kills him.

ICHTNOGRAPHIA, f. f. (in fortification) ichnography, or a draught of the length and breadth of the works raised about a place.

ICHTNOGRAPHICO, a, adj. belonging to ichnography.

ICHO. See **ICHO Z**.

ICHOGLANS, f. m. p. ichoglans, the grand seignior's pages who serve in the seraglio.

ICHOR, f. m. ichor, a thin watery humour like serum.

ICHO Z, f. f. a trap, or snare to catch rabbits and partridges.

IDA

ICO

ICO'NICO, *a*, adj. belonging to an image, lively pictured, drawn to the life.

ICONOCLA'STE, *f. m.* iconoclast, a breaker or demolisher of images.

ICONOLOGIA, *f. f.* the art of representing any appearance of life by a picture, or image.

ICONOMACO. See **ICONOCLA'STE**.

ICT

ICTER'ICIA, *f. f.* the yellow jaundice. *Que tem ictericia*, ictirical.

ICTE RICO, *a*, adj. belonging to the yellow jaundice; also that has the yellow jaundice, ictirical.

IDA

IDA, *f. f.* a going, a departing, or departure; also a high hill in Phrygia, at a small distance from Troy; also a hill of Crete.

Maytas idas, the frequenting or using any place constantly.

Idas e vindas, going backward and forward, running up and down.

IDA'DE, *f. f.* age, years, the time spent from a man's or beast's birth; also age, years, part of man's life.

Que idade tem aquelle homem? how old is that man?

Tenho trinta annos de idade, I am thirty years of age; I am thirty years old; I am thirty.

Tenra idade, tender age.

A idade de quatorze annos nos varoens, e de doze nas fêmeas, ripe age, fourteen in men, and twelve in women.

Homem de meia idade, a man of middle age, neither young, nor old.

Idade idórea para a milicia, ou apta para as armas, the age of seventeen, when persons were capable of being listed.

Idade adiantada, old age.

As sete idades do homem, the seven stages of life.

O vigor da idade, or idade florente, manhood, or vigour of life.

Que tem idade para casar, marriageable, fit for wedlock, of age to be married.

Que ja não esta em idade de ter fillos, past child-bearing

Que ja não esta em idade de militar, past bearing-arms.

A flor da idade, the prime, or the prime of one's years or age.

Idade de menoridade, under age, non-age, minority.

Idade de maioridade majority, end of minority.

Idade de confidencia. See **CONSISTENCIA**.

Idade decrepita, old age, decrepitude.

De idade, aged, old, elderly, well stricken in years.

De huma certa idade, or de idade, aged, so many years old, of a certain age.

Idade, age, days, or time; also age or century. See **ERA** and **SECULO**.

IDO

Damefma idade, equal, of the same age.

Idade, age, a tract of time.

O mundo esta dividido em sete idades, the world is divided into seven ages.

A idade dourada, the golden age.

A idade do ferro, the iron age.

A idade da lua, (in astronomy) the age of the moon.

Idade, (in genealogy) the space of thirty-four years.

IDA'LIO, *f. m.* a hill and a town of Crete, sacred to Venus.

Idalio, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to Idalium, or Crete.

IDAS e vindas. See **IDA**.

IDE

IDEA, *f. f.* idea, the image, or representation of any thing conceived in the mind; also a model, a copy to be imitated.

Ideas de Platão, Platonic ideas.

Pertencente a idea, ideal.

IDEA'DO, *a*, adj. See

IDEA'R, *v. a.* to form ideas, or notions, to conceive any thing in the mind.

IDENTICO, *a*, adj. identical, identical, that is the same.

IDENTIDADE, *f. f.* identity, the sameness of a thing.

IDENTIFICADO, *a*, adj. See

IDENTIFICAR, *v. a.* to make things of the same substance.

ID I

IDILIO. See **IDYLIO**.

IDIO'MA, *f. m.* an idiom, the proper or peculiar manner of speech, or language of any nation, a propriety in speaking.

IDIOPATHIA, *f. f.* (in physic) idiopathy, a primary or original disease, which neither depends on, nor proceeds from any other.

IDIO'TA, *f. m.* an idiot, a private person, an unlearned man, a fool.

IDIO'TISMO, *f. m.* an idiotism.

ID O

IDO'LATRA, *f. m.* an idolater; also one who loves to adoration.

IDOLATRA'DO, *a*, adj. See

IDOLATRAR, *v. a.* to commit idolatry, to idolatrise; also to love to adoration, to dote upon.

IDOLATRIA, *f. f.* idolatry.

IDOLO, *f. m.* an idol. See also **OBJECTO**.

IDONEAMENTE, adv. aptly, conveniently, fitly.

IDONEIDADE, *f. f.* See **APTIDAM**.

IDO'NEO, *a*, adj. fit, apt, capable.

IDOS, or **IDUS**, *f. m. p.* the ides of every month, a term anciently used among the Romans. It is the thirteenth day of each month, except in the months of March, May, July, and October, in which it is the 15th day, because in these four months it was six days before the nones, and in the others, four days.

JER

IDO'SO, *a*, adj. aged, old, elderly.

ID R

IDRA. See **HYDRA**.

ID U

IDUS. See **IDOS**.

ID Y

IDY'LIO, *f. m.* idyl, a little pastoral poem about the affairs of shepherds.

J E H

JEHOVA, *f. m.* Jehovah, the most sacred name of God, denoting Him, who is, who was, and is to come.

J E J

JEJUADEIRO, *f. m.* one that fasts much.

JEJUADO, part of

JEJUA'R, *v. n.* to fast. Lat *jejunare*.

Jejuar a pão e agua, to keep one's fast with bread and water.

JEJUM, *f. m.* a fast, or fasting.

Dia de jejum, a fasting day.

Que esta em jejum, fasting, that has not eaten.

Ficar em jejum, to know nothing of the matter.

Dixar em jejum, to speak unintelligibly, or in a manner not to be understood.

P. o ventre em jejum não ouve a nenhum, an hungry belly has no ears.

JEJUNO, *a*, adj. (in anatomy) as, *Tripa jejuna*, or *intestino jejuno*, jejunum, the second part of the intestines, beginning where the duodenum ends, and so called from its being often found empty.

J E L

JELLA'LA, *f. f.* a sort of Indian coin worth thirteen Portuguese rees.

J E N

JENTADO. } See **JANTADO**.
JENTAR. } **JANTAR**.

J E R

JERARQUIA, *f. f.* hierarchy, church-government; also the holy orders of angels, which consist of nine, seraphims, cherubims, thrones, dominions, principalities, powers, virtues, angels, archangels.

Jeraquin, signifies seraphim, in Camoens ode 3. Stan. 3.

JERARQUICO, *a*, adj. hierarchical.

JEREPEMONGA, *f. f.* a sort of sea snake in Brasil, which often lies still under the water, and whatever creature touches it, sticks so fast, that it can scarce be parted, on which the snake feeds. Sometimes it comes out and coils itself on the shore, and if a man puts his hand to it, it sticks fast, and putting the other to get it off, that sticks too, then the serpent stretches itself out, and getting into the sea, feeds on its prey.

JERICO, a town of Palestine so called. *Rosa de Jerico*, a sort of rose which takes its name from the same town.

I G R

JEROGLYPHICO, f. m. hieroglyph, or hieroglyphic, an emblem, a figure by which a word was implied.
Jeroglyphico, a, adj. hieroglyphical, or hieroglyphic, symbolical.
JEROPIGA. See **GERA**.
JERUSALEM, f. f. Jerusalem, the chief city of Judea.

J E S

JESUA'TOS, Jesuati, an order of monks.
JESUITAS, f. m. the Jesuits, an order first founded by St. Ignatius Loyola, a Spanish soldier, and confirmed by Pope Paul, III. A. C. 1540.
Que tem abraçado as maximas dos Jesuitas, jesuited.
Pertence a Jesuitas, jesuitical.
JESU'S, f. m. Jesus, the name of our blessed Lord and Saviour Christ.

I F F

IFANTE. See **INFANTE**.

I G A

IGACA'BA, f. f. (in the Brasils) a large earthen pot or jar, for wine, or any other liquor.
IGAR-SE, v. r. (an antiquated word) to board one.

I G N

IGNA'RO. See **IGNORANTE**.
IGNA'RIA, f. f. idleness, sloth.
IGNA'VO, a, adj. idle, slothful; also faint-hearted.
IGNEO, a, adj. fiery, burning; also of the colour of fire.
IGNIFERO, a, adj. bearing fire, igniferous.
IGNITO, a, adj. glowing, hot, burning.
IGNIZAR-SE, v. r. to be on fire, to kindle, to turn to fire. Lat. *ignescere*.
IGNOBIL, adj. ignoble, of low birth, meanly born, base.
IGNOBILIDADE, f. f. ignobleness of birth.
IGNOBRE. See **IGNOBIL**.
IGNOMINIA, f. f. discredit, reproach, dishonour, ignominy, disgrace.
IGNOMINIOSAMENTE, adv. infamously, ignominiously.
IGNOMINIOSO, a, adj. ignominious, reproachful, shameful.
IGNORANCIA, f. f. ignorance, want of knowledge.
IGNORANTE, adj. ignorant.
IGNORANTEMENTE, adv. ignorantly, without knowing of it, unskillfully.
IGNORANTISSIMO, a, adj. superl. very ignorant.
IGNORA'DO, a, adj. See
IGNORA'R, v. a. to be ignorant, not to know.
IGNOTO, a, adj. unknown. Lat.

I G R

IGREJA, f. f. a church, the place which Christians consecrate to the

I L H

worship of God; also church, or the collective body of Christians.
Igreja, or *eclesiasticos*, churchmen, ecclesiastics.
Fundador de huma igreja, a church-founder.
Igreja catidral, a cathedral-church, or bishop's see.
Igreja parochial, a parish-church.
Não lhe val a igreja, the privilege of the church will not avail him.
IGREJINHA, f. f. a little church.

I G U

IGUA'L, adj. equal; also even, level; also constant.
Dividir em partes iguaes, to equalize, to make shares equal.
Estilo igual, mean style.
Igual, f. m. equal; as, *não tem igual*, he has not his equal.
IGUALADO, a, adj. made equal. See also
IGUALAR, v. a. to make equal, to equal, to make one thing, or person equal to another; also to equal, or raise to the same state with another person.
Igualar, to even; to level, to make level, to lay flat. See also **ARRAZAR**, and **RASAR**.
Igualar, to be equal to, to equal.
Igualar-se, v. r. as, *igualar-se com algum*, to stand in competition, and make one's self equal to another.
IGUALDADE, f. f. equality, likeness with regard to any quantities compared; also equality, equability, evenness, uniformity, constant tenor, regularity.
Igualdade do animo, evenness of temper, calmness, freedom from perturbation.
Igualdade do estio, sameness of strain, meanness of style.
IGUALMENTE, adv. equally.
Os bens igualmente que os maos, as well the good as the bad.
IGUARIA, f. f. a mess, a dish of any thing served up at table.

I L E

ILEON, f. m. (in anatomy) ileum, the third of the small guts.

I L H

ILHA, f. f. an island. Lat. *insula*.
ILHA L, f. m. the flank of any beast.
ILHA RGA, f. f. the flank, the side.
Der de ilbarga, a stitch in the side, a pain in the flank.
Sempre esta a minha ilbarga, he is always by me.
Peregrinar a algum de dor de ilbarga, to be illiant, or earnest with one, to press, or to urge him with vehemence and importunity.
De ilbarga, sidelong, laterally, obliquely.
Arrematar de riso pallas ilbargas, to split one's side with laughing.
Com as maos nas ilbargas, with arms akimbo
Ilbargas, (metaph.) See **DOMESTICOS**, and **CONSELHEIRO**.

I L L

ILHEO, f. m. a seaholm, a small uninhabited island; also an islander.
ILHETA, or **ILHOTA**, f. f. a little island.
ILHO, f. m. an oylet-hole, through which a string or lace is drawn.
ILHOTA, f. f. a little island.

I L I

ILI'ACA, f. f. the twisting of the guts, iliac passion.
ILI'ACO, a, adj. iliac, or iliacal.
Der iliacas. See **ILIACA**.
ILI'ADA, or **ILI'ADE**, f. f. Iliad, the title of Homer's poem, whose subject is the destruction of Troy, which is called Ilium.
ILICIADOR. See **ILICIADOR**.
ILIO. See **ILEON**.
ILION, or **ILIO**, f. m. Troy, so called from Ilius father to Laomedon.

I L L

ILLAÇAM, f. f. an inference, illation, or conclusion.
ILLAQUEA DO, a, adj. See
ILLAQUEA'R, v. n. to insuare one's self.
ILLATIVO, a, adj. illative, in the way or nature of inferring from.
ILLECEBRO, f. m. allurement. See **CARICIAS**.
ILLEGITIMAMENTE, adv. unlawfully.
ILLEGITIMIDA'DE, f. f. illegitimacy. See also **BASTARDIA**.
ILLEGITIMO, a, adj. illegal, unlawful; also unlawfully begotten, not begotten in wedlock.
ILLESO, a, adj. unhurt.
ILLIÇADO, a, adj. See
ILLIÇAR, v. a. to mortgage, to sell, or to borrow fraudulently.
ILLICIADOR, f. m. he who mortgages or sells fraudulently; also a fraudulent borrower.
ILLICITAMENTE, adv. illegally, unlawfully.
ILLIÇHO, a, adj. illicit, illicitious, unlawful.
Illicito, f. m. an unlawful, villainous, or wicked action, an impiety or villainy.
ILLOCA'VEL, adj. (in divinity) immense.
ILLUDI DO, a, adj. See
ILLUDIR, v. a. to illude, to mock. See also **ENGANAR**.
ILLUMINACAM, f. f. illumination, enlightening; also colouring of prints, and adorning with leaf or shell-gold or silver.
ILLUMINA'DO, a, adj. illuminated, lighted; also coloured, or set off with leaf or shell-gold or silver.
ILLUMINADOR, f. m. an illuminator, one that colours prints, or adorns them with leaf or shell-gold or silver.
ILLUMINAR, v. a. to illuminate, to colour prints, or to adorn them with leaf or shell-gold or silver. See also **ALUMIAR**, and **ILLUSTRAR**.

IL-

I M B

ILLUMINATIO, *a*, adj. illuminative, having a tendency to illuminate.

ILLUSAM, *f. f.* an illusion, a false apparition, or representation; also an oversight or mistake; also a figure in rhetoric, to mock, or laugh one to scorn.

ILLUSO, *a*, adj. derided. See also **ENGANADO**.

ILLUSOR, *f. m.* one who deceives.

ILLUSORIO, *a*, adj. illusive, illusory, deceitful.

ILLUSTRAÇAM, *f. f.* illustration, explanation, elucidation. See also **INSPIRAÇAM**.

ILLUSTRA'DO, *a*, adj. illustrated.

ILLUSTRANTE, *p. a.* that brightens with light, &c. See

ILLUSTRAR, *v. a.* to illustrate, to make famous or conspicuous.

ILLUSTRE, adj. illustrious, eminent, famous, excellent, noble, renowned.

ILLUSTREMENTE, adv. illustriously.

ILLUSTRÍSSIMO, *a*, adj. superl. very illustrious, very noble.

I M A

IMA'GEM, *f. f.* an image. Latin *imago*.

IMAGEMZINHA, *f. f.* a little image.

IMAGINAÇAM, *f. f.* the imagination; also fancy, thought.

Não me passa isso pela imaginação, I have no such thought.

IMAGINA'DO, *a*, adj. imagined.

IMAGINA'R, *v. n.* to imagine, to conceive, to fancy, to paint in the mind; also to scheme, to contrive. See also **CUIDAR**.

IMAGINARIA, *f. f.* imagery, or work of images.

IMAGINÁRIO, *f. m.* a carver, an image maker.

IMAGINÁRIO, *a*, adj. imaginary, fantastical.

Espaços imaginários, extramundane spaces.

IMAGINATIVA, *f. f.* See **IMAGINAÇAM**.

IMAGINATI'VO, *f. m.* one that is troubled with strange fancies and conceits.

Imaginativo, *a*, adj. as, *faculdade imaginativa*, the power or faculty of thinking, or of forming ideal pictures; the fancy.

IMAGINÁVEL, adj. imaginable, that can be imagined.

IMAN, *f. m.* the loadstone, a stone that attracts iron.

Toçar com a pedra iman, to rub or touch with the loadstone.

Iman. (Met.) See **ATTRACTIVO**.

Iman, (among the Turks) a priest.

I M B

IMBECILIDADE, *f. f.* feebleness, weakness, imbecillity.

IMBELLE, adj. not warlike, not fit for war, for being too weak.

IMBU'TO, *a*, adj. imbued, seasoned

I M M

with good principles or virtue. (Speaking of the mind.)

I M I

IMI'GO, *f. m.* (a contraction of the word *inimigo* by cutting off the letters *in*.) See **INIMIGO**.

IMINENTE. See **IMMINENTE**, and **EMINENTE**.

IMITAÇAM, *f. f.* imitation.

IMITA'DO, *a*, adj. imitated.

IMITADO'R, *f. m.* an imitator, a man who imitates.

IMITADO'RA, *f. f.* an imitatrix, a woman who imitates.

IMITAR, *v. a.* to imitate, to take after, to endeavour to resemble.

Que imita ou se parece com outra coisa, that is imitative, or inclined to copy.

IMITÁVEL, adj. imitable, worthy, or possible to be imitated.

A qualidade de ser imitável, imitability, the quality of being imitable.

IMIZADE, *f. f.* (a contraction of *inimizade*.) See **INIMIZADE**.

I M M

IMMACULA'DO, *a*, adj. immaculate, spotless, pure, undefiled.

IMMACULIDADE, *f. f.* freedom from spot or impurity, the quality of being immaculate.

IMMANENTE, adj. immanent, remaining in, inherent.

IMMANIDADE, *f. f.* immanity, fierceness, cruelty.

IMMANÍSSIMO, *a*, adj. very cruel.

IMMARCESSÍVEL, adj. immarcescible, never fading, that cannot wither or decay.

IMMATERIA'L, adj. immaterial, that consists not of matter or body, immateriate.

A qualidade de ser immaterial, immateriality, incorporeity.

IMMATU'RO, *a*, adj. immature, unripe; also immature, hasty, early, come to pass before the natural time.

IMMEDIATAMENTE, adv. immediately, directly, presently.

Immediatamente depois, next to, or next after.

IMMEDIATO, *a*, adj. immediate, which follows without any thing coming between; that follows or happens presently; that acts without means.

IMMEMORÁVEL, adj. immemorial, which is out of mind or beyond the memory of man.

IMMEMORIAL. See **IMMEMORÁVEL**.

IMMENSIDADE, *f. f.* immensity, unmeasurableness, infiniteness.

IMMENSO, *a*, adj. immense, unmeasurable, exceeding great, huge. See also **EXCESSIVO**.

IMMENSURÁVEL, adj. immensurable, unmeasurable.

I M M

IMMERITAMENTE, adv. undeserv- edly.

IMMERSAM, *f. f.* immersion.

IMMERSO'R, *f. m.* a baptizer, he who dips the infant into the water.

IMMINENCIA, *f. f.* See **EMINENCIA**.

IMMINENTE, adj. imminent, ap- proaching, at hand, ready to come upon us, hanging over our heads.

IMMOBILIDADE, *f. f.* immobility, unmoveableness.

IMMODERAÇAM, *f. f.* immoderation, excess, intemperance.

IMMODERADAMENTE, adv. immoderately.

IMMODERADO, *a*, adj. immoderate, excessive.

IMMODESTAMENTE, adv. immodestly.

IMMODESTIA, *f. f.* immodesty, wantonness, unmannerliness.

IMMODESTO, *a*, adj. immodest, wanton.

IMMODICO, *a*, adj. superfluous. See also **EXCESSIVO**.

IMMOLAÇAM, *f. f.* immolation.

IMMOLADO'R, *f. m.* he who immolates.

IMMOLA'DO, *a*, adj. See

IMMOLA'R, *v. a.* to immolate, to kill in sacrifice, to sacrifice.

IMMORTA'L, adj. immortal, exempt from death, that never dies; also never ending, perpetual, everlasting.

IMMORTALIDADE, *f. f.* immortality, everlasting.

IMMORTALIZA'DO, *a*, adj. See

IMMORTALIZAR, *v. a.* to immortalize, to make immortal, to perpetuate, to exempt from death.

Immortalizar-se, *v. r.* to immortalize, to become immortal.

IMMORTALMENTE, adv. immor- tally, perpetually, for ever.

IMMORTIFICAÇAM, *f. f.* want of moderation, excess.

IMMORTIFICA'DO, *a*, adj. that wants moderation, unmortified, not subdued by sorrow and severities. (An ascetic word.)

IMMOTO, *a*, adj. See

IMMÓVEL, adj. motionless, still; also immoveable, which cannot be moved, unmoveable.

IMMUDÁVEL, adv. immutable, con- stant, unchangeable.

Festas immutáveis, immoveable feasts, festivals which constantly fall upon the same day of the month.

IMMUNDÍCIA, *f. f.* filth, dirt, un- cleanliness; also any troublesome insect; as a louse, a flea, &c.

IMMUNDO, *a*, adj. unclean, filthy, nasty.

IMMU'NE, adj. exempt, free.

IMMUNIDADE, *f. f.* immunity, ex- emption, freedom, liberty.

Immunidade eclesiástica, immunity of the clergy.

IMMUTABILIDADE, *f. f.* immuta- bility, unchangeableness, constancy.

Com imutabilidade, immutably, un- alterably.

IMP

IMMUTAVEL, adj. immutable, invariable, unalterable, unchangeable, constant.

IMP

IMPACAM, f. f. (speaking of hawks) droply.

IMPACIENCIA, f. f. impatience, heat of passion; also eagerness.

IMPACIENTE, adj. impatient, furious with pain, eager, ardently desirous; incapable to bear.

IMPACIENTEMENTE, adv. impatiently.

IMPACTO, a; adj. (among physicians) impacted, driven, thrust, or put into.

IMPADO, part. See **IMPAR**.

IMPALPABLE, adj. impalpable, not to be distinguished by feeling.

IMPAR, v. n. to hiccup, to hiccup, to sob with a convulsed stomach.

Impar, adj. odd, uneven.

IMPASSIBILIDADE, f. f. impassibility, an uncapableness of suffering.

IMPASSIVEL, adj. impassible, that cannot suffer.

IMPÁVIDO, a; adj. undaunted.

IMPECCABILIDADE, f. f. impeccability.

IMPECCAVEL, adj. impeccable, that cannot sin or do amiss.

IMPEDICAM, f. f. (in divinity) the act of hindering or keeping from evil. It is contrary to permission.

IMPEDIDO, a; adj. hindered, obstructed; also disabled by lameness, sickness, &c. See also **OCCUPADO**.

O que tem a lingua impedida, a stammerer, a stammerer.

IMPEDIENTE, p. act. of the v. **IMPEDIR**, which see.

IMPEDIMENTO, f. m. impediment, hindrance, obstruction, let.

Ter impedimento na lingua, to have an impediment in one's tongue or speech.

IMPEDIR, v. a. to impede, to hinder, to let, to obstruct.

IMPELLIDO, a; adj. See

IMPELLIR, v. a. to impel, to force, to urge, to thrust on. See also **INCITAR**, and **ESTIMULAR**.

IMPENETRABILIDADE, f. f. impenetrability.

IMPENETRÁVEL, adj. impenetrable.

IMPENITENCIA, f. f. impenitency, obduracy, want of remorse for crimes, final disregard of God's threatenings or mercy.

IMPENITENTE, adj. impenitent, that does not repent.

IMPENSADAMENTE, adv. unexpectedly.

IMPENSA DO, a; adj. unexpected.

IMPERADO, a; adj. See **IMPERAR**.

IMPERANTE, p. act. ruling, reigning.

Signos imperantes, (in astrology) commanding signs, the first six signs of the zodiac: the other six are called *obedientes*.

IMP

IMPERAR, v. a. to reign, to sway, to command. See also **MANDAR**.

IMPERATIVO, or *Modo imperativo*, (in grammar) the imperative mood.

IMPERCEPTIVEL, adj. imperceptible, not to be perceived; also invisible, not to be seen.

IMPERCEPTIVEMENTE, adv. imperceptibly.

IMPERFEICAM, f. f. imperfection.

IMPERFEITAMENTE, adv. imperfectly.

IMPERFEITO, a; adj. imperfect, unfinished, faulty.

Tempo imperfecto, (in grammar) imperfect tense.

IMPERIAL, adj. imperial, belonging to an emperor, or empire.

Coroa imperial, the imperial crown; also a sort of flower called crown-imperial.

Os imperiais, or *as tropas imperiais*, the Imperialists, the forces of the emperor of Germany.

Calças imperiais, gamashes, or buskins of coarse cloth.

IMPERÍCIA, f. f. unskillfulness.

Com impericia, unskillfully,

IMPERIO, f. m. an empire, a sovereignty; also imperiousness. See also **AUTHORIDADE**, and **DOMÍNIO**.

Com império, imperiously, with arrogance of command.

IMPERIOSO, a; adj. haughty, imperious, arrogant, tyrannical, authoritative, assuming command.

IMPERITO, a; adj. unskillful.

IMPERMANENCIA. See **INCONSTANCIA**, and **INSTABILIDADE**.

IMPERMANENTE, adj. not perpetual.

IMPERTINENCIA, f. f. troublesome-ness, impertinency; also ill-temper or humour, moroseness.

Impertinencia, nicety, accurate performance; also superfluous delicacy, or exactness; also folly, rambling thought, nonsense.

IMPERTINENTE, adj. morose, humorous, hard to please, cross, peevish, testy, froward, wayward. See also **IMPORTUNO**.

Impertinente, nice, superfluously exact.

Impertinente, f. m. an impertinent, a troublesome, foolish, or silly person.

IMPERTINENTEMENTE, adv. morosely, peevishly; also nicely, &c. See **IMPETINENCIA**.

IMPETURABILIDADE, f. f. steadiness, constancy, resolution, firmness, calmness, serenity, tranquillity, freedom from disturbance.

IMPETURÁVEL, adj. that cannot be disturbed, firm, calm, free from disturbance, undisturbed, unruffled. (Applied to the passions.)

IMPESSOAL, adj. (in grammar) impersonal, that is conjugated by the third person singular only.

IMPELO, f. m. force, violence, ve-

IMP

hemency, fury, impetuosity, impetuosity.

Com impeto, impetuously, violently, vehemently.

IMPETRAÇÃO, f. f. impetration, obtaining.

IMPETRA DO, a; adj. See

IMPETRAR, v. a. to impetrate, to obtain by intreaty, to obtain a grant of any favour or privilege.

IMPETUOSAMENTE, adv. impetuously.

IMPETUOSO, a; adj. impetuous, violent, vehement.

IMPIAMENTE, adv. wickedly, impiously, ungodly.

IMPIEDADE, f. f. impiety, wickedness, ungodliness.

IMPIGEM }

IMPINADO }

IMPINAR }

See { **EMPIGEM**.

{ **EMPINADO**.

{ **EMPINAR**.

IMPINGIR alguma coisa a alguém, v. a. to weary one with something; as, *Impingir hum discurso a algum*, to weary one with one's discourse. *Impingir huma hostidade*. See **BOFETAR**.

IMPÍO, adj. impious.

Ímpio, f. m. an impious man.

IMPLACÁVEL, adj. implacable, not to be appeased.

A qualidade de ser implacavel, implacability.

IMPLACAVELMENTE, adv. implacably.

IMPLANTADO, a; adj. (in anatomy) inserted, or placed.

IMPLICAÇÃO, f. f. contradiction, verbal opposition; also contradiction, contrariety in thought or effect.

IMPECA DO, a; adj. contradictory, inconsistent.

IMPLICANCIA, f. f. See **IMPLICACAM**.

IMPLICAR, v. n. to imply contradiction.

Dizer cousas, que implicam, to say contradictory things.

IMPLICITAMENTE, adv. implicitly.

IMPLÍCITO, a; adj. implicit, inferred, tacitly comprized, not expressed.

IMPLORAÇÃO, f. f. an imploring; or entreating, imploration.

IMPLORA DO, a; adj. implored.

IMPLORAR, v. a. to implore, to ask, to beg.

O que implora, an implorer.

IMPLUMÉ, adj. unfeathered, unplumed.

IMPONDERÁVEL, adj. too great or valuable to be pondered or weighed in the mind.

IMPO'R, v. a. to accuse, or charge falsely; also to impose, lay, or enjoin; also to impose, to lay on as a burthen or penalty; also to lay any thing on another.

Impôr hum tributo, to impose, to lay or set a tax.

Impôr, to quote or cite falsely; also to impose upon one, to put upon him, to cheat him.

IMP

Impor o nome, to give the name.
Impôr, (among printers) to impose, to set the pages in their proper order in a form or chase, in order to be ready for the press.
IMPORTANCIA, f. f. importance, moment, weight; also cost, charge, expence.
IMPORTANTE, adj. important, of moment, of weight. See also **UTIL**, and **NECESSARIO**.
IMPORTAR, v. imp. to import, to be of moment; as, *importa*, it imports, it is of weight, or consequence.
Importar, (in casting accounts) to amount.
Aquillo não lhe importa nada, that is nothing, or signifies nothing to him.
Aquillo importa muito, that imports, signifies, or matters very much.
Que importa? what matter is it? what of that? what signifies that?
Que lhe importa? what's that to him?
Não importa, that's nothing, it is no matter.
Não me importa nada, it is nothing to me.
Causa que não importa, importless.
IMPORTUNACAM, f. f. trouble, importunateness, importunity.
IMPORTUNADO, a, adj. importuned.
IMPORTUNAMENTE, adv. importunately, importunately.
IMPORTUNA'R, v. a. to importune, to press hard, to sue earnestly.
IMPORTU'NO, a, adj. importune, troublesome, vexatious.
IMPOSICAM, f. f. an imposition, a putting, an applying or laying on; also an imposition, a tax.
A imposição do nome, the imposition of the name.
A imposição de penas, e outras cousas semelhantes, the setting or imposing of penalties or like things.
A imposição das mãos, the imposition of hands.
IMPOSSIBILIDA'DE, f. f. impossibility.
IMPOSSIBILITA'DO, a, adj. made impossible; also disabled.
IMPOSSIBILITAR, v. a. to disable, to make impossible.
IMPOLSI'VEL, adj. impossible.
Impo'sível, f. m. impossibility, that which cannot be done.
IMPOSTAS, f. f. p. (in architecture) imposts, that part of a pillar in vaults and arches on which the weight of the whole building lieth.
IMPOSTO, f. m. See **TRIBUTO**.
Imposto, a, adj. imposed, &c. See **IMPOR**.
IMPOSTOR, f. m. an impostor.
IMPOSTU'RA, f. f. a deceit, a fraud, juggle, or imposition, fallacy, imposture, suppositiousness, cheat.
IMPOTENCIA, f. f. impotency, weakness. See also **IMPOSSIBILIDADE**.
Impotencia para gerar, impotency, incapacity of propagation.

IMP

IMPOTENTE, adj. impotent, weak, without power of propagation.
IMPRATICAVEL, adj. impracticable, that cannot be used; also unsociable, unconvertible.
Caminho impraticavel, an impracticable or unpassable way or road.
A qualidade de ser impraticavel, impracticableness.
IMPRECAÇAM, f. f. an imprecation, a curse; also a prayer by which any good is wished.
IMPRECA'DO, a, adj. See
IMPRECA'R, v. a. to pray, supplicate, or beg of God, good or bad.
IMPRENDER, v. a. See **PEGAR**.
IMPRENDIDO, participle of **IMPRENDER**.
IMPRESSA, f. f. the press, or instrument by which books are printed.
Livro, que está na imprensa, a book in the press.
IMPRESSA'DO, a, adj. See
IMPRESSA'R, v. a. to press.
O que impressa, a presser, one that presses, or works at a press.
IMPRESSCRIPTIVEL, adj. incapable of prescription, that is without prescription.
IMPRESSAM, f. f. an impression, the mark made by pressing one thing upon another; also the act of pressing one body upon another; also the art of printing.
Impressão, impression, or image fixed in the mind; also influence, impression, operation.
Impressão, an impression, or edition, a number printed at once, one course of printing; also the act of printing.
Impresso, a, adj. stamped, printed, imprinted. See **IMPRIMIR**.
IMPRESSOR, f. m. a printer.
IMPETENDETE. See **DESINTERESSADO**.
IMPREVI'STO, a, adj. unforeseen, unexpected.
IMPRIMA'DO, a, adj. See **IMPRIMAR**.
IMPRIMADU'RA, f. f. the first drawing or sketch of painters.
IMPRIMA'R, v. a. to put in order the cloth for painting on it.
IMPRIMI'R, v. a. to print, to imprint, to press on.
IMPROBABILIDA'DE, f. f. improbability.
IMPROPERA'DO, a, adj. See
IMPROPERA'R, v. a. to reproach, to upbraid, to nickname.
IMPROPERIO, f. m. reproach.
IMPROPORCIONA'L, adj. unproportioned, not suited to something else.
IMPROPRIAMENTE, adv. improperly.
IMPROPRIEDA'DE, f. f. impropriety.
IMPROPRIO, a, adj. improper, unfit.
IMPROVA'VEL, adj. improbable.
IMPROVER. See **EMPOBRECER**.
IMPROVIDENCIA, f. f. improvidence, want of forethought, want of caution.

INA

IMPROVIDO, a, adj. improviden wanting care to provide.
IMPROVISAMENTE, adv. unexpectedly, suddenly, unawares.
IMPROVISO, a, adj. unforeseen, unexpected.
De improvizo. See **IMPROVISAMENTE**.
IMPRUDENCIA, f. f. imprudence, indiscretion. See also **ERRO**, and **IGNORANCIA**.
IMPRUDENTE, adj. imprudent, indiscreet.
IMPUDENCIA, f. f. impudence.
IMPUDENTE, adj. impudent.
IMPUDENTEMENTE, adv. impudently.
IMPUDICAMENTE, adv. impudently, immodestly, lewdly.
IMPUDICICIA, f. f. lewdness.
IMPUDI'CO, a, adj. lewd.
IMPUGNAÇAM, f. f. opposition.
IMPUGNA'DO, a, adj. See
IMPUGNA'R, v. a. to oppose, to impugn.
IMPULSI'VO, a, adj. impulsive.
IMPU'LSO, f. m. an impulse, a natural inclination, or propension. See also **INSTIGAÇAM**.
O que dá impulsos para fazer huma coisa, a pulser on, an enticer or persuader to a thing.
IMPU'MPE, f. m. a sort of dog in Caferia.
IMPUNHADO. See **EMPUNHADO**.
IMPUNHA'R. See **EMPUNHAR**.
IMPUNIDA'DE, f. f. impunity.
Com impunidade, freely, without punishment.
IMPUNIDO, a, adj. unpunished.
IMPURAMENTE, adv. impurely, uncleanly, foully, unchastly.
IMPURE'ZA, f. f. impurity, uncleanness, unchasteness.
IMPURO, a, adj. impure, unclean, unchaste.
IMPUTA'DO, a, adj. imputed.
IMPUTA'R, v. a. to impute, to lay to one's charge.
IMPYRIO. See **EMPYREO**.

INA

INABALA'VEL, adj. unmoveable, unshaken, not to be shaken.
INABIL. See **INHABIL**.
INABILITADO. See **INHABILITADO**.
INABILITAR. See **INHABILITAR**.
INACABA'VEL, adj. that cannot be finished.
INACÇAM, f. f. inaction, cessation from labour, forbearance of labour.
INACCESSI'VEL, adj. inaccessible; also unsociable, unaccessible, that will admit of no company.
INADVERTENCIA, f. f. inadvertency, heedlessness, inconsiderateness.
INADVERTIDAMENTE, adv. inconsiderately.
INADVERTI'DO, a, adj. inconsiderate, rash, heedless.
INALIENA'VEL, adj. that cannot be alienated, inalienable.

INC

INALTERADAMENTE, adv. immutably, unalterably, unchangeably.
INALTERAVEL, adj. unalterable, immutable, unchangeable.
INANIMADO, f. f. emptiness of body, a want of fulness in the vessels of the animal.
INANIMADO, a, adj. inanimate, that has no life or soul.
INATURAVEL, adj. See **INTOLERAVEL**.
INAPPETENCIA, f. f. want of appetite, inappetency.
INAUDI'VO, a, adj. unheard of, strange.
INAUGURAÇAM, f. f. inauguration, or investiture by solemn rites.
INAUGURA'DO, a, adj. See **INAUGURA'R**, v. a. to inaugurate, to consecrate.

INC

INCA, f. m. the title of the ancient kings of Peru.
INCANÇAVEL, adj. that cannot be tired, indefatigable, untirable, unwearied.
INCANÇAVELMENTE, adv. indefatigably, without weariness.
INCANTAVEL, adj. that cannot be sung.
INCAPACIDA'DE, f. f. incapacity. See also **IGNORANCIA**.
INCAPACITA'DO, a, adj. See **INCAPACITA'R**, v. a. to disable, to make unable.
INCAPA'Z, adj. incapable. See also **IGNORANTE**.
INCAPILLATO, See **CALVO**.
INÇADO, a, adj. See **INÇAR**, v. a. (speaking of insects, and other creatures that are very prolific) to crowd, or fill with multitudes.
Estár inçado, to swarm, or abound with.
Estár inçado de piolhos, to crawl with lice.
INCAS. See **INCA**.
INCAUTAMENTE, adv. uncircumspectly, incautiously, unwarily, heedlessly.
INCAUTO, a, adj. not circumspect, incautious, unwary, negligent.
INCENDIÁRIO, f. m. an incendiary, one who sets houses or towns on fire in malice, or for robbery; it is also said of any thing that scorseth or burns. (Metaph.)
INCENDIO, f. m. a conflagration, a great fire.
Certa ave, que a superstição dos antigos imaginava ser presépio dos incendios, an unlucky bird called a spight.
Incendio da ira, great anger, or heat, incensement.
INCENSADO, a, adj. See **INCENSAR**, v. a. to perfume, as priests do the altars when they offer incense.
INCENSÁRIO. See **INCENSORIO**.
INCENSO, f. m. incense, perfumes exhaled by fire in honour of God;

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also a reverence to adoration, or flattery.
INCENSO'RIO, f. m. the censer, the pan or vessel in which incense is burned.
INCENTIVO, f. m. an incentive, that which excites or stirs up.
INCE'PTO, a, adj. begun.
INCERTAMENTE, adv. uncertainly.
INCERTEZA, f. f. uncertainty.
INCERTO, a, adj. uncertain.
INCESSANTE, adj. incessant, unceasing, unintermitted, continual.
INCESSANTEMENTE, adv. incessantly.
INCESSA'VEL. See **INCESSANTE**.
INCESTO, f. m. incest, carnal copulation between kindred.
Com incesto, incestuously.
INCESTUOSO, a, adj. incestuous.
INCHA. See **DESAVENÇA**, and **ODIO**.
INCHAÇAM, f. f. a swelling, (metaph.) pride.
INCHAÇO, f. m. See **INCHAÇAM**.
INCHADINHO, a, adj. somewhat swollen, or blown up.
INCHA'DO, a, adj. swelled, puffed up; (metaph.) proud, haughty, inflated, elate.
Inchado, fustian, bombast, swelling, unnaturally pompous, ridiculously tumid. (Used of stile.)
Inchado, arrived at full growth, but not fully ripe. (Speaking of fruits.)
INCHA'R, v. a. to swell, to make tumid, to cause to rise or encrease.
Inchár, v. n. or *Inchar-se*, v. r. to swell, to grow turgid; also to swell, to rise into arrogance, to be elated.
INCHADO, a, adj. (pronounce *Incoado*) incoated, begun, (in divinity.)
INCIDENTE, f. m. an incident, something happening beside the main design, casualty.
Fazer nascer incidentes numa causa, to split a cause, or law-suit.
Incidente, adj. (in law) ex. *Causa incidente*, an accessory, an incident, that which does accede unto some principal fact or thing in law.
Incidente. (Among physicians.) See **INCISIVO**.
INCIDI'R, v. a. (among physicians) to incise.
INCIENCIA. See **INSCIENCIA**.
INCIRCUMCISO, a, adj. uncircumcised.
INCIRCUNSCRIPTO, adj. that is uncircumscribed, boundless, unlimited.
INCISAM, f. f. incision; (in surgery) also a cut or gash in a tree.
INCISIVO, a, adj. incisive. (In surgery.)
INCISO, a, adj. (in surgery) ex. *Ferrida incisã*, a wound in the skull made by a cutting instrument.
INCISURA, f. f. incision.
Incisura feita a modo de cruz, crucial incision.
INCITA'DO, a, adj. incited, stirred up.
INCITADOR, f. m. an inciter, a stirrer up.

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INCITAMENTO, f. m. an inciting, or stirring up.
INCITAR, v. a. to incite, to stir up.
INCITATIVO, a, adj. inciting, stirring up.
INCIVILIDADE, f. f. incivility, rudeness, want of courtesy.
INCLEMENCIA, f. f. inclemency, unmercifulness, unpitifulness.
Inclemencia do tempo, unseasonableness of weather, inclemency, sharpness, blasting, mildew.
INCLEMENTE, adj. inclement, unmerciful. See also **DESABRIDO**.
Inclemente, unwholesome, corrupt, noisome, pestilent.
INCLINAÇAM, f. f. inclination, bowing, or bending downward; also bowing, or inclining out of respect.
Inclinaçam, inclination, propension of mind, favourable disposition; also love, affection.
Inclinaçam, inclination, disposition of mind.
Inclinaçam, (in pharmacy) inclination, the act by which a clear liquor is poured off from some feces or sediment, by only stooping the vessel, which is also called by us decantation.
Inclinaçam de duas linhas, ou superfícies, (in geometry) inclination, or the mutual tendency of two lines or planes towards each other so as to make an angle.
Inclinaçam do eixo da terra, inclination of the axis of the earth. (In astronomy.)
INCLINA'DO, a, adj. inclined, addicted; also bowed, bent down. See the v. **INCLINAR**.
Bem, ou mal inclinado, well, or ill inclined.
INCLINAR, v. a. to incline, to give a tendency or direction; also to bend, to incurvate.
Inclinár a cabeça, to bow the head in token of respect, or let it sink through weakness.
Inclinár, v. n. to incline, to lean, to tend towards any part; also to have a propension.
As inclinar do dia, the day inclining towards the evening.
Inclinár-se, v. r. to incline, to bend, to lean; also to incline, to be favourably disposed to, to have a propension.
Inclinava-se a victoria hera a huma, e hera a outra parte, victory inclined sometimes to one side, and sometimes to another.
Inclinár-se ou fazer huma inclinaçam a alguem, to bow down to one.
INCLITO, a, adj. renowned, noble, famous.
INCLUI'DO, a, adj. included, comprised, comprehended; also inclosed.
INCLUI'R, v. a. to include, to comprise, to comprehend; also to inclose.
Que inclui, inclusive.
INCLUSIVAMENTE, adv. inclusively.

INC

INGLU'SO, *a*, adj. See **INCLUIDO**.
A carta inclusa, the inclosed, or inclosed letter; they say also, *a inclusa*.
INCÓGNITO, adj. unknown.
INCOHERENCIA, *f. f.* incoherence, a disagreement, or not suiting well together.
INCOLA, *f. m.* See **HABITADOR**, and **MORADOR**. Lat.
INCOLUME, adj. safe. Lat.
INCOLUMIDADE, *f. f.* incolumity, safety, freedom from danger.
INCOMBUSTÍVEL, adj. incombustible, that cannot be burned or consumed by fire.
INCOMMODADO, *a*, adj. incommoded. See **INCOMMODAR**.
INCOMMODAMENTE, adv. inconveniently.
INCOMMODAR, *v. a.* to incommodate, to disturb; also to hurt, to endamage, to harm.
INCOMMODIDADE, *f. f.* inconvenience, or disturbance, incommodity, incommodioufness.
Com incommodidade, incommodioufly.
INCOMMODO, *a*, adj. inconvenient, troublesome. See also **CONTRARIO**.
INCOMMUNICÁVEL, adj. incommunicable, not to be communicated, not impartible; also disjointed, separated.
INCOMMUTÁVEL, adj. that is not commutable.
INCOMPARÁVEL, adj. incomparable.
INCOMPARÁVELMENTE, adv. incomparably.
INCOMPATIBILIDADE, *f. f.* opposition, contrariety, incompatibility.
INCOMPATÍVEL, adj. incompatible, inconsistent with something else.
INCOMPETENCIA, *f. f.* incompetency, unfitness.
INCOMPETENTE, adj. incompetent, unfit, improper. See also **INÚTIL**.
INCOMPLACENCIA, *f. f.* in compliance, untractableness, want of compliance.
INCOMPLETO, *a*, adj. incomplete, not finished.
INCOMPORTÁVEL, adj. See **INTOLERÁVEL**.
IMPOSSÍVEL, adj. impossible, not possible together.
INCOMPREHENSIBILIDADE, *f. f.* incomprehensibility.
INCOMPREHENSÍVEL, adj. incomprehensible.
INCONSUMPTÍVEL, adj. that cannot be consumed, inconsumptible.
INCONCESSO, *a*, adj. See **PROHIBIDO**, and **ILÍCITO**.
INCONCORDÁVEL, adj. that cannot be joined, or put together, incompatible.
INCONCUSSO, *a*, adj. unmoved, unshaken, firm.
INCONFIDENCIA, *f. f.* treachery, perfidiousness, a violation, or breach of one's faith.
INCONFIDENTE, *f. m.* a treacher,

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or treacherer; one who violates his faith.
INCONGRUAMENTE, adv. incongruously, unfitly.
INCONGRUENTE, adj. incongruous, unsuitable.
INCONGRUO, *a*, adj. idem.
INCONQUISTADO, *a*, adj. unconquered.
INCONQUISTÁVEL, adj. unconquerable.
INCONSEQUENCIA, *f. f.* inconsequence, inconclusiveness, want of just inference.
INCONSIDERAÇÃO, *f. f.* inconsiderateness, rashness.
INCONSIDERADAMENTE, adv. inconsiderately, rashly.
INCONSIDERADO, *a*, adj. inconsiderate, rash.
INCONSOLÁVEL, adj. inconsolable.
INCONSTANCIA, *f. f.* inconstancy.
INCONSTANTE, adj. inconstant.
INCONSTANTEMENTE, adv. inconstantly.
INCONSULTO, *a*, adj. who is not asked counsel, or advice.
INCONSUMPTÍVEL, adj. See **INCONSUMPTÍVEL**.
INCONSUTIL, adj. that is made without seam, as the raiment of our blessed Saviour.
INCONTAMINADO, *a*, adj. unpolluted, un defiled.
INCONTESTÁVEL, adj. incontestable, indisputable.
INCONTESTÁVELMENTE, adv. incontestably, indisputably.
INCONTINENCIA, *f. f.* incontinency, unchastity.
Incontinencia da curina, difficulty in holding one's water.
INCONTINENTE, adj. incontinent, unchaste.
INCONTASTÁVEL, adj. firm, stable, not to be opposed, or overturned.
INCONVENIENCIA, *f. f.* variance, disagreement, discord.
INCONVENIENTE, adj. inconvenient.
Inconveniente, *f. m.* inconvenience, difficulty, cross accident.
INCÓRDIO, *f. m.* the venereal tumour in the groin, called buboes.
INCORPORAÇÃO, See **ENCORPORADO**.
INCORPORADO, &c. See **ENCORPORADO**, &c.
INCORPOREIDADE, *f. f.* incorporeity, immateriality.
INCORPOREO, *a*, adj. incorporeal, that has no body.
INCORRECTO, *a*, adj. uncorrected; also blameless; irreprovable.
INCORREGIBILIDADE, *f. f.* obstinacy, incorrigibleness.
INCORRIGÍVEL, or **INCORREGÍVEL**, adj. incorrigible.
INCORRER. See **ENCORRER**.
INCORRUÇÃO, *f. f.* incorruption; also integrity, honesty, uprightness, sincerity, incorruptibility.

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INCORRUPTAMENTE, adv. incorruptly, without stain, it is particularly applied to a mind above the power of bribes.
INCORRUPTÍVEL, adj. incorruptible.
INCORRUPTO, *a*, adj. incorrupt, or incorrupted; also pure of manners, honest, good, incorrupt; not to be bribed; also chaste, unstained.
INCRASSADO, *a*, adj. See **INCRASSAR**, *v. a.* to incrassate, to thicken, the contrary to attenuate.
A acção de incrassar, incrassation.
Que tem a virtude, ou qualidade de incrassar, incrassative.
INCREADO. See **INCRIADO**.
INCRÉDÍVEL, adj. incredible, not to be believed.
INCRÉDULIDADE, *f. f.* incredulity.
INCRÉDULO, *a*, adj. incredulous.
INCREMENTO, *f. m.* See **AUMENTO**.
Incremento da lua. See **CRESCENTE**.
Incremento da febre. See **CRECIMENTO da febre**.
INCREPADO, *a*, adj. See **INCREPAR**, *v. a.* to increpate, to chide, to rebuke, to accuse, or blame.
INCRÍADO, *a*, adj. increate, not made or created.
INCRÍVEL, adj. incredible.
INCRÍVELMENTE, adv. incredibly.
INCRUA, *v. n.* or *Incruar-se*, *v. r.* (among physicians) to increase more and more; also to grow raw and sore again.
Incruar-se o estomago, is for the stomach to grow raw and queasy.
INCRUENTO, *a*, adj. without bloodshed, not bloody.
INCUBO & *incubo*. See **SUCCUBO**.
INCUDE, *f. f.* See **BIGORNA**.
INCULCADO, *a*, adj. inculcated, See
INGULCAR, *v. a.* to inculcate, to impress by frequent admonitions, to enforce by constant repetition; also to indicate, to make known, to recommend.
Inculcar-se, *v. r.* to offer or present himself; also to make one's self known; also to boast, to brag, to display one's own worth or actions, in great words.
INGULCA, *f. f.* inculcation; also suggestion, intimation.
Fazer inculca. See **INGULCAR**.
Deitar inculca, to make diligent or narrow search into, to make a strict enquiry.
INGULPÁVEL, adj. blameless, inculpable.
INGULPÁVELMENTE, adv. inculpably, unblameably.
INGULTO, *a*, adj. untilled, unmannered, incult; also undressed, untrimmed, undecked, homely, rude; also lawless, wild, that liveth without law.
INCUMBENCIA, *f. f.* charge, duty, any thing that one is obliged to do.

IND

INCUMBENT, v. n. to belong, to be one's duty to do something.
Incumbit a seu officio, it was his duty.
INCURARE, adj. incurable.
INCURIA, f. f. neglig. oee.
Com incuria, negligently, carelessly.
INCURVADO, a, adj. See
INCURVARE, v. a. to incurvate, to bend, to crook.
INCURSAM, f. f. an incursion, inroad, ravage, invasion without conquest.
Faxer incursiones, to make incursions.
INCURSO, f. m. incurring. See also **IMPETO**, and **ENCONTRO**.

IND

INDA. See **AINDA**.
INDAGACAM, f. f. a searching, or seeking out, an indagation.
INDAGADO, a, adj. indagated.
INDAGADOR, f. m. an indagator, a searcher, or seeker out, a diligent hunter.
INDAGADORA, f. f. she that searcheth.
INDAGAR, v. a. to indagate, to beat out, to search.
INDEBITO, a, adj. not due, undue.
INDECENCIA, f. f. indecency.
INDECENTE, adj. indecent.
INDECENTEMENTE, adv. indecently.
INDECTAMENTE, adv. irresolute-ly.
INDECISAM, f. f. want of resolution or decision.
INDECTSO, a, adj. undecided, not determined, not settled, dubious.
INDECLARAVEL, adj. that cannot be said, nor explained, unutterable.
INDECLINAVEL, adj. (in grammar) indeclinable.
INDECORADO, a, adj. disparaged, disgraced.
INDECORO, a, adj. indecent. See also **INDECOROSO**.
INDECOROSAMENTE, adv. misbecomingly, shamefully, dishonourably.
INDECOROSO, a, adj. shameful, disgraceful, ignominious, reproachful, indecorous.
INDEFECTIVEL, adj. not liable to fail, not subject to decay.
INDEFENSIVEL, adj. indefensible, what cannot be defended.
INDEFENSO, a, adj. **INDEFESO**, a, adj. without defence, undefended.
INDEFESSO, a, adj. indefatigable, not to be tired.
INDEFICIENTE, adj. everlasting, lasting without end.
INDEFINITO, a, adj. indefinite.
INDELEVEL, adj. indelible, not to be blotted out.
INDELIBERACAM, f. f. inadvertency. See also **IRRESOLUCAM**.
INDEMINUTO, a, adj. undiminished.
INDEPENDENCIA, f. f. independency.
INDEPENDENTE, adj. independen-

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INDEPENDENTEMENTE, adv. independently.
INDESATAVEL, adj. that cannot be untied, or loosed.
INDESCULPAVEL, adj. culpable, void of an excuse, inexcusable.
INDETERMINACAM, f. f. want of determination, indetermination.
INDETERMINADAMENTE, adv. indistinctly.
INDETERMINADO, a, adj. irresolute, unresolved. See also **DUVIDOSO**, and **INCERTO**.
INDEVAÇAM. See **INDEVOÇAM**.
INDEVIDAMENTE, adv. unduly.
INDEVIDO, a, adj. undue.
INDEVOÇAM, f. f. indevotion.
INDEVOTAMENTE, adv. indevoutly.
INDEVOTO, a, adj. indevout.
INDEX, f. m. the fore finger. See also **INDICE**.
INDIA, f. f. properly the country of India, in Asia, being that which is most of it subject to the Mogul.
INDIANO, or **INDIATICO**. See **INDIO**.
INDICACAM, f. f. (among physicians) indication, sign, symptom.
INDICA'DO, a, adj. See **INDICAR**.
INDICANTE, adj. indicant, that which directs what is to be done in any disease.
Dias indicantes, (among physicians) indicant-days.
INDICAR, v. a. to indicate, to show.
INDICATIVO, a, adj. indicative.
Dias indicativos, or *indicantes*. See **INDICANTE**.
Modo indicativo, (in grammar) the indicative, or indicative mood.
INDICAM, or **INDIÇAM**, f. f. an indiction, or the space of fifteen years; a way of reckoning appointed by the emperor Constantine in the room of the Olympiads.
INDICE, f. m. the table or index of the contents of a book; also the needle of a dial.
INDICIA'DO, a, adj. See **INDICIAR**, v. a. to give a token, proof, or sign. See also **MOSTRAR**.
INDICIO, f. m. a token, a circumstantial proof.
INDICO, a, adj. belonging to the Indies.
INDIFFERENÇA, f. f. indifference, unconcernedness.
INDIFFERENTE, adj. indifferent.
INDIFFERENTEMENTE, adv. indifferently; also without distinction.
INDIGENA, f. m. a native to a country.
INDIGENCIA, f. f. indigence, want.
INDIGESTAM, f. f. indigestion, want of digesting well in the stomach, surfeit.
INDIGESTO, a, adj. undigested; also hard of digestion. See also **IMPERTINENTE**.
Indigesto, confused, out of order.
INDIGETE, f. m. demi-god, an hero, an eminent person anciently enrolled among the gods.

IND

INDIGNACAM, f. f. indignation, wrath.
INDIGNA'DO, a, adj. angry, provoked, full of indignation.
INDIGNAMENTE, adv. unworthily, also basely.
INDIGNAR, v. a. to offend, to provoke, to make one angry.
Indignar-se, v. r. to be provoked, to be offended, to be in a great fume, to fret.
INDIGNIDADE, f. f. indignity, contumely, contemptuous injury, violation of right accompanied with insult.
INDIGNO, a, adj. unworthy. See also **VIL**.
INDILIGENCIA, f. f. want of diligence, negligence, carelessness.
INDILIGENTE. See **NEGLIGENTE**.
INDINACAM. See **INDIGNACAM**.
INDINA'DO, &c. See **INDIGNA'DO**, &c.
INDIO, f. m. an Indian.
INDIRECTAMENTE, adv. indirectly.
INDIRECTO, a, adj. indirect, out of course, dishonest.
INDISCIPLINA, f. f. want of discipline.
INDISCIPLINA'DO, a, adj. undisciplined.
INDISCIPLINAVEL, adj. that cannot be disciplined.
INDISCRETAMENTE, adv. indiscreetly.
INDISCRETO, a, adj. indiscreet.
INDISCRICAM, f. f. indiscretion, want of judgment.
INDISCRIMINADAMENTE, adv. without distinction.
INDISIVEL, or **INDIZIVEL**, adj. unutterable, not to be expressed.
INDISIVELMENTE, adv. inexpressibly.
INDISPENSAVEL, adj. indispensable, not to be dispensed with.
INDISPENSIVELMENTE, adv. indispensably.
INDISPONENTE, p. act. that indisposes. See the verb
INDISPOR, v. a. to indispose, to disorder slightly with regard to health.
INDISPOÇAM, f. f. indisposition, sickness.
INDISPOSTO, a, adj. indisposed, slightly disordered with regard to health.
INDISPUTAVEL, adj. indisputable.
INDISSOLUVEL, adj. indissoluble, not to be dissolved.
INDISSOLUVELMENTE, adv. indissolubly.
INDISTINCTAMENTE, adv. indistinctly.
INDISTINCTO, a, adj. indistinct, confused; also the same, not distinct.
INDISTINGUIVEL, adj. undistinguishable, all alike.
INDIVIDADO. See **ENDIVIDADO**.
INDIVIDAMENTE. See **INJUSTAMENTE**.

IND

INDIVIDAR-SE. See **ENDIVIDAR-SE.**

INDIVIDUACAM, f. f. (in logic) individuation, that which makes an individual.

Individuacãm, or *singularidade*, individual, individuality.

Individuacãm, the explanation of any thing with all its circumstances.

INDIVIDUADO, a, adj. See **INDIVIDUAR.**

INDIVIDUAL, adj. individual. separate from others of the same species. See also **PROPRIO**, and **PARTICULAR.**

Tempo individual, (among physicians) the proper time to prescribe, or apply remedies.

INDIVIDUALMENTE, adv. precisely, exactly.

INDIVIDUANTE. See **INDIVIDUAL.**

INDIVIDUALIDADE. See **INDIVIDUACAM.**

INDIVIDUAR, v. a. to treat of any thing in particular.

INDIVIDUO, f. m. (in logic) an individuum, that which denotes but one person or thing.

INDIVISIVEL, adj. indivisible.

Indivisivel, f. m. (in philosophy) an individual, or individuum, a body or particle so small that it cannot be divided.

INDIVISO, a, adj. undivided.

INDIZIVEL. See **INDISIVEL.**

INDOCIL, adj. dull, indocil, indocible, unteachable, insusceptible of instruction.

INDOCILIDADE, f. f. indocility, unteachableness.

INDOCTO, a, adj. unlearned.

INDOLE, f. f. disposition, natural propensity, or towardliness, aptness to good or evil.

INDOLENCIA, f. f. indolence, freedom from pain or grief.

INDOMADO. See **INDOMITO.**

INDOMAVEL, adj. indomable, untameable.

INDOMITO, a, adj. untamed, fierce, wild; also ungovernable; also invincible, not to be conquered.

INDOUTAMENTE, adv. unlearnedly.

INDOUTO. See **INDOCTO.**

INDUBITAVEL, adj. indubitable, not to be questioned, past all doubt.

INDUBITAVELMENTE, adv. indubitably, unquestionably, undoubtedly.

INDUCAM, f. f. a rhetorical induction, when, by premised questions granted, a conclusion is inferred.

Inducãm, (in logic) inference.

Inducãm, persuasion, inducement.

INDUCIAS, f. f. p. (in law) the respite given to debtors.

INDUCTO. See **INDUZIDO.** See also **INTRODUZIDO.**

INDULGENCIA, f. f. indulgence, fondness, fond kindness; also remission, moderation.

INE

Indulgencia, indulgence, pardon, remission of sins.

Com indulgencia, indulgently.

INDULGENTE, adj. indulgent.

INDULTARIO, f. m. one that has got an indult.

INDULTAR-SE, v. r. to enable one's self in order to get an indult.

INDULTO, f. m. an exemption, indult, indulto, or privilege.

Indulto dos reis, indult of kings; a power granted to kings by the pope to nominate to consistorial benefices.

Indulto pontificio, a special grant of the pope to do or obtain something contrary to the canon law.

Indulto, (in Spain) an indulto, or the king's license for landing plate or goods, and delivering them to the owners, which is granted by means of a composition made, the merchants paying as much as is agreed on to the king, in the gross, in lieu of all the duties that should be paid, if the goods were carried to the custom-house.

INDURACAM, f. f. (among surgeons) induration.

INDURECER. See **ENDURECER.**

INDURECIDO. See **ENDURECIDO.**

INDUSIDO. } See { **INDUZIDO.**

INDUSIR. } See { **INDUZIR.**

INDUSTRIA, f. f. industry.

Com industria, industriously.

De industria, on purpose, designedly.

INDUSTRIADO, a, adj. instructed.

INDUSTRIAR, v. a. to instruct.

INDUSTRIOSAMENTE, adv. industriously.

INDUSTRIOSO, a, adj. industrious.

INDUZIDO, a, adj. induced, persuaded. See **INDUZIR.**

INDUZIDOR, f. m. See **INSTIGADOR**, and **INTRODUCTOR.**

INDUZIMENTO, f. m. inducement, persuasion.

INDUZIR, v. a. to induce, to persuade, to prevail upon. See also **OCCASIONAR.**

INE

INEZIA, f. f. hunger, lack of meat.

INEFFABILIDADE, f. f. ineffability, unspeakableness.

INEFFAVEL, adj. ineffable, unspeakable.

INEFFAVELMENTE, adv. ineffably, unspeakably.

INEFFICACIA, f. f. inefficacy.

INEFFICAZ, adj. inefficacious.

INELUCTAVEL, adj. not to be struggled against, unavoidable. From the Lat. *ineluctabilis*.

INENARRAVEL, adj. not to be related, inenarrable.

INEPTIDAM, f. f. unaptness, ineptitude.

INEPTO, a, adj. unapt, inept.

INERCIA, f. f. sloth, idleness.

Inercia, (speaking of a climate or region) the quality of making people inactive, and slothful.

INF

INERME, adj. unarmed.

INERRANTE, adj. (in astronomy) fixed, immovable.

INERTE, adj. ignorant, wanting art, or skill; also slothful, idle, dull, inactive; also that causes inactivity, and slothfulness.

INESGOTAVEL, adj. See **INEXHAUSTO.**

INESPERADAMENTE, adv. unexpectedly.

INESPERADO, a, adj. unexpected.

INESPERTO. See **INEXPERTO.**

INESTIMAVEL, adj. inestimable, too valuable to be rated, transcending all price.

INEVITAVEL, adj. inevitable, not to be shunned.

INEXCRUTAVEL, adj. unsearchable, past finding out.

INEXCUSAVEL, adj. inexcusable, not to be excused.

INEXHAUSTO, a, adj. not to be exhausted, not possible to be emptied, inexhausted; also inexhaustible, or not to be spent.

INEXORABILIDADE, f. f. the quality of being inexorable.

INEXORAVEL, adj. inexorable, not to be intreated, not to be moved by intreaty.

INEXPERTO, a, adj. unexperienced.

INEXPIAVEL, adj. that cannot be expiated, satisfied, or pardoned; not to be atoned, inexpiable.

INEXPLICAVEL, adj. not to be explicated, or explained, inexplicable.

INEXPLIVEL, adj. not to be filled, insatiable. Lat. *inexplebilis*.

INEXPUGNAVEL, adj. impregnable, inexpugnable.

INEXTINGUIVEL, adj. unquenchable, inextinguishable.

INEXTINCTO, a, adj. idem.

INEXTRICAVEL, adj. inextricable, not to be disengaged from.

INF

INFALLIVEL, adj. infallible, certain, incapable of mistake.

A infallivel, (in the Rio de Janeiro) a daily gale, or breeze of easterly wind.

INFALLIVELMENTE, adv. infallibly, certainly.

INFAMADO, a, adj. defamed, made infamous.

INFAMADOR, f. m. a defamer, a calumniator, a detractor.

INFAMAR, v. a. to defame, to make infamous, to infame; It is also said of things. See **DESACREDITAR.**

INFAMATORIO, a, adj. defamatory, tending to defame.

INFAME, adj. infamous, dishonourable, ill spoken of.

INFAMIA, f. f. infamy.

INFANCAM, f. m. (an old word now out of date) a young lad or page of the king's, that was not yet of age to be preferred. See *Discurso de la nobreza di Buen moreno de vargas*, and also *Duarte Nunes de liao*.

INF

INFANCIA, f. f. infancy, also the first age of any thing.
Infancia, or *ultima velhice*, decrepid old age, decrepitude.
INFANÇAS, so they formerly called the ladies of the highest quality.
INFANÇONO, a, adj. of, or belonging to an *INFANÇAM*, which see
INFANTA, f. f. a king's daughter; they are called *infantas*, except only the eldest, (if she be an heiress,) who is styled *princesa*.
INFANTADO, f. m. the estate belonging to the king's son. See *INFANTE*.
INFANTAL *princips*. See *INFANTE*.
INFANTARIA, f. f. the infantry, the foot of an army.
INFANTE, f. m. the title by which all the king's sons are called, except the eldest, who is called *principe*, prince. It also signifies a foot soldier, and formerly an infant.
Infante, f. f. the king's eldest daughter, if she be an heiress, may also be so called, according to Bluteau. See him, and Lobo, *Corte na aldeia*. p. 275.
INFANTICIDIO, f. m. infanticide, particularly the slaughter of the infants by Herod.
INFANTIL, adj. of, or belonging to a child, infantile.
INFATIGAVEL, adj. indefatigable.
INFATUADO, a, adj. See
INFATUAR, v. a. to infatuate, to strike with folly.
INFAUSTAMENTE, adv. unhappily.
INFAUSTO, a, adj. unluckily.
INFECÇAM, f. f. infection, contagion.
INFECTO, a, adj. infected.
O que he infecto de sangue, one that is descended from Moors or Jews.
INFECUNDO, a, adj. unfruitful, infecund, barren.
INFELICE, or **INFELIZ**, adj. unhappy, unfortunate.
INFELICIDADE, f. f. unhappiness, infelicity.
INFELIZMENTE, adv. unhappily.
INSENSO, a, adj. hostile, aversé, unfriendly.
INFERENCIA, f. f. inference.
INFERIDO, a, adj. See *INFERIR*.
INFERIO. See *INFERNAL*.
INFERIOR, adj. lower, meaner, inferior in place, rank, or degree. See also *INDIGNO*, and *INCONGRUENTE*.
INFERIORES, inferiors, persons of lower rank, or meaner quality.
INFERIORIDADE, f. f. inferiority.
INFERIR, v. a. to infer, to conclude, to draw a consequence.
INFERNADO, part. of *INFERNAR-SE*.
INFERNAL, adj. infernal, belonging to hell, hellish.
Ter odio infernal, to be a professed, or mortal enemy.
Odiado com odio infernal, hell-hated.

INF

Pedra infernal, (among surgeons) infernal stone, a perpetual caustic, which causes great pain in the operation.
Maquina infernal, a fire-ship that has three decks.
INFERNALIDADE, f. f. a storm of musquet shot, cannonades, &c.
INFERNAR *suas almas*. See
Infernar-se, v. r. to be enormously wicked, to deserve to be cast to hell. See also *AFFLIGIR-SE*, and *DESSESERAR-SE*.
INFERNNO, f. m. hell, the place of the devil and wicked souls; also hell or the infernal powers.
Inferno, (in a water mill) the deep hole, or pit wherein the wheel turns.
Prozido no inferno, hell-bred.
Sentenciado ao inferno, hell-doomed.
INFERO, a, adj. ex. *Mar infero*, part of the Mediterranean Sea, which watheth the southern part of Italy
INFESTADO, a, adj. infested, or annoyed.
Infestado de espiritos malignos, hell-haunted.
INFESTAR, v. a. to infest, or annoy.
O que infesta, a troubler, a vexer, a robber.
Infestar-se, to infest one another.
INFESTO, a, adj. offensive, troublesome, annoying, hostile.
INFIBULAÇAM, f. f. infibulation, a sowing, or binding up a wound. Used by surgeons.
INFICIONADO, a, adj. infected.
INFICIONAR, v. a. to infect.
INFIDELIDADE, f. f. infidelity. See also *GENTILIDADE*.
Com infidelidade, unfaithfully.
INFIDEL, a, adj. See
INFIEL, adj. unfaithful, treacherous, faithless, disloyal, false, perfidious.
Infel, f. m. and f. a false or unfaithful man, or woman; also an unbeliever, an infidel, one who believes not the Scripture of God; a miscreant.
INFILTRADO, a, adj. incorporated, embodied.
INFILTRAR-SE, v. r. (among surgeons and physicians) to unite into one mass, to embody, to incorporate, to coalesce.
INFIMO, a, adj. lowest, meanest, basest.
INFINIDADE, f. f. infinity, a vast number or quality; also infinity, immensity, boundlessness, infiniteness.
INFINITAMENTE, adv. infinitely.
INFINITI VO, f. m. (in grammar) the infinitive mood.
INFINITO, a, adj. infinite, vast, immense, without bounds, unmeasurable, numberless. See also *GRANDE*.
Infinito, adv. See *INFINITAMENTE*.
INFIRMA DO, a, adj. See
INFIRMAR, v. a. (in law) to weaken, to lessen. See also *ANNULLAR*.
INFLAÇAM, f. f. swelling, an inflation.
O que inflama, an inflamer.

INF

INFLADO, a, adj. See *INCHADO*, and *ORGULHOSO*.
INFLAMMAÇAM, f. f. an inflammation, the state of being in flame.
Inflamaçam, (in surgery) an inflammation, burning, or swelling with heat.
INFLAMMADO, a, adj. inflamed; also burning, hot. (Metaph.)
INFLAMMAR, v. a. to inflame, to set on fire; also to kindle desire, to fire with passion.
Inflamar-se, v. r. to catch fire; also to inflame, to grow hot and painful by obstructed matter.
A qualidade de inflamar-se, inflammability, the quality of catching fire.
Que he facil de inflamar-se, inflammable, easy to be set on flame.
A qualidade de que facilmente se inflama, inflammableness, the quality of easily catching fire.
INFLAMMATIVO, a, adj. that sets on fire.
INFLAMMATÓRIO, a, adj. inflammatory.
INFLEXIBILIDADE, f. f. inflexibility, stiffness, obstinacy.
INFLEXIVEL, adj. inflexible, that will not bow; also not to be prevailed on, inflexible, immovable.
INFLUENCIA, f. f. influence, power of the celestial aspects operating upon terrestrial bodies, and affairs; also influence, ascendant power, power of directing.
Que tem influencia, influential.
INFLUÏÇAM, f. f. influence, power of the celestial aspects, &c. See *INFLUENCIA*.
INFLUIDO, a, adj. See *INFLUIR*.
INFLUIDO R, f. m. he that has an influence.
INFLUIR, v. a. to have an influence, to exert influence or power; also to inspire, to infuse into the mind, to impress upon the fancy.
Influir esforço, to inspire, to animate, to fill with vigour.
Estar influido em desejo, to pant, to long, to wish earnestly.
INFLUXO, f. m. influence.
INFORMAÇAM. See *ENFORMAÇAM*.
INFORMADO, &c. See *ENFORMADO*, &c.
INFORME, adj. informous, without form, shape, or fashion.
INFORTUNA, f. f. (in astrology). infortune. Saturn and Mars are called infortunates, because of their unfortunate influences.
INFORTUNIO, f. m. a misfortune.
INFRAÇAM, f. f. infraction. See *INFRINGIR*.
INFRACTOR, f. m. infringer, breaker, transgressor.
INFREQUÊNCIA, f. f. fewness, paucity. Lat. *infrequentia*.
INFRIGIDANTE, adj. (among physicians) that refrigerates.
INFRINGIDO, a, adj. See
INFRINGIR, v. a. to infringe, to break a law, custom, or privilege.

ING

INFRASCRITO, *a*, adj. that is written beneath.
INFRACTIFERO, *a*, adj. unfruitful.
INFRACTUOSAMENTE, adv. unfruitfully.
INFRACTUOSO, *a*, adj. unfruitful; also void of no effect.
INFULADO, *f. m.* a bishop, or any mitred prelate.
INFUNADO, *a*, adj. See **METIDO**, and **ENFUNADO**.
INFUNDICA, or **INFUNDICE**, *f. f.* so the washer-women call the urine, and some other ingredients used in washing.
INFUNDIDO, *a*, adj. infused, poured in.
INFUNDIR, *v. a.* to infuse, to pour in; also to inspire into, or with, to infuse upon the mind, to impress upon the fancy; also to infuse or steep.
INFUSA, *f. f.* a pitcher, a water-pot.
INFUSAM, *f. f.* an infusion, a pouring in; also an infusion, a steeping of drugs, leaves, roots, &c. in some liquor, in order to get out their virtue, (in pharmacy.)
Deitar de infusam, to infuse, to steep in any liquor.
Infusão que se faz de alguns páos medicinaes, wood-drink, or infusion of some medicinal woods.
INFUSO, *a*, adj. infused, poured into the mind, inspired into. See **INFUNDIR**.
INFUSTAMENTO, *f. m.* a sort of stench, or bad smell in pipes, casks, &c.
INFUSURA, *f. f.* a sort of disease in horses.

ING

INGA, *f. m.* See **INCA**.
INGAR. See **ENGAR**.
INGENITO, *a*, adj. ingenite, inbred, natural, bred by nature.
INGENTE, adj. vast, large, big.
INGENUAMENTE, adv. ingenuously.
INGENUIDADE, *f. f.* ingenuity.
INGENUO, *a*, adj. real, sincere, ingenuous; also natural, free. (In law.)
INGLATERRA, *f. f.* England, the island of Great Britain.
INGLEZ, or **INGREZ**, *a*, adj. English.
A lingua Inglesa, or *O Inglês*, the English tongue.
Ingléz, or **Ingréz**, *f. m.* an Englishman.
INGLEZA, or **INGREZA**, *f. f.* an Englishwoman.
INGRATA, *f. f.* an ingrate, an ungrateful woman.
INGRATAMENTE, adv. ungratefully.
INGRATIDAM, *f. f.* ingratitude, ungratefulness, unthankfulness.
INGRATITUDE. See **INGRATIDAM**.
INGRATO, *f. m.* an ingrate, an ungrateful man.

INI

Ingrás, *a*, adj. ungrateful, ingrateful, unthankful, ingrate.
INGREDIENTE, *f. m.* an ingredient in a composition.
INGREME, adj. steep, of difficult ascent, steepy.
Albo ingreme, a sort of wild garlic, that has a bulbous root and no cloves.
Ingreme, (in a moral sense) without self-love, affection, or passion of any kind.
INGREZ. See **INGLEZ**.
INGRESSO, *f. m.* an entering, or going in, ingress. See **ENTRADA**.
INGRINALDADO, *a*, adj. See **INGRINALDAR**, *v. a.* to cover, or crown with a **GRINALDA**, which see.
INGUITA. See **ENGUITA**.

INH

INHABIL, adj. unapt, unfit, incapable, inhabile.
INHABILIDADE, *f. f.* inability, incapacity.
INHABILITADO, *a*, adj. See **INHABILITAR**, *v. a.* to disable, to render unfit, or incapable.
INHABITADO, *a*, adj. not inhabited, uninhabited.
INHABITAVEL, adj. uninhabitable.
INHAME, *f. m.* a fruit in the East Indies, white within, and growing under ground like potatoes, but much bigger.
INHEMHO. See **TONTO**, and **DECREPITO**.
INHERENCIA, *f. f.* inherence, or inherency.
INHERENTE, adj. inherent.
INHERIR, *v. n.* to inhere, to exist in something else.
INHIBICAM, *f. f.* inhibition. (in law.)
INHIBIDO, *a*, adj. See **INHIBIR**, *v. a.* (in law) to inhibit.
INHIBITORIA, *f. f.* inhibition, a writ which forbids a judge to proceed farther in the cause before him.
INHONESTAMENTE, adv. dishonestly, immodestly, indecently.
INHONESTO, *a*, adj. dishonest, immodest, indecent.
INHOSPITALIDADE, *f. f.* inhospitality, rudeness to strangers.
INHUMANAMENTE, adv. inhumanly, barbarously, savagely, cruelly.
INHUMANIDADE, *f. f.* inhumanity, barbarity.
INHUMANO, *a*, adj. inhuman, barbarous, cruel.
Inhumano, divine, heavenly, not belonging to man, not human.

INI

INICIA'L, adj. initial, placed at the beginning; ex. *Letra inicial*, initial letter.
INICIO. } See { **PRINCIPIO**.
INI CO. }
INICIADO, *a*, adj. initiated.
INIMICIA. See **INIMIZADE**.

INN

INIMIGO, *f. m.* an enemy, an adversary, a foe; also a public foe; also an enemy, one that dislikes; also the fiend, the devil. (In theology.)
P. fome, e frio mette a pífia com seu inimigo, hunger and cold deliver a man up to his enemy; that is, they put him out of capacity of defending himself.
P. ao inimigo, que te vira a espolha, ponte de prata, make a silver bridge for your enemy; that is, hinder not his flight, lest despair make him turn the more furious upon you.
P. quem inimigo seupa, ás suas mãos morre, he that dells with his enemy, dies by his hands.
P. despriza seu inimigo, serás logo vencido, he that undervalues an enemy, will suffer by it.
P. quem be teu inimigo? o official do teu officio, who is your enemy? the man that is of your trade; that is, two of a trade can never agree. The Latin say, *Figulus figulo invidet, faber fabro*; we say also, it is one beggar's woe, to see another by the door go.
INIMISTADO, *a*, adj. See **INIMISTAR-SE**, *v. r.* to be at enmity with another, to become an enemy.
INIMITAVEL, adj. inimitable, above imitation, not to be copied.
INIMIZADE, *f. f.* enmity.
Inimizade occulta, encuberta, or *disfuzada*, privy grudge, secret hatred, dissembled malice.
Causar inimizades, to make enemies, to set together by the ears.
ININTELLIGIVEL, adj. unintelligible.
INQUAMENTE, adv. wickedly, without a cause.
INQUIDADE, *f. f.* iniquity, wickedness.
INQUO, *a*, adj. wicked, unrighteous, iniquitous.
INJURIA, *f. f.* injury, wrong; also a reproach, ill language.
Dizer injurias. See **INJURIAR**.
O que faz injurias, an injurer.
INJURIADO, *a*, adj. See **INJURIAR**, *v. a.* to injure, to wrong, to reproach.
Injuriar-se, *v. r.* to be offended, to take as an affront.
INJURIOSAMENTE, adv. injuriously, wrongfully, reproachfully.
INJURIOSO, *a*, adj. injurious, wrongful, reproachful.
INJUSTAMENTE, adv. unjustly.
INJUSTICA, *f. f.* injustice.
Fazer huma injustiça, to injure, to wrong, to use unjustly.
INJUSTO, *a*, adj. unjust.
O que be injusto, a wrong-doer, a wronger.

INN

INNASCIVEL, adj. (in theology) that cannot be borne.

INO

INS

INS

INQ

INNA'TO, *a*, adj. See **INGENITO**, and **NATURAL**.
INNA'VEGA'VEL, adj. innavigable, not to be passed by sailing.
INNEGA'VEL, adj. undeniable, uncontrollable.
INNOCENCIA, *f. f.* innocence. See also **SIMPLICIDADE**.
INNOCENTE, adj. innocent, guiltless; also innocent, inoffensive, harmless.
Innocente de huma coisa, ignorant, that knows nothing of a thing, unacquainted with it.
Estar innocente, to be guiltless.
Declarar algum innocente, to acquit, to discharge a person accused.
Innocente. See **SINGE'LO**, and **SIMPLEZ**.
Innocente, *f. m.* and *f.* a child, a babe. See also **IDIOTA**.
d morte, or *svago dos innocents feito por Herodes*, infanticide, the slaughter of the infants by Herod.
O qut mata innocentes, an infanticide, a murderer of infants.
A festa dos Innocents, Childermas-day.
INNOCENTEMENTE, adv. innocently. See also **SIMPLEZMENTE**.
INNODADO, *a*, adj. plunged, involved.
INNOMINADO, *a*, adj. See **IN-AUDITO**.
INNOVACAM, *f. f.* innovation, change, alteration.
INNOVADO, *a*, adj. See the *v.* **INNOVAR**.
INNOVADOR, *f. m.* an innovator.
INNOVAR, *v. a.* to innovate, to alter, to bring up new customs.
INNUMERABILIDADE, *f. f.* the quality of being innumerable.
INNUMERA'VEL, adj. innumerable, numberless.
INNUPTO. See **SOLTEIRO**.

INO

INOEDIENCIA, *f. f.* See **DESO-BEDIENCIA**.
INOBSERVANCIA, *f. f.* the infringing, slighting, or not observing, want of observance and obedient regard.
INOBSERVANTE, *f. m.* one who does not keep a law, custom, or practice.
INOFFICIOSAMENTE, adv. uncourteously.
INOFFICIOSO, *a*, adj. inofficious, discourteous, disobliging. See also **INUTIL**.
Testamento inofficioso, a will by which the sons are disinherited and cut off from an hereditary right.
INOPIA, *f. f.* want, poverty.
INOPINADAMENTE, adv. unexpectedly.
INOPINADO, *a*, adj. unexpected, not thought of.
INORME. See **ENORME**.
INOVADO, &c. See **INNOVADO**, &c.

INQUIETACAM, *f. f.* uneasiness, inquietude.
Inquietacam popular, a mutiny.
INQUIETADO, *a*, adj. See **INQUIETAR**.
INQUIETAMENTE, adv. unquietly, turbulently.
INQUIETAR, *v. a.* to disquiet, to disturb.
Inquietar hum estado com novidades, to make changes in the state, to make alterations in the public.
Inquietar-se, *v. r.* to be vexed or disquieted, to disquiet one's self, to fret, to be uneasy.
Inquietar-se o mar, is for the sea to be violently agitated by the wind.
INQUIETO, *a*, adj. unquiet, restless, turbulent, busy, troublesome. See also **BULICO'SO**, and **TURBULENTO**.
INQUILINO, *f. m.* he that hireth another man's house to dwell in, a tenant.
INQUINA'DO, *a*, adj. See **INQUINAR**, *v. a.* to inquinate, to pollute, to corrupt.
INQUIRICAM, *f. f.* inquisition, strict search, an exact inquiry made by a judge into any cause, a judicial inquiry.
INQUIRICOENS, papers belonging to a judicial inquiry.
INQUIRIDO R. *f. m.* See **ENQUE-REDO R.**
INQUIRIDO. } See { **ENQUERIDO.**
INQUIRIR. } See { **ENQUERIR.**
Inquirir, (among muleteers) to equilibrate, or balance a burthen or load that is to be carried upon the back of a horse, or mule.
Corda de inquirir, a rope to tie a burthen or load, after it has been balanced.
INQUISICAM, *f. f.* the inquisition, or the court established in some countries subject to the pope, for the detection of heresy.
INQUISIDOR, *f. m.* an inquisitor, an officer in the popish courts of inquisition.
Inquisidor geral, the inquisitor general.

INR

INRISTRAR. See **ENRISTAR**.

INS

INSACIABILIDADE, *f. f.* unsatiableness.
INSACIA'VEL, adj. insatiable.
INSACIAVELMENTE, adv. insatiably.
INSALUTIFERO, *a*, adj. unwholesome.
INSANAMENTE, adv. madly, imprudently.
INSANAVEL, adj. See **INCURAVEL**.
INSANIA, *f. f.* madness.
INSANO, *a*, adj. mad.

U u

INSATURA'VEL. See **INSACIA-VEL**.
INSATURA'VELMENTE. See **INSACIAVELMENTE**.
INSCIENCIA, *f. f.* lack of knowledge, ignorance.
INSCRIPCAM, *f. f.* an inscription.
INSCRIPTO, *a*, adj. engraven.
INSCRUTA'VEL, adj. See **INEX-CRUTAVEL**.
INSCULPI'VO, *a*, adj. See **INSCULPI'R**, *v. a.* to engrave.
INSECTO, *f. m.* an insect.
INSENSATO, *a*, adj. mad, frantic, out of his wits, insensate. See also **INSENSIVEL**.
INSENSIBILIDADE, *f. f.* insensibility.
INSENSIVEL, adj. insensible, imperceptible, not discoverable by the senses; also void of feeling, either mentally or corporally insensible; also insensible, void of emotion or affection.
INSENSIVELMENTE, adv. insensibly, in such a manner as is not discoverable by the senses; also insensibly, or by slow degrees; also insensibly, without mental or corporal sense.
INSENSIVO, *a*, adj. See **INSENSIVEL**.
INSEPARAVEL, adj. inseparable.
INSEPARAVELMENTE, adv. inseparably.
INSEPU'LTO, *a*, adj. unburied. Latin *inhypultus*.
INSERIDO. See **ENXERIDO**.
INSERIR. See **ENXERIR**, and **METER**.
INSERTADO. See **ENXERTADO**.
INSERTA'R. } See { **ENXERTAR.**
INSERTA. } See { **ENXERTIA.**
INSERTO, *a*, adj. inserted, placed in, or amongst other things.
INSIBIDADE, *f. f.* (Obsol.) See **IGNORANCIA**.
INSIDIA, *f. f.* See **CILADA**.
INSIDIADO'R, *f. m.* he that layeth wait to deceive, an insidiator.
INSIDIADO, *a*, adj. See **INSIDIA'R**, *v. a.* to lay snares.
Insidar huma mulher, to tempt a woman.
INSIDIOSO, *a*, adj. full of wiles, insidious, sly, circumventive.
INSIGNE, adj. notable, famous, renowned. It has sometimes a niddle signification, and imports fame, whether for good or ill.
INSIGNIA, *f. f.* a particular mark, sign, or token, whereby any thing is known; also coats of arms among gentry; also all marks and tokens of honour, as crowns, robes, scepters, maces, &c. See **DIVISA**.
INSINUACAM, *f. f.* an insinuation; the power of stealing upon the affections; also intimation or slight touch of a thing.
Insinuacem, (in civil law) insinuation, a registering, or entering into a register-book.

INS

INSINUÁDO, *a*, adj. insinuated. See
INSINUAR, *v. a.* to insinuate, to insinuate, to insinuate gently. (In rhetoric.)
Insinuar, to touch on, to mention slightly, to insinuate, to hint, to impart indirectly.
Insinuar, (in law) to register, to enter the register-book.
Insinuar, to insinuate, to introduce any thing gently, to insinuate.
Insinuar-se, *v. r.* to insinuate, to wheedle, to gain on the affections by gentle degrees.
Insinuar-se, (among physicians) to insinuate, to steel into imperceptibly, to be conveyed insensibly.
INSÍPIDO, *a*, adj. insipid, unfavoury, without relish; (metaph.) foolish, void of sense.
INSIPIÊNCIA, *f. f.* insipience, or insipience, want of understanding.
INSIPIENTE, adj. witless, foolish.
INSISTIDO, part. of
INSISTIR, *v. n.* to insist, to urge, or press hard, to stand much upon: See also **CONTINUAR**, and **TEIMAR**.
INSOCIÁVEL, adj. insociable, or unfociable, unconvertible.
INSOFRI'DO, *a*, adj. stormy, boisterous; also stormy, passionate.
INSOFRI'VEL, adj. insufferable, insupportable, not to be endured, intolerable.
INSOLAÇAM, *f. f.* (in pharmacy) insolation, the digestion of any ingredients by exposing them to the sun-beams.
INSOLENCIA, *f. f.* insolence, impudence, petulance.
INSOLENTE, adj. insolent, proud; also unusual.
INSOLENTEMENTE, adv. insolently.
INSOLITO, *a*, adj. unusual, strange; also unaccustomed, unacquainted.
INSOLU'VEL, adj. insoluble, insolvable, inextricable.
INSOMNOLENCIA, *f. f.* watching, lying awake.
INSO'NTE, adj. guiltless, innocent. Lat. *infernus*.
INSOPORTÁVEL, adj. See **INSOFRI'VEL**.
INSPECÇAM, *f. f.* a beholding, or looking upon, a view; also inspection, prying, examination.
INSPECTOR, *f. m.* an inspector, an overseer.
INSUPERADAMENTE, adv. See **INSUPERÁVEL**.
INSPIRADO. See **INESPERADO**.
INSPIRAÇAM, *f. f.* inspiration.
Inspirar, (with anatomists) inspiration, the taking in of air or breath by the dilatation or widening of the chest.
Inspirar, (in music) a minim rest.
INSPIRÁDO, *a*, adj. See
INSPIRAR, *v. a.* to inspire. See also **COMMUNICAR**, and **EXCITAR**.
INSPISSADO, *a*, adj. See

INS

INSPISSAR, *v. a.* to inspissate, to thicken, to make thick.
A açã de inspissar, inspissation.
Inspissar-se, *v. r.* to thicken, to grow thick.
INSTABILIDADE, *f. f.* instability, unsteadiness.
INSTADO, *a*, adj. pressed, urged.
INSTANCIA, *f. f.* instance, earnestness, pressing, urging; also prosecution, or process of a suit; also a new pressing argument.
A primeira instancia, the first hearing of a cause.
INSTANTANEAMENTE, adv. instantaneously, momentarily.
INSTANTE, *f. m.* an instant, a moment.
INSTANTEMENTE, adv. pressingly.
INSTANTISSIMAMENTE, adv. very pressingly, very urgently.
INSTAR, *v. a.* to insist, to press, to urge, to enforce.
INSTÁVEL, adj. unstable, unsteady.
INSTAURAÇAM, *f. f.* instauration, renewing, repairing.
INSTAURÁDO, *a*, adj. renewed, repaired.
INSTAURAR, *v. a.* to renew, to repair.
INSTIGAÇAM, *f. f.* instigation.
INSTIGADO, *a*, adj. instigated, set on.
INSTIGADO'R, *f. m.* an instigator.
INSTIGAR, *v. a.* to instigate, to set on.
INSTILLA'DO, *a*, adj. See
INSTILLAR, *v. a.* to put, or pour in by little and little, to insinuate drop by drop; also to insinuate any thing imperceptibly into the mind, (Metaph.)
INSTINCTO, or **INSTINTO**, *f. m.* natural instinct, desire, or aversion.
Instinto por meio do qual os animais amão aos seus filhos, storge, natural affection.
INSTITUICAM, *f. f.* institution, the act of establishing; also instruction, education, institution.
INSTITUIDO, *a*, adj. See **INSTITUIR**.
INSTITUIDO'R, *f. m.* an institutor, an establisher.
INSTITUIR, *v. a.* to institute, to appoint, to establish. See **NOMEAR**.
INSTITUTA, *f. f.* Institutes, a collection of the Roman laws, made by order of the emperor Justinian.
INSTITUTO, *f. m.* order, institute, or rule of life. See also **INTENTO**, and **DESIGNIO**.
INSTRUCÇAM, *f. f.* instruction, the act of teaching; also education.
Instrucçam, instruction or precepts conveying knowledge.
Instrucçam, ou ordens particulares que os príncipes dão a seus embaixadores, ministros, &c. instruction, orders.
Instrucçam da demanda, the preparing things for the trial, a brief of the case.
INSTRUCTIVO, *a*, adj. instructive.

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INSTRUCO, *a*, adj. instructed. See also **PROVIDO**.
INSTRUTURA, *f. f.* structure, manner of building, make, form.
INSTRUIDO. See **INSTRUCO**.
INSTRUIDO'R, *f. m.* an instructor, a teacher.
INSTRUIR, *v. a.* to instruct, to teach; also to advise.
INSTRUMENTAL, adj. instrumental.
INSTRUMENTO, *f. m.* an instrument, a tool used for any work or purpose; also an authentic writing.
Instrumento, an instrument, a frame constructed so as to yield harmonious sounds.
Instrumento, instrument, an agent, or mean of any thing.
INSUA, *f. f.* a little island in the middle of a river.
INSUA'VE, adj. unpleasing, offensive, disagreeable.
INSUAVIDADE, *f. f.* disagreeableness.
INSUETO, *a*, adj. unusual, unaccustomed. Latin *infustus*.
INSUFFICIENCIA, *f. f.* insufficiency, defect.
INSUFICIENTE, adj. insufficient, incapable, unfit, that is not enough.
INSUFICIENTEMENTE, adv. insufficiently, not enough.
INSUFFLADO, *a*, adj. See
INSUFFLAR, *v. a.* to breathe upon.
O acto de insufflar, insufflation.
INSULA'NO, *f. m.* an islander.
INSULAR, adj. belonging to an island, insular, insulary.
INSULSO, *a*, adj. insulse, insipid.
INSULTADO, *a*, adj. See
INSULTAR, *v. a.* to insult.
O que insulta, an insulter.
INSULTO, *f. m.* an insult, a villainous act, an offence, a wrong.
INSULTUOSO, *a*, adj. that is ready to insult.
INSUPERÁVEL, adj. insuperable, insurmountable, invincible.
INSURDECENCIA, deafness, thickens of hearing.

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INTACTO, *a*, adj. untouched. See also **ILLESO**.
INTEGRA, *f. f.* the proper words of an author without any gloss or comment.
INTEGRAL, adj. See **INTEGRANTE**.
INTEGRANTE, adj. ex. *Partis integrantes*; integral parts, those parts which make up the whole, (in philosophy.)
INTEGRIDADE, *f. f.* intireness, wholeness, integrity; also integrity, honesty, uncorrupt mind, purity of manners, uprightness.
INTEIRADO, *a*, adj. that is perfectly acquainted, or informed. See the verb **INTEIRAR**.
INTEIRAMENTE, adv. intirely, wholly. See **PERFEITAMENTE**, and **PLENAMENTE**.

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INTIRAMENTE, justly, uprightly.
INTEIRAR, v. a. to integrate, to make whole, to renew; also to inform perfectly.
Inteirar-se, v. r. to inquire about a thing, to make an inquiry after it, to inform one's self perfectly about it.
INTEIREZ. See **INTEGRIDADE**. See also **SEVERIDADE**, and **RIGOR**.
INTERIÇADO, a, adj. grown stiff with cold.
INTERIÇAR-SE, v. r. to grow stiff with cold.
INTERIÇO, a, adj. piecemeal, whole, compact, not made of several pieces.
INTEIRO, a, adj. intire, whole, unbroken. See also **COMPLETO**, and **PERFEITO**.
Inteiro, or *illuso*. See **ILLESO**.
Inteiro, upright, honest.
Paguei por inteiro, he has paid me all.
Numero inteiro, (in arithmetic) a whole number, in contradistinction to a fraction.
Brio inteiro, noble courage.
Inteiro na fama, quite free from infamy.
Inteiro, resolute, unshaken. See **INTREPIDO**.
INTELLECÇAM, f. f. intellection, the act of understanding; also the meaning, the sense.
INTELLECTIVEL. See
INTELLECTIVO, a, adj. intellectual, intellectual, exercising understanding. See also
INTELLECTUAL, adj. intellectual.
INTELLECTUALMENTE, adv. with, or by means of the understanding.
INTELLIGENCIA, f. f. intelligence, understanding, skill; also a perceiving, or comprehending.
Intelligencias, intelligences, spiritual beings.
Intelligencia, intelligence, commerce of information, notice, mutual communication, account of things distant or secret.
INTELLIGENTE, adj. intelligent, understanding, knowing. See also **SCIENTE**, and **PERITO**.
INTELLIGIVEL, adj. intelligible, that may be understood.
INTELLIGIVELMENTE, adv. intelligibly.
INTEMERATO, a, adj. undefiled, holy, pure. Lat. *intemeratus*.
INTEMERADO, a, adj. intemperate, immoderate, not master of his own appetite; also diseased, afflicted with disease.
INTEMPERAMENTO, f. m. (among physicians) intemperance, excess of some quality, disorder in the humours of the body.
INTEMPERANÇA, f. f. intemperance, excess in meat or drink. See also **INTEMPERAMENTO**.
Com intemperança, intemperately.
INTEMPERIE, f. f. See **INTEMPERAMENTO**.

INTEMPESTIVAMENTE, adv. unseasonably.
INTEMPESTIVO, a, adj. that is unseasonable, untimely, ill timed.
INTENÇAM, f. f. intention, meaning, purpose, design.
Com segunda intençam, ambiguously, with double meaning.
Intençam, (in metaphysics) intention.
Primira intençam curativa, (in surgery) a spontaneous coalescence, or the closing of a wound without the help of any heterogeneous substance.
INTENCIONADO, a, adj. affected.
Bem, ou mal intencionado, well or ill affected, that has a good or ill intention; also done with a good or bad intention.
Elle he hum dos mal intencionados, he is one of the diseased persons.
INTENCIONAL, adj. ex. *Especies intencionas*, so the ancient philosophers called those atoms which they supposed to issue from objects, and to strike any of the senses.
INTENDER, v. a. to increase, to make greater.
Intender-se, v. r. to increase, to grow greater, to advance in any quality capable of being more or less.
INTENSAM. See **TENÇAM**, and **INTENÇAM**.
Intensam, (in physics) intention, or intension, the increase of any power or quality, as remission is it's decrease or diminution.
A mayor intensam, the highest degree.
INTENSO, a, adj. (in philosophy) intense, raised to a high degree; also ardent, passionate, excessive.
INTENTADO, a, adj. See
INTENTAR, v. a. to attempt, to intend, to design, to go about, or endeavour to do a thing.
INTENTADO, a, adj. attempted, &c. See **INTENTAR**.
INTENTO, f. m. a design, an intention, a purpose, a scheme, an aim, an intent.
Pôr o intento em alguma coisa, to aim at a thing.
Intento, a, adj. intent, anxiously diligent.
INTERCADENCIA, f. f. the intermission, or unequal beating of the pulse.
Intercadencia no discurso, an interruption, an interposing in the middle of a discourse.
INTERCADENTE, adj. ex. *Pulso intercadente*, intermitting pulse.
Dia intercadente, (among physicians) intercadent-day.
Intercadente, discontinued, interrupted.
INTERCALAÇAM, f. f. intercalation, insertion of days out of the ordinary reckoning.
INTERCALADO, a, adj. inserted. See the verb **INTERCALAR**.
INTERCALAR, adj. as, *Dia intercalat*, an intercalary day, the day that is added to the leap-year. See also **EMBOLISMAL**.

Verso intercalar, refret, the burthen of a song, or ballad, a verse interlaced, or often repeated.
INTERCALAR, v. a. to insert, or intercalate.
INTERCEDER, v. n. to intercede, to pray for another; also to intercede, to come in between, to pass between.
INTERCEDIDO, participle. See the verb **INTERCEDER**.
INTERCEPÇAM, f. f. (among physicians) a stopping of the veins and spirits.
INTERCEPTADO, a, adj. See
INTERCEPTAR, v. a. to intercept, to stop and seize in the way.
INTERCEPTO, a, adj. put, cast, placed, laid, or being between.
INTERCESSAM, f. f. intercession, mediation, interposition.
INTERCESSOR, f. m. an intercessor, a mediator.
INTERCESSORA, f. f. mediatrix, a woman who mediates.
INTERCISSO, f. m. one that is cut into pieces.
INTERCOLUMNIO, f. m. the space between columns or pillars, intercolumniation.
INTERCOSTAL, adj. (in anatomy) intercostal, lying between the ribs.
INTERDITO, f. m. an interdict, an ecclesiastical censure, forbidding the exercise of the ministerial function.
Pôr interdito, to interdict.
Interdito a, adj. interdicted.
INTERESSADO, a, that has an interest or share in a thing. See also
INTERESSAL. See **INTERESSEIRO**.
INTERESSAR, v. a. to interest, to give in.
INTERESSAR, v. n. to gain a part, or interest in a thing, to be concerned or interested in it, to reap a benefit by it.
Que interessais vós nisso? what benefit do you reap from thence?
INTERESSE, f. m. interest, concern, advantage, good, profit.
Ter interesse na alguma coisa. See **INTERESSAR**, v. n.
Interesse, (in law) damages, or that money which a borrower owes for not having paid the borrowed sum at the appointed time.
INTERESSEIRO, a, adj. covetous, selfish, self-interested.
INTERFEMINEO, f. m. (among physicians) the space between the upper and inner parts of the thighs.
INTERIÇADO. See **INTEIRIÇADO**.
INTERJACENTE, adj. interjacent, lying between.
INTERJECCAM, or **INTERJEIÇAM**, f. f. (in grammar) an interjection.
INTERIM, adv. interim, mean time. Lat.
Interim, interim, or a certain confession of faith, containing a mixed form of doctrine, tendered by the emperor Charles

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Charles V. at Augsburg, to be subscribed both by Protestants and Papists, and to be observed till a general council.

INTERINO, *a*, adj. that has a charge in commendam.

INTERIOR, *adj.* interior, internal, inner, not outward.

Interior, *f. m.* the inward, or the inner part.

O interior de huma casa, the inner rooms in a house.

So Deus conhece o interior, God alone knows man's heart.

INTERIORMENTE, *adv.* internally, inwardly.

INTERLINEAL, *adj.* written between the lines, interlined.

Glossa interlinear, interlineary Bible, a Bible which has one line of a Latin translation printed between every two lines of the Hebrew and Greek originals.

INTERLOCUCAM, *f. f.* interlocution, dialogue, interchange of speech.

INTERLOCUTOR, *f. m.* a prolocutor or speaker of a convocation; also an interlocutor, a dialogist.

INTERLOCUTORIA, *f. f.* an interlocution, a judge's opinion by the bye, not pronounced as judgment upon the bench.

INTERLUNIO, *f. m.* the time when the moon is invisible.

Pertencente ao interlunio, interlunary.

INTERMEDIO, *a*, *adj.* intermedial, intermediate, that is or lies between.

Intermedio, *f. m.* interim, the mean time or while; *ex. neste intermedio*, in this interim.

INTERMINAVEL, *adj.* interminable, interminate, endless.

INTERMISSAM, *f. f.* intermission, discontinuance, ceasing.

INTERMITTENCIA, *f. f.* intermission, the space between the paroxysms of a fever, or any fits of pain.

INTERMITTENTE, *adj.* intermittent, coming by fits; also broken off for a little time, discontinued.

INTERMITTIR, *v. n.* to intermit, to grow mild between the fits or paroxysms. (Used of fevers.)

INTERNO, *a*, *adj.* internal, inward.

INTERNUNCIO, *f. m.* internuncio, an agent for the court of Rome, in the courts of foreign princes, where there is no express nuncio.

INTERPOLACAM, *f. f.* an interval, a pause, a respite.

INTERPOLADAMENTE, *adv.* with intermissions, not continually.

INTERPOLADO, *a*, *adj.* intermissive, coming by fits, not continual; also standing asunder. See the *v.* **INTERPOLAR**.

Guerra as interpoladas, intermissive wars.

INTERPOLAR, *v. a.* to carry on with intermissions, to interrupt, to do a thing by fits.

INTERPOR, *v. a.* to interpose, to place between; also to interpose, to offer as a succour or relief, to put be-

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tween, to intermeddle. See also **ENTREPOR**.

Interpor-se, *v. r.* to intermeddle, to interpose officiously, to mediate; to act between two parties.

INTERPOSIÇAM, *f. f.* intervention, interposition, state of being placed between two.

Interposiçam da terra, interposition of the earth.

INTERPOSTO, *a*, *adj.* interposed.

Interposta pessoa, a mediator.

INTERPRENDER, *v. a.* (a military word) to surprize, to take unawares, See also **EMPRENDER**.

INTERPRESA, or **ENTREPREZA**, *f. f.* the surprize, or act of taking unawares, a surprisal. See also **EMPREZA**.

Tomar por interpreza. See **INTERPRENDER**.

INTERPRETAÇAM, *f. f.* interpretation, exposition, explanation.

INTERPRETADO, *a*, *adj.* interpreted, explained.

INTERPRETAR, *v. a.* to interpret, to expound, or explain.

Interpretar huma coisa a boa, ou ma parte, to interpret a thing well or ill, to take a thing in good or bad part, to take well or ill, to put a good or bad construction upon a thing.

Que se pode interpretar, interpretable.

INTERPRETATIVAMENTE, *adv.* interpretatively, as may be collected by interpretation.

INTERPRETATIVO, *a*, *adj.* interpretative.

INTERPRETE, *f. m.* an interpreter.

INTERPREZA. See **INTERPRESA**.

INTERREGNO, *f. m.* inter-reign, vacancy of the throne.

INTERROGAÇAM, *f. f.* interrogation, a question or demand.

Por interrogaçam, interrogatively, in form of a question.

Ponto de interrogaçam, note of interrogation, a point of distinction thus expressed (i).

INTERROGADO, *a*, *adj.* demanded, asked a question. See

INTERROGAR, *v. a.* to interrogate, to ask, to put questions.

INTERROGATIVO, *a*, *adj.* interrogative, denoting a question, expressed in a questionary form of words.

Pronome interrogativo, an interrogative, a pronoun used in asking questions, as, who? what? which?

Ponto interrogativo, ou de interrogaçam. See **INTERROGAÇAM**.

INTERROGATORIO, *f. m.* (in law) an interrogatory.

INTERROMPEDOR, *f. m.* an interrupter, he who interrupts, a disturber.

INTERROMPER, *v. a.* to interrupt. See also **ESTORVAR**.

INTERROTO, *a*, *adj.* See **DESORDENADO**.

INTERRUPTAM, *f. f.* interruption.

Sem interrupçam, uninterruptedly.

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INTERRUPTAMENTE, *adv.* interruptedly.

INTERRUPTO, *a*, *adj.* interrupted.

INTERSECÇAM, *f. f.* (in geometry) intersection.

INTERSTICIO, *f. m.* interstice, time between one act and another.

Pertencente a interstícios, interstitial.

INTERVALLADO, *a*, *adj.* See **INTERVALLAR-SE**, *v. r.* to be, to come, or pass between, and is referred to time and place.

INTERVALLO, *f. m.* an interval, any distance of time or place.

Intervallo, (among physicians) See **INTERMITTENCIA**.

Por intervallos, now and then, not uninterruptedly.

INTERVALLO, (in music) interval, distance, or difference between any two sounds, whereof one is more grave, and the other acute.

Lucidos intervallos, lucid intervals.

INTERVENÇAM, *f. f.* intervention, coming between; also intervention, or agency between persons. See also **MEDIAÇAM**.

Intervençam do negocio, an intervening accident, a thing that comes in accidentally.

INTERVENTOR, *f. m.* an interposer, an intervening agent, a mediator, an umpire.

INTERVINDO, *part. of.*

INTERVIR, *v. n.* to intervene, to come betwixt; also to be present.

Intervir, to interpose, to mediate, to act between two parties.

INTESTINAL, *adj.* intestinal, belonging to the guts.

INTESTINO, *a*, *adj.* intestine, internal, inward, not external; also deadly, spiteful, long borne in mind.

Guerra intestinal, intestine war.

Intestino, *f. m.* intestine, gut; most commonly without a singular.

Intestino cego, the fourth gut.

Intestino recto, the strait gut, the rectum.

INTIBIADO, *a*, *adj.* See

INTIBIAR, *v. a.* to cause to be remiss, cold, or without eagerness of devotion, to relent, to remit, to lessen. (In affectics)

Intibiar-se, *v. r.* to grow remiss, cold, to lose the eagerness of devotion.

INTIMAMENTE, *adv.* affectionately, from the heart, intimately.

INTIMADO, *a*, *adj.* See

INTIMAR, *v. a.* to notify, to signify, to give notice, to declare, to make known.

INTIMIDADE, *f. f.* the most secret thought, or affection.

INTIMIDADO, *a*, *adj.* See

INTIMIDAR, *v. a.* to intimidate, to make fearful, to daunt.

Intimidar-se, *v. r.* to grow fearful and dauntedly.

INTIMO, *a*, *adj.* intimate, affectionate, inward, fixed in the heart.

Amigo intimo, an intimate, a familiar friend, one who is trusted with our thoughts.

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Intimo, f. m. See *INTERIOR*, f. m.
INTIMORA'DO, a, adj. See *DESTEMIDO*.
INTITULA'DO, a, adj. entitled.
INTITULAR, v. a. to entitle, to give a title, or discriminative appellation; as, *intitular hum livro*, to entitle a book.
Intitular-se, v. r. to call one's self, to take a title.
INTOLERA'VEL, adj. intolerable, insufferable.
INTOLERA'VELMENTE, adv. intolerably.
INTONSO, a, adj. unshaved, not shorn.
INTORPECI'DO, a, adj. See *ENTORPECIDO*.
INTRANCIA, f. f. entrance, ingress, beginning. See *ENTRADA*.
INTRANSITIVO, a, adj. (in grammar) intransitive.
INTRATA'DO, a, adj. deprived of intercourse, or communication with another.
INTRATA'VEL, adj. intractable, violent, stubborn; also untractable, rough, difficult to be trodden.
INTREPIDAMENTE, adv. undauntedly, intrepidly.
INTREPIDE'Z, or *INTREPIDEZA*, f. f. intrepidity, fearlessness, courage, boldness.
INTREPIDO, a, adj. intrepid, bold, brave, fearless, daring.
INTRICA'DO, a, adj. intricate, hard to be found, or understood, intangled. *Cabello intricado*, (among physicians) See *PLICA*.
INTRINCADO. See *INTRICADO*.
INTRINCHEIRA'DO, &c. See *ENTRINCHEIRA'DO*, &c.
INTRINSECAMENTE, adv. inwardly, intrinsically.
INTRINSECO, a, adj. intrinsic, real, true; also intrinsic, not depending on accident; fixed in the nature of the thing.
INTRODUCCAM, f. f. introduction.
INTRODUCTOR, f. m. an introducer.
INTRODUZI'DO, a, adj. introduced, brought in; also innovated, or newly brought into fashion. See
INTRODUZIR, v. a. to introduce, to usher in, to bring or lead in; also to bring into fashion.
Introduzir-se, v. r. as, *O ouro e a prata introduzirão-se em Esparta no tempo de Agis*, in the time of Agis gold and silver found their way into Sparta.
INTRO'ITO, f. m. introit, the beginning of the mass.
INTROMETTER, v. a. to intromit, to let, or send in.
Intrometer-se, v. r. to creep in, or into; also to meddle, to interpose, to act in any thing.
Intrometer-se, to become, to be made.
INTRONIZAÇAM, f. f. inthronization.
INTRONIZADO, &c. See *ENTRONIZADO*, &c.
INTRUDADO, part. of

INTRUDA'R, v. n. to feast, to banquet, to be cheerful and merry in Shrove-tide.
INTRU'DO, f. m. Shrove-tide.
Terça feira de intrudo, Shrove-Tuesday.
INTRUSAM, f. f. intrusion.
INTRU'SO, a, adj. intruded.
Intruso, f. m. an intruder.
INTUITIVAMENTE, adv. intuitively.
INTUITIVO, a, adj. intuitive.
INTUMECE'R, v. a. to make to swell, to tumefy, to puff up; both in the proper and figurative sense.
Intumecer, v. n. to grow proud, to swell with pride, to be puffed up, to wax proud, stately, and lofty.
Intumecer-se, v. r. to swell, to grow tumid.
INTUMECI'DO, a, adj. tumefied, swollen, &c. See *INTUMECER*.

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INVADEA'VEL, adj. that cannot be waded, or forded over.
INVADI'DO, a, adj. See
INVADI'R, v. a. to invade.
INVALIDA'DE, f. f. invalidity, the nullity of any act or agreement.
INVALIDA'DO, a, adj. See *INVALIDAR*.
INVALIDAMENTE, adv. without force.
INVALIDA'R, v. a. to invalidate, to make void.
INVÁLIDO, a, adj. infirm, invalid, weak.
Soldados invalidos, disabled soldiers, unfit for farther service.
Invalido, invalid, of no force, that does not stand good in law.
INVARI'VEL, adj. invariable.
INVARI'VELMENTE, adv. invariably.
INVASADURA. See *ENVASADURA*.
INVASAM, or *INVAZAM*, f. f. invasion.
Invasam da febre, an access, or a fit of an ague.
INVASIV'O, a, adj. invasive.
INVASO'R, f. m. an invader.
INVECTIVA, f. f. an invective.
Fazer invectivas contra alguem, to inveigh, to speak bitterly against one.
INVE'JA. See *ENVE'JA*.
INVENÇAM, f. f. an invention, a finding out. See also *INVENTO*.
Invençam, a feigned story, or false tale. See also *ARTE*, and *TRACIA*.
Invençam da Santa Cruz, the feast of the Invention, or finding of the Holy Cross.
Invençam, a going about the bush, an affected way of speaking or doing any thing, a compass of words, a fetch about; also a by-way, a cunning shift, a hole to get out at, evasion or subterfuge.
Com invençam, formally, ceremoniously, with too much affectation.
Sem invençam, plainly, unaffectedly.
Ele he hum homem sem invençam, he is a plain-spoken man, he is a man of few words, a man without ceremonies.

Falla sem tantas invençoes, speak without so much ado.
Hum amigo trata sem invençam com outro, friends live freely together.
Invençam, (in rhetoric) invention, or that part which consists in finding out proper means to persuade.
Invençam, affectation, squeamishness.
INVENÇONEIRO, f. m. an affected person, one that over-curiously affects a thing, or that is formal, ceremonious, and exact to affectation.
Invençoneiro, a cunning fellow, or a cunning blade, that seems to decline the thing which he aims at.
INVINCIVEL, adj. invincible, not to be overcome.
INVENCIVELMENTE, adv. invincibly.
INVENTA'DO, a, adj. invented, found out. See also *FINGIDO*.
INVENTA'R, v. a. to invent, to devise, to find out. See also *FINGIR*.
Inventar huma mestira, to broach a lie.
INVENTARIA'DO, a, adj. put into one inventory. See
INVENTARIA'R, v. a. to make an inventory of goods, to inventory.
INVENTARIO, f. m. an inventory of goods.
Fazer inventario. See *INVENTARIAR*.
INVENTIVA, f. f. the inventive art, or power of inventing. See also *INVENTO*.
Que tem boa inventiva, inventive, apt to invent.
INVENTO, f. m. an invention or discovery; also invention, or the thing discovered.
INVENTOR, f. m. an inventor, a broacher, an opener, or utterer of any thing, the first author.
INVENTORA, f. f. an inventress, a female that invents.
INVERNA DA, f. f. the winter-season.
INVERNADO, part. See *INVERNAR*.
INVERNAL, adj. winterly, of winter.
INVERNAR, v. n. to winter, to pass the winter.
INVERNO, f. m. the winter.
Quarteis de inverno, winter-quarters.
INVERNO'SO, a, adj. winterly.
INVEROSIMEL, adj. unlike, unlikely, improbable.
INVESTIDA, f. f. an assault, or onset in battle. In the universities of Portugal, it signifies the custom they have of vexing new-comers by joking and ridiculing them.
INVESTI'DO, a, adj. See *INFESTIR*.
INVESTIDURA, f. f. investiture, a putting into possession of an estate, &c.
INVESTIGAÇAM, f. f. investigation, a tracing, a diligent search.
INVESTIGA'DO, a, adj. investigated.
INVESTIGADOR, f. m. a searcher.
INVESTIGAR, v. a. to investigate. See also *INDAGAR*.
INVESTI'R, v. a. pres. *invisto*, pret.

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Invadir, to invest a town, to invest a dignity; also to attack, to set upon, to fall upon.
INVETERADO, *a*, adj. inveterate, confirmed by long use, obdurate by long continuance.
INVETERAR-SE, *v. r.* to grow inveterate.
INVIADO, *a*, adj. See **ENVIA'DO**, &c.
INVIO, *f. m.* a mountain, or any tract of land that is inviolable or impassable.
Lar.
INVIOLA'DO, *a*, adj. unviolated, inviolate.
INVIOLA'VEL, adj. inviolable, not to be profaned; also inviolable, not to be broken.
INVIOLA'VELMENTE, adv. inviolably.
INVISCA'DO, *a*, adj. entangled with bird-lime, lured, invicated; also that sticks like bird-lime. From *Visco*, bird-lime.
INVISIBILIDADE, *f. f.* invisibility.
INVISIVEL, adj. invisible.
INVISIVELMENTE, adv. invisibly.
INVITA'DO. } See { **CONVIDADO**.
INVITAR. } { **CONVIDAR**.
INVITATORIO, *f. m.* (in the Roman church) an invitatory verse that stirs up to praise and glorify God.
Invitatório, (in poetry) invocation.
INVITE. See **ENVITE**.
Invit, *a*, adj. unwilling, against one's will. See also **CONSTRANGIDO**.
INVICTO, *a*, adj. that has not been overcome.
INUNDAÇAM, *f. f.* an inundation, an overflowing of water, a flood; also an inundation, a confluence of any kind, (metaph.)
INUNDA'DO, *a*, adj. See
INUNDAR, *v. a.* to inundate, to overflow.
INVOCACAM, *f. f.* invocation.
Invocacão poetica, (in poetry) invocation.
Invocacão de huma igreja, the name given to a church.
INVOCADOR, *f. m.* he that invokes the devil.
INVOCADO, *a*, adj. invoked.
INVOCAR, *v. a.* to invoke, to invoke, to implore, to call upon.
INVOLTO'RIO. See **INVOLUTO'RIO**.
INVOLTO. } See { **ENVOLTO**.
INVOLVER. } { **ENVOLVER**.
INVOLUNTARIAMENTE, adv. unwillingly, involuntarily.
INVOLUNTARIO, *a*, adj. involuntary.
INVOLUTO'RIO, *f. m.* (in anatomy) it is said of certain membranes, that cover any part of the body; as the peritoneum which covers the whole abdomen on the inside, and the entrails on the out.
INUSITADO, *a*, adj. not used, unusual.
INUTIL, adj. useless.
INUTILIDADE, *f. f.* unprofitableness, uselessness.

JOH

INUTILIZA'DO, *a*, adj. See
INUTILIZA'R, *v. a.* to render useless.
INUTILMENTE, adv. uselessly.
INVULNERA'VEL, adj. invulnerable, that cannot be wounded.

INX

INXIDRO, *f. m.* (in Alcobaça, and some other parts of Portugal) a little orchard.

JÔA

JOA. See **JORA**.
JOA'NNE, *f. m.* (an antiquated word) hermit.
JOANE'YE, *f. m.* (in a ship) the top-gallant-mast.
Jeanete, the nuckle-bone of the thumbs and great toes, when it sticks out more than ordinary, as it does in some ill-shaped hands and feet.
JOAM da Cruz. See **JAN da Cruz**.

J O B

JOBE'LOS, *f. m.* (an antiquated word) the Spaniards.

J O C

JOCOSAMENTE, adv. jocosely, waggishly, in jest.
JOCO'SO, *a*, adj. jocular, merry, waggish.
JOCUNDO, *a*, adj. jocund, pleasant, airy, gay.

J O E

JOEIRA, *f. f.* a fan; an instrument for winnowing corn.
JOEIRA'DO, *a*, adj. winnowed.
JOEIRA'R, *v. a.* to winnow, to fan, to ray.
Joeirar, (metaph.) to sift, to examine.
JOELHEIRA. } See { **JUELHEIRA**.
JOELHO. } { **JUELHO**.

J O G

JOGADO, &c. See **JUGADO**, &c.
JO'GO, *f. m.* play, game, sport; also conflict, combat.
Jogos de sorte, ou de fortuna, games of chance.
Casa de jogo, a gaming-house.
Ter bom jogo, to have good cards.
Ter mau jogo, to have bad cards.
Boa, ou má fortuna no jogo, good, or ill run at play.
Jogo, a set or number of things suited to each other.
Jogo, the place wherein they play.
Jogo do aro, a certain game with bowls on the ground, which, with little boards fitted for that purpose with handles, they shove forward through a ring, which they call *aro*.
Divida contrabida no jogo, play-debt.
Jogo dos páos, the play called nine pins.
JOGRA'L. See **CHOCARREIRO**.
JOGUETE, *f. m.* a child's play-thing.

J O H

JOHO, *f. m.* (in Peru) a sort of straw.

J O Y

J O M

JO'MO, *f. m.* (in Persia) an itinerary measure containing three *faragars*. See **FARÇANGAS**.

J O N

JO'NICO, *a*, adj. Ionic.
Dialecto Jonico, Ionic dialect.
Ordem Jonica, (in architecture) Ionic order.
JO'NIO, *a*, adj. See **JO'NICO**.

J O R

JORGELIM. See **GERGELIM**.
JORNA. (in cant.) See **VAGAR**.
JORNA'DA, *f. f.* a journey, a travel; also a battle.
Jornada por mar, travel, or voyage by sea.
Jornada por terra, a journey or travel by land.
Jornada, an act in a play.
Jornada, journey, the travel of a day.
Fazer jornada, to journey.
Jornada, march, movement, journey of soldiers; also an expedition, a voyage with martial intentions.
JORNA'L, *f. m.* (with navigators) journal, a book wherein is kept an account of the ship's way at sea, the changes of the wind, &c.
Jornal, day-wages.
JORNALEIRO, *f. m.* a day-labourer.
JORNANDO, (in cant) ex. *Eflex jornando*, I will not go out.
JORNE. See **COROÇA**.
JORRA, *f. f.* a sort of pitch.
Jerra de ferro, the dross of iron.
JORRADO, *a*, adj. laid over with pitch, pitched.
JORRAM, *f. m.* a sled, or sledge, a carriage drawn without wheels.
JORRAR, *v. a.* to pitch, to do over with pitch.
Jerrar, *v. n.* is for a wall to belly out, to batter, to bulge.
JORRO, *f. m.* the side of a wall that bulges from its bottom or foundation.

J O T

JOTA, *f. m.* a jot, a point, a title, the least quantity assignable.
JOTACISMO, *f. m.* iotacism, a running much upon the letter iota, or *I*.

J O V

JOVE. See **JUPITER**.
JOVEN, *f. m.* (A Spanish word.) See **MOÇO**.
JOVENÇA. See **MOÇA**.
JOVIAL, adj. jovial, jolly, merry.

J O U

JOUI'ER, *v. n.* See **JAZER**, and **ESTAR**. (Obsol.)

J O Y

JO'YA, *f. f.* a jewel; also any precious thing; also the astragal of a column.
Jôya.

IRM

Jéja, (with gunners) the muzzle ring of a cannon.
Jôya, (a word of endearment) jewel.
JOYALHEIRO, or **JOYEIRO**, f. m. a jeweller.
JOYEL, f. m. a jewel.
JOYNA, or **JOINA**, f. f. gold-flower, golden moth-wort.
JÓYO, f. m. cockle, darnel.

IPE

IPECACUANHA, f. f. ipecacuanha, a small irregularly contorted root, rough, dense and firm.
IPERICAM. See **HYPERICAM**.

IR

IR. See **HIR**.

IRA

IRA, f. f. anger, wrath, ire.
Com ira, irefully, with anger or ire.
IRACUNDA, f. f. hastiness of temper, a readiness, or natural inclination to anger.
IRACUNDO, a, adj. soon angry, passionate, testy, peevish, naturally inclined to anger.
IRA'DO, a, adj. angry, troubled, in a passion or chafe, ireful; also tempestuous, (speaking of the sea.)
IRA'R-SE, v. r. to be angry, to fall into a passion.
Irar-se muito, to fume, to be very angry, to be in a fume or rage.
IRASCI'VEL, adj. irascible.

IRI

IRIS, f. f. the rainbow; also a sort of fish; also Iris, the daughter of Thaumias and Electra, messenger to Juno.
Iris, (in anatomy) iris, the fibrous circle next the pupil of the eye, distinguished with variety of colours. See also **LYRIO**.

IRM

IRMAO, f. f. sister.
Irmao inteira, a sister by the father's and mother's side.
Irmao de marido, a sister-in-law.
Irmao de meu pay, an aunt by my father's side.
Irmao de minha mãe, an aunt by my mother's side.
Irmao de bisavô, a great grandfather's father's sister.
De irmao, eu concenrente a irmao, of, or belonging to a sister.
As nove Irmaos, or *as nove Musas*, the nine Sisters, the nine Muses, or the sacred Nine.
IRMANENTE, adv. brotherly, lovingly.
IRMANADO. See
IRMANAR, v. a. to match, to pair.
IRMANDADE, f. f. brotherhood, fraternity; also fraternity, brotherhood, society.
IRMAN, f. f. a brother, a german-brother.
Meyo irmao per parte do pay, half-brother, brother by the father's side.

IRR

Meyo irmao per parte da mãe, brother by the mother's side.
O irmao da mãe, the mother's brother, or uncle by the mother's side.
Irmao mayor, the elder brother.
O irmao do pay, the father's brother, an uncle by the father's side.
Irmao colado, a foster-brother.
Irmao gêmeo, a twin-brother.
Irmao uterino, uterine brother.
Irmao, a member, or one belonging to an association, or fraternity.
Irmao, brother, any one resembling another in manner, form, or profession.
IRMAMSINHO, f. m. a little or young brother.

IRO

IRONIA, f. f. irony, a figure in speaking, when one meaneth contrary to the signification of the word, or when a man reasoneth contrary to what he thinketh.
IRO'NICAMENTE, adv. ironically.
IRONICO, a, adj. ironical.
IROSO. See **IRADO**.

IRR

IRRA, an interjection, away! away with! tye!
IRRACIONA'L, adj. irrational, void of reason.
Linhas irracionass, (in geometry) irrational lines, such as are incommensurable to a rational line.
IRRACIONA'VEL, adj. irrational, unreasonable.
IRRADIACAM, f. f. irradiation, a casting forth beams, the bright shining of the rays of the sun.
IRRECOMPENSA'VEL, adj. irrecoverable, irrecoverable.
IRRECONCILIA'VEL, adj. irreconcilable.
IRRECONCILIAVELMENTE, adv. irreconcilably.
IRRECUPERA'VEL, adj. irrecoverable, irrecoverable.
IRREDUZIVEL, adj. irreducible, not to be reduced.
IRREFRAGA'VEL, adj. irrefragable.
IRREGULAR, adj. irregular, deviating from rule. See also **ANOMAL**.
Irregular, f. m. an irregular man, one that by reason of some misdemeanor cannot be admitted into orders, or officiate, if he be in orders.
IRREGULARIDA'DE, f. f. irregularity, going out of rule; also the irregularity of clergymen; that is, when for some fact, as shedding blood, or the like, he may not, according to the canons, perform his function; or if a layman, for some defect, is incapable of receiving holy orders.
IRRELIGIAM, f. f. irreligion, impiety.
IRREGULARMENTE, adv. irregularly.
IRREMEAVEL, adj. irremovable, admitting no return.

ISC

IRREMEDIA'VEL, adj. irremediable.
IRREMEDIABLEMENTE, adv. irremediably.
IRREMISSIVEL, adj. irremissible.
IRREMISSIVEMENTE, adv. unpardonably.
IRREMI'VEL, adj. that cannot be ransomed, or redeemed out of pawn.
IRREPARA'VEL, adj. irreparable.
IRREPARAVELMENTE, adv. irreparably.
IRREPREHENSIVEL, adj. irreprehensible, unblameable.
IRRESOLUCAM, f. f. irresolution.
IRRESOLUTO, a, adj. irresolute.
IRREVERENCIA, f. f. irreverence.
Com irreverencia, irreverently.
IRREVERENTE, adj. irreverent.
IRREVOGA'VEL, adj. irrevocable, not to be recalled.
IRREVOGAVELMENTE, adv. irrevocably.
IRRIGACAM, f. f. (among physicians) a sort of bath.
IRRISAM, f. f. derision, scoffing, irrisation.
IRRISO'R, f. m. a derider, a scoffer.
IRRITACAM, f. f. irritation, vellication. (Among physicians.) See also **ANNUACAM**.
IRRITADO, a, adj. See the verb **IRRITAR**.
IRRITAMENTO, f. m. (Among physicians.) See **IRRITACAM**.
IRRITANTE, part. act. of
IRRITA'R, v. a. to teize, to exasperate, to irritate, to provoke. See also **ANNULLAR**.
Irritar, (among physicians) to stimulate, to irritate, to vellicate.
IRRITO, a, adj. See **NULLO**, and **ANNULLADO**.
IRROGA'DO, a, adj. See
IRROGAR, v. a. to impose, to set upon.
IRRUPCAM, f. f. irruption, inroad, burst of invaders into any place.
IRTO. See **TESO**, and **ARRIPIADO**.

ISA

ISAGO'GE, f. f. an introduction.

ISC

ISCA, f. f. a bait to catch fishes with.
Isca de ferir fogo, tinder.
Isca, (metaph.) an enticement, bait, or allurements.
ISCA'DO, a, adj. baited. (Speaking of a hook.)
Isendo, tainted, infected.
ISCAR, v. a. ex, *Isca o anzol*, to bait a hook.
ISCHIA'DICO, or **ISCHIATICO**, a, adj. (in anatomy) sciatic, or ischiadic.
ISCHION, f. m. (in anatomy) the ischium, or huckle-bone.
ISCHURIA, f. f. (among physicians) ichuria, or ischury, a stoppage or difficulty of urine.
Remedios contra a ischuria, ischuritics, medicines which force urine when suppressed.

ITI

ISE

ISENÇAM, or **IZENÇAM**, f. f. exemption, privilege. See also **INDEPENDÊNCIA**.

Isençam, reservedness, &c. See **ESQUIVANÇA**.

ISENTADO, a, adj. exempt, or free from.

ISENTAR, v. a. to exempt, free, or discharge, to privilege.

ISENTO, a, adj. exempt, or free by privilege. See also **INDEPENDENTE**.

Isento, disdainful, haughtily scornful, that makes no account of.

ISO

ISOGO'NO, f. m. (in geometry) an equiangular figure.

ISOPE. See **HYSOPE**.

ISOPERIMETRO, a, adj. (in geometry) isoperimetrical, that have equal perimeters, or circumferences.

ISOPLAGO, f. m. the œsophagus.

ISOPLEURO, f. m. an equilateral triangle. (In geometry.)

ISOPO. See **HYSOPO**.

ISOSCELES, (in geometry) isosceles, a triangle which has two sides only equal.

ISP

ISPAN'NO, a, adj. Spanish.

ISR

ISRAEL, f. m. Israel, a name given to the patriarch Jacob.

ISS

ISSO, pron. n. that; *isso* be, or *essa* be a *coisa de que nós estamos falando*, that is the thing we are speaking of.

Isso mesmo que você me disseste, that very thing which you told me.

Por isso, therefore, for that cause.

IST

ISTHMIOS jogos, (among the ancient Greeks) the Isthmian games.

ISTHMO, f. m. (in geography) isthmus, a little neck or part of land joining a peninsula to the continent.

ISTO, pronoun demonstrative, this.

ISTRIAM, f. m. a stage-player, an actor, a buffoon.

De, or *Pertencente a istrião*, histrionic, histrionic.

A modo de istriam, histrionically.

ITA

ITALIA, f. f. Italy, a famous country in Europe.

ITALIANO, a, adj. Italian, Italic.

ITE

ITEM, also, item; a word used when any article is added to the former.

IT

Itinerário, a n'itinerary,

JUD

an account, or instruction to travel by, with the distances of places, and directions how to go to them. See also **ROTEIRO**.

ITINERÁRIO, prayers for travellers.

IVA

IVA, f. f. the herb ground-pine, herb-ivy, or field-cypress.

JUB

JUBA, f. f. the name of a lion. Lat. **JURAM**.

JUBEIRO. } See { **GIAM**.

JUBETERIA. } See { **ALGIBEBE**.

JUBETERIA. See **ALGIBETARIA**.

JUBILAÇAM, f. f. the act of exempting one from the duties of his profession. (Speaking of a jubilate.)

JUBILADO, f. m. a jubilate, one that for his long service is exempted from the duties of his profession.

Jubilado, a, adj. See **CONSUMMADO**, and **PERFEITO**. See also

JUBILAR, v. n. to rejoice, to be very merry, to shout for joy and gladness.

Jubilár, (in the universities) is for one to be exempted from the duties of his profession, on account of his long service.

Jubilár na guerra, to be honourably discharged from the military duty.

JUBILEO, f. m. a jubile, or jubilee; a year of rejoicing, celebrated every fiftieth year among the Jews, in commemoration of their deliverance out of Egypt.

Jubileo, (among the Christians) jubilee; a solemnity first instituted by pope Boniface, VIII. in the year 1300; who ordained it to be kept every hundredth year; afterwards Clement IV. ordered one to be kept every fifty years, and Sixtus IV. one to be kept every twenty-fifth year; besides which there are jubilees granted upon other occasions; the meaning of it is an indulgence, or remission of all penalties, or penances due to sin, according to the practice of the primitive church, when they imposed so many years penance for every heinous sin, as adultery, murder, theft, &c.

Huma coisa, cu pessoa que para ve-la ha mister hum jubileo, a seldom-seen thing, or person.

JUBILO, f. m. joy, content, satisfaction.

JUBITERIA, f. f. the street where the doublet-makers live.

JUC

JUCUNDIDADE, f. f. waggery, or merriment.

JUCUNDO, a, adj. jocund, pleasant, airy, gay.

JUD

JUDAICO, adj. Jewish, Judaical,

JUDAISMO, f. m. Judaism, the re-

JUG

ligion, customs, or religious rites of the Jews.

JUDEO, f. m. a Jew; also an injurious and contemptible name in Portugal; also a fish so called.

Judeo, adj. See **JUDAICO**.

JUDIA, f. f. a Jewish woman.

JUDIA DO, part. of

JUDIAR, v. n. to Judaize.

JUDIARI'A, f. f. the quarter where the Jews lived anciently in Portugal.

JUDICATURA, f. f. judicature, judgment, the power of the judge; also a court of judicature; also the district to which the authority of a judge extends.

JUDICIAL, adj. judicial, belonging to a cause, trial, or judgment; also judiciary. (In rhetoric)

JUDICIALMENTE, adv. judicially.

JUDICARIA, or *Astrologia judiciaria*, judicial astrology.

JUDICIÁRIO, f. m. a judiciary astrologer.

Judiciário, a, adj. judicial, or belonging to judicial astrology.

Astrologia judiciaria. See **JUDICARIA**.

JUDICIOSAMENTE, adv. judiciously, wisely.

JUDICIOSO, a, adj. judicious.

JUE

JUELHEIRA, f. f. a pulley-piece, that part of a boot which covers the knee.

JUELHO, or **JOELHO**, f. m. a knee, the joint of the leg, where the leg is joined to the thigh.

Per-se de joelhos, to kneel, to bend the knee, to fall upon one's knees.

Pedir de joelhos, to kneel, to supplicate by kneeling.

Pedir perdão de joelhos, to ask pardon upon one's knees.

Eu achei-o de joelhos, I found him kneeling, or upon his knees.

Que tem joelhos, kneed, having knees.

Metido ate os joelhos, knee-deep, sunk to the knees.

Arma defensiva que serve para cobrir os joelhos, pulley-piece, an armour for the knee.

Rodela do joelho, knee-pan.

JUG

JUGADA, f. f. a sort of tax set upon an acre of ground; also an acre of ground, so much as one yoke of oxen will ear in a day.

Per jugadas, by, or of, every acre; acre by acre.

JUGADEIRO, a, adj. that is loaded with the impost called *jugada*. See **JUGADA**.

JUGADO, a, adj. played. See also the v. **JUGAR**.

Ter a vida jugada aos dados, to be in danger of one's life, to venture, or expose one's life.

JUGADOR, f. m. a gamester.

Jugador, a sorry gamester, or player; a bungler at play.

Juga-

J U I

Jugador das armas, a sword-player, a fencer, one who exercises his weapon.
JUGA'R, v. n. and aét. to play, or game; also to fight.
Jugar as cartas, a p-la, &c. to play at cards, at tennis, &c.
Jugar as armas, to exercise one's weapon.
Jugar com malicia e engano, to play foul play.
Jugar sem malicia, to play fair play.
Jugar de palavras, ou de equívocos, to play upon words, to pun, to quibble.
Jugar, (speaking of a piece of ordnance) to play.
Jugar huma partida, to play a set or game.
Ser o primeiro a jogar, to have the leading hand at cards.
Jugar as punhadas, ou aos murris, to box.
Jugar as pancadas, to beat one another.
Jugar alguma coisa, to play for something.
Fazer jogar, to play, to set a-going, ex. *Fazer jogar huma mala*, to make a spring go.
Jugar, is also for a ship to carry guns of such a bore; it signifies also to steer, or to go steering, as when she is not steadily steered.
JUGO, f. m. a yoke; also a contrivance with forks and spears like gallows, under which the vanquished were forced to pass. See also **SOGECAM**, and **CATIVEIRO**.
Sacudir o jugo, to shake off the yoke, to free one's self.
Jugo gordiano, the gordian knot, a knot which one Gordius, a Phrygian, who being raised from the plough to the throne, hanging up his plough and furniture in the temple, tied up in so very intricate a manner, that the monarchy of the world was promised to him that untied it; which Alexander the Great, after several essays, not undoing, cut with his sword.
JUGULADO, a, adj. jugulated.
JUGULAR, v. a. to jugulate, to cut the throat.
Jugular, adj. (in anatomy) jugular; as, *veas jugulares*, jugular veins.

J U I

JUIZ, f. m. a judge, an officer of eminent parts and probity, appointed to execute justice in civil or criminal causes.
Juiz do crime, a judge in criminal causes.
Juiz ordinário, a judge that has the usual or ordinary jurisdiction, and has the trying of common causes in a place.
Juiz delegado, a judge delegate.
Juiz arbitro, ou leuado, an arbitrator.
Juiz do povo, a justice or keeper of the liberties of the people against the encroachments of the government.
Juiz do terreno, a judge whose business it is to regulate the price of corn.
Juiz do civil, a judge in civil causes.

J U N

Juiz do fisco. See **FISCO**.
Juiz de fora, an officer very much like in power to a mayor of our towns and cities, except London.
Juiz, a judge, one who has skill sufficient to decide upon the merit of any thing.
Juiz do officio, a warden in a company of tradesmen.
P. per falta de homens fizeram a meu pay juiz, for want of honest men, my father was made judge. This they say, when a man is made use of, because no body else can serve, or is in the way; answerable to the Latin, *Cum nemini obtrudi potest iter ad me*.
JUIZO, f. m. judgment, the discerning faculty, reason.
Homem de juizo, a judicious man.
Perder o juizo, to grow mad.
Fazer perder o juizo a algum, to enrage one.
Estar em seu juizo, to be in one's right senses.
Juizo, opinion, mind.
Juizo, (in law) judgment, sentence.
Chamar a juizo, to summon, to cite.
Aparecer em juizo, to appear in court.
Juizo temerario, a rash judgment.
O dia do juizo, the day of judgment, doom's-day; also any day on which there is great confusion. (Metaph.)
Os juizos de Deus, the judgments of God.
Juizo, (among astrologers.) See **PRO-NOSTICO**.

J U L

JULA, f. f. a fish called a calamary, a cuttle-fish, or the sleeve-fish.
JULAVENTO, (an antiquated word) See **SOTAVENTO**.
JULEPE, f. m. a cooling drink called a julep.
JULGADO, a, adj. judged, decided, &c. See the v. **JULGAR**.
Julgado, f. m. a village.
JULGADOR, f. m. See **JUIZ**.
JULGAR, v. a. to judge, to pass sentence upon.
Julgar, v. n. to judge, to form or give an opinion; also to think, believe, or suppose.
Julgar de huma coisa, to judge of a thing, to pass one's judgment upon it.
JULGOU LHE DEOS BEM, God justly inflicted upon him the punishment of being issueless.

J U M

JUMENTA, f. f. See **BURRA**.
JUMENTO, f. m. See **BURRO**.

J U N

JUNÇA, f. f. a sort of angular bulrush.
Junça cheirosa, galingal.
Raiz de junça. See **ALBAFOR**.

X x

J U R

JUNCADA, f. f. strewing flowers, herbs, or branches strewed.
JUNCADO, a, adj. strewed, covered.
JUNCA'L, f. m. a place where rushes grow.
JUNCA'B, v. a. to cover all over, to strew with rushes, flowers, &c.
JUNÇO, f. m. (in a ship) the junk, or upper box in the pump.
Junco, f. m. a rush; also a sort of Indian ship.
Junco de alagoas mais aspero, the May-rush.
Chão de juncos, rushy, full of rushes, juncoous.
Naõ cuideis que he brinco de junco, it is not a trifle, it is a thing of great consequence.
JUNGIDO, or **JUNGUIDO**, a, adj. yoked.
JUNGI'R, or **JUNGUIR**, v. a. to yoke, bind by a yoke. From the Lat. *jungo*.
JUNHO, f. m. the month of June.
JUNONAE'S FESTAS, Junonia. (Among the ancient Romans.)
JUNQUILHO, f. m. jonquil, a sort of flower.
JUNTA, f. f. a joint, a juncture. See **QUADRIL**.
Junta de bois, a yoke of oxen.
Junta, (among carpenters) a juncture, or joint.
Junta dos ossos das espaldas de hum cavallo the withers of a horse.
Junta, a meeting, an assembly.
Junta de medicos, a consultation of physicians.
JUNTADO, a, adj. See **JUNTAR**.
JUNTAMENTE, adv. jointly, together; also moreover.
JUNTAR, v. a. to join, to assemble, to put together. See also **JUNGIR**.
Juntar, to shoot joints, to shoot the edges of two boards true.
Juntar-se, v. r. to meet together, to assemble.
JUNTEIRA, f. f. a jointer, a sort of plane.
JUNTO, a, adj. joined, put together. *Per junta*. See **JUNTAMENTE**.
Junto, prepos. very nigh, hard by.
JUNTOURO, f. m. (among builders) perpend, perpend stone, a stone fitted to the thickness of a wall, so as to shew its smoothed ends on both sides.
JUNTURA, f. f. See **JUNTA**.

J U P

JUPITER, f. m. Jupiter, the son of Saturn and Ops; also Jupiter, one of the seven planets.
Jupiter, or *primeira fortuna*, or *fortuna mayor*, (with astrologers) Jupiter, or the greater fortune.
Jupiter, or *estanho*, (with chemists) Jupiter, or tin.

J U R

JURA, f. f. See **JURAMENTO**.
JURADO, a, adj. sworn.
Jurado, f. m. a magistrate not unlike

AR

JUR

an alderman, so called from the oath he takes, a jurat.
JURADO'R, f. m. a swearer.
JURAMENTADO. See **AJURAMENTADO**.
JURAMENTAR. See **AJURAMENTAR**.
JURAMENTO, f. m. an oath.
Dar juramento a algum. See **AJURAMENTAR**.
Juramento de calúmia, (in law) the oath the plaintiff takes, that he does not bring his suit out of malice.
JURAR, v. a. and n. to swear, to take one's oath.
Jurar sem necessidade, to swear, to curse, to blaspheme.
Jurar falso, to forswear, to swear falsely.
O que jura falso cada vez que lhe dão dinheiro, a knight of the post.
JURDIÇAM. See **JURISDIÇAM**.
JURIDICAMENTE, adv. in course of law, legally.
JURÍDICO, a, adj. juridical, legal.
JURISCONSULTO, f. m. a counselor at law.
JURISDIÇAM, f. f. jurisdiction.
JURISPERITO, f. m. one that is skilful in the law.
JURISPRUDENCIA, f. f. jurisprudence.
JURISTA, f. m. See **JURISPERITO**.
JURO, f. m. interest, use-money paid for the loan or forbearance of a principal sum lent for a certain time.
A juro, or *a razão de juro*, at interest.
Dar dinheiro a juro, to put out money to usury.
De juro, according to right and justice.
Título de juro e herdado, a revenue of inheritance, or an annuity settled upon an estate.
JUROMENHA. See **GEROMENHA**.
JURUBA'CA, (in India) an interpreter, a truchman, or dragoman.
JURUPANGA, f. f. a sort of Indian ship.

JUS

JUS

JUS, f. m. jus, law, right.
JUSANIE, (an antiquated word.) See **VAZANTE**.
JUSO, (an antiquated word.) See **DEBAXO**.
JUSTA, (in cant.) See **CASACA**.
Justa, f. f. a jussing, a running at tilt, tilting.
JUSTADO, part. See **JUSTAR**.
JUSTADO'R, f. m. a tilter, one that runs at tilt.
JUSTAMENTE, adv. justly, righteously; also exactly.
JUSTAR, v. a. and n. to tilt, to run in tilts, to juss.
JUSTIÇA, f. f. justice, a moral virtue; it is also taken for the officers of justice.
Justiça, justice, right, equity.
Encontrar-se com a justiça, to meet with the officers of justice.
Administrar justiça, to administer justice.
Fazer justiça, to do justice, to see that every one has justice done him.
Não se faz justiça, the laws are not put in execution.
JUSTICADO, a, adj. executed, put to death by authority.
JUSTIÇAR, v. a. to execute, to put to death by authority.
JUSTICEIRO, a, adj. severe, that executes justice strictly.
JUSTIÇO'SO, a, adj. idem.
JUSTIFICAÇAM, f. f. justification, clearing. See also **PROVA**.
Justificação, (in divinity) justification, deliverance by pardon from sins past.
JUSTIFICA'DO, a, adj. See **JUSTIFICAR**.
JUSTIFICAR, v. a. to justify, to clear from imputed guilt. See also **PROVAR**.
Justificar, (with printers) to justify, to make the lines they compose even.
Justificar, (in divinity) to justify, to free from past sin by pardon.
O que justifica, a justifier, or justificator.

IZO

Justificar-se, v. r. to justify, or clear one's self of a crime or guilt.
JUSTIFICATIVO, a, adj. that serves to justify, or clear from imputed guilt.
JUSTI'LHO, f. m. a small short waistcoat without sleeves.
JUSTO, a, adj. just, equitable, reasonable; also just, righteous, upright; also exact, fit.
Vestido justo, a fit garment.
Conta justa, a just account.
Justo, f. m. a just, one that is justified, or freed from sin by pardon; also a sort of ancient coin in Portugal.
P. pagar o justo pelo peccador, is for the righteous to suffer for the ungodly.

JUV

JUVENAL, adj. ex. *Jogos juvenais*, certain games or feasts instituted by Nero, for the exercise of youth.
JUVENIL, adj. youthful, juvenile.
JUVENTA, f. f. the goddess of youth.
JUVENTUD, or **JUVENTUDE**, f. f. youth, juvenility.

JUX

JUXTAPOSIÇAM, f. f. (in philosophy) the juxtaposition of parts.

JUZ

JUZANTE, (an antiquated word) See **VAZANTE**.

IZE

IZENÇAM, **IZENTAR**, &c. See **ISENÇAM**, **ISENTAR**, &c.
IZENTIDAM, (obsol.) See **ISENÇAM**.

IZO

IZOPHAGO, f. m. (in anatomy) the oesophagus, the gullet, or a long, large and round canal descending from the mouth to the left orifice of the stomach, through which the meat passes from the mouth to the stomach.

L.

L, f. m. a consonant, and the eleventh letter of the Portuguese alphabet.

LH is pronounced in Portuguese, pressing the tongue against the roof of the mouth close to the upper teeth, and is sounded as *gl* in Italian.

L among the ancients was one of their numerals, worth fifty, according to the poet:

Quinquies L denos numero designat habendos.

But if you put a title on the top of it, will stand for fifty thousand.

L A

LA, f. m. the sixth musical note.

La, (pronoun relative feminine) her, it.

Ei-la aqui, (speaking of a woman) here she is.

Ei-la aqui, (speaking of a thing) here it is. It is always put after the verbs; as, *para vê-la*, to see her, or it.

La, adv. there, yonder, in that place.

Para lá, thither, to that place.

Lá mesmo, in that very place.

Lá onde, where.

Lá em cima, up there.

Cá e lá, here and there.

Perto de lá, thereabouts.

De lá, from thence, or that place.

Por lá, that way, through that place.

Lá, once upon a time, in former days.

Lá vai tudo, all is ruined, lost, undone.

Lá se avinha com isso, let him see into it, I will not trouble myself about it.

L A A

LAã, f. f. wool.

Laã churda, or *charra*, coarse wool.

Laã aparelhada e cardada, carded wool.

Cousa de laã, woollen.

Pelle com laã, woollen, skin not striped of the wool.

Panno de laã, wollen, cloth made of wool.

Frito de laã, ou *semelhante a laã*, woolly.

Fevra de laã, a small lock of wool.

Que tem laã, that hath, or beareth wool.

O que contrata em laãs, a wool merchant.

Cbo de laã, ou *que tem muyta laã*, woolly, full of wool.

Villa, ou *lugar onde se costuma vender a laã*, wool-staple.

Laã seja, ou *que ainda não está lavada*, greasy wool, that has not been scoured since shorn.

Laã miuda, *que os tosadores tirão dos paños*, shear-wool.

Com pés de laã, with woollen feet; that is, imperceptibly, or in a manner not to be perceived, (metaph.)

P. ir por laã e vir tosquiado, to go for wool, and return shorn; to go about to get great matters and loose what one has.

LAARIM. See **LARIM**.

L A B

LABAÇA, f. f. the herb called monks rhubarb.

LABAREDA, or **LAVAREDA**, f. f. a flame or bright burning fire, a blaze; also vehemency, ardour, (metaph.)

Fazer lavaredas, to cast out flames, to flame.

Lavarida do amor, flame, or passion of love.

Lavaredas do ingenho, flashes of wit.

Engenbo que se tem lavaredas, *mas na realidade pouca substancia*, flashy wits.

O que se tem humas lavaredas de engenbo, a flasher, a man of more appearance of wit than reality.

LA'BARO, f. m. the labarum, or Roman standard, on which the emperor Constantine embroidered the cross and name of Christ; also any standard or royal flag.

LA'BE, f. f. a spot, or blemish. From the Latin *labes*.

LABEFACTADO, a, adj. (Among physicians.) See **CORRUPTO**.

LABE'O, f. m. shame, disgrace, dishonour. Lat. *labes*.

Pôr labêo, to make infamous, to deprive of honour, to destroy reputation.

LABERINTO, f. m. a labyrinth, or maze, a place full of turnings and windings.

Laberinto, maze, labyrinth, or trouble.

Labrinto, an intricate, troublesome, scurvy, or perplexed business, an obscure matter.

Laberinto, a composition in verse, which may be read several ways, and still makes good sense.

Laberinto, (in anatomy) labyrinth, the second or third cavity in the ear, in the bone called os petrosum.

LA'BIA, f. f. (in familiar discourses) as, *homem que tem muyta labia*, a cunning prattler, or babler.

LABIAL, adj. labial; as, *Letra labial*, a labial letter, which in pronunciation chiefly requires the lips to form its sound.

LA'BIO, f. m. (among surgeons) labia, or lips.

LABORA'DO, a, adj. See

LABORA'R, v. n. to labour, to toil, to act with painful effort.

Laborar, v. a. to labour, to work, or make. See also **DISPARAR**.

LABORATORIO, f. m. laboratory, a chemist's work-house.

LABORIOSAMENTE, adv. laboriously, painfully, hardly.

LABORIOSO, a, adj. laborious, pains-taking; also requiring much pains, toilsome, wearisome, fatiguing, laborious, not easy; also that can undergo, or endure fatigue.

Labrioso, or *activo*. See **ACTIVO**.

LABREGA, f. f. a country-woman, or country-wench.

LABREGO, f. f. a country-man, a clown, a churl; also a sort of plough.

LABRESTO, f. m. wild colewort, or dockrest.

LABRUSCO, a, adj. See **AGRESTE**.

Vide Labrasca, the weed called wild vine.

LABUTADO, part. of

LABUTAR, v. n. (A vulgar word.)

See **LIDAR**.

L A C

LAÇA'DA, f. f. a slip-knot, a bow-knot.

LACA'IA. See **LACAYA**.

LACA'IO, or **LACAYO**, f. m. a footman, a lacquey. See also **BOBO**.

Lacaõ. See **PRESUNTO**.

LAÇARIA, f. f. flourish, any ornament made by intersecting lines curiously drawn. See also **FESTAM**.

Laçaria de huma cifra, a knot, or flourish in writing.

Laçaria, silken threads that are twisted together.

LACA'YA, f. f. a maid, a woman servant.

LACAYO. See **LACAIO**.

LACHESIS, f. f. Lacheis, one of the three Destinies, and a kind of deity among the Pagans, who, as they say, spins the thread of man's life.

LA'CIO, f. m. Latium, a country of Italy.

Lácio, a, adj. of, or belonging to Italy.

LACIVAMENTE, **LACIVO**, &c. See **LASCIVAMENTE**, **LASCIVO**, &c.

LAÇO, f. m. a snare. Latin *laqueus*; also a wile, a trick, a device. (Metaph.)

Laço de tomar aves, ou *qualquer outro animal*, a noose, a gin, a springe, or snare to take birds or beasts in.

Amor

L A D

Armár bum laço, to lay a snare.
Cabir no laço, to be caught, to fall into the snare.
Laço de leite, so they call the milk after boiling and being skimmed.
LACO NICAMENTE, adv. concisely.
LACÓNICO, a, adj. laconic, concise, brief.
Estylo laconico, laconic style.
LACONISMO, f. m. laconism, a short way of speaking.
LACRA, f. f. See *LACRE*.
LACRADO, a, adj. See *LACRAR*.
LACRA'O, f. m. a scorpion, a venomous insect. Latin *scorpio*.
LACRA'R, v. a. to seal with sealing-wax. From
LA'CRE, f. m. sealing-wax.
LACRIMA'NTE. See *CHOROSO*.
LACRIMO'SO, a, adj. sad, doleful, that would make one weep. Latin *lacrymosus*.
LACTADO, a, adj. See
LACTAR, v. a. (in a moral sense) to nurse up, to bring up, educate or instruct.
LA'CCEO, a, adj. milky, or like milk. Lat. *lacteus*.
Via lactea, milky-way.
Veas lacteas, (in anatomy) lacteal veins.
LACTI'CINIOS, f. m. p. any food made of milk.

L A D

LADAI'NHA, f. f. litany. Lat. *litanía*.
A semana das ladainhas, ou *rogações*, rogation-week, gang-week.
Ladainha, a long narration, or enumeration.
LA'DANO, f. m. a gum made of the fat dew that is gathered from the leaves of the *esteva*. See *ESTEVA*.
LADEADO, a, adj. See
LADEAR, v. a. to go side by side, in order to attend or accompany. From *lado*, side.
LADEIRA, f. f. the side of a hill, a cliff. Lat. *clivus*.
Ladeira abaixo, the descent of a hill.
Ladeira acima, the ascent of a hill.
LADEIRENTO, a, adj. bending downward, steep.
LADEIRINHA, f. f. a little cliff, or descent.
LADI'LHA, f. f. a crab louse. From the Spanish *ladilla*.
LADINO, a, adj. cunning, sly, sagacious; it is generally used for a stranger that speaks Portuguese, or any other language perfectly well.
LADO, f. m. side.
Dar de lados ao navio. See *ESPALMAR*.
Navio ao qual se tem dado de lados, a ship that heels or lies down on her side.
Estar o navio deitado á banda, ou *ao lado para se espalmar*, to heel.
Lado, a domestic.
Lado, a, adj. See *BAXO*.
Lado do pé, that hath a broad foot, splay-footed.
LADRA, f. f. a woman thief; also a

L A D

long pole with a hook to gather fruit.
LADRA'DO, f. m. the barking of a dog.
Ladrado, part. See *LADRAR*.
LADRADO'R, f. m. a dog that barks much.
LADRAM, f. m. a thief. Lat. *latro*.
Ladrão de estradas, a robber, or highwayman.
Ladrão cadimo. See *CADIMO*.
Ladrão de estradas que anda a pé, a pad-dler, a foot pad.
Ladrão apanhado no furto, a thief taken in the act.
Ladrão que nasce ao pé da árvore, a shoot, twig, or scion, springing out of the root, or side of the stock; an useless sucker, a water-shoot.
Ladrão, ou pedaço de murraõ ou fio que faz gastar a vela, se não se lhe acode a tempo, a thief, (in a candle.)
Ladrão que furta das algebeiras, pick-pocket, pick-purse.
Ladrão, (in a wine or oil-cellar) a large earthen vessel under ground to save and receive any oil, or wine, that may run out from the tuns, pipes, or hogheads.
P. o ladrão cuida que todos tãz são, the thief thinks that all men are like him; knaves are most apt to suspect others.
Ladrão geyão, ou jayão, a giant. (Obfol.)
LADRAMSINHO, f. m. a little thief.
LADRA'R, v. n. to bark, to make the noise which a dog makes when he threatens or pursues. Lat. *latrare*.
Ladrar o ventre, to be hungry, to crave meat.
LADRAVA'Z, f. m. (a jocose word) a great thief; also any large pear.
LADRETA, f. f. a sort of fish so called.
LADRIÇO, f. m. the small rope by which the fetters are tied one to the other on a horse's legs.
LADRIDO, f. m. See *LADRADO*.
LADRILHADO'R, f. m. a man whose trade is to lay with bricks, a brick-layer.
LADRILHA'DO, a, adj. See
LADRILHA'R, v. a. to brick, to lay, to pave with bricks.
LADRILHO, f. m. a brick.
Pedaço de ladrilho, brickbat, a piece of brick.
Terra de fazer ladrilhos, brick-earth.
Pó de ladrilhos, brick-dust.
Lugar ao qual se cozem os ladrilhos, brick-kiln.
O que faz ladrilhos, a brick-maker.
O que faz casas, ou outras obras de ladrilhos, a bricklayer, a brick-mason.
Obra de ladrilho, ou tijolo, brick-work.
Muralha de ladrilho, brick-wall.
Fazer ladrilhos, to make bricks.
Ladrilho, a piece of marmalade, shaped like a brick.
LADRO, f. m. See *LADRADO*.
Pielho ladro, a crab-louse.
LADROEIRA, f. f. a place where thieves are concealed.
LADROI'CE, f. f. thievery.

L A G

L A G

LAGAM, f. m. a sort of Indian galley so called.
LAGA'R, f. m. ex. *lagar de vinho*, wine-press, or place where the grapes are pressed in; also the press-room.
Lagar de azeite, a press for oil.
Entende tanto disso, como de lagar de azeite, he has no manner of skill in it.
LAGAREIRO, f. m. a presser, or press-man.
LAGARI'ÇA, f. f. the place the wine runs into out of the press.
LAGAR'TA, f. f. palmer-worm.
Lagarta das vinhas, a vine-fetter, a little hairy worm that eateth vine-leaves, the golden-ring, or the devil's gold ring.
LAGARTI'XA, f. f. an evet, eft, or newt, a small lizard.
Fazer lagartixa, (in the Portuguese India) to scratch the head.
LAGAR'TO, f. m. a lizard. See also *JACARE*.
Lagarto do braço, the arm from the elbow to the wrist. They say, proverbially, *Fullano he bum grande lagarto*; that is, such a one is a sagacious man.
LA'GE, LAGEM, LAGEA, or LAGIA, f. f. a broad and flat stone for pavements, free-stone.
LAGEA'DO, or *LAGIADO*, paved with free-stone.
LAGEAME'NTO, f. m. See *LAGE-DO*.
LAGEAR, v. a. to pave with free-stone.
LAGEDO, f. m. a pavement made of free-stone.
LAGIA'R. See *LAGEAR*.
LAGO, f. m. a lake, or standing pool, but always full of water. Lat. *lacus*.
Lago, or voragem. See *VORAGEM*.
Lago, ou tanque. See *TANQUE*.
LAGO'A, f. f. a moor, fen, or marsh, a standing water, but sometimes dry. Lat. *stagnum*.
LAGOPHTALMO, f. m. lagophthalmia, a disease in the eyes, which makes the patient sleep with his eyes open.
LAGOS, f. m. a town in the province of Algarve in Portugal.
LAGOSTA, f. f. a lobster. Lat. *locusta*.
LAGOSTIM, f. m. a small sea-lobster.
LA'GRA, f. f. (in Malabar) the sugar produced by the palm-tree.
LA'GRIMA, f. f. a tear. Latin *lacryma*; also some seeds and other things shaped like tears, or drops.
Verter lagrimas, to weep.
Debulhar-se em lagrimas, to burst out in tears.
Derramar lagrimas, to shed tears.
Lagrimas, que procedem de alegria, tears that proceed from joy.
Corrente de lagrimas, torrent of tears.
Lagrimas de crocodilo. See *CROCODILO*.

Lagrima

L A M

Laprima pequena, little tear.
Lagrimas, a plant called grummel, graymil, or stonecrop. Latin *libespermum*.
Lagrims, the moisture, or dropping of a tree; also the bleeding or dropping of a vine, &c. when they are cut.
O alho de verter, ou derramar lagrimas, lachrymation.
Que contem lagrimas, lachrymary.
Causa digna de lagrimas, lachrymable, to be lamented, or wept for.
Vaso em que antigamente se juntavam as lagrimas que se choravam por causa da morte de algum, lachrymatory.
Lagrims, lachrymæ Christi, a pleasant sort of wine at Naples.
LAGRIMA'L, f. m. (in anatomy) the lacrymal point, a hole in the bone of the nose, by which the matter that makes tears passes to the nostrils.
Lagrimál, adj. (in anatomy) ex. *Carunculas lagrimas*, carunculae lachrymales, or glandules placed in each corner of the eye, which separate a humid matter for moistening of it.
Fistula lagrimál. See *FISTULA*.
LAGRIMEJADO, part. of
LAGRIMEJAR, v. n. to shed few tears; also to drop, to let drop, to let drops fall, to discharge itself in drops.
LAGRIMINHA, f. f. a little tear.
LAGRIMO'SO, a, adj. full of tears; also doleful, sad, lamentable, sorrowful.

L A I

LAIA. See *LAYA*.
LAICA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a lay-brother. (In a monastery.)
LAIDAR. (Obfol.) See *LIDAR*.
LAIS. See *LAIZ*.
LAIVO, f. m. filthiness, fluttishness, nastiness of the face.
Cara cheia de laivos, a fluttish face.
LA'IZ, f. m. the yard-arms in a ship.

L A M

LA'MA, f. f. mud, mire.
Cheio de lama, muddy, foul with mud.
Enterrar na lama, to mud, to bury in the mud.
Sajar com lama, to mire, to soil with mud.
Lama, so they anciently called a sort of unwrought silk.
LAMAÇAL, f. m. a puddle, a small muddy lake, a dirty place, a slough.
Lamaçal de porcos, the mire where swine wallow.
Lamaçal de javali, the slough of a wild boar, the soil or mire wherein he wallows.
LAMACENTO, a, adj. muddy. See also *LODOSO*.
LAMARAM, f. m. See *LAMAÇAL*.
LAMEADA, f. f. (A vulgar word.) See *FARTADELLA*, and *BARRIGADA*.

L A M

LAMBAREIRO. See *CHOCALHEIRO*.
LAMBA'Z, f. m. a glutton; also an ill-shaped fellow. (a ludicrous word.)
LAMBA'ZES, f. m. p. (in a ship) a swab, a sort of mop made of rope yarns of an old cable.
Alimpar o navio com os lambazes, to swab the ship.
O que alimpa, e lava o navio com os lambazes, a swabber.
LAMBDO'IDE, f. f. (in anatomy) lambdoides, the backward suture of the brain.
LAMBEA'DO. See *COMIDO*, and *LAMBIDO*.
LAMBEDOR, f. m. a syrup.
LAMBEDU'RA, f. f. a licking.
LAMBEL, f. m. a sort of coarse woollen cloth.
LAMBER, v. a. to lick. Lat. *lambere*.
Lamber, to spend riotously in eating and drinking.
Lamber, to run, or flow gently by.
LAMBI'DA, f. f. a licking.
LAMBI'QUE, f. m. limbec, a distillatory vessel.
LAMBISCA'DO, &c. See *PETISCADO*, &c.
LAMBISCAR, v. a. to piddle, to eat without appetite. See *PETISCAR*.
LAMBI'SCO. See *GOLODICE*.
LAMBISQUEIRO, f. m. a glutton, or liquorish fellow, a dainty feeder.
LAMBUÇADA, f. f. (a jocose word) See *FARTADELLA*.
LAMBU GEM, f. f. dainties, junkets, tid-bits, kickshaws, delicacies; also any sort of food that may allure fishes and other creatures to eat, and is different from what they naturally feed upon.
LAMDACISMO, f. m. lamdacismus, a fault in speaking.
LAME'DA, f. f. See *ALEMEDA*.
LAMEGO, a city and bishoprick of that name in Portugal. Here the first cortes or assembly of parliament was held, in which the original laws of the kingdom were enacted.
LAMEGUEIRO, f. m. a tree so called.
LAMEIRA, f. f. or *LAMEIRO*, f. m. See *LAMAÇAL*.
LAMEIRO, f. m. (in the province of Traloz Montes.) See *PRADO*.
LAMENTAÇAM, f. f. lamentation.
LAMENTADO, a, adj. lamented, bewailed. See *LAMENTAR*, and *LAMENTAR-SE*.
LAMENTA'R, v. a. to bewail, to lament, to bemoan, to express sorrow for.
Lamentar-se, v. r. See *QUEIXAR-SE*.
LAMENTA'VEL, adj. lamentable, doleful.
LAMENTO, f. m. See *LAMENTAÇAM*.
LAMIA, f. f. a witch, a she-devil; also a fish called a break-net, being the biggest sort of dog-fish.
LAMINA, f. f. a lamin, a plate or thin piece of metal. Lat. It is also

L A N

taken for any picture painted on copper.
Lamina, an ancient sort of defensive armour, whose contexture discovered such a disposition as that of plates lying over one another.
Laminas do cráneo, ou casco da cabeça, (in anatomy) laminæ, the plates or tables of the skull, of which there are two.
LAMPA, f. f. a sort of present they use to make on Midsummer-day.
LAMPADA, f. f. a lamp. Lat. *lampas*.
Lampada phœbea, (metaph.) the sun.
LAMPADARIO, f. m. a great branched candlestick.
LAMPAM, f. m. a forward or early fig, a fig soon ripe.
LAMPAS, f. f. p. See *VENTAGEM*.
Lavar as lampas, to surmount, to go beyond, to excel, pass, or surpass.
Lampas, so they call a branch with pears, or some other fruit gathered in Midsummer's night.
LAMPASO, f. m. the petty-mullien, wool blade, torch-weed, or high-taper, unwort.
LAMPEAM. See *LAMPADARIO*.
LAMPEIRO, f. m. one that does any thing forwardly. (It is only used in familiar discourses.)
LAMPINHO, a, adj. beardless, smooth.
LAMPO. See *TEMPORAM*.
Figo lampo. See *LAMPAM*.
LAMPRE'A, f. f. a lamprey; we call it also a suck-stone.
Lamprea pequena, a lampern.
LAMPREADO, part. of
LAMPREA'R, v. a. (at the play of nine-pins) to take out the ninth pin with the left-hand, keeping the bowl in the right hand.

L A N

LANADA, f. f. sponge; a rammer or staff with a piece of lamb-skin about the end of it, for scouring great guns before they are charged again, after having been discharged.
LANÇA, f. f. a lance, a long spear. Lat. *lancea*.
Lança comprida. See *PIQUE*.
Lança, f. m. a soldier anciently armed with a spear.
Lança, a meteor, so called, because it has the figure of a lance.
Lanças de agua, a violent shower.
Lança que se uia particularmente na caça de javali, a boar-spear, a hunting pole, a hunter's staff.
Lança, (in agriculture) the stick or latch which is laid across the other two forked ones stuck upright in the ground, to support the vines; a frame whereon vines are joined.
LANÇADA, f. f. a hit or blow with a lance or spear.
LANÇADEIRA, f. f. a weaver's shuttle, whereby he throweth yarn into the web.

LAN-

LAN

LANÇADO, *a*, adj. thrown, cast, &c. according to the verb.
LANÇADOR, *f. m.* (at an auction) a bidder.
LANÇALUZ, *f. m.* See **CAGALUME**.
LANÇAMENTO, *f. m.* reach, or extent from one side to the other. (Speaking of an island, or any tract of land.)
lançamento, situation, local position.
lançamento, an imposition, a tax.
lançamento novo da arvore, a shoot, set, or slip, a scion, a sprig.
Carvalho de lançamento. See **GARANHAM**.
LANÇAR, *v. a.* to throw, to cast, to fling. Lat. *jacere*.
Lançar com força e impeto, to hurl.
A açam de lançar, a throw, hurl, or cast.
Lançar do navio alguma coisa no mar, to heave a thing over-board.
Lançar a roda, to cast all about, or on every side.
Lançar por cima, to cast, or throw over.
Lançar huma coisa no rosto a alguém, to throw a thing in one's dish, to hit him in the teeth with it, (metaph.) See also **EXPROBRAR**.
Lançar, (at dice) to throw.
Lançar os alicesses, to lay the foundation or ground-work.
Lançar fora, to cast out, to turn away, to put out.
Lançar fora com desprezo, to turn off, to dismiss contemptuously.
Lançar pela boca, to vomit, to throw up, to cast.
Lançar, to put, or turn out.
Lançar, (speaking of plants and trees) to shoot.
Lançar a culpa a outrem, to cast the fault upon another.
Lançar, (at an auction) to bid.
O que lança mais, (at an auction) the highest bidder.
Lançar em papel, to sit down, to write.
Lançar raiz, to put out a root, to emit, as a plant.
Lançar cheiro, to breathe forth a sweet smell.
Lançar as linhas em ordem a fazer alguma coisa, to take the proper measures or means to bring a thing about. (Metaph.)
Lançar ancora, to cast anchor.
Lançar hum navio ao mar, to launch a ship.
Laço mão da vossa palavra, I take you at your word.
Lançar mão de huma coisa, to lay hold of a thing.
Lançar o prumo, to cast the lead, in order to sound the depth of the sea, or of a river.
Lançar ferro, to cast anchor.
Por fim lancei de mim aquells impertinente, at last I got rid of that troublesome fellow, I drove him away.
Lançar as fazendas ao mar numa tempestade, to lighten a ship in a storm.
Fazendas lançadas no mar numa tempestade, such goods which the seamen

LAN

cast over-board in danger of shipwreck. Lagan.
Lançar a banda, (a sea phrase) to lay a ship on one side; also to turn the side of a ship towards another in order to give her a broad-side.
Lançar em conta, to reckon.
Lançar conta, to cast an account.
O que lança alguma coisa, a thrower.
Lançar-se, *v. r.* to cast, to throw one's self, to run, to fall, to rush upon.
Lançar-se, to stretch, to protuberate, to get out, to shoot out.
Lançar-se sobre o inimigo, to fall upon the enemy.
Lançar-se aos pés de alguém, to cast, or throw one's self at one's feet.
Lançar-se sobre a presa, (speaking of a bird of prey) to pounce, to stoop.
LANÇAROTE. See **SARCOCOLA**.
LA'ACE, *f. m.* See **ACÇAM**, and **OCCASIAM**.
Lance forçoso, an accident that is unavoidable. See also **LANÇO**.
LANCEIRO, *f. m.* a soldier that fights with a lance.
Lanceiro, a rack to lay spears on.
LANCEIA, *f. f.* a lance.
LANCEIA DA, a prick or gash with a lance.
Dar huma lancetada, to lance, to open chirurgically.
LANCHA, *f. f.* the pinnace or boat of a ship.
LANCHA'RA, *f. f.* a fort of Indian ship so called.
LANCHO, *f. m.* (in cant) a stone.
LANCINHA, *f. f.* a little lance.
LA'NÇO, *f. m.* a throw, hurl, or cast, according to the *v.* **LANÇAR**.
Laço, a cast at dice.
Laço da rede, a cast of a net in fishing, or a draught of fish.
Laço, (in a building) a wall erected in the side of an edifice.
Laço, a tract or space.
Laço, (at an auction) the act of bidding, an out-bidding, or enhancing of the price; also the price bidden.
Botar, or tirar alguém do laço, to outbid, to bid more than another.
Laço, turn, trick, practice, manner, or way of doing any thing.
Laço de amizade, a good turn, a friendly turn, a courtesy, a service.
Laço da divina providencia, a great providence.
Laço de politica, a piece of great policy.
Laço de prudencia, a great piece of wisdom.
Laço de urbanidade, a great piece of civility.
Cousa de bom laço, a thing which may easily be seized.
LANÇOL, *f. m.* a sheet for a bed; also a piece of white sandy ground.
LA'NDE, or **LANDEA**, *f. f.* an acorn, mast to feed hogs with.
LANDGRAVE, *f. m.* See **LANS-GRABE**.
LANDOA. See **LANDE**.
LANGARA, (in the Portuguese India) See **COXO**, and **ALEIJADO**.

LAP

LANGUIDO, *a*, adj. languishing, drooping, weak, languid.
Estar languido, to languish, to be feeble or faint.
LANGUINHENTO, or **LANGUINHOSO**, *a*, adj. clammy, ropy.
LANGUOR, *f. m.* weakness, want of strength.
LANHA, *f. f.* (in *Æthiopia*) the fruit of the cocoa-tree when it is tender and green.
LANHA'DA, or **LANADA**, *f. f.* the sponge for scouring the cannon after firing. Spanish, *landadas*.
LANIFERO, *f. m.* one whose business it is to make wool fit for the clothier.
Lanifero, *a*, adj. ex. *Arts lanifera*, is a lanifera. See
LANIFICIO, *f. m.* working of wool, spinning or carding, the art of making cloth.
LANIGERO, *a*, adj. that beareth wool, or hath a fleece on, lanigerous, laniferous.
LANSGRAVE, *f. m.* landgrave, one who has the government of a tract of land or province in Germany, a count or earl. This title in Germany is now peculiar to the house of Hesse.
LANSQUENETE, *f. m.* lansquenet, a German foot soldier; also lansquenet a game at cards.
LANTERNA, *f. f.* a lantern, or lantern.
Lanterna, ou obra feita de vidro, ou outra materia para dar luz no mais alto de hum edificio, a lantern in the top of a dome or cupola, a sort of sky-light shaped like a lantern.
Lanterna de furtafogo. See **FURTA-FOGO**.
Lanterna magica, magic lantern, a small optical instrument, which shows by a gloomy light upon a white wall, monsters so hideous, that those that are ignorant of the secret, believe it to be performed by magic art.
LANTERNEIRO, *f. m.* a lantern-maker.
LANU'DO, *a*, adj. woolly, full of wool.
LANTOR, *f. m.* a sort of cocoa-tree in India.
LANUGEM, or **LANUGE**, *f. f.* the soft wool, cotton, or fuzz upon fruits, herbs, leaves, &c. the down feathers in birds. See also **BUÇO**.
Cousa que tem lanugem, downy, mossy, covered with cotton, or soft hair.

LAP

LAPA, *f. f.* a small cave, a small grot, or den, a hole in a rock, or mountain; also a kind of shell-fish.
LAPARO, *f. m.* a leveret.
LAPATA, or *Sene de lapata*, a sort of fena.
LAPES, *f. m.* a mixture of lime, train-oil, &c. to sheath a ship; also the planks with which they sheath a ship.
Lançar laps a hum navio, to sheath a ship with the said laps.

L A R

LAPIDA, f. f. a flat square stone, on which inscriptions are wrote.
LAPIDAR, adj. lapidary, engraved on a stone. *Arte lapidar*, the art of making lapidary verses.
LAPIDARIO, f. m. a lapidary, one that polishes or works in stones.
LAPIDOSO, a, adj. belonging to stones; also hard as a stone.
LAPIS, f. m. a black stone used for drawing.
Pão em que se mette o lapis, a port-crayon.
Lapis chumbo, (among painters) a stone that has the colour of lead.
Lapis vermelho, the blood-stone.
Lapis admirabilis, (in pharmacy) lapis medicamentosus.
Lapis hematitii. See **LAPIS** *vermelho*.
Lapis lazuli, lapis lazuli, a stone of a sky colour.
Lapis. See **PEDRA** *fiosfal*.
LAPUS, f. m. (a vulgar word) a clown, a churl, a clouterly fellow; also a greedy gut, a devourer.

L A Q

LAQUECA, or **ALAQUECA**, f. f. a shining stone found in Ballaguete, which has the virtue of stopping the blood.

L A R

LAR, f. m. the hearth, the ground under the chimney. See also **PAVIMENTO**.
Do pé do lar, by the fire-side.
LARADA. See **MULTIDAM**.
LARAL, f. m. a cross-beam or timber in a building.
LARANJA, f. f. an orange.
Laranja da China, China-orange.
Flor de laranjas, flower of oranges.
Agua que se faz de flores de laranjas, orange-flower water.
Perfume que se faz das flores de laranjas, orangery, a sort of perfume.
Bebida fresca feita do sumo de laranjas, agua e açúcar, orangeade, a cooling liquor made of the juice of oranges, sugar, &c.
Laranja azeda, a Seville-orange.
Casca da laranja, orange-peel.
Pedaços de casca de laranja cozidos, orange-chips.
Mulher que vende laranjas, an orange-woman, an orange-wife, a woman who sells oranges.
Cor de laranja, orange-colour.
LARANJA'DA, f. f. a blow with an orange.
LARANJA'L, f. m. orangery, a plantation of oranges.
LARANJEIRA, f. f. an orange-tree.
LARDEADEIRA, f. f. a larding-pin.
LARDEADO, a, adj. See **LARDEAR**, v. a. to lard, to stuff with lard.
LARERA, f. f. (in the provinces of Beira, and Entre Douro e Minho) a fire-place, a room where there is no

L A R

Lares, (in the province of Tral-os-Montes) the iron chains by which a caldron or pot is hung over the fire.
Lares, certain domestic gods of the Romans, lares. The lares were common in all houses, and the penates proper to particular ones.
LARGA, f. f. (a sea-term) ex. *Ir o navio huma larga*, is for a ship to large.
LARGA'DO, a, adj. See **LARGAR**.
LARGAMENTE, adv. See **LIBERALMENTE**, and **DIFFUSAMENTE**.
LARGAR, v. a. to let go, to loose, to let slip; also to forsake, to leave.
Largar o freyo, ou a redea ao cavalle, to give a horse the head, to give a horse the bridle.
Largar a redea, (metaph.) to give more liberty.
Largar a redea ás proprias paixões, to gratify or indulge one's passions.
Largar a preza, to let go one's hold.
Largar as rédeas, to cast off, to let go the hounds. (In hunting.)
Largar mão. See **DESISTIR**.
Largar o panno, ou as velas, to let sail, to hoist sail.
Largar hum officio, to quit, to leave an office.
Largar huma corda, (a sea-phrase) to ease, or to veer out a rope.
Largar as armas, to lay down arms.
Largar, (a military word) to give up, to abandon, to yield up.
Larga-me, or deixame, let me alone.
Largar as fennas, to cast off the feathers.
Largar a pelle, to cast off the skin.
LARGAS, f. f. p. libertinism, a living at large, following one's pleasure without regarding the laws of God. See also **RELAXAÇAM**.
Dar largas, to give too much liberty.
Largis, a sort of bark, or rind, that comes from India, very much like cinnamon.
LARGO, a, adj. large in breadth, wide, broad; also liberal.
Do comprido e ao largo, far and wide.
Largo de palavras, that promiseth to do great things.
Que tem folbas largas, broad-leaved.
Dispor as cousas ao largo, to provide for hereafter.
Largo. See **COMPRIDO**, and **COPIOSO**.
Largo, long, of long continuance.
Caminho largo, broad way.
Panno largo, broad or wide cloth.
Consciencia larga, a large conscience.
Contos largos, a long tale.
Largo, at large.
Passar de largo, to bear off, to stand off, or at a distance.
Largo, undefined, not bounded by proper exceptions, unlimited.
Largo, f. m. See **LARGURA**.
LARGUEADOR, f. m. a liberal giver.
LARGUEAR, v. o. to give liberally.
LARGUEZA, f. f. largess, liberality, bounty, dole, present, donative.

L A S

LARGURA, f. f. breadth, wideness.
LARI, **LARIM**, or **LAARIM**, f. m. a Persian silver coin, in value about six pence.
LARICO, f. m. the larch-tree that yields turpentine.
LARINX, f. m. (in anatomy) the throat, the top of the wind-pipe, by which we fetch breath, and form the voice.
LAROZ, f. m. (among carpenters) See **LARAL**.

L A S

LASCA, f. f. a fragment, a shard, a scrap, a slice of any thing, a splinter.
Lasca de lenha, a chip, or piece of wood, a splinter.
Lasca de marmore, ou de outra pedra, a chip, or shard of marble, or other stone that comes off in hewing.
LASCADO, part. of
LASCA'R, v. n. to splinter, to be broken into fragments.
Lascar, to sneak, to slink.
LASCARIM, **LASCHARIM**, or **LASQUERIM**, f. m. so they commonly call a soldier in India.
Lascarim, or azaviteiro. See **AZEVEIRO**.
LASCIVAMENTE, adv. lasciviously; also charmingly, softly.
LASCIVIA, f. f. lasciviousness, wantonness, lewdness, lust. Lat.
LASCI'VO, a, adj. lascivious, wanton, lewd, lustful; also frolicksome, sportive, gamesome.
LASEIRA, f. f. See **LAZEIRA**.
LASQUENETE. See **LANSQUENETE**.
LA'SSO, a, adj. weary; also loose, slack.
LASTADO, part. of
LASTA'R, v. a. to ballast a ship.
Lastar, to strew, to cover all over. Lat. *conspersione*.
Lastar a algum, to make one suffer, to vex one, to harass him.
Lastar, v. n. to be oppressed, or harassed.
LA'STIMA, f. f. compassion, pity.
Fazer lastima, to move to compassion.
Tir lastima. See **LASTIMAR-SE**.
Que não tem lastima, pitiless, merciless.
Sem lastima, pitilessly, without mercy.
Que tem lastima. See **COMPASSIVO**.
Que faz lastima, pitiful, moving compassion; also pitiful, paltry, contemptible, despicable.
He lastima, 'tis a pity.
Chorar lastimas, to complain of misfortunes.
LASTIMADO, a, adj. ex. *Ser lastimado*, to move to compassion. See also **FERIDO**, and the verb
LASTIMAR, v. a. to hurt, to wound; also to vex grievously.
Lastimar-se de algum, v. r. to pity one.
LASTIMEIRO, a, adj. a vulgar word used instead of *lastimoso*.
LASTIMOSAMENTE, adv. pitifully, so as to raise commiseration.

L A T

LASTIMO'SO, *a*, adj. pitiful, moving compassion.

LASTO, *f. m.* ballast for a ship.

LASTRADO, } See **LASTADO**.

LASTRAR, } See **LASTAR**.

LASTRO, *f. m.* See **LASTO**.

Lastro da terra, the ground, or soil.

Lastro, the last plastering, or rather the surface of the pavement of a cistern, well, &c.

Lastro, (in a moral sense) foundation, or ground on which any notion is raised.

L A T

LATA, *f. f.* a thin plate of hammered latten, or brass.

Lata, or *folha de fandes*. See **FOLHA**.

Lata de par. eira, a lath, or hewn board used to make the trail, or frame of wood that bears up a vine. See **LATADA**.

Per lates, to lath.

Latas do navio, the beams or pieces of timber that support the deck of a ship.

LATADA, *f. f.* a bower, an arbour, a sheltered place covered with green trees, or shrubs, twined and bent; also the trail, or frame of wood, made in fashion of an arbour, to bear up a vine, or any other shrub.

Latada de vide, a vine arbour.

LATAM, *f. m.* latten, brass, a mixture of copper and calaminaris stone.

LATEGO, *f. m.* a scourge or whip made of leather thongs.

Latego, (in a moral sense) a scourge, a punishment, any vindictive affliction.

LATEJADO, part. of

LATEJAR, *v. n.* to throb, to beat, to palpitate, to shoot, to feel an acute pain.

LATER, *v. n.* to lie hid, to lurk. Lat. *latere*.

LATERAL, adj. belonging to the side, lateral, side.

ATERAN O, the church and palace of St. John Lateran, at Rome, where the Lateran council was held, whence the said council took its name.

LATERE, (a Latin word) ex. *Legado à latere*, a legate a latere; the title given to those cardinals whom the pope sends to courts of foreign princes.

LATES, (in India) a sort of machine to draw water out of a pond.

LATIBULO, *f. m.* See **CAVERNA**, and **ESCONDRIJO**.

LATIDAM, *f. f.* latitude, unrestrained acception.

LATIDO, part. of **LATIR**, which see.

Latido, *f. m.* the yelping of hounds after the prey. See also **BRAMIDO**.

Dar latidos, to yelp, to open as a hound after his prey.

Latido do pulso. See **PULSAÇAM**.

LATIGO. See **LATEGO**.

LATIM, *f. m.* the Latin tongue, the Latin, the language anciently spoken in Rome.

O que sabe b-m Latim, a Latinist, one skilled in Latin.

LATINIDADE, *f. f.* Latinity, the Latin tongue, the propriety of that language

L A V

LATINIZADO. See **ALATINADO**.

LATINIZAR. See **ALATINAR**.

LATINO, *a*, adj. Latin.

A lingua Latina, the Latin tongue.

A igreja Latina, the Latin church.

Vela Latina, a triangular sail. See **VELA**.

Latino, Latin, of, or belonging to Latium.

LATINO'RIO, *f. m.* coarse and vulgar words, or terms and phrases that are latinized, bad Latin.

LATINS, *f. m. p.* Latin words, sentences or phrases.

LATIR, *v. n.* to yelp, to bark as a hound after his prey.

LATITU'D, or **LATITUDE**, *f. f.* (in geography) latitude, the distance of a place either north or south from the equinoctial.

Latitud, (in astronomy) latitude, the space that any star or planet goes at any time from the ecliptic.

Latitud, latitude, extent, diffusion; as *Latitud de sabedoria*, latitude of knowledge.

LATOEIRO, *f. m.* a brazier.

LATRIA, *f. f.* latria, the highest kind of worship, and servitude due to God alone. See also **IDOLATRIA**.

LATRI'NA, *f. f.* a necessary house for people to ease themselves.

LATROCINIO, *f. m.* a theft.

L A V

LAVA'CRO, *f. m.* a font or baptistery.

LAVADENTE, *f. m.* (a vulgar word) a reprimand, a lecture, a rebuke, a check.

Dar hum lavadente, to affront, to make ashamed, to rebuke, to check, to lecture.

LAVADO, *a*, adj. washed, &c. according to the verb.

Lavado do ar, aired, exposed to the air.

A mãos lavadas, without taking any pains.

Vem para a mesa com as suas mãos lavadas, he comes to table with his clean-washed hands; when a man intrudes to take share of what others have worked for, without having taken any pains for it himself.

Lavado, *f. m.* so they call the heart which they feed the hawks with the day before they fly them at fowls.

LAVADOURO, *f. m.* a washing place.

LAVADURA, *f. f.* a washing. See also **LEVADURA**.

LAVAGEM, *f. f.* washing; also dish-water.

Lavagem que se dá aos porcos, e se faz com a agua com que se lavarão os pratos, wash, the food of hogs gathered from washed dishes.

Dia de lavagem, washing-day.

Ouro de lavagem, gold dust, as it is found in rivers.

LAVANCO, *f. m.* a kind of wild duck.

LAVAPEIXE, *f. m. f.* the man or

L A V

woman that washes the fish after being scaled.

LAVANDEIRA, *f. f.* a landress, a washer-woman.

LAVANDEIRO, *f. m.* a man-washer.

Lavandeiro de pannos, a fuller of cloth.

LAVANDERIA, *f. f.* a washing place with many square stones, or the like to wash in, a landry.

LAVAPES, *f. m.* the washing of the apostles feet.

LAVAR, *v. a.* to wash. Lat. *lavare*.

O que lava, a washer.

Lavo as mãos disso, I wash my hands of it, I will not be concerned in it.

Casa ou lugar no qual se lava, a wash-house.

Lavar o mar por cima das pedras, (a sea-phrase) is for the sea to over-run the stones or rocks.

Lavar-se, *v. r.* to clear, to justify one's self.

LAVAREDA. See **LABAREDA**.

LAVATICO, or *Cristel lavativo*, a clyster.

LAVATIVO, *a*, adj. See **LAVATICO**.

LAVATORIO, *f. m.* a standing ewer with a cock to it, to wash one's hands.

Lavatório, a washing. See also **BANHO**.

LAUDA, *f. f.* a page.

LAUDANO, *f. m.* laudanum, a medicine extracted out of the purer part of opium; so called from its laudable qualities.

LAUDATI'CIO, or **LAUDATORIO**, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to praise, commendatory.

LAUDE. See **ALAUDE**.

LAUDEMIO, *f. m.* (in the civil law) laudimium.

LAUDES, *f. f. p.* the lauds, that part of the divine service which priests say in the morning next to the matins.

LAVEGO, *f. m.* a great plough to cleanse the lands or fields.

LAVERCA, *f. f.* or **LAVERCO**, *f. m.* a sort of bird.

LAVERNA, *f. f.* Laverna, the goddess of thieves.

LAVOR, *f. m.* a work, a piece of work, workmanship, any sort of work, as sewing, embroidering, or the like.

Lavar de buril, engraving.

Lavar de murta, ou *de outra verdura tequiada em varias figuras*, a work made of trees, bushes, &c. pictures made of herbs and twigs, an arbour, a bower, a knot.

Fazer hum lavor com a agulha, que *representa flores, e ramos*, to branch.

LAVOURA, *f. f.* tillage, husbandry. See also **LAVRA**.

Lavoura de artilharia, cannonades, cannon shots.

LAVRA, *f. f.* tillage, husbandry, ploughing; also tilled, or ploughed land.

LAVRADIO, *a*, adj. arable, fit for tillage.

L A Y

LAVRA'DO, *a*, adj. tilled, furrowed, ploughed; also wrought.
Obra bem lavrada, a fine piece of work.
Perfeitamente lavrado, high-wrought.
Rosto lavrado com rugas, a face furrowed with wrinkles. See also the verb **LAVRAR**.
LAVRADO'R, *f. m.* a husbandman, a farmer, a plougher.
LAVRADO'RA, *f. f.* a husbandman's wife.
LAVRANCHA, *f. f.* a sort of fish so called.
LAVRANTE, *f. m.* See **CANTEIRO**.
LAVRA'R, *v. a.* to plough, to turn up with the plough.
Lavarar, to work at any trade or employment; to till, to sow, to build.
Lavarar huma pedra preciosa, to work a precious stone.
Lavarar com buril, to engrave.
Lavarar com agulha, to embroider, to work with the needle.
Lavarar, v. n. to spread itself, to increase by little and little.
LA'UREA, *f. f.* the laurel with which poets, &c. are decorated.
LAUREA'DO, *a*, adj. laureate, crowned with laurel.
Poeta laureado, poet laureat, the king's poet.
Laureado, that has taken the degrees in the university.
LAUREA'R-SE, *v. r.* to be laureated as a poet; also to have the degrees conferred.
O acto de laurear-se, laureation.
LAUREOLA, *f. f.* See **AURE'OLA**.
LAURI'FERO, See
LAURI'GERO, *a*, adj. that beareth, or wearereth bays; also laureated, crowned or decorated with laurel; also made of laurel.
LAUSPERE'NNE, or **LAUSPERENNIS**, *f. f.* so they call the continual reading of psalms, and other prayers in some churches. Lat.
Lausperenni, (metaph.) any continuance, or uninterrupted succession of things.
LAUTAMENTE, adv. splendidly, plentifully.
LA'UTO, *a*, adj. splendid, plentiful.

L A X

LAXA'DO, *a*, adj. See the verb **LAXAR**.
LAXA'NTE, adj. laxative, that is of a loosening or opening quality, (among physicians.)
LAXATI'VO, *a*, adj. idem.
LAXA'R, *v. a.* (among physicians) to loosen, to open.
Laxar o ventre, to loosen the belly.
LAXIDAM, *f. f.* laxity, looseness.
LA'XO, *a*, adj. loose, not fast.

L A Y

LA'YA, *f. f.* worsted, woollen yarn.
Migas de laya, worsted stockings.
Laya, kind, or sort.
Laya-laya, (in the East Indies) any sorted

LEB

goods or commodities; also, so so, indifferent, not quite good.

LA'YVO. } See { **LA'IVO**.
LAYZ. } See { **LAIZ**.

L A Z

LA'ZARO, *f. m.* a lazar, a leper or leprous person.
Hospital de lazares, a lazar-house, a lazaretto.
Mal de S. Lazaro, a sort of contagious disorder.
LAZEIRA, *f. f.* poverty. See also **LEPRA**, and **GAFIA**.
LAZEIRENTO, *a*, leprous.
LAZER, *f. m.* (A vulgar word.) See **VAGAR**, and **TEMPO**.
LAZERADO. See **MENDIGADO**.
LAZERAR. See **MENDIGAR**.
LAZULI, or **LAPIS LAZULI**. See **LAPIS**.

LE A

LEA'L, adj. See **FIEL**.
Leal, *f. m.* a sort of ancient copper coin.
LEALDAÇAM, *f. f.* a sort of oath. See **LEALDAR-SE**, and **LEALDAR**.
LEALDA'DE, *f. f.* loyalty, fidelity.
LEALDADO, part. of **LEALDAR**, which see.
Affucar lealdade, refined sugar.
LEALDAMENTO, *f. m.* the act of *Lealdar-se*, which see.
LEALDA'R-SE, *v. r.* this verb formerly signified to swear that such provisions as were imported by him who had taken the oath, served only for his own use; but now, some say it signifies to make one citizen of Lisbon.
Ir lealdar. See **LEALDAR-SE**.
LEALMENTE, adv. loyally, faithfully.
LEAM, *f. m.* a lion.
Leão, (in astronomy) Leo, Lion, the name of one of the twelve signs of the zodiac, which the sun enters in July.
Leão marinho, a sort of amphibious animal, very much like a lion.
Leão, a sort of ancient piece of cannon.
LEAMSINHO, *f. m.* a little lion, a lion's whelp.

LE B

LEBORA'DA, *f. f.* a particular way of dressing a hare stewed.
LEBOREIRO *cão*, a harrier, a dog for hunting hares.
LEBRA CHO, *f. m.* a leveret, a young hare.
LE'BRE, *f. f.* a hare.
Pé de lebre, the herb called hare's foot.
Excremento da lebre, crotons, hare's dung.
Tapada em que se criaõ lebres, a hare-warren.
Seguir huma lebre pello rasto, to prick a hare.
O couil da lebre, the form, or the bed of a hare.

Y y

LEG

Lugar onde a lebre vai comer junto da noite, the relief of a hare.
Dar a lebre voltas para fugir do caçador, is for a hare to double.
Voltas que a lebre dá para fugir dos cães, doublings.
Correr atrás de huma lebre, to course a hare.
Armadilha para caçar lebres, hare-pipe.
Lebre de mar, a deformed fish, called a sea-hare.
Lebre, a constellation called the Hare.
Levantar huma lebre. See **LEVANTAR**.
Lebris, (in a ship) the ribs of the parrels.
P. levantar a lebre para que entrem medres; we say, one beats the bush, and the other catches the bird. The Latin say, *alii sementem faciunt, alii m. tust*, (one sows and another reaps.)
LEBRE L, *f. m.* a large Irish greyhound. Spanish.

LE C

LECHI'NO. See **LICHINO**.
LECTISTE'RNIO, *f. m.* a covering of the table at public entertainments; a spreading a funeral banquet to the gods, in the ceremonies of heathen burials.
LECTIVO, adj. (in the university) ex. *Dias lectivos*, the days on which a professor teaches.
LECTURA. See **LEITURA**.

LE D

LEDI'CE, *f. f.* See **ALEGRIA**.
LEDO, *a*, adj. See **ALEGRE**.

LEG

LEGAÇAM, *f. f.* a plant called prickly bindweed.
LEGACI'A, *f. f.* legation, legateship, the office or function of a legate; also the judgment-seat of a legate.
LEGA'DO, *f. m.* a legacy, a gift bequeathed by a testator in his will, a bequeathment, a bequest.
Deixar hum legado, to bequeath.
Aquelle a quem se deixou o legado, a legatee.
O que deixa hum legado, a legator.
Que se pode deixar como legado, legable, that may be bequeathed by legacy.
Legado do papa, a legate, an ambassador sent by the pope to a foreign prince.
Causa feita por hum legado, ou pertencente a elle, legatine.
LEGA'DO, *a*, adj. bequeathed.
LEGA'L, adj. legal, done or conceived according to law.
LEGALIDADE, *f. f.* legality, agreeableness to the law.
LEGALMENTE, adv. legally, according to law.
LEGA'R, *v. a.* to bequeath.
LEGATA'RIO, *f. m.* a legate, a legatary.
LEGATU'RA, *f. f.* a sort of woollen stuff.

LE

LEI

LEGIAM, f. f. a legion, a regiment or body of the Roman army, consisting of sometimes more and sometimes less, but at the most six thousand foot, including three hundred horse; also any great number.
LEGIONARIO, a, adj. legionary, belonging to a legion.
LEGISLADOR, f. m. a legislator, a law-giver.
LEGISLADO, a, adj. See
LEGISLAR, v. a. to make, or establish laws.
LEGISTA, f. m. a lawyer, a person skilful in the law.
LEGITIMA, f. f. the son's share of the inheritance of his father's goods.
LEGITIMACAM, f. f. the act of travelling with the privileges of lawful birth; legitimization.
LEGITIMADO, a, adj. See **LEGITIMAR**.
LEGITIMAMENTE, adv. legally, lawfully, legitimately.
LEGITIMAR, v. a. to legitimate, to make or declare natural children legitimate.
LEGITIMIDADE, f. f. legitimacy.
LEGITIMO, a, adj. lawful, legitimate.
LEGIVEL, adv. legible, that may be read, easy to be read.
LEGOA, f. f. a league, commonly three miles.
LEGRAR, f. f. a surgeon's instrument with which he lays open the skull, to search whether it be sound.
LEGRADO, a, adj. See
LEGRAR, v. a. a term in surgery, signifying to lay open the skull to search whether it be sound.
LEGUMIE, f. m. any sort of pulse, as peas, beans, &c. Lat. *legumina*.

LEI

LEI, f. f. a law. Latin *lex*.
Fazenda de lei. See **FAZENDA**.
Moeda de lei, money coined according to the standard of the coinage.
Moeda que não se de boa lei, forged or counterfeit money.
Dizer leis de alguém. See **INJURIAR**.
P. la waõ lei onde querem reis, the laws go which way kings please; that is, monarchs make the laws speak what they please.
LEIGENÇO, f. m. an ancome, fellow, or bile.
LEIGO, a, adj. lay, secular, temporal. See also **IGNORANTE**.
Homem leigo, a lay or secular man.
Irmão leigo, lay-brother.
LEILAM, f. m. auction, out-cry, public sale.
Vender em leilão, to sell by auction.
Lançar em leilão. See **LANÇAR**.
LEIRA, f. f. a quarter, or bed in a garden.
LEIRAM, f. m. a dormouse. Spanish *liron*; and both from the Latin *glis*.
LEIRIA, f. f. a city and bishoprick in Portugal.

LEI

LEIRIO'A, f. f. a sort of apple so called, because the apple-tree that produces it grows near Leiria.
LEITAM, f. m. a sucking-pig; also a sort of fish so called.
Leitão mais pequeno que os outros que nasceraõ da mesma barrigada de buma porca, a cadma, the least of the pigs which a sow has at one farrowing.
LEITE, f. m. milk. Lat. *lac*.
Amã de leite. See **AMA**.
Leite de mulher, de vacca, &c. a woman's or cow's milk.
Vacca de leite, a milk-cow.
Tirar o leite a buma vacca, to milk a cow.
Primeiro leite que se tira das vaccas depois de parirem, beestings, or beastings.
Leite fervido que se da as crianças, thick-milk.
Sopa de leite, milk-pottage.
Lugar donde se tira o leite, a milk-house, or dairy.
De leite, ou branco como leite, milky, milk-white.
Dente do leite, milk-tooth, which comes forth before when a foal is about three months old.
Mudar-se, ou converter-se em leite, to become like milk, to be turned into milk.
Irmão de leite, a foster-brother.
Irmã de leite, a foster-sister.
Leite de gallinha, an herb called dog's-onion, star of Bethlem.
Feito de leite, milken.
Que da leite, milky, or yielding milk.
Leite, milk, white juice of some plants.
O que ordenha, ou tira leite dos animais, milker.
Tarro ou vaso em que se deita o leite que se ordenha, milk-pail.
Vaso em que se conserva o leite depois de se terem ordenhado as vaccas, cabras, &c. milk-pan.
Homem que vende leite, a milk-man.
Beber como leite algum erro, (metaph.) to suck in an error with one's mother's milk.
Mar de leite, (metaph.) a calm sea.
LEITEIRA, f. f. a milk-woman; also the herb lithymal, spurge, or milk-weed.
Leiteira, a sort of Indian milky shrub.
LEITO, f. m. a bed. Latin *lectus*.
Leito armado, a furnished bed.
Capra, taboas, &c. de que se compoem o leito, beadstead.
Colunas ou pilares do leito, bed-posts.
Cortina do leito, bed-curtain.
Leito de rio, the channel or bed of a river.
Leito, (in fortification) the planking of a battery for cannon to be planted on.
Leito, bed, marriage; as, *Do primeiro, ou segundo leito*, of the first or second bed, or marriage.
Leito, (among masons) the space or room that may be filled up with a stone.
LEITO'A, f. f. a female sucking pig.

LEM

LEITADO, a, adj. fat, well-liking, in good plight.
LEITOR, f. m. a reader; also a lecturer, or lector.
LEITORADO, f. m. one of the lesser orders in the church, lectureship.
LEITUARIO. See **ELECTUARIO**.
LEITU'RA, f. f. the office of reading lectures; also a lecture, or reading.
Leitura, any discourse, either written or printed.
Leitura. (Among printers.) See **CICERO**.
LEIVA, f. f. (In the province of Minho.) See **ADUELA**.
Leiva, a balk, or ridge of land between two furrows.
LEIXADO. } See { **DEIXADO**.
LEIXAR. } See { **DEIXAR**.

LEM

LEMBRADO, a, adj. mindful, remembering.
Estar lembrado, to remember.
LEMBRANÇA, f. f. remembrance. See also **ADVERTENCIA**, and **ADMOESTACAM**.
Perder a lembrança de buma coisa, to forget a thing.
Trazer a lembrança, to remind.
Segundo a minha lembrança, as far as I can remember.
Dai-lhe minhas lembranças, remember me, remember or present my service, or my respects to him.
LEMBRAR, v. a. to remind, to put in mind.
Ainda bem que me lembrestes, porque facilmente me teria esquecido, well remembered, for I had like to have forgot it.
Lembrar-se, v. r. to remember, to recollect, to call to mind.
Lembrar-se dos tempos passados, to remember past times.
Lembrante, I remember.
Lembrar-se de hum negocio, to remember a business, to mind it.
Todas as idades se lembravaõ daquella acção, that action will never be forgotten.
Lembraivos das vossas promissas, remember your promises.
Lembraí-vos de mim, remember me.
Livro, em que se assentaõ as cousas para se lembrar dellas, a remembrance-book.
O que faz que varem se lembre de alguma coisa, a remembrancer, one that puts in mind.
LEMBRETE, f. m. (A familiar word.) See **ADVERTENCIA**.
LEME, f. m. the helm or rudder of a ship.
Leme, the hinge of a gate.
Leme, two equal stars belonging to the constellation, called Charles's wain.
O que está ao leme, steersman, steersmate.
A acção do governar o leme, steering.
Leme, the helm, or station of government.
Tir na mão o leme do governo, to sit at the helm, to govern.

LEN

Cana de lena. See **CANA**.

LEMISTE, f. m. a sort of superfine black cloth.

LEMNIA, adj. as *Terra Lemnia*, Lemnian earth, a sort of earth of an astringent quality, used in pharmacy.

LEMURES, f. m. p. lemures, hobgoblins, ghosts, or night spirits.

LEMURIAS, f. f. p. feasts dedicated to such spirits as they called lemures, in the month of May.

LEN

LENCARIA, f. f. linen, cloth made of flax or hemp.

LENÇO, f. m. an handkerchief.

Lenço de muro, the curtain of a wall.

Serie de lenço que as freiras trazem no pescoço, a wimple.

LENDIA, f. f. legend, a book containing a particular account of the lives of the saints.

LENDEIA, f. f. a nit.

LENHA, f. f. wood to burn, firewood.

Lenha, que cabe com o vento, chablish, wind-fallen wood.

Lenha miúda que serve para acender o lume, sticks.

Ir á lenha, to go to purvey and get wood.

Aquella que vai á lenha, que faz a provisão da lenha, he who goeth forth to get wood, and to provide fuel; a purveyor of wood.

Casa da lenha, wood-house.

Que tem muita lenha, woody.

O que contrata em lenha, a wood-monger.

Cortar lenha, to fell wood, to cut down trees.

Pilha de lenha, a wood-pile.

P. a bem mais vindes fazer a lenha, we say, harm watch, harm catch.

P. nam sabe em que mais vá fazer lenha, he is at the last cast; he knows no longer what shift to make, or what means to use; he does not know which way to turn himself.

LENHATO, f. m. a sort of ancient ship so called.

LENHEIRO, f. m. a wood-cleaver or feller of wood.

LENHO, f. m. a block, any large timber, the trunk of a tree. See also **BAIXEL**, and **EMBARCAÇAM**.

O facto lenho, the tree or cross on which our Saviour suffered.

LENHO'SO, a, adj. (speaking of plants) branchy, full of branches; also ligneous, resembling wood, hard as wood.

LENIDA'DE, f. f. lenity, mildness, softness, gentleness, calmness.

LENIR, v. a. to ease, to assuage. Latin *lenire*.

LENITIVO, a, adj. (among physicians) lenitive, emollient; also lenient, mitigating.

Lenitivo, f. m. ease, comfort, an easing, disburthening, or lightening of grief or trouble.

LEP

LENOCINIO, f. m. pimping, pandering, the practice of bawdry; also enticement, inveiglement, complaisance, alluring language.

LENTAMENTE, adv. slowly, lingeringly.

LENTAR, v. n. to wax moist, or dank.

LENTE, f. m. a professor, a lecturer or reader of any art or science in the public schools.

Dignidade, ou occupação de lente, professorship.

Lente, a reader, one that peruses any thing written. See also **LENTILHA**.

LENTEJADO, a, adj. See

LENTEJAR, v. a. ex. *Lentejar o trigo*, to wet the corn before sending it to the mill; which they do when it is extremely dry.

LENTEJAR, v. n. See **LENTAR**.

LENTEIRO, f. m. a marsh, a watery tract of land. It is sometimes taken for a subterraneous marsh.

LENTICULAR, f. m. (in surgery) lenticular instrumentum.

LENTILHA, f. f. lentil, a small kind of pulse.

Lentilha, ou nodosa vermelha que vem ao rosto, a freckle, a little red spot in the face like a lentil.

Que tem esta sorte de lentilhas, freckled.

Lentilha, ou lente de olho, (in optics) lens a glass spherically convex on both sides.

Lentilhas de peço, water lentils, ducks meat, reates.

LENTISCO, f. m. the tree whence the mastich cometh, the lentisk, or mastich-tree.

Palito feito de lentisco, ou aroeira, a toothpick made of that wood.

LENTO, a, adj. slow, slack, backward, dull, lazy, dilatory, lingering.

Febre lenta, an hectic fever.

Fogo lento, a gentle soft fire.

Lento, moist, wet.

Fazer-se lento. See **LENTAR**.

LENTURA, f. f. moisture, dankness, humidity.

LEO

LEOA, f. f. a lioness. Latin *leo*.

LEONADO, a, adj. tawny or murrey.

LEONCULO, f. m. See **LEAMSINHO**.

LEONEIRA, f. f. a lion's cave or den.

LEONINO, a, adj. Leonine; as, *Verfos Leonios leo*, Leonine verses, a sort of Latin verses, which rhyme in the middle and end, so named from Leo, the inventor as, *gloria sanctorum temere conceditur bonum*.

LEOPARDO, f. m. a leopard, or libbard.

LEP

LEPRA, f. f. the leprosy.

Que tem lepra, leprous.

LEPROSO, f. m. a leper, one infected with leprosy.

Y y z

LET

LEQ

LE'QUE, f. m. a fan, an utensil used by women to cool themselves; also a sort of Persian coin.

LEQUIOS, or **LEQUEIOS**. See **FERMOSA**.

LER

LER, v. a. to read. Latin *Ligere*.

Lêr, to teach a science; as, *Lêr filosofia*, to teach philosophy.

Lêr a cartilha a alguém. See **CARTILHA**.

LERDO, a, adj. slow, lazy, dull.

LES

LES fuesse. See **VENTO**.

LESAM, f. m. damage, hurt, a slight wound.

Lesão, (in law) wrong, damage, grievance.

LESIRIA. See **LEZIRA**.

LESMA, f. f. a slug, or a slug-snail, or dew-snail, a sort of snail without a shell.

LESNORDESTE, f. m. east-north-east.

LESO, a, adj. hurt, wounded.

Crime de lesa-majestade, high treason.

LESTE, f. m. east.

Leite quarta a nordeste. See **VENTO**.

Leite quarta a sueste. See **VENTO**.

Leites e prestes. See **PRESTES**.

LESTO, a, adj. ready.

LESTRAS, or **LESTRE**, a sort of rush that they use to thatch houses, &c.

LET

LETA'L, adj. lethal, deadly, mortal. Latin *lethalis*.

LETALMENTE, adv. deadly.

LETARGO. See **LETHARGO**.

LETE, f. m. Lethe, a river in Africa; which because it runeth many miles under ground, the poets feigned it to be one of the rivers of hell.

LEYEO. See **LEYHO**.

LETHA'L, &c. See **LETAL**, &c.

LETHA'RGICO, a, adj. lethargic.

Letbárgico, f. m. one that hath a lethargy.

LETHARGO, f. m. lethargy.

Lubargo. (Metaph.) See **PREGUIÇA**, and **OCIO**.

LEYEBE. See **LETE**.

LETHEO, of, or belonging to *Lethe*. See **LETE**.

LETRA, f. f. a letter, a character, such as those of the alphabet; also hand, or hand-writing.

Letra com que os impressores marcao o fim de cada folha, a signature.

Letra de impressor, a type with which books are printed.

Letra de cambio, a bill of exchange.

Tomar huma coisa á letra, ou ao pé da letra, to take a thing literally, or in a literal sense.

A letra com sangue entra, the letter is imprinted with blood; that is, with labour.

LEV

labour and pains; he that will learn, must labour.

Letra, the motto of a device.

Letra dominical. See *DOMINICAL*.

Letra, a motetto; also a pastoral poem; also the words of a motetto or any pastoral poem.

Por huma causa por letra. See *ESCREVER*.

Homem que sabe muita letra, a man fit for business.

Lêtras, learning, study, knowledge, literature.

Homem de letras, a learned man, a lettered man, a scholar.

Letras divinas, the holy scriptures.

Letras humanas, human learning.

O que faz letras para a imprensa, a letter-founder.

Letras do príncipe. See *DIPLOMA*.

P. as letras não embota a lança, learning does not make a man the worse soldier.

LETRADI'NHO, f. m. a man of some literature.

LETRA'DO, f. m. a lawyer.

Letrado, o, adj. learned; also marked with letters, or something like them.

Os homens letrados, the literati, the learned.

LETRADURA, f. f. learning, literature.

LETREIRO, f. m. an inscription. See also *ROTULO*.

Litrito da sepultura. See *EPITAPHIO*.

LETRI'A, f. f. See *ALETRIA*.

LETRI'NA. See *LATRINA*.

L E V

LEVA, f. f. the action of weighing or taking up the anchor.

Peça de leva, the sailing-gun.

Leva de gente, a levy, or raising of soldiers.

Fazer levar to levy, or to raise men.

LEVA'DA, f. f. water conveyed through a leat, trench, or furrow into the fields, mills, &c.

Levada de cabeça, a rebuke, a reprehension, a chiding expression, an obijurgation.

LEVADENTE. See *LAVADENTE*.

LEVADI'A, f. f. (a sea-term) it is used in the following phrase and the like; *Andar o mar de levadia*, is for the sea to break so boisterously as to oblige to weigh anchor and keep far from the shore. From *LEVA*, which see.

LEVADI'ÇA, f. f. a draw-bridge, or any other thing like it, that may be lifted up.

LEVADI'ÇO, a, adj. that may be lifted up; as, *Ponte levadiça*, or *levadiça*, a draw-bridge. See also *PORTA levadiça*.

Levadiço, moveable, not fixed, such as may be carried from place to place.

LEVA DO, a, adj. carried away from one place to another. See also the verb *LEVAR*.

Levado, prompted, incited, instigated.

LEV

See also *PERSUADIDO*, and *INDUZIDO*.

LEVADO, a, adj. leavened; also puffed up, heaved.

LEVADO'R, f. m. a ravisher, one that carries away a woman in order to ravish her.

LEVADURA, f. f. leaven, or ferment for bread; *a levando*, because it makes it rise.

Paõ sem levadura. See *ASMO*.

Levadura, excrements, ordure. (Speaking of a hen.)

LEVANTADO, a, adj. lifted, raised; also high elevated in place, raised aloft.

Estylo levantado, sublime stile.

Entendimento levantado, quick wit.

Levantado, revolted, rebellious. See also the verb *LEVANTAR*.

Lugar levantado, a rise, an elevated place.

LEVANTADO'R, f. m. a levatory, a surgeon's instrument to raise up the skull when it is depressed.

LEVANTAMENTO, f. m. the act of raising or lifting; also an insurrection, a rebellion, &c. See *LEVANTAR*.

LEVANTANTE, adj. (in heraldry) rampant.

LEVANTAR, v. a. to raise, to lift; also to build, to construct.

Levantar mão de uma obra, to leave off a work.

Levantar huma coisa cabida, to take up a thing that is fallen, to raise a thing from the ground.

Levantar a voz, to lift up one's voice, to speak louder.

Levantar hum edificio, to rear up a building.

Levantar o que fôr derrubado, to rebuild, to re-edify, to repair.

Levantar algum a honras, &c. to advance, to promote, to prefer, to raise up one to some honours, &c.

Levantar mais huma muralha, to raise a wall, to make it higher.

Levantar, to elect, to take in preference to others.

Levantar o preço, to raise or increase the price.

Levantar hum monumento, to raise or set up a monument.

Levantar as cartas, to cut the cards.

Levantar de copos, euros, &c. to turn diamonds, hearts, &c.

Levantar gente ou soldados, to raise, to levy men.

Levantar o estylo, to raise one's stile.

Levantar o sitio, to raise or quit a siege.

Fazer levantar o sitio, to raise, or to make the besiegers raise.

Levantar o campo, to raise the camp.

Levantar a mesa, to take away after dinner.

Levantar a casa, to rouse, start, or spring game, according as it is.

Levantar huma libre, to put up, to start a hare.

Levantar huma perdiz, to spring a partridge.

LEV

O sol levanta os vapores, the sun raises or attracts on high the vapours.

Levantar alheios, ou testemunhas a algum, to accuse falsely.

Levantar huma questao, to start or move a question.

Levantar a cabeça, to hold up one's head.

Fazer levantar a cabeça a algum, (metaph.) to set one up again, to put him in a way to retrieve his fortune.

Levantar, to take away.

Levantar bandeiras contra algum, to proclaim war against one.

Levantar de jáa casa. See *INVENTAR*.

Levantar a excommunhaõ, to free or release from the excommunication.

Levantar ferro, to weigh anchor.

Levantar figura. See *FIGURA*.

Levantar gente de guerra, to raise or levy soldiers, or troops.

O levantar do sol, the rising of the sun.

Levantar as orelhas, to prick up one's ears.

Levantar hum tumulto, to raise a sedition.

Levantar grande risa, to laugh aloud, to laugh outright.

Levantar, v. n. to begin to settle, to grow fair, to hold up. (Speaking of the weather.)

Levantar, to rise, to increase in price.

Levantar-se, v. r. to rise, to get up, to be stirring.

Levantar-se aquelle que está assentado, to rise, to get or stand up.

Levantar-se, (speaking of the sun, stars, &c.) to rise, to begin to appear, to break out from below the horizon.

Levantar-se, (speaking of the wind or storm) to rise, arise, or begin to blow.

Levantar-se da cama, to rise from bed.

Levantar-se depois de dar huma queda, to rise, to get up from a fall.

Levantar-se, to fall from, to revolt, to rise, to break into military commotions.

Levantar-se por cortezia quando algum chega, to rise up to one, to do him reverence.

Levantar-se do jogo, to give over play.

Levantar-se a mayores, to grow haughty.

Levantar-se com cousa alb.a. See *USURPAR*.

Levantar-se de huma doença, to recover out of a disease.

Levantar-se, (speaking of trees, herbs, &c.) to grow high.

Levantar-se, to rise, to obtain height of rank or fortune.

Levantar-se com alguma coisa, to take possession of any thing.

Levantar-se o devedor, is for a debtor to break, to become bankrupt.

Levantar-se, to rise from a covert, to spring.

Levantar-se o coelbo, is for a coney to bolt.

Levantar-se a perdiz, is for a partridge to spring.

O acto de levantar-se, rise, the act of rising.

Le-

LEV

LEPANTE, f. m. the Levant, the East.
Estar de levante, to be unsettled; also to be in readiness, or to be ready to depart, or set out.
LEVANTISCO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the Levant, or eastern country; Levantine.
LEVAR, v. a. to carry, to bear, to remove from a place; opposed to *trazer*, i. e. to bring or convey to a place.
Levar ás costas, to carry on the back.
Levar diante, to carry before.
Levar de huma parte para outra, to carry from one place to another, to transfer.
Levar para dentro, to bring in, or into.
Levar para fora, to carry forth, or out.
Levar á roda, to carry about, or in a round.
Levar, to carry, to take, to snatch away.
Levar consigo, to bring along with one.
Aquillo leva muito tempo, that takes up a great deal of time.
Levar algum ao juiz, to sue one, to prosecute him by law.
Levar algum pela mão, to lead one by the hand.
Levar por força, to drag, or draw by force, to snatch away.
Levar, to carry off, to kill. See also **FURTAR**.
Levar santa vida, to live regularly and religiously.
Levar boa vida, to live in pleasure.
Levar má vida, ou *levar huma vida trabalhosa*, to work hard, to have much to do to keep life and soul together.
Levar, to drive out, to expel, to carry off.
Levar á paciência, to bear, to suffer.
Levar com paciência, to bear patiently.
Levar huma coisa ao cabo, to carry a thing through, to bring it about.
Levar vantagem, to exceed, to have an advantage.
Levar, levar ancoras, levar ferro, or *levar-se*, (sea terms) to weigh anchor.
Quanto leva um por, &c. what are your terms for, &c.
Levar a sua avante, to go on constantly.
Levar apoz si os olhos de todos, to draw the attention of all the people present.
Levar Deus adiante, is for God to make prosperous, and give success.
Levar pellos ares, (speaking of a mine, and in gunnery) to blow up into the air.
Levar o gado a pastar, to drive the cattle to pasture.
Levar a bem, or *em bem*, to be pleased, to consent, to admit, to like.
Levar a mal, to take offence or exception.
Levar per mal a algum, to handle or treat one roughly and without tenderness.
Levar per bem a algum, to handle or treat one tenderly, and without harshness, to use one gently.

LEV

Levar, to carry, to win, to gain in competition; as, *Levar o premio*, to win the prize.
Levar os votos, to over-vote, to conquer by plurality of votes, to out-vote.
Levar da espada, to draw a sword.
Levar em conta alguma quantia, to set a sum down, as laid out, or received.
Levar em conta alguma coisa, to consider, to regard, to value a thing, to take it as a favour.
Levar em conta, to discount, to deduct, to abate.
Levar vencido, to overcome, to surmount. (Speaking of troubles and dangers.)
Levar as coisas seguras pela prudência, to manage things with discretion.
Levar a melhor, to win, to get the better.
Levar hum propósito, to design, to intend, to have a mind to a thing.
Levar o mesmo caminho, to go the same way.
Levar este ou aquelle caminho, to go this or that way.
Levar certo caminho, (in a moral sense) to fix upon a course of life.
Levar máo caminho, to take bad or wicked courses, to take wrong courses.
Tudo levou máo caminho, all was wasted.
Deixar-se levar, to be prevailed upon, to yield, to give way to; as, *Deixar-se levar da ira*, to be transported with passion, to give way to passion.
Levar tantos annos a outro, to be so many years older than another.
Levar, to contain, to hold as a vessel.
Levar pancadas, to be cudgelled.
Levar aquites, to be whipt, lashed, or scourged.
Levar-se, v. r. to be prevailed upon, to give way to.
Levar-se, to weigh anchor.
LEUCOPHLEGMACIA, f. f. leucophlegmacy, a sort of dropsy.
LEUCOPHLEGMATICO, a, adj. leucophlegmatic.
LEVE, adj. light, that is not heavy; also quick, nimble; also small, trifling, slight, not great.
Leve, or inconstante, fickle, inconstant, wavering.
Doença leve, a disorder that is easily cured.
Leve, innocent, guiltless.
Pão leve, or *de lo*. See **LO**.
Ficar a mão leve a algum, is for one to be ready to commit the same fault, or to injure and wrong again.
Crer de leve, to be credulous, to believe on light grounds.
Leve, light, easy to be digested, light of digestion.
Leve de bolsa, light of purse.
Leve, free from care and trouble.
Que tem o sono leve, that is easily waked.
Abjurar de leve, to abjure a light error.
LEVES, f. m. p. the lights of a beast.
LEVEDAÇO, a, adj. leavened.
LEVEDA'R, v. n. to heave, to swell or rise as dough does.

LHA

Levedar, v. a. to leaven the dough.
LEVADO, a, adj. See **LEVADO**.
LEVEMENTE, adv. lightly, slightly, superficially.
LEVEZA, f. f. lightness, want of weight. See also **LIGEIREZA**.
LEVIANDADE. See **LIVIANDADE**.
LEVIANO. See **LIVIANO**.
LEVIATAM, f. m. leviathan, a water animal mentioned in the book of Job.
LEVIDADE, f. f. lightness, want of weight; also swiftness, lightness, nimbleness.
LEVIDAM, f. f. lightness, want of weight; also conciseness, brevity.
LEVIGADO, a, adj. See
LEVIGAR, v. a. (in chemistry) to levigate, to rub or grind to an impalpable powder.
A açam de levigar, levigation.
LEVISTICO, f. m. lovage, an herb.
LEVITA, f. m. a Levite, one of the tribe of Levi, or belonging to the priestly office.
LEVITICO, f. m. Leviticus, one of the five books of Moses, so called from its treating of the office of the Levitical order.

LEX

LEXIA, f. f. See **BARRELLA**.
LEXICON, f. m. a lexicon, a dictionary. Greek.

LEY

LEY. } See { **LEI**.
LEYCENÇO. } { **LEICENÇO**.
LEYTOR. } { **LEITOR**.

LEZ

LEZAM. See **LESAM**.
LEZIRA, f. f. so they call a field that is overflowed by the river Tagus, and afterwards made arable and fit to sow corn in.

LHA

LHA, the fem. of the pronoun mixed *lha*, to him, or to her, of it; or it, to him, or to her; as, *Eu dei-lha*, I gave it to her, or to him: *Eu entreguei-lha*, I delivered it to him, or to her: *Elle deu-lha*, he gave it to him or to her: *Eu tinha-lha dito*, I had told him, or her of it.
N. B. You must make use of these pronouns, both masculine and feminine, according to the gender of the thing that is said, sent, delivered, &c. and not of the person to whom the thing is said, sent, given, &c.
LHANAMENTE, adv. plainly, sincerely.
LHANEZA, f. f. plainness, sincerity, plain-dealing.
LHANO, a, adj. plain, sincere, honest. See also **PLANO**.
Homem lhano, a downright honest man.

LIB

L H E

LHE, a pronoun conjunctive; to it, to him, or him, to her, or her; as *eu lhe dei*, I will tell him, or I will tell her: *Eu lhes prometti*, I promised them; as well for the masculine as the feminine.

Deve-lhe a vida, I owe my life to him, to her, or to it.

R representou-se-lhe, it was represented to him, or to her.

Lhe is sometimes rendered in English by you, ex. *Que lhe parece aquillo?* what do you think of that? *Assente no que lhe digo*, be persuaded, or believe what I tell you.

L H O

LHO, a pronoun mixed, to him, or to her, of it. See **LHA**.

L I A

LIA, f. f. mother of wine.

Criar-lia, is for the wine to cast up a mother.

LIACA, f. f. a bundle; as, *Liaga de vimes*, a bundle of osiers.

LIACAM, f. f. (among ship-carpenters) the ribs of a ship.

LIADO, a, adj. tied, united, bound. See also **LIADO**, and the verb **LIAR-SE**.

LIADOURO, f. m. (in masonry) one of those long stones in a wall that jut or stand out farther than the rest, and which serve to join it to another wall.

LIAME, f. m. See **LIACAM**.

LIANCA, f. f. union. See also **ALI-ANCA**.

Liança de sangue, ou por casamento, affinity, alliance by marriage.

Fazer liança, to match.

LIAM. See **LEAM**.

LIAR, v. a. to bind, to alligate, to tie one thing to another.

Liar paredes, to join a wall to another by the means of a **LIADOURO**, which see.

Liar-se, v. r. to make, or to enter into an alliance or confederacy with one.

Liar-se por amizade com algum, to join friendship with one, to engage in a friendship with him.

Liar-se em parentesco, to match.

Liar-se com algum, to embrace, to squeeze one in an hostile manner.

L I B

LIBACAM, f. f. libation, a ceremony used in the Pagan sacrifices wherein the priest poured down wine, milk, and other liquors, in honour of the deity to whom he sacrificed, after he had first tasted a little of it.

LIBADO, a, adj. See **LIBAR**.

LIBANO TO, f. m. an herb that smelleth like frankincense; also rosemary.

LIBAR, v. a. to sacrifice, to offer. See **LIBACAM**. Lat. *libare*.

Libar, to touch lightly; also to taste or sip.

LIB

LIBELLATICOS, f. m. p. libellatici, so they called those christians in the primitive times, who, that they might not be forced to worship idols, gave up their names in petitions to pay a fine.

LIBELLO, f. m. (in law) a libel, a declaration or charge against a person in court.

Libello diffamatorio, or infamatorio, a libel, a satire, a lampoon, a libellous pamphlet.

Fazer libelles diffamatorios, to libel, to satirize, to lampoon.

LIBERAL, adj. liberal, bountiful, generous, free. See also **NOBRE**.

Artes liberais, liberal arts, such as are fit for gentlemen and scholars, as mechanic trades and handicrafts are for meaner people,

LIBERALIDADE, f. f. liberality, bountifulness, generosity.

LIBERALIZADO, a, adj. See

LIBERALIZAR, v. a. to give liberally.

LIBERALMENTE, adv. liberally, largely, bountifully; also freely, openly, frankly; also freely, easily.

LIBERDADE, f. f. liberty, freedom, as opposed to necessity.

Liberdade, liberty, freedom, as opposed to slavery.

Liberdade, liberty, leave, permission, licence.

Demasiada liberdade, licentiousness, boundless liberty, contempt of just restraint.

Que tema demasiada liberdade, licentious.

Dizer liberdades, to talk licentiously.

Cem liberdade, freely, openly, frankly.

Dar liberdade a algum, ou tirallo de castigo. See **LIBERTAR**.

LIBERTADO, a, adj. made free, enfranchised.

LIBERTADO'R, f. m. he who sets free.

LIBERTADO'RA, f. f. a female that sets free.

LIBERTAR, v. a. to set free, to enfranchise.

Libertar-se, v. r. to free or to rid one's self, to get free.

LIBERTO, f. m. one that has been a slave, and made free.

Filho de liberto, a libertine, the son of a freed man.

LIBETHRIDES, f. f. p. the Muses of the Magnesian fountain.

LI' BIA, or **LI' BYA**, f. f. Libya, that part of the world commonly called Africa.

LI' BICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to Libya.

LIBIDINOSAMENTE, adv. lustfully, after his own lust and pleasure.

LIBIDINOSO, a, adj. lustful, luxurious, unchaste.

Ser libidinoso, to play the lecher, or wanton.

LI' BIO, a, adj. See **LIBICO**.

LIBRA, f. f. a sort of ancient coin in Portugal.

L I C

Libra de França, a French livre, or eighteen pence.

Libra esterlina, a pound sterling.

Libra, libra medica, or the physicians pound, containing twelve ounces.

Libra, (in astronomy) Libra, one of the twelve signs of the zodiac, directly opposite to Aries, and the sixth from it.

LIBRAÇAM, f. f. (in astronomy) libration, a libratory motion, or motion of trepidation.

LIBRA'DO, a, adj. See

LIBRAR-SE, v. r. to swing to and fro, as in the libratory motion of a pendulum; also to depend upon, to rely on.

Librar-se, to hover, to hang in the air over head, without flying off one way or other.

Espá-se a aguia librando nos ares, the eagle hovereth on high.

LIBRAR, v. a. (speaking of birds) as, *Librar o corpo*, to hover.

Librar, to ground, to found as upon cause, or principle.

Librar as suas esperanças em algum, to depend or rely upon one.

Em Deus libro todas as minhas esperanças, God is my only hope, my hope is in God alone.

LIBRE, or **LIBRE'A**, f. f. a livery, the clothes given to servants; also livery or a particular dress worn as a token of any thing.

LIBRE'O, f. m. a large Irish greyhound. See also **CAM de fila**.

L I C

LICANÇO. See **LICRANÇO**.

LIÇAM, f. f. reading; also a lecture or a lesson, or instruction.

Homem que tem muita liçam, a well-read man.

As varias liçens, (among critics) the different readings, or variation of copies.

Dar lição a algum, or instruir algum, to lesson, to teach, or to instruct one.

Liçam, lesson, or portion of scripture, lives of the saints, &c. read in divine service.

LIÇAMSINHA, f. f. a little or short lesson.

LICA'TE. See **ALICATE**.

LICENÇA, f. f. licence, permission, leave, liberty.

Dar licença, to give leave, to licentiate, to permit.

O que dá licença, a licencer, a granter of permission.

Com licença, with leave.

Com sua licença, by your good leave, with your favour, saving your displeasure, no offence to you.

Dai-me licença que vos responda, give me leave to answer you.

Ss um. me da licença, if you give me leave, if you please.

Licença poetica, a poetical licence, or liberty.

O que se serve, ou faz uso da licença, a licentiate, a man who uses licence.

Licença,

L I D

Licença, licence, licentiousness, exorbitant liberty, contempt of legal and necessary restraint.
Licença, (in the universities) a licentiate's degree.
LICENCIAMENTO, *s. m.* the act of taking a licentiate's degree.
LICENCIAMENTO, *v. a.* to disband, to dismiss from military service, to break up.
Licenciar, to break up, to dissolve, to put a sudden end to.
Licenciar a assembleia, to break up the meeting.
Licenciar, to countenance, to encourage. (Speaking of vice, licentiousness, &c.)
Licenciar aos soldados a villa, to give leave to the troops of sacking and plundering the town, to leave it at their discretion.
LICENCIAMENTO, *s. m.* a licentiate's degree.
LICENCIATURA, *s. f.* idem.
LICENCIOSAMENTE, *adv.* licentiously.
LICENCIOSO, *a, adj.* licentious, dissolute, unruly.
Licenciosa penna, latitude, or freedom from settled rules in writing.
Licencioso, *s. m. as*, *O licencioso dos postas*, poetical licence or liberty.
LICEO, or **LYCEO**, *s. m.* Aristotle's school near Athens.
LICHINACAM, *s. f.* (in surgery) *as*, *Curar huma ferida por lichinacam*, to heal or cure a wound by putting lichins into it. See
LICHINO, *s. m.* fine linen scraped to threads, to be put into a wound. It is different from *macha*, a tent, or roll of lint to be put into a wound.
LICHAMENTE, *adv.* lawfully.
LICITO, *a, adj.* lawful.
Que não he licito, unlawful.
Se me he licito fallar assim, if I may say so, if I may use the expression.
LICO, *s. m.* it is generally used in the plural. See **LICOS**.
LICOR, *s. m.* See **LIQUOR**.
LICORNE. See **UNICORNO**.
LICOS, the plural of **LICO**, the owse, or thread of linen wound on the two beams which the sley moves up and down. Span. *lizos*.
LIGRANÇO, *s. m.* a shoe-worm or blind-worm. Lat. *cacilia*.
LICTOR, *s. m.* (among the ancient Romans) a lictor, he who carried the axes and bundles of rods before the magistrates.

L I D

LIDA, *s. f.* fatigue, toil, trouble.
Ado com esta lida, I work hard at this business.
De muita lida, toilsome, laborious, that pains must be taken about; also laborious, that takes pains.

L I G

Com muita lida, laboriously.
LIDA'DO, part. of
LIDA'R, *v. n.* to labour, to take pains. It is generally used with *com* after it.
Lidar com a morte, to struggle with, or against death.
Lidar com algum, to have to do with one.
Lidar sobre qualquer coisa, to dispute any thing, or to discuss it.
Lidar para ganhar a vida, to work for one's livelihood.
Estar cansado de lidar com a vida, to be weary of one's life.
Que lida, laborious, that takes pains.
LIDE, *s. f.* a fight, a battle. See also **DEMANDA**.
LIDIA. } See { **LYDIA**.
LIDIO. } See { **LYDIO**.
LIDIMADO. See **LEGITIMADO**.
LIDIMAR. See **LEGITIMAR**.
LIDIMO, (an antiquated word) See **LEGITIMO**.
Ladrao lidimo, a great thief.
LIDO, *a, adj.* read.
Homem lido, a well-read man, or read man.
LIDRO'SO, *a, adj.* greasy.
Lã lidrosa, greasy wool, that has not been scoured since shorn.

L I E

LIENTERIA, *s. f.* lientery, a kind of looseness, or diarrhæa, wherein the food passes so suddenly thro' the stomach and intestines, as to be thrown out by stool with little or no alteration.
LIEO. See **LYEO**.

L I G

LIGA, *s. f.* a garter; also an alliance; also allaying of metals.
Liga, a sling, a kind of hanging bandage for the arm, when it is hurt.
LIGADO, *a, adj.* tied, bound fast. See also the *v.* **LIGAR**.
LIGADURA, *s. f.* the act of tying, binding, or making fast.
LIGAME. See **LIAME**.
LIGAMENTO, *s. m.* ligament, a part of the body, of a middle substance betwixt a cartilage and a membrane, appointed for the tying of the parts together, especially bones, of which those which tie bones are void of sense but those which knit other parts are sensible.
LIGAR, *v. a.* to tie, to bind, knit, fasten, or make fast.
Ligar metais, to allay metals.
Ligar por feiticaria, to bewitch.
Ligar, (speaking of an excommunication) to be valid, and binding.
Ligar, to charm, please, or delight.
Ligar com beneficios, to oblige, to indebted, to lay obligations of gratitude.
LIGEIRA. See **LIGEIRO**.
LIGEIRAMENTE, *adv.* lightly, nimbly, swiftly.
LIGEIREZA, *s. f.* lightness, levity, want of weight.
Ligeireza, lightness, nimbleness, swiftness.

L I M

Ligeireza de mãos, legerdemain, con- senage, slight of hand, a juggle, power of deceiving the eye by nimble motion; trick, deception, knack, hocus-pocus.
O que faz ligeirezas de mãos, hocus-pocus, a juggler, one who shews tricks by slight of hand.
LIGEIRO, *a, adj.* light, swift, or nimble.
Ligeiro de pés, light-footed, nimble in running or dancing.
Cavallos ligeiros, or *cavallaria ligeira*, light-horse.
Crer de ligeiro, to be light of belief.
A' ligeira, *adv.* lightly.
Soldado armado a ligeira, a soldier wearing light harness.
Caminhar a ligeira, to go or march with little company or train.
LI'GIO, or *homem ligeio*, a man that has professed full homage to his sovereign, or superior lord. From the French, *lige*.
LIGUSTRO. See **ALFENA**.

L I L

LI'LIO, *s. m.* See **ACUCENA**.

L I M

LI'MA, *s. f.* a citron, an agreeable fruit, resembling a lemon; also Lima, the capital of a province of the same name, and also of the whole kingdom of Peru, in South America.
Lima, a file, a tool to work iron, &c. with; also the correcting or mending of any thing, as of a book, &c. (Metaph.)
Lima, (in cant) the shirt.
Lima surda, a soft or smooth file; hence any thing that damages, or hurts insensibly. (Metaph.)
O que faz limas, a file-cutter, a maker of files.
LIMADO, *a, adj.* filed, curious.
LIMADURA, *s. f.* file-dust, filings.
LIMA'LHA, *s. f.* idem.
LIMAM, *s. m.* a lemon.
Limaõ, (symbolically) good-will, affection, an entire submission to another's will.
LIMA'R, *v. a.* to file, to work or cut with a file; also to correct, to polish or finish. (Metaph.)
O que lima, a filer.
LI'MBO, *s. m.* limbus, a place where the deceased patriarchs resided till the coming of our Saviour, and also they who die without baptism. Lat. *limbus*.
Limbo, (in astronomy) limb, the utmost edge or border of the body, or disk of the sun or moon, when either is in an eclipse; also limb, or the utmost edge or border of an instrument, an astrolabe, &c.
LIMINAR, or **LUMIAR**, *s. m.* threshold, the ground or step under the door.
Liminar, *adj. ex.* *Epistola liminar*, an epistle dedicatory, a dedication.
LIMITACAM, *s. f.* limitation, restriction,

L I M

striction, a limiting, stinting, or setting of bounds. Lat.
Limitação, scantiness, meanness, smallness, trifle, a thing of little value.
Com limitação, (in this last sense) poorly, slenderly, scantily.
LIMITADAMENTE, adv. scantily, penuriously, without amplitude; also restrictively, with limitation.
LIMITADO, a, adj. limited, bounded, circumscribed; also scanty, scarce, small, poor.
Limitado cabedal, small fortune.
Lingua limitada, scanty language.
Homem limitado, a man of a narrow-soul; also a man of small capacity.
Atempo limitado, at the appointed time. See also the verb
LIMITAR, v. a. to limit, to circumscribe, to bound; also to appoint.
Limitar o tempo e o lugar para fazer alguma negocio, to appoint the time and place for a business.
Limitar a sua ambição, to set bounds to one's ambition.
LIMITE, f. m. bound, boundary, limit, border, that by which any thing is terminated.
Limites de bom paiz, the bounds of a country.
Per limites, to set bounds.
Dentro dos limites da modestia, within the bounds of modesty.
P. dra ou marco que serve para determinar os limites, a bound, or bounding-stone, a landmark.
O que põe os limites, a bounder, a bound-letter.
Que não tem limites, boundless.
Limites da razão, the bounds or limits of reason.
Pertencente aos limites, limitaneous, belonging to the bounds.
Posso, ou escolhido para guardar os limites de alguma terra ou lugar, liminary, or placed at the boundaries as a guard.
Caminho entre os limites de duas terras pertencentes a diversos senhores e que tem 5 pes de largura, a foot-path five feet broad betwixt one man's ground and another's; or a landshare, as Ainsworth calls it.
LIMNIÁDES, or *LIMONIADES*, f. f. p. the nymphs of the meadows.
LIMO, f. m. a herb, or weed, growing in rivers, pools, and standing waters; that of the sea is called sea-grass, or sea-weed.
LIMONADA, or *LIMONADA*, f. f. a lemonade, a cooling liquor made of lemons, water, and sugar.
LIMOEIRO, f. m. a lemon-tree.
Limoeiro, a prison or jail so called.
LIMONADA. See *LIMONADA*.
LIMONIADES. See *LIMONIADES*.
LIMONIO, f. m. the herb water-green, or wild beets.
LIMOS, the plural of *LIMO*, which see.
LIMOSO, a, adj. full of *LIMO*, which see.
LIMPADO. See *ALIMPADO*.
LIMPAMENTE, adv. cleanly, neatly.

L I N

Limpamente, honestly, without deceit.
Fazer huma coisa limpamente, to do a thing cleverly.
LIMPAR. See *ALIMPAR*.
LIMPEZA, f. f. cleanliness, cleanness, neatness, pureness, purity, freedom from foulness or dirt.
Limpeza, cleanliness, neatness of dress, the quality contrary to negligence and nastiness.
Com limpeza. See *LIMPAMENTE*.
Limpeza do sangue, freedom from taint in the blood. It is said of those who do not descend from Moors or Jews.
Limpeza de mãos, uncorruptness, freedom from bribery, integrity.
Limpeza de coração, candour, candidness, openness of mind, plain-dealing.
LIMPHA, *LIMPHAR*, &c. See *LYMPHA*, &c.
LIMPIDO, a, adj. clear, bright, transparent, limpid. It is also used substantively; as, *O limpo de hum rio*, &c. the clearness or brightness of a river, &c.
LIMPO, a, adj. clean, neat.
O que he limpo de sangue, one that has no taint in his blood, as not descended from Moors or Jews.
Por em limpo, to write fair, to copy out, to transcribe from a minute or first draught.
Tirar a sua a limpo, to end an affair, to come off with honour.
Limpo de mãos, unbribed, not influenced by money or gifts, not hired.
Consciencia limpa, a clear conscience.
Água limpa, clear water.
Voz limpa, a clear voice.
Limpo e seco, without any addition, or without something over and above.
Limpo, clear, not infested.
Costa limpa, (a sea-term) a clear coast, a coast without rocks, or shelves.
Fazella limpa, (ironically) to play a foolish trick.
Limpo, fair, not fraudulent.

L I N

LINÁRIA, f. f. a plant called toad-flax.
LINCE, or *LYNCE*, f. m. a lynx, a beast of the nature of a wolf, having many spots. Lat. *lynx*.
Homem que tem olhos de lynce, a quick-sighted man.
LINCURIO, f. m. a precious stone engendered of the congealed urine of the lynx, as it is said, but it is fabulous.
LINDA, f. f. a bound, boundary, limit, confine.
LINDADO, p. of the v. *LINDAR*, which see.
LINDAMENTE, adv. finely, curiously. See also *BELLAMENTE*.
LINDAR, v. n. to confine, to border upon, to touch on different territories. It is used with *com*, with.
Que linda com outro, confine, bordering upon, beginning where the other ends, having one common boundary.
LINDEZA, f. f. fineness, beauty, curiousest.

L I N

LINDO, a, adj. fine, curious, beautiful, fair. See also *BONITO*.
Christãos lindos, (an antiquated expression) See *CHRISTAM vellos*.
LINEAMENTOS, f. m. p. lineaments, features.
LINFA. See *LYMPHA*.
LINGOAGE. See *LINGUAGEM*.
LINGOA, or *LINGUA*, f. f. the tongue, the instrument of speech in human beings. Lat. *lingua*.
Lingoa, the tongue, or the organ by which animals lick.
Que tem lingoa, tongued, having a tongue.
Que tem impedimento na lingoa, tongue-tied.
Lingoa, tongue or language.
A lingoa Françeza, ou Inglesa, the French or English tongue, or language.
Que tem tres linguas, having three tongues.
Ter a lingoa embaraçada, pronunciar mal as palavras, to stammer, to falter in one's speech.
Lingoa de trapei, (a vulgar expression) idem. See also *FALLADOR*.
Que tem má lingoa, evil-tongued.
Lingoa de praga, or *má lingoa*, an ill-tongue, a malicious, venomous, or slanderous tongue.
O que tem lingoa de praga, a backbiter, a slanderer.
O que tem a lingoa embaraçada, a stammerer.
O que tem a lingoa ciciosa. See *CICIO-SO*.
Lingoa de serpente, (metaph.) an ill tongue.
Lingoa, an interpreter.
Tomar lingoa, to enquire, to demand, to ask, to learn news, to get intelligence.
Botar a lingoa fora para zembar de algum, to loll out one's tongue.
Tir a lingoa expedita, to have one's tongue well hung.
Conter, refrear, ou reprimir a lingoa, to hold, or to rule one's tongue.
Sempre está dando a lingoa, his tongue runs upon wheels, his tongue runs perpetually.
O que dá muito a lingoa, ou falla muito, a tongue-pad.
Ter huma coisa na ponta da lingoa, to have a thing at one's fingers end, to have it perfect.
Ter hum nome de baixo da lingoa, to have a name at one's tongue's end.
Não ter pevide na lingoa, to be very talkative, to have a glib tongue, to have the tongue well oiled.
Lingoa santa, the Hebrew language.
Lingoa da balança, the tongue of the balance.
Sem lingoa, ou que não tem lingoa, tongueless.
Lingoa de terra, a cape, or narrow piece of land running into the sea.
Estallo que se dá com a lingoa tocando com ella o ceo da boca, e serve para dar aximo aos cavallos, aid of the tongue.
Lingoa de fogo. See *LABAREDA*.
Ling'a

LIN

LIN

LIQ

Lingoa de bum boy, a neat's tongue, or a bullock's tongue.
Lingoa de agoa, or *das ondas*, (a sea-term) the edge of the sea.
Lingoa, the name of several herbs, as *Lingoa circhina*, the herb hart's-tongue.
Lingoa de vacca, baglofs.
Lingoa de cao, dog's-tongue.
Lingoa de serpente. See *SERPENTINA*.
Lingoa de cavallo, horse-tongue.
Com lingoa de palmo, with the tongue hanging out a span; that is, will he, nill he.
Per a lingoa em algum, to suspect one of a crime, to talk of him mistrustfully.
Lingoa, a little brass plate that falls upon some of the holes of an hautboy, and other sorts of wind-music.
P. a má lingoa tizozara, for a bad tongue, scissars; that is, bad tongues deserve to be cut out.
P. dar com a lingoa nos dentes. See *DENTE*.
P. lá vay a lingoa onde doe a gengiva, to scratch where it itches.
P. perro velho não aprende lingoa, an old dog will learn no tricks. The Romans say, *Senex pfitacus negligit ferulam*.
P. não diga a lingoa per onde pague a cabça; we say, little said is soon amended; or, much talking brings much woe.
P. a lingoa longa be final de mão curta, greatest talkers are always the least doers.
LINGOETA. } See { **LINGUETA**.
LINGOETE. } **LINGUETE**.
LINGOICA. } **LINGUICA**.
LINGUA'DO, f. m. the fish called a foal; from *lingua*, because like a tongue; also a sort of iron weapon like a tongue.
LINGUA'GEM, f. f. a language.
Linguagens, (in grammar) the conjugations of the verbs.
It is masculine in the following phrase, *Linguagem comum*, a saying, an expression, an opinion sententious-ly delivered.
Dar em linguagem, to translate out of a dead language into the vulgar tongue.
LINGUARAZ, or **LINGUAREYRO**, f. m. a blab, a prating fellow, one who tells all he knows, a thoughtless babbler, a treacherous betrayer of secrets.
Sir linguaraz, ou *linguareiro*, to blab, to tell or discover any thing that ought to be concealed; to be a blab of one's tongue.
LINGUAREYRA, f. f. a prattling and thoughtless woman, a woman which discovers any thing that ought to be concealed.
LINGUAREYRO. See **LINGUARAZ**.
LINGUEIRA M, f. m. a sort of fish so called.
LINGUETA, f. f. a little brass plate that falls upon some of the holes of an hautboy, and other sorts of wind-music.

LINGUETE, f. m. a small piece of wood that serves to stop the capitan of a ship.
LINGUIÇA, f. f. saulage, minced meat made into a sort of pudding in hogs guts.
LINHA, f. f. a thread for sewing made of flax.
Linba, (in geometry) line, a quantity extended in length only, without either breadth or thickness.
Linba reita, right line, or strait line.
Linba curva, curved line, or crooked line.
Linba paralela, a parallel line.
Linba horizontal, horizontal line.
Tirar huma linba, to draw a line.
Linba fiducial, albidada, the index or ruler that moves upon the centre of an astrolabe, quadrant, &c.
Linba occulta. See **OCCULTO**.
Linba, the line, the equator, the equinoctial line.
Linba, (in military affairs) line, the posture of an army drawn up for battle, the front being extended as far as the ground will allow, to prevent its being flanked; also a trench, or rampart.
Elle pôz o seu exercito em duas linbas, he drew up his army in two lines.
Nauio de linba, a capital ship, or line of battle ship.
Linbas ou riscas da mão, the lines of the hand.
Linba da cana que serve para pescar, a fishing-line.
Linba, (in fortification) a line, or what is drawn from one point to another, in making a plan on paper.
Linba capital, (in fortification) a capital line.
Linba de defenfa fixante. See **DEFENSA**.
Linba de defenfa razante. See **DEFENSA**.
Linba de circumvallação, line of circumvallation, a trench with a parapet, made by the besiegers quite round their camp, within cannon shot of the place, to oppose any army that may come to the relief of the place, and to stop deserters.
Linbas de communicação, lines of communication, such lines as run from one work to another; but more especially in a continued trench, with which a circumvallation is encompassed, so as to maintain a communication with all its forts, redoubts, and other works.
Lançar as linbas, to intrench, to fortify with a trench or rampart.
Lançar as linbas, (metaph.) See **LANÇAR**.
Linba, (in genealogy) line, race.
Linba reita, *linba transversal*, &c. direct line, transversal line, &c.
LINHAÇA, f. f. linseed.
LINHA'GEM, f. f. race, lineage, extraction.
LINHAGISTA, f. m. See **GENEALOGISTA**.
LINHAL, or **LINHAR**, f. m. a flax-plot.

LINHEIRA, f. f. she that deals in flax.
LINHEIRO, f. m. he who deals in flax.
LINHO, f. m. flax, a plant, from the fibres of which linen thread is made; from the Lat. *linum*; also the proper name of a man.
Feito de linbo, ou semelhante a linbo, flaxen.
Panno de linbo, linen, cloth made of flax.
O que trata em panno de linbo, linen-draper, he who deals in linen.
O que faz camizas, cerculas, &c. de panno de linbo, a seamster.
Linbo canamo canamo, or *canbamo*, hemp; from the Lat. *cannabis*.
Feito de linbo canamo, hempen, made of hemp.
Linbo galego, the finest sort of flax.
Linbo mourisco, a middling sort of flax between the *canamo* and *galego*.
Pedra de linbo, eight pounds of hatchelled flax.
Pão com que se bate o linbo, a swingle-staff.
Linbo, f. m. so some call the black thread used to sew the shoes with, by shoe-makers.
LINIMENTO, f. m. a liniment, or thin ointment, an external medicine of a middle consistence, between an oil and an ointment.

LIO

LIO'A. See **LEOA**.
LIORATO, f. m. a sort of ray with a smooth back.
LIONEIRA, f. f. a cage, or place to keep lions in.
LIORNE, f. m. Leghorn, or Livorno, a port town of Italy, in the duchy of Tuscany, on the Tuscan Sea. It is a free port, which has made it rich and populous.
LIO'Z, f. f. a sort of very white marble.

LIP

LIPES, or *Pedra lipes*, Bluteau thinks, that it is a sort of blue vitriol.
LIPRIA febre, lipyria, a kind of continual fever, wherein the inward parts burn, but the outward parts are cold.
LIPOTE, f. m. (in Moçambique) beads made of clay, which are used instead of coin.
LIPOTHYIMIA, f. f. lipothymy, fainting, or swooning.
LIPTOTES, (in rhetoric) liptotes, a rhetorical figure, when the force of words is not answerable to the greatness of the matter.

LIQ

LÍQUIDA, f. f. (with grammarians) liquid. The liquids are L, M, N, &c.
LÍQUIDAÇAM, f. f. liquidation, clearing. See also **APERIGUAÇAM**.
LÍQUIDA'DO, a, adj. See **LÍQUIDAR**.
LÍQUIDAMBAR, f. m. liquid amber, a sort of native balsam, or resin of a pleasant scent.

L I S

LIQUIDAMENTE, adv. clearly, plainly.
LIQUIDA'R, v. a. to make liquid, to melt, to dissolve; also to clear any thing that is dubious or difficult.
Liquidar contas, to clear accounts.
Liquidar hum negocio, to clear a business.
LIQUIDO, a, adj. liquid, that has its parts fluid and in motion.
Letra liquida, (in grammar) See **LIQUIDA**.
Liquido, (with civilians) liquid, apparently proved, as goods that are clear and out of dispute are said to be liquid.
Effeitos liquidos, dividas liquidas, liquid effects and debts.
LIQUOR, f. m. liquor.

L I R

LIRA. See **LYRA**.
LIRA, f. f. ex. *Vinho que tem lira*, flat, dead, or dreggy wine.
LIRICO. See **LYRICO**.
LIRIO, f. m. a lily.
Lirio azul, lily-hyacinth.
Lirio vermelho, lily-daffodil.
Lirio do campo, or *lirio convulso*, lily of the valley, or May-lily.
Lirio branco. See **ACUCENA**.
Lirio das tintureiros, fuller's herb.
Lirio bravo, stinking gladiolus, spurge-wort, or wild ireos.
De lirio, ou pertencente a lirio, liliaceous.
Ordem do Lirio, the military order of the Lily in Spain, instituted by Garcia, VI. king of Navarra, A. C. 1048.

L I S

LIS, f. m. as, *flor de lis*, a flower-de-luce. See also **ACUCENA**.
LISAMENTE, adv. downright, plainly, sincerely.
LISBOA, f. f. Lisbon, the capital of Portugal, situated on the north bank of the river Tagus. It was lately one of the most magnificent cities in Europe, but a terrible earthquake, on the first of November, 1755, laid it in ruins.
Lisbonense, ou de Lisboa, of, or belonging to Lisbon.
LISES, the plural of **LIS**, which see.
LISIRIA. See **LEZIRA**.
LISO, or **LIZO**, a, adj. smooth; also lank, not curled, not frizzled. (Speaking of the hair.)
Liso, downright, sincere, honest, without deceit, plain.
Homem liso, a plain dealer, a man without fraud.
Liso, plain, without ornament; also flat, without any pretence, colour or cloak.
Dar a algum hum não muito desenganado e muito liso, to give one a flat denial.
LISONJA, f. f. flattery.
Per lisonja, like a flatterer, complimentally.
Que não admitta lisonjas, that no ways will be flattered.
Para lisonja do ouvido, in order to tickle or please one's ears.
Lisonja, (in heraldry) lozenge.

L I T

Escudo de lisonjas, lozenge, or lozengy. (In heraldry)
Cruz que acaba em lisonja, (in heraldry) a cross urdx.
Lisonja, (in geometry) lozenge, a figure, the two opposite angles of which are acute, and the other two obtuse.
LISONJEADO, a, adj. flattered. See also
LISONJEAR, v. a. to flatter, cajole, coax, or wheedle, to fawn upon; also to flatter, to tickle or please.
Lisonjeiar os ouvidos, to tickle, or please one's ears.
Lisonjeiar-se, v. r. to flatter one's self with a thing, or hope for it.
LISONJEIRA, f. f. she that flatters, a fawning gossip.
LISONJEIRO, f. m. a flatterer, a pick-thank, one that humours you in every thing.
Lisonjeiro, a, adj. flattering, complimenting, fawning.
LISTA, f. f. a list of names, a roll.
Per na lista, to enrol, to enter or write down in a roll.
Lista, the rake, run, or wake of a ship.
LISTAM, f. m. a broad ribband.
Listão, (among carpenters) a piece of long narrow board to take measures with.
LISTRA, f. f. a stripe or streak in silk, cloth, stuff, &c.
LISTRADO, a, done in stripes, striped.
LISTRAR, v. a. to stripe.
Listrar com cor branca, ou amarella, to make white or yellow stripes.
LISURA, f. f. smoothness; also ingenuity, sincerity.

L I T

LITAM, f. m. a small and dried sea-lamprey.
LITARGIRIO. See **LITHARGYRIO**.
LITE, f. f. a suit of law, litigation.
Lite pendente, pending suit.
Tempo em que esta a lite pendente, the time during which the law-suit is depending, pendency of suit.
LITEIRA, f. f. a litter carried by two horses or mules.
LITEIREIRO, f. m. he who takes care of a litter.
LITEIRO, f. m. a sort of coarse cloth so called.
LITERAL, &c. See **LITTERAL**, &c.
LITHARGYRIO, f. m. litharge, the frothy dross that arises in purifying with lead, silver glet.
LITHOCOLA, f. f. cement where-with stones are joined, stone-glue.
LITHONTRIBON, f. m. lithontribon, a confession of the apothecaries, so called, because it breaks and expels the stone. Greek.
LITHONTRIPTICO, a, adj. lithon- triptic.
LITIGADO, part. of **LITIGAR**, which see.
LITIGANTE, f. m. one that is at law, a litigant.

L I V

LITIGA'R, v. n. to litigate, to manage a suit; also to contend.
LITIGIO, f. m. strife, contention. See also **LITE**.
LITIGIOSO, a, adj. litigious, that delights in going to law; also disputable, litigious, controvertible.
LITTERAL, adj. literal.
LITTERALMENTE, adv. literally.
LITTERARIO, a, adj. belonging to letters, or learned men.
LITTERATO. See **DOUTO**.
LITTERATURA. See **ERUDIÇAM**.
LITUO, f. m. the augur's crooked staff, wherewith he used in his office to quarter out the heaven; also a crooked trumpet for horse. Lat. *lituus*.
LITURGIA, f. f. liturgy, a general word for all manner of ceremonies belonging to divine service.

L I V

LIVEL, f. m. a level, an instrument used by artificers, to try whether a floor, &c. lies parallel to the horizon. *Que está no mesmo nivel com outra coisa*, level, even with any thing else, in the same line with any thing.
Per ao nivel. See **LIVELAR**.
No mesmo nivel com a terra, a flat, level with the ground.
LIVELADO, a, adj. See
LIVELAR, v. a. to level, to reduce to the same height with something else. See **NIVELAR**.
LIVIANDADE, f. f. lightness, foolery, folly, piece of folly.
LIVIANO, a, adj. foolish, light of belief; also groundless.
LIVIDO, a, adj. livid, discoloured as with a blow, black and blue. Lat. *Fazer-se livido*, to grow black and blue.
LIVOR, f. m. (with surgeons) livor, a kind of leaden or dead bluish colour in any part of the body, caused by a stroke or blow. Lat.
LIVRA. See **LIBRA**.
LIVRADOR. See **LIBERTADOR**.
LIVRADORA. See **LIBERTADORA**.
LIVRADO, a, adj. See **LIVRAR**.
LIVRAMENTO, f. m. deliverance, release, a discharge, a setting at liberty from confinement, servitude, or pain.
LIVRANÇA, f. f. (among controllers) an order for payment.
LIVRAR, v. a. to deliver, to save, to rescue, to release, to rid of. See also **ASSENTAR**.
Livrar algum de huma culpa, to clear one of an accusation.
Livrar, v. n. to get rid; also to shun, to avoid; as, *Livrar de huma doença*, to get rid of a distemper, or to shun it.
A bom livrar será enforcado; we say, hanging is too good for him.
Livrar-se, v. r. to get rid.
Livrar-me finalmente daquella importuna, at last I got rid of that troublesome fellow.
Cuidas que isto somente basta para livrar- vos? do you think to come off so?
LIV.

LOA

LIVRARI'A, f. f. a library.
LIVRE, adj. free, at liberty; also not subject to, exempted from.
Liure, void of, or without, &c.
Liure, bold, licentious.
Liure, free, not a slave.
Liure de negocios, cuidados, &c. free from business, care, &c.
Liure, free, not bound by fate, not necessitated.
LIVREIRO, f. m. a bookseller.
Loja de livreiro, a bookseller's shop.
LIVREMENTE, adv. freely.
LIVRINHA, f. f. a sort of small coin.
 The ancient *liura* contained seven hundred of them. See **LIVRA**.
LIVRINHO, f. m. a little book.
LIVRO, f. m. a book.
Livros de contas, books of accounts.
Livro em que se assentaõ os perdas das cartas, postage-book.
Livro, (at the game called *garatuzza*) one game.
LIVRO CIO, f. m. (at the same game) two games.

LIX

LIXA, f. f. a seal, a sea-calf, the skin of which it used in making watch-cases, &c.
Pelle de lixa, shagreen, a sort of rough-grained leather.
Esboço de pelle de lixa, a shagreen case.
LIXIVIA, f. f. (with physicians) lixivium, a lye made of ashes.
LIXIVIOSO, a, adj. (with physicians) lixivial, lixivious, impregnated with salts like a lixivium.
LIXO, f. m. filth, dirt.
Lixo que se ajunta varrendo casas, &c. the sweepings of houses, &c.
O lixo do povo, the rabble, or rascality, the lowest of the people.

LIZ

LIZ. See **LIS**.
LIZAMENTE. See **LISAMENTE**.
LIZIRIA. See **LEZIRA**.
LIZO, &c. See **LISO**, &c.

LO

LO, f. m. (in a ship) loof.
Meter de lô, (a sea phrase) to loof, or keep the ship nearer the wind.
Panno de lô, a sort of cloth used in China.
Paõ de lô. See **PAM**.
Lo, pronoun relative m. him, or it. It is always put after the verbs; as, *Eu fi lo*, I made it; *para vs-lo*, to see him, or it.

LOA

LOA, f. f. a prologue, a speech before a stage play; also a song wherein any adventure is related.
LOANDA, f. f. Loanda, the capital of the province of the same name, and of the whole kingdom of Angola in Africa. The Dutch took the place

LOB

once, but the Portuguese having retaken it, still keep it.
Mal de Leanda, a kind of scurvy.

LOB

LOBA, f. f. a she-wolf; also a wide cassock wore by clergymen and some others; also a harlot, a whore, a bawd.
LOBAGANTE, f. m. a kind of lobster or sea-crab.
LOBINHO, f. m. a little wolf, a wolf's whelp; also a wen, a sort of hard swelling or extubérance in the flesh.
LOBISOMEM. See **LUBISOMEM**.
LOBO, f. m. a wolf. Lat. *lupus*.
Andar o lobo com cio, is for the wolf to match or mate.
Lobo assaõ, a sort of wolf, very large in bulk.
Entre lobo e caõ, at twilight, betwixt hawk and buzzard.
Lobo cerval, the beast called an ounce.
Lobo marinho, a sea-calf.
Lobo, (in astronomy) a certain constellation imagined to be like a wolf.
De lobo, ou semelbante a lobo, wolfish.
P. fallai no lobo, veribreis a pelle; we say, talk of the devil and he will appear. The Lat. say, *Lupus in fabula*.
P. do contado come o lobo, the wolf eats of what is counted. Shepherds know how many sheep they have, and yet the wolf steals them; that is, thieves will steal, though they know it will be missed, much more if they think it will not. The Lat. say, *Nunciat numerum lupus*.
P. nunca hum lobo mata outro, one wolf never kills another; that is, knaves do not hurt one another.
P. quando o lobo come outro, fome há no joito, when one wolf eats another there is nothing else to eat in the wood, or in the field. When sharpers prey one upon another, there is no game abroad.
P. lobo faminto não tem assento, a hungry wolf cannot be still in a place. Hunger or want makes all creatures restless.
P. comprar do lobo carne, to buy flesh of a wolf, is to buy dear.
P. o lobo perde os dentes, mas não o costume, the wolf loses his teeth, but not his inclination. Wicked men in age lose the ability or power of doing ill, but not the will.
P. a carne de lobo, dente de caõ; we say, set a thief to catch a thief; or, as our modern proverb says, give him a Rowland for his Oliver.
Lobo, (in anatomy) a lobe, a division, a distinct part; used commonly for a part of the lungs.
Lobos, lobes, the several divisions of the lungs, liver, &c.
LOBREGADO, a, adj. See **LOBRIGADO**.
LOBREGAR. See **LOBRIGAR**.
LOBREGO, a, adj. dark, dismal. Spanish.

LOG

LOBRIGADO, a, adj. desferied, &c. See the verb.
LOBRIGAR, v. a. to ken from afar, to descry, to see at a distance, and confusedly, as by twilight, to spy, to discover by the eye at a distance.

LOC

LOCAÇAM, f. f. (among surgeons) the act of setting a bone into joint.
Locaçam. (In law.) See **ALUGUEL**.
LOCACIDADE. See **LOQUACIDADE**.
LOCADO, a, adj. See **LOCAR**.
LOCAL, adj. local, of place.
LOCALMENTE, adv. locally.
LOCAR, v. a. to set a bone, to set it into joint.
LOCHIAL, adj. (among physicians) belonging to lochia; that is, to the natural evacuations of women in child-bed, after the birth of the fœtus, and the exclusion of the membrane, called secundine.
LOCOTENENTE, f. m. one who is in place of another; that supplieth another's room, a deputy.
LOCUÇÃO, f. f. locution, phrase or manner of speech.
LOCUSTA, f. f. See **GAFANHO**.
LOCUTORIO, f. m. the parlour of a monastery.

LOG

LOGARITHMO, f. m. logarithm. Logarithms were invented by the lord Napier, baron of Merchillon in Scotland, and afterwards completed by Henry Briggs, Savilian professor of Geometry at Oxford.
LOGICA, f. f. logic, the art of reasoning.
Logica natural, natural logic.
LOGICAMENTE, adv. logically.
LOGICO, a, adj. logical, pertaining to, or agreeing with the rules of logic.
Lógico, f. m. a logician, one skilled in the art of logic.
LOGO, adv. presently, by and by, as soon as may be.
Aqui logo, hard by.
Logo desde, ever since.
Logo logo, forthwith, presently, immediately.

LOM

Logo que, or *Logo depois que*, as soon as.
Logo no principio, first of all, in the first place.

Logo, a conjunction, therefore, then.

LOGOGRI'PHO, f. m. logographic, a kind of symbol, or riddle proposed to students for a solution, in order to exercise and improve the mind.

LOGOTENENTE. See **LOCOTENENTE**.

LOGRAÇAM, f. f. a banter, a droll, a rallying by way of diversion or ridicule; also a cheat, a trick.

LOGRA'DO, a, adj. enjoyed. See **LOGRAR**.

Ficar logrado, to have a sad balk, to come off with a baffle.

LOGRADO'R, f. m. a boon companion, one who jests pleasantly, a banterer, a droll; also a cheater.

LOGRADOURO, f. m. a common, a pasture ground equally used by many.

LOGRAR, v. a. to enjoy, to obtain possession or fruition.

Lograr o intento, to obtain one's desire.

Lograr, to rally, to play and droll upon, to jeer; also to cheat, to trick, to play a trick, to cozen, to impose upon.

Lograr a alguém dandolhe várias esperanças, to dodge with one, to play fast and loose.

Lograr, v. n. to succeed, to fall out or come to pass according to wish.

Não lograr. See **MALLOGRAR-SE**.

Lograr-se, v. r. to succeed, to fall out, &c. See *Lograr*, v. n.

Lograr-se da ocasião, to embrace the occasion.

LO'GRO, f. m. enjoyment, possession. See also **LOGRAÇAM**.

LOJ

LO'JA, f. f. a shop; also a ground-room.

Loja de barbeiro, a barber's shop.

Loja aonde se vende louça da India, a China-shop.

O que tem esta fôrte de loja, a Chinaman.

Loja de sapateiro, a shoemaker's-shop.

Pôr loja, to set up a shop.

Ladrão que surta nas lojas fingindo de querer comprar, a shop-lifter, or a shop-lift, one that pretends to chapsen and steals wares.

Livro de contas que se tem na loja, a shop-book.

O que tem loja, a shop-keeper.

Ter loja, to keep shop.

Loja de casa negra, a sort of covered yard or court for servants.

LOM

LOMBA. } See { **LADEIRA**.
LOMBADA. } { **LOMBO**.

LOMBARDA, f. f. a sort of cannon introduced by the Lombards into Spain.

LOMBAR, adj. (with anatomists) lumbar.

LON

Via lombar, lumbaris vena, a vein taking its rise from the descending trunk of the vena cava, and is not always single, but sometimes two or three on each side, and bestowed on the muscles of the loins.

LOMBO, f. m. loin, the back of an animal carved out by the butcher; the loin of any meat; also the loins, or reins.

Lombo de livro, the back of a book.

Lombo, any protuberance, bunching, or standing out above the rest.

LOMBRIGA, f. f. a maw-worm, or belly-worm.

LOMBRIGUEIRA. See **ABROTA-NO**.

LON

LO'NA, f. f. sail-cloth.

LONDRES, London, the metropolis of Great Britain. Lat. *Londinum*.

LONGA, f. f. (in music) a long note.

LONGAL. See **CASTANHEIRO**.

LONGAMENTE, adv. long, not for a short time.

LONGANIMIDA'DE, f. f. longanimity, forbearance.

LONGE, adv. far, far off, a great way, at a distance.

De longe, from far, from afar; also far-fetched, studiously sought.

E'le mora longe, eu muyto longe, he lives far off, or very far off.

Hi des vós tão longe? do you go so far?

Ouvir de longe, to hear a great way off, or at a great distance.

Muyto longe, very far.

Mais longe, farther.

Longe da cidade, far, or a great way from town.

Daqui lá be longe, it is a long way thither.

Ver de longe o que pode succeder, to foresee a great way off, or long before, what will happen.

Tão de longe, so long before.

Tão longe como, &c. as far as, &c.

Isso quer-se de longe, people must think of it previously and beforehand.

Deitar alguém a longe, to keep one out, or away, to debar from any place.

Temar alguma coisa de longe, eu de mais longe, to rip up a thing from the beginning, or to the very bottom.

Isso vai deitar muyto longe, this will take up a good deal of time.

Longes, the deepenings of a picture.

Longes, hints, a slight mention, or remote allusion.

Dar buns longes de alguma coisa, to hint, to give a brief, short, or partial notice of any thing.

P. longe da vista longe do coração, out of sight out of mind.

LONGEVO, a, adj. long-lived, ancient. Lat.

LONGINQUO, a, adj. far off, at a great distance. Lat.

LONGITUD, or **LONGITUDE**, f. f. (in geography and astronomy) longitude.

LOT

LONGO, a, adj. long, being of extent as to length, not short.

Longe, (in music and pronunciation) long; as, *Syllaba longa*, a long syllable; *Figura longa*, a long note.

Seria longo, it would be long, or it would take up a good deal of time.

De longo, or *ao longo*, along, all along.

Do longo da praia, along the shore.

A olhos longos, very carnally, with eagerness continued.

LONGOR, f. m. (An antiquated word.) See **COMPRIMENTO**.

LONGUEIRAM, f. m. a shell-fish, as long as one's finger, like the top of a pocket ink-horn. It is also the name of some other fishes.

LONGU'RA, f. f. length.

LONTRA, f. f. an otter, an amphibious creature that preys on fish.

LOO

LO'O. See **LO'**.

LOOCH, or **LOHOC**, f. m. loech, or lohoch, a thick medicament, that is not to be swallowed at once, but to be licked, or suffered to melt in the mouth, that it may have more effect upon the parts affected; as the breast, lungs, &c.

LOQ

LOQUACIDADE, f. f. loquaciousness, or loquacity, talkativeness, too much talk.

Com loquacidade, babblingly, partinglv.

LOQUA'Z, adj. talkative, loquacious, Loquax, (speaking of birds, frogs, &c.) singing, croaking, &c.

Homem muyto loquax, a great talker, a tattletasket.

LOQUE'LA, f. f. speech, talk, discourse, language.

LOQUE'YE, f. m. (In the province of Minho.) See **CADEADO**.

LOR

LORE'TO, f. m. Loreto, a city of Italy.

Ordem de Loreto, a military order instituted by pope Sixtus V. A. C. 1187.

LORI'GA, f. f. a coat of mail. From the Latin *lorica*.

LO'RO, f. m. the strap by which the stirrup is suspended, the stirrup-leather.

LOS

LO'S. See **LOOCH**.

LO'SNA, f. f. wormwood.

Vinho de lo'jna, wormwood-wine.

LOT

LOTACAM, f. f. a calculation of the number of people or things which any place may contain, or require.

Lotagam de hum navio, tonnage, or the content of a vessel measured by the ton.

Navio que tem de lotagam 200 toneladas, a ship of two hundred tons.

LOTADO, part. of

LOTAR, v. to assign, to fix with regard to quantity.

LOU

Letar winlos. See **CALABRIAR**.
LOTE, f. m. rate, quantity assignable, or any number of people that may be fixed.
Julguei que fossem hum lote de trinta mil, pouco mais ou menos. I judged their number upon or near the rate of thirty thousand.
De lote, worth, or equal in value to.
Comenda de lote de tanto, a commendam that brings in so much a year.
Lote, sort, kind.
LOTO, f. m. an herb, of the seed whereof the Egyptians made bread; also the lote or nettle-tree.
LOTO'PHAGOS, f. m. p. a people of Barbary, who are said to have lived on the fruit of the lote-tree.

LOU

LOPA'NA, f. f. (in India) a sort of sweet-meats.
LOUCA, f. f. dishes, plates, pots, and other like ware.
Louça de barro, earthen ware.
Louça de barro, e vidrada, glazed earthen ware.
Louça de estanho, pewter.
Louça da India, China, or China-ware.
Louça da cozinha, pots, saucepans, dripping-pans, &c. belonging to the kitchen.
Louça vidrada, que vem de Hollanda, e não se da India, Dutch-ware.
Louça das adegas, pipes, casks or any other sort of vessel belonging to a cellar.
LOUÇAINHA, or **LOUÇANIA**, f. f. finery, gaiety, pomp.
LOUCAMENTE, adv. foolishly.
LOUCANIA, f. f. the green and beauty of the plants. See also **LOUÇAINHA**.
LOUÇAM, **LOUÇAS**, adj. gay, fine, spruce in attire, showy; also green, beautiful (speaking of plants.)
LOUCEIRO, f. m. a workman that makes any sort of *louça*. See **LOUÇA**.
Louçiro. (According to Barbosa's Dictionary.) See **PARTELEIRA**.
LOUCO, a, adj. mad; also rash, unadvised.
Humem louco, or *Hum louco*, a mad-man.
Louco, full of play.
Fazer louco, to madden, to make mad.
Casa dos loucos, a mad-house, bedlam.
Rapariga ou mulher louca que gosta de ser vista e tratar com homens, a coquette, a girl who endeavours to attract notice.
P. cada louco com seu sbema, every mad-man in his humour; that is, every man, mad or sober, has his way, or his folly.
P. a palavras loucas, ou sbemas loucas, for mad words, deaf ears; that is, when people talk madly they are not to be minded.
LOUCURA, f. f. madness.
LOURA, f. m. a simpleton, a cully, one who may be easily led by the nose, or put upon, a silly fellow.

LOU

Loura do cabelo. See **TOCA**.
LOURAÇA, f. m. a simpleton. See **LOURA**.
LOURAR, v. a. to make yellow.
Lourar, v. n. to grow yellow.
LOUREIRO, f. m. the tree called laurel, or cherry-bay. See **LOURO**.
LOUREIRO, a, adj. troublesome, importunate, disturbing.
LOURETO. See **LORETO**.
LOURO, f. m. the laurel, one of the ever-green trees; called also the cherry-bay.
O lauro, or Louraio dos antigos, the bay-tree.
Coroa de louro, a garland of laurels.
Bago de louro, bay-berry.
Cercoado, ou ornado de louro, laureled, crowned or decorated with laurel.
Felbas de louro, bay-leaves.
Louro macho, laurel.
Louro femea, bay-tree.
De louro ou feito de louro, of, or belonging to bays; made of laurel.
Que produz louros that beareth, or wear-eth bays.
Montes cercados de louros, hills full of bay-trees at the top of them.
Lugar onde nascem louros, a place where bay-trees grow.
Louro, (figuratively) laurel, the emblem of victory and triumph.
Louro, a, adj. a bright yellow like gold, or such as ears of corn have when they are full ripe.
Cabello louro, fair hair.
Louro, f. m. a name given by the Portuguese to any sort of parrot.
LOUSA, f. f. a flat stone, such as is used in pavements.
Lousa da sepultura. See **CAMPA**.
Lousa, a pit-fall, a trap for birds.
LOUVA a deos, a sort of small fish they make use of as a bait to catch birds with; also a sort of worm in the Brasils; also a grasshopper.
LOUVA'DO, a, adj. praised. See **LOUVAR**.
Juiz leuado, an arbitrator, a judge chosen between two, an umpire, a referee.
Leuado, f. m. an umpire, a referee.
LOUVAMENTO, f. m. arbitration, the act of arbitrating.
Louvamento, arbitrage, laudum, the decree or sentence of an arbitrator.
LOUVAMI'NHA, f. f. a coaxing, a compliment, fair words.
LOUVA'R, v. a. to praise, or commend.
Louvar muito a algum, to praise one highly.
Louvar a algum, mas não totalmente, nem sem alguma excepção, to commend one with a but.
Aquelle que louva, a praiser, a commender.
Aquelle que louva, she that praiseth.
Hé para louvar a Deus, when any thing is very beautiful or good, they say it is a subject to praise God.
LOUVA'VEL, adj. commendable, praiseworthy, laudable.

LUB

Naõ leuavel, unworthy of praise.
LOUVA'VELMENTE, adv. commendably, praiseworthy, laudably.
LOUVO'R, f. m. praise, laud, commendation.
Concernente a louvores, laudative, pertaining to praise or commendation.

LOX

LOXA, f. f. metheglin or mead. Spanish *alexa*.
LOXODROMIA, f. f. (in navigation) loxodromic, the art of oblique sailing by the rhumb, which always makes an equal angle with every meridian; that is, when a ship does not sail either directly under the equator, or under one and the same meridian, but obliquely or across them.
LOXODROMICO, a, adj. loxodromic, or loxodromical; as *Tabelas loxodromicas*, loxodromic tables.

LOY

LOYOS, f. m. a religious order in Portugal, which is also called the Canons of St. John the Evangelist.

LUA

LU'A, f. f. the moon; also any thing that resembles the moon.
Lua nova, new moon.
Lua cheia, full moon, or the moon in her complement.
Lua crescente, the moon increasing, or in her increment.
Lua minguante, the moon in her decrement, or in her waning.
Resplendor da lua, moonshine, the lustre of the moon.
Lua cris, the moon in her decrement, or in her eclipse.
Conjunção da lua com o sol, ou interlunio, the conjunction of the sun and moon, interlunium.
Meya lua, (in fortification) half-moon.
Feito a modo de meya lua, made like a half-moon, lunated.
Homem que tem luas. See **LUNATICO**.
Pertercente a lua, lunary.
Lua, (in chemistry) silver, or luna.
Vitriolo de lua, (in chemistry) vitriol of silver.
Alumiado pela lua, moonlight, enlightened by the moon.
P. estar a lua sobre o forno, so they say when a man is at the height of his madness. As we say, it is midsummer-moon.
LUA'R, f. m. moonlight.

LUB

LU'BA, f. f. a sort of small fish without scales.
LUBISOMEM, f. m. werewolf.
Lubisomem. (Metaph.) See **COMILAM**, and **INTRATAVEL**.
LUBRICADO, part. of
LUBRICAR, v. a. to loosen, to make not cohesive. See also **LOBRIGAR**.

LU-

LUG

LUBRICO, *a*, adj. lubricous, slippery; also loose, lax of body, not coltise.

LUÇ

LUÇAM, *f. m.* a sort of fishing net.

LUC

LUCAS, *f. m.* Luke, a proper name of man; also calamites, a green frog.

LUCASSE, or *Juramento de lucasse*, (in Caferria) a sort of ordeal by poison.

LUCERNA, *f. f.* a fish called the lantern of the sea. See also **CAN-DEA**.

LUCIDO, *a*, adj. bright, light, lucid. *Lucidos intervallos*, lucid intervals, the space between the fits or paroxysms of maniacs, wherein the frenzy leaves them in possession of their reason.

LUCIFER, *f. m.* the arch-devil.

Lucifer, (in astronomy) the star called Venus or Lucifer.

LUCINA, *f. f.* the goddess of child-bearing, a title given both to Juno and Diana.

LUCIO, *f. m.* the fish called a pike.

LUCRADO, *a*, adj. See

LUCRAR, *v. a.* to gain, to get, to obtain as profit or advantage. *Lat. lucrari.*

LUCRATIVO, *a*, adj. lucrative, profitable, bringing money.

LUCRO, *f. m.* gain, profit. *Latin lucrum.*

Lucro illicite, lucre, pecuniary profit, in an ill sense.

LUCTUOSA, *f. f.* See **LUTUOSA**.

LUCTUOSO, *a*, adj. luctuous, sorrowful. *Lat. luctuosus.*

LUCUBRAÇAM, *f. f.* lucubration, or any thing composed by night, nocturnal study. *Lat. lucubratio.*

LUD

LUDI'BRIO, *f. m.* a mock, a mockery, a mocking-rock, a may-game, a scorn, a pointing-rock. *Lat. ludibrium.*

LU'DO, *f. m.* See **YOGO**.

LUF

LUFADA, *f. f.* a gust, or violent blast; as, *Lufada de vento*, a gust or blast of wind.

N. B. Duarte-Nunes de Leão says, that *lufada* and *frequencia* are synonymous. See **FREQUENCIA**.

LUG

LUGA'R, *f. m.* a place; also a village; also a quotation or citation, a place or passage in a book.

Lugar, opportunity, time, leisure.

Lugar, place, room or space wherein a thing or person is, or may be.

Em lugar de, instead, or in the room of. *Por alguem no lugar de outrem*, to put one in another's place or room.

LUM

Fazer lugar, to make way, or room. *Lugar ou motivo*, way, occasion.

Assim não haverá lugar para queixas, thus there will be no room left for complaints.

Dar lugar a que se faça alguma coisa, to give an occasion to do any thing.

Lugar, place, or employment.

Encher o seu lugar, to acquit one's self very well in his office.

Pôr cada coisa no seu lugar, to put every thing in its right place.

Dar lugar ou preferencia, to yield, to give place, as inferior in excellence or any other quality.

Não ter a cabeça no seu lugar, to be mad, or out of one's wits, to be light-headed.

Em todo o lugar, every where.

Em nenhum lugar, no where.

Em qualquer lugar que seja, wheresoever, in what place soever.

Em algum lugar, some where, in some place, any where, in any place.

De algum lugar, from some place or other.

Do mesmo lugar, from thence, from the same place.

Para o mesmo lugar, to the same place.

Para aquelle lugar, thither, or to that place, or thitherward.

Para este lugar, hither, to this place, or hitherward.

Tenho-o em lugar de pay, he is as a father to me.

Aí áquelle lugar, thitherto, so far, to that place.

Para este e para aquelle lugar, hither and thither, to this place and that.

Em que lugar? where, or in what place?

Lugares communs da rhetorica, (among rhetoricians) common-places, or general advertisements, which help those that consult them to remember all the ways by which a subject may be considered.

LUGAREJO, *f. m.* a little town or village.

LUGARETE, or **LUGARINHO**, *idem.*

LUGARTENENTE. See **LOCOTENENTE**.

LUGUBRE, adj. mournful, lamentable.

LUL

LU'LA, *f. f.* a sort of fish like the cuttle-fish, but his blood is not like ink.

LUM

LUMA, (in the provinces of Minho and Beira) the moon.

LUMBAR. } See { **LOMBAR**.

LUMBRIGA. } See { **LOMBRIGA**.

LUME, *f. m.* fire; also light; also light, knowledge.

Lume natural, the light of nature.

Lumes, (among poets) the eyes.

Vai-se o lume dos olhos para qualquer parte que ellemos lá do cuteiro em que habitamos, we dwell upon a hill where nothing terminates our sight.

LUP

Lumes de huma pintura, the lights of a picture.

Lume, (in a ship.) See **FAROL**.

Lume, light, insight; hint. See also **NOTICIA**.

Tomar, ou solber o lume, to stop up lights.

Lume, light, inspiration.

Lume, a luminary, any one that instructs mankind.

As lums da agua, between wind and water.

Lume do espelho, the surface of a looking-glass; also a foil, a sheet of thin tin on the backside of a looking-glass.

Por o lume nos espelhos, to foliate looking-glasses.

LUMIA'R, *f. m.* the lintel or threshold of a door.

LUMIE'IRA, *f. f.* See **LAMPADARIO**.

Lumie'ira da noite. See **CAGALUME**.

LUMINA'R, *f. m.* a luminary, a body that gives light, as the sun and the moon, which are stiled luminaries by way of eminence; also any one that instructs mankind, any eminent and illustrious man.

LUMINARIA, *f. f.* (it is generally used in the plural) an illumination, as is used upon occasion of public joy.

LUMINO'SO, *a*, adj. lightsome, luminous.

LUMIO'SO, *idem.*

LUN

LUNAÇAM, *f. f.* lunation, the revolution of the moon.

LUNA'R, adj. lunar or lunary.

Mex lunar consecutorio ou mensural, lunation, or the synodical month.

Anno lunar commum, the common lunar year.

Cyclo lunar. See **CYCLO**.

Lunar, *f. m.* a mole on the skin.

LUNA'RIA, *f. f.* the herb moon-wort; it is also called station-flower or honesty.

LUNARIO, *f. m.* an almanack that shews the changes of the moon.

Fazer lunarios, to trifle time away, to busy one's self about trifles.

LUNATICO, *a*, adj. lunatic, moon-struck, affected with lunacy.

Cavalleo lunatico, a moon-eyed horse.

A fluxão ou achague que os cavallos lunaticos padecem, moon-eyes, or lunatic eyes.

Lunatico, *f. m.* a lunatic or madman.

LUNETTA, *f. f.* a small round, or half-round window.

LUP

LU'PA, *f. f.* a distemper in beasts with sore kernels.

LUPA'NAR, *f. m.* a brothel, a bawdy-house.

LUPANGAS, a small sword used by the Cafres.

LU-

L U T

LU'PARO, or **LU'PULO**, f. m. hop, or hops for beer.
LUPERCA'L, adj. belonging to Pan. *Festas Lupercas*, Lupercalia, feasts celebrated by the Romans, on the fifteenth of February.
LU'PIA, f. f. (in surgery) a swelling called ganglion.
LU'PULO. See **LUPARO**.

L U R

LU'RGO, f. m. a sort of small bird so called.

L U S

LUSBE'L. See **LUCIFER**.
LUSCO, this word is only used in the two following phrases, viz. *Entre lusco e fusco*, at twilight, between hawk and buzzard.
Ir entre o lusco e o fusco, (metaph.) to speak confusedly, not plainly.
LUSI'ADA, f. f. the title of the famous poem written by Camoens.
LUSITANIA, f. f. the third part of ancient Spain, especially that called Algarve in Portugal. Hard.
LUSITANO, ou **LUSITANICO**, a, adj. of, or belonging to Lusitania. See also **PORTUGUEZ**.
LUSTRAÇAM, f. m. (among the ancient Romans) lustration, or purging by sacrifice.
LUSTRA'DO, a, adj. See
LUSTRA'R, v. a. to set a gloss upon.
Lustrár, v. n. to be notable, to be eminent, renowned, or conspicuous, to shine.
LU'STRE, f. m. lustre, gloss, the brilliant appearance on any thing, glitter.
O lustre de bom panuo, the gloss of a cloth.
Que tem lustre, glossy, lustrous.
Que não tem lustre, lack-lustre.
Dar lustre, to set a gloss upon; also to illustrate, to brighten with light; also to brighten with honour.
Lustre, (metaph.) pomp, honour.
LUSTRI'LHO, f. m. lustring, or lustring.
LU'STRO, f. m. lustre, the space of five years among the ancients.
LUSTRO'SAMENTE, adv. brightly.
LUSTRO'SO, a, adj. glossy, bright, shining, lustrous; also illustrious, glorious.

L U T

LU'TA, f. f. a wrestling. Lat. *luta*, or rather *palestra*.
LU'TA'DO, part. of
LU'TA'R, v. n. to wrestle, to contend who shall throw the other down; also to wrestle, to contend, to struggle earnestly, to strive in general.
Lutár, (in chemistry) to lute, to cover, or stop vessels with lute or chemists clay.
Maça, ou terra gorda e glutinosa amassada

L U Z

com areia, escumalho, &c. com que se bar- raõ vasos, e lutoõ retortas, recipientes, &c. lute, a compound paste made of sand, dross of iron, &c. for the joining and closing up the necks of retorts, receivers, &c. to coat glasses and earthen vessels, to preserve them from the violence of the fire.
LU'TO, f. m. mourning, a mourning suit of clothes. See also **PRANTO**, *Tristeza*.
Luto curto, second mourning.
Luto pesado, ou rigoroso, deep mourning.
Andar de luto, ou trazer dô. See **DÔ**.
LUTULENCIA, f. f. lutuence, mud- diness.
LUTULENTO, a, adj. lutulent, mud- dy. Lat. *lutulentus*.
LUTUOSA, f. f. a sort of corse present, a mortuary, an offering made to the bishop of one of the best moveables which did belong to a person or beneficiary deceased. But if there are no valuable moveables, they pay a mark of silver to the bishop.
LUTUOSO, a, adj. See **LUCTUOSO**.

L U V

LU'VA, f. f. a glove.
Luvás, a pair of gloves, a present.
Luvás frangipanas. See **FRANGI- PANA**.
Luva, ou ferro de luva. See **FERRO**.
LUVEIRO, f. m. a glover, a maker or seller of gloves.

L U X

LUXO, f. m. luxury, profuseness, ex- cess, extravagance.
LUXURIA, f. f. luxuriousness, luxury, lust, lewdness, wantonness, lasciviousness, lechery.
LUXURIOSAMENTE, adv. luxu- riously, lustfully, after his own lust, lasciviously, wantonly, lewdly.
LUXURIOSO, a, adj. wanton, lecher- ous, lustful, lascivious, lewd, li- bidinous.
Hum homem luxurioso, a wanton, a whoremonger.

L U Z

LU'Z, f. f. light, brightness; also a candle, or any other thing that gives light.
Luz do dia, day-light.
A luz de buma vela, the light of a candle.
A luz do sol, the sun-shine.
Cousa inimiga, ou que faga da luz, lu- cisfugos, that shuns the light.
Tirár a luz, to bring to light.
Dár bum livro á luz, to set forth, to publish, or put out a book.
Vai-se a luz, ou lume dos olhos, &c. See **LUME**.
Luz, (in painting) light, point of view, situation, direction in which the light falls.
Ver, ou considerar buma coisa em toda a

L Y M

sua extensão, e a todas as luzes que ella se pode ver ou considerar, to con- sider any thing in its whole extent, and in all its variety of lights. (Me- taph.)
Homem luzido a todas as luzes, an illus- trious man in every respect.
LUZES furtadas. See **FURTADO**.
Luze luze. See **PIRILAMPO**.
LUZEIRO, f. m. a luminary, a body that gives light, as the sun, moon, &c. also any star, (in poetry.)
Luzeiro da manhã, the morning star.
Luzeiro da tarde, the evening star.
LUZENTE, adj. bright, shining, lucid.
LUZERNA, f. f. a sort of glow-worm without wings.
LUZIDAMENTE, adv. brightly, gloriously; also sumptuously, costly.
LUZID'O, a, adj. that is very smooth, and somewhat shining.
LUZIDO, a, adj. sumptuous, costly; also noble, splendid; also glittering, specious.
LUZIMENTO, f. m. magnificence, sumptuousness; also cleverness, dex- terity.
Com luzimento, sumptuously, costly; also cleverly.
LUZIR, v. n. to give light, to shine; also to become famous, glorious, and renowned, to signalize one's self.
Luzir, (speaking of clothing, or what a man or woman has on) to become.
Luzir, to avail, to be serviceable.

L Y

LY, f. m. a Chinese furlong.

L Y C

LYCANTHRO'PIA, f. f. lycanthorpy, a kind of frenzy, in which men have the qualities of wild beasts, and which causes people to run through the fields, streets, &c. in the night.
O que padecer desta doença, a lycan- thropist.
LYCE'O. See **LICE'O**.
LYCIO, f. m. (among the poets) the sun.
Lycio, a medicine made of the roots of buckthorn.

L Y D

LYDIA, f. f. Lydia, an inland coun- try of Asia the Lesser.
LYDIO, a, adj. of, or belonging to Lydia.
Pedra lydia, the touchstone wherewith gold is tried. Lat. *lapis lydius*.
Lydio modo, (in music) Lydian mood, a doleful and lamentable kind of it.

L Y E

LYE'O, f. m. a name of Bacchus.

L Y M

LYMPHA, f. f. (In poetry.) See **A- GUA**.

Ly-

M A Ç

Lympha, (in medicine) lymph, or lymph.
LIMPHA'DO, *a*, adj. mad, furious, distracted.
LYMPHA'R, *v. a.* (in medicine) to wash with water.
LYMPHA'TICO, *a*, adj. (in anatomy) lymphatic; as, *vasos lymphaticos*, lymphatic vessels. See also *LYMPHA-DO*.

M A Ç

L Y N

LYNCE: } See { *LINCE*.
LYNCURIO. } { *LINCURIO*.

L Y R

LYRA, *f. f.* a harp; also a constellation of thirteen stars called the Harp, or Lyre.
Lyra do vinho. See *LIRA*.

M A Ç

LYRICO, *a*, adj. lyric, or lyrical.
O poeta lyrico, the lyric poet, that is, Horace.
Verſos lyricos, lyric verses.

L Y S

LYS. See *LIS*.
LYSIMACHIA, *f. f.* willow-herb, or loose-strife, water-willow.

M.

M, *f. m.* a consonant, and the twelfth letter of the Portuguese alphabet.

M is pronounced as in English, being placed before a vowel, with which it forms a syllable; but when it is at the end of words, and preceded by the letter *r*, causes in Portuguese a nasal sound like that of the French words *vin*, wine; *pain*, bread.

M, at the end of words, preceded by an *a*, *e*, or *i*, has such a nasal obtuse sound, that may only be learned from a master's mouth.

M (in Latin numbers) stands for a thousand, according to the poet.

M caput est numeri quem scimus mille tenere.

M, with a dash, (with the ancients) signified a thousand thousand.

M A

MA, *f. f.* *Ma*, the name of one of Rhea's maids, who tended Bacchus; also Rhea herself was so called.

Ma, (a pronoun mixed, serving for the feminine) me of it, or it or her to me; as, *mandai-ma*, send it, or her to me; *dixei-ma*, tell me of it; *para dar ma*, or *para-ma dar*, to give it to me; *dixei-ma*, in telling me it.

N. B. If the verbs are in the imperative, or in the gerund, this pronoun must be transposed, as you may see in the first, second, and fourth examples; and though they put it sometimes before the gerund, it is only when the pronoun is preceded by *em*; as, *em ma dando*, as soon as you, he, or she shall give it to me.

Ma. See *MA'O*.

M A Ç

MAÇA, *f. f.* dough, the paste of bread unbaked.

Andar com a maça na mão, or *andar com as mãos na maça*, to have one's hands in the dough; that is, to be employed or engaged in an affair.

Maça, paste, or substance made of boiled flour and water for sticking any thing.

Maça de coleteiro, an instrument to drive stones in paving, a rammer, a beetle.

Maça, the whole mass or stock belonging to a common wealth, monastery, &c. also the income that the whole mass brings in.

Maça de ferro, an iron mace or club.

Maça do sangue, the mass of blood.

Maça, mace, an ensign of authority, as that carried before the lord chancellor, and other great officers.

Porteiro, ou outra pessoa que leva esta sorte de maça, mace-bearer.

Maça de chumbo que antigamente os que dançavam tinham nas mãos para lhe servir de contrapeso, a plummet, or weight of lead that dancers on ropes hold in their hands, to counterpoise their own weight.

Maça de ouro, ou de outro metal, a rude mass of gold, or other metal.

Maça, a mass, lump, or heap of any thing.

Maça com que se quebra a cana do linho, a becle, to pound or beat hemp and flax with.

Maça, mace, a spice; the nutmeg is inclosed in a threefold covering, of which the second is mace.

MAÇA, *f. f.* an apple. Lat. *malum*.

Maçaã doce, a kind of sweet apple, the apple of paradise, an honey apple. Lat. *melimelum*.

Maçaã da nasga, a kind of fruit called jujub, or jujubes. Lat. *ziziphum*.

Maçaã de cipreste, the nut, or little round ball of the cypress-tree. Lat. *galbulus*.

Maçaã do rosto, the ball of the cheek.

Maçaã de porco, the herb called sow-bread.

Maçaã da espada. See *ESPADA*.

Maçaã do escaravilho, the ball formed by the insect called a beetle.

M. quã do leão, a sort of ball as big as an egg, which is formed in the belly of some lions.

Maçaã do elefante, a sort of ball as big as an egg, which is formed in the belly of an elephant.

Maçaã COFE, or *erva do vidro*, the herb called glass-wort. Spanish, *bar-*

rilla; also a small vesigo. See *VE-SUGO*.

MAÇADA, *f. f.* a blow given with a mace or club; also a plot, stratagem, or secret combination to any ill end.

MAÇAME, *f. m.* a kind of plaiting made with threads and tiles beaten to powder, and tempered together with mortar; plaster of Paris, or tarras.

Maçame, (in a ship) tackle, or tackling, the rigging of a ship.

MAÇAMO'RNA, *f. f.* (a sea-term) crumbs, or small particles of biscuit, or rather rotten biscuit.

MAÇANE'TA, *f. f.* a knob, such as are on chairs, beds, or such things.

MAÇAPAM, *f. m.* marchpane, a sort of confection made of almonds, sugar, &c.

MAÇAPE, *f. m.* the plant called laserpitium, or laser-wort. From *mas-petum* the leaf, or, according to some, the stalk of laserpitium.

MAÇADO, *a*, adj. beaten, &c. See *MAÇAR*, *v. a.* to beat, to thump, to strike with dull, heavy blows.

O que maça, a thumper.

Maçar alguém com hum pão, to cudgel, to beat, or bang one with a stick.

MAÇARICO, *f. m.* a sort of rabbit with a star in the forehead. See also *ALCIAM*.

MAÇAROCA, *f. f.* a spindle-full.

Maçareca, the whole fruit of the maize plant, which is surrounded by three or four leaves closely adhering to it.

MAÇONTA, *f. f.* (in Moçambique) a small copper bar, used instead of money, it is worth three vintens. See *VINTEM*.

MAÇORRAL, *f. m.* a misshapen fellow.

MAÇO, *f. m.* a mallet, a sort of wooden hammer; also a small parcel or bundle.

Maço de cartas miſſivas, a packet of letters.

Maço de cartas de jogo, a small parcel containing twelve sets or packs of cards.

Maço da porta, a knocker, the hammer affixed to the door in order to strike for admission.

MAC

MA'CA, f. f. hammock, a hanging bed for sailors.

MACABEOS, f. m. p. the Maccabees, or Judas Maccabæus, and others of that family.

Livro dos Macabeos, the Maccabees, or the two books which contain an history of the memorable actions of Judas Maccabæus, and others of that family.

MACACA, this word is used in this vulgar phrase, *morte macaca*, casualty, accidental death.

MACACO, f. m. a monkey, an animal bearing some resemblance of man.

MACAGOA, f. f. (a ludicrous word) an indisposition, or tendency to sickness, not a set sickness.

MACAO, (i. e. a sea-port) Macao, an island of Canton in China, in Asia. The Portuguese have a large town in it, but are obliged to submit to the Chinese.

MACAREO, f. m. (in India) the flux and reflux of the sea, the tide; also a beast so called.

MACAROENS, f. m. p. a sort of fine paste made up in little cakes, which they boil in broth, and then season it with cheese, butter, &c. Italian *macaroni*.

MACARRO'NICO, a, adj. macaronic, pertaining to a macaronic style or way of writing.

Latim macaronico, macaronic, a jumble of words of different languages, with words of the vulgar tongue latinized, or put into Latin terminations and forms, as *jugarizavit*, he sugar-ed.

Verfos macaronicos, macaronic verses. The invention is attributed to one Theophilus Folengi, in the year 1520.

MACATA, f. f. a sort of stuff made either of wool, or silk.

MACEA, f. f. See **GAMELA**.

MACEIRA, f. f. an apple-tree.

Maceira da nasaga, the jujub-tree.

Maccira, a tub, or trough to knead dough in.

Maccira, or *massira*, the place where the *akatruxi* empty themselves. See **ALCATRUZ**.

P. Deo Deo natira perd o Maria na maccira: we say. God sends meat, but the devil sends cooks.

MACEIRO, f. m. a mace-bearer.

MACELLA, f. f. the herb camomile.

Macelin gallega. See **AMARANTO**.

Mocilla de S. Jenô. See **HYPERICAM**.

MACENARIA. See **MARCE'NARIA**.

MACERAÇAM, f. f. (in pharmacy, &c.) maceration. See **MACERAR**. The author of the *Thesouro Apollin* thinks that *maceraçam* and *infusaçam* are synonyma.

Maceraçam, maceration, mortification, corporal hardship.

MACERA'DO, a, adj. macerated, &c. See

MACERAR, v. a. to soften, or mollify, by steeping or soaking in liquor.

Macerar, to mortify, to harass with corporal severities.

Macerar, (in pharmacy) to macerate, to steep or soak almost to solution, either with, or without heat.

Macerar-se, v. r. to lie in soak, or be steeped, to be mollified.

MACE'TA, f. f. a sort of iron mallet, or hammer.

Macta onde e'scarraô. See **CUSPIDEIRA**.

Macta, a billiard-stick longer than the rest.

MACE'TE, f. m. a wooden mallet or hammer.

MACHACA'Z, f. m. (a vulgar word) a bulky and ill shaped-fellow.

MACHACETAS. See **DICHOTE**.

MACHADA'DA, f. f. a cut with an axe.

MACHA'DA, f. f. an ax or axe, a tool used by carpenters, and other workmen.

MACHADI'NHA, f. f. a hatchet, or little axe.

Machadinha, a battle-axe, a weapon used anciently.

MACHA'DO, f. m. idem.

Feito ao machado, executed but bunglingly.

Carasita ao machado, hatchet-face, an ugly face; such, I suppose, as might be hewn out of a block by a hatchet.

MACHACHIM, f. m. a sword-dancer.

Dança dos machachins, a dance with swords, in which they fence and strike at one another, as if they were in earnest, receiving the blows on the bucklers, and keeping time.

MACHAFEMEA, f. f. the hinges, or joints of iron, on which a gate or door turns. See **MACHOS**, e *femas*.

Per buma machafemea, to hinge, to furnish with hinges.

MACHAM, f. m. a manlike female, an heroine. Lat. *virago*.

MACHEIRO, f. m. a young cork-tree in its second growth.

MACHETE, f. m. a great knife formerly worn by peasants at their girdle; also a short sword.

Machete, a little guitar.

MACHIABELISTA. See **MACHIAVELISTA**.

MACHIADO, part. of

MACHIA'R, v. n. (in agriculture) to grow, or become barren.

MACHIAVELLO, f. m. Machiavel, a famous historian and politician of Florence; also a crafty and subtle man.

Maxima de Machiavello, Machiavelianism.

De, ou peritente a Machiavello, Machiavelian.

MACHIAVELLISTA, f. m. one who follows the politic principles of Machiavel.

See Machiavelista, on servir-se da maxi-

ma de Machiavello, to machiavelize, to practise Machiavelianism.

MACHIEIRO. See **MACHEIRO**, and **SILVA macha**.

MACHINHO, f. m. a little he mule; also a little guitar.

MACHI'RA, f. f. a sort of cloke or upper garment worn by the Cafres.

MA'CHO, f. m. the male of any creature. Lat. *mas*. More particularly used for the male of mules.

Macho de sella, a he mule to ride on.

Macho, ou femia dos animais, mate, the male or female of animals.

Machos e femas, hooks and eyes, mortises and tenons, spigots and faucets, or any such thing as go within one another.

Fazer-se macho, to become of the male kind, to turn male.

Macho, (in Aveiro, and some other places.) See **EIRO**.

Macho, or grilbaô. See **GRILHAM**.

Machos do leme, pintles, those hooks by which the rudder hangs to the stern-post.

Macho das encaspias, the wedge of a boot-tree.

Macho, a, adj. male, or belonging to the male kind; also stout, strong, vigorous.

Finha macho, strong wine.

Silva macha, dog-briar.

Incinso macho, the best sort of frankincense.

Affectar macho, ou laldado. See **LEALDADO**.

MACHO'A, f. f. a masculine woman that has a male figure, or behaviour, a Tom-boy.

MACHOCA, f. f. ex. *Machoca de trigo*, an early threshing of corn.

MACHO'RA, f. f. a barren ewe.

MACHU'CHO, a, adj. virtuous; also rich; also powerful, potent, invested with authority; also steady, constant, not fickle.

MACICO, a, adj. solid, full of matter, not hollow; also solid, not superficial.

MASICOTE, or **MASSICOTE**, f. m. massicot, ceruse calcined.

Masicote claro, white massicot.

Masicote amarello, yellow massicot, or massicot.

Masicote dourado, gold coloured massicot.

MACILENTO, a, adj. lean, lank, macilent, thin.

MACIO, a, adj. smooth, sleek, soft to the hand.

Ella tem as mãos muito macias, she has very soft hands.

Macio, mild to the taste, not sharp.

MACOME'IRA, f. f. a sort of palm-tree that hath a branched stalk, or trunk.

MACONE, f. m. (in the rivers of So-fala,) a sort of fish like a lamprey.

MACRACOSMO, f. m. macrocosm; the whole universe, or visible system; so called in contradistinction to the microcosm, i. e. the little world or body of man, which is frequently so called.

M A D

MACUARIA, f. f. (in India) a fisher-town.
MACULA, f. f. stain, taint of guilt, or infamy, maculation.
Sem macula, stainless, free from sin or reproach.
MACULADO, a, adj. stained, &c. See **MACULAR**, v. a. to stain, to maculate. (It is generally used in a moral sense.)
Macular a reputação de alguém, to stain or blur one's reputation.
MACUMA, f. f. (in the Rio de Janeiro) a woman slave.

M A D

MADAMA, f. f. lady, or my lady; also any woman. French *madame*.
MADAMOISELLA, f. f. mademoiselle.
Madamefella, ou princesa filha do irmão do-roy, mademoiselle, or the king's brother's daughter.
MADEIRA, f. f. timber, wood for building.
O que contrata em madeira, a wood-monger, a timber-merchant.
Madreira torta, a horn of any beast.
Madreira, an island belonging to Portugal. It was discovered by John Gonçalves Zarco, and Tristão Vaz, in the year, 1420.
MADEIRADO, a, adj. timbered.
MADEIRAMENTO, f. m. the act of covering with timber; also the carcass or timber-work of a house; but properly it signifies the timber of the top of a house.
MADEIRA, v. a. to plank, to timber; but is properly to plank the top of a house or any other building.
MADEIRO, f. m. the trunk of a tree, the branches and leaves being cut off; a heavy and rude piece of timber, a block, a stub, a log.
O madeiro da cruz, the cross, engine upon which our Saviour suffered death.
Madreiro para a noite de Natal, Christmas log.
MADEIXA, f. f. a skein of thread, silk, or the like. From the Lat. *matixa*.
Madixa, or Madixa de cabellos, a lock of hairs.
MADORRA. See **MODORRA**.
MADRAÇARI, f. f. idleness, slothfulness, aversion from labour, truancy.
MADRACEA, v. n. to truant, to loiter about, to idle at a distance from duty.
MADRACEIRAM, f. m. a great **MADRAÇO**.
MADRAÇO, an idle rascal, a paltry fellow, a lying rascal, a truant, a loiterer.
MADRASTA, f. f. a step-mother, step-dame, or mother-in-law.
P. madrastra e entada sempre andão em brava, the step-mother and step-daughters are always at variance.
MADRE, f. f. a mother. Lat. *mater*.

M A D

Madre, the matrix, the womb, wherein the child is conceived.
Madre de bom rio, the channel of a river.
Sabir da madre, is for a river to overflow.
Madre, mother, or that which requires reverence and obedience; as, *a madre igreja*, the mother church.
Madre, mother, that which has produced any thing, or that which is more plentiful than any other of the same sort.
Madre antiga, (in poetry) the earth.
Madre, mother, a familiar term of address to a professed nun, or to a woman dedicated to religious austerities.
Mál da madre, mother, the hysteric passion, a disease in that part where the child is formed.
MADREPEROLA, f. f. mother of pearl, the shell which contains the pearl fish, that in which pearls are generated.
MADRESILVA, f. f. the plant woodbine, or honey-suckle.
MADRIGAL, f. m. a madrigal, a pastoral song.
MADRI NHA, f. f. a godmother; also the woman who protects any child.
Ser madrinha, (in a christening) to stand god-mother to a child.
Madrinha da boda, the bride-maid, one of the witnesses at a wedding, that attends the bride.
MADRONHEIRO. See **MEDRONHEIRO**.
MADRONHO. See **MEDRONHO**.
MADRUGADA, f. f. day-spring, dawn, the time between the first appearance of light, and the sun's rise. It is reckoned from the time that the sun comes within 18° of the horizon.
De madrugada, at break of day, early in the morning.
Muito de madrugada, very early in the morning.
MADRUGADO, f. m. an early riser.
MADRUGADO, part. of **MADRUGA**, v. n. to rise early in the morning.
P. madruga e veras, trabalha e teras, rise early, and you will see; take pains, and you will have wealth; we say, the early bird catches the worm.
P. nem per muito madrugar amanhece mais cedo, early rising makes it not day the sooner; when a man is never the better for taking much pains: we say, fore-cast sometimes, is better than working hard.
MADURAÇAM, f. f. maturation, or ripeness.
MADURADO, a, adj. See the verb **MADURAR**.
MADURAMENTE, adv. seasonably, properly, with respect to time; also maturely, with counsel well digested, considerately.
MADURAR, v. a. (in physic) to mature, to promote maturation.
Remedios para madurar, maturantia.

M A G

such medicines as promote maturation, ripeness.
Madurar-se, v. r. to grow ripe and fit for suppuration.
MADURECER, v. n. to mature, to ripe, to ripen, to grow ripe.
Fazer madurecer, to ripe, to ripen, to make ripe.
MADURECIDO, part. of **MADURECER**, ripened.
MADUREZ, or **MADUREZA**, f. f. ripeness of fruits or years, maturity, the arrival of any thing to its just degree of perfection.
MADURO, a, adj. ripe, come to maturity, mellow, speaking of fruits.
Maduro, mature; as *de idade madura*, mature in years. See also **PRUDENTE**.
Maduro, (in physic) mature, fit for suppuration.

M A F

MAFAMEDE, or **MAFEMEDE**, f. m. a chest made of *angelim*. See **ANGELIM**.
Mafamede, or *Mafoma*, f. m. Mahomet, or, as the true reading is, Mahammed, son of Abdallah, who flourished in the seventh century, and first opened his prophetic commission at Mecca, a city in Arabia, which was his native place; but meeting with considerable opposition there, he withdrew with his followers from thence to Medina. From this flight, which, according to Petavius and D'Herbelot, happened on the sixteenth of July, A. C. 622. the Mahometans commence their era, called the hegrah, or hegrah, which in Arabic signifies a flight.
Pertencente a Mafoma, Mahometan.

M A G

MAGALHAENS, the name of several families in Portugal.
Estreito de Magalhaens, the Magellanic straits.
MAGANA, f. f. a whore, a jade, a base woman.
MAGANA, v. a. I think it signifies to barter.
MAGANEADO, part. of **MAGANEAR**, v. n. to rogue, to play the vagrant, to haunt bawdy-houses, gaming-houses, &c.
MAGANICE, f. f. roguery, villainy, knavery.
MAGANO, f. m. a rogue, a scoundrel, a base fellow, a whore-monger, a hunter of harlots; also a malicious and mischievous fellow.
Magane, a, adj. base, dishonourable, roguish.
Olhos maganos, speaking eyes.
Homem magano. See **MAGANO**.
Mulher magana. See **MAGANA**.
Alfêoa magana, a sort of sweet-meat made of *milaço*. See **MELAÇO**.
MAGAREFE, f. m. a slaughter-man, one employed in killing and flaying beasts.

M A G

M A I

M A I

MAGESTÁDE, f. f. majesty, an air or mien that is solemn, awful, and full of authority, stateliness, greatness of appearance, grandeur, dignity; also majesty, dignity, elevation; a title of honour, usually given to kings and queens.

Crime de lesa magestade. See **CRIME**.

MAGESTOSAMENTE, adv. majestically.

MAGESTOSO, a, adj. majestic, or majestic.

MAGIA, f. f. magic, the art of putting in action the power of spirits.

Magia natural, natural magic.

Magia diabolica, conjuring, sorcery, witchcraft.

MÁGICA, f. f. See **MAGIA**.

MÁGICO, f. m. a magician.

Mágico, a, adj. magic, or magical.

Lanterna mágica. See **LANTERNA**.

MAGISTERIO, f. m. mastership, the dignity or post of a master; also gravity, seriousness.

Magisterio, the degree of doctor.

Receber o grão de magisterio, to take the degree of doctor.

Magisterio, or *magistral*, (with chemists) magistery.

MAGISTRA'DO, f. m. a magistrate, a man publicly invested with authority.

Dignidade, ou officio de magistrado, magistracy.

MAGISTRA'L, adj. magisterial, such as suits a master, master-like; also magisterial, chemically prepared in the manner of a magistery.

Crego magistral, a canon that is doctor of divinity in a cathedral.

Magistral, f. m. (with chemists) magistery.

MAGISTRA'LEMENTE, adv. masterly, in a manner like a master.

MAGISTRANDO, f. m. (in the universities) one who is to take the degree of doctor.

Magna ordinaria, (in the universities) an act or solemn disputation so called.

Arteria magna. See **AORTA**.

MAGNANIMIDADE, f. f. magnanimity.

Com magnanimidade, magnanimously.

MAGNANIMO, a, adj. magnanimous.

MAGNATES, f. m. p. great men, chief nobility.

MAGNESIA, f. f. manganese, it is properly an iron ore of a poorer sort, used by glass-men to clear the foul colour of their glass.

MAGNETE, f. f. a magnet, or loadstone. It is so called of Magnesia, a province of Lydia in Asia Minor, where it was found in good plenty.

MAGNETICO, a, adj. magnetic, or magnetical.

Achude magnetica, magnetism.

MAGNIFICACAM, f. f. magnifying, the act of commending and praising one highly.

MAGNIFICA'DO, a, adj. magnified.

MAGNIFICA'R, v. a. to magnify,

to commend, or praise highly. Lat. *magnificare*.

MAGNIFICAMENTE, adv. magnificently.

MAGNIFICENCIA, f. f. magnificence, or magnificentness, stateliness. Lat. *magnificentia*.

MAGNÍFICO, a, adj. magnificent.

MAGNITUD, or **MAGNITUDE**, f. f. (in astronomy) magnitude.

MAGO, f. m. a forcerer.

Magos, philosophers, astrologers, and priests among the Egyptians and Asiatics, magi.

Perlicente a estes magos, magian.

MÁGOA, f. f. heart-breaking, or over-powering grief. See also **MANCHA**.

Magoa, a mark in the face, arms, &c. black or blue, made with a stroke, a bruise.

MAGOA'DO, a, adj. beaten black and blue, bruised. See **MAGOAR**.

Magoado, overpowered with grief.

MAGOA'R a, *algum*, v. a. to grieve one at his heart, to vex him grievously; also to hurt; also to bruise, to make black or blue spots with beating.

Vos magoai-me, you hurt me.

Magoar-se, v. r. to be grievously vexed, to be overpowered by grief; also to bruise one's arm, leg, &c.

Magoar-se no braço por ter dado alguma queda, to bruise one's arm by a fall.

MAGOTE, f. m. a band, or number of persons or things.

Em magotes, by bands, or great parties.

MAGREZA, f. f. leanness. Lat. *macritudo*.

MÁGRO, a, adj. lean. Lat. *maer*.

Fazer-se magro, to wax lean, or thin.

MAGUER, (an antiquated word) although.

MAGU'STO, f. m. ex. *Magusto de castanhas*, chestnuts that are roasted under the embers; also a present made of the same chestnuts.

Fazer hum magusto de castanhas, to roast chestnuts under the embers.

M A H

MAHOMETA'NO, ou **MAHOMETO**, a, adj. Mahometan.

Mahometano, f. m. one who follows the religion introduced by Mahomet.

MAHOMETISMO, f. m. Mahometism, the religion introduced by Mahomet.

MAHOMETO, f. m. Mahomet.

M A I

MAINÇA do fuso. See **GASTAM**, in its second signification.

MAINE'L, f. m. the top of a stair-case, or the last pallier at the top of a stair-case. Lat. *Scalæ fastigium*.

MAIO. } See { **MAYO**.

MAIOR. } See { **MAYOR**.

MAIORANA. See **MARGERONA**.

MAIORIDADE. See **MAYORIDADE**.

MAIS, adj. (serving for both genders,

and numbers) more; as, *mais pão* more bread; *mais agua*, more water, &c.

Mais, adv. more, to a greater degree.

De mais, too much, more than necessary.

Não mais, no more.

Cada vez mais, more and more.

Outro tanto mais, as much more.

De mais, or *alem disso*, moreover.

Quanto mais o conheci, mais o estimei, the better I knew him, the more I liked him.

Quem mais, quem menos, some more, some less.

Muito mais, a great deal or much more.

Tanto mais, the more so.

Mais ou menos, more or less.

Pouco mais, ou menos, more or less, thereabouts.

Mais, the most. It is then a particle, noting the superlative degree.

He o mais mau homem de quantos ha no mundo, he is the most wicked man in the world.

Elle he a quem eu mais amo, it is he whom I love most.

O mais bello, the most fair, or fairest.

Elle tem mais de quarenta annos, he is past, or above forty years of age.

Isto he mais do que eu lhe disse, this is more than I told him.

Mais, the particle that forms the comparative degree; as,

Mais grande, greater.

Mais claro, clearer, &c.

Mais de cem homens, above an hundred men.

Elle he muito mais grande, he is taller by much.

Elle he pouco mais grande, he is taller by little.

Mais cedo, sooner, before.

Mais tarde, later.

Mais perto, nearer.

Mais longe, further, farther.

Mais depressa, rather.

Mais depressa do que, rather than.

Mais depressa quizera, &c. I would rather, &c.

O mais depressa que puderdes, as soon as possibly you can.

Não fazer mais que, &c. to do nothing but, &c.

Elle não faz mais que jogar, beber, &c. he does nothing but play, drink, &c.

Por mais que, these particles are used to signify that a man does a thing in vain; as

Por mais que digais, say what you will, you may say what you will.

Por mais que faça nunca o conseguira, let him do what he can, he will never bring it about.

Por mais que me mate para servillo nada me ficabrigado, though I destroy myself to serve him, he makes nothing of it.

Por mais que se lance sera a tristeza, sempre torna a vir, drive away sorrow never so much, it will return again.

Por mais que me dessem não o faria, I would not do it for never so much.

Quanto mais, the more, the longer; as,

M A L

quanto mais vivemos, mais, (or tanto mais) aprendemos, the longer we live, the more we learn; quanto mais hum hydropico bebe, mais fide tem, the more an hydropic drinks, the more thirsty he is.

Mais do necessario, more than enough. Por de mais, as an addition; as, os copos são de esmeraldas e o ouro he por de mais, gold is but an addition in cups to the emerald, which is the principal material.

Fazer huma coisa por de mais, to do a thing unwillingly.

So mais, or ao mais tardar, at the furthest.

Nunca mais, never more; also never since.

Come nunca mais o barba de ver, a'razão com as lagrimas nos olhos, being never to see him more, he embraced him with tears in his eyes.

Mais do que, more than.

Mais do que hamisler, more than enough.

Hum pouco mais, or algum tanto mais, somewhat more.

Por pouco mais de nada, for a trifle.

De mais a mais, more than that, or besides that; as, Elle roubou-o, e de mais a mais matou-o, he robbed him, and more than that he killed him.

Mais hoje mais á manha, some time or other, at a long run, in fine.

Sem mais, nem mais, rashly, without due consideration, hastily.

Mais, f. m. rest, remnant, residue.

Em quanto ao mais, as for the rest.

MAIUSCULA. See CABIDOLA.

MAIZ, f. m. maize, a kind of Indian wheat.

M A L

MA'L, adv. ill, not well, not rightly in any respect; also ill, not easily, with difficulty, scarcely, hardly.

Mal feito, ill done.

Mal criado, ill bred.

Mal o posso ver, I can hardly see it.

Estar mal de saúde, to be sick, ill, not in health.

Mal contente, malecontent, malecontented, or discontented.

Fallar mal de algum, to speak ill of one.

Esstar mal com algum, to disagree, to be at variance with one.

Desjar mala a quem, to malign, to wish ill to one.

Por-se mal com algum, to break, to fall out with one.

Nos entendis muito mal o que tu digo, you grossly mistake my meaning.

Tomar huma coisa a mal, to take a thing ill, to take offence, or be offended at it.

Levar a mal. } See LEVAR.

Levar per mal. }

Querer mal a algum, to hate, to bear ill-will to one.

Elles querem-se mal, they hate, they have a pique one against another.

Suocer mal, to miscarry, not to have the intended event, not to succeed.

Parece mal, or está mal, it does not look well, it becomes not.

M A L

Está mal a hum pobre o ser soberbo, it does not become a beggar to be proud.

Está-vos mal o fallar assim, it does not become you to speak so.

Mal bajas tu, the deuce take you.

Naõ está mal aviado, he is in an ill-taking, he is at an ill pass. (Ironically.)

Mal, ill, is used in composition to express any bad quality or condition.

Mal, f. m. evil, ill, mischief; also pain, or ach.

Fazet-me mal, you hurt me.

Aquillo não me faz bem nem mal, that does not concern me neither one way nor other.

De mal para peor, worse and worse.

Mal, sickness, disease, or distemper.

Mal, misfortune, inconvenience.

Males, (the plural of mal) is sometimes taken more particularly for the venereal or foul disease, the clap, or the pox; as, ter males, to be clapt or poxed.

P. o bem sea, e o mal vosa; we say, ill news comes apace.

P. do mal o menor, of evil, the least; of two evils, we say, choose the least.

P. quem faz mal, espere outro tal, harm watch harm catch.

P. há males que vem por bem; we say, it is an ill wind that blows no body good.

P. o mal do olho cura-se com o cotovelo, you should never touch your eye but with your elbow.

MA'LA, f. f. portmanteau, or portmante; also the postman's bundle, a mail; as

A mala de França, the French mail.

MALACIA, f. f. See CALMARIA.

MALAFORTUNADO, a, adj. unlucky.

MALAGUETA, f. f. the seeds called grains of paradise.

MALANDRIM, f. m. a vagrant, or vagabond.

MALAGUETRO, f. m. a linen-drapeer, he who deals in linen.

MALAIQUES, f. m. a sort of Indian coin.

MALAGUETA, f. f. a kevil, a small piece of timber nailed to the inside of a ship, to which they belay the sheets, &c.

MALASCA'RAS, (a vulgar word) a man that has a crabbed look, or sour countenance.

MALASSADA, f. f. an omelet, or pancake made of eggs.

MALATO. See INDISTO.

MALAFENTURADO, a, adj. unlucky, unfortunate.

MALCOZINILADO, f. m. a place where cooks keep their shops.

MALDADE, f. f. wickedness; malice; also a wicked act; also a roguish trick.

MALDIÇAM, f. f. malediction, curse, imprecation.

Lançar maldiçens. See AMALDIÇOAR.

MALDITA, f. f. See EMPIGEM.

M A L

MALDITO, a, adj. cursed.

Maldito, f. m. a cursed villain.

MALDIZENTE. See MALEDICO.

MALDIZER, v. a. See AMALDIÇOAR.

MALEDICENCIA, f. f. slanderous and reproachful speech, detraction, ill report.

MALEDICO, f. m. a slanderer.

Maledico, a, adj. slanderous.

MALEFICIA DO, a, adj. bewitched, fascinated.

MALEFICIO, f. m. an ill action; also witchcraft. See also ADULTERIO.

MALEFICO, f. m. an evil doer, an offender.

Mal feo, a, adj. malefic, or malefique, mischievous, hurtful.

Planetas maleficos, (with astrologers) malefic planets, the planets Saturn and Mars so called on account of the evil effects attributed to them.

MALEGUETA. See MALAGUETA.

MALEITAS, f. f. p. tertian, an ague intermitting but one day, so that there are two fits in three days.

*Maleitas, maleiteira, or herwa maleiteira, an herb called sea-lettuce, wolf's-milk, or milk-thistle. Lat. *tithymalus*.*

MALENGARADO, a, adj. ugly, ill-favoured. See also CARRANCUDO.

MALENCONIZADO. See MELANCOLICO.

MALES. See MAL.

MALESTREADO, a, adj. ominous, ill-boding.

MALEVOLENCIA, f. f. malevolence, ill-will, spight, hatred, malignity.

MALEVOLO, a, adj. malevolent, ill-natured.

MALEZA, (obol.) See MAIDADE.

MALFADADO, a, adj. unfortunate, unlucky.

MALFALLANTE. See MALEDICO.

MALFA RIO, (a vulgar word.) See ADULTERIO.

MALFAZEJO, a, adj. See MALEFICO.

*MALFAZER, v. a. to do an ill, or shrewd turn. Lat. *malefacere*.*

MALFEITO, f. m. an ill-deed, a shrewd turn, malefaction.

MALFEITOR, f. m. a malefactor, a guilty person.

MALFURADA. See HYPERICAM.

MALGA, f. f. (in the province of Trallos Montes) See TIGELA.

MALHA, f. f. mesh, or mesh, the space between the threads of a net; also a stitch, (in knitting.)

Malha de faya de malba, a ring, or S wherewith coats of mail were set very thick; a mail.

Saya de malba, armour, or coat of mail.

Armar com faya de malba, to mail.

Escapamos daquelle perigo pela malba rota, (metaph.) we made a narrow escape out of that danger.

Malba, a mail, a natural spot or speck on the feathers of birds, or on the furs of wild beasts, &c.

Mal-

M A L

Malba de rikua, a grass-plot, a grassy spot of ground.
MALHA'DA, f. f. the act of threshing or beating corn out of the ear with a flail.
Malbada, a sheep-fold, a place for the sheep and shepherds to retire to at night.
MALHADEIRO, f. m. a wooden pestle to pound with; also an ignorant fellow.
MALHA'DO, a, adj. thrashed or beaten with a flail; also hammered, or beaten with a mall or hammer, malleated.
Malhado, mailed, spotted, or speckled as the feathers of some birds, or as the furs of some wild beasts. See the verb **MALHAR**.
MALHADOR, f. m. a thresher, one who beats corn out of the ear with a flail.
MALHAM, f. m. (at nine pins, and in the exercise, called to pitch the bar) a cast or throw.
De malbaõ, at one throw.
MALHA'R, v. a. to thresh, or beat with a flail; also to malleate, to hammer, to beat with a mall or hammer; also to beat or bang, to thresh.
Malhar em ferro fido. See **FERRO**.
MALHEIRAM, f. m. a sort of play among boys.
MALHEIRO, f. m. hammerer, one who hammers, or works with a hammer.
MALHETE, f. m. (among joiners) a joint.
MAL'LHO, f. m. a sledge, a smith's great hammer, which they use with both hands.
Malloõ, (with falconers) the lease of the varvels. See **PIO'Z**.
MALICE, f. f. (among surgeons and physicians) malignancy, destructive tendency, infectiousness.
MALICIA, f. f. malice, ill-will; also malice, a deliberate mischief. See also **MALICE**. Lat. *malitia*.
MALICIOSAMENTE, adv. maliciously, with intention of mischief; also maliciously, or spitefully.
MALICIOSO, a, adj. malicious, full of malice, spiteful.
MALIGNADO, a, adj. See the verb **MALIGNAR**.
MALIGNAMENTE, adv. malignantly.
MALIGNAR, v. a. to corrupt, to vitiate.
MALIGNIDADE, f. f. malignity, destructive tendency, contrariety to life; also ill-will, maliciousness.
MAL'IGNO, a, adj. ill inclined, perverse, wicked, malignant; also malignant, destructive to life, malign, infectious, pestilential, malicious.
Enfermidade maligna, a malignant disease.
Espirites malignos, malign spirits.
MAL'INA, f. f. (a sea term) spring-tides.
MAL'ISSIMO, a, adj. and sup. of *mao*, very bad.
MALLOGRADO, a, adj. that has miscarried, that came to an untimely end, that came to no good.

M A L

Mallagrade, (speaking of persons) dead untimely, or before the natural time.
MALLOGRAR-SE, v. r. to come to an ill end, or to no good, not to attain to the intended end, to miscarry, to fall out crossly; also to die untimely.
MALMEQUERES. See **BEMMEQUERES**.
MALO. See **MA'O**.
MALOGRAR-SE. See **MALLOGRAR-SE**.
MALPARIDO, a, adj. See
MALPARIR, v. a. to miscarry, as women do.
MALQUERENÇA, f. f. See **MALEVOLENCIA**.
MALQUERER, v. a. to wish ill to, to hate, to bear ill-will to.
MALQUISTAR, v. a. to set at variance, to set together by the ears.
Malquistar-se com alguem, v. r. to break, to fall out with one.
MALQUISTO, a, adj. hated.
MAL'SAM, *mal'saa*, adj. unwholesome, unhealthful, noisome, pestilent.
MALSI'M, f. m. an informer, a setter, a spy.
MALSINA'DO, a, adj. informed against.
MALSINAR, v. a. to inform against one, to play the informer.
MALSOANTE, adj. ill-sounding. See **DISSONO**.
MALSOFRIDO, a, adj. impatient, that cannot suffer or abide.
MALTA, f. f. Malta, an island between Sicily and Africa.
A ordem militar de Malta, the military religious order of Malta. It was introduced into Portugal in 1130.
A cruz de Malta, the cross of Malta.
Cavalleiros de Malta, or *Maltês*, a knight of Malta.
MALTRAPI'LHO. See **FARRAPAM**.
MALTRATADO, a, adj. abused, &c. See
MALTRATAR, v. a. to use ill, to abuse; also to hurt, to damage.
Hum navio maltratado, a damaged or shattered ship.
MALVA, f. f. the herb mallows. Lat. *De malva*, or *pertinente a mal'va*, malvaceous.
Malvas de Ungria, jagged marsh-mallows.
Mal'va da India, the plant called rose-mallow. It is in every respect larger than the common mallow; the leaves are rougher, and the plant grows almost shrubby.
MALVADO, a, adj. wicked.
MALVESCO, or **MALMAVESCO**, f. m. marsh-mallows.
Malvaesico silvestre, jagged marsh-mallows.
MALVA'R, f. m. a place where mallows grow.
MALVASTA, f. f. the rich wine called malmsey.
MALVISTO, a, adj. short-sighted, owl-

M A M

eyed, that cannot see at a distance, pur-blind.
Malvisto de noite, that is affected with dimness of sight in the night, or in dark places, without any defect in the light.
Malvisto de dia, that is affected with a dimness of sight in the light, but has a clear sight in shady or dark places.
Malvisto, disliked, or regarded without affection.

M A M

MA'MA, f. f. a dug, a pap. Latin *mamma*.
O bico da mama, the nipple, the teat or dug of a woman's breast, that which the sucking babe takes into his mouth.
Menino de mama, a child that sucks, a sucking child or babe.
Mama, a stone like an olive stone, called the stone of India, good against the colic and the stone. Lat. *tecolitus*.
Mama de terra, a hillock, a knap, tump, or heap of earth.
MAMA'DO, part. of **MAMAR**, which see.
Ficar mamado, to be astonished, to be put to a stand, not to have a word to say.
MAMALUCO. See **MAMELUCO**.
MAMAM, f. m. the fruit of the tree called *mameira*. See **MAMOEIRA**.
Mameõ, *mameõa*, adj. that sucks, sucking.
Cabrito mameõ, a sucking kid that has never grazed.
Cordeiro que mama, a suckling, or suckling lamb.
MAMA'R, v. -a. and n. to suck.
Criança que ainda mama, a suckling child.
Mamar a alguem todo o seu cabedal, (metaph.) to suck one's substance, to get his money by degrees, to cheat one of his money.
Dar de mamar, to suckle, to give suck.
MAMELUCOS, f. m. Mamalukes, a dynasty which reigned a considerable time in Egypt. D' Herbelot very justly observes, that the term Mamaluc signifies a slave in general; but in particular has been applied to those slaves, which the kings of the race of Saladin trained up in the military exercise, and which constituted their militia. *Mameluco* is also used for a fool.
Mameluco, (in the Brasils) one begotten of an European and a negro woman.
Marggravo de incolis Brasiliæ, lib. viii. c. 4.
MAMENTE, adv. unwillingly, with an ill-will, grudgingly.
MAMI'LHO, f. m. wattles, a sort of wattles, not unlike testicles, hanging under the throat of some beasts; as, *Mamillos de porco*, the wattles of a hog.
Mamilho de terra, a little heap of earth; diminutive of **MAMA**, which see.

MAN

MAN

MAN

MANDRIAM, f. m. a vagabond or vagrant, a lazy fellow.
MANEA'DO, a, adj. handled, touched. See
MANEAR, v. a. to handle, to touch, to feel.
Manear-se, v. r. to move, to stir, to be in motion.
MANEIRO, a, adj. brought up by hand.
MANEJA'DO, a, adj. managed, &c. See
MANEJAR, v. to manage, to train a horse to graceful action.
Manejar bem negocio, to manage a business.
Manjâr, to handle, to treat with caution or decency.
Manjar com brandura, to treat gently.
Manjar as armas, or *fazer exercicio*. See **EXERCICIO**.
Manjâr, v. d. ex. *Cavallo que manja bem*, a horse well managed.
MANEJO, f. m. the manage or government of a horse; also the place where horses are managed.
Manjo das armas, the managery of arms.
Manjo de bem negocio, the manage of a concern, or business.
MANEJO, (in China) a feast like that of All Souls.
MANEIRA, f. f. manner, fashion, way, rate.
Não posso viver mais desta maneira, I can live no longer at this rate.
De maneira que, so that, inasmuch.
A' maneira de, like, like as, just as, in the manner as.
Desta maneira, so, thus, after this fashion.
Bom maniera, (in painting) fine colouring.
Maneira, (in painting) manner, or style; as, *A maneira de Raphael*, Raphael's style or manner.
Maneira, a cut in a woman's upper petticoat to put the hand through.
MANETO, f. m. ex. *Maneto de lã*, ou *eslopa*, a handful or little bundle of wool, or hards of flax.
MANENTE, f. m. (in the universities) a lazy student, that is kept in the same form or class above the usual time.
MANEO. See **MANEJO**.
MANEQUIM, f. m. (with painters) manequin, a little statue or model, usually made of wax or wood, the junctures whereof are so contrived, that it may be put into any attitude at pleasure, and its imperies and folds may be disposed at direction.
MANES, f. m. p. mance, ghost, shade, that which remains of man after death; also manes, or certain Roman deities, which some suppose to have been the souls of persons deceased; and others, that they were infernal gods, and gods of the dead.
MANETA. See **MANITA**.
MANEYO, f. m. touching or handling.
Manyo, earning, any thing got or ob-

tained by labour, as hire, or by any other performance. See also **MANEJO**.
MANGA, f. f. a sleeve.
Que tem mangas, sleeved, having sleeves.
Que não tem mangas, sleeveless, without sleeves.
Mangas perdidas, hanging sleeves.
Manga de nuvem, a meteor appearing like a column, very high, and dangerous for ships; they use to fire guns at it from a great distance. Some call it the sea-pump.
Manga de arcabuzeiros, a small body of musqueteers, a division, a peloton.
Mango, mango, an East Indian fruit, of the isle of Java, brought to Europe pickled.
Manga da rainha, a sort of thick sausage.
MANGALA'ÇA, f. f. a bawdy-house.
MANGAZ, f. m. a great rogue.
MANGEDO'URA. See **MANJA-DOURA**.
MANGELIM. (In India.) See **QUILATE**.
MANGERICAM, f. m. the herb garden-basil, basil-royal, basil-gentle. Lat. *ocimum*.
Mangericão, (symbolically) the memory.
MANGERO'NA, f. f. sweet marjoram.
Mangrôna, (symbolically) delight, pleasure.
MANGO, f. m. the handle of a flail. From the Spanish *mango*, an haft or handle.
MANGO'AL, f. m. a flail, an instrument used for threshing of corn.
Debulhar o trigo com mangas, to thresh, or to beat the grain of corn out of the ear with a flail.
MANGRA, f. f. blights, blight, mildew.
Dá a mangra no trigo, the mildew blights the corn.
MANGRA'DO, a, adj. blighted, smutted, corrupted with mildew.
MANGUEIRA, f. f. (in some engines) a leather-pipe.
MANGUITO, f. m. a muff, a case of furr, or soft cover, to put the hands in, in cold weather.
Manguitos, false sleeves, shams, or cover-fluts.
MANGU'LHO, f. m. a great sleeve.
MANHA, f. f. handiness, dexterity; also a habit, or custom; also cunning, a cheat, a stratagem.
Manbu, or *má manba*, a vice, an habitual fault.
Cavallo que tem manbas, or *más manbas*, a jadish horse, an unruly horse that kicks, bites, &c.
P. quem mas manbas ba, tarde, ou nunca as perderá; we say, custom is a second nature.
P. dizeme com quem andas, disse-lhe que manbas ba; we say, evil communications corrupt good manners.
MANHA, f. f. the morning.
Pella manba, in the morning.
A' manba, to-morrow.

A' manba pella manba, to-morrow morning.
Depois de a manba, after to-morrow.
Vinde de manba, come in the morning.
Oraçoes que se fazem de manba, morning prayers.
Muito de manba, very early in the morning.
Lewantar-se pella manba cedo, to rise early, or betimes in the morning.
MANHO'SAMENTE, adv. handily, expertly; also subtilly, craftily, cunningly.
MANHO'SO, a, adj. wise, circumspect; also sly, crafty, cunning; also jadish, unruly. (Speaking of a horse, mule, &c.) See **MANHA**.
MANIA, f. f. madness.
MANI'ACO, a, adj. maniac, or maniacal, mad to rage.
MANIATA'DO, a, adj. that has the hands tied.
MANIATAR, v. a. to tie one's hands.
MANICA'ÇA, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a cowardly or hen-hearted fellow.
MANICHE'OS, f. m. p. Manichees, so called of Manes, a Persian, their ringleader.
MANICORDIO, or **MANICHO'R-DIO**, f. m. monochord, a sort of instrument formerly used in the regulation of sounds.
Manicórdio, a manicordium, a musical instrument in form of a spinnet. Its strings are covered with scarlet cloth to deaden and soften the sound.
MANIFESTA'ÇAM, f. f. manifestation, publication.
MANIFESTADO, a, adj. manifested.
MANIFESTAMENTE, adv. manifestly.
MANIFESTA'R, v. a. to manifest, to make known, to discover. Lat. *manifestare*.
MANIFE'STO, a, adj. manifest, known, evident.
Manifesto, f. m. a manifesto, an apology or public proclamation before publishing war against any crown.
MANIFICENCIA, &c. See **MAGNIFICENCIA**, &c.
MANILHA, f. f. manille, or menille, a bracelet. See also **ARGOLINHA**.
MANINHO, f. m. a wilderness, a wild part of a country, a desert.
Maninho, a, adj. desert, wild, uninhabited; also barren.
Ovelha maninha, a barren ewe.
Mato maninho, (metaph.) wild, savage, uncivilized people.
MANIO'TA, f. f. the rope with which the fore-legs of beasts are tied.
MANIPULO, f. m. a manipule, or small band of men, a company of foot soldiers with the Romans.
Manipulo, a manipule, a handful.
Manipulo, manipule, a sort of ornament like a scarf, worn about the wrists by Romish mass priests.
Pertencente a manipulo, manipular.

MANUMISSAM, f. f. manumission, the act of setting a slave or bond-man free. Lat. *manumissio*.

MANUSCHRISTI, a sort of electuary made of sugar, rosatum, borrag, &c.

MANUSCRITO, a, adj. written with the hand, not printed.

Manuscrito, f. m. a manuscript, in opposition to a printed copy.

MANUS Dei, a sort of excellent plaster for wounds.

MANUTENÇAM, f. f. (in law) a maintaining, preserving, upholding.

Manutençam, help, assistance, support.

MANUZILADO. See **MANEADO**.

MANUZILAR. See **MANEAR**.

M A O

MA'O má, adj. bad, the opposite of good, a general word to denote physical faults of things, or moral faults of men.

Causa má, a spectre, a ghost, a spirit, a frightful apparition.

Mão de contentar, morose, peevish.

Mulher de mão viver, a whore.

MAO'CHAS, a vulgar interjection, expressing a doubt whether a thing will be done; as, *Fa-lo há elle? malochas que elle o faça*; he will do it? the devil he will.

Malochas que nós nos deixemos de servir desta occasião, the occasion is too favourable to let it slip.

MAM, f. f. a hand. Lat. *manus*.

Mão fechada, the fist.

Palma da mão, the hollow of the hand, the palm of the hand.

Trazer alguém nas palmas das mãos, to carry one on the palm of the hands, is to take great care of him, to love him dearly.

Que tem huma só mão, that hath but one hand.

A mão direita, the right hand; **a mão esquerda**, the left hand.

A' mão esquerda, on the left hand.

Para a mão esquerda, towards the left-hand, or side.

A' mão direita, on the right-hand.

Para a mão direita, towards the right-hand.

Bater as mãos to clap one's hands, or applaud.

Com pés e mãos, with all one's power.

De mão em mão, from hand to hand.

E assim de mão em mão, and so forth, or so on.

Pagar da mão, or **dar-se as mãos**, to shake hands.

Provar a mão com o inimigo, to fight the enemy.

Ter algum negocio entre mãos, to have a business in hand, or to be in hand with a business.

Ter alguma coisa entre mãos, to be about a thing.

Lançar mão de hum homem, to lay hold of a man, to seize, or to hand him.

Meter mão á espada, to draw one's sword.

Dar alguma coisa de mão em mão, to hand, to pass a thing from one to another by the hand, to hand about.

Levar pela mão, to hand, to guide, to lead by the hand.

Livro de mão, a manuscript.

Está na minha mão it is in my power.

Cahir nas mãos de alguém, to fall into one's hands.

Ter gente da sua mão para jurar falso, ou **alguma coisa má**, to suborn, to hire, or put upon bearing false witness, or any other mischievous design.

Ter mão, to retain, to keep back, to stop, to hinder.

Ter mão, stop, hold, forbear, be still.

Ter mão em alguem que não caya, to hold one up that he fall not.

Ter mão, or **resistir**, to oppose, to hinder, to resist, to withstand.

Ter mão, or **estar firme**, to be steady, constant, and firm.

Ter mão em algum negocio, to have a hand in a business; also to supersede, to suspend, to put a stop to an affair.

Ter á mão, to have at hand.

Vir ás mãos, or **pelejar com o inimigo**, to come to handly blows, to fight hand to hand, to engage with the enemy.

Dar a mão prometendo casamento, to promise marriage.

Dar a mão, or **ajudar**, to help, to lend an helping hand.

Dar a alguém a mão direita, to give the right or upper hand to one, to give precedence to him.

Não saber qual seja a sua mão direita, not to know which is one's right-hand.

Assenhar as mãos em alguém, to strike one.

Hir passando e pegando hum na mão do outro, to go hand in hand.

Não ter mãos a medir, to have one's hands full, to have work enough upon one's hands, to have enough to do.

Apanhar ás mãos, to catch, to lay hold of with the hand.

Trazer á mão, to fetch, carry, or bring, as a dog.

Debaixo de mão, under-hand, privately, secretly.

Cousa feita debaixo de mão, under-hand dealing.

Mão, a trick at cards.

Ser mão, or **jugar de mão**, to be the first to play at-cards.

Fallar á mão, (at nine-pins) to speak, or interrupt one just at the point of throwing the bowl.

Meter, or **pôr as mãos á obra**, to fall to work.

Pôr a ultima mão a obra, to put the last hand to a piece of work, to finish it.

Pôr as mãos, e a boa vontade, to give a good lecture, to chide, or reprimand severely.

Vir á mão, to come to hand.

Dar de mão, or **abrir a mão de**, to put by, to leave off.

Dar as mãos, to yield, to surrender one's self.

Mãos de hum cavallo, &c. the fore-feet of a horse, &c.

Ter boa mão de sal, to be lucky in salting beef, pork, &c. so that the meat keeps, and is sweet a long while.

Ter mão para alguém, to dare, to presume, or to be so bold as to oppose or strike one.

Tenhamos Deus da sua mão, God forbid, or far be it from me.

Tudo o que vem da vossa mão, all that comes from your hands, or from you.

Fazer, or **criar á mão**, to bring up by hand.

Hir á mão, to hinder.

Bijar a mão de alguém, to kiss one's hand.

Tomar a mão, or **sallar antes de lhe tocar**, is for one to speak before his turn comes.

Estár á mão, to be near at hand; it is said of any thing easy to be done, said, &c.

Tirai dahi as mãos, keep off your hands.

Estar com huma mão sobre outra, to be idle.

Fugir das mãos, to slip away from betwixt one's hands, to escape.

Pancadas que se dão com a mão, hand-strokes.

Que tem as mãos atadas, hand-fast.

Mão cheia. See **MANCHEA**.

Com mão cheia, plentifully, largely.

Ter huma coisa mão na outra, to stick together; as, *Atomes que estão tendo mão hums nos outros*, atoms that stick together.

Mão, dexterity. See **DESTREZA**, and **HABILIDADE**.

Mão de judas, so they call a sort of extinguisher used in the churches on the Wednesday before Easter, Maundy Thursday, and Good Friday.

Mão de relógio, the hand of a clock or watch that shews the hours.

Mão, an iron or wooden pestle for a mortar, &c.

A mãos, or **ás mãos**, by the hands.

Mão direita, (metaph.) right-hand, or best help.

Mão de linbo. See **ESTRIGA**.

Mão, or **mólbo**, a little bundle, a handful.

Mão de huma ave de rapina, the foot of a bird of prey.

Mão, hand, or hand-writing.

Hum escrito da sua propria mão, a note under his hand.

Matar-se com as suas proprias mãos, to lay violent hands on one's self.

Da mão para a boca, from hand to mouth.

Mãos de carneiro, sheep's trotters.

Mão de humo bicho, the fore foot of a beast.

Mão de papel, a quire of paper.

Parêl da mão de hum bom pintor, a piece of painting done by a good hand.

Mão do canto, the gammut, the scale of music. It is so called because the notes are represented in a hand.

A's mãos lavadas, without trouble, or blood.

Mão de soldados, a band, or number of soldiers.

Mão morta, mortmain, an alienation,

M A Q

or making over of lands and tenements to any corporation or fraternity, and their successors.

Com mão armada, with an armed force.

De mão commua, jointly.

Comprar as cousas da primeira mão, to buy things at the best hand, or at the first hand.

Mão certa, a sure hand at throwing.

Lavar-se as mãos de algum negocio, to wash one's hands, to have no share in a business.

Nem á mão, without doubt, surely.

Hir-se embora com as mãos na cabeça, to go away with a broken head.

Pegão-se-lhe as mãos, he is a thief.

Mão, (an Indian weight) twelve pounds.

Fora de mão, out of the way or road.

De mão pesada. See *MAMPPOSTA*.

Levantar as mãos, to lift up the hands.

Ter as mãos no seio, to be idle.

Mãos á obra, let us fall to work.

Obra de mãos, handy-work.

Mão traviz. See *TRAVERZ*.

Obra de fibres mão. See *SOBREMAM*.

Temos necessidade de mais mãos para fazer isto, we want more hands to do this.

Que faz uso ordinariamente da mão direita, right-handed.

Que faz uso ordinariamente da mão esquerda, left-handed.

Porei as mãos no fogo. See *FOGO*.

Mão de Deus, mão de Christo. See *MANUS DEI*, and *MANUS CHRISTI*.

P. muitos beijão a mão que quizerão ver cortada, many kiss those hands they would gladly see cut off; that is, many court those they hate.

P. mette a mão em o teu seio, não dirás do fado alheio; that is, look upon your own faults and you will never think of your neighbours.

P. quem a mão alheia espera, mal janta, e peor cea, he who expect it from another hand, dines ill, and sups worse; that is, he who is upon courtesy or charity.

P. mais valham passar na mão, que dois que vão roando; we say, a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush. The Latins say, *Ego spem pretio non amo*.

P. buma mão lava a outra, e ambas o rosto, ka me, ka thee, (for claw me, claw thee) that is, one good turn for another.

MAM SINHA, f. f. a little hand.

MAMTENTE, it is only used with the particle *á* before it; as, *vir a pelejar á mãotente*, to come to a close fight; *matar algum á mãotente*, to kill one freely, and without any impediment.

M A P

MA'PPA, f. m. a map, on which the world, or any part thereof is described.

M A Q

MAQUIA, f. f. the toll taken for grinding corn, or pressing olives;

M A R

also the toll-hop, or small measure by which the same toll is taken.

MAQUIA DO, part of

MAQUINAR, v. a. to measure with the toll-hop, or rather to take the toll for grinding corn, or pressing olives.

MAQUIM, f. m. (with painters) ex. *Maquim claro*, one of the yellow colours used by painters; *maquim escuro*, one of the black colours used by the same.

MAQUINA, f. f. an engine, a machine, any great and noble structure; also a great number or multitude: also a contrivance.

MAQUINADOR, f. m. one who contrives, or devises, taken in an ill sense.

MAQUINADO, a, adj. contrived.

MAQUINAR, v. a. to contrive, to project, to order in one's fancy, to devise.

M A R

MA'R, f. m. the sea. Lat. *mare*.

Alto mar, sea-room, room at sea, far from the shore.

Cercado de mar, sea-girt, sea-surrounded, encircled by the sea.

Borda do mar, sea-side, the edge of the sea.

Para a parte do mar, seaward, toward the sea.

Batido, ou agitado pelas ondas do mar, sea-beat, dashed by the waves of the sea.

Barca grande ou embarcação capaz de se navegar nella pelo mar, a sea-boat, a vessel capable of bearing the sea.

Natido do mar, sea-born.

Praya do mar, sea-beach, or the sea-shore.

Inundação que faz o mar quando arrebatada demasiadamente na costa, e entra pela terra, sea-breach, irruption of the sea, by breaking the banks.

Vento, ou viração que vem do mar, sea-breeze, wind blowing from the sea, sea-turn.

Feito ou fabricado para andar no mar, sea-built, built for the sea.

Que navega ou tem occupação no mar, sea-faring.

O que faz viagem, ou jornada por mar, a sea-farer.

Batalha que se dá no mar, sea-fight, a battle on the sea.

Côr de mar, sea-green, cerulean.

Ejuma do mar, the froth of the sea. Our sailors call it sea-lungs.

Monstro do mar, sea-monster.

Nympha do mar, sea-nymph, a goddess of the sea.

Lodo do mar, sea-ooze, the mud of the sea.

Pintura, que representa alguma coisa no mar, a sea-piece, a picture representing any thing at sea.

Porto de mar, a sea-port, sea-port town, or sea-town.

Risco do mar, sea-risk, hazard at sea.

M A R

Gutrra que se faz por mar, sea-service, naval war.

Concha do peixe do mar, sea-shell, shell of a sea-fish.

Costa do mar, sea-coast.

Que enjoa no mar, sea-sick, sick by the motion of the ship at sea.

Água do mar, sea-water, the salt-water of the sea.

Que está entre duas mares, lying between two seas.

Que vem de além do mar, that cometh from, or is of the parts beyond sea.

Por mar e por terra, by sea and land.

Lago de água do mar, a sea-pool, a lake of salt water.

Capitão de mar e guerra. See *CAPITAN*.

Viagem, ou jornada por mar, sea-voyage.

Mar, (proverbially) sea, or any large quantity; as, *Hum mar de sangue*, a sea of blood.

Mar, sea, any thing rough and tempestuous.

Por-se com alguém de mar em traviz. See *TRAVERZ*.

Mar do sul, south-sea.

Mar Pacifico, the Pacific sea.

De mar a mar, a world, an hyperbolical expression for many; a great deal, a great number.

Ir de mar a mar, to go in great state, as if one filled the whole space between sea and sea; to be very fine.

P. alto mar, e não de vento, não promete seguro tempo, the sea running high without wind, promises no good weather. The sea will sometimes swell before a storm.

P. quem se não quer aventurar, não passa o mar, he who dares not venture, does not cross the sea; we say, nothing venture, nothing have.

P. quem quer aprender a orar, extra se mar, he who goes to sea, knows how to pray to God; because troubles, sickness, and dangers, such as are frequent at sea, make men pray heartily.

P. por ter a vista bella oiba o mar, e morar na terra; that is, praise the sea for its fine prospect, and keep on earth. The Italians say, *Loda il mare, e tieniti alla terra*.

MARABUINO. See *BLARABE-DIM*.

MARABUTOS. See *MARINHA-GEM*.

MARACHAM, f. m. a bank, or dam, to keep rivers from overflowing.

Maracotão, f. m. melicotony, or melicotoon, a sort of yellow peach; or, as others say, the peach produced by the quince-tree on which the peach is grafted.

MARACUJA, f. f. a flower in the West Indies, which represents all the instruments of our Saviour's passion; as the pillar, nails, scourges, crown of thorns, &c. There are now of these flowers in England, and called passion-flowers.

MARAFONA, f. m. a common or nasty whore, a strumpet, a jade, an impudent flut.

MARANATHA, f. m. (i. e. the Lord comes, or the Lord is come) Maranatho, the highest degree of excommunication, a Syriac word.

MARANHA, f. f. a skain of silk, &c. so entangled, that it cannot be wound off. Thence, (metaph.) any confused, knavish contrivance; so called from *aranha*, a spider, because so intricate that it cannot be disentangled any more than a cobweb.

MARANHAM, f. m. an American island belonging to Portugal. It was retaken by the Portuguese from the Dutch, who had taken it in the year 1641.

MARANHA'R. See **EMBARAÇAR**.

MARAO, f. m. a varlet, a base knave; also a quick, sharp, or smart man, one that has a quick mental fight.

MARASMA'DO, f. m. one that is troubled with the disorder called *marasmus*.

MARASMO, f. m. *marasmus*, a fever which wastes the body by degrees; a consumption, in which persons waste much of their substance.

MARASMO'DICO, a, adj. pertaining to the same disorder.

MARAVALLHA, f. f. a thin piece or paring cut from the surface of timber by little and little; also a little ribband or fillet.

MARAVEDIM, f. m. an ancient coin used in Portugal, equal to five retons. See **TOSTAM**.

MARAVILHA, f. f. marvel, wonder; also the flower called *marigold*. See **Bailey**, v. **MARGOLD**.

Fazer maravilhas, to perform wonders.

Maravilha fera, &c. a wonder it were, if, &c.

A's mil maravilhas, admirably, rarely well, perfectly.

Maravilha, (symbolically) shortness of time.

De maravilha, seldom, rarely.

Maravilha do Perú, the marvel of Peru, a sort of nightshade, with flowers of of such variety that it is called the wonder of the world.

MARAVILHA'DO, a, adj. astonished, that wonders at any thing.

MARAVILHAR-SE, v. r. to wonder, to admire at, to be struck with admiration, to be surprised so as to be astonished. It is always followed by *de*, which is Englished by *at*, or *after*.

MARAVILHOSAMENTE, adv. wonderfully, marvellously.

MARAVILHOSO, a, adj. wonderful, marvellous.

MARCA, f. f. a mark, note, character or token by which any thing is known.

Marca de infamia que se põem com o ferro em hum criminoso, a brand, a mark made with a red-hot iron, a note of infamy.

Marca, pão, ou alma do boteão. See **ALMA**.

Marca que se põem no panno, a piece of paper or ticket to mark cloth with.

Marca que se põem na moeda, the stamp or mark set upon money.

Marca, (in cant) a whore.

Homem de marca, ou de muita marca, a man of note, a noted, eminent, or great man.

Marca que se põem no gado, a mark set upon cattle.

Marca, a territory; as, *Marca de Ancona*, and others.

Marca, the measure or size of some things; as,

Espada de marca, a sword of due size, because they are measured and marked by authority.

Papel de marca mayor, the larger sort of paper.

MARCA'DO, a, adj. marked, &c. See **MARCAR**. See also **PROPORCIONADO**.

Prata marcada, plate that has the hall-mark.

MARCAPE'S, f. m. a sort of clay used in the Brasilis to purify sugar.

MARCA'R, v. a. to mark, to set a mark upon.

Marcar o gado, to mark the cattle.

Marcar, to brand, to mark with a hot iron, to set a mark of infamy upon.

Marcar moeda com canho, to coin, to mint, or stamp metals for money.

Marcar. See **DEMARCAR**.

MARCASITA, f. f. *marcasite*, a metallic mineral stone, hard and brittle, partaking of the nature and colour of the metal it is mixed with.

Semelbante, ou pertencente a marcasita, *marcasitic*.

Marcasita que se acha em Mispia e nas minas de estanho, bismuth; we call it also *tin-glass*.

Marcasita muito semelbante a que agora diffemos mas não quebra tão facilmente e com a qual juntamente com cobre derretido, &c. se da ao metal huma cor dourada, zink; some call it also *spelter*.

Sorte de marcasita que se acha em Cornwall, a hard stony substance found in tin oar, a kind of *marcasite*, or semi-metal; some call it *mundic*.

Marcasita de que especialmente tratao os autores da medicina, the silvery *marcasite*.

MARCENARIA, f. f. a joiner's work; also joinery, or the joiner's trade.

MARCENIRO, f. m. a joiner.

MARGRAVIO, f. m. *margrave*, a German dignity equal to our *marquis*.

MARCHA, f. f. march, the act of going forward of an army, journey of soldiers; also a march, or signal to move.

MARCHA'DA, f. f. (a word out of use) See **MARCHA**.

MARCHA'DO, part. of **MARCHAR**, marched.

MARCHANTE, f. m. a man whose business is to buy cattle for the shambles.

MARCHA'R, v. n. to march, to go, to set forward in military form. See also **MASTIGAR**.

Marchar na volta de Lisboa, to march towards Lisbon.

Fazer marchar, to march, to put in military movement.

Marchar, to mutter, to speak obscurely, or confusedly between the teeth, to grumble.

MARCHESITA. See **MARCASITA**.

MARCHETA. See **MARCHETE**.

MARCHETA'DO, a, adj. inlaid, &c. See

MARCHETA'R, v. a. to inlay, to make inlaid work, to diversify with different bodies inserted into any ground, or substratum.

Obra marchetada, inlaid work, *marquetry*, a chequered inlaid work made of wood of a variety of colours.

MARCHETE, f. m. inlaid work, *marquetry*.

MARCIAL, adj. martial, warlike; also martial, suiting war, or pertaining to war.

MARCIO, a, adj. idem.

MARÇO, f. m. March, the third month of the year.

Marco, f. m. a boundary, or land-mark.

Marco de ouro, ou de prata, a mark, or eight ounces of gold or silver.

MARE, f. f. the tide.

Mare enchente, high water.

Mare vassante, low water, or ebb.

Ser levado pella mare, to be tided.

Mare com vento contrario, a windward tide, a tide against the wind.

Vento e mare, a leeward tide.

Contra a mare, against the tide; also in spite of, or against all opposition. (Metaph.)

Mare, or occasião. See **OCCASIAM**.

MAREÇAM, f. f. the working of a ship.

MAREADO, a, adj. sea-sick; also damaged by the sea-water. See **MAREAR**.

MAREAGEM. See **MAREÇAM**.

MAREANTE, p. a. he that saileth, a sailor.

MAREAR, v. a. to rig, to fit with tackling; also to manage, to attend the tackling, to work.

Cordas que servem para marear hum navio, the tackling of a ship.

O que sabe marear bem hum navio, or o que sabe marear-se bem, a skilful seaman, one that understands well the use of the tackling.

Marear, v. n. to be sea-sick.

Carta de marear, sea-chart.

MAREJADO, p. of

MAREJAR, v. n. to sweat, or emit moisture.

MAREIRO, a, adj. (speaking of the weather) fit for sailing.

MAREMOTO, f. m. a violent shock or concussion of the sea, or some parts of it.

MARESI'A, f. f. the strong smell of the stink of a ship, or of the sea.

MARETA, f. f. a small wave, or swelling of the sea.

MARFIM, f. m. ivory.

MARFORIO, f. m. Marforio, a noted statue in the city of Rome, standing opposite to Pasquin, on which answers are put to those satirical questions that are put or affixed on Pasquin's statue.

MARGARIDA, f. f. a margarite, or pearl; also a sort of diver or didapper.

MARGEM, f. f. margent, or margin, the brink or bank of any water, the edge, the verge.

Margem, margin, the blank space about the edges of a page of a book, either printed, or written.

Que tem margem, marginated, or margined.

Margem, a balk, or ridge of land between two furrows.

Deitar huma besta a margem. See **AL-MARGEM**.

MARGINADO, a, adj. written in the margin.

MARGINAL, adj. marginal, pertaining to, or written in the margin.

MARGINAR, v. a. to note in the margin.

MARIA'L, adj. belonging to the blessed virgin Mary.

MARIANOS. See **CARMELITAS** *defalcas*.

MARIGUE, or **MARIGUI**, (in the Brasils) a sort of black moschetto.

MARICAM, f. m. an effeminate fellow, a coward, or hen-hearted fellow.

MARIBONDA, f. f. or **MARIBONO**, f. m. (in the Brasils) a sort of wasp that stings very sharply.

MARICAS. See **MARICAM**.

MARICHA'L. See **MARISCAL**.

MARICOLA. See **MARICAM**.

MARDA'DO, a, adj. married.

MARIDA'R, v. n. to marry; also to live in a conjugal manner, like man and wife.

MARIDO, f. m. an husband. Lat. *maritus*.

Dar marido, to husband, to supply with a husband.

MARIMBAS, f. f. p. (among the Cafres) a sort of musical instrument.

MARINHA, f. f. the sea-shore; also salt-pan, or salt-pit, the pit, or place where salt is got, saltern, or salt-work.

MARINHA'GEM, f. f. the crew of a ship, or rather the ship's company, or the whole complement of men on board. See also **MARIA'CAM**.

MARINHARESCO, a, adj. of, or belonging to mariners.

MARINHARIA, f. f. See **MARINHAGEM**.

MARINHATICO, a, adj. See **MARINHARESCO**.

MARINHEIRA onda. See **ONDA**.

MARINHEIRO, f. m. a mariner, a seaman, a sailor; also a sort of shrimp (in the Brasils.)

MARINHESCO. See **MARINHARESCO**.

MARINHO, a, adj. marine, or belonging to the sea.

Cerco marinho, a cormorant, a bird that preys on fish.

Cavalle marinho, a sea-horse.

MARIN'COLA. See **MARICAM**.

MARIO'LA, f. m. a porter, one who carries burthens for hire.

MARIPOSA, f. f. a sort of ornament for women. From the Spanish *mariposa*, a butterfly, because it resembles that insect.

MARISCA'DO, part. of **MARISCAR**, which see.

MARISCA'L, f. m. a marshal.

MARISCAR, v. a. to gather shell-fish, as poor people do on the sea-shore.

MARISCO, f. m. all sort of shell-fish.

MARISQUEIRO, f. m. one who gathers shell-fish on the sea-shore.

MARITAFEDE, a beast much dreaded in South America, not for any hurt it does with either teeth or claws, but because of its wonderful stink, which is so hurtful and venomous, that it pierces stones and trees, and kills men and beasts. This stink lasts fifteen or twenty days, and sometimes longer, so that the Indians are forced to forsake their villages when this beast comes too near them. It is called *maritacaca*, in Mexico.

MARITA'L, adj. marital, pertaining to an husband.

MARITIMO, a, adj. maritimal, maritime, or bordering on the sea.

Cidade maritima, a maritime town.

Maritimo, f. m. the sea-coast.

MARLO'TA, f. f. a sort of coat worn by the Turks and Moors. It is also used by the Portuguese in their sport called *canas*. See **CANAS**. Arab.

MARMANJO, f. m. a monkey, a word of contempt; also a fool. From the French *marmouset*.

MARME'LA'DA, f. f. marmalade, the pulp of quinces boiled into a consistence with sugar.

MARMELEIRO, f. m. the tree called quince.

MARME'LO, f. m. a quince.

MARMOR, or **MARMORE**, f. m. marble.

De marmo, ou semelhante a marmo, marmoreous.

Feito e abalado, ou cuberto de marmo, marmorated.

MARNETES, f. m. p. a sort of selvage or hem anciently used.

MAROMA, f. f. a cord running in a pulley; also a dancing rope; as, *andar, ou dançar sobre a maroma*, to walk, or dance upon the rope.

MAROMBE, f. m. (among the Cafres) a finger. See also **CHOCARREIRO**.

MARONITAS, f. m. p. Maronists, certain Christians inhabiting about mount Libanus. They are so called from one Maron their head.

MAROT'AGE, ou **MAROTAGEM** f. f. the rabble, or mob.

MAROTINHO, f. m. a little varlet. *Olhos marotinhas*, leering eyes.

MAROTO, f. m. a varlet, a rascal, a base knave. From the French *maraud*.

Maroto, a sort of black grapes, with which they give the red colour to the wine; also a sort of wild black grapes.

MARQUESITA. See **MARCASITA**.

MARQUESOTA, f. f. a sort of Indian root.

MARQUEZ, f. m. marquis, or marquis, so called from *mark*, Ger. i. e. a limit, or boundary; because anciently they were governors of marches or frontier countries.

MARQUEZA, f. f. a marquisess, or marchioness.

MARQUEZA'DO, f. m. marquise, a marquisship.

MARRA, f. f. See **MARRAM**.

MARRA, f. f. a weaned sow.

MARRACOS, a sort of spade to turn up the ground, (a military word.)

MARRADA, f. f. a butt, or stroke with the head.

MARRALHEIRO, a, adj. crafty, cunning, sly.

MARRANO, f. m. by this name they call the Jews, or those of them that pretend to be converted, and are only counterfeits. It is derived either from **MARRAM**, (which see,) or from *Maranatha*, a Syriac word, i. e. the Lord comes, or the Lord is come. In both senses it implieth a banter to ridicule the Jews.

MARRAM, f. m. a sort of sledge with a wooden handle. It is used by the diggers of stones; also a sort of hammer used by bombardiers.

Marrao, f. m. a weaned hog.

MARRAR, v. n. to butt, to strike with the head.

Marrar o carneiro, to tup, to butt like a ram.

MARRA'XO, f. m. a sort of shark.

MARRE'CA, f. f. a sort of wild duck.

MARROA'DA, f. f. a stroke with a sledge.

MARRO'CHO, f. m. See **BARBATO**.

MARRO'COS, Morocco, the capital of a kingdom of the same name in Africa, two hundred miles S. W. of Fez.

MARROQUI'M, f. m. Turkey leather, marroquin, commonly called Morocco.

MARROQUINO, a, adj. of, or belonging to Morocco.

MARROTEIRO, f. m. the master of a saltern, or salt-work.

MARROYO, f. m. the herb horehound, or hear-hound.

MARRUA'Z, f. m. (a vulgar word) a stubborn fellow; also a sort of Moorish ship.

MARRUFO. See **BARBATO**.

MARTA, f. f. a marten, or martens; a beast

M A S

a beast that bears a rich furr; also the furr itself. Lat. *martes*.
MARTE, f. m. Mars, the god of war, and the planet.
MARTELLA'DA, f. f. a blow with a hammer.
MARTELLA'DO, a, adj. hammered.
MARTELLA'R, v. a. to hammer.
MARTELLI'NHO, f. m. a small hammer.
MARTE'LLO, f. m. a hammer.
Martello com crêbas, a hammer with two fangs to draw nails.
O que usa do martello, a hammerer.
Estendido ao martello, hammered.
Martello, (metaph.) hammer, any thing destructive.
Aquelle celebre martello das brechas, S. *Agostinho*, that renowned hammer of heresies, St. Augustine.
MARTI'COLA. See **MANTICORA**.
MARTINGARAVATO, f. m. a sort of boyish play.
MARTIMENGA, f. f. a small cap.
MARTINETE, f. m. See **GAIVAM**.
Martinete, a plume made of the feathers of a crane.
Martinete, the jack that strikes the string in the virginal.
Martinete, a small *soalba*. See **SOALHA**.
MARTIR, f. m. a martyr.
MARTIRIO, f. m. martyrdom. See also **TORMENTO**.
MARTIRIZADO, a, adj. martyred.
MARTIRIZA'R, v. a. to martyr, to cause a person to be put to death for the sake of religion. See also **AF-FLIGIR**.
MARTYROLOGIO, f. m. martyrology.
O que compoem martyrologios, a martyrologist.
MARTYR. } See { **MARTIR**.
MARUCHO. } See { **MAROTO**.
MARUGENS, f. m. the herb mouse-ear.
MARULHA'DA, f. f. the violent rolling of the waves; a billow, or great rolling wave; also a crowd, or multitude. (Metaph.)
MARU'LHO, f. m. idem.

M A S

MAS, the plural of **MA**, which see.
Mas, the plural of **MA'O**, which see.
Mas, conj. but. Lat. *sed*.
Mas antes, nay, not only so, but more or further.
Mas antes pelo contrario, nay, it is quite another thing, on the contrary, or quite contrary.
Mas ainda, ou **mas tambem**, but also.
Mas certamente, ou **na realidade**, but truly.
Mas, f. m. an Indian coin worth fifty rees.
MASCABA'DO, a, adj. ex. *Assucar mascabado*, the coarsest sort of sugar.
Mascabado, ill conditioned, not marketable (speaking of goods or commodities.)

M A S

Mascabado na honra, discredited, that has lost his credit or reputation, dishonoured.
MASCABAR, v. a. to discredit, to sink one's reputation, to dishonour.
MASCA'BO, f. m. dishonour, disgrace, discredit.
MASCA'DO, a, adj. chewed.
MASCA'R, v. a. to chew.
MASCARA, f. f. a vizard, a mask for the face; also a masquerade.
Tirar a mascara, to lay aside the mask, to discover what was before concealed.
Por mascara, to mask, to put on a mask, to be disguised any way.
Mascara, a masquerader, one in a mask, a masker.
Mascara, appearance, out-side, shew, mask, pretence, or cloak (in a figurative sense.)
MASCARA'DO, f. m. a masquerader, a masker, one in a mask.
MASCARENHAS, (in India) a sort of umbrella.
MASCARRA, f. f. a stain made in the face with soot, ink, &c. also a stain, a taint of guilt or infamy. (Metaph.)
MASCARRA'DO, a, adj. smutty, besmeared with smut, ink, &c.
MASCARRA'R, v. a. to smut, to daub with smut, ink, &c. particularly in the face.
P. disse a caldeira a farta tirate la não me mascarres, the frying pan said to the kettle, stand away thou black thing; we say, the kettle called the pot black arse.
MASCAVADO. See **MASCABADO**.
MASCO'AR. See **QUEBRAR**.
MASCO'TO, f. m. a sort of bird. See also **MAÇO**.
MASCULINO, a, adj. masculine, male, not female.
Genero masculino, (in grammar) the masculine gender.
Planetas masculinos, (with astrologers) masculine planets, which are Sol, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn; but Mercury is a kind of hermaphrodite.
Signos masculinos, (with astrologers) masculine signs, viz. Aries, Gemini, Libra, Sagittarius, and Aquarius.
MASELA. } See { **MAZELA**.
MASICOTE. } See { **MAGICOTE**.
MASMA'RRO, f. m. a lay-brother. (in a monastery)
MASMO'RA, f. f. a prison, a dungeon. Arab.
MASORA, **MASORETA**. See **MAS-SORA**, **MASSORETA**.
MASSA. See **MAÇA**.
MASSAGA'DA, f. f. (a vulgar word) mixture, medley, a mingling, or mixing.
MASSARICO. See **MAÇARICO**.
MASSICOTE. See **MAGICOTE**.
MA'SSO. See **MAÇO**.
MASSORA, f. f. Massora, a performance on the Hebrew Bible by some ancient Jewish rabbins, to secure it from any alterations, and to be a

M A T

hedge to the law; by numbering the verses, words and letters of the text, and marking all the variations of it.
MASSORE'TAS, f. m. p. Masorites, a name given to those rabbins, who, under Eldras, the scribe, are supposed to have purged the Hebrew Bible of the errors crept into it in the Babylonish captivity.
MASTA'REO, f. m. (in a ship) a top-mast, or a top-gallant mast.
Mastlarie da mezena, ou *da gata*, the mizen-top-mast.
MASTICATO'RIO, f. m. (with physicians) a masticatory, or a medicine to be chewed, not swallowed, to provoke spitting.
MASTIDIM, f. m. the chief priest among the Persians.
MASTIGA'DO, a, adj. chewed.
MASTIGA'R, v. a. to chew, or chew.
Mastigar as palavras, to mutter, to utter with imperfect articulation.
MASTI'M, f. m. a mastiff dog, properly a country mastiff, or a shepherd's dog.
MASTI'QUE. See **ALMEGEGA**.
MA'STO, ou **MA'STRO**, f. m. the mast of a ship.
Masto grande, the main-mast.
Masto da mezena, the mizen-mast.
Masto do traquete, the fore-mast.
Masto do guruspi, the bow-sprit, or bolt-sprit.
Rachar-se o mastro, to spring a mast.
Quebrar-se o mastro por causa da tempestade, to spend a mast.
Masto que não de inteiriço, an armed mast, a mast made of more than one tree.
Navio que tem os mastos demasiadamente compridos, an over-masted ship.
Navio que tem os mastos demasiadamente curtos, an under-masted ship.
MASTREAÇAM, f. f. the act of fitting a ship with masts.
MA'STRO. See **MASTO**.
MASTRU'ÇO, ou **MASTU'RÇO**, f. m. cardamine, a kind of water-creases; called also lady's smock.

M A T

MATTA, f. f. a wood, a forest, a thick-
 et. Lat. *silva*.
Mata de vicijs, (in a moral sense) a receptacle, shelter, or nest of wickedness and vice.
MATABORRAM, ou *papel passento*. See **PASSENTO**.
MATACAM, (with masons) a stone which is neither too big, nor too small; so called because it is sufficient to kill a dog.
Cardo-matacão. See **CARDO**.
MATACAENS. See **VADIO**, and **OCIOSO**.
MATACAVALLO, ex. *Correr a matacavalle*, to ride a horse with full speed.
MATADEIRO, f. m. a slaughter-house, or place where they kill cattle.
MATADOR, f. m. a murderer; also a troublesome fellow.

M A T

MATADORES, *matadores*, cards so called from their efficacy against the adverse player.
MATADORIA, *f. f.* a female murderer.
MATADURA, *f. f.* a gall in a horse's back.
Dar na matadura a algum, (metaph.) to touch in the part that is galled, to touch one to the quick.
MATAGAL, *f. m.* a large thicket, or place set thick with bushes or brambles, a close tuft of trees.
MATALOBOS, the herb wolf's-bane.
MATALOTAGEM, *f. f.* the victuals put on board a ship.
MATALOTE, *f. m.* the cover, or upper part of a chest. (obsolet.)
Matalote, a sailor.
MATANINGO. See **LAQUECA**.
MATANCA, *f. f.* slaughter, massacre.
MATANTE, *f. m.* the chief bully in a gang of vagabonds.
MATAR, *v. a.* to kill, to murder, to slay. From the Hebrew, *mat*, dead.
Matar, (metaph.) to tire a man, to kill him with importunity, or impertinence.
A sua tristeza o matou, grief has killed him, or broke his heart.
Matar a sede, to quench one's thirst.
Matar a fome, to be satisfied, to fill one's belly, to eat one's belly full.
Matar, to wither, to make to fade. (Speaking of noxious herbs.)
Querer bem a algum a matar, to be desperately in love with one.
Matar a brasa, to put out, to extinguish a burning coal.
Matar, cu desafegar saudades. See **DESAFOGAR**.
Matar-se, *v. r.* to kill one's self.
Matar-se de riso, to split one's side with laughing.
Matar-se com trabalhas, to toil and moil, to take abundance of pains.
Elle mata-se com tanto beber, he kills himself with hard drinking.
MATASANOS, (a ludicrous word) a quack, a vain boastful pretender to physic.
MATE, (at chess) mate.
Dar mate, to give check-mate.
Dar mate, (metaph.) See **SORREPUJAR**.
MATEIRO, *f. m.* the keeper of a forest, or thicket.
MATEMATICA, &c. See **MATHEMATICA**, &c.
MATER, (with anatomists) ex. *Dura mater*, dura mater.
Pia mater, pia mater.
MATERIA, *f. f.* the matter or stuff any thing is made of or consists of; also the copy written by school-boys.
Materia, matter, subject, thing treated of.
Materia, matter, that which is formed by supuration, that which runs out of a sore.
Em materia de guerra, in point of war, in the business of war.
Materia prima, the first matter of all forms substantial, *materia prima*.

M A T

MATERIAES, *f. m. p.* materials, necessities for building, or any other work.
MATERIAL, *adj.* material, consisting of matter, corporeal, not spiritual.
Homem material, a mean spirited dull fellow.
Dizer huma mentira material, to tell a lie, or to lie thoughtlessly or for want of thought.
Materialistas, an ancient sect of philosophers, materialists.
MATERILMENTE, *adv.* materially, in the state of matter; also materially, not formally.
MATERNAL. See **MATERO**.
MATERNIDADE, *f. f.* maternity, motherhood.
MATERNO, *a, adj.* maternal, motherly, of or belonging to the mother.
Lingua materna, mother-tongue, the language of our native country.
MATEMATICA, *f. f.* the mathematics.
MATEMATICAMENTE, *adv.* mathematically.
MATEMATICO, *f. m.* a mathematician; also a judiciary astrologer, (vulgarly.)
Matematico, *a, adj.* mathematical, or mathematic.
MATICAL, (in Moçambique) a sort of coin, or weight worth four hundred and eighty Portuguese rees.
MATILHA, *f. f.* a cry or pack of hounds hunting together.
MATINA'DA, *f. f.* a noise. See **ESTRONDO**.
MATINAR, *v. n.* See **MADRUGAR**.
Matinar, *v. a.* (in falconry) ex. *Matinar o falcão*, to keep the hawk awake.
MATTINAS, *f. f. p.* mattins, one of the canonical hours in the church of Rome.
MATTIZ, *f. m.* a mixture of many colours; also a sort of silk-stuff.
Matiz das cores da rhetorica, rhetorical figures and ornaments.
MATIZADO, *a, adj.* coloured, or of several colours.
MATIZAR, *v. a.* to colour, or give a thing several colours.
Matizar, (metaph.) See **ORNAR**.
MATO, *f. m.* a place full of shrubs or bushes.
Mato de espinhos, a place full of briars, a bramble-bush.
Carro mate, a low cart, having two wheels.
MATRAÇA, *f. f.* a wooden rattle, with which children make a noise; in some places they are used to call people together. Thence applied to jeering or scoffing; as,
Dar matraca, to banter, to scoff, to jeer one.
MATRAES, (among the Romans) *Matrales*, a festival observed by the matrons on the first of June, in honour of the goddess Matuta.
MATRALHA, *f. f.* case-shot, nails,

M A V

bits of old iron, &c. to shoot out of ordnance.
MATRAQUEADO, *a, adj.* bantered, &c. See
MATRAQUEAR, *ou MATRAQUEAR*, *v. a.* to jeer, to scoff, to banter, to hiss at.
MATREIRO, *a, adj.* sagacious, penetrating, judicious; also sly, crafty, or subtle.
MATRICA'RIA, *f. f.* the herb feverfew, white-wort, or mother-wort.
MATRICI'DA, *f. m. f.* matricide, a killer of his, or her mother.
MATRICI'DIO, *f. m.* matricide, the murdering one's mother.
MATRICULA, *f. f.* matriculation, the act of matriculating.
Matricula, ou livro da matricula, the matricular book, matricula, or register book of an university.
MATRICULADO, *a, adj.* matriculated, set down in the matricula, or register book of an university.
O que esta matriculado, a matriculate.
MATRICULAR, *v. a.* to matriculate, to enroll, to enter upon the list, to register one's name in an university.
MATRIMONIAL, *adj.* matrimonial, belonging to wedlock.
MATRIMONIO, *f. m.* matrimony, or wedlock.
MATRIZ, *f. f.* the mother-church.
Matriz das aguas, a great conservatory of water.
Matriz, *adj.* that has preceded in time, mother; as,
Igreja matriz, a mother-church.
Lingua matriz, a mother-tongue from which others are derived, as the Hebrew, &c.
MATRONA, *f. f.* a matron, a grave modest woman.
MATRONAL, *adj.* matronal, belonging to a matron.
MATRONAES, (among the Romans) *Matronalia*, the feast of the matrons instituted by Romulus.
MATTO. See **MATO**.
MATULA. See **TORCIDA**, and **ALARVE**.
MATULAM, augment. of **MATULA** which see.
MATURAÇAM, *f. f.* (in physic) maturation.
MATURAR. See **MADURAR**.
MATURATIVO, *a, adj.* (in physic) maturative.
Maturative, *f. m.* a maturative medicine.
MATUTA, *f. f.* (among the ancient Romans) *Matuta*, some say she was Ioo, the nurse of Bacchus, and wife of Athamas; others will have her to be Aurora.
MATUTINO, *a, adj.* of, or belonging to the morning. From **MATUTA**, which see.
Matulina, Venus, the morning-star, or the planet Venus, when she shines in the morning.

M A V

MAVIO'SO, *a, adj.* tender-hearted, being

M A Y

being of a tender, commiserating and kind disposition; also apt to cause tender-heartedness.

MAUNÇA, f. f. a bundle of dry garlick.

Maunça, a whirl to put on a spindle.

Maunça, a handful of ears gathered by gleaners.

MAVORCIO, a, adj. warlike, belonging to Mars.

MAVORTE. See **MARTE**.

MAURITANIA, f. f. Mauritania, the farthest part of Africa to the south, divided into Tingitana, and Casariensis.

MAURO, a, Moorish.

Maura gente, the Moors.

MAUSOLEO, f. m. a mausoleum, a sumptuous or stately monument, or sepulchre; so called from that which queen Arthemisia, built for her husband Mausolus, so noble, that it was reckoned one of the seven wonders of the world.

M A X

MA'XIMA, f. f. a maxim, an axiom, a proposition or principle generally received.

MA'XIMO, a, adj. superl. greatest.

M A Y

MAY, f. f. a mother. Lat. *mater*.

May do rio, the channel of a river.

May da agua, a spring, a source. Lat. *fonticulus*.

MAYTA, f. f. See **DAMA**, (obsolet.)

Mayas, May-games, certain sports or merriments used on the first day of May.

MAYTO, f. m. the month of May; also a May-pole; also one of the Cape Verde islands.

O primeiro dia de Mayo, May day, the first of May.

Colher flores na manha do primeiro dia de Mayo, to may, to gather flowers on May-morning.

MAYO'R, adj. bigger, greater. See also **SUPERIOR**.

Mayer em razao de annos, elder.

Mayer, of age; as, *os reis de França são mayores na idade de quatorze*, the kings of France are of age at fourteen.

Terça mayer, (at piquet) a tierce-major.

Excommunição mayor, the greater excommunication.

Por mayor, promiscuously, without order, compendiously, in short, summarily, briefly.

Alguna cousa mayor, somewhat greater.

Mayor, f. f. the major proposition of a syllogism.

MAYORAL, f. m. a superior, one of our betters.

Mayoral do gado, the chief, the principal herdsman, or shepherd.

MAYORDOMO, f. m. a steward, a majordomo.

MAYORES, f. m. pl. the elders, the fathers of a town, city, &c. also ancestors, forefathers.

M E A

Levantar-se a mayores, to grow haughty.

MAYORI'A, f. f. chiefness, principality, greatness above another.

MAYORIDA'DE, f. f. majority, or being of age.

A maioridade dos reis de França começa aos 14 annos, the kings of France are of age at fourteen.

MAYORMENTE, adv. chiefly.

MAYORSINHO, a, adj. somewhat greater.

MAYS. See **MAIZ**.

MAYUSCULA, f. f. in orthography, means capital letters.

M A Z

MAZELA. See **MATADURA**, and **ACHAQUE**.

MAZOMBO, a name given to the natives of Brasil.

MAZORRO, f. m. a peasant, a countryman, a clown.

M E

ME, a word invented to imitate the bleating of sheep; so they also call a Jew, and a Mulatto.

Me, an irregular case of the pronoun *eu*, and serves for the dative and accusative, placed sometimes before the verb, and sometimes after; ex. *Elle me disse*, ou *elle disse-me*, he told me.

Me is sometimes used reciprocally with verbs; as, *Eu me lembro*, I remember, &c.

M E A

MEA, ou **MEJA**, f. f. a stocking.

Mea, ou **meja**, the feminine of **MEYO**, which see.

MEAI, f. f. a sort of water-fowl.

Meai, the feminine of **MEAM**, which see.

MEAMENTE, adv. meanly, moderately, not in a great degree. See **MEDIANAMENTE**.

MEADA, f. f. a skain or skein, a length of yarn, thread, silk, &c. as it is wound on a reel.

Meada, (metaph.) a mischievous story, to set people at variance, an intricate lie.

MEADA'DE, f. f. (obsolet.) See **MEADE**.

MEADO, f. m. the mewing of a cat.

Meado, ou **meiado**, adj. ex. *Meado Mayo*, in the middle of May; *ate meado Mayo*, till the middle of May. It is also used as a substantive; as, *o meado de Mayo*, the middle of May.

MEALHA, f. f. so they formerly called each of the two halves, into which they used to cut the smallest sort of coin.

MEALHARIA, ou **MIALHARIA**, f. f. a sort of tax or contribution paid by the market-women to the sonat-house of Lisbon.

MEALHEIRO, f. m. a round earthen pot to keep money in; also a money-box, like a church-box; also the money kept in it.

M E C

MEI, f. f. See **MEAI**.

MEANDRO, f. m. Meander, a river in Phrygia, full of turnings and windings, in its course, as it is said, to the number of six hundred; whence any thing that is full of mazes, intricacy, and difficulty, is called a Meander.

MEIO, **MEI**, adj. See **MEDIANO**, and **MEDIOCRE**.

Os meios, ou *os homens meios*, the gentry, those between the vulgar and the nobility.

MEAR, v. n. to mew like a cat. Lat. *miaulizare*.

Mear, como faz o gato quando anda com o rio, to caterwaul, as cats when rutting.

Meas, ou **meyas**, (the plural of *Mea*, or *Meya*) stockings, hose.

A que encorta as meas, a stocking-mender.

Meas de lã, woollen-stockings.

Meas de seda, silk-stockings.

Meas pagéiras. See **PAGEIRAS**.

Fazer, ou hir de meas, ou meyas com algum, to go halves with one, to go one's halves.

Paredes meas ou meyas. See **MEYAS**.

MEA'TO, f. m. a passage, duct, or meatus, (with physicians.)

Meatos do corpo, the pores of the body.

Meato subterraneo, a passage underground, a hole.

M E C

MECA, f. f. Mecca, the capital of a territory bearing its name, and of all Arabia Felix in Asia; it was the birth place of the grand impostor Mahomet, and here the pilgrims pay their devotions.

Correr Ceca a Mecca, to be a great traveller, or to saunter about to no purpose, as the Moors did in their pilgrimages to Ceca or Mecca. Ceca being likewise a place of devotion among the Moors, in the city of Cordova, in Spain; from whence the Spaniards have framed this proverb, *Andar de Ceca em Mecca*, to go from Ceca to Mecca. See **Delpino**, and **Bailey's Dictionary**, by **Scott**, v. **Ceca**.

MECANICA, f. f. any mean occupation; also the money paid by a mechanic to be ennobled or raised from commonalty to nobility.

Mecánicas, or *scientias mecanicas*, mechanics, the science of motion, or that part of the mathematics that shews the effects of powers or moving forces, and applies them to engines, machines, &c.

O que sabe as scientias mecanicas, a mechanician.

Rodas, eixos e todos os outros instrumentos das scientias mecanicas, mechanical powers, as the wheel, wedge, &c.

Mecanica dos termos e nomes das artes, technology, a description or explanation of the technical words or terms of arts, especially mechanical ones.

ME-

MECANICO, *a*, adj. mechanic, or mechanical, what relates to mechanism; and from thence it signifies being of mean occupation.

Sciencias mecanicas. See **MECANICAS**.

Homem mecanico, a mechanic, a manufacturer, a low workman.

Homem mecanico, *em que sabe as sciencias mecanicas*, a mechanician.

Mecanico, mean, base, low.

Artes mecanicas e liberais, the mechanic and liberal arts.

MECATREFE. See **MEQUETREFE**.

MECCA, *ex. Palha de mecca.* See **ESQUINANTO**.

MECE'NAS, *f. m.* the great favourite of Augustus Cæsar, and himself a great favourite of learning, whence all such are called by this name.

MECHA, *f. f.* a match, card, rope, or small chip of wood dipped in brimstone.

Mecha de candi'o, a wick for a lamp.

Mecha, a tent for a wound.

Mcha, *ou murrão*, (with gunners) a match, a sort of rope, made of such combustible stuff, that being once lighted, it will burn on by degrees, and regularly, without ever going out, as long as any of it is left.

P. mais custa a mecha que o fogo, it will not quit cost, it is not worth one's while.

Deitar mecha na vasilha ou defumar a vasilha com mecha, to sophisticate wine with brimstone, to burn brimstone in a vessel, and fill it with wine afterwards.

Mecha, a suppository, a kind of solid clyster.

MECHANICA, &c. See **MECANICA**, &c.

MECHA'R, *v. a. ex. Mechar*, *ou defumar a vasilha com mecha*, to sophisticate wine with brimstone, &c. See **MECHA**.

MECHEIRO, *f. m.* the nose of a lamp in which the wick burns.

MECHOACAM, *f. m.* a purging root, so called because brought from the the province of Mechoacan in Mexico; Mechoacan, or Mechoacana.

MECO. See **LUXURIOSO**.

MECO'NIO, *f. m.* meconium, an opiate, or the expressed and thickened juice of poppies.

M E D

MEDA, *f. f.* a stack of straw, or corn, a rick of hay, or the like.

MEDA'LHA, *f. f.* a medal.

O reverso, ou avesso da medalha, the reverse of a medal.

O verso da medalha, the head side of a medal.

A letra da medal'a, the inscription of a medal.

Medalha grande de que os princip's fazem presente a algumas pessoas que elles estimão, a medallion, such as princes

use to present to some particular persons, as a token of their esteem.

O que he curioso, ou entende de medalhas, a medallist.

De medalhas, ou pertencente a medalhas, medallist, or pertaining to medals.

MEDAM de areia, a bank or heap of sand.

MEDE'S (Obsol.) See **MESMO**.

MEDIAÇAM, *f. f.* mediation, interposition, intervention, agency between two parties practised by a common friend.

MEDIADOR, *f. m.* a mediator, one that interposes to adjust differences.

MEDIADORA, *f. f.* a mediatrix, a woman mediator.

MEDIANAMENTE, *adv.* with moderation, indifferently, tolerably. *Lat. mediocriter.*

MEDIANEIRA. See **MEDIADORA**.

MEDIANEIRO. See **MEDIADOR**.

MEDIANIA, *f. f.* mediocrity, a mean or middle state between two extremes, moderation, forbearance of extremity.

Mediania no engenho, mediocrity of wit.

MEDIA'NO, *a*, adj. middling, tolerable, ordinary, indifferent. *Latin mediocrit.*

Homem mediano, ou meão. See after **MEAO**.

Mediana fazenda, a competent estate, not very big.

Via mediana (in anatomy) mediana vena.

MEDIA'NTE, *p. a.* by means of.

MEDIA'R, *v. n.* to lie, or be between, to mediate.

Mediar, to mediate, to act the part of a mediator.

MEDIASTINO, (in anatomy) mediastinum, a double membrane formed by a duplicature of the pleura.

MEDIATAMENTE, *adv.* mediately, by means or interposition of something by a secondary cause.

MEDIATARIO. See **MEDIADOR**.

MEDIA TO, *a*, adj. that acts by second causes, in a mediate manner, not from himself, not immediately.

MEDIATOR. See **MEDIADOR**.

MEDICA'DO, *a*, adj. medicated. *Agua ou bebidas medicadas*, medicated drinks, such as have medicinal ingredients mingled with them, or impregnated therewith, medicated waters.

MEDICAMENTE, *adv.* medically, medicinally, physically.

MEDICAMENTO, *f. m.* a medicine, or medicament.

MEDICAMENTOSO, *a*, adj. medicinal, medicinal.

MEDICA'DO, *a*, adj. cured, &c. See **MEDICAR**.

MEDIÇAM, *f. f.* See **MEDIDA**.

Medição de hum verso, the scanning of a verse, scanion.

MEDICA'R, *v. a.* to physic, to treat with physic, to cure.

MEDICINA, *f. f.* medicine, the art of physic.

Medicina, a medicament, a medicine, a physical remedy.

MEDICINA'L, *adj.* medicinal, pertaining to physic; also medicinal, having the power of healing, having physical virtue.

MEDICO, *f. m.* a physician.

P. ao medico, confessor, e letrado, não estibas enganados, do not deceive the physician, your father confessor, and your lawyer, because it is deceiving yourself.

P. mijar claro, e dar buma figa ao medico, piss clear, and a fig for the doctor.

Médico, *a*, adj. See **MEDICINA'L**.

MEDI'DA, *f. f.* measure, that by which any thing is measured.

P. levar a todos pela mesma medida, to measure other people's corn by one's own bushel.

Medidas, measures, means to bring a thing about; as, *Tomar as medidas*, to take measures.

Deitar a perder as medidas que estrema tomado, to break one's measures, to disappoint or baffle his designs.

Amadidade, proportionably, according to. *Tomar a medida a hum homem para hum vestido*, to take a man's measure for a suit of cloths.

A medida do meu desejo, ou coração, according to my mind or wish, to my own heart's desire.

Queer as medidas a algum, to please one very much.

Medida, so they call a ribbon that is as long as the height of the statue or image of any saint.

Medida, (in poetry) measure, a certain number of syllables, metrically measured, metre.

MEDIDEIRA, *f. f.* a woman that measures corn, barley, &c.

MEDI'DO, *a*, adj. measured.

MEDIDOR, *f. m.* a measurer, one that measures.

Medidor de terras para as demarcar, a surveyor of lands that setteth bounds, a land-meter.

Medidor de fitas, para assentar hum campo, a quartermaster that measures the ground for pitching the camp in the field.

Medidor de trigo, a corn-meter.

Medidor de pipas, toneis, &c. para saber quanto leuão, a gauger, a measurer of casks and vessels.

MEDIOCRE, *adj.* moderate, indifferent, mean, middle, ordinary, neither too big nor too little, neither good nor bad.

MEDIOCREMENTE, *adv.* indifferently, so so.

MEDIOCRIDA'DE, *f. f.* mediocrity, mean, moderation.

MEDI'R, *v. a.* to measure, to take the dimensions of a thing in length, breadth, &c. to compute the quantity of it by some stated rule.

Medir terras, to survey, or to measure lands.

Arte de medir as terras, surveying of land.

MED

MEL

MEL

Compasso de que se uza no medir as terras, compass-surveying.
Medir, ou ver quanto vinbo, &c. cabe em buma vasilba, to gauge, to measure the contents of a vessel.
Vara que serve para medir as vasilbas, gauge, a rod to measure casks with.
A arte de medir ou ver quanto vinbo, &c. cabe em buma vasilba, gauging.
Medir a espada com alguém. See **ES-PADA**.
Medir as suas forças com alguém, to try mastery, to vie strength with another.
Medir a lança com o inimigo, to come to push a lance with the enemy.
Medir bum verso, to scan a verse.
Medir os outros por si, to measure another man's corn by one's own bushel.
Medir-se, v. r. ex. Medir-se com as armas, ou medir-se com o poder de alguém, to try mastery, to vie strength with another.
MEDITAÇÃO, f. f. meditation, deep consideration, an action whereby we consider any thing closely; also meditation or thought employed upon sacred objects.
MEDITAR, v. n. to meditate, to contemplate, to muse, to reflect.
MEDITATIVO, a, adj. meditative, given to meditation.
MEDITERRÂNEO, a, adj. mediterranean, or mediterraneous, encircled with land.
O mar Mediterrâneo, the Mediterranean sea, or the mid-sea.
Mediterrâneo, f. m. idem.
MEDITRINA, f. f. Meditрина, a certain goddess of physic.
Meditrinâes festas, Meditrynalia, feasts celebrated by the Romans on the thirtieth of September, and so called because they then began to drink new wine, mingled with the old, which they held to be medicinal, and served them instead of physic.
MEDO, f. m. fear. Lat. *metus*.
Ter medo, to fear, to be in fear.
Ser medo, fearlessly.
Que não tem medo, fearless.
De medo que, for fear, lest.
Per eu meter medo a alguém, to fright, or frighten one.
Com medo, fearfully, timorously.
Vos puzestes-me, ou metestes-me grande medo, you put me in a great fright.
Ter grande medo, to be in a great fright.
Meter tanto medo a alguém que o faça ficar fora de si, to fright one out of his wits.
Fazer passar o medo a alguém metendolhe medo, to fright the hiccup away.
Medo. See **MEDAM**.
MEDONHO, a, adj. frightful, dreadful, causing fright.
MEDRA, ou **MEDRANÇA**, f. f. thriving.
MEDRAR, v. n. to thrive, to grow, to spring, (speaking of plants.)
Medrar, to thrive, to prosper, to grow

rich, to advance in any thing defied.
Medrar, to thrive, or to grow as a child does.
Medrar nas letras, ou nos estudos, to thrive in learning.
P. nem o invejoso medreu, nem o que apar-dille morou, the envious man thrives not himself, nor he that lives next to him.
MEDRONHEIRO, f. m. the arbut, or arbut-tree, a kind of wild strawberry, or cherry-tree, bearing fruit so sour, that Pliny calleth it *unde*, because one of them will give one enough.
MEDRONHO, f. m. the fruit of the said plant. See also **MEDRONHEIRO**.
MEDROSO, a, adj. fearful, timorous
MEDULLA, f. f. marrow in the bones. Lat.
Medulla espinal, ou espinhal, (in anatomy) medulla spinalis.
Medulla (in a figurative sense.) See **SUBSTANCIA**, and **REALIDADE**.
MEDUSA, f. f. Medusa, the daughter of Phorcus.

MEE

MEEIRO, a, adj. that ought to inherit the half of another's goods or estate. (Speaking of a husband and his wife.)

MEE

MEGALESIOS jogos, the Megaleſian games.
MEGERA, f. f. one of the three Furies of hell, Megæra.

MEI

MEIADO. { See { **MEADO**.
MEIAS. { **MEYAS**.
MEIGENGRO. See **MANGRADO**.
MEIGO, a, adj. tame, civil, gentle, sweet-natured, sweet-conditioned.
MEIGUICE, f. f. sweet temper, mildness, easiness of temper, humour, or nature.
Meiguices, sweet, flattering, coaxing expressions.
Fazer meiguices, to entertain with sweet flattering expressions, or with amorous nonsense; to coax, to cajole, to tiddle.
MEIMENDRO, f. m. the herb henbane. It is a very poisonous plant. Lat. *hyocyamus*.
MEIO. See **MEYO**.
MEIRINHO, f. m. the proper name of an officer to apprehend all criminals, and malefactors.
Meirinho mor, an officer to apprehend persons of high rank.
Meirinho das moscas, a great spider that catches flies in her web.
MEIXIRICAR, &c. See **MEXIRICAR**, &c.

MEL

MEL, f. m. honey. Lat. *Ccc*

Fazer mel, to make honey.
Mel refado, honey of roses.
Bebida de mel e mosto, a drink made of honey and wine, a kind of metheglin.
Mel virgem, virgin-honey.
P. não be o mel para a boca do asno, honey is not for the ass's mouth; good things are not fit for fools.
P. quem com mel trata sempre se lhe apaga, he that stirs honey, some will always stick to him; we say, if a man handles money, some will stick to his fingers.
P. fazei-vos mel, e comer-vosão as moscas, turn honey, and the flies will eat you; that is, if you are too sweet-tempered, people will insult over you.
P. vender mel ao colmeiro, to sell honey to one that keeps hives; that is, to carry coals to Newcastle.
Mel de açúcar. See **MELAÇO**.
Lugar onde se tem as abalbas para fazerem o mel, a bee-stall, a bee-garden.
MELA, ou **MELLA**, f. f. baldness, loss of hair.
Mela, a kind of mildew that blights the corn.
MELAÇO, f. m. melleſes, the dregs of sugar.
MELADO, a, adj. mixt with honey; also honey-colour, of a dark yellow colour; also bald, having no hair on the head.
MELANAGOGOS, f. m. melanagogues, medicines which purge off black choler.
MELANCIA, f. f. water-melon.
MELANCOLIA, f. f. melancholy, sadness; also melancholy, a disease; also melancholy, a kind of madness.
MELANCOLICO, a, adj. melancholic, or melancholy, subject to melancholy. See **MELANCOLIA**.
MELAM, f. m. a melon.
P. o melão e a mulher maos são de conter, a melon and a woman are hard to be known; that is, it is difficult chusing them by their outward appearance.
P. o melão e o queijo tomallo a peso, weigh cheese and a melon, because the heavier they weigh the better they are.
MELANTHION. See **NIGELLA**.
MELAPIO, f. m. a pearmain, a pear apple, or apple pear. Latin *malapium*.
MELAR. See **MELLAR**.
MELCHITES, f. m. p. Melchites, (i. e. royalists) a religious sect in the Levant, who differ very little from the Greeks in any thing relating to faith or worship, but speak a different language.
MELEAGRIDE, f. f. a Guinea or Turkey hen. Lat. *mel agris*.
MELENA, f. f. a long lock of hair, either on the temples, or on the upper part of the forehead.
MELES de carvas. See **MELAÇO**.
MELGA, f. f. a sort of gnat, or little fly. Lat. *culex*.

ME-

MEM

MELGUE'IRA, f. f. See **MEAL-HEIRO**.
MELHARU'CO, f. m. a bird that cateth bees. Lat. *mirops*. See **A-BELHEIRO**.
MELHOR, adj. comp. better. Latin *melior*; it is also substantively used; as,
Tir a melhor, to get the day, or to carry the day, to get the better; *O melhor*, the better.
Fazer melhor, to mend, to alter for the better; also to mend, or reform in manners.
Melhor, adv. better; as,
Fazei o que estiver melhor a hum homem honrado, do what becomes a man of honour.
He melhor, it is better.
P. melhor he dobrar que quebrar, better bow than break.
MELHORA, f. f. improvement, growing better, &c. according to the verb **MELHORAR**.
MELHORA'DO, a, adj. bettered, grown better. See **MELHORAR**.
MELHORAMENTO, f. m. See **MELHORA**.
MELHORA'R, v. a. to meliorate, to make better, to mend, to improve, to alter for the better.
Melhorar no testamento, to increase the inheritance.
Melhorar, v. n. to grow better.
Melhorar de saude, to grow better in health.
Melhorar, to thrive, &c. See **MEDRAR**.
Melhorar-se, v. r. to thrive, to prosper, to grow rich, to advance in any thing desired.
MELHORAS, the plural of **MELHORA**, which see.
Tir melhoras na saude, to grow better in health.
Tir melhoras, ou ter a melhor. See **MELHOR**.
MELHORIA, f. f. growing better, &c. according to the v. **MELHORAR**.
Tir melhoria. See **MELHORAR**, v. n. and *Melhorar-se*, v. r.
Tir melhoria, ou a melior. See **MELHOR**.
P. por melhoria minha casa deixaria, I would leave my house to better myself; that is, a man would leave his house or country, all that he loves, for his advantage.
MELICE'RIDES, ou **MELICERIS**, f. m. (among physicians) melicaria, or melicaria, a tumor inclosed in a tunic or cystis.
MELICIAS, f. f. p. a sort of white pudding made with honey, almonds, cinnamon, butter, &c.
MELIFLUO, a, adj. See **MELLI-FLUO**.
MELILO'TO, f. m. melilot, a sort of herb.
MELINDRE, f. m. a sort of dainty made with sugar, eggs, &c. Thence *squeamishness*, daintiness, niceness,

MEM

coyness, any sort of affectation or affectedness, fastidiousness, &c. See **MELINDROSO**.
Com melindres, nicely, delicately, affectedly, with affectation, fastidiously.
Melindro de honra, the point of honour.
Melindre, a sort of flower which they keep in flower-pots.
MELINDROSO, a, adj. nice, precise, coy, dainty, squeamish, formal, affected, queasy, fastidious, delicate to a vice, insolently nice, disdainful, scornful.
MEL'LLA. See **MELA**.
MELLADO, a, adj. daubed with honey. See
MELLA'R, v. a. to daub with honey.
Me melleu, ou mellado seja eu, may I be daubed with honey: It is a sort of imprecation; because, as our proverb says, daub yourself with honey, and you will never want flies.
MELLI'FERO, a, adj. melliferous, bearing or producing honey.
MELLIFLUIDA'DE, f. f. mellifluence, a honeyed flow; also mildness, good nature. (Metaph.)
MELLIFLUO, a, adj. mellifluent, mellifluous, flowing with honey; also mellifluous, eloquent, pleasant in speech. (Metaph.)
MELOA'L, f. m. the ground where melons grew.
MELODIA, f. f. melody, sweet music, melodiousness.
MELODIO'SO, a, adj. melodious, harmonious.
MELOTE, f. m. a sheep-skin or felt. Lat. *melista*.
MELPOMENE, f. f. Melpomene, one of the Muses.
MELRO. See **MERLO**.

MEM

MEMBRA'NA, f. f. a membrane, or thin skin.
MEMBRO, f. m. a member, or limb, any one of the exterior parts of the body arising from the trunk, or body of an animal; also a member, or any part of an integral; also a moulding. (In architecture.)
Membro artificial para divertimento, &c. a dildo.
Membro, a member, a part of a body ecclesiastic, civil, or politic.
MEMBRU'DO, a, adj. strong, or well-limbed.
MEME'NDRO. See **MEIMENDRO**.
MEMENTOS, two parts of the mass so called.
MEMI'NHO, f. m. the little-finger.
Dado meminho, idem.
MEMONICO, a, adj. that helps the memory.
Memonicos versos, verses that help the memory, as those of Barbara, Celerent, Darii, &c.
MEMORA'DO, a, adj. remembered, &c. See **MEMORAR**.
Memorado, memorable.
MEMORA'NDO, a, adj. memorable, worthy of remembrance.

MEN

MEMORA'R, v. a. to remember, to commemorate, to mention.
MEMORATI'VO, a, adj. that helps the memory.
MEMORA'VEL, adj. See **MEMORANDO**.
MEMORIA, f. f. memory, a faculty of the mind. Zuinger asserts, that a young man of the island of Corsica could readily recite, after once hearing, thirty-six thousand words of all sorts, either backwards or forwards, or any way; and taught this science to others.
Memorias, a memorandum-book.
Memoria, a monumental record, a monument.
Memorias, the instructions, or orders given by princes to their ministers, &c.
Memoria, a sort of ring.
De memoria, by heart.
Memoria de galle, a bad memory.
Memoria, memory, or remembrance.
Renovar a memoria, to call to remembrance.
Tenho perdido a memoria disse, that is out of my memory.
A rainha Maria de felice em gloriosa memoria, queen Mary of blessed memory.
Fazer memoria, to mention, to take notice of, to speak of.
Per em memoria, ou fazer memoria de alguma coisa em historias, annais, &c. to memorize, to record, to commit to memory by writing.
Memorias, memoirs, a history written by such persons who have had a hand in the management, or else have been eye-witnesses of the transacting of affairs, containing a plain narration, either of the actions of their princes or statesmen, or of themselves.
MEMORIA'L, f. m. a memorandum-book.
Memorial, a petition, a supplication in form, a request.
Memorial, a memorial, a monument, something to preserve memory.
MEMORIA'M, f. m. a great memory.
MEMPHITES. (So called of Memphis in Egypt) memphites, a sort of stone famed for this property, that being pulverized, and smeared on a part of a body to be amputated, it will deaden it so, that the patient shall feel no pain in the operation.

MEN

MENADES, f. f. p. mad women waiting upon Bacchus.
MENAGEM. See **HOMENAGEM**.
MENÇAM, f. f. mention.
MENCIONA'DO, a, adj. mentioned.
MENCIONA'R, v. a. to mention.
MENDACISSIMO, a, adj. most false or deceitful.
MENDIGA'DO, a, adj. mendicated. See **MENDIGAR**.
MENDICA'NTE, p. a mendicant.
Frades mendicantes, a mendicant friar.
MEN-

MENDICIDA'DE. See **MENDIGUIDADE.**

MENDIGAR, v. a. to mendicate, to beg, to ask alms.

Mendigár, (metaph.) to borrow, to take something of another; as, *Mendigar hum contoito*, to borrow a thought.

MENDIGO, f. m. a beggar, he that begs for alms.

MENDIGUIDADE, f. f. mendicity, beggary.

Reduzir a mendiguidade, to beggar, to reduce to beggary, to impoverish, *Reduzido a mendiguidade*, beggared.

MENDO'SO, a, adj. (in anatomy) ex. *Costellas mendozas*, mendozæ costæ, or the false ribs.

MENDRA'GULA. See **MANDRAGORA.**

Mendrácula, ou *Mendragula*, (in familiar discourses) any allurements, any thing that entices or allures.

MENDRA'GORA. See **MANDRAGORA.**

MENDRA'GULA, f. f. allurements, &c. See **MENDRACULA.**

MENDRU'GO, f. m. a piece of bread, as it is left at table. Spanish.

MENEA'DO, a, adj. moved, &c. See **MENEA'R**, v. a. to move, to stir any thing, to put in motion, to shake or wag, to wield, to manage.

Meneár, ou *jugar as armas*, como se costumava nas escolas de esgrima, to fence with foils.

Meneár as armas da razão, to dispute, to debate, to endeavour to persuade.

Meneár-se, v. r. to wag, to stir, to be in motion.

Menear-se affectadamente no andar, to mince, to go mincing.

MENEAVEL, adj. manageable, easy in the use, not difficult to be wielded or moved; also that turneth easily, or may be turned.

MENEO, f. m. a motion, stirring, moving, &c. according to the verb. **MENEA'R.** See also **GESTO.**

Menéo do corpo, ou *de alguma parte delle*, the moving or throwing the body, or any part of it, from one side to the other.

Menéo affectado no andar, mincing, a finical affected motion of the body in walking.

Menéo, trade, profession, business.

Menéo, management, conduct, administration.

MENESTREL, ou **MENISTREL**, f. m. a minstrel, one who plays upon instruments.

MENHAA. See **MANHAA.**

MENIGREPA, f. f. a title given to some Indian hermitesses.

MENIGREPO, f. m. a title given to some Indian priests or hermits.

MENI'NA, f. f. a little girl.

Minina, (in the court of Madrid) a lady of the bed-chamber to an infant.

Minina do olho, the sight of the eye; so

called because it represents the person looking on it in so little a figure.

Ter, ou trazer nas mininas dos olhos, to esteem, to value, to make much of, to love dearly.

P. nem de menina se ajuda, nem casar com viúva, do not seek the assistance of a little girl, nor marry a widow; because the help of a little girl avails little, and is rather an hindrance; and a widow is not so governable as a young maid.

P. menina e vinha, perál, e faval maos são de guardar, a girl, a vineyard, an orchard with pear-trees, and a field of beans, are hard to be kept; because the girl may run astray, and the fruit of the others may be stolen.

MENINE'IRO, a, adj. that is fond of children, or of their plays.

Cara mininira, a comely face.

MENINICE, f. f. infancy, childhood.

Meninices, puerile amusements, trifles, puerilities.

MENI'NO, f. m. an infant, a male child.

Menino, (in the court of Madrid) a very little page, so called, because they are mere children, kept there only for their education and grandeur.

Menino tolo que supersticiosamente se cre posto pelas feiticeiras em lugar do recém-nascido, a changlin or oaf, a foolish child left by the fairies.

MENISTRE'L. See **MENESTREL.**

MENODI'LHA, f. f. the herb consolida minor, or lesser comfrey.

MENOLO'GIO, f. m. menologion, an account of the course of the moon, an almanack, a register of months, so called by the Greeks.

MENO'R, adj. comp. less than another, lesser; also under age; also younger.

As quatro ordens menores, the four lesser orders.

Asia menor, the lesser Asia.

Menor, (in music) minor; as, *Terceira*, ou *sexta menor*, a third or sixth minor.

Filho familias menor de idade, e que não pôde governar a sua fazenda, a minor, one that is in nonage or minority.

MENORES, ou *Frades menores*, Minorites, or minors friars of the order of St. Francis.

MENO'R, f. f. (with logicians) minor, the minor proposition in a syllogism.

MENO'RCA, f. f. Minorca, one of the Balearian islands.

MENORIDA'DE, f. f. minority, nonage, or the state of being under age.

MENOS, adv. less. Lat. *minus*.

Muyto menos, much less.

Mais ou menos, more or less.

Em menos de huma hora, in less than an hour.

Menos vezes, not so often.

As menos, ou *pelo menos*, at least.

Menos, except, saving. See **EXCEPTO.**

Ser arbadado menos, to be missed or lost; also to be absent.

Abar menos, to miss, to discover a person, or something to be unexpectedly wanting.

MENOSCA'BA'DO, a, adj. despised, &c. See

MENOSCA'BAR, v. a. to despise, to contemn, to undervalue. See **DESLUZIR.**

MENOSCA'BO, f. m. contempt, undervaluing.

MENSA. See **MESA.**

MENSAGE'IRA, f. f. ou **MENSAGEIRO**, f. m. a messenger, harbinger, or forerunner, one that goes on an errand.

MENSAGE'IRO, a, adj. missive.

Carta mensageira, a missive letter.

MENSA'GEM, f. f. a message, an errand.

MENSA'L, adj. menstrual, monthly, happening once a month.

Conjunção, purgação, ou evacuação mensal, menstrual discharge, or the monthly courses of women.

MENSTRUA, f. f. a monthly allowance for maintenance. Lat. *menstruum*.

MENSTRUA'DA, f. f. a woman that actually has the monthly courses.

MENSTRUA'DO, a, adj. that actually has the monthly courses.

MENSTRUO, f. m. the menses, or monthly courses; also all liquors are called *menstruos*, i. e. *menstruum*, which are used as dissolvents, or to extract the virtues of ingredients by infusion or decoction.

Menstruo, a, adj. See **MENSAL.**

MENSURA. See **MEDIDA.**

MENSURADO, **MENSURAR.** See **MEDIDO**, **MEDIR.**

MENTA'GRA, f. f. (with physicians) mentagra, a wild tetter or scab like a ring-worm, that begins at the chin and runs over the face, neck, &c.

MENTA'L, adj. mental, intellectual, belonging to the mind.

Oração mental, mental prayer; *reservação mental*, mental reservation.

MENTALMENTE, adv. mentally, in the mind.

MENTA'R, v. a. to mention, to speak of. (Obsol.)

MENTE, f. f. the mind. It is also the addition to most adjectives, which makes them adverbs, as the syllable *ly* does in English; as, *discretamente*, discreetly, &c.

Mente, mind, intention, design. See also **ENGENHO**, and **GENIO.**

MENTECA'TO, f. m. a fool a mad man.

MENTHA'STRO. See **MENTRAS-TO.**

MENTIDO, a, adj. feigned, false.

Tendo mentido, having lied, having deceived.

MENTI'R, v. n. to lie, to tell lies.

Mentir, v. a. to personate another, to endeavour to pass for that which one resembles.

M E R

Mentir a esperança a algum, is for one to be disappointed, baffled, or frustrated.

MENTI'RA, f. f. a lie.

Mentira de rabo, a great lie.

Tudo he mentira, it is all stuff, or lies.

Espalhar huma mentira, to broach a lie.

MENTIRI'NHA, f. f. a little lie.

MENTIROSO, a, adj. lying. It is also used as a substantive, and signifies a liar.

M E Q

MEQUETREFE, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a busy-body.

M E R

MÉ'RA, f. f. a sort of liquor extracted from small pieces of wood of the wild olive-tree, when it is green. It is used by shepherds and farriers to cure their sheep and horses.

MERAMENTE, adv. merely, purely.

MERCADEJ'AR. See **MERCANCIA**.

MERCA'DO, f. m. a market, or market-place.

Mercado, price, rate.

Comprar, ou vender a bom mercado, to buy or sell cheap, or a good pennyworth.

A mau mercado, dear, costly, at a great rate.

Mercado, a, adj. bought, purchased.

MERCADOR, f. m. a merchant, a trader.

Mercador de livros, de paños, de seda, a bookseller, a woollen-draper, a silkman or mercer.

MERCADORIA. See **MERCANCIA**.

MERCANCEA'R, v. n. to buy or sell, to play the merchant, to market, to merchandise.

MERCANCIA, f. f. commodity, goods, ware; also merchandise, trade.

Mercancias finas que se poem nos lugares mais enxutos de hum navio, quando se embarcaõ, dry goods.

MERCA'NTE, f. m. a merchant.

MERCANTI'L, adj. mercantile, commercial, pertaining to merchants, or trade.

Navio mercantil, a merchant-man, or ship, a trading ship.

MERCA'R, v. a. to buy. Lat. *mercari*.

MERCATU'DO, f. m. one that is always ready to buy, a great buyer.

MERCE', f. f. a courtesy, a favour, a kindness, a reward. See also **SOLDA'DA**.

Fazer merce, to do a kindness, to oblige one, to grant, to give, to bestow something which cannot be claimed of right.

A merce, at the mercy or discretion.

Deixar-se hir a merce das ondas, to commit one's self to the waves.

M E R

Esar a merce de algum, to be at one's mercy.

Frades da merce. See **MERCENARIOS**.

Merci, is a term of civility used in Portugal to every genteel person, as *figueria* is in Italian; but we have not the like in English, only as we say your lordship to noblemen, or in the country your worship to justices of the peace; so *vosso, ou sua merce*, or, as they commonly write, *merci*, is in Portugal used to all people of any fashion in general.

MERCEARI'A, f. f. pedlary, small wares sold by pedlars.

O que vende mercaria, ou bofariñeiro, a pedlar.

Vender mercaria, to peddle, to sell things of small value.

MERCEERI'A, ou **MERCERIA**, f. f. a church, or chapel, wherein the *merceiro* prays for the souls of the dead. See

MERCEE'RO, ou **MERCEE'IRO**, f. m. a hireling, or one hired to say prayers for the souls of the dead.

MERCENA'RIO, a, adj. mercenary, greedy of gain, easy to be bribed.

Mercenário, f. m. a mercenary, or hireling.

Mercenário, a friar of the order of the Mercenarians. See

Mercenários, f. m. p. the religious order of the Mercenarians, first instituted in Arragon by king James, for redemption of captives.

MERCIEIRO. See **MERCEERO**.

MERCIMONIA, f. f. See **MERCANCIA**.

MERCURIA'L, ou **MERCURIALES**, the herb mercury.

MERCU'RIO, f. m. the god Mercury. See also **AZOGUE**.

Mercurio, (in astronomy) Mercury, the least of all the planets.

MERDA, f. f. a turd, a sir-reverence, dung, ordure.

MERDO'SO, a, adj. beshit.

MERECEDOR, a, adj. deserving, worthy, that deserves any thing.

MERECER, v. a. to deserve, to merit, to be worthy.

MERECIDAMENTE, adv. deservedly.

MERECI'DO, a, adj. deserved.

MERECIMENTO, f. m. merit, desert, worth.

MEREJ'AR. See **MAREJAR**.

MERENCORBO. See **MELANCOLICO**.

MERENDA, f. f. an afternoon's luncheon, a bever.

MERENDAR, v. a. to eat an afternoon's luncheon, betwixt dinner and supper.

MERENDEIRO, ou *paõ merendeiro*, a small loaf or lump of bread for children.

MERETRICA'L, adj. See **MERETRICIO**.

MERETRI'CE, ou **MERETRI'Z**, f. f. a whore.

M E R

A modo de meretrice, meretriciously, whorishly.

MERETRICIO, a, adj. meretricious, whorish.

MERETRI'Z, f. f. a whore. See **MERETRICE**.

MERGULHADO'R, f. m. a diver, one that goes under water in search of treasure, or any thing else. See **BUZIO**; also a diver, one who dives or sinks voluntarily under water.

MERGULHA'DO, a, adj. diptin water, &c. See **MERGULHAR**.

MERGULHAM, f. m. a diver or didapper, a sort of water-fowl.

Mergulhão da vide, a vine branch turned bow-wise with the top set in the ground. See **MERGULHAR a vide**.

MERGULHA'R, v. a. to put under water, to dip, to duck, to immerse.

Mergulhar a vide, to provide, to lay the stock or branch of a vine in the ground to take root for more increase.

Mergulhar-se, v. r. to dive, to duck or sink voluntarily under water; also to dive or go under water in search of any thing.

MERGULH'A das vidés, the act of provining, &c. See **MERGULHAR a vide**.

Lançar de mergulho, ou de cabeça. See **MERGULHAR a vide**.

MERGU'LHO, f. m. the act of ducking, or immersing; also the act of diving or sinking under water, &c. See also the verb **MERGULHAR-SE**.

Mergulho da vide. See **MERGULHAM da vide**.

MERI', f. m. the oesophagus, the gullet or mouth of the stomach.

MERIDIA'NO, f. m. the circle called the Meridian.

Meridiano, a, adj. meridian.

Demónio meridiano, (with astronomy) Arrow or Sagitta, a constellation in the heavens, consisting of eight stars.

MERIDIONA'L, adj. meridional.

MERIN'GE, f. f. (with anatomists) myrinx, the drum of the ear.

MERITISSIMO, a, adj. superl. very deserving.

MERITO, f. m. See **MERECIMENTO**.

MERITORIO, a, adj. meritorious, deserving.

MERLAM, f. m. (in fortification) merlon, that part of a parapet that is between, or is terminated by two embrasures of a battery; so that its height and thickness is the same with that of the parapet, which is generally in length from eight to nine feet next the guns, and six on the outside, six feet in height, and eighteen feet thick.

MERLI'M, f. m. (a sea term) marline, a small line of untwisted hemp well tarred, to keep the ends of the ropes, or any tackle from ravelling out.

MER-

M E S

MERLO, *f. m.* a black-bird.
MERO, *f. m.* a fish called a merling, or whiting. Spanish.
Mero, *a*, adj. mere, plain, stark. Lat. *merus*.
MERU', *f. m.* (in India) a stag.

M E S

MES, *ou MEZ*, *f. m.* a month. Lat. *mensis*.
Mes jalar, a solar month.
Mes lunar, a lunar month.
Mes de apparição, month of apparition, or month of illumination.
Mes menstrual, *ou conscriptorio*, month of consecution, or month of progression.
Mes medicinal, month decretorial, or month medical.
Mes dragonitico, *ou de latitud*, (with astronomers) draconitic month.
Meses das mulheres, *meses*, the monthly courses of women.
De mes em mes, *ou todos os meses*, monthly.
MESA, *ou MEZA*, *f. f.* a table. Lat. *mensa*.
Mesa franca, an open table, where all persons are welcome.
Por a mesa, to lay the cloth for dinner, to spread the table.
Tirar, *ou levantar a mesa*, to take away after dinner.
Affentar-se, *ou per-se a meza*, to sit, or sit down at table.
Levantar-se da mesa, to rise from table.
Ter boa mesa, to keep a good table, or a good house.
Mesa redonda, a round table.
Mesa da communhão, the holy table, the holy communion, or sacrament.
Camar a mesa com alguém, to board with one.
Mesa dobradiça, a folding table.
Cama e mesa, bed and board.
Mesa, a board, a table, at which a council or court is held; also board, the assembly seated at a table; a court of jurisdiction.
Pedir mesa, is for one that is confined in the inquisition, to desire to speak to the inquisitor.
P. obanar a hum debaixo da mesa, to call a man under the table, signifies, to kiss the hare's foot, as we term it, to come when all the meat is eaten.
MESA'DA, *f. f.* the portion of money paid monthly for work, or maintenance.
MESSAGEIRO. See **MENSAGEIRO**.
MESCAR. See **MENOSCABAR**.
MESCLADO, **MESCLAR**. See **MISTURADO**, **MISTURAR**.
MESE'NA, *ou MEZENA*, *f. f.* the mixed-sail.
MESENTE'RIO, *ou MISENTE'RIO*, *f. m.* (with anatomists) mesentery, that part round which the guts are convolved.
MESER'ICAS, *ou MISER'ICAS* *veas*, meseric veins, branches of the *vena porta*, arising from, or inclosed in the mesentery.
MESINHA, &c. See **MEZINHA**, &c.

M E S

MESMEIDA'DE, *f. f.* sameness, identity.
ME SMO, *a*, adj. same, all one, self.
Eu mesmo, *tu mesmo*, &c. myself, thyself, &c.
Ser sempre o mesmo homem, to be like one's self.
Tudo he o mesmo, *ou a mesma coisa*, it is the same thing, it is all one.
Matar-se a si mesmo, to kill one's self.
Mejmo, adv. strait, right on, directly; as, *Mejmo por cima da mesa*, right over the table.
MESOZEUGMA, part of a zeugma, or mesozeugma, a figure in grammatical construction.
MESQUINAMENTE, adv. wretchedly, covetously.
MESQUINHEZ, *f. f.* wretchedness, covetousness. Arabic.
MESQUINHO, *a*, adj. wretched, miserable, covetous; also wretched, unfortunate. See **DESGRAÇADO**.
MESQUITA, *f. f.* a mosque, or mosque, any Turkish church or temple, (a corruption from the Arabic word *mesjid*, i. e. place of worship.)
MESSAGEIRO, **MESSAGEM**. See **MENSAGEIRO**, **MENSAGEM**.
MESSA'GRAS, *f. f. p.* the hooks and eyes of the port-holes.
MESSER, *f. f.* a harvest, or crop of ripe corn; also mowing and reaping. Lat. *Messis*.
Messr, *ou tempo da messr*, harvest-time.
MESSER. See **MISSER**.
MESSIA'DO, *f. m.* the dignity of the Messiah.
MESSIAS, *f. m.* the Messiah. Hebrew.
MESTER, *f. m.* a title given to some low officers belonging to the senate of Lisbon.
MESTIÇO, *a*, adj. mongrel, mestizo, born of Indian and Portuguese parents; also mongrel in general.
MESTO, *a*, adj. sad. See **TRISTE**.
MESTRA, *f. f.* a mistress, a woman teacher; also chief, principal; as, *abelha mestra*. See **ABELHA**.
Chave mestra, master-key, the key which opens many locks.
MESTRA'DO, *f. m.* mallet-ship, commonly used for the mastership of one of the military orders of knighthood.
MESTRA'NÇA, *f. f.* all the several trades, or handicrafts, that belong to the building of ships, as carpenters, caulkers, &c. they are also employed, as our fire-men, to extinguish houses on fire.
MESTRE, *f. m.* a master, one who teaches, a teacher. Lat. *Magister*.
Mestre, a master, one much skilled in any art or science.
Mestre de ceremonias, master of the ceremonies, either to the king, or in the church.
Mestre em artes, master of arts.
Mestre-escola, a school-master, (in a cathedral church, &c.)
Mestre-escolado, the dignity of a school-master, (in a cathedral.)

M E T

Mestre da capella, the master of the music, who beats time, and gives the musicians their parts in the church.
Mestre das obras, a master-builder.
Mestre de esgrima, a fencing-master.
Mestre-sala, a gentleman sewer.
Mestre de hum navio, the master of a ship.
Grão mestre, the great master of a military order.
Mestre de campo, a colonel of foot.
Mestre de campo general, camp-master general.
Mestre de espirito, a ghostly father.
MESTURA, **MESTURADO**, &c. See **MISTURA**, **MISTURADO**, &c.
MESURA, *ou MISURA*, *f. f.* a reverence, bow, or congee.
Mesura de menina, *ou mulher*, a courtesy, curtsy, or reverence.
MESURA DO, *ou MISURA'DO*, *a*, adj. modest, grave, &c. See **COMEDIDO**, and **MODESTO**.

M E T

META, *f. f.* a pillar in form of a cone, at the end of the place in racing, where the chariots turned; also limits, bounds.
Meta, end. See **FIM**.
Metas, telamonies, images of men seeming to support or bear up the out-jettings of cornices.
METAFISICA, **METAFORA**. See **METAPHYSICA**, **METAPHORA**.
METAL, *f. m.* metal. The metals are six in number, gold, silver, copper, tin, iron, lead. See also **NAIPE**.
Metal da voz, the sound of the human voice.
Metal para fusts, bell metal.
METAL'S, (in heraldry) metals. They are only two, gold called *or*, and silver called *argent*. It is a general rule in heraldry, never to place metal upon metal, or colour upon colour; so that if the field be one of the metals, the bearing must be of some colour; and if the field be of any colour, the bearing must be of one of the metals.
METALEPSIS, the figure called *metalepsis*.
METALLICO, *a*, adj. metallial, metallic, or metalline.
METAMORPHOSE, *ou METAMORPHOSIS*, *f. f.* metamorphosis, transmutation, or changing of one thing into another.
METAPHORA, *f. f.* a metaphor, or a simile comprised in a word.
METAPHORICAMENTE, adv. metaphorically, not literally.
METAPHORICO, *a*, adj. metaphorical, or metaphoric.
METAPHRASTES, *f. m.* metaphrast, a literal translator.
METAPHYSICA, *f. f.* metaphysic, or metaphysics, ontology; also an idle conceit.
METAPHYSICO, *a*, adj. metaphysic, or

M E T

or metaphysical; also fantastic, irrational, bred only in the fancy.

METAPLA'SMO, the rhetorical figure called metaplasim.

METAPTO'SIS, (with physicians) metaptoſis, the degenerating of one disease into another.

METAS. See after **META**.

META'STASI, f. f. the figure called metastasis; also metastasis, as when a disease removes from one part to another (with physicians.)

METEDI'CO *homem*, a busy-body, a meddler.

METEMPSYCOSE, ou **METEMPSY-COSIS**, f. f. metempsychosis, or transmigration of the soul out of one body into another at death.

METEORIZA'R, (with physicians) See **SUBLIMAR**.

METEOR'RO, f. m. a meteor.

METEOROLOGICO, a, adj. meteorological.

METE R, v. a. to put in.

Meter mão a espada, to clasp one's hand upon one's sword, to take hold of one's sword.

Meter alguma coisa na cabeça a algum, to persuade one to a thing, to put a thing into his head.

Meter a espada. See **REPRIMIR**.

Meter, ou per modo a algum. See **MEDO**.

Meter discordias, to sow discord, to set together by the ears.

P. mete a mão no seio, não diras do fado alheio, put your hand to your bosom and you will not speak of another's faults; look upon your own faults, and you will never think of your neighbours.

Meter em ferros, to fetter, to put chains or fetters on the feet, to enchain, to shackle.

Meter em perigo, to endanger, to put into hazard, to bring into peril.

Meter o dente. See **MORDER**.

Meter debaixo do chão, to put into the ground, to bury.

Meter tempo, to put off to a distant time, to prolong, to delay.

Meter no meio, to put between, interpose, or intermeddle.

Meter a mão, to make use of the mediation or influence of another.

Meter a faca. See **SACULAR**.

Meter a não no fundo, to sink a ship.

Meter-se, v. r. to thrust, run, or put one's self into.

Meter-se alguma coisa a algum na cabeça, to put a thing into one's head, to fancy a thing.

Meter-se a philosopho, to betake one's self to the study of philosophy.

Meter-se a mercador, to betake one's self to trading.

Meter-se no que lhe não pertence, to meddle in what does not concern one.

Meter-se onde a não chamão, to go where one is not called, to meddle in other men's business.

Meter-se de posse, to take (or enter into) possession.

Elle metto-se nas mãos, ou debaixo da pro-

M E T

teção de Cesar, he betook himself to Cesar for his protector.

Meter-se em hum negocio, to engage in a business.

Meter-se, to intrude one's self, to get or creep in.

Meter-se com algum, to deal or meddle with one; also to creep into one's favour; also to join with others in trade or the like, to side with one.

Meter-se com a vossa vida, mind your business, meddle with your own business.

Meter-se, to penetrate, or enter into, to pierce.

Meter-se em delicias, to sink into pleasures.

Meter-se muito em, to eat much of any thing.

Meter-se pela terra dentro, to enter, or go into the inland or midland parts; also to dive, to enquire, or pry narrowly into a matter. (Metaph.)

Meter-se a, to pretend to, to set up for, to presume on ability to do any thing, to profess presumptuously.

Meter-se por dentro da terra, (speaking of plants) to root, to strike far into the earth.

Meter-se no mar, (speaking of rivers) to disembogue, to disgorge, to empty itself into the sea.

METHODICAMENTE, adv. methodically.

METHO'DICO, a, adj. methodical.

Medicina methodica, methodical physic.

METHODO, f. m. method. Lat. *methodus*.

METICAL. See **MYICAL**.

METICULO'SO, a, adj. fearful, timorous.

METIDO, a, adj. put in, &c. according to the v. **METER**.

Estar com velas metidas, to stand for the offing (a sea phrase.)

METODICO, &c. See **METHODICO**, &c.

METONYMIA, f. f. the figure metonymy.

METONYMICO, a, adj. metonymical.

METOPA, f. f. (in architecture) metopa, a space or interval between every triglyph in the frieze of the Doric order.

METOPOSCOPIA, f. f. metoposcopy, the art of knowing the natures and inclinations of men, by looking in their faces.

METOPOSCOPO, f. m. a metoposcopist, one who tells the natures, or inclinations of men, by looking in their faces.

METRICO, a, adj. metrical, pertaining to metre or verse.

METRIFICA'R, v. n. to versify, to make verses.

METRO, f. m. metre, verse, number, harmonic measure.

METRO'POLI, f. f. metropolis, the mother city, the chief city of a kingdom, province, &c.

Metropoli, (metaph.) origin, the first rise or source.

M E Y

METROPOLITA'NO, a, adj. metropolitan, pertaining to a metropolis.

METTER. See **METER**.

M E U

MEU, *minha*, pronoun possessive, my, mine. Lat. *meus*.

Este he o meu livro, this is my book.

Este livro he meu, this book is mine.

O meu, e o teu, mine and thine.

A minha espada, my sword.

A meu ver, as far as I can see or know.

Nada do meu, nothing of my own invention.

Meu, free, my own man.

MEU'DO. See **MIUDO**.

M E X

MEXEDO'R, f. m. a spatle, slice, or ladle, wherewith any thing is stirred. Lat. *radicula*.

MEXELHAM. See **MEXILHAM**.

MEXENOFADA, f. f. hog-wash.

MEXE'R, v. a. and n. to stir, to move, to remove from its place. See **MIS-TURAR**.

Mexer em negocios, to stir, or rise, to make a disturbance.

O que mexe em tudo, a meddler, a busy-body.

Elles não se mexem bem entre si, they cannot set their horses together, they cannot agree.

MEXERICA'R, v. a. to tell tales, to give malignant intelligence in order to set people together by the ears.

Mexericar algum, ou *as suas acções*, to tell tales of one, to make a malicious report of him.

Mexericar-se, v. r. to shine between, in the midst, or among.

MEXERICO, f. m. a tale, a disclosure of any thing secret, a malignant intelligence. See **MEXERICAR**.

MEXERIQUEIRO, f. m. a tale-bearer, a tell-tale.

Mexriquero, a, adj. that tells tales, or gives malignant intelligence.

Caravela mexriqueira, a ship for espial.

MEXILHAM, f. m. muscle, a kind of shell-fish. Lat. *musculus*; also a meddler, a busy-body. (Metaph.)

MEXURUFADA, f. f. a mixture, or composition of several things mixed together. (a ludicrous word.)

M E Y

MEYA. See **MEA**.

MEYA DO. See **MEADO**, adj.

MEYAM } See { **MEDIANO**.

MEYAS } See { **MEAS**.

Hir, ou fazer de meyas. See **MEAS**.

Parde meyas, partition wall, or party wall, a wall that separates one house from the next.

Dar de meyas, to let, or grant to a tenant by way of sharing.

MEYO, f. m. means, course, way, expedient.

Myo, middle, midst.

No meyo, in the middle, among, amongst.

M I G

Entrar de por meyo, to mediate, to act the part of a mediator.
De meyo a meyo, intirely, thoroughly.
Que esta no meyo, middlemost.
Dedo de meyo, middle finger.
Tomar em meyo, to surround, to inclose round, to compass round about.
Meyo, a, adj. half.
Meya hora, half an-hour.
Arratele meyo, a pound and a half.
Meyo morto, half-dead.
Meyo dia, mid-day, noon; *meya noite*, mid-night.
De meya idade, middle-aged.
Meyo caminho, midcourse, middle of the way.
Meyo, middle, middling, equally distant from the two extremes.
Meyo termo, (in logic) middle term.
Neste meyo tempo, mean while, in the mean while.

M B Z

MEZ. } See { *MES.*
MEZA. } { *MESA.*
MEZENA. } { *MESENA.*
MEZI'NHA, f. f. any sort of medicine, Lat. *medicamen*.
MEZINHEIRO, f. m. one that has skill in making or preparing any sort of medicine. It is generally understood of topical remedies.

M I

MI. See *MIM*.
Mi, one of the notes of music called *mi*.

M I A

MIA'LHA, *MIALHEIRO*. See *MEALHA*, *MEALHEIRO*.
MIALHA'R, f. m. (a sea-term) spun-yarn.
MIALHARIA. See *MEALHARIA*.
MIA'O, a word invented to imitate the mewling of cats.

M I C

MICA'NTE, adj. glittering, shining. Lat. *micans*, (in poetry.)
MICER. See *MISSER*.
MICHA, f. f. a small loaf or lump of bread.
MICHELA, f. f. a common harlot, a strumpet.
MICHO, f. m. See *MICHA*.
MICROCO'SMO, f. m. microcosm, the little world, the body of man so called, as being imagined by some fanciful philosophers to have something in him analogous to the four elements.
MICROSCO'PIO, f. m. a microscope, an optical instrument, which magnifies any object.

M I G

MIGA'DO, a, adj. crumbled. See *MIGAR*.
MIGALHA, f. f. a little bit, a little quantity of any thing that breaketh off, or a small portion of any thing that is cut or divided.

M I L

Migalbas que cabem da mesa, crumbs and scraps of meat that fell from the table on the floor.
Elle de nada sabe migalba, he knows nothing of the matter, or nothing at all.
Naõ ter migalga de juizo, to be a block-head.
MIGALHEIRO. See *MIUDO*.
MIGALHI'NHA, f. f. a very little bit of any thing.
MIGA R o paõ, v. a. to crumble bread.
MIGAS, f. f. p. a sort of dish particularly used among country-people. It is made of small pieces of bread, oil, garlick, &c.
MIGNIATU'RA, f. f. miniature, painting in little.
MIGO, adv. it is always used with the preposition *com* with; as, *com-migo*, with me.
Vos naõ tendes nada que fazer com-migo, you have nothing to do with me.
Eu estava enfadado com-migo, ou com-migo mesmo, I was angry within myself.
Juntamente com-migo, together with me.
MIGUEL, f. m. Michael, the proper name of a man. See also *ALA*.

M I J

MIJA, a word which children use when they want to make water.
MIJA'DO, a, adj. be-piss, wetted with piss.
MIJAM, f. m. one that pisses often. See also *MIJOTE*.
MIJA'R, v. a. and n. to piss, to be-piss, to wet with urine; also to stale, (speaking of a horse, &c.)
Mijar-se, v. r. to be-piss one's self.
MIJO, f. m. urine, piss; also stale, (speaking of a horse, &c.)
MIJOTE, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a coward, a poltroon.

M I L

MIL, adj. thousand, ten hundred.
Mil, (proverbially) thousand, a great number.
Mil-reis, (an imaginary money in Portugal) mill-rec, i. e. one thousand rees.
Mil vezes, a thousand times.
Mil folbas, ou mil em rama, the herb milfoil, otherwise called yarrow, nose-bleed, and thousand leaf.
MILA'GRE, f. m. a miracle. Lat. *miraculum*; also a wonder, &c. See *MARAVILHA*.
MILAGREIRO, a, adj. that easily believes miracles.
MILAGROSAMENTE, adv. miraculously.
MILAGRO'SO, a, adj. miraculous; also wonderful.
MILANEZA, f. f. a sort of stuff that comes from Milan.
MILE'SIMO. See *MILLESIMO*.
MILFURA'DA, f. f. the herb St. John's wort.
MILHA, f. f. a mile.
Milba de Allemanha, a German mile,

M I I

which contains about five miles English.
Milba de Italia, an Italian mile, which is something more than an English one.
MILHA'A, f. f. an herb or weed, that winding about millet, killeth it. Lat. *miliaria*.
MILHA'FRE. See *MILHANO*.
MILHANEIRO, a, adj. that preys upon kites.
MILHA'NO, ou *MILHA FRE*, f. m. a kite, glede, or gleade.
De milbano, ou concernente a milbano, milvine, belonging to a kite or glede.
MILHAM, f. m. a million, or ten hundred thousand. See also *MAIZ*.
MILHA'R, f. m. a thousand, the quantity of one thousand of any thing.
MILHARA'DA, f. f. a piece of ground sowed with millet.
MILHARA'S, the grains or stones in figs.
Milbarat, f. f. p. the milt or soft row of fishes.
MILHEIRA, f. f. a bird that feedeth upon millet, a linnet. Lat. *miliaria*.
MILHEIRO, f. m. See *MILHAR*.
Milheiro, f. m. a sort of grapes so called.
MILHO, f. m. hirfe-millet. Lat. *milium*.
Milbo miudo, idem.
Milbo grande, ou milbo da India, maize, or Indian corn.
Milbo do sel, the herb groundsel.
MILI'CIA, f. f. warfare; also any of the military orders; also soldiery, soldiers, troops, soldiers.
MILICIA'NO, a, adj. of, or pertaining to the militia.
Gente miliciana, ou tropas milicianas, the militia.
MILICIA'R, adj. See *MILICIANO*.
MILITANTE, p. a. militant.
Igreja militante, the militant church; as opposed to the church triumphant.
MILITA'R, v. n. to serve as a soldier. Lat. *militare*.
Militar por algum, ou em favor de algum, to defend or protect one, to take him into protection.
Militar, to hold good; as, *Esti argumento milita em favor dos protestantes*, this argument holds good on the protestants side.
Esta razãõ milita ainda muyto mais em materias de politica, this reason holds yet more strongly in politics.
Esta razãõ milita contra vos, this reason goes against you.
Militar, adj. military, pertaining to soldiers, warlike.
Architectura militar, military architecture, fortification.
Ordens militares, the military orders, the orders of knighthood.
Disciplina militar, military discipline.
Caminho, ou via militar, military way, a way made for the passage of an army.
MILITARMENTE, adv. after the manner of a soldier, in a warlike manner, according to military discipline.

M I N

MILLENA'RIO, *f. m.* a chiliad, a thousand years, a millenium.
Millenarior, a sect of Christians called chiliasts, millenists, or fifth monarchy men.
MILLEPE'DES. See **PORQUINH** de S. Antonio.
MILLE'SIMO, *a, adj.* millesimal, thousandth.
MILLO RD, *f. m.* lord, my lord, a title of honour amongst us.

M I M

MIM, a word serving for the oblique cases of the pronoun *eu, I; de mim, of me; a mim, to me, &c. a mim mesmo, to myself; por amor de mim, for my sake.
MIMMO, *f. m.* gift, present, donative. *Fazer mimo a algum de alguma coisa, to present one with something, to make him a present.*
Mimo, loving and endearing usage, cherishing, kind reception, lovingness.
Mimo, squeamishness, daintiness, coyness.
Fazer muy'o mimo, to make much of, to treat tenderly and affectionately, to indulge, to coddle.
Mimo, indulgence, forbearance, tenderness; opposed to severity and rigour.
Mimo, elegance, skilfulness, beauty of art, curiousness, neatness.
Mimo, a jester, a mimic.
MIMOSAME'NTE, *adv.* delicately, nicely.
MIMOSO, *a, adj.* tender, soft, delicate. See **MELINDROSO**, and **DELICADO**.
Consciencia mimosa, tender, or scrupulous conscience.
Que tem a vista mimosa, tender-eyed.
Mimoso, kind, benign.
Mimoso, *f. m.* a tenderling, a fondling, one tenderly loved, a favourite, a darling, a minion.*

M I N

MINA, *f. f.* a mine dug under ground either to undermine a place, or to dig out metal.
Mina *de ouro*, a gold-mine.
Mina, (among the Greeks) a Roman pound; it was made up of a hundred drachmæ.
Ladrão que furtou o mineral das minas, a caver.
Mina, a measure of ground containing a hundred and twenty feet in length, and as many in breadth, (it was formerly used in Italy.)
Que he huma mina, lucrative, bringing money, gainful, profitable. (Metaph.)
Mina, (metaph.) the spring, source, original, cause, &c. of a thing.
MINADO, *a, adj.* mined, undermined.
MINADOR, *f. m.* a miner, one who makes military mines.
MINAR, *v. a.* to mine, or undermine.
MINAZ, *adj.* minacious, full of threats.

M I N

MINEIRA. See **MIND**, and **MINE-RAL**.
MINEIRO, *f. m.* a miner, one who works in mines, and digs for metals.
Minero, the place where they fish pearls.
Minero, *ou minador*, a miner, one who makes military mines.
MINERA. See **MIND**, and **MINERAL**, *f. m.* a mineral or fossil body.
Meyos minerats, half minerals.
Mineral, *adj.* mineral.
MINERVA, *f. f.* Minerva, the goddess of wisdom and war.
MINGA'CHO, *f. m.* a dry hollow gourd wherein fishermen put the fish.
MINGOA, *f. f.* want, need, failure.
Fazer huma couza mingoa a alguem, is for one to want, or be in want of a thing.
A' mingoa, for want.
A' mingoa de, for want; as, a' mingoa de dinheiro, for want of money.
Isso não me faz mingoa, I have no want of it, I don't want it.
Morrer a mingoa, to die for want of assistance.
MINGOA'DO, *a, adj.* decreased, &c. See **MINGOAR**.
Mingado, unlucky, fatal; also poor, wanting.
Mingado, worse, inferior, less.
MINGOANTE *da lua*, the wane, or decrease of the moon, after the full.
Mingoar, *v. n.* to decrease, to grow less, to be diminished, to grow shorter.
Mingear *a força de fervor*, to boil away.
O mingoar, the act of decreasing, growing less or shorter.
MI'NHA, the femin. of **MEU**, which see.
MINHO, *f. m.* a river of Spain and Portugal.
MINHOCA, *f. f.* an earth-worm that is a bait to fish with; also a child's privy member.
MINHO'TO, *f. m.* See **MILHANO**.
Minhoto, one that is born in the province of Entre Douro e Minho, in Portugal.
MINIATU'RA. See **MIGNIATURA**.
MINIMA, *f. f.* (with musicians) a minim, a note of slow time.
MINIMO, *a, adj.* the least, or very little. Lat. *minus*.
Frade minimo, a Minim, a friar of the religious order of the Minims, instituted by St. Francis of Paula, who never eat flesh.
MINIO, *f. m.* vermilion.
Da cor do minio, minious.
MININA, **MININO**, &c. See **MENINA**, **MENINO**, &c.
MINISTÉRIO, *f. m.* ministry, service, discharge of duty; but in an especial manner the function of a pick, or of a minister of state.
Pertencente a ministerio, ministerial.
MINISTRA, *f. f.* a maid-servant, a waiting-maid, one employed in any office. Lat.
Minstra, an assistant.
Minstra, (in some convents, &c.) a

M I O

round box standing on one end upon an iron pin to turn round, by which they receive the dinner or supper from the kitchen, and deliver out what is necessary, without been seen.
MINISTRA'DO, *a, adj.* furnished, or supplied with. See
MINISTRAR, *v. a.* to furnish, to supply with, to afford. Lat. *supplere*.
Ministrar, *v. n.* to rule or govern, to exercise; as, *Ministrar em alguma officio, to exercise or bear an office.*
MINISTRARIA, *f. f.* ministry, the office of a first minister of state.
MINISTREL. See **MENESTREL**.
MINISTRO, *f. m.* a minister, an assistant, or officer.
Ministro de estado, a minister of state.
Ministro, an officer, or man employed by the public.
Ministro superior de justiça secular, a judge of the civil law.
Ministro inferior da justiça secular, an official minister, or apparitor of a judge of the civil law.
Ministro, a minister, an agent, one employed to any end or purpose, one who acts not by inherent authority, but under another.
Ministro, helper, one that helps or assists, an assistant, a manager.
Ministros da ruina, ministers of ruin.
Ministros dos enfermos. See **CRUCIFEROS**.
Ministro, a minister or resident in a prince's court, from a foreign power, without the dignity of an ambassador.
Ministro do evangelho, a minister of the gospel.
Ministro, (a title used in some religious orders) minister.
MINORA'DO, *a, adj.* diminished, &c. See
MINORA'R, *v. a.* to diminish, to lessen.
Minorar demasiadamente o comer a alguem, to keep one short of victuals.
MINORATIVAMENTE, *adv.* (with physicians) by way of diminution.
MINORATIVO, *a, adj.* (with physicians) that lessens, or diminishes.
MINORCA. See **MENORCA**.
MINOTAURO, *f. m.* a minotaur, feigned by poets to be half man and half bull.
MINUETE, *f. m.* a minuet. *Minuetto dos finos, chimes.*
MINUSCULAS *letras*, small letters. Lat. *minusculæ*.
MINUTA, *f. f.* a minute, the first draught of a writing.
Fazer huma minuta, to minute down.
MINUTO, *f. m.* a minute, the sixtieth part of an hour.
Minuto, (in geography) a minute, the sixtieth part of a degree.
Relógio de area de hum minuto, a minute-glass.

M I O

MIO'LO, *f. m.* the pith of any thing.
Mio

M I R

Miso de pão, the crumb or soft of bread.
Miso de noz, &c. the kernel of a walnut, &c.

Mols da arvore, the pith of a tree.

Mislos da cabeça, the brains.

Fazer saltar fora da cabeça os mislos a algum, to brain one, to dash out his brains.

Mislos, (metaph.) brains, wit; as

Ter poucos mislos, to have but little brains.

Tir bons mislos, to have good brains.

M I Q

MIQUELETES, ou *MIQUILETES*, miquelets, a sort of foot-soldiers.

M I R

MIR, f. m. a title of honour among the Persians, a nobleman.

MIRRA, f. f. the sight of a gun, &c.

Estar á mira, to be in sight, or looking on, to observe with particular care.

Andar cem a mira, ou *ter a mira em alguma coisa*, to aim at one thing, to endeavour to get it.

Oculo de longa mira, a perspective glass.

MIRABOLANO, f. m. myrobolans, a medicinal dried fruit.

MIRAC, f. m. (in anatomy) the abdomen or lower belly. Arab.

MIRACULO. See *MILAGRE*.

MIRACULO'SO. See *MILAGRO'SO*.

MIRADO'URO, f. m. leads, or a turret on the top of a house, or a balcony to look about; a mirador.

MIRAME'NTO, f. m. consideration, reflection, or circumspection.

MIRAMUL'IM, f. m. the title given by the Moors to their great emperors, or rather corrupted by us, for they call him *Emir Almucum-min*, that is, commander of the faithful.

MIRAO'LHO, f. m. a sort of large peach.

MIRABALANO. See *MIRABOLANO*.

MIRRA, f. f. myrrh, a sweet gum, which droppeth from a tree of the same name. Lat. *myrrha*.

Causa de mirra, ou *pertencente a mirra*, ou *feito da pedra preciosa que he da cor da mirra*, myrrhine, pertaining to, or made of the myrrhine stone.

Mirra de corpo humano embalsamado, ou *deificado em areias*, ou *em terra de qualidade desecativa*. See *MOMIA*.

Mirra, one that is nothing but skin and bones; also a niggardly man, a miser.

MIRRA'DO, a, adj. perfumed or scented with myrrh; also that is nothing but skin and bones; also dried *Mirrado*, grown lean. See the v. *MIRRAR-SE*.

Mirrado de fome, &c. clung, shrunk up with leanness, half-starved with hunger, &c.

MIRRA'R, v. a. to dry, to make dry. Lat. *arsiccare*.

Mirrar-se, v. r. to grow lean, to fall away. Lat. *emacrescere*.

M I S

MIRRA'STES, f. m. p. a sort of sauce made of pounded almonds, for boiled fowls.

MIRTO, f. m. See *MURTA*.

M I S

MISA'GRA, f. f. the hooks and eyes of a folding-table.

MISANTHROPO, f. m. a misanthrope, misanthropos, or misanthropist, a man-hater, one who hates mankind.

MISCARO, f. m. a sort of mushroom so called. See *COGUMELO*.

MISCELLA'NEA, ou *MISCELLA'NIA*, f. f. a miscellany, a mass formed out of various kinds.

MISCRA'R, (obsolet.) See *MALQUIS-TAR*.

MISENTE'REO. See *MESENERIO*.

MISERAI'CAS. See *MESERAI'CAS*.

MISERAMENTE. See *MISERAVEL-MENTE*.

MISERANDO, a, adj. that deserveth, or raiseth compassion or pity.

MISERAVEL, adj. miserable, pitiful, woful, in a sad plight; also miserable, very stingy, miserably covetous. See also *LASTIMOSO*, and *INFELICE*.

Miseravel, f. m. and f. a miser.

MISERAVELME'NTE, adv. miserably, pitifully, sadly; also miserably, covetously.

Miseravelmente, miserably, unfortunately, calamitously, wretchedly.

MISERE'RE, a title given to the fifty-first psalm; also *miserere mei*, a most exquisite pain in the bowels. See *VOIVULO*.

MISE'RIA, f. f. misery, sad condition, pain, distress, wretchedness, unhappiness; also misery, cause of misery, calamity.

As misérias da vida humana, the miseries of human life.

Miseria, avarice, covetousness. See also *LASTIMA*.

He miséria, it is pity, it is a miserable or sad thing.

MISERICORDIA, f. f. mercy, or compassion, pity. See also *LASTIMA*. Lat.

Irmandade da misericordia, a brotherhood so called.

Misericordia, (in Athens and Rome) *Misericordia*, a goddess.

MISERICORDIOSAMENTE, adv. mercifully.

MISERICORDIO'SO, a, adj. merciful.

MISERO, a, adj. See *MISERAVEL*.

Misero, f. m. a miser, a wretched person.

MISILHAM. See *MEXILHAM*.

MISNA, a part of the Jewish Talmud called Misna, or Mishna.

MISSA, f. f. the mass, the service of the Romish church.

Missa rezada, low mass.

Missa cantada, high mass.

Missa seca, dry mass, or one wherein there is no consecration.

D d d

M I S

Missa das almas, ou *de requiem*, a requiem, or mass for the dead.

Missa votiva, a votive mass.

Missa do gallo, the mass said at midnight on Christmas-day; so called, because the cock crows at midnight.

Missa d' alva, the mass said at break of day.

Ouvir missa, to hear mass.

Dizer missa, to say mass, to celebrate mass.

Missa Musarabica, ou *Mesarabica*, the mass of the mixt Arabs. Before the conquest by the Moors, they used to say the divine office and mass in Spain, according to the most ancient manner, which they afterwards continued, as living among infidels when the ceremonies had been otherwise regulated by the church; and when Toledo was taken by the Christians, the inhabitants obtained leave to continue the old custom in a chapel particularly assigned for that use in the church, which they do to this day, and the office and mass after that manner is called *Mozarabe*, and the chapel allotted for it *capella de los Mozarabes*.

Missa Ambrosiana, Ambrosian mass, (in the church of Milan.)

O que serve a missa, one that serves at mass.

Missa nova, the first mass that a priest says.

Missa de nossa Senhora, the mass of our Lady, or the mass of the Beate.

P. não saber da missa amada, not to know half the mass; that is, to be very ignorant; as we say when a man does not know the Lord's Prayer.

P. missa nem cevada não estorva jornada, to hear mass, and give a horse barley or oats, does not hinder a journey. Serving God, and feeding a horse, are not time lost.

MISSA'L, f. m. a missal, or mass-book.

MISSANGAS, f. f. p. a sort of beads made of glass.

MISSAM, f. f. a mission, commonly of priests, both secular and regular, to preach christianity, or the Roman catholic religion to those that disown the pope, &c. also the province, kingdom, or place where they preach.

Os padres da Missam, the fathers of the Mission.

MISSE'R, a title formerly given in Portugal to persons of high rank; sir.

MISSIONA'RIO, f. m. a missionary, or missionary, one sent to propagate religion.

MISSIVO, a, adj. missive, such as may be sent, thrown, cast, hurled, or flung, as, *cartas missivas*, letters missive; *armas missivas*, missive weapons.

Tiro missivo, a throwing or hurling with a missive weapon.

MISTE'R, f. m. want, need, occasion. Lat. *opus*.

O que se ba de mister, what is necessary, or needful.

Ha mister, it is necessary.

Ha ver

MIT

Haver mister, ou de mister, to want, need, lack, or stand in need of.
Mister, office, business, employment.
MISTERIO, f. m. a mystery, a holy secret; also any thing secret or hidden.
Fazer misterio de alguma coisa, to keep a thing as a secret
MISTERIOSAMENTE, adv. mysteriously.
MISTERIOSO, a, adj. mysterious.
MISTICAMENTE, adv. mystically.
Misticamente, promiscuously, indiscriminately.
MISTICO, a, adj. mystic, or mystical.
Mistica, that has no hedge, wall, or any other boundary, (speaking of vineyards, &c.)
MISTO, a, adj. See **MIXTO**.
Misto, f. m. See
MISTURADO, f. f. a mixture. Lat. *permixtus*.
Pão de mistura, bread made of millet, rye, &c.
Mistura matrimonial, marriage, matrimony.
Mistura, (in the province of Alemtejo) See AGUAPE.
MISTURADA, f. f. a salad of divers herbs put together; also the herb St John's wort.
MISTURADO, a, adj. mixed, mingled, &c. See
MISTURAR, v. a. to mix, or mingle; also to dilute, to temper.
Vinho misturado com agua, diluted wine, wine mingled with water.
MISULAS, (in architecture) See **METAS**.

MIT

MITES, (in Moçambique) a sort of heads made of clay, used instead of money.
MITHRA. See **MITRA**.
MITHRIDATICO. See **MITRIDATICO**.
MITICAI. See **MATICAL**.
MITIGAÇAM, f. f. mitigation, &c. See the v. **MITIGAR**.
MITIGADO, a, adj. mitigated, &c. See
MITIGAR, v. a. to mitigate, to appease, to cool, to moderate; also to mitigate, to soften, to make less vigorous; also to mitigate, to make less severe.
MITIGATIVO, ou **MITIGATORIO**, a, adj. that will mitigate, or assuage, mitigant.
MITRA, f. f. a mitre, a kind of episcopal crown; also a mitre, an ornament worn by popish bishops and abbots, when they walk or officiate in their formalities upon solemn occasions. The pope has four mires.
As fitas da mitra com franjas vermelhas nas pontas que caem sobre os hombros, the two fannels of the mitre, which hang down the shoulders.
Da mitra, eu pertencente a mitra, of, or

MIU

pertaining to a bishoprick, or archbishoprick.
Discutpor as mitras, ou jogar as mitras, to quarrel, to fall out, to fall into variance, to exchange words together.
Mitra, is also waggishly applied in Spain to signify a sort of cap made of pasteboard, which they put on the heads of witches and bawds convicted, when they are led to punishment by the inquisition.
MITRADO, a, adj. mitred, wearing a mitre, adorned with a mitre.
Abade mitrado, a mitred abbot.
MITRIDATICO antidoto, mithridate, a confession, that is a preservative against poison; so called from Mithridates, king of Pontus, the inventor of it, among whose papers the receipt of it was found, and carried to Rome by Pompey.
MITRIDATO, f. m. idem.

MIU

MIUÇA, f. f. See **MAUNÇA**.
MIUÇALHAS, f. f. p. small fragments or pieces of any thing. Lat. *minutiae*.
MIUDAMENTE, adv. in little pieces or morsels. Lat. *minutim*.
Minudamente, strictly, exactly, with rigorous accuracy, nicely, scrupulously, minutely, to the least part.
MIUDEZA, f. f. slenderness, smallness, minuteness. Lat. *exilitas*.
Mindeza, strictness, exactness, rigidity.
Com mindeza, with rigorous accuracy, nicely, minutely, to the least part.
Mindeza, nicety, minute observation, punctilious discrimination, as, mindeza das palavras, nicety of words.
Mindeza, nicety, delicate management, cautious treatment; as, a amizade não require taes mindezas, friendship does not require such nicety.
Mindezas, trifles, gewgaws, fooleries, toys. Lat. tricae.
Gastar o tempo em mindezas, to trifle and dally, to jest and toy, Lat. tricar.
Mindeza, curiosity, curiousness, exactness; as, a mindeza das obras da natureza, the curiosity of the workmanship of nature.
MIUDO, a, adj. minute, small, little, slender, small in bulk or consequence.
Letras miudas, small letters.
O povo miudo, the mob or rabble.
Minde, that looks into every little thing, that splits a hair.
A miudo, often.
Per miudo, minutely; as, eu vos escreverei por miudo tudo o que se passa, I shall write to you minutely all that passes; I shall give you a particular account of every thing that passes.
Vender por, ou pelo miudo, to sell by retail.
Elle diz tudo por miudo, he tells it to a hair.
Minde, precise, superstitiously exact, nice, minutely exact.
Hir miudo, to be precise, or superstitiously exact.

MOC

Dinheiro miudo, small money, change.
MIUDOS, f. m. p. change, or small money.
Trocá-mo isto em miudos, explain yourself better
Minde, the gilets, or the pluck of any beast.
MIUNÇAS, f. f. p. minute tythes, small tythes, such as usually belong to the vicar, as lambs, pigs, &c.

MIX

MIXILHAM. See **MEXILHAM**.
MIXOLIDIO tom, (in music) the mixt Lydian mood.
MIXTAM, f. f. mixtion.
MIXTI fori. See **MIXTO** fori.
MIXTO, a, adj. See **MISTURADO**.
Corpo mixto, a mixt body.
Mixto, f. m. mixture; also a mixt body, (with philosophers.)
Mixto fori; as, crime mixti fori, a crime which the secular, or ecclesiastical tribunal can chastise.

MNA

MNA. See **MINA**, (among the Greeks.)

MNE

MNEMOSYNA, f. f. Mnemosyne, memory, the mother of the Muses.

MO

MO, f. f. a mill stone. Lat. *mola*.
Mo de baixo. See POUSO.
Mo de cima. See GALGA.
Mo que o jumento faz andar, an ass-mill.
Mo de mão, a hand-mill.
Mo que anda com agua, a water-mill.
Mo e lagar de azeite, an oil-press, for the breaking of the olives.
Mo de gente, a rout, multitude, or concourse of people.

MOA

MOAL, (in the province of Beira) See **MANGOA L.**

MOB

MOBIL. See **MOVEL**.
O primeiro mobil, the primum mobile of the heavens.
MOBILIDADE, f. f. mobility, the power of being moved.

MOC

MOCADAM, f. m. (in India) the mauler of a ship.
MOCAMAS, (in the Brasils.) See **ALDEA**.
MOCANQUEIRO, (a ludicrous word.) See **INVENÇONEIRO**.
MOCANQUE. See **MOMO**.
MOCETAM, f. m. a young man, a lusty young fellow.
MOCETONA, f. f. a lusty young wench.
MOCHA. See **ALPHA** meka.
MOCHACHIM. See **MUCHACHIM**.
MOCHADURA, f. f. the act of cutting off the horns.
MOCHAR, v. a. to cut off the horns.
MO-

MOD

MOCHETA, f. f. (in architecture) the edge of any work, particularly of columns.
MOCHICAM. See **MURRO**, and **PUNHADA**, (a ludicrous word.)
MOCHILLA, f. f. the knap-sack in which a soldier carries his necessaries upon his back on a march; also a false cover of a saddle.
Mochila, f. m. See **LACAYO**.
MOCHO, f. m. a kind of owl with feathers on her head like ears, the horned owl. Lat. *otio*.
Mocbo, a, adj. that has the horns cut off, polled. Lat. *mutulus*.
MOIÇO. See **MACIÇO**, and **SOLIDO**.
MOCIDADE, f. f. youth, young age. Lat. *juventa*.
Mocidades, ou *deixares da mocidade*, follies of youth, mad pranks, gaieties, frolics.
F. mocidade ociosa não faz velhice contente, an idle youth is followed by a troublesome old age.
MOGINHA. See **MOÇASINHA**.

MOÇ

MOÇA, f. f. a wench, a young woman. Lat. *pucella*.
Moga de servir, a maid, a maid-servant, a female servant.
Moga, a notch. See **MOSSA**.
MOÇAFO, f. m. the Alcoran, (among the Persians.)
MOÇAM, f. f. (with ascetics) motion, impulse, tendency of the mind.
MOÇASINHA, f. f. a little maid, or moppet, a young girl, a lass.
MOÇO, a, adj. young.
Mogo, f. m. a young man; also a servant, a serving man, a waiter upon one.
Mogo de estudantes que serve só pelo comer, a servant, a scholar who attends or waits upon another for his maintenance.
Tornar-se mogo. See **REMOÇAR**.
Os mogo, the younger men. Lat. *minores*.
Mogo de mulas, a hostler, a groom.
Mogo de soldado, a soldier's boy.
MOÇOSINHO, f. m. a very young man.

MOD

MODA, f. f. use, custom, fashion, or mode.
O que inventa modas, a fashioner, fashionist, or fashion-monger, one who makes or invents new modes.
A' moda, fashionably.
Homem que treça a moda, a fashionable man.
Introduzir huma moda, to bring up a mode.
Ja passou esta moda, it is quite out of fashion.
A' moda Franceza, after the French fashion.
Moda, one that affects to be a fashionable man.

MOD

MODIFARXAM, f. m. a sort of Indian coin worth one thousand two hundred and seventy Portuguese rees.
MODELAR, v. a. to make a model.
MODELO, ou **MODELLO**, f. m. a model, it is made either of wood, stone, &c.
Feito conforme o modelo, modelled.
Modelo, a pattern, model, or exemplar.
Servir de modelo, to pattern, to serve as an example to be followed.
Tomar a alguém por modelo, to example by one, to imitate, to follow the example of one.
MODERAÇÃO, f. f. moderation.
MODERADAMENTE, adv. moderately.
MODERADO, a, adj. moderate.
MODERADOR, f. m. a moderator.
MODERADORA, f. f. a moderatrix.
MODERAR, v. a. to moderate, to temper.
Moderar, to moderate, to diminish, to lessen.
Moderar os gastos, to retrench one's expences, to abridge one's self, to live within compass.
Moderar as reatas do governo. See **GOVERNAR**.
Moderar-se, v. r. to refrain or contain one's self, to command (or have the command of) one's self.
MODERNO, a, adj. modern, of this time.
Os modernos, f. m. p. the moderns.
MODESTAMENTE, adv. modestly, composedly.
MODESTIA, f. f. modesty; also moderation.
MODESTO, a, adj. modest; also moderate.
MODICAMENTE, adv. See **MEDIOCREMENTE**.
MODICAR, v. a. to moderate. See **MODERAR**.
MODICO, a, adj. small, moderate in quantity, or quality. Lat. *modicus*.
MODIFICAÇÃO, f. f. mitigation, the act of making less severe.
MODIFICADO, a, adj. mitigated, &c. See
MODIFICAR, v. a. to mitigate, to make less severe.
MODILHAM, f. m. (in architecture) a modillion.
MODIO, f. m. (among the ancient Romans) a bushel. Lat. *modius*.
Modio, a square piece of ground, one hundred and twenty feet in length, and as many in breadth.
MODO, f. m. the mean, manner, guise, fashion, or way of doing any thing. Lat. *modus*.
Levar por seus modos, to use fair means.
do modo de, like, as.
do modo de escravo, as, or like a slave.
do modo de França, after the French fashion.
Por modo de dizer, as it were, as one should say.
Por nenhum modo, by no means.
Por todos os modos, by all means.

MOE

De qualquer modo, by some means or other.
Sobre modo, excessively, exceedingly, beyond bounds.
Modo, mood, humour, disposition, temper, rate of mind.
Cada qual vive a seu modo, every one does as he lists, or as he thinks fit.
Modo, (in music) mode.
Modo, (in grammar) mood.
Modo, (with logicians, and in metaphysics) mode.
MODORRA, f. f. lethargy.
Quarto da modorra, the third watch in the night, being the dead of night, when all people are asleep.
MODULAÇÃO, f. f. modulation, agreeable harmony.
MODULADO, a, adj. modulated.
MODULADOR, f. m. a modulator.
MODULAR, v. a. to modulate, to make an harmony, to sing, to warble. Lat. *modulari*.
MODULO, f. m. (in architecture) model, or module, a kind of measure. Lat. *modulus*.
Module, a, adj. melodious.

M-O E

MOEDA, f. f. money, coin of any sort.
Moeda falsa, false coin; also light money, nor of full weight.
Moeda de prata, silver coin.
Casa da moeda, the mint.
Dam da Portuguesa, of the Portuguese coin.
N. B. This mark * is prefixed to the imaginary money.
** Real*, a ree, equal to $\frac{1}{200}$ d.
Dez reis, ten rees, $\frac{1}{20}$ d.
Vintem, a vintim, $\frac{1}{200}$ d.
Testão, a testoon, $\frac{1}{60}$ d.
Crusado, a crusade, 2s. 3d.
Crusado novo, a new crusade, 2s. 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
Oito tostões, eight testoons, 4s. 6d.
Quarto de ouro, twelve testoons, 6s. 9d.
** Mil reis*, ou 10 tostões, a milree, 5s. 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
Dzêis 10 tostões, 16 testoons, 9s.
Moya moeda de ouro, half moidore, 13s. 6d.
Tres mil e dazentos, 32 testoons, 18s.
Moeda de ouro de 4800, a moidore, 1l. 7s.
Moya dobra, ou 6400, 1l. 16s. a joanese.
Dobra, ou 12800, 128 testoons, 3l. 12s.
Moeda de tea ly, good money that is of full weight.
Bate, fazer, ou lavar moeda, to mint, to coin money.
Tapar na mesma moeda, to give like for like.
MOEDEIRA, f. f. a sort of instrument used by goldsmiths.
Fazer a moedreira a' alguém, to plague, or vex one.
MOEDEIRO, f. m. a coiner of money.
MOEDURA, f. f. the quantity of olives that are pressed at every pressing, or at a time.

M O G

MOE'GA, f. f. the hopper of a mill.
Lat. *infundibulum*.
MOE'LA, f. f. gizzard, or ghizzard, the strong musculous stomach of a fowl.
MOENDA, f. f. a mill-stone; also the place wherein the mills are.
MOER, v. a. to grind. Lat. *molere*; also to molest, to trouble. (Metaph.)
Estar-se moendo, to fret, to fret one's self, to be in a fret.
Mour algum, is either to beat a man till all his bones are bruised, or to tire and plague a man with impertinence.

M O F

MO'FA, f. f. a mocking by grimaces, mows, &c. a flout, a frump, a scoff. Lat. *janna*.
MOFA'DO, a, adj. scoffed at, jeered, mocked.
MOFADO'R, f. m. a scoffing jeering person.
MOFA'R, v. n. to scoff, mock, or jeer.
MOFATEIRO. See **MOFADOR**.
MOFINA, f. f. misery, misfortune; also misery, covetousness, criminal parsimony.
MOFINAMENTE, adv. miserably, wretchedly, unfortunately; also miserably, covetously, niggardly.
MOFINO, a, adj. miserable, wretched, unfortunate; also miserable, stingy, niggardly, paltry.
Mofino, f. m. a miser, a wretched person, one overwhelmed with calamity; also a miser, a covetous wretch to extremity.
P. tres ao mofino, three upon him that frets. This is when four play at cards, every one for himself, and one of the losers frets, then the other three play upon him.
MO'FO. See **BOLOR**.
MOFTI', f. m. mufti, the chief priest or primate of the Mahometan religion, or the oracle of all doubtful questions in their law; appointed by the grand seignior himself. Arab.

M O G

MOGA'NGA, f. f. See **TREGEITO**.
MOGARI'M de coração, f. m. a flower growing in the province of Indostan, in the East-Indies, from February till the end of May; white, and most beautiful; the smell, though like that of the jafmin, is much more fragrant; besides that, the jafmin has but six leaves, and the mogarium above fifty.
MOGARY, idem.
MOGI, a sort of ancient dress in Portugal.
MOGIGA'NGA, f. f. a sort of ridiculous dance or masquerade, in which they disguise themselves to appear like wild beasts.
MOGO L, or **MOGO'R**, f. m. Indostan India proper, or Moguliland, a large country in Asia.

M O L

Gram mogol, the great mogul.
MOGOR, **MOGORIN**. See **MOGOL**, and **MOGARIM**.

M O I

MOI'DO, a, adj. ground, &c. See the v. **MOER**.
Ter a corpo todo moído, to be bruised all over.
MOIMENTO, f. m. tiring, weariness, foreness. See **QUEBRANTAMENTO**.
Moimento, (obfol.) a monument, &c. See **MONUMENTO**.
MOI'NHA, f. f. the refuse or offal of straw in the threshing floor; also siftings of corn. Lat. *excrementum*.
MOI'NHO, f. m. a mill.
Moinho de vento, a wind-mill.
Moinho de mão, a hand-mill, a kern.
Moinho de agua, a water-mill.
MO IO. } See { **MOYO**.
MOIRAM. } See { **MOURAM**.

M O L

MO'LA, f. f. a spring, a principle of motion.
Mola de buma fechadura, the spring of a lock.
Mola, a mole or moon-calf, a false conception, a spongy unshaped substance, without bones or bowels; often black clotted blood, and very hard, and bred in the womb, and is brought forth instead of a real birth.
Molar, a sort of pincers used by goldsmiths.
Mola, (in Indostan.) See **LETRADO**.
MOLANQUEIRAM. See **MOLLENQUEIRAM**.
MOLARES dentes, the molar, or grinding teeth.
Perego molar, a sort of peach.
MOLARI'NHA, f. f. See **MUDA-DEIRA**.
MOLDA'DO, a, adj. cast in a mould, moulded.
MOLDA'R, v. a. to mould, to cast or form in a mould.
MOL'DE, f. m. a mould to cast any figure in; also model, example, pattern. (Metaph.)
Regular a sua vida pelo molde de alguém, to frame, or square one's life by another man.
Molde, will, wish, desire.
MOLDEAR. See **MOLDAR**.
MOLDU'RA, f. f. frame for a picture; also mouldings, (in architecture.)
MOL'LE, f. f. bulk, any thing huge and vast. Lat. *mole*.
Mole, (metaph.) difficulty, pains, trouble, incumbrance.
Mole, adj. See **MOLLE**.
MOL'EIRA, f. f. a miller's wife. See also **MOLLEIRA**.
MOL'EIRO, f. m. a miller.
MOL'E'JA, f. f. the gizzard of a cormorant.
MOL'QUE, f. m. a young black slave.
MOLESTA'DO, a, adj. molested, &c. See **MOLESTAR**.

M O L

MOLESTAMENTE, adv. trouble-
somely.
MOLESTA'R, v. a. to molest, trouble, disturb, or disquiet. Lat. *molestare*.
O que molesta, a molester.
Molesta-me, it irketh me, or I am loth.
Molestar, to hurt, to pinch, to wring as shoes, &c. do.
Molestar-se, v. r. to take pains, to trouble one's self.
Molestar-se num braço, to bruise one's arm.
Não se moleste, do not trouble yourself.
Andar molhado, to be indisposed, sick, or out of order.
MOL'ESTIA, f. f. trouble, molestation, disquiet, pain, grief; also indisposition, sickness or illness.
Dar, ou causar molestia. See **MOLESTAR**.
Tomar molestia. See **MOLESTAR-SE**.
Com molestia, grievously, painfully.
MOL'ESTO, a, adj. troublesome, offensive; also indisposed, sick, out of order.
MOL'ETA, f. f. a mullar, or muller; a stone to grind colours with. See also **MULETA**, (in heraldry.)
MOL'ETE. See **MOLLETE**.
MOLHA'DO, a, adj. wet, moist, &c. See the verb **MOLHAR**.
MOLHADURA, f. f. beverage; as, *Pagar a molhadura*, to pay beverage, to give a treat of wine, drink, &c. upon wearing a new suit of clothes, &c.
MOLHA'R, v. a. to wet or moisten. Lat. *madefacere*.
Molhar no molho, to dip in the sauce.
Molhar os pés, to wet the feet; also to make one's self drunk.
Molhar-se, v. r. to wet one's self.
MOL'HE, f. m. a mole, rampart, pier, or fence raised in a harbour to break the force of the waves, a mound, a dyke.
MOLHE'LHA, f. f. the knot used by porters to carry their burthens.
MOLHE'R, f. f. a woman. Latin, *mulier*.
Molher, ou molher casada, a married woman, a wife.
Minha mulher, my wife.
Peixe molher, a sort of fish.
MOLHERE'NGO homem, an effeminate man, a man that is always among women.
MOLHERI'L, adj. womanish; belonging to a woman.
MOLHERI'NHA, f. f. a silly woman, a hussy, a light hussy; also an ill woman.
MOLHERSI'NHA, f. f. a wench, a young woman.
MOLHINHA'R. See **MOER**.
MOLHI'NHO, f. f. a small bundle.
MOLHO, f. m. a bundle of wood, twigs, straw, reeds, &c. a faggot, or bavin. Lat. *fascis*.
Molho de trigo, a sheaf or bundle of corn.
Molho, a sauce, something eaten with food.

M O M

M O N

M O N

fool to improve its taste. Lat. *am-
brosia*.
Ditar de melho, to water, to soak in
water, to dip, or steep.
MOLINE'TE, f. m. a chocolate-stick,
or mill.
Moline, (in fortification) moulinet, a
turn-spike, or wooden cross which
turns upon a stake fixed upright in
the ground, commonly set up in
passages, especially near the out-
works of fortified places, on the side
of the barriers through which people
pass on foot.
MOLLE, adj. soft. Lat. *mollis*.
Ovos molles, a sort of dish made of eggs
and sugar.
Molle, weak. See **DEBIL**.
Molle, effeminate, womanish; also remiss,
slow.
Molle molle, adv. gently, slowly.
Ir seu molle molle, to walk gently or
slowly.
*P. molle molle, longe vai o homem, on se
vai ao longe*, fair and softly goes far.
MOLLEIRA, f. f. the mould of the
head, the part between the forehead,
temples and crown; from the Lat.
mollis, soft or tender.
Por sal na mollira, (metaph.) to cor-
rect any one's folly or simplicity,
so as to bring him to a sense of his
duty.
MOLLENQUEIRAM, f. m. a feeble
or weak fellow, a coward, a pol-
troon.
MOLLETE, ex. *Paô mollete*, light or
spongy bread.
MOLLEZA, f. f. softness; also faint-
heartedness, want of resolution.
MOLLESI'NHO, a, adj. softish, some-
what tender, or delicate. Lat. *mol-
liculus*.
MOLLICIA, cu **MOLLICIE**, f. f.
wantonness, effeminacy. See **DE-
LICIA**, **MIMO**.
MOLLICIE, onania, onanism, or self-
pollution.
MOLLIDAM. See **MOLLEZA**.
MOLLIFICA'DO, a, adj. mollified,
softened.
MOLLIFICA'NTE, p. a. mollifying,
softening, assuaging.
MOLLIFICA'R, v. a. to mollify, to
soften, to assuage.
MOLLIFICATI'VO, a, adj. See
MOLLIFICANTE.
MOLLINHA'R, v. n. to mizzle. See
CHOVISCAR.
MOLLITA, f. m. so they formerly
called in Portugal a Moor that was
born of Christian parents.
MOLOSSO, f. m. a mastiff dog; also
molossus, a verse consisting of three
long syllables.
MOLU'RA, f. f. See **MOLLEZA**.

M O M

MOMENTANEO, a, adj. momen-
tary, momentaneous, or that lasts
but for a moment.
MOMENTO, f. m. a moment, an in-

stant; also moment, consequence,
importance, weight.
Por hum momento, momentarily, for a
moment.
De momento ou importancia, momentous,
important, of weight, weighty.
Momento, adj. See **MIMOSO**.
Homem momento, a mummer, a masker
or mute person in a masquerade, who
performs frolics.
MO'MIA, ou **MU'MIA**, f. f. a mum-
mey, human flesh dried up.
MO'MO, f. m. grimace, mummery;
also grimace, any air of affectation.

M O N

MONA, f. f. a she-baboon.
Mona triste, mona alegre, a sad, or
merry monkey; so they call a man
that is merry or sad when in drink,
because some monkeys are so upon
like occasions.
*P. nindaque vistais a mona de seda, mona
se queda*, a monkey with silk clothes
put on, is still a monkey; we say, a
hog in armour is still but a hog.
MONACA'L, adj. monkish, belonging
to monks, monachal, monastic, or
monastical.
MONACATO, f. m. monkery, mo-
nastic life, monachism.
MONACORDIO. See **MONOCOR-
DIO**.
MONAQUI'SMO. See **MONACA-
TO**.
MONARQUIA, f. f. a monarchy.
MONARCA, f. m. a monarch.
MONARQUICO, a, adj. monarchical.
MONARQUICOS, f. m. p. Monar-
chicals, certain heretics in the se-
cond century, who acknowledged
but one person in the Trinity, and
held that the Father was crucified.
MONASTICO, a, adj. See **MONA-
CAL**.
MONÇAM, f. f. monsoons, periodical
winds in the Indian or Eastern sea,
trade-winds. See also **OCCASIAM**.
Fora da monçã, (metaph.) to no pur-
pose, unseasonably.
MONÇA'R, v. n. to wipe, or snuff
the nose. See **ASSOAR-SE**.
MONCO, f. m. snivel, or snout, the
filth of the nose. Lat. *mucus*.
Monco do porcu, wattles, the red pucker-
ed flesh that hangs under a Turkey-
cock's neck.
MONCONAS, f. f. p. (a ludicrous
word) grimaces, &c. See **TREGEI-
TOS**.
MONCO'SO, a, adj. snotty, &c. See
RANHOSO.
MONDA, f. f. weeding; also a piece
of dough to make biscuits, (with con-
fectioners.)
Tempo da morda, sowing time, the time
when husbandmen weed the corn.
Andar na morda. See **MONDAR**.
MONDADEIRA, f. f. **MONDADO'R**,
f. m. a weeder, one that takes away
weeds.
MONDADO, a, adj. weeded, &c.
See

MONDA'R, v. a. to weed, to pull up
weeds. See also **EMENDAR**.
Sacbo, &c. que serve para mondar, a
weed-hook.
MONDEGO, f. m. Mondego, a river
of Portugal, running from east to
west, through Beira, and passing by
the city of Coimbra, falls into the
Atlantic ocean, thirty miles below
that city.
MONDIFICADO, &c. See **MUN-
DIFICADO**, &c.
MONDONGO, f. m. the giblets, or
the pluck of any beast.
MONDONGUEIRA, f. f. a tripe-
woman, a woman that sells tripe,
giblets, &c.
MONETA, f. f. (in a ship) a small
sail, which they put sometimes un-
der the main-sail.
MOAGIBELLO, f. m. a mountain of
Sicily called Mount-Gibell.
MONHO, f. m. an ornament of false
hair women wore formerly on their
heads in Portugal, sticking out on
both sides the face.
MONJA, f. f. a nun.
MONJE, f. m. a monk.
MONIPO'DIO. See **MONOPOLIO**.
MONIR. See **ADMOESTAR**.
MONITORIA, f. f. a monitory, ad-
monition, warning.
MONO, f. m. a baboon, a large kind
of monkey; also a very ugly wo-
man.
MONOCORDIO, f. m. a manicordium,
a musical instrument.
MONODIA, f. f. a monody, or funeral
song.
MONOGAMIA, f. f. monogamy, a
single marriage.
MONOGAMO, f. m. a monogamist,
one who is for single marriage.
MONOMAQUIA, f. f. monomachy, a
duel.
MONOPOLIO, f. m. a monopoly, an
unlawful kind of traffic. See also
CONVENTICULO.
MONOSYLLABO, cu *palavra mono-
syllaba*, monosyllable, a word which
has but one syllable.
MONSENHO'R, a title of honour
given to ecclesiastic prelates in Italy.
MONSIU'RA, ex. *A monsiura*, after
the French fashion.
MONSTRO, f. m. a monster, an un-
natural birth; also a very ugly per-
son, a monster; also a monster, a
person prodigiously wicked or mis-
chievous.
Monstro, a prodigy, any thing amazing.
MONSTRUOSIDADE, f. f. mon-
strosity, or monstruosity; also non-
sense, absurdity.
MONSTRUOSO, a, adj. monstrous,
prodigious, strange, uncommon.
MONTA'DO, f. m. a word of beech,
acorns, &c. which swine, &c. feed on.
*O tempo de montar os porcos para o mon-
tado*, glandage, masting, the season
of turning hogs into the woods.
Montado, a, adj. horfed, &c. according
to the verb **MONTAR**.

MON

Bem montado, well horsed, or well mounted.
Cavalleo montado, a horse that has a horseman and all the necessary furniture to serve in war, a war-horse.
MONTANHA, f. f. a mountain. Lat. *mons*.
MONTANHEZ, f. m. **MONTANHEZ**, f. f. a mountaineer, a highlander.
MONTANHOSO, a, adj. mountainous.
MONTANTE, f. m. a two-handed sword.
Montante, cu encante da mare. See **ENCHENTE**.
Montanhas, a fort of artificial fires used in fighting.
MONTAM, f. m. a heap, a pile. Lat. *castrum*.
Fazer montem, to heap up.
A montem, by heaps; also promiscuously, without order.
MONTAR, v. n. to amount in reckoning, or come to.
Montar a cavallo, to ride a horse, to mount on horseback.
Montar, to advance one's self, to get preferment.
Montar uma peça de artilharia, to mount a cannon, to lay it on a carriage.
Tanto monta, it is the same thing, it comes to the same thing, it is all one.
Não monta nada, it is no matter.
Tanto monta dar-lhe, como emprestar-lhe, one had as good give him as lend him.
A maré monta, the tide comes in, it is flood, or flowing water.
Montar o cabo, to double or weather the cape, (a sea phrase.)
MONTARIA, f. f. venery, the hunting of deer, &c. See also **COLCHA**.
Caça de montaria, idem.
Animais de montaria, beasts of venery, as harts, boars, &c.
A carne dos animais de montaria, venison, the flesh of bucks, deers, &c.
MONTE, f. m. a hill, a mountain. Lat. *mons*.
A cabeça, coroa, ou cume do monte, the top of a mountain.
O pé ou raz do monte, the foot of a hill.
A via ou ladeira do monte, the ascent or descent of a hill, the cliff, side, or pitch of a hill. Lat. *clivus*.
Que anda pelas montes, wandering or ranging on mountains, or hills.
Que tem muitas montes, hilly, full of hills, mountainous.
Erva do monte, goat's rue. Latin, *galega*.
Monte, a heap, or pile.
Cheirar a monte, to smell like beast of venery, as bucks, deers, &c.
Monte da piedade, mount of piety, a flock of money raised by a contribution of charitable people, and laid up to be lent to those that are in want, without any interest, only leaving a pawn to the value.

MON

Ilir o rio de monte a monte, is for a river to over-flow.
Ilir de monte a monte, (metaph.) to be excessive, to go beyond bounds.
Audar a monte, to live like an out-law, absconding on the mountains.
Monte, a desert or wilderness, a solitary lonesome place.
P. so como esparço no monte, as solitary as asparagus on the mountain, because every one of them springs up by itself.
Tirar, cu gir buzz navio a monte. (A sea phrase.) See **PARAR**.
Meios do monte, so they call some servants belonging to the king's huntsman; their office is to manage the chase; but at court they only serve to go upon errands in the night time.
Monte, a poor farmer's house, or cottage.
Montes, (in palmistry) tubercula, the more eminent muscles or knobby parts under the fingers, which they also call *is nites*.
MONTE A, f. f. the draught or sketch an architect makes on paper of the structure he is to build; so called because it rises or mounts.
MONTEADO, a, adj. hunted, &c. See
MONTEAR, v. a. to hunt wild beasts on the mountains; also to make a draught or sketch of any architecture.
MONTEIRO, f. f. (In cant) See **CARAPUÇA**.
MONTEIRO, f. m. a huntsman, one that hunts wild beasts on the mountains.
Mosteiro mór, the king's huntsman.
MONTERIA. See **MONTARIA**.
MONTEZ, adj. wild, mountain, mountainous, belonging to the mountains, or inhabiting mountains.
Perce montez. See **JAPALI**.
Caça montiza, beast of venery.
MONTEZINHO, f. m. a small heap, or pile.
Montezinho, a, adj. wild, mountainous, &c. See **MONTEZ**.
Montezinho, rude, rustic, simple, ignorant.
MONTUOSO, a, adj. hilly, mountainous, full of mountains.
MONTURO, f. m. a dung-hill, a lay-rail.
MONUMENTO, f. m. a monument, a memorial for after-ages, as a statue, &c. also a chronicle or record.

MOQ

MOQUENÇA, f. f. a sort of dish made of beef, vinegar, &c.
MOQUENCO. See **INVENCIONEIRO**.
MORUIDEIRA, f. f. (in cant) the mouth.
MOQUISTA, f. f. so they call in the kingdom of Lovango and some other parts of Africa, any thing which, according to their superstition, has in itself a secret virtue of doing them

MON

good or harm; as also of discovering to them both what is past, and what is to come.

MOR

MOR, adj. chief, first, principal, that is above the rest.
Ahar mor. See **ALTAR**.
N. B. Though *mór* is a contraction of *mayor*, greater; however *mór* is generally used before nouns signifying any office, employment, or charge; as, *Mordomo mor*, the steward of the household of the king.
Consalder mor, auditor, a king's officer who yearly examines the accounts of all under-officers accountable.
MORÁ. See **AMORA**.
Mora, (in law) a malicious delay.
MORABITA, or **MORABUTO**, f. m. a Moorish hermit, or anchorite, or religious man Arabic.
MORABITINO. See **MARABITINO**.
MORABUTO. See **MORABITA**.
MORADA, f. f. a dwelling-place. From the Lat. *morari*, to stay.
Avós de morada, water-fowls that always frequent the same river, morris, &c.
MORADIA, f. f. so they call a salary given by the king of Portugal to some noblemen.
MORADO, a, adj. See **PARDILHO**.
MORADOR, f. m. **MORADORA**, f. f. a dweller, an inhabitant.
MORAL, adj. moral.
MORALIDADE, f. f. morality, a moral doctrine or instruction.
MORALISTA, f. m. a professor of moral philosophy, a moralist.
MORALIZADO, a, adj. moralized.
MORALIZAR, v. a. to moralize, to explain the moral sense, to apply to moral purposes.
Moralizar uma fabula, to moralize a fable.
MORALMENTE, adv. morally, in the moral or ethical sense.
Moralmente, morally, popularly, according to the common occurrences of life, according to the common judgment of things.
MORANGA, or **MORANGO**, f. m. strawberry, a sort of fruit.
Planta que produz os morangos, the strawberry-plant.
MORAR, v. n. to dwell, to live, to lodge, to abide, to inhabit.
MORATORIA, f. f. a protracting, prolonging, or delaying of sentence by the king, &c.
MORBO Galico, the pox, the French pox, or the French disease.
MORBOSO, a, adj. morbose.
MORCEGO, f. m. a bat, or re-re-mouse. From the Latin *mus* and *cacans*.
ORDAÇA, f. f. a g. g for the mouth, used in Portuga, Spain, &c. for blasphemers, &c.

MORDACIDADE, *f. f.* mordacity, a biting or corroding quality. See **MORDAZ**, *adj.* mordacious, biting, gnawing, apt to bite.
Mordaz, (*metaph.*) smart, biting, nipping, tart, satirical.
Mordaz, sharp, corrosive.
Humor mordaz, sharp humour.
MORDEDURA, *f. f.* the bite of a dog, or other creature.
MORDENTE, *f. m.* a slit piece of wood used by some compositors, to shew the place of the copy they are come to. From the French *mordant*.
MORDER, *v. a.* to bite. Lat. *mordere*.
Morder na areia, (speaking of an anchor) to take hold of the ground.
Os esculpulos sempre o estão mordendo, (*metaph.*) he feels continually the stings, remorses, or checks of his conscience.
Morder, to bite or corrode, (speaking of humours, &c.)
MORDEXI M, *f. m.* (among the Indians) a sort of colic.
MORDICAÇÃO, *f. f.* mordication, the act of biting or corroding.
MORDICA'DO, *a, adj.* bitten, corroded.
MORDICANTE, *p. a.* mordicant, acrid, sharp, biting.
MORDICAM. See **BELISCAM**.
MORDICAR, *v. a.* to bite, to corrode, (speaking of humours, &c.)
MORDIDO, *a, adj.* beaten, &c. according to the verb **MORDER**.
MORDIFICAÇÃO, *f. f.* See **MORDICAÇÃO**.
MORDIXIM, *f. m.* a sort of sea-fish. See also **MORDEXIM**.
MORDOMEA'DO, *a, adj.* managed, &c. See
MORDOMEAR, *v. a.* to manage as steward.
MORDOMO, *f. m.* major domo, the steward of a great man's house, a master of the household.
Mordomo mor, the steward of the household of the king.
Mordomo de huma irmandade, the chief manager of a brotherhood, or confraternity.
MOREA, *f. f.* a sea-fish like an eel, spotted black like a serpent.
MORENO, *a, adj.* somewhat black, blackish. Lat. *subniger*.
MORESCOS, *f. m. p.* foliage, or branched work.
MORFEA. See **MORPHEA**.
MORFORIO, *f. m.* Masforio, a noted statue in the city of Rome standing opposite to Pasquin, on which answers are put to those satirical questions that are put or affixed on Pasquin's statue.
MORGADO, *f. m.* the heir to an estate; also the estate of an inheritance.
MORIBUNDO, *a, adj.* ready to die, that is a dying, or in a dying condition.
MORIGERA'DO, *a, adj.* endued with manners, good or bad. Lat. *moratus*.

Bem morigerado, morigerous, obedient obsequious, of good morals, temper, or humour.
Mal morigado, of bad morals, temper, or humour.
MORILIM, *f. m.* a sort of insect that eats beans.
MORMACE'NTO, *adj.* glandered. (Speaking of horses.) See **MORMO**.
Tempo mormaceito, dull weather.
MORMACEIRA, *f. f.* dull weather.
MORMAÇO, *f. m.* idem.
MORMENTE, *adv.* chiefly.
MORMO, *f. m.* a disease in horses called the glanders.
Cavalle que tem mormo, ou mormacento, a glandered horse.
MORNIDIM, *f. f.* lukewarmness, the state of being between hot and cold.
MORNO, *a, adj.* lukewarm, moderately, or mildly warm, being between hot and cold.
MOROSIDADE, *f. f.* the act of dwelling upon lewd thoughts, or being taken up with them. (Among moralists.)
MOROSO, *a, adj.* (among moralists) ex. *Ter huma dilação morosa*, to dwell upon lewd thoughts, or to be taken up with them.
MORPHEA, *f. f.* morphea, a kind of morpew, or white specks in the skin.
MORPHEO, *f. m.* Morpheus, the god of dreams.
MORRARIA, *f. f.* a ridge of shelves of sand.
MORRE R, *v. n.* to die. Lat. *mori*.
Morrer, ou ter grande desejo, to long for, to have a longing desire after.
Morrer de, or *à fome*, to starve with hunger.
Morrer de frio, to starve with cold.
Fazer morrer de fome a alguém, to starve out.
Estar para morrer, to be a-dying, to be at the point of death.
Morrer de morte natural, to die a natural death; also to be hanged, executed, or put to death.
Morrer de riso, to split one's side with laughing.
Morrer, to terminate, to end. See **TERMINAR**.
MORRIAM, *f. m.* a head-piece, a morrion.
Morria, the herb pimpernel. Lat. *anagallis*, and in French *mauron*.
MORRI'NHA, *f. f.* murrain, a wasting disease, or plague among the cattle, the rot.
MORRINHO'SO, *a, adj.* troubled with the rot.
MORRO, *f. m.* a great rock; also a shell of sand.
MORTAÇO'R, the first colours with which painters paint their pictures.
MORTAL, *adj.* mortal, subject to death, doomed sometime to die.
Mortal, mortal, deadly, of a killing quality, procuring or bringing death.
Inimigo mortal, a mortal enemy.
Odio mortal, a mortal hatred,

Mortal, that is at death's door.
Mortal, *f. m.* mortal man, human creature.
Não peles mortais, we poor mortals.
MORTALHA, *f. f.* a shroud for a dead body, grave cloaths, a winding-sheet.
MORTALIDADE, *f. f.* mortality, subjection to death, liability to die.
MORTALMENTE, *adv.* mortally, deadly, to death.
Firido mortalmente, mortally wounded.
MORTINDADE, *f. f.* a great slaughter in battle, havoc; also destruction of people by sickness; also plague.
MORTE, *f. f.* death; also murder.
Fazer morte, to murder, to kill feloniously.
Dar a morte a alguém, to kill one.
Ter huma gloriosa morte, to die nobly, or honourably.
Ter huma boa, ou santa morte, to die well, to die like a good Christian.
Morte, Death, a deity among the ancients.
P. à morte não ha caza forte; we say, death defies the physician. The Latins say, *contra vim mortis non est medicamen in herbis*.
P. contra a morte não ha remedio, idem.
P. à morte, o remedio he, abrir-lhe a boca; we say, death keeps no calendar; or, death when he comes, will have no denial.
Morte-er. See **MORTICOR**.
MORTEIRO, *f. m.* (with ganners) a mortar, or mortar-piece.
MORTESINHO. See **MORTISINHO**.
MORTICINHO. See **MORTISINHO**.
MORTIFERO, *a, adj.* deadly, that causes death, mortiferous.
MORTIFICAÇÃO, *f. f.* the act of subduing the body by hardships and maceration, mortification; also grief, trouble, vexation, mortification.
Mortificação, (in theology) mortification, the act of subduing or bringing under the flesh by abstinence and prayer; humiliation, subjection of the passions.
Mortificação, (with physicians) mortification.
MORTIFICA'DO, *a, adj.* mortified, &c. See **MORTIFICAR**.
MORTIFICANTE, *p. a.* mortifying, unpleasant, grievous.
MORTIFICAR, *v. a.* to mortify, to macerate or harass the body; also to trouble, to vex.
Mortificar os appetites, as paixões, &c. to mortify, subdue or conquer the lusts, passions, &c.
Mortificar-se, *v. r.* to trouble one's self; also to mortify or subdue one's passions.
Mortificar-se, (among physicians) to be in to lose the vital qualities.
MORTINHOS, *f. m. p.* a sort of figs so called.
MORTISINHO, *a, adj.* that dies of itself.
MORTO, *f. m.* a dead body, a dead man; also a sort of coin in India.

M O S

O vivo e os mortos, the living and the dead.
Fy achado entre os mortos, he was found among the slain.
Morto, *a*, adj. dead, killed, &c. according to the verb *MORRER*.
Mão morta. See *MÃO*.
Practoria. See *PRACÇA*.
Mar morto, the Dead sea.
MORTOIRO, *f. m.* ex. *Vinha que está em mortorio*, a thin or bare vineyard. Lat. *vinea calvata*.
Mortuário, *f. m.* a burial, a funeral.
Lutar de mortuaria, to mourn, to be in mourning.
MORNA, *f. f.* the skin of the leg of a cow, or ox.

M O S

MOSAICA obra em pintura, Mosaic work, which is a curious sort of inlaying of several colours, representing the life, in stone.
Mosão, *f. m.* idem.
MOSARABE, &c. See *MUSARABE*, &c.
MOSCA, *f. f.* a fly. Lat. *musca*. See also *VAREJA*, and *VAREJEI* *Kd.*
Mosca que dá no gado vacum. See *TAFAM*.
Mosca, the tuft or tassel of a cap, &c. *Mosca do monture*, a dung-fly.
Moscas de fixixe. See *CANTARIDAS*.
Mosca morta, an humble cunning fellow.
O que apalha moscas, a fly-catcher, one that catches flies.
Pesca com moscas no anzol, to fly-fish, to angle with a hook that is baited with a fly.
Mosca que dá nos cavallos, a horse-fly, a breeze.
MOSCADA noz, a nutmeg.
MOSCADEIRO, *f. m.* a fan to drive the flies away, a fly-flap.
MOSCAR, *v. n.* to run or go away in a pet.
MOSCARDRO, *f. m.* See *TAVAM*.
MOSCATEL, adj. Muscadine; as, *Vinho Moscatel*, Muscadine wine; *Uvas Moscatel*, Muscadine grapes.
MOSCOVIA, *f. f.* the large country or empire of Muscovy.
Laminas transparentes de Moscovia, Muscovy glass, so called because plentiful in Muscovy. It is also called the mirror-stone, because it represents the image of that which is set behind it.
MOSEFO. (Arabic.) See *TRADIÇÃO*, and *MOÇAF*.
MOSINHO, *f. m.* a man kept to serve a church.
MOSLEMITA. See *MOLLITA*.
MOSQUETA, *f. f.* a musk-flower, a rose.
Mosqueta, a tuft or tassel.
Botões com mosqueta, tufted buttons.
MOSQUETÃO, *f. m.* See
MOSQUETADA, *f. f.* a musket-shot.
MOSQUETE, *f. m.* a musket, a match-lock musket.

M O S

MOSQUETEIRO, *f. m.* musketeer, or musketeer, a soldier armed with a musket.
Cestas cheyas de terra que servem de reparo aos mosquetiros quando estão atirando, musket baskets.
MOSQUETERIA, *f. f.* the body of musketeers.
MOSQUETEIRO, *f. m.* a sort of vail with which they cover the beds for fear of the muschettos. See
MOSQUITO, *f. m.* (in America &c.) muschetto, a very common and troublesome insect, something resembling a gnat.
MOSSA, *f. f.* a notch, a nick, a hollow cut in any thing, a jag.
Fazer mosas, a notch, to jag.
Fazer mosas, (metaph.) to touch, move or affect, to go near one's heart.
Mossa que fazem os ferreiros, &c. *na talha*, the notch or score on a tally.
Mossa de pau, way, manner; as, *Eu ca farei isso per minhas mosas de pau*, I will do it my own way.
MOSTARDA, *f. f.* mustard.
Grão, ou semente de mostarda, mustard-seed.
P. chegar a mostarda ao nariz, to fall in a great passion.
MOSTARDA, *f. m.* the place wherein mustard grows.
MOSTARDEIRA, *f. f.* the plant called mustard. Lat. *sinapi*.
Mostardira brava, the herb called country-mustard. Lat. and Greek, *thlaspi*.
Mostardira, a mustard-pot.
MOSTARDEIRO, *f. m.* a mustard-man.
MOSTEA, *f. f.* (in the province of Minho) a sort of cart.
MOSTEIRO, *f. m.* a monastery, a house of religious people, whether men or women.
MOSTO, *f. m.* must, sweet wine, newly pressed from the grapes, new wort. Lat. *mustum*.
Mosta virgem, the wine that runneth out of the grapes before they are pressed.
Mosto, que sabe da uva depois de pisada e espremida no lagar, new wine from the press, when hard squeezed.
MOSTRA, *f. f.* a pattern, a sample; also a muster or review of soldiers, in order to take account of their number, &c.
Cão de mostra, a setting-dog.
Mostra, a mark, proof, token, or testimony.
Passar, ou tomar mostra, to muster, to review forces.
A' mostra, bare, uncovered.
Com as carnes a mostra, naked.
Dar mostras de, to shew, to give proofs of any thing.
Dar mostras de valor, to shew courage, to give proofs of it.
Dar mostras de si, to make one's self known.
Fazer mostras de, to make as if, to feign or pretend, to dissemble or counterfeit.

M O T

MOSTRADO, *a*, adj. shewed, &c. See the *v. MOSTRAR*.
MOSTRADOR, *f. m.* a counter of a shop; also the hand of a clock.
MOSTRAR, *v. a.* to show. Lat. *monstrare*.
Mostrar, *v. n.* to make as if, to feign, to dissemble.
Mostrar-se, *v. r.* to shew one's self.
MOSTRENGO, *f. m.* a stray, any beast that is strayed; also a man that has no certain place of abode. (Metaph.)
Mostrengo, a misshapen man, beast, or other thing; a lump, a dumplin.

M O T

MOTACILLA, *f. f.* the bird called a water-wagtail.
MOTANOS, (in agriculture) so they call the twigs of vines after being cut off.
MOTE, *f. m.* a jest, joke, humour, banter or raillery.
Mote, ou letra, the motto of a device.
Mote picante, a nipping jest, a taunt, a scoff.
Dizer motes. See *MOTEGAR*.
Glozar hum mote, to make an extemporary composition in verse, which is confined, as to its conclusion, to one, two, or three verses started by one of the by-standers. The verse or verses, to which it is confined are called *mote*.
MOTEJADO, *a*, adj. jeered, scoffed, reflected on.
MOTEJADOR, *f. m.* a scoffer, one that jeers or reflects upon another.
MOTEJAR, *v. a.* to jeer, scoff, or reflect upon.
MOTETE, *f. m.* a motetto, a song made for the church.
MOTIM, *f. m.* a mutiny, an uproar, an insurrection.
Com motim, mutinously.
O que faz hum motim, a mutineer.
Fazer, ou excitar hum motim, to mutiny, to raise a mutiny.
MOTIVADO, *a*, adj. See
MOTIVAR, *v. a.* to give occasion, or to be a motive of doing any thing.
MOTIVO, *f. m.* cause, occasion, a motive, the end or design of doing a thing.
Motivo, *a*, adj. motive, causing motion, motory.
MOTO, *f. m.* See *MOVIMENTO*, and *IMPULSO*.
Moto de desfo, the motto of a device.
MOTOR, *f. m.* motor, mover, the person or thing that gives motion; also a mover, contriver or author.
MOTREGO, *f. m.* a bit. See *BOCADDO*, (a ludicrous word.)
MOTRIZ, adj. motive, that gives motion.
MOTU proprio, (a Latin phrase used in the Portuguese tongue) of his own will, by his own motion.

M O U

M O U

MOUCA, f. f. a deaf woman.

MOUCARROENS, f. m. p. so they call some pieces of wood which they make use of when they make a ship ready to fight; they are put on the sides of the ship. See **EMPAVEZAR**.

MOUCHAM, f. m. a little hill, or hillock.

MOUCO, a, adj. deaf, that cannot hear.

Fazer-se mouco, to be deaf of one ear, to give no ear or heed to.

Alum tanto mouco, deafish, or thick of hearing.

Mouco, f. m. a deaf man.

MOVEDIÇO, a, adj. moveable, that is moved, or that may be moved, not fixed, such as may be carried from place to place. See also **POR-TA-TIL**.

P. pedra movediça, nunca cria bolor, a rolling stone gathers no moss.

MOVEDOR, f. m. See **MOTOR**.

MOVEIS. See after **MOVEL**, adj.

MOVEL, f. m. (in the ancient astronomy) ex. *Primo movel*, primum mobile, a ninth heaven or sphere, imagined to be above those of the planets and fixed stars.

Movel, moveables, personal goods, distinguished from real or immoveable possessions, as lands or houses.

Movel, adj. ex. *Bens moveis, ou moveis*, moveables, personal goods, furniture.

MOVEIS de que se não faz inventario, e que necessariamente pertencem ao herdeiro, heir-loom, household goods that never are inventoried.

Signos moveis (in astronomy) moveable signs, which are Aries, Cancer, Libra, and Capricorn.

MOVENTE, p. a. of *Mover*, movent, moving.

MOVER, v. a. to move, to stir any thing, to put out of one place into another, to put in motion. Latin *movere*.

Mover os passos, to move, to walk, to bear the body.

Mover huma nova questão, to start or move a new question.

Mover, to move, to give an impulse to, to induce.

Mover a compaixão, to move to compassion.

Mover, to move, to affect, to persuade, to prevail on the mind, to stir up, to incline, to touch.

Mouso-lhe Deus o coração, God has touched his heart.

Mover, to provoke to, to prompt to.

Mover vomites, to provoke vomiting.

Mover urinas, to provoke urine.

Mover lagrimas, &c. to draw tears, &c.

Mover, v. n. to miscarry, to bring forth a child before the time.

Mover-se, v. r. to move, to change place or situation, to go from one place to another.

Mover-se, to be moved, affected, touch-

ed, prevailed with, or upon, to be induced.

MOVO-me a ver isso por esta razão, I am induced to believe it upon this account.

MOVIDO, a, adj. moved, &c. according to the verb **MOVER**.

MOVIMENTO, f. m. motion, moving, movement.

Movimentos de hum exercito, the motions of an army, the several marches and counter-marches which it makes in changing its posts.

Que não tem movimento, motionless.

Leis do movimento, (in natural philosophy) the laws of motion.

MOVITO, f. m. a woman's miscarriage.

Ter hum movito, to miscarry, to bring forth a child before the time.

MOVIVEL, adj. moveable, that may be moved.

Festas moveis, ou mudaveis, the moveable feasts that do not fall every year upon the same day of the month, but sooner or later, as Easter, Whitsuntide, &c.

Olbos moveis, speaking eyes. Lat. *oculi arguti*.

MOQUICE, ou **MOQUIDAM**, f. f. thickness of hearing, deafness.

MOURA, f. f. a Moorish woman.

Heriva moura, the apple of Peru, or thorn apple. Lat. *stramexia*; also a kind of nightshade.

MOURAMA, f. f. Mauritania, the farthest part of Africa to the south, divided into Tingitana, and Cæsariensis.

MOURAM, f. m. (in agriculture) a stake, prop, or pole fixed upright to support vines. Lat. *pedamentum*.

Mouram, (among farmers) large stones fixed upright round the threshing-floor, to keep off the wind when it blows very hard, by putting brush faggots, &c. between the same stones. These faggots or bundles are called *azurves*.

Mouram, (in the sport called *canas*) the gentleman or cavalier that rides on the left side. See **QUADRILHA** em jogo de *canas*.

Mouram, a sort of insect so called.

MOUREJA'R, v. n. (a vulgar word) to toil and moil, to drudge, to work with might and main.

MOURISCO, a, adj. Moorish, pertaining to the Moors, or inhabitants of Mauritania.

Uva mourisca, a sort of grapes so called.

Dança mourisca, *Morisco*, a morris-dance, much the same with that which the Greeks called *Pyrrhica*.

O que dança nesta sorte de dança, a morisco, a dancer of the morris or Moorish dance.

O rapaz que com vestidos de rapariga também dança nesta sorte de dança, maid-morion, or maid-marrion, a boy dressed in a girl's habit, who dances with the morris-dancers.

E c c

M O U

M U

MOURTSMÁ, f. f. a multitude of Moors.

MOURO, f. m. a Moor, one of Mauritania; also a river in the province of Minho in Portugal.

Trabalhar como hum Mouru. See **MOUREJAR**.

P. a moura morto, gram lançada, a great stroke of a lance for a dead Moor. A jeer to those who insult over those that cannot defend themselves, as if they boasted of giving a dead man a great wound.

P. quem poupa seu Mouru poupa seu ouro, he who spares his Moor's labour, saves his own money, because the Moorish slaves cost money; and he who takes care of them saves his money.

P. servir como hum Mouru, to serve like a Moorish slave.

MOUROÇO, ou **MONTAM**, f. m. a heap or pile.

MOUSINHO, f. m. so they call some priest belonging to the king's chapel.

MOUTA, f. f. a place where shrubs grow. Lat. *fruticum*.

Monta de muito espinho, a bush of thorns, or brambles. Lat. *supretum*.

Bater a mouta, to beat or strike bushes to rouse game.

Meter os casos na mouta, to persuade one to a thing, and then, as we say, to hang an arse.

MOUTEIRA, f. f. a large bush of thorns, &c. See **MOUTA**.

MOUTAM, f. m. the block in a ship, through which the ropes do run.

M O X

MOXAMA, f. f. all sorts of salt or dried fish.

MOXICA'M, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a thump, a stroke, a blow. Spanish, *mexican*.

MOXINGA, f. f. (a ludicrous word) cudgelling. See **SURRA**.

MOXINIFADA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a mixture, particularly of various drinkable or eatable things.

M O Y

MOYO, f. m. a sort of measure used in Portugal for corn, barley, &c. it contains sixty *alqueires*. See **AL-QUEIRE**.

MOYSA'ICO, a, adj. mosaic, belonging to Moses.

MOYSES, f. m. Moses, the inspired writer of the Pentateuch, and law-giver of the Israelites.

M O Z

MOZETA, f. f. See **MURSA**.

MOZLEMIYA. } See **MOLLITA**.

MOZOMBO. } See **MAZOMBO**.

M U

MU', f. m. a he mule. Lat. *mulus*.

Mu filho de burra e cavalo, a mule, engendered between a horse and a she ass. Lat. *binus*.

Efter

M U D

Estar com o mu. See **AMUAR**.

M U A

MUA'R *besta*, a he or she-mule. Lat. *animal mulare*.

M U C

MUÇA'RABE See **MUSARABE**.

MUCHACHARIA. See **RAPAZIA**.

MUCHACHI M, f. m. a sword-dancer.

Dança dos muchachins, matachin, a dance with swords, in which they fence and strike at one another, as if they were in earnest, receiving the blows on the bucklers, and keeping time.

MUCH'NGA, f. f. a prison so called in Lisbon.

MUCILAGEM, f. f. (with surgeons, &c.) mucilage, a slimy body with mixture sufficient to hold it together; a viscous extraction or juice made of roots, &c.

MU'CO, f. m. (in anatomy) mucus, snout.

MUCOSO, a, adj. mucous, viscous.

M U D

MU'DA, f. f. a dumb woman; also the mewing or moulting of birds.

M. da, mute, a letter which without a vowel can make no sound.

Consoante muda, idem.

MUDADEIRA, f. f. the herb fumitory, or earth-smoke, so called, because they give it to birds when they mew or change their feathers.

Estar na muda, is for birds to mew or change their feathers.

A casa das mudas, hawk-mew, a kind of cage where hawks are wintered, or kept while they mew, or change their feathers; whence the place called the Meuse or Mews, near Charing-cross, took its name; it having formerly been the place where the king's hawks were kept, as those belonging to the king of Portugal were formerly kept at Alcaçova.

Serpente que esta na muda, a serpent casting the slough.

MUDA'DO, a, adj. altered, changed; also removed from one house to another. See the v. **MUDAR**.

Elle está muito mudado, he is very much altered, he is quite another man.

MUDANÇA, f. f. change, changing, alteration, vicissitude, mutation.

Que he sujeito a mudanças, changeable, mutable, unconstant, variable.

Mudança, (in music) mutation.

Mudança, (in dancing) change.

Mudança de casas, a removing or shifting from one house to another.

MUDAR, v. a. to change, to alter, to transform out of one form into another. Lat. *mutare*.

Mudar o, ou de vestido, to change clothes, to change one's attire.

Mudar a camisa, ou de camisa, to shift one's shirt.

Mudar de um lugar para outro, to remove from one place to another.

M U I

Mudar o semblante, to change countenance.

Mudar os dentes, to shed the teeth.

Mudar para melhor, to change for better.

Mudar para peor, to change for worse.

Mudar, v. n. to change, to undergo an alteration, to alter.

Mudar de casa, to shift one's quarters, to remove.

Mudar de semblante, ou de discurso, to change one's countenance, or discourse.

Mudar, to change feathers, to mew, as birds do.

Mudar, (speaking of snakes) to cast the slough.

Mudar-se, v. r. to alter, to change, to vary, to turn, to become otherwise than it was.

Muda-se o tempo, the weather alters.

Mudar-se, to remove, to shift dwellings or lodgings, to go from one place to another.

Custa muito o mudar-se, removing is chargeable.

MUDÁVEL, adj. mutable, changeable.

Festas mudaveis, ou moveis. See **MOVÍVEL**.

Tempo mudavel, changeable weather.

Mudavel, inconstant, fickle, not steady.

MUDE'Z, f. f. dumbness.

MUDILIA'R, (in India) See **REGEDOR**, and **CORREGEDOR**.

MUDO, a, adj. dumb, speechless, mute. Lat. *mutus*.

Mudo, f. m. a mute, a dumb man.

Ficar mudo, to stand mute.

Fazer mudo, to strike dumb.

Mudos, a certain play among boys.

Mudos, (in the grand seignior's seraglio) mutes, certain dumb persons, kept to be sent to strangle with a bow string such bathaws, or other persons who fall under the emperor's displeasure.

M U E

MUE'LA. See **MOELA**.

M U F

MUFFI. See **MOFFI**.

M U G

MUGEM, f. f. the fish called a mullet. Lat. *mugil*.

MUGIDO, f. m. the lowing, or bellowing of kine. Lat. *mugitus*.

MUGIR, v. n. to low, or bellow, as kine do. Lat. *mugire*.

Mugir, to make a confused shout, or cry, (metaph.) obsol.

M U I

MUI, **MUY**, ou **MUITO**, adv. most, very.

Mui prudente, most wise, very wise.

Muito bem, very well.

Muito longe, a great way off.

Muito, much.

M U L

Isso he muito para a idade que elle tem, that is much for his age.

O ter bons amigos quer dizer muito para fazer fortuna, that is a great step, or it goes a great way towards the making of one's fortune, to have, or the having of good friends.

Falta muito para que o vosso negocio se conclua, your business is far from being ended.

Falta-lhe muito para ser tão formoso como seu irmão, he is nothing near so handsome as his brother, or he comes far short of being so handsome as his brother.

Muito, too, too much, too many, too great, overmuch.

Muito grande, too great.

Muito cedo, too soon.

Elle tem bebido muito he has drunk too much.

Muito differentemente, far otherwise.

Não muito, not much.

Muito pouco, too little, not enough.

Não falta muito, it wants but a little.

Per muito que eu faça, if I do never so well,

Eu amo-vos muito, I love you too well.

Muito mais, much more; *muito menos*, much less, *muito pequeno*, too little; *muito grande*, too big.

Elle engana-se muito, he is much mistaken.

Não importa muito, it is no great matter, *Muitissimo*, a, adj. superl. and adv. very much.

Muito, adv. See **MUI**.

Muito, a, adj. many, great many, good many, very many, a good deal, a great deal.

Muito, several, divers, various, sundry.

Muitas vezes, many a time, oft, often, oftentimes.

Muitos homens, ou muitos, many a man, many people.

Hum de muitos, one of many.

De muitas maneiras, diversly, in divers fashions, of divers kinds, of many and sundry sorts, sundry ways.

M U L

MU'LA, f. f. a she-mule.

Mula, a venereal bubo, a swelling arising in the groin, occasioned by the venereal disease.

MULADA'R, f. m. a dunghill. Spanish.

MULATA, f. f. the daughter of a black and a white; that is, of a tawny colour.

MULA'TO, f. m. mulatto, the son of a black and a white; so called by reason of the mixture. From *mulo*, a mule which is a mixt breed.

Mulato, a mule, engendered between a horse and a she ass.

MULCIBER, f. m. (with the poets) Mulciber, the god of fire, or smithery.

MULETA, f. f. a crutch for a lame person; also a sort of fisher's boat.

Andar em muletas, to go with crutches.

M U N

Muleta, (in heraldry) mullet, the rowel of a spur; but some take it for a star.
MULHE *mulhe*, (a vulgar expression) a mizzling rain.
MULHER, ou **MOLHER**, f. f. a woman. See **MOLHER**.
MULIDIA'R, (in China) See **REGEDOR**, and **CORREGEDOR**.
MU'LO. See **MU**.
MU'LT, f. f. a mulst, a fine, commonly of money, set upon one. Lat. *multa*.
Fazer buma multa. See **MULTAR**.
MULTA'DO, a, adj. fined, amerced, mulcted.
MULTA'R, v. a. to mulst, to fine, to amerce.
MULTIDAM, f. f. a multitude.
MULTIPLEX *propeção*, multiple proportion.
MULTIPLICAÇAM, f. f. multiplication, the act or operation of multiplying or increasing any number by addition or production of more of the same kind; also multiplication (in arithmetic).
MULTIPLICA'DO, a, adj. multiplied.
MULTIPLICADO'R, f. m. (in arithmetic) the multiplier.
MULTIPLICAR, v. a. to multiply, or increase in number.
Multiplicar, (in arithmetic) to multiply to perform the process of multiplication.
Multiplicar, v. n. to multiply, to grow more in number.
MULTIPLICAFEL, adj. multipliable, or multiplicable, that is capable of being multiplied.
MULTIPLICE, adj. manifold.
MULTIPLICIDADE, f. f. multiplicity, a great variety.

M U M

MU'MIA. See **MOMIA**.

M U N

MUNDA, **MUNDAR**, &c. See **MONDA**, **MONDAR**, &c.
MUNDA'NO, a, adj. worldly, mundane, in contradistinction to the life to come; also worldly, not attentive to a future state.
Mundano, f. m. a worldling, a worldly minded man, a mortal set upon gain.
MUNDA'R. See **MONDAR**.
MUNDICIA, f. f. See **LIMPEZA**.
MUNDIFICA'DO, a, adj. cleansed, &c. See
MUNDIFICAR, v. a. (with surgeons, &c.) to mundify, to cleanse, or purify.
MUNDIFICATI'VO, a, adj. (with surgeons, &c.) mundificative, cleansing, having the power to cleanse.
Medicamentos mundificativos, mundificatives, cleansing medicines.
MU'NDO, f. m. the world, the universe. Lat. *mundus*.
Mundo, world, mankind, the generality of the people, an hyperbolical expression for many.

M U N

Hum mundo de gente, a world of people, a great number.
Mundo, the world, or the earth, the terraqueous globe.
O mundo, ou mundano. See **MUNDA'NO**, f. m.
Mundo, world, a secular life, in opposition to a religious life.
O outro mundo, the world to come, a future life.
O mundo novo, the new world. See **AMERICA**.
Mundo, a mound, or a mound, or tut, an imperial ensign, being a golden globe with a cross on it.
Mundo mulberil, a woman's ornaments.
Mundo patente, (in Rome) *mundus patens*, the sacrifices and rites used in a little round temple, to the infernal deity Dis, and the infernal powers. The Romans having this notion, that hell was then open, did not, during the times of these sacrifices, either offer battle, list soldiers, put to sea, or marry.
Deixar o mundo, to leave the world, to betake one's self to a religious life.
Mundo, a, adj. cleanly, neat. Lat. *mundus*.
MUNEMA, (in India) as, *fazer munema*. See **ENFEITAR-SE**.
MUNEMU'NE, f. m. a sort of fish in the river of Sofala.
MUNGI'L, f. m. a mourning suit of clothes formerly worn by women though they were not widows.
MUNGI'DO, a, adj. molken.
MUNGI'R, v. a. to milk, to draw milk from the breast by the hand. Lat. *mulgere*.
MU'NGO, f. m. a sort of pulse in the island of St. Laurence.
MUNHAM, the singular of **MUNHOENS**, which see.
MUNHECA, f. f. the hand-wrist.
MUNHOENS, the plural of *munham*, the trunnions of a gun, which are knobs sticking out at the sides that support them on the cheeks of the carriage.
MUNICA'M, f. f. small-shot, used to shoot with a birding-piece.
Muniçam de guerra, all sorts of arms offensive and defensive, munition, ammunition, materials for war.
Paõ de muniçam, ammunition bread, brown George.
MUNICIONA'DO, a, adj. stored with munition. See
MUNICIONA'R, v. a. to store or stock with ammunition, or materials for war.
MUNICIPA'L, adj. municipal, belonging to such a town or corporation. Lat. *municipalis*.
Vida municipal, a private country life.
Leys municipaes, municipal laws, the laws enjoyed by the inhabitants or denizens of a free town or city.
MUNI CIPE, f. m. one of a town whose inhabitants were free of the city of Rome, and had a right to the

M U R

privileges and offices there. Lat. *municipes*.
MUNICIPIO, f. m. any city or town corporate, that had some or all the privileges and liberties of Rome, and yet had particular laws and customs of its own to be governed by. Lat. *municipium*.
MUNI'DO, a, adj. See **MUNICIONADO**.
MUNIFICENÇIA, f. f. munificence, generosity.
Com munificencia, munificently.
MUNIFICO, a, munificent, liberal, generous.
MUNIR, v. a. See **MUNICIONAR**, and **FORTIFICAR**.

M U P

MUPHTI'. See **MOFTI**.

M U R

MURA'DO, a, adj. walled, &c. See **MURAR**.
MURADOR, f. m. ex. *Efegato de murador*, this cat is a good mouser.
MURAL coroa, (among the Romans) mural crown, a crown of gold or silver with battlements of walls about it, in the form of beams, given to him who first scaled the walls of an enemy's city.
MURALHA, f. f. (in fortification) a wall, a work built for defence.
MURA'R, v. a. to wall, to inclose with walls, to inwall.
Murar, to mouse, to be a-mousing. From *mur*, a mouse.
MURÇA. See **MURSA**.
MURGE'LA, f. f. a hog's pudding.
MURGE'LO cavallo, a black horse.
MURCHA. See **MURCHIDAM**.
MURCHAR, v. a. to wither, to make to fade.
Murchar-se, v. r. to wither, to fade, to grow sapless. Lat. *flaccere*.
Murchar-se, (metaph.) to vanish away, to pass away, to come to nothing, to be naturally transient, to lose vigour or beauty easily and soon, to fade, to decay.
Murchar-se a esperança de alguem, (metaph.) is for one to lose his expectations, or to be disappointed.
Murchar-se a belleza, (metaph.) beauty fades away.
MURCHIDAM, f. f. witheredness, the state of being faded or withered.
MURCHO, a, adj. withered, faded.
MURCIA, f. f. Murcia, the goddess of sloth.
MURCIA'NA couve. See **COUVE**.
MURE'NA. See **MOREIA**.
MURGA'NHO, f. m. a little mouse. *mouseus*. Lat. See **MUSARINHO**.
MURICE, f. m. a shell-fish, of the liquor whereof purple colour is made; the burret, according to Ainsworth. Lat. *murex*.
MURMUR. See **ESTRONDO**.
MURMURAÇAM, f. f. murmuring, railing at others.

M U S

MURMURADOR, f. m. the person who rails at, or censures another.
MURMURAR, v. n. to murmur, to grumble, to censure, to find fault with, to complain, but not openly. See **MURMURIO** in its first signification.
Murmurar, to murmur, to give a low shrill sound. See **MURMURIO**, in its second signification.
MURMURINHO, (among the common people) See
MURMURIO, f. m. murmur, a buzzing, or humming noise of people discontented, a complaint half suppressed, and not openly uttered.
Murmurio, murmur, a low shrill noise as the purling of brooks, streams, &c.
MURO, f. m. a wall, always taken for a great wall, as that of a town, cattle, &c. slight walls being called *paredes*.
MURRA'M, f. m. (among gunners) a match, a lunt.
Murram da vela, &c. the snuff of a candle, &c.
MURRO, f. m. a buffet, a blow, box, or flap with the fist.
Jugar os muiros, to buffet, to play at a boxing match, to box, to fight with the fists.
O que joga os muros, a buffeter, a boxer, a man who fights with his fists.
Dar bum murro, to box, to strike with the fist.
MURSA, f. f. a sort of garment with a capuchin, but without sleeves. It is worn by bishops, prelates, &c.
MURSE'LA. } See } **MURCELA**.
MURSE'LO. } } **MURCELO**.
MURTA, f. f. myrtle, an ever-green shrub.
Murta brava, ou gilbarbeira, the plant wild-myrtle, or gow.
Murta, (symbolically.) See **DOR**.
MURTI NHOS, f. m. p. the fruit of the myrtle.
MURTULLA, f. f. (in ancient records.) See **MORTALHA**.
MURUCUJA. See **MARACUJA**.
MURUGEM. See **MARUGENS**.
MURULHA DA, ou **MURU'LHO**. See **MARULHADA**, **MARULHO**.

M U S

MUS, f. f. a muse. Lat.
Musas, the Muses, or fabulous divinities among the ancient heathens.
Musas, good letters, learning, human learning.
Cover a musa, to be in a poetical rage.
MUSARABES, f. m. p. so they called

M U T

the Christians that lived amongst the Moors, after Spain was conquered by them; corruptly from *mixti Arabes*.
MUSARA'BICO, a, adj. ex. *Missa Musarabica*. See **MISSA**.
MUSARA'NHA, f. f. shrew mouse, a kind of field mouse, about the size of a rat, and of a weazel-colour, very mischievous to cattle; so that country people say, if it goes over the back of a beast it will make the beast lame in the chine; and if it bites a beast, it will cause it to swell to the heart, and die: also a sort of large fish so called.
MUSARA'NHO, f. m. idem.
MUSCO'SO. See **MUSGOSO**.
MUSCULO, f. m. (in anatomy) a muscle.
MUSCULO'SO, a, adj. muscular, full of muscles, brawny.
MUSE O, f. m. the name of a famous poet, son to Orpheus; also a place near Olympus, dedicated to the Muses; thence a museum, a study or library, a repository of learned curiosities.
MUSGO, f. m. the moss which grows upon trees, walls, rocks by the sea side, &c.
Rato musgo, a musk-rat.
Cobrir de musgo, to moss, to cover with moss.
Culento de musgo, mossed.
Alimpar de musgo, to scrape off the moss.
P. pedra movediça, &c. See **MOVEDIÇO**.
MUSGO'SO, ou **MUSCO'SO**, a, adj. mossy, full of moss.
MUSICA, f. f. music, one of the seven liberal sciences.
Musica, f. f. *musico*, f. m. a musician.
MUSICO, a, adj. musical, pertaining to music.
MUSORITAS, f. m. p. a sect of Jews so called.
MUSSA'ICO. See **MOSAICO**.
MUSSULAMA'NE. See **MUSULMAM**.
MUSTA'CHO, f. m. a sort of cue, or tail made of false hair, used by women.
MUSULMA'M, f. m. mussulman, a title which the Mahometans attribute to themselves, a Mahometan believer. Arab.

M U T

MUTABILIDADE, f. f. mutability.
MUTAÇA'M, f. f. change.
Mutaçam no tablado, the shifting of scenes. See **APPARENCIAS**.
MUTA'NO, f. m. (in agriculture) a

M Y V

bundle of groz, or furz; also a bundle of the branches of the pine-tree.
MUTILAÇA'M, f. f. mutilation.
MUTILADO, a, adj. mutilated, maimed; also diminished.
MUTILAR, v. a. to mutilate; also to diminish.
MUTIM, f. m. See **MOTIM**.
MUTO. See **MUIHO**, adj.
MUTRA, f. f. See **SELLO**, and **SINETE**.
MUTRA'DO, a, adj. sealed.
MUTRAR, v. a. to seal.
MUTUAÇAM, f. f. mutuality, reciprocation.
MUTUAMENTE, adv. mutually, interchangeably, reciprocally.
MUTUATARIO, f. m. a borrower.
MUTUO, a, adj. mutual, reciprocal, interchangeable.

M U X

MUXAMA. See **MOXAMA**.

M Y R

MYRABOLANO. See **MIRABOLANO**.
MYRIADA, f. f. myriad, the number of ten thousand.
MYRINX. See **MERINGE**.
MYRMILLO'ENS, f. m. p. Myrmilones, a sort of combatants among the Romans, who had on the top of their casque or helmet, the representation of a fish.
MYROBALANO. See **MIRABOLANO**.
MYRRHA. See **MIRRA**.

M Y S

MYSTAGO'GO, f. m. a mystagogue, one who interprets divine mysteries; also mystagogue, he who has the keeping of church relics, and shews them to strangers.
MYSTERIO. } See } **MISTERIO**.
MYSTICO. } } **MISTICO**.

M Y T

MYTHOLOGIA, f. f. mythology, system of fables, the history of the fabulous deities and heroes of antiquity, and the explanation of the mysteries of the old Pagan religion.
MYTHOLOGICO, a, adj. mythological, pertaining to mythology.
Mythologico, f. m. a mythologist, one skilled in mythology.

M Y V

MYVA, (in pharmacy.) See **GELEA**.

N.

N, f. m. a consonant, and the thirteenth letter of the Portuguese alphabet. It is pronounced as in English when it is before a vowel with which it forms a syllable; otherwise it only gives a nasal sound to the vowel that precedes it.

N before *b* has the same sound as *gn* in Italian, or in the French words *Espagne, All-magne.*

N, among the ancients, was one of the numerals that stood for nine hundred, as the poets has it:

N *quaque nongentes numero designat habendos.*

And when it had a tittle on the top of it, it stood for ninety thousand.

N See *NA*.

N A

NA, (a preposition denoting both time and place, and serving for the feminine) in, in the.

Na gaveta, in the drawer; *na cidade*, in town; *na cadeirinha*, in the chair.

Na is sometimes rendered into English by *a*; as, *Dois vezes na semana*, twice a week.

Observe, that they very often make an elision of the vowel *a*, when there is a vowel in the beginning of the next word; as *n' agoa* instead of *na agoa*.

N A B

NABAL, f. m. a field of turnips.

NABIÇA, f. f. a little turnip that is growing with a large one.

NA'BO, f. m. a turnip.

Nabs, (in a ship) the lower box in the pump.

P. comprar nabos em saco; we say, to buy a pig in a poke; that is, to buy a thing unseen.

N A Ç

NAÇA, f. m. a wheel or bow net; a net made of twigs, with a bait put into it to catch fish, Lat. *naffa*.

NAÇAM, f. f. nation, all the people of a particular country; also the name of a goddess. Lat. *natio*.

Homem de nação, a Jew.

N A C

NACAR, cor de nacar. See

NACARA'DO, f. m. of the colour of mother of pearl.

NACARDINA. See *ANACARDINA*.

NACEDOURO, f. m. that part of the pudenda muliebria, at which a child is first seen, when he comes into the world.

NACENÇA, f. f. See *NACIMENTO*.

NACENTE, f. m. the east, that quarter of the earth where the sun rises.

Nacente, adj. growing, rising, newly born.

Nacente, (in heraldry) naissant.

NACE'R, or *NASCER*, v. n. to be born, to come into the world, or into life.

Nacer, (speaking of trees and plants) to spring or grow, to come forth.

Que ainda está por nacer, unborn.

Nacer, to rise, to break out from below the horizon, as the sun, moon, &c.

As nacer do sol, at the rising of the sun.

Nacer, to arise, to take rise, or proceed from, as an original.

Fazer nacer, to produce, to cause, or to be the cause of, to give beginning to; also to start, or move; as, *Fazer nacer huma questão*, to start a question.

Que nasce morto, ill-born, born dead.

Que ainda não nasce, unborn.

NACIDA, f. f. a boil, or any such sore swelling.

NACIDO, a, adj. born. See the verb *NACER*.

Bem nascido, well born, well descended; also that proceeds from honest principles.

Nacido em boa hora, lucky, fortunate, happy by chance.

Os nascidos, mankind, mortal men, human creatures.

NACIMENTO, f. m. birth, or nativity.

Dia do nascimento, the birth day.

Hora do nascimento, the hour of one's nativity.

O astro que predomina no nascimento, the ascendent of one's nativity.

Tirar nascimentos, or *Levantar figuras*. See *FIGURA*.

Nascimento do sol, &c. the rising of the sun, &c.

Nascimento cósmico. See *COSMICO*.

Nascimento cliaco de huma estrella, the heliacal rising of a star, or its issuing, or emerging out of the rays and lustre of the sun, wherein it was before hidden.

Ser de nascimento illustre, to be high born, to be nobly descended or extracted, to be of noble extraction.

Homem de baixo, ou humilde nascimento, a man of low extraction, meanly born,

or extracted, of a mean or low birth.

Nascimento de hum rio, the source, head or spring of a river.

Isso fica debaixo do anno do nascimento, this is a sure thing.

NACIONAL, adj. national, belonging to a nation; also of the same country.

Nacional, national, bigotted to one's own country.

Synodo nacional, a national synod, an assembly of the clergy of a nation.

NACO, f. m. (in the province of Beira) a fragment, a broken piece.

N A D

NA'DA, f. m. nothing, nought, nothingness.

Por nada, for a trifle; also freely, gratis, for nothing.

Deus criou o mundo de nada, God created the world out of nothing.

Não digo nada, I say nothing.

Elle não me he nada, he is nothing to me.

Hum quasi nada basta para o enfadar, he takes exception at the least thing in the world.

Não se quer nada para que em tais circunstancias, &c. the least thing in the world, in such circumstances is sufficient to, &c.

Como se não houveisse ou fouteisse nada, without taking the least notice.

Dagui a nada, forthwith, presently, immediately.

Elle não tem nada, he has nothing.

Não sei nada disso, I know nothing of it.

Homem de nada, a man of nothing, a man that is good for nothing.

Por pouco mais de nada, for a trifle.

Hum quasi nada, so little as next to nothing.

Nada has a kind of adverbial signification; nothing, in no degree, not at all.

P. tudo nada entre deus prates, much ado about nothing; we say also, the travelling mountain yields a silly mouse; and the Latin, *parturiunt montes, nascitur ridiculus mus*.

Não he nada, it is nothing. It is also a phrase to exaggerate any thing, which, in other circumstances, would appear little and mean.

NADA'DO, part. of *NADAR*, which see.

NADADOR, f. m. a swimmer.

NADADORA, f. f. a woman that swims.

NA-

N A M

NADANTE, p. a. swimming on the surface of the water, floating.
Nadante, (in heraldry) naient.
NADAR, v. n. to swim. Lat. *nare*; also to swim, to flow in any thing, to have abundance of any quality.
Nadar no proprio sangue, to welter in one's blood.
Bexiga para aprender a nadar, a bladder to learn to swim with.
Nadar a jato, (among farriers) is for an horse to move on slowly with one of the fore legs tied up.
NADEGA, f. f. a buttock.
Que tem as nadezas demasiadamente deitadas para fora, hopper-arsed.
NADIR, f. m. Nadir, that point in the heavens opposite to the Zenith. Arabic.
NADITEL, adj. that can be swummed in, or passed by swimming.
Que não be nadivel, that cannot be swummed in.
NADO, or rather **A'NADO**, adv. swimming, or by swimming.
Escapar a nado, to get away, or escape by swimming, to swim away.
Passar hum rio a nado, to swim over a river.
Deitar-se a nado, to throw one's self into the water.
Nado. See **NACIDO**.

N A F

NA'FEGO, or *Cavalle nafego*, (among farriers) an horse that has one of the hind quarters lower than the other.

N A G

NAGA'LHO. See **NEGALHO**.

N A I

NA'IDES, f. f. p. Naiades, the nymphs of the floods, haunting rivers and fountains.
NA'IPE, f. m. a fate of cards.
Não tenho nenhuma daquella naipe, I have none of that fate.
Ajuntar os naipes, to fute cards, to put the futes together.
NA'IRE, f. m. (in Malabar) one of the first nobility. See also **COR-NACA**.

N A M

NAM. See after **NAO**.
NAMORADINHO, f. m. a little sweetheart.
NAMORA'DO, a, adj. amorous, in love, fallen in love, enamoured, engaged in love.
A modo de namorado, like a lover, amorously.
NAMORADO. See **AVENTUREIRO**.
Namorado, f. m. the flower of the herb moth-mullein; or wool-blade; also a lover, a wooer, a gallant, a spark.
NAMORAMENTO, f. m. falling in love, amour, intrigue, love.
NAMORA'R, v. a. to make love to, to court, to woo, to enamour.

N A O

Namerar-se, v. r. to fall in love, to be smitten.
Namorar-se de alguém, to fall in love with one.

N A N

NA'NA, f. f. lullaby, a nurse's song to cause a child to sleep, or to still him.
Fazer nana, to lull by singing pleasing tunes.
NANAR, v. a. to rock, to lull children to sleep.

N A O

NA'O, f. f. a large ship.
Não de guerra, a man of war.
Não de carga, ou mercantil, a merchant-ship, a merchant-man.
Não da India oriental, an East India man.
Não da India occidental, a West India ship.
Não de armadores, a privateer.
Não de 96 ate 110 peças, a first rate ship.
Não de 84 ate 90 peças, a second rate ship.
Não de 64 ate 80 peças, a third rate ship.
Não de 48 ate 60 peças, a fourth rate ship.
Não de 16 ate 24 peças, a fifth rate ship.
Não, adv. no, not, nay.
Não mais, no more.
Perque não? why not?
Ainda não, not yet, not as yet.
Não quero, I will not.
Não perque tu o não tenha por hum bomem de bem, not but that I think him an honest man.
Não muito depois, not long after.
Não o farei, I shall not do it.
Queres fazer isso, ou não? will you do it, or no?
Não, não quero, no, I will not.
Não, ainda que ex morresse, no, not if I were to die.
Não vos virá nenhum mal, you shall come to harm.
Não peço mais, I desire no more.
Elle não tem nenhum dinheiro, he has no money.
Não tenho nenhuma razão, I have no reason.
Não importa, 'tis no matter.
Não há tal cousa, no such matter.
Não quero que me digão não, I will have no nay.
Não quiz que lhe dissessem não, he would not be said nay.
Não porque lhe faltasse engenho, not but that he had wit.
Não porque não fosse justo, mas porque, &c. not but that it was right, but because, &c.
Quer elle queira, quer não, will he, will he.
Não por certo, no indeed.
Não só, not only.
Não sem razão, not without reason.
Hum diz sim, e outro não, one says yea, and the other nay.

N A R

N A P

NAPE'AS, f. f. p. Napææ, the nymphs of the mountains.
NAPELLO, f. m. (with botanists) *napellus*, a kind of wolf's-bane, or rather monk's-hood.
NA'POLES, Naples, a kingdom of Italy; also Naples the capital of the same kingdom, situated on a fine bay of the Mediterranean sea, thirty miles diameter, and one hundred and forty miles south east of Rome.
NAPHTA, or **NAPTA**, f. m. *naphtha*, Babylonish bitumen, found in Chaldaea, where anciently Babylon stood; it exudes out of a stony rock, and when set on fire, is not only hard to be extinguished, but if water be cast upon it, burns more vehemently.

N A Q

NAQUELLA, } in that. They are
NAQUELLE, } only the ablatives of
NAQUILLO, } their respective nouns
preceded by the preposition *na*, *na*, whereof the last vowels are cut off.

N A R

NARCA'PHTO, f. m. a sort of Indian plant.
NARCEJA. See **NARSEJA**.
NARCI SO, or **NARCISSO**, f. m. *narcissus*, a flower; some of a white, and some of a yellow colour; a daffodil.
Cousa pertencente ao narciso, narcissine.
Narciso, (metaph.) a self-loving man.
NARCOTICO, a, adj. narcotic, or narcotical.
NARCOTICOS, f. m. p. narcotics.
NARDI NO, a, adj. of, or belonging to spikenard.
NA'RDO, f. in. nard, or spikenard.
Nardo Indico, Indian spikenard.
Nardo Celtico, Celtick spikenard.
Nardo montano, mountain spikenard.
Composição, ou unguento feito de nardo e outros ingredientes, spikenard, or an ointment made of spikenard and other ingredients.
NARIGADA, f. f. a dash, or blow on the nose.
Narigada de tabaco, a pinch of snuff.
NARIGAM, f. m. a great nose.
NARIGU DO, a, adj. that has a great long nose.
NARI'Z, f. m. the nose.
Fallar pelos narizes, to speak through the nose.
Nariz chato ou rombo, a flat nose with the end turning up.
Dar a alguém com a porta nos narizes, to shut one out.
Nariz da roca, the upper end of a distaff.
Subir, ou chegar a moçada aos narizes, to take pet, to be angry, or, as we say, to take snuff.
Tapa o nariz, e come a perdiz, stop your nose

N A T

nose and eat the partridge; that is, a partridge must be kept till it smells strong.
Quebrar os narizes, to break one's nose.
NARRAÇAM, f. f. narration, account.
Narração, (with rhetoricians) narration, or that part of an oration in which an account is given of matter of fact.
Per modo de narração, narratively.
NARRADO, a, adj. told, related.
NARRAR, v. a. to relate, to tell, to give an account.
Amigo de narrar, narrative, story-telling.
NARRATIVA, f. f. a narrative, or narration; also the manner of relating, or giving an account.
NARRATIVO, a, adj. that may be related; also narrative, or giving an account.
NARSEJA, f. f. a kind of fowl called snipe.

N A S

NAS, (a preposition, denoting both time and place, and serving for the feminine gender, and plural number) in the; as, *nas ruas*, in the streets.
NASCEM, &c. See **NACER**, &c.
NASSA. See **NAÇA**.
NA'STRO, f. m. a small ribband. Ital.

N A T

NATA, f. f. cream; *A' natando*, because it swims upon the milk; also flower, choice, the best, or more valuable part of any thing. (Metaph.)
Nata, (among surgeons) a wen.
NATADO, a, adj. soft, muddy, full of mud.
NATAL, f. m. Christmas, the festival celebrated on the twenty-fifth day of December, in commemoration of the birth of Christ.
Festas de natal, Christmas holy-days.
Presente que se faz pelo natal aos meninos, Christmas-box.
NATALICIO, a, adj. that belongs to the birth-day, Natalitious.
NATEIRO, f. m. slime, or soft mud that remains in the fields after the overflowing of a river, and is an extraordinary manure.
NATENTO, a, adj. creamy, full of cream.
NATIVIDADE, f. f. nativity, birth; used only in expressing of festivals; as, *A natividade de nossa Senhora*, the nativity of our Lady.
NATIVO, a, adj. native, natural, inbred, such as is according to nature; also native, produced by nature, not artificial.
NATURA, f. f. pudendum, the privy parts.
Canto de natura, (in music) natural harmony, or that produced by the natural and essential chords of the mode.

N A V

Natura. See **NATUREZA**.
Pecado contra natura, sodomy, buggery, the sin of the flesh against nature.
NATURA'L, f. m. nature, genius, disposition, inclination, humour; also a native, one born in any country.
Ter bom, ou não natural, to be good or ill-natured, good, or ill-humoured.
Natural, the native country, the country where one is born.
Natural, (in Coimbra.) See **FEIJAM**.
Natural, adj. natural, belonging to, or proceeding from nature; secondly, illegitimate, not legal, spurious; thirdly, bestowed by nature; fourthly, dictated by nature; fifthly, unaffected, according to truth and reality.
Retrato feito ao natural, a picture drawn to the life.
Fidalgo natural, ou berdeiro, (in ancient records) the son or heir of the founder of a monastery.
Philosophia natural, natural philosophy.
NATURALIZAÇAM, f. f. naturalization.
NATURALIZADO, a, adj. naturalized.
NATURALIZAR, v. a. to naturalize, to admit into the number of natural subjects.
NATURALMENTE, adv. naturally.
NATUREZA, f. f. nature; also a man's natural disposition or constitution; also the native country, the country where one was born.
Natureza, nature, sort, species.
Naturiza, (with schoolmen) the essence or nature of a thing.
Naturiza, (in grammar) a term used in prosodia; as, *Syllaba brevis ou longa per naturiza*, a syllable that is short or long by nature.
Leis da natureza, the laws of nature.
Naturiza. See **QUALIDADE**, and **INSTINTO**.
Naturiza, nature, the established order, and regular course of material things, the laws that God has imposed upon the motions impressed by him.
Viver á ley da natureza, is for one to follow entirely his natural inclinations.

N A V

NAVA. See **NAVAS**.
NAVAL, adj. naval, belonging to ships.
Batalha naval, a sea-fight.
Milicia naval, the marines or soldiers that serve on board a ship; also the naval discipline belonging to the marines.
Coroa naval, (with the Romans) a naval crown.
Navál, f. m. See **LENÇARIA**.
NAVALHA, f. f. a clasp-knife, a knife whose blade folds into the handle; also a sort of shell fish.

N A V

Naválba de barbeiro, a razor.
NAVALHADA, f. f. a slash or cut with a razor, or with a clasp-knife.
NAVALHEIRA, f. f. a sort of shell-fish so called.
NAVALHINHA, f. f. a small clasp-knife.
NAVAS de Tolosa, the plains of Tolosa, where king Alonso overthrew a vast army of Moors, killing two hundred thousand of them.
NAVES, f. f. nave, the main part or body of a church, distinct from the aisles or wings, reaching from the rail or balluster of the choir to the chief door.
Naves lateraes, the aisles or wings of a church.
Nave, a ship.
Nave, (in the district of Villa do Conde, in the province of Minho) a primitival offering.
NAVEGAÇAM, f. f. navigation, sailing.
NAVEGA'DO, a, adj. navigated.
NAVEGANTE, p. a, a navigator, sailor, or seaman.
NAVEGAR, v. a. to navigate, to sail, to pass by water.
NAVEGAVEL, adj. navigable.
NAVETA, f. f. a little ship; also navel, part of an incense-pan or censer-box.
NAUFRAGA'DO, part. of
NAUFRAGA'R, v. n. to suffer shipwreck, to wreck, to be cast away; also to miscarry, not to succeed, not to have the intended event. (Metaph.)
Fazer naufragar, to shipwreck, to make to suffer the dangers of a wreck.
NAUFRAGOU o seu credito, his credit was lost.
NAUFRAGIO, f. m. wreck, naufrage, shipwreck.
Fazer naufragio. See **NAUFRAGAR**.
NAUFRAGIO, (metaph.) wreck, ruin, destruction in general.
NAUFRAGO, a, adj. that has suffered shipwreck.
Pedaços naufragos de navios, shipwrecks, the parts of a shattered ship.
Naufrago, f. m. one who is suffering shipwreck, or one who has suffered it.
NAVICULAR, adj. (in anatomy) navicular; as, *a ossa navicular*, the navicular bone, the third bone on each foot, that lies between the astragalus, and the ossa cuneiformia. It is also used substantively, and signifies the navicular bone.
NAVIO, f. m. a ship, a vessel, a sail.
Navio de alto bordo. See **BORDO**.
Navio de duas cubertas, a two-decked ship.
Navio que tem vinhos muito largas, a ship that spreads much cloth.
Navio de tres cubertas, a three-decked ship.
Navio armado em redondo, a ship that has square sails.
Navio de fogo, a fire-ship. See **NAO**.
NAU-

NEC

NA'ULO, f. m. naulum, a piece of money which the ancient Greeks and Romans put in the mouth of a person deceased, to pay Charon (the poetic ferry-man of hell) for carrying him over the Stygian lake in his boat.

NAUMACHIA, f. f. naumachy, a sea-fight, or the representation of it.

NAUSEA, f. f. (in physic) nausea.

NAUSEABUNDO, a. adj. (in physic) that nauseates, or has an inclination to vomit, squeamish.

NAUSEADO, idem.

NAUSEATIVO, a. adj. that causes nausea.

NAUTA, f. m. (in poetry) a sailor.

NAUTICA, f. f. the art of navigation.

NAUTICO, a. adj. nautic, or nautical.

Agulha nautica, the nautical compass.

NAUTICOS, f. m. p. mariners, sailors.

N A Y

NAIADES. } See { **NAIADES**.
NAIPE. } { **NAIPE**.
NAIRE. } { **NAIRE**.

N A Z

NAZARE'NO, a. adj. of Nazareth.

NAZAREOS, f. m. p. Nazarites, a sect among the Jews.

N E B

NEBLI', or *Falcão nebli*, the hawk called a goshawk.

NEBLINA, f. f. a thick fog, a mist.

NEBRI'. See **NEBLI**.

NEBULO'SO, a. adj. cloudy, misty, foggy, nebulous.

Ejre-las nebulas, (in astronomy) nebulous stars, certain fixed stars of a dull, pale, and dim light.

N E C

NECEDA'DE, f. f. See **TOLICE**.

NECESSARIAMENTE, adv. necessarily, of necessity.

NECESSARIAS, f. f. p. a necessary house, or privy.

NECESSARIO, a. adj. necessary, needful, indispensably requisite; also necessary, not free, fatal.

As cousas necessarias, necessities.

Necessario, f. m. necessities, competency.

Ter o necessario, to have a competency.

NECESSIDADE, f. f. necessity, indispensableness, the state of a thing that must be.

Necessidade, necessity, extremity, need, want, poverty, strait, distress.

Necessidade, necessity, cogency, constraint, fatality.

Ter necessidade, to want.

As necessidades da vida, the necessities for human life.

Não tenho necessidade disso, I have no occasion for it.

Ir fazer uma necessidade, or *suas necessidades*, to go to stool.

NEG

Necessidade absoluta, physica, &c. absolute, physical necessity, &c.

Necessidade, Necessity, a pagan deity.

P. a necessidade não tem lei, necessity hath no law. The Lat. say, *Necessitas caret lege*.

P. fazer da necessidade virtude, to make a virtue of necessity.

NECESSITA'DO, a. adj. necessitated, forced, compelled; also necessitous, that is in want, needy, poor.

NECESSITA'R, v. n. to want, to lack, to stand in need.

Necessitar, v. a. to necessitate, to force, to compel, not to leave free.

Necessitar-se, v. imp. men lack.

NECIAMENTE, adv. foolishly.

NECIO, a. adj. foolish.

Necio, f. m. a fool.

P. mais vel necio que porfado, it is better be thought a fool, than to be obdurate.

NECODA, f. m. (in the Mogol) a captain.

NECROLOGIO, f. m. necrology, a book in which were registered the names of the dead.

NECTAR, f. m. nectar, a certain pleasant liquor, which, as the poets feign, was the drink of the gods; also any pleasant drink.

Causa de nectar, ou *pertencente a elle*, nectareous, nectarean.

Misturado com nectar, nectared.

Suave, ou delicioso como nectar, nectarine.

N E D

NE'DEO, a. adj. sleek, well-fed, fat.

Lat. *nitidus*.

N E F

NEFANDO, a. adj. heinous, abominable, nefarious, not to be spoken, or mentioned. Lat. *nefandus*.

O peccado nefando, the sin of sodomy.

NEFARIO, a. adj. nefarious, villainous, very wicked. Lat. *nefarius*.

NEFRETICO. See **NEPHRETICO**.

N E G

NEGA'ÇA, f. f. a decoy duck, or any other bird, that decoys others into the place where they become a prey; a snare; also a bait to take birds withal.

Negaça, (metaph.) a bait, temptation, or allurement, a stratagem.

NEGA'ÇAM, f. f. negation, the act of denying, denial.

Negação de si mesmo, self-denial.

NEGA'DO, a. adj. denied.

NEGA'LHO, f. m. a small bundle, a very little hank of thread, &c.

NEGAMENTO. See **NEGA'ÇAM**, obso.

NEGA'R, v. a. to deny, to refuse.

Negar absolutamente, or *a pes juntos e com efficacia*, to deny stiffly, or utterly; to stand stiffly in the negative.

Negar de plano, to give a flat denial, to say I will not.

Aquelle que nega huma, ou mais proposições, que sustenta a parte negativa, a

NEG

denier, an opponent, one that holds the negative of any proposition.

Negar em juramento, to deny upon oath.

Que pode negar-se, deniable.

Negar-se, v. r. to deny one's self, when any body comes to speak to, or see one.

Negar-se a si mesmo, to abnegate, to deny one's self, to renounce passions, pleasures, or lusts.

NEGATIVA, f. f. negation, negative, denial. See also **REPULSA**.

Negativa, negative, a proposition by which something is denied.

NEGATIVAMENTE, negatively.

NEGATIVO, a. adj. negative, contrary to affirmative.

Negativo, negative, implying only the absence of something.

Negativos hereses, negative heretics, or persons who having been accused of heresy by witnesses, whose evidence they do not deny, still keep on the negation, making open profession of the catholic doctrine, and declare their abhorrence of heresy.

NEGLIGENCIA, f. f. negligence; carelessness.

NEGLIGENTE, adj. negligent, careless.

NEGLIGENTEMENTE, adv. negligently, carelessly.

NEGO. See **SAMICAS**.

NEGOCIAÇAM, f. f. negotiation, a management of public affairs.

Empregado em huma negociaçam, negotiating.

O que está empregado em huma negociaçam, a negotiator, a manager of affairs, one employed to treat with others.

Mulher occupada no mesmo emprego, a negotiatrix, a female manager, &c.

NEGOCIA'DO, part. of **NEGOCIAR**, which see.

NEGOCIANTE, f. m. one that negotiates, a manager of affairs, a negotiator.

Negociante, a merchant or dealer.

NEGOCIAR, v. n. to trade or deal, to drive a trade, to merchandize.

Negociar, v. a. to negotiate, to manage, to transact public affairs.

Negociar huma letra de cambio, to negotiate a bill of exchange.

NEGOCIO, f. m. trade, trading, commerce, traffick.

Gente occupada nesta sorte de negocio, tradesfolk.

Negocio, any sort of business, affair or matter.

Não tenhaes negocios nenhuns com tal homem, have no business with such a man.

Concluir hum negocio, to make an end of a business, to bring it to an issue.

Homem de negocio, a merchant, or trader.

Ter muitos negocios, to be full of business.

Homem verjado nos negocios, a man full of business.

Esse he todo o seu negocio, he makes it his business.

Ter hum negocio com alguém, to have business with one, to have to do with one.

NEI

Fazer bem os seus negocios, to thrive, to do well, to prosper.
Fazer mal os seus negocios, not to thrive, to be behind-hand in the world.
Fazer negocio, to thrive, to prosper. See also *NEGOCIAR*, v. n.
NEGOCIOSINHO, f. m. a little business.
NEGRA, f. f. a black woman.
Negra, (at some games) a rubber, a contest; two games won in three.
NEGRAM, f. m. a sort of sea-fish.
NEGREGADO, a, adj. (a vulgar word) unlucky, ill-omened, sad, bad.
NEGREGURA. See *NEGRIDAM*.
NEGREJAR, v. n. to grow black, to look blackish, to cast a black hue.
NEGRIDAM, f. f. blackness.
NEGRINHA, f. f. a little black girl.
NEGRINHO, a, adj. blackish, somewhat black.
Negrinho, f. m. a little black boy.
Negrinhos, a sweetmeat made of the dregs of sugar.
NEGRO, a, adj. black.
Fazer negro, to blacken, to make black.
Fazer-se negro, to blacken, to grow black.
Algam tanto negro, blackish, somewhat black.
Paõ negro, brown bread.
Negra ventura, bad luck.
Negro, unlucky, unfortunate, ill-omened, sad, bad.
Negro, f. m. a black man, a black-moor.
Negros, Negroes, black-moors.
Negro affa. See *ASSA*.
P. ainda que negros, gente fomos e alma temos, though we are Blacks, we are men; we must not despise any body, though never so mean.
P. negro he o caracero, branco he o seu dinheiro, that is, any thing for gain. Juven. says, *lucrum bonus est odor ex re qualibet*.
Monges negros, (in old records) the Benedictines, the order of monks founded by St. Benedict.
A terra dos Negros, Nigritia, in Africa.
Mar Negro, the Black Sea.
Negros brancos. See *ALVINHOS*.
Negro, a kind of black sea-fish.
NEGROMANCIA, &c. See *NIGROMANCIA*.
NEGRUME, f. m. a black cloud.
NEGRURA, f. f. See *NEGRIDAM*.
NEGU'NDO, f. m. there are two trees in India called by this name, the male and the female. The fruit is like black pepper, of a sharp taste, not so hot as pepper, but hotter than ginger.

NEI

NEIA, a river in the province of Entre Douro e Minho. It passes through Santiago D'Aldreu, &c. and discharges itself into the sea near Viana.

NEO

NEL

NE'LDO, f. m. (in Coimbra) a sort of large apple so called.
NELGADA. See *PESUNHO*.
NELLA, the ablative of the pronoun *ella*, she or it. It has before it the preposition *na*, (whereof the vowel is cut off) and signifies in her, or in it.
NELLE, f. m. rice that has not been peeled.
Nelle, in it, or in him. It is the ablative of the pronoun *elle*, he. It is preceded by the preposition *no*, but the *o* is cut off.

NEM

NEM, a conj. nor, neither.
Não he bom nem mau, he is neither good nor bad.
Nem para huma, nem para outra parte, neither to the one part, nor unto the other; neither way.
Nem hum nem outro, neither the one nor the other, neither of the two.
Nem se quer hum, or nem hum, never a one.
Forão todos mortos, e nem se quer hum escapou, they were all slain to a man.
Nem mais, nem menos, neither more, nor less.
Nem per eu dizer isto me tenhais por arrogante, let me not in this be thought arrogant neither.
NEMEO, adj. Neæman; as, *os jogos Neæmos*, the Neæman games, instituted in honour of Hercules.
O fero nemeo, (with poets) Leo, one of the twelve signs of the Zodiac.
NEMESIS, f. f. Nemesis, the goddess of revenge.
NEMICHALDA, or *NEMIGALHA*, no body can understand the meaning of these two words, which are of a very ancient date.
NEMOROSO, a, adj. woody, full of woods.

NEN

NENGORO, f. m. a military order so called in the Japan islands.
NENHUM, a, adj. none, no.
Nenhum homem, no man.
De nenhuma forte, not at all, in no wise, not in the least, in no manner.
Não ha nenhum modo, there is no way.
Não temo nenhuma razão de, &c. I have no reason to, &c.
Em nenhuma parte, no where.
NENHURES, adv. no where.
NENIA, f. f. nenia, funeral songs, lamentations, or mournful tunes.

NEO

NEOMENIA, f. f. neomenia, the new moon, or beginning of the lunar month.
NEOPHYTO, f. m. a neophyte, one newly entered upon any profession, a learner or novice; also a neophyte, or one newly converted to the christian faith.

FFF

NES

NEOTE'RICO, a, adj. neoteric, modern, novel, late.
Neoterico, f. m. a neoteric.

NEP

NEPENTHES, f. m. nepenthe, or nepenthes, a kind of herb, which being put into wine, drives away sadness.
Nepentes, nepenthe, an epithet which Homer applies to that drug which Helen brought with her out of Egypt.
NEPHALIAS, f. f. p. (among the Greeks) the feasts of sober men, Nephalia.
NEPHRITICO, a, adj. nephritic, troubled with the stone; also nephritic, or belonging to a pain in the reins, or the organs of urine.
Medicamentos para as dores nephriticas, nephritics.
Dor nephritica, nephritis, a pain in the reins.
Pedra nephritica, nephriticus lapis, a sort of green stone good for nephritic pains, brought from Spain and the Indies.
Paõ nephritico, nephriticum lignum, a sort of wood which grows in New Spain, good in diseases of the reins.
Nephritis, ou dor nephritica. See *NEPHRITICO*.
NEPOTE, f. m. a nephew or relation to the pope, or some cardinal.
NEPOTISMO, f. m. nepotism, fondness for nephews.
NEPTUNO, a, adj. of, or belonging to Neptune.
NEPTUNO, f. m. Neptune, the heathen god of the ocean, (of *nando*, i. e. swimming.)

NEQ

NEQUICIA, f. f. See *MALDADE*.

NER

NEREIDAS, f. f. p. Nereids, the daughters of Nereus; mermaids or fishes, the upper part of which resembles a beautiful woman, and the rest a fish.
NEREO, f. m. Nereus, one of the poetical deities of the sea.
NERIO, or *Cabo Nério*, a promontory in Spain, now called Finisterre.
NERVINO, a, adj. (with physicians) nervous, relating to the nerves.
NERVO, f. m. a nerve, a sinew.
Nervo, (in a moral sense) strength, force, power, might, vigour.
Nervo, (with the Romans) a pair of stocks, or pillory. Lat. *nervus*.
NERVO SO, a, adj. nervous, sinewy; also pithy, having strength of argument. Lat. *nervosus*.

NES

NESCIO. See *NECIO*.
NE'SGA, f. f. a gore in a garment; also a piece of land having the form of a gore.
NE'SPERA, f. f. a medlar.

NES-

N E X

NESPERE'IRA, f. f. the medlar-tree.
NESSA, *nessa*, in that, in it; of *essa*, *esse*.
 See **PRONOME**.
NESTA, the ablative of *esta*, this. See **PRONOME**.
NESTE, the ablative of *este*, this, &c.
 See **PRONOME**.

N E T

NETA, f. f. a son's or daughter's daughter, a grand-daughter.
Tercira neta, a grand-child's grand-daughter.
Neta, (with jewellers) of the best sort, naïf, natural, of a quick and natural look, spoken of pearls.
Pimenta neta, the best sort of pepper.
NETO, f. m. a grand-son.
Terciro nito, a grand-child's grand-son.

N E V

NEVADA. See **NEVEDA**.
NEVADO, adj. covered with snow; also snow-white, or white as snow.
NEVA'R, v. n. to snow. *Neva*, it snows.
NE'VE, f. f. snow.
NEVEDA, f. f. the herb calaminth, nep, or cat's-mint.
NEVE'IRA, f. f. the place where ice is sold.
NEVE'IRO, f. m. the person who sells ice.
NE'UMA, (in music) a sort of *ligadura*. See **LIGADURA**.
NE'VOA, f. f. a fog, a mist. Lat. *nebulula*.
Cheyo de nevoa, foggy.
Nevoa, dimness, a disease in the chrystalline humour of the eye, films upon the eyes.
NEVOE'IRO, f. m. a thick fog; also any thing that dims or darkens the mind. (Metaph.)
NEVO SO, *a*, adj. snowy; also causing snow; also snowy, white as snow, shining.
Tempo nevooso, snowy weather.
NEUTRA'L, adj. neutral, neuter, not engaged on either side; as, *ser neutral*, to be neuter, to be of neither side; *ficar neutral*, to stand neutral.
Neutral, f. m. neuter, neutral, one who does not act, nor engage on either side.
NEUTRALIDA'DE, f. f. neutrality.
NEUTRA'LMENTE, adv. neutrally, on neither part; also in the neuter gender, or signification, (with grammarians.)
NEUTRO, *a*, adj. (with grammarians) neuter; as, *nomes do genero neutro*, nouns of the neuter gender; *verbo neutro*, a neuter verb.
Neutros passivos, neutro-passive; verbs neuter, having their preterperfect tense formed of a passive participle.
Neutro, or *neutral*. See **NEUTRAL**.

N E X

NE'XO, f. m. See **UNIAM**, and **VINCULO**.

N I M

N E Y

NEYVA. See **NEIVA**.

N I A

NIAGEM *grega*, a sort of linen.

N I C

NI'CHO, f. m. nich, a cavity in the thickness of a wall, to place a figure, or statue in.
NICOCIANA, f. f. nicotiana, (so called of John Nicot, who first sent it from Portugal into France, A. C. 1560) tobacco.
NICROLOGIO, f. m. necrology, a book in which the names of the benefactors are registered, the time of their death, and also the days of their commemoration.
NICROMANCIA, &c. See **NIGROMANCIA**, &c.

N I D

NIDIFICA'DO, p. of
NIDIFICA'R, v. n. to nest, to build a nest.
NIDORO'SO, *a*, adj. nidorous, resembling the smell or taste of roasted fat.
Arroto nidoroso, *cu de qualidade nidorosa*, nidorosity, erustation with the taste of undigested roast-meat.
NIDRO SO, idem.

N I E

NIENTE, (in cant) you do not know.

N I G

NIGE'LLA, f. f. (with botanists) the herb fennel-flower.
NIGRITAS, *ou terra dos Negros*. See **NEGRO**.
NIGROMANCIA, f. f. necromancy.
NIGROMANTE, f. m. a necromancer.
De, ou pertencente a nigromantes, ou nigromancia, necromantic.

N I L

NILO, f. m. the river Nile, the greatest in all Africa.
Instrumento com que mediao a altura da agoa nas enchentes do nilo, nilometre.
Catadupas do Nilo, Catadures, the place where the waters of the Nile fall with a great noise.
Nilo, (with the Romans) a channel, or channels of water brought by aqueducts to great men's houses for pleasure, running in curious windings and figures.
NILO'TICO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to the Nile.

N I M

NI'MIAMENTE, adv. too much.
NIMIEDA'DE, f. f. excess.
NI'MIO, *a*, adj. too much, superfluous, excessive, overmuch.
Nimio no fallar, too free of speech.
NIMIGA'LHA, f. f. (an antiquated word) nothing.

N I X

N I N

NINA. } See { **NANA**.
NINAR. } **ACALENTAR**.
NINFA. } **NYMPHA**.
NINGELLA. See **NIGELLA**.
NINGRIMANÇOS, f. m. p. the instruments or tools, with which they work in the falterns, or salt-works.
NINGUEM, f. m. no body, no man, no person.
Hum ningum, ou bennem de nada. See **NADA**.
NINHA'DA, f. f. a nide, or brood.
NINHARIA, f. f. a childish thing, a trifle.
NINHEGO, or *Falcão ninhego*, the hawk that has been taken out of the nest.
NI'NHO, f. m. a nest. See also **MO-RADA**, *domicilio*.
Fazer o ninho, to nest.
O tempo de estarem as aves no ninho, nidulation.

N I P

NI'PA, f. f. so they call two sorts of palm-trees in India, out of which they get wine, bread, &c.

N I Q

NI'QUE, f. m. a stroke or mark that a top makes with its peg.

N I S

NISAN, f. m. Nisan, the seventh month of the Jewish civil year, which is about our September. Buxtorf says, that it answers (for the greater part of it) to our March. Nehem. ii. 1.
NISSO, in that, in it. *Nisso*, in this. See **PRONOME**.

N I T

NI'TIDO, *a*, adj. clear, neat, shining.
NITRI'DO, p. of
NITRI'R, v. a. to neigh, to utter the voice of a horse or mare.
Onitir do cavallo, ou da egea, neigh, the voice of a horse or mare.
NI'TRO, f. m. nitre, called so from a mountain in Egypt, from whence it is taken.
Espirito de nitro, spirit of nitre.
NITRO'SO, *a*, adj. nitrous, or nitry..

N I V

NIVE'L, f. m. a carpenter's level to lay his work level by. See **LIVEL**.
NIVELADO. See **LIVELADO**.
NIVELA'R, v. a. to level; also to weigh, to examine, to balance or consider in mind. (Metaph.)
NI'VEO, *a*, adj. snowy, or snow-white, niveous.

N I X

NIXO, f. m. Engonasi, or Engonasis, a northern constellation consisting of about forty-eight stars, so called from the figure (represented on the celestial globe) of Hercules bearing upon his right knee, and endeavouring to bruisse.

N O C

braise a dragon's head with his left foot.

Nixus, *Nixidii*, (so called of *nixus*, the pangs or throws of a woman in travail) certain gods among the Romans, that presided over women in childbirth, in whose form they were represented.

N O

NO, (a preposition, serving for the masculine, gender, and singular number) in the.

Nó, f. m. a knot.

Dar nós, to knot.

Dar hum nó, to make a knot.

Nó *corredio*, cego. See *CORREDIO*, cego.

Nó dos dedos, knuckle, joint.

Que tem muito nó. See *NODOSO*.

Nó, ou *jugo Gordiano*. See *GORDIANO*.

Nó da arvore, knot, knob, or knob.

Nó da erva, &c. a little knee, joint, or knot in the stalk of an herb, &c.

Nó na tripa. See *VOLVULO*.

N O A

NOA, f. f. (in the Romish church) none, one of the seven canonical hours.

N O B

NOBILIARCHIA *Portuguesa*, the Portuguese peerage, a book so called.

NOBILIARIO, f. m. a book in which all the noblemen's titles and privileges are written.

NOBILIARI'STA, f. m. f. he or she that writes a *nobilisario*. See *NOBILIARIO*.

NOBILISSIMO, a, adj. superl. most noble.

NOBRE, adj. noble, being of an ancient and splendid family, or extraction; secondly, noble, worthy, illustrious, renowned; thirdly, noble, exalted, elevated, sublime; fourthly, noble, magnificent, stately; fifthly, noble, capital, principal; as, *As partes nobres do corpo*, the noble parts of the body, which are the brain, heart, and liver.

Homem nobre, a nobleman.

O nobre de Raimundo, a noble, an ancient English coin, in value six shillings and eight pence.

NOBREMENTE, adv. nobly.

NOBREZA, f. f. nobleness, nobility, gentility; also nobleness, excellency, dignity, greatness.

A nobreza, the nobility, or noblemen collectively.

Nobreza, a sort of silken stuff so called.

N O C

NOCAM, f. f. notion, idea, conception; also a definition.

NOCHATRO, f. m. the sal ammoniac, (with goldsmiths.)

NOCIVAMENTE, adv. mischievously.

N O I

NOCIVO, a, adj. hurtful.

NOCTIVAGO, a, adj. wandering, or moving in the night.

NOCTURLABIO, f. m. a nocturnal, or instrument, by which observations are made in the night.

NOCTURNO, a, adj. nocturnal, nocturnal, nightly; also wandering or moving in the night. See *NOITE*.

Nocturno, (in astronomy) nocturnal.

Nocturno, f. m. (in Roman Catholic churches) part of the matines or church-service, a nocturnal, or nocturn.

N O D

NO'DOA, f. f. a spot or stain. See also *PINTAS*.

Cousa que tem nodos, stained or spotted.

NODOSO, a, adj. knotty, full of knots.

Nodoso, (speaking of trees) knobby, full of knobs.

N O E

NOETE, f. m. a piece in the form of a button, which serves to shut or spread an umbrella, by running it up or down.

N O G

NOGA'DO, f. m. cat's-tail, or catkins, in walnut-trees.

NOGA'L. See *NOGUEIRAL*.

NOGUEIRA, f. f. a walnut-tree.

De cor de nogueira, of a walnut colour.

NOGUEIRA'L, f. m. a place where walnut-trees grow.

N O I

NOITE, f. f. night; also the goddess of darkness called Night by the ancients.

De noite, in the night, by night, in the night-time.

Esta, ou nesta noite, to-night, in this night, at this night.

Boca da noite. See *BOCA*.

Meya noite, midnight.

Sendo já noite fechada, at the close of the evening, or when it was quite dark.

Apanhoume a noite, I was benighted, or overtaken with the coming on of night.

Esta noite passada, last night.

De dia e de noite, day and night.

Passar de dia e de noite, to walk day and night.

Faz-se noite, it grows night.

Elle voltará esta noite, he will come back to night.

Terça-feira á noite, Tuesday-night.

Dar a algum as boas noites, (a compliment paid by the Portuguese when they first come in to pay a visit in the night time; though we only pay such a compliment upon our coming away) to wish, or bid one good night.

Passar a noite de claro em claro, sem dormir, so they say when a man cannot sleep a wink.

Alta noite, the dead time of the night.

N O I

Muito de noite, in the dead time of the night.

Noite escura, dark night.

Noite sem luar, moonless night.

Noite de luar, moonshine, or moonshiny night.

De, ou pertencente a noite, nightly, nocturnal.

Noite passada com desvelo em alguma obra, a night one sitteth up and studieth on.

Obra composta de noite, a lucubration.

Estudo que se faz de noite, nocturnal study, lucubration.

Composto, ou feito de noite á luz da candea, lucubratory.

Compor, ou escrever de noite, to lucubrate.

Estudos que se fazem perto da noite, nightward studies.

O que de noite causa desordens, e confusões, a night-brawler.

Barrete da noite, a night-cap.

Orvalho, que cabe de noite, night-dew.

Cão, que caça de noite, night-dog.

Vestido, que se traz de noite, night-dress.

Escuro, ou negro como a noite, nighted.

Que faz jornada de noite, nightfaring.

Que se perde de noite, night-foundered, lost in the night.

O que despriza, e acarreta a sujidade de noite, a night-man, one who carries ordure away in the night.

Pintura ou quadro que se de noite se pode ver á luz de vela, &c. a night-piece.

Ladrão nocturno, ou que furta de noite, night-robber.

Tumulto que se faz de noite, a night-rule.

Que luz de noite, night-shining.

Grito que se dá de noite, night-shriek.

Que anda de noite muito mansinho, e sem estrondo, night-tripping.

Passo que se dá de noite, a night-walk.

O que anda de noite para fazer mal, a night-walker.

Que canta de noite, night-warbling.

Parte da noite em que se rendem as guardas, ou vigias humas ás outras, night-watch.

P. de noite todos os gatos são pardos, at night all cats are grey; there is no distinction of colours in the dark.

P. o que á noite se faz, pela manhã apparece, what is done by night appears in the morning; that is, whether it be well or ill done.

P. má noite, e parir filha, to have a night full of pains, and be delivered of a daughter at last; that is, to take much pains, and make little of it; or, after long expectation, find but little profit; because most people covet sons; and when a woman has a hard labour, and at last it proves a girl, they are often discontented.

P. fazer da noite, noite, e do dia, dia, vivrás com alegria, make the night night, and the day day, and you will live pleasantly; that is, do not invert the order of nature, turning night into day, and day into night.

NOITESINHA, f. f. night-fall.

NOITIBO, f. m. a night-crow, a bird that cries in the night.

N O M

NOIVA, f. f. a bride, a new-married wife.
NOIVO, f. m. the bride-groom, the spouse or husband of a bride, a new-married man.
Os noivos, the bride and bridegroom together.
Honens ou mulheres que acompanhaõ os noivos no dia do casamento, bride-men, or bride-maids.

N O J

NOJENTO, a, adj. nauseous, that provoketh vomiting. See also **AS-QUEROSO**.
NOJO, f. m. a qualm, or inclination to vomit. See also **DANO**.
Fazer nojo, to provoke vomiting.
Nojo, mourning, sorrow; grief.
Ejar de nojo, to mourn, to wear the habit of sorrow, to be sorrowful.
Nojo, any thing that provokes vomiting.
Nojo, hindrance, incumbrance, clog.
NOJO'SO, a, adj. nauseous. See also **TORPE** and **SUJO**.

N O L

NOLI me tangere, (i. e. touch me not) a sort of cancer, or a malignant eruption in the face; noli me tangere.
Noli me tangere, (with botanists) noli me tangere, a plant so called from a singular property it has of darting out its seed when ripe, upon the first approach of the hand to touch its pods.
NOLA, a pronoun mixed, that serves for the feminine, and *nolo* for the masculine; of it, or it to us.

N O M

NOMADES, f. m. p. a people principally in Africa, near the Syrtis, but dispersed in Scythia, where they are now called Tatars.
NOME, f. m. a name. Lat. *nomen*. Sometimes fame, renown.
Dar, ou impor hum nome, to name, to give a name to.
Nome, name, or power delegated; as, *Em nome do povo*, in the name of the people.
Nome, name, appearance, not reality; as, *Amigo só de nome*, a friend in name.
Nome, name, reputation; as, *Não deixou bom nome*, he left no good name behind.
Nim, name, fictitious imputation.
Sem nome, ou que não tem nome, nameless.
De nome, ou pertencente a nome, nominal.
O que tem o mesmo nome que o outro, a namefake.
Elle tem o mesmo nome que eu, he is my namefake.
Nome do baptismo, Christian name.
Hum bom nome, a rich man, Codrus by name.
Chamar alguém pelo seu nome, to name one, to call him by his own name.

N O N

O que chama, ou nomea alguém pelo seu nome, a namer.
Em nome de alguém, in one's name.
Nome, (with grammarians) a noun.
Nome, (among soldiers) the watch-word.
Dar o nome, to give the watch-word.
Nomes, (the plural of *nome*) names; it signifies sometimes an opprobrious appellation, or names; as, *Chamar nomes*, to call names.
NOMEAÇAM, f. f. nomination, the act of naming or mentioning by name, particularly appointing a person to some office; also nomination, or the power of appointing.
NOMEADAMENTE, adv. expressly, or particularly, namely; also in the first place.
NOMEADO, a, adj. named. See also **CELEBRE**.
Nomeado, nominated, or proposed as fit to be chosen to bear any office or employment.
NOMEADOR, f. m. he who has the power to appoint one as fit to be chosen to bear any employment.
NOMEAR, v. a. to name, to mention by name, to nominate.
Nomear para algum emprego a alguém, to nominate one as fit to bear any employment.
NOMENCLADOR, f. m. a nomenclator.
NOMENCLATU'RA, f. f. the act of naming; also nomenclature, a set of names, a dictionary, or rather an abridgement of it.
NOMINA, f. f. a little bag to keep reliques in; also the stud or boss of a girdle, bridle, &c.
Nomina, (among the ancient Romans) an ornament worn about the neck, or at the breast of children, made like a heart, and hollow within, wore till they were seventeen years old, and then hung up to the household gods. Lat. *bullæ*.
Nomina. See **REPUTAÇAM**, **CREDITO**.
NOMINAÇAM, f. f. (in rhetoric) a coining of a name, or making a word to express a thing by.
NOMINA'ES, f. m. p. Nominals, or Nominalists, a sect of school philosophers, who were so denominated because they held that words, not things, were the objects of the dialectics.
NOMINATIVO, f. m. (in grammar) the nominative case.
NOMOCANON, f. m. Nomocanon, a collection of canons and imperial laws relating or conformable thereto.

N O N

NONA, f. f. the lowest class or form in a college; also the name of one of the three Destinies; also a title given to the nuns of St. Benedict.
NONADA. See **NONNADA**.
NONAGENÁRIO, a, adj. ninety years old.

N O R

NONAGESIMO, a, adj. the ninetyeth, the ordinal of ninety.
NONAS, f. f. p. the nones of every month, i. e. the seventh day of March, May, July, and October; and the fifth of the rest of the months.
NONES, f. m. p. odd, a number that is not even; as, three, five, seven, &c.
Paras ou nones, even, or odd.
NONNA, or **NONA**, f. f. a title given to the nuns of St. Benedict.
NONNADA, f. f. that which is next to nothing.
NONNO, or **NONO**, f. m. a title given to the monks of St. Benedict.
NONO, **NONA**, adj. ninth, the ordinal of nine, the first after eight.
Decimo nono, nineteenth, the ordinal of nineteen, the ninth after the tenth.
Em nono lugar, ninthly, in the ninth place.
Nono. See **NONNO**.
NON plus ultra, a Latin expression, signifying the extremity, the utmost pitch.

N O R

NORA, f. f. an engine to draw up water out of a well; also a son's wife, a daughter-in-law.
NORÇÁ, f. f. the herb bryony or white-vine. See **NORZÁ**.
NORCHILA. See **NEGUNDO**.
NORDESTE, north-east. See **VENTO**.
NORDESTEADO, part. of
NORDESTEAR a *agulha*, is for the needle to vary towards the north-east.
NORE, f. m. a sort of parrot so called.
NORMA, f. f. a rule, a direction.
NOROEÇA, f. f. the country of Norway.
NOR nordeste.
Nor noroeste. } See **VENTO**.
NOROESTE, &c.
NOROESTEADO, part. of
NOROESTEAR, v. n. (a sea term) is for the needle to vary towards the north-west.
NORSA. See **NORZÁ**.
NORTE, f. m. north, the opposite to the south.
Norte, ou pólo do norte, the north pole.
A estrella do norte, ou polar, the north star, or north pole star. It is in the tail of the constellation Ursa minor.
Do norte, ou pertencente ao norte, north, northern.
Que esta para a parte do norte, northerly, northward.
Para a parte do norte, ou para o norte, northward, northwards, towards the north.
Norte, (in a moral sense.) See **GULA**.
Vento norte, north wind.
NORZÁ, f. f. the herb bryony. Spanish, *ruza*.
Norza branca, white bryony.
Norza preta, black bryony.

N O S

NOT

N O S

NO'S, the plural of *eu*, we.

Nós dizemos, we say.

Nos, a pronoun conjunctive, us; as, *Elle nos ordena*, he bids us.

Nos, (a preposition that serves only for the plural number and masculine gender) in the; as, *nos campos*, in the fields.

Nos outros, we; *com nos outros*, with us.

NOSCADA. } See **NOZ**.

NOSCO. } See **COM**.

NOSSE, *a*, adj. our, ours.

O nosso livro, our book.

He nosso, it is ours.

Elle he dos nossos, he is one of our relations, friends, &c.

N O T

NOTA, *a*, note, a remark; also blemish, shame, disgrace, dishonour.

Nota de tabella, protocol, the first draught of a deed, instrument, or contract.

Nota, (in music) a note.

NOTABILIDADE, *f. f.* remarkableness.

NOTADO, *a*, adj. observed, &c. See the verb **NOTAR**.

NOTADOR, *f. m.* he who dictates or tells another what to write.

Notador, (in a tennis-court) a decider, he who decides and makes up any difference that may arise; the master of a racket.

Notador, (in a fencing-school) a decider, he who makes up any difference, and hinders (if necessary) those that fence from a real fight.

NOTAR, *v. a.* to note, to take notice of, to mark, to observe; also to blemish, to accuse, to defame.

Notar, to dictate, to tell another what to write.

NOTARIO, *f. m.* a notary.

NOTAVEL, adj. notable; remarkable.

NOTHO, *a*, adj. (with physicians) spurious; as, *Doenças nothas*, spurious diseases.

NOTICIA, *f. f.* notice, advice, knowledge, intelligence given or received. *Ter noticia de alguma coisa*, to have notice of a thing.

Dar noticia, to give notice.

Que tem muitas noticias. See **NOTICIOSO**.

NOTICIADO, *a*, adj. part. of

NOTICIAR, *v. a.* to notify, to give notice, to make known, to give intelligence.

Noticiar-se de alguma coisa, *v. r.* to have notice of any thing, to receive intelligence.

NOTICIOSO, *a*, adj. learned.

NOTIFICAÇÃO, *f. f.* a notification, or making known, a citation, or summons, by virtue of which a man is called to appear before a judge, magistrate, &c.

NOTIFICADO, *a*, adj. summoned to appear before a judge, &c.

NOV

NOTIFICAR, *v. a.* to summon, to call one to appear before a judge, &c.

NOTO, *a*, adj. known, evident. See also **NOTHO**.

Noto, *f. m.* notus, the south wind.

NOTOMIA. See **ANATOMIA**.

NOTORIAMENTE, adv. notoriously

NOTORIEDADE, *f. f.* notorioufness, notoriety.

NOTORIO, *a*, adj. notorious, publicly known.

N O V

NOVA, *f. f.* news, tidings, intelligence, account.

Ha muito tempo que não tenho novas nem mandado delle, I have not heard from him at all this great while.

Levar novas, to bear tidings, to carry news.

Dar más novas, to tell evil news.

O que inventa novas que são falsas, a contriver, a forger of false news.

Fazer-se de novas, to play the ignorant, to take no notice of any thing, to make as if one had no knowledge of some particular.

NOVAMENTE, adv. newly, lately.

NOVATO, *f. m.* a fresh man, a novice, or young student in an university; also a novice, a new beginner in any art or profession.

NOVE, (one of the cardinal nouns) nine, one more than eight.

Nove vezes, nine times.

Nove centos, nine hundred.

Nove vezes vinte, nine times twenty, nine score.

Nove vezes outro tanto, or *novado*. See

NOVEADO, *f. m.* nine-fold; nine times as many.

NOVEL, adj. that is newly come, or that is a new beginner, without experience.

Cavalleiro novel, a knight without experience, or newly dubbed.

NOVELLA, *f. f.* a novel, an ingenious relation of a pleasant adventure or intrigue.

Novellas, ou livros de cavallarias. See **CAVALLERIA**.

Novellas, Novels, a law annexed to the Codex. The Novels are 168 volumes of the civil law, added to the Codex by the emperor Justinian.

NOVELLEIRO, *f. m.* he who likes to hear news, a newsmonger; also a teller or writer of novels; also a novelist, or innovator.

Novelleiro, adj. that likes to hear news; also inconstant, changing.

Homem novelleiro, a novelist, an innovator.

NOVELLO, *f. m.* a bottom or clew of thread, &c.

NOVEMBRO, *f. m.* the month of November.

NOVEMESINHO, *f. m.* a child that cometh timely at nine months end.

NOVENA, *f. f.* a devotion of nine days.

NU

Fazer huma novena, to perform a devotion for nine days together.

NOVENO, *a*, adj. the ninth.

NOVENTA, *f. m.* ninety.

NOVICA, *f. f.* a woman novice.

NOVICIADO, *f. m.* noviciate, novitiate, or noviceship, the time during which a person is a novice, the state of a novice.

NOVICIADO, (with the Roman Catholics) noviciate, a year of probation appointed for the trial of religious, whether or not they have a vocation.

NOVICIARIA, *f. f.* a noviciate, the house or place where novices are instructed.

NOVICO, *f. m.* novice, one who has entered a religious house, but not yet taken the vow.

NOVIDADE, *f. f.* novelness, novelty, novity, newness. Lat. *novitas*.

Novidades, all kinds of fruit, as corn, olives, &c. when they are not ripened, nor the sap is fully come out of the root.

Novidades, news, tidings.

Perder-se huma novidade, is for the corn, &c. not to grow to maturity.

NOVELHA, *f. f.* a young heifer.

NOVLHO, *f. m.* a steer, a young ox or bullock.

NOVILUNIO, *f. m.* the new moon.

NOVISSIMAMENTE, adv. lately.

NOVISSIMO, *a*, adj. very new.

Novissimos, *f. m. p.* the four last things, death, judgment, heaven, and hell.

NOVO, *a*, adj. new; also young.

De novo, newly, lately; also again, a second time, anew.

Novo mundo, the new world. See **AMERICA**.

Novo, (in a moral sense) repentant, or sorrowful for sin.

NOUTE. See **NOITE**.

N O X

NOXIO. See **NOCHO**.

N O Z

NOZ, *f. f.* a walnut.

Noz real, the large French walnut.

Noz duraxia, the hard-shelled walnut.

Noz mollar, the thin-shelled walnut.

Entremys do mielo da noz, zest, the woody thick skin quartering the kernel of a walnut.

Noz nescada, or *moçada*, nutmeg.

Noz vomica, the vomiting-nut, or vomit nut, a certain poison for animals. It is flat, compressed, and round.

Noz mi-lla, the apple of Peru, or thorn-apple.

Noz da India. See **COCO**.

Noz, the nut of the cross-bow.

Noz da garganta, Adam's apple, a boss or protuberance in the throat.

N U

NU, *nuu*, adj. naked, uncovered, bare; also naked, mere, bare, simply. See also **NECESSITADO**.

E pa-

NUM

Espada nua, a drawn sword.
Na de abrigo. See *DESABRIGADO*.
Sombra nua, (in poetry) shade, the soul separated from the body.
Partes nuas de huma pintura, nudities (with painters.)
NUAMENTE, adv. nakedly.

NUB

NUBIFERO, *a*, adj. bringing clouds, (in poetry) cloudy, overcast.
NUBIVAGO, *a*, adj. wandering through, or among the clouds.
NUBLADO, or *NUBRADO*, *a*, adj. cloudy, overcast. See the verb *NUBRAR*.
NUBRADO, *f. m.* cloudy weather, or a flash of rain that falls as a cloud is passing; also any trouble, (in a moral sense.)
NUBRAR, *v. a.* to cover with clouds, to over-cast, to cloud.
Nubrar-se, *v. r.* to grow cloudy, to cloud, to grow dark with clouds.

NUC

NUCA, *f. f.* the nape of the head.

NUD

NUDAMENTE, adv. nakedly, simply, barely, in the abstract.
NUDEZA, or *NUEZA*, *f. f.* nakedness, the state of being without clothing; also a total want, or poverty.

NUG

NUGAÇAM, *f. f.* a mere nonentity.
NUGATORIO, *a*, adj. ridiculous, fit to be laughed at.

NUL

NULLIDADE, *f. f.* nullity, the state of being null and void.
NULLO, *a*, adj. null, void, of no force.
Fazer nullo, to null, to nullify, to make void and of no effect.

NUM

NUME, *f. m.* (in poetry) a deity.
NUMERADO, *a*, adj. See *NUMERAR*.
NUMERADOR, *f. m.* (of a fraction) numerator, the number placed above the separating line, and expressing the number of the parts of unity in any fraction; as, $\frac{4}{5}$, where 4 is the numerator.
NUMERAL, adj. numeral, pertaining to number.
NUMERAR, *v. a.* to enumerate. See *CONTAR*.
Numerar hum livro, to page, to mark the pages of a book.
Numerar, to reckon, take for, rank in the number of, or esteem, to number, to reckon as one of the same kind.
NUMERAVEL, adj. that may be numbered, numerable.
NUMERIA, *f. f.* a goddess implored by women for a speedy delivery.

NUM

NUMERICAMENTE, adv. numerically.
NUMÉRICO, *a*, adj. numerical.
Letras numericas, numeral letters, those letters which are generally used for numbers; as,

I.
 II.
 III.
 IV.
 V.
 VI.
 VII.
 VIII.
 IX.
 X.
 XI.
 XII.
 XIII.
 XIV.
 XV.
 XVI.
 XVII.
 XVIII.
 XIX.
 XX.
 XXI. &c.
 XXX.
 XL.
 L.
 LX.
 LXX.
 LXXX.
 XC.
 C.

CC.
 CCC.
 CD.
 D. or IO
 DC.
 DCC.
 DCCC.
 DCCCC.
 M. or CIO.
 IIM.
 IIIM.
 IVM.
 VM.
 VIM.
 VIIM.
 VIIIM.
 IXM.

XM. or CCIOO.
 XIM.
 XIIM. &c.

LM. or IOOO
 CM. or CCCIOOO
 CCM.
 DM. IOOOO

CCCCIOOOO &c.

NUMERO, *f. m.* number, any particular aggregate of units, as even and odd; also a multitude that may be reckoned.

Número, (in grammar) number, the variation or change of termination to signify a number more than one.

See *numero*, numberless.

Numero, a term which merchants and others prefix to a certain number of

NU T

things. It is called *numero*, and marked thus (Nº.)
Pôr no numero, to number, to reckon as one of the same kind.

Aureo numero. See *AUREO*.

Numeros, verses, poetry.

O livro dos Numeros, Numbers, the fourth book of Moses, so called from its giving an account of the numbering of the Israelites.

Numeros inteiros, integers, whole numbers.

Numeros quebrados, broken numbers, or fractions.

Numero primo, primitive, or simple, prime number, that which is only divisible by unity, as five and seven are.

Numeros compostos, composite, or compound number, a number which may be divided by some number less than the composite itself, but greater than unity.

Numeros perfectos, perfect numbers, or those whose aliquot parts, being added together, make the whole number; as, six, twenty-eight, &c.

Numeros imperfeitos ou diminutivos, imperfect numbers, those whose aliquot parts, being added together, make either more or less than the whole number.

NUMEROSO, *a*, adj. numerous; also harmonious.

NUN

NUNCA, adv. never.

Seria nunca acabar, there would be no end.

Nunca mais, never; also never since.

P. mais vale tarde que nunca, that is not lost which comes at last.

NU'NCIA, *f. f.* a she-fore-runner, or harbinger; as, *nuncia do sol*, the fore-runner of the sun.

NUNCIATU'RA, *f. f.* the dignity of a nuncio, nunciature.

NU'NCIO, *f. m.* nuncio, a sort of spiritual envoy from the pope.

NUNCUPATIVO, *a*, adj. (in law) nuncupative, or nuncupatory, pronounced verbally.

Testamento nuncupativo, nuncupative will, a will or testament made before witnesses by word of mouth, and not by writing.

NU P

NUPCIA'L, adj. nuptial, pertaining to wedding, or marriage. Lat. *nuptialis*.

NU T

NUTA'DO, part of

NU'TA R, *v. n.* to nod, to threaten to fall. Lat. *nutari*.

NUTRIÇAM, *f. f.* nutrition.

Fazer nutrição. See *NUTRIR*.

NUTRIDO, *a*, adj. See *NUTRIR*.

NUTRIENTE, *p. a.* nourishing.

NUTRIMENTA'L, adj. nutrimental.

NUTRIR, *v. a.* to nourish. Lat. *nutrire*.

NU-

O

NUTRITICO, *a*, adj. (with physicians) nutrimental.
NUTRITIVO, *a*, adj. (with physicians) that prepares or makes the food fit for nourishment.

N U V

NUVEM, *f. f.* a cloud; also a vast multitude.
Cobrir de nuvens. See **NUBRAR**.
Cubrir-se, ou soldar-se de nuvens. See **NUBRAR-SE**.
Que chega ás nuvens, cloud-capt, touching the clouds.
Sem nuvens, cloudless.

O B I

Cuberto de nuvens, cloudy, overcast with clouds.
Por alguma fibre as nuvens, (metaph.) to praise one highly.
NUVEMSTINHA, *f. f.* a little cloud. Lat. *nubecula*.
NUVRADO, *a*, adj. cloudy, overcast with clouds. See **NUBRADO**.
NUVRAR. See **NUBRAR**.

N Y C

NYCTALOPIA, *f. f.* nyctalopia, a disease in the eyes. See **MALVISITO**.
NYCTELIAS, the nocturnal orgies of Bacchus called Nyctelia.

O B L

N Y M

NYMPHA, *f. f.* nymph, a goddess of the woods, meadows, or water, as rivers, springs, lakes, &c. also any pretty young lady.
NYMPHEA, *f. f.* See **GOLFAM**.
NYMPHEO, *f. m.* nymphæum, a public hall or building among the ancients, richly furnished and adorned for public banqueting, where those, who wanted conveniences at home, held their marriage feasts; also nymphæa, certain baths or grottos sacred to the nymphs. (in Rome.)
NYMPHOIDES, the third sort of the herb called nymphæa, water-lily, or water-rose.

O.

O, *f. m.* the fourth of the vowels, and the fourteenth of the Portuguese alphabet.

O has two sounds, one open, as in the word *dó*, pity; where the *o* is pronounced like our *o* in the word *store*; the other close, as in the Portuguese article *de*, of, where the *o* is pronounced like our *u* in *turret*, or *stumble*. The adjective nouns ending in *oso*, have the *o* close, in the masculine, and open in the feminine; as, *fermoso*, *fermosa*; *curioso*, *curiosa*, &c.
O, with the ancients, was a numeral letter signifying eleven, according to this verse.

O numerum gestat, qui nunc undecimus erat.

O, with a dash, stood for eleven millions.

O, is used as an interjection of calling, exclamation, wishing, admiration, or indignation, &c. as,

O que formosa criatura! O what a beautiful creature!

O se chegasse aquelle dia! O that day would come!

O grande Deus! O great God!

O velhaco! O thou knave!

O! espera, ou vem cá, soho! stop, stay, or come hither.

O! ti-lo lá vem, ho, or ho! there he comes.

O, a particle of grief; as, *o que lastima!* oh what a pity!

O, (in arithmetic) signifies a cypher.

O (the masculine article) the; as, *o homem*, the man.

N. B. This article respects our secondary perception, and denotes individuals as known; therefore it is to be englisht by *the*, and not by *a*.

O, a pronoun relative, him, or it; as, *eu chamo-o*, or *eu o chamo*, I call him, or it. It must be always put after

the gerunds, but before the infinitives; as, *orando-o*, seeing him or it; *para-o ver*, to see him, or it.

Nossa Senhora do O, a festival of the blessed Virgin, being the expectation of her delivery.

O before *que*, is englisht by what; *isto he o que elle diz*, this is what he says.

O B E

OBEDECER, *v. a.* to obey, to submit to authority; also to yield to be obedient; to bend; to be pliant.

Fazer-se obedecer, to make one's self to be obeyed.

Que obedece, obeying.

OBEDECIDO, *a*, adj. obeyed.

OBEDIENCIA, *f. f.* obedience, dutifulness.

Obediencia, (in a convent, or monastery) task, employment, business.

A' sua obediencia, a manner of taking leave, your most obedient.

OBDIENCIAL, adj. (with philosophers) obediential.

OBDIENTE, adj. obedient; also obedient, pliant, easy to be wrought.

Signos obedientes, (in astrology.) See **IMPERANTE**.

OBELISCO, *f. m.* an obelisk, a magnificent high piece of solid marble, or other fine stone.

Obelisco, (with printers) a dagger or critical mark set before any word or sentence of false, or suspected authority, an obelisk. It is marked thus †, but by Bluteau thus —

OBESE, *f. f.* (with physicians) obefenses, obesity, morbid fatness.

OBEZO, *a*, adj. obese, fat.

Obeso, *f. m.* one that is obese, or laden with flesh.

O B I

O BICE. See **OBSTACULO**.

OBITO, *f. m.* obit; also death. From the Lat. *obitus*.

Livro dos obitos, an obituary, a register wherein are written the names of the dead, and the days of their burial.

O B J

OBJECÇAM, *f. f.* objection; difficulty. *Per huma objeçam*, to object, to make an objection.

O que poem huma objeçam, an objection.

OBJECTAR, *v. a.* to object, to make an objection.

OBJECTIVO, *a*, adj. objective, relating to the object.

Fidra objectiva, object-glass; a glass in a telescope or microscope, placed at that end of the tube which is next to the object, and farthest from the eye.

OBJECTO, *f. m.* object, the matter of an art or science; also any thing placed to be beheld, or opposed to any of the senses; something apprehended or presented to the mind either by sensation, or by imagination.

O B L

OBLAÇAM, *f. f.* an oblation; or offering, a sacrifice.

OBLATA, *f. f.* (in the celebration of mass) the bread and wine before being consecrated.

OBLATO, *f. m.* (with the Benedictines) a child devoted to the service of God, and received into the monastery with certain proper solemnities.

Oblato, oblate, a soldier disabled in the service of his prince, who had the benefit of the place of a monk given him in an abbey.

OBLICAR, **OBLICO**. See **OBLIQUAR**, **OBLIQUO**.

OBLIQUAMENTE, adv. obliquely, awry,

O B R

awry, crookedly, in an oblique manner.
OBLIQUAR, or **OBLICAR**, v. a. to form in an oblique figure. Lat. *obliquare*.
OBLIQUIDADE, f. f. obliqueness, obliquity, obliquation.
OBLIQUO, a, adj. oblique, not direct.
Esferra obliqua, oblique sphere, (in astronomy.)
Casos obliquos, (in grammar) oblique cases, any cases in nouns except the nominative.
Em oblique, (in logic) obliquely, not in the direct or immediate meaning.
OBLITERADO, a, adj. obliterated, blotted out.
OBLITERAR, v. a. to obliterate, to efface any thing written.
O acto de obliterar, obliteration, the act of blotting out.
O'BOLO, f. m. obolus, a weight consisting of the sixth part of a drachma.
OBRABRADO, a, adj. obumbrated, &c. See
OBRABRA'R, v. a. to over-shadow, to cover or darken, to obumbrate. Lat. *obumbrare*.

O B R

OBRA, f. f. work; also action, deed.
Obra de duas leguas, about two leagues.
Obras pias, charitable uses.
Obras de engenho, poemas, livros, &c. the writings of an author.
O que trabalha com outro na mesma obra, work-fellow.
Obras, any building, or repairing.
Obra de mãos, handicraft, handywork.
Obras mortas, (in a ship) the whole work from the first deck upwards, as much of the sides of the ship as are above the deck.
Obras vivas, (in a ship) the whole work from the first deck downwards.
Obras mortas, (with divines) any action, or deed performed by a person that is in the state of spiritual death, or lying under the power of sin.
Obra curada. See **HORNATEQUE**.
P. obra de homem, obra de nenhum, every body's business is no body's business.
P. obra são amoris, e não palavras doces, actions are love, and not fair words; that is, love is shown by kind actions, and not by fair speeches.
OBRA'DA, f. f. (in the province of Entre Douro e Minho) an offering made to the parson when any of his parishioners die.
OBRA'DO R, f. m. a work-master, the performer of any work.
OBRA'DO, p. of
OBRA'R, v. n. to behave, to conduct one's self.
O'rar, to work, to operate as a purge or other physic.
Obrar, v. a. to perform, to do.
OBRASINHA, f. f. a little work.
OBREA, f. f. a wafer, paste dried for

O B S

sealing letters; also the wafer or bread in the eucharist.
OBREEIRO, f. m. he who makes or sells wafers.
OBREIRA, f. f. a work-woman, a woman that works.
OBREIRO, f. m. a workman, a man that works for hire.
OBREPCAM, f. f. obreption, the getting of a thing by crafty or indirect means.
OBREPTIC'IO, a, adj. obreptitious, obtained by indirect or crafty means.
OBRIGAÇAM, f. f. obligation, tie, bond; also obligation, duty.
Deo-vos muitas obrigacões, I am very much obliged, beholden, or bound to you.
Fazer a sua obrigacão, to do, to perform one's duty.
Obrigacões que bem emprego, eu cargo traz consigo, the duty of one's place.
Obrigacão, an obligation, bond, or obligatory writing.
O que faz huma obrigacão neste sentido, an obligee.
Obrigacão, (in the province of Beira.) See **FAMILIA**.
Ser da obrigacão de alguém, to depend on, or to be sustained by another.
O que he da obrigacão de alguém, a dependent, one who depends on or is sustained by another, one who is at the disposal and discretion of another.
OBRIGADO, a, adj. obliged. See the verb **OBRIGAR**.
Obrigado na deusssa, (a law-phrase) guilty, culpable.
Obrigado, obliging, courteous, kind.
Obrigado, f. m. he that is obliged to provide cattle for the shambles, for a convent, &c.
OBRIGAR, v. a. to oblige, force or compel. See also **HYPOTECAR**.
Elle está obrigado a pagar, he is obliged to pay.
Obrigar com beneficios, to oblige, to lay an obligation upon, to do a kindness, good turn, or office.
Obrigar alguém a apparecer em juizo, to bind one over.
Obrigar-se, v. r. to take as a favour, to be obliged by kindness, to bind one's self, or to be bound to gratify; also to bind one's self by bond.
Obrigarme he muito disso, I shall take it as a great favour.
Aquella tea cegam fara que elle se obrigue de vos, that good-natured action will bind him to you.
OBRIGATORIO, a, adj. (in law) obligatory, coercive.
OBRINHIA, f. f. a little work.

O B S

OBSCENIDADE, f. f. obsceneness, obscenity.
Cem obscenidade, obscenely.
OBSCENO, a, adj. obscene, lewd.
OBSCURECIDO, &c. See **ESQUIRECIDO**, &c.
OBSECRACAM, f. f. obsecration.
OBSECRADO, p. of

O B S

OBSECRA'R, v. a. to entreat earnestly.
OBSEQUIAS, f. f. p. obsequies, funeral rites and solemnities.
OBSEQUIADO, p. of
OBSEQUIAR, v. a. to court, to flatter, to be obsequious.
OBSEQUIO, f. m. obsequiousness, carefulness to please.
Com obsequios, obsequiously.
Fazer obsequios. See **OBSEQUIAR**.
OBSEQUIOSO, a, adj. obsequious.
OBSEQUIACAM, f. f. observation.
OBSEQUIADO, a, adj. observed. See **OBSERVAR**.
OBSERVADO'R, f. m. an observer, one that makes astronomical observations.
OBSERVANCIA, f. f. observance, attentive practice.
Religiosos da observancia. See **OBSERVANTES**.
OBSERVANTE, p. act. one that is observant, or keeps religiously. It is peculiarly used for the strictest of the Franciscan friars, and some others, because they observe their rules more than the rest.
OBSERVANTINO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the strictest of the Franciscan friars.
OBSERVANTISSIMO, a, adj. very observant.
OBSERVAR, v. a. to observe, to keep or follow a rule, law, &c. to obey; also to observe, to contemplate, to regard attentively; also to observe, to make a remark or animadversion.
Observar respeito. See **RESPEITAR**.
O observar, (in navigation) to observe, to take the height of the sun or star with an instrument, in order to know in what degree of latitude a ship is at all times.
OBSERVATORIO, f. m. an observatory, a place built for astronomical observations.
OBSESSAM, f. f. obsession, the first attack of Satan, antecedent to possession.
OBSESSO, a, adj. molested by the devils, outwardly.
OBSIDIONA'L, adj. obsidional; as, *cercos obsidional*, the obsidional cannon, which was by the Romans given to those that had held out a siege or caused the enemy to raise it, by repulsing them, or otherwise.
OBSTACULO, f. m. an obstacle, or let. See **REPUGNANCIA**.
OBSTANTE, p. act. that which hinders.
Não obstante, notwithstanding.
OBSTAR, v. a. and n. to obstruct, to hinder.
OBSISTACAM, f. f. obstinateness, obstinacy, stubbornness.
OBSISTADAMENTE, adv. obstinately, stubbornly.
OBSISTADISSIMO, a, adj. superl. very obstinate.
OBSISTADO, a, adj. obstinate, stubborn.

O C C

OBSTINAR-SE, v. r. to grow obstinate.
OBSTRUCCAM, f. f. (in medicine) obstruction.
Abriu obstruccoens. See **DESOPILAR**.
Que causa obstruccoens, obstructive.
OBSTRUI'DO, a, adj. obstructed.
OBSTRUIR, v. a. (in medicine) to obstruct, or shut up the passages in a human body, so as to prevent the flowing of any fluid through it.

O B T

OBTUNDIR, v. a. (with physicians) to obtund, to blunt.
OBTUSANGULO, a, adj. obtusangular, (in geometry.)
Triangulo obtusangulo, obtuse-angled triangle.
OBTUSO, a, (in geometry) obtuse; as, *angulo obtuso*, an obtuse angle.
Obtuso, obtuse, stupid, heavy, dull-witted, not quick; also obtuse, obscure, not thrill; as, *hum som obtuso*, an obtuse sound.

O B V

OBVIAR'DO, a, adj. See
OBVIAR, v. a. to obviate, to prevent, to hinder.
OBUMBRADO, a, adj. obumbrated.
OBUMBRAR, v. a. to obumbrate.
Obumbrar-se, to be obumbrated.

O C A

OCA, or *Jogo da oca*, the play of the goose. From *oca*, an Italian word, which signifies goose.

O C C

OCCA. See **OCA**.
OCCASIAM, f. f. occasion, opportunity; also occasion, cause, reason.
Occasiao min3rua. See **MENSTRUO**.
Dar occasiao, to occasion, to give an occasion.
Deixar passar huma bella occasiao, to slip, or let slip a fair opportunity.
Aproveitar-se da occasiao, to improve the opportunity.
OCCASIONA'DO, a, that occasions, or gives an occasion to quarrels, disturbances, or troubles; also occasioned, caused. See the verb.
OCCASIONALMENTE, adv. occasionally.
OCCASIONA'R, v. a. to occasion, to cause, to give an occasion.
OCCA'SO, f. m. the occident or west. See also **RUINA**.
Ocaso do sol, *ou de outro planeta*, the going down of the sun, or any other planet, the set, or setting of the sun, &c.
OCCIDENTA'L, adj. occidental, western, or west. *Indias occidentais*, West Indies.
OCCIDENTE, f. m. the occident, or west.
 Ao occidente de algum lugar, west, or to the west of any place.
Para a parte do occidente, westward, towards the west.

O C E

OCCI'DUO, a, adj. occiduous, western.
OCCIPICIAL, adj. (in anatomy) occipital.
Ossa occipicial, occipitis os.
OCCIPICIO, f. m. (in anatomy) occiput, the hinder part of the head.
OCCISA'M, f. f. (with moralists) slaughter, killing, murder. Lat. *occiso*.
OCCORRE'R, v. n. to occur, to be offered or presented to the memory, to come into one's mind. See also **ACUDIR**, and **PREVENIR**.
Ocorre-me, it comes into my head.
Occorrer, (in the Breviary of the Romish church) is for the feasts or festival days of two saints, to concur, fall in, or meet in the same day.
OCCULTA'DO, a, adj. See **OCCULTAR**.
OCCULTAMENTE, adv. occultly, privily, secretly.
OCCULTA'R, v. a. to conceal, to hide.
O acto de occultar, occultation.
OCCULTO, a, adj. occult, hidden, concealed, secret, privy, unknown, undiscoverable.
Linha occulta, or *branca*, (with geometers) an occult line, a line that is scarce perceivable; drawn with the point of the compass, &c.
Qualidades occultas, (with ancient philosophers) occult qualities, a term commonly used as an asylum for their ignorance; who, when they could give no account of a phenomenon, were wont to attribute it to some occult quality.
Tempo em que os planetas, ou estrellas estao occultos a nossa vista por causa de hum eclipse, &c. occultation, the time a star or planet is hidden from our sight in an eclipse, &c.
OCCUPAÇAM, f. f. occupation, employment, business; also the figure anhypophora; also the figure called preterition, (both in rhetoric.)
OCCUPA'DO, a, adj. busy, occupied, employed; also taken up or filled. See the v. **OCCUPAR**.
Occupado sem ter que fazer, a busy-body.
OCCUPA'R, v. a. to occupy, to fill or take up a place, to keep, to possess, to take possession of; also to occupy, to busy, to employ.
Occupar-se, v. r. to occupy, to follow any sort of business.
OCCURRENCIA, f. f. occurrence, incident, casual adventure or event, conjuncture of affairs.
OCCURRENTE, f. f. idem.

O C E

OCEA'NO, f. m. ocean, that vast collection of waters, or the main or great sea which surrounds the whole globe of the earth.
Do oceano, *ou pertencente a elle*, oceanic, oceanous, pertaining to the ocean.
Oceano Occidental, or *Atlantico*, Atlantic ocean.

G g g

O C T

Oceano Septentrional, the Hyperborean ocean.
Oceano, ou mar do sul, &c. See **MAR**.

O C H

OCHIMATROPHIS, f. m. (with anatomists) vehicle, the serum or watery humour that conveys the small parts of the blood, and disperses them all over the body. Greek.
OCHLOGRACIA, f. f. ochlogratia, a form of government, wherein the populace has the sole power and administration. Greek.

O C I

O'CIO, f. m. leisure, idleness. Lat. *otium*.
O'CIO'SAMENTE, adv. idly, lazily.
O'CIOSIDA'DE, f. f. idleness, laziness, aversion from labour.
Ociosidades, an idle story.
O'CIO'SO, a, adj. idle, not busy, being at leisure; also idle, lazy, averse from labour; also idle, trifling, of no importance.
Estar, ou andar ocioso, to idle, to lose time in laziness and inactivity.

O C O

O'CO, a, adj. hollow, not solid, having a cavity within. See also **CONCAVO**.
Oco, vain, not solid, not real. (Metaph.)

O C R

O'CRE, f. m. ochre. The earth distinguished by the name of ochres, are those which have rough or naturally dusty surfaces, but slightly coherent in their texture, and which are composed of fine and soft argillaceous particles and are readily diffusible in water. They are of various colours, as, red, yellow, blue, green, black.
Ocre amarello, yellow ochre, or ochre of iron.
Ocre azul, blue ochre, or ochre of copper.
De, ou pertencente a ochre, ochreous.
Que participa de ocre, ochrey.

O C T

OCTACOR'DO, f. m. a musical instrument with eight chords or strings.
OCTAEDRO, f. m. octaedron, one of the five regular bodies, consisting of eight faces, or eight regular triangles.
OCTAGENARIO, a, adj. eighty years old, octogenary.
OCTAGESIMO, a, adj. the eightieth.
OCTAVA, or **OITAVA**, f. f. octave, the eighth day after some peculiar festivals; also octave, or eight days together after a festival. See **OITAVA**.
Octava, (in music) octave, an eighth, or an interval of eight sounds.
Octava, (in the Portuguese poetry) a stanza or slave, consisting of eight grave verses regularly disposed, so as that.

ODR

that, when the stanza is concluded, there is a perfect sense, and the same order begins again.
OCTOGONO, *f. m.* (in geometry) an octagon.

OCU

OCULAR, *adj.* ocular; as, *testemunha ocular*, an ocular, or eye-witness.
Ocular, pertaining to the eyes; also good for the diseases of the eyes.
Arte, ou medicina ocular, the art of curing the diseases of the eyes.
Ocular, oculate, having eyes, or something like them.
Vidro ocular, (in a telescope, &c.) the glass near the eye, opposite to the object-glass.
Lente ocular. See **OLHO**.
OCULARMENTE, *adv.* to the observation of the eye, ocularly.
OCULATÍSSIMO, *a, adj.* sup. very attentive or careful.
OCULISTA, *f. m.* an oculist.
O CULO, *f. m.* as, *oculo de ver ao longe, ou de longa vista*, a perspective glass.
Oculos, (in the plural) spectacles, glasses to help the sight.
P. he boa coiza de ocular; that is, he is a good for nothing fellow.
OCULUS Christi, or *borrao bravo*, the herb called wild clary. *Oculus Christi*.

ODA

ODA, *f. f.* an ode in poetry.
Oda pequena, an odelet.

ODE

ODE, *f. f.* See **ODA**.

ODI

ODIAA', *f. m.* (in some parts of India) a present.
ODIA'DO, *a, adj.* hated.
ODIA'R, *v. a.* to hate.
Odiar-se, *v. r.* to grow odious, and abominable.
ODIO, *f. m.* hatred. *Lat.odium*.
Encorrer no odio. See **ODIAR-SE**.
Ter odio. See **ODIAR**.
ODIOSO, *a, adj.* odious, abominable, hateful, heinous.
Com modo odioso, odiously, hatefully, so as to cause hate.

ODO

ODONTALGIA, (among physicians) tooth-ach. *Greek*.
ODORIFERO, *a, adj.* odoriferous, odorous.
Fama odorifera, (metaph.) good name, reputation, esteem.
ODO'R, *f. m.* See **CHEIRO**.

ODR

ODRE, *f. m.* a water budget, a goat's skin dressed with the hair inward with pitch and rosin, to carry wine, oil, or the like, because they are more convenient to lay on a mule or ass than any cask. From the *Lat. ater*.

OFF

ODREIRO, *f. m.* he who prepares skins to carry wine in.

ODY

ODYSSE'A, *f. f.* the *Odysse*, or *Odysey*, an epic poem of Homer's, wherein he relates the adventures that befel Ulysses, on his return from the siege of Troy. *Greek*.

OES

OESNOROE'STE.
OE'STE.
OESUDOESTE. } See **VENTO**.

OET

O'ETA. See **VESTIA**.

OFF

OFFANCINO. See **OMPHACINO**.
OFFEGA'DO, part. of
OFFEGAR, *v. n.* (in the province of Beira) to breathe with difficulty.
OFFE'GO, *f. m.* so some call the purring, or noise of a cat.
OFFENDER, *v. a.* to offend, to injure, to make angry.
Offender a Deus, to offend the laws of God.
Offender-se. See **AGGRAVAR-SE**.
OFFENDIDO, *a, adj.* offended.
OFFENSA, *f. f.* an offence, injury, wrong; also a fault or defect. See also **PECCADO**.
OFFENSIVO, *a, adj.* offensive, assailing, fit to annoy, or attack an enemy, not defensive.
OFFENSOR, *f. m.* an offender.
OFFENSORA, *f. f.* an offendress.
OFFERECER, *v. a.* to offer, to present, to exhibit any thing, so as that it may be taken or received; also to offer, to sacrifice; also offer, to bid as a price or reward.
O qui offerret, an offerer.
Offerer-se, *v. r.* to offer, to present himself, or itself.
OFFERECI'DO, *a, adj.* offered.
OFFERECIMENTO, *f. m.* an offering, the act of offering.
OFFERENDA, *f. f.* See
OFFERTA, *f. f.* offering, any thing offered in worship.
Offertas da fortuna, the gifts of fortune.
OFFERTADO, *p.* of
OFFERTA'R, *v. a.* to offer, to present as an act of worship.
OFFERTO'RIO, *f. m.* (among the Romanists) offertory, a part of the mass, an anthem sung or played on the organ, at the time the people are making an offering.
OFFICIA'DO, *a, adj.* ex. *Igreja bem officida*, a church wherein divine service is read with decency. See the verb.
OFFICIAL, *f. m.* a handicraftsman.
Official, an officer, one who officiates in any office, a man employed by the public; also a commander in the army, an officer.

OFF

Official de justiça, an officer, one who has the power of apprehending criminals and other delinquents.
Officiais principais de guerra, general officers in an army.
Official da camara, an alderman.
Officiais de ordens, subaltern officers, serjeants, &c.
P. quem he o teu inimigo, o official, &c.
 See **INIMIGO**.
OFFICIA'R, *v. a.* to officiate; as, *officiar huma missa cantada*, to officiate, to help to sing mass.
OFFICINA, *f. f.* a shop or work-house.
Officinas de hum convento, all the conveniences which are necessary in a convent; as a cave, a pantry, &c.
Officina, (metaph.) a house wherein any thing is taught, either good or bad.
OFFICIO, *f. m.* office, employment, or charge.
Fazer o seu officio, to do the duty pertaining to one's office, to discharge an office.
Exercitar hum officio em lugar de outro, to officiate, to perform an office for another.
Officio, the office of the church, the divine service.
Fazer esta sorte de officio, to officiate.
Officio, office, part of the Breviary or book that contains the daily service of the Romish church.
Officio, office, duty, part, business.
Officio, office, an act of good or ill voluntarily tendered, a good or ill turn.
Fazer a algum mais officio, to do one's diskindness, or ill office, to do him an ill turn.
Officio de n'ssa Senhora, the office of the blessed Virgin. See **HORAS**.
Officio dos defuntos, dirge, or dirige, certain prayers, or a service for the dead, used by the Roman catholics.
O tribunal do santo officio, or *o santo officio*. See **INQUISICAM**.
Officio, the wallet wherein shoemakers keep their tools, a by-sack.
P. officio alheio custa dinheiro, another man's trade, or employment costs money; because we cannot employ him without paying for it.
P. cada qual em seu officio; we say, a shoe-maker must not go beyond his last. The *Lat.* say, *Ne sutor ultra crepidem*.
P. officio de conselhos, &c. See **HONRA**.
OFFICIOSAMENTE, *adv.* officiously, obligingly.
OFFICIOSO, *a, adj.* officious, obliging.
Mentira officiosa, a lie that produces consequently no other harm but that of the sin committed.
OFFUSCADO, *a, adj.* effuscated.
OFFUSCAR, *v. a.* to effuscate, to darken, to dim. *Lat. Offuscant.*
As paixoes dos homens offusca os seus entendimentos, the passions of men darken their minds.

OLE

OGA

OGANO, (obfol.) in this year. From the Lat. *bis annis*.

OGE

OGEA, or **OYA**, a sort of very swift hawk so called.

OIT

OHANTE. } See **OUTANTE**.
OITAVA. } See **OCTAVA**.

Oitavaria, (in the Portuguese poetry.) See **OCTAVA**.

Oitava, a drachm, the eighth part of an ounce.

Oitava, one of the lower classes or forms in a college, wherein they learn the genders of the nouns, &c.

OITAVA'DO, *a*, adj. that has eight sides or angles.

OITAVARIO, *f. m.* octave, eight days together after a festival.

OITAVO, *a*, adj. the eighth.

OITENTA, adj. eighty. Lat. *octoginta*.

OITIVA. See **OUTIVA**.

OITO, or **OUTO**, eight. Lat. *octo*.

Oito vezes tanto, eightfold, eight times as much.

Oito vezes vinte, eight times twenty, eight score.

OITOCENTESIMO, *a*, adj. the eight hundredth.

OITOCENTOS, *as*, adj. eight hundred.

OJA

OJA. See **OGEA**.

OJE

OJE. See **HOJE**.

OLA

OLA', adv. ho, soho, ho there. Lat. *heu*.

Ola, or **ella**, *f. f.* the leaf of the palm-tree, (in India.)

Ola de repadi (in Malabar) the leaf of the palm-tree, given by noblemen to their wives, when they intend to repudiate them.

OLANDA, **OLANDEZ**, &c. See **HOLLANDA**, **HOLLANDEZ**, &c.

Mal de olanda, the blood-running itch, (with farriers.)

OLANDILHA, *f. f.* buckram.

OLARIA, *f. f.* a potter's work-house.

OLAYA, *f. f.* priver, a sort of shrub.

OLE

OLE', interj. lack-a-day.

OLEADO, *f. m.* oil-cloth.

Olado, *a*, adj. p. of

OLEAR, *v. a.* to oil, to besmear with oil, or some other unctuous matter.

OLEYRO, or **OLLEYRO**, *f. m.* a potter.

Oficio, ou **arte de oleyro**, pottery, the art of making earthen pots.

O'LEO, *f. m.* oil, the juice of certain vegetables expressed or drawn by the still without fermentation, or after the spirit is brought over.

OLH

Oleo de azitimas. See **AZENITE**.

Oleo de tartaro, (in chemistry) the oil of tartar.

Oleo dos filosofos, philosophers oil, a chemical preparation of pieces of brick heated red hot, soaked in oil of olives, and distilled in a retort.

Os santos olees, (with the Catholics) the holy oil used in baptism, confirmation, and extreme unction.

OLEOGINOSO, *a*, adj. oily, oleaginous, oleose, oleous.

OLEOSO, *a*, adj. idem.

OLERIA. See **OLARIA**.

OLF

OLFAC'CTO, or **OLFATO**, *f. m.* the smell, or sense of smelling.

OLFEGO, *f. m.* (in hawks) shortness of breath.

OLH

OLHA, *f. f.* oglio, or olio, a dish, being a hash or mixture of a great number of things, a medly, a hodgepodge.

Olba podrida, properly consists of mutton, beef, bacon, hog's feet, pullet, partridge, black puddings, sausages, *grao*, (a sort of Portuguese pease) turkeys and cabbage, all very well boiled, or rather stewed together, and duly seasoned with salt and spice.

OLHA'DO, *f. m.* See **QUEBRANTO**.

Olhado, *a*, adj. eyed, &c. See the *v.* **OLHAR**.

OLHAUOR do ceo. See **URANOSCOPO**.

OLHADURA, *f. f.* look.

OLHA'L, *f. m.* the arch of a bridge.

OLHALVA, *f. f.* (in the territory of Leyria) a field that yields fruit twice a year.

OLHA'R, *v. n.* to look upon, to direct the eye to any object. See also **NAMORAR**.

Olhar per dentro, to look in the inside.

Olhar para riba, to look up.

Olhar para baixo, to look down.

Olhar para tras, to look back.

Olhar de longe, to look afar off.

Olhar de travoz, to look obliquely.

Olhar com bom, ou mau olho, to look upon, or see with a good or an evil eye.

Olhar com atençaõ, ou fixamente, to stare at, to look fixedly.

Olhar com admiraçaõ, to gaze at.

Olhar como quem estã namorando, to look sweet upon, to cast sweet's eyes, to leer upon, to ogle.

Olhar, (in geography) to lie towards.

Olhar, to look, to direct the intellectual eye.

Olhar, to mind, to observe, to take notice of, to consider, to regard.

Olhar sobre ombro. See **HOMBRO**.

Olhar, to concern, to have respect or regard to.

Olhar-se, *v. r.* See **VER-SE**.

OLHEIRAM, *f. m.* a great eye.

Olheiraõ de agua, a spring, the rising up of water, a source.

OLHEIRAS, *f. f. p.* the deep streaks

Ggg 2

OLH

or furrows under the eye, caused by sickness, want of sleep, or the like.

OLHEIRO, *f. m.* an overseer, one who overrules, or overlooks, a superintendant.

OLHEIRANCO, *a*, adj. that has white eyes.

OLHI'NHO, *f. m.* a little eye.

OLHO, *f. m.* the eye.

Olho de cu, the fundament.

Ter sangue no olho, to stand upon one's reputation, to be nice in points of honour.

Hiver-se os olhos em alguma coisa, to long for a thing, to desire it very earnestly, to look upon it with longing and greedy eyes.

Abrir os olhos, to open the eyes; that is, to be upon one's guard, to observe, to watch; also to discover an error, or a cheat.

Em hum abrir e fechar de olhos, in the twinkling of an eye.

Ate os olhos, up to the eyes; when a man is plunged as deep as he can.

Por os olhos em alguma coisa, to take notice to a man.

Querer bem a alguém como aos olhos da propria cara, to love one exceedingly, to doat upon.

Andar com o olho sobre o hombro. See **VIGIAR-SE**.

Fazer alguém de olho, to have an eye upon one, to watch or observe him.

Dar bama vista de olhos, or **passar pelas** **olhos a alguma coisa**, to cast an eye, or a glance of the eye upon a thing.

Que tem muitos olhos, multocular.

Olho de agua, or **olheiraõ de agua**. See **OLHEIRAM**.

Fechar o olho. See **MORRER**.

Valer hum olho da cara, to be worth an eye; that is, to be excessive dear.

Dar olho, ou quebranto. See **QUEBRANTO**.

Olho, the middle of certain things.

Quebrar os olhos a alguém. See **QUEBRAR**.

Pôr-se ao olho do sol, to bask in the sun, to sit a-sunning himself.

Dar de olho. See **EMPISCAR o olho**.

Amar a alguém mais que aos proprios olhos, to love one dearly.

Mais olhos, (an endearing expression) my dearest.

Comprar a olho, to buy by the eye; or, as we say, by hand.

Viver a olho, to live from hand to mouth.

A olho, plainly, visibly; as

Mostrar a olho, to shew plainly, to demonstrate.

Isso se ve a olho, it is obvious to every body, it is a plain or visible thing.

Ter os olhos, or **estar com os olhos em alguma coisa**, to desire or long for a thing very earnestly.

Lançar ou pôr os olhos, to glance, to cast the eyes.

Fechar os olhos, (metaph.) to wink at a matter, to connive at, to dissemble a thing, to take no notice of, to make as if he did not see.

O,

OLH

Os olhos da cauda do pavão, the eyes, or spangles in a peacock's tail.
Olho de ponte. See *OLHAL*.
Olhos no pão, ou no queijo, eyes in bread or cheese.
Todos tem os olhos sobre vós, every body's eyes are upon you.
Abrir, ou fechar os olhos, to open, or to shut one's eyes.
Olhos de uma vide, a young bud, or button of a vine.
Olho de uma planta, the eye of a plant.
Olho de couve, &c. the young sprout of coleworts, &c.
Aquillo foi feito diante dos olhos de el-rey, that was done before the king's eyes, or in the king's presence.
Einal que se da com o olho, a twinkling of the eye.
Ter olho em si, to watch, to be watchful, or cautious.
Os olhos visíveis, plainly, visibly.
Olho de boi, (a sea term) ox-eye, a violent storm that sometimes happens on the coast of Guinea; so called because when it first appears it is in the form of, and seems not much larger than an ox's eye, but comes down with such impetuosity, that in a very little space, and frequently before they can prepare themselves for it, it seems to overspread the whole hemisphere, and at the same time forces the air with so much violence, that the ships are often scattered several ways, and sometimes are sunk downright.
Olho de boi, (in the territory of Leyria) a sort of apple so called.
Olho de boi, the herb may-weed, ox-eye, or sinking chamomile. Lat. *Euphrasimus*.
Olho de lebre, a kind of grape. Lat. *lagos*.
Olho, ou coração de gallo, a large swelling grape like a teat. Lat. *bummastus*.
Olho de touro, (in astronomy) Aldebaran, the name of a fixed star called Royal, and commonly the Bull's-eye.
Olho de machada, &c. the iron ring, wherein the helve of an axe, &c. is fixed.
Olhos de sol, the small circles cause by the sun beams passing between the leaves of a tree.
Olho de gato, cat's eye, a precious stone, called also oculus solis, or the sun's eye.
Sem olhos, eyeless, having no eyes.
Que tem hum só olho, one-eyed.
Olhos de cor azul celeste, sky-coloured eyes.
Que tem olhos azues, blue-eyed.
Que tem olhos pretos, black-eyed.
Que tem olhos alegres, gay-eyed.
Olho esperto, e semilante, sparkling-eye.
Que tem olhos viscosos, squint-eyed.
Belos olhos, fine eyes.
Que tem olhos pequeninos, pink-eyed.
Ter os olhos pintados, to have one's eyes black and blue.
El-rey tem olhos de gato, he has cat's eyes.

OLI

Não be pelas vossas bellas olhos, que, &c. is it not upon your own account, it is not for your sake, that, &c.
Olhos encovados, hollow-eyes, eyes sunk into one's head.
Deitar pedra nos olhos a alguém, (metaph.) to dazzle one's eyes, to cast a mist before one's eyes.
Comer alguma coisa com os olhos, to devour a thing with one's eyes, to look upon it with greedy or longing eyes.
Ter alguma coisa diante dos olhos, to have a thing before one's eyes, to have it present to one's mind.
Ter que fazer até os olhos, to be full of business.
Ter olhos de águia, ou de vista aguda, to have an eagle's eye, to be sharp-sighted.
Olhar com olhos de desprezo, to look with contempt.
Olhos maganos. See *MAGANO*.
Olhos pajmados, staring eyes.
Olhos regados, so they call the eyes whereof the external covering is red, and turned outwards.
Que tem os olhos regados, blear-eyed, having the external covering of the eyes red and turned outwards.
Olhos dentes e vermelhos com inflamação, bloodshot-eyes.
Olho coxo, a sort of fruit like an orange; it is sweeter than sugar.
P. com o olho, e com a fé, não zombarei, I will not jest with my eye, nor with my faith: the faith is sacred; and the eye tender, and therefore to be cautiously meddled with.
P. mais vem dos olhos, que hum, two eyes see more than one. Lat. *plus videtur oculi quam oculus*.
P. o mal do olho cura-se com o cotovelo, the disorder of the eyes is cured with the elbow; that is, do not rub your eyes at all when they are sore.
P. o cavallo engorda com o olho de seu dono, the master's eye makes the horse fat. Latin, *oculus magistri saginat equum*.
P. aos olhos tem a morte, quem no cavallo passa a ponte, he who rides over a bridge sees death before him, if he should tumble over and be drowned: understood of a narrow bridge that has not a parapet on the sides.
P. quem quizer obo saar, ate a mão, he that will have a sound eye must tie up his hand; that is, must not handle it.
OLHU DO, a, adj. that has eyes; also that has large eyes.

OLI

OLIBANO, f. m. male incense. Lat. *olibanum*.
OLIGARCHIA, f. f. oligarchy, or aristocracy.
OLIMPIADA, &c. See *OLYMPIA*.
OLINDA, f. f. a town of the Brasil so called. It was taken by the Dutch in the years 1630, 1631; but it was retaken by the Portuguese a little after the accession of John IV.

OME

OLIVA, f. f. (It is not used.) See *AZEITONA*.
Olivas, f. f. p. (among ferriers) a sort of swelling or vives in horses; they are so called from being like an olive.
OLIVAL, f. m. a place where olives grow, an olive yard.
OLIVE DO, f. m. (it is not used) idem.
OLIVEL. See *NIVEL*.
OLIVEIRA, f. f. an olive-tree.
Oliveira silvestre, wild-olive. Latin, *oleaster*.
Oliveira, (hieroglyphically) fruitful-ness, peace, concord.

OLL

OLLA. See *OLA*.
OLLARIA, &c. See *OLARIA*, &c.

OLM

OLMEDA L, or *OLMEDO*, f. m. a grove of elm-trees.
OLMO, *U LMO*, or *ULMEIRO*, f. m. an elm-tree. Lat. *ulmus*.

OLO

OLOR. } See { *CHEIRO*.
OLOROSO. } See { *CHEIROSO*.
 They are Spanish words.

OLY

OLYMPIADA, f. f. an Olympiad, the space of four years, at the end of which were the Olympic games in Greece; so called from the mountain Olympus.
OLYMPICO, a, adj. Olympic; as, *jogos Olympicos*, Olympic games, which commenced, as some say, in the year 3175 of the creation; others 3208, and 766 before Christ.
O quo levava o premio nos jogos Olympicos, Olympionics.
OLYMPO, f. m. Olympus, a mountain in Thessaly, of so great a height that it seems to transcend the clouds, and was therefore frequently by the poets feigned to be the seat of the gods, and is sometimes put for heaven itself. It is used by Camoens Sonet. 60. of the second Cent. instead of Parnassus.

OMB

OMBREIRA, f. f. a door post. See *UMBRAL*.
OMBRIDA DE. See *HOMBRIDA DE*.
OMBRI NA, f. f. hallibut, a fish that swims very swiftly. Lat. *umb-a*.
OMBRO. f. m. See *HOMBRO*.

OME

O'MEGA, f. m. omega, the last letter of the Greek alphabet.
Eu sou o alfa, e o omega, (metaph.) I am alpha and omega, the beginning and the ending.
OMENAGEM. See *HOMENAGEM*.
OMENTO, f. m. (in anatomy) the caul,

OND

caul, a double membrane spread over the entrails. Lat. *omentum*.

OMI

OMISSAM, f. f. omission, the act of neglecting, or the act of not mentioning to do something, or passing over it; also omission, neglect of duty, opposite to commission or perpetration of a crime. See the verb **OMITIR**.

OMISTIQUEIO. See **HEMISTICHIO**.

OMITIDO, a, adj. omitted. See

OMITIR, v. a. to omit, to neglect to practise; also to omit, to pass by or over, to take no notice, to leave out.

OMN

OMNIAS, so they call in the territory of Santarem the orchards; so called from the Lat. *omnia*, because you find in them both fruits and herbs for the kitchen.

OMNIPOTENCIA, f. f. omnipotency, omnipotence, all-powerfulness.

OMNIPOTENTE, adj. omnipotent.

OMNIMODO, a, adj. omnimodous, of all manner of ways.

OMO

OMOPLATA, f. f. omoplate, the shoulder-blade.

OMP

OMPHACINO, adj. as, *oleo emphacino*, oil of green olives.

OMPHALOCLE, f. m. omphalocle, a kind of hernia or tumour in the navel.

ONA

ONAGRA, f. f. a plant growing in America, called in Latin *onagra*.

ONAGRO, f. m. a wild ass.

ONC

ONÇA, f. f. the twelfth part of a pound, an ounce.

ONÇA, (with apothecaries) an ounce, eight drams.

Per onças, ounce by ounce.

Mega onça, half an ounce.

Onça, a fierce beast, called a panther or ounce.

ONCO, f. m. a bill.

OND

ONDA, f. f. a wave, billow or surge. *Que faz ondas*, surgy, rising in billows, billowy, wavy.

Que quebra as ondas, breaking the waves.

Agitado das ondas, wandering on, or tossed by the waves.

Que seia, ou faz grande estrondo por causa das ondas quando se quebrão, roaring, or sounding with waves or billows.

Fazer ondas, to surge, to rise up in surges and waves.

Em ondas, ou em forma de ondas, like waves, in fashion of waves.

ONT

Ondas, (with poets) sea, tide, water. *Hir ás ondas*, is for those that have been bitten by a mad dog, to go to bathe in the waves on the sea-shore.

Onda marinheira, a huge wave, or billow. Lat. *fluctus decumanus*.

ONDA'DO, a, adj. watered, made in fashion of waves, as watered silks, the grain of waincoat, &c.

O'NDE, adv. where. Lat. *ubi*.

Onde estou eu? where am I?

Onde, wherein, in which, where.

A prisão onde elle estava, the prison wherein he was.

Por onde, wherewith, wherewithal.

Por onde? which way? how? by what means?

Para onde? where? whither? to what place?

Para onde quer que for, whithersoever, to what place soever.

Onde quer que, &c. wheresoever, in what place soever.

D'onde? from whence?

D'onde seis? what countryman are you?

Onde quer. See **ONDEQUER**.

ONDEA'DO. See **ONDADO**.

ONDEAR, v. a. to water, to diversify with waves, to put a wavy gloss upon silks, &c. also to make to wave, or rise and fall like waves.

Ondear, v. n. to wave, to rise and fall like waves, to play loosely.

ONDEQUER, adv. wheresoever, in what place soever.

ONE

ONERO'SO, a, adj. onerous, burthensome, oppressive.

ONI

ONIX, a very elegant and beautiful gem, called onyx.

ONO

ONOCENTA'UROS, f. m. p. onocenturs, fabulous monsters, having the upper parts like a man, and the body like an ass.

ONOCROTALO, f. m. a large water-fowl that brayeth like an ass, thought to be the bittern.

ONOMANCIA, f. f. onomancy, divination by persons names.

Que usa desta superstiçaõ de onomancia, onamantical.

ONOMASTICO, f. m. a dictionary.

ONOMATOPE'IA, f. f. onomatopoeia, a figure in rhetoric, whereby a word is made to imitate the sound of the thing expressed; as, tarantara for the sound of the trumpet, &c.

ONONIMO, a, adj. homonymous, comprehending divers significations under the same word; opposite to synonymous.

ONONIS, f. m. reistharow, cammock, petty-whin.

ONT

ONTEM, adv. yesterday.

Ontem á noite, yester-night.

OPH

ONU

ONU'STO. See **CARREGADO**.

ONZ

O'NZE, f. m. eleven. Lat. *undecim*.

ONZENNA, f. f. See **USURA**.

ONZENEIRO, f. m. an usurer.

ONZE NO, a, adj. the eleventh.

OPA

O'PA, f. f. a sort of garment without sleeves that cometh down to the ancles.

OPACIDA'DE, f. f. opacity, opacousness, want of transparency.

OPA'CO, a, adj. opacous, opaque, not transparent.

Fazer opaco, to opacate, to darken.

O'PALA, f. f. opal, a precious stone of various colours.

OPALANDA, f. f. a sort of loose garment that has much compass.

OPALLIAS, (with the Romans) Opalia, festivals celebrated to the honour of the goddess Ops.

OPAPANA'CO. See **OPOPONACO**.

OPÇ

OPÇAM, f. f. option, choice, election.

OP E

O'PERA, f. f. opera, a dramatic composition, set to music and sung on the stage, accompanied with musical instruments. It was first used by the Venetians.

Opera em musica, an opera in score.

OPERAÇAM, f. f. operation, the act of exerting or exercising some power or faculty.

Operaçam, (in chirurgery) operation, the art of healing, which depends on the use of instruments.

Operaçoes militares, operations, motions, or employments of an army.

Operaçam, (in physic) operation, the manner wherein any remedy produces its salutary effect.

OPERADO, *operar*. See **OBRADO**, **OBRAR**.

OPERA'RIO, f. m. one that works for hire, a workman.

OPERATIVO, a, adj. operative, having the power of acting, apt to work.

OPERO'SO, a, adj. that is more apt to work, more efficacious.

OP II

OPHI'ASIS, f. f. ophiasis, a disease in which the hair grows thin and falls off, leaving the part smooth, and winding like the folds of a serpent.

OPHIAGAGOS, f. m. p. an ophiophagous nation, or such as feed upon serpents.

OPHTALMIA, f. f. ophthalmia, a disease of the eyes.

OPHTALMICO, a, adj. as, *ophtalmicos remedios*, ophthalmics, medicines good for diseases of the eyes.

OPI

OPP

OPI

OPIATA, f. f. or **OPIATO**, f. m. an opiate, a medicine causing sleep.
OPILACAM, &c. See **OPILACAM**, &c.
OPIMO, a, adj. fruitful, rich, fertile.
OPINADA causa. See **AFORADA causa**.
OPINANTE, f. m. one who says or holds an opinion, an opinator.
OPINAR, v. n. to opine, to give one's opinion.
OPINAVEL, adj. that may be thought or supposed, opinable.
OPINIAM, f. f. opinion. See also **NOME**, **REPUTACAM**.
Seguir huma opiniao, to opine, to be of opinion.
Da a sua opiniao, to opine, to give one's opinion.
OPINIATICO, a, adj. opinionated, stubborn, self-willed, wedded to his own opinion.
OPIO, f. m. the well known soporific, called opium.
OPIPARO, a, adj. abounding, sumptuous, dainty. Lat.
OPISTHOTONOS, (with physicians) opisthotonus, a kind of cramp or stretching the muscles of the neck backwards. Greek.

OPO

OPOBALSAMO, f. m. opobalsamum, the juice of a gum, which distils from a shrub called balsamum, or the balm-tree, growing only in Palestine.
OPOPONACO, or **OPAPANACO**, f. m. opopanax, a gum resin brought from the East.
OPOR, &c. See **OPPOR**, &c.

OPP

OPILACAM, f. f. oppilation.
OPPLADO, a, adj. part. of **OPPLAR**, v. a. to oppilate. See also **TAPAR**.
OPPOENTE, p. a. an opponent, one who opposes in disputation.
OPPOR, v. a. to put in opposition, to oppose, to set against.
Oppor-se, v. r. to oppose, to act adversely, to withstand; also to ask or sue for the same thing that another doth, to stand for the same place, to be one's rival, to vie.
Oppor-se a huma candi-ira, &c. to vie with another for a professorship.
OPPORTUNAMENTE, adv. opportunely.
OPPORTUNIDADE, f. f. opportunity.
OPPORTUANO, a, adj. opportune, seasonable.
OPPOSICAM, f. f. opposition, hindrance; also opposition, situation so as to front something opposed.
Fazer opposicam, or *oppor-se a huma candi-ira*. See **OPPOR-SE**.
Opposicam, (with astronomers) opposition, an aspect or situation of two

OPU

stars or planets, wherein they are dimetrically opposite to each other.
OPPOSITO, or **OPPOSTO**, a, adj. opposite, opposed, &c. See the verbs **OPPOR**, and **OPPOR-SE**.
Em opposito, adv. over-against, opposite.
OPPOSITOR, f. m. opposite, adversary, he who strives to out-do another.
OPPOSITORIA, or *Casa da conversacam*, (in Coimbra.) See **CONVERSACAM**.
OPPOSTO, a, adj. See **CONTRARIO**.
Opposto, opposite, that is over-against.
OPPRESSAM, f. f. oppression, the act of over-burthening, act of crushing by authority, &c. severity, cruelty; also oppression, hardship, calamity; also oppression, dullness of spirits, lassitude of body.
OPPRESSO, a, adj. oppressed; also surprised, or taken unawares.
Oppresso de d.vidas, overwhelmed with debt.
OPPRESSOR, f. m. an oppressor.
OPPRIMIDO, a, adj. oppressed.
OPPRIMIR, v. a. to oppress.
O que opprime, an oppressor.
Que opprime, oppressive.
OPPROBRIO, f. m. opprobrium, the shame which attends a lewd, villainous act, infamy, disgrace.
Pedra do opprobrio, a stone erected in the city of Padua in Italy, to which whatever debtors resort, only declaring inability to pay their debts, are to be freed.
Com opprobrio, opprobriously.
Que causa opprobrio, opprobrious.
OPPUGNACAM, f. f. the act of attacking, or assaulting.
OPPUGNADO, a, adj. assaulted.
OPPUGNADOR, f. m. an attacker, he that attacks.
OPPUGNAR, v. a. to attack, to assault.

OPT

OPTALMIA. See **OPHTALMIA**.
OPTATIVO, (in grammar) the optative mood.
OPTICA, f. f. optics, the science of the nature and laws of vision.
OPTICO, f. m. an optician, one skilled in optics.
Optico, a, adj. optic, or optical.
Nervos opticos, (with anatomists) optic nerves.
OPTIMATES, (with the ancient Romans) the nobility.
Governo dos optimates, optimagy, a government of the state by the nobility.
OPTIMO, a, adj. sup. the best, the most excellent.

OPU

OPULENCIA, f. f. opulence, or opulency.
Com opulencia, opulently.

ORB

OPULENTO, a, adj. opulent, rich.
OPUSCULO, f. m. an opuscle, a small work.

OQU

OQUE. See **OCRE**.
OQUEA, f. f. (in India) a sort of coin worth twelve *cruzaes*. See **CRUZADO**.

ORA

ORA. See **HORA**.
ORACAM, f. f. a prayer.
Livro de oracoms, a prayer-book.
Oracam, an oration, a discourse, or speech pronounced in public.
Oracao, (in grammar) speech; as, *As partes da oracam*, the parts of speech.
ORACULO, f. m. an oracle, something delivered by supernatural wisdom; also oracle, the place where the determinations of heaven are obtained.
Oraculo, an oracle, one famed for wisdom, one whose determinations are not to be disputed.
Como oraculo, or *a maneira de oraculo*, oraculously.
ORADOR, f. m. an orator, an eloquent public speaker; also a mediator, or intercessor.
Oradora, f. f. a woman that speaks well in public; also a woman mediator, a mediatrix.
ORADO, p. prayed. See **ORAR**.
ORAGO, f. m. See **TITULAR**.
ORAL, adj. oral, delivered by word of mouth, not written.
ORAR, v. a. to pray.
Orar, v. n. to make a speech.
ORASUS, adv. it is differently used; as, *Orasus, discantantis*, at last you will be easy; *orasus, ide, e winds legs*, go then and come back presently: *orasus, quero irme embora*, let me alone, I will go away, &c.
ORATE, f. m. a mad-man. See **LUNATICO**.
Casa dos orates, bedlam, madhouse, a house where madmen are confined or cured.
ORATORIO, f. m. an oratory, a chapel set apart for prayers and private devotion; also a society or congregation of religious; in France and Portugal. See **CONGREGADOS**; also a small convent.
Oratorio, a, adj. oratorical, rhetorical, oratory.
Arte oratoria, oratory, the science of rhetoric.
ORATORIOSINHO, f. m. a very small oratory made of wood, so contrived, that it may be carried along with one. It is carried by beggars.

ORB

ORBE, f. m. the world; also orb, any planet or celestial body; also orb, or the circle described by any of the mundane spheres.
ORBICULAR, adj. orbicular.

OR-

ORD

ORBITAGO, *a*, adj. mundivagant, wandering through the world.

ORC

ORCA, *f. f.* orc, or ork, a sort of great sea fish, usually called a whirlpool. Lat. *orca*.

Orça. See **ORÇAR**.

ORÇADO, *a*, adj. See the verb **ORÇAR**.

ORÇAMENTO, *f. m.* a corsory, or or slight estimate, or calculation.

ORÇAR, *v. a.* to estimate cursorily, and not minutely.

Orçar, or ir á orça, to sail against the wind.

ORCHESTRA, *f. f.* orchestra, the place where the musicians are seated at a public show.

ORD

ORDEDURA. See **URDIDURA**.

ORDEM, *f. f.* order, method; also order, maudate, command. Latin, *ordo*.

Ordem, order, rank, or class.

Ordem religiosa, a religious order, or fraternity.

Ordem militar, a military order.

Dar ordem a alguma coisa, to contrive, to find out; *as, Como daremos nós ordem a isso?* how shall we contrive it?

Dar ordem a retirar-se, to contrive one's retreat.

Dar ordem, or per em ordem, to dispose, to settle, to set in order.

Dar ordem á vida, to earn one's bread, and other necessities or things needful for human life.

Dar ordem aos seus negócios, to settle one's affairs.

Dar ordem, or ordens. See **ORDENAR**.

Ordem de batalha, the order of battle, or battle array.

Ordem de prisão, a warrant.

Sem ordem, orderless.

Ordens sacras, ou de missa, evangelio, e epistola, the sacred order of priests, deacons, and subdeacons.

Ordens menores, the inferior orders of chanter, reader, &c.

Official de ordens. See **OFFICIAL**.

Em ordem a; to, in order to, that, to the end that.

Tudo está ás ordens de vossa, every thing is at your service.

Com ordem, ou em ordem, orderly.

Ordens, (in architecture) orders; as,

Ordem Toscana, the Tuscan order.

Ordem Dorica, the Doric order.

Ordem Ionica, the Ionic order.

Ordem Corintia, the Corinthian order.

Ordem Composta, the Composite or Roman order.

Ordem Caryatica, the Caryatic order.

Ordem Persica, the Persian order.

Ordem Attica, the Attic order.

Ordem Gotica, the Gothic order.

Ordem Rustica, the Rustic order.

Ordem Francesa, the French order:

ORD

such is that of M. le Brun in the royal gallery of Versailles.

Estar em ordem, to be ready, to be in order.

Marchar com ordem, to march in order.

Ordem, (a word used among traders) orders; as, *pára pagar a vós, ou a vossa ordem*, to pay you, or your order.

Carta de ordens, sailing orders.

Ordem, (with physicians) a prescription.

ORDENAÇÃO, *f. f.* an ordinance, decree, or statute; also ordination, the act of conferring holy orders; as, *dias de ordenação*, ordination days.

Ordenação, the title of a volume of the laws of Portugal.

ORDENADO, *a*, adj. ordered, &c. See **ORDENAR**.

Ordenado, *f. m.* a salary.

ORDENANÇA, *f. f.* order.

Ordenança das batalhas, the order of battle, or battle array.

Marchar em ordenança, to march in order.

Ordenança, militia, trained-bands, the standing force of a nation.

ORDENANTE, *p. a.* he who ordains, or confers holy orders.

ORDENAR, *v. a.* to order, to set in order, to dispose; also to order, to command, to enjoin.

Ordenar hum dia de jejum, to appoint a fast day.

Ordenar, (with physicians) to prescribe.

Ordenar a vida a hum doente, to diet, to keep a sick person to a particular diet.

Ordenar, to ordain, to order or confer holy orders, to ordain to sacerdotal function.

Ordenar a batalha, to array, to draw up and dispose an army in order of battle.

ORDENAVEL, adj. that may be directed.

ORDENHA'DO, *a*, adj. molken.

ORDENHA'R, *v. a.* to milk, to draw milk from the breast by the hand. Arabic.

O que ordenba, a milker, one that milks animals.

ORDIDURA. See **URDIDURA**.

ORDINARIA, *f. f.* an annual allowance of provisions to the rector, &c. in the universities.

Ordinária, (in the university) an act, or solemn disputation, so called.

ORDINARIAMENTE, adv. ordinarily, commonly.

ORDINÁRIO, *a*, adj. ordinary, common, usual, wonted.

Juíz ordinario, (in the civil law) an ordinary judge.

Ordinário, *f. m.* ordinary, the bishop of the diocese, or he who has ordinary ecclesiastical jurisdiction within that territory.

ORDI'DO, *a*, adj. part of

ORDI'R, *v. a.* to warp in a loom; also to contrive, to frame. (Metaph.)

ORF

ORDU'NE, *f. m.* See **URDIDURA**.

ORE

OREADAS, *f. f. p.* the nymphs of the mountains.

OREGAM, *f. m.* the herb origanum.

OREJA, (according to some) is a kind of metal like **ESTANHO**, which see.

OREJO'NES. See **ORIJONES**.

ORELHA, *f. f.* an ear. Lat. *auris*.

Abanar com as orelhas, to wag the ears up and down.

Mundador, ou alimpador das orelhas, ear-picker.

Dar huma pancada nas orelhas de algúem, to give one a box on the ear.

Fallar á orelha, to whisper in one's ear.

Fazer orelhas de mercador; to take no notice of what is said.

Levantar as orelhas, to prick up the ears.

Tercer a orelha, (proverbially) to repent, to be sorry for what one has done or omitted.

Orelhas de martello, the two fangs of a hammer to draw nails.

Orelhas do sapato, the flaps of a shoe.

Sorte de orelha que se faz dobrando o canto da folha de hum livro, dog's ear in a book.

Parte inferior mais estreita, molle e pendente da orelha, lobes, lobus auris, the tip of the ear.

Orelhas dependuradas, flagging ears.

Prostribancia exterior da orelha, helix.

Orelha de urso, the flower called auricula, bear's-ear, or ricolus.

Orelha de rato, the herb mouse-ear.

Orelha de lebre, hare's-ear, or scorpion-wort.

Orelha de monge. See **CONCHELOS**.

Estar empenhado ate as orelhas, to be deeply in debt, to be in debt over head and ears.

Orelha de abbade, in some place they give this name to a sort of pancake.

Que tem as orelhas muito largas e compridas, bangle-eared.

ORELHAM, *f. m.* (in fortification) orillon, a kind of cazemate; also a sort of fish so called. See also **ORELHUDO**.

ORELHEIRA de porco, the whole ear of a porker cut off, with some flesh to it.

ORELHU'DO, *a*, adj. that has great ears, bangle-eared.

ORE'SSA (in the province of Beira.) See **VIRAÇAM**.

ORF

ORFAO, *f. f.* **ORFAM**; *f. m.* an orphan.

A orfaa, a very large oval pearl presented to Philip II. king of Spain.

ORFANDA'DE, *f. f.* orphanage, orphanism, the state or condition of an orphan; also the state of being without children.

ORFAO, *f. m.* an orphan.

Or-

ORI

Orfão, orfão, adj. orphan, bereft of parents; also deprived.

ORG

ORGANICO, *a*, adj. organic, organic; also organic, instrumental, or serving as an instrument of nature or art to a certain end.

ORGANISTA, *f. m. f.* an organist; also one who makes organs.

ORGANIZADO, *a*, adj. organized.

ORGANIZAR, *v. a.* to organize, to form organically.

ORGÃO, *f. m.* an organ, an instrument of some natural faculty in an animal body.

Orgão, an organ, a musical instrument used in churches.

Organs were first introduced into the church about the year 657. In the cathedral of Ulm in Germany is an organ of ninety-three feet high, and twenty-eight broad (the biggest pipe thirteen inches diameter) and has sixteen pair of bellows to blow.

Cano de orgão, organ-pipe, the pipe of a musical organ.

Lugar onde está posto o orgão, organ-loft, the loft where the organ stands.

Orgão, que fôa por meio da agua, hydraulic organ, an organ that plays by the means of water.

Canto de orgão, or figural. See *FIGURALL*.

Orgãos, (in fortification) orgues, thick long pieces of wood, pointed and shod with iron, clear one of another, hanging each by a particular rope or cord over the gate-way of a strong place perpendicular, to be let fall to prevent the entrance of an enemy.

Orgão de tear, a weaver's beam.

ORGASMO, *f. m.* (with physicians) orgasmus, an impetus, or too quick motion of the blood, spirits or humours, when in a restless state, and shifting from place to place. The word strictly signifies the turbulence of animals, when disposed for copulation.

ORGEVAM. (among the learned.) See *VERBENA*.

ORGLAS, *f. f. p.* Orgia, or Orgies, feasts and sacrifices of Bacchus.

ORGULHO, *f. m.* haughtiness, pride, arrogance. From the French *orgueil*. See also *BRIO*.

Orgulho, haughtily, proudly.

ORGULHOSO, *a*, adj. proud, haughty, arrogant.

Mar orgulhoso, boisterous sea.

ORI

ORIAM. } See { *ORION*.

ORJAVAM. } See { *VERBENA*.

ORIENTAL, adj. oriental, eastern.

Oriental, (with astronomers) oriental, that rises in a morning before the sun.

Pedra oriental, an oriental pearl, a bright and beautiful pearl.

Oriental, *f. m.* an oriental, an inha-

ORN

bitant of the eastern parts of the world.

ORIENTE, *f. m.* the orient, or east.

Oriente da gloria, the heaven.

Que está voltado para o oriente, that faces the east.

Oriente, (with jewellers) the eyes or colours of the oriental pearls.

ORIFICIO, *f. m.* an orifice, any opening or perforation.

ORIFLAMA. See *AURIFLAMA*.

ORIGEM, *f. f.* the origin, rise, original, or beginning of any thing. Lat. *origo*.

ORIGINADO, *a*, adj. originated.

ORIGINALL, adj. original, or an original in painting, writing, &c.

Peccado original, original sin, the guilt and taint derived from our first parents.

ORIGINARIO, *a*, adj. native, born in any country; also having original from ancestors; also natural, bred in by nature.

ORIGINAR-SE, *v. r.* to be originated, to have the original from.

ORIJO NES, *f. m. p.* peaches, or melocotons dried, and preserved with sugar.

ORILHAS, *f. f. p.* (with goldsmiths) the edge or brim round a piece of work.

ORION, *ORIAM*, or *ORIONTE*, *f. m.* Orion, a constellation.

ORISONTE, or *ORIZONTE*. See *HORIZONTE*, &c.

ORIUNDO, *a*, adj. whose parents or ancestors were born at.

O'RIX, *f. m.* a sort of wild goat.

ORL

ORLA, *f. f.* a skirt, a border, an edging.

Orla, (in heraldry) or orle or border about a coat.

ORLADO, *a*, adj. bordered, or edged.

Orlado, (in heraldry) having any thing in the nature of an orle.

ORLADURA, *f. f.* (In heraldry.) See *ORLA*.

ORLA'R, *v. a.* to edge, to border; also to place any thing about the escutcheon in the nature of an orle, (in heraldry.)

ORM

ORMINIO. See *HORMINIO*.

ORMU'S, the name of a city and island in the Persian gulf. The Portuguese were masters of it from the year 1514 till 1622.

ORN

ORNADO, *a*, adj. adorned.

ORNAMENTADO, idem.

ORNAMENTAR. See *ORNAR*.

ORNAMENTO, *f. m.* ornament, finery, decoration, generally taken for the vestments or other ornaments belonging to the church, as the chasuble, antependium, cope, &c.

Ornamento, (metaph.) grace, glory.

ORT

ORNAR, *v. a.* to adorn, to deck. Lat. *ornare*.

Ornar hum discurso, to set off a discourse.

ORNATO, *f. m.* ornament.

Ornato do discurso, beauty, or ornament of expressions, rhetorical ornaments, or flourishes.

ORNEAR. See *ZURRAR*.

ORO

O'RO (in the Portuguese India.) See *PROVEITO*.

OROBALAM, ou *OUROBALAM*, (in some parts of India) a nobleman, or person of the highest rank.

OROBO, *f. m.* a kind of pulse called bitter vetch.

OROMALASSAS, an interjection of pity, and sometimes scorn. It is not used.

OROPIMENTE. See *OUROPIMENTE*.

OROSCOPO. See *HOROSCOPO*.

ORP

ORPHANDA'DE, &c. See *ORFANDA'DE*, &c.

ORPHEO, or *ORPHE'NICO*, *a*, adj. melodious, harmonious.

ORR

ORRACA. See *URRACA*.

ORS

ORSADO, &c. See *ORÇADO*, &c.

ORT

ORTA, &c. See *HORTA*, &c.

ORTELÃO, *f. m.* the herb called mint.

Ortelão fibvestre. See *MENTASTRO*.

Ortelão, (symbolically) cruelty.

ORTELAM. See *HORTOLAM*.

ORTHODOXO, *a*, adj. orthodox, sound in belief, not heterodox, not heretical.

ORTHODROMIA, *f. f.* (in navigation) orthodromics, the sailing, or the art of sailing in the arch of a great circle.

ORTHOGONAL, adj. (in geometry) orthogonal, rectangular, pertaining to right angles.

ORTHOGRAPHIA, *f. f.* orthography, that part of grammar teaching how words should be spelled.

Orthographia, (in geometry) the art of drawing, or delineating the fore-right plane of an object, and expressing the heights or elevations of each part; orthography.

Orthographia, (with architects) orthography, the elevation or representation of the front of a building, drawn geometrically.

Com orthographia, (in all the senses above) orthographically.

Feito conforme as regras das orthographias acima ditas, orthographical.

O S S

O que sabe a orthographia, an orthographer, an orthographist. See **ORTHOGRAPHIA**.
ORTHOMETRIA, f. f. an exact and certain measure.
ORTHOPNEA, f. f. (with physicians) orthopnoia, difficulty of breathing.
ORTIGA, f. f. a nettle. Lat. *urtica*.
Ortiga morta. See **MERCURIAES**.
ORTIVO, a, adj. (in astronomy) ortive, pertaining to the rising of any planet or star.
Amplitude ortiva, ortive amplitude, an arch of the horizon intercepted between the point where a star rises, and the east point of the horizon.
ORTO, f. m. a sort of cabbage.
Orto, (in astronomy) the rising of any planet or star.

O R V

ORVALHA'DA, f. f. a falling of dew. See **ORVALHO**.
ORVALHA'DO, a, adj. bedewed, wet with dew, dew-besprent.
ORVALHA'R, v. a. to dew, or bedew. See also **CHOVISCAR**.
Esta orvalhando, there is a dew, or moisture, it mists. Lat. *irrorat*.
ORVALHO, f. m. dew.
ORUGA, f. f. the herb called rocket. Lat. *cruca*.

O S A

OSANA', See **HOSANNA'**.

O S C

OSCO. See **ENCAPOTADO**. Spanish, it is only used in poetry.
OSCULATO'RIO, f. m. (with Roman Catholics) pax, a kind of image given to be kissed when they go to the offering.
OSCULO, f. m. See **BEIJO**.

O S E

OSE'NA, or **OZENA**, f. f. (with physicians) ozena, an old stinking ulcer in the inside of the nostrils. Greek.

O S G

O'SGA, f. f. a sort of eel, a little venomous creature, resembling an eel in shape, but the head is very flat, and the neck shorter than that of the common eel.
Tir o'sga a algum, to hate one.
O'sga, (metaph.) a flatterer and mischief-maker at the same time.

O S S

OSSA'DA, f. f. the carcase, remains, ruins, or decayed parts of any thing.
O'SSEO, a, adj. of bone; also bony, of a substance like bones, or hard as a bone.
OSSI'COS, f. m. p. (among farriers) that part which separates the nostrils of a horse.
OSSI'NHO, f. m. a little bone.

O S T

OSSO, f. m. a bone.
Sem osso, or *que não tem osso*, boneless.
Tirar os ossos, to bone, to take out the bones from the flesh.
Não tem mais que a pelle e os ossos, he is nothing but skin and bones.
Dar a algum hum osso a roer, (metaph.) to give one a bone to pick.
Osso com tutanos, or, (as some say) *osso de correr*, a marrow-bone, a bone full of marrow.
Meer os ossos a algum, (metaph.) to tire a man out with importunity.
Osso sacro, (with anatomists) os sacrum, or the sacred bone.
Em osso, (speaking of a horse) without saddle, on any other thing.
Tão magro que lhe apparecem os ossos, barebone.
Que tem grandes ossos, big-boned.
Osso do peito de hum capão, &c. the merry-thought of a capon, &c.
OSSU'DO, a, adj. bony, full of bones.
OSSUO'SO, a, adj. of a substance like bones.

O S T

OSTA'GAS, f. f. p. (in a ship) the ropes in a ship that hoise the weight of the yard, called the halliards.
OSTAIS, f. m. (in a ship) stay, a rope that goes from one mast to another. All the masts have their stays; the use of them are to keep the masts from falling astward, toward the poop.
OSTARIA, f. f. an inn. It is rarely used.
OSTENSIVO, a, adj. ex. *Carta ostensiva*, a letter written on purpose to be shewn.
OSTENTAÇAM, f. f. ostentation, boasting. See **VAIDADE**.
Ostentação, f. f. (in the university) an extemporal act, or explanation of a text.
Com ostentação, ostentatiously.
OSTENTADO, a, adj. See
OSTENTAR, v. a. to boast, to brag, to vaunt, to shew in a boasting manner.
O que ostenta, an ostentator, a braggart.
Ostentar, v. n. (in the university) to vye for a professorship by making an extemporal explanation of a text.
OSTENTATI'VA, f. f. See **OSTENTAÇAM**.
OSTENTOSO, a, adj. ostentatious. See also **MAGNIFICO**.
OSTEOCO'PA, f. f. (with physicians) osteocope, pains in the bones. Greek.
OSTEOLOGIA, f. f. osteology, a description of the bones. Greek.
OSTIA. See **HOSTIA**.
OSTIARIO, f. m. a lower officer in the Romish church, who keeps the keys of the church, &c.
OSTINAÇAM, &c. See **OBSTINACAM**, &c.
OSTINGUES. See **ESTINQUES**.
OSTRA, f. f. an oyster.

H h h

O V A

Especie de pedra preciosa da feição de concha de ostra, ostracias, a sort of precious stone like an oyster-shell.
OSTRACISMO, f. m. ostracism, a sort of barbarous custom among the Athenians, of banishing the best men among them for fear they should grow too great. They wrote the parties names on little shells called *ostracon*, whence *ostracismus*.
OSTRACITES, a kind of crusty stone called ostracites: it is reddish, and in the form of an oyster-shell; also called a nest of boxes.
OSTRARIA, f. f. a large quantity of oysters.
OSTRI'NHO, f. m. a sort of shell-fish so called.
OSTRO, f. m. the liquor whereof the purple colour is made; also the purple colour.
OSTROGO'DOS, f. m. p. Ostrogoths, eastern Goths, those who coming out of the east invaded the southern and western parts of Europe.

O T A

OTALGI'A, f. f. (among physicians) otalgia, a pain in the ear.

O T H

OTHOMANO, a, adj. Ottoman, pertaining to the Turks, or rather to the house of Othman, the first Turkish sultan of that name, from whom the whole present Turkish state and empire is denominated. See **PORTA Othomana**.

O T O

OTORGA, &c. See **OUTORGA**, &c.

O T T

OTTOMANO. See **OTHOMANO**.

O U

OU, a conjunction disjunctive, either, or; as, *ou rico, ou pobre*, either rich or poor.
Ou para malher dizer, or rather.

O V A

OVA, a roe, spawn, milt or eggs of fishes; also the sperm or seed of any insect.
OVAÇAM, f. f. ovation, a lesser triumph among the Romans.
OVA'DO, a, adj. oval, of the shape of an egg; also that had been gotten in victories, and was carried in triumph. Lat. *ovatus*.
OVAL, adj. oval.
Em figura oval, ovally.
OVANTE, adj. triumphing in the lesser triumph or ovation. (with the Romans) See also **TRIUNFANTE**.
Coroa de murta que levavam os ovantes, a garland of myrtle used in ovations.
OVARIO, f. m. an ovary, that part of the female in which impregnation

is

OVI

is performed; also that part which contains the sperm or seed of any insect.

Ovaries das mulheres, the ovaries of women.

OVAS, the plural of *OVA*, which see. *Ovar*, f. f. p. a sort of tumour and disease in horses.

O U Ç

OUÇAM, f. m. hand-worm.

OUÇAS, f. f. p. ex. *Ter boas ouças*, to have good ears.

O U C

OUCENÇA. See *AVENÇA*.

O V E

OVEIRO. See *OVARIO*.

Oviro, the vent, or hind part of a hawk; also a sort of fish so called; also the knots of eggs in a hen's belly.

OVE LHA, f. f. a female sheep, an ewe. Lat. *ovis*.

Ovelha de dois annos, hogget, a two year old ewe.

Curral de ovelhas, a sheep-cote, a sheep-fold.

O que tem ovelhas, a sheep-master.

Pajão para ovelhas, a sheep-walk.

Tempo de tosquar as ovelhas, sheep-shearing.

Morder as ovelhas, como faz o cão, to sheep-bite, to bite sheep as a dog.

Ovelhas com o rabo cortado, fluted sheep.

Pelle de ovelha, depois de tosquada a laã, shorling.

Pastor, ou o que guarda ovelhas, a shepherd.

Ovelhas, (metaph.) the faithful.

P. ovelha que berra, bocado perde, the sheep that bleats loses a mouthful; that is, time is soon lost in eating, and too much talk is loss of time.

P. cada ovelha tem sua parelha, every sheep with its match; that is, every one to his equal.

OVELHEIRO, f. m. a shepherd, one who tends sheep in the pasture.

OVELHINHA, f. f. a little sheep.

Ovelhinha de hum anno, an ewe lamb.

Ovelhinha, (with sailors) a surge, a foaming surge.

OVELHUM, adj. of, or belonging to sheep.

OVEM, f. m. (in a ship) a shroud, any of the large ropes that support the masts.

OVENCADURA, ou *enxertia real*, all the shrouds or large ropes that support the masts.

OVETA. See *VESTIA*.

O U F

OUFANIA, &c. See *UFANIA*, &c.

O V I

OVIA'DO. See *OVANTE*.

OVIELA. See *ALBERCA*.

OUR

O U L

OU LA', an interjection, expressing admiration, lack-a-day! hey day! it is also a particle of calling, ho! hey! hip! (among the country people.)

O V O

OVO, f. m. an egg. Lat. *ovum*.

Pôr ovos, to lay eggs.

Ovos frescos. See *FRESCO*.

Casca do ovo. See *CASCA*.

Beber hum ovo, to sup an egg, or to drink it by little and little.

Ovo que não tem nada dentro, a wind egg.

Ovo feidido, a stale egg.

Ovos molles, soft-boiled eggs.

Ovos duros, hard-eggs.

Ovos que nem são molles, nem duros, ou (para me explicar o mal-br que p'ffe) engorçados, rear-eggs.

P. chego como hum ovo, as full as an egg.

Ovo, (in architecture) oval, or ovolo, a member, so denominated from its resemblance to an egg in shape. It is commonly placed for an ornament in the mouldings of cornices, &c.

Ovo philosophico, (with chemists) a philosophical egg, a great glass bubble with a long neck.

O U Q

OUQUIA, f. f. (in some parts of Africa) a sort of golden coin worth twelve cruzados. See *CRUZADOS*.

O U R

OURA'DO. See *ENGANADO*.

OURA'R, v. n. See *ENGANAR-SE*.

OURAS. See *OYRAS*.

OUREGAM, f. m. See *OREGAM*.

OURELA, f. f. the list, or outward edge of a silken stuff.

OURELO, f. m. the list, border, or edge of woollen cloth.

OURIÇADO, a, adj. covered, or set with prickles.

OURIÇO, f. m. the rough prickly shell of chestnuts. Our botanists call it urchin-like rind.

Ouriço cacheyro, an urchin, or hedgehog.

Ouriço do mar, a sea-urchin, which is a kind of crab-fish having prickles instead of feet.

Ouriço, (in fortification) herison, a barrier made of one strong beam or plank of wood, stuck full of iron spikes. It is supported in the middle, and turns upon a pivot, or axis. It is used in stopping a passage, in nature of a turnstile.

OURINA, f. f. urine.

Pertencente a urina, urinary, urinous.

Que provoca a urina, urinative.

OURINA'DO, part. of

OURINA'R, v. a. and n. to urinate, to make water, to piss.

Urinar sangue, to piss blood.

Ter vontade de urinar, to have a list to piss, or a desire to make water.

OUR

Difficuldade de urinar, a difficulty of pissing.

OURINCU'. See *CAGALUZ*.

OURINO'L, f. m. an urinal, a piss-pot, a chamber-pot.

OURIQUE, a renowned town in Portugal, on account of the battle fought by the first king of Portugal, with the Moors, in its territory, A. C. 1177.

Ourique da ancora. See *ARINQUE*.

OURIVEZ, f. m. one who works in gold or silver, ex. *Ourivez da prata*, a silversmith.

Ourivez do ouro, a goldsmith.

Ourivezes, the plural of *ourivez*, though they commonly say *ourives*.

OURIVEZARIA, f. f. the shop or place wherein one works in gold or silver.

Ourivezaria do ouro, a goldsmith's shop.

Ourivezaria da prata, a silversmith's shop.

OURO, f. m. gold. Lat. *aurum*; also money.

Ouro fino purificado pelo fogo, fine gold, that which is refined and purged by fire, from all its impurities, and all alloys.

Fizes de ouro. See *FEZES*.

Ouro bruto, ou virgem, virgin gold, or gold that is just taken out of the mines, before it hath passed under any action of fire, or other preparation, gold ore.

Ouro de ouro, base low gold that has an alloy of silver, &c.

Ouro mate, ou de illuminadores, &c. shell gold.

Mina de ouro, a gold-mine.

Ouro fiado, gold thread. See also *CANOTILHO*.

Ouro potavel, potable gold, a chemical preparation, in which they persuade people there is gold dissolved, (with chemists.)

Ouro diaphoretico, ou volatil. See

Ouro fulminante, (with chemists) aurum fulminans, i. e. thundering gold, a powder made of gold dissolved in aqua regalis, &c. we call it also saffron of gold.

Ouro, (in heraldry) or. It is often represented by a yellow colour, and in engraving by small dots all over the field.

Folha de ouro, gold-foil, or gold-leaf.

Paço de ouro, (with gold-beaters) a certain number of gold-leaves.

Lindo como mil ouros, excessively fine.

Balança para pesar ouro. See *BALANÇA*.

Estar ouro e fio, is for a thing to be exactly and carefully weighed; as when they weigh gold.

Estar ouro fio, is also for two things to be very much like one another.

De ouro, golden; also excellent.

O seculo de ouro, the golden age, the reign of Saturn, (according to the poets.)

Encastado em ouro, set in gold.

Cercado de ouro, gold-bound, or encompassed with gold.

OUT

Orellisfinho de ouro, the golden fleece, carried away by Jason and the Argonauts.
Que tem cor de ouro, gold-coloured.
Ouro por lavar, gold in ingots.
Ouro lavrado, wrought gold.
Ouro amedado, coined gold.
O que fia o ouro, a gold wire-drawer.
Fiar ouro, ou prata, to wire-draw, to draw or spin out gold or silver into wire.
Ouro burnido, burnished gold.
P. não he tudo ouro o que luz, all is not gold that glitters.
P. prometer montes de ouro, to promise mountains of gold; to promise much, and perform nothing.
P. ouro he o que ouro val, gold which is worth gold; that is, it is as good as gold.
P. quem ara e cria ouro fia, he who ploughs, and breeds cattle, spins gold; because the profit is so great, he must needs grow rich.
OUROBALAM. See **OROBALAM**.
OUROPEL, *f. m.* tinsel.
OUROPIMENTA, ou **OUROPIMENTE**, *f. m.* orpiment, a kind of yellow arsenic.
Ouropimento vermelho. See **SANDARACA**.
OUROS, *f. m. p.* the suite of diamonds on cards.

OUS

OUSADAMENTE, *adv.* boldly, daringly.
OUSADIA, *f. f.* boldness, daringness.
OUSADO, *a, adj.* bold, daring.
OUSAR, *v. n.* to dare, to be so bold as to. From the French *oser*.
OUSO *a dizer*, I dare to say.
OUSSIA, *f. f.* (an antiquated word.) See **CAPELLA**, **ESTRADO**, and **PAVIMENTO**.

OUT

OUTANTE, *f. m.* Hadley's quadrant.
OUTAVA. See **OCTAVA**, and **OUTAVA**.
OUTAVADO. See **OCTOGONO**.
OUTEIRINHO, *f. m.* hillock, a little hill.
Que tem outeirinhos, hillocky.
OUTEIRO, *f. m.* an hill.
Que tem, ou esta cheyo de outeiros, hilly.
Outeiro, a sort of rejoicing, wherein they make extemporary sonnets, and other poems; also the place wherein they make those extemporary poems, (in the university of Coimbra.) See **GLOSAR**.
OUTIVA, this word is always preceded by the particle *de*; as, *fallar de outiva*, to talk at random, and to no purpose.
Medico de outiva, a physician that has frequented the schools, but knows nothing of medicine.
Aprender de outiva, to learn confusedly, and without distinction.
OUTO. See **OITO**.

OUV

OUTONAR, *v. a.* (in agriculture) to till, to plough, or dig the ground immediately after the autumnal rains.
OUTONICO, *a, adj.* autumnal.
OUTONO, *f. m.* the autumn. *Lat. autumnus*.
OUTORGA, *f. f.* **OUTORGAMENTO**, *f. m.* a grant, or granting. See **CONSENTIMENTO**.
OUTORGADO, *a, adj.* granted. See **OUTORGAR**, *v. a.* to grant. See **CONSENTIR**.
OUTREM, an improper pronoun collective, somebody else, other people. It is only declinable with the indefinite article.
Outrem não o faria, no body else would do it.
Outrem o tem visto, somebody else has seen it.
Não devemos desijar os bens de outrem, we must not covet the goods of others.
Affigir-se com o mal de outrem, to be sorry for other people's trouble.
O de outrem, other men's or people's goods.
OUTRO, *a, adj.* another, other.
Outra vez, another time, or again, once more.
Outro dia, another day.
Outro tanto, as much more.
Outros tantos, as many more.
O outro dia, the other day.
Tes são bons como os outros, they are all alike.
Eis aqui outro, here is another.
Hum e outro, both.
Nem hum nem outro, neither, not one, nor other.
Ou hum, ou outro, either, whichever of the two.
Huns dizem que sim, e outros que não, some say yes, and some say no.
Huma coisa he o dizer as cousas e outra o fazellas, to say and to do are two things.
Não prestar para outra coisa, to be good for nothing else.
De outra sorte, otherwise.
OUTROSI, *adv.* item, also
OUTROTANTO, *adv.* as much more, as much.
Farei outrotanto por vos, I will do as much for you.
OUTUBRO, *f. m.* the month of October.

OUV

OUVENÇA, *f. f.* (an antiquated word.) See **AVENÇA**.
OUVIDA, *f. f.* it is always preceded by *de*, as *testemunha de ouvida*, a witness by hear-say, an ear-witness.
Ouvir de ouvida, to hearken, to give ear to.
OUVIDO, *f. m.* the sense of hearing; also the instrument or organ of hearing.
Fazer ouvidos de mercador, not to give attention.
Dar ouvidos, to give ear, to listen, to be attentive.
Dizer alguma coisa ao ouvido, to whisper

OX A

any thing, to speak in the ear, to whisper in one's ear.
O que falla ao ouvido, a whisperer.
Esta perdido se aquillo chega aos seus ouvidos, I am undone if that comes to his ear.
Ouvido esperto, a good or quick ear.
Ouvido duro, a dull ear.
Não dou ouvidos ao que elle diz, I give no heed to what he says.
Ouvido de Luma peça, &c. the touch-hole of a gun, &c.
Ouvido, (in foundery) the hole through which the melted metal runs into the mould.
P. entrar por hum ouvido, e sair pelo outro, in at one ear, and out at the other.
Ouvido, *a, adj.* heard, &c. See **OUVIR**.
OUVIDOR, *f. m.* there are different magistrates so called; also an ear-trumpet used by deaf persons.
OUVIDORIA, *f. f.* the charge or post of *Ouvider*.
OUVINTE, *p. a.* one who hears, a hearer, one who attends to any doctrine or discourse delivered orally by another.
Ouvinte obrigatorio, (in the university) one who is obliged to attend the lectures of medicine in the hospital.
OUVIR, *v. a.* to hear; also to listen, to hearken, to give attention, to pay regard, to give ear, to attend.
Ouvir por curiosidade, to hearken, or to listen by way of curiosity.
Que se não ouve, ou percebe pelo ouvido, unheard, not heard, not perceived by the ear.
Ouvir de confissão, to thrive, to confess, or hear the confession of a penitent as a priest
Sem ser ouvido, unheard, not vouchsafed an audience.
O que ouve, a hearer, hearer, or listener.
Aquillo que só se sabe por se ter ouvido, a hearsay, what is known no otherwise than by account from others.
Ouvi vós, hearken you.
This verb changes the *o* of the infinitive mood into *e*, in the first person singular of the present indicative, *eu ouço*, I hear; *tu, ouves*, &c. In the present subjunctive, and in the imperative mood, where it is conjugated thus; *Ouve tu, ouça elle, ouçamos nós, ouvi vós, ouçam vós*, hear thou, &c.
P. quem diz o que quer, ouve o que não quer; we say, he who speaks lavishly, shall hear knavishly. Terence says, *Qui pergit ea, que vult dicere ea quæ non vult audiri*.

OUZ

OUZIA. See **OUSADIA**.

OX A

OXALA, would to God. Arabic.
OXAMALA, an interjection of pity, and

P A

and sometimes of grief, alas! ah! alas! &c. (it is not used.)

O X E

OXEO, f. m. a frightening, scaring, or driving away of birds, or the like. Spanish.

Oxo, (metaph.) an alarm, a cry or notice of any danger approaching, any manner of sudden noise causing fear, &c.

O X I

OXICRATO. } See { **OXICRATO**.
OXIME'L. } { **OXIMEL**.

OXIRRODINO. See **OXIRRODINO**.

OXISACCHARUM. See **OXYSACCHARUM**.

P A C

O X Y

OXYCRA'TO, f. m. oxycrate, a mixture of fair water and vinegar, good to allay the heat and pain of inflammations.

OXYCRO'CIO *emplasto*, oxycroceum, a plaster made of saffron, vinegar, and other ingredients.

OXIME'L, f. m. oxymel, a kind of potion, or syrup made of honey and vinegar.

OXYMO'RON, f. m. oxymoron, a figure in rhetoric, in which an epithet of a quite contrary signification is added to any word; as, *regular confusion*.

OXYRRO'DINO, **OXYRRHO'DINO**, or **OXORODINO**, f. m. oxyrodon, or oxyrrhodine, a composition

P A C

of two parts of oil of roses, and one part of vinegar of roses stirred together for some time.

OXYSACCHARUM, f. m. oxysaccharum, a syrup made of vinegar, or the juice of four pomegranates, and sugar.

O Y R

OYRAS, f. f. p. See **VERTIGEM**.

O Z A

OZA'CRE, f. m. the disease called tetter, or ring-worm.

O Z E

OZEN'A. See **OSENA**.

O Z O

OZO'PHANO. See **ISOPHAGO**.

P.

P, the fifteenth letter of the Portuguese alphabet. It is expressed in Portuguese by a sound like that of *pe* in the English word *peany*. *P*, and *ph*, are pronounced as in English.

P is a numeral letter worth a hundred, according to that of Ugutio:

P similem cum e numerum monstratur batre.

But according to Baronius it stands but for seven.

When this letter is marked with a title, it signifies four hundred thousand.

P A

PA', f. f. a wooden or iron shovel.

Pá de forno, a peel, an instrument to set bread into an oven.

Pá que serve para cavar a terra, &c. a spade for digging the ground, and divers other uses.

Pá de ferro, que serve no lár, a shovel, or fire-shovel.

Pá do remo, the blade, the flat of an oar, or the broad part of it.

Pá de hum cavallo, &c. (with farriers) the shoulder-blade of a horse, &c.

Manqueira do cavallo precedida de estar á ponto da pá fora do seu lugar, shoulder-pight, a disease or hurt in horses, when the pitch or point of the shoulder is displaced, which makes the horse halt downright.

E terço, ou rendimento da pá, (with farriers) shoulder-splaiting, or shoulder-torn.

Pá do boi, the shoulder of an ox.

Obra da pá, the middle of the shoulder of an ox.

Se te de pa concava no fim, e que serve para lançar oga, para alguma parte, a scoop.

P A B

PA'BULO, f. m. food, aliment.

P A C

PA'CA, f. f. a small beast in Brasil like a pig of two months old, yet its flesh is tough; some are as white as snow, which are only found on the river of St. Francis.

PACACIDA'DE, f. f. tranquillity, peace of mind.

PACA'O, f. m. a sort of game at cards.

PACA'TO, a, adj. tranquil, undisturbed.

PACEIRO, *patyro*, or *Pacyro môr*, so they in former times called those superintendants, or prime managers, whose business was to oversee the construction of the king's palaces in different parts of the kingdom, and to take the proper care of them afterwards.

Paciro. See **PAGAROSO, DESCAN-CADO**.

PACENTO. } See { **PASSENTO**.
PACER. } { **PASCHER**.

PACHAM, f. m. a sort of fresh-water fish so called.

P. como te conheço pachão, I know you thoroughly. Persius says, *Ego te in-tus et cute novi*.

PACHARIL, so they call in the East Indies the rice that is sold with the husk.

PACHO'LA, f. m. (a vulgar word) an heavy lumpish man, a clumsy man. See **MADRASSO**.

PACHONGHE'TAS, f. f. p. (a vulgar word) trifles, idle stories.

PACHO'RA, f. f. heaviness in men, slowness, sluggishness.

Estár de pachorra, to droll, to play the droll, to be waggish.

PACHUCHA'DA, f. f. nonsense, absurdity.

PACIENCIA, f. f. patience. Lat. *patientia*.

Levar á paciencia. See **LEVAR**.

Paciencia, the herb called patience, or monk's rhubarb. Lat. *bippelapathum*. See also **ESCAPULARIO**.

PACIENTE, f. m. he who bears or suffers patiently; also a bardash, one that suffers the sin of sodomy, a catamite.

Paciente, (in philosophy) patient, opposed to agent, or that which acts.

PACIENTEMENTE, adv. patiently.

PACIFICADO'R, f. m. a peacemaker, pacificator, or pacifier.

PACIFICA'DO, a, adj. appeased, &c. See **PACIFICAR**.

PACIFICAMENTE, adv. peaceably, peacefully.

PACIFICA'R, v. a. to pacify, to appease, to still resentment.

PACIFICO, a, adj. peaceable, peaceful, pacific.

Mar pacífico, Pacific Sea, the South Sea.

PACIGO, f. m. pasturage, pasture, or pasture ground.

PA'ÇO, f. m. court, the prince with his retinue of courtiers.

Pagos del-rey, court, or the palace of a king, the place where a prince resides.

Pago dos tabeliaens, the office, or place appointed for notaries to attend in, in the day time.

PACOA, PACOE'IRA, or **MUSA**, f. f. a sort of tree in Brasil, not above ten or twelve feet high, but as thick as a man's thigh, yet so soft that it may be cut off at one stroke with a sword.

P A D

PACOBETE, idem.
PAÇOS, any mansion house of a very conspicuous and ancient family.
PACOTINHO, f. m. a little pack or bundle.
PACTADO, &c. See **PACTUADO**, &c.
PACTO, f. m. a contract, an agreement, a pact.
Ajentar pactos, to article, to draw up, or make particular terms or stipulations, to make an agreement.
PACTUADO, a, adj. agreed on, contracted.
PACTUAR, v. a. to make a compact or agreement.

P A D

PA'DA, f. f. two or three loves of bread sticking together.
PADAR, the palate, the roof of the mouth.
PADARIA. See **PADERIA**.
PADECENTE, f. m. a prisoner condemned to die, and going to be executed.
PADECER, v. a. to suffer, to endure. Lat. *patier*.
PADECIDO, a, adj. suffered, endured.
PADECIMENTO, f. m. suffering, or enduring.
PADEJADO, a, adj. winnowed, &c. See
PADEJAR, v. a. ex. *Pad'jar o trigo*, to winnow corn, to separate corn from chaff by casting it up aloft with a shovel. From *pa*, a shovel.
PADEIRA, f. f. a woman baker.
Pir alguém a pão de padeira, to impoverish, or make one poor, to ruin him.
PADEIRO, f. m. a baker.
Offício de padeiro, a baker's trade.
PADERERI'A, f. f. the baker's street.
PADIEIRA. See **VERGA da porta**.
PADIO'LA, f. f. hand-barrow, a wooden frame on which any thing is carried by the hands of two men.
PADRAM, f. m. a post or pillar erected on which they engrave an inscription, as discoverers used to do in those countries they newly discovered.
Padrao de juro. See **ALVARA'**.
Padrao, a pattern, a part shown as a sample of any thing.
Padrao, a standard, or standing measures of the king or state, according to which all the measures are framed and adjusted.
Padrao, a monument, a memorial for after-ages, a pillar, &c. raised in memory of some famous action.
PADRA'STO, f. m. a stepfather; also a rising ground that overlooks a town or fortress, and whence it may be battered.
Padra'sto (Metaph.) See **OBSTACULO**, **IMPEDIMENTO**.
Padra'sto, a soreneis on the finger near the nail, caused by the breaking of the skin.
PADRE, f. m. father, the compellation of God as creator, author of

P A G

all things, and in particular as having communicated of his own power and God-head to his only begotten son.
Deos padre, God the Father.
Padre nossô, the Lord's Prayer, Pater noster; also Pater-noster, the great beads of a chaplet.
Padres da igreja, ou santos padres, the fathers of the church.
O santo padre, the pope.
Padre espirital, a father confessor.
Padre, father, the title of a senator of old Rome.
Padres conscriptos. See **CONSCRIPTO**.
Padre, father, a title given to priests and friars.
PADRI'NHAS, f. f. p. so they formerly called some nuns of St. Benedict, in the archbishoprick of Braga.
PADRINHADO, &c. See **APADRINHADO**, &c.
PADRI'NHO, f. m. a godfather, a gossip.
Padrinho da boda, the father that gives a woman in marriage.
Padrinho, (in the universities) paronymph, one who makes a speech in praise of those who are commencing doctors.
Padrinho no desafio, a second in a challenge. They were in ancient times called god-fathers.
Padrinho, (in solemn challenges) he that conducts the combatant into the lists.
Ser padrinho, (at a christening) to stand god-father to a child.
Padrinho do baptismo, a god-father, or gossip, a man that is surety for a child in baptism.
Padrinho, paronymph, one who countenances or supports another.
PADROADO, f. m. advowson, patronage, the right belonging to the founder of a church, &c. of presentation to that benefice.
PADROEIRA, f. f. a woman that has the right of presentation to a benefice; also a patroness, a female guardian saint.
PADROEIRO, f. m. a patron, one who has the right of presentation to a benefice, one who has the gift of ecclesiastical preferments; also a patron, a particular guardian saint of any kingdom, city, &c.

P A E

PAEAN, f. m. Paean, a song of triumph, originally an hymn or song of praise made at festivals to Apollo, or at such a time as any plague or pestilence reigned. It is sometimes used for Apollo himself; and Homer applies it to a triumphal song in general.
PAEON, f. m. paean, or paëon, a foot so called, because supposed to be appropriated to the hymn paean, (in ancient poetry.)

P A G

PAG'd, f. f. pay, salary, day-wages;

P A G

also recompence, reward on account of some service done.
Paga dos soldados, wages, or pay for soldiers.
PAGA'DO, a, adj. payed.
PAGADOR, f. m. payer, one that pays.
Pagador, (in a regiment) a pay-master, an agent, or solicitor of a regiment.
P. ao bom pagador, não der o penhor, a good payer is not in pain for his pawn; that is, he who pays well is not afraid to give a pawn, because he will soon pay; or else he has no occasion to be in pain for his pawns, because he gives none.
PAGAMENTO, f. m. a payment.
Falta de pagamento, nonpayment.
Dia de pagamento, pay-day.
PAGANALIAS, f. f. p. Paganalia, feasts held in villages, where also altars were erected, and sacrifices offered annually to the tutelal gods, (among the Romans.)
PAGANISMO, f. m. Paganism, or Heathenism.
PAGAM, f. m. a Pagan, or Paganist, a Heathen.
De pagaõ, ou pertencente a pagaõ, pagan, or heathenish.
Parte pagaõ, e parte Christão, Pagan-Christian, part Pagan, part Christian.
PAGAR, v. a. to pay, to discharge a debt; also to pay, to reward, to recompense.
Que se deve, ou pode pagar, payable.
O que não pode pagar as suas dividas, insolvent, one who cannot pay his debts.
Falta de meios para pagar, insolvency.
Pagar-se pelas suas mãos, to pay one's self, to stop one's money.
Paguei-o na mesma moeda, I paid him in his own, or in the same coin, I was even with him.
Fazer-se pagar do que lhe devem, to get one's debts paid.
Pagar, to pay, to atone, to make amends by suffering; as, *Eles a pagaram*, they will pay for it.
Tu me pagarás, I shall pay you off for it, I shall be even with you, I will be revenged on you.
Pagar, to repay, to retaliate, to return, by giving like for like, to requite.
P. pagar os alhos de wassio, to have but little or no sense at all.
PAGELLA, f. f. an article of an account.
Pagar per pagellas, to pay by little and little.
PAGEM, f. m. a page, a young boy advanced to the service of a prince, or some great personage, to attend on them.
Servir ou acompanhar como pagem, to page, to attend as a page.
PAGE da lança, a lance-bearer.
Page, (in a ship of war) a swabber, one whose business is to swab or cleanse a ship's deck with a mop.
PAGEIRAS mayas, stockings made of yarn.

P A I

PÁGINA, f. f. a page, or side of a leaf in a book. Lat.
Página, weariness, trouble, importunity.
PÁGO, f. m. reward, or recompence.
Dar o pago, to repay, to reward, to recompence, to give in return.
Dar más pago, to repay with ingratitude, to be ungrateful.
Págo, a, adj. that serves, or is employed for wages; also pleased, satisfied. See also **PAGA'DO**.
PAGODE, f. m. (an Indian word) pagod, an idol's temple in China; also the image itself.
Pagode, pagod, a piece of Indian gold, worth about three shillings, so named by the Portuguese.
PAGUEL, f. m. (in Malabar) a sort of ship or vessel so called.

P A I

PAI, or **PAY**, f. m. father, or sire.
Deus Pai, God the Father.
Pays, in the plural number is always used for father and mother.
Pay de familia, the housekeeper, the master of the family.
Os nossos primeiros pays, Adam and Eve, our first ancestors.
Os nossos pays, ou *antepassados*, our ancestors.
Pay, father, a name given to benefactors in any kind; also to a preserver, as well as to an author or perfecter of any thing.
Qualidade, ou *authoridade de pay*, fatherhood.
Elle he o pay da sua patria, he is the father of his country.
Que não tem pay, fatherless.
Cómo pay, ou *com amor de pay*, fatherly.
Pay adoptivo, adoptive father.
Pay putativo, putative father, he who is only the reputed, or supposed father.
Pay das egas, a stallion, a stone-horse, kept for getting colts.
Pay, ou o *que está em lugar de pay*, sustentando o filho de outrem como se fosse seu, a foster-father.
P. qual o pay, tal o *filho*, like father, like son. The Latin say, *malum corvi, malum ovum*.
PAI'NÇO, f. m. panic or pannicle, a grain like unto miller, with a knob full of corn.
PAINE'L, f. m. a picture, a portrait.
Galeria ornada com paineis, a picture-gallery.
PAIO. See **PAYO**.
PAIO'L, f. m. as, *Paio'l da pólvora*, the powder-room, (in a ship.) Spanish *panol*.
Paio'l, the bread-room in a ship.
PAIRA'DO, part. of
PAIRA'R, v. n. (a sea term) to ply to-and-again in one's station.
Pairar a arvore seca, (in sea language) to lie a hull, a term used of a ship when she takes all her sails in; and this is done either in a dead calm, or in a storm.
Andar pairando. See **PAIRAR**.

P A L

Andar pairando, (metaph.) to boggle, to play fast and loose, to dissemble.
PAIRO, or **PAYRO**, f. m. as, *Estar, eu andar ao paio*. See **PAIRAR**.
PAIS, or **PAIZ**, f. m. a country, land, or region.
PAIZES, landscapes, or land skips, boscses.
Outreiros, bosques, rios, &c. que se representam nos paizes, the parergon, or by-work of a landscape, as hills, woods, rivers, &c.
Pessoas que se representam nesta sorte de pintura, the persons, or argument of a landscape.
O que pinta paizes. See **PAISISTA**.
Os Paizes Baixos, the Low Countries, the Netherlands.
De que paiz sois? what countryman are you?
PAISA'GEM, f. f. a landscape, or landscape, a boscsage.
PAISA'NO, f. m. a country-man, one of the same country. See also **RUSTICO**.
PAISISTA, ou *Pintor paisista*, f. m. a landscape painter.
PAIXAM, f. f. any passion of the mind.
Tomar ou ter paixão por alguma coisa, to passion, to be concerned or troubled at thing.
Facil a tomar paixão por alguma coisa, passionate.
Pação, (among physicians) passion, any pain or disturbance in the body.
Pação, (with philosophers) passion, the receiving of an action.
Pação, (emphatically) passion, the last suffering of the Redeemer of the world.
Semana da Pação, Passion-week, the week next before the festival of Easter.
PAIZ. See **PAIS**.

P A L

PA'LA, f. f. as, *Pala de anel*, the bezel, or bezil, the upper part of the collet of a ring.
Pala, a sort of Indian ship.
Pala do sapato, the upper part of the upper-leather of a shoe. See **PALLA**.
Meter a pala a alguém, to cheat one, to impose upon him.
Isto he pala, this is a cheat.
PALACEGO, f. m. a courtier, one that follows the court of princes.
PALACIA'NO, f. m. a courtier, a polite man. See also **PALACEGO**.
PALACIO, f. m. a palace. Latin *Palatium*, of Mons Palatinus, in Rome, where stood the royal mansion-house.
PALADAR, f. m. See **PADAR**.
PALADI'M. See **CAVALLEIRO andante**.
PALADION. See **PALLADION**.
PALAFREM, f. m. a palfrey, or palfrey, a pacing horse, or a small horse of state for a lady.
Que vai a cavallo em hum palafrem, palfreyed.

P A L

PALA'M. See **PELAM**.
PALAMA'LHA, f. f. the exercise, or play called pall-mall.
PALA'NÇA, f. f. (in fortification) palanka, a defence made of large poles or stakes.
PALANCIANA, ou *mulher palanciana*, a proud and presumptuous woman.
PALANCO, f. m. (in a ship) one of the halliards so called.
PALANFRORIO. See **PALAFRO-RIO**.
PALANGA'NA, f. f. a sort of oblong basin, having a flat edge, and about three inches broad, which serves to wash the hands in.
PALA'NQUE, f. m. the scaffolds erected to see the bull-fights, or any other show; also a palisado, formerly used round the field where two armies engaged.
P. ver os touros de palanque, to see the bull-fights from an high scaffold, and out of danger. It is applied to those, who, being in a safe place, talk big, and find fault with those that are in danger; and so those who dare not show their face in an army, blame the behaviour of those that were engaged in battles.
PALANQUETA, f. f. (with gunners) a bar-shot, two half bullets joined together by an iron bar.
PALANQUI'M, f. m. palanquin, a kind of covered carriage, chaise, or chair, born by slaves on their shoulders, much used by the Chinese and other Eastern people, for travelling from place to place, and wherein persons of distinction are carried.
PALATINA, f. f. a kind of tippet, or neck-cloth made of furs, feathers, or the like, worn by ladies.
PALATINA'DO, f. m. Palatinate, the County Palatine of the Rhine.
PALATI'NO, a, adj. palatine, belonging to the palace or court of an emperor, or sovereign prince.
Conte Palatino, the Count Palatine in Germany, one of the electors of the empire.
Monte Palatino, Mount Palatine, one of the seven hills on which Rome is built.
Mesteyro palatino, (in ancient records) the name of a monastery belonging to the Benedictines, which is now called the monastery of Tibaens, near Braga.
PALAVA, (in Angola) dysentery.
PALA'VRA, f. f. a word.
A Palavra Divina, the Word, or Word of God; one of those titles by which the Son of God is characterised in the scripture.
A palavra de Deus, the explanation of the Gospel, or any instructive discourse pronounced by a divine to his congregation.
Palavra, (in an army) a word that is given to be the token or mark of distinction, by which spies or treacherous persons are known; it serves likewise to prevent surprizes.

P A L

Palavra da divisa. See *ALMA da divisa*.
Pegar de palavras, to quarrel, to word, to dispute, to rail at one another.
Palavra por palavra, word for word, in the very same words, without any alteration.
Numa palavra, in a word, in short:
As ultimas palavras de quem esta para morrer, the last words or speech of a dying person.
Abundante de palavras, wordy.
Palavra usada, ou que esta em uso, a word used, a word in use.
Pesouos que digais huma palavra em meu favor, pray speak a word for me.
Huma palavra senber, a word with you, sir, or let me speak a word with you.
Não dizer nem sequer huma palavra, not to say a word, to be silent.
Em poucas palavras, in few words.
Elle não teve nem sequer huma palavra que dizer, he had not a word to say.
Palavras brandas, soft words.
Palavras asperas e que offendem, words, or big words, ill, or abusive language.
Maltratar de palavras, to give ill words.
Palavras, words, vain words, (in opposition to deeds.)
Dar, ou emprehar a sua palavra, to pass one's word, to promise.
Faltar a palavra, to fail of one's word, to go back from one's word. See *PEÇA*.
Se vos finis da minha palavra, if you will take my word.
Ser homem de palavra, ou guardar a sua palavra, to keep one's word, to be as good as one's word.
Nem huma so palavra quero que me digais, I will not hear a word you say, I will not hear you a word.
Homem de poucas palavras, a man of few words.
Homem de muitas palavras, a man of many words.
Expressar com palavras expressivas e proprias, to word, to express or indite in proper terms.
Palavras de cerimonia, words of course.
Bellas, ou boas palavras, fair, or good words.
Meia palavra, half a word.
Pegar da palavra, ou acytar a coudiça que algum nos propoem, to take a man at his word.
Tornar as palavras de huma lingua em outra. See *TRADUZIR*.
Entreter com bellas palavras a alguem, to put one off with fair words.
Passar palavra, to give the word about, as sergeants do in the ring, when the adjutant gives orders.
Passarão se algumas palavras entre elles, they exchanged words together, there passed some words betwixt them.
Fiar-se na palavra de alguem, to rely upon one's word, or honour.
Arrendamento feito por palavra e não por escrito, a lease parole, a lease by word of mouth, in contradistinction to one in writing.

P A L

Pesar as palavras, to weigh and consider well what one has to say.
Palavra, parole, word given as an assurance, promise given by a prisoner not to go away, as, *palavra de bemem honrado,* parole of honour.
Palavra; (in military affairs) parole, as when a prisoner of war is permitted to go into his own country, or to his own party, upon his promise to return at a time appointed, if not exchanged.
Palavras sacramentais, the words by which the bread and wine are transubstantiated, or changed (according to the notions of the Roman Catholics) into the real body and blood of Christ.
P. a bem entender, &c. See *ENTENDEDOR*.
P. a palavras lousas, &c. See *LOUCO*.
P. palavras e plumas, o vento as leva, words and feathers are carried away by the wind; that is, words are but wind.
P. palavras de santo, e unhas de gato, a saint's words, and a cat's claws. Said of hypocrites who talk nothing but holiness, and are all cheating and sharpening.
P. a duas palavras tres perradas, two words, and three bulls or blunders; said of those who talk much nonsense.
P. mais apaga bea palavra que calatira de agea, a good word quenches more than a kettle of water; that is, it allays anger, and pacifies.
P. mais corta a ma palavra que a espada afada, an ill word makes a worse wound than a cutting sword. ill language, we see, is often never forgiven, but a cut of a sword is soon healed.
P. não ha na palavra se a puzarem em seu lugar, no word is ill spoken, if it were not ill understood. For the most part words are worse taken than they were meant.
P. não ha palavra mal dita, se não fora mal entendida, idem.
PALAI'RINHA, f. f. a little word.
PALAVRORIO, f. m. babbling, prating, chattering, tittle-tattle, talkativeness, chit-chat.
PALAVROSO, a, adj. wordy, verbose.
PALEA'DO, &c. See *PALLIADO*, &c.
PALEGA, f. f. a sort of Indian ship.
PALEO. See *PALLIO*.
PALES, f. f. Pales, a goddess of shepherds.
PALESTRA, f. f. palestra, a place for wrestling, or other exercises. Greek.
PALESTRICO, a, adj. belonging to a palestra.
PALHA, f. f. straw. Lat. *palea*.
Feito de palha, straw-built.
De cor de palha, straw-coloured, of a light yellow colour.
Cbeço de palha, strawy, full of, or strewn with straw.
Cuberto de palha, thatched.
Cubrir de palha, ou com palha, to thatch.

P A L

Cuberta, ou teço de palha, a thatch.
O que cobre bem colleiro, &c. com palha, a thatcher.
Bicho que se cria na palha, straw-worm.
Palha de camelo, ou palha de meca, the sweet rush called squinanthus, or camel's-hay.
Palha de canico, a sort of marshy plant resembling the reed, but without knots.
Meda de palha, a rick of straw.
PALHADCA'RGIA, f. f. a sort of angular bulrush so called, they sometimes fill bed-ticks with it.
PALHAÇAS casar, thatched houses.
PALHA DA, f. f. chopt hay, or straw boiled in water with bran for horses that have a cold; also shew, phantoms, not realities.
Palhada, with sailors. See *PALHIÇO*.
PALHAGEM, f. f. a heap of straw.
PALHEIRO, f. m. a straw-lost.
P. buscar agulha em palheiro, to seek a needle in a straw-lost; or, as others say, in a bottle of hay.
Palheiro, a, adj. that likes to eat straw.
PALHETA, f. f. a little piece of board with a handle to it, to play with a bowl on the ground, and drive it through a ring.
Cabe de palbeto, so they say when the balls lie so near, that there is but just room to put the tack betwixt them.
Palheta de jogar a pela, a racket, an instrument to strike the ball with at tennis play.
Palbeto de jogar ao volante, a battledore, an instrument to play at shuttle-cock.
Palheta de pintar, a pallet, a light board on which a painter holds his colours when he paints.
Palbeto de prata, a spangle of silver.
Palbeto, ou pequena cartilagem, &c. See *EPIGLOTTIS*.
Levantar, ou tomar a palbeto, is for one given to prate, to begin to chatter.
PALHETAM, f. m. key-bit. From the French *paueton*.
Palbeto de prata, a broad spangle of silver.
PALHETE, ou vinbo palbete, pale, or pallet wine.
PALHIÇO, f. m. minced straw, chaff, bits or fragments of straw.
Palbico, so the sailors call the sugar-cane when it is ground, and broken small. They make use of it to stop the holes of a ship for three or four hours.
PALHINHA, f. f. a small straw. *Tirar a palhinha com alguem,* to ridicule one.
PALHOÇA, f. m. a thatched house, or a house covered with straw.
PALICADA, or PALISSADA, f. f. (in fortification) palisade, or palisado.
Cercar com palicadas, to palisade, to fence with palisades.
PALILIA, (among the Romans) Palilia, feasts or public rejoicings celebrated April the twentieth, in honour of Pales, the goddess of shepherds.

PALIOLOGIA, (in rhetoric.) See **RE-PETITION**.
PALINDROMIA, f. f. palindrome, a word, verse, or sentence, which runs the same, being read either forwards or backwards; as, *madam: subi dura, a rudibus*; or *Romatibi subis, metibus ibit amer.* Greek.
PALINODIA, f. f. palinode, palinody, a recantation, or recalling what one had spoken before.
PALINURO, f. m. the pilot of Æneæ's ship; also promontory of Lucania bod. Capo di Palinuro.
PALISSADA. See **PALLIÇADA**.
PALITADO, p. of
PALITAR, v. n. to pick one's teeth. *Estar palitando*, to droll, to be wag-gish.
PALITEIRO, f. m. the case for a tooth-picker.
PALITO, f. m. a tooth-picker.
PALLA, f. f. a square pasteboard covered with a white cloth, and both laid upon the chalice; also a sort of Indian man of war.
Palla, (in heraldry) pale.
Palla do anel, &c. See **PALA**.
PALLADIO, f. m. palladium, the statue of Pallas.
PALLANDRA, f. f. a sort of hoy, or bomb-ketch, but without masts or sails, and strongly built, to bear the shock of a mortar, when bombs are to be fired into a town.
PALLAS, f. f. Pallas, the goddess of war and wisdom.
PALLIADO, a, adj. palliated, cloak-ed, concealed, disguised.
PALLIAR, v. a. to palliate, to cloak, to disguise.
Palliar, (in physic) to palliate, to cure imperfectly and temporarily, not radically.
PALLIATIVO, a, adj. (in physic) palliative; as, *Cura palliativa*, palliative cure.
PALLIDEZ, f. m. paleness.
PALLIDO, a, adj. pale, wan. Lat. *palidus*.
Que tem a cara pallida, pale-faced.
Alguem coufa pallido, paleish, palish, somewhat pale.
Fazer-se pallido, to grow pale or wan.
PALLIO, f. m. (with Roman Catholics) a pall, or ornament bestowed by the pope on archbishops, &c. also a canopy carried over the sacrament in processions, &c.
Correr o pallio, to run a race. Though it is an Italian phrase, it is used by Man. Thom. l. 2. st. 14.
PALLO'R. See **PALLIDEZ**.
PALMA, f. f. the palm of the hand; also the palm-tree; also the branch of the palm-tree.
Palma, (metaph.) palm, victory, triumph.
Palma, (with farriers) the quick sole of a horse's foot.
Que produz palmas, palmy, bearing palms, palmist rous.
Esconder na palma da mão, to palm, to

conceal in the palm of one's hand, as jugglers do.
O que ingana escondendo na palma da mão hum dado, &c. a palmer, one who cheats at cards, &c.
Palma Christi, a sort of plant commonly so called.
Adevinhaçam pelas palmas das mãos, palmistry.
O que pretende adivinhar pelas palmas das mãos, a palmist.
Trazer algum nos palmas das mãos, to carry one on the palms of the hands, is to value and cherish one very much, to take great care of him.
Levar a palma, to carry the day, to get the victory.
PALMAÇA, f. f. a stroke with the palm of the hand; also the mark left after striking with the palm of the hand.
Dar huma palmaça, to spank, to flap with the open hand.
PALMAR, f. m. a grove of palm-trees.
Palmar, (in India, and Brazil) a village.
Palmar, adj. that is a span long.
PALMATOADA, f. f. a stroke with a ferula, or palmer.
PALMATOREADA, idem.
PALMATORIA, f. f. a ferula, a palmer, or instrument with which school-boys are struck on the hand.
Palmatória de Fiaens, so they call the gamon of bacon or ham they have from a place called Fiaens, in Portugal; we may call it Fiaens ham, as we say Westphalia ham.
PALMATOREADO, a, adj. feruled.
PALMATOREAR, v. a. to ferule, to chastise with the ferula.
PALMEJAÇO, p. of
PALMEJAR, v. n. to clap the hands, to strike the hands together.
PALMEIRA, f. f. the palm-tree.
PALMEIRO, f. m. (an antiquated word, according to Duarte Nunes de Leão) a palmer, a pilgrim who travels to visit holy places; so called from a branch or staff of a palm-tree, which they carried in their hands when they returned from the holy war.
PALMETA, f. f. a spatule or slice, an instrument for spreading salves, plasters, &c. a spatula, or spatula.
PALMILHA, f. f. the foot or sole of a stocking.
PALMILHADEIRA, f. f. a woman who repairs the worn soles of stockings.
PALMILHADO, a, adj. repaired, &c. See
PALMILHAR *meias*, v. a. to foot, to repair the worn soles of stockings, to vamp, or graft a new footing on old hose.
Palmitoar, ou andar a pé, to foot, to travel on foot, to beat the hoof. The French say, *battre la semelle*.
PALMITES, (among farriers) one of the soles of a horse's foot.

PALMITO, f. m. a small branch of a palm-tree; also the inner rind, or eye of the coco, (an Indian-tree resembling the date-tree) which is very good to eat.
PALMO, f. m. a span. Lat. *palmus*.
Medir a palmas, to span.
Palmo craveiro. See **CRAVEIRO**.
Saber a palmas hum terreno, to know every palm of a country.
PALPADO, &c. See **APALPADO**, &c.
PALPAVEL, adj. palpable, to be felt; also palpable, clear, evident.
PALPAVELMENTE, adv. palpably.
PALPEBRA, f. f. the eye-lid.
PALPITAÇAM, f. f. palpitation, beating, as the heart does.
PALPITADO, p. of **PALPITAR**, which see.
PALPITANTE, p. a. palpitating. See also **TREMULO**.
PALPITAR, v. n. to palpitate, to go pit-a-pat, to beat as the heart does, to flutter.
PALRA, f. f. chattering, babbling, chit-chat. See also **FALLADOR**.
PALRAÇO, p. of **PALRAR**, which see.
PALRAMENTEADO, &c. See **PAR-LAMENTEADO**, &c.
PALRAR, v. n. to prate, to prattle, to chatter, to prittle-prattle; also to chirp, as some birds do. See **CHIL-RAR**.
Palrar, to speak, to talk. It is very seldom used in this sense.
PALREIRA, f. f. a prating woman.
PALREIRO, f. m. a prating, or talkative fellow.
Palreiro, a, adj. loquacious; also pur-ling, murmuring.
Palheiros passaros, chirping birds.
PALUDAMENIO, f. m. a military garment anciently worn by generals; also a royal robe. Lat. *paludamentum*.

P A M

PAM, f. m. Pan, an ancient Egyptian deity called by them Mandes, a he-goat. See also **PÃO**.
PAMPANADA, f. f. (a vulgar word) phantoms, not realities.
PAMPANO, f. m. (a vine leaf. Lat. *pampinus*). Also a sort of fish so called.
PAMPILHO, or **PAMPILO**, f. m. a goad, or staff pointed with sharp iron, to drive oxen with.
Pampilho, f. m. p. the herb May-weed, or ox-eye.
PAMPINOSO, a, adj. full of, or covered with vine leaves.

P A N

PANACEA, f. f. or **PANACEO**, f. m. panacea, an universal medicine; also the herb all-heal. Lat. *panacea*.
—*et odoriferam panaceam*. Virg.
Panacea mercurial, (with chemists) panacea mercurialis, sublimate of mercury

P A N

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cury or quicksilver sweetened by many repeated sublimations and the spirit of wine.

PANA'L, f. m. a honeycomb; also a sort of cloth upon which the baker-woman puts the paste of bread, or dough, to divide it in loaves.

Panal de palha, a coarse cloth, or wrapper, in which straw is wrapped and carried; also the straw wrapped and carried in it.

Tomar o panal a algum, (metaph.) to ease one of his burden or cares.

PANARI'CIO, f. m. a whitlow, a swelling at the end of the finger.

PANATHE'NIO, a, adj. as, *jogos panathenios*, (in Greece) a feast celebrated in honour of Minerva.

Jogos panathenios, (in Rome) a spectacle or show which the Roman emperors exhibited to the people, a kind of chase or hunt, of a number of beasts, as bullocks, deers, hares, &c. which being shut up in the circus or amphitheatre were led out to the people, &c.

PANÇA, f. f. (a burlesque word) the paunch, the belly.

PANCA'DA, f. f. a blow, a stroke.

Dar pancadas com hum pau, to cudgel, to beat or bang with a stick or cudgel.

A' pancada, adv. at the same time.

De pancada, adv. suddenly, all on a sudden; also rashly, unadvisedly, at random.

Pancada de agoa, a sudden shower, a fall of rain.

Pancada de dinheiro, a sum or quantity of money.

Pancada, the cadence, or flow of verses.

Elle tem pancadas de Virgilio, he imitates Virgil in the flow or cadence of his verses.

Pancada de coração, pit-a-pat, the beating of the heart.

Esperai-lhe pella pancada, you will see what will be the end of it.

Pancada. See **REMOQUE**, and **PIQUE**.

PANCADI'NHA, f. f. a small blow.

PANCARPIA, f. f. a garland made of all sorts of flowers. Greek.

Pancarpia, (metaph.) a collection of choice pieces, containing the finest of their kind. Lat. *florilegium*.

PANCARPO, f. m. (in ancient Rome) pancarpus, a combat wherein robust people, hired for that purpose, fought with wild beasts.

PANCHYMAGO'GO, f. m. a medicine good or profitable against all diseases.

PANCRACIA'STES, f. m. a pancratic man.

PANCRACIO, f. m. the joint exercise of wrestling, boxing, &c. all in one subject.

PANCRAT'ICO, a, adj. pancratic, excelling in all the gymnastic exercises.

PANCREAS, f. m. (with physicians) pancreas, a gland of the conglomerate sort, situated between the bot-

tom of the stomach, and the vertebrae of the loins.

PANCREAT'ICO, a, adj. pancreatic; as, *succo pancreatico*, the pancreatic juice.

PANDARETA. See **PANDERETA**.

PANDECTAS, f. f. p. Pandects, a collection, or volume of the civil law, containing the whole body of it.

PANDEIRO, f. m. an instrument made in the nature of a little drum, having a skin or parchment top and bottom, but not above three fingers breadth between the two parchments; so that they hold it in one hand and strike it with the other without sticks, about it are fixed a great many horse-bells, which sound at the same time, and all make a disagreeable noise. Arab.

P. nem sudo he verdadeiro, o que diz o pandeiro, all is not true that the pandeiro sounds; that is, we must not believe all we hear.

PANDERETA, it is used in this phrase, *tosquear cabelo as panderetas*, to notch hair.

PANDO, a, adj. crooked.

PANDORA, f. f. Pandora, a woman (according to the poets) made by Vulcan, at the command of Jupiter, whom every god adorned with several gifts. Greek.

PANDORGA, f. f. the harmony or result of all the musical instruments played together. Cobarruvias says, that *pandorga* signifies a mad confused noise of many instruments made designedly for sport.

Pandorga, any thing that is out of measure, or immoderately great.

PANEGY'RICO, f. m. a panegyric, an oration made in praise of any person.

Panegyrico, a, adj. panegyric.

PANEGYRISTA, f. m. a panegyrist.

PANELA, f. f. a pot to boil meat in. Lat. *ella*. It is also taken for the meat boiled in the pot.

Panela, a sort of sugar, (in the Brasil.)

Panela, (in heraldry) the leaves of the plant called **GOLFAM**, which see.

P. panela que muito serve, e saber perde, the pot that boils too much, or too fast, loses its good relish, (metaph.) a passionate hasty man loses his reason.

P. panela sem sal fazes conta que não tem manjar, if there be no salt in the pot, you may reckon you have no meat.

PANELINHA, f. f. a little pot, or pipkin.

Fazer panelinha com algum, to keep company with one, to visit him often, to consult together.

PANETE, f. m. (a vulgar word) it is used in this phrase, *tomar o panete*, to run away.

PANETELLA, f. f. panado, a sort of food made by boiling bread in water.

PANGA'YO, f. m. a sort of small Indian ship.

PANGAYOA, a sort of Indian vessel with oars.

PANIAGUADO. See **PANIGUADO**.

PANICALE, swelling of the feet, a sort of disorder in India.

PANICAM, f. m. (in Malabar) a master or teacher.

PANICO, a, adj. panical, or panic.

Terrór panico, an ill grounded fright, a panic.

PANICO, f. m. a sort of linen cloth from Hamburg.

Panico ry, calico, a sort of cotton cloth brought from Calicut.

PANICULO, or **PANNICULO**, f. m. (in anatomy) a pannicle or membrane.

Paniculo carnoso, (in anatomy) panniculus carnosus, a fleshy membrane, which the ancient anatomists supposed to be common to the whole body, and to be the fourth integument or covering of it, after the epidermis, cutis, and adiposus.

PANIGUA'DO, f. m. a servant, or retainer on a family, as if he were allowed bread and water; that is, meat and drink.

PANINHO. See **PANNINHO**.

PANNETES, f. m. p. tattered clothes, rags.

PANNICULO. See **PANICULO**.

PANNINHO, a little piece of cloth made of wool, linen, &c. also any fine and thin stuff.

PANNO. See

PANO, f. m. cloth.

Pano de linbo, linen-cloth.

Pano de laã, woollen-cloth, drap.

Panno tecido de linbo e laã, linsley woollsey, cloth of linen and woollen mixt together.

Pano de algodão, cotton cloth.

Mercador que vende panos, a draper.

O que vende panos de laã, woollen-draper.

O que vende panos de linbo, linen-draper.

Negocio de panos, drapery, the cloth-trade.

Fazer panos, to drape, to make cloth.

O que faz panos, a clothier, a cloth-worker.

Pano, (with painters) the cloth on which pictures are drawn.

Pano, (in architecture) the curtain of a wall.

Pano, a stroke with the flat side of a sword.

Pano de agua, See **PANCADA de agua**.

Pano, ou nevoa dos olhos. See **NEVOA**.

Panos de tapeçarias, hangings, or tapestry, or tapisstry, a curious sort of manufacture, being cloth woven in regular figures, for hanging of rooms, &c.

Panos de arras, arras hangings, (so called of the town of Arras, of the province of Artois in Flanders, where made) a sort of rich tapestry hangings, in which figures are woven.

Panos, hypochondriac spots in the face, break, &c.

Ceifa eferita no paxo da ferpe, a thing that is known by every body.

Pano, (in a ship) the sails.

P. cortar o vestido conforme o pano, to cut one's coat according to the cloth.

PANOURA, f. f. (in India) a sort of galliot; also a sword.

PANTAFACUDO, f. m. (a vulgar word) a blub-checked man.

PANTANA, f. f. it is used in the two following vulgar phrases; *Dar com tudo em pantana*, to squander away, to lavish, or waste the whole fortune.

Ser escolhido a pantana, to be chosen by all the voters.

PANTANO, f. m. a pool, a morass.

PANTANOSO, a, adj. boggy, marshy.

PANTHEON, f. m. the Pantheon, once a heathen temple at Rome, now called Santa Maria della Rotonda.

PANTHERA, f. f. the wild beast called panther, so named because it has the fierceness of all beasts put together; a spotted wild beast, a pard, a lynx.

PANTOMETRO, f. m. a pantometer, a mathematical instrument for measuring all sorts of angles, heights, lengths, &c. some Portuguese authors call it *pantometra*.

PANTOMIMO, f. m. a pantomime.

PANTURILHA. See *PANTURILHA*.

PANTUFO, f. m. pantosle, or pantables, a high soled slipper. See also *CHAPIM*.

PANTURRILHA, f. f. the calf of the leg.

P A O

PA'O, f. m. a stick, cudgel, a piece of timber, wood.

Consa de pao, wooden, ligneous.

Dar com um pao, to cudgel, to beat, or bang with a stick.

Que pode resistir as pancadas de um pao, cudgel-proof.

Pao de rasaura. See *ARRASADOR*.

Pao com ponta que se faca no cabo, a stake, or post sharpened at one end, to be driven into the ground.

Pao pedre, touch-wood, spunk, rotten-wood.

Pao a que se otam as vinhas, a pole or prop for vines.

Pao d'aguila, or *d'aguia*, agallochium, a medicinal wood imported from the East Indies, usually in small bits, of a very fragrant scent. It is otherwise called *lignum aloes*, and *byloaloe*; q. d. aloes wood.

Pao santo, or *dos antilhas*, *lignum sanctum*, or *lignum vite*, the wood commonly called by physicians, *guaia-cum*, a very hard wood.

Pao de tatra, a tall fruit tree growing in the islands of Ceylon, Timor, and other parts of the East. What we call snake-wood is properly the smaller branches of the root of it.

Pao da Coima, China-root, a medicinal root, brought to us from both the Indies.

Pao de Brasil, Brasil wood. The natives of the Brasils call it *ibiropitanga*.

Pao ferre. See *BARBUSANO*.

Pao de gallinha, (in the Brasil) a sort of worm that eats the roots of the sugar canes.

Pao, cu varas em que andao belatins, e de que njaos os pastores, &c. quando querem vadear ribeiras, flits.

Andar em cima d'esses paos, to walk upon flits.

Jogo dos paos. See *JOGO*.

Peixe pao, stock-fish, a sort of fish salted and dried.

Pao, clubs, one of the four sorts of cards.

P. bom grande, &c. See *BESTA*.

Paos, (metaph.) measures, means to bring a thing about; as, *armar os paos*, to take measures, or to choose the means to attain an end.

Armar os pass a algum, (metaph.) See *ARMAR a algum*.

Pao, f. m. bread. Lat. *panis*; also all sorts of corn.

Hum pao, a loaf.

Pao pequenino que se faz da flor da melhor farinha, a manchet. Lat. *filigenus panis*.

Pao de le, it is made of the finest flour, sugar, eggs, and orange-flower-water well beaten together, and then baked.

Pao de porco, ou *porcino*, sow-bread. They call it also *maçao de porco*.

Pao, loaf, any mass into which a body is wrought; as, *pao de aquear*, a loaf of sugar.

Pao levedo, leavened bread.

Pao asmo. See *ASMO*.

Pao feito da flor da farinha, bread of the finest flour.

Pao de munição, ammunition-bread, or brown-George.

Pao de toda a farinha, a kind of household bread made of corn, as it comes from the mill, flour and bran all together. Lat. *autopyrus panis*.

Pao duro, stale bread.

Pao molle, new bread.

Pao de rala, second bread, brown bread, coarse bread, or boards-end-bread.

Lat. *panis secundarius*.

Pao coxo do hoje, bread of this day's baking.

Pao de ontem, bread of yesterday's baking.

Pao de cevada, barley-bread.

Pao leve, light spongy bread.

Pao de favela, bread made of bran. Lat. *panis faveleus*.

Pao bolorento, mouldy bread. Lat. *panis mutidus*.

Corda do pao, the crust of bread.

Pao, bread, or food in general; as *ganhar o pao*, to get bread; *ter necessidade de pao*, to want bread; *ter pao para comer*, to have a competency, or wherewithal to live.

Pao de domingo, ou *pao da caridade*, the bread which anciently was given to the poor people in the churches on Sundays.

Paes de propoção, shew-bread, (among the Jews.)

Comer pao seco, to eat dry bread.

Pao bento, holy-bread.

Pao per Deus, Soulmass-cakes, or a present made to the poor on All Saints day.

Pao mal cozido, ill-baked bread.

Pao de hostia, the host before it is consecrated.

Pao dos anjos, ou *pao do cto*, the consecrated host or wafer in the Roman Catholic communion.

Paens, all manner of corn on the ground.

P. pao e vinho anda caminho, bread and wine will carry a man through his journey.

P. pao comido, *companhia desfeita*, as soon as the bread is eaten, the company is broke up; no longer pipe no longer dance.

P. tambem os ameçades comem pao, threatened folks eat bread; we say, threatened folks live long.

P. a pouco pao, *tovar primeiro*, where there is little bread, cut first. It is good to be before-hand at short commons.

P. a mingua de pao boas são tortas, cake is good for want of bread. A hard shift to eat pie-crust instead of bread.

P. guarda pao para Mayo, e *lenha para abril*, keep bread or corn for May, and wood for April. A man must lay in store of them for these two months; of corn, because it is dearest in May, the harvest being near, in Portugal; and of wood, because fuel is dearest at the end of the winter.

P. não te mao anno por mnyto pao, much corn never makes a bad year.

P. a pao duro, *dente agudo*, a sharp tooth for hard bread. Diamond must cut diamond.

P. quem mal informa, *tira os paes tortos*, the loaves are taken away from the oven, when they are not carefully put into it; that is, man is corrupted in his youth.

PA OSINHO, f. m. a little-slick.

P A P

PA' Pd, f. m. the pope; also the pap for children.

Papa dos doudos, the festival of fools, a sort of impious merriment. See what Beler and Naudé write of it.

Papa fante, a bigot.

Dizer buma coisa pa-pa-santo justa, (a vulgar phrase) to tell all one knows, to tell a thing very plain, as if every word was spelt.

PAPA'DA, f. f. a great double chin, or a great hanging fleshy chin.

Papada de bey, the dewlap of an ox.

PA' Pd DO, f. m. papacy, or popedom.

Papado, a, adj. See the verb *PAPAR*.

PAPAFIGO, f. m. becaico, a bird-like a wheat-eat, or a kind of ortolan. See also *GUALTEYRA*.

Papafigo, (in a ship) so they call the main-sail without a bounet, and also the fore-sail.

P A P

PAPAGAYAR, v. n. to prattle like a parrot.
PAPAGAYO, f. m. the general name for all parrots; also a sort of flower so called.
Papagayo de mediana grandezza, vermelha e azul, popinjay.
Fallar como b. m. papagayo, to talk like a parrot; that is, either to talk very much, or to talk nothing to the purpose.
Papagayo, a kite, a paper-kite.
PAPAGENTE. See **ANIROPOPHAGO**.
PAPAJANTARES, f. m. a sponger, a parasite.
PAPAL, adj. popish, papal.
PAPALVA, f. f. a sort of weasel which eats hens, pigeons, &c.
PAPALFO, f. m. a dunce, a person easy to be deceived.
PAPAMOSCAS, f. m. (a vulgar word) one that has the mouth open like a fool, a rustic fellow that gazes and is amazed at all he sees; also a small creature in America as big as a newt, which clears a place of flies.
PAPAM, f. m. a mormo, a bug-bear, hob-goblin, a thing to affright children with.
PAPAPEIXE, f. m. (in the Brasils) a sort of bird that preys upon fish. The natives call it *jaguarati gacu*.
PAPAR, v. a. and n. to eat pap, as children; also to eat, (by the figure catarchesis).
PAPARICHO, f. m. a dainty, something nice, and of exquisite taste.
PAPAROTE, or **PIPAROTE**, f. m. a flip with one's finger or nail. See **PIPAROTE**.
PAPARRAZZ, f. m. the seeds of the herb called lice-bane, or slaves-acre.
PAPARROTA'DA, f. f. food for dogs.
PAPA'S, pap for children; also a sort of meat made of meal, water, honey, &c.
Papai, or *Papinbas*, (with surgeons) a sort of plaster made of the flour of beans, barley, &c.
PAPA'VEL, adj. that deserves to be elected pope.
PAPA'Z, f. m. (upon the coast of Africa) a Christian priest.
PAPEADO, part. of
PAPEAR, v. n. (a vulgar word) to prate, to chatter, to talk idly.
PAPEIRA, f. f. a swelling in the throat called bronchocele.
PAPEIRO, f. m. a skellet wherein childrens pap is made.
PAPEL, f. m. paper; corrupted from the Latin *papyrus*. It was invented in the XIIIth century.
Papel passado, a sinking or blotting paper, that bears no ink.
Papel muito delgado e que revê, a very thin and transparent paper.
Mão de papel. See **MAM**.
O que vende papel, a stationer, one that sells paper.

P A P

Papel que be bom para se escrever nelle, writing-paper.
Papel que serve para escrever pelo correio, post-paper.
Meinbo em que se faz papel, a paper-mill.
O que faz papel, a paper-maker.
Encerado ou corrediça de papel que se poem nas janelas, paper-windows.
Papel que se poem na cabeça para conservar os aneis delle, a paper or cracker to keep in the curls.
Papeis que ja não servem para nada, waste papers, old dusty papers.
Papel, a writing, a composition, a book, a written paper of any kind, a manuscript.
Papeis de qualquer syto ou demanda, papers writings belonging to a lawsuit.
Papel pardo e grosso que serve para nelle embruchar o que se compra, cap-paper.
Papel branco, em que não está escrita com su alguma, fair paper, not written upon.
Papel imperial, imperial paper.
Papel, a part or cue in a play.
Fazer b. m. o seu papel, to act or play one's part well.
Aquille que faz qualquer papel na comedia, an actor.
Elle faz o papel de Alexandre, he acts Alexander.
Delgado como hum papel, paper, very thin.
PAPELA'DA, f. f. a heap of papers.
PAPELAM, f. m. pasteboard.
Feito de papelão, pasteboard, made of pasteboard.
PAPELEIRA, f. f. a bureau or desk, or chest of draws.
PAPELIÇO, f. m. a cornet, a piece or cap of paper wound about in the shape of a horn. It is used by grocers, &c.
PAPELISTA, f. f. a man that is always busy among papers or writings, one who applies himself to the reading of ancient writings.
PAPESA, f. f. ex. *A papesa Joanna*, pope Joan, a fabulous story.
PAPINHAS, f. f. p. pap for children.
Dar papinha a algum, to make a child of one, to impose upon him; to keep one off and on.
PAPIRONGA, f. f. a trick.
Fazer papiroga a algum, to play one a trick.
PAPO, f. m. the maw of a bird. See also **PAPEIRA**.
Fallar de papo, to talk in the throat, affecting greatness.
Papos de anjos, tit-bits.
Papo de almiscar, a sort of small purse made of the skin of the musk-cat; or rather the testicles of the same creature.
P. hum no papo, outro no saco, one in the gorge, and the other in the pouch; that is, to eat and carry away.
PAPÓULA, f. f. a wild poppy.

P A B

Papoula, (symbolically) sadness.
PAPUDO, a. adj. that has a great maw, or dewlap; also turgid, swollen.
PAPUSES, f. m. p. a sort of sandals worn by the eastern nations.
PAPIRO, f. m. papyrus, a flag shrub that grows in the marshes near the river Nile in Egypt, of which they made paper; hence the word *papel*, paper.

P A Q

PAQUEBOITE, f. m. a packet, or packet-boat, the small vessel that serves to pass the mails of letters, or expresses; also a sort of chariot so called.
PAQUETE, f. m. the packet, or packet-boat.
PAQUIFE, f. m. (in heraldry) the foliage that comes out from the helmet, or the plumage put upon it.

P A R

PAR, f. m. a pair, a couple; also a peer; as, *hum par de Inglaterra*, a peer of England.
Hum par de luvas, sapatos, &c. a pair of gloves, shoes, &c.
A par, just by, near.
Caminhar par a par com algum, to go check by jowl with one.
A porta está aberta de par em par, the door stands wide open.
PAR, adj. even; as, *numero par*, an even number.
Sem par, ou que não tem par, peerless, matchless.
Jogar a pares ou nones, to play at even or odd.
PARA, a preposition, for.
Aquille be para vos, e yle para mim, that is for you, and this for me.
Para, (before the verbs) to, in order to, to the end that.
Para vos ver, to see you.
Para sempre, for ever.
Aquillo não be para muito tempo, that cannot hold out long.
Paraguar, to the end that.
Para que? for what? or, to what purpose?
Para com elle não vales nada, in his own opinion it is worth nothing.
Para e fim, or *Lá para o fim da semana*, against, or towards the end of the week.
Para a parte do oriente, towards the east.
Caritativo para com os pobres, charitable towards the poor.
Para expresses also the capacity or incapacity of doing any thing; as, *elle be bomem para isto*, he is the proper man wanted for this. *He bomem que presta para pouco*, he is good for little. *E le não presta para nada*, he is good for nothing.
Para is sometimes Englished by *considering*, or with respect to; as, *este menino está muito adiantad para a idade que tem*, or *para o pouco tempo que aprende*, this child is very forward

P A R

forward for his age, or considering the little time he has learned. *Para Inglês falla muito*, he talks too much considering that he is an Englishman.

Para, just, or ready to; as, *elle está para partir*, he is just going away, he is ready to go.

Elle não he para graças ou brincos, he takes no jest.

Elle não está para graças ou para brincos, he is out of humour, or he is in an ill humour.

Para onde? whither? to what place?

Para huma e outra parte, to both sides, places or parts.

Para onde quer que, whether, or to what place thou wilt, any whither.

Para outra parte, towards another place.

Para comigo, towards me.

Para o diante, for the time to come.

De mim para mim, for what concerns me.

Para is used by Camoens, Cant. 2. Stan. xiv. before the proposition *detrax*, and signifies *backwards*.

Para between two nouns of number is Englished by *or*, and sometimes by *and*; as, *um homem de quarenta para cin. cento annos*, a man between forty and fifty; *disto quatro para cinco legoas*, it is about four or five leagues distant.

Para cima, upward.

Para baixo, downward.

Para trás, backward.

Para diante, forward, forwards, onward.

Para bem vos seja, I wish you joy.

PARABEM, f. m. a congratulation.

Dar os parabens, to give joy, to congratulate.

PARABOLA, f. f. a parable, a fable, or allegorical instruction, from which some moral is drawn.

PARABOLA, (in Geometry) a parabola, a curve made by cutting a cone by a plane parallel to one of its sides, or parallel to a plane that touches one side of the cone.

PARABOLANOS, f. m. p. Parabolina, a set of persons in the Alexandrian church, who devote themselves to the service of churches and hospitals.

PARABOLICO, a, adj. parabolic, or parabolical, pertaining to a parable; also fit to express by parables; also parabolic, or parabolical, having the nature or form of a parabola.

PARACELSI'STA, f. m. a Paracelsian, a physician who follows the practice or method of Paracelsus.

PARACENTESIS, a perforation of the chest to discharge corrupt matter that is lodged there, or of the abdomen to let out water, as in a dropsy; paracentesis. Greek.

PARACLETO, or **PARACLITO**, a comforter, or paraclete, the title of the Holy Ghost. Greek.

PARACMASTICO, a, adj. paracmaistical; as, *febre paracmaistica*, paracmaistical fever, a fever which declines daily.

P A R

PARADA, f. f. bet, stake, or what every one lays down at play.

Debrar a parada, to butter, to double the stakes.

Paráda, a stopping, or a place to stay or stop at.

PARADEIRO, f. m. a stopping place; also a sink or sewer, a passage under ground for the conveyance of sullage and filth.

O paradeiro de todas as imundicias, a common-sewer.

PARADIGMA, f. m. a paradigm, an example. Greek.

PARADO, a, adj. stopped. See also the verb **PARAR**.

O melhor parade dos meus bens, the best goods, or the most sure income that I have.

Pegar-se ao melher parade, to chuse the most sure means to recover one's money, or to attain any end.

Bem, ou mal parado, (speaking of money) easily, or hardly recoverable.

Bem, ou mal parado, in a good or bad state, that looks well, or ill; as, *Estas cousas estão mal paradas*, these things look ill, or do not look well.

PARADOR. See **APARADOR**.

PARADOXO, f. m. a paradox, a proposition seemingly absurd or wrong, but not really so. It should seem, by its etymology, to imply something contrary to the commonly received opinion.

Paradoxo, a, adj. paradoxical, or pertaining to a paradox.

PARAFERNAS. See **PARAPHERNAES**.

PARAFO. See **PARRAFO**.

PARAFRASE, f. f. a paraphrase, or an explication in many words. Greek.

Fazer huma parafrase, to paraphrase.

PARAFRASEADO, a, adj. paraphrased.

PARAFRASEAR, v. a. to paraphrase, to translate loosely.

PARAFRASI. See **PARAFRASE**.

PARAFRASTE, f. m. a paraphrast, one who paraphrases.

PARAFUSADO, part. of

PARAFUSAR, v. n. to muse, to study or think upon, close or in silence, to be in a brown study, to put one's thoughts and wits upon the stretch.

PARAFUSO, f. m. a screw; also the vice or spindle of a press: also a sort of small gun.

PARAGANA, f. f. (an antiquated word) a sort of fief, or grant of land made to a man upon condition that his vassals should serve both in the time of peace and war.

PARAGÃO, f. m. this word was only used by Manoel Thomas, in his *Insulana*; and I think it signifies a temple.

PARAGEM, f. f. (in navigation) latitude, a part of the sea under any latitude.

PARAGRAFO, f. f. a paragraph.

P A R

The character of a paragraph is §; that is, *signum sectionis*.

PARAHÍBA, or **PARAÍBA**, the name both of a province and city in the Brasils. The Dutch took it from the Portuguese A. C. 1634; but it was soon after retaken.

PARAIMENTES, (obsolet.) See **PARARMENTES**.

PARAI'SO, f. m. (with divines) paradise, the mansion of saints and angels that enjoy the sight of God.

Paradiso terrial, Paradise, or the garden of Eden, where Adam and Eve resided during their innocence.

Do paraíso, ou semelhante ao paraíso, paradisiac.

Paraíso, paradise, any place of felicity.

Ave, ou passaro do paraíso, a bird of paradise, &c. See **MANUCODIATA**.

Paraíso ou arvore da costidade. - See **CASTIDADE**.

PARALAXE, **PARALELO**. See **PARALLAXE**, **PARALLELO**.

PARALHEIRO, f. m. a sort of pot used in the sugar-works.

PARALIPOMENON, f. m. Paralipomena, the two books of Chronicles in the Old Testament.

PARALISI'A, or **PARALISI'A**, f. f. palsy.

PARALITICO, a, adj. palsical, palsied, paralytic, or paralytical.

Paralitico, f. m. a paralytic.

PARALLAXE, f. f. parallax, the distance between the true and apparent place of any star viewed from the earth.

PARALLELI'PEDO, f. m. a paralleloepidon, a solid figure contained under six parallelograms, the opposite of which are equal and parallel. (In geometry.)

PARALLE'LO, a, adj. (in geometry) parallel, equidistant.

Linhas parallelas, (in geometry) parallel lines.

Instrumento que serve para tirar duas linhas parallelas, a parallel ruler.

PARALLELO. See **SEMELHANTE**.

Parallêlo, f. m. a parallel or comparison made of persons and things one with another.

Parallêlo, (in geography and astronomy) parallel.

Fazer parallello, to parallel, to compare.

PARALLELOGRA'MMO, f. m. (in geometry) a parallelogram.

PARALOGISMO, f. m. paralogism, false argument, sophistry.

PARAMENTADO, a, adj. See **PARAMENTAR**, v. a. to adorn with hangings, to hang; also adorn, to set off, to attire.

Paramentar a mesa, to lay the cloth, napkins, &c. on the table.

PARAMENTO, f. m. furniture, dress, ornament, attire.

Paramentos sacerdotais, priests ornaments or vestments.

Para-

P A R

Paramentos da igreja, instaurum ecclesie, vestments, plate, books and other utensils belonging to a church.
Paramentos da mesa, the covering of the table, the set of plate for table use.
PARAMO, f. m. See *AMADIGO*.
Parame, a desert or open empty place. It is very seldom used.
PARANGUE, f. m. (in India) a sort of ship to carry provisions.
PARANYMPHA. See *MADRINHA da Boda*.
PARANYMPHAR. See *APADRINHAR*.
PARANYMPHO, f. m. a paranymp, or one who countenances or supports another; also one who brings good news. This word in Portuguese never signifies a paranymp or bride-man.
PARAO, f. m. (in India) a sort of small ship so called.
PARAPANDAS, (among the Cafres) a sort of musical instrument which is very disagreeable.
PARAPEITO, f. m. (in fortification) a parapet or breast-work.
PARAPHERNAES *beni*, parapherna, or paraphernalia bona; those goods which a wife challengeth over and above her dower, or jointure, after her husband's death.
PARAPHIMOSI, f. m. paraphimosis, a disorder of the penis, wherein the prepuce is throuck, and withdrawn behind the glans, so as not to be brought over to cover the same.
PARAPHRASE, *paraphrasear*, &c. See *PARAFRASE*, &c.
PARAQUE. See *PARAQUE*.
PARAR, v. n. to stop, to cease to go forward.
Parar, to confine upon, to meet at an end, to touch, to be bounded; as, *O seu campo vey parar na estrada real*, his field borders, or confines upon the highway, or goes or stretches as far as the highway.
Parar de repente, to stop short, or suddenly, on a sudden.
Parar, to tend, to drive at some end, to aim at, to come to; as, *Onde vey parar o vosso discurso?* What's the end, drift, or aim of your discourse? What would you be at?
Tudo aquillo ira a parar em nada, all that will signify nothing, or will come to nothing.
Parar, to imply, to involve, to comprise.
O rigor da luz do sol, com que nada lhe para, the brightness of the sun's body, which drowns our discerning of the lesser lights.
Nada para aqui, nothing is safe here; every thing is waked here.
Naõ posso parar com fome, frio, &c. I cannot bear, or I am almost starved with hunger, cold, &c.
Ninguem pode aqui parar, nobody can live or stay here.
Cavalle que para bem, a horse that stops well.

P A R

PARAR, v. a. to stop, to hinder from progressive motion.
Parar, (in a fencing-school) to parry, to put by, or keep off, to ward off.
Parar, to turn or change with regard to inclination or morals. See *REDUZIR*.
Parar, to lay at stake, or set one's money at play.
Pararmentes, (obfol.) to observe, to mark to mind or heed.
PARASANGA, f. f. See *FARÇANGA*.
PARASCEVE, f. m. Good Friday.
Dia de parasceve, (among the Jews) parasceve, or the day on which the Jews prepared all things, that they might have nothing to do on the Sabbath.
PARASELENE, f. m. paraselene, a mock-moon, a meteor or phenomenon encompassing the moon in form of a luminous ring.
PARASITO, f. m. a parasite.
PARASTATAS, f. f. p. (in anatomy) parastata, or certain vessels enwrapped in the same coat with the spermatie vessels.
PARASYNAGOGA, f. f. parasynaxis, an unlawful meeting.
PARATIZ, f. f. a sort of fish so called.
PARAVANTE, the forepart of a ship, the space between the main-mast and the prow.
PARAVAZ, f. m. See *PESCADOR de Aljofar*.
PARCA, f. f. Destiny, or any one of the three goddesses who preside over the lives of men. These (as the poets fable it) spun the lives of men; Clotho held the distaff and spun the thread; Lachesis turned the wheel; and Atropos cut the thread of life.
PARCAMENTE, adv. thriftily, frugally.
PARCEARIA. See *PARCERIA*.
PARCEIRO, f. m. a partner, one who takes part with another in some concern or affair.
Parceiro no jogo, a play-fellow, a fellow-gamster.
PARCEL, f. m. a hidden rock or bank.
Que tem parais. See *APARCELLADO*.
PARCELA, f. f. an article, or particular part of an account.
PARCERIA, f. f. partnership, the union of two or more in the same trade.
PARCHE, f. m. a pledget, or plegget, a piece of rag folded up and applied to the orifice after letting blood.
Parche, a sort of scutiform ornament sewn unto a garment in form of a fringe.
PARCIA'L, f. m. a partisan, an adherent to a faction, a favourer or abetter of a party, a party-man.
Que he parcial, partial.
PARCIALIDADE, f. f. partiality, or partialness; also a party or faction.

P A R

Com parcialidade, partially, with unjust favour.
PARCIALIDAR-SE, v. r. to grow partial.
PARCIMO'NIA, f. f. parsimony, or parcimoniousness.
Com parcimonia, parsimoniously.
PARCO, a, adj. parsimonious, saving, frugal, sparing; also sober.
PARDAÇO, a, adj. dark grey.
PARDA'L, f. m. a sparrow Greek.
PARDAO, f. m. (in India) a sort of coin worth three telloons and three vintins.
See TOSTAO, and VINTEM.
PARDAR, v. a. (an obfol. word) to darken, to make grey.
PARDELHA, f. f. a kind of small sea-fish.
PARDELHAS, an usual expression to save swearing, instead of *per Deus*, by God.
PARDIEIRO, f. m. the ruins of an old wall or house.
PARDILHO, a, adj. of a greyish colour.
PARDO, a, adj. grey.
Hemem pardo. See *MULATO*.
P. de noite, &c. See *GATO*.
Pardo, f. m. See *LEOPARDO*.
Pardo, a forest and house of recreation near Madrid, to which the kings of Spain go to divert themselves.
PARDIO'CA, f. f. a hen-sparrow.
PARDO SO, a, adj. iron-grey.
PARREAS, f. f. p. secundine, the after-birth, or after-burden; also the humours or matter that comes away after the birth of the child.
Parreas, a tribute, or what a prince pays to another as a token of dependence.
Partas das fêmeas dos animas, heam.
Doris que as mulheres padecem para laxar as parreas, after-pains.
PARCEIR, v. n. to look, to have any particular appearance.
Parceria ser mais vaidade que agradecimento, it would look more like vanity than gratitude.
Parceir, to look, to seem; as, *Isto o faz parecer mais verisimil*, this makes it look the more like truth.
O azul parece bem sobre o preto, blue shews very well upon black, black sets off blue.
Parceir, to seem, to have the appearance of truth; as, *Parceir-me*, it seems to me.
Parece que, it seems; as, *parece que esta ba de ser a minha occupação*, this, it seems, is to be my task.
Parece que, is sometimes a slight affirmation, and is to be Englished by *it seems*; as, *parece que hum principe de Italia sustentava*, &c. a prince of Italy, it seems, entertained, &c.
Ben parece ser hum asno, it is plain enough that he is an ass.
A mim assim me parece, it appears so to me.
Estas cousas parecem-me boas, these things seem to be good to me, I take them to be good.

PAR

Aquella navia parece ser muyto grande, that ship looms a great sail.
 Parece que estais muyto triste, you look very melancholy.
 Parecer, v. imp. ex. Parece-me, it seems to me, methinks, I think or fancy.
 Parece-lhe, he thinks or fancies.
 Que vos parece daquillo? what do you think of that?
 Se lhe parece bem, if he thinks fit or convenient, if he pleases, if he approves of it.
 Parece bem, it becomes, it looks well.
 Não parece bem, it does not become, it does not look well.
 A elles lhes parece que são a mais felice gente do mundo, they look upon themselves as the happiest people of the universe.
 P rece-se, v. r. to resemble, be like, or favour.
 Elle parece-se com seu pay, he resembles, or is like his father.
 Parece-se com elle no modo de tratar, he takes after him.
 Parecem-se muyto, they are much alike, they favour one another.
 Parecer, f. m. opinion, judgment; also presence, mien, and countenance; also beauty.
 Que tem bom parecer, beautiful.
 PARECIDO, a, adj. like. See SEMELHANTE.
 Bem parecido, beautiful, well looked: as, *hum homem bem parecido,* a well looked man, a man of good aspect.
 Hum homem mal parecido, an ill looked man.
 PAREDA, f. m. a very thick wall.
 PAREDE, f. f. the wall of a house, or any other building. Lat. paries.
 Parede enfiada. See ENSOSSO.
 Parede mestra, the main wall.
 Parede mui, ou de mezar, a party-wall, a wall that separates one house from the next, a partition-wall.
 Por des de bar. ou de sapia, mud walls.
 Cercar de paredes, to wall, to inclose with walls.
 Dir com a cabeça pelas paredes. See CABEÇA.
 Ativar com alguma coisa á parede, to dash a thing against the wall.
 Viver entre quatro paredes, to live very retired.
 Fazer fucapé na parede, to set one's feet against the wall.
 P. as paredes tem ouvidos, the walls have ears.
 Tomar parede, (in the court of Portugal) to set the back against the wall, as the noblemen stand before the king when he gives audience.
 Fazer parade, (among students, especially at an university) to play the truant, and oblige the other school-fellows to do the same. It is so called because they form a sort of wall by standing close together, in order to hinder themselves from going into the school.

PAR

PARELHA, f. f. a match, an equal to any other, or one thing that suits with another.
 Parelha de cavallos, ou boys, a team of horses, or oxen.
 Correr parelha, or (as they formerly said) correr parso, to run or ride equal, as it were hand in hand; also to be alike in any other thing. (Metaph.)
 Ninguém corre parelha com elle, he has not his match, no man is equal to him.
 Elle não se contenta com a parelha, he does not like to be matched or equalled.
 PARELIO, or PARELION, f. m. parhelion, a mock-fun.
 PAREMIA, f. f. paroimia, paramocon, or a proverb.
 PARENES, or PARENESIS, f. m. paranesis, parenthesis, or persuasion.
 PARENTE, f. m. f. a kindred, a relation by birth or marriage, cognation, affinity, a kinsman, or kinswoman.
 P. em busca de parentes, busca que merendes, when you have made a noise of your kindred, look for something to eat for your afternoon's luncheon; that is, though you can boast never so much of your great and rich kindred, yet get your own bread, for there is no trusting to them.
 Huma pessoa que não tem parente, um adezate, one that has neither kit nor kin.
 PARENTEAR com alguém, v. n. to be kin to one.
 PARENTELA, f. f. kindred; that is, the persons that are of kin to one.
 Grande parentela, many relations or kinsfolks.
 PARENTESCO, f. m. kindred, affinity, consanguinity. See also SEMELHANÇA.
 PARENTHESIS, f. f. a parenthesis; that is, the interposition of some words in the middle of a sentence, which may be left out, and yet the sense remain perfect. Greek. It is marked thus ().
 PAREO, or PARIO. See PARELHA.
 PARERGO, f. m. parerga, an appendix or addition made to a thing, to beautify it.
 PARES, the plural of PAR, which see.
 PARGA, f. f. a heap of threshed or half-threshed corn and straw, made to keep the grain from the rain in the threshing-floor.
 PARGANA, f. f. awn, the beard of corn. Lat. arista.
 PARGO, f. m. a rocket-fish. Spanish, pagel.
 PARIDA, f. f. a lying-in woman, a woman delivered of a child.
 Mulher parida de pouco, a woman lately delivered, a woman in the straw.
 PARIDA'DE, f. f. parity, equality.
 PARIDEIRA GALLINHA, a hen that lays eggs very often.

PAR

PARIDO, a, adj. delivered, brought to bed.
 PARIDURA, f. f. See PARTO.
 PARITAES, f. m. p. (in anatomy) parietals, the third and fourth bones of the cranium.
 PARIETARIA, f. f. the herb pellitory of the wall.
 PARILADA'DE, f. f. See IGUALDADE.
 PARIO, or PAREO. See PARELHA.
 PARIR, v. a. to child, to be delivered of a child; also to bring forth young, as any female doth. Lat. parere.
 Que já não pede parir, past child-bearing; also past having young.
 Parir mal, to miscarry, to have an abortion.
 Parir pela manga da camisa. See PERFILHAR.
 Parir a égua, to foal.
 Parir a gata, to kitten.
 Parir a corça, to fawn.
 Parir a vaca, to calve, to bring forth a calf; spoken of a cow.
 Parir a porca, to farrow, to pig.
 Parir a cadella, to whelp, to pup or puppy; used of a bitch bringing young.
 Parir a ovelha, to yeau, or ean; spoken of a ewe.
 Parir a raposa, a urça, e finalmente qualquer outro animal de rapina, to whelp, to cub, to bring forth whelps or young, as a fox, bear, &c.
 PARIS, f. m. Paris, the metropolis of France, upon the river Seine.
 PARISTATICO, or ARVORE TRISTE. See ARVORE.
 PARLAMENTEADO, p. of.
 PARLAMENTEAR, v. n. to parley, to treat, to article.
 PARLAMENTO, f. m. parliament, a senate or chief counsel of a nation, especially in England and France; also the hall where the members of parliament meet.
 Parlamento, a parley, a conference with an enemy about some affair or proposal.
 Chamar a parlamento, (a military term) to beat a parley, or to sound a parley, to give the signal for such a conference by beat of drum, or sound of trumpet.
 PARLEZI'A. See PARALYSIA.
 PARMA, f. f. a city and district of Italy. Quijo de Parma, Parmesan.
 PARNAMBUCO. See PERNAMBUCO.
 PARNASSO, f. m. the hill Parnassus.
 PARO, f. m. (in India) a sort of ship so called.
 PAROCHIA, &c. See PARROCHIA, &c.
 PAROÇISMO. See PAROXISMO.
 PARODIA, f. f. parody, a kind of writing, in which the words of an author, or his thoughts, are taken and by a slight change adapted to some new purpose.

PAR

PAR

PAR

Fazer huma parodia, to parody.
PAROLA, f. f. loquacity, wordiness, verbosity, talkativeness.
PAROLEIRO, f. m. See **FALLADOR**.
PAROLY, (in gaming) paroly.
PARONOMASIA, f. f. paronomasia, a figure in rhetoric.
PAROTIDA, f. f. parotides, swellings under and behind the ears. Greek.
PAROUELA, f. f. See **PAROICE**.
PAROXISMO, f. m. a paroxysm, the access or coming on of a fit of a fever, ague, or other distemper. Greek.
PARPADOS, f. m. p. See **PALPEBRAS** and **PASTANIS**. Spanish.
PARPATANA. See **BARBATANA**.
PARQUE, f. m. a park an inclosure stocked with wild beasts of chase.
Parque para balas, canbouts, &c. (in a camp) park of artillery, a post out of cannon-shot, where the cannon and other warlike ammunition are kept and guarded.
Parque da natureza, the earth.
PARRA, f. f. a vine leaf. Lat. *pampinus*.
Desfolhar parras, to pluck or rub off superfluous leaves of a vine.
PARRADO, a, adj. full of leaves, or like vine leaves; also like a **PARRERIAL**, which see.
PARRAFO. See **PARAGRAFO**.
PARREIRA, f. f. a vine that grows up against a wall, or over an arbour.
Parreira brava. See **BUTUA**.
PARREIRA'L, f. m. a vine-arbour; also many vines borne up by trails or frames of wood; not the vines of which wine is made, and which is called *vinha*.
PARRICIDA, f. m. a parricide, the killer of a parent, or father; also parricide, the killer of one, to whom obedience is due.
De parricida, ou pertencente a parricida, parricidal, parricidal, or parricidious.
PARRICIDIO, f. m. parricide, the killing of a father or parent.
PARRILHA, f. f. a sort of coarse **SARAGOA**, which see.
PARROCHIA, or **PARROQUIA**, f. f. a parish.
PARROCHIAL, or **PARROQUIAL**, adj. parish, parochial, belonging to the parish, having the care of the parish.
Igreja parrotchial, parochial church.
PARROCHIANO, f. m. a parishioner.
PARROCO, f. m. a parson or curate, he who has the charge of the souls of his parishioners.
PARROQUIA, &c. See **PARROCHIA**.
PARSEOS, (in India) people originally come from Persia.
PARSIMONIA, f. f. See **PARCIMONIA**.
PARTASANA, f. f. a weapon called a partisan.
PARTIE, f. f. a part of any thing.

Lat. *pars*. Also purparty, share, part in division.
Ali está a vossa parte, e aqui está a minha, there's your share, and here's mine.
Dar a sua parte ao mais moço, to give the youngest his portion.
Pella mayor parte, for the most part, generally.
A mayor parte dos homens, the greatest part, the generality, or majority of men, most men, most people.
Pella minha parte, for my part, as for me.
Tomar a boa ou má parte, to take in good or ill part.
Ter parte em algum negocio, to have a share or hand in a business, to be concerned in it.
Por huma parte elle considerava que, on one side he considered that.
Da outra parte, on or from the other side.
De todas as partes, on all sides, on every side.
N'alguma parte, somewhere, in some place.
Em qualquer outra parte, somewhere else, elsewhere, in some other place.
Em qualquer parte que, wherever.
Em nenhuma parte, no where; as, *em nenhuma parte do mundo*, no where in the world.
De parte a parte, through, or thorough; also on both sides, also from one side to the other.
Em tal parte, in such a place.
Da parte, from; as, *da parte do rey*, from the king, by the king's order.
Dizei-lhe da minha parte, tell him from me.
Saudy-o da minha parte, remember me, present my respects to him.
Sei-o de boa parte, I have it from good hands.
Dar parte de hum negocio a algum, to impart a business to one, to acquaint him with it, to communicate it to him.
Por de parte algum dinho iro, to lay up some money.
A esta parte, since; as, *de muitos annos a esta parte*, many years since.
Desta parte, this side, or on this side.
Por or de que parte? which way?
Por esta parte, this way.
Por aquella parte, that way.
Da parte de alem, or *da outra parte*, t'other side, or on the other side.
Seguir as partes, or *per-se da parte*, or *estar da parte de algum*, to side with one.
Aquella he a parte que vos coube, that is fallen to your lot or share.
A parte que eu tenho na vossa dor, the share I have in your affliction, or my concern for your affliction.
Parte interessada, a party concerned.
Parte contraria, adversary, or adverse party.
As partes, (in a law-suit) the parties, the plaintiff and defendant.
Hum juiz deve ouvir ambas as partes, a

judge ought to hear both parties, or what is said on both sides.
Em parte, partly, or in part.
A partes virgenbolas, privy parts; not fit to be named.
As partes da oração, the parts of speech.
Partes su qualidades pessoais, parts, accomplishments, qualifications.
A parte, ou de parte, beside, apart; as, *chamar a parte*, to call aside.
As quatro partes da musica, the four parts of music.
Por outra parte, furthermore, moreover, beside.
Não sei parte disso, I know nothing at all of it.
Parte, side, or line of consanguinity.
Tenho da minha parte isto, or *isto está da minha parte*, this is in my behalf.
Parte, (of a player) part.
Fazer da sua parte, to do one's endeavour.
Elle faz da sua parte quanto pode para me dítar a perder, he endeavours what he can to undo me.
O melhor que puder da minha parte, as well as I can, to the best of my power.
Parte por parte, or *per partes*, distinctly, with all particulars.
De alguma parte, from some place or other.
De outra parte, from some other place.
De qualquer parte, whence thou wilt, out of any place, from what place, or part soever.
Para alguma parte, into some place, any whither.
Para qualquer parte que, toward what part soever, whithersoever.
Para que parte? to what place, whither?
Para a parte, towards; as, *para a parte do norte*, northward, towards the north.
Em nenhuma outra parte, no where else.
Má parte. See **PICIO**.
Fazer as partes, to divide into parts, to part, to share.
Fazer as partes de, to behave, to conduct one's self; as,
Fazer as partes de soldado, to behave like a soldier.
Não saber parte de si, to be at a stand, not to know what to do, or say.
Elle não sabe para que parte se ba de voltar, he knows not which way to turn himself, he is put to his last shift.
A parte da fortuna, (in judicial astrology) the lunar horoscope.
Tomar parte, (in christening) see **TOMAR**.
PARTEIRA, f. f. a midwife.
Officio de parteira, midwifery.
Ter o officio de parteira, to play the midwife.
PARTELEIRA, f. f. a shelf, a board fastened against a wall to lay plates and other things on.
PARTELEYRO. See **PRATELEYRO**.
PARTEZINHA, f. f. a little part.

PAR-

PAR

PARHESIA, f. f. See **PARTASANA**.
PARTIÇÃO, f. f. (in arithmetic) division.
PARTICIPAÇÃO, f. f. participation.
PARTICIPADO, a, adj. participated.
PARTICIPANTE, p. a. See **PARTICIPE**.
Participante de algum crime. See **COMPLICE**.
Participante com excomungado, he who converses, or is familiar with one that is excommunicated.
Estar de participantes, to be at variance.
PARTICIPAR, v. a. to participate, to partake, to have share; also to impart.
PARTICIPE, f. m. a partaker, a sharer with one.
PARTICIPIAL, f. m. (in grammar) a participial.
PARTICIPIO, f. m. (in grammar) a participle.
De participio, ou pertencente a participio, participial.
Come participio, ou á maneira de participio, participially.
PARTÍCULA, f. f. a particle, a small part.
Partícula, (in grammar) a particle.
Partícula, (with Romanists) wafer. *Partícula consagrada*, the consecrated wafer or bread given at the sacrament of the Lord's body; the bread in the eucharist.
PARTICULAR, adj. particular.
Vida particular, private life.
Particular, f. m. a particular, a private person, an individual; also a comedy that is acted privately. See also **PARTICULARIDADE**.
Particular, point, matter, business, particular, subject.
Em particular, privately; also particularly. See **PARTICULARMENTE**.
PARTICULARIDADE, f. f. particularity, particularness, particular.
Com particularidade, particularly; also familiarly, after a familiar manner.
PARTICULARIZAÇÃO, a, adj. particularized.
PARTICULARIZAR, v. a. to particularize.
PARTICULARIZAR-SE, v. r. to familiarize, to make one's self familiar with, to grow familiar.
PARTICULARMENTE, adv. particularly.
Particularmente, or nomeadamente, namely, particularly.
Particularmente, or principalmente, particularly, especially, principally, chiefly.
PARTIDA, f. f. a going away, a depart or departure.
Estar de partida, I am going away, or I am ready to depart.
Partida, a game; as, *jogamos huma partida aos centos*, let us play a game at piquet.
Partida, (a military word) a party, a body of soldiery, horse or foot, sent out upon some expedition.

PAR

Cabo que manda huma partida. See **PARTIDARIO**.
Partida, an article of an account.
Partida, a parcel.
Vender por partidas, to sell by wholesale.
Partida, a region, a tract of land, a part of the world.
Partidas, a collection of old Spanish laws.
PARTIDAMENTE, adv. separately.
PARTIDÁRIO, f. m. (in military affairs) a partisan, a commander of a party.
PARTIDO, a, adj. gone, gone away, departed; also parted, divided; also party (in heraldry).
Partido em palla, party per pale, (in heraldry).
PARTIDO, f. m. party, side; also resolution, choice.
Seguir o partido de alguém, to follow one's party, to side with one.
Meter alguém no seu partido, to draw one to one's side, to bring him over.
Deixar o partido ao qual alguém se tinha lançado ou acobrado, to quit one's party, to forsake it or fall off from its interest.
Tomar o partido de alguém, to take one's part, to espouse his quarrel.
Eu não fizo nem hum, nem outro partido, I am of neither side.
Cabeça do partido, a ring-leader, or a leading man. See also **T.A.D.**
Partido, odds or advantage one gives another at play.
Partido, (in military affairs) terms, conditions; as, *entregar-se a partido*, to surrender upon terms.
Entregar huma praça a partido, to surrender a place upon conditions, to yield it up on certain stipulations.
Quem ficou de melhor partido nisso? who has got the better of it?
Os Ingleses ficaram de melhor partido, the English have got the better.
Elle ficou de peor partido, he had, or he got the worst on't.
Ficaram de igual partido de huma e outra parte, both sides retired upon even terms, the advantage has been equal on both sides.
Estar de melhor partido que outrem, to have the odds of one.
Dar batalha em peljar com peor partido, to join battle, or to fight against odds.
Peljar, ou acometer alguém com melhor partido, to fall upon one with odds.
Partido igual, an equal match, equal forces.
Força tal, que ninguém tem partido para se medir com ella, a matchless force.
Não tenho partido para lhe resistir, I cannot oppose him.
Partido, a proposal.
PARTIDOR, f. m. (in arithmetic) the divisor.
PARTILHA, f. f. (in law) partition, a dividing of lands among coheirs and partners.

PAR

Fazer partilhas, to divide or part an inheritance among coheirs.
PARTIR, v. a. to divide, to sever, to part, to put asunder, to split. Lat. *partiri*. See also **REPARTIR**.
Partir huma briga, to part a fray; also to put an end to a dispute, or discourse.
Partir em duas ametades, to split asunder.
Partir os mares, to plough the seas.
Partir huma noz, to crack a walnut.
Partir hum numero, to divide a number.
Partir pão, to cut bread.
Partir o sol, to place the duellers in such a manner that neither of them may be dazzled by the light of the sun, but equally partake of it.
PARTIR, v. n. to depart; see also **LINDAR**.
Partir do porto, to weigh anchor, to put to sea, to set sail.
Terras que partem humas com outras, lands that are contiguous.
PARTIR-SE, v. r. to depart, to go. See also **DESPEDACAR-SE**.
PARTIVEL, adj. that may be divided among coheirs.
PARTO, f. m. deliverance, the act of bringing forth children, delivery, child-birth, child-bed, birth; also the child or infant born.
Estar de parto, to be in labour, to travail.
Tempo do parto, the time of delivery.
Mulher pyada, a qual se lhe vey chegar o tempo do parto, a woman with child, that draweth near the time of her delivery.
Dores do parto, the pains of child-birth, or of child-bed.
Dois filhos nascidos de hum parto, two children born at one birth.
Aque par deus de hum parto, a twinner.
Que nasceu do mesmo parto, twinborn, born at the same birth.
Nascer do mesmo parto, to twin, to be born at the same birth.
Parir deus do mesmo parto, to twin, to bring two at once.
Cerdeiro que nasceu do mesmo parto que outro, a twinning, a twin lamb.
Morrer huma mulher de sobre parto, is for a woman to die of a disease contracted in the time of her child-bed.
Parto supposto, a supposititious child.
Mulher que commette o crime de parto supposto, a woman that privily conveyeth another man's child to one as his own.
Partos do entendimento, the conceptions of the mind, the writings of an author, a production of the brain.
PARTULA, f. f. (among the Romans) Partunda, or Partula, a goddess who assisted at child-bearing, &c.
PARTURIENTE, adj. that is in labour, travelling.
Partiente, f. f. a woman that is in labour, or ready to bring forth.
PARVIDADE, parvitude, parvity, smallness, littleness.

P A S

PARULIDA, f. f. (in surgery) pary-
lis, an inflammation, or swelling in
the gums.
PARVO, a, adj. oafish, simple, foolish,
doltish, stupid, nonsensical.
PARVO, f. m. a fool, a simpleton, an
idiot, a sot, an oaf.
PARVOA, f. f. a foolish or doltish
woman.
PARVO, a, adj. (in the universities.)
See **PEQUENO**.
PARVOAMENTE, adv. foolishly,
nonsensically.
PARVOICE, f. f. foolishness, simpli-
city, sottishness, nonsense, foolish ab-
surdity.
Parvoice, ou erro em grammatica, non-
sensicalness, ungrammatical jargon.
Dizer parvoices, to play the fool, to
dote, to talk idle.
PARVULEZ, f. f. See **RAPAZIA**.

P A S

PASCA'SIO, f. m. the proper name
of a man.
Lingua de pascafios, an affected lan-
guage.
PASCE'R, v. n. to pasture, to graze
on the ground, to feed, as cattle do,
in a pasture.
PASCE'R, v. a. to graze, to feed
upon.
*Os cordeiros com os lobes pascerão o verde
prado*, The lambs with wolves shall
graze the verdant mead.
PASCIDO, a, adj. grazed, &c. See
PASCE'R.
PASCOA, f. f. the common name of
the three great festivals of the year;
as,
Páscoa do Espírito Santo, Whitsuntide,
the festival of the coming of the Ho-
ly Ghost.
Páscoa da Natividade, Christmas, the
feast of the Nativity.
Páscoa da Ressurreição, Easter, the solemn
festival appointed to be observed in
commemoration of the Resurrection
of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.
Páscoa da Ascensão. See **ASCENSAO**.
Páscoa dos Judeus, the passover.
PASCOAL, adj. paschal, belonging
to Easter; also paschal, or belonging
to the Jewish passover.
Cirio pasçal. See **CIRIO**.
Pasçal, a proper name of a man.
PASCOELA, f. f. Pascha clausum,
the eighth day after Easter, or Low
Sunday.
PASGUATE, (a ludicrous word) see
TOLO.
PASMA'DO, a, adj. astonished, stu-
pified. See **PASMAR**.
PASMA'DO, f. m. he who is aston-
ished, a gazer, a gaper.
PASMAR, v. n. to be astonished or
stupified, to gaze, to gape, to stare
with wonder and foolishly, to be a-
mazed; also to wonder, to admire.
Fazer pasmar, to astonish, to surprise,
to stupify, to amaze.
PASMATÓRIO, f. m. **PASMA-**
TÓRIA, f. f. gaze, or gazing, a-

P A S

mazedness. They are both ludicrous
words.
PASMO, f. m. astonishment, sur-
prise, amazement; also wonder. ad-
miration. See also **ASSOMBRO**,
and **PRODIGIO**. Greek.
PASMOSAMENTE, adv. surprising-
ly. See also **ADMIRAVELMENTE**.
PASMO'SO, a, adj. surprising, won-
derful, very admirable.
PASQUIM, f. m. a mutilated statue
at Rome, called after a cobbler of that
city named Pasquin, famous for
sneers and gibes, and whose shop or
stall was the resort of a great num-
ber of such persons, who diverted
themselves in bantering people that
passed by.—After the death of
Pasquin, in digging up the pave-
ment before his door, there was
found the statue of a gladiator, well
carved, but maimed and half spoil-
ed. This they set up at the corner
of the shop, and by common con-
sent called it Pasquin; and from that
time all satires and lampoons are
ascribed to this figure, and either
passed against his mouth, or put in-
to it.
PASQUIM, f. m. or **PASQUINA-**
DA, f. f. pasquil, pasquin, or pas-
quinade, a satirical invective, or li-
bel, fastened to the statue of Pas-
quin. Pasquin usually addressed him-
self to Marforio, another statue in
Rome, or Marforio to Pasquin,
whom they make to reply, against
the publick or ruling powers; the
answers are usually short, pungent
and biting; and hence any bitter in-
vective has been called by the same
name.
PASSA, f. f. ex: *passa de figos*, a len-
ten fig, a dry fig; *passa de uvas*, rai-
sin. It is said of several other fruits
when they are dry; as, *passas de a-
meixa*, prunes, dried plumbs.
Passas de Corinto, Corinths, or cur-
rants.
Vinho de passas, a sort of wine made of
dried grapes.
Passaculpas, so they call one that is ex-
cessively indulgent in remitting the
punishment due to a crime. A vul-
gar word.
PASSA'DA, f. f. a pace, or step.
Passada, going backward and forward,
labour, trouble, pains.
Grande passada, a stride, a wide step.
Dar grandes passadas, to stride, to step
wide.
De passada, by the bye, by the way.
PASSADEIRAS, f. f. p. stepping-
stones, stones laid to catch the foot,
and save it from wet or dirt.
PASSADIÇO, f. m. a passage, or
way.
PASSA'DO, a, adj. past, &c. See
PASSAR.
Passado, ou que já não existe, past, over.
A semana passada, the last week.
Passado com huma espada de parte a parte,
run through with a sword.

K k k

P A S

Passado da dor, pierced with grief.
Passado, dried; also dead.
O tempo passado, the time past.
No tempo passado, in time past, former-
ly, heretofore.
Cousas do passado, things past.
Está passado o perigo, the danger is over.
Ora o passado passado; we say in Eng-
lish, come, let us forget what is past.
PASSADOR, f. m. a smuggler.
Passador de gado, he who drives cattle
out of the kingdom without permis-
sion.
Passador, a bolt, a javelin with a barbed
head; also a sort of ornament for
women.
PASSAGEIRO, f. m. a traveller, a
passenger.
PASSAGEM, f. f. passage, way; al-
so passage, the act of going from one
place to another; also passage, the
fare for passing.
Passagem que se faz num bosque, cortando
os ramos, a glade.
De passagem, by the bye, by the way;
also slightly, cursorily.
Rapaz, que alumia de noite na passagem,
a linkboy.
PASSAMA'NES, a sort of lace.
PASSAMENTO, f. m. See **AGO-**
NIA.
PASSAMUROS, f. m. a spear bound
about with wildfire, shot out of an
engine, a rolling tower brought a-
gainst a besieged city; also a fiery
dart. Lat. *salarica*.
PASSANTE, adv. more.
PASSANTE, f. m. (in some convents)
one who has finished his course of
study, and is ready to begin to teach.
Passante, (in heraldry) passant, walk-
ing along leisurely; as, *Leão pas-
sante*, lion passant.
PASSAPASSA, f. m. the art of jug-
gling.
PASSAPE'. See **CAMBAPE'**.
PASSAPORTE, f. m. passport, a li-
cence or letter from a prince, gover-
nor, &c. granting liberty to travel
and go out of his territories freely
and without molestation.
PASSA'R, v. n. and a. to pass, to
come or go through, to come or go
by, to come or go over.
Elle passou per Paris, he passed, or went
through Paris.
Passay por aqui, come this way.
Passay por ali, go that way.
Passou a chuva, the rain is over.
Fazer passar a melancolia, to dissipate or
drive away melancholy.
Passar de parte a parte to run through, as
with a sword, or the like.
Passar, to slide, to pass along by silent
and unobserved progression, as time
does.
Passar, to pass, spend or employ; as,
passar o tempo, to pass, or spend the
time.
Passar a noite a jogar, I past the night at
play.
Passar o tempo, ou divertir-se, to pass a-
way the time, to divert one's self.

Paf-

P A S

Passar adiante iray atrax deves, go before, I will follow you.
Passar mais adiante, to go farther.
Passar hum rio, to go over a river.
Passar lum rio a nado, to swim over a river.
Passar a vao, to ford over.
Passar de salto por cima de alguma coisa, to jump, or bear over, or beyond, to pass over.
Passar alem, to pass beyond.
Passar perto, to slide, glide, run or flow by, as a river.
Passar para o inimigo, to go over to the enemy.
Passar por cima de alguém pisando-o, to trample on one.
Passar, to pass on, to come to; as, *passa para outra coisa*, let's pass on to something else.
Passar, to be over, to cease, to go off, to pass.
Ele está enfadado perem aquillo passara, he is in a passion, but that will pass.
Passar a acção, to be put in execution, to be effectuated.
Passar por alguma coisa, or *passar em silencio*, to pass over, to omit, not to speak of a thing, to pass over in silence.
Passou dos Medos aos Persas o imperio, the empire was transferred from the Medes to the Persians.
Passar pelos olhos, ou *dar huma vista de olhos*. See OLHO.
Como passais? how fare you? (in point of health.)
Nem passaraõ muyto dias, nor was it many days after.
Passar mostra, to pass muster.
Passar por, to pass or go for, to be reputed, accounted, or looked upon.
Passar por alto, to forget; as, *passou-lhe aquillo por alto*, he forgot that; but speaking of goods, it signifies to smuggle.
Passar, to fare, to be in any state, good or bad.
Passar regaladamente, to fare deliciously.
Passa como hum principe, come muyto bem, he fares like a prince, he keeps a very good table.
Ele passa muyto mal, he fares very ill, or very hard.
Passo um muyto b. m., the parting compliment fare-well, or fare you well. The Lat. say, *sis felix*, or *bene sit tibi*.
Passar pelo pensamento, to enter into one's thoughts.
Deixar passar huma bella occasião, to slip, or let slip a fair opportunity.
Passar, to pass, to transcend, to transgress; as, *passar os limites*, to pass the bounds.
Passar huma ley, to pass or enact a law.
Passar por alguma culpa, to pass by, to forgive, to let pass uncensured, to connive, to wink at a fault.
Passar, to carry, or bring from one place to another.
Passar, to occur, to be transacted, to pass.
Que pode passar, passable, tolerable, indifferent.

P A S

Irir passando, to pass; to be in a tolerable state, to be indifferent well.
Passar em hum discurso alguma coisa sem ponderação, to touch or glance upon a thing in a discourse.
Passar desta vida para a outra, to pass, to die, to pass from the present life to another state.
Passar a lição a alguém, to set one a lesson to learn; also to explain it.
Elle não p. de passar sem mim, he cannot live or be without me.
Passar, to decay, to fade away, to pass, to vanish.
Gosto que passa em hum momento, a pleasure that lasts but a moment.
Passar, (speaking of money) to go.
Fazer passar alguma moeda, ou dinheiro, to put off a piece of money, to make it go.
Passar ao fio da espada, or *a estillo*, to put to the sword.
Ja passou esta moda, 'tis quite out of fashion.
Passar, to strain, to pass, to percolate.
Passar, to take no notice of, to disregard, to slight, not to mind.
Caminho pelo qual não se pode passar, a way or road not passable.
Passar, (at cards) to pass.
Passar, to change, to undergo an alteration.
Passar, to exceed, to go beyond any limits. See EXCEDER.
Que passa (nesta sentida) exceeding, that goes beyond or exceeds.
He necessario que passeis por li, you must submit to that.
Passar, to run through, to endure; as, *Passar por todos os generos de trabalhos*, to run through thick and thin.
Passar alguma coisa por alguém, is for one to know a thing by experience.
Passar hum fio pelo fundo de huma agulha, to run a thread through the eye of a needle.
Não passemos de aqui, let us stop here.
Passar das marcas, to exceed all the limits and bounds of propriety, to go too far.
Passar por popa, (a sea-term) to go aft; that is, to go towards the stern of the ship.
Passar de largo, to pass by without stopping.
Elle passa com pouco, a little matter serves his turn, he is contented with little.
Elle passa com o que lhe dão, he makes shift with what is given him.
Passar, to forbear, to make shift without, to be contented without.
Elle não pode passar sem vinho, he cannot forbear wine.
Não posso passar sem isso, I cannot make shift without it.
Eu posso bizarramente passar sem isso, I am very well contented without it.
Passar adiante de alguém na carreira, to out-run, to run better or faster than, or beyond another, to leave behind in running.
Passar adiante de outro indo a cavallo, to out-ride, to pass by riding.

P A S

Passar adiante de outro caminhando, to out-go, to out-strip, or leave behind in going, to out-pace.
Passar hum navio adiante do outro, to out-fail.
Passar a alguém na vultacaria, to out-knave.
Passar a alguém no dizer graças, to out-jest.
Passar de, to be above, or more than.
Passa de meyo dia, it is past twelve of the clock.
Elle passa de quarenta annos, he is past or above forty years of age.
Passar de, is used to augment the signification of an adjective to a vicious degree; as, *passa de comprido*, it is over-long; *passa de cortez*, he is over officious; *passar de maduro*, to be over ripe, or too ripe, &c.
Passar pelas armas. See ARMAS.
Passar provisão, to grant, to give, or to make a grant.
Passar ao ferro, (among taylors) to beat down the seams.
Passar se, v. r. to go, to betake himself to.
Passar-se ao inimigo, to go over to the enemy.
Eu vos direi o que se passou, I shall tell you what passed.
Isto he o que se passa, this is the news, this is the posture of affairs, this is the truth.
PASSARA, f. f. a hen, a land-fowl of any species of the female sex, to distinguish the females from the male.
P. mais val passara na mão que abutre voando; we say, a bird in the hand, is worth two in the bush. The Lat. say, *Ego sum prætium em.*
PASSARINHA, f. f. as, *passariaba de porco*, the milt of a swine.
Fazer tremer a passarinha, this phrase signifies to put a man in fear, to make him quake.
PASSARINHA DO, p. of
PASSARINHA R, v. n. to catch birds.
PASSARINHEIRO, f. m. a bird-catcher; also he who sells birds. It is also used adjectively; as,
Cavallo passarinheteiro, ou espantadiço. See ESPANTADIÇO.
PASSARINHO, f. m. a little bird.
PASSARO, f. m. a bird.
Passaro solitario, the bird called an ouzel, or one like it, that is always alone, or if ever in company it is with sparrows, supposed to be the bird of which David says, *sicut passer solitarius in testo*. Span. *Tordo leco*.
P. a passaro dormente tarde entra o croco no ventre, a sleeping bird gets meat into his belly late; that is, lazy people are long earning their bread.
PASSATEMPO, f. m. pastime, diversion, sport.
PASSAVANTE, f. m. the third officer after the king at arms.
PASSAVOLANTE, f. m. the smallest piece of ordnance, called a base.
PASSEADOR, f. m. a walker, or rather

ther one that walks much, a goer up and down.
PASSEA'DO, p. of **PASSEAR**, which see.
PASSEADO'URO, f. m. a walk, a walking place.
PASSEAR, v. n. and a. to walk, to move for exercise or amusement.
Levar a passear, to walk, to lead out for the sake of air, or exercise.
Passear bem cavallo, to walk a horse.
Levoumos a passear per toda a cidade, he led us about all the town over.
Passear huma mulher, to court a woman, to walk often before her house.
Passear huma costa, to sail by, or near to a sea-coast.
Passear com passos curtos e assediados, to mince.
PASSE'O, or **PASSEYO**, f. m. a walk, a walking place; also a walk, the act of walking for air or exercise.
Dar hum passo, to take or fetch a walk.
PASSEIRO. See
PASSENTO papel, sinking or blotting paper.
PASSIVAMENTE, adv. passively, with a passive nature, in a passive sense.
PASSIVO, a, adj. passive, (in grammar) *verbos passivos*, a passive verb.
Passivo, (in philosophy) passive.
Passivo, (in case of an election) passive; as, *vos passiva*, passive voice.
Passivo. See **OBDIENTE**.
PASSO, f. m. a step, a pace; also a passage, an entry. See also **GRA'O**, and **DEGRAO**.
Passo, pace or rate in going.
Ir passo a passo, to go a foot-pace.
Passo largo, a stride, a wide step.
A passo largo, at a good round rate.
Andar a passos contados, to go stately on, to stalk.
A passo corrido, hastily, swiftly, in full speed.
De passo, ou de passada, cursorily, by the by, by the way.
Andar de passo, (speaking of a horse) to pace.
Cavallos que anda de passo, a horse that paces, or that goes a good pace, a pacer.
Aprestar o passo, to mend one's pace.
A cada passo, here and there, ordinarily, in many places.
 Ao passo, ou ao mesmo passo que, as while, at the same time that, in proportion as.
Passo, a step, a small space.
Passo curto e assediado, a mincing step.
Passo, step, gradation of business.
Passo, a pace, a measure of two feet and a half, and, with geometers, five feet.
Passo da escriptura, a passage, or part of the Bible.
Passo, ou caminho estreito entre duas montanhas, straits, narrow passage, defile.
Passo de garganta. See **GARGANTEO**.
Passo, a picture, or image representing some of our Saviour's sufferings.

Pregar e passar, to preach upon Christ's sufferings.
PASTA, f. f. two-paste-boards bound together in the shape of a folio book, and commonly covered with vellum, used to write upon, and to put papers in. See also **PAPELAM**.
Pasta, a thin plate of any metal.
PASTA'DO, a, adj. See
PASTAR, v. n. to pasture, to graze on the ground.
Pastar, v. a. to pasture, to put into pasture.
PASTE'L, f. m. a pastry.
Pastel, the plant woad, or pastel; an herb used in dying blue, and with which the ancient Britons painted their bodies, especially their faces, with frightful figures, to make them look terrible to their enemies.
Tingir com tinta tirada desta erva, to woad.
PASTELEIRA, f. f. a woman pastry-cook.
PASTELEIRO, f. m. a pastry-cook.
PASTELERIA, f. f. a pastry-cook's shop, or the pastry's cook's street.
PASTELINHO, f. m. diminut. a little pie or pastry.
PASTILHA, f. f. a pastile, a little cake of perfume.
Pastilha de boca, a pastile to eat, a perfumed lozenge.
PASTINACA, f. f. See **CENOURA**, and **UGA**.
PASTO, f. m. a pasture, or ground on which cattle feed or graze; also food for man.
Comer a pasto, to eat at an ordinary.
Casa de pasto, an ordinary, an eating or victualling house, where persons may eat at so much per meal.
PASTOR, f. m. a shepherd. Lat.
Paster, a pastor, a minister of a church, a clergyman who has the care of a flock, one who has souls to feed with sound doctrine.
PASTORA, f. f. a shepherdess.
PASTORADO, p. of **PASTORAR**, which see.
PASTORAL, adj. pastoral, pertaining to a pastor, or minister of a church, relating to the cure of souls.
Baculo pastoral. See **BACULO**.
Pastoral, f. f. pastoral, a shepherd's song or poem, by way of dialogue,
PASTORALE, (in music books) a pastorelle. Ital.
PASTORAR. See **PASTOREAR**.
PASTOREA'DO, a, adj. See
PASTOREA'R, v. a. to play the shepherd, to keep sheep; also to feed the souls with sound doctrine. (Metaph.)
A arte de pastorear, pasturage, the business of feeding cattle.
Pastorear. See **PASTAR**, v. a.
PASTORIL, adj. belonging to shepherds, pastoral, beseeching a shepherd, rural, rustic.
Poesia pastoril, pastoral, an imitation of the action of a shepherd; the form of this imitation is dramatic or narrative, or mixed of both; the fable

simple, the manners not too polite, nor too rustic. Pope.
PASTURA, f. f. pasture, ground on which cattle feed or graze.

P A T

PATA, f. f. a paw, a foot. It is said of beasts.
Pata, a goose.
Pata pequenina, a gosling, or gossin, a young goose.
Pata, ou pe largo e espalhado. See **PE**. It is used speaking in contempt of a man's foot.
Andar a pata, (a vulgar phrase) to foot it, to beat the hoof. The French say, *battre la semelle*.
Que tem patas, pawed; also broad footed; in contempt.
Que tem a pata, ou a u-ba fendida, ou sapada. See **FENDIDO**.
PATAS, or *guardapatas*, a sort of ancient head-dress for the ladies.
PATACA, f. f. a piece of eight; also a sort of coin in the Brasils, worth sixteen vintins. See **VINTEM**.
Não ver patoca, to be quite blind; *não saber patoca*, to be quite ignorant, (vulgar phrases.)
PATACAM, f. m. a sort of ancient coin in Portugal worth sixteen vintins. See **VINTEM**; also a patacoon, or piece of eight.
PATADA, f. f. a kick, or stamping with the paws or feet.
Dar patadas, to stamp on the ground, to make a noise with the paws or feet, to paw.
PATAGENS, f. m. p. Patagonians, the inhabitants of the Magellanic land.
PATALO'U dos valles, the herb pilewort. Lat. *strumta herba*. Ainsworth.
Patalon, f. m. a stupid and lazy fellow.
PATAMA'R, f. m. See **MAINE**.
Patamar, a sort of Indian ship.
Patamar, (in India.) See **CAMINHEIRO**.
PATAMAZ, (a provincial word) bigot, hypocrite; also a beast, a clownish fellow.
PATA'O, f. m. a fool.
PATARA'TA, f. f. an improbable story, tale, or relation, a fib.
Não digas pataratas, do not tell stories, or things improbable, do not fib.
Patara'ta, affectation, artificial appearance. See also **PATARATEIRO**, and **MENTIRA**.
PATARATEA'DO, p. of
PATARATEA'R, v. n. to tell stories or things improbable.
PATARATEIRO, f. m. a fibber, one who tells idle and improbable tales.
PATARE'O, f. m. See **MAINE**.
PATARECAS, f. f. p. (in Alcobaça) a sort of kidney-beans.
PATAROIXAS, a sort of sea-fish so called.
PATAS. See **PATA**.
PATA'XO, f. m. a pinnacle. Lat. *acutarium navigium*. It is generally used

PAT

used for any tender that waits upon fleets and men of war.

PATAYA, (in India) See **TULHA**.

PATE, (in the islands of Sunda) See **DUQUE**.

PATEADA, f. f. the noise made by clapping the hands together, and stamping with the feet, in contempt.

Dar patadas, to clap, to strike the hands together, and stamp with the feet, in contempt.

PATEADO, p. of

PATEAR, v. n. to clap, to strike the hands, &c. See **PATEADA**.

PATECA, f. f. (in India) See **MELANCIA**; also a sort of long robe or gown, (in India.)

PATEIRO, f. m. one that looks after, or keeps geese; also a lay-brother, in contempt.

PATELA, f. f. (in anatomy) the whirl-bone of the knee.

PATENA, f. f. the paten, or little plate that covers the chalice, and serves to lay the host on at mass.

PATENTE, f. f. a patent, or letters patent.

O que tem patente, a patentee, one who has had a patent granted him.

Patente, adj. patent, open to the perusal of all.

PATENTEADO, a, adj. manifested, &c. See

PATENTEAR, v. a. to manifest, to declare, to shew, to make manifest.

PATENTEMENTE, adv. manifestly, plainly.

PATEO, or **PATIO**, f. m. a court or yard adjoining to a house.

PATERNAL, adj. paternal, fatherly, fatherlike.

PATERNALMENTE, adv. in a fatherly manner.

PATERNIDADE, f. f. paternity, fatherhood, fatherhip; also paternity, a title given to a friar, or father confessor.

PATERNO. See **PATERNAL**.

PATETA, f. f. ou **PATETE**, f. m. (a vulgar word) a dotard, one whose age has impaired his intellects.

Estar pateta, to dote, to grow dull, or stupid.

PATETICAMENTE, adv. pathetically.

PATETICO, a, adj. pathetic, that moves the passions.

PATOGNOMONICO, a, adj. (among physicians) pathognomonic.

PATHOLOGIA, f. f. pathology, a part of physic which considers diseases, their natures, causes, symptoms and differences.

PATIBULO, f. m. the gallows.

PATIPA, f. f. a sort of Indian ship.

PATIFAM, pat. fr. See **MAGANO**, and **MAROTO**.

PATIGUA, f. m. (among the wild people of the Brasils) a chest made of straw.

PATIM, f. m. a little court-yard.

PATINHA, a small paw or foot; it is also taken for the feet, and some-

PAT

times for a bird as big as a spar-row.

PATINHA'DO, p. of

PATINHAR, v. n. to dabble, to paddle, to move the water with hands, feet, or paws; to play in the water.

Patinhar, (at cards) to play very ill.

PATINHO, f. m. a young gander.

Patinho, (at cards) a bungler, or novice at play. French, *maffette*.

PATIO. See **PATEO**.

PATO, f. m. a gander, the male of the goose.

Gritar o pato, to gaggle, to quack.

Mergulhar como faz o pato, to duck.

P. tu pagarei o pato, I shall pay for it, or I shall bear that blame. Terence says; *isibac in me cudeatur faba*.

Pato, (in the Portuguese India) a bridge.

Pesço, azus, fígados e outros miúdos do pato, ou da pato, gibblets.

PATOGNOMONICO. See **PATOGNOMONICO**.

PATOLA, f. m. a foolish man; also a sort of Indian cloth.

PATORNEADO, or **PATRONEADO**, p. of

PATORNEAR, v. n. (a provincial and very vulgar word) to babble, to prate to no purpose.

PATRA'NHA, f. f. a fiction, a fable, a story.

PATRAM, f. f. a patron, a particular guardian saint of any kingdom, city, &c. See also **MODELLO**, and **TRESLADO**.

Patrao da barca. See **ARRAIS**.

Patrao, the master of the house where a soldier is lodged.

Patrao mor da junta, the surveyor of the navy.

Patrao mor da creoa, a superintendant, or officer to whose care the building of the ships belonging to the royal navy is committed.

PATRIA, f. f. a man's native country. Lat.

PATRIARCA, f. m. a patriarch.

PATRIARCA'DO, f. m. patriarch-ship; also patriarchate, patriarchy, or jurisdiction of a patriarch.

PATRIARCA'L, adj. patriarchal.

PATRI'CIO, a, adj. patrician, noble, not plebeian. It is also used substantively, and signifies a patrician.

A dignidade de patricio, patriciate, the dignity of a patrician.

PATRIMONIAL, adj. patrimonial.

PATRIMONIO, f. m. a patrimony.

Patrimonio de S. Pedro, St. Peter's patrimony, a province in Italy, which, with its profits and dependencies, is united to the see of Rome.

PATRIO, a, adj. paternal, hereditary, or to follow the manner of his ancestors.

Nomes patrios. ou gentis, (in grammar) See **GENTIL**.

PATRIZAR, v. n. to take after his father.

PATROCINIO, f. m. patronage, protection, defence, patrociny, or patronization.

PAV

PATRONA, f. f. bandileers, or bandoleers, small wooden cases covered with leather, each of them containing powder that is a charge for a musket, which hang to the number of twelve on a shoulder-belt.

Patrona, a patroness, a female guardian saint.

PATRONEADO, &c. See **PATORNEADO**, &c.

PATRONIMICO, a, adj. patronimic.

Nomes patronimicos, or patronimicos, patronimics.

PATRONO, f. m. a patron, one who countenances or protects; also a patron, a master who has made his slave free.

PATRUÇA, f. f. a kind of flat fish broad like a foal. Lat. *platissa*.

PATRU'LHA, f. f. (in military affairs) a patrol.

Fazer patrulha da campanha, to patrol, to go the rounds in a camp.

PATTO'LA. See **PATOLA**.

PATUDO, a, adj. broad-footed, that has great paws or feet.

Anjo patudo, the devil.

P A V

PAVANA, f. f. pavan, pavana, or pavin, a grave and majestic Spanish dance, wherein the dancers turn round, and make a wheel or tail before them like that of a peacock, so called from *pavao*, a peacock.

PAVAM, f. m. a peacock.

Poupa do pavao, chaplet, the tuft of feathers on the head of a peacock.

PAVAMSINHO, f. m. peachick.

PAVEA, f. f. a bundle of corn containing five or six sheaves.

PAVELHAM. See **PAVILHAM**.

PAVENCIA, f. f. Paventia, a goddess, who, as the Romans fancied, protected children from fears; or, as others say, frightened them.

PAVEZ, f. m. paveze, or pavise, a large shield which covers the whole body.

Pavezes de navio, it is what our seamen call the fights, being waste cloths which hang round about the ship, to hinder the men from being seen in fight.

PAVEZADA, or **PAVESES de navio**, idem.

PAVEZADO, a, adj. armed with a paveze. See also **APAVEZADO**.

PAVIEIRA. See **VERGA da porta**.

PAVILHAM, f. m. a pavilion or tent, a pavilion over a field-bed, or any thing used in that nature.

Prover de pavilheons, to pavilion, to furnish with tents.

Estar metido num pavilbaõ, to pavilion, to be inclosed in a pavilion.

Cuberto com pavilbaõ, pavilioned.

PAVIMENTO, f. m. a pavement, the floor.

PAVIO, f. m. the wick of a candle, &c. *gastar pavio*, to lose the time.

PAVIO'LA, f. f. a kind of carriage, called barrow.

P A U

PAUL, f. m. a marshy ground.
PAULA'DO, a, adj. See **APAU-LADO**.
PAULATINAMENTE, adv. (with physicians) by little and little, by degrees. Lat. *paulatim*.
PAULATINO, a, adj. (with physicians) gathered by degrees, done, or given by degrees.
PAULINA, f. f. a sort of excommunication; also the poison given to the emperor Henry VII.
PAVO, it is a Spanish word, little used in Portugal. See **PERU'**.
PAVOA, f. f. pea-hen, the female of the peacock.
PAVONACO. See **ROXO**.
PAVONADA, f. f. (speaking of a peacock) the act of displaying and shewing the feathers.
Pavonada, (metaph.) a strutting or shewing one's self, or rather one's gaiety, playing the fop or beau, as the peacock shews his fine feathers.
Dor pavonada. See **PAVONEAR-SE**.
PAVONEA'DO, part. of
PAVONEAR-SE, v. r. to play the fop or beau, to strut and shew one's self about as the peacock does his feathers.
PAVOR, f. m. dread, consternation, great fear. Lat.
Com pavor, with great fear.
Tir pavor, to be in great fear.
PAVOROSO, a, adj. dreadful, terrible, causing dread.
PAUPERRIMO, a, adj. very poor.
PAUSA, f. f. a pause, a stop, a stay, a rest.
Fazer ou pór pausa. See **PAUSAR**.
Pausa, (in music) pause, an artificial discontinuance of the sound or voice.
Pausa, que se faz em hum discurso, e he acompanhada de hum sonido ou voz que não he articulada, como em hum doente, &c. a hum.
PAUSA'DAMENTE, adv. leisurely, slowly; also quietly, peaceably, calmly.
PAUSA'DO, a, adj. leisurely, deliberate, slow. See also the verb **PAUSAR**.
Pausão, f. m. he who talks or walks slowly.
Pausar, v. n. to pause, to stop, to make a stop for a time.
Pausar em hum discurso, formando no mesmo tempo qualquer somido ou voz que não seja articulada, como se vê em hum doente, ou estudante que não sabe bem a sua lição, &c. to hum, to pause in speaking, and supply the interval with an audible emission of breath.
PAUTA, f. f. a board with cat-gut stretched upon it, at the distance that the lines may be write, which the boys lay under their paper, and pressing it a little it leaves all the lines marked on the paper for them to write straight. They also use them with guts stretched only along the four sides, to leave a square margin

P E

on the paper, and this they use in the schools of philosophy, to write their dictates on.
Páuta de papel, black lines.
Páuta, a director, rule or ordinance; also
Páuta, (in the custom-houses) a book wherein the rate and value of goods is set down; also the customs and duties imposed upon several sorts of merchandizes.
Fazer páuta ao doente, (in some monasteries) to appoint some body or other to wait upon the sick.
Alimpár a páuta, (metaph.) to clear up a matter.
PAUTA'DO, a, adj. part. of
PAUTA'R, v. a. to rule, to mark the paper with the *pauta*. See **PAUTA**.

P A Y

PAY. See **PAI**.
PAYNEL. See **PAINEL**.
PA'YO, f. m. a sort of thick sausage.
PAYS. } See { **PAIS**.
PAYSANO. } See { **PAISANO**.

P A Z

PA'Z, f. f. peace. Lat. *pax*. See also **DESCANÇO**, and **TRANQUILLIDADE**.
P. pouco, e em paz, muito se me faz, little in peace seems to me a great deal; that is, it is better than a great deal with trouble and uneasiness.
P. euve, vê, e calla, se queres viver em paz; we say,
 He that would live in peace and rest, Must hear and see, and say the best.

P E

PE', f. m. a foot. Lat. *pes*.
Garganta do pé, the instep, the upper part of the foot.
Que tem dois pés, two footed.
Que tem o pé largo, broad-footed.
Que tem o pé chato e espalmado, flat-footed.
Que tem o pé partido como unha de boi, cloven-footed.
Que tem quatro pés, four-footed.
Besta de quatro pés, a four-footed beast.
Que tem o pé inteiriço, como unha de cavallo, whole-footed, as a horse is.
Que tem os dedos dos pés pigados hums aos outros por huma pelliculha, that has the feet closed with a film, or web, as a water-fowl.
Pé de huma maçã, pera, uva, figa, &c. the pedicle, foot-stalk, or stem of an apple, pear, grape, fig, &c.
Banquinho para posar os pés os que estão assentados, a footstool.
Hemem que anda a pé, a footman, one who travels on foot, one who practises to walk.
Criado de pé, a footman, a menial servant.
Andar de pé. See **ANDAR**.
Andar a pé, to walk on foot, to foot, to travel on foot.

P E

Ter bom pé, to walk fast, to be a stout walker.
Bater com os pés no chão, to stamp, to strike or beat the ground with the feet.
Elles hera estão sobre hum pé, hera sobre outra, they stand now on one foot, and then on another.
Lançar-se ou prostrar-se aos pés de outrem, to prostrate, to cast one's self at the feet of another.
Nascer de pés, to be born with the feet foremost.
De pé, or Em pé, standing upon one's feet.
Entrar com o pé direito, to begin luckily.
A pé enxuto, dry-shod.
Tomar pé na água, to come within one's depth, to take footing.
Tomar pé, (metaph.) to introspect, to look narrowly into.
Tomar pé. See **ESTABELECE-SE**.
Gente de pé. See **INFANTARIA**.
Pé ante pé, foot by foot, one foot after the other.
Pé ante pé, step by step, with gentle, slow, soft steps.
Ir pé ante pé, ou nas pontinhas dos pés, to go softly, or on tip-toe.
Andar a pé saltado, ou sepêlo, to hop, to leap on one leg.
Rede pé. See **REDE**.
Pé de huma arvore, montanha, &c. the foot of a tree, hill, &c.
Pé de huma mesa, ou de hum banco, the foot of a table, or bench.
Pé, foot, a measure of twelve inches.
Pé, foot, a measure of syllables in verses.
Estar levantado nas pontinhas dos pés, to stand a tip-toe.
A pé quede, without stirring.
Peleja a pé quede, a pitch battle, when no one giveth ground, but every one standeth to it.
Ir com pé de coumbo, to act with deliberation.
Estive em pé toda a noite, I sat up all night.
Andar com os pés mudos para dentro, ou voltados para fora, to go with one's toes in or out.
Estar como o pé no esfido, to be going to take a horse, to be ready to go.
De pé da letra, literally, or in a literal sense.
Pés de carneiro, trotters.
Pés de leitão, paiticoes, the feet of a sucking pig.
Dedo do pé, a toe.
O pé direito ou esquerdo, the right or left foot.
Lugar para por o pé, ou lugar que o pé ocupa, foot-room.
Pisar com os pés, to tread under foot.
Amai-o de pés e mãos, bind him hand and foot.
Pé de luma-lesta, the hind foot of a beast; for the Portuguese generally call the fore-feet *mãos*, hands.
Elle sempre cabe em pé, he is like a cat, he always lights upon his feet.
Pôr os pés fora do quarto, to go, to step out of the room.

P E

Pé de altar. See ALTAR.

Pé do compasso. See COMPASSO.

Elle já tem os pés para a cova, he has already one foot in the grave.

Fazer a guma cossa em pé, ou de pé, to do a thing standing.

Salta a pés juntos, to jump with both feet at a time.

Negar á pés juntas, to deny stiffly, or utterly.

Pé de vento, a sudden gust of wind, a whirlwind.

Pé de qualquer licor, a thick matter, as the dregs, grounds, or sediments of any liquor.

Ficar em pé. See CONSERVAR-SE, and PERMANECER.

Ficar a lé em pé. See FICAR.

Ap. nas me poss. ter em pé, I am scarce able to stand.

Por-se em pé, to rise, to get or stand up.

Tornar a por-se em pé, (metaph.) to rise, or flourish again.

Elle achou forma de seu pé, he has met with his match.

Haver ou ficar em pé, (speaking of an edifice, city, &c.) to remain, to be extant, to be left after any event.

O que lá ou fica em pé da infeliz cidade de Treya, the remains of unhappy Troy.

Por em pé, to raise, to set up, to set on foot; both in the proper and figurative sense; also to make lasting or durable. (Metaph.)

Fazer pé ou passo atraz. See ATRAZ.

Pé de exército, an army.

Tres pés de exército, an army divided in three parts.

Fazer pé de janella a huma senhora, to court, to make love to a lady from a window.

Sguir pé ter pé, to press hard, to follow close, to be close at one's heels.

Pé de buzzerro. See JARO.

Pé de burro, a kind of shell-fish.

Pé de gallo. See LUPDRO.

Pé de leão, an herb called lion's-foot, or lady's mantle.

Pé de lebre, the herb hare's foot.

Á pé, near by, hard by, nigh.

Pé de uvas, ou de azeitona, the husk of grapes or olives after the wine or oil is pressed out of them, marc, or muck.

Pé, ou ponta inferior da vela de hum navio, the clew of a sail.

Pé de xibão, a sort of French dance.

Pé direito, (in architecture) pied droit, a pier or kind of square pillar, part of which is hid within a wall; also a pier or jaumb of a door or window, comprehending the chambranle, chamfering, leaf, &c.

Pé de cabra, goat's feet, a sort of military store.

Ser pé, to be the younger hand, (at play.)

P. quem tem pé de altar, come sem amassar, he who gets altars, eats without baking; that is, he who has a benefice, where offering bread is brought in and set at the foot of the altar.

P E C

P. debaixo dos pés se levantão os trabalhos; that is, very strange and surprizing things happen when and where we least expect them.

P E A

PE'A, or PE'YA. See LADRIÇO.

PEADO, a, adj. See PEAR.

PE'A'L, f. m. a stocking, or that part of the stocking that covers the foot. From *pé*, the foot.

PE'ANHA, ou PL'ANHA, f. f. piedouche, a little stand, base, or pedestal, either long or square, enriched with mouldings, serving to support a bust, or other little figure.

PEAM. See PIAM.

PEAR, v. a. to tie a horse's feet with a *pea* or *ladriço*. See *PE'A*, and *LADRIÇO*.

Pear, to retard, to hinder from going

P E Ç

PEÇA, f. f. a piece, a certain number of ells or yards of cloth, or stuff. See also *PEDAÇO*.

Peça de artilharia, a piece or ordnance, a cannon.

Peça de lewa, the sailing gun.

Peça de campanha, a field-piece.

Peça, a piece, or a piece of work. See *MOVEL*.

Peça, a part of a kingdom.

Peça, (at chess) a man.

Peça do rosto, a spot, or speckle in the face.

Armado de todas peças, ou de ponto em branco. See *ARMADO*.

Envelhecer, ou morrer em peça, is for a woman to grow old, or to die without marrying.

Peça por zombaria, a jest or joke.

Peça maliciosa, a base trick, a knavish trick.

Fazer, ou pregar huma peça a algum, to play any one a trick, to serve him a trick, to put a trick upon him.

Peça que se faz saltando á palavra que se vinha dado, a slippery trick.

Fazer huma peça a algum saltandolhe á palavra, to play one a slippery trick.

Fazer peças enganando, to trick, to put a trick upon, to bubble or cheat.

B. a peça, (ironically) a trickster, a tricking fellow, a sharper, a bite.

Peça, a lesson or tune pricked for an instrument.

Peças para flauta, lessons set for the flute.

Compor huma peça, to prick or set down a tune for an instrument.

P E C

PECCA'DO, f. m. a sin, an offence. Lat. *peccatum*.

Peccado original, original sin.

Peccado venial, venial sin.

Peccado actual, actual sin.

Peccado mortal, mortal sin.

Peccado, em materia muito leve, a peccadillo, a trivial offence.

Peccado, p. p. of pecar. See *PECAR*.

P E D

PECCADO'R, f. m. a sinner.

PECCADO'RA, f. f. a woman sinner.

PECCAMINOSO, a, adj. sinful.

PECCANTE, adj. (with physicians) peccant; as, *humor peccante*, peccant humour.

A qualidade de humor peccante, peccancy.

PECCA'R, v. n. to sin, to offend. Lat. *peccare*. See also *ERRAR*.

Parte por onde algum pecca, feeble, weak side, a man's blind side.

Peccar de, is used to augment the signification of an adjective to a vicious degree; as, *Peccar de cortez*, to be over-officious.

Peccar contra. See *OFFENDER*.

Peccar em, to be subject, liable, apt, or inclinable to.

Peccar em humores, (with physicians) to be affected with peccant humours.

PE'CEGO, f. m. peach, a sort of fruit.

PECEGUEIRO, f. m. a peach-tree.

PECHA. See *TACHA*.

PECHELINGUE, adj. (a vulgar word) piratical robbing. It is also used as a substantive for a pirate, or robber in general.

PECO. See *NESCIO*.

Peco, f. m. ex. *Deu o peco uns melões,* the melons do not thrive or grow.

PEÇONHA, f. f. poison or venom.

Dar peçonha, to poison, to give poison.

PEÇONHE'NTO, a, adj. poisonous, full of poison.

PECU'NHA, f. f. (a vulgar word) ex.

Dar pecuinhas, is for a bird to begin to sing. See also *REMOQUE*.

Deitar ou botar pecuinhas a huma mulher, to endeavour to engage a woman's affection to one, by uttering some words of endearment.

PECULIA'R, adj. peculiar.

PECU'LIO, f. m. stock, goods or effects, got by saving and honest industry.

Que tem bom pecuio, wealthy, having great stock.

Pecúlio, (among the learned) a notebook, a book of memoirs, excerpts.

PECU'NIA, f. f. money. It is only used by pedants, and people in jest; also

Pecunia, a deity among the Romans.

PECUNIA'RIO, a, adj. pecuniary, of, or belonging to money.

Fina pecuniaria, a fine or pecuniary mulct.

PECUREIRO. See *PEGUREIRO*.

P E D

PEDACI'NHO, f. m. a little piece or bit.

Em pedacinhos, in little pieces.

Por hum pedacinho, ou por pouco tempo, a little while, for a little while.

Hum pedacinho de caminho, a little way.

Pedacinho de papel, a scrap, or rather scrip, a small piece of paper.

PEDAÇO, f. m. a bit, or piece, a fragment.

Em pedaços, in pieces, piecemeal, in fragments.

P E D

Causa de hum pedaço. See **INTEYRICO**.
Pedaço de pão, a bit of bread.
Fazer alguma cousa em pedaços. See **DESPEDAÇAR**.
Grande pedaço de tempo, a long time or while.
Em pedaço de caminho, a great way.
Fazer-se em pedaços, to take much pains, to toil one's self to pieces.
Fazer-se em pedaços para agradar a algúem, to kill one's self, to take too much pains to please one.
PEDAGOGO, *f. m.* a pedagogue, a tutor.
PEDA'NEO juiz, a pedaneous or petty judge, who has no formal seat of justice, but hears causes standing. (In the civil law.)
PEDA'NTE, *f. m.* a pedant. It is applied to a pedantic person, that endeavours to exert a boyish learning.
PEDANTESCO, *a, adj.* pedantic, pedantical, awkwardly, ostentatious of literature.
PEDANTISMO, *f. m.* pedantry, pedanticness, ostentation of shewing needless literature.
PEDERNA'L. See
PEDERNEIRA, *f. f.* a flint.
PEDESTAL, *f. m.* a pedestal for a statue, or other thing to stand upon.
PEDESTRE, *adj.* pedestrious; also on foot; or performed on foot.
Soldados pedestres, foot-soldiers.
PEDICULAR, *adj.* (with physicians) pedicular.
Doença pedicular, the phthyriasis, or lousy distemper.
PEDIDO, *a, adj.* asked, demanded, required.
Pedidos, *f. m. p.* a sort of imposition or tax.
PEDILU'VIO, *f. m.* pediluvium, a sort of bath for the feet.
PEDINCHA'M, ou **PEDINTAM**, *f. m.* one that is always asking or begging.
PEDINCHA'R, ou **PEDINTAR**, *v. n.* to be always begging.
PEDINTARIA, *f. f.* the act of begging for alms, or asking charitable relief of others.
PEDINTE, *f. m. f.* a beggar, he or she that begs for alms, and have nothing but what is given them.
A modo de pedinte, beggarly.
PEDI'R, *v. a.* to ask, to beg. Latin, *petere*.
Pedir esmolas, to beg, to live upon alms, or by asking charitable relief of others.
Reduzir algúem a pedir esmola, to beggar, to reduce one to beggary.
Pedir encarecidamente, to demand or require earnestly.
Pedir com autoridade, ou justiça, to demand, to ask with authority, to require, to crave.
Pedir com humildade, to pray, to beseech, or humbly entreat.
Pedir importunamente, to demand with vehemence and importunity, to call for, to crave.

P E D

Pedir importunamente o dinheiro que se nos deve, to dun, to demand a debt pressing.
O que pede importunamente o dinheiro que se lhe deve, a dun, a troublesome creditor.
Pedir por algúem, to intercede, to entreat, or pray in the behalf of another.
Pedir a Deos, ou aos santos, &c. to pray to God or the saints, to call upon them.
Pedir a algúem o seu parecer, to ask one's advice.
Pedir continuamente, e sem nunca se satisfazer, to crave, to ask insatiably.
Pedir perdão, to ask pardon.
Pedir com modestia, to desire.
Elle dá tudo o que lhe pedem, it is but ask and have.
Quanto pede vmtz, por isso? what is your price? what do you sell it for? how much do you ask for it?
Conforme o pedir a occasião, as occasion shall require.
Pede-vos isto, pray do it.
Pede-vos que me digais o que, &c. pray tell me what, &c.
Pedir mesa, is for the prisoners of the inquisition to desire to be heard by the inquisitors.
PEDO, (in the province of Tralos Montes) an egg.
PEDOTRI'BIA, or **PEDOTRI'BICA**, *f. f.* (among the Greeks) the art of teaching young people how to exercise their bodies, and make them fair and strong.
PEDRA, *f. f.* a stone. Lat. *petra*.
Pedra, the disease called the stone or gravel.
Instrumento que serve para tirar a pedra da bexiga, lapidilium.
Erva que tem virtude para dissolver a pedra que no corpo humano se gera. See **SAXIFRAGIA**.
Instrumento concavo que se mette na bexiga, e serve para introduzir outro, e tirar a pedra, a conductor (in surgery.)
Pedra, ou pedrisco, hail, especially when it is large, and does mischief.
Obra feita de pedra, stone-work.
Feito de pedra, stony, made of stone.
Cheio de pedras, stony, full of stones.
Duro como huma pedra, as hard as a stone; also stony, hard, inflexible, unrelenting. (Metaph.)
Lançar pedras, to stone, to throw stones.
O que lança pedras, a hurler of stones.
Fazer-se duro como pedra, ou converter-se em pedra, to wax hard as a stone, or to turn to stone.
Chevoa pedra, it raineth stone.
Pedra boa para calçar as ruas, pebble, or pebble-stone.
Feito de pedra e cal, made of stone and mortar.
Ser de pedra e cal, (metaph.) to be firm and steady.
Pôr huma pedra sobre alguma cousa para sempre, to forget a thing, to let it die in oblivion. (Metaph.)

P E D

Pedra que serve para acabar de cebrir huma parede, e que tem a mesma largura della, a coping stone, a perpend, or perpend-stone.
Pedra preciosa, a precious stone.
Dar de pedra, (with goldsmiths) to polish gold with a certain stone.
Pedra pomis, the pumice-stone.
Pedra buzar. See **BÁZAR**.
Pedra de aguiá. See **AGUIA**.
Pedra de afiar, ou amolar. See **AFIAR**, and **AMOLAR**.
Pedra philosophal, the philosopher's stone.
Pedra bume, alum.
Pedra bume de rocha, roche-alum.
Casto de pedra bume chamada sacarina, saccharine alum.
Pedra de lagar. See **GALGA**.
Pedra do moimbo, a mill-stone.
Pedra de tocar, ou pedra de toque, the touchstone to try metals.
Pedra leitiera, a precious stone of a white colour like milk. Latin, *galactites*.
Pedra d'ara. See **ARA**.
Pedra de cevar, the loadstone.
Pedra de corisco, a thunderbolt. People imagine it to be a hard body, and even a stone; but the learned rather attribute it to the subtilty, force and penetrativeness of the sulphureous matter.
Pedra Judaica, lapis Judaicus.
Pedra infernal, the infernal stone.
Affinalar com pedra branca e negra, to note with a white or black stone; that is, to be glad or sorry.
Ser a pedra do escandalo, to be a stumbling block.
Pedra de sal, a grain or corn of salt.
Pedras, (in gaming) the winnings; because they set up with little stones among the common sort instead of counters.
Não deixar pedra sobre pedra, not to leave one stone upon another, to destroy utterly.
O que negoceia em pedras preciosas, a lapidist.
Pedra, (in the university) a cylindric stone whereon the students sit in their solemn disputations or acts. It signifies sometimes the act itself.
P. pedra moudica, não cria bolor, a rolling stone never gathers moss. Lat. *Saxum rotundum non obducitur musco*.
P. lançar a pedra, e esconder a mão, to throw the stone and hide the hand. To do mischief, and not to be seen in it.
P. matar dois passaros com huma pedra, to kill two birds with one stone.
P. quem se cala, e pedras apanta, tempo vem que as derrama; that is, if a man says little, he thinks the more, he meditates revenge.
P. quem em pedra duas vezes tropeça, não be muito quibrar a cabeça, he that stumbles twice at one stone, it is no wonder if he breaks his head for his heedlessness.
PEDRA DA, *f. f.* a stroke of a stone.

PEG

Jogar as pedradas, to stone one another.

Tirar pedradas, to pelt, to stone, to throw stones at.

Matar às pedradas, to stone to death.

PEDRAHUME, See **PEDRA hume**.

PEDRARIA, f. f. freestone; also precious stones.

PEDREGOSO, a, adj. stony, full of stones.

PEDREGULHO, f. m. gravel, the larger and stony part of sand. Lat. *glauca*.

PEDREIRA, f. f. a quarry where stone is dug out. See also **INTERCESSOR**, and **MEDIANEIRO**.

Mir pedras, See **EMPENHAR** ou meter empenho, &c.

PEDREIRO, f. m. a mason.

Pedreiro, pederero, a small piece of ordnance, mostly used in ships, to fire stones, nails, broken iron, or cartridge shot on an enemy attempting to board. It is managed by a swivel.

Pedreiro de alvenaria. See **ALVANEL**.

Pedreiro de cantaria. See **CANTEIRO**.

Arte ou officio de pedreiro, masonry, the craft of a mason.

Pedreiros livres, free or accepted masons, a society or body of men so called, either for some extraordinary knowledge of masonry, which they are supposed to be masters of, or because the founders of that society were persons of that profession; what the end of their society is, yet remains in some measure a secret.

Pedreiro, a sort of small swallow so called.

PEDREZ, adj. ex. *Ferro pedrez*, a sort of iron which is very brittle.

PEDRINHA, f. f. a little stone.

PEDRISCO, f. m. hail.

PEDROUÇO, f. m. a heap of stones.

PEG

PEGA, f. f. a magpie. Lat. *pica*; also a sort of band or cord with which oxen are bound.

Pega grega, wary-angle, a sort of magpie.

Pega, holloo! a word of encouragement when dogs are let loose on their game, &c.

Pega, (in a ship) the cap.

PEGA'DA, f. f. a foot-step.

Seguir as pegadas de algum, to follow one's foot-steps.

Pegadas dos animais, marks, the foot-prints, or treadings of beasts.

PEGADIÇO, a, adj. clammy, that will stick to any thing; also contagious.

Doença pegadisa, a catching disease.

PEGADO, a, adj. stuck to any thing. See also **GRUDADO**.

Pegado à sua opinião, wedded to his own opinion.

Pegado com offeçaõ a alguma coisa ou a alguma pessoa, tied, knit, wedded. addicted to any thing or person.

PEG

Pegado à fazenda, penurious, clof-fisted, covetous.

Pegado, like, or alike. See also **CON-TIGUO**, and **PROXIMO**.

Vir um navio pegado na terra, is for a ship to sail very near the shore.

Pegado, when it is followed by the articles *à*, *as*, *aos*, is Englished by nigh, near to, by. See also the verb **PEGAR**.

PEGADOR, f. m. the small fish that sticks to the sharks so close that they cannot shake them off.

PEGAFLO'R, or **PICAFLO'R**, f. m. a wonderful bird in America, so called by the Portuguese because it is always hanging in the air, sucking the flowers, as the word implies, never lighting on the ground.

PEGAFOSO, a, adj. See **PEGADICO**.

PEGAMINÇO, f. m. any thing that is clammy.

PEGAMENTO, f. m. a sticking, or clinging.

Erva dos pegamentos. See **ERVA**.

PEGAM de vento. See **PE de vento**.

PEGAR, v. a. to glue, to join with some viscous composition; also to infect, to communicate a disease by some effluvia which fly off from distempered bodies or bales of goods, &c.

Pegar os seus vicijs a algum, to vitiate, to corrupt, to spoil one's morals.

Pegar, v. n. to take, to lay hold of.

Pegar em alguma coisa, to lay, take or to get hold of a thing.

O seu procedimento faz que pegue, he exposes himself by his carriage.

Acabar em que pegar, to find fault with, to find amiss, to take hold of.

Não acháreo em que pegar nas palavras que elle disse, they could not take hold of his words.

Sempre acha em que, ou far onde pegar, he always finds fault with something.

Pegar em algum, to lay hold of one.

Pegar de palavras. See **PALAVRA**.

Pegar da palavra. See **PALAVRA**.

Pegár fogo, to take or catch fire.

Pegár, (speaking of plants) to take root, to root, to strike far into the earth, to strike root.

Pegár, to stick, to adhere, to unite itself by its tenacity, viscosity or adhesive quality.

Pegár um nome, to name, to give a name to.

Pegá-la boa a algum, to cheat, to bubble, to put a trick upon one.

Pegár a ancora. See **MORDER a ancora**.

Não pigár a ancora. See **GARRAR**, v. n.

Pegár no sono, to fall asleep.

Pegar nas armas, to take up arms, to betake one's self to one's weapons.

Pegar de algum, to take, catch, arrest, or apprehend one.

Pegar na espada, to lay hold of the sword,

PEI

Pegar bem na espada, to be a good fencer.

Pegar-se, v. r. to stick, to adhere, to unite itself by its tenacity, viscosity, or adhesive quality.

Pegar-se como grude, to stick like bird-lime.

Pegar-se a doença, is for a disease to be contagious.

Pegar-se, to take, to lay hold, to hold fast.

Elle pegou-se a um ramo, he took or laid hold of a branch.

Pegar-se a huma opinião, to stick to an opinion.

Pegar-se com algum santo, to recommend one's self particularly to a saint.

PEGASO, f. m. the horse Pegasus, that poets feign could fly.

Pégaso, (with astronomers) Pegasus, the winged horse; a northern constellation.

PEGO, f. m. a whirl-pool, pit, abyss, or swallow; also the sea, main sea, the ocean.

Pégo undoso, the ocean.

PEGULHO, (a ludicrous word.) See **MOTIVO**, and **OCCASIAM**.

PEGULHAL, f. m. cattle, herds or flocks.

PEGUREIRO, f. m. a grazier, a herdsman, or breeder of cattle. Lat. *pecuarius*.

PEI

PEIA. See **PEA**.

PEJADO, a, adj. bashful, modest, demure.

Mulher pejada, a woman with child.

Pejado da lingua, having an impediment in his speech, stammering or lisping.

Pejado, full of stoppages or hindrances, almost impervious.

Pejado, surfeited, over-charged with meat or drink, fed to satiety and sickness.

PEJAMENTO, f. m. stoppage, hindrance, clog, incumbrance.

PEJAR, v. a. to incumber, to clog, to hinder, to embarrass.

Pejar-se, v. r. to be ashamed, to be bashful.

PEIDO, f. m. a fart, wind from behind.

Dar peidos, to fart, to break wind backwards.

PEIDORREIRO, f. m. a farter, a stinking farter.

PEJO, f. m. clog, incumbrance, embarrassment. See also **MOLESTIA**.

PEJO, redundancy, over-abounding, superfluity.

PEJO, multitude, crowd. See also **CONCURSO**.

PEJO, bashfulness, demureness, modesty, shamefacedness.

Ter pejo. See **PEJAR-SE**.

PEIOR, &c. See **PEOR**, &c.

PEITA, f. f. bribe, a gift given to corrupt a person, or to gain him to one's interest.

PEI

PEL

PEL

Agastar feitas, to take bribes.
Sebormar, ou corromper com peitas. See **PEITAR**.
Peita que se promete para que alguém não descubra o segredo, hush-money.
Peita, a tribute, or duty. (Obiol.)
PEITAÇA, f. f. (at Malacca) a sort of ship so called.
PEITA'DO, a, adj. bribed.
PEITA'R, v. a. to bribe, to give bribes to bad purposes.
O que peita, a briber.
O acto de peitar, bribery, the act of bribing.
O crime dos que se deixão peitar, bribery, the crime of taking bribes.
PEITAVENTO, (among hunters) ex. *Levantar-se buma pe diz peitavento*, is for a partridge to spring and fly against the wind.
PEITI LHO, f. m. a stomacher.
PEITO, f. m. the breast.
Peito, the breast, the teats of women which contain milk.
Peito, breast, the part of a beast that is under the neck, between the fore legs; as, *Hum peito de carneiro*, a breast of mutton.
Peito, the breast, or the heart.
Criança de peito, a sucking child or babe.
Tomar alguma coisa a peito, to take a thing to heart, to interest one's self in an affair.
Por o peito á corrente, ou oppor-se, to breast, to oppose breast to breast, to withstand; to struggle against the current; both in the proper and figurative sense.
Peito com peito, breast to breast.
Peito de armas, a breast plate, an armour for the breast.
Peito de prova, a breast-plate that is proof against the shot.
Peito, mind, heart.
Desafogar o seu peito, to ease one's mind.
Descobrir o seu peito, to discover one's thought.
Peito, courage; as, *Homem de peito*, a man of courage.
De altura que chega até o peito, breast-high.
Peito ou garganta do pé, the instep, the upper part of the foot.
PEITOGUEIRA, f. f. (a vulgar word.) See **TOCÊ**.
PEITORA'L, f. m. poitral, poitrel, or paytrel, the breast-plate of a horse's furniture.
Peitorál, adj. pectoral, good for the breast.
Remédios peitorais, (in medicine) pectorals.
Cruz peitoral, the cross worn by bishops on their breast.
PEITORI'L, f. m. a wall breast-high.
Peitoril, adj. breast-high, being up to the breast.
PEIXE, f. m. a fish.
Peixe do rio, river-fish, fluviatile fishes
Peixe do mar, sea-fish.
Peixes grandes do mar, como a balea,

outros da casta della, cetaceous fishes, those of the whale kind.
Caxa com buracos no tampoã para conservar os peixes vivos n'água, a cauld.
Dias de peixe, fish-days.
Ribeira, ou qualquer outro lugar, aonde se vende peixe, a fish-market.
Viviro de peixes, a fishpond, a small pool for fish.
Comer de peixe, fishy food, or fish-meal.
Peixes muito pequeninos, fry, young fishes.
Que se sustenta de peixe, (speaking of some birds) piscivorous.
Que tem muito peixe, fishy, having plenty of fish, fishful.
O que vende, ou trata em peixe, a fish-monger, a seller of fish, a dealer in fish.
Peixe de agua doce, fresh-water fish.
Que falo a peixe, fishy, talking like fish.
Vaso ou caldeira comprida que serve para cozer o peixe de sorte que fique inteiro, a fish-kettle.
P. estar como o peixe na agua, to live in clover.
P. não he peixe, nem carne, he is neither fish nor flesh.
Peixes, (in astronomy) Pisces, the twelfth sign or constellation of the Zodiac.
PEIXINHEIRO, f. m. a fish-monger.
PEIXINHO, f. m. a little fish.
PEIXOTA, f. f. (in the province of Minho.) See **PESCADA**.

PEL

PE'LA, (a preposition followed by a noun of the feminine gender in the singular number) by. See **PE LO**, preposition.
Pela rainha, by the queen.
Pela, through; as, *pela rua*, through the street.
Pela, at; as, *Elle entrou pela porta, mas saiu pela janella*, he got in at the door, but he got out at the window.
Pela três horas, at three o'clock.
Pela minha parte, as for me, or for my part.
Pela manhã, in the morning.
Pela, because of, for the sake, or upon the account of, for; as,
Pela affeição que vos tenho, upon the account of, for the love I bear you.
Pela qual causa, wherefore.
Pela, as; ex. *Pela informação que tenho*, as I am informed.
Pela, for the; ex. *Pela mayor parte*, for the most part.
Pela, f. f. (at tennis) the ball which is driven with the racket.
Jogo da pela, tennis; also the tennis-court.
Jogar á pela, to play at tennis.
Pela do vento, a ball made of leather, and filled with wind, like our football.
Pela, a ball, or bullet.
Pela, (in the province of Minho.) See **FRIGIDEIRA**.
Tras pelas, to withstand, to resist, to oppose.

Pela, a sort of dance so called.
PELA'DO, a, adj. without hair. See also **CALVO**.
PELADURA, f. f. See **ALOPEZIA**.
PELAGO. See **PEGO**.
PELA ME, f. m. a tan pit, to take the hair off the skins.
PELAM, f. m. (a vulgar word) one who pretends to be made a *fidalgos*. See **FIDALGO**.
PELA'R, v. a. to pull, to pull off the hair, to make bald, to make bare.
Pelâr hum leão, to scald a pig.
Pelâr-se, v. r. to grow bald or bare.
Pelâr-se por alguma coisa, (a vulgar phrase) to desire or long for a thing very earnestly.
PELAS, a preposition, serving for the feminine gender, and plural number. It is Englished as *pela*. See **PELA**.
PELE. See **PELLE**.
PELEJA, f. f. a fight, a battle.
Homem de pelija, a fighter.
Junço de peljas, quarrelsome, full of brawling.
PELEJA DO, a, adj. fought.
Batalha peljada e ferida, a bloody or cruel battle.
PELEJAR, v. n. to fight, to combat.
Pelejar contra as proprias inclinações, to combat one's own inclinations, to oppose or resist them.
Pelejar, to dispute or quarrel, to brawl, to scold, to chide.
Mulher que sempre está a pelejar e a gritar, a scold, a shrew.
Homem que sempre está a pelejar, e a gritar, a scolding man.
PELEONA. } See { **PELIONA**.
PELICA. } See { **PELLICA**.
PELICA'NO, f. m. a pelican. There are two sorts of pelicans; one lives upon the water and feeds upon fish; the other keeps in deserts, and feeds upon serpents and other reptiles.
PELIONA, f. f. (a jocose word) altercation, wrangling.
Tomar a peliona por alguém, to take part with one, to take one's part.
PELITRATO, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a raggamuffin, a ragged fellow.
PELITRE, f. m. the wild or bastard pellitory.
PELLA. } See { **PELA**.
Pella. } See { **PELA**.
PELLE, f. f. skin.
Pelle dos animais, hide, pelt, fell, the skin of a beast.
Pelle, ou casca da fruta, skin.
Despem as serpentes a pelle velha, serpents cast off their coats or slough.
Tratar bem da sua pelle, to live deliciously.
Defender a sua pelle, to stand in defence of one's life.
Jurar pela pelle a alguém, to threaten one with death.
Eu não lhe quizerá estar na pelle, I would not be in his skin, or his place.
Elle não tem mais que pelle e ossos, he is nothing but skin and bones; he is very lean.

PEL

O que contrata em *pelles*, a skinner, a peltmonger, a fellmonger.
Não caber na pelle de contentamento, to be over-joyed, or transported with joy.
Que tem muita pelle, e pouca carne, skinny.
Que tem a pelle grossa, thick-skinned, that hath a thick skin.
Pelle á qual ainda se não tem tirado a lã, wool fell.
Tirar a pelle a huma lebre, raposa, &c. to catch a hare, fox, &c.
Lebre ou coelho aos quais ainda se não tirou a pelle, a hare or rabbit in the case.
Pelle, (metaph.) out-side, person, external man.
Má pelle he fullano, such a one is a rogue.
Bom pelle he fullano, idem. (Ironically.)
PELLESINHA, or *PELLINHA*, a pellicle, a little or thin skin.
PELLICA, f. f. a garment made of, or lined with skins.
PELLICO, f. m. furr, the skin of some sort of wild beasts dressed with the hair on, worn both for warmth and ornament.
Forrar de pellicas, to furr, to line with furs.
PELLIQUEIRO, f. m. a leather-seller, or dresser, a currier; also one that maketh garments and other things of skins.
PELITEIRO, idem.
PELLO. See *PELO*.
PELOTTAM, f. m. a sort of garment used formerly in Portugal; also a platoon or platoon (in military affairs.)
PELOTTE, f. m. a jerking shepherds wear, made of sheep-skins with the wool on; also a sort of garment made of cloth, or lined with skins, not worn at present.
Melhorar de pellete, to better one's fortune.
PELOTEIRO. See *PELOTEIRO*.
PE'LO, (preposition, serving for the masculine gender and singular number) by; as, *Pelo rey*, by the king.
Pelo passado, formerly, in time past, heretofore.
Pelo amor de Deus, for God's sake.
Pelo amor que vos tenho, upon the account of, for the love I bear you.
Pelo consequente, consequently.
Pelo contrario, on the contrary.
Pelo mesmo preço, at the same price.
Pelo que ouço, as I hear.
Pelo que dizem, as they say.
Vai pelo medico, go see for the physician.
Pelo, pelas, pela, pelas, denote the efficient cause of a thing; as also the motive and means, or ways of doing; in all which significations they are Englished by *by*, *through*, *out of*, *at*, *as*, *as far as*, &c. also by *with*; *pela primeira occasião*, with the first opportunity; *comecei pelo*, &c. I will begin with, &c.

PEN

Pêlo, or Pello, f. m. hear. From the Lat. *pilus*; also a disorder in a horse's hoof.
Pêlo do pano, ou do chapéo, the nap of cloth, or of a hat.
Pano de pelo curto, short-woollen cloth.
Pano de pelo comprido, high-napped or shagged cloth.
Que tem perdido o pelo, thread-bare, deprived of the nap.
Ruivo de mau pelo, so they call a bad man that has got red hair.
Pelo do cavallo, e de outros animais, the coat of a horse, or the coat, hair, or fur of any beast.
Pelo da espada, the edge of a sword.
Pelo da fruta, the soft wool or cotton upon fruits.
Em pelo, naked; also bare-backed, or without a saddle.
Andar a cavallo em pelo, ou sem sella, to ride a horse without a saddle.
Vir a pelo, to come to the purpose.
P. o pelo muda a raposa, mas o natural não despeja, the fox changes hair, but not his nature.
PELOTA, f. f. a bullet, a pellet of iron, or of lead, a ball.
PELOTAM. } See { *PELOTAM.*
PELOTE. } { *PELOTE.*
PELOTEIRO, f. m. one that sells skins, particularly of buff, tigers, &c.
PELOURADA, f. f. a blow with an iron bullet.
PELOURINHO, f. m. a pillar set up where the market is held, or in some other public places of a town or city, to shew that the chief magistrate or corporation is invested with the authority of punishing criminals with death.
Pelourinho, a small bullet.
PELOURO, f. m. a ball, a great shot.
Pelouro, a sort of ballot or ticket used in giving the votes.
Fazer pelouro, to ballot, to choose by ballot.
PELYATO, f. m. a soldier armed with a *pelta*, or buckler.
PELU'DO, 'a, adj. hairy.

P E M

PEMPINELLA. See *PIMPINELLA*.

P E N

PENÁ, f. f. a punishment, or penalty; also a fine; also trouble, sorrow.
Pena, penada, &c. See *PENNA*, *PENNADA*, &c.
PENADO, a, adj. See *PENAR*.
PENAL, adj. penal, enacting punishment; as, *Lei penal*, penal law.
PENALIDA DE, f. f. pain, trouble, affliction.
PENALIZADO, a, adj. See *PENALIZAR*.
PENALIZAR, v. a. to trouble, to pain, to afflict. See also *ATORMENTAR*.

P E N

PENAM, (in India) a triangular sail.
PENAR, v. n. to be in pain, sorrow, or anguish.
Penar, v. a. to trouble, to pain, to afflict.
PENATES, f. m. p. the household goods, or Penates.
PENAVI'S, f. m. a sort of dish made of minced fish, butter, &c.
PENCA, f. f. the stalk of a lettuce, thistle, or the like.
Penca, (among the vulgar people) a large nose.
Penca, (in anatomy) a lobe, (speaking of the lungs.)
PENÇAM. See *PENSAM*.
PENDAM, f. m. a banner or ensign borne at the head of processions, a portiforium.
Pendaõ, gonfalon, gonfanon, or gonfanon, the church-banner carried in the pope's army.
O que leva esta sorte de pendaõ, gonfalonier, the pope's standard-bearer.
Pendaõ e caldeira, a sort of privilege allowed to the *ricos homens*. See *HOMEM*.
Acudir a pendaõ ferido, to come in to assist where there is great need, as when a standard is in great danger of being taken by the enemy.
Pendaõ dos paens, the flower or blossom of corn.
PENDENCIA, f. f. a quarrel, a fray.
PENDENTE, p. a. hanging, depending, pendent, &c. according to the verb *PENDER*. See also *SUSPENSO*.
Lite pendente. See *LITE*.
PENDENTES, f. m. p. pendants hanging in the ear.
PENDER, v. n. to hang, to be suspended, to be supported above, not below. Lat. *pendere*. See also *DEPENDER*.
Pender de, to hang on, to be dependant on, to depend on.
Pender, to hang, to be in suspense, or undetermined, to remain undecided.
Pender, to depend, to rest upon, as a cause.
Pender, to be dependant, or in a state of dependence.
Pender, to depend, or rely upon.
Pender, to hang downward; also to incline, lean or bend, to tend towards any part.
Pender, to incline, to be favourably disposed to, to be inclined or propense.
Pender, (with physicians) to proceed, to arise, to be the effect of.
Pender a vida de bem fio, to be in a dying condition.
PENDOLA. See *PENDULA*.
PENDOR, f. m. declivity.
Dar pender ao navio, ou espalmar bem navio, to heel a ship, or to lay down a ship on one side, in order to caulk, cleanse, or sheathe her.
Fazer pender a balança, to turn, or weigh down the scale; also to be of greater

greater value, on esteem (in a moral sense.)
Ter pendor á alguma coisa, to be inclined or propense to a thing.
Pendor que se tem á alguma coisa, inclination, or disposition to a thing.
PENDULA, f. f. ex. *Relógio de pendula*, a pendulum; a clock, the motions of which are regulated by a pendulum.
Peso do relógio de pendula, a pendulum, a weight hanging at the end of a wire, string, &c. by the vibration of which the parts of time are measured.
Relógio de pendula simples, a simple pendulum, that consists of a single weight.
Relógio de pendula composto, a compound pendulum.
Relógios de pendula aos quais se dá corda de oito em oito dias, royal pendulums.
PENDULO, a, adj. dangling, hanging down, pendulous.
PENDURA, f. f. ex. *Fruta de pendura*, fruits that will keep, and are fit to hang down, or be suspended.
PENDURA'DO, a, adj. dangling, hanging down, pendulous, hung.
Pendurado, (metaph.) hanging on, fixed or suspended with attention, erect, attentive.
PENDURA'R, v. a. to hang, to suspend, to fasten in such a manner, as to be sustained not below, but above.
Pendurar-se em palmeiras altilôcas, to be much upon the high strain.
PENDURICA'LHO, f. m. any fluttering piece of cloth, a fluttering rag.
PENEDRA, f. f. a place full of rocks and stones.
PENEDO, f. m. a great stone.
Chevo de penédois, full of stones, stony.
PENEIRA, f. f. a bolter, or sieve for bolting or sifting meal from the bran or husks.
PENEIRADO, a, adj. bolted, &c. See
PENEIRAR a farinha, v. a. to bolt, to sift meal.
Gamella, ou cousa semelhante onde cabe a farinha peneirada, a bolting hutch.
Casa onde se peneira a farinha, a bolting-house.
O que peneira, a sifter.
PENEIRAR-SE, v. r. to hover, to plane, to flutter with spread wings, to hang in the air without flying off one way or other.
PENEIREIRO, f. m. he who makes or sells sieves.
PENEIRO, f. m. a sort of sieve used by those that take away the honey from the hives, for fear of being stung by the bees.
PENETRAÇAM, f. f. penetration, the act of piercing through.
Penetraçom da ferida, the deepness of a wound.
Penetraçom, penetration, quickness of parts or wit, sagacity, acuteness; also penetration, or mental entrance

into any thing abstruse, the act of diving into.
PENETRADO, a, adj. See **PENETRAR**.
PENETRANTE, p. a. penetrant, piercing, quick, penetrative; also penetrative, sagacious, discerning.
PENETRA'R, v. a. and n. to penetrate, to pierce through, to enter into any body; also to penetrate, to go deep into, to apprehend, to understand.
A luz penetra o vidro, the light penetrates or goes through the glass.
Penetrar o interior de hum paiz, to go a great way into the country.
Penetrar os futuros, to foresee things to come.
PENETRATIVO. See **PENETRANTE**.
PENHA, f. f. a rock, a stony hill, or piece of a mountain.
PENHA'SCO, f. m. a great rock. See also **ESCOLHO**, and **CACHOPO**.
PENHO'R, f. m. pawn, something given to pledge as security for money borrowed or promise made.
Dar em penhor, or *dar de penhor*, to pawn, to pledge.
Tomar em penhor, to take to pawn, to receive as a pawn.
Emprestar dinheiro sobre penhor, to lend money upon a pledge.
O que tem por officio emprestar dinheiro sobre penhor, a pawn-broker.
P. mais val penhor na arca que fiador na praça, a pawn in the chest is better than a security in the market-place.
Penbôr, a token, proof, or testimony.
Penbôr, a child, i. e. the pledge of love between man and wife.
PENHO'RA, f. f. (in law) a seizure, distraint, or distress, the act of distraining goods, or making a legal seizure.
Penbôra que se faz em todos os bens, grand distress.
Penbôra que se faz nos bens moveis, personal distress.
Penbôra que se faz nos bens de raiz, real distress.
PENHORA'DO, f. m. the person whose goods have been distrained, or seized.
Penharado, a, adj. seized, distrained.
PENHORA'R, v. a. to distrain, to seize upon a person's goods for rent, &c. as an indemnification for a debt.
PENINSULA, f. f. a peninsula, a place encompassed by the sea, except on one small part, where it joins to the continent.
PENITENCIA, f. f. penance, or penance, the exercise of penitence, either voluntary, or imposed by priestly authority, for faults committed by a person; infliction public or private, suffered as an expression of repentance for sin; also penance, a sort of mortification enjoined by Romish priests.
Penitencia, penitence, the fourth sacrament, (in the church of Rome.)

Fazey penitencia com-nosco, (a familiar phrase) please to dine with us.
PENITENCIA'DO, a, adj. it is said of one that has been in the inquisition, and comes out with an obligation of performing a certain penance for his offence.
PENITENCIAL, f. m. (with Roman Catholics) a Penitential, an ecclesiastical book which directs the degrees of penance.
Penitencial, adj. ex. *Os psalms penitenciais*, the penitential psalms.
PENITENCIAR, v. a. (among the inquisitors) to impose a penance. See **PENITENCIADO**.
PENITENCIARI'A, f. f. (at Rome) penitentiary, the penitentiary's court.
PENITENCIA'RIO, f. m. a penitentiary, one that imposes penances, (at Rome.)
PENITENCIASI'NHA, f. f. a little penance.
PENITENTE, f. m. a penitent, one sorrowful for sin; also a penitent, one under the direction of a confessor.
Penitente, (in the primitive church) a penitent, one under the censures of the church, but admitted to penance.
Penitentes, a peculiar fraternity, or society of men, who assemble together for prayers, make processions barefooted, their faces being covered with linen, and give themselves discipline, like the disciplinants.
PENNA, f. f. a feather, a plume of a fowl or bird in general.
Penna de escrever, a pen, an instrument for writing.
Penna, a quill, the strong and hard feather of which pens are made.
Vestido de pennas, feathered, clothed with feathers, feathery.
Que não tem pennas, featherless.
Ornar com pennas, to feather, to fit with feathers, to plume.
O que vende pennas, ou frouxel para cammas, feather-seller.
Pennas do rolinho. See **RODIZIO**.
Que ainda não tem pennas para poder voar, callow, unfledged, that has not yet got feathers enough to begin to fly.
Que já tem pennas para poder voar, fledged, fledged, able to fly, flecked, or fleckt.
Setta com pennas, fleckta, a feathered arrow.
Começar a criar pennas, to begin to have feathers.
Que tem os pés cubertos de pennas, rough footed with feathers, feather-footed.
Lêve como huma penna, light as a feather.
Pennas para chumaços, &c. See **FROUX-EL**.
Penna, the end of the yard that supports the mizen sail.
Pennas reais, the longest feathers of the wings of some birds.

P E N

Arte de penna, ou casira. See **CASEIRO**.
Penna, pen, style, way of writing.
Pegar na penna, to hold the pen.
Maneira, ou modo de pegar na penna, the holding of one's pen.
Il men que tem boa mão de penna, a good pen, a penman, one that writes a good hand.
Apurar huma penna, to make or cut a pen.
Lugar da escriptura onde se põem as pennas, a penner, or pen-case.
PENNA'CHO, f. m. a plume or bunch of feathers.
Pennucho do capacete, a crest or crist, the plume of feathers on the top of the ancient helmet.
Que tem esta sorte de pennuchos, crested.
PENNA'DA, f. f. a dash of a pen, a stroke.
PENNI'FERO, a, adj. (in poetry) feathered, fitted with feathers.
PENNU'GEM, f. f. the down-feathers of birds.
Pennugem da barba. See **BUÇO**.
PENNU'GENTO, a, adj. downy, covered with cotton or nap, as in some plants; also covered with down or soft feathers, downy.
PENNOSAMENTE, adv. painfully.
PENOSO, a, adj. painful.
PENSADO, a, adj. See the verb **PENSAR**.
De pensado, adv. advisedly, deliberately, purposely, for the nonce.
PENSADU'RA, f. f. swathe, swath-ing, or swaddling clothes, children's cloths.
PENSAMENTO, f. m. thought, meaning, notion.
Vejo-me ao pensamento, it came into my thoughts, mind, head, or fancy.
Per pensamento, in the least; as,
Não tembo medo delle, nem per pensamento, I do not fear him in the least, or at all.
Não offendi, nem per pensamento, I have not wronged him in the least.
Pensamento, thought, mind, opinion.
Quero descrever o meu pensamento, I will speak my thoughts.
Pensamento, thought, aim, design.
Há muito tempo que irago no pensamento, it has been a long time in my thoughts.
Pensamentos, a sort of ear-ring formerly used.
PENSAM, f. f. a pension, also an incumbrance or trouble.
Sustentar a'quem dandolhe voluntariamente huma pensão, to pension.
O que recebe huma pensão voluntaria, a pensioner, one who receives a pension.
O que tem huma pensão como recompensa dos seus serviços, a pensionary.
Que se sustenta com a pensão que se lhe dá, pensionary, maintained by pension.
Pen do dia, a daily prayer.
PENSA'R, v. n. See **CUIDAR**.
Penjar bem de alguem, to entertain, to make one welcome. (Obsol.)

P E N

Pensar, v. a. to attend, to wait on, as a charge committed.
Penjar a criança, to swaddle, clean, and feed a child, to attend on a child.
Penjar hum cavallo, to feed and clean a horse.
PENSATI'VO, a, adj. thoughtful, pensive, sad, heavy, in a brown study.
PENSIL, adj. pensile, supported above the ground.
Jardim pensil, a pensile garden.
PENSILES, f. m. p. pensile gardens.
PENSIONA'RIO, f. m. (in Holland) a pensionary, the first minister of the regency of each city.
PENSIONA'RIO, a, adj. that pays a pension.
PENSO, f. m. attendance upon a child; also the common allowance given to a beast.
Dar penso, ou penjar hum cavallo. See **PENSAR**.
Dar bem penso a alguem, to give one good entertainment or treatment at the table, to feast him.
P. omelher penso do cavallo he o olho do seu amo, the horse's best allowance is his master's eye. The master's eye makes the horse fat.
PENTAFILAM, f. m. the herb cinque-foil, or five-leaved grass. They call it vulgarly *cinco em rama*.
PENTA'GONO, f. m. a pantagon a figure with five angles.
PENTA'METRO *verso*, pentameter, a Latin verse of five feet.
PENTATHEUCO, f. m. the Pentateuch, the five first books of Moses. Greek.
PENTATHLO, f. m. he who performed the five exercises in the Grecian games, viz. leaping, running, quaiting, darting, and wrestling.
Jogos em que se exercitava o pentathlo, pentathlon.
PENTEADO, a, adj. combed.
PENTEADOR, f. m. a night-rail, a combing cloth; also a shaving cloth.
Cardo penteador. See **CARDO**.
PENTEAR, v. a. to comb, to dress.
Pentear a lã, to card or comb wool.
O que pentea a lã, a comb.
Pentear-se, v. r. to comb one's head.
PENTECOSTES, or **PENTCOSTE**, f. m. Whit Sunday, or Pentecost, Whitsuntide.
Do, ou pert. ncente ao Pentecoste, pentecostal.
PENTE'LHO, f. m. (in anatomy) mons veneris.
PENTEM, f. m. a comb.
Pentem, ou restello para restellar o linbo, an heckle, or hetchel, to dress hemp, or flax.
Aparte lisa que esta no meio do pentem e que não tem dentes, the bridge of a comb.
Pentem do tear, the stay of a weaver's loom.
Feito a modo de pentem, pectinal.
Belya, ou caximba para meter hum pentem, a comb-case.
O que faz pentes, a comb-maker.

P E Q

Escova para alimpar o pentem, a comb-brush.
Pentem, (in military affairs) fraises, pieces of wood planted at the base of a parapet. Their chiefest use is to hinder the garrison from deserting; for which reason the stakes are not laid parallel to the base of the rampart.
PENUJEM, **PENUJENTO**. See **PENNUGEM**, **PENNUGENTO**.
PENULA, f. f. (with the ancient Romans) a short, thick, napped coat of wool or leather, chiefly worn in cold, or rainy weather, or on journeys, and at other times by poor men and orators.
PENU'LTIMO, a, adj. the last but one.
PENU'MBRA, f. f. (in astronomy) penumbra, a faint or partial shadow.
PENU'RIA, f. f. penury, want of necessaries, indigence.

P E O

PEONA'GEM, f. f. See **INFANTARIA**.
PEON'IA, or **PIO'NIA**, f. f. peony, or piony, a flower of two sexes, male and female.
PEOR, or **PEYOR**, the comparat. of *mão*, worse. Lat. *peior*.
Livar a peer, to be worsted, to have the worst of it, to be beaten.
Ir de mal em peer, to grow worse and worse.
O peor de todos, the worst of all.
Peer, f. m. f. the worst, the worst thing.
Escolher o peer, to chuse or take the worst.
O peer esta passado, the worst is past.
PEORA'DO, p. of **PEORA'R**, which see.
PEORAMENTO, f. m. growing worse.
PEORA'R, v. n. to grow worse, (speaking of a sick person.)
Peorar de condicão, to grow peevish.
Peorar de costumes, to grow corrupt and vicious.

P E P

PEPI'A. See **PIPIA**.
PEPINA'L, f. m. a place where cucumbers grow.
PEPI'NO, f. m. a cucumber.
Pepino de São Gregorio, wild cucumber.
Pepinos recheados, stuffed cucumbers, or with a pudding in them; to this purpose they take out all the seedy part, and fill the hollow with minced mutton and grated bread, seasoned with salt, pepper, cloves, &c. and so boil them, seasoning the liquor.
PEPITORIA, f. f. the giblets of a goose or other fowl.

P E Q

PEQUENHEZ, f. f. smallness, littleness.
PEQUI'CE, f. f. See **PARVOICE**.
PEQUENINO, a, adj. very little.
Desde pequenino, from the cradle, from a child.

P. que-

PER

Pequeno, f. m. a little way, or while
Lat. *paullum*.
Pequeno, a little, never so little.
PEQUEÑO, a, adj. small, little.
Muyto pequeno, very little.
Homem pequeno, a little, or short man.
Os pequenos, it is used substantively, the
mean or common sort of people.
Os pequenos e os grandes, the little and
the great ones.
Mais pequeno, less, smaller in any kind.
Mais pequeno, ou mais moço, younger.
PEQUO. See **PECO**.

PER

PERA, a preposit. See **PARA**.
Pera, f. f. a pear. Lat. *pirum*.
Pera de cheire, a musk pear, a sort of
fragrant pear.
PERADA, f. f. conserve of pears.
PERAGRATORIO *mez*, (in astro-
nomy) peragrations month, the space
of the course of the moon from any
point of the zodiac to the same again.
PERA'L. See **PEREIRAL**.
PERANTE, a preposit. (in the courts
of justice) before.
PERAPAM, a sort of pear so called.
PERAPIGAÇA, f. f. a sort of pear.
PERÇA, f. f. a perch, one of the fishes
of prey. Lat. *perca*.
PERCALÇO, or **PERCALÇO**. See
GAJAS.
PERCEBER, v. a. to conceive, ap-
prehend, comprehend, to frame an
idea; also to perceive, to discover, or
find out by some sensible effects.
PERCEPÇAM, f. f. perception.
Que tem percepção, perceptive.
PERCEPTIVEL, adj. perceptible,
perceivable.
PERCEVELHO. See **PERSOBEJO**.
PERCHA, f. f. a prop, a pole, a sup-
port; also the outward planks be-
tween the beak-head and the keel or
bottom of a ship.
PERCUDIR, v. a. to strike. Lat.
percutere. (Obol.)
PERCUTIENTE, adj. percipient,
striking.
PERCUSSAM, f. f. striking, beating,
wounding.
Percussão, (in physics) percussion, the
shock or collision of two bodies; also
the tremor excited in the air by per-
cussion.
PERCUSSOR, f. m. a striker; also a
murderer.
PERDA, f. f. a loss.
Perda de fazenda, the loss of one's state.
Perda do seu dinheiro, the loss of one's
money.
Retirar-se com perda, to go off a loser.
Perda, loss, damage, detriment.
Perda, loss, ruin.
Perda de huma demanda, a being cast at
law.
PERDAM, f. m. pardon, forgiveness,
condonation.
Digno de perdão, pardonable.
Perdão, indulgence, remission of sins.
PERDER, v. n. to lose; as, *quem per-*

PER

de e quem ganha? who loses, and who
wins?
PERDER, v. a. to lose. Lat. *perdere*.
Perder a batalha, to lose the day or
battle.
A perder de vista, almost vanished out
of sight.
Perder de vista alguma coisa, to lose a
thing, to lose sight of it.
Perder a vista, to lose one's eye-sight.
Perder a occasião, to lose, or let slip the
opportunity.
Perdi muyto na sua morte, his death was
very detrimental to me.
Perder, or deitar a perder, to deprave,
to vitiate, to corrupt good manners;
also to ruin, to bring to ruin, to de-
prive of felicity: also to ruin, to
bring to poverty.
Perder a demanda, to be cast at law.
Perder o respeito a alguém, to disrespect,
to shew no respect, to be uncivil to
one.
Fazer perder a paciencia, to tire out one's
patience.
Perder o animo, to be discouraged, or
disheartened, to despond.
*Perder por carta de mais, ou por carta de
menos*, to be over, or under.
Perder o fio do discurso, he scours out of
sight, he rambles in his discourse.
Perder toda a vergonha, to be abandon-
ed and lost to all shame.
Perder-se, v. r. to lose one's self, to lose
one's way, not to know where one is;
also to be out, as when a man's me-
mory fails him in a discourse.
Perder-se no mar, to be cast away.
Perder-se no fio do argumento, to lose
one's self, to have a rambling way of
arguing.
Perder-se, to perish, to go to ruin,
wrack, or decay.
Perder-se de vista, to vanish, or to va-
nish away, to disappear, to go out of
sight.
Perdeo-se muyto na sua morte, his death
was very detrimental.
Perder-se por algum, to be desperately
in love with one.
PERDIÇAM, f. f. a total ruin or de-
struction, perdition.
PERDIÇÃO, perdition, eternal death.
PERDIDAMENTE, adv. See **ES-
TRAGADAMENTE**.
PERDIDO, a, adj. lost, destroyed,
cast away; also a wicked person past
reclaiming, &c. according to the v.
PERDER, which see.
Perdido em razão de muyto que deve, in
debt over head and ears.
Perdido, lost, thrown away, perdu-
lous.
Mulher perdida, or *huma perdida*, an
abandoned whore, a lewd woman, a
prostitute.
Jugar huma bola perdida, to shoot at
random, or without taking aim.
Andar perdido por alguém, to be despe-
rately in love with one.
PERDIDOSO, a, adj. (among game-
sters) as, *andar perdidoso*, to be a
loser.

PER

PERDIGAM, f. m. the male of the
partridge.
PERDIGOTO, f. m. the young male
of the partridge.
Perdigotos, shot to kill birds with.
PERDIGUEIRO, f. m. a setting-dog.
PERDIMENTO, f. m. loss.
Perdimento de tempo, loss of time.
Perdimento, ou perda da fazenda. See
PERDA.
PERDI'Z, f. f. a partridge. Lat. *per-
dix*.
*P. perdiz he perdida se quente não he co-
mida*, a partridge is spoiled, if it be
not eaten hot.
P. a perdiz com a mão no nariz, you may
eat partridge, and hold your nose;
because its flesh is most eatable
when tainted; and some reckon it
better for being so.
PERDOADO, a, adj. pardoned, for-
given.
PERDOADOR, f. m. a pardoner, a
forgiver, one that is inclined to par-
don or forgive.
PERDOAR, v. a. to pardon, to for-
give, to excuse. See also **CONCE-
DER**.
Perdoar, to excuse, to spare.
A morte não perdoa a ninguém, death ex-
cuses or spares no body.
Perdoar alguma coisa a payxão de alguém,
to give allowances for one's passion.
PERDULLARIO, f. m. See **ESTRA-
GADOR**.
PERDURAVEL, adj. very lasting,
perdurable. See also **ETERNO**.
PERECEDEIRO, a, adj. perishable,
that will perish.
PERECER, v. n. to perish. Lat. *pe-
riri*.
PERECIDO, p. of *pericere*, perished.
PEREGRINA, f. f. a she pilgrim;
also a sort of pearl. See **ORFÃO**.
PEREGRINAÇAM, f. f. a peregrina-
tion, a pilgrimage. Lat. *peregrina-
tio*.
PEREGRINA'DO, p. of **PEREGRI-
NAR**, which see.
PEREGRINADOR, f. m. a pilgrim,
a wanderer, a traveller.
PEREGRINAR, v. a. to pilgrim, to
travel, to go on pilgrimage.
PEREGRINO, f. m. a pilgrim, a
wanderer, a traveller.
Peregrino, a, adj. rare, extraordinary,
uncommon, singular, excellent, va-
luable to a degree seldom found.
Peregrino, strange, unusual, not in use,
not used, (speaking of words.)
Peregrino, uncertain, dubious, doubt-
ful, that of which the truth is not
fully known.
Peregrino planeta, (with astrologers) a
planet in his decrement, full or pere-
grine.
PEREIRA, f. f. a pear-tree.
PEREIRAL, f. m. the garden or
place where pear-trees grow.
PEREIRO, a sort of apple-tree. See
PERO.
PEREMPTORIAMENTE, adv. pe-
remptorily.

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PEREMPTÓRIO, *a*, adj. (in law) peremptory.
Peremptorio, certain. See **INEVITÁVEL**, **INFALLÍVEL**.
PERENA'L, or **PERENNA'L**, adj. perennial. See **PERENNE**.
PERENALMENTE, adv. See **PERENNEMENTE**.
PERENNE, adj. perennial, unceasing, continual, permanent.
Laus perenne. See **LAUSPERENNE**.
Fontes perennes, perennial fountains.
Louco perenne, one that is continually mad, without any lucid intervals.
PERENNEMENTE, adv. continually, perpetually.
PERFAZER, *v. a.* to perfect, to finish, to complete.
Perfazer, (in military affairs) to recruit, to supply or fill up with fresh men.
Perfazer cem annos, to live an hundred years, to live them quite out.
PERFEIÇAM, *f. f.* perfection, perfectness.
Com perfeição, perfectly.
Perfeição, perfection, accomplishment.
PERFEIÇADO, *a*, adj. perfected, perfectionated, brought to perfection.
PERFEIÇOA'R, *v. a.* to perfect, to make perfect, to bring to perfection.
Perfeição-se, *v. r.* to grow perfect, to improve so much as to be perfect.
PERFEITAMENTE, adv. perfectly.
PERFEITISSIMAMENTE, adv. very perfectly.
PERFEITÍSSIMO, *a*, adj. very perfect.
PERFEITO, *a*, adj. perfect, complete, excellent, accomplished.
Perfeito, perfect, blameless, clear. This is a sense chiefly theological.
Præterito perfeito, (in grammar) the preterperfect tense.
PERFIDAMENTE, adv. perfidiously, treacherously.
PERFIDIA, *f. f.* perfidiousness, treachery. Lat.
PERFIDO, *a*, adj. perfidious, treacherous.
PERFI'L, *f. m.* the outline of a picture or draught.
Perfil, (with architects) profile, the side perspective of a structure.
Perfil, (with the astronomers) the utmost edge of a planet.
Retrato de perfil, ou de meyo perfil, a picture in profile, i. e. drawn side-ways, as on coins.
Rosto de meyo perfil, a side-face in painting.
PERFILA'DO, *a*, adj. that has the first lines drawn, delineated.
PERFILA'R, *v. a.* to delineate, to draw the first lines of a picture; also to make any work about the edges of a thing.
PERFILHA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ADOP-TADO**, and the *v.* **PERFILHAR**.
PERFILHAMENTO, *f. m.* See **ADOPÇAM**.
PERFILHA'R, *v. a.* See **ADOP-TAR**.

PER

Perfilhar, ou parir pela manga da camisa, this was an old ceremony in Portugal, to adopt a son, the woman took a wide smock, and putting the man's head through one of the sleeves, brought him out at the neck-band, and then owned him as her son.
PERFORAÇAM, *f. f.* (in surgery) perforation.
PERFORA'DO, *a*, adj. perforated.
PERFORA'R, *v. a.* to perforate. See **FURAR**.
PERFUMADO, *a*, adj. perfumed.
PERFUMADOR, *f. m.* a pan to burn perfumes in.
PERFUMA'R, *v. a.* to perfume.
PERFUME, or **PERFUMO**, *f. m.* perfume, sweet scent.
O que faz e vende perfumes, a perfumer.
PERGAMINHO, *f. m.* parchment. See also **BATEFOLHA**.
PERGUNTA, *f. f.* a question, demand, interrogatory.
Fazer huma pergunta, to ask a question.
P. qual pergunta farão tal resposta teras, such a question as you ask, such an answer you will have.
P. quem pergunta não erra se a pergunta não he nescia, he that asks does not err, if the question be not a foolish one, because by asking and enquiring, a man is put into the right way; but if he asks foolish questions, that is error enough.
PERGUNTA'DO, *a*, adj. asked a question, demanded. Lat. *interrogatus*. See the *v.* **PERGUNTAR**.
PERGUNTADOR, *f. m.* an asker, or interrogator.
PERGUNTAR, *v. a.* to ask, to demand, to interrogate, to enquire, to question. Lat. *interrogare*. See also **PROPOR**.
Perguntar por alguem, to ask for one, or alter one.
Se alguem perguntar por mim, if any body ask for me.
Perguntei-lhe de muitas cousas, I demanded, or asked him many questions.
Perguntai-lhe como se chama, ask, or crave his name.
Pergunta-se, imperf. it is questioned, the question is. Lat. *queritur*.
A modo de quem pergunta, interrogatively.
PERICA'RDEO, *f. m.* (in anatomy) pericardium, a thin membrane, skin, or pouch, which surrounds the whole substance of the heart.
PERÍCIA, *f. f.* skill. Lat. *peritia*.
Cum pericia, skilfully, knowingly.
PERICRÂNIO, *f. m.* the pericranium, a membrane that is about the skull.
PERIECOS, *f. m. p.* (in geography) Perioeci, those inhabitants of the earth that live under the same parallels; but opposite semi-circles of the meridian, and consequently in the same zone or climate.
PERIFERIA, or **PERIPHERIA**,

PER

f. f. (in geometry) periphery, circumference.
PERI'PRASI, or **PERIPHRAZI**, *f. f.* periphrasis, or periphrase, a circumlocution; a tour of words used by orators to avoid the common and trite manners of expression, as using many words to express that which might be done by a few; as for *death*, we may say *the loss of life*.
Explicar por meyo de perifrasis, to periphrase.
PERIGA'DO, *p.* of **PERIGAR**, which see.
PERIGA'LHOS, *f. m. p.* the thin flaps of skin that hang under the chin of very old or lean persons.
PERIGA'R, *v. n.* to be in danger.
Periga a sua vida, he is in danger of his life.
PERIGE'O, *f. m.* (in astronomy) perigæum, or perigee, that point in the heavens, in which the sun or any planet is at least distance from the center of the earth.
PERI'GO, *f. m.* danger, hazard, peril, jeopardy in general.
Correr perigo, to be in danger.
Expor-se ao perigo, to run into danger.
Por em perigo, to put in danger, to endanger, to endanger.
P. ao perigo com tanto, e ao remedio com tempo, go to danger with caution, and apply a remedy in time.
PERIGOSAMENTE, adv. dangerously.
PERIGO'SO, *a*, adj. hazardous, dangerous; also dangerously sick.
PERI'LO, *f. m.* the top of a house that has the form of a pyramid.
PERIMETRO, *f. m.* (in geometry) perimeter, the ambit or extent which bounds a figure or body.
PERINE'O, *f. m.* perinæum, the ligamentous seam betwixt the scrotum and the fundament, (in anatomy.)
PERIODICAMENTE, adv. periodically, at stated periods, in a periodical manner regularly.
PERIODICO, *a*, adj. periodic, periodical.
Doenças periodicas, periodical diseases.
Estylo, ou discurso periodico, a periodic style, or discourse that has number, or which consists of just and artful periods.
Periodico, *a*, adj. (in astronomy) periodical, that which performs its motion, or course regularly, so as to perform it always in the same time.
PERI'ODO, *f. m.* a perfect sentence from one full stop to another.
Periodo, (in astronomy) period, the time taken up by a star or planet in making its revolution, or the duration of its course, 'till it returns to the same point of the heavens from which it set out.
Periodo, (in medicine) period, the space of time a distemper continues from its beginning to its declension.
Periodo, (in chronology) period, an epocha or interval of time by which the

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the years are accounted; or a series of years whereby, in different nations and on different occasions, time is measured; a round of time, at the end of which, the things comprised within the calculation shall return to the state in which they were at the beginning.

Periodo, period, end, conclusion.

PERIOSTIO, f. m. (in anatomy) periosteum, a thin skin which immediately incloses all the bones of the body, except some few, as those of the teeth, ears, &c.

PERIPATETICO, a, adj. Peripatetic, of, or belonging to the Peripatetics.

PERIPATETICOS, f. m. p. Peripatetics, a sect of philosophers, the followers of Aristotle.

PERIPECIA, f. f. See **DESFECHO**. *Peripecia das tragedias*. See **CATASTROPHE**.

PERIPHERIA. See **PERIFERIA**.

PERIPHRAZI. See **PERIFRAZI**.

PERIPNEUMONIA, f. f. (with physicians) peripneumonia, peripneumony, a disease in the lungs and breast.

PERIZUITO, f. m. a paroquet, a small species of parrot.

Perizuito, (in the province of Minho.) See **TOPETE**.

PERISCIOS, f. m. p. (in geography) Periscii, those inhabitants of the earth whose shadows do in one and the same day successively turn about to all the points of the horizon.

PERISTALTICO, a, adj. (in medicine) peristaltic.

Movimento peristaltico dos intestinos, the peristaltic motion of the guts, whereby the excrements are pressed downward and voided.

PERISTYLIO, f. m. peristyle, a place or building encompassed with a circular range of columns on the inside.

PERITO, a, adj. skillful. Lat. *peritus*.

PERITONEO, or **PERITONIO**, f. m. the peritoneum; it is a thin and soft membrane, which encloses all the bowels, and lies immediately under the muscles of the lower belly.

PERJUDICADO, &c. See **PREJUDICADO**, &c.

PERJURADO, a, adj. perjured, forsworn. See

PERJURAR, v. a. to forswear, to renounce upon oath; also to violate an oath by not performing what has been sworn. Lat. *perjurare*.

Perjurar, v. n. See **JURAR falso**.

PERJURIO, f. m. the act of violating an oath by not performing what one hath sworn; also perjury, a false oath.

PERJURO, f. m. one who violates an oath by not performing what, &c. See **PERJURAR**; also a forsworn person, a perjured man, a perjurer.

PERLA. See **PEROLA**.

PERLA DO, &c. See **PRELADO**, &c.

PERLINCAFUSES, f. m. p. (a ludi-

cious word) gallimatias, a dark perplexed discourse.

PERLITEIRA, f. f. or **PILRITEIRO**, f. m. See **OXYACANTHA**.

PERLONGADO. See **PROLONGADO**.

PERLONGAR. See **PROLONGAR**.

PERLONGAS, f. f. p. (an antiquated word) trifling stories or amusements, to pass away the time, or to keep at bay.

Não quero gastar perlongas, I will not amuse or stop you with trifling stories, I will not keep you at bay.

PERLUSTRAR, v. a. to view all over, to take a diligent view.

PERLUXO. See **PROLIXO**, and **PROLUXO**.

PERMANECER, v. n. to stay, to continue, to last, to remain, to tarry to the end. Lat. *permanere*.

Permanecer, (metaph.) to persevere, to persist.

PERMANECIDO, p. of *Permanecer*, remained, &c.

PERMANENCIA, f. f. permanence, or permanency.

PERMANENTE, adj. permanent, lasting, durable.

PERMEYO, this word is always preceded by the particle *de*, and is used only in the following phrases.

Metor-se de permeyo, to come, be, or pass between, and is referred to time and place.

Metor-se de permeyo, to run amongst combatants, or to separate combatants, to hinder from fighting.

Metido de permeyo, put, cast, placed, laid or being, between.

Metor de permeyo, to cast, put, set, or place between or among. Lat. *interjicere*.

PERMISSAM, f. f. permission, leave. Lat. *permissio*.

PERMISSO, f. m. idem.

Dar permissão. See **PERMITTIR**.

PERMISTAM, f. f. permixtion.

PERMITTIDO, a, adj. suffered, &c. See the v. **PERMITTIR**.

Permittido, lawful.

PERMITTIR, v. a. to permit, to suffer, to let, allow, or give leave.

O que Deus não permitta, which God forbid.

Permittio Deus que, &c. it has pleased God; God Almighty was pleased to, &c.

PERMISTAM. See **PERMISTAM**.

PERMUDAÇAM, f. f. See

PERMUTAÇAM, f. f. permutation, truck, bartering, exchange of one thing for another.

Permutação de beneficias, permutation, or exchange of church livings.

PERMUTADO, a, adj. See

PERMUTAR, v. a. to permute; to exchange one thing for another; but more especially, to permute or exchange church livings.

O que permuta, a permuter.

PERNA, f. f. the leg, or shank from the knee to the ankle. Lat. *crus*.

Barriga da perna. See **BARRIGA**.

Pernas arcadas, ou *tortas*, crooked legs, bandy legs.

Que tem pernas arcadas, ou tortas, bandy legged.

Meter as pernas ao cavallo, to spur a horse to run away.

Ter boas pernas, ou caminhar muito, to have good legs, to be a stout walker.

De pernas ariba, with the legs upwards.

Ir o negocio de pernas ariba, is for a business to be in a very bad state or condition.

Estender as pernas, to stretch the legs. See also **PASSEAR**.

O que tem pernas compridas juntas nos joelhos e deitadas para fora, as qual tambem chamão zambro, he that hath his knees bowing together, splay-footed.

Perna como a das letras m, n, ou u, a stroke of an m, an n, or a u.

Perna do compasso, the foot of a pair of compasses.

Pernas do alforge, the two pouches of an **ALFORGE**, which see.

PERNA DA, f. f. a jerk; a term used in the menage, of a leaping horse, when he flings and kicks with his whole hind quarters, stretching out the two hinder legs near together and even, to their full extent.

A acção de tirar pernadas, yerking.

Tivar pernadas, to jerk.

Pernadas de huma arvore, the arms, or the main and principal boughs of a tree.

Pernadas, small arms of a bay, straight, &c. that come up into the land.

PERNA LTO, a, adj. (with hunters) that has long legs, (speaking of fowls and dogs.)

PERNAMBUCO, or **PARNAMBUCO**, a captainship belonging to the king of Portugal in the Brasils. Edward Coelho began to grub up that tract of land in the year 1530.

PERNAVILHEIRO, f. m. a tree, the wood of which looks like ebony, after being polished and glossed. It grows in the district of Leiria.

PERNEADO, p. of

PERNEAR, v. n. to kick, or to shake the legs, as a man does that is hanged, &c.

PERNEIRA, f. f. a sort of disease in oxen.

PERNICIOSAMENTE, adv. perniciously.

PERNICIOSO, a, adj. pernicious, destructive. Lat. *perniciosus*.

PERNILL, f. m. ex. *Pernil de porco*, a pestle of pork, a gammon, or pestle of bacon. Lat. *perna*. See also **PRE-SUNTO**.

Pernil de ovelha, that part of the skin that covered the legs of a goat, and by which they lay hold of a water-bucket. See **ODRE**.

PERNINHA, f. f. a little leg.

PERNO, f. m. a bodkin wherewith women part their hair.

PERNOCTADO, **PERNOCTAR**. See **PERNOCTADO**, **PERNOITAR**.

PERNOITADO, p. of

PER-

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PERNOITAR, v. n. to lodge or lie out all night. Lat. *abnoctare*.
O pernoitar, ou dormir fora de casa, pernoctation.
PERO, f. m. pearmain, a sort of apple.
Pero de mato, a wild choak-pear. Lat. *achras*.
São como hum pero; we say, as sound as a roach.
PEROLA, f. f. a pearl; every body knows they are taken out of oysters; the greatest fisheries are in the East-Indies, at Cape Comorin; and in the West, at the Island of Pearls near Panama, in the South-sea, and near Rio de la Hacha, in the North-sea, at which place the divers go six or eight and sometimes twelve fathoms under water, to fetch up oysters. Lat. *margarita*.
Pérola chamada peregrina. See **ORFÈ**.
Lustre de huma pérola, tu seja o oriente della. See **ORIENTE**.
Dize-se pérolas de alguém, to praise one highly.
Abundante de pérolas, pearly.
Semelhante a pérolas, pearly.
Que contém pérolas, pearly.
Ornado com pérolas, pearled.
Pérola apimentada que he comprida a modo de perimba, ou alguma coisa ovada, a bob or drop at women's ears, a kind of long pearl. Lat. *elenchus*.
PEROLEIRA, f. f. a sort of earthen vessel to keep olives in.
PERORACAM, f. f. peroration, the conclusion of an oration, or speech.
PERORADO, p. of
PERORAR, v. n. to conclude an oration or speech.
PEROTA, f. f. a sort of travelling bird so called.
PERPASSADO, p. of
PERPASSAR, v. n. to pass by. Lat. *pertransire*.
PERPASSANDO, by the by, by the way.
PERPENDICULAR, adj. perpendicular.
PERPENDICULARMENTE, adv. perpendicularly.
PERPENDICULO. See **PRUMO**.
A perpendicular, perpendicularly.
PERPETUA, f. f. See **BARBATANA**.
PERPETUA, f. f. the herb milfoil, or yarrow, with golden locks. Lat. *chrysocome*.
PERPETUADO, a, adj. perpetuated, continued.
PERPETUAMENTE, adv. perpetually.
PERPETUANA, f. f. a sort of serge.
PERPETUAR, v. a. to perpetuate, to make perpetual, to eternize. Lat. *perpetuare*.
PERPETUIDADE, f. f. perpetuity, lastingness.
PERPETUIZADO. **PERPETUIZAR**. See **PERPETUADO**, **PERPETUAR**.
PERPETUO, a, adj. perpetual, lasting.

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PERPLEXIDADE, f. f. perplexity.
PERPLEXO, a, adj. perplexed.
PERRA, f. f. See **CADELLA**.
PERRARIA, f. f. spite, dog-trick, an ill turn.
Fazer perrarias a alguém, to spite one, to serve one a dog-trick.
PERREIRO, f. m. one that whips the dogs out of the churches.
PERREXIL, f. m. a kind of parsley growing among the rocks. Lat. *perrosilum*.
Perrexil, (metaph.) a merry snap, one that speaks wittily, merrily, and smartly; also a laughing-stock.
PERRO, f. m. a dog.
P. a perro velbo não digas buz, buz, no saying of buz buz, to an old dog; that is the word for appealing a dog in Portugal. In English, no catching of old birds with chaff.
P. perro ladrador nunca tem caçador, a barking dog is never a good hunter; we say, a barking dog never bites.
P. o perro com rayua a seu amo morde, a mad dog bites his own master; there is no trusting to madmen, or people in a rage.
P. perro velbo, &c. See **LINGUA**.
P. a outro ferro com esse effo, throw that bone to another dog; that is, put that trick upon another, it will not take with me. The Lat. say, quare perigrinum.
P. semelhante ao perro do hortelão não come as verbas nem a outros as deixa comer, like the gardener's dog, that neither eats cabbage, nor will let others eat it; we say, like a dog in a manger, that will neither eat hay, nor let the horse eat it.
Os ferros do Zurita, Zurita's dogs. They say Zurita was an alcaide, who kept very fierce dogs, tied up all day, and being let loose at night, finding no body else to fall upon, they tore one another; not unlike what we say of my lord Thomond's cocks.
Dar a perros, to curse; the Lat. say, divi devovire.
Dar a alguém hum perro, to spite one, to serve him a dog-trick.
Perro, a name for a stubborn man, in contempt.
PERSEGUIÇAM, f. f. persecution, any unjust oppression, giving good men trouble, especially upon the account of religion.
Fullano he minha perseguição, such a one teases, or persecutes me with daily solicitations.
PERSEGUIDO, a, adj. persecuted. See **PERSEGUIR**.
PERSEGUIDOR, f. m. a persecutor.
PERSEGUIR, v. a. and irreg. to persecute; it is generally used of penalties inflicted for religious opinions; also to-persecute, to tease, to importune much.
Perseguir, to persecute, to follow close, to pursue.
Perseguir, to importune, to be instant, to desire earnestly.

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PERSEO, f. m. (in astronomy) Perseus, a constellation of the northern hemisphere; also Perseus the son of Jupiter and Danaë.
PERSEPA. See **PRESEPE**.
PERSEVE, f. m. a sort of shell-fish, so called.
PERSEVERADO, p. of **PERSEVERAR**, which see.
PERSEVERANÇA, f. f. perseverance.
PERSEVERANTE. See **PERSISTENTE**.
PERSEVERAR, v. n. to persevere. Lat. *perseverare*.
PERSICA order, (in architecture) the Persian order.
PERSICARIA, f. f. the herb arse-smart.
PERSINADO, p. of *Perfuar-se*, signed with the sign of the cross. See
PERSINAR-SE, v. r. to make the sign of the cross upon one's self with one's hand; from the words used in Latin, *per signum crucis*.
PERSISTENCIA, f. f. persistence, continuance.
PERSISTENTE, p. a. perseverant, persisting, persistent.
PERSISTIDO, p. of
PERSISTIR, v. n. to persist, to persevere.
PERSOLANA. See **PORCELANA**.
PERSONAGEM, f. m. a personage. See also **PESSOA**.
PERSONAL. See **PESSOA**.
PERSOJEJO, f. m. a bug, a stinking vermin, or insect. Lat. *cimer*.
PERSPECTIVA, f. f. perspective, the art of drawing things, so that they appear to the sight at their proper distances and in due proportions. See also **DIOPTRA**.
Persepectiva, an appearance, generally a deceitful one.
Persepectiva, a prospect, vista, or view of something distant
PERSPECTIVO, f. m. one skilled in perspective.
PERSPICACIA, f. f. perspicacity, perspicaciousness, quickness of sight, or apprehension.
PERSPICAZ, adj. perspicacious, quick-sighted, quick-witted.
PERSPICUIDADE, f. f. perspicuity, clearness.
PERSUADIDO, a, adj. persuaded. See
PERSUADIR, v. a. to persuade. Lat. *persuadere*.
Aquella que persuade, a persuader.
Que pode ser persuadido, persuadible.
Persuadi-se, v. r. to persuade one's self.
PERSUADIVEL, adj. persuadable, persuadible.
PERSUASAM, f. f. persuasion.
PERSUASIVEL. See **PERSUADIVEL**.
PERSUASIVO, a, adj. persuasive, or persuasory.
D'fuzo, ou argumento persuasivo, a persuasive, a discourse, or argument that tends to persuade.

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Per hunc modo persuasivo, persuasively.
PERSUASORIA, f. f. persuasiveness.
PERTENÇAM, PERTENDER, &c.
 See **PRETENÇAM, PRETENDER, &c.**
PERTENÇAS, f. f. p. any thing that is belonging or appertaining to any person, or to another thing, appurtenances, or appurtenances.
PERTENCENTE, p. a. belonging, appertaining. See also **APTO**, and **IDONEO**.
Pertencente, f. m. he to whom an office or charge belongs of right,
PERTENCI'DO, p. of
PERTENCER, v. n. to appertain, to belong to one, to be his. Lat. *pertinere*.
Pertence-me isto, this belongs to me, this is mine.
Pertencer, to belong, to relate, to concern.
Pertence esta questão á philosophia, this question belongs to, or concerns philosophy.
Pertence, v. imperf. it becomes, it is the duty, it is meet, just, or reasonable, it is fit.
Pertence ao pay castigar os seus fillos, it is the duty of a father, or it becomes a father to chastise his children.
A todos aos quais pertencer, to all those whom it may concern.
PERTENDENTE, PERTENDER, &c. See **PRETENDENTE, PRETENDER, &c.**
PERTIGAL, (obsolet.) See **PORTUGAL**.
PERTIGUEIRO, f. m. a verger of a church.
Pertigueiro mayor de Santiago, a patron, or protector, a title of dignity in the church of St. James the apostle in Galicia.
PERTINACIA, f. f. obstinacy, stubbornness.
PERTINAZ, adj. obstinate, stubborn, positive, perverse, pertinacious.
PERTINAZMENTE, adv. obstinately, stubbornly, pertinaciously.
PERTINHO, adv. very near, at hand.
PERTO, adv. and prepos. near, at hand; also about, almost, near upon the matter.
Mayto perto, hard by, very near.
Mais perto, nearer.
Esteve perto de o matarem, he was very near being killed.
De perto, nigh at hand, hand to hand.
He preciso que o vejais ao perto, you must come near to see it.
Perto da igreja, da cidade, &c. near the church, the city, &c.
Exemplos de mais perto, more modern examples.
Pertor, (in painting) relieve, the degree of force or boldness wherewith the figures, beheld at a due distance, seem to stand out from the ground of the painting, as though they were really embossed. Lat. *eminentia*.
PERTURBAÇAM, f. f. perturbation, mutiny, trouble, vexation. Lat. *per-*

PES

turbatio. Perturbaçam do juizo, discomposure of mind.
PERTURBADO, a, adj. disquieted, vexed, troubled, disturbed, disordered.
Perturbado no juizo, distracted of his wits.
PERTURBADO'R, f. m. a perturber, troubler, or disturber, a disquieter, a mutineer. Lat. *turbator*.
Perturbador de hum estado, a trouble-state, a public make-bate.
PERTURBADO'RA, f. f. she that disturbeth, a perturbatrice.
PERTURBA'R, v. a. to disorder, to perturb, to put out of regularity; also to trouble, to disturb, to perturb, to disquiet.
Perturbar-se, v. r. to be disordered, troubled, disquieted.
PERU', f. m. a turkey-cock.
Os perus foram trazidos a Inglaterra no XIV anno do reinado de Henrique VIII. Turkeys were first brought into England in the 14th year of king Henry VIII.
Pern pequenino, a turkey-pout.
PERU'A, f. f. a turkey, or a turkey-hen. Lat. *gallina turcica*.
PERU'CA, or PERU'QUA, f. f. a peruke, or perriwig.
PERVERSAMENTE, adv. perversely.
PERVERSIDA'DE, f. f. perverseness.
PERVERSO, a, adj. perverse, untoward. Lat. *perversus*.
PERVERTEDOR, f. m. a perverter.
PERVERTER, v. a. to pervert, to corrupt. Lat. *pervertere*.
Pervertir, to pervert, to turn to a wrong sense; also to invert, to change, to pervert; as, *pervertir a ordem das cousas*, to pervert the order of things.
Pervertir-se, v. r. to become perverse, to grow wicked.
Que facilmente pode pervertir-se, perversible.
PERVERTIDO, a, adj. perverted, &c. See **PERVERTER**.
PERU'QUA. See **PERUCA**.

PES

PESA'DAMENTE, adv. grievously, painfully, with regret, or an ill will, grudgingly. Lat. *gravate*.
Levar pesadamente, to grudge, to take unwillingly.
PESADE'LO, f. m. the night-mare, or night-mar, a morbid oppression in the night resembling the pressure of some weight on the breast.
Pesadelo, (with the vulgar) an incommodious or troublesome fellow, an impertinent.
Não vos quero ser de pesadelo, I will not trouble you.
PESA'DO, a, adj. weighed; also weighty, heavy; also troublesome, sorrowful.
Pesado golpe, a great blow, or cut.
Graça pesada, a tart, biting, nipping, sharp, close, or dry jest, a taunt.
Pesado, heavy, drowsy, dull, torpid.

M m m

PES

Que tem a cabeça pesada, heavy headed, full of rheum in the head.
Ar pesado, gross air.
Merece ser pesado a ouro, he is worth his weight in gold.
Dizer palavras pesadas a algum, to speak hard to one.
PESADO'R, f. m. a weigher.
PESADU'MBRE, ou PESADU'ME, f. m. trouble, grief, sorrow.
PE'SAME, v. imp. it grieves me. *Pe-same, pesa-te, pesa-lhe, pesa-nos, &c.* I, thou, he, we, &c. are sorry.
PE'SAME, f. m. the act of condoling with, condolence.
De pesames, ou pertencente a pesames, consolatory.
Dar os pesames, to condole with.
PESA'R, v. a. to weigh, to examine by the balance. Lat. *expendere*.
Pesar, to weigh, to be equivalent to in weight.
Isto pesa 20 arrates, this weighs twenty pounds.
Pesar, to pensive, to weigh, or ponder in mind.
Pesar-lhe a algum, is for one to be sorry or to repent. See **PESAME**, v. imperf.
Ainda que vos pese, in spite of you, in spite of your teeth.
Ainda que lhe pese, in spite of him; will he, will he.
Ainda que lhe pese a hum e outro, in spite of both.
Pesou-lhe muito, he was very sorry.
Pesar de Deus, da fe, &c. (antiquated phrases) See **ARRENEGAR**, and **DESCRER**.
Pesar o sol, (a sea phrase) to take the sun's altitude.
Pesar, f. m. grief, sorrow, trouble; so called because it depresses the spirits, See **ARREPENDIMENTO**.
Fazer hum pesar a algum, to bring one into trouble, to grieve, to afflict, or trouble him.
Com meu grande pesar, to my great sorrow.
Ter pesar, to grieve, to be sorry.
Tenho hum grande pesar disso, it is a great trouble to me, it grieves me at my heart.
Que causa pesar, grievous.
Que não he capaz de ter pesar, sorrow-proof, insensible of sorrow.
A pesar, in spite of, maugre, against one's will.
A pesar delle, in spite of him.
PESARO'SO, a, adj. sorrowful, full of grief.
PE'SCA, f. f. fishing, or fishery; also any quantity of fish that has been caught with a net, fishing-line, &c.
PESCA'DA, f. f. a large sort of fish, not unlike fresh cod.
PESCADE'IRO. See **PICADE'IRO**.
PESCA'DO, a, adj. fished. See the v. **PESCAR**.
Pescado, f. m. fish.
PESCADO'R, f. m. a fisherman, a fisher. Lat. *piscator*.
Pescador de ana, ou de anzel, a fisher with

P E S

with a hook, an angler. Lat. *ba-mista*.
Pescador do alto, a fisher that takes great fishes, a taker of great fishes. Lat. *cetarius*.
Redes, canas, e os demais instrumentos do pescador, small craft.
Barco de pescador, a fisher-boat.
Villa, ou aldeia habitada por pescadores, a fisher town.
P. pescador de cana mais come do que ganha, an angler eats more than he gains; that is, angling cannot maintain a man.
Pescador de aljofar, a diver, or fisher of pearls.
PESCADO'RA, f. f. a fisherwoman.
PESCA'R, v. a. to fish.
Pescar com anzol, to hook, to catch with a hook.
Pescar a cana, to angle, to fish with an angling rod.
Cana de pescar, angle-rod.
Pescar, (metaph.) to angle, to fish, to endeavour at any thing by trick or artifice; also to search out diligently, to get out of one. Lat. *expiscari*.
Pescar, to hit, to strike. (Metaph.)
P. quem quer pescar ba-se de molhar, he that will catch fish, must wet himself. There is nothing to be got without some trouble or pains.
PESCA'RE'JO, a, adj. belonging to fishermen, or to fishing.
PESCA'RI'A, f. f. fishery, or fishing.
PESCA'Z, f. m. a sort of wedge belonging to a plough.
PESCOÇA'DA, f. f. a blow on the neck.
PESCOÇI'NHO, f. m. a stock, or cravat.
PESCOÇO, f. m. the neck.
PESCOQU'DO, a, adj. that has a long neck.
PESCU'DADO, *PESCU'DAR*. (antiquated words) See *PESQUIZADO*, *PESQUIZAR*.
PESEBRAM, f. m. See *PEZEBRAM*.
PESEBRE, f. m. a manger, crib, cratch, or rack for cattle, horses, &c. from the Lat. *praesepe*.
PESINHO, f. m. a small foot.
Pesinho, f. m. a small weight.
PESO, f. m. weight, the gravity or heaviness of a thing; also a very large and heavy stone, used when they press the wine out of the grapes.
Peso, weight, a piece of stone, brass, or lead, to weigh with, that which is put in the scales to make even weight.
Pesos de hum relógio, the weights of a clock.
Em peso, whole, entire; as, *toda o dia em peso*, the whole day; *toda o tempo em peso*, the whole time.
Tomar peso. See *PONDERAR*, *EXAMINAR*, *CONSIDERAR*.
Tomar sobre si algum peso. See *ENCARREGAR-SE*.
Pêso, weight, pressure, burthen.
Fazer bem pêso, to give good weight.

P E S

Vender huma coisa a peso de ouro, to sell a thing very dear.
Pêso, weight, importance, moment, consideration.
Pêso, weight, force, authority.
Homem de pêso, a sober grave man.
Pêso na cabeça, poise, or rheum in the head.
Pêso, a Spanish silver coin, worth about four shillings and six-pence.
PESONS, *em prumes da columna*. See *COLUMNA*.
PESPEGA'DO, a, adj. See *PESPEGA'R*, v. a. (a vulgar word) to strike, to give a blow, &c. as, *pespegar huma bofetada*, to give a blow or slap on the cheek with the open hand.
Pespegar agoutes. See *AÇOUTAR*.
PESPI'TA, f. f. (a Spanish word) a sort of bird. See *ALVELOA*.
PESPONTA'DO, a, adj. p. of *PES-PONTAR*, which see.
Pestonada de estellas, starry, decorated or thick set with stars.
PESPONTA'R, v. a. to make a row of knotted needle work.
Fullana pestonta, (metaph.) such a one is very sharp.
PESPONTO, f. m. a row of knotted needle work. French, *arriere-point*.
Pestonto do céu, (metaph.) God's will, or aim.
PESQUE'IRA, f. f. a fishy place, or a place that may be fished in, a fishing-place.
Pesqueira que se faz em hum rio, a wear, ware, weir, or wier in a river.
PESQUE'IRO, f. m. a particular fishing place, wherein some particular sort of fish only is caught.
PESQUI'ZA, f. f. search, enquiry, examination.
PESQUIZA'DO, a, adj. searched, &c. See *PESQUIZAR*.
PESQUIZADO'R, f. m. a searcher, an examiner, one appointed to examine, or enquire into any matter.
PESQUIZA'R, v. a. to search, to enquire, to examine; corruptly from *perquirere*.
PE'SSEGO, &c. See *PECEGO*, &c. *PESSEPE'LO*. See *PE'SEPELO*.
PE'SSIMAMENTE, adv. very badly, very scurvily, or naughtily. Lat. *pestime*.
PE'SSIMO, a, adj. the worst, sorriest, stark naught. Lat. *pestimus*.
PESSO'A, f. f. a person, a personage, a man, or woman.
Qua'quer pessoa que seja, whosoever will, no matter who, any one, whatever he, or she be.
Pessoa, a shew or appearance, person, the outward form or shape of one's body, personage.
Fazer de pessoa, to behave bravely, like a man.
Homem de sua pessoa, a man of honour, an honest man.
Batalhar de pessoa a pessoa, to fight hand to hand.
Pessoa, (in grammar) person.

P E T

As pessoas de hum verbo, the persons of a verb.
As três pessoas da santissima Trindade, the three persons of the blessed Trinity.
Apparecer em pessoa, to appear in person, or personally.
Bem feyto de sua pessoa, personable, having a good presence, air, or mien; comely.
Pessoa, (in astronomy.) See *ASPECTO*.
Ter cuidado da propria pessoa, to take care of one's self.
PESSOA'L, adj. personal.
Verbo pessoal, (in grammar) personal verb.
Pessoal, (in law) personal, levied directly and solely against the person; as, *ação pessoal*, a personal action.
Há huma citação pessoal cont a vos, there is a summons gone out against you for personal appearance.
PESSOA'LMENTE, adv. personally, in person.
PESTANA, f. f. an edging, or welt on a garment.
Pestanas dos olhos de huma pessoa, the eyelashes.
Pestanas dos cavallos, brills.
PESTANEJA'DO, or *PESTANEADO*, p. of
PESTANEJA'R, v. n. to twinkle, to move the eye-lids, particularly when one is sleepy. Vieyra says *pestantiar*.
Pestantiar a miudo como fazem os que não tem boa vista, to blink.
Sem pestantiar, without twinkling.
PESTE, f. f. plague, or pestilence. Lat. *pestis*.
Pegar a peste, to plague, to infect with pestilence.
Eles são a peste do genero humano, they are the plague or bane of mankind.
PESTIFERAMENTE, adv. pestilently, destructively. Lat. *pestiferus*.
PESTIFERO, a, adj. pestiferous, contagious, infectious, pestilent. Lat. *pestiferus*.
PESTILENCIA, f. f. See *PESTE*.
PESTILENCIA'L, adj. See *PESTIFERO*.
PESUE'IRO. See *PEZUEIRO*.
PESU'NHO, f. m. the foot of a beast, also any broad foot.

P E T

PETA, f. f. the part that jets out like a little hatchet in a pruning-hook. See also *LULA*.
Peta, a spot in a horse's eye.
Pegar huma peta, to tell a lie.
PETARDE'IRO, f. m. an engineer that makes or applies a petard, a petardier.
PETA'RDO, f. m. a petard, or petard, an engine of metal, shaped like a sugar-loaf, or high-crown'd hat, made for breaking open gates, draw-bridges, &c.
PETINGA. See *PETINGA*.
PETIÇÃO, f. f. a petition, a request; *apresentar huma petição*, to petition.
PETICEGO, f. m. one that is twinkling.

P E T

ling often, as those do whose eyes are weak.

PETINGA, f. f. a little fish used as a bait to catch other fishes with.

PETINTAL, f. m. (obsolet.) See **CALAFATE**.

PETIPE, f. m. (in geography) a scale of miles.

PETISCÁ, f. f. a boyish play so called.

PETISCADO, p. of

PETISCAR, v. a. to taste, touch lightly, or take a smack of a thing; also to piddle, to pick at table, to feed without appetite; *o que petisca neste ultimo sentido*, a piddler, one that eats without appetite.

Petiscar de, v. n. to smatter, to have a slight taste, or imperfect knowledge of.

O que petisca (neste sentido), a smatterer, one who has some smatch or tincture of learning.

Petiscar, ou ferir lume. See **FERIR**.

Petiscar, to begin to grow; as, **petiscar de calvô**, to begin to grow bald.

PETISCO, f. m. a tinder box; also tinder, flint, &c. to strike fire.

PETISECCO, a, adj. (speaking of trees) half dry or parched.

Doença das arvores petissecas, measles, a disease of trees.

PETITE, f. m. a sort of ancient coin in Portugal.

PETITORIO, a, adj. (in law) petitory, claiming the property of any thing.

Petitorio, f. m. a trifling and troublesome request.

Petitorio, a district or particular territory, wherein some friars use to ask charitable relief of others.

PETO, adj. ex. *Que tem albos petos*, that has a cast with the eyes. Lat. *patus*.

PETORRA, f. f. a top, or gig to whip about. See **PITORRA**.

PETRECHA'DO, a, adj. p. of

PETRECHA'R, v. a. to supply with warlike provisions and stores.

PETRECHOS, f. m. p. ex. *Petrechos de guerra*, ammunition, warlike provisions and stores.

Petrechos da cozinha, kitchen-tackling.

PETRIFICACAM, f. f. petrification.

PETRIFICADO, a, adj. petrified.

PETRIFICAR, v. a. to petrify, to make or turn into stone.

Que tem virtude de petrificar, petrific.

Petrificar-se, v. r. to petrify, to become or grow into stone.

Que se petrifica, ou que se vay petrificando, petrescent, or petrifying.

PETRI'NA, f. f. a broad girdle worn under the breast.

PETRO'SO offe, (in anatomy) petrosus os, or rocky bone.

PETULANCIA, f. f. insolence, petulance, malapertness, sauciness.

Com petulancia, petulantly, saucily.

PETULANTE, adj. petulant, saucy; also wanton, frisking, sportive. Lat. *petulans*.

P H A

P E V

PEUCE'DANO, f. m. a kind of herb called maiden weed, hogs-fennel, or sulphur-wort. Lat. *peucedanum*.

PEU'GAS. See **PIUGAS**.

PEVI'DE, f. f. a kernel, or seed of an apple, orange, melon, &c.

Pevide de gallinbas, the pip in a hen; *tirar a provide*, to pip, to take away the pip.

Que tem provide na lingua, or *providefo*, that has an impediment in his speech; and particularly having the fault called *lamdacismus*.

Pevide, a little spark.

P. não ter provide na lingua, to talk all that comes uppermost, to have no reserve, but tell all one knows, to have one's tongue well hung.

PEVIDO'SO, a, adj. having an impediment in the speech.

PEVIRA'DA. See **PI'ERADA**.

P E Y

PEYXE, &c. See under **PEI**, for those words which begin with *Pey*.

P E Z

PE'Z, f. m. pitch. Lat. *pix*.

Pix liquida, boiling pitch.

Saber a pix, to taste of the pitch and rosin, as wine does that has been in the skins. See **ODRE**.

Pix fitta, scone-pitch.

Untar com pez, to do over with pitch, to pitch.

Untado com pez, pitchy.

Que tem as qualidades do pez, pitchy.

PEZEBRAM, f. m. the bottom of a coach.

PEZUE'IRO, f. m. a fuller of cloth. Lat. *fulio*.

P H A

PHAISAM. See **FAISAM**.

PHALA'NGE, or **FALANGE**, f. m. the Macedonian phalanx, a four square army, consisting of eight thousand infantry, set in close array. Lat. *phalanx*.

PHALANGO'SIS, (with physicians) phalangosis, a fault in the eye-lid.

PHANTASI'A, &c. See **FANTASIA**, &c.

PHARETRA'R, v. a. (in poetry) to pierce with an arrow.

PHARISA'ICO, a, adj. pharisaical.

PHARISE'O, f. m. a Pharisee.

Phariseo, (with the vulgar.) See **ENXERGAM**.

PHARMACEUTICA. See **PHARMACIA**.

PHARMACE'UTICO, f. m. See **BOFICARIO**.

Pharmaceutico, a, adj. pharmaceutic, or pharmaceutical.

PHARMA'CIA, f. f. pharmacy, the apothecary's art.

PHARO'L, f. m. a lantern, lanthorn, or light of a ship.

PHA'ROS, or **PHARO**, f. m. Pharos, M m m z

P H I

a small island near the port of Alexandria in Egypt, where in ancient times stood a high and stately tower, reckoned among the seven wonders of the world. It is reported to have been built square, in height three hundred cubits. Ptolemy Philadelphus is said to have expended eight hundred talents in building it.

PHASES, f. f. (in astronomy) phases.

PHATIOSI'M. See **EMPHYTEUSIS**.

P H E

PHE'BE, f. f. (with the poets) the moon.

PHEBE'O, a, adj. of, or belonging to Phæbus, or the sun.

PHE'BO, f. m. (among the poets) the sun.

PHENGITES, f. f. phengites, a kind of marble.

PHENIZ, f. f. phenix, a bird which is supposed to exist single, and to rise again from its own ashes.

Phénix, any thing that is the most excellent in its kind.

Phénix, or *Susufeste*. See **V'ENTO**.

Phénix, a southern constellation lately discovered; it consists of twelve stars.

PHENO'MENO, f. m. a phenomenon, any appearance of meteors or any other sign in the air or heavens; also any effect or appearance of a natural body that offers itself to the consideration of a natural philosopher, in order to a solution.

P H I

PHILACTERIA, f. f. phylactery, a bandage or a scroll of parchment, in which the Ten Commandments, or some other passage of scripture were written, and worn outwardly by the Jews; also a phylactery or preservative against poison or witchcraft.

PHILA'UCLIA, or **PHILAUSIA**, f. f. self-love.

PHILI'PPICAS, f. f. p. Philippics, a name given to the orations of Demosthenes, against Philip, king of Macedonia; also the orations of Cicero against Mark Anthony.

PHI'LLIS, f. f. Phillis, the daughter of Lycurgus king of Thrace.

Phillis, so they call a sweet-heart or mistress.

PHILIN, f. m. a grace and becomingness in speech, utterance, &c. See **GRACIA**, **DELICADEZA**, and **PRIMO'R**.

PHILOLOGIA, f. f. philology, criticism.

PHILO'LOGO, f. m. a philologer.

PHILOLO'GICO, a, adj. philological, critical.

PHILOME'LA, or **PHILOME'NA**, f. f. (with poets) Philomel, or Philomela, the nightingale; of *Philomela*, Lat. who was changed into a bird.

PHILO'NIO, f. m. philonium, a certain

PHY

tain anodyne electuary; so called of Philo, its author.

PHILOSOPHA'DO, part. of

PHILOSOPHA'R, v. n. to philosophize, to play the philosopher.

PHILOSOPHI'A, f. f. philosophy.

PHILOSOPHICA MENYE, adv. philosophically.

PHILOSOPHICO, a, adj. philosophic, or philosophical.

PHILOSOPHO, f. m. a philosopher.

PHILTRO, f. m. a philter, a love-potion, or something to cause love.

Dar hum philtro, to philter, to charm to love.

PHISICA, PHISIOLOGIA, &c. See **PHYSICA, PHYSIOLOGIA**, &c.

PHITON, PHITONISOS. See **PITHON, PITHONISOS**.

PHL

PHLEBOTOMANO, Phlegma, &c. See

FLEBOTOMANO, FLEGMA, &c.

PHLEGMAGOGOS *medicamentos*, phlegmagogues.

PHLOGOSIS, f. f. (with physicians) phlegmone, or phlegmon.

PHO

PHO'CA, f. f. a sea-calf.

PHOSPHORO, f. m. Phosphor, or Phosphorus, the morning star; also phosphor, a chemical substance which, exposed to the air, takes fire.

PHR

PHRA'SE, f. f. a phrase, or mode of speech.

PHRENE'SIS, &c. See **FRENESIS**, &c.

PHRYGIO *tem, ou modo*, Phrygian mood; a warlike music fit for trumpets, hautboys, &c. which served to stir up the minds of men for military achievements.

PHY

PHYLACTERIA. See **PHILACTERIA**.

PHYLLIS. See **PHILLIS**.

PHYSICA, f. f. physic, or natural philosophy; also physic, or the science of medicine.

PHYSICAMENTE, adv. physically.

PHYSICO, f. m. a physician, a person who professes physic, or the art of curing diseases; also a natural philosopher.

Physico, a, adj. physical.

PHYSIOLOGIA, f. f. physiology, or natural philosophy; also physiology, or that part of physic which treats particularly of the structure and constitution of the human body, with regard to the cure of diseases.

PHYSIONOMIA, f. f. physiognomy, the art of guessing the natures, conditions, or fortunes of persons by their faces; also physiognomy, the face, the cast of the look.

PHYSIONOMISTA, f. m. physiognomist.

PIC

P I A

PI'A, f. f. a watering-trough of stone, such as horses drink in, or hogs feed in. See also **CARLINGA**.

Pia, a font in a church; also a stone cistern, a holy-water pot, or stock, a little font.

Ser padrinho de pia de alguém, to be godfather to one.

Pia, *ou cavallo remendado*, a pied nag.

Pia mater, (in anatomy) the pia mater.

PIA'CULO, f. m. a sacrifice for expiation, atonement, the means of expiation for a sin or crime; also a crime.

PIA'DO, f. m. the sound made by a chicken or sparrow when they peep; also the audible respiration of an asthmatical, or other sick person, like the purring of a cat.

Piãdo, part. of **PIA'R**, which see.

PIA'DO'SAME'NTE, adv. piously, mercifully, compassionately.

PIA'DOSO, a, adj. merciful, compassionate.

PIAM *piam*, adv. softly, gently, low. From the Ital. *pian piano*.

PIAMBRE, f. m. (in India.) See **ANDAS**.

PIA'MENTE, adv. piously.

PIA'NHA, or **PEANHA**, f. f. a sort of disease in a horse's hoof. See also **PEANHA**.

Piãta, (metaph.) a stay or support of any thing.

PIA'NTE, f. m. a great rogue.

PIA'Ô, f. m. a foot-soldier.

Piãô, (in horsemanship.) See **GUAR-DADOR**.

Piãô, a little top wherewith children play.

N. B. This sort of top is not whipped about like the **PETORRA**.

Correr o piãô estando com o ferraô no mesmo lugar, is for a top to spin.

Piãô, (*no jogo de xadrez*) pawn, a common man at chess.

Escada de piãô, ou caracol. See **CARACOL**.

Piãô, the perpendicular post or piece of timber that turns round in an ass or horse-mill.

Piãô, a pebeian, one of the lower people.

P. contra piãô, seyto dama, não pára péga no taboleiro; we say, set a beggar on horseback, and he will ride to the devil. The Lat. say, *Asperius nihil est humili cum surgit in altum*.

PIA'R, v. n. to peep or pip like a chicken, to chirp like a sparrow. Lat. *pipire*.

Piar, to breathe, to fetch one's breath.

PIASA'VA, f. f. a sort of black rush that comes from the Brasils.

P I C

PI'CA, f. f. a child's privities. See also **PIQUE**.

PICA'DA, f. f. a prick with any sharp point.

P I C

Picáda, (in falconry) carnage, the hawk's fees or reward.

O que fica da ave depois de tirada a picada para o falcão, pelf, the remains of a fowl after a hawk is relieved.

PICADEIRA, f. f. a pick-ax, an instrument for picking.

PICADEIRO, f. m. (in Braga, and some other places) a ripier, or tranter, a sort of fisherman who carries fish from the sea-coasts to sell in the inland country.

Picadêiro, the block, or heavy piece of timber, upon which the wood cleavers cleave the wood. See also **PICARIA**.

PICADI'NHA, f. f. a slight prick or puncture.

PICA'DO, f. m. a dish of minced meat, or fish.

Picádo, a, adj. pricked, pinked like cloth, minced like meat.

Picádo de prata, (in heraldry) speckled, or marked with silver specks.

Picádo mar, a boisterous rolling sea.

Andar o mar picádo, is for the sea to be boisterous.

Picádo, (metaph.) nettled, provoked, offended. See the verb **PICAR**.

PICADOR, f. m. a jockey, one that breaks or manages horses.

PICADU'RA, f. f. See **PICADA**.

Picaduras, the dust or small particles of a mill-stone when they are picking it.

PICAFLOR. See **PEGAFLOR**.

PICAMI'LHO, f. m. so they call, by way of joke, the people of the province called Entre Douro e Minho, because they eat millet-bread.

PICANÇO, f. m. a little bird called a wren.

PICANTE, p. sst. biting, as a thing that is hot of pepper, sharp, tart; also sharp, piercing, afflictive; also sharp, biting, nipping, satirical, keen, abusive, poignant, bitter.

PICAM, f. m. a sort of pick-axe with two sharp points, used by the stone-cutters. See also **VALENTAM**.

Picãô, a sort of fish so called, a sharp-snouted skate.

PICAPE'IXE. See **PAPAPEIXE**.

PICA'R, v. a. to sting as a bee, or the like, to peck as birds do; also to mince meat.

Picár o coração, to sting, to vex, to grieve, to pain; as, *picá-me muito o coração*, I am pained at my very heart.

Picár, to tease, to provoke.

Picár a amarra, to cut the cable. (a sea phrase.)

Picár o cavallo, ou picar de esporas, to spur a horse, to put on.

Picár, ou abrir a via. See **SANGRAR**.

Picár, (in military affairs) to attack, to charge; also to dig under, to undermine. Lat. *suffragere*.

Picár, v. n. to nip, wring, or pinch, as cold, &c.

Pica o sol, v. n. the sun burns.

Picár a fome, to be pinched with hunger.

PIC

Picár, to prick, to pierce with a pin, (speaking of a pattern, &c.)
Picár, v. n. to nibble, to bite at a bait as a fish.
Picár-se, v. r. to be offended, to take it in dudgeon, to take pet, or sauff at, to be angry.
Picár-se no jogo, to be dipped in play, as when a man loses and plays on in anger, to win back what he has lost.
Picár-se, to pretend to, to set up for, to value one's self.
Picár-se de valente, to value one's self upon one's courage.
Ele picá-se de falar bem, he pretends to speak well.
Picár-se de honra, to stand upon the point of honour.
Picár-se o mar, is for the sea to swell, or rise, to grow boisterous.
PICARDIA, f. f. knavery; also maliciousness, malice.
PICARESCO, a, burlesque, jocose, comical, mock.
Estylo picarresco, burlesque, or merry way of writing.
PICARETE, f. m. a sort of hammer used by bricklayers, and diggers of stones.
PICARIA, f. f. the place where they manage horses. From *picár*, to prick, or spur.
PICARO, f. m. a rogue, a scoundrel, a base fellow. It is also used adjectively; as, *do modo picaro*, in, or after the manner of a rogue, like a rogue.
Picaro do barrete, the tuft upon a cap.
PICARRA, f. f. slate, a sort of stony substance. Spanish, *pizarra*.
PICATOSTE, f. m. a sort of dish made of mutton, lemon, &c.
PICHEL, f. m. a sort of pewter, or silver tankard.
PICHELEIRO, f. m. a pewterer, a smith, or maker of pewter vessels.
PICHELERIA, f. f. the street where the pewterers live.
PICHEM, a sort of grapes so called.
PICHILINGUE, so they call a covetous man and inordinately desirous of another man's money.
PICHO'RA, f. f. a pewter vessel with a spout, very much like a tankard.
PICHOSO, a, adj. peevish, superfluously exact, ticklish, impertinent.
PICINA. See *PISCINA*.
PICO, f. m. the summit or top of a mountain, rock, tree, &c. also an island belonging to Portugal. See *ACORES*.
Pico de Adam, a very high mountain in the island of Ceylon.
Pico de Teneriffe, the name both of a high mountain, and one of the islands of the Canaries.
Pico de prata, (in India) a sort of silver coin, a thousand whereof makes about two hundred and eighty-one pounds sterling.
Pico de seda, (in India) a certain quantity of silk.
Pico, ou viveza. See *VIVEZA*, *GALANTARIA*, *GRAÇA*.

PIL

Pico, taste, flavour, relish.
Vinho que tem pico, a strong or generous wine.
Pico de grou, the herb cranes-bill.
Pico de cegonha, the herb storks-bill.
Pico, or picango. See *PICANÇO*.
PICO'TA, f. f. (in a ship) pump-break.
PICO'TE, f. m. a coarse cloth; so called because it is so harsh that it pricks. From *picar*, to prick. See also *BUREL*.
PICOTILHO, f. m. a sort of fine burel. See *BUREL*.
PICROCHOLO, f. m. (with physicians) one that is afflicted with bile or choler.

PID

PIDO, or *PEÇO*, I ask or desire.

PIE

PIEDA'DE, f. f. piety, pity, compassion, mercy. Lat. *pietas*. See also *LASTIMA*.
Monte de piedade, so they call a charitable institution, where they lend money to those that are in want, without any interest, only leaving a pawn to the value.
He huma piedade, it is pity.
Piedade, (among the heathens) the goddess of Mercy.
PIEDO'SO, a, adj. pious, merciful, compassionate, tender-hearted, pitiful.
PIEIRA, f. f. a sort of disease in oxen.
PIENTI'SSIMO, a, superl. very merciful or compassionate.
PIERIDES, f. f. p. the nine Muses, daughters of Jupiter and Mnemosyne.

PIF

PI'FARO, f. m. a fife, either the instrument, or the man that plays on it.
PIFIAMENTE, adv. See *TORPEMENTE*, *VILMENTE*.
PIFIO, a, adj. See *VIL*.

PIG

PIGAÇA, f. f. a sort of pear so called.
PIGARRO, f. m. (in the province of Beira) an audible respiration, &c. See *PIA'DO*.
PIGMEO, f. m. a pigmy, a man but a cubit high. Greek.
Guerra dos pigmeos com os greus, pygmy-gigantomachy.
Pigmeo, a, adj. pygmean, belonging to a pygmy; also any little thing, (met.)
PIGUILHO, f. m. (a ludicrous word) an impertinent, a silly fellow.

PIL

PILA'DO, a, adj. brayed, bruised, pounded; also peeled. See the verb *PILAR*.
PILADOR, f. m. he who pounds or beats in a mortar; also he who peels or takes off the peel of barley, rice, &c. in a mortar.

PIL

PILA'NGA, f. f. (in India) the hall or court of justice.
PILAM, f. m. a mortar to pound or peel things in with a pestle. See also *GUARDADOR*.
PILA'R, f. m. a pillar. See also *ESTEO*.
Pilar, (in horsemanship.) See *GUARDADOR*.
Pilar, v. a. to pound, bruise, bray, as in a mortar; also to peel, or take off the peel in a mortar.
PILARETE, f. m. a small pillar.
PILA'RTE, f. m. a sort of ancient silver coin equal to thirteen rees, and two centils. See *REAL*, and *CEITIL*.
PILA'STRA, f. f. (in architecture) a pilaster, a square column, sometimes insulated, but oftner set within a wall, and only shewing a fourth or fifth part of its thickness.
PILDAR, v. n. (a vulgar word.) See *FUGIR*.
PILDORA. } See { *PILULA*.
PILETRE. } See { *PELITRE*.
PILHA, f. m. a pile, or heap of any thing, as wood, stones, brick, &c. Lat. *strues*.
Salgado como huma pilha, that is overmuch salted.
Ter pilhas de graça, to be very witty, jocund, and pleasant.
PILHA'DO, a, adj. plundered, robbed.
PILHA'GEM, f. f. plunder, pillage.
PILHA'NCARA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a long cartilage.
PILHA'NTE, f. m. See *LADRAM*.
PILHA'R, v. a. to plunder, to pillage.
PILHE'IRA, f. f. ex. *Pilheira onde deitão cinza*, the place wherein they lay aside the ashes.
Pilhêira de agua, a great cistern of water; but according to Austin Barbosa it signifies a fuller's work-house. Lat. *fullonica*.
PILHÉRIA. } See { *PILHAGEM*.
PILITRE. } See { *PELITRE*.
PILLULA. } See { *PILULA*.
PILLO, f. m. (with the ancient Romans) a javelin or dart, five feet and a half long, which the infantry used, having a three-squared head of steel, nine inches long. Lat. *pilum*.
PILOCELLA. See *PILOSELLA*.
PILOLA, *Pilra*. See *PILULA*.
PILOSELLA, f. f. the herb mouse-ear, or blood-strange. Lat. *Myzotis*, or *auricula muris*.
PILOTA GEM, f. f. pilotage, the office of a steersman or pilot of a ship, his knowledge of coasts; also load-manage, the money paid to a pilot.
PILOYO, f. m. a pilot, a steersman.
Piloto da barra ou da costa, a loadsmen, a coast-pilot.
PILOURO, f. m. See *PELOURO*.
PILRA, (in cant) the bed.
PILRETE, f. m. (a jocose word) a little man.
PILRITEIRO, f. f. See *PILRITEIRO*.

PIN

PILULA, f. f. a pill.

PIM

PIMENTA, f. f. pepper. Lat. *piper*.
Adubar com pimenta, to pepper, to season with pepper.

Caximba, ou *caxia* semelhante em que se tem a pimenta, a pepper-box.

Graão de pimenta, a pepper corn, a grain of pepper.

Ser humapimenta, to be all on fire, hot, restless, stirring.

Pimenta branca, white pepper.

Pimenta negra, black pepper.

Pimenta longa, long pepper. It is a very good sort of pepper, growing in the West Indies, on a long stalk, about which the grains of pepper stick, and, when dry, easily rub off.

Pimenta de rabo, a small sort of Guinea pepper.

Pimenta aquatica, water-pepper, or arse-smart.

Pimenta neta, the best sort of pepper.

Pimenta rabuda, cubeb, a small dried fruit resembling pepper, but some what longer.

PIMENTAM, f. m. Guinea pepper, which grows in long green cods, and when dry turns red, being full of yellowish flat seeds; both the cods and seeds very hot; pickled green, they are excellent, but very strong.

PIMENTEIRO *f. f. f. f.* ou *arvore da capidade*. See **CASTIDADE**.

PIMPINELA, f. f. the herb pimperl.

PIMPLADO, part. of

PIMPLAR, v. n. to flourish or move a small *garrafa* by way of show. See **GARROCHA**, and

PIMPLEO, f. m. a small *garrocha* decked with ribbons, &c. used by those that ride at bulls in the bull feasts. See **GARROCHA**.

PIMPOLHO, f. m. a young tender shoot of a vine.

Tirar os pimpolhos. See **TIRAR**.

PIN

PINA, f. f. the pieces of the circumference of coach-wheels.

PINACA, f. f. a pinnacle.

PINACULO, f. m. the pinnacle of a steeple, or the like.

PINÇA, See **PINSA**.

PINÇAM, f. m. the whip which the steersman holds in his hand, by which he governs the helm.

PINÇARO, f. m. the top of a tree, &c. (among fowlers.)

PINÇEL, f. m. a pencil, such as painters use.

Pincel de cajar, a plasterer's brush.

PINCELA DA, f. f. a stroke of a pencil.

PINCELEIRO, f. m. a tin-pan, any thing wherein a painter cleanses his pencils; a smutch-pan.

PINCHA, (in the province of Beira.) See **GALHEIA**.

PINCHADO, a. part. of

PINCHAR, v. a. (an antiquated word) to blow up, to blow into the air, as

PIN

by the force of gun-powder, fire, or the like.

Banco de pinchar, (in heraldry.) See **RANCO**.

PINCHO, f. m. a tofs; as, *Levar a pincho*, to tofs, to throw with violence, to drive or force along by pressure.

PINÇOTE, f. m. See **PINÇAM**.

PINEIRA. See **PENEIRA**.

PINGA, f. f. a drop.

PINGADEIRO, or **PINGADOURO**, f. m. a dripping-pan, the pan in which the fat of roast meat falls.

PINGADO, part. of *pingar*. See **PINGAR**.

Gato pingado. See **FARRICOCO**.

PINGALHETE, f. m. a sort of small nail used by painters when they fasten their cloth to the easel.

PINGAR, v. n. to drip, to fall in drops; also to gutter, to sweat as a candle.

Pingar, ou *estar pingando com sono*, to be very sleepy.

Pingar, to drip, to have drops falling from it.

Pingar, (in a ludicrous sense) to want money.

Pingar, v. a. ex. *Pingar hum escravo*, a cruel punishment some masters have used to wicked slaves of dropping scalding fat on their bare skin, as if they were basted to be roasted.

Paõ pingado, so they call the half loaf, or slice of bread upon which the fat of roast pork falls.

PINGENTES, the bobs or drops, an ornament used by women.

PINGO, f. m. dripping, the fat which drops from meat while it is roasting.

Pingo do nariz, a drop of snivel hanging at one's nose.

PINGUE, adj. See **GORDO**.

Beneficio pingue, a fat benefice.

PINGUINHA, f. f. a small drop.

PINHA, f. f. a pine-apple; those we see in England have nothing in them, but they are not so in Portugal and other countries; also the clock in a flocking.

PINHA'L. See **PINHEIRAL**.

PINHAM, f. m. a kernel of a pine-apple.

PINHEIRAL, f. m. a wood or grove of pine trees.

PINHEIRO, f. m. a pine-tree. Lat. *pinus*.

Pinhêiro bravo, a wild pine-tree.

Pinhêiro alvar, the pitch or rosin-tree. Lat. *picea*.

Pinho, f. m. See **PINHEIRO**.

PINHOADA, f. f. a paste made of the kernels of pine-apples and sugar.

PINHOELA, f. f. a sort of stuff made of silk.

PINHOENS de rato, a sort of house-leek.

PINJENTES. } See { **PINGENTES**
PINNULA. } { **PINULA**.

PINO, f. m. a wooden peg used by shoemakers.

PIN

Fazer o pino, to stand topsy-turvey, heels over head, or upside-down.

Tem pino, *pino tem*, an expression used by nurses to make the children stand up.

No pino da calma, in the heat of the day.

No pino de inverno, in the middle of winter.

No pino da noite, in the dead time of the night.

Montanha as pins, a sleepy mountain.

PINO'ITE, f. m. the leaping of an ass, &c. when he flings and kicks with his whole hind quarters.

PINSA, f. f. (with surgeons) nippers.

PINTA, f. f. a spot. (Speaking of birds.)

Pintas, (with physicians) petechiz, spots in the skin, like flea-bites, which come out particularly in the spotted fever.

Pintas roxas, purples, (in a purple fever.)

PINTACILGO, *Pintasilgo*, *Pintafirgo*, or *Pintaxilgo*, f. m. the bird called a linnnet.

PINTA'DO, a. adj. painted; also exactly alike; also spotted, (speaking of birds.) See the verb **PINTAR**.

Eu fary isso tão bem como o mais bem pintado d'entre vós, I will make it as well as the best of them.

Pintado, f. m. a sort of spotted hen or partridge in America.

PINTAPINHO, f. m. a dab-chick, a chicken whose feathers are not yet grown.

Pintainhas na garganta, the audible respiration, &c. See **PIADO**.

PINTAMONAS, f. m. (a ludicrous word) a bad painter.

PINTALEGRETE, f. m. (a vulgar word) a man that wears a suit of clothes of different colours; also one curiously dressed or trimmed.

PINTAM, f. m. a chickling, a small chicken.

PINTAR, v. a. to paint, draw, or set in colours. Lat. *pingere*.

Pintar de pontinho, to paint in miniature.

Pintar a óleo, *a fresco*, &c. to paint in oil, in fresco, &c.

Pintar de aguada, to draw a picture all of one colour.

Pintar sobre o vidro, to anneal, or paint upon glass.

Pintar, ou descrever, to describe, to set forth, to paint, to represent. It is also a verb n. as,

Pintar de brancas, to grow grey, or hoary.

Pintar, to begin to grow purple, black, &c. (speaking of grapes, olives, &c.)

Fato a pintar, very well made.

Aquillo que-voes mesmo a pintar, that becomes you very well.

Pintar como querir, to describe, or represent as one likes.

Tenho hum criado a pintar, I have a very good servant, or as good as I could wish.

P I P

PINTARRO'XO, f. m. the bird called a robin-red-breast.
PINTAS, (with physicians) petechiz, &c. See **PINTA**.
PINTASILGA'R, v. n. to sing as a linnnet.
PINTO, f. m. See **PINTAM**.
PINTO'R, f. m. a painter.
Pintôr de pontinhos em miniatura, he that paints in miniature.
Pintôr de blazens, a painter-stainer, one that paints coats of arms, and other things belonging to heraldry.
PINTU'RA, f. f. painting, painture, the art of painting; also a painting, or picture.
Pintura de aguada, a picture in fresco. See **COR**.
PINULA, f. f. the sight, or thin piece of brass of an astrolabe, &c.
PINZA. See **PINSA**.

P I O

PI'O, a, adj. pious, godly, religious. Lat. *pious*.
Pio, f. m. the proper name of a man.
Pio, the crying of chickens, or chirping of sparrows, &c.
Pio, (in cant) wine.
Pio, a military order instituted by pope Pius IV. in the year 1560.
Pio, piô, this word is used to call the hens and chickens together.
PIOGA'DA, f. f. (among fowlers) the track of a partridge.
PIOLHARIA, f. f. a swarm of lice, lousiness; also stinginess, (metaph.)
PIOLHEIRA, f. f. the herb lousewort.
PIOLHE'NTO, a, adj. lousy.
PIOLHO, f. m. a louse. Lat. *pulex*.
PIOLHO, also a dolphin, a sort of black insect that eats the beans.
Piôlo ladro, a crab-louse.
Pixe piôlo. See **PEGADOR**.
Estar comido de piôlos, to be eaten up with lice, to be reduced to extreme misery.
Meter-se como piôlo por costura; that is, to intrude one's self, to be troublesome.
Fervidouro de piôlos, a swarm of lice.
Estar cheyo de piôlos, to swarm with lice.
Dança causada pelos piôlos. See **PE-DICULAR** dança.
PIOLHO SO, a, adj. lousy.
PIONA'GEM, f. f. See **INFANTARIA**.
PIONIA. See **PEONIA**.
PIOR, *Piorar*, &c. See **PEOR**, *Pror*, &c.
PIORNO, f. m. the shrub called whin, or knee-holm. Lat. *genista sylvestris*.
PIORRA. See **PETORRA**.
PIO'Z, f. m. (in falconry) hawk's jesses, being short straps of leather fastened to their legs, and so to the lease of the varvels. Spanish, *figuelas*, or *pihuélas*.

P I P

PI'PA, f. f. a pipe or two hogheads.

P I R

PIPARO'TE, f. m. a fillip, or flinch ing.
Dar um piparote em alguem, to fillip one.
PIPILA'R, or **PIPITA'R**, v. n. to chirp. Lat. *pipilare*.
PIPO'TE, f. m. a small cask or vessel. From *pipa*.

P I Q

PI'QUE, f. m. a pike, a long slender staff with a spike at the end.
Alta do pique, a pike-staff.
Pique-seco, (in military affairs) a pike-man without a corselet.
Calôr or piques. See **CALAR**.
Pique, pique, peck, spleen, grudge. See **CONTENDA**, **DISPUTA**.
Deitar, ou meter baa navio a pique, to sink a ship, to send her to the bottom.
Ir-se o navio a pique, is for a vessel to sink, to founder.
Estar sobre o pique, (a military punishment) to stand on the piquet.
Estar a pique, to be upon the point, or just ready to have something happen.
Certado a pique. See **INGREME**.
Estar a ancora a pique, is for the anchor to be a-peak.
Pique no jogo dos centos, (at the game called piquet) peek, or pique, which is to reckon thirty in a deal, before the adversary can reckon one, and he that does so, doubles it, and reckons sixty.
Dar piques, to pique, to touch with virulency, to irritate.
Sempre se estão dando piques buns aos outros, they are always at variance, or quarrelling.
Pique, (with lace-makers) a pricked pattern.
PIQUEIRO, f. m. a pike-man.
PIQUEPUSSES, an order of Franciscan friars in France.
PIQUETE, f. m. the piquets of an army, or piquet-guard.

P I R

PIRA, or **PYRA**, f. f. (with the ancient Romans) a pyre, or heap of wood made for the burning of a deadbody; a funeral pile, a bonfire. Latin, *pyra*.
PIRAMIDA'L, adj. pyramidal, or pyramideal.
PIRAMIDE, f. f. a pyramid.
A' maneira de piramide, pyramidically.
PIRANGA, f. m. See **PARASITO**.
PIRANGE, f. m. (in India) a sort of cart with three wheels.
PIRATA, f. f. a pirate, a sea-robber.
PIRATARIA, f. f. piracy.
PIRATÊ. See **PIRETHRO**.
PIRATEA'DO, part. of
PIRATEA'R, v. n. to play the pirate, to pirate, to rob by sea.
PIRATICO, a, adj. piratical.
PIRAUSTA, or **PIRAUSTA**, f. f. a fire-fly. Lat.
PIRENE, f. f. a fountain in Acro-

P I S

corinthus, not far from Corinth, sacred to the Muses.
PIRENEOS, or *Pyreneos montes*, mountains dividing Spain from France, extending from E. to W. eighty-five leagues; the Pyrenees, or Pyrenean hills.
PI'RES, f. a saucer, a shallow China dish for holding a tea-cup, &c.
PIRETHRO. See **PELITRE**.
PIRILANPO. See **CAGALUME**.
PIRINOLA, f. f. a sort of play with a whirligig, which the children spin round.
PIRLITEIRO, f. the barberry-tree.
PIRITES, or **PYRITES**, f. f. pyrites, a semi-metal, supposed to be the marcasite of copper.
PIROIS. } **PIROIS**.
PIROLA. } See { **PILULA**.
PIROMANCIA, or **PYROMANCIA**, f. f. pyromancy, divination by fire.
PIROPO. See **CARBUNCULO**.
PIRRAÇA, f. f. (a vulgar word.) See **ACINTE**.
PIRRHICA dança, Pyrrhic dance, the name of a dance among the ancients, which consisted chiefly in the nimble turning of the body, and shifting every part, as if it was done to avoid the stroke of an enemy.
PIRRHONIOS, the Pyrrhonian philosophers.
PI'RTIGO, f. m. the shortest piece of the flail for threshing corn.
PIRU'. } See { **PERU'**.
PIRULA. } See { **PIRULA**.

P I S

PISA'DA, a foot-step, track, or point of the foot; also foot-step, step, example. Lat. *vestigium*.
PISA DO, a, adj. trodden. See the v. **PISAR**.
PISADOR, f. m. See **PISAM**.
PISADU'RA, f. f. a bruise or contusion. Lat. *contusio*.
PISAM, f. m. a fulling mill: also a fuller's work-house.
A arte de preparar os panos com pisão, the fuller's craft.
PISA'R, v. a. to tread.
Pisar a uva no lagar, to tread grapes in the vat where the wine is made.
Pisar, to stamp, pound, or bray, as in a mortar.
Pisar, to contuse, to bruise the flesh without solution of continuity.
Pisar, (metaph.) See **DESPREZAR**.
Pisar alguma coisa com o esquecimento, to despise and forget a thing.
Pisar miúdo andando depressa, to go fast and tread thick.
PISCADO, *Piscar*. See **EMPISCADO**, **EMPISCAR**.
PISCATORIO, a, adj. belonging to fishers or fishing. Latin, *piscatorius*.
PISCES, f. m. (in astronomy) Pisces, the twelfth sign of the Zodiac.
PISCINÁ, f. f. See **PROBATICA**.
PISCIS. See **PISCES**.

PIS-

P I T

PISCO, f. m. a bullfinch, or red-tail. Lat. *rubicilla*.
Pisco, one that twinkles often, as those do whose eyes are weak.
PISCO SO, a, adj. full of fishes. Lat. *piscosus*.
PISE OS, f. m. great garden-pease, rounceval or runcival pease.
PISSA, f. f. a child's privities. From the French *pisser*, to piss.
PSSASPHALTO, or **PISSAPHALTO**, f. m. a sort of mineral, consisting of pitch, and the slime called bitumen, embodied together. Lat. *pisfuspbalus*.
PISTA, f. f. the track or print of the foot of a beast.
Ir tráz de huma lebre pela pista, to prick a hare.
Pista de leões, veados, &c. the strain or view of a lion, stag, &c.
Pista do cavallo na picaria, the piste, track or tread which a horse makes upon the ground he goes over. (In the manage.)
PISTICO nardo, spike-nard.
PISTOLA, f. f. a pistol, a short small hand-gun.
Tiro de pistola, a pistol-shot.
Atirar, ou matar com huma pistola, to pistol, to shoot with a pistol.
O que atira bem com pistola, a good pistol-shooter, a good marksman.
PISTOLETA, f. f. ex. *Fazer pistoletas com alguém*, to deal familiarly with one, or to have something to do with him.
Fazer pistoletas, to get a trick at cards, in a game called *pisfoletas*.
PISTOLETE, f. m. pistolet, a little pistol.

P I T

PI'TA, f. f. an herb in the Indies, of which they make fine thread, as we do of flax; also the rind of mallows, together with flax, to make small ropes, &c.
PI'TA'NÇA, f. f. a small repast allowed to monks beside the common allowance.
Pi'anças, perquisites that come to a lord of a manor, over and above the certain yearly rent of his land.
PI'FA'SCA, f. f. See **FISTICO**.
PITHAGORICO, a, adj. Pythagorean.
PITHIOS jogos, Pythia, or the Pythian games, celebrated in Greece in honour of Apollo.
Raios pithios, (with poets) the rays or beams of the sun.
PITHONI'ZA, f. f. Pythoness, a woman possessed with a familiar or prophesying spirit.
PITHONIZO, f. m. See **NIGROMANTE**.
PITORA, f. f. a sort of dish made of beef, pork, &c. cut in slices with pepper, lard, &c.
PITORRA, f. f. See **PETORRA**.
Jugar á pitorra, to whip a top.
PITU'ITA, f. f. (with physicians) pituite, phlegm.

P L A

PITU'ITO'SO, a, adj. pituitous.

P I V

PIVERA'DA, f. f. a sort of sauce used in Portugal, (composed of pepper, vinegar, cloves and other ingredients) to eat with a goose, &c. so called from *piper*, pepper, which is most predominant.
PIVE'ITE, f. m. a perfume made in long sticks, like sticks of sealing wax, to perfume the house. When lighted at one end, if they set them up in a candlestick, they will burn down in a coal till all be consumed.
PIVITEIRO, f. m. the candlestick wherein they set up that perfume.
PIUGA'DA, f. f. See **RASTO**.
PIU'GAS, f. f. p. half-sockings used by country people.
PIVIDE, *Provido*. See **PEVIDE**, **PEVIDOSO**.

P L A

PLA'CA, f. f. a sconce, a branched candlestick.
PLA'CIDAMENTE, adv. placidly, mildly, gently. See also **PACIFICAMENTE**.
PLA'CIDO, a, adj. placid, quiet, not turbulent; also placid, soft, kind, mild.
PLA'CITO, f. m. (in the consecration of bishops) a solemn promise of living chastely, &c.
Plácito, an aphorism, or maxim.
PLAGA, f. f. See **REGIAM**, **CLIMA**. Lat.
PLAGIA'RIO, f. m. plagiarist, a book-thief, one who steals the thoughts or writings of another.
PLA'INA, f. f. a joiner's plane.
Alisar com a plana, to plane, or make smooth with a plane.
PLA'INO, f. m. See **PLANO**.
PLA'NA, f. f. the page of a book. It is rather Spanish in this sense.
Da primeira plana, of the greatest consequence, importance, or moment.
PLA'NAMENTE, adv. plainly, intelligibly, without ornament.
PLANCHE'TA, f. f. See **PRANCHETA**.
PLANETA, f. m. a planet. Lat. See also **CASU'LA**.
PLANETA'RIO, a, adj. planetary, or planetical.
PLANICIE, f. f. a plain, an even, open, flat ground.
PLANIMETRIA, f. f. the mensuration of plain surfaces, planimetry.
PLANISPHERIO, f. m. a planisphere. See also **ASTROLABIO**.
PLA'NO, f. m. See **PLANICIE**.
Plano, a, adj. plain, even, smooth, flat.
Fazer plano. See **APLAINAR**.
Dizer alguma coisa de plano, to declare a thing plainly, and without reserve.

PLA'NTA, f. f. a plant, a general name under which are comprised all vegetable bodies, as trees, shrubs, and herbs.

P L A

Planta do pé, the plant or sole of the foot.
Planta que se trax de regietas estrangeiras, an exotic, or exotic plant.
Planta, (in architecture) the plan or ground-plot of any structure.
Pertencente a plantas, plantal.
Pertencente á planta do pé, plantar.
Que produz plantas, plantigerous, plant-bearing.
PLANTA'DO, a, adj. planted. See **PLANTAR**.
PLANTADO'R, f. m. a planter.
PLANTA'R, v. a. to plant, or set.
Plantar, to plant, to set, to fix.
Pão ou instrumento com que o hortalaõ faz hum buraco na terra para plantar, a dibble, a planting or setting-stick.
Plantar huma colonia, to plant a colony.
Plantar, to plant, to introduce, to establish, to settle; as, *Plantar a fé de Christo*, to plant the Christian faith.
Plantar, to plant, to direct properly; as, *Plantar huma peça*, to plant a cannon.
Plantar arvores em hum jardim, to plant a garden.
Plantar, ou assentar o arrayal. See **ASSENTAR**.
Plantar, ou fabricar, to build, &c. See **EDIFICAR**, **FABRICAR**.
Casa que está bem plantada, a house well seated or that stands very well.
Plantar-se, v. r. to set, place, or put one's self.
Plantar-se diante de alguém, to set, or place one's self before one.
PLANU'RA, f. f. See **PLANICIE**.
PLATAFO'RMA, f. f. (in fortification) a platform, a battery to plant cannon on.
PLA'TANO, f. m. a platane, or plane-tree generally supposed to be introduced into England by the great lord chancellor Bacon.
PLATEA, f. f. the pit or middle part of the theatre.
PLATO'NICO, a, adj. Platonic, pertaining to Plato, and his doctrines.
Amer Platónico, Platonic love, a pure spiritual affection, subsisting between the two different sexes.
Anno Platónico, Platonic year, in every 36000th year, at what time some philosophers fancied that all persons and things shall return to the same state as they are now in.
Doutrina Platonica, Platonism.
Platónico, f. m. a Platonist.
PLAUSIBILIDA'DE, f. f. plausibility.
PLAUSI'VEL, adj. plausible, worthy of praise.
PLAUSI'VELMENTE, adv. plausibly, with applause.
PLA'USTRO, f. m. (with poets) a cart.

P L E

PLEBE, f. f. the common people. Lat. *plebs*.
A mais vil gente da plebe, the meaner sort of people. Lat. *plebeusula*.

PLE-

PLE

PLEBE'O, *a*, adj. plebeian, popular, vulgar, low, common.
PLEBISCITO, *f. m.* (with the ancient Romans) a law or statute made by the joint consent of the people, without the senate. Lat. *plebiscitum*.
PLECTORA, &c. See **PLETHORA**, &c.
PLECTRO, *f. m.* (with poets) any musical instrument with strings; *pletro* was properly the quill used to play upon the strings of a harp, &c.
Plétro, (metaph.) See **BADALO**.
PLEIADAS. See **PLEIADAS**.
PLEITEA'DO, *a*, adj. controverted, sued for at law. See **PLEITEAR**.
PLEITEANTE, *p. act.* a client, one that has a suit in law.
PLEITEA'R, *v. n.* and *n.* to go to law, to plead.
Plitear com algum, to go to law one with another, to sue one another.
Plitear, to vie, to strive who shall do best, to strive for the superiority. Lat. *certare*.
Plitear a cortesia, to strive who shall be most civil.
Eu plitearei com elle a sabedoria, I will vie with him for learning.
Plitear, to claim, to lay claim to, authoritatively to demand, as of right due.
PLEITO, *f. m.* a suit in law, a process at law, a plea.
Pôr pleito, ou *plitear com algum*. See **PLEITEAR** *com algum*.
Pleito omenagem, a solemn oath of fealty.
PLENAMENTE, adv. fully, quite, completely. Lat. *plene*.
PLENARIAMENTE, adv. idem.
PLENARIO, *a*, adj. plenary, full, entire.
Indulgência plenaria, plenary indulgence.
Quitagão plenaria, a receipt in full of all demands.
PLENILUNIO, *f. m.* the full moon.
Pertencente ao plenilunio, plenilunary.
PLENIPOTENCIA, *f. f.* plenipotence, full power.
PLENIPOTENCIARIO, *f. m.* plenipotentiary, or plenipo, according to the vulgar contraction.
PLENISSIMO, *a*, adj. See **PLENARIO**.
PLENITU'DE, *f. f.* fulness, plenitude; as, *Plenitude de graça*, fulness or plenitude of grace.
PLEONASMO, *f. m.* pleonasm, redundancy of words.
PLEORIS. See **PLEURIZ**.
PLETHORA, *f. f.* plethory, an abundance of humours.
PLETHORICO, *f. m.* a plethoretic person.
PLEURA, *f. f.* pleura, a membrane or skin that covers the inside of the chest, adhering to the ribs.
PLEURITICO, *f. m.* a pleuritic person.
PLEURIZ, *f. m.* pleurisy.
Phariz exquisito, ou *legitimo*, the true or legitimate pleurisy.

PLU

Pleuriz bastardo ou notbo, the spurious pleurisy.
Febre que acompanha o pleuriz, a pleuritic fever.
PLEUROPNEUMONTA, *f. f.* (with physicians) pleuropneumonia, a pleurisy by the contiguity of parts superinducing an inflammation of the lungs.
PLEIADAS, *f. f.* the Pleiades, or Pleiads, the constellation in the neck of Taurus, called the Seven Stars.
PLICA, *f. f.* a fold, plait, or rather plight. See **ACCENTO**.
Plica Polonica, (among the Polanders) plica Polonica, a distemper which causes their hair to cling together like a cow's tail.
PLICADO, *a*, adj. folded, or folded up.
PLINTHO, *f. m.* (in architecture) the plinth, the first and lowest member of the base. It is also a like member about the capital, but then always called the plinth of the capital.

PLO

PLOMBA'DA, *f. f.* a plummet with iron pikes, anciently used as a weapon in war; also a sort of dart headed with iron.
PLUMBEO. See **PLUMBEO**.

PLU

PLUMA, or **PRUMA**, *f. f.* a feather, a plume, or plume of feathers for ornament.
PLUMACEIRO, *f. m.* a featherman.
PLUMA'DA, ou **PLUMADA'DA**, (in falconry) ex. *Dar plumadas a hum falcão*, to purge a hawk.
PLUMA'GEM, *f. f.* a plume of feathers for ornament. See also **PENNACHO**.
Plumagem, (with falconers) plume, the general colour or mixture of the feathers of a hawk which shews her constitution.
Plumagem ou prumagem, the flock of a wild tree that has been transplanted, into which they insert a cyon or branch of a fruitful plant. Latin, *talca*.
PLUMAM, *f. m.* a large feather; also a plume or set of feathers.
PLUMBEO, *a*, adj. leaden; also of the colour of lead.
Bulia plumbea, a bull with a leaden seal.
PLURAL, (in grammar) plural.
PLUMBO, or **PRUMO**, *f. m.* plummet, or plumb-line, or a level.
Plumo, ou *Prumo dos navegantes*, the sounding lead, or dead-sea lead.
A plumb, directly, perpendicularly, plumb, or plumb down.
PLURALIDADE, *f. f.* plurality.
PLURIFICACAM, *f. f.* idem.
PLURISCRITO, *a*, adj. See **TRESLADADO**.

POB

PLUSQUAM. See **PRETERITO**.
PLUTAM, *f. m.* Pluto, the god of hell.
PLUVIAL, *f. m.* pluvial, a priest's vestment or cope.

PNE

PNEUMA, *f. m.* pneuma, spirit.
Pneuma sacrosanto, the Holy Ghost.
PNEUMATICO, *a*, adj. pneumatic.
PNEUMATOMACHOS, *f. m. p.* Pneumatomachi, a sort of heretics in the latter part of the fourth century.
PNEUMONICOS remedios, pneumonics, medicines good against diseases of the lungs.

PO

PO', *f. m.* dust, earth or matter reduced to small particles.
Cuberto de pó, dusty.
Cubrir, ou *encher de pó*, to dust, to cast dust upon.
Tirar ou fazer cabir o pó, to dust, to free from dust.
Deitar pó nos olhos a algum, (metaph.) to cast a mist before one's eyes, to blind him.
Fazer alguma coisa em pó, to powder any thing, to reduce it to dust.
Pós brancos para as cabeleiras. See **POLVILHOS**.
Sacudir o pó a algum, to shake the dust off one, to thresh his coat, to beat him soundly.
Pós medicinaes, physical powders.
Pó de ouro, gold-dust.
Pó, an interjection of abhorrence, sy, or sic.
Pó, the principal river of Italy, rising out of the Alps, and disemboguing itself by seven mouths into the Adriatic sea. Lat. *Padus*.

POB

POBRADO'R. See **POVOADOR**. (Obsol.)
PO'BRE, *f. m.* a poor man, a beggar.
O que casa hum pobre com huma pobre, a couple-beggar.
P. se te dá o pobre, be para que mais te tome, if the poor man gives, it is to receive more.
P. a rico não down, e a pobre, &c. See **DEVER**.
Huma pobre, *f. f.* a poor or beggar-woman.
Pobre, adj. poor, needy, in want; also poor, not rich.
Lingua pobre, a language that is poor, or not copious. See also **INFELICE**, **DESCRACIADO**.
O pobre do pastor, criado, &c. the poor shepherd, servant, &c.
A pobre da mulher, the poor woman.
P. pobre he o diabo, que lhe falta a graça de Deus; we say, there are none poor, but those whom God hates.
Os pobres, the poor (collectively.)
POBREMENTE, adv. poorly.
POBRETE, or *hum pobrezinho*, *f. m.* a poor fellow.

POD

POBREZA, f. f. poverty, poorness, indigence, want; also Poverty, a goddess adored by the pagans.
Pobreza summa, ou total, beggary, beggary, extreme poverty.
Reduzir algum a pobreza, to impoverish one.
P. quem pobreza tem, dos parentes he desden, he that is poor is scorned by his kindred.
P. a casta a pobreza lhe faz fazer vileza, poverty obliges the chaste woman to do a foul thing. The Latins say, *paupertas cogit ad turpia*.
POBRESINHO. See **POBRETE**.

POÇ

POÇA, f. f. a small plash or puddle of water.
POÇO, f. m. a well.

POC

POCEIRO, f. m. a digger of wells.
POCILGA, f. f. See **POSILGA**.
POCOBEIRA, f. f. See **PACOBÁ**.

POD

PO'DA, f. f. the pruning or lopping of trees.
Tempo da poda, the pruning season.
PODADEIRA, f. f. the pruning-hook, a hand-bill.
PODADOR, f. m. a lopper or pruner of trees, a vine-dresser. From the Lat. *putator*.
PODA'DO, a, adj. pruned.
PODALIRIA *juencia*, medicine, physic, the science of medicine.
PODAM, f. m. a pruning hook.
PODA R, v. a. to prune, to lop, or dress vines, &c. Lat. *putare*.
PODE'NGO, f. m. a setting dog; also any spaniel.
PODE'R, v. n. irreg. to be able.
Poder andar, to be able to walk. But commonly it is made by the verbs *may* or *can*; ex. *Aquillo pode ser*, that may be.
Eu não posso, I cannot, I can't.
Ves pedis tuão para com elle, you are omnipotent with him, you have a great power over him.
Aquillo não pode ser, that cannot be.
Hum cavalo que não pode configo, a horse tired out.
Poder mais, to be of greater force. See **PREVALECER**.
Não posso deixar de chorar, I cannot but weep.
Não se pode, it is impossible, or people cannot.
Poder com, to have strength enough to carry, bear, bear up; as, *Poder com hum saco de trigo*, to have strength enough to carry a sack of corn.
Poder com alguma coisa as costas, to be able, or to have strength enough to bear up a thing upon one's shoulders.
Elle não pode com aquillo, that is above his strength.
Poder com, to be able to bear, or endure, as pain without sinking.

POE

Não poder com, to yield, to sink under any difficulty or burden.
Pode ser, it may be, perhaps.
PODER, f. m. power, authority; also power, interest, credit. See also **FACULDADE**, **JURISDIÇÃO**, **FORÇA**.
Peder, possession, keeping.
Está em seu poder eu vontade, it lies in his power or breast.
A sua vida está no meu poder, his life lies in my hand.
Poderes, power or commission for any purpose.
Dar es poderes a algum, to empower, to authorise, to give one power or commission for any purpose.
Ter os poderes, to be empowered.
O que tem os poderes, one empowered by another.
Que tem poder, powerful, powerable.
Que não tem poder, powerless.
Hum poder, a great many, a great quantity.
A poder de regos, by much entreating.
Derao batalha de poder a poder, they came to battle with their whole power.
Com poder, powerfully.
PODERIO, f. m. (with poets.) See **PODER**.
Poderio, (in law.) See **POSSE**.
PODEROSAMENTE, adv. powerfully, potently, mightily. See also **MUYTO**.
PO'DICE. See **SESSO**, (among physicians.)
PODIDO, part. of *poder*; as, *Tenho pedido*, I have been able.
PODEROSO, a, adj. powerful, potent; also very rich; also powerful, efficacious.
PODOA, f. f. See **PODAM**, **PODADEIRA**.
PODRE, adj. rotten, putrid, carious.
Febre podre, putrid fever.
Maçã podre, a rotten apple.
Pódris, f. m. p. blemishes, vices, defects, imperfections. See also **FRAÇO**, f. m.
Homem que tem muitos pódris, a man rotten at the core, not sound at the bottom.
PODRIDA *olha*. See **OLHA** *podrida*.
PODRIDAM, f. f. rottenness.
Podridão, ou Materia podre que sahe das chagas, &c. pus, corruption, or thick matter issuing from wounds, &c.
Chego desta sorte de podridas, purulent, mattery, full of corrupt matter.

POE

POEDEIRA *gallinha*, f. f. a hen that lays eggs.
POELOUROS, f. m. p. pieces of cotton or silk to put into an ink-horn.
POEYO, f. m. the herb called penny-royal or pudding-grass.
POEIRA, f. f. a dust raised by the wind.
Pedra, ou vaso das esmeraldas, em que está a arca, a powder, or sand-box.

POL

Pedra, (metaph.) See **BOATO**.
Vay tudo numa pedra, he carries all before him.
POEMA, f. m. a poem. Lat.
POENTE, f. m. the west.
POENTO, a, adj. dusty, covered with dust.
POESIA, f. f. poetry; also any poetical work.
POETA, f. f. a poet.
Petta mau, ou ignorante, a poetaster.
POETICA, f. f. poetry.
POETICAMENTE, adv. poetically.
POETICO, a, adj. poetical.
POETIZA, f. f. poetess, a female poet.
POETIZA'DO, part. of
POETIZAR, v. n. to play the poet, to poetize, or poeticize.

POG

POGE'JA, a fragment of a small coin, in worth half a *ceiril*. See **CEIRIL**.

POI

POIA, &c. See **POYA**, &c.
POIDOURO, f. m. a cloth women hold in their hands when they wind thread, to make it smooth.
PO'IDO, a, part. of
POIR, v. a. irreg. indic. pres. *tu pões, tu pões, elle põe, &c.* See **POLIR**.
PO'IS, this particle is very much used by the Portuguese, and it is rendered into English several ways, as you may see in the following examples.
Pois id, e vinde logo, go then, and come back presently.
Pois não sou eu capaz de fazerello? what! am I not capable to do it?
Pois, or pois então que quer dizer isto? well, and what of all this?
Pois, or pois então que hei de fazer? what shall I do then?
Pois eu digo que elle está dentro, why, he is here within, I say.
Pois porque me vigiais? why then you watch me?
Elle tem cabeça, pois também hum alfinete a tem, he has got a head, and so has a pin.
Pois before *não*, and preceded by an interrogation, denotes a strong assertion, and is Englished by *without doubt, yes surely, to be sure, &c.* as, *Virá elle? pois não*, will he come? yes to be sure.

POJ

PO'JA, f. f. the clew of the sail of a ship. Lat. *pes*.
POJARO. See **POJAR**.
POJADOIRO, f. m. as, *Caru do pejadoiro*, the flesh of a leg of beef.
POJAR *em terra*, (a sea phrase) to bear in with the land, to sail towards, or approach the shore.

POL

PO'LA. See **GALLINHA**. See also **PO'LO**.

Póla,

Pela, en ladrao que nasce ao pé da arvore.
See **LADRAM**.

POLA'CA, ou **POLHA'CA**, f. f. polaque, a sort of ship, or sea-vessel, used in the Mediterranean.

POLA'INA, f. f. a mark of infamy formerly worn by bawds on their heads.

Polainas, hose without feet, which fall over the tops of the shoes.

POLA'R, adj. polar, of the pole.

POLDRA, f. f. a mare-colt, a filley.

Poldras. See **PASSADEIRAS**.

Poldra, (in agriculture) a shoot, twig, or scion, springing out of the root or side of the stock. Lat. *stelo*.

PO'LDRO, f. m. a colt, or young horse.

POLE', f. f. a pulley.

Pole, a long piece of wood, to the top of which a criminal is hoisted up with a rope, and let fall again, almost to the ground. See

Trato de pole, strapado, a sort of punishment, wherein a criminal's hands being tied behind him, he is hoisted up with a rope to the top of a long piece of wood, and let fall again almost to the ground, so that his arms are dislocated by the weight of his body in the shock.

Dar hum trato de pole a hum soldado, to give a soldier the strapado.

POLE'A, f. m. (in Malabar) a mechanic, manufacturer, or low workman.

POLEA'ME, f. m. (in a ship) all the blocks or pulleys belonging to a ship.

POLEGA'DA, f. f. an inch, the twelfth part of a foot; also an inch, the breadth of a thumb.

POLEGA'R, f. m. the thumb; also the great toe.

Polegar, adj. as, o *dedo polegar*, the thumb.

Polegar da vide, that part of the branch of a vine, which remains, after it has been pruned.

POLE'IRO, f. m. a roost; a perch, or resting place for fowls to sleep on.

Poleiro das gallinbas, a hen-roost.

Poleiro de passaros na geyola, a roost for birds, a perch.

POLEMA'RCO, f. m. (with the Greeks) the lord marshal of the field.

POLE'MICO, a, adj. polemic, polemical, controversial.

POLHA'CA, f. f. See **POLACA**.

POLHE'IRA, f. f. a large petticoat which women in Portugal used to wear over their sardingal.

POLIANTHEA. **POLLARCHIA**. See **POLYANTHEA**, **POLYARCHIA**.

POLICE, f. m. See **POLEGAR**.

POLICIA, f. f. police, the regulation of a city, or country so far as regards the inhabitants.

Policia, politeness, gentleness. See also **GARBO**, and **ACEYO**.

Com policia, politely.

POLICRESTO. See **POLYCRESTO**.

POLIDAME'NTE, adv. politely. See

POLI'DO, a, adj. polished, smoothed.

Polido, genteel, polite, accomplished, civil, well-bred.

Polido em alguma arte, ou sciencia, versed or well skilled, instructed, &c. in any art or science.

Discurso polido, a neat and fine discourse.

POLIDO'R, f. m. a polisher.

POLIEDRO. See **POLYEDRO**.

POLIE'IRO, f. m. he who makes pulleys.

POLIGAMIA. See **POLYGAMIA**.

POLIGONO. See **POLYGONO**.

POLIGRAPHIA. See **POLYGRAPHIA**.

POLILHA, f. f. a moth.

Comido da polilha, moth-eaten.

POLIM, or *pe polim*; as, *andar a pé polim*. See **PE'**.

Em polim, (according to Barbosa, in his Dictionary) up aloft, on high.

POLIMENTO, f. m. a polishing. See also **LUSTRE**.

Polimento, a sort of teint or colour used by painters, it is made of white ceruse, &c.

Polimento da lingua, eloquence, neatness of speech.

POLIMITA. } See **POLYMITA**.

POLIO. } See **POTERIO**.

POLIPO. } See **POLYPO**.

POLIPODIO, or **POLYPODIO**, the herb polypody.

POLIR, v. a. and irreg. indic. pres.

Eu pulo, tu poles, elle pole, &c. imper.

pole tu, pula elle, &c. to polish, to

smooth; also to polish, to brighten, to make bright, to burnish; also to finish, to complete.

POLITICA, f. f. politics, policy, the art of government; also books treating of policy.

POLITICAMENTE, adv. politically; also cunningly, politiciely.

POLITICO, a, adj. political, belonging to policy; also political, cunning.

Politico, f. m. a politician.

POLITRICO. See **POLYTRICO**.

PO'LLO, f. m. (with falconers) any yearling bird of prey.

POLLUCAM, f. f. pollution; as, *pollucao nocturna*, nocturnal pollution.

Pellucao de igreja, a censure forbidding all divine offices to be performed within a church which has been consecrated by an excommunicated bishop.

POLLU'TO, a, adj. polluted, defiled, unclean.

POLNAM, f. m. See **FLEIMAM**.

POLME, f. m. a sort of mass, or paste made of meal, sugar, or other things mixt up.

Polms, ou *pe de qualquer licor*. See **PE'**.

POLMOEIRA, f. f. a disease in horses vulgarly called *dar aos fellos*. See **FOLLE**.

PO'LO, **POLA**, are not in use. See **PE'LO**, **PELA**.

Polo, f. m. a pole in the heavens.

O polo arctico, ou *antarctico*, the arctic, or antarctic pole.

De hum polo a outro, from pole to pole, all the world over.

Estes são os dois polos da controversia, these are the two hinges of the controversy.

POLPA, f. f. pulp, brawn, the fleshy part of any meat, a piece of flesh without bones or fat; pulp, that part of fruit, which is good to eat. See also **SUBSTANCIA**, **FAZENDA**.

Polpa, ou barriga da perna. See **BAR-RICA**.

POLPU'DO, a, adj. pulpy, pulpy, full of substance, brawny.

POLTRAM, f. f. a poltroon, a coward, a dastard, an idler.

Poltrao, poltrona, adj. cowardly, lazy.

Sella poltrona, a sort of saddle with a small saddle-bow, and very low behind.

POLTRONERIA, f. f. laziness, cowardice.

POLVERINHO. See **POLVORINHO**.

POLVERIZADO, &c. See **POLVORIZADO**, &c.

POLVILHA'DO, a, adj. powdered.

POLVILHA'R, v. a. to powder the hair, &c.

POLVILHOS, f. m. p. powder, to powder one's hair withal.

Polvilhas de cheyro, a sweet powder for the hair.

PO'LVO, f. m. a fish called pourcontrel, or many feet, changing its colour like the place where it is, and holding every thing fast which it layeth hold of. Lat. *polypus*.

POLVORA, f. f. gunpowder.

POLVORINHO, f. m. a flask, or powder-horn.

POLVORI'STA, f. m. one that makes gunpowder.

POLVORIZA'DO, a, adj. powdered.

POLVORIZA'R, v. a. to powder, or reduce to powder; also to powder, to salt gently, to sprinkle with salt.

POLVOROSA, ex. *Per em polvorosa*, to waste, to lay waste.

POLVOROSO, a, adj. dusty, covered with dust.

POLYANTHEA, f. f. polyanthea, a famous collection of common places in alphabetical order, made first by Dominic Nanni de Mirabella, of great service to orators, preachers, &c. of the lower class.

POLYARCHIA, f. f. the form of government that places the supreme power in many persons.

POLYCRESTO, a, adj. ex. *Oléo polycresto*, polychreston, a sovereign oil, good in many distempers.

Sal polycresto, polychrest, an artificial salt.

POLYEDRO, f. m. polyedron, a solid figure or body consisting of many sides.

POLYGAMIA, f. f. polygamy, plurality of wives.

POLIGAMO, f. m. a polygamist, one that is married to more than one wife at a time.

POLYGANO. See **POLYGONO**.

P O M

POGLYGLOTTA, f. f. a polyglot Bible, a Bible translated into many languages.

POLYGLOTTA, the polyglotta, or American mockbird, so called, because it imitates the notes of all birds, and also exceeds all in the sweetness of its voice.

POLYGONO, f. m. a polygon, a figure of many angles.

Polygono, the herb knot-grass.

POLYGRAPHIA, f. f. polygraphy, the art of writing in several unusual manners or cyphers.

POLYHYMNIA, or **POLYMNIA**, f. f. Polyhymnia, one of the nine Muses, the president of hymns, songs, and music.

POLIMATHIA, f. f. polymathy, the knowledge of many arts and sciences.

POLYMITHA, adj. twisted with divers coloured threads.

POLYNIMO, a, adj. polynomial, having many names.

POLYPO, f. m. (with physicians) polypus, or *noli me tangere*.

POLYPODIO, f. m. See **POLIPODIO**.

POLYSYLLABLO, f. m. a polysyllable, (in grammar.)

POLYTRICO, f. m. polytrichon, the herb maiden-hair.

P O M

POMA. See **MAPPA**.

POMADA, f. f. pomatum.

POMAR, f. m. a place set with fruit-trees, an orchard. Lat. *pomarum*.

POMAREIRO, f. m. he who takes care of an orchard, the keeper of it.

POMBA, f. f. a female dove.

POMBAL, f. m. a dove-house, a dove-cote.

POMBEIRO, f. m. so the Portuguese in Angola call their home-born slaves.

POMBI'NHA, f. f. a little female dove.

Pombinhas, aquilegia, or the plant columbine.

POMBI'NHO, f. m. a little dove; also a sort of colour used by painters, made of white ceruse, ashes, &c.

Olhos pombinhos, leering eyes, such as those of a wooer.

PO'MBO, f. m. a male dove, or pigeon. *Gritar o pombo*, to chirre, to coo as a pigeon.

Pombo bravo, a wild pigeon.

Pombo trecaz, or *troquaz*, a ring-dove.

Pombo calçado, a rough-footed pigeon.

Cavalo pombo, a horse of a very white colour.

Hum pombo, an old and grey-haired man.

POVERIDIANO, a, adj. in the afternoon. Lat. *pomeridianus*.

POMEZ, ou *peura pomiz*, the pumice-stone. Lat. *pumex*.

POMIFERO, a, adj. pomiferous, that bear fruits.

POMO, f. m. a general name for any sort of apple.

P O N

POMO'NA, f. f. (among the Romans) Pomona, a goddess worshipped as the patroness of gardens and fruits.

POMPA, f. f. pomp, state, grandeur.

Pompa de palavras, a lofty and high strain, or manner of speaking.

POMPEADO, p. of

POMPEAR, v. n. to strut, to look big, to live pompously, to make a shew.

POMPOSAMENTE, adv. pompously, stately.

POMPOSO, a, adj. pompous, stately. *Estylo pomposo*, lofty style.

P O N

PONÇAM. See **PUNÇAM**.

PONCELLA de França, the well-known Pucelle or Maid of Orleans, in the time of Charles VII. king of France.

PONÇO, ex. *Cor de ponço*, scarlet colour.

PONCTURA. See **PUNCTURA**.

PONDERAÇAM, f. f. consideration, weighing.

PONDERADO, a, adj. weighed, considered.

PONDERAR, v. a. to consider, to weigh, to ponder.

PONDERATIVO, a, adj. that ponders, weighs, or considers.

PONDEROSO, a, adj. heavy, weighty, ponderous; also ponderous, important, momentous. (Metaph.)

PONDO, f. m. (in Moçambique) a sort of coin worth six vintins. See **VINTEM**.

PONDRAS, f. f. See **ALPONDRA**.

PONENTE. See **POENTE**.

PONTA, f. f. the peak, or point of any sharp thing.

Ferir de ponta, to thrust, to wound with the point of a weapon.

Ponta de buma lança, ou *outra arma*, the point of a spear, or other weapon.

Ponta de hum alfinete, ou *de buma agulha*, the point or tip of a pin or needle.

Ponta do nariz, the tip of the nose.

Ponta do dedo, the tip of the finger.

Saber, ou ter buma coisa nas pontas dos dedos. See **DEDO**.

Ponta do pé, tip-toe.

Tir buma coisa na ponta da lingua. See **LINGUA**.

Pontas, armação, ou esgalhos do veado, the branches, antlers, or shoots of a stag's horn.

Ponta superior na cabeça do veado, fur-antler, the top-flart, or branch.

Ponta do meyo na cabeça do veado, bes-antler, the flart or branch next above the brow-antler.

Ponta inferior e mais cbejada a cabeça do veado, brow-antler, the flart or branch next the head.

Pontas pequeninas do veado, ou seja foramatulos. See **SARAMATULOS**.

Ponta de buma verruma, &c. the bit of a gimblet, &c.

Ter boa ponta de lingua, to be an eloquent person.

P O N

Ponta de boy, the horn of an ox.

Que não tem ponta, pointless, blunt, not sharp.

Ponta de terra que avança no mar, a point of land.

Ponta do rockedo, the point or edge of a rock.

Por-se, ou ver-se nas pontas da lua, to be haughty.

Ver-se das pontas, idem.

PONTADA, f. f. a stitch, a sharp pricking pain.

Pontada, ou dor de ilbarga, a stitch, or sharp pricking pain in the side.

Erva contra as pontadas, ou dor de ilbarga, stitch-wort, or camomile.

PONTAGUDO, a, adj. sharp-pointed.

PONTAL, f. m. (in a ship) the depth of a ship from the deck to the bottom of the hold; also the space between two decks.

Pontal, adj. as, *pregos pontais*, large nails or iron spikes.

PONTALETE, f. m. a prop, a stay, a shore for a house, or the like.

PONTAM, f. m. some say it is a strong flat boat, which may carry six canons; some say it signifies a ponton, or bridge of boats, and in the first sense they call it also a *bucba*.

PONTAPE, f. m. a kick, a spurn. From *ponta*, the tip, and *pé*, the foot.

PONTARIA, f. f. the act of aiming, or taking an aim; also pointing, (in gunnery.)

Fazer pontaria, to aim, to take one's aim, (in gunnery.)

Fazer pontaria com buma peça, to point a cannon.

Fazer bem a pontaria antes de tirar, take your aim right before you shoot.

Pon'aria, a mark to shoot at.

PONTAS, ex. *Correr pontas*, to run tilts with spears, or some other pointed weapons, (a sort of sport.)

PONTE, f. f. a bridge. Lat. *pens*.

Ponte de barcas, a bridge of boats.

Ponte estreita pela qual se se passa a pé, a foot-bridge.

Direito que se paga nas pontes pela fazenda que por ella se leva, pontage, bridge-toll.

Dinheiro que se paga para concerto de buma ponte, pontage.

Levantar buma ponte, to bridge, to raise a bridge.

Ponte levadiça, a draw-bridge.

Ponte sobre hum rio que se faz para que deus exercitos se comuniquem, a bridge of communication.

Navio de ponte corrida, a ship that has a flush deck. See also **CUBERTA corrida**.

Navio de ponte na crelha, a ship whereof the deck is not even or smooth, a ship that has a cambering deck.

PONTEIRA, f. f. a chape, a steel or silver tip or case that strengthens the end of the scabbard of a sword.

PONTEIRO, f. m. a fescue children, one when they learn to read; it is also said of several pointed things; as,

P O N

Ponteiro, the quill used to play upon the strings of a harp, &c.
Ponteiro com que antigamente escreviam em taboas encradas, a style or pin to write with upon wax tables, as the ancients did.
Ponteiro de relógio de sol, the pin or stile of a dial.
Ponteiro, a sort of chissel, or pointed tool used by stone-cutters.
Ponteiro, *a*, adj. contrary; as, *vento ponteiro*, contrary wind; *ventos ponteiros como o norte e o sul*, opposite winds, as the north and south, (a sea term.)
PONTI' CULA, *f. f.* a small draw-bridge on the side of the great one to serve in the night-time.
PONTIFICA' DO, *f. m.* the papacy, popedom, the papal dignity; also papacy, pontificate, the reign or time of a pope's government.
PONTIFICA' L, *adj.* pontifical, belonging to an high priest.
Pontifical, popish, belonging to the pope, or to a bishop; pontifical.
Pontifical, pontifical, splendid, magnificent.
Pontifical, *f. m.* a Pontifical, a book of the rites and ceremonies, appertaining to bishops, popes, &c.
Pontifical, *cu vestiduras pontificas*, pontificalia, the robes and ornaments in which a bishop, &c. performs divine service.
De pontifical, ou revestido de pontifical, in pontificalibus, in the ornaments of bishops, &c. dressed in their best apparels; pontifically, in a pontifical habit or manner.
PONTI' FICE, *f. m.* pontif, a priest, an high or chief priest.
Pontifice, pontif, the pope of Rome.
PONTIFI' CIO, *a*, *adj.* See **PONTI' FICAL**, *adj.*
PONTI' NHA, *f. f.* a small peak or point of any sharp thing.
Pontinbas dos pés, the tips of the toes.
Andar nas pontinbas dos pés, to walk on tip-toe.
PONTI' NHO, *f. m.* a small point, or stitch.
Pintar de pontinbos. See **PINTAR**.
PONTO, *f. m.* a stitch, a sewing with a needle.
Ponto, (in mathematics) a point.
Ponto, a point, a stop, (in orthography.)
Ponto final, full point or stop, (.)
Dois pontos, a colon, (:)
Ponto e virgula, a semicolon, (;)
Ponto de interrogação, de admiração. See **INTERROGAÇAM**, and **ADMI' RAÇAM**.
Ponto, the fret of an instrument. See **TRASTE**.
Ponto, the sight to take aim by, in a gun.
Ponto, (with shoemakers) the size of a shoe.
Sapato de tantos pontos, a shoe of such a size.
Quantos pontos calça elle? what size are his shoes of?
Açucar em ponto, (among confectioners)

P O N

so they call the sugar when it is made fit to preserve or season fruits, and for several other uses.
Ponto, occasion, opportunity; as, *perder o ponto*, to slip, or let slip an opportunity.
Ponto, point, moment; as, *ao ponto de espirar*, at the point of death.
Elle vio-se ao ponto de perder a vida, he was like to be killed, he wanted little, he was within a hair's breadth of being killed.
Ao ponto que as tropas estavam para desparar, at the moment that the troops were ready to charge.
Ao mesmo ponto, at the same time, at the same moment.
A hum ponto, in company, together. See **JUNTAMENTE**.
Ao ponto que, as soon as.
De todo ponto, totally, utterly, entirely, fully.
Estar a ponto, to be ready, or prepared.
Fallar a ponto, to speak to the purpose.
Estar a ponto, to be upon the point, or just ready to have something happen.
Elle está a ponto de partir, he is just going away, he is ready to go.
Ponto que se põem sobre a letra i, the title or small point put upon the top of the letter i.
São quatro horas em ponto, it is four o'clock exactly.
Meyo dia em ponto, high noon.
Ponto, (in the schools) the text of an author which is given to a scholar, in order to explain it, before he takes the degrees, or is appointed public professor in the university.
Ler de ponto, is for a scholar to explain that text, &c.
Ler de ponto para alcançar huma cenefa, ou outra dignidade ecclesiastica, is for a priest to expound the text given to him before his promotion to a canonry, or some other ecclesiastical preferment.
Por ponto, ou dar ponto, (in the schools) to break up, to begin holidays.
Estar de ponto sobre huma materia, to have studied a thing or matter attentively.
Ponto, (at piquet) the point.
Ponto, (at other games of cards) the ruff.
As figuras valiam dês pontos, (at cards) the court cards are worth ten.
Ganhar por pontos, to reckon more pips at cards.
Ponto de honra, point of honour.
Ponto, ou parte principal de hum discurso, point, part, or head of a speech.
Ponto, point, thing, matter particular.
Aquelle he o ponto do negocio, that is the chief point of the business.
Ponto de controversia, the point or matter in controversy.
Neste ponto he que está a difficuldade, herein lies the difficulty.
Não tocai o ponto, you do not hit the business.
Tomar pontos, ou malhas nas meyas, to darn stockings.
Ponto, point, pass, state, condition..

P O R

Tem chegado o negocio a este ponto, the business is come to this pass, or point.
Ponto, height, degree, period, pitch.
A sua reputação tem chegado a tal ponto que, &c. his reputation is come to that height, he is arrived to that pitch of reputation, that, &c.
Ao mais alto ponto, to the highest degree.
Ponto, (in a moral sense) an aim or design.
Ponto de theologia, philosophia, &c. a question, doubt, or controversy in divinity, philosophy, &c.
P. não dar ponto sem nó, to be mercenary, to act only for reward, to do every thing merely for gain.
PONTUAÇAM, *f. f.* punctuation, the art or method of pointing, or dividing a discourse into periods.
PONTUA' L, *adj.* punctual, nice, exact.
PONTUALIDA' DE, *f. f.* exactness, punctuality.
PONTUALME' NTE, *adv.* punctually, exactly.
PONTU' RA, **PUNTURA**, or **PUNCTURA**, *f. f.* puncture, a small prick made by a pointed instrument.

P O P

POPI' NA, (in poetry.) See **TAVERNA**.
PO' PPA, *f. f.* the poop or stern of a ship. Lat. *puppis*.
Navegar com o vento em poppa, to sail before the wind; also (metaph.) to be successful in one's affairs.
Poppa quadrada, a square stern or tuck; *poppa redonda*, a round stern, or lute stern.
POPULA' R, *adj.* popular, of, or belonging to the people; also popular, that courts the favour of the people.
Discurso popular, a common or ordinary discourse. Lat. *proletarius sermo*.
POPULARIDA' DE, *f. f.* popularity, graciousness among the people.
POPULARME' NTE, *adv.* popularly, so as to please the crowd.
POPULEAM, *f. m.* (in pharmacy) populeum, a cooling ointment, one of whose ingredients is the buds of the black poplar tree.
POPULO' NIA, *f. f.* (with the Romans) Populonia, a goddess, who, as they believed, secured their country from thunder, inundations, hail, insects, &c.
POPULO' SO, *a*, *adj.* peopled, populous.

P O R

POR, a preposit. for.
Por amor de Deus, for God's sake.
Por amor de mim, for my sake.
Por nada, for nothing, for God-a-mercy.
Por exemplo, for example, as for example.
Por medo que, lest; as, *por medo que não fuisse*, lest he should go away.
Por huma semana, for a week, or for a week's time.

Per, sometimes denotes that the thing is not yet done; as, *esta obra esta por acabar*, this work is not yet finished. *Per demai*, unwillingly, spitefully. *Per mim, por elle, &c.* by me, by him, &c. *Alcancei-a por empenho*, I obtained it by protection. *Eu vou por dinheiro*, I am going for money. *Por todo o reino*, all over the kingdom. When *per* is before an infinitive, and followed by a negative, in the latter part of the sentence, it is Englished by *although*, or *though*; as, *por ser devota, ou por devota que seja não deixa de ser molher*, though she is a religious woman, yet she is a woman; *por ser pobre não deixa de ser soberba*, though she has no fortune, she is nevertheless, or for all that, proud. *Nem per isso*, nevertheless, or for all that. *Per*, followed by an adjective and the particle *que* with a verb in the subjunctive mood, is rendered into English by *never so*; as, *por grande que elle seja*, let him be never so great. *Por pouco que seja*, never so little. *Per*, before *menos*, signifies *less than*, or *under*; as, *mais não o tera por menos de vinte libras*, you shall not have it under twenty pounds. *Per*, before *quanto*, with an interrogation signifies *for how much?* *at what rate?* But if there is no interrogation, as in the following, and the like sentences, then it is to be Englished by *never so much*; as, *não o faria por quanto me dessem*, I would not do it for never so much. *Morar por cima de alguém*, to live or lodge above somebody. *Por cima da sua cabeça*, over his head. *Por baxo*, beneath; as, *por baixo d'elle*, beneath him. *O remedio obra por cima e por baxo*, the medicine operates, or works upwards and downwards. *Per*, before *pouco*, *muito*, *bem*, &c. and followed by *que*, makes a sort of conjunction governing the subjunctive, and is Englished by *if* followed by *ever*, or *never so little*, *much*, *well*, &c. as, *por pouco que erreis*, if you do amiss never so little; *por bem que eu faça*, if I do never so well, &c. *Per mim*, as for me, for my part, for all me; as, *por mim estou prompto*, as for me, or, for my part, I am ready. *Per*, out of; as, *fallais nisso so por inveja*, it is out of envy only you speak it; *por medo*, out of fear. *Per onde?* which way? as, *por onde ireis vos?* which way shall you go? *Per*, through; as, *eu passarei por França*, I will go through France. *Per*, construed with nouns without an article, denotes most times, distribution of people, time and place; and is Englished by *a*, or *every*, before the noun; as,

Elle deu tanto por cabeça, he gave so much a head. *Tanto por soldado, por annos, por mei, por semana, &c.* so much a soldier, a year, a month, a week, &c. *A razão de vinte por cento*, at the rate of twenty per cent. *Elle pede tanto por league*, he asks so much a league, or every league. *Per*, between two nouns without an article, or between two infinitives without a preposition, denotes the choice which one makes between two things alike in their nature, but different in their circumstances; as, *Casa por casa antes quero esta que aquella*, since I must have one of these two houses, I like this better than that. *Morrer por morrer melhor he morrer combatendo que fugindo*, when a man must die, it is better to die in fighting than in running away. *Por turno*, in one's turn. *Per*, before the infinitives is used instead of *para* by the best Portuguese writers; as, *por não* (or *para não*) *repetir o que ja temos dito*, not to repeat what we have already said. *Per*, is sometimes Englished by *for*, upon the account of; *for the sake*, &c. as, *Elle fara isso por amor de vos*, he will do this upon your account, or for your sake. *Deixarão-no por morto*, he was left for dead. *Eu tombo-o por meu amigo*, I take him to be my friend. *Todos os homens de bem são, ou estão por elle*, all honest people are for him, or are on his side. *Por quem me tomais vos?* who do you take me for? *Per isto*, therefore. *Por modo de dizer*, as one may say, if I, or we, may say, as it were. *De por vir, ou que esta por vir*, future, that is to come hereafter. *Por diante*, before. *Por detrás*, behind. *Por agora*, as for now. *Por ventura*, perhaps. *Por nenhum caso*, by no means. *Por mar e por terra*, by sea and land. *Hum por hum*, one by one. *Per*, in; as, *elles são vinte por todos*, they are twenty in all. *Per acinte*, for the nonce. *Per causa*, for; as, *não se pode fazer jornada pella strada por causa dos ladroens*, there's no travelling upon the road for robbing. *Sabio a sentença por nos*, they gave sentence for us. *Por falta de*, for want of. *Per*, for, because, upon the account, as, *elle foi condemnado por huma pequena falta*, he was condemned for a small fault. *Per*, as; ex. *por premio*, as a reward. *Per pequeno que seja o cuidado que vos tomis nisso*, if you take care of it never so little. *Per isso*, therefore. *Per isso mesmo*, for that very reason.

Nem per isso, nevertheless for all that; as, *Nem por isso deixemos de nos divertir*, let us divert ourselves nevertheless, let us be merry for all that. *Per pouco que*, never so little. *Per*, joined with the verb *ir*, signifies to fetch; as, *vai por vinho*, go fetch some wine. *Per*, is commonly used before the substantives; as, *por commodidade*, for conveniency; *por costume*, for custom-fake; and many others that can only be learned by use. *Por dentro*, within. *Por fora*, without. *Per aqui*, this way. *Per ali*, that way. *Per passatempo*, by way of diversion. *Elle foi mandado por embaixador*, he was sent ambassador. *Pôr*, v. a. and irreg. indic. pres. *eu ponho, pões, põem, põem, pões, põem*. Preterimp. *punha, punhas, &c.* Preterperf. *pus, puseste, pos, pusemos, pusestes, puserão*. Fut. *porá, poras, &c.* Imp. *poem tu, ponha elle, ponhamos nós, ponde vós, ponhão elles*. Subjunct. pres. *que eu ponha, ponhas, &c.* Preterimp. *que eu pusera, puseras, &c.* Fut. *puser, puseres, &c.* to place, to put, to lay or set in a place. *Pôr de baxo*, to put, set, or lay under. *Pôr por cima*, to put over, to set, lay, or put upon. *Pôr em lugar de outrem*, to substitute, or put in the place of another. *Pôr*, followed by *no, na, nos, nas*, to put, lay, set in, or upon. *Pôr a, ou de parte*, to lay apart, to lay by. *Pôr a vista*, to expose, shew, to lay out, or abroad in view. *Pôr em perigo*, to expose, to bring into danger, to put in danger. *Tornar a pôr*, to put, or set again. *Pôr alguma coisa em deposito*, to leave, or entrust a thing to be kept by, to deposit. *Pôr por terra*. See *ARRAZAR, DERUBAR*. *Pôr fim*, to make an end. *Pôr em execução*, to execute, to do, to effect what is planned, or determined, to put in execution. *Pôr em fugida*, to chase, or drive away, to put to flight. *Pôr, ou dar a culpa*. See *CULPA*. *Pôr alguma coisa em hum livro*, to write, put, or set down a thing in a book. *Pôr a mesa*, to lay the cloth, to cover the table. *Pôr a lingua em alguém*. See *LINGUA*. *Pôr arvores*, to plant trees. *Pôr os cornos*, to graft horns, to cuckold, to seduce another man's wife. *O que costuma pôr os cornos*, a cuckold-maker. *O acto de pôr os cornos*, cuckoldom, the act of adultery. *Pôr ovos*, to lay eggs. *Pôr cobro*. See *COBRO*. *Pôr o preço*, to set a price. *Pôr tenda*, to set up a shop. *Pôr casa*, to set up house-keeping.

POR

POR

POR

Pôr os pés a parede, to set one's feet against the wall; that is, to stand stiffly to what one says.
Pôr, ou depor. See *DEPOR*.
Pôr em paz. See *PACIFICAR*.
Pôr hum criado fora de casa, to turn out a servant.
Pôr muito tempo em fazer alguma coisa, to bestow a great deal of time upon a thing, to be a long while about it.
Quanto podes em fazer a minima coisa? how long you are doing of the least thing?
Pôr em ordem os seus negocios, to settle one's affairs.
Pôr fora do seu lugar, to mislay, to place in the wrong place.
O que põem huma coisa fora do seu lugar, a mislayer.
Pôr algum por aprendiz em casa de hum mestre, to put one out to apprenticeship, to bind one apprentice.
Pôr medo, to fright, to frighten, to put into a fright.
Pôr, ou propor huma questão, to start a question.
Pôr cerco, ou sitio, to besiege, to lay siege.
Pôr a panela ao lume, to set on the pot, to set it on the fire.
Pôr a proa a hum navio, ou a algum lugar, to steer right forward, to turn the prow straight to any other ship, or place.
Pôr alguma a cavallo, to set on horseback.
Pôr de molho, to steep, to soak.
Pôr em venda, to set to sale.
Pôr silencio, to hush, to silence, to impose or command silence.
Pôr o selo, to set the seal.
O pôr do sol, sun-set.
Pôr-se, v. t. ex. ponde-vos diante de mim, stand before me.
Pôr-se, (in astronomy) to set, to sink below the horizon, as the sun in the evening.
Pôr-se a sombra, to go to, to get into the shade.
Pôr-se a fazer alguma coisa, to go about something, to go about to do it, to fall to work, to begin it; as,
Pôr-se a chorar, to fall a crying, to begin to cry.
Pôr-se a cavallo, to mount, to get on horseback.
Pôr-se a mesa, to sit at table.
Pôr-se assentado ao pé de algum, to sit by one.
Pôr-se assentado ao sol, to sit in the sun.
PORAM, f. m. (in a ship) the hold of a ship, that part between the keelson and the lower deck, where goods, stores, &c. are stowed.
PORCA, f. f. a sow. Lat.
Pôrca do lagar, an implement to be put in the screw of the oil press, to hold the rope which is wound about it. Lat. *perculum*.
Bárca da officina de impresser, the nut of a printer's press.

P. abi trece a porca o rabo, the difficulty lies in this point.
PORCA'DA, f. f. an herd of swine.
PORÇAM, f. f. a portion, a part in general; also a portion, lot, share, or dividend of any thing.
Porção da legitima, a portion, or part of an inheritance given to a child, a fortune.
Porção, an allowance, pittance, or small portion of victuals allowed to friars, monks, &c. for a meal; short commons.
Porção, (in geometry) a segment; as *porção do círculo*, &c. the segment of a circle, &c.
Dividir em porções, to portion.
PORCARI'A, f. f. nastiness, filthiness, slovenliness, slothfulness.
PORCELA'NA, f. f. fine earthen ware, or China ware, porcelain, or porcelaine.
PORCIONI'STA, f. m. a student in a college that pays for his board, or eating; a fellow commoner.
N. B. The *collegial*, i. e. a collegian, does not pay for his eating.
PORTIUNCULA, f. f. a small portion.
PORCO, f. m. a hog, a pig, a boar, a male swine. Lat. *porcus*. (Metaph.) a nasty dirty person.
A maneira de porco, ou como porco, hog-gishly.
Carne de porco, pork, or swine's flesh.
Porco castrado, a barrow hog, a boar-hog that has been gelded.
Porco barrao, a boar-pig, that has not been gelded. Lat. *verres*.
Porco cevado, a fattened hog.
O que tem cuidado de dar de comer, ou cevar os porcos, a feeder of swine to make them fat.
Porco montez, a wild boar, a boar, a brawn. Lat. *aper*.
Porco montez de tres annos, a hog-skeer.
Carne de porco montez preparada com sal vinagre e especies, brawn, the flesh of a boar soured or pickled.
Porco montez que se mata para se comer a mesa, bawner, a boar killed for the table.
Porco espinho, porcupine, a sort of African hedge-hog. See *ESPINHO*. They call it also *porco sjim*.
O que mata porcos, a hog-butcher.
O que se sustenta com comer porco, a pork-eater.
Peixe porco, the sea-hog, or porpus, a sea-swine, a porpoise.
Porco branco, the sum of four mil-rees given as a perquisite to the ministers of the tribunal called *mesa da conciencia*, every Christmas day. See *CONCIENCIA*.
De porco, casmelhante a porco, swinish, hoggish.
Porco, porca, adj. nasty, dirty, filthy.
PORE'M, a conjunct. but, yet.
Porém não deixei de nos contar a historia, but let us have the story however.
PORFI'A, f. f. contention, strife, obstinacy; also perseverance.

P. porfia mata a casa, perseverance kills the game; that is, it carries a man through all difficulties: they say also in the same sense, *perfia mata veados, e não besteira caçada*, i. e. it is perseverance kills the deer, and not the tired cross-bow.
A' perfia, adv. striving to outdo one another, with contention or emulation. Lat. *certatim*.
P. o peso é a medida tiraõ o homem de perfia, weight and measure ease a man from controversy; weight and measure carry a man through the world.
PORFIADAMENTE, adv. positively, obstinately.
PORFI'ADO, p. of
PORFIAR, v. n. to stand obstinately in a thing, to contend positively.
P. perfar mas não apofiar, to contend or stand stiffly in a thing, but not to wager; that is, it is best so to do.
P. não fies nem perfies nem arrendes vivaras entre as gentes, do not trust, nor contend, nor hire, and you will live among men; that is, you will live peaceably.
PORFIDO, f. m. porphyry stone.
PORFIO'SO, a, adj. contentious, quarrelsome, stubborn. Lat. *contentiosus*.
Perfio'so, continual, without intermission.
PORO, f. m. a pore, or passage of perspiration; certain holes in the body where the hair grows, and through which sweat and humours exude.
Póros, (in physics) pores, or small interstices, or void spaces between the particles of matter, that constitute every body.
POROSID'A'DE, f. f. porousness, or porosity.
POROSO, a, adj. porous, full of pores.
PORPHYROGENITO, f. m. porphyrogetes, a name given to the children of the Eastern emperors.
PORPO'EM, a sort of doublet anciently used. From the French *pourpoint*.
PORQUE'? adv. why? for why? upon what account?
Perquê não vindes? why do not you come?
O perché, signifies the reason, the cause or the subject; as, *sabe-se o porque?* is it known upon what account?
Porquê, (without an interrogation) for, for as much as, because; but it has the same signification in the following sentence and the like, though there is an interrogation, *por que elle he mentiroso, fiquê si que tambem eu o fiquê?* because he is a liar, does it follow therefore that I am one?
Não porque, not that, not but that; as, *Não porque lhe sabessi engenho*, not but that he had wit.
Não porque não fuisse justo, mas porque, &c. not but that it was right, but because, &c.
Porque ou para que, that, to the end that, in order to.
Perque não? why not?

FORQUEIRO, f. m. a swine-herd, a feeder or keeper of swine.

PORQUIDA DE, f. f. See **PORCARRIA**.

PORQUINHA, f. f. a little sow.

Porquinha de santo Antão, an insect called cheefellip, sow, or hog-louse. Spanish, *puerca*.

PORQUINHO, f. m. a little hog.

P. quando te derdes o porquinho, acede-lhe com o baratinho, when they give you a little hog, make haste with the rope; that is, lose no opportunity, but lead him away.

PORRA, f. f. the penis or yard of a man. See also **CACHAPORRA**.

PORRACEO, a, adj. porraceous, green like a leek.

PORRADA, f. f. a blow with a club or *cachaporra*. See **CACHAPORRADA**.

Porrada, (a drinking term) a good draught of wine.

PORRAM, (in the province of Minho) a narrow earthen vessel.

PORRETAS, f. f. p. the leaves of the potherb called leek.

PORRINHA, f. f. a small *cachaporra*. See **CACHAPORRA**.

PORRO, f. m. the potherb called leek.

Porro farcoides, (with surgeons) callus, a kind of nodus or ligature, which joins the extremities of a fractured bone, a sort of glewy substance, which grows about broken bones, and serves to solder them.

POR-SE. See after **PO'R**.

PORSELANA. See **PORCELANA**.

PORSEVE. See **PEREVE**.

PORSOVEJO. See **PERSOVEJO**.

PORTA, f. f. a door.

Porta grande, como de huma cidade, &c. a great door, a gate, such as that of a city, &c.

Porta da rua, a street-door.

Porta trazeira, a back-door.

Emblamentos que vem pela porta trazeira, perquisites.

Porta que se abre em duas, em duas portas, que juntas se abrem, e fechoão, como se fera huma só porta, a folding, or two-leaved door, folding gates.

Bater á porta, to knock at the door.

Fechar a porta, shut the door.

Lege na outra porta depis da minha, the next door to me.

Ditar alguém pela porta fora, to turn one out of doors.

Ditar alguém a cuces pela porta fora, to kick one out of doors.

Travena da porta, a door-bar.

Ferrelho da porta, a door-bolt.

Umbra, ou umbra da porta. See **UMBRAL**.

Fora da porta, out of doors; they say also, *de portas a fora*.

Dai ou de portas a dentro, ou para dentro, within doors, at home.

De porta em porta, from door to door; they say also, *por portas*.

Porta falsa, (in fortification) postern, a small door in the flank of a bastion,

or other part of a garrison, to march in and out unperceived by the enemy, either to relieve the works, or to make sallies. See also **SORTIDA**.

Porta secreta ou falsa, a privy postern.

A Porta ou porta Otthomana, the Port, the court of the grand seignior at Constantinople.

Porta levadiça, (in fortification) a portcullis, or portcuse; a sort of machine like a harrow, hung over the gates of a city, to be let down to keep out an enemy. Lat. *cataractes*.

Porta, the straight and narrow passages between hills; as, *As portas Caspias*, the Caspian straits; also any avenue or passage.

A porta, at the door; also near at hand.

Porta, (metaph.) door, gap, occasion; as, *Isto he abrir a porta a toda a sorte de crimes*, this opens the gap to, this makes way for, all manner of crimes.

Andar por portas pedindo esmolas, to beg from door to door.

A porta principal, the fore-door, or great gate, a portal, the principal gate of a palace, castle, &c.

Guardar a porta, to keep the gate.

Entre portas. See **ENTREPORTAS**.

Estar ás portas da morte, to be at the point of death. (metaph.)

Vea porta, (in anatomy) gate-vein, the vena porta.

Pôr por portas, ou obrigar a andar pedindo de porta em porta, to beggar, to reduce to beggary.

Meyra porta que se usa em muitas partes com bons bicos de ferro por cima, e muitas vezes sem elle, a hatch, or half door.

PORTACOLLO, f. m. a protocol, a register kept by a notary.

PORTACRAVINHAS, f. f. a sort of holster for a carbine to be carried on horseback.

PORTADA, f. f. the portal, or principal gate of a palace, castle, or the like.

PORTADOR, f. m. the bearer of a letter, or the like.

PORTADO, p. of **PORTAR**, and *Portar-se*, which see.

PORTAFRASCO, f. m. the thong or string on which hangs the powder-horn.

PORTAGEIRO, f. m. the gatherer of the toll or duty called

PORTAGEM, f. f. a toll or custom paid at those they called *portos secos*, which are passes on the mountains; or the custom paid for goods or provisions that are carried by land.

PORTAL, f. m. the portal, frontispiece, or forefront of a building.

Portal fustido com pilares ou columnas, na entrada de huma igreja, propylæum, the porch of a temple. Lat. *propylæum*.

PORTALO, f. m. the entry or passage at the top of the entering ladder, by which one enters a ship, and goods are taken in.

PORTAPAZ, (with the Roman Catholics) Pax, a kind of image given to be kissed when they go to the offering.

PORTAR. See **APORTAR**.

Portar-se, v. r. See **HAVER-SE**, v. r.

PORTARIA, f. f. the lodge of a door-keeper in a convent or college; also a room or hall by the principal door of a convent, &c. for the lay-men to wait.

Portaria, a result or determination of the king, an order or grant of a place or preferment to any person.

PORTATIL, adj. that may be carried, portable.

Portatil, f. m. See **PEITORIL**.

PORTE, f. m. the postage of a letter, the burden of a ship, hire for carrying. See also **IMPORTANCIA**, **QUALIDADE**.

PORTEIRA, f. f. a female door-keeper, a portress.

PORTEIRO, f. m. a porter, or door-keeper; also a common crier; properly he who who in an auction notificeth the things that are to be sold, and setteth the price on them. See also **OSTIARIO**.

Porteiro, porter, the name of several officers in Portugal, as well as in England.

PORTENTO, f. m. a portent, or prodigy; also a very learned, or skilful man.

PORTENTOSO, a, adj. portentous, prodigious, strange, wonderful.

PORTICO, f. m. a portico or porch, a long place for walking, covered either with an arched roof, or an even floor, supported by pillars for people to walk under shelter; a piazza.

PORTINHA, f. f. a little door.

PORTINHO LA, f. f. (in a ship) a port-hole.

Cordas que servem para levantar as pertinholas, port-ropes.

Portinhola do coche, the boot of a coach.

PORTO, f. m. a port, harbour, a haven. Lat. *portus*.

Porto, the city of Oporto in Portugal.

Porto, ou rendimento, (an antiquated word.) See **RENDIMENTO**.

Ferrár o porto, (a sea phrase) to cast anchor in a harbour.

Porto franco, a free port.

Porto secco, a pass on mountains, or a frontier town, where goods pay a duty; so called, *a parti*, because that way goods are imported and exported, and *secco*, dry, because it has no sea.

Portos m'loados, the custom-house where goods, carried by sea, pay a duty.

Portos vedados, the custom-house where corn, rie, lard, hams, and like provisions that come from Spain to Portugal, pay a duty.

PORTUCHOS, f. m. p. the holes of a wire-drawing iron.

PORTUENSE, adj. of, or belonging to the city of Oporto; it is also used

POS

POS

POS

as a substantive, for one that is born in that city.
PORTUGAL, f. m. Portugal. Lat. *Lusitania*.
PORTUGUEZ, f. m. Portuguese; also an ancient silver coin worth four hundred rees. There was another gold coin so called, worth four thousand rees.
Portuguez, a, adj. Portuguese.
PORTUMNAES *festas*, festivals in honour of Portunus.
PORTUNO, f. m. a god of the sea called Portunus.

POS

POSAR, (according to Edward Nunes de Leão.) See **ENTRAR**.
POSCA, f. f. vinegar mingled with water, (with physicians.)
POSICÃO, f. f. position, situation, (in astronomy.)
Círculos de posição, circles of position, which are circles passing through the common intersections of the horizon and meridian, and through any degree of the ecliptic, or the centre of any star or other point in the heavens, and are used for finding out the situation and position of any star.
Posição, (in the schools) thesis, any position laid down, or proposition advanced affirmatively or negatively.
Posição do corpo, the posture, position, or gesture of the body.
POSILGA, f. f. a hog cote, or hog-pye, the place where the hogs lie. Lat. *hara*. It is different from **CHIQUEIRO**, which see.
POSITIVAMENTE, adv. positively. See **EXPRESSAMENTE**.
POSITIVO, a, adj. positive.
Teologia positiva, positive divinity, that which is agreeable to the positions and tenets of the ancient fathers of the church; or is that which consists in articles of faith, as contained in the sacred scriptures, or explained by the fathers and councils clear of all disputes and controversies.
Positivo, (in grammar) positive; as, *grande positivo*, positive degree, the first degree of comparison.
Quantidades positivas, (with algebraists) positive quantities, such as are of a real affirmative nature.
POSITURA, f. f. any higher degree or dignity.
POSPEITO. See **SOPREMESA**.
POSPERNA, f. f. gascorns, the part of a horse's thighs commencing from the hilt, and reaching to the plying of the ham.
POSPO, v. a. to esteem less, to postpone, to set behind. It is an irregular verb, and is to be conjugated as *pecho*, *pois*, &c. of the verb *per*; ex. *eu pecho, tu pois, &c.*
POSPOSITO, (in grammar.) See **ACCUSATIVO**.
POSPOSTO, **POSPOSTA**, adj. postponed.

POSSANTE, adj. powerful, great. See **GRANDE**.
POSSAR, (in old records.) See **ENTRAR**.
POSSE, f. f. possession.
POSSES, (in the plural) wealth, riches, fortune.
POSSESSAM, f. f. possession. See also **FAZENDA**.
POSSESSIVAMENTE, adv. (in grammar) possessively. See **POSSESSIVO** pronome, (in grammar) a pronoun possessive.
POSSESSO, a, adj. possessed by the devil.
O effeito de quem se acha possido, possession.
POSSESSOR, f. m. See **POSSEIDOR**.
POSSIBILIDADE, f. f. possibility.
POSSÍVEL, adj. possible.
POSSEUDO, a, adj. possessed.
Possuido do demônio, possessed by the devil.
POSSEIDOR, f. m. a possessor.
POSTA, f. f. a slice, a cut, a piece.
Posta, post, quick course or manner of travelling. See also **POSTILHAM**.
Tomar a posta, ou cavallos de posta, to take post-horses.
Sede de posta, post chaise.
O que guia a sede de posta, a postillion, or post-boy.
Cavallo de posta, a post-horse.
Certer a, or empista, to ride post.
Le pelas postar, to ride or go post, to post.
Posta, ou lugar onde se mudam os cavallos de posta, a post-stage.
Posta is very seldom used instead of *cerrego*. See **CORREYO**.
Posta, (in military affairs) a sentinel that is posted, stationed, or placed in a certain post.
Posta, ou lata de chumbo mais pequena que a de calibre, hall shot.
Posta, (among the Franciscan friars.) See **DESPACHO**.
POSTA, f. m. a post or small pillar.
Poste, a post or piece of timber set erect in the ground.
POSTEMA. See **APOSTEMA**.
POSTERIDADE, f. f. posterity, those that shall be born in future time. Lat. *posteritas*.
Posteridade, the future, or time to come.
Posteridade, posterity, children, issue, offspring.
POSTERIOR, adj. latter, that comes after, following, posterior. Lat. **POSTERIORES**, f. m. p. posterity, those that shall be born in future time.
POSTHUMO, a, adj. posthumous, born after the father's death.
POSTICA, f. f. it is used by Barros, but I cannot understand it.
POSTICO, a, adj. that is put on, sham, counterfeit, not natural.
Cabellos posticos, false hair.
Dentes posticos, artificial teeth, ivory teeth.
POSTIGO, f. m. a little door, but

more properly a wicket, a small door in a larger.
Postigo, (in a moral sense) way, means, expedient.
POSTILHAM, f. m. the guide that rides post before a courier, or express; also the guide that goes with any body else that rides post.
POSTILLA, f. f. it signifies properly a postil or marginal note, but it is taken in Portuguese for the discourses, lectures, instructions, or doctrinal delivered in writing by the professors to the students in the universities.
Dar postilla, (in the universities) is for the professors to dictate, lecture, or tell the students what to write.
POSTINHA, f. f. a small slice or piece of flesh, fish, &c.
POSTIMINIO, f. m. postliminy, the return of one thought to be dead, or that had been taken by the enemy, to his own country, right, and estate again.
Postimínio, postliminy, a restoration from exile and captivity; also a law for restoring what was unlawfully taken away, a right to one's former estate, a recovery, or reprisal.
Postimínio, postliminy, restoration to one's house by a hole through the wall, and not by going over the threshold, that being thought ominous.
POSTO, *Posta*, adj. put, placed, set. See the verb **POR**.
D'espas do sol posto, after sun-set.
Posto, f. m. a place. See **LUGAR**, and **SITIO**.
Posto, an employment. See **CARGO**, and **OFFICIO**.
Posto, (in military affairs) a post, any spot of ground capable of lodging soldiers, or where they are stationed.
POSTOQUE, a conjunction, although, albeit.
POSTRADO, a, adj. prostrate, laid flat along. See the verb **PROSTRAR**.
POSTRAR. } See { **PROSTRAR**.
POSTRE. } { **SOPREMESA**.
POSTREIRO, a, adj. last, or the latter part of. From the Lat. *postremus*.
POSTRES, (it is rather a Spanish word) the desert at table after dinner. See **SOPREMESA**.
POSTREIRO, a, adj. last. See **ULTIMO**.
POSTULANCIA, f. f. exigency, want.
POSTULAR. See **PEDIR**, and **REQUERER**.
POSTURA, f. f. the posture, position, or gesture of the body; also fingering (speaking of any instrument of music.)
Postura, (in painting and carving) situation, posture, or action of a figure with regard to the eye.
Em postura de, so postured as to, or looking as if.
Postura, ou aquella postura, to posture in any particular disposition.

POT

Essar nesta, ou naquella postura, to be postured in any particular disposition.
O que ensina as posturas dos pés, ou qualquer outra parte do corpo, a posture-master.
Postura da cidade, ou camara. See *LEY, ESTATUTO, USANÇA.*
Postura do sol, sun-set.
Postura, (in agriculture) a setting or planting. Lat. *positio.*
Postura, women's paint.
Por posturas, ou untar-se com posturas, to paint, to beautify one's face.
Postura, (in grammar) position, the state of a vowel placed before two consonants, or a double consonant.

POT

POTA'GEM, f. f. soup, porridge, potage. See also *BEBIDA.*
POTAVEL, adj. that can be drank, potable, drinkable.
Ouro potavel, potable gold.
POTE, f. m. an earthen pot to keep water in; also a measure of wine containing half an *almude*. See *ALMUDE.*
Meter dentro de hum pote, to pot.
POTE'JA, f. f. putty, a powder used in polishing metals, glass, &c. made of calcined tin.
POTERIO, f. m. the herb poley-mountain. Lat. *polium.*
POTENCIA, f. f. potency, potency, power; also efficacy, power, strength.
Potencia, (with schoolmen) potentia, power, or that whereby a thing is capable of acting, or being acted on.
Exsistir em potencia, to exist in potentia.
POTENCIA'L, adj. potential.
Cautério potencial, (in surgery) potential cautery, a caustic made of lime-stone, and other ingredients.
Modo potencial, (in grammar) potential mood.
POTENTA'DO f. m. a potentate.
POTENTE, adj. potent.
Cruz potente, (in heraldry.) See *POTENTE'A*, f. f. (in heraldry) cross potent.
POTENTEME'NTE, adv. potently.
POTESTADE, f. f. divine power.
Potestades, powers, a name of the second hierarchy of angels.
Potestade, a title or mark of honour formerly used in Portugal.
Potestade, power, authority, strength.
POTO, f. m. See *BEBIDA.*
POTRA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a rupture.
POTRO, or *POLDRO*, f. m. a horse-colt. Lat. *equuleus*; also an engine to rack malefactors. See *CAVALLETE.*
P. cavall. firmoso, do potro sarnoso, of a scabby colt a beautiful horse; or, as we say, soul in the cradle, and fair in the saddle.
POTROSO, f. m. one that is hursten, or broken-bellied.

POU

POU

POUCACHINHOS, f. m. a very little; as, *hum poucachinho de caminho, tempo, &c.* a very little way, while, &c.
POUCO, a, adj. little. From the Lat. *paucus*; also few.
Mayto pouco, very little.
Poucos amigos, few friends.
Poucos dias depois, a few days after.
Poucas palavras, a few words.
Poucas vezes, seldom.
Poucos, ou pouca gente, a few people.
Pouca cousa, a small matter.
Dentro de pouco tempo, within a little while, soon, speedily.
Pouco, f. m. a little, somewhat.
Elle passa com o pouco que tem, he lives upon the little he has.
Hum pouco triste, allegre, &c. somewhat sad, merry, &c.
Hum pouco humido, somewhat moist, dampish.
Por hum pouco, for a little while.
Ter a algum em pouco, to have a little esteem for one, to value him but little. See *DESPREZAR.*
Hum pouco de dinheiro, some money.
Pouco, adv. little, but little.
Pouco antes, a little before, not long since.
Pouco depois, a little after.
Por pouca que, a little, never so little.
Pouco mais ou menos, little more or less, thereabout.
Pouco a pouco, by degrees, by little and little: also softly.
Dar-se pouco de huma cousa, to be little concerned, to care little for a thing.
POVO, f. m. the inhabitants of a city, town, &c. the people. See also *NACAM, GENTE.*
Povo miúdo, the mean sort of people, the mob or populace.
POVOAÇAM, f. f. a city, a town, a village; also the inhabitants of a city, &c. See also *COLONIA.*
POVOA'DO, f. m. idem.
Povoado, a, adj. populous; also peopled. See also *ESPESSO, BASTO, COPADO.*
POVOADO'R, f. m. a peopler of a town or country.
POVOA'R, v. a. to people.
POUPA, f. f. the bird called hoop, whoop, pewt, or lapwing. Lat. *upupa.*
Poupa, tuft, cope, or crest on the head of some birds.
Que tem poupa, tufted, coped, crested.
POUPA'DO, a, adj. spared, saved, &c. See *POUPA.*
Poupado, sparing, saving, good husbandry.
Ser poupado, to be saving, to be a good husband.
Ser muito poupado, to be niggardly, to be near.
POUPADO'R, f. m. a saving man, a good husband.
POUPA'R, v. a. to spare, to save, to husband, to lay up.

POY

Poupar, to spare, to save, or exempt.
Poupar o seu trabalho, to spare one's labour.
O poupar do tempo, the husbandry, economy or management of one's time.
Poupar os seus amigos, to forbear being troublesome to one's friends, not to abuse their friendship.
Poupar-lhe aquella pena, save him that grief.
Elle não poupa a ninguém, he spares no body, he rails at every body.
Poupar o seu dinheiro, to spare one's money.
Poupar-se, v. r. to take care of one's self.
Elle não se poupa, he does not spare himself, he does not take care of himself.
P. quem ao inimigo poupa, nas suas mãos mette, he that dallies with his enemy, or spares his life, dies by his hands.
POUQUIDA'DE, f. f. smallness, littleness, a small inconsiderable matter, paucity. See *MISERIA, POBREZA.*
Pouquidade, smallness, or want of wit and genius, particularly in writing.
POUQUÍSSIMO, a, adj. the least that may be.
POUQUOCHINHOS, adv. very little.
POUSA Loufa. See *BORBOLETA.*
POUSA'DA, f. f. an inn or lodging. See also *HOSPICIO*, and *DOMICILIO.*
Pousada, the place where the hens lay their eggs.
POUSADO, a, adj. lodged, &c. See the verb *POUSA.*
POUSADEIRO, f. m. See *SESSO.*
POUSAFO'LLES, f. m. an idle or lazy fellow, an idler.
POUSANTE, (in heraldry) signifies a bird perching upon a bough.
POUSA'R na estalagem, v. n. to inn, to lodge at a public inn.
Pousar em casa de algum, to lodge at one's house.
Pousar, to perch upon a stick, twig of a tree, &c. as birds do.
Pousar, v. a. ex. *Pousar o peso que se levava ás costas, ou nas mãos*, to lay down the burden.
POUSIO. See *POUZIO.*
PO'USO, f. m. the tree upon which birds perch; also the space taken up by the body, when one is in bed.
Tomar pouso, (a sea phrase) to cast anchor.
Pouso, a bedder, or bedetter, the nether stone of an oil-mill.
PO'UTA, f. f. a stone used by fishermen instead of a *FATEXA*, which sec.
POUZIO, (in the province of Beira) fallow land.

POY

PO'YA, f. f. a large flat loaf; also ox or cow dung.
POYA'L, f. m. a josting block, or something like it.

P R A

Quebrar pedras, (a vulgar phrase) to be idle.

POYO, f. m. a josting block, a block for getting on horseback.

Poyo da litorra. See *ESIRIBO*.

Poyos, the heaps of sand, or mud which obstruct the current of a river, &c.

P R A

PRACA, f. f. a market or piazza; also a square; also a fortified place, a hold.

Praca de armas, a place of arms, or of war, a fortified town; also a place where arms are laid up and kept in a ship. They call it also, *Casa de Santa Barbara*. See *BARBARA*.

Praca de armas nas cidades, ou fortalezas, a place of arms, (in a city) a large spot of ground where the garrison holds its rendezvous upon reviews, and in cases of alarm, to receive orders from the governor.

Praca de armas no arrayal, (in a camp) a place of arms, a large space at the head of the camp for the army to be ranged in, and drawn up in battalia.

Praca regular, (in fortification) regular place, or one whose angles and sides are every where equal.

Praca irregular, (in fortification) irregular place, one whose angles and sides are unequal.

Praca baixa, (in fortification) casemate, a kind of vault of mason's work in that part of the flank of a bastion next the curtain, serving for a battery, to defend the face of the opposite bastion, and the moat or ditch.

Fazer praca, to make way, used by the guards when the king goes out of some place.

Fazer praca. See *APARTAR-SE*.

Praca, an employment or office.

Affistar praca. See *ASSENTAR*.

Cemer praca de soldado, (a military phrase) to take pay for service.

Praca morta, a soldier in ordinary pay during life.

Vir á praca, (metaph.) to be known by every body.

Praca ordinaria da conversação, common talk or discourse, (metaph.)

Pôr a praca no campo, (an antiquated phrase) to set an army in array.

Passar, ou correr praca de discreto, douto, &c. to be deemed discreet, learned, &c.

PRA'DO, f. m. a meadow, a green field.

PRA'GA, f. f. imprecation, curse.

Rogar ou deitar pragas, to imprecate.

Praga, any public calamity or affliction, as plague, &c.

Praga de bichos, a swarm of worms.

Praga de bichos, que dão nas arvores, a worm-eating, or breeding of worms in trees.

PRAGA'NA, f. f. the beard of corn. Lat. *arista*.

Esprea que não tem praga, an ear of corn without a beard.

Pragana, (in the Portuguese India.) See *TERRITORIO*, and *BAIRRO*.

P R A

PRAGMATICA. See *PREMATICA*.

PRAGUEJADOR, f. m. he who imprecates, or curses.

PRAGUEJADO, a, adj. imprecated, &c. See

PRAGUEJAR, v. a. to imprecate, to curse.

PRAGUENTO. See *PRAGUEJADOR*.

PRAIA. } See { *PRAYA*.

PRAINA. } See { *PLAINA*.

PRAINO. } See { *PLAINO*.

PRANADEIRA, f. f. a sort of chaffer or beetle, which after purifying the honey, is immediately killed by the bees.

PRANCHA, f. f. a plank.

Prancha, a plate of metal.

Prancha, ou ferro de engomar. See *ENGOMAR*.

Prancha, the flat side of a sword.

Dar de prancha, to strike with the flat side of a sword, &c.

Cubrir com pranchas, to plank.

PRANCHETA, f. f. (with surgeons) a lint; also a sort of mathematical instrument.

PRANTA, PRANTADO, &c. See *PLANTA, PLANTADO, &c.*

PRANTEADEIRA, f. f. so they anciently called the women hired to mourn and lament in funerals.

PRANTEADORA, f. f. idem.

PRANTEADO, a, adj. lamented.

PRANTEAR, v. a. to mourn, to lament.

PRANTO, f. m. a weeping, great wailing, plaint, lamentation, mourning. Lat. *planctus*.

Rebentar em pranto desfeito, to burst out in tears.

PRA'SIO, f. m. a kind of green stone. Lat. *prasius lapis*.

PRASMA'DO, a, adj. (an antiquated word.) See *ABOMINAVEL*.

PRASMA'R, (an antiquated word.) See *VITUPERAR*.

PRA'SMO, f. m. (an antiquated word.) See *INJURIA*, and *VITUPERIO*.

PRASO. See *PRAZO*.

PRA'TA, f. f. silver.

Via de prata, silver-vein.

Fio de prata, silver-wire.

Voz de prata, a clear voice.

Pessoa que tem lingua de prata, an eloquent person.

Rio da Prata, (in the Brasils) the river Plate.

PRATEADO, a, adj. silvered over, done over with silver.

PRATEAR, v. a. to silver over, to do over with silver.

PRATEIRO, f. m. a silversmith.

PRATELEYRA. See *PARTELEYRA*.

PRATELEYRO, f. m. a shelf, a board fastened against a wall, to lay earthen vessels, glasses, &c. on.

PRATICA, f. f. a familiar discourse. See also *CONFERENCIA*.

Prática, practices, actual exercise, performance, distinguished from theory.

Pôr em pratica. See *PRATICAR*.

P R E

Prática, practice, method or art of doing any thing.

Prática, practice, use, customary use.

Prática, (in the university) a speech, lecture, or discourse upon the medical treatment of diseases.

Prática, practice, exercise of any profession: as, *Prática de medico, cirurgião, &c.* the practice of a physician, surgeon, &c.

Prática, a plain discourse made to the people, instructing them in matters of religion, a homily.

PRÁTICA'DO, a, adj. practised. See the verb *PRATICAR*.

PRATICAMENTE, adv. practically, by practice.

PRATICANTE, p. a. a practitioner, one who practises, or is engaged in the actual exercise of any art, or profession.

PRATICAR, v. a. to practise, to exercise any profession; also to put in practice, to practise.

Praticar, v. n. See *CONVERSAR*, *FALLAR*.

PRÁTICO, a, adj. experienced, artful. See also *VERSADO*.

Prático, practical, belonging to practice, not merely speculative.

PRATINHO, f. m. a small plate or dish.

PRA'TO, f. m. a plate, a dish.

Fazer prato de alguma coisa, (metaph.) to praise a thing, to propose it as an example that deserves to be followed.

PRAVIDA'DE, f. f. pravity, wickedness, perverseness, untowardness. See *MALDADE*.

PRA'XE, or *PRAXI*. See *PRATICA*.

PRA'XIDICE, f. f. Praxidica, a heathen goddess, whose office was to assign men just bounds for their actions and discourses.

PRA'TA, f. f. shore, the side or bank of the sea.

Que está perto da praya, shory.

PRAZENTEIRO, a, adj. See *ALEGRE, FESTIVAL*.

PRAZE'R, f. m. pleasure. See *GOSTO, ALEGRIA, FONTE*.

Praxer, this verb is only used in the following tenses; *me prax, ou me a-prax*, I will, it is my pleasure. *Praxa a Deus*, God grant: *praxera a Deus*, or *praxera*, would to God: *praxendo a Deus*, if God please, if it please God.

PRA'ZO, f. m. a term or time allowed to do any thing, or to appear in a court of justice.

Largar o prazo, to prolong, to put off to a distant, or longer time.

Prazo, a contract by which lands are given to be possessed for ever, upon condition that a small yearly rent shall be paid to the proprietor.

P R E

PREA. See *PRESA*.

PRE-ADAMITAS, Præadamites.

Partinente aos Pre-adamitas, præadamitical,

PRE

tical, relating to those inhabitants of the earth, which some people have fancied to have lived before Adam.

PRE'ADO, p. of **PREAR**; which see.

PREALLEGADO, *a*, adj. before alleged.

PREAMA'R, *f. m.* flood or high water.

PREAMBULO, *f. m.* a preamble, a preface, an introduction.

PREAR, *v. a.* (an antiquated word) to prey, to seize by violence.

PREBENDA, *f. f.* a prebend, that portion or stipend which a prebendary receives out of the estate, of a cathedral or collegiate church.

PREBENDA'DO, *f. m.* a prebendary, he who has a prebend.

PREBENDARI'A, *f. f.* the office of a **PREBENDEIRO**, which see.

PREBENDEIRO, *f. m.* (in the university) an officer whose business is to recover all the money due to the university, to pay the rector, &c.

PREBO'STE, *f. m.* a provost, or provost marshal.

PRECACAM. See **COLHEITA**.

PRECALÇA'DO, p. of

PRECALÇA'R, (an antiquated word) See **GANHAR**, **ACQUIRIR**.

PRECALÇO, *f. m.* gain, profit, lucre. *Que um grande precalço*, gainful, profitable, whereof much gain cometh.

PRECA'RIO, *a*, adj. (in law) precarious, gotten by favour, or held by courtesy, uncertain, depending on the will of another.

PRECATA'DO, *a*, adj. wary, cautious. See

PRECATA'R, *v. a.* to precaution, to forewarn, to warn before hand; also to avoid, to provide against a thing.

Precautar-se, *v. r.* to beware before-hand, to be suspicious of danger from.

Quando mal me precatu, when I least think of it.

PRECATO, *f. m.* See

PRECAUÇA'M, *f. f.* precaution, preservative caution; also something made use of to keep off a disease, or any ill; a preservative.

PRECAUTELADO, p. of

PRECAUTELA'R, *v. n.* or **Precautelar-se**, *v. r.* to prevent, to hinder, to obviate.

PRECAUTÓRIO, *a*, adj. (with physicians) preservative, preventive, that keeps off a disease.

PRECEDENCIA, *f. f.* precedence. See **PREFERENCIA**, and **ANTECEDENCIAS**.

Precedencia, precedence, adjustment of place, rank, place of honour, which a person is intitled to in companies, in walking, or sitting.

PRECEDENTE, adj. precedent, going before.

PRECEDE'R, *v. a.* to precede, to go before in order of time.

Preceder, to go before according to the adjustment of rank, to precede.

PRECEDI'DO, *a*, adj. preceded. See the *v.* **PRECEDER**.

PRECEITO, *f. m.* a precept, a man-

PRE

date, a command. See also **DOCUMENTO**, **REGRA**.

PRECEPTOR, *f. m.* a preceptor, a teacher.

PRECEPTO'RA, *f. f.* a mistress that teaches.

PRE'CES, *f. f. p.* prayers, particularly a public prayer in time of calamity, &c. Lat.

PRECIEN'CLA, *f. f.* See **PRESCIENCIA**.

PRECI'NTA, *f. f.* the ropes, or sacking belonging to a bed-head.

Preinta de cal, a bond or ligament of mortar that holds two stones together.

PRECINTADO. See **CINGIDO**.

PRECINTO. See **CIRCUITO**.

PRECIO'SAMENTE, adv. preciously.

PRECIOSIDA'DE, adv. preciousity; preciousness.

PRECIO'SO, *a*, adj. precious.

PRECIPIO, *f. m.* a precipice. See also **DECLINACAM**, and **RUINA**.

PRECIPITACAM, *f. f.* precipitancy, rash haste, headlong hurry, precipitation; also precipitation (in chemistry.)

PRECIPITADAMENTE, adv. precipitantly, precipitately.

PRECIPITADO, *a*, adj. cast down headlong, precipitated; also rash, inconsiderate. See also **PRECIPITAR**, it is also used substantively. See **PRECIPITAR**.

Precipitado verde, green precipitate, a mixture of the solution of mercury with spirit of nitre.

Precipitado vermelho, red precipitate, mercury dissolved in spirit of nitre, and when the moisture is evaporated, the fire is increased gradually, till the matter turns red.

Precipitado branco, white precipitate, mercury dissolved in aqua fortis, or spirit of nitre, and precipitated to the bottom, and is of a white colour.

PRECIPITANTE, (with chemists) precipitant, a term which they apply to any liquor, which being poured on a dissolution, separates what is there dissolved, and makes it precipitate.

PRECIPITA'R, *v. a.* to precipitate, to throw, or cast down headlong.

Precipitar, (with chemists) to precipitate, to separate a matter which is dissolved so as to make it settle at the bottom, to throw down to the bottom.

Precipitar-se, *v. r.* to precipitate, to fall headlong, to run down headlong.

PRECIPHORIA, *f. f.* an engine formerly used to batter walls.

PRECIPITO'SO, *a*, adj. precipitous, rash, inconsiderate.

PRECISADO, *a*, adj. forced. See **PRECISAR**.

PRECISAMENTE, adv. exactly. See also **ABSOLUTAMENTE**.

PRECISAM, *f. f.* (a school term) precision, an exact limitation.

Precisaço, clearness, perspicuity, distinctness.

PRECISA'R, *v. a.* to force, to oblige.

PRECISO, *a*, adj. absolutely neces-

PRE

sary. See also **CERTO**, **DETERMINADO**. It is also used substantively; as, *a precisa do rigor historico*, the boundaries, limits, or bounds of history.

Preciso, (in logic) precise. See **ABSTRACTO**.

PRECIYO, or **PRESCIYO**, *f. m.* one that is damned or doomed to everlasting punishment.

Os precitos, the damned.

PRECLA'RO, *a*, adj. noble, renowned, famous, brave. See **BELLO**. Lat. *præclarus*.

PREÇO, *f. m.* price, value, rate, worth. Lat. *pretium*. See also **ESTIMACAM**, **CREDITO**, and **IMPORTANCIA**.

Levantar o preço, to raise the price.

Couza de muito preço, costly, a thing of great price and value, sumptuous.

Por nenhum preço da vida, by no means.

Por qualquer preço que seja, whatever it costs.

A preço de dinheiro, through, or by means of money.

Couza que não tem preço, a thing inestimable, that cannot be valued.

A preço de sangue, through bloodshed.

A preço de muito sangue, through great bloodshed.

P. engana-me no preço, e não no que mereço, cheat me in price, but not in the goods I buy.

P. a muita conversação because de muitos preços, too much familiarity breeds contempt.

PRECONIZAÇAM, *f. f.* (in the consistory at Rome) preconisation, a declaration or proposition made by the cardinal patron of a person nominated by some prince to a prelateship.

PRECONIZADO, p. of

PRECONIZA'R, *v. a.* to preconise, to make a report in the pope's consistory, that the party presented to a benefice is qualified for the same.

PRECURSOR, *f. m.* St. John, the forerunner of our Saviour.

Precurso da p. l. See **AURORA**.

PREDECESSOR, *f. m.* a predecessor.

PREDEFINIÇAM, *f. f.* the act of appointing, or determining before, (in divinity.)

PREDEFINI'DO, *a*, adj. appointed before, determined.

PREDEFINI'R, *v. a.* (in divinity) to appoint, or determine before-hand, to prefix.

PREDESTINAÇAM, *f. f.* (in divinity) predestination.

PREDESTINADO, *a*, adj. predestinated.

Os predestinados, those that are predestinated.

PREDESTINA'R, *v. a.* (in divinity) to predestinate.

Predestinar, to appoint before-hand.

PREDIA'L, adj. (in law) predial, consisting of farms.

Dizimos prediais, predial tithes.

PREDICA, *f. f.* the art of preaching.

PRE

PRE

PRE

PREDICAÇÃO, f. f. (in logic) predication.
PREDICA'DO, f. m. (in logic) a predicate.
PREDICAMENTA'L, adj. (in logic) predicamental.
PREDICAMENTO, f. m. (in logic) a predicament. See also **NUMERO**.
Predicamento, repete. See **CREDITO**, **ESTIMACÃO**.
PREDICANTE, f. m. a protestant preacher or minister.
PREDICAM. See **PREDICAÇÃO**.
PREDICATTO, a, adj. fit for a sermon, or belonging to it.
PREDICAÇÃO, f. f. predication, prophecy.
PREDIO, f. m. a farm, or a piece of ground in the fields.
PREDITO, a, adj. above said, or mentioned; also foretold, prophesied.
PREDIZE'R, v. a. to foretell, or prophesy, to predict.
PREDOMINADO, p. of **PREDOMINAR**, which see.
PREDOMINANTE, p. a. predominant, prevailing.
PREDOMINAR, v. n. to predominate, or prevail.
PREDOMÍNIO, f. m. predominancy, power over.
PREELIGER, v. a. to elect, to chuse before-hand, to pre-elect.
PREELIGIDO, a, adj. pre-elected, chosen before.
PREEXISTÊNCIA, f. f. pre-existence.
PREEXISTENTE, adj. pre-existent, existing before another.
PREEXISTIR, v. n. to pre-exist.
PREFACIAM, f. f. a preface, or pre-ample.
O que faz huma prefacão, a prefacer.
Fazer huma prefacão, to preface.
PREFAC'CIO, f. m. the preface in the mass, which is immediately before the canon, to dispose the assembly to attention and devotion.
PREFECTO, f. m. a prefect among the ancient Romans. This title some religious people give to their superiors; and in colleges there is a prefect of the studies, who looks to the scholars, in order to make them mind their business; the overseer, or chief master of a college.
Prefecto, is also a name or title given to many officers in Rome.
PREFECTURA, f. f. (with the ancient Romans) prefecture. See also **OFFICIO**, **CARGO**, **GOVERNO**.
PREFEITO, f. m. the overseer, or chief master of a college.
PREFERÊNCIA, f. f. preference.
PREFERIDO, a, adj. preferred.
PREFERIR, v. a. to prefer, to make more account of, to sit more by.
PREFICIA. See **PRANTEADÉIRA**.
PREFIGURADO, a, adj. prefigured, or prefigured.
PREFIGURAR, v. a. to prefigure, or prefigure.
PREGA, f. f. a crumple, a gather, a

plait, a fold. Lat. *ruga*. *Fazer pregar*, to plait, to lay in plaits or folds.
PREGAÇÃO, f. f. a preaching, a sermon.
PREGADICO, a, adj. that is nailed, or fastened with nails.
PREGADO, a, adj. preached.
Pregado, a, adj. nailed, fastened with nails.
PREGADOR, f. m. a preacher.
Religião dos Pregadores, the order of the Dominicans, founded by St. Dominic. They were called in England Black-friers, or Preaching friers.
PREGADURA, f. f. See **PREGARIA**.
PREGANDA. See **PRAGMÁTICA**.
PREGAM, f. m. a proclamation, = cry; also a commendation, or praise. Lat. *proclatium*.
Lançar prego, to cry, as a crier does, to proclaim.
Pregões de Lisboa e de Londres, the Lisbon and London cries.
PREGAR, v. a. to preach.
Pregar, v. a. to nail, to fasten with nails; also to stick, to fix, to thrust a pointed weapon into.
Pregar hum prego a huma parede, to nail a picture to a wall.
Pregar hum prego, to drive a nail in, to fasten or stick a nail.
Pregar com hum alfinete, to pin.
Pregar com hum prego, to fasten with a nail, to nail.
Pregar em alguma huma bofetada, hum cefforão, &c. to give one a slap, a cuff on the ear, &c.
Pregar, ou cravar os olhos em alguém, to fix one's eyes upon one. See **CRAVAR**.
Pregar ou fechar os olhos, to close or shut the eyes.
Não pude pregar os olhos toda a noite, I did not sleep a wink all night.
PREGARIA, f. f. See **CRAVACÃO**.
PREGMÁTICA. See **PRÉMATICA**.
PRE GUINHO, f. m. a small nail. Lat. *clavulus*.
PREGO, f. m. a nail, an iron pin. Lat. *clavus*.
O que faz pregar, a nailer.
Cabeça do prego, the head of a nail.
O no de purpura com a figura de cabeça de prego, em que os senadores e cavalleiros Romanos ornavaõ as suas tegas, a round knob, or stud of purple, wherewith the robes of the senators and knights were adorned.
Cabeça grossa de prego como as que se vem nas portas, a great head of a nail, embossed on doors or gates.
Prego grosso com que se uzen as pranchas, ou taboas de hum navio, a ship nail.
Prego de cabeça larga e chato, a broad nail, a bolt.
Prego, the horn of a young deer, or pricket without knags. Lat. *subula*.
Prego. See **FRUNCHO**.
Prego com a ponta quebrada, a stub, a nail with the point broken off.
Pregos, a sort of large pins used by women in dressing their heads.

Prego, an iron nail, or spike used as a snare to catch thieves.
PREGOADO, a, adj. proclaimed by a crier.
PREGOAR, v. a. to cry, to proclaim. See **APREGOAR**.
PREGOEIRO, f. m. a crier. Lat. *prætor*; also a publisher, proclaimer, or setter forth of things.
Officio de pregoeiro, the crier's office.
PREGUIÇA, f. f. slothfulness, laziness, sluggishness, lothesomeness, idleness. Lat. *pigritia*.
Preguiça, a beak very remarkable for slowness, in Brazil. It is called by some of the natives *aig*, or *lay*; and by others *mau*.
P. preguiça, chave de pobreza, sloth is the key to poverty, or the way to grow poor.
PREGUIÇOSO, a, adj. slothful, lazy.
Ser preguiçoso, to be lazy.
A preguiça, (with sportmen) the partridge that is the last in springing.
PREHEMINÊNCIA, f. f. See **PRÉMINENCIA**.
PREITEANTE, &c. See **PLEITEANTE**, &c.
PREITEAR, (obsolet.) to agree, to come to an agreement.
PREITEJAMENTO, f. m. (obsolet.) agreement.
PRETERIA, f. f. See **PREITO**.
PRETESIA, f. f. (obsolet.) agreement.
PREITEZ, (a burlesque word.) See **CONFIADO**, **DESENFADADO**.
PREITO, ou *pleito e homenagem*, a solemn oath of fealty, or full homage.
PREJUDICADO, a, adj. prejudiced, damaged.
PREJUDICAR, v. a. to prejudice, to damage, to hurt, to wrong.
PREJUDICIAL, adj. prejudicial, hurtful. Lat. *damnosus*.
PREJUDICIALMENTE, adv. hurtfully, with hurt, or loss, to one's harm. Lat. *damnose*.
PREJUIZO, f. m. prejudice; damage, wrong, hurt. Lat. *damnum*.
PRELAÇÃO, f. f. preference before another.
PRELADO, f. m. a prelate; also a superior in a convent, or monastery.
PRELAZIA, f. f. prelacy, the dignity of a prelate.
PRELIBACÃO, f. f. prelibation, foretaste, effusion previous to tasting; as, *a prelibação daquell as eternas alegrias*, the prelibation of those eternal joys.
PRELIMINAR, adj. preliminary.
PRELO, f. m. See **IMPRESSA**.
PRELUDIO, f. m. a prelude; also a preface.
PRÉMATICA, or **PRAGMÁTICA**, f. f. a royal proclamation.
PRAGMÁTICA sanção, pragmatistical sanction; an ordinance made by Charles VII. king of France, anno 1438, in an assembly of the Gallican church, containing a regulation of the eccle-

PRE

ecclesiastical discipline, in conformity to the canons of the council of Basil.

PREMITU'RO, *a*, adj. premature, coming too soon.

PREMEDEIRAS, *f. f. p.* the treadle of a weaver's loom. Lat. *infil.*

PREMEDITA'DO, *a*, adj. premeditated.

PREMEDITAR, *v. a.* to premeditate. Lat. *premeditari.*

PREMIA'DO, *a*, adj. rewarded.

PREMIAR, *v. a.* to reward.

PREMEDEIRAS. See **PREMEDEIRAS**.

PREMINENCIA, *f. f.* pre-eminence, being above, or before another. See also **PRECEDENCIA**.

PREMINENTE, adj. pre-eminent, above, or before another; also glorious, honourable.

PREMIO, *f. m.* a reward. Lat. *premiu*.

Premio, (*in commerce*) premium, the sum of money given to an insurer for the insuring the safe return of a ship or merchandize.

PREMISSAS, (*in logic*) premises, the two first propositions of a syllogism.

PREMOÇAM, *f. f.* (a school term) pre-motion, the action of co-operating with the creature and determining him to act.

PREMONSTRATENSE ordem, Premonstratenses, an order of regular canons, observing St. Austin's rules.

PRENÇA. See **PRENSA**.

PRE'NDA, *f. f.* a favour, something given by a lady, or lover to be worn, or kept as a token of love and friendship; also accomplishment, ornament, endowment.

Prendas, accomplishments, acquirements in literature, art, science, good behaviour, &c.

Prenda do amor conjugal, a child, the pledge of love between man and wife.

Homem de grandes prendas, a man well accomplished, a man of good parts, of worth.

PRENDA'DO, *a*, adj. accomplished; also that has received something as a token of love, friendship, esteem, &c.

PRENDA'R-SE em, *v. r.* to take something as a token of love, friendship, &c.

PRENDER, *v. a.* to take hold on, to imprison, to take, to seize, to arrest. See also **ATAR**.

Prender, to pounce, to seize with the pounces or talons, as a bird of prey.

Prender de humas palavras em outras, to commune, to talk or discourse together, to communicate sentiments interchangeably.

PRENE'STO, *f. m.* Palestrina, a city of Italy, about twenty miles eastward from Rome. Lat. *Præneste*.

PRENHA'DA, *f. f.* a woman with child.

PRANHE, adj. big with child.

PRE

Prente, (*fallando em animas*) impregnated, got with young.

Andar, ou estar prente, to be great with child or young.

Fazer prente. See **EMPRENHAR**.

Palavras prentes, words that import more than appears at the first sight.

PRENHE'Z, ou **PRENHIDAM**, *f. f.* the state of being with child.

Prentes, (*fallando em fêmeas de animas*) a being great with young.

PRENOÇAM, *f. f.* prenoction, foreknowledge.

PRENO'JE, *f. m.* the title preceding the proper name; as Don in Spain; Dom in Portugal; in the island of Maluco, Cachil, &c.

PRENSA, *f. f.* any sort of press.

Pressa, (*metaph.*) See **IMPRESSAM**.

PRENU'NCIO, *f. m.* a sign or token of any thing that is to come or happen, a presage.

PREOCCUPAÇAM, *f. f.* pre-occupation. See also **PREVENÇAM**.

PREOCCUPA'DO, *a*, adj. pre-occupied, &c. See

PREOCCUPAR, *v. a.* to pre-occupy, to prevent; also to pre-occupy, to prepossess, to fill with prejudices.

PREPARAÇAM, *f. f.* preparation.

PREPARA'DO, *a*, adj. prepared. See

PREPARAR, *v. a.* to prepare, to get or make ready for any purpose, to fit for any thing, or fit up for any use. See also **DISPOR**.

Preparar o sustento, to chew or break the food between the teeth.

Preparar-se, *v. r.* to prepare, to make one's self ready, to take previous measures.

PREPARATIVO, *a*, adj. preparative, preparatory.

PREPASSADO, *p. of*

PREPASSAR por algum, *v. n.* to pass before or in the sight of one.

PREPONDERA'DO, *p. of*

PREPONDERAR, *v. n.* to preponderate. See also **PREVALECER**, **VENCER**.

PREPOR, *v. a.* See **ANTEPOR**, **PREFERIR**.

PREPOSSAÇAM, *f. f.* (*in grammar*) a preposition.

PREPOSITO, *f. m.* a superior, in some religious orders.

PREPOSITURA, *f. f.* the office or dignity of one that is a superior, in some religious orders.

PREPOSTERAMENTE, adv. preposterously. Lat. *præposterè*.

PREPOSTERO, *a*, adj. preposterous, having that first, which ought to be last. Lat. *præposterus*.

PREPOSTO, *f. m.* an ancient dignity in the monastery called Santa Cruz de Coimbra.

PREPU'CIO, *f. m.* the prepuce, or foreskin of a man's privities. Lat. *præputium*.

PREROGATI'VA, *f. f.* prerogative. Lat. *prærogativa*.

PRE

PRE'SA, or **PRE'ZA**, *f. f.* a prey, or booty by force. Lat. *præda*.

Navio que corre o mar para fazer presas, a pickaroon, a privateer.

Andar com navio as presas, to turn pirate, to go a privateering.

Preja, ou **navio tomado dos inimigos**, a prize.

Largar a presa, to let one's hold go.

Preja do javali, the tush, or tusk of a boar.

Presas, ou **dentês colmillos de bum cavallo**. See **DENTES colmillos**.

Presas, the pounces, talons, or claws of a bird of prey.

Preja, a flood-gate to keep in water, a mill-dam.

Preja do moinho, a mill-dam.

Das em que fazer presa a todo o mundo por causa do vello medo de viver, you expose yourself strangely by your carriage. (*Metaph.*)

Não acabarão em que fazer presa nas suas palavras, they could not take hold of his words. (*Metaph.*)

PRESAGIA'DO, *a*, adj. presaged, &c. See

PRESAGIA'R, *v. a.* to presage, to forebode, to foretel, to portend. Lat. *præfigere*.

PRESA'GIO, *f. m.* a presage, an omen, a token.

Bom, ou máo presagio, an omen or token of good or bad luck, a good or bad omen.

Este he muyto máo presagio, this omenates sadly.

PRESA'GO, *a*, adj. apprehensive, divining, boding, betokening. Lat. *præfagus*.

Presago do mal, omenous, foreboding ill.

PRESAR. See **PREZAR**.

PRESAS de huma ave de rapina, &c. See **PRESA**.

PRESA'VEL. See **PREZAVEL**.

PRESBITERIA'NOS, *f. m.* Presbyterians, a party of non-conformists, so called from their admitting of lay elders into their church government.

PRESBITE'RIO, *f. m.* the chancel of a church, the place between the altar and communion table, and the balustrade or rails that inclose it; also presbytery, an assembly of presbyters.

PRESBYTERO, *f. m.* a priest, or presbyter.

PRESCIENCIA, *f. f.* prescience, foreknowledge, foresight.

PRESCINDI'DO, *a*, adj. *p. of*

PRESCINDI'R, *v. a.* to prescind, to cut off, to abstract.

PRESCITO. See **PRECITO**.

PRESCREVER, *v. a.* to prescribe, to order, to ordain, to make a prescription. -

Prescrever, *v. n.* to grow out of use, or fashion, to decay.

Prescrever, (*in law*) to prescribe, to get by prescription.

PRESCRIPÇAM, *f. f.* (*in law*) prescription, right, or title to any thing, ground-

P R E

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grounded upon a continued possession of it, beyond the memory of man, *Prescriptum*, prescript, order.
PRESCRIPTIVEL, adj. (in law) that may prescribe, liable to prescription.
PRESCRITO, a, adj. prescribed, ordered.
PRESE'A, or **PREZEA**, f. f. a jewel, a rich ornament, à *proio*.
PRESENÇA, f. f. presence.
Presença, port, air, mien.
Presença, (with physicians.) See **ABUNDANCIA**.
PRESENCIALMENTE, adv. See **PESSOALMENTE**.
PRESENCIAR, v. a. to relate, to recount; also to be present, not absent.
PRESENTAÇAM, f. f. a presentation to a benefice.
PRESENTA'DO, a, adj. presented. See **PRESENTAR**.
Padre apresentado, a friar, &c. See **APRESENTADO**.
Presentado para hum cargo, presented for preferment.
PRESENTA'NEO, a, adj. presentaneous, ready, quick. Lat. *praesentaneus*.
PRESENTA'R, **PRESENTA'R-SE**. See **APRESENTAR**, **APRESENTA'R-SE**.
PRESENTE, adj. present.
O tempo presente, the present time.
Eu estava presente quando, &c. I was there when, &c.
Esta presente a minha memoria, it is fresh in my memory.
Fazer presente, to expose, to manifest, to acquaint, to make acquainted.
Isto sempre me he presente, I have it always present in my thoughts, I always think of it.
De presente, ou ao presente, at present, now, at this time.
Até esta presente hora, till now, to this very time.
Presente, f. m. a present, a gift.
Presente, (in grammar) the present, or present tense.
PRESENTEA'DO, a, adj. See **PRESENTA'R**.
PRESENTEA'R, v. a. to present, to make presents often; also to present, to make a present, to present a gift, or with a gift.
PRESENTIDO, a, adj. See **PRESENTIR**.
PRESENTI'NHO, f. m. a small present.
Presentinho de dinheiro, a spill of money, a little gift of money.
PRESENTIR, v. a. to perceive somewhat, to surmise, or understand beforehand, to foresee, to preconceive. Lat. *praesentire*.
PRESEPE, (in astronomy) *Præsepe*, three nebulous stars in the sign Cancer. But Avellar, in his Chronogr. only calls one of them so.
PRESEPIO, f. m. a stable, a stall. It is only applied to that in which our Saviour was born, or to a small figure or representation of it.
PRESERVAÇAM, f. f. preservation.

PRESERVA'DO, a, adj. preserved. See
PRESERVAR, v. a. to preserve, to keep from any evil.
PRESERVATIVO, f. m. a preservative.
PRESIDENCIA, f. f. presidentship, the honour of presiding.
PRESIDENTE, f. m. a president.
Presidente do collegio dos Ingleses em Lisboa, the rector of the English college in Lisbon.
Presidente, a moderator, one who presides in a disputation.
Presidente, (in some convents of the Capuchin friars) the superior.
PRESIDIA'DO, a, adj. See
PRESIDIA'R, v. a. to garrison, to place soldiers in a town or castle.
PRESI'DIO, f. m. a garrison, or place of defence, into which soldiers are put; also garrison, a body of forces disposed in a fortress.
Presidio, (metaph.) any help. See **PRE-ROGATIVA**, **PRENDA**, **VENTAGEM**.
PRESIDI'R, v. n. to preside, to be present as chief in the assembly. Lat. *praesidere*.
Presidir em humas conclusões, to be the moderator, or to preside in a disputation.
PRESI'GO, f. m. (in the province of Beyra.) See **CONDUTO**.
PRESILHA, f. f. a loop, such as they put on coats, or for other uses, &c. also a sort of jewel or wearing ornament for men.
PRESO, a, adj. apprehended, taken into custody, imprisoned, arrested, &c. according to the v. **PRENDER**.
P. preso por mil, preso por mil e quinhentos, we say, over shoes, over boots.
Priso, f. m. a prisoner.
PRESSA, f. f. haste, speed.
Musta pressa, hurry, or great haste.
A' pressa, in haste, hastily.
Feito á pressa, done in haste.
A toda a pressa, with all the haste that may be, in all haste, in post haste.
Ide á toda a pressa, make all the haste you can.
Ter muita pressa, to be in a hurry.
Dar pressa, to hasten.
Dar-se pressa, to haste, to make haste.
Pressa, ou perigo, a danger.
Liurar de grandes pressas. See **DESA-PRESSAR**.
P. a mor pressa, mayer wagar, the more haste the worse speed.
PRESSUROSO, a, adj. See **VELOZ**, **ACELERADO**.
PRESTADI'O, a, adj. serviceable, capable of doing service, obliging.
PRESTADO, a, adj. See **PRESTAR**.
PRESTAMEIRO, f. m. one that has a prestimony. See **PRESTIMONIO**.
PRESTAMENTE, adv. hastily.
PRESTAMENTO, f. m. (in ancient records.) See **UTILIDADE**.
PRESTANÇA, f. f. See **PRESTIMO**, **UTILIDADE**.
PRESTANTE, adj. excellent.

PRESTANTI'SSIMO, a, superl. very excellent.
PRESTAR, v. n. to be serviceable, obliging, or capable of doing service.
Não prestar para nada, to be good for nothing, or of no service. It is said both of persons and things.
Preste-lhe, ou que lhe preste, much good may it do you.
Homem de prestar, a serviceable or obliging man.
Prestar para muito, to be very obliging, or capable of doing service, to be very serviceable.
Prestar, v. a. See **EMPRESTAR**.
PRE'STE, f. m. (in ancient records) a priest.
Preste-João, *Prestler John*, which some will have to be the emperor of Ethiopia, others a great prince in Asia, that could never yet be found.
PRESTES. See **PREPARADO**, **PROMPTO**.
Fazer prestes, to get ready.
Fazer-se prestes, to get one's self ready.
Leves e prestes, prepared, ready.
PRESTEZA, f. f. quickness, nimbleness.
PRESTI'GIO, f. m. prestige, illusion, imposture, deceit.
PRESTIMO, f. m. ability, serviceableness, capableness of doing service.
Ter prestimo. See **PRESTAR**.
Não ter prestimo, to be good for nothing or of no service.
Homem de prestimo, ou de prestar. See **PRESTAR**.
PRESTIMONIAL, or **PRESTIMONIA'RIO**, a, adj. of, or belonging to prestimony.
PRESTIMONIO, f. m. (in canon law) prestimony, a fund or revenue settled by a founder for the subsistence of a priest, without being erected into any title of benefice, chapel, prebend, or priory, nor subject to any but the patron, and those he appoints.
PRESTITO, f. m. a term used both in the Spanish and Portuguese universities, when the beadle or messenger of the university notifies any order of the chancellor or other superior, which he that has the notification is to perform, *sub pœna prestiti jarnmenti*, i. e. under penalty of breaking his oath, whence the word was taken.
PRESTO, adv. quickly, readily; also quickly, soon.
Preste, adj. See **VELOZ**.
PRESUMI'DO, a, adj. presumed, guessed; also proud, conceited, presumptuous.
PRESUMIR, v. n. to presume, to suppose, to guess. See also **JULGAR**, and **SOSPETTAR**.
Presumir, ou ser presumido, to presume, to take too much upon one, to be presumptuous, proud, insolent, bold, saucy.
Presumir, to flatter one's self, to hope.
PRESUMÇAM, ou **PRESUNÇAM**, f. f.

PRE

f. f. presumption, guess; also presumptuousness, pride, arrogance.
PRESUMPTUO, (in law) presumption, strong probability.
Presunção, (in rhetoric) pre-occupation, or prevention of our adversary's objections.
PRESUMPTUOSO, or **PRESUNCO**, *SO*, a, adj. presumptuous, proud, insolent.
PRESUNTO; f. m. a gammon, or pottle of bacon with the leg on; a ham.
PRESUNTUOSAMENTE, adv. presumptuously, haughtily, conceitedly.
PRESUNTUOSO. See **PRESUMPTUOSO**.
PRESUPPOR, v. a. and irreg. to presuppose, to give a thing for granted. Lat. *presupponere*. It is conjugated like **CONHO**.
PRESUPPOSIÇÃO, f. f. presupposition, or supposition.
PRESUPPOSTO, a, adj. pre-supposed.
Presuposto, f. m. See **PRESUPPOSIÇÃO**. and **INTENTO**.
PRETENSÃO, f. f. See **PRETENSÃO**.
PRETENDENTE. or **PERTENDENTE**, p. a. a claimer, one that pretends a right, or sues for an employment, a suitor, a pretender.
Pretendente que pretende casar, a suitor, one who courts a woman.
PRETENDER, v. a. to claim, to challenge, or demand.
Ele pretende humadecima parte, he claims a tenth part.
Espreteadão de vos este final de agradecimento, I expected from you this proof of gratitude.
Pretender, to pretend, to expect, to aim.
Que pretendem estes miseráveis? what do those wretches pretend? what do they mean? what would they be at?
Ele não pretende senão largarme fora do meu lugar, all his aim is to get me out of my place.
Pretender humadecima parte, to suit, to woo, or court a woman.
PRETENDIDO, a, adj. claimed, &c. See **PRETENDER**.
PRETENSÃO, f. f. a pretence, a pretence, a claim, &c. See **PRETENDER**.
PRETENSÃO, a, adj. See **PRETENDIDO**.
PRETENSOR, f. m. See **PRETENDENTE**.
PRETENSORA, f. f. a woman that claims, pretends, or stands for a thing.
PRETERIÇÃO, f. f. (with rhetorical) preterition.
PRETERIDO, a, adj. pretermitted.
Filho preterito, a preterit child, a child whom the father has forgotten to mention in his last will.
PRETERIR, v. a. to pretermitt.
Preterir um testamento, to leave out the name of a son in the last will.

PRE

PRETERITO, f. m. (in grammar) the preter, or preterit.
Preterito imperfeito, the preterimperfect tense.
Preterito perfeito. See **PERFEITO**.
Preterito plusquam perfeito, preterpluperfect tense.
PRETERMISSÃO, f. f. See **PRETERIÇÃO**.
PRETERMITTIDO, a, adj. pretermitted.
PRETERMITTIR, v. a. to pretermitt.
PRETERNATURAL, adj. preternatural.
PRETEXTA, f. f. pretexta, a long white gown or toga, with a band or border of purple at bottom, worn by the Roman children till the age of puberty, i. e. seventeen, the boys; and the girls till marriage.
PRETEXTO, f. m. pretence, or pretext. cloak, colour.
PRETIDAM, f. m. See **NEGRIDAM**.
PRETINHO, a, adj. somewhat black.
Pretinho, f. m. See **NEGRINHO**.
PRETO, a, adj. black.
Preto, f. m. See **NEGRO**, f. m.
Preto, a sort of ancient coin in Portugal.
Preto, ou carneiro de guia. See **GUIA**.
PRETOLIM, f. m. a sort of varnish used by sword cutlers.
PRETOR, f. m. a pretor, a Roman judge.
Pretorante do pretor, pretorian.
PRETORIA. See **PRETURA**.
PRETORIO, f. m. pretorium, a court of justice, where the pretor used to sit.
PRETURA, f. f. the dignity of a pretor.
PREVALECER, v. n. to prevail, to have the advantage over, to gain the superiority. Lat. *prevailere*.
PREVALECIDO, p. of *prevalecer*, prevailed.
PREVALER. See **PREVALECER**.
PREVARICAÇÃO, f. f. prevarication. See also **TRANSGRESSÃO**.
PREVARICADO, p. of **PREVARICAR**, which see.
PREVARICADOR, f. m. a prevaricator, a false double-dealer. See also **TRANSGRESSOR**.
PREVARICAR, v. n. to prevaricate, to work by collusion in pleading. Lat. *prevaricari*, also to transgress, to violate a law.
PREVENÇÃO, f. f. (in canon law) prevention, the right that a superior person has to lay hold on, claim, or transact an affair, before an inferior, to whom it more immediately belongs.
Prevenção, prevention, prepossession, prejudice.
Prevenção, foresight, provision, caution, any sort of provisions, or measures taken before-hand.
Com prevenção, cautiously.
PREVENIDO, f. m. a provident and wise man.

PRI

Prevenido, a, adj. prepared. See also the v. **PREVENIR**.
PREVENIENTE graça, (in divinity) prevenient grace.
PREVENIR, v. a. to prevent, to hinder, to obviate.
Prevenir a alguém, to prevent one, to get the start of him, to be beforehand with him; also to prepossess, to pre-occupy one's mind.
Prevenir, to provide, to procure beforehand; also to take measures beforehand.
Prevenir-se, v. r. to provide against a thing, to beware afore-hand, to do any thing by way of prevention, to take measures before-hand.
PREVER, v. a. to foresee. Lat. *previdere*.
PREVIDÊNCIA, f. f. foresight, foreknowledge.
PREVIO, a, adj. previous, going before.
PREVISÃO, f. f. (in divinity) prevision.
PREVISTO, a, adj. foreseen. See also **PRUDENTE**.
Não prevista, unforeseen.
PREZADO. } See **ESTIMADO**.
PREZAR. } See **ESTIMAR**.
PREZAR-SE. See **GLORIAR-SE**.
PREZAVEL, adj. laudable, commendable, praise-worthy.
PREZEA. See **PRESEJA**.

PRI

PRÍAPO, f. m. Priapus, the lascivious God of gardens; also the genitals.
PRIGUIÇA, &c. See **PREGUIÇA**, &c.
PRÍMA, f. f. a she-cousin, *prima com irmão*, a she cousin-german, *prima segunda*, a second she-cousin.
Prima, (in music) the smallest string of an instrument.
Prima, (in falconry) the female, or female hawk of any kind, the male being called **TREÇO**.
Ora prima. See **PRIMO**.
Prima, (in the divine service) the hour of prime, which follows next after lauds.
Lente de prima de theologia, &c. (in the university) the professor that reads lectures of divinity, &c. in the morning.
PRÍMACIA, f. f. priority, the state of being first.
PRÍMACIAL, adj. of, or belonging to a primate.
PRÍMADO, f. m. the first or prime place.
PRIMARIAMENTE, adv. primarily, in the first place.
PRÍMARIO, a, adj. (in the schools) primary, not secondary.
PRÍMERA, f. f. the spring. Lat. *ver*. They also give this name to a sort of silk veil, or fine web, that is full of flowers resembling the spring.
Primavera jagrada, a kind of vow made by

by the ancient inhabitants of Italy.
Lat. *Ver sacrum*.

PRIMA'Z, f. m. a primate, a chief ecclesiastic.

PRIMAZI'A, f. f. primacy, the dignity or office of a primate. See also **EXCELLENCIA**, **SUPERIORIDADE**.

PRIMEIRA, f. f. a Portuguese game at cards; also the first form in a school.

PRIMEIRAMENTE, adv. in the first place, first.

PRIMEIRO, a, adj. first, the ordinal of one.

Primeiro, first, earliest, in time.

Primeiro, first, prime, highest in dignity.

As primeiras frutas, hallings.

Primeira, adv. before, first; as, *isto é a primeira*, this must be done first.

Primeiro que eu morra, before I die.

Primeiro que tudo, first, in the first place, first of all.

Pergunta primeiro pela mãe que pela filha, ask first for the mother, and then for the daughter.

P. quem primeiro vem, *primeiro mot*, first come, first served. The French say; *qui arrive le premier au moulin, premier doit moudre*.

PRIMEVO, a, adj. original, primitive, primeval, primevous.

PRIMEVRIA, f. f. the quality of being the chief or first in any respect, or the eldest in any faculty; primariness.

PRIMEVRI, f. m. one that is the first in any respect, or the eldest in any faculty.

PRIMICHI'CA, f. f. (in the province of Beyra) so they call a cow, &c. after bringing forth young ones the first time.

PRIMICIAS, f. f. p. the first fruits of the year; also the first production, work, or composition.

PRIMITIVO, a, adj. primitive, of the first institution.

Primitivo, (in grammar) ex. *verbo*, ou *nome primitivo*, a primitive verb or noun.

Número primitivo, prime number, that which is only divisible by unity, as five and seven are.

PRIMO, f. m. a cousin.

Primo com irmão, a cousin-german.

Primo segundo, a second cousin.

Primo, a, adj. See **PERITO**.

Obra prima, a perfect and curious work. See **PERFEITO**.

PRIMOGENITO, a, adj. first begotten; also the elder brother.

PRIMOGENITOR, f. m. a progenitor, or fore-father.

PRIMOGENITURA, f. f. primogeniture, the right of the first-born.

PRIMOR, f. m. niceness, skilfulness, accuracy, (speaking of a work, or any thing nicely made, or performed.)

Com primor, nicely.

Primor, obligingness of temper, gentility, elegance of behaviour, unasked

kindness, generosity, generous disposition, civility.

Com primor, generously, gentlemanlike, with unasked kindness, courteously, &c.

PRIMORDIO, f. m. primordial, origin, first principle.

PRIMOROSAMENTE, *ou com primor*, nicely; also generously, &c. See **PRIMOR**.

PRIMOROSÍSSIMO, a, adj. superl. very nice. See

PRIMOROSO, a, adj. skilful; also nicely made, or performed; also generous, obliging, &c. See **PRIMOR**.

PRINCEZA, f. f. a princess.

PRINCIPADO, f. m. principality, principedom, sovereignty; also principality, the country which gives title to a prince.

Principados, (in theology) the third order in the hierarchy of angels.

PRINCIPAL, adj. principal, chief, main. See also **ILLUSTRE**, and **CARDINAL**.

As pessoas principais de huma cidade, the head men, the chief, or topping men, the most eminent men of a city.

Principal, f. m. the main, the main thing, the main business, or point; also the principal, or capital money, (in commerce.)

Os principais de huma villa, the topping men of a town.

Principal, (in Coimbra) the principal, the head, or head-master of a college. It is also the name of an ecclesiastical dignity in Lisbon.

PRINCIPALMENTE, adv. principally, mainly, above all.

PRINCIPE, f. m. a prince. Lat. *princeps*.

Principe, the eldest son of a king; as, *O principe das Braças*, the prince of Braças, in Portugal.

Principe, the principal, chief, or most excellent person of any body of men; as, *Aristoteles o principe dos philosophos*, Aristotle the prince of philosophers.

Principe, prince, one who is a sovereign in his own territories, yet holds of some other as his superior lord; as, *os principes de Alemanha*, the princes of Germany.

Como hum principe, *ou a maneira de principe*, princely.

De principe, *ou pertencente a hum principe*, princely.

De principe, *ou que está bem a hum principe*, princelike, becoming a prince, princely.

Hum jantar de principe, a princely dinner.

A qualidade de principe, princeliness, princely quality.

Dignidade, estado, ou poder de hum principe. See **PRINCIPADO**.

PRINCIPIADO, a, adj. begun, commenced. See **PRINCIPIAR**.

PRINCIPIANTE, p. a. a beginner.

PRINCIPIAR, v. a. to begin. See **COMEÇAR**.

PRINCIPIO, f. m. the beginning.

Lat. *principium*.

Principio, principle, the first cause of the being or production of any thing, original cause.

Principios, (with mathematicians) principles, definitions, axioms, and postulates.

Principios das artes, ou sciencias, principles, the first grounds, elements, or rudiments of any art or science.

Principio, a principle or practical rule of action.

Principio, principle, element, constituent part, primordial substance.

Principios activos, (in chemistry) active principles, that is, spirit, oil, and salt.

Principios passivos, (in chemistry) passive principles, that is, water and earth.

P. ao principio, *ou ao fim*, *Abril costuma ser ruim*, at the beginning or end, April is generally bad. There is always bad weather some time or other in April.

P. bem principio he amade, a good beginning is half the work done.

PRIOR, f. m. a prior, the head of some monasteries; also a prior, or such a person, as in some churches presides over others in the same churches.

Prior, *ou cura*. See **CURA**.

Prior is also title in some military orders.

PRIORA, or **PRIOREZA**, f. f. a prioress, a lady superior of a convent of nuns.

PRIORADO, f. m. a priory, or monastery governed by a prior; also the dignity of a prior, priorship. See **PRIOR**.

PRIOREZA. See **PRIORA**.

PRIORIDADE, f. f. priority, state of being first in rank, order, or dignity, precedence in time, the state of being first.

PRIORIZ. See **PLEURIZ**.

PRIOSTADO, f. m. the office or dignity of a **PRIOSTE**, which see.

PRIOSTE, f. m. a collector of church-revenues; also a title given to the prior or chief of the clergy in the collegiate church of Guimaraes.

PRISAM, f. f. a prison or goal; also imprisonment; also the act of casting into prison.

Prisão, (in falconry) the prey seized by a bird of prey.

Prisão, the bridle, the fetters, or any other like furniture for a horse.

PRISOENS, bonds, cords, or chains, with which one is bound.

PRISCO, a, adj. pristine, first, ancient.

Lat. *priscus*.

PRISIONADO, a, adj. made a prisoner of war.

PRISIONAR, v. a. to make prisoner of war.

PRISIONEIRO, f. m. a prisoner of war; for other prisoners are generally called *presos*.

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PRI SMA, f. m. (in optics and geometry) a prism.
PRISOENS. See **PRISAM**.
PRISTINO, a, adj. pristine, first, ancient. Lat. *pristinus*.
PRIVACAM, f. f. (in metaphysics) privation, the want or absence of some natural perfection from a subject capable to receive it.
Privacão, privation, want, lack, or being without; also the act of depriving or degrading from rank or office.
PRIVADA, f. f. a privy, a necessary house.
PRIVADAMENTE, adv. privily.
PRIVADO, a, adj. deprived; also private, not public.
Privado, f. m. a privado, a favourite, a secret, or intimate friend. See **VALIDO**.
PRIVANÇA, f. f. the state of being a favourite to a prince, or king; favour, great intimacy.
Ter privança com hum príncipe, to be a favourite to a prince.
PRIVAR, v. a. to deprive.
Privar, v. n. to be in favour, to be very intimate.
Privar-se, v. r. to deprive one's self.
PRIVATIVAMENTE, adv. exclusively to all the rest.
PRIVATIVO, a, adj. privative, not positive.
PRIVILEGIADO, a, adj. privileged.
Pessoa privilegiada, a privileged person.
Privilegiado, f. m. a privileged person.
PRIVILEGIAR, v. a. to privilege, to grant a privilege.
PRIVILEGIO, f. m. a privilege. See also **PREROGATIVA**, **EXCELLENÇA**.

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PRO e contra, pro and con, for and against. From the Lat. *pro et contra*.
PROA, f. f. the prow or head of a ship. Lat. *prora*. *Per a proa*. See **EMPROAR**.
Proa, (metaph.) See **MIRA**.
PROA DO, p. of
PROAR, *cu por a proa em*, v. n. See **EMPROAR**.
PROBABILIDADE, f. f. probability.
PROBATICA piscina, the pool in Jerusalem, in which they washed sheep that were to be sacrificed; and which cured the first infirm person that went into it, after the angel had stirred it.
PROBIDADE, f. f. probity, integrity, honesty.
PROBLEMA, f. m. a problem.
PROBLEMATICAAMENTE, adv. problematically.
PROBLEMÁTICO, a, adj. problematical.
PROBO, a, adj. honest, virtuous, good. Lat. *probus*.
PROBOSY. See **PREBOSY**.
PROCEDER, v. n. to proceed, to go on.
Proceder, to proceed, to come from, or be derived, to spring from, to rise.
Proceder, to behave or conduct one's

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self. It is used either in a good or bad sense.
Proceder como homem de bem, to behave one's self like an honest man.
Proceder, to proceed, to carry on juridical process.
Proceder, (in divinity) is for the Holy Ghost to issue from the Father and the Son.
PROCEDIDO, a, adj. that proceeds from, &c. See the v. **PROCEDER**.
Homem bem procedido, an honest man.
Procedo, f. m. (with merchants, &c.) the proceed, the neat proceed, that which arises from a thing.
Procedida, events, adventures, chances, hap's good or bad, what has been performed or done, things happened, procedures.
PROCEDIMENTO, f. m. behaviour, manners in general. See also **RAMIFICAÇÃO**.
PROCELEUSMÁTICO, (in grammar) proceleusmatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables; as *philagius*.
PROCELLA, f. f. a storm. Lat. used only by poets.
PROCELLOSO, a, adj. stormy, procelous. Lat. *procellus*.
PROCEDE, f. f. procerity, tallness, height, length of stature. Lat. *proceritas*.
PROCEIRO, a, adj. high, tall, lofty. Lat. *procerus*.
PROCESSADO, a, adj. tried. See **PROCESSAR**, and **PROCESSO**.
PROCESSAM do Espírito Santo, emanation or proceeding of the Holy Ghost.
PROCESSAR, v. a. to judge a criminal, to try him.
PROCESSIONALMENTE, adv. in manner of a procession.
PROCESSIONÁRIO, f. m. a church book, containing the ceremonies and music for processions.
PROCESSO, f. m. a series or order of things, a process, or progression.
Processo, a process, or trial at law; they say also **PROCESSADO**.
PROCIDENCIA, f. f. (with physicians) providence, a falling down of a thing out of its place.
Procidencia do feto, procidentia ani, a falling out of the intestinum rectum through the fundament.
PROCYON, *cu PROCYON*, (in astronomy) Procyon, a constellation placed before the Great Dog, and thence takes its name, q. d. before the dog.
PROCISSIM, f. f. (with the Roman catholics) a procession, a solemn march of the clergy and people in their ornamental habits, &c.
Ir em procissão, to procession, to go in procession.
Parten em a huma procissão, processional.
PROCLAMAÇÃO, f. f. a proclamation.
PROCLAMADO, a, adj. proclaimed, &c. See
PROCLAMAR, v. a. to proclaim,

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to declare with solemnity. See also **ACLAMAR**.
PROCONSUL, f. m. a proconsul, as it were a deputy-consul. Lat.
PROCONSULADO, f. m. the proconsulship, or dignity of a proconsul.
PROCRASTINA DO, a, adj. procrastinated, &c. See
PROCRASTINAR, v. a. to procrastinate, to put off from day to day, to defer.
PROCREAÇÃO, f. f. procreation, engendering.
Procreação, (speaking of plants) plantation, planting.
PROCREADO, a, adj. procreated, begot, engendered.
PROCREAR, v. a. to procreate, beget, or engender. Lat. *procreare*.
PROCURAÇÃO, f. f. procuration, an act whereby a person is empowered to act, treat, receive, &c. in a person's name.
Procuração bastante, full power.
Procuração, procuracy, the deed or instrument whereby a person is constituted procurator, a letter of attorney.
Trazer procuração em causa própria, to get or compass one's ends without another's help.
PROCURADO, a, adj. See the v. **PROCURAR**.
PROCURADOR, f. m. a proctor, or proxy, an attorney, a solicitor, a procurator, one who manages another man's affairs.
Procurador del rey, the king's attorney.
Procurador das cortes, a representative of some town in the cortes, or parliament.
Procurador da coroa, the king's attorney-general, one who manages the law-affairs of the crown.
Procurador de S. Marcos, (at Venice) procurator of St. Mark, the person next in dignity to the doge or duke of that republic.
PROCURADORIA, f. f. attorneyship, the office of an attorney.
PROCURAR, v. a. to procure, to endeavour to obtain, to help to. See also **BUSCAR**.
Procurar por alguém, to ask for one.
PROCURATÚRA, f. f. See **PROCURADORIA**.
PRODICALIDADE, f. f. prodigality, wastefulness.
PRODICALIZADO, a, adj. See
PRODICALIZAR, v. a. to play the prodigal, to waste, to be prodigal.
PRODIGAMENTE, adv. prodigally.
PRODIGIO, f. m. a prodigy, a wonderful thing.
PRODIGIOSAMENTE, adv. prodigiously, wonderfully.
PRODIGIOSO, a, adj. prodigious, wonderful.
PRODIGO, a, adj. prodigal, wasteful.
PRODITOR, f. m. See **TRAIDOR**.
PRODROMO, f. m. (with physicians) prodromus, a fore-runner, a harbinger, a disease which foreruns a greater.

PRODUCÇAM, f. f. production, or producing; also the papers produced in a law-suit.
Producçam do entendimento, work, composition.
PRODUCENTE, p. a. producing, causing.
Produtente, f. m. a producent, one that offers or exhibits.
PRODUCTIVO, a, adj. producible, that may be produced or exhibited.
PRODUCTO, a, adj. See **PRODUZIDO**.
Produt, f. m. (with arithmeticians) the product.
PRODUZIDO, a, adj. produced, &c. See **PRODUZIR**.
Numero produzido. See **PRODUCTO**, f. m.
PRODUZIDOR, f. m. **PRODUZIDO'RA**, f. f. a producer, one that produces.
PRODUZIR, v. a. to produce, to bear, to bring forth.
Produzir, to produce, to bring as an evidence, to produce or exhibit before the judge.
PROEJA DO, p. of **PROEJAR**. See **EMPROAR**.
PROEMIAL, adj. introductory.
PROEMIO, f. m. an introduction, a proem.
PROES, the plural of **PROL**, which see.
PROEZA, f. f. prowess, a valiant or mighty act, an exploit.
PROFANAÇAM, f. f. profanation.
PROFANA'DO, a, adj. profaned. See **PROFANAR**.
PROFANADO'R, f. m. a profaner.
PROFANA'R, v. a. to profane, to pollute a holy thing; also to revile, to speak ill of others. See also **DESFLORAR**.
PROFANIDADE, f. f. profaneness.
PROFA'NO, a, adj. profane, irreverent to sacred things; also profane, secular, unhallowed, not sacred.
PROFEC'A, &c. See **PROPHECIA**, &c.
PROFECT'CIO, a, adj. (in the civil law) profectitious. Ex. *Bens profecticios*, profectitious goods, i. e. such goods as descend in a direct line, from father to son, in opposition to adventitious.
PROFERI DO, a, adj. uttered, &c. See
PROFERI'R, v. a. to utter. It is conjugated like *ferir*. See also **PRONUNCIAR**.
PROFESSA'DO, a, adj. professed, &c. See
PROFESSA'R, v. a. to profess any art or science; also to declare openly, or profess solemnly; also to profess in any religious order.
PROFESSO, a, adj. professed, (speaking of friars and nuns.)
PROFESSO'R, f. m. a professor, a lecturer, a reader.
PROFICIE'NTE, (with ascetics) pro-

ficient, that has made some progress.
PROFI'CUO, a, adj. See **UTIL**, **PROVEYTO**.
PROFISSAM, f. f. profession, calling, condition, trade or art; also profession, or a profession in a religious order.
Profissão da fé, the confession of faith, or articles of one's belief.
PROFITENTE *Judo*, a Jew, one who makes profession of Judaism.
PROFLIGA'DO, a, adj. profligate. See **DESBARATADO**.
PRO'FUGO, a, adj. See **FUGITIVO**, **DESTERRADO**.
PROFUNDA DO, a, adj. See **PROFUNDAR**.
PROFUNDAMENTE, adv. profoundly, deeply, with great sagacity, not superficially; also deeply, to a great depth; also lowly, humbly.
Dormir profundamente, to sleep soundly.
PROFUNDA'R, v. a. to deepen, to make deep, or to make deeper what already was deep.
Profundar, to sink, to force, thrust or drive down, or in.
Profundar as raizes, to take root, to strike far into the earth.
PROFUNDEADO, **PROFUNDEAR**, See **PROFUNDADO**, **PROFUNDAR**.
PROFUNDEZA, f. f. profundity, depth of a place.
PROFUNDIDA'DE, f. f. profundity, depth of place or knowledge.
PROFU'ND, a, adj. deep.
Pozo muyto profunda, a very deep well.
Profundo sono, a sound or profound sleep.
Profunda sciencia, deep, profound, or great learning.
Profundo, deep, abstruse, difficult.
Profundo silencio, a deep or profound silence.
Profunda reverencia, a profound reverence.
Profundo, f. m. hell.
PROFUSAM, f. f. profusion, waste.
Fazer profusões, to waste, to squander.
Com profusão, profusely, lavishly.
PROFU'SO, a, adj. profuse, wasteful, prodigal. See also **COPIOSO**.
PROGENIE, f. f. offspring, race, issue, progeny; also parents, father and mother. See also **GENTE**.
PROGENITO'R, f. m. a progenitor, a fore-father.
PRO'GNE, f. f. the daughter of Pandion king of Athens.
PROGRAMMA, f. m. a programma or proclamation.
PROGRESSAM, f. f. (in geometry, &c.) progression.
PROGRESSIVAMENTE, adv. progressively, by regular course.
PROGRESSIVO, a, adj. progressive, going forward.
PROGRE'SSO, f. m. progress, the act of going forward, or proceeding in any undertaking; also progress, intellectual improvement.

Progrêss, the course, or continuing of a course begun.
PROGYMNASMA, an assay or proof in an exercise; also the title of a work composed by Mr. Severim de Faria, in Portuguese.
PROHIBIÇAM, f. f. prohibition, forbidding.
PROHIBI'DO, a, adj. prohibited.
PROHIBI'R, v. a. to prohibit, to forbid. Lat. *prohibere*.
PROHIBITIVO, a, adj. prohibitory, forbidding, implying prohibition. See also **PRESERVATIVO**.
PROYECCAM, f. f. (in perspective) projection, the appearance, or representation of an object, on a perspective plane.
Proyeccam gnomonica, orthographica, &c. a gnomonic, orthographic, &c. projection.
Pó de proyeccam, (in chemistry) the powder of projection, which they cast into a crucible full of prepared metal, in order to its being transmuted into gold.
Proje'dar, v. a. to project, to design, to contrive.
PROYE'CTO, f. m. project, design, contrivance, scheme.
PRO'IZ, f. m. f. (a sea term) a stone, or the like, to which they fasten the hawsers of a ship that is moored.
PROL, f. m. (an antiquated word.) See **PROVEYTO**; see also **PARABEM**.
PROLAÇAM, f. f. pronunciation.
PRO'LE, f. f. issue, offspring. Lat. *proles*.
PROLEGO'MENO, f. m. a long preface, or proem.
PROLFAÇA, f. f. (an antiquated word.) See **PARABEM**.
Prolfaça, much good may it do you.
PROLEPSIS, (with rhetoricians) prolepsis, a figure by which they prevent what their antagonist would object or allege.
PRO'LICO, (in the province of Beyra.) See **TONTO**.
PROLIFICA'R, v. a. to breed. See **GERAR**.
PROLIXAMENTE, adv. prolixly, tediously.
PROLIXIDA'DE, f. f. prolixness, tediousness, prolixity.
PROLI'XO, a, adj. prolix, tedious, long in speech; also prolix, having a long duration.
PROLOGO, f. m. a prologue, a preface, an introduction; also a prologue before a stage-play.
PROLOGO'MENO. See **PROLEGO'MENO**.
PROLONGAÇAM, f. f. prolongation, the act of lengthening out.
Prolongaçã de tempo, prolongation, delay to a longer time.
PROLONGA'DO, a, adj. prolonged, delayed, stretched out in length. See
PROLONGA'R, v. a. to prolong, to lengthen out, to make a thing last

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last longer; also to stretch out at length.
Prolongar-se, v. r. to stretch, to be extended, to grow in length.
PROLONGAS. See **PERLONGAS**.
PROLOQUIO, f. m. a short and witty sentence. See also **EXORDIO**, **PREFACÇAM**.
PROLOXIDADE, or **PROLUXIDADE**, &c. See **PROLIXIDADE**, &c.
PROMESSA, f. f. a promise
O que não cumpre as promessas, a promise-breaker.
Aquella a quem se faz a promessa, a promissary.
PROMETEDOR, f. m. one that promises, a promiser.
PROMETER, v. a. to promise. Lat. *promittere*.
Prometer camera cerrada, to promise an uncertain quantity of arras. See **ARRAS**.
Prometer a filha a alguém paraque case com ella, to promise or betroth one's daughter to one.
PROMETIDO, a, adj. promised.
PROMETTIMENTO, f. m. a promise.
PROMINENTE, adj. prominent, jutting out. Lat. *prominens*.
PROMISCUAMENTE, adv. promiscuously, indiscriminately.
PROMISCUO, a, adj. promiscuous, mingled, confused.
Genero promiscuo, (in grammar) epicene gender.
PROMISSAM, ex. *A terra de promissão*, the Land of Promise; because promised by God.
PROMISSORIO, a, adj. promissory.
PROMOÇAM, f. f. promotion, preferment.
PROMONTÓRIO, f. m. (in geography) a promontory.
PROMOTOR, f. m. (in law) a promoter, informer, or makebate.
PROMOVER, v. a. to promote, to prefer. Lat. *promovere*. See also **ADIANTE**.
PROMOVIDO, a, adj. promoted, &c. according to the verb **PROMOVER**.
PROMPTAMENTE, adv. readily, promptly, quickly, cheerfully.
PROMPTIDAM, f. f. promptness, readiness, promptitude, alacrity.
PROMPTO, a, adj. prompt, quick, ready.
PROMPTUÁRIO, f. m. a promptuary, or repository; also an abridgement, a book so contrived, that a man may readily find what he seeks in it. From *promptus*, ready.
PROMULGAÇAM, f. f. promulgation.
PROMULGADO, a, adj. promulgated.
PROMULGAR, v. a. to promulgate, to publish.
PRONO, a, adj. prone, propense, inclined to a thing. Lat. *pronus*.
PRONOME, f. m. (in grammar) a pronoun. Lat. *pronomem*.
You must observe, that there is an

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elision of the vowel of the indefinite article in the genitive and ablative of the pronouns *esse* and *iste*, both in the singular and plural; and that they write and pronounce, *desse*, *desstes*, *desta*, *destas*, instead of *de esse*, *de estes*, *de esta*, *de estas*; and so in the neuter they write *disso*, *disso*, instead of *de isso*, *de isso*. The same observation you must make upon the pronoun *aquelle*, wherein you will see another elision besides, in the dative case.
PRONOSTICACAM, f. f. a prognostication, a prediction.
PRONOSTICADO, a, adj. prognosticated, foretold.
PRONOSTICADOR, f. m. a prognosticator, predictor, foreteller.
PRONOSTICAR, v. a. to prognosticate, to foretell, to foreshow.
PRONOSTICO, f. m. omen, token or sign of a thing that is to come, a prognostic.
Bom, ou ruim pronóstico, a good or bad omen.
PRONUNCIACAM, f. f. pronunciation, utterance of speech, the manner of pronouncing letters, syllables, and words.
PRONUNCIACAM, (with rhetoricians) pronunciation, the regulating and varying the voice and gesture agreeable to the matter and words, in order to affect and persuade the hearers.
PRONUNCIADO, a, adj. pronounced.
PRONUNCIAR, v. a. to pronounce. Lat. *pronunciare*.
Pronunciar sentença, to judge or give sentence.
PROPAGAÇAM, f. f. propagation.
PROPAGADO, a, adj. propagated. See **PROPAGAR**.
PROPAGADOR, f. m. a propagator. See
PROPAGAR, v. a. to propagate, to cause any thing to multiply or increase; also to propagate, to promote, to increase. See also **ESTENDER**.
Que se pode propagar, propagable.
PROPENDER, v. n. to incline, to bend. Lat. *vergo*; also to propend, to be propense or inclined to any thing.
Propender, to incline; as, *Propender a verde*, to incline to green.
PROPENSAM, f. f. propension. See **PENDOR**, **INCLINACAM**.
PROPENSO, a, adj. propense, inclined.
PROPHETIA, f. f. a prophesy, or prophecy.
PROPHETA, f. m. a prophet, a prophetier.
PROPHETADO, **PROPHETAR**. See **PROPHETIZADO**, **PROPHETIZAR**.
PROPHETICAMENTE, adv. prophetically.
PROPHETICO, a, adj. prophetic, or prophetic.

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PROPHETIZA, f. f. a prophetess.
PROPHETIZADO, a, adj. prophesied, foretold.
PROPHETIZAR, v. a. to prophesy, to prophesize.
PROPICIACAM, f. f. propitiation.
PROPICIADO, a, adj. propitiated, or made propitious.
PROPICIAR, v. a. to propitiate, to make or render propitious.
PROPICIATÓRIO, a, adj. propitiatory.
PROPICIATÓRIO, f. m. a propitiatory, the mercy-seat, the cover or lid of the ark of the covenant, (among the Jews.) See also **TEMPLO**, **SANTO**, f. m.
PROPICIO, a, adj. propitious.
PROPIÑA, f. f. a fee or due which doctors who take their degree pay to those who have taken it before them; also a fee paid to other officers of the university, as well as of the king's court. It was formerly a collation or treat, and therefore derived from the verb **PROPINARE**.
PROPINADO, part. of
PROPINAR, v. n. to drink to one another. Lat. *propinare*.
PROPINQUIDADE, f. f. propinquity, kindred, nearness as to blood.
PROPINQUO, a, adj. near of kin, that is a kinsman, or kinswoman; also neighbouring, near at hand; also at hand, imminent, approaching, ready to come upon us.
PROPONTIDE, f. m. the sea between the Hellespont and the Thracian Bosphorus. Mr. Leonel da Costa calls it *Propontis*.
PROPOR, v. a. to propose. Lat. *proponere*. It is conjugated like *per* or *proporbo*, &c.
Propor, to move a court of judicature, to make a motion.
Propor huma difficuldade, to propound a difficulty.
O que proporm, a proposer, one who offers any thing to consideration, one who makes a motion, a proposer.
Propor de fazer alguma coisa, to intend to do a thing.
PROPORÇAM, f. f. proportion, agreement, answerableness, symmetry. See also **SEMELHANÇA**, **IGUALDADE**.
Proporçam, (in mathematics) proportion, ratio.
Proporçam geometrica, harmonica, &c. geometrical, harmonic, &c. proportion.
A proporçam, proportionably, according to, in proportion.
A proporção da propria renda, proportionably to one's rent.
Compasso de proporçam, a sector, an instrument of considerable use in all the practical parts of the mathematics.
Regra de proporção, the rule of three, or rule of proportion.
PROPORCIONADAMENTE, adv. proportionably.

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proportionably, in a settled degree, according to, in proportion; also proportionably, according to comparative relations.

PROPORCIONAL DO. *a, adj.* proportioned, proportionable, fit, fitted.

PROPORCIONAL L. *adj.* (in mathematics) proportional.

Proporcional, proportionate, according to a certain rate.

Proporcionál, *f. m. or f.* a proportional, a quantity, either lineal or numeral, which bears the same ratio or relation to a third, as the first does to the second.

Mezas, ou mezas proporcionaes, mean proportionals.

PROPORCIONALIDA'DE, *f. f.* proportionableness, or proportionateness, likeness of proportion.

PROPORCIONA'R, *v. a.* to proportion, to adjust by comparative relation; also proportion, to form symmetrically.

Proporcionár, to proportionate, to adjust according to a certain rate, or something else.

PROPOSIÇAM, *f. f.* proposal, proposition, motion.

Proposiçãõ, a proposition, an oration or speech which affirms or denies, (with logicians.)

Proposiçãõ, (in the mathematics) a proposition, a thing proposed to be demonstrated or proved.

PROPO'SITO, *f. m.* a purpose, design, intention, or resolution.

Fazer proposito de fazer huma coisa, to purpose, or design to do a thing.

Fallar a proposito, to speak to the purpose.

Isto he fora de proposito, this is nothing to the purpose.

Huma coisa feita de proposito, a thing done on purpose, purposely, for the nonce.

Hum homem a proposito para, &c. a man fit for, &c.

Fera de proposito, improperly, unseasonably, preposterously.

Sem proposito, without reason or cause.

Humem de proposito, a sensible or reasonable man.

Homem sem proposito, a foolish man.

A todo o proposito, ever and anon, at every turn.

A que proposito? to what purpose?

Cem proposito, *cu a proposito,* wisely, judiciously.

A proposito, como está elle? now I think (now you put me in mind) of it, how does he do?

A proposito do que dizais, lembro-me agora de huma coisa, your telling of that puts me in mind of a thing.

Pouco a proposito para, &c. not fit, &c.

Proposito, fitness, convenience, the state of being fit. See also **PREPOSI-TO.**

Não tem proposito, (speaking of things) it is a foolish thing.

Elle não tem proposito, he is a foolish man.

PROPO'STA, *f. f.* a proposal.

PROPO'STO, *a, adj.* proposed, &c. See **PROPO'R.**

PROPRETOR, *f. m.* (among the Romans) a pro-prætor, a magistrate who had all the power of a prætor and ensigns of honour belonging to the prætorship.

PROPRIAMENTE, *adv.* properly.

PROPIEDA'DE, *f. f.* any real and immoveable possessions, as lands, or houses, property.

Doas propriedades de casas, two houses.

Propriedade, property, or possession, propriety.

Propriedade, (with logicians) propriety.

Propriedade, propriety, accuracy, justness.

Propriedade, property, quality in general. See **CALIDADE.**

Fallar com propriedade, to speak properly.

PROPRIETARIA, *f. f.* a proprietress.

PROPRIETARIO, *f. m.* a proprietor, a proprietor, an owner.

PROPRIO, *a, adj.* proper, peculiar, particular, one's own. *Lat. proprius.*

A magnanimidade he propria dos heros, magnanimity is the proper virtue of heroes.

O seu proprio filho, his, or her own son.

Amor proprio, self-love.

Huma palavra na sua propria significação, a word in its proper signification.

Hum nome proprio, a proper name.

Estas são as suas proprias palavras, these are his, or her own words, or the very words he or she said.

Eu proprio, I myself.

Elle proprio, he himself.

Proprio is joined with any of the possessive pronouns; as,

Meu proprio, my own.

Teu proprio, thy own.

Seu proprio, his, or her own.

Sua propria, her own, &c.

Para si proprio, for himself.

Proprio, proper, fit, convenient.

Fallar com palavras proprias, to speak properly.

Proprio, *f. m.* any real and immoveable possession, as lands and houses; also a man's own.

Próprio, an express sent purposely on a message. See **CAMINHEIRO.**

PROPUGNA'CULO, *f. m.* a bulwark, a rampart. It is only used in a moral sense. *Lat. propugnaculum.*

PROPLSAR, *v. a.* See **RECHACAR.**

PRORÍDO. See **PRUIDO,** &c.

Prorido, (metaph.) delectation, pleasure, delight.

PROROGAÇAM, *f. f.* a prorogation, or putting off.

PROROGA'DO, *a, adj.* prorogued.

PROROGA'R, *v. a.* to prorogue, to put off.

PROROMPE'R, *v. n.* to burst out, to break.

PROROMPI'DO, *part.* of *proromper.* See **PROROMPER.**

PRO'SA, *f. f.* prose. See also **PALAVRA.**

Prósa, a goddess of the Pagans, called Prosa, who, as they believed, made the infants come in the right manner into the world.

PROSADO'R, *f. m.* a prose writer, one that writes prose.

PROSA'PIA, *f. m.* race, generation.

PROSCENIO, *f. m.* the place before the scaffold out of which the players come; also the scaffold, or stage itself, on which they acted.

PROSCREVER, *v. a.* to proscribe, to out-law.

PROSCRIPÇAM, *f. f.* proscription, out-lawry.

Proscrição de huma mulher, waluaria mulieris, the waiving of a woman.

PROSCRIPTO, *a, adj.* proscribed, out-lawed.

O acto de restituir huma pessoa proscripta ao seu prime'ro estado, inlagary.

PROSECUCAM, *f. f.* prosecution.

PROSEGUIDO, *a, adj.* prosecuted, followed.

PROSEGUIMENTO, *f. m.* See **PROSECUCAM.**

PROSEGUI'R, *v. a.* to prosecute, to follow. *Lat. persequi.* It is conjugated like *seguir*; *tu prosigo, tu prosigues,* &c.

Proseguir huma historia, to prosecute a story.

PROSELYTO, *f. m.* a proselyte, a convert.

PROSYLLOGISMO, *f. m.* prosyllogism, a reason or argument produced to strengthen or confirm one of the premises of a syllogism.

PROSLAMBALOMENOS, (in music) a note in the gamut, a re.

PROSODIA, *f. f.* (in grammar) prosody.

O que sale a prosodia, a prosodian.

PROSOPOPEYA, *f. f.* prosopopoeia, a figure in rhetoric, when the orator, on a sudden turns from his first manner of talking, and speaks in the person of another; personification, a figure by which things are made persons.

Ter he a prosopopeya, (a familiar phrase) to take state upon one, to carry it high, to affect gravity and seriousness.

PROSPERA'DO, *a, adj.* that has thrived, or been prosperous. See the verb **PROSPERAR.**

PROSPERAMENTE, *adv.* prosperously.

PROSPERA'R, *v. n.* to prosper, to succeed, to be prosperous.

Prosperár, *v. a.* to prosper, to make prosperous, to give success.

PROSPERIDA'DE, *f. f.* prosperity.

PRO'SPERO, *a, adj.* prosperous, successful.

Vento prospero, a fair wind.

PROSTAPHERESSES, *f. f.* (in astronomy) prosthæresis. It is the same with the equation of the orbit, or simply the equation; and is the difference between the true and mean motion of a planet.

PROSTAPHERICO, *a, adj.* of, or belonging to prosthæresis.

PRO

PROSTERNATYVO, *a*, adj. that has the power or virtue of beating or striking down. From the Latin, *prosterno*.
PROSTIBULO, *s. m.* a brothel-house or stew. Lat. *prostibulum*.
PROSTITUCAM, *f. f.* prostitution, a a harlot's letting out the use of her body for hire.
PROSTITUIDO, *a*, adj. prostituted, debauched, sold to whoredom, prostitute. See **PROSTITUIR**.
Meret prostituida, a prostitute, a common whore.
PROSTITUIR, *v. a* to prostitute. *Prostituir a honra*, to prostitute or yield up the honour to mercenary interest.
Prostituir-se, *v. r.* to prostitute, or to yield up one's honour and body to mercenary interest.
PROSTRAÇAM, *f. f.* prostration, falling flat on one's face.
PROSTRADO, *a*, adj. prostrate, lying on the face in humble posture; also thrown down; also dejected, depressed, discouraged, spent, out of heart, weakened, daunted, enfeebled.
PROSTRAR, *v. a.* to prostrate, to throw down, to lay flat; also to weaken, to impair, to enfeeble; also to discourage.
Prostrar-se, *v. r.* to prostrate, to throw down in adoration, to cast one's self at the feet of another; also to be spent, dejected, weak, feeble, deprived of strength.
PROTECCAM, *f. f.* protection. Lat. *tutela*.
PROTECTO'R, *s. m.* a protector.
PROTECTORA, *f. f.* a protectrix, or protectress.
PROTEGER, *v. a.* to protect.
PROTEGI'DO, *a*, adj. protected.
PROTERFIA, *f. f.* untowardness, protervity, perverseness, pride, obliquity. Lat.
PROTERVO, *a*, adj. perverse, untoward, obstinate, sullen.
PROTESTAÇAM, *f. f.* a protest, a protestation or declaration.
Protestação, a bearing of witness, a testifying. Lat. *testificatio*.
PROTESTADO, *a*, adj. See **PROTESTAR**.
PROTESTADO'R, *s. m.* **PROTESTADOR**, *f. f.* a protester.
PROTESTANTE, *s. m.* a Protestant, one of the church of England, a Calvinist, or Lutheran.
Protestante, adj. Protestant, belonging to Protestants.
PROTESTAR, *v. a.* to protest, to make a protestation or protest. See also **ASSEGURAR**, **TESTIFICAR**.
Protestar huma letra de cambio, to protest a bill of exchange upon non-payment.
Protestar, *v. n.* to protest, to refuse.
Protestar de juiz, to refuse a judge.
Elle protestou da sua innocencia até á morte, he protested, he vowed he was innocent, till he died.

P R O

PROTESTATIVO, *a*, *adj.* that bears witness, or testifies.
PROTESTO, *f. m.* See **PROTESTAÇÃO**.
Protesto, (*in commerce*) a protest of a bill of exchange, or the like.
PROTOCOLLO, *f. m.* See **PORTACOLLO**.
PROTOMARTYR, *f. m.* protomartyr, a term applied to St. Stephen.
PROTOMEDICO, *f. m.* the first physician.
PROTONAUTA, *f. m.* See **ALMIRANTE**.
PROTONOTARIO, *f. m.* a chief notary, prothonotary, or protonotary.
PROTOPAPA, *ou* **PROTOPAPAS**, *f. m.* the title given by the clergy of Constantinople to their archpriest.
PROTOPATRIARCA, *f. m.* the first patriarch, a term applied to Elias.
PROTOPLASTO, *f. m.* protoplast, our first father Adam; also mankind.
PROTOTIPO, *f. m.* prototype, archetype, the first pattern or model of a thing.
PROVA, *f. f.* a proof, a trial, a taste. See also **PROVAÇA**.
Prova, a proof, a printed sheet sent to the author or corrector of the press, in order to be corrected.
Segunda prova, (*with printers*) the revise, or second proof.
Prova, proof, mark, testimony.
Prova, proof, reason or argument of a truth.
A' prova, to, or in order to try, upon liking.
Fazer a prova, to try, to prove, to make an experiment.
A' prova, proof; as, *A' prova de miquele*, miquele-proof.
PROVAÇÃO, *f. f.* probation, the year of novitiate, which a religious person must pass in a convent to prove his virtue, and whether he can bear the severity of the rules.
PROVADO, *a*, *adj.* proved, &c. See **PROVAR**, and also **CONHECIDO**.
ROM. EACELLENT.
PROVAGEM, *f. f.* an old vine stock cut down and set deep in the earth, that many imps may spring from it.
PROVAÇA, *f. f.* a juridical making out of the truth. See **PROVA**.
PROVAR, *v. a.* to prove, to make good, to make out; also to prove, to try, to make an experiment.
Provar, to taste; as, *Provar o do vinho*, to taste the wine.
Provar alguma coisa, dando no mesmo tempo hum effalo com a boca ou beijos, to smack, to taste or relish with the smack of the lips.
Provar as armas, to fight.
Provar a ver, to try, to see; as, *Proveamos aver*, let us try, or let us see.
Provar hum vestido, to try a suit of cloaths.
Provar, *v. n.* to carry, to behave one's self.
PROVAVEL, *adj.* probable.

P R O

PROVAVELMENTE, adv. probably.
PROVE. See **POBRE**.
PROFECTO, *a*, adj. aged, full-grown, advanced in years. See **ADIAN-TADO**.
Idade proveêta, old age.
Proveêto nas sciencias, advanced in learning.
PROVEDOR, *s. m.* a commissary of provisions in an army, a provider. It is also the title of many magistrates; as, *Provedor das obras dos paços*, &c. the superintendent of the king's buildings, &c.
PROVEDORIA, *f. f.* the dignity of a provider. See **PROVEDOR**. Also the district, or particular territory under the authority of a provider.
PROVEITO, *s. m.* profit, advantage, gain. Lat. *lucrum*.
Bem proveito faça a vossa, much good may it do you.
Aquillo dá honra, mas nenhum proveito, that is but a feather in one's cap.
PROVEITOSAMENTE, adv. profitably, advantageously.
PROVEITOSO, *a*, adj. profitable, advantageous.
PROVER, *v. a.* to provide, to furnish, to supply, to make provision. Lat. *provendere*.
 It is to be thus conjugated in the present tense of the indicat. mood;
eu provejo, tu provês, elle provê; nós provêmos, vós provêis, elles provêm; preterimp. eu proveia, tu provias, &c.
Prover, to provide, consider, or regard; as, *Prover ao bem publico*, to provide for the common good.
 It is conjugated in the present indicative thus; *eu proveño, provêis, provêm; provimos, provindes, provêm*.
Prover não venha algum mal, to provide, to provide against, to take measures for counteracting or escaping any ill.
Prover, to give, to bestow, to grant.
Prover os livros, to look at the books in order to pass a certificate, (among notaries, &c.)
Prover-se, *v. r.* to provide one's self; as, *prover-se para o que ha de vir*, to provide for hereafter.
PROVERBIA'L, adj. proverbial, belonging to a proverb.
PROVERBIO, *s. m.* a proverb. Lat. *proverbium*.
PROVIDAMENTE, adv. providently.
PROVIDENCIA, *f. f.* providence.
Religiao da divina providencia, Theatins, a sort of religious order.
PROVIDENTE, adj. provident.
PROVIDO, *a*, adj. provided, &c. See **PROVER**.
Prévido, *a*, adj. provident, wise, prudent with respect to futurity.
PROVIMENTO, *s. m.* provision, victuals, food, provender.
Proviniento de officio, a grant of a place, or preferment to any place.

PRO-

P R U

PROVINCIA, f. f. a province. Lat. **PROVINCIA'L**, adj. provincial, of, or belonging to a province.
Palavra provincial, a provincial or country word.
Provincial, f. m. provincial, the chief of the friars of the same order in a province.
PROVINCIALA'DO, f. m. a provincial's dignity, provincialship.
PROVINDO, part. of.
PROVIR, v. n. to spring, to proceed as from a ground, cause, or reason.
PROVISAM, f. f. See **PROVIMENTO**.
Provisão de benefício, a collation or bestowing of a benefice, or church-living, by a bishop, &c.
PROVISIONA'L, adj. provisional, provided for present need.
PROVISIONALMENTE, adv. provisionally, by way of provision.
PROVISIONEIRO, f. m. a purveyor, or provider of victuals.
PROVISOR, f. m. a provisor, a person who has the care of providing things necessary; also a bishop's vicar-general. See **PROVEDOR**, and **PROVISEIRO**.
PROVOCAÇAM, f. f. provocation.
PROVOCA'DO, a, adj. provoked, &c. See **PROVOCAR**.
PROVOCADOR, f. m. a provoker.
PROVOGAR, v. a. to provoke, to move or stir up by something offensive, to awake to anger, or to urge to rage, to incense.
Provocar, (in a medicinal sense) to provoke, to dispose to, to cause, to promote.
Provocar, to move, to affect, to stir passion, to touch pathetically; as, *provocar a lástima*, to move to pity.
PROVOCATÓRIO, a, adj. provoking, provocative, provocative, apt to provoke.
PROVOCATIVO, a, adj. (in a medicinal sense) apt to provoke, cause, or promote. See **PROVOCAR**.
Provocativo, that moves, or touches pathetically. See **PROVOCAR**.
PROXIMA'L, adj. neighbourly, friendly, as becomes a neighbour. See **PROXIMO**, f. m.
PROXIMAMENTE, adv. nearly.
PROXIMIDADE, f. f. proximity, nearness in place; also proximity, a high degree of kindred.
PROXIMO, a, adj. near, next.
Ofício próximo, the last age or century.
Mais próximo, nearer.
Próximo, f. m. (in theology) neighbour, one partaking of the same nature, and therefore entitled to good offices.
De próximo, adv. lately, not long since, newly.

P R U

PBU, (obsolet.) See **PREÇO**.
PRUDENCIA, f. f. prudence, wisdom. Lat. *prudentia*.

P S E

PRUDENTIA'L, adj. prudential, discreet, wise.
PRUDENCIALMENTE, adv. prudentially.
PRUDENCIA'R, v. n. to think or resolve wisely.
PRUDENTE, adj. prudent, discreet, wise.
PRUDENTEMENTE, adv. prudently, wisely, advisedly.
PRUI'DO, or **PRURIDO**, f. m. an itch or itching; also itch, a constant teasing desire.
PRUI'DO, part. of
PRUI'R, v. n. ex. *pruir alguma coisa no coração de alguém*, is for one to have a continual desire to do or obtain a thing.
PRUMA'DA, f. f. (in falconry.) See **PLUMADA**.
Prumáta, the throw or heaving of the sounding lead. See **PRUMO**.
PRUMA'GEM, f. f. (in agriculture) the flock of a wild tree, &c. See **PLUMAGEM**.
PRU'MO, or **PLU'MO**, f. m. (with carpenters) a plummet, a level, a plumb-line.
A prumo, perpendicularly, by the level.
Andar como prumo na mão, ou *tomar bem o prumo*, to ponder, or poise thoroughly in one's mind, to consider of, or deliberate upon strictly. (Metaph.)
Prumo de navegantes, a sounding lead, or dead-sea lead.
Prumos da columna. See **COLUMNA**.
PRUNELLE, ex. *Sal prunelle*, salt prunella.

P R Y

PRYTANEO, f. m. Prytaneum, a building at Athens where the council of Prytani assembled.

P S

PS, *ps*, a way to call cats, as in English they say puss.

P S A

PSALMI'STA, f. m. psalmist, a composer of psalms; king David is particularly distinguished by this epithet, on account of his being author of a great part of the Book of Psalms.
PSA'LMO, f. m. psalm, a divine song.
PSALMODIA, f. f. psalmody a singing of psalms.
PSALMODIA'DO, part. of
PSALMODIA'R, v. n. to sing psalms.
PSALTEIO, f. m. the Psalter, or Book of Psalms; also a musical instrument called a psaltery. See also **ROSARIO**.

P S E

PSEUDO; a term or particle used in the composition of many Portuguese, Latin, and English words; as, *Pseudo-*

P U C

apóstolo, pseudopostle, a counterfeit apostle; *pseudonardo*, &c. pseudonardus, ballard spike, &c.

P T E

PTERYGIO, f. m. (with physicians) a skin growing from the corner of the eye, the pin and web in the eye. Lat. *pterygium*. They call it also vulgarly *unha dos olhos*.

P T I

PTISA'NA, f. f. ptisan, a medical drink made of barley decocted with raisins and liquorice.

P T Y

PTYALISMO, f. m. (with physicians) ptyalism, a spitting or discharge of the saliva through the glands of the mouth.
PTY'SICA, f. f. hectic, consumptive.
PTY'SICO, a, adj. hectic, hectic, in a consumption.

P U

PU, (in China) an itinerary measure containing one thousand four hundred geometrical paces.

P U A

PU'A, f. f. an iron point, a prick, any sharp point sticking out. See also **BERBEQUIM**.
Pua, (in agriculture.) See **GAFO**.

P U B

PUBERTA'DE, or **PUBERDADE**, f. f. puberty, the age of fourteen in boys, and of twelve in girls. Lat. *pubertas*.
PUBLICAÇAM, f. f. publication, publishing.
PUBLICA'DO, a, adj. published.
PUBLICADO'R, f. m. a publisher.
PUBLICADORA, f. f. a woman publisher, or any thing by means of which a thing is made public.
PUBLICAMENTE, adv. publicly.
PUBLICA'NO, f. m. a publican; often mentioned in the Gospel. They were only farmers of the revenues paid to the Romans.
PUBLICAR, v. a. to publish, to divulge, to make public; also to publish, to appoint.
PUBLICIDADE, f. f. publicness.
PUBLICICO, a, adj. public, known to all.
Mulher publica, a whore.
Público, f. m. the public, the people, the general body of mankind.
Empúblico. See **PUBLICAMENTE**.

P U G

PU'CARA, **PUCARINHA**. See **PANELA**, and **PANELINHA**.
PUCARINHO, f. m. a small pot to drink out of, a drinking pot, of earthen ware, for water. See **PU-**

PUL

PU'CARO, f. m. a sort of red cup made in Portugal, much used to drink water out of. They are not very hard, and therefore young women eat them, as in England they do charcoal and other filth, which causes obstructions, and often proves very dangerous.

Pucaro de agua, a cup of water; also a very small repast, so called by the Portuguese.

Beber huma coisa como hum púcaro de agua, to make no scruple or conscience of a thing.

PUCELLA, or **PONCELLA**. See **PONCELLA**.

PUCILGA, f. f. See **POSILGA**.

PUD

PUDENDO, a, adj. ex. *As partes pudendas*, privities, or the privy parts.

PUDIBUNDO, a, adj. pudibund.

PUDICICIA, f. f. pudicity, chastity, modesty.

Pudicia, **Pudicitia**, a goddess, adored at Rome, represented as a woman veiled, of a very modest countenance.

PUDICO, a, adj. modest, chaste. Lat. *pudicus*.

PUDOR, f. m. modesty, shamefacedness.

PUB

PUERI'CIA, f. f. boyish years, betwixt childhood and youth.

PUERI'L, adj. puerile, boyish.

PUERILIDADE, f. f. puerility, boyishness.

PUERILMENTE, adv. boyishly.

PUERPERIO, f. m. See **PARTO**.

PUG

PUGIBA'RBA, f. m. the young man that begins to have a beard.

PUGILO, f. m. (with physicians) a pinch, as much as one can take with his fingers' ends.

PUGNA'DO, part. of

PUGNA'R, v. n. See **PELEJAR**.

PUGNA'Z, adj. warlike, stout, valiant. From the Lat. *pugnax*.

PUI

PUJA'NÇA, f. f. puissance, power, might. See also **FORÇA**.

PUJANTE, adj. strong, powerful, prevalent. See also **ABUNDANTE**.

PUIDO, **PUIR**. See **POLIDO**, **POLIR**.

PUL

PULA'DO, part. of

PULA'R, v. n. to rebound, to skip, to leap, or to fly back in consequence of motion impressed and resisted by a greater force, to bounce up again as a ball doeth. Lat. *salire*.

Pulár, to spring or shoot out. See **PULLULAR**.

Pulár, *ou jublar no seu coração*, to leap for joy, to exult.

PUL

Pular e coração, como succede em hum susto repentino, ou de pois de hum grande trabalho, to leap, to pant, to beat, to palpitate as the heart in sudden terror, or after hard labour.

PU'LGA, f. f. a flea. Lat. *pulex*.

Pulga, a sort of cod-fish.

PULGAM, f. m. a worm that eats the vines.

PULGUEIRA, *ou herwa pulguira*, f. f. the herb flea-wort, or fleabane.

PULGUENTO, a, adj. full of fleas, troubled with fleas. Lat. *pulicesus*.

PULHA, f. f. a joke, a jest, a banter.

Dizer pulbas, to rally one another.

PULHEIRA, f. f. See **POLHEIRA**.

PULIDO, **PULIMENTO**, &c. See **POLIDO**, **POLIMENTO**, &c.

PULLULA'DO, part. of

PULLULA'R, v. n. to spring, or sprout up, to pullulate. Lat. *pululare*.

PULMELLA, *ou cruz pulmella*, (in heraldry) a cross pomillee, or a cross pomettee pomme, a cross with round knobs on the ends, supposed to be derived from *pomme*, French, an apple.

PULMO'NICO, f. m. a pulmonic, or consumptive person.

PU'LO, f. m. a leap, a bound, a rebound, the act of flying back in consequence of motion opposed, restitution.

Dar hum pulo, to take a leap. See **PULAR**.

A púlos, by leaps or jumps.

Dar púlos. See **PULAR**.

Tomar a pela ao púlo, to take the ball at the rebound.

Dar o coração pulos por causa de alegria, to leap for joy.

PU'LPITO, f. m. a pulpit.

PULSAÇAM, f. f. (with physicians) pulsation, the beating of the pulse, or the beating of the arteries.

PULSA'DO, part. of

PULSA'R, v. n. to pant, or beat, as the heart doeth.

Pulsar o pulso, to pulse, to beat as the pulse.

Pulsár. See **INCITAR**.

Pulsár, v. a. to beat or strike the cords of a musical instrument.

PULSATILLA, f. f. pasque-flower. Lat.

PULSATIVO, a, adj. (with physicians) ex. *Dor pulsativa*, a pain accompanied with pulsation; also that causes pulsation.

PULSATORIO, a, adj. idem.

PULSISTA, f. m. one that feels the pulse, and discovers the disease by it.

PULSO, f. m. the pulse. See also **PULSAÇAM**.

Tomar o pulso, to feel the pulse.

Tomar o pulso a hum negocio, to sound a business.

PULVERIZADO, **PULVERIZAR**. See **POLVORIZADO**, **POLVORIZAR**.

PUP

PUN

PUNÇAM, f. m. a sort of pointed instrument made of iron, like a bodkin. It is used by painters; also a punch, a sort instrument used by blacksmiths to make holes.

PUNÇA'R, v. n. (with painters) to work with a **PUNÇAM**, which see.

PUNÇO. See **PONÇO**.

PUNCTU'RA, f. f. pointing, pricking, a puncture.

PUNDONOR, f. m. point of honour, a nicety in honour, corrupt from *ponto de honra*.

PUNDONOROSO, a, adj. nice in points of honour.

PUNGENTE, adj. pungent.

PUNGIDO, a, adj. pricked, &c. See **PUNGI'R**, v. a. to punch, to prick. Lat. *pungere*.

Pungir a barba, to begin to have a beard. Pres. *punjo*, *punger*, *punge*, &c. pret. *pungi*, *pungiste*, &c. subj. pres. *punja*, *punjas*, &c.

Pungir, (metaph.) to gall, to trouble, to vex.

PUNHA'DA, f. f. a buffet, a thump, knock, or blow given perpendicularly with the fist. Lat. *pugnus*.

Dar punha'as, to box, to strike with the fist.

PUNHA'DO, f. m. a handful.

PUNHA'L, f. m. a dagger, a skean; a stiletto, a poinard, or poniard. Lat. *pugio*.

PUNHALA'DA, f. f. a stab with a dagger.

Dar punhaladas, to poniard, to stab with a poniard.

PU'NHO, f. m. the fist. Lat. *pugnus*.

Punbo, **punbete**, a sort of play among boys.

Fazer hum punbo, to clinch, or to double the hand, to contract the fingers into a fist, to clutch the fist.

Punbo da espada, the hilt, or handle of a sword.

Punbos, ruffles or cuffs for the wrists.

Tenho hum ferido de seu punbo, I have a note under his hand.

PU'NICO, a, adj. Punic, or belonging to the Carthaginians.

PUNIÇAM, f. f. punition, punishment.

PUNICEO, a, adj. of a red colour, a light red. Lat. *punicus*.

PUNIDO, a, adj. punished.

PUNIDO'R, f. m. a punisher.

PUNIR, v. a. to punish. Lat. *punire*.

PUNIVEL, adj. punishable.

PUNTURA. See **PUNCTURA**.

PUP

PUPI'LLA, f. f. a damsel under age, an orphan, or girl bereaved of father and mother, that is under ward. Lat.

Pupilla, *ou menina do olho*, the ball, apple, or sight of the eye.

PUPILLA'R, adj. pupillary.

PUPI'LLO, f. m. a fatherless man-child

PUR

child within age, and under ward, a pupil, an orphan. Lat. *pupillus*.

PUR

PURAMENTE, adv. chastely; also purely without mixture; also cleanly, nicely.

PURÁVA, (in India) a sort of cloth made of cotton.

PURCAS, f. f. p. boards that come from the North, and are used by ship-carpenters.

PUREZA, f. f. purity, pureness, clearness, the being pure.

Pureza, ou *Innocência*, pureness, innocency.

Puriza da linguagem, pureness, freedom from vicious modes of speech, exactness, correctness.

PURGA, f. f. a purge; we call it in common phrase, physic.

PURGAÇAM, f. f. purging, cleansing *Purgaço ordinaria das mulheres*, women's monthly courses or menses.

Purgaço, (with chemists) purgation, the several preparation of metals and minerals to clear them of their impurities.

Purgaço, ordeal, trial.

Purgaço por desafio, ordeal by combat, trial by combat, or by duel.

Purgaço por agua que estava fervendo, trial by hot water.

Purgaço por agua fria, ordeal by cold water.

Purgaço por fogo, ordeal by fire.

PURGA'DO, a, adj. purged, &c. See **PURGAR**.

Pargado de algum crime, cleared from a crime.

Pargado, corrected, amended.

PURGANTE, adj. purgative.

Medicamento purgante, a purgative.

PURGA'R, v. a. to purge, to evacuate the body. See also **EXPIAR**.

Purgar, (with chemists) to clear metals and minerals of their impurities.

Purgar-se, v. r. to free or rid one's self of something that is noxious and hurtful. See also **JUSTIFICAR-SE**.

PURGATI'VO, a, adj. purgative.

Purgativo, f. m. a purgative.

PURGATORIO, f. m. purgatory; a certain place where the Roman Catholics hold that the souls of the faithful are purified by fire, from the blemishes they carry with them out of this life, before they are admitted to a state of perfect bliss.

Fogo do purgatorio, purgatorial, or purgatory-fire.

PURIDA'DE, purity; also a secret, especially a royal secret.

Fallar á puridade a alguém, to whisper in one's ear, to tell one a secret.

Festas de puridades, nocturnal rendezvous, or meetings appointed by lovers or sweet-hearts.

P. a quem dizes tua puridade, das tua liberdade, to him you tell your secret, to him you resign your liberty; that

PUS

is, when you have trusted a man, with a secret, he keeps you in awe.

PURIFICAÇAM, f. f. purification cleansing.

Purificação de Nossa Senhora, the Purification of the Virgin Mary, Candlemas.

Purificação, purification, a rite performed by the Hebrew women after childbearing.

Purificação, (in the church of Rome) ablution, washing. See **SANGUINHO**.

PURIFICADO'R, f. m. a purifier.

PURIFICADO, a, adj. purified, cleaned. See

PURIFICA'R, v. a. to purify, to cleanse, to make or render pure or clean; also to purify, to free from an extraneous mixture; also to purify, to make clear.

Purificar, to purify, to free from guilt or corruption.

Purificar, to free from pollution, as by lustration.

Purificar os dedos, (speaking of a priest when he says mass) to wash the fingers after receiving the blessed Sacrament.

Purificar-se, v. r. to purify, to become pure.

PURIFICATORIO, f. m. a small vessel wherein the priest washes his fingers after giving the blessed Sacrament to the people. See also **EXPIAÇAM**.

PRURITANO, a puritan, a sectary of the Calvinistical persuasion, so named from professing to follow the pure word of God, in opposition to all traditions, human constructions and authorities.

PURRO, a, adj. pure, clean, without mixture, untainted, unspotted, undefiled.

A puro, de puro, merely, only; as, *Alcançei-o a pura força de empenhos*, I obtained it only by protection. *Fallais nisso por pura inveja*, it is out of envy only you speak of it. See **MERRO**, and **MERAMENTE**.

PURPURA, f. f. purple, a sort of colour; also purple, a little shell-fish, whereof purple colour cometh.

Purpura real, the royal robes.

PURPUREA'DO, a, adj. clad in purple.

Purpureado, a, p. of

PURPUREAR, v. n. to wax of a purple colour, to grow purple-coloured.

Purpurear, to be of a purple colour.

Fazer purpurar alguma coisa, to colour a thing with purple, to purple it.

PURPUREO, a, adj. of a purple colour.

Purpureo, (in poetry) purple, or red.

PURRIO, (in cant) drunk.

PURULE'NTO, a, adj. full of pus, purulent.

PUS

PUS, f. m. (with surgeons) pus, thick

PUX

or corrupt matter issuing from a wound or sore.

PUSILLA'NIME, adj. pusillanimous, fainthearted.

PUSILLANIMIDA'DE, f. f. pusillanimity, faint-heartedness.

PUSTULA, f. f. a pustule. See **BOS-TELA**.

P U T

PUTA, f. f. a whore, a harlot.

PUTANHEIRO, f. m. a whore-master.

PUTARIA, f. f. putage, fornication on the woman's side, prostitution on her part; also putanism, a whore's trade, way of living of a prostitute, her manners. See also **MANGA-LAÇA**.

Putaria, the vice of running after whores, whoredom.

PUTEADO, part. of

PUTEAR, v. n. to follow whores, to whore.

PUTATI'VO, a, adj. putative, reputed, supposed.

PUTE'GA, f. f. the sprout which shoots out from the root of the *cistus*. *Çumo de petega*. See **HYPOQUISITIDOS**.

PUTINHA, f. f. a little whore.

PUTO, f. m. a bardash, the patient in the sin of sodomy.

PUTREFACÇAM, f. f. putrefaction.

PUTREFACIENTE, f. f. putrefactive, making rotten.

PUTREFACTO'RIO, a, adj. idem.

P U X

PUXA'DO, a, adj. drawn or pulled, dragged. Lat. *trahus*.

Puxado, (in a ludicrous sense) drunk, fuddled.

Muito puxado, far-fetched; as, *Expressão muito puxada, ou não natural*, a far-fetched expression. See the verb

PUXAR, v. a. to draw, to drag, to pull, to lug, to tug, to pluck in general. Lat. *trahere*. See also **CITAR**, and **ALLEGAR**.

Puxar com força, to tug, to pull hard. *Cavalos que puxão por hum carro*, horses that draw a cart.

A açã que se faz puxando huma vez, a pull, a pluck, a draw, a single act of plucking.

Puxar pelas orelhas a alguém, to pull one by the ears, to pluck his ears, to lug him.

Puxar por huma corda, ou estira-la, to stretch a rope or cord, to make it tense.

Puxar pela espada, to draw one's sword out of the scabbard.

Puxar pelo remo, to tug the oar.

Puxar por todas as suas forças, to strive with might and main.

Puxar pelas botas a alguém, ou tirar-lhas, to pull off one's boots.

Puxar por dinhyro da algibeira, to poll or lug money out of one's pocket.

Puxar para cima, to pull up.

Puxar

QUA

Puxar, to drive, to impel by influence of passion, to bring in; to draw in. (Metaph.)
Puxar pelos pescoços dos passaros, ou matalos, to pull the necks of birds, to kill them.
Puxar para si, to attract, to draw to one. Lat. *attrahere*.
PUXA'VA'NTE, f. m. a farrier's but-trice, to pare horses hoofs.

QUA

PU'XO, f. m. a continual desire to go to stool, but in vain, tenesmus.
Puxo, a throw, or pang, as in child-birth; *ter puxo de parir*, to travail, to be in labour.

P Y L

PYLO'RO, f. m. pylorus, the lower orifice of the ventricle, (in anatomy.)

QUA

P Y R

PYRO'IS, f. m. one of the horses of Phœbus.
PYROMANCIA, &c. See *PIRO-MANCIA*, &c.

P Y T

PYTHAGORICO, *PYTHONIZA*, &c. See *PITHAGORICO*, *PI-THONIZA*, &c.

Q.

Q, f. m. a consonant, and the six-teenth letter of the Portuguese alphabet. It is pronounced like *K*; as, *quero*, I am willing, pronounce *hero*.

The vowel *u* after *q* in the words *qual*, which, *quanto*? how much? must be pronounced so smoothly as to render it almost imperceptible to the ear; as in the English word *quantity*, in order to distinguish it from the substantives *cal*, lime, *canto*, singing.

Q among the ancients was a numeral letter, worth five hundred.

Q. velut A cum D quingentos vult numerare.

Q with a dash, stood for five hundred thousand.

The Greeks, Hebrews, and Asiatics have not this letter.

QUA

QUADERNA, QUADERNO. See **CADERNA, CADERNO**.

QUADRA, f. f. a square room; also a square court or yard, with houses on each side.

Quadra, a square, any square place.

Quadra do anno. See **ESTAÇAM do tempo**.

Bandeira de quadra, (in a man of war) a square flag.

Quadras da lua, (in astronomy) the quarters of the moon.

QUADRA'DO, f. m. (in geometry) a quadrate, a square.

Quadrado prolongado, (in geometry) a rectangle, or long square.

Quadrado, a piece of ground that is one hundred feet square.

Quadrado de camisa, the gusset in a shirt, being the square piece under the arm.

Quadrado das myas, the clock in a flocking.

Vinte pollegadas em quadrado, twenty inches square.

Quadrado magico, a magic square, or numbers in arithmetical proportion, disposed into such parallel and equal ranks; as that the sums of each row, as well diagonally, as laterally, shall be equal.

Quadrado, a, adj. square. See **QUADRAR**.

Quadrado, steady, firm, constant, resolute, unshaken.

Batalha quadrado, square, squadron, or troops formed into a square.

B quadrado, ou *B quad-ro*, (in music) a B sharp.

Apelle quadrado, quartile, an aspect of the heavenly bodies, called also quadrate, (in astrology.)

Raiz quadrada, ou *quadra*, square root, (in arithmetic.)

QUADRADU'RA. See **QUADRATURA**.

QUADRAGEN'RIO, a, adj. forty years old.

QUADRAGE'SIMA, the space of forty days.

Domingo de Quadragesima, Quadragesima, the first Sunday in Lent.

QUADRAGESIMA'L, adj. quadragesimal, pertaining to Lent, used in Lent.

QUADRAGE'SIMO, a, adj. the fortieth.

QUADRANGULA'R, adj. quadrangular.

QUADRANGULO, f. m. a quadrangle.

Quadrangulo, a, adj. See **QUADRANGULAR**.

QUADRANTA'L, f. m. (among the Romans) quadrantal, a measure for liquids; it contained nine gallons of our measure.

QUADRANTE, f. m. the fourth of a circle, &c.

Quadrante, a dial plane, on which hour-lines are drawn in any latitude, &c.

QUADRA'R, v. a. to square, to reduce to a square.

Quadrar, v. n. to quadrate, to agree with, to answer, to suit, to be accommodated.

QUADRATU'RA, f. f. squaring, or quadrature.

Quadratura do circulo, the squaring, or the quadrature of the circle.

Quadratura da lua, the quadrature of the moon.

QUADRIGA, f. f. a coach, or cart with four horses, only used by poets. Lat.

QUADRIL, f. m. the hip. Lat. *coxa*. *Junta do quadril de hum cavallo*, the hipe-joint of a horse.

QUADRILATERO, f. m. a quadrilateral figure.

Quadrilatero, a, adj. quadrilateral.

QUADRILHA, f. f. a ward, district, or portion of a city, committed to the ward or special charge of an officer called **QUADRILHEIRO**, which see.

Quadrilha em jogo de canas, quadrilla, a small troop or company of cavaliers pompously dressed, and mounted, for the performance of carousels, jousts, tournaments, running at the ring, and other diversifications of gallantry.

Quadrilha, a troop or company of horsemen; also a gang.

Quadrilha, ou *adua de canas*. See **MATILHA**.

QUADRILHEIRO, f. m. an officer appointed to be ready upon all quarrels or broils in each ward, and make inquisition upon breakers of the peace and other offenders; also any of the cavaliers pompously dressed, &c. See *QUADRILHA em jogo*, &c.

QUADRIPARTITO, a, adj. quadripartite, divided into four parts.

QUADRO, f. m. (in geometry.) See **QUADRADO**. See also **PAYNEL**.

Quadro, a square bed in a garden; also the the platen, or plate, of a printing-press.

Quadro bayxo, (in architecture) the square at the bottom of a pillar. Lat. *quadra*.

Quadro, a, adj. See **QUADRADO**, a, adj.

B quadro, ou *quadrado*, (in music) B sharp.

QUADRUPE'ADO. See **QUADRUPLO**.

QUADRUPEDA'NTE, adj. that goeth on four feet, prancing, galloping. Lat. *quadrupesans*.

QUADRUPEDE, or **QUADRUPE**, f. m. a four-footed beast, a quadruped.

Quadrupede, ou *quadrupo*, adj. quadruped, quadrupedal, quadrupedous, four-footed.

- QUADRUPLA**, f. f. (in music) quadruple proportion.
- QUADRUPLE**. See **QUADRUPLO**.
- QUADRUPLICADO**. See **QUADRUPLO**.
- Quadruplicado**, a, adj. quadruplicated, quadrupled.
- QUADRUPlicAR**, v. a. to quadruplicate, to make four-fold, to double twice.
- QUADRU'PLO**, f. m. four times as much, four-fold.
- QUA L**, pronoun interrogative, which? as,
De qual fallais vos? which do you speak of?
- Qual delleis?* which of them?
- Qual dos deus?* which or whether of the two?
- Qual**, pron. relative, which; it is spoken both of persons and things.
Tal qual vos o desejaveis, such as you would have it.
- Qual**, (in similes) like as, so as, as.
Com o qual, with whom, with which.
- P. qual pergunta faras, tal resposta teras*, such a question as you ask, such an answer you will have.
- P. qual mais, qual menos toda a laõ he peles*, some more, some less, all the wool is hairs. Never a barrel, the better herring.
- P. qual he o cão, tal he o dono*, as the master is, such is the dog; like master, like man.
- Qual?** a proverbial expression, a doubt whether a thing will be done; as,
fará elle isso qual? he will do it; the devil he will?
- QUALHADO, QUALHAR**. See **COALHADO, COALHAR**.
- QUALIDA'DE**, f. f. quality. See **CALIDADE**.
- QUALIFICAÇAM, QUALIFICA'DO**, &c. See **CALIFICAÇAM, CALIFICADO**, &c.
- QUALIFICATIVO**. See **CALIFICATIVO**.
- QUALQUE R**, pron. whichsoever, whosoever. It makes *qualquer* in the plural, and is applied indifferently to persons or things.
Para qualquer parte que, whithersoever, to what place soever.
- Qualquer que seja*, it maketh no matter who, any one, whatever he, or it, be.
- Em qualquer parte*, wheresoever, in what place soever, where-ever, any where, any whither.
- Em qualquer outra parte*, any where else.
- De qualquer parte que quizeres*, whence thou wilt, out of any place.
- Por qualquer modo que*, howsoever, any how, after what sort, fashion or manner soever.
- Por qualquer parte que*, which way soever, by what place soever.
- Em qualquer tempo*, whensoever, at what time soever, one time or other, at any time.
- Qualquer dos deus*, whethersoever of the two.
- Qualquer que quizeres dos deus*, which of the two you please.
- Qualquer coisa*, a little, some, any thing.
- Qualquer coisa que succeda*, whatsoever happens.
- Hide a ter com qualquer outra pessoa*, go to somebody else.
- Eu birste la qualquer dia*, I will go there some day or other.
- QUAM**, en *quão*, a conj. how; *quão bem parece*, &c. how well it looks, &c.
- Tão quão*, as well as.
- Quão grande!* how great!
- QUAMA'NHO**, a, adj. how great. Lat. *quantus*.
- Quamamba terra*, what vast tract of land.
- QUANDO**, adv. when. Lat.
- Ate quando?* till what time? how long?
- De quando em quando*, now and then, ever and anon, every while.
- Quando soldado*, whilst he was a soldier.
- Quando muito*, at most, at farthest, at long run; also when the worst comes to the worst.
- Quando menos*, at least.
- Quando quer que*, whensoever, at what time soever, one time or other, at any time.
- Quando, ou no caso que*. See **CASO que**.
- Ainda quando*, although, albeit. Lat. *licet*.
- QUANQUAM**, f. m. a short elogy, praise, or commendation.
- QUANTIA**, f. f. quantity, value, sum, sum of money. See also **CONTIA**.
- QUANTIDA'DE**, f. f. quantity, whatsoever is capable of any sort of estimation or mensuration; also quantity, abundance, plenty.
- Quantidade*, (among logicians) quantity, the second category.
- Quantidade*, (with grammarians) quantity, the measure or magnitude of the syllables, or that which determines them to be called long or short.
- Quantidade continua*, continual quantity.
- Quantidade discreta*, divided quantity.
- QUANTIO'SO**, a, adj. numerous, not few, excessive.
- QUANTITATIVAMENTE**, adv. with respect to quantity, or number.
- QUANTITATIVO**, a, adj. of, or belonging to continual quantity.
- QUANTO**, a, adj. interrog. how much? *quanto* is also an adverb, and a conj.
- Quantos?* how many?
- Todos quantos elles são*, as many as they are.
- Quanto tempo?* how long?
- Quantas vezes?* how often? *quantas vezes*, as many times, as often as.
- Quanto melhor eu poder*, as well as I can, to the best of my power.
- Quantos paens come el rey?* (in the town called St. Ubes) a sort of play among boys. See **CHAPELETAS**.
- Quanto mais cedo puderes*, as soon as you can.
- Quanto mais o conheci mais o estimei*, the better I knew him, the more I liked him.
- Quanto mais boas obras bem ~~bem~~ faz*, mais contente morre, the better a man lives, the more willingly he dies.
- Quanto mais d'uso fores, mais humilde deves ser*, the more learned thou art, the more humble be thou.
- Quanto mais se diminui a esperança, mais cresce o meu amor*, by how much the less hope there is, by so much the more am I in love.
- Quanto menos*, much less.
- Tanto quanto*, as much as.
- Quanto quizerdes*, as much as you will.
- Quanto me for possível*, as far, or as much as lies in me, as far as I can.
- Quanto*, as much as, as far as.
- Quanto for possível*, so far as is possible.
- Quanto for necessário*, as far as it shall be needful.
- Em quanto*, while, whilst, as long as.
- Em quanto*, as, ex. *Homens em quanto homens*, men as they are men.
- Em quanto a*, as to, as for, for what concerns.
- Em quanto a mim*, as for me.
- Em quanto aquelle dinheyro*, as to that money.
- Per quanto*, for as much as, since, where-as.
- QUAM**, a conj. how; *quão bella he a vertude!* how beautiful is virtue!
- Lembraí-vos quão breve tempo vos fica da vossa vida*, remember how short a time you have to live.
- Tão quão*, as well as.
- QUAREN'TA**, adj. forty, four times ten; *quarenta horas*, (with Roman catholics) forty hours of prayer, or public prayers continued for the space of eight days successively, and without intermission before the holy Sacrament.
- QUARENTE'NA**, f. f. quarantain, or quarantine, the space of forty days, being the time which a ship, suspected of infection, is obliged to forbear commerce. See also **LAUDEMIO**.
- Fazer quarantina*, to perform quarantine.
- Quarentena*, the forty days of Lent.
- QUARE'SMA**, f. f. Lent, by corruption from *quadragesima*.
- QUA'R'IA**, f. f. a water-pot; also a little bushel, the fourth part thereof. Lat. *modulus*.
- Quarta*, a fourth, or fourth part.
- Quarta*, (in music) the fourth.
- Quarta no jogo dos centes*, a fourth at piquet.
- Quarta de vento*, a quarter in the fly of the mariner's compass. See **VENTO**.
- Quarta*, the fourth form in the schools.
- Quarta febre*. See **FEBRE**.
- QUARTALU'DO**, (among farriers) it is spoken of a horse that has some defect in the quarters.
- QUARTANA'RIO**, f. m. (in cathedral churches) an ecclesiastic whose revenue makes the fourth part of that of a canon.
- Quartanario**, one that has a quartan ague.

QUARTAM, f. m. a nag, a small short horse; also a small cannon, a twelve-pounder.

Quartaõ, f. m. a measure containing three *canadas*. - See **CANADA**.

QUARTAPI'SA, f. f. a border or welt in the inside of a woman's gown.

QUARTEADO, (in heraldry) quarterly.

QUARTEAR, v. a. to quarter (in heraldry.)

QUARTEIRAM, f. m. a quarter of an hundred, or twenty-five.

Quarteirão da lua. See **QUARTO da lua**.

Quarteirão, a particular sea-chart, or such as exhibits some particular part of the terraqueous globe.

Quartirão, (in heraldry) one of the four equal parts into which a shield is divided.

QUARTEIRO, f. m. five *alqueires*. See **ALQUEIRE**.

QUARTEL, f. m. (a military word) quarter, the place where soldiers are lodged, or stationed; also a lodging for a soldier.

Tomar quartel. See **AQUARTELAR-SE**.

Quartel, (in military affairs) quarter, the sparing the life, and giving good treatment to a conquered enemy. *Pedir quartel*, to beg quarters. *Dar quartel*, to give quarters. *Não se dá quartel a ninguém*, there is no body spared.

Quartel mestre, *ou ferriel*, a quarter-master.

Quartel mestre general, *apresentador mayor do exercito*, *ou ferriel mayor*, quarter-master general.

Quartel da corte, the king's or the general's quarters.

Quartel, a quarter-rent, any money paid by quarters, quarterage.

Pagar a quartel, to pay quarterly, or by quarters.

Quartil, f. m. (in heraldry) quarterings.

Quartéis de inverno, winter-quarters.

Quartil de despojo. See **CARTEL**.

Ultimo quartel da vida, the end of life.

Quartil da escotilha, one of the boards that serve to shut the hatches in a ship.

QUARTELLA, f. f. the pastern of a horse, or other beast.

QUARTETE, *ou QUARTETO*, f. m. a tetraltich, a stanza consisting of four verses.

QUARTILHO, f. m. the fourth part of a Portuguese measure called a **CANADA**, which see.

QUARTO, f. m. a quarter, or the fourth part; also a hoghead.

Quarto de pipa, a quarter cask.

Quarto de cordeiro, &c. a quarter of lamb, &c.

Um livro em quarto, a quarto, a book in quarto.

Quarto, an apartment in a house.

Quarto de hora, a quarter of an hour.

Quarto, (a sea-term) watch.

Quarto d'alva, the third watch; that is, break-of-day watch.

Quarto da medorra, the drowsy watch when people is found asleep the second watch. Mr. Francis Man in his *Epanaph.* p. 513. calls *quarto da medorra*, the third watch.

Quartos, *ou quadras da lua*. See **QUADRA**.

Quarto de ouro, a coin in Portugal, equal to six shillings and nine pence.

Fazer o corpo em quartel. See **ESQUARTEJAR**.

Quartos, chaps in the hoof of a horse.

Quarto, a, adj. the fourth.

QUARTOLA, f. f. half a pipe.

QUASI, adv. almost, in a manner.

Esleve quasi para morrer, I thought to die.

Esleve quasi perdido, he was c'en almost undone.

He quasi noite, it is almost night.

Quasi quas que o matavão, he was very near being killed, or he was within a hair's breadth of being killed.

Quasi contrato, (in civil law) quasi contract, an act which has not the strict form of a contract, but yet has the force of it.

QUATERNÁRIO, f. m. quaternary, the number four.

QUATORZA'DA, f. f. a quatorze at piquet, fourteen by aces, kings, &c.

QUATORZE, adj. fourteen.

Quatorze vezes, fourteen times.

Quatorze, the fourteenth.

Luis quatorze, Lewis the fourteenth.

QUATORZENHO, f. m. (with physicians) the fourteenth day.

QUATRALVO cavallo, a horse that has four white feet.

QUATRIDUO, f. m. the space of four days.

QUATRIM, f. m. any small coin. From the Italian *quattrini*.

QUATRO, adj. four; it is also used as a substantive; as, *hum quatro*, a four.

Quatro vezes outro tanto, four times as much, fourfold.

Quatro mil, four thousand.

Quatro vezes vinte, fourscore, four times twenty, eighty.

Chegau a quatro de Mayo, he arrived the fourth day of May.

Quatro temporadas, the four Ember weeks.

Que tem quatro pés, four-footed.

Que comprehende quatro annos, *ou que succede cada quatro annos*, quadrennial.

QUATROCENTOS, as, adj. four hundred.

Quatrocentas vezes, four hundred times.

QUATRUMVIRATO, or **QUATUORVIRATO**, f. m. the office of four ruling together.

QUE

QUE, a pronoun relative both to persons and things, and common to all numbers, genders, and cases; which, who.

O livro que, the book which.

Os livros que, the books which.

A carta que, the letter which.

As cartas que, the letters which.

Com que, wherewith, wherewithal; as, *não tem com que pagar*, he has not wherewithal to pay.

O mestre que ensina, the master who teacheth.

A mulher que tenho, the wife that I have. **Não ba de que**, it is not worth your while.

O homem que eu amo, the man whom I love.

A mulher que eu amo, the woman I love.

Que homem he aquelle? what man is that?

Que, ou que coisa? what?

Que horas são? what is it o'clock?

Que diz elle? what does he say?

As que, ou a qual coisa, whereto, whereunto, to which, unto which.

Que, a conjunct. that.

Creio que elle virá, I believe that he will come, or I believe he will come.

Que is also a particle which most conjunctions are composed of; as, *ainda que*, although, *de sorte que*, so that, &c.

Que is sometimes the sign of the third persons of the imperative, as *let* in English; as, *que falle*, let him speak; *que rião*, let them laugh, &c.

Que is used between two verbs, to determine and specify the sense of the first; as, *eu vos asseguro que assim he*, I assure you that it is so; *dúvida que assim seja*, I doubt whether it is so or no.

The exclamation, or admiration is sometimes expressed without any verb; as, *que gesto!* *e no mesmo tempo que pena!* how much pleasure and trouble at once!

Que is sometimes repeated; as, *Que bellos livros que tendes!* what fine books you have got! *que bella que he a virtude!* how beautiful is virtue! **Que** is sometimes followed by *de*; as, *que de leucos ha no mundo!* how many fools there are in the world!

Que is used after nouns denoting time, and is sometimes Englished by *when*, *since*, &c. and sometimes left out; as, *O dia que elle partiu*, the day when he set out.

Quanto tempo ha que estais em Londres? how long have you lived at London? **Há dez annos que faz a mesma coisa**, he has done the same thing these ten years.

Há dez annos que morreu, he died ten years ago.

Que is sometimes rendered into English by *because*, as you may see in *Camões*, canto 2. stanza xvi. *que leve-mente hum animo*, &c.

Que before *se*, in the beginning of a sentence, is a redundancy not expressed in English; as, *que se vos dizis que*, &c. if you say that, &c.

Que is used after the conjunction *a penas* (scarce or hardly) and is Englished by *but*; as, *a penas acabou de falar que logo morreu*, he had hardly done speaking but he expired.

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Ha muito tempo que nos conhecemos, it is a great while since we first knew one another, we have known one another a long while.
Por medo que, for fear, lest.
Sem que, unless, ex. *Sem que vos vades para fora primeiro eu não quero*, &c. unless you go out first, I will not, &c.
Não posso ver a sem que a amo, I cannot see her, but I must love her.
Vos fareis isso bizarramente sem que eu saiba, you will do that well enough without my going thither.
Não tenho nada que fazer com aquillo, I have nothing to do with that.
Hide-vos que sois hum tolo, go like a blockhead as you are.
Creyo que sim, I believe so, yes.
Elle cre que não, he believes not.
Digo que sim, I say yes.
Elle diz que não, he says no, or not.
Aposto que sim, I lay it is so.
Aposto que não, I lay it is not so.
Mais vinho que agua, more wine than water.
Mais do que he necessario, more than enough. It is a relative in this example.
Não mais que cinco, no more than five.
He mais do que eu sey, it is more than I know. *Que* is a relative in this phrase.
Em qualquer estado que, in what condition soever.
Qualquer coisa que succeder, whatever thing happens.
Não sey que, I know not what.
Hum não sey que, idem.
S não que, but also.
Com tanto que, provided that.
Não ha ninguém que não saiba, there is none but knows.
A penas passa hum dia sem que elle venha a minha casa, there is no day almost but he comes to my house.
Elle não tem mais que pell. e ossos, he is nothing but skin and bones.
Não se pode duvidar que elle venha, there is no doubt but he will come.
Elle não faz mais que chorar, she doth nothing but cry.
Não ha ninguém que não tenha medo de vos, there is no one but is afraid of you.
Que, but, but that.
Não ha duvida que, there is no doubt but, or but that.
Não ha duvida que el-rey de Portugal corrigira a mayor parte dos abusos, there is no question but the king of Portugal will reform most of the abuses.
QUEBRA, f. f. break, the state of being broken, a rupture, a breaking.
Quebra, the refuse of gold or silver, lost in melting, or trying.
Quebra de amizade, breach of friendship falling out.
Quebra de mercador, bankruptcy, breaking.
Quebra de credito, loss of credit.
Quebra, loss, detriment, damage, prejudice.
Quebra, (in heraldry) rebatement, or abatement, brisure, an addition for the distinction of bastards.

QUEBRADA, f. f. a break in land, an unevenness, a breach.
Quebrada, ou lugar acantilado, a steep place, a precipice.
Quebrada de hum rochedo, monte, &c. abruptness, cragginess of a rock, mountain, &c.
Quebrada das aguas. See **QUEBRADO**, f. m.
QUEBRADEIRA, ou **QUEBRADERO** de cabeça, a piece of impertinence, or any tedious troublesome thing that troubles one's head.
QUEBRADILHO, a, adj. brittle, soon broken. Lat. *fragilis*.
Porta quebradilha, a folding, or two-leaved door, folding gates.
QUEBRADO, a, adj. broken; also broken-bellied; also that is unable to pay, become bankrupt. See **QUEBRAR**.
Verso quebrado, a short verse inserted in every stanza of verses, of a longer sort.
Numero quebrado, a fraction in arithmetic, a broken number.
Cor quebrada, (in painting) a faint colour. Lat. *dim. tus color*. It proceeds from the union of different colours.
Quebrado de trabalho, weary, tired, fatigued with labour.
Quebrado, that is at variance, disagreed.
Quebrado, f. m. ex. *Quebrado das aguas*, fall of waters, a water-fall.
QUEBRADOR, f. m. one that breaks any thing, a breaker.
Quebrador de huma ley, a breaker of a law. See **QUEBRANTADOR**, **VIOLADOR**.
QUEBRADURA, f. f. a rupture, a breaking, rent; also rupture, bursten belly, or burstiness. See also **FRAC-TURA**.
QUEBRAMENTO de cabeça, a great noise. See **QUEBRADERA**.
QUEBRANTADO, a, adj. broken; also tired, weary, weakened. See **QUEBRANTAR**.
Alguna coisa quebrantado, somewhat weakened.
QUEBRANTADOR, f. m. a breaker, an infringer.
QUEBRANTAMENTO, f. f. infringement, violation, breach.
Quebrantamento, feebleness, weakness.
Quebrantamento do espirito, want of spirit, dispiritedness, abatement of spirits.
QUEBRANTAR, v. a. to break, to weaken. See **VIOLAR**.
Quebrantar huma ley, &c. to break, to infringe a law, &c.
Elle quebranta as festas, he does not keep holy-days.
Quebrantar o espirito, to dispirit, to bring down one's spirit.
Quebrantar hum juramento, to break one's oath.
Quebrantar o orgulho a algum, to break one's pride, to humble him, to bring down one's pride.
Quebrantar-se, v. r. to despond, to be cast down, to dispirit one's self.

QUEBRANTO, f. m. a bewitching by a certain evil influence of the eye.
Dar quebranto, to eye-bite, to bewitch by a certain evil influence of the eye.
Quebrante, he who eye-bites, or bewitches.
QUEBRANTOSSO, f. m. See **BRI-TA-SSOS**.
QUEBRAR, v. a. to break, to part by violence. See also **QUEBRANTAR**.
Quebrar huma porta, to break open a door.
Quebrar dando com huma coisa em outra, to dash, to break by collision.
Quebrar hum braço, to break an arm.
Quebrar a amizade, to break, to fall out, to be no longer friends.
Quebrar a cabeça a algum repetindo a mesma coisa, to break one's head, to be troublesome to him.
Quebrar o silencio, to break silence, to begin to speak.
Aquillo quebra-lhe os olhos, that is an eye-sore for him.
Quebrar o fio, ou ponta de huma faca, to blunt, to dull the edge or point of a knife.
Quebrar vivo. See **RODAR vivo**.
Quebrar o fio dos appetitos, to tame, or suppress the passions.
Quebrar, to assuage or lessen.
Quebrar huma aspera condicão, to soften, to temper, to mollify a savage humour, to render it mild and gentle.
Quebrar as lanças. See **PELEJAR**.
Quebrar. See **CONVERTER**.
Quebrar, to move, to toss, to shake, to bend, to bow, to turn. See **VOLTAR**.
Quebrar a asperenza da propria condicão, ou quebrar de condicão, to grow mild or gentle, to be tamed, assuaged, lenified, tempered, &c.
Quebrar, v. n. to break. See also **CONVERTER-SE**.
Quebrar a ira, to be allayed, to relent, to cool, to grow cool, to be appeased or mitigated.
Quebrar, to break, to become bankrupt.
Quebrar com algum, to break, to fall out with one, to be no longer friends.
Quebrar, to get a rupture, or broken belly.
Quebrar, to break, to burst by dashing, as waves on a rock.
Onda que quebra nos rochedos, &c. a breaker, a wave broken by rocks, &c.
Quebrei por mim, por medo de dar escandalo, I made my passion yield or truckle to the fear of scandal.
Quebrar-se, v. r. to break.
Tendes para vos que haja de quebrar-se? do you think it will break?
Quebra-se-me o coração, my heart is ready to break.
Quebrar-se, to be stigmatized with tardy.
P. não quebra por d'lgado, senão por gordo, e malhado, a thread does not break because it is fine, but for be-

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ing thick and ill spun; fineness is no fault, but coarse ill spinning.
QUEBROS, f. m. p. melodious inflections of the voice, those we call breaks, (in music.)
QUEDA, f. f. a fall. Lat. *casus*, or *lapsus*.
Queda, declivity, steepness.
Queda, inclination, proneness to, propensity, natural aptness, natural disposition.
Qu da, inclination, love, affection.
QUEDO, a, adj. quiet, still.
Qu do quedo, softly, gently.
A pe quedo. See **PÊ**.
P. ra almeida tem a barba queda, at a sale keep your beard on your chin still; that is, let not your beard wag too fast in bidding, lest you overbid and repent.
QUEGILA, or **QUIGILA**, (among gamblers) a bad omen.
QUEIJA'DA, f. f. a cheesecake.
QUEIJA'DO, p. of
QUEIJA'R, v. n. to make cheese.
QUEIJEIRA, f. f. a dairy where cheese is made; also a woman that makes or sells cheese.
QUEIJINHO, f. m. a small cheese.
QUEIJO, f. m. cheese. From the Lat. *caseus*.
Queijo fresco, *ou fresco*. See **FRESCAL**.
Queijo melle, new cheese.
Queijo duro, e *que não he fresco*, old cheese.
Talhada de queijo assado frito em buma fatia de pão, a ramekin, or Welsh-rabbit.
Queijo de olhos, a cheese full of eyes.
Queijo coalhado, cheese-curd.
O que vende queijos, a cheese-monger.
Queijo feito de nata, cream-cheese.
Queijo de figos passados, a heap of dry figs round like a cheese.
QUEIMA, f. f. a burning.
QUEIMAÇAM, f. f. ex. *Quimaçam de sangue*, sorrow, grief, vexation, care.
QUEIMA'DA, f. f. (in Alentejo) the burning of a wood; also a piece of land whereof the trees have been burnt.
QUEIMA'DO, a, adj. burnt. See **QUEIMAR**.
Meio queimado, half burned.
Queimado do sol, sun-burnt.
Queimado, (speaking of vines, &c.) blasted, frost-bitten.
Heras quimadas, ou surtadas, spare time.
QUEIMADO'R, f. m. he that burneth, a burner.
QUEIMADO'RA, f. f. she that burneth.
QUEIMADURA, f. f. a burn, an impression or a hurt caused by fire.
QUEIMAM, f. m. a sort of Indian dress.
QUEIMAR, v. a. to burn. Lat. *cremare*; also to blait.
Queimar ao redor, to burn all about.
Queimar, to nip or starve, as cold.
Queimar a fazenda, to destroy, to waste an estate.

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Aquelle guizado tem santos adabos, que quima a garganta, that ragoo is so high seasoned that it catches at one's throat.
Queimar o sangue, to afflict, trouble, grieve, vex, disquiet.
Queimar as pistunas em alguma obra, to write or compose a work with much pains and study.
A' QUEIMAROUÇA, adv. ex. *atirou-lhe hum tiro á quimarouça*, he shot him with the gun close to his breast.
QUEIXA, f. f. a complaint. See also **ACHAQUE**.
Queixa ao juiz. See **QUERELA**.
QUEIXADA, f. f. the cheek-bone, or jaw-bone, the mandible. Lat. *maxilla*.
QUEIXA'DO, p. of **QUEIXAR-SE**, which see.
QUEIXAL dente, a cheek-tooth.
QUEIXAR-SE, v. r. to complain. Lat. *querere*.
Queixar-se de alguém, to complain of one.
Queixar-se com, ou a alguém, to complain to one.
Elle queixa-se muito, he makes a sad complaint.
Queixão-se muito delle, he is very much complained of.
O que se queixa, a complainer.
QUEIXO, f. m. See **QUEIXADA**.
Fazer tremor os queixos a alguém, to terrify one.
Cabir o queixo a alguém, is for one to be amazed, mumped, speechless, or stunned.
QUEIXOSO, a, adj. that is always complaining, full of complaints, querulous. Lat. *querulus*.
Queixoso, that regrets, bewails, mourns, or is sorry.
Queixoso, (in a medicinal sense) affected or afflicted with a disease or pain; as, *o lugar, ou a parte queixosa*, the affected part.
QUEIXUME, f. m. moan. See also **QUEIXA**.
QUEJANDA? (obso.) how is it?
QUELHA, f. f. a mill-leaf.
Quelba or calba. See **CALHA**.
Quelba, (in the province of Minho.) See **BÊCO**.
QUEM, a pronoun, who.
Quem esta abi? who is there?
Não j'y quem, I know not who.
Quem dos deus? which, or whether of the two?
Quem mais, quem menos, some more, some less.
Quem de buma parte, quem da outra, some one way, some another.
Quem de vos se atreveria a fazer tal cousa? which of you durst do such a thing?
Quem, ou aquelle que, he, that, or whoever.
De quem he este livro? whose book is this?
Quem quer, any one, any man, any body.
Quem quer que for, whoever, whosoever,

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whoever he be, let him be who he will.
P. quem bem faz, para si o faz, do well, and have well.
QUENTA'L. See **QUINTA'L**.
QUENTE, adj. warm, or hot. Lat. *calidus*.
Ferro quente, hot iron.
Beber quente, to drink hot or warm.
Andar o negocio quente, is for a business to be carried on briskly.
Andão quentes as armas, they fight briskly.
Ter as costas quentes em alguem. See **COSTAS**.
QUENTURA, f. f. See **CALOR**, **CALMA**.
QUER, when a particle, must be repeated, and the first is rendered into English by *either*, or *neither*, and the second by *or*; as,
Quer elle queira, quer não, whether he will or no.
Quer vos o lambais feito, quer não, whether you have done that or no.
Se quer, at least; as,
Se vos não quereis ser por elle, não sejais se quer contra elle, if you do not chuse to be for him, at least do not oppose him.
Dai-lhe se quer com que sustentar-se, give him at least a subsistence.
Elle nem se quer poupou a seu proprio filho, he has not spared so much as his own son.
Nem se quer hum, is rendered into English by *never a one*, or as in the following example; *serão todos mortos, e nem se quer hum escapou*, they were all slain to a man.
Nem se quer buma não se perdeo, never a ship was lost.
Nem se quer buma palavra se atreves a dizer de Cezar, he durst say never a word of Cæsar.
Como qu r que seja, however, howsoever it be.
Cmo quer que, whereas.
QUERELA, f. f. (in law) a plaint.
Dar querela. See **QUERELAR**.
Querela, a cause; as, *justa querela*, a just cause.
O que da querela, a plaintiff, or complainant.
QUERELA'DO, f. m. a defendant, opposed to plaintiff.
Querelado, p. of
QUERELA'R, v. n. (in law) to complain, to make a complaint, to bring an action into court for a wrong received.
QUERELOSO, f. m. (in law) a plaintiff, or complainant.
QUERENA, f. f. careen, or careening; ex. *Dar querena a hum navio*, to careen a ship.
Lugar em que se da querena, a careening place.
QUERENADO, a, adj. careened.
QUERENA'R, v. a. to careen.
Querencar hum navio, to careen a ship, to bring a ship, as she floats, to lie on one side, in order to cleanse,

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or calk what was before under water.
QUERENÇA, f. f. ex. *Bem querença*. See **BENEVOLENCIA**.
Mal querença. See **MALEVOLENCIA**.
Querença, f. f. the place wherein the birds of prey bring up their young ones.
QUERENÇO'SO, a, adj. See **AMORAVEL**, **BENEVOLO**. See also **DESEJOSO**.
QUERER, v. a. and n. Pres. *quero*, *queres*, *quer*, &c. Pret. *quize*, *quizeste*, *quize*, &c. Fut. *quererei*, *quereras*, *querera*, &c. Subj. pres. *quizeira*, *quizeiras*, *quizeira*, &c. Imp. *quizeira*, or *quizeste*, *quizeiras*, or *quizestes*, &c. Fut. *quizeira*, &c. to will, to be willing.
Querer bem a algum, to love one, to wish one well.
Quero-vos muito, I love you dearly.
Não querer, to be unwilling, not to will.
Antes querer, to have rather, to chuse rather.
Antes quero este do que aquelle, I love this better than the other.
Antes quizeira, I had rather, I could rather wish.
Se vos quereis, if you will, if you please.
Quero que assim seja, I will have it so.
Fa-lo hei quando eu quizer, I will do it when I please, or when I have a mind to it. They say also; *Fa-lo hei quando eu muito quizer*.
Não quero, I will not, or I won't.
Elle affirma o quize, he would have it so.
Queira Deus que assim seja, God grant it, would to God it were so, God send it may be so.
Eu quizeira que, I would fain, I wish that.
Que quereis vós? what would you have?
Nem elle sabe o que quer, he does not know his own mind.
Esta terra o quer, the air of this country agrees very well with his own constitution.
Se a pobre rapariga soubesse o que vós lhe quereis, if the poor girl knew what design you have upon her.
Querer mal a algum, to bear one an ill will, to hate him, to have a grudge against him, to owe him a spite.
Houa quero, or *mai quero que assim seja*, well, I grant it, or suppose it were so.
Querir dizer, to mean, or signify; as, *Que quer dizer aquillo?* what means that? what is the meaning of that?
Quer dizer que, &c. the meaning is, that, &c.
Queres tu ir? wilt thou go?
Quero-vos huma palavra, a word with you.
Os elle quizeira, or *não*, will he, nill he, whether he will or no.
Quer, or *procurar*, to endeavour. See **PROCURAR**.

P. quem tudo o quer, tudo o perde, all covet, all lose.
Querér, f. m. will, pleasure.
Querer-se com algum, v. r. to be willing to deal with one, to like him.
QUERI'DO, a, adj. dearly beloved. Lat. *dilectus*. It is also used subitatively; as, *meu querido*, my dear (speaking of a man.)
Minha querida, my dear, (speaking of a woman.)
Eu tento querido muitas vezes avisa-lo, I have had a mind, or I have endeavoured very often to warn him.
QUERUBIM. See **CHERUBIM**.
QUESTAM, f. f. a question, a proposition, a query, a doubt.
Sem questaõ, without doubt.
Suppor aquillo que está em questaõ, to beg the question.
Esta é a materia que agora está posta em questaõ, that is now the matter in question.
Propor huma questaõ, to query, to put a question.
QUESTIU'NCULA, f. f. a little controversy. Lat. *questiuncula*.
QUESTOR, f. m. *quæstor*, a magistrate, or treasurer among the Romans.
QUESTU'RA, f. f. *quæstorship*, the dignity of a Roman *quæstor*.
QUÊXIQUER, f. m. some think it is the name of a shepherd, and some of a country.

QUI

QUIÇA', *Quiçes*, *em par tura*, (a word little used) perhaps.
QUICIO, f. m. a hinge.
QUID pro quo, a quid pro quo, a mistake.
QUIETACAM, f. f. quietness, stillness, rest, ease, tranquillity.
QUIETADO. See **AQUIETADO**.
QUIETAMENTE, adv. quietly, peaceably.
QUIETAR, *Quietar-se*. See **AQUIETAR**.
QUIETISTAS, a sect called the Quietists.
QUIETO, a, adj. quiet, at rest, still, not troubled, free from disturbance.
Quieto, quiet, peaceable, not turbulent, mild, not offensive.
Quieto, quiet, at rest, still, not in motion.
Quieto, quiet, smooth, not ruffled, calm.
QUIG'LA, f. f. (in Angola) a sort of imprecation used by the black men to their sons. See also **QUEGLA**.
QUILATADOR, f. m. assayer, an officer of the mint.
QUILATE, f. m. carat, a degree of goodness in gold; also carat, a sort of weight for precious stones.
Quilate, (metaph.) the perfection of any thing, or the degree or condition in which a thing is.
QUILHA, f. f. the keel of a ship;

also the whole ship, (by the figure synecdoche.) Lat. *carina*.
QUILHARES, f. m. p. ship nails, particularly those used in building the keel.
QUIMAM, f. m. a sort of Indian nightgown.
QUIME'RA, f. f. Chimæra, a volcano, or mountain of Lycia, that vomited fire.
Quimera, Chimæra, a monster feigned to have the head of a lion, the belly of a goat, and the tail of a serpent.
Quimera, a chimæra, a mere whimsey, a castle in the air, an idle fancy.
QUIME'RICO, or **CHIME'RICO**, a, adj. chimerical, imaginary, fantastic, wildly conceived.
QUINA, f. f. a corner.
Quina, (geometrically) a solid angle.
QUINA'O, f. m. ex. *Dar quina'o a algum*, to run one down, to show to him that he is mistaken. This phrase is generally used in the grammar-schools.
QUINAQUI'NA, f. f. quinquina, the Jesuits bark or powder.
QUINARIO, f. m. the number five, the quinary number; also lustre, the space of five years.
QUINAS, f. f. p. two cinques, or fives, at dice.
Quinas, the arms of Portugal; so called because they are five escutcheons, and each of them charged with five bezants.
QUINCA'LOGO, f. m. the five precepts of the church of Rome.
QUINDE'NNIO, f. m. a certain sum of money which is to be paid at the end of fifteen years.
QUINGOSTA, f. f. (in the province of Beira) a path or narrow way between two hills.
QUINHAM, f. m. a part, a portion, a share, an allowance.
QUINHE'NTOS, a, adj. five hundred.
QUINHOE'IRO, f. m. a sharer, a partaker, one who participates with others.
O que distribue os quinhentos a's quinhentistas, a sharer, one who divides or portions out to others.
QUINQUAGESIMA, or *Domingo g'ndo*. See **GORDO**.
QUINQUAGESIMO, a, adj. the fiftieth, the ordinal of fifty.
QUINQUA'LOGO, f. m. the five commandments of the church of Rome.
QUINQUATRIAS, f. f. Quinquatria, festivals celebrated in honour of Minerva.
QUINQUENA'L, adj. lasting five years; also that cometh to pass every fifth year, quinquennial.
Jogos quinquennales, Quinquennialia.
QUINQUE'NNIO, f. m. the space of five years.
QUINQUENOVE, f. m. quinquenove, a kind of game with two dice.
QUINQUEVIRATO, f. m. (with the ancient Romans) the office of the five, in equal authority.

QUIN-

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QUINTA, f. f. a country house, a farm; so called because the farmer pays to the landlord the fifth part of its product.

Quinta, (in music) the fifth, or diapente.

Quinta, (at picquet) a quint.

Quinta, the fifth form, or class in the schools.

Quinta essência, quintessence.

QUINTADO, a, adj. that has had the fifth taken out. See **QUINTAR**.

QUINTAL, f. m. a garden belonging to a house; it is sometimes cultivated like a kitchen-garden.

Quintal, a Portuguese quintal, a weight of four arrobas. See **ARROBA**.

QUINTALADA, f. f. any number of quintals.

QUINTALAM, f. m. a large garden, See **QUINTAL**.

QUINTALEJO, f. m. a little garden. See **QUINTAL**.

Quintalço, a barrel, or wooden vessel containing two arrobas of gun-powder, &c.

QUINTANA, f. f. a fever or ague that comes every fifth day.

QUINTAR, v. a. to take the fifth.

QUINTEIRA, f. f. a farmer's wife.

QUINTEIRO, f. m. a farmer, one that looks after a country house. Lat. *villicus*.

QUINTILHAS, f. f. a sort of poetry that has five verses in every stanza.

QUINTILIO, *ou pós de quintilio*, crocus metallorum; called also liver of antimony. It was invented by Alexander Quintilio.

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QUINTO, a, adj. the fifth. Lat. *quintus*.

Quinto, f. m. the fifth part of any thing; also a sort of game at cards.

QUINTUMPIROS, (with the ancient Romans) the five commissioners that were in like office and authority. Lat. *quinqueviri*.

QUINTUPLO, a, adj. quintuple, fivefold.

QUINZE, adj. fifteen; also the fifteenth.

QUIRINAL Monte, one of the seven hills of Rome. They call it now Monte Cavallo.

QUIRINALES festas, Quirinalia, feasts observed at Rome in honour of Quirinus, i. e. Romulus, on the twelfth of the calends of May.

QUIRITES, f. m. p. Quirites, an appellation given to the ancient Roman people.

QUIROMANCIA. See **CHIROMANCIA**.

QUISTO, a, adj. ex. *Ben quisto*. See **AMADO**.

Mal quisto. See **ODIADO**.

QUITA, f. f. the act of forgiving a debt.

Dar quita da divida a algum, to forgive one a debt. See **QUITAR**.

QUITACAM, f. f. an acquittance, or receipt.

QUITADO, a, adj. See

QUITAR, v. a. to remit, or forgive; ex. *Quitár buma divida*, to forgive or remit a debt.

Quitár, ou dar quita de parte de buma divida, to remit, to forgive a part of a debt. It is only said of debts,

R A B

taxes, &c. and not wrongs, affronts, sins, &c.

QUITAR, to hinder. See **TOLHER**, **IMPEDIR**.

Quitár, to take away. From the Hebrew *kitar*, to divide. See **TIRAR**.

QUITAR-se, v. r. ex. *Quitár-se da mulher*, to divorce one's wife, to put her away, to part with her.

QUITASOL, f. m. an umbrella used in hot countries to keep off the sun.

QUITE, adj. free and clear from debt; also that has discharged his duty.

QUITILIQUE (a ludicrous word) as, *Homem de quitilique*, a man of note, an eminent man.

QUITURÁ, *ou moyo de milbo*, f. f. (in Monomotapa.) See **MOYO**, and **MILHO**.

Q U O

QUOCIENTE, f. m. the quotient in arithmetic.

QUODLIBETOS, *ou Questões quodlibeticas*, or *Quodlibets*, quodlibets, quodlibetical questions; theses or problems not restrained to a particular subject, anciently proposed to be debated for curiosity and entertainment.

Acto dos quodlibets, (in the university) an act or solemn disputation so called.

QUOTIDIANAMENTE, adv. every day, daily.

QUOTIDIANO, a, adj. daily, that happens every day, quotidian, of every day,

Febre quotidiana, quotidian ague.

R.

R, f. m. a consonant, and the seventeenth letter of the Portuguese alphabet.

R, and double **r** are pronounced as in English; but it sounds like a double **r** in the following cases. I. In the beginning of words; as in *raposa*, *raão*, *rico*, *rio*, *rosa*, *rapaz*, *rua*, &c. II. After **n**, or before it; as, *benra*, *tenro*, *genro*, &c. *sarna*, *inferno*, *forno*, *torro*, &c. III. After **s**, as in *Israel*. IV. In the words composed of the prepositions *pre*, or *pro*; as in *prerogativa*, *prerogar*; read *prerregativo*.

R was formerly a numeral that stood for eighty, according to the poet: *Oitoginta dabit tibi, R, si quis numerabit*.

R, with a dash at the top, stood for eighty thousand.

R A A

RAA, f. f. a frog. Lat. *rana*.

Raa pequenina, que ainda não está acabada de formar, a tadpole, a porwiggle, a young frog before it is perfectly formed, consisting only of a body without feet, and a tail.

Raa pequena verde, ou lucas, calamites, a green frog.

Raa do mar, a fish of the sea called a frog-fish, or a toad-fish. Lat. *rana piscatrix*.

Raa que assiste nas montas, ou garças, a hedge toad, a ruddock, a land toad that keepeth about bushes. Lat. *rubeta*. Some call it *sapo do matto*.

Vozear a arraã, to croak like a frog. Lat. *coaxare*.

O vozeio das raas, the croaking of frogs.

RAA'SI'NHA, f. f. a little frog.

R A B

RABA'ÇA, f. f. an herb growing in the water like alifander, but having less leaves. Some call it belders, or bellrags; some yellow water-crests, or water-parsley. Lat. *laver*.

RABAÇARIA, f. f. any sort of herbs, or fruits.

Gostár de rabaçarias, to like herbs or fruits immoderately; to be too fond of them.

RABACEIRO, a, adj. that is too fond of fruits or herbs.

RABA-COELHA, f. f. a sort of water-fowl so called.

RABA'DA, f. f. the tail of a fish; also the uppermost cabin in the stern of a ship, above the captain's cabin.

RABADI'LHA, f. f. os sacrum, the sacred

R A B

faced bone ; also the flesh that covers it.
Rabalha de ave, the rump of a bird.
RABA'LDE. See **ARRABALDE**.
RABA'LVA, f. f. a sort of nocturnal bird of prey.
RABANA'DA, f. f. a stroke with the tail.
RABAM, f. m. a radish. Latin, *raphanus*.
RABAVE'NTO, ex. *Ira avirabavento*, is for a bird or fowl to soar with favourable wind, as a ship that sails before the wind.
RABBI, ou **RABBINO**, f. m. a rabbi, a master, doctor or teacher among the Jews. Hebrew.
RABBO'NI, f. m. (among the Jews) a master.
RABEA'DO'R cavallo, a horse that is continually moving the tail.
RABEA'DO, part. of
RABEA'R, v. n. to wag, or move the tail continually, as some horses and other beasts do.
RABECA, ou **REBE'CA**, f. f. a fiddle.
RABECAM, ou **REBECAM**, f. m. a violino, large bass violin, or double bass.
RABEL, **REBE'L**, ou **RABI'L**, f. m. a rebec, a little sort of a fiddle all of a piece, with only three strings, used by shepherds.
Huma especie de rabel de que usão os mestres de dança, a kit, a small fiddle, a dancing master's kit.
RABELLO, f. m. the plough-tail handle. Lat. *manicula*.
RABIA. See **RAIVA**, and **HYDROPHOBIA**.
RABI'ÇA, f. f. the plough-beam that the colter is in.
RABICHAM cavallo, a docked horse.
RABI'CHO, f. m. the crupper of a horse. Lat. *postilena*.
RABICU'RTO, a, adj. short-tailed.
RABIFORCA'DO, a, adj. that has a forked tail.
RABIL. See **RABEL**.
RABILE'IRO, f. m. he who plays upon a rebec, or he that makes rebecs. See **RABEL**.
RABISCA, f. f. See **GARATUJA**.
RABISCADEIRA, f. f. a woman that gleans grapes, a she gleaner.
RABISCA'DA, a, adj. gleaned. See **RABISCA'R**, v. a. to glean grapes after vintage; also to collect the remains, or that which is left of any thing else.
O que rabisca, a gleaner of grapes.
RABISCAR, ou *fazer rabiscas*, ou *garatujas*. See **GARATUJA**.
RABI'SCO, f. m. small branches of straggling grapes, such as are left behind, because not seen by those that gather in the vintage, or are not worth gathering with the rest.
RABISE'CCO, a, adj. dry tailed, any poor or lean creature.
RABIVIVA, f. f. a sort of bird so called.
RABETA. See **ALVELOA**.

R A C

RA'BO, f. m. the tail, the fundament.
Mentira de rabo, a great lie.
Rabo do arado. See **ESTEVA**.
Rabo de ovelha, a sort of grapes so called.
Rabo do pavão, a peacock's train.
Rabo de lebre, ou *de coelbo*, the scut of a hare or rabbit.
Rabo de raposa. See **AMARANTO**.
Rabo de cavallo. See **CAVALLINHA**.
Rabo de huma vestidura, the train or tail of a garment.
Rabo de vestidura cheia de lama, draggled tail.
Olhar com o rabo do olho, ou *deitar o rabo do olho*, to look askew upon, to cast a sheep's eye at.
Rabo-forcado, a bird with a forked tail.
Rabo de junco, a bird called a wag-tail.
Rabo de ovelha, a sort of grapes so called.
P. de rabo de porco, nunca bom wirete, you can never make a good shaft of a pig's tail; there is no making a silk purse of a sow's ear.
P. aqui terce a porca o rabo; that is, the difficulty lies in this point.
P. ir-se com o rabo entre as pernas, to go away like a dog with his tail betwixt his legs, to sneak away.
RABOLARIA de palavras, verbosity, fulness of words, much empty talk.
RAEOLO. See **REBOLO**.
RABOTE, f. m. a sort of large plane used by carpenters.
RABU'DO, a, adj. tailed, that has a tail, or that has a long tail, long-tailed.
Castelbans rabudo, a contemptuous name given to the Spaniards by the Portuguese.
RABU'JE, ou **RABU'GEM**, f. f. (speaking of dogs) the mange. Lat. *scabies canina*.
RABU'GEM, moroseness, frowardness, fretfulness, peevishness. Lat. *morestas*.
RABUGENTO, a, adj. humourous, morose, peevish, testy, froward, wayward. Lat. *moretus*.
RA'BULA, f. m. a pettifogger, an ignorant tricking lawyer.

R A C

RA'CA, f. m. race, or racha, a word of contempt for a vain empty fellow. See *Mat. chap. v. verse 22*.
Raça, f. f. breed. It is properly confined to the brutal species.
O que tem raça, ou *o que tem raça de mouro*, ou *Judeo*. See **CHRISTAM Novo**.
Raça, a sort of disease in the hoof of a horse, like that called *quartas*. See **QUARTOS**.
RAÇAM, ou **REÇAM**, f. f. a ration, portion, or allowance. From *razão*, reason; because it is what in reason one ought to have.
Ração para hum dia, a day's allowance.

R r r

R A D

Que tem razão dobrada, that has double allowance.
RA'CHA, f. f. a splinter, a chip, or piece of wood; also a chip, or shard of marble, or other stone that comes off in hewing. See also **FENDA**.
RACHADEIRA, f. f. an instrument used by grafters. From *racbar*, to cleave.
RACHA'DO, a, adj. hewed, cloven, split. See **RACHAR**.
RACHADO'R, f. m. a hewer, a cleaver, a splitter.
RACHADU'RA, f. f. a cleaving, or chapping. See **RACHA**.
RACHA'R, v. n. to cleave, to crack, to rive, to slit, to chap, to split. Lat. *findere*.
Rachar com palavras, to scold one.
Rachar com agoutes, to lash or whip cruelly.
Rachar-se, v. r. to chap, to gape, to chink, to crack, to split as wood does when dry.
Rachar-se o mastro, mas de sorte que não quebre totalmente em alguma parte, to spring a mast.
RACHEBI'DOS, a sort of Indian soldiers so called.
RA'CIMO, f. m. a bunch.
Racimo de uvas, a bunch of grapes.
RACIOCINAÇAM, f. f. reasoning.
RACIOCINA'DO, part. of **RACIOCINAR**, which see.
RACIOCINIO, f. m. reasoning.
RACIOCINA'R, v. n. to reason.
RACIONABILIDADE, f. f. rationality, the power of reasoning, ratiocinability, reasonableness.
RACIONA'L, adj. rational, endued with reason; also rational, grounded on reason.
Racional, f. m. rationale, part of the sacerdotal vestment worn by the Jewish high-priest, the breast-plate. See **URIM**.
RACIONA'VEL, adj. rational, agreeable to reason, reasonable. See also **ARREZOADO**.
RACIONAVELMENTE, adv. rationally, reasonably, according to reason.
RACIONEIRO, ou **RAÇOEIRO**, f. m. a petty canon of a cathedral or collegiate church.

R A D

RADIAÇAM, f. f. See **IRRADIAÇAM**.
RADIA'NTE, adj. radiant, darting forth rays, glittering, &c. like the sun-beams.
RADIAR, v. n. to radiate, to shine, to sparkle, to send forth rays.
RADICAÇAM, f. f. radication.
RADICA'DO, a, adj. radicated, rooted. See **RADICAR**.
RADICA'L, adj. radical.
RADICALMENTE, adv. radically.
RADICA'R, v. a. to radicate.
Radicar, (in a moral sense.) See **FUNDAR**, **ESTABELECEER**.
RA'DIO, f. m. a radiometer. See **BALESTILHA**.

Rádio

RAY

Rádio de hum circulo, radius, the semi-diameter of a circle.
Rádio, (in anatomy) radius, the upper and lesser bone of the arm, which accompanies the ulna from the elbow to the wrist.

R A E

RAER, ou *RER*, v. a. (in the falterns, or salt-works) to gather the new salt, to pile it.

R A F

RA'FA, f. f. (in cant) hunger.
RAFE'IRO, f. m. a great cur, a mastiff dog.
RAFIAM. See *RUFIAM*.
RAFINA'DO, &c. See *REFINAR*, &c.

R A I. R A J. R A Y.

RA'IA, ou *RA'YA*, f. f. a fish called a ray, or skate. Lat. *raia*. See also *LLMITE*.
RA'JA, (among the Moors called Malayans.) They make use of it at the end of some words, and it signifies, of the king.
RAJADA, f. f. ex. *Rujada de vento*, a puff or blast of wind.
RAYADO, a, adj. streaky, striped, variegated with colours; it is also a part of
RAYAR, v. n. to radiate, &c. See *RADIAR*.
RAJEIRA, f. f. (in a ship.) See *REJEIRA*.
RAIGOTAS, f. f. p. so they call the smallest roots of any plant, rootlings.
RAIGOTA, ou *Espinha das unhas*, a flaw, a little skin that grows at the root of one's nails.
RAI'NHA, f. f. a queen; also the queen at chess.
Raímba do prado, the herb called goat's beard; they call it also *barba de cabra* ou *de bode*.
RA'IO, ou *RA'YO*, f. m. a beam, or ray of light proceeding from the sun, or any other luminous body; also also the spoke of a wheel.
Raio, a flash of lightning that kills or does harm, a thunderbolt.
Firir com esta sorte de raios, to thunderstrike, to blast or hurt with lightning.
Raios visuaes, visual rays.
Dizer raios de algum, to speak very ill of one.
Dizer raios a algum, to thunder one about, to rattle him.
Raios de eloquencia, (in a figurative sense) a torrent, a swift stream of eloquence.
Raio, (metaph.) thunderbolt, terrour.
Fulhar de hum rayo, (in a figurative sense) such a one has a quick, sharp, smart, or piercing wit.
Raio, (metaph.) any great and unexpected misfortune.
Hir ou vir como hum rayo, to go or come quickly, or with all speed.

R A L

Entrar como hum rayo, to break in violently, to enter or rush in by force, or main strength. Lat. *irrumper*.
RA'IVA, or *RA'YVA*, f. f. rage, fury, violent anger. See also *HYDROPHOBIA*.
RAYVA'CO, f. m. (a burlesque word) an itching desire of copulation.
RAIVA'R, v. n. to rage, to be extremely angry, mad or furious.
Fazer raivar, to enrage, to put into a rage, to provoke or make mad or furious.
RAIVOSAMENTE, adv. outrageously, madly, furiously, ragingly.
RAIVO'SO, a, adj. outrageous, angry, in great rage, furious, raging.
RAI'Z, f. f. the root, of plants and trees. Lat. *radix*.
Lançar, ou criar raizes, to root, to fix the root, to strike far into the earth.
Cbo de raizes, rooty, full of roots.
Raiz pequena de huma planta, rootling, the small root of a plant.
Arrancar huma arvore como raiz, to root up, or pluck up a tree by the root.
Raiz, (in grammar) a root, or original word.
Raiz, (in arithmetic) a root, a number multiplied by itself.
Raiz dos dentes ou do cabelo, the root of the teeth, or hair.
A' raiz da carne, next to the skin.
Bens de raiz, the estate real, or lands and tenements which are fixed and cannot be moved, therefore so called, because they are rooted.
Raiz roida do diabo, the herb devil's-bite, or devil's-bit.
Raiz, (metaph.) root, the first cause.

R A L

RA'LA, ou *paõ de rala*, brown bread made of *rolão*. See *ROLAM*.
RALA'DO, part. of *ralar*. See *RALAR*.
RALAM. See *ROLAM*.
RALA'R, v. a. to grate, to scrape or reduce into a coarse powder by rubbing on a grater.
RALE, ou *RELE'*, f. f. so they call that fowl or beast which the birds of prey especially like, and which they naturally prey upon without being taught.
RALEA'R, v. n. to grow thin.
RALE'ZA, f. f. thinness, the contrary to thickness.
RALHADO'R, f. m. a braggadochio, a swaggerer or swaggering fellow, bullly, or hectoring blade, a fanfaron, a boaster of more than he can perform.
RALHAR, v. n. to swagger, to play the hector, to huff, to bluster insolently.
RA'LHOS, f. m. p. a fanfaronade, a bluster, a tumour of fictitious grandeur.
RA'LO, a, adj. thin, rare, not dense.
Paõ ralo, ou *de rala*. See *RALA*.
RA'LO, f. m. a grater, an utensil to

R A M

R A M

RA'MA, f. f. branches and leaves of trees, ramage; also an iron chase used by printers, in which the pages are fixed, for printing one side of a sheet.
Andar pela rama, is said of one that does not examine a matter to the bottom, that smatters, or has an imperfect knowledge of it.
RAMADA, f. f. an arbour, a hut made of boughs.
RAMADAN, or *REMEDAM*, f. m. Ramadan, or Ramazan, the fast kept by the Mahometans, like the Christian Lent. From *arremedar*, to ape; because they ape or imitate the Christians.
RAMA'L, f. m. it is said of many things that spread, or open as it were, into branches.
Ramal de disciplina, a discipline, a sort of scourge.
RAMALHETE, f. m. a nosegay, flowers tied together.
RAMALHETEIRA, f. f. the woman that makes nosegays.
RAMA'LHO, f. m. a scared, or dead bough cut from a tree. Lat. *ramale*.
RAMEIRA, f. f. a harlot, a common whore; so called from *ramada*, because they used to build huts with boughs in the highway.
RAMEIRO, (in falconry) a brancher, a ramage-hawk, a young hawk taken out of a nest, that can hop from bough to bough.
RAMIFICA'CO, f. f. (in anatomy) ramification, the branching out of the veins.
RAMIFICA'R, v. n. to ramify, to be parted into branches.
RAMI'NHO, f. m. a little bough or branch.
RA'MO, f. m. a bough, a branch, an arm of a tree. Lat. *ramus*.
Ramo cortado da arvore. See *RAMALHO*.
Que não tem ramos, branchless, without boughs.
Râmo de taverna, a tavern-bush.
P. o bom vinho não bá mister ramo, good wine needs no bush.
Domingo de Ramos, Palm-Sunday.
Râmo de peste, a sort of plague or pestilence.
Ramo, (in genealogy) a branch.
Abundancia de ramos, ramosity.
Râmo, (in anatomy) ramification, branch.
Dividir em ramos, to ramify, to separate into branches.
Dividir-se em ramos. See *RAMIFICAR*.
Elle tem hum ramo de deudice, he is touched a little in his brains, or he is cracked-brained.
Ramo do lançol, one of the pieces that make

R A P

make a sheet or linen cloth to lay upon the bed.
RAMO'SO, *a*, adj. branchy, ramous, full of branches, or something like branches.

R A N

RA'NCHO, *f. m.* a quarter among soldiers, their quarters; also a mess on board a ship. See also **BANDO**, **FACÇAM**, **PARCIALIDADE**.
Camarada que pertence ao mesmo rancho a bordo de um navio, a messmate, on board a ship.
RANCO, *f. m.* rustiness, rankness, the quality of being rusty, or having a frowzy, strong, or noisome smell, a twang. Lat. *rancer*.
Toucinho que cobrou ranço, bacon that smells rusty. See RANÇOSO.
RANÇO'SO, *a*, adj. rancid, rusty, grown rusty.
Toucinho rançoso, rusty bacon, bacon that smells rusty.
Fazer-se rançoso, ou cobrar ranço, to grow rusty or stale (speaking of bacon, &c.)
RANCO'R, *f. m.* rancour, malice, spite. Lat. *rancer*.
RANGE'R, *v. n.* to creek, to make a harsh protracted noise, as a door does, when its hinges are rusty. Lat. *fridere*.
Estando que faz a porta quando range, creek, the noise of a door.
Ranger com os dentes, to grind or gnash the teeth together, for anger or pain. Lat. frendere dentibus.
RANGIFER, *f. m.* rangleer, a stag with lofty horns, resembling the branches of trees.
RANGOME'LA, *f. f.* (in the province of Beyra.) See **AVERSAM**.
RA'NHO, *f. m.* snout, snivel, a sort of phlegm or mucous matter that is voided out of the nose. Lat. *mucus*.
Que está cheio, ou sujo com ranho, snotty.
RANHO'SO, *f. m.* one that has a drop of snivel continually hanging at his nose; it is also used adjectively, that has a drop, &c.
RANILHA, *f. f.* the pattern of a horse.
RA'NULA, *f. f.* ranula, a swelling under the tongue, which, like a ligament, hinders a child from sucking or speaking.
RANU'NGULO, *f. m.* the flower crow-foot, golden-knap, or butter-flower. Lat. *ranunculus*.

R A P

RA'PA, *f. f.* T-totum, a sort of instrument made of iron. Boys use to play with it.
RAPACIDA'DE, *f. f.* rapaciousness, or rapacity, ravenousness, avarice, greediness. Lat. *rapacitas*.
RAPA'DO, *a*, adj. shaved. See **RA'PAR**.
RAPADO'URA, *f. f.* an instrument

R A P

to shave or scrape with. Lat. *radala*.
RAPADU'RA, *f. f.* so the hunters call a scratch or shallow incision made by the rabbits in the ground.
RAPAGAM, *f. m.* a great, lusty lad, neither boy nor man.
RAPAL'INGUAS, *f. f.* a sort of herb, which they use to put in wine to give it a good taste and colour.
RAPA'NTE, (in heraldry) represented in the posture of scratching the ground.
RAPAPE', *f. m. ex.* Fazer *hum rapapé*, to make a leg, to bow.
RAPA'R, *v. a.* to shave; also to take away by force, or cheat. See also **RASPAR**.
RAPOUME *déz libras*, he has cheated me of ten pounds.
RAPARI'GA, *f. f.* a girl. Latin, *puella*.
RAPARIGUI'NHA, *f. f.* a little girl, a little moppet. Lat. *puellula*.
RAPAZ, *f. m.* a boy.
Cousa de rapazes, boyish.
RAPAZE'TE, ou **RAPAZINHO**, *f. m.* a little boy.
RAPAZI'A, *f. f.* a boyish trick, boyism; also a gang of boys.
RAPAZIA'DA, *f. f.* idem.
RA'PIDO, *a*, adj. rapid, swift, that carries away all before it like a river, &c. Lat. *rapidus*.
RAPINA, *f. f.* rapine, taking by violence. Lat.
Ave de rapina, a bird of prey.
RAPINHA'DO, *a*, adj. See **RAPINHAR**, *v. a.* to commit rapine, to plunder.
RAPO'SA, *f. f.* a fox; *quasi raposa*, because of her great tail. Latin, *vulpes*.
O caçador de raposas, a fox-hunter.
Prilo de raposa, fox-cave, or fox's skin.
Manha, ou astúcia da raposa, foxship.
Armadilha para caçar raposas, a fox-trap.
Caça de raposas, a fox-chase.
Caverna, ou lugar onde mora a raposa, a fox's kennel.
Multidão de raposas juntas, a skulk of foxes.
Ter manhas, e usar de astúcias como a raposa, to play the fox, to deceive with crafty wiles.
Excrementos da raposa, the dung of a fox. Our hunters call it scumber.
P. muito sabe a raposa, mas mais sabe quem a tem, the fox knows much, but he knows more who catches him.
P. quem a raposa ba de enganar, cumpre-lhe madrugar, he that will cheat the fox must rise betimes.
P. raposa que muito tarda, caça aguarda, the fox that stays long, waits for game or prey.
P. gostar de andar por onde anda a raposa, to be a landloper. It is said of those who like to pass their lives on shore.
P. pela semana faz a raposa com que ao

R A R

domingo vai á igreja; we say, every fox must pay his own skin to the slayer; and the French likewise, e' fin le renard se trouve chez le pellerier.
The Latin say, sibi quisque peccat.
Rabo da raposa, the tail of a fox. Our hunters call it holy-water sprinkle; they call it also brush.
RAPOSEIRO, (in the province of Beyra.) See **SOALHEIRO**.
RAPOSIM. See **RAPOSINHOS**.
RAPOSINHA, *f. f.* a little fox, or cub. Lat. *vulpicula*.
RAPOSI'NHO, *f. m.* a little fox, a he-cub.
Rapofinbor, the rank smell of the arm-pits. See also CATINGA.
RAPO'SO, *f. m.* a he-fox. See also **ASTUTO**, and **MANHOSO**.
RAPSODIA, *f. f.* rhapsody, a confused collection.
RA'PTE, *a*, adj. See **ARREBATADO**, and **ENLEVADO**.
Rápto, *f. m.* a rape, a ravishing, or forcible violation of the chastity of a woman, or virgin.
Committer hum rapto, to commit a rape.
Rapto, a rapt, trance, or ecstacy.
O rapto de S. Paulo as tercyro coo, the rapture of St. Paul into the third heaven.
Rapto, the act of snatching or taking away any thing by force.
Rápto, (in astronomy) the motion of the primum mobile.
RAPTO'R, *f. m.* he who commits a rape.

R A Q

RAQUETA, *f. f.* a racket to play at tennis. The French call it *raquette*.

R A R

RARAME'NTE, adv. rarely, seldom. Lat. *raro*.
RAREFACÇA'M, *f. f.* rarefaction. *Causar rarefacção.* See **RAREFAZER**.
RAREFACIE'NTE, adj. that rarefies, or makes thin.
RAREFACTIVO, idem.
RAREFAZE'R, *v. a.* to rarefy, to make thin.
RAREZA, *f. f.* rarity, uncommonness, an unusual or uncommon thing; also a rarity, a rare thing, a curiosity.
RARIDA'DE, *f. f.* idem.
Raridade, (in philosophy) rarity, subtilty, thinness; in opposition to density, or thickness.
RARISSIMAME'NTE, adv. very rarely.
RARISSIMO, *a*, adj. very rare.
RA'RO, *a*, adj. rare, seldom seen, unusual, scarce, seldom found; also thin, not thick grown or set; also excellent. Lat. *rarus*.
Que tem cabelles raras, thin haired.
Ráro, clear, bright, pure, transparent, clear as water.
Fazer-se raro, to wax few, or small in number, to grow thin.
Pulso raro, slow pulse.

R A S

O bicho raro, a sort of insect so called.

R A S

RA'S, ou *RA'Z*, ex. *Pannos de rás*. See *ARRAS*.

Rás (an Arabic word only used in astronomy) head. It is always used before the name of some stars; as, *Rás aben*, a star belonging to the Dragon's head.

RASA, ou *RA'ZA*, f. f. a sort of woollen cloth.

RASADURA, f. f. what remains of a measure of corn, &c. after being made even with the strickel. Latin. *regulo*.

RASAMENTE, adv. entirely, utterly, totally.

RASANTE, (in fortification) ex. *Linha da defesa rasante*, rasant line of defence, that part of the curtain or flank, whence the shot exploded razes or planes along the face of the opposite bastion.

RASA'R. See *ARRASAR*.

Rasar com o pão da rasaura, to strike, to make even measure with a strickel.

RASEU'TO, f. m. (in India) a courageous man, a title among the Indians.

RASCADO. See *RASPADO*, *COÇADO*.

RASCADOR, f. m. a sort of scraper used by goldsmiths.

RASCAM, f. m. a sort of mean page or servant; also a sort of dish made of minced mutton, lard, &c.

RASCAR. See *RASPAR*, *COÇAR*.

RISCOA. See *AYA*.

RASCUNHA'DO, a, adj. See

RASCUNHA'R, v. a. to sketch, to draw the outlines of a thing (especially in painting and drawing.)

RASCU'NHO, f. m. a sketch, the first draught of a design or fancy, (especially in painting and drawing.)

RASGADO, a, adj. tore. See *RASGAR*.

Olhos rasgados, large eyes, full eyes.

Cumprimentos rasgados, too many compliments or ceremonies; profusion of compliments, too much studied compliments.

Rasgado em cumprimentos, that is, profuse or extraordinary ceremonies in compliments, ceremonious to an excess.

RASGADURA, f. f. a renting or tearing.

RASGAR, v. a. to tear, to rend. Pres. *rasgo*, pret. *rasguei*.

Rasgar, (metaph.) to break off, to dissolve any union.

Rasgar cortezias, to be profuse in compliments, to be over-officious.

Rasgar sedas, &c. to wear silk cloths, &c. in order to make a fine shew or figure.

Rasgar o pego. (Metaph.) See *NAVEGAR*.

RASGO, f. m. ex. *Rasgo de penna*, a stroke or dash of a pen, a stroke made with a pen.

R A S

Rasgos de eloquencia, strokes or touches of eloquence.

RA'SO, ou *RA'ZO*, a, adj. shaven close.

Terçar tudo raso, to lay every thing even with the ground.

Campo raso, ou *campanha raso*, a plain and open country.

Rasé, level, even, plain, not having one part higher than another.

Rasé, plain, simple, without ornament.

Panno raso, bare cloth, or stuff without nap.

Escudo raso, a plain coat of arms, without any additions of honour, (in heraldry.)

Bala raso, a smooth cannon bullet; in opposition to chain-shot, &c.

Cadeira raso, a chair that has neither back nor arms.

Rasé, plebeian, popular, vulgar, low, common. See also *POBRE*.

Soldado raso, a common soldier.

Cavalleiro raso, a nominal knight, or only in name, who did not enjoy any of the privileges allowed to the noble men.

RASOA'VEL, adj. See *RAZOA'VEL*.

RASOURA, f. f. half a strike or bushel, for measuring of corn, &c.

Rasura, ou *pão da rasura*, strickel, or strickle, a piece of even wood to strike off the over-measure of corn, &c.

Rasura, the act of shaving the head; also a particular manner of shaving.

RASOURA'DO, a, adj. See

RASOURA'R, v. a. to strike, or to make even measure with a strickle.

RA'SPA, f. f. scraping, or the thing scraped.

RASPADO, a, adj. scraped.

RASPADOR, f. m. a scraper, an instrument with which any thing is scraped.

RASPADURA, a, rasure, scraping, the act of scraping; also scraping, the thing scraped.

RASPA'R, v. a. to scrape, to shave or raze off with a knife, scraper, or any other instrument.

RASSAMA'LHA, f. f. the liquid storax. See *ESTORAQUE*.

RASQUETA, f. f. carpus, or the wrist, consisting of eight little bones, by which the cubit is joined to the hand (in anatomy.)

RASTE'A'DO, *Rastreado*, or *Rastejado*, See

RASTEAR, *Rastrear*, or *Rastrear*, v. a. to track, to trace, to follow by the track or scent. See also *IMITAR*.

Rasteár, to make diligent search of, or for a thing, to enquire.

RASTEYRO, a, adj. creeping; also low, vulgar, mean, (metaph.)

Estylo rasteiro, a low or mean style.

RASTE'LLADO, a, adj. See

RASTELLA'R o linho, v. a. to hackle or dress flax.

RASTELLO, f. m. See *RESTELLO*.

R A T

RA'STO, ou *RASTRO*, f. m. the track any thing leaves behind it. Lat. *vestigium*. See also *SINAL*, *INDICIO*.

Andar ou bir pelo raso. See *RAS-TEAR*.

Levar a rasto. See *ARRASTA'R*.

Rasto de buma corça, the strain, view, or track of a doe.

Rásto, a sort of fishing-net. I think it is a drag-net; from the Spanish *rastra*, a drag-net.

RASTOLHA'DA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a multitude, or a heap of many things together.

Rastolhada de mortos, a great slaughter.

RASTO'LHO, f. m. stubble, short straw after reaping.

RASTREA'DO, *RASTREAR*. See *RASTEAR*.

RASTRILHO, f. m. (in fortification) See *PORTA levadiça*.

RA'STRO, ou *rásto*. See *RASTO*.

RASU'RA. See *RASPA*, and *RASPADURA*.

R A T

RA'TA, this word is always preceded by the Latin preposition *pro*; as, *pro rata*, in proportion.

RATAM, f. m. (in the Brasil) a sort of very coarse sugar.

RATEA'DO, a, adj. See

RATEAR, v. a. to share, to portion out, to distribute, to divide, to give to one what comes to his share.

RATEO, f. m. the act of sharing, distributing, &c. See *RATEAR*.

RATIFICAÇAM, f. f. ratification.

RATIFICA'DO, a, adj. ratified.

RATIFICA'R, v. a. to ratify, or confirm.

RATIFIÇAM, f. f. (in law) ratification. From the Latin *ratum habere*.

RATI'M, ou *RATT'*, f. m. (in India) a weight consisting of three grains and a half, (in weighing of diamonds, &c.)

RATINHA'R. See *REGATEA'R*.

RATT'NHO, f. m. a little mouse.

Ratinhos, so they call the inhabitants of the province of Beyra in Portugal, in contempt.

RA'YO, f. m. a rat, a mouse. Lat. *mus*.

Comida dos ratos, mouse-eaten.

Sujidade de rato, mouse-dung.

Apanhar, ou *caçar ratos como fazem os gatos*, to mouse, to catch mice.

Rato cheiroso, a sweet-smelling mouse.

Rátos, sharp stones, or rocks in the sea, which wear the cables of anchors.

Rato teupetro, ou *rato salayo*, a field-mouse that works under ground.

P. rato, *que não sabe mais que hum buraco*, *azinha de tomado*, the cat soon catches a mouse that knows but one hole. A man that has but one shift, soon perishes.

Ráto, a, adj. ratified, firm.

RATOEIRA, f. f. a mouse-trap.

R A U

R A Z

R A U

RAUCISONO, *a*, adj. (in poetry) hoarse sounding.

RAUDAL, *f. m.* a swift stream of water, the channel of a river.

R A X

RA'XA, *f. f.* cloth streaked with several colours.

RAXADO *vestido*, a garment of several colours.

RAXETA, *f. f.* a sort of coarse cloth.

R A Y

RAYA.
RAYO.
RAYVA, &c.
RAYVOSO.
RAYZ, &c.

See { **RAIA**.
RAIO.
RAIVA, &c.
RAIVOSO.
RAIZ, &c.

R A Z

RA'Z, *ex. pannos de raz*. See **ARRAS**.
RAZAM, *f. f.* reason, the reasoning faculty. Lat. *ratio*.

Ter razão, to be in the right, to have reason, to speak reason.

Razão de cabo de esquadra, nonsense, an answer nothing to the purpose.

Razão de estado, politics, reason of state.

Fazer a razão, to pledge.

Per esta razão, on this account, or for this reason.

Ter razoes com alguem. See **PELEJAR**, **CONTENDER**, **DISPUTAR**.

Ênis da razão, an imaginary being. Lat. *entia rationis*.

Razão, ou prova, reason, argument, proof.

Razão, causa, ou motivo, reason, cause, motive, account.

Livro de razão, a book of accounts.

A razão de, adv. at the rate of.

Razão, reason, reasonable terms, justice, right, duty.

Obedecer a razão, to yield or submit to reason.

Trazar a razão, to bring to reason.

A razão de jure. See **JURO**.

Dar razão de que huma pessoa tem feito, to give an account of one's conduct.

Isto está justo na razão, this is just, right, or reasonable.

Por-se as razões, to dispute, contend, fall out, or quarrel, to abuse with ill language mutually.

Dar razões, to chop logic, to argue the case.

Si me desres-mais razões, lançar-te-hei a couces pelas escadas abaixo, if you chop logic any more at this rate, I shall kick you down stairs.

Tendes vos alguma razão de parentesco com elle? are you any kin to him?

Elle não tem nenhuma razão de parentesco comigo, he is no kin to me.

A razão de dez per cento, at the rate of ten per cent.

RAZIMO. See **RACIMO**.

RAZO, (in cant) a friar, or a priest.

RAZOADO, **RAZOAR**. See **ARREZOADO**, **ARREZOAR**.

R E A

RAZOA'VEL, or **RAZONA'VEL**. See **RACIONAVEL**.

RAZOURA. See **RASOURA**.

R E

RE, or **RE'E**, (a sea-term,) the space from the main-mast to the stern of a ship.

Para re, ou a re, abast, towards the stern.

Re, a line or mark made in the ground at some plays.

Re, *f. f.* she that is guilty, or accused of a crime. Lat. *rea*.

Re, the second note in music; *fazer huma coisa por re, mi, fa, sol*, (a vulgar phrase) to do a thing slowly, or sluggishly.

Re militar, the military art. It is quite Latin in this sense, and not used.

Re is an inseparable or compounding particle used by the Latins, and from them borrowed by the Portuguese, which being placed before a word, generally implies a repeated or backward action; as *requintar*, to warm, or heat again, *refazer*, to do again, to do over again, &c.

R E A

REABILITA'DO, *a*, adj. See **REHABILITADO**, **REHABILITAR**.

REACÇAM, *f. f.* (in philosophy) reaction.

READI'LHO, *f. m.* a sort of woollen cloth.

REA'L, adj. royal, kingly.

Dignidade real, royalty, royal dignity.

Real, royal, becoming a king, noble, illustrious. See also **GRANDE**.

Real, fine, finely wrought.

Real, real, that actually exists, not fictitious.

Riál, *f. m.* a Portuguese coin called *ree*, equal to $\frac{1}{20}$ d.

Dez reis, ten rees, equal to $\frac{3}{4}$ d.

Cem reis. See **QOSTAM**.

Mil reis, a milree, equal to 5s. 7½d.

Real, an ancient coin of different sorts and value.

Real branco, a sort of ancient coin, twenty of which were equal to thirty-six rees. See **REA'L**, *f. m.*

Real, is also a camp.

Real, riál, &c. so begins the shouting of the people for joy at the king's coronation.

Riál. See **REALETE**.

REALÇA'DO, *a*, adj. See

REALÇAR, *v. a.* (among painters) to illuminate the parts of a piece according to that part of a painter's art called colouring.

Realçar, to raise, to extol any thing more than it was before; also to dignify, to elevate.

REALÇE, or **REALÇO**, *f. m.* (in painting) that part of a piece which lies more open or exposed to the luminary; also the colour with which the part of a piece is illuminated. See **REALÇAR**.

Realee, (metaph.) See **LUZIMENIO**, **ESPLENDOR**, **GLORIA**.

R E B

REALEGRA'R-SE, *v. r.* to congratulate, to rejoice, to be glad again.

REALEJO, *f. m.* a small organ to be carried about; so called because invented at court.

REALENGO, *a*, adj. royal, or belonging to a king; also royal, noble, illustrious.

REALETE, *f. m.* a sort of tax, or duty upon wine, &c.

REALEZA, *f. f.* royal magnificence, pomp, or grandeur.

Realeza, royal off spring.

REALIDA'DE, *f. f.* reality, the truth of the matter; also reality, real existence.

Realidade do corpo de nosso senhor Jesus Christo no sacramento da eucharistia, the real presence.

REALMENTE, adv. royally, in a royal or kingly manner.

Realmente, really.

REANIMA'DO, *a*, adj. reanimated.

REANIMA'R, *v. a.* to reanimate.

REATA *de bestas*. See **ARRIATA**.

REATA'DO, *a*, adj. bound, or tied again.

REATA'R, *v. a.* to bind, or tie again.

REATO, *f. m.* the state of being guilty.

R E B

REBADILHA. See **RABADILHA**.

REBALDI'O *figo*, the fig of a wild fig-tree.

REBANHA'DO, *a*, adj. See

REBANHA'R, *v. a.* to gather into a drove.

REBA'NHO, *f. m.* a flock of sheep.

Em rebanhos, by flocks.

REBANQUI'O. See **REBALDIO**.

REBA'REA, *f. f.* the bezel, or bezil of a ring.

REBATA'R. See **ARREBATAR**.

REBATE, *f. m.* an alarm, a signal given to cause people to take arms upon the sudden incursion of an enemy.

Tocar a rebate, to sound, or to give an alarm, to beat the alarm.

Dar rebate, to alarm, to call to arms, as at the approach of an enemy.

Sino de rebate, the alarm-bell.

Rebate, alarm, fear, fright. (Metaph.)

REBATER, *v. a.* to beat again, over and over.

Rebater, to parry, to put by, or keep off, to ward off, (in fencing.)

Rebater, to repel, to oppose, to resist, to drive away, to keep off.

Rebater força com força, to repel force by force.

Rebater, to confute, to convince, or confound by reason, to refute.

Rebater, to rivet, to clinch; *rebater hum prego*, to rivet a nail.

Rebater as palavras, to silence, to put to a non plus.

Rebater, to pull, or drive back, to chase away.

Rebater o inimigo, to push or beat back the enemy, to repulse the enemy.

Rebater,

REB

Rebater, to reverberate, to strike or beat back.
Rebater, to frustrate, to disappoint, to make void.
Rebater huma dor, to allay, to alleviate, to assuage a pain.
Rebater huma fedição, to suppress a sedition.
REBATIDO, *a*, adj. repelled, &c. See **REBATER**.
Fazer huma misera rebatida, to make a profound reverence, to bow very low, to bow down to the ground.
REBATINHA, *f. f.* a snatching, or scrambling.
Lançar huma coisa as rebatinhas, to throw a thing amongst several people to make them scramble for it.
Apanhar huma coisa lançada as rebatinhas, to scramble for a thing.
REBECA, **REBECAM**. See **RABECA**, **RABECAM**.
REBEÇADO, **REBEÇAR**. See **VO-MITADO**, **VOMITAR**.
REBEL. See **REVEL**.
REBELDE, adj. rebellious.
Rebelde, *f. m.* a rebel, or rebeller.
REBELDIA. See **REBELLIAM**.
Rebeldia, (among physicians) costiveness.
REBELIM, *f. m.* (in fortification) a ravelin consisting only of two faces, which make an angle salient, and is placed before a curtain; in which alone it differs from an half moon, which is always before an angle.
REBELADO, *a*, adj. See **REBELDE**, and the *v.* **REBELLAR-SE**.
REBELLANCAVALLO. See **CAVALLO**.
Rebello, (speaking of a man) self-willed, stubborn, obstinate, refractory, unruly.
REBELLA'R-SE, *v. r.* to rebel.
REBELLIAM, *f. f.* rebellion.
REBEM, *f. m.* a bull's pizzle, or any such lash, or that the boatswain of galleys beats the slaves with.
REBENTA-loy, the fruit of the wild eglantine.
REBENTADO, **REBENTAR**. See **ARREBENTADO**, **ARREBENTAR**.
REBENTINHA, *f. f.* (obso.) gripes, a disorder in the lower belly.
REBERSELHAR, (in the province of Beyra.) See **REVERBERAR**.
REBIMBA, *ex.* *Estar de rebimba*, (a ludicrous phrase) it is said of one that has got his belly full and lies down upon his back.
REBIQUE, *f. m.* the red colour used by women to paint their faces.
Mulher que tem rebique na cara, a woman painted red.
REBISCADO, **REBISCAR**. See **RABISCADO**, **RABISCAR**.
REBITADO, *a*, adj. See **REBITAR**, *v. a.* to rivet or clinch.
Rebitar hum prego, to rivet a nail.
Prego arribitado, a rivet, a rivetted nail.
Rebitar o chapéo, to cock, or cock up one's hat.
REBO. See **CASCALHO**.

REB

REBOCA'DO, *a*, adj. See **REBOCAR**.
REBOCADURA, *f. f.* plaster, or plastering, a laying on mortar with a trowel. Lat. *trullifatio*.
REBOÇAR, *v. n.* to overflow, to be fuller than the brim can hold.
Reboçar, *v. a.* to lay on plaster or mortar with a trowel. Lat. *trullifare*.
Reboçar, (a sea term) to tow, kedg, or hale. See **REBOQUE**.
REBOLAR, *ou estar reboladas as oliveiras*, is for the olive trees to have the measles. See **PETISECCO**.
Rebolar, *v. n.* to roll, to tumble in the manner of a rolling stone.
REBOLEIRA, *f. f.* See **MOLADA**.
Reboleira na seara, the most fruitful and abundant part of the corn that is standing.
Reboleira, ou estaca para plantar, a stalk set in the ground to graft on, (in the province of Beyra) they call it also *reboleiro*.
Reboleira, ostentation, vain-glory.
REBOLEIRO, *f. m.* a great bell, rattle, or tinkling instrument to make a noise with. See also **REBOLEIRA**.
REBOLICO, *f. m.* a tumult, or noise; also a crowd, a throng, a press.
REBOLINDO, *ex. Ir, ou vir rebolindo*, to go or come quickly.
REBOLLO, *f. m.* a grindstone.
Rebolo, the measles, a disease of trees.
REBOMBO, *f. m.* resonance, sound, resounding echo.
REBOQUE, *f. m.* a cable or rope to tow a ship along with.
Dar rebouque a hum navio, to tow a ship.
O acto de dar rebouque a hum navio, ou de rebouca-lo, towage, the act of towing.
Rebouque, a plain or plane, used by carpenters, &c.
REBORADO, *f. m.* (in the province of Beyra) the matter that is formed by supuration, that which runs out of a sore.
REBORDAM castanheiro. See **CASTANHEIRO** *rebordão*.
REBOTADO. See **EMBOTADO**.
Caô rebotado, ou cavallo rebotado, a dog or horse that cannot eat.
REBOTALHO, *f. m.* refuse, the worst of any fruit, &c. that remains disregarded after the best has been picked out.
REBOTAR. See **EMBOTAR**.
Rebotar-se. See **ENFASTIAR-SE**. It is said of dogs and horses. See **REBOTADO**.
REBRAMAR. See **RETUMBAR**.
REBUÇADO, *a*, adj. muffled up, concealed.
Rebuçado, (metaph.) See **DISFARÇADO**, **OCCULTO**, **DISSIMULADO**.
REBUÇAR-SE, *v. r.* to muffle one's self up, to cover one's face with a veil or cloak. See also **DISSIMULAR**, **DISFARÇAR**.
REBUÇO, *f. m.* a wrapping up, covering, or muffling.
Rebuço, (metaph.) See **DISFARCE**, **DISSIMULAÇÃO**.

REC

REBUSCA, *f. f.* *ex.* *Dar huma rebus*. See **RABISCAR**.
REBUSCA'DO. See **RABISCADO**.
REBUSCAR. } See { **RABISCAR**.
REBU'SCO. } { **RABISCO**.
REBUSNA'R. See **RESMONEAR**.

R E C

RECACHA'DO, *p.* of **RECACHAR**, *v. a.* to lift up a sword.
Recachar-se, *v. r.* to grow proud.
RECHAÇA, *f. m.* haughtiness, or pride.
RECADADO, **RECADAR**. See **ARRECADADO**; **ARRECADAR**.
RECADISTA, *f. m.* a boy to go on errands or messages.
RECA'DO, *f. m.* a message, or errand.
Hir abum recado, to go on or upon, (to do) an errand.
Recado tolo, ou impertinente, a needless errand or message, a fool's errand.
Recados, a greeting, commendation, salutation.
Dai-lhe meus recados, ou dai-lhe muitos recados da minha parte, remember me, remember (or present) my service, or my respects to him.
Toda a familia vos manda muitos recados, all the family give their service to you.
Tudo esta a recado, ou a bom recado, all is safe.
Hum recado de cha, a tea-board with the tea-pot, dishes, &c.
Ter alguém a grande recado, to observe and watch narrowly what one doth, to keep or guard him from flight.
Mandar recado, to send word.
Deixei recado para que o fizesse, I left word that he should do it.
Deixei recado á criada, que, &c. I left word with the maid, that, &c.
Recado, necessities, ingredients, or materials, to do any thing with. See also **PROVIMENTO**.
Trazer a recado o pensamento, to keep the mind from worldly pleasures.
Mandar recados a boca, to cause one to belch, as indigested food does.
REÇA'GA, *f. f.* they make use now of the word **RETAGUARDA**, which see.
RECAHIDA, *f. f.* relapse, more especially used of a sickness or disease, from a state of recovery.
Recabida, relapse, a fall into vice or error, once forsaken.
RECAHIDO, *p.* of **RECAHIR**, *v. n.* to relapse, to fall sick again from a state of recovery; also to relapse, to fall back into vice or error.
RECALCADAMENTE, adv. fully, as if trod down, or crammed.
RECALCA'DO, *a*, adj. rammed close, drove down, trod down, crammed, stuffed.
RECALCADURA, *f. f.* the act of stuffing, &c. See **RECALCAR**, *v. a.* to stuff or ram down, to drive, thrust, or tread down.
RECALCITRADO, *p.* of

REC

RECALCITRA'R, v. n. to calcitrate, to kick; also to resist, to withstand, to kick against the spur. (Metaph.) *Que recalcitra muito*, calcitrose, spurning much.

RECAMA'DO, a, adj. embroidered.

RECAMA'R, v. a. to embroider.

RECAMARA, f. f. a withdrawing-room, a closet. See **GUARDAROU-PA**.

Recamara, equipage, all the provisions necessary for a voyage, or journey.

RECAMBIA'DO, a, adj. See **RECAMBIA'R**, v. a. to change again.

RECAMBIO, f. f. changing again; also rechange, (in commerce.)

RECA'MO, f. m. embroidery.

RECA'NTO, f. m. a corner. See **CANTO**.

RECAM. See **RACAM**.

RECAPACITA'DO, a, adj. See **RECAPACITA'R**, v. a. to bring into remembrance, to call to mind, to reflect upon. Lat. *recolere*.

RECAPITULAÇAM, f. f. recapitulation, summing up the heads or chief points of a book, oration, or the like.

RECAPITULA'DO, a, adj. recapitulated.

RECAPITULA'R, v. a. to recapitulate.

RECA'TA'DO, a, adj. cautious, wary, circumspect.

RECA'TA'R-SE, v. r. to be cautious, wary, circumspect.

RECA'TO, f. m. cautiousness, wariness, circumspection.

Comrecato, cautiously, warily.

Tudo esta a bom recato, all is safe.

RECAVE'M, f. m. the hinder part of a cart.

RECEA'DO, a, adj. See **RECEOSO**, and the v.

RECEA'R, v. a. and n. pref. *eu receio*, *receas*, *receia*, &c. preterimp. *receava*, *receavas*, &c. See **TEMER**.

Reciar-se, v. r. to fear, or dread.

RECEBEDO'R, a receiver, one to whom any thing is given or paid.

Recedor del rey, the king's collector.

RECEBER, v. a. to receive. Lat. *accipere*.

Ir receber, *oufabir ao encontro*. See **ENCONTRO**.

O que recebe o santissimo Sacramento, receiver, one who partakes of the blessed Sacrament.

Receber saúde, to recover health.

Receber, to marry, to join a man and woman.

Receber-se, v. r. to marry, to be joined together in wedlock, to wed, to take for husband or wife.

RECEBI'DO, a, adj. received, &c. See **RECEBER**.

RECEBIME'NTO, f. m. receiving, or reception; also a wedding, or marriage.

Dia do recebimento, wedding-day.

RECEITA, f. f. a physician's prescription or bill; also the money received.

Livros da receita e despesa, journals, books of debtor and creditor.

REC

Receita, (a word used among traders) an order.

RECEITA'DO, a, adj. prescribed, &c. See

RECEITA'R, v. a. (with physicians) to prescribe.

Recitar, to enter, to write down in a journal. See **RECEITA**.

RECEITA'RIO, f. m. (among apothecaries) a file for the prescriptions, or bills of the physicians.

RECEN-convertido, newly converted.

RECE'NDE'R, v. n. to smell sweetly Lat. *fragrare*.

RECENNA'R, v. a. is for gilders to do over with gold those spaces between the leaves of gold which had not been overlaid with it in the first gilding.

RECEN-NASCIDO, a, adj. newly born.

RECENSEA'DO, a, adj. examined.

RECENSEA'R, v. a. See **REVER**, **EXAMINAR**. It is used in speaking of accounts.

RECENTA'L, f. m. a lambkin, a young lamb three months old.

RECEN'TE, adj. new, fresh, recent, lately done, or happened.

RECEN'TE'MENTE, adv. recently, newly.

RECENTIDO, &c. See **RESENTIDO**, &c.

RECE'O, ou **RECEYO**. See **MEDO**.

Estar com receo. See **TEMER**.

Que he de muito receo, that is to be much feared, horrible.

Fazer receo, to scare, to affright.

RECEO'SO, a, adj. fearful, timorous.

Receio de que, &c. fearing that, &c.

RECEPCAM, f. f. See **RECEBIMENTO**.

Recepção do santissimo Sacramento, the partaking of the blessed Sacrament.

Bom recepção, good reception, a welcome treatment at first coming.

RECEPTA'CULO, f. m. a receptacle, a place to receive, or keep things in; also a place of refuge, a retreat, a shelter.

RECEPTIVEL, adj. that deserves to be accepted, received, or admitted.

RECE'SSO, f. m. recess, the most remote or secret part of a kingdom, province, &c.

Recesso, (in astronomy) recess, departure, removing, moving back.

RECE'TA'CULO. See **RECEPTA-CULO**.

RECHAÇA'DO, a, adj. See

RECHAÇA'R, v. a. to repel, to oppose, to drive away, to pull, or drive back, to chase away, to beat back.

Rechazar o inimigo, to push or beat back the enemy, to repulse the enemy.

Rechazar alguma coisa a algum na cara, to throw a thing into one's dish, to twit him in the teeth with it.

RECHA'ÇO, f. m. the rebound or restitution of a ball; also a sort of dance so called; also repulsion, &c. according to the v. **RECHAÇAR**.

RECHATAS. See **REGATAS**.

REC

RECHEA'DO, f. m. force-meat, pudding, any stuffing in meat. *Recheado de capão*, the pudding of a capon.

Recheado, a, adj. stuffed, &c. See

RECHEAR, v. a. to stuff, (in cookery.)

Recheiar huma franga, to stuff a pullet.

Recheiar hum livro de palavras Gregas e Latinas, (metaph.) to stuff or cram a book with Greek and Latin.

RECHE'GO, f. m. a shade, a place sheltered from the sun, &c.

RECHEYO f. m. See **RECHEA'DO**, f. m.

Recheyo, great plenty, abundance. (Metaph.)

Recheyo, the carriages of an army, bag and baggage. Lat. *impedimenta*.

REGIA'RIO, f. m. p. retarii, a sort of combatants among the Romans.

RECI BO, f. m. a receipt, or acquittance.

RECIFE. See **ARRECIFE**.

RECINDIDO, a, adj. rescinded, made void.

RECINDI'R, v. a. to rescind, to make void. Lat. *rescindere*.

RECINTO, f. m. compass, circumference, inclosure. See **CIRCUITO**.

RECIPIE'NTE, f. m. (with chemists) a receiver, a vessel made fast or luted to the nose of an alembic, retort, &c. to receive the matter which is raised or forced over the helm by fire in distillations; it is also called bolt-head, and matraass.

RECIPROCAMENTE, adv. reciprocally.

Obrar reciprocamente, to reciprocate, to act alternately.

RECIPROCA'DO, a, adj. See

RECIPROCA'R, v. a. to make reciprocal.

RECIPROCO, a, adj. reciprocal.

Reciproco, (with logicians and grammarians) reciprocal.

RECITA'DO, a, adj. recited.

Recitado, f. m. See **RECITATIVO**.

RECITA'R, v. a. to read out aloud that others may hear. Lat. *recitare*.

Recitar de memoria, to recite, to rehearse, to say by heart, or without book.

Recitar. See **CONTAR**.

RECITATIVO, f. m. (in music books) recitative, or recitativo.

RECLAMAÇAM, f. f. gainfaying, opposing, reclamation.

RECLAMA'DO, a, adj. reclaimed, called back, gain-said, opposed.

RECLAMA'R, v. a. to reclaim, to call back, to gainfay, to contradict, to oppose, to cry out against.

RECLAMO, f. m. a bird-call.

Acudir ao reclamo, to answer a call as birds do; also to take notice of any thing that has been said, and give an answer to it accordingly, (in a moral sense.)

Reclamo, (metaph.) an enticement, or allurements.

Reclamo, (a term in printing) a catch-word, the last or single word at the bot-

bottom of a page, which begins the next page.

RECLINACAM, f. f. the act of leaning, or lying all along, or upon.

Reclinacão, (in dialling) reclination.

Reclinacão para a parte de traz, reclination, the act of leaning backwards.

RECLINADO, a, adj. lying all along, leaning, or lying on. See **RECLINAR**.

Estar reclinado, to recline, to lean, to rest.

Reclinado, (in dialling) reclining, that leans back when a person stands before it, (speaking of a dial-plane, &c.)

RECLINAR, v. a. to rest, or lean against a thing.

Reclinar para traz, ou para os lados, to recline, to lean back or sideways.

RECLINATORIO, f. m. bed's-head (speaking of king Solomon's bed.) Lat. *reclinatorium*.

RECLUSAM, f. f. reclusion, shutting up.

RECLU'SO, a, adj. reclusive, shut up.

Monge recluso, freira reclusa, a recluse, a monk or nun shut up in a cell, hermitage, or religious house, or cloister, and may not stir out; and sometimes by way of punishment.

RECLUTA, &c. See **RECRUTA**, &c.

RECOBRA'DO, a, adj. recovered, &c. See **RECOBRAR**.

RECOBRAMENTO, f. m. a recovery of a thing lost, or taken away, a rescuing, or reprisal.

RECOBRAR, v. a. to recover, to regain, to retrieve, to rescue.

Recobrar forças, animo, saúde, juizo. See **COBRAR**.

Recobrar o tributo, to levy or raise money again.

RECOCTO. See **RECOZIDO**.

RECOITA'DO, a, adj. See

RECOITAR, v. a. (in the mint) to anneal, boil and cleanse the money.

Recitar, (among goldsmiths) to Neal.

Os que recoitam a moeda, blanchers of the mint.

RECOITO, f. m. the act of annealing, &c. See **RECOITAR**.

RECOLEICAM. See **RECOLLEYCAM**.

RECOLE'TA, f. f. so they call any convent belonging to the Franciscans, and some other friars called *Recoletos*.

Recoleta, reformation, or amendment of life.

RECOLETO, f. m. Recollets; there are religious orders called by this name, and are those which are reformed and live up to the strictest discipline.

Recoleta, a, adj. retired, solitary.

RECOLHE'ITO, (obso.) See **RECOLHIDO**.

RECOLHE'R, v. a. to gather, to reap, to get in.

Recolher o trigo no celeiro, to in corn, to get it into the barns, &c. at the harvest time.

Recolher, to wait, to wait

Recolher, to receive, lodge, or harbour, to entertain.

Recolher, to gather, or get together, to gather up again, to recollect.

Recolher, (a military word) to rally; as, *recolher as tropas espalhadas*, to rally, to get, or gather together again, dispersed or straggling soldiers.

Tocar a recolher, (a military phrase) to sound a retreat; also to reclaim, to reduce to amendment of life. (Metaph.)

Toque do tambor com que se toca a recolher, tap-tow.

Recolher as velas, to furl the sails.

Recolher as velas da oração, (metaph.) to put an end to an oration, to finish it.

Sino de recolher, curfew-bell, the nine o'clock bell, when all should be at home, and after which the watch secures suspicious persons, or such as are found with unlawful weapons.

Recolher hum livro que corre, to forbid the reading of a book.

Recolher-se, v. r. ex.

Recolher-se, *eu ir-se recolher*, to go to bed.

Recolher-se cedo, to keep good hours, or to go to bed in good time.

Recolher-se muito tarde para casa, to keep bad hours.

Recolher-se interiormente, *ou recolher-se consigo*, to recollect one's self, to reflect upon one's self, to descend into one's self.

Recolher-se, *ou retirar-se*, to withdraw, to retreat, to retire. See **RETIRAR-SE**.

RECOLHI'DO, a, retired, solitary, speaking of persons; also gathered, &c. See **RECOLHER**.

RECOLHIMENTO, f. m. a retirement, gathering, retiring, drawing together, &c. according to the v. **RECOLHER**, which see.

Recolhimento, a receptacle, a place to receive.

Recolhimento, a house for women to live in retirement.

Recolhimento, retiredness, retirement, the state of being withdrawn, or living retired. See **RETIRO**.

Recolhimento interior, the act of recollecting one's self; also the state of one that has recollected himself. See **RECOLHER-SE**, **INTERIORMENTE**.

RECOLLEYCAM, f. f. retiredness, solitude.

RECOLLEYA, **RECOLLEYTO**. See **RECOLEYA**, **RECOLEYTO**.

RECOMMENDAÇAM, f. f. recommendation.

Carta de recommendaçam, a recommendatory letter.

A' senhora minhas recommendações, remember me, present my service, or my respects to the lady.

RECOMMENDA'DO, a, adj. recommended.

RECOMMENDA'R, v. a. to recommend.

Recommendar-se, v. r. ex. *recommendar-*

se a alguém, *cum a graça de alguém*, to recommend, commend, or remember one's self to one, to make him one's compliments, to send him one's commendations.

RECOMPENSA, f. f. a recompense, a reward. See **COMPENSAÇAM**.

RECOMPENSA'DO, a, adj. recompensed, rewarded, made amends for. See also **COMPENSADO**.

RECOMPENSA'R, v. a. to recompense, to reward, to make amends. See also **COMPENSAR**.

RECOMPO'R, to renew, to make new.

RECONCAVO, f. m. a hollow tract

of land in the shape of a semicircle.

RECONCENTRAÇAM, f. f. concentration, a driving towards the centre,

the retiring, or withdrawing of a thing inwards.

RECONCENTRA'DO, a, adj. concentrated, centred.

Reconcentrado no coração, (metaph.) deeply rooted in the heart.

RECONCENTRA'R, v. a. to concentrate, to drive towards the centre, or inwards.

Reconcentrar, (metaph.) to reserve, to keep close, to conceal any thing in the mind.

Reconcentrar-se, v. r. to tend or move towards the centre, or inwards.

Reconcentrar-se, to sink, to enter or penetrate into any body.

Reconcentrou-se-lhe a pedra na testa, the stone sunk into his forehead.

RECONCILIAÇAM, f. f. reconciliation. See the v. **RECONCILIAR**.

Reconciliação de huma igreja, the new consecrating of a church.

RECONCILIA'DO, a, adj. reconciled. See the v. **RECONCILIAR**.

Reconciliado com a igreja, reconciled to the church.

RECONCILIADO'R, f. m. a reconciler, the person who reconciles.

RECONCILIAR, v. a. to reconcile, to restore to favour, to make friends.

Reconciliar huma igreja, to new consecrate a church, to purify, to cleanse a church that has been polluted.

Reconciliar alguém com a igreja, (in the inquisition) to receive one again into the church, who had fallen from it.

Reconciliar-se, v. r. ex. *Reconciliar-se com os seus inimigos*, to be reconciled with one's enemies, to make one's peace with them.

Reconciliar-se com Deus, to reconcile one's self (or to make one's peace) with God.

Reconciliar-se, is, after a man has been at confession, if he has forgot any thing, to return to the priest and confess it; or, to confess as priests do, who, performing it very often,

and living piously, have but small matters to confess.

RECONDI'TO, a, adj. hidden, concealed, recondite.

RECONDUÇAM, f. f. prorogation, continuance.

RECONDUZI'DO, a, adj. See

REC

RECONDUZIR, v. a. to prorogue, to prolong for some time.
RECONFESSA'DO, a, adj. confessed again.
RECONFESSA'R, v. a. to confess one's sins again.
Reconfessar-se, v. r. idem.
RECONHECENÇA, f. f. See **RECONHECIMENTO**.
RECONHECER, v. a. to confess, to acknowledge, to own; also to know, to find out, to discover a thing known before, to recognise, to know again. See also **AVERIGUAR**.
Reconhecer as suas culpas, ou erros, to acknowledge one's faults.
Reconhecer, (a military word) to reconnoitre, observe, view, or take a view of.
Reconhecer superior, ou superioridade, to esteem, to honour, to reverence, to obey; also to hold of one; as, *o rey so reconhece superior a Deus*, the king holds of God alone.
Não reconhecer, to disown, not to own.
RECONHECI'DO, a, adj. acknowledged, &c. See **RECONHECER**, and **AGRADECIDO**.
RECONHECIMENTO, f. m. an acknowledgement, or knowing again; also acknowledgement, gratitude, thankfulness.
RECONQUISTA'DO, a, adj. See **RECONQUISTA'R**, v. a. to conquer again, to recover, to reconquer.
RECONTA'DO, a, adj. recounted, told, related.
RECONTA'R, v. a. to recount, to tell, to relate.
RECONTO, f. m. the iron at the end of a spear, opposite to the but-end of the shaft.
RECONTRO. See **ENCONTRO**.
RECONVENÇAM, f. f. (in law) reconviction, a contrary action brought by the defendant.
RECONVINDO, f. m. (in law) he that has been recriminated, or charged by the party accused with the same fault, or some other.
RECONVIR, v. a. (in law) to recriminate, to accuse the prosecutor.
RECOPILAÇAM, f. f. See **COMPENDIO**, **EPITOME**.
RECOPILA'DO, a, adj. compiled, &c. See
RECOPILA'R, v. a. to compile, collect, or gather.
RECOPTO. See **RECOGTO**.
RECORDAÇAM, f. f. remembrance, calling to mind; See also **MEMORIA**.
Fazer recordaçam, to mention. See **RECORDAR**.
RECORDA'DO, a, adj. See
RECORDA'R, v. a. to remember, to call to mind, or to put in mind.
Recordar a liçam, to con one's lesson, to get it without book.
RECORRER, v. n. to have recourse, to make address to.
Recorrer pela memoria, to call to mind.

REC

Recorre-se, imperf. they run, or have recourse to.
RECORTA'DO, a, adj. See
RECORTA'R, v. a. to cut a piece of paper, &c. so that it may represent some figure, flower, &c.
RECOSIDO, &c. See **RECOZIDO**, &c.
RECOSTA'DO, a, adj. See
RECOSTA'R-SE, v. r. to lie down, or to lean.
RECO'STO, f. m. a rising ground.
Recosto, ou costa do tuiro. See **COSTA**.
RECOVA, f. f. a drove, or gang of horses, or mules, driven by a muleteer.
Recova de mantimentos, many horses or mules loaded with provisions.
RECOVA'GEM, f. f. a passage of many people together.
RECOVEIRO, f. m. a carrier that drives pack-horses or mules. See **ALMOCREVE**, **ARRIEYRO**.
RECO'VO, f. m. ex. *Estar de recovo*, to lean upon the elbow.
RECOZER *ao lume*, v. a. to boil again. Lat. *recoquere*.
Recozer com agulha, to sow again.
RECOZIDO *ao lume*, boiled, or sod again.
Recozido com agulha, sowed again.
Recozido em malicia, very cunning, or trickish.
RECRAMA'DO, a, adj. See
RECRAMA'R, v. a. (an antiquated word) to plait, to lay in plaits or folds.
RECRAMO, f. m. (an antiquated word). See **PREGA**.
Recramo de cadornizes. See **RECLAMO**.
RECREAÇAM, f. f. recreation, diversion, sport.
RECREA'DO, a, adj. recreated.
RECREA'R, v. a. to recreate, to divert, to delight, to make merry, to refresh.
Recrear-se, v. r. to recreate, divert, or refresh one's self, to unbend one's spirit.
RECREATIVO, a, adj. recreating, refreshing, diverting.
RECRECER, v. n. to come upon suddenly; also to come upon, or after another thing. Lat. *supervenire*. See also **SOBREVIR**, **AUGMENTAR-SE**.
Recrecer, to grow again.
RECRECIDO, p. of **RECRECER**, which see.
RECREMENTICIO, a, adj. (in medicine) recrementitious, recremental, drossy.
RECREMENTOS, (in medicine) recrements.
RECREO, f. m. See **RECREAÇAM**.
RECRESCE. See **RECRESCE**.
RECRUTA, f. f. (a military word) recruit.
RECRUTA'DO, a, adj. recruited.
RECRUTA'R, v. a. (a military word) to recruit, to raise new soldiers.
RECRUZETADO, a, adj. as, *cruz recruzetado*, a cross-croset, (in heraldry.)

RED

RECTAMENTE, adv. uprightly.
RECTANGULO, a, adj. (in geometry) rectangular.
RECTIDAM, f. f. righteousness, uprightness, justice, rectitude.
RECTIFICA'DO, a, adj. rectified. See
RECTIFICA'R, v. a. to rectify, to correct, redress, mend, or better, to make right, to set to rights what is amiss.
Rectificar, (with chemists) to rectify, or refine.
RECTILÍNEO, a, adj. (in geometry) rectilinear, or rectilinear.
RECTITU'DE, f. f. See **RECTIDAM**.
RECTO, a, adj. right, just, equitable.
Linha recta. See **LINHA**.
Intestino recto. See **INTESTINO**.
Por-se recto, (in fencing) to be in line.
Pelo recto das grãos, (in astronomy) according to the number of degrees.
RECUA, f. f. See **RECOVA**.
RECUA'DO, p. of
RECUA'R, v. n. to fall back, to give ground backward.
Recuar, ou fazer recuar, v. a. to put, pull, or draw back.
RECUDA'R, (in ancient records) See **RECUSAR**.
RECUDIR, (obsolet.) to find out again.
RECUIDADO, p. of
REUIDA'R, v. n. to think of again, to revolve in one's mind.
RECUMBIR, v. n. to lean or rest upon.
RECUPERAÇAM, f. f. recovery, recuperation.
RECUPERADO'R, f. m. the person who recovers.
RECUPERA'DO, a, adj. See
RECUPERA'R, v. a. to recover. Lat. *recuperare*.
RECURRENTES *nervos*, (with anatomy) recurrent nerves.
RECURSO, f. m. recourse, relief, redress. See also **REFUGIO**.
Recurso, (in law) he who shelters a criminal either before, or after committing the crime.
RECURVADO, RECURVAR. See **ENCURVADO, ENCURVAR**.
RECU'RVO, a, adj. crooked, made crooked.
RECUSAÇAM, f. f. refusal.
RECUSA'DO, a, adj. See
RECUSA'R, v. a. to reject and slight, not to accept of; also to challenge, or except against; as,
Recusar bem juiz, to except against a judge.

RED

REDA'DA, f. f. See **LANÇO de rede**.
REDA'NHO, ou **REDE'NHO**, f. m. the caul in which the bowels are wrapped; so called, because it is like a net.
REDARGU'DO, a, adj. confuted, or convinced, &c. See
REDARGUI'R, v. a. to confute, to con-

RED

convince; also to blame, to controul, or disprove. Lat. *redarguere*.
Redarguir, ou redarguir hum argomto, to retort, or return an argument.
REDE, f. f. a net. Lat. *rete*.
Rede de pescar, a fishing-net.
Rede de pescar seyta de wine. See **NAÇA**.
Rede turndoura, ou varredoura, a drag-net that sweeps all the fish before it.
Rede chamada tarrafa, ou chumbeyra, a calling-net. Lat. **FUNDA**.
Rede se, a flew, or flue, a net to fish with in shallow water.
Rede de caçar passavos, a net, snare, or device for catching birds.
Rede de caçar jeras, wide nets, or toils with great meshes, or holes, to take wild beasts withal. Lat. *plaga*.
Rede folle. See **RODOFOLLE**.
Feyto a modo de rede, retiform, net-wise.
Feyto a modo de rede pequena, reticular.
Rede, a snare, a trap, a crafty wile, (metaph.) as,
Cabir na rede, to be ensnared, to fall into the snare, to be trapped.
Calber na rede, to ensnare. (Metaph.)
Armar huma rede, to lay or spread a net, to set a net.
Rede de caçador, a hunter's net.
Rede, (in India) a large net, serving to carry one in; also a wide and long net in which they use to lie down.
Redes para apanhar falcões, urines, nets for the catching of hawks.
Rede para apanhar lebres e coelhos, a purse-net. See also **COELHO**.
Rede para apanhar perdizes, a tunnel, a net for catching partridges.
Rede, (in cant) a cloke.
P. andar as redes, to be troubled, or vexed, particularly at sea, when the wind blows very hard.
RE'DEA, f. f. rein, a thong of leather for a bridle.
Largar a redea, to let loose the reins, (both in the proper and figurative sense.)
Ter as redes do governo, (metaph.) to hold the reins of empire, to sit at the helm, or to reign.
Correr á redea solta, to gallop with full speed, to run full speed.
A meya redea, a half speed.
Ter a redea curta a algem, (metaph.) to bridle, or curb one, to keep him in or under, to keep a strict hand over one.
Apertar a redea. See **APERTAR**.
Redea de uvas, a rope of two or more clusters of grapes tied together.
REDEIRO, f. m. a net-maker; also he who lays, or sets nets.
REDEMI'DO, &c. See **REMIDO**, &c.
REDEMOI'NHO. See **REDOMOI'NHO**.
REDEMPÇAM, f. f. redemption, ransom.
REDEMPTO'R, f. m. a redeemer, a ransomer.
Redemptores dos cativos, so they call the

RED

religious men that go over among the infidels to redeem captives.
REDENHO. See **REDANHO**.
REDEPE. See **REDE pe**.
REDEZI'NHA, f. f. a little net.
REDHIBICAM, f. f. (in civil law) redhibition, the restoring of a thing to him that sold it.
REDHIBI'DO, a, adj. See
REDHIBI'R, v. a. (in civil law) to return a thing one hath bought, for some fault, and turn it on his hands that sold it.
REDI L, f. m. (with shepherds) park, a moveable palisade set up in the field, to inclose the sheep in, to feed in the night-time.
REDI'NHA, f. f. a sort of thin cloth.
REDINTEGRA'DO, a, adj. See
REDINTEGRA'R, v. a. to redintegrate, to restore; ex. *Redintegrar algum em hum posto*, to restore one to his place.
Redintegrar-se, v. r. ex. *Redintegrar-se nos seus antigos direitos*, he restored himself to his former rights.
RE'DITO, f. m. See **RENDIMENTO**.
REDIVI'VO, a, adj. renewed again.
 See **RESUSCITA'DO**, **RENASCIDO**.
REDI'ZIMA, f. f. a re-tithing, or taking a tithe over again, or the tithe of a tithe.
REDOBRA'DO, a, adj. two-fold, double. See **DOBRADO**, and **REDOBRAR**.
REDOBRA'R, v. a. to redouble, to fold again.
Redobrar, v. n. ex. *Redobrar sobre alguma coisa*, to call a thing to mind, to mention it again.
REDO'BRES, f. m. p. the warbling, or melody of birds.
REDOMA, f. f. a glass phial.
REDOMOI'NHO, f. m. a whirl, a rapid circumvolution.
Redomoinho de vento, a whirlwind.
Redomoinho de agua, a whirlpool, or turning round of the water.
Redomoinho de cabelos na cabeça, the crown of the head, or that part of it where the hairs turn, as it were, round a point.
Redomoinho do cavallo. See **GUAYA**.
REDONDAMENTE, adv. roundly, in a round figure; also unexpectedly, on a sudden; without delay.
REDONDEA'DO, a, adj. rounded, made round.
REDONDEA'R, v. a. to make round, to round with an addice, (among coopers, &c.)
REDONDELA, ex. á *redondela*, round about.
REDONDE'ZA, f. f. rotundity, roundness; also the world.
REDONDI'LHAS, f. f. p. roundelays, a sort of Spanish verses, the greater of eight syllables, the less of six; in both sorts the penultima must be long and the last short.
REDONDILHO. See **REDONDILHAS**.

RED

REDONDO, a, adj. rotund, round. Lat. *rotundus*.
Redondo, round, not in a direct line.
Cabir de redondo, to fall down flat.
Em redondo, round, or round about.
Redondo, (a military word) drawn up in a round figure.
Não redondo, ou desenganado. See **DE-SENGANADO**.
Navio redondo, a ship that has a round or lute stern.
Em letra redonda, in print; as, *vi o seu nome em letra redonda*, I saw his name in print.
Cavalleiros da Tabola Redonda, the Knights of the Round-table, a military order, twenty-four in number, all picked from among the bravest men of the nation, supposed to have been instituted by Arthur, first king of the Britons, A. C. 1016.
Santa Ma'ia redonda, (in Rome.) See **PANTHEON**.
REDOPI'O, f. m. ex. *As redopio*, round, round about.
REDO'R, f. m. ex. *As redor*, round, round about.
Os redores de huma cidade, the adjacent parts of a town. See also **CONTO'RNOS**.
REDO'ÇA, f. f. a rope drawn from the roof of a house, &c. in which boys use to swing.
REDRA'DO, a, adj. See
REDRA'R a vinha, v. a. (in agriculture) to dig again about vines, to bring ground to better temper with often digging, and labouring. Lat. *v. pascuare*.
REDUÇAM, f. f. reduction, reducing, convincing, reclaiming, bringing back.
Fazer reduçam de medidas estrangeiras, to reduce foreign measures.
Reduçam, the act of reducing, subduing, or bringing under subjection. See the v. **REDUZIR**.
REDU'CTO. See **REDUTO**.
REDUNDA'DO, p. of **REDUNDAR**, which see.
REDUNDA'NCIA, f. f. redundance, or redundancy.
REDUNDA'NTE, p. a. redundant, abounding, overflowing. See also **SUPERFLUO**.
REDUNDA'R, v. n. to overflow, or run over.
Redundar, to redound, to become, or fall as an advantage in the consequence.
Redundar, to be divulged, or spread abroad. (Metaph.)
REDUPLICADO. See **DUPLICADO**, **DOBRADO**.
REDUPLICA'R. See **DUPLICAR**, **DOBRAR**.
REDU'TO, *Redutto*, or *Reduto*, f. m. (in fortification) a redoubt, a small fort of a square figure, which hath no defence but in the front, commonly the outwork of a fortification.
REDUZIDO, a, adj. reduced, &c. See **RE-**

R E F

REDUZIR, v. a. to reduce, or bring, to convince, to bring back. See also **INCORPORAR**, **ANNEXAR**.
Reduzir, to translate. See **TRADUZIR**.
Reduzir, to reclaim, to reform. See **CONVERTER**.
Reduzir, ou mudar, to reduce, to turn.
Reduzir á pratica. See **PRATICAR**.
Reduzir a pedir esmola, to reduce to beggary, to beggar.
Reduzir medidas estrangeiras as nossas, to reduce foreign measures to our own.
Reduzir em amizade. See **RECONCILIAR**.
A causa esta reduzida a este ponto, the matter is come to that point.
Porem para reduzir a causa a breves palavras, but to bring the matter to the point.
Reduzir a sua obediencia, to reduce, or bring under one's dominion, or subjection.
Reduzir a ultima necessidade, to bring into, or reduce to straits.
Reduzir a miseravel estado, to reduce to, or bring into a lamentable condition.
Reduzir-se, v. r. to be reduced; also to be reclaimed, to mend, or reform. See **CONVERTER-SE**.
Todo o seu discurso se reduz a este ponto, all his discourse comes or amounts to this.
Aquelle negocio reduzir-se ha a nada, that business will come to nothing.
REDUZIVEL, adj. easy to be entreated. Lat. *exorabilis*.

R E E

REEDIFICA'DO, a, adj. rebuilt.
REEDIFICAR, v. a. to re-edify, to rebuild. Preterperf. *eu reedifiquei*, *tu reedificaste*, &c.
REELEGÉR, v. a. to choose, or elect again.
REELEIÇAM, f. f. re-election.
REELEITO, a, adj. elected again.
REENCHE'R, v. a. to fill, or fill up again.
REENCHI'DO, a, adj. filled up again.
REENVITA'DO, p. of
REENVITA'R, v. n. (a term of game at cards) to revive, to challenge, invite, or vie again.
REESPU'MA, f. f. (in the Brasils) a sort of sugar.

R E F

REFALS'A'DO. See **FALSO**.
REFAZER, v. a. to do again, or do over again. See also **REEDIFICAR**.
Refazer, to make again.
Refazer, to recover, to refresh.
Refazer, to indemnify, to give a recompence, to make amends for.
Refazer o exercito, to raise new soldiers, to increase an army, to reinforce, or strengthen it with new force.
Refazer-se, v. r. to refresh one's self after hunger or fatigue, to recover, to gather strength, to recruit, or refresh one's self; or, as we commonly

R E F

say, to pick up one's crumbs again; also to indemnify one's self.
REFECCAM, f. f. See **REFEIÇAM**.
REFECTORIO, a, adj. ex. *curare-fectoria*, a cure performed by giving refectives.
REFEGA, f. f. ex. *Refega de vento*, a flaw, or sudden gust, a violent blast of wind.
REFE'GO, f. m. so they call the plaits, folds, or doubles in a woman's petticoat; also a tuck in a garment.
Pera de refego, a sort of pear so called.
REFEYÇAM, f. f. refectio, the act of refreshing, a meal or repast after hunger or fatigue.
REFEITO, a, adj. recovered, &c. See **REFAZER**.
Homem refeito, a strong well-set man, but not tall.
REFEITOREIRO, f. m. **REFEITO-REIRA**, f. f. he or she that has the care of a refectory, or dining room, in a monastery.
REFEITORIO, f. m. a refectory, or refectuary, a room in a monastery where the friars or nuns eat together.
REFEM, f. m. an hostage, a pledge of war. Arabic.
REFENDI'DO, a, adj. opened, or cut with a chissel, or the like, (among joiners, &c.)
REFENDIMENTO, f. m. the space between the protuberances of an imbossed work.
REFENS, the plur. of **REFEM**, which see.
REFERENDA'RIO, f. m. (in the Roman chancery) a referendary.
REFERI'DO, a, adj. related, &c. See **REFERIR**, v. a. to refer, to relate, to tell; also to refer, to ascribe. Pref. *tu refiro*, *tu refiras*, &c.
Referir-se, v. r. to refer one's self to a passage in a book, or in any writing, or to what has been said before, in order to avoid repetition, or prolixity.
Referir-se em alguem, to leave or refer a thing to one, to make him the judge of it.
REFERTA, f. f. reluctance, exception, objection.
REFERTÉIRO, a, adj. stubborn. See **PORFIOSO**. It is little used.
Referteiro, (in the province of Beyra) See **DESDENHOSO**, **ESQUIVO**.
REFERVER, v. n. to grow dry with heat, to be corrupted or spoiled by heat. It is said particularly of sweet-meats.
REFERIT'DO, p. of *Referver*, grown dry with heat, or spoiled by heat.
REFESTELLO, f. m. a ball, or dancing meeting.
REFIAM. See **RUFIAM**.
REFINA DO, a, adj. refined, &c. See **REFINAR**.
Refinada picomba, deadly poison.
Refinada febre, a very great fever.
Refinado açúcar, refined sugar.
Refinada maldade, the greatest roguery or wickedness.

R E F

Cumprimento refinado, a studied compliment, or done with much study.
Refinada adulaçam, a studied flattery.
REFINADOR, f. m. a refiner.
REFINA'R, v. a. to refine, or purify. (speaking of metals, &c.)
Refinar açúcar, to refine sugar.
O que refina açúcar, a sugar-baker.
REFINCA'DO, a, adj. See
REFINCA'R, v. a. to thrust, or drive in again, to stick fast in again, to fasten a-new. Lat. *refigere*.
REFLECTI'DO, a, adj. reflected, &c. See
REFLECTIR, v. n. to reflect, to be reflected; also to reflect, to consider attentively; also to redound, to become or fall as an advantage in the consequence. See also **RETUMBAR**.
Os raios do sol dando num espelho, reflectem sobre si, the beams of the sun falling upon a looking glass, are reflected back.
Reflectir, v. a. to reflect, to beat back.
REFLEXAM, f. f. reflection, the act of beating or throwing back; also reflection, the action of the mind upon itself; also reflection, attentive consideration or meditation.
Fazer reflexão, ou reflectir. See **REFLECTIR**.
REFLEXAR. See **REFLECTIR**.
REFLEXIVO, (in grammar) reflexive.
REFLEXO, f. m. See **REFLEXAM**.
Reflexo, (in painting) reflex, or reflect.
Reflexo, a, adj. reflex, directed backwards.
REFLORECER, v. n. to flourish, to flourish again.
REFLU'XO, f. m. the ebb of the tide, reflux, the ebbing of the sea or tide.
REFOCILLA'DO, a, adj. refreshed, &c. See
REFOCILLA'R, v. a. to refresh, to comfort, or cherish.
O acto de refocillar, refocillation.
REFOLHA DO, a, adj. deceitful, crafty, sly, cunning, dissembling, close.
REFOLHO, f. m. dissembling, dissimulation, counterfeit.
Cem' resfolho, cunningly, craftily.
REFORÇA'DO, a, adj. strengthened, reinforced; also strengthened with reinforced rings. See **REFORÇO**.
REFORÇAR, v. a. to reinforce, to strengthen with new forces or fresh assistance; also to strengthen with reinforced rings. See **REFORÇO**.
REFORÇO, f. m. supply, recruit, relief, succour, reinforcement fresh assistance.
Hum reforço de dez mil homens, a supply of ten thousand men.
Reforços de hum canhão, the reinforced rings of a gun.
REFORMA, ou **REFORMAÇAM**, f. f. reformation, or reforming.
Reforma, (a military word) a reform, or disbanding some part of the army.
REFORMA'DO, a, adj. reformed, &c. See **REFORMAR**.

REF

Official reformado, (in military affairs) a reformado, a reformed officer.
Religioso reformado, a reformist.
REFORMADO'R, f. m. a reformer.
REFORMADO'RA, f. f. she that reforms, or makes a change for the better.
REFORMA'R, v. a. to reform, to put into a better form. Lat. *reformare*.
Reformar, (a military word) to reform the troops, to cashier part of them. They say also, *dar taxa*.
REFOSSETE, f. m. (in fortification) the cuvette, which is a deep trench cut along the middle of a dry ditch, and generally carried down till there be water to fill it, being a ditch within a ditch, and runs all the length of it, the better to keep off the enemy. 'The breadth of it commonly is eighteen or twenty feet.
REFOUCINHA'DO, *ou Refoufinhado*, a, adj. (a vulgar word) wrinkled like a goat's horn. Lat. *caperatus*.
REFRACÇAM, f. f. refraction.
REFRA'CTO, a, adj. refracted, broken from its natural course. Lat. *refractus*.
REFRANGE'R, v. n. to be refracted.
REFRAO, *ou Rifaço*, f. m. a proverb; *à refrendo*, because it is often repeated.
REFREA'DO, a, adj. refrained, &c. See
REFREA'R, v. a. to refrain, or restrain, curb, bridle, or repress. Lat. *refrenare*.
REFRE'GA, f. f. a fray, a skirmish.
REFRESCA'DO, a, adj. refreshed, &c. See
REFRESCA'R, v. a. to cool. Lat. *refrigerare*.
Refresçar a memoria a alguém, to refresh or rub up one's memory, to put him in mind, to remember him.
Refresçar a propria memoria, to refresh one's memory, to call a thing to mind.
Refresçar, to renew, to begin again. See **RENOVA**'R.
Refresçar, to refresh, to relieve after pain, fatigue, or want.
Refresçar, v. n. (speaking of the wind) to grow and increase more and more, to blow fresh.
Refrescar-se, to cool, to grow cool; also to refresh, or relieve one's self after pain, fatigue, or want.
REFRESCO, f. m. cooling. See **REFRIGERAÇAM**, **REFRIGERIO**.
Refresco de mantimentos, refreshment, provisions.
Refresco de soldados, a new supply, or recruit.
Soldados de refresco, fresh soldiers.
De refresco, adv. with freshness or newness of strength, (a military word.)
REFRIGERAÇAM, f. f. refreshment, refrigeration, cooling. Lat. *refrigeratio*.
REFRIGERA'DO, a, adj. refreshed, refrigerated.
REFRIGERANTE, p. a. refrigerant.

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It is sometimes substantively used, a refrigerant.
REFRIGERA'R, v. a. to refrigerate, to cool. Lat. *refrigerare*.
REFRIGERATIVO. See **REFRIGERANTE**.
REFRIGERIO, f. m. a refrigerant.
Refrigerio, refreshment. See also **ALIVIO**.
REFUGA'DO, *refugar*. See **REGEYTADO**, **REGEYTAR**.
REFUGIA'DO, a, adj. refuted, sheltered.
REFUGIA'R-SE, v. r. to fly to shelter, or protection, to take sanctuary.
REFU'GIO, f. m. refuge, shelter, sanctuary.
REFU'GO, f. m. the refuse of any thing.
REFULGENTE, adj. bright, shining. Lat. *refulgens*.
REFULGI'R, v. a. to shine. From the Lat. *refulgere*.
REFUNDI'DO, a, adj. cast over again. See
REFUNDI'R, v. a. to cast over again.
Refundir, to pour out of one vessel into another.
Refundir, to pour back. Lat. *refundere*, v. n.
Refundir, v. n. to redound, to become or fall as an advantage in the consequence.
REFUSADO, a, adj. refused, &c. See
REFUSA'R, v. a. to refuse, to deny, to say nay, to reject, not to accept.
REFUTAÇAM, f. f. a refuting, conviction, or refutation.
REFUTA'DO, a, adj. refuted.
REFUTA'R, v. a. to refute, to confute, to refute, to confound by reason. Lat. *refutare*.

REG

REGABO'FE, f. m. (a vulgar word) ex. *Tomar bem regabofe*, to eat, drink, and be merry.
REGA'ÇO, f. m. the lap of a woman. Lat. *gremium*.
REGADI'A, *ou REGADURA*, f. f. watering.
REGADI'O, *ou campo de regadio*, a field that may be watered.
REGA'DO, a, adj. watered.
REGA'DO'R, f. m. a watering-pot.
REGADU'RA, f. f. watering.
REGALADAMENTE, adv. daintily.
REGALA'DO, a, adj. dainty, nice; also daintily treated. See **REGALAR**.
Homem regalado, a man that makes good cheer, a man that fares deliciously, or keeps a very good table.
Tirar uma mesa regalada, to keep a very good table.
Oitos regados. See **OLHO**.
REGALAM, f. m. a man that loves to fare deliciously, a dainty person.
REGALA'R, v. a. to regale, to make much of, to treat daintily; also to charm, to please or delight extremely.
Regalar-se, v. r. to fare deliciously, to

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keep a good table; also to take care of one's self, to live deliciously, to make much of one's self.
Regalai-vos, ou regale-se, fare you well.
Regalar-se, ou felgar interiormente, sem a dar a entender, to laugh in one's sleeve.
Regalar-se, to be extremely pleased with.
REGALI'A, f. f. regale, the prerogative of a monarchy.
Regalia do sangue, royal kindred.
Regalias, regalia, the rights of a king or queen, or the ensigns of the royal dignity; as the several parts of the apparatus of a coronation, as scepters, crown, &c.
Regalia, regality, royalty, kingship.
REGALI'Z, or **REGALICE**. See **ALCAÇUZ**.
REGA'LO, f. m. a dainty, a choice bit. See also **MIMO**. Also a muff, &c. See **MANGUITO**.
REGALO'NA, adj. ex. *Levar nada regalona*, to fare deliciously, &c. See **REGALA**'R-SE.
REGAMA'RGEM, f. m. a drain or furrow to drain off the rain-water in a corn-field, &c.
REGANHADO, &c. See **ARREGANHADO**, &c.
REGA'R, v. a. to water. Lat. *rigare*.
REGATAS, a sort of cloth made of cotton, used in India. They make trousers of it.
REGATAM, f. m. a huckster, a retailer, a retailer of small wares, one who keeps a chandler's shop, a regater.
REGATEADO'R, f. m. a haggler, one that is tedious in a bargain, or long in coming to the price.
REGATEA'DO, a, adj. See
REGATEA'R, v. n. to haggle in buying, to beat down the price, to bargain hard; also to sell very dear; also to envy, to feel envy at the sight of the excellence of others, to depreciate or under value their merit or worth.
Regatear, v. a. to grudge, to envy, to impart unwillingly.
Regatear, alguma coisa, to dispute, contend, or strive for a thing, to dispute a matter with another.
Regatear em coisas de nada, v. n. to contend for things of no value.
Regatear-se, v. r. to be loth to grant a thing, to do or grant it grudgingly.
REGATEIRA, f. f. a huckster woman; so they call also a fish woman, a herb-woman, &c.
REGA'TO, f. m. a little brook, a rill. Lat. *rivulus*.
REGATO'A, f. f. a woman that haggles much.
REGEDO'R da justiça, a chief justice.
REGEYTADO, a, adj. See
REGEYTAR, v. a. to reject, to refuse, not to accept.
Regeytar com desprezo, to reject, to slight.
Regeytar, to disapprove, to explode.
Regeytar

REG

Registar, (in falconry.) See *VOMITAR*.
REGELADO, *a*, adj. frozen. Lat. *glaciatus*.
REGELAR, *v. a.* to congeal, or freeze, to turn to ice. Lat. *glaciare*.
Reglar-se, *v. r.* to be frozen, to freeze, to be congealed with cold.
REGELO, *f. m.* ice. Lat. *glacies*.
REGENCIA, *f. f.* regentship, regency. See **REGENTE**.
REGENERACAM, *f. f.* regeneration.
REGENERADO, *a*, adj. regenerate, or regenerated.
REGENERAR, *v. a.* to regenerate.
REGENTE, *f. m.* and *f.* a regent, one that governs a kingdom during the minority or absence of a prince.
Regente, *f. f.* a governess in some monasteries or convents of nuns.
REGENTE, *f. m.* (in the university) a regent, or professor.
Regente do rebanho, a chief herdsman.
Regente, (in Arragon, Seville, Galicia, and Pamplona) the president of a council.
REGÉR, *v. a.* *Regir-se*, *v. r.* See **GOVERNAR**, and *Governar-se*.
Regér, (in grammar schools) to parse, to expound a lesson according to the rules of grammar; also to govern; as, *O verbo activo rege accusativus*, the active verb governs an accusative case.
Regér a sante, to beat the time, &c. as the chanter, or master of a choir does in a cathedral church.
REGIAMENTE, adv. regally, royally.
REGIAM, *f. f.* a region, or large country. Lat. *regio*; also a region or part of the body, (in anatomy.)
Região, (with philosophers) a region or particular division of the air.
REGIDO, *a*, adj. governed, &c. See **REGER**, and **GOVERNAR**.
REGIFUGIO, *f. m.* regifuge, a festival held in ancient Rome, in memory of the expulsion of their king, particularly of Tarquin's flying out of Rome.
REGIMEN, *f. m.* government, rule. Lat.
REGIMENTO, *f. m.* government; also a regiment of soldiers.
Regimento, a prescript, order, form, rule, or direction.
Regimento, (in medicine) regimen, a rule, or course of living, with regard to eating, drinking, cloathing, or the like.
Regimento, duty, devoir, part. See **ADMINISTRAÇÃO**.
Regimento, (in grammar) regimen, the case of a noun governed by a verb.
REGIO, *a*, adj. royal, regal.
Aqua regia, *regalis aqua*, or *aqua regia*.
Ato regio, (in the university of Coimbra) an act so called, because it was instituted by king John III.
REGIONARIO, *f. m.* a regionary, a title given to those who had the charge and administration of the church affairs from the fifth century, (in ecclesiastical history.)

REG

REGISTADAMENTE, adv. frugally, thriftily. Lat. *frugaliter*.
REGISTADO, &c. See **REGISTRADO**, **REGISTRAR**.
REGISTO, or **RESISTO**. See **REGISTRO**.
REGISTRADO, *f. m.* (in Rome) a register, an officer who writes and keeps the registers of the bulls, or letters from the pope, &c.
REGISTRADO, *a*, adj. registered in a book. See also
REGISTRAR, *v. a.* to register, to enter, write down, or record in a register; also to search, or look into.
Registrar, ou trazer registrado, (metaph.) to keep within the bounds or limits of reason.
Registrar, ou fazer registro, to make register, (with printers.)
REGISTRO, *f. m.* a register, a memorial or book of public records, an account of any thing regularly kept; also the entry-book of the custom-house, &c.
Registro dos nomes. See **CATALOGO**.
Registro, the act of registering.
Tirar registro. See **REGISTRAR**.
Registro, several strings fastened to a long roll, which serve for marks in a book; a tassel for a book.
Fazer registro, (with printers) to make register.
Registro ou resfio de hum santo, a small picture of a saint.
Registos, ou resfios do organo, are the stops in the organ, which make the variety of music.
Registro, a cock, a spout to let out water at will, by turning the stop. Lat. *epistomium*.
REGISSE. See **ALCAÇUZ**.
REGNANTE, adj. regnant, reigning.
REGNATIVO, *a*, adj. political, or relating to the art of government, or to the management of public affairs.
REGNICOLA. See **REINOL**.
REGO, *f. m.* a furrow, a trench cast up by a plough. Lat. *falcus*.
Abrir regos, to furrow, or make furrows. Lat. *falcare*.
Dê rego em rego, in furrows, furrow by furrow.
Rego para levar agua aos campos, &c. a trench, ditch, or furrow, to convey water; a place by which water is conveyed into the fields, &c. to water them, &c. Lat. *incile*.
REGOA, *f. f.* a rule, or ruler, an instrument used carpenters, &c.
REGOADURAS, *f. f.* p. chaps and clefts in the hands or feet. Lat. *rhagades*.
REGOLIZ, *Regaliz*, or *Reglize*. See **ALCAÇUZ**.
REGOMARGEM. See **REGAMARGEM**.
REGUGA, *part. of*
REGUGAR, *v. n.* to wind the tail, and throw upon the back, to cock the tail as the fox and some dogs do; also to howl, yelp, or cry like a fox.
REGOZIADO, *part. of*

REG

REGOZIAR-SE, *v. r.* to be glad, to rejoice at.
REGOZIYO, *f. m.* joy, mirth.
REGRA, *f. f.* a rule, or ruler, an instrument by which lines are drawn.
Régra, rule or precept.
Não há regra naquella casa, there is no rule in that house.
Régra, rule, example, pattern.
Régra de huma ordem religiosa, rule, or statutes of a religious order.
Régra no comer. See **REGIMENTO** (in medicine.)
Régra, a woman's courses.
Régra em papel escrito ou impresso, a line, a row of words in writing or printing, as much as is written from one margin to the other.
Escriver poucas regras a alguém, to write a few lines to one.
Régra, the allowance, or portion of victuals allowed to those that serve in the king's ships.
REGRADAMENTE, adv. orderly, according to rule; also moderately, temperately, without gluttony or luxury.
REGRA, *a*, adj. regular, orderly; also that is sparing of his diet, temperate, moderate, sober; also ruled, (speaking of paper.) See **REGRAR**.
REGRANTES, *ou congos regrantes*, regular canons, canons that live like regulars. They are of different sorts. See **REGULARES**.
REGRAR, *v. a.* as, *Regrar papel*, to rule paper.
Regrar com pauta. See **PAUTAR**.
Regrar, to rule, frame or order. See **REGULAR**, *v. a.*
REGRESSO, *f. m.* a going back, a return or retiring. Lat. *regressus*. See also **POSTLIMINIO**.
Que não tem regresso, irrevocable, that cannot be recalled; that cannot be repaired, or restored to its first state; irreparable, irrecoverable, (speaking of time, words, &c.)
REGRETA, *f. f.* the reglet by which printers separate their lines.
REGUARDA. See **RESGUARDO**. (Obstol.)
REGUÇAR, *v. a.* to sharpen or whet again.
REGUEIFA, *f. f.* (in Oporto) a loaf in the shape of a ring.
REGUENGUEIRO, *f. m.* a tenant who holds lands belonging to the royal patrimony. See
REGUENGO, *f. m.* so they formerly called the farms taken by the king's of Portugal from the Moors; also a farm belonging to the royal patrimony.
REGUINGOTE, *f. m.* a great-coat, a riding-coat; corruptly from the English.
REGULA, *f. f.* regulation, order. *Fazer regulagem*. See **REGULAR**.
REGULADO, *a*, adj. regulated, &c. See
REGULAR, *v. a.* to regulate, to adjust by rule or method, to direct or guide,

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guide, to rule; also to prescribe, to let down authoritatively.
Regular a sua vida pelos ditames da razão, to rule one's life by the dictates of reason.
Regular, adj. regular, that is according to a certain rule, orderly, ex. *Edifício regular*, a regular building.
Movimento regular, a regular motion.
Regular, regular, not lay or secular.
Clero regular, the regular clergy, or the regulars.
Concêss regulares, regular canons. See *REGRANTES*.
REGULARIDADE, f. f. regularity.
REGULARMENTE, adv. regularly. See also *ORDINARIAMENTE*.
Regularmente, certainly, without fail.
REGULO, f. m. a petty king; also a basilisk or cockatrice.
REGURGITA'DO, part. of
REGURGHIA'R, v. n. to overflow, or run over.

REH

REHABILITAÇAM, f. f. re-enabling.
REHABILITA'DO, a, adj. re-enabled.
REHABILITA'R, v. a. to re-enable, or re-instate.

REI

REI, ou *REY*, f. m. a king. Lat. *rex*.
Os Reis, ou a Festa dos Reis, the Epiphany, or Twelfth-day.
Rey de armas, a king at arms.
Rey da banda, (with hunters) the male of the partridge that has large spots in the tail like eyes, and which a number of partridges obey.
Rey, a king at chess or cards.
Peixe rey, a fine small fish called a smelt.
P. qual he o rey, tal a grey, such as the king is, such is the flock, or his people.
P. o braço de rey, e a lança, longe alcança; we say, kings have long hands. The Lat. say, *an neçis longas regitus esse manus?*
P. paga-se o rey da traição, mas do traidor não, kings love the treason, but not the traitor.
P. novos rey, nova ley, new kings, new laws.
REJAM. See *GARROCHAM*.
REJEIRA, *Rijera*, or *Rogiera*, f. f. a hawser or small cable used when they moor along; that is, when ships have an anchor in a river, &c. and a hawser on shore.
REJEITADO, &c. See *REGETTADO*, &c.
REIGA'DA, f. f. the root, bottom, or lower part of several things, as corns, nails, &c.
REIGA'DO, a, adj. See *ARRAIGADO*.
REIMA. See *REUMA*.

REL

REINA'DO, f. m. reign, time of a king's government.
Reinado, part. of
REINA'R, v. n. to reign, to be a king, to rule as a king; also to be in vogue or fashion, to prevail, to be predominant.
REINCIDENCIA, f. f. See *RECAHIDA*.
REINCIDI'DO, &c. See *RECAHIDA*, &c.
RE'INO, f. m. a kingdom.
REINOL, adj. born in a kingdom.
Ameyxa reinol, a sort of plum like a damson.
REINTRA'NTE *angulo*, (in fortification) re-entering, or re-entrant angle, which retires inwards towards the place.
RE'YO, f. m. (in the province of Minho) a sort of small salmon.
REIS, *Reys*, ou *a festa dos reys*. See *REY*.
Réis, (the plural of *real*) a small coin in Portugal, called *reis*. See *REAL*.
REISETE, ou *Reisinho*, f. m. a petty king.
REITERAÇAM, f. f. reiteration.
REITERA'DO, a, adj. reiterated, repeated.
REITERA'R, v. a. to reiterate, to repeat. Lat. *iterare*.
REITO'R, ou *Reytor*, f. m. (in the university of Coimbra) the rector, principal head, or chief in the university of Coimbra.
REITORA'DO, f. m. the time of a rector's rectorship.
REITORI'A, f. f. a rectorship.
REIVENDIÇAM, ou *Reivendicaçam*, (in civil law) vindication, the act of claiming, claim, or demand.
REIXA, f. f. a brawling, chiding, or scolding, a strife in words. From the Lat. *rixar*.
Ellas andão de reixa, they are fallen out.
Reixa velha, an old quarrel or grudge.
Rêixa, so they vulgarly call a certain swelling between the great corner of the eye and the nose, or rather a species or degree of the fistula lacrymalis, which we call anchylops.
Rêixa de cadeado, the sharp point that runs into a padlock when it locks.
Rêixa, a thin board.
REIXE'LO, f. m. (in the province of Beira.) See *CABRITO*.

REJ

REJECTO. See *REGEITADO*.

REL

RELA, ou *raão que vive nas montas*. See *RAA*.
RELAÇAM, f. f. a relation, an account of any thing; also connexion, intercourse, communication, mutual correspondence.
Relaçam, the parliament, or supreme court of judicature.
RELAMPAGO, f. m. lightning, or flash.

REL

RELAMPAGUEA'DO, part. of
RELAMPAGUEA'R, v. n. to lighten, to give flashes like lightning; also to glitter, to give a glittering light.
RELAMPAGUE'A, it lightens.
RELAPSA'A, f. f. (in matters of religion) the act of relapsing or falling into the error once forsaken, or into an abjured heresy.
RELAPSO, f. m. (in matters of religion) relapsed, or fallen into the error once forsaken.
RELATA'DO, a, adj. related, &c. See *RELATAR*.
RELATADOR, f. m. See *RELATOR*.
RELATA'R, v. a. to relate, to tell, or to give an account of. Lat. *narrare*.
Relatár hum feito, to report a cause, to make the report of it, (in law.)
RELATI'VO, (in grammar) relative.
RELATOR, f. m. a relater, he that relates or tells.
Relator de feito, a reporter, he that relates or gives an account; a sort of officer in courts in Portugal, who acquaints the court with what has been told of the case, or cause to be tried.
RELATORIO, f. m. report, account, relation, information.
Relatório de feito, the report of a cause.
Relatório, a reckoning up, an enumeration; also a previous discourse, or preamble.
RELAXAÇAM, f. f. (with surgeons) relaxation, a preternatural extension or straining of the nerves, &c. either by violence or weakness.
Relaxaçam do estomago, looseness in the body.
Relaxaçam, looseness of life, relaxation of manners.
RELAXA'DO, a, adj. relaxed, loose, slack; also loose, lewd, debauched.
Nervo relaxado, a relaxed nerve.
Tir o estomago relaxado, to be loose in the body.
Moso de vida relaxada, a loose liver.
Relaxado ao braço secular, delivered over to the laity, &c. See *RELAXAR ao braço secular*.
RELAXAMENTO, f. m. the straining of a nerve, &c. (with farriers.)
Relaxamento do estomago, looseness in the body.
RELAXA'R, v. a. to relax, to loosen, or slacken.
Relaxár o estomago, to make the belly loose, to loosen the belly.
Relaxár, to enfeeble, to make languid.
Relaxár, to release, to free from obligation. See also *DESOBRIGAR*, and *DISPENSAR*.
Relaxár, to relax, to make less rigorous, to remit.
Relaxár, ou entregar ao braço secular. See *BRAÇO*.
Relaxár-se, v. r. to fail, to grow slack or remiss, to remit or slacken.
RELE, f. f. a sort, kind, species. See also *RALE*.

REL

Rel. humour, genius, disposition; also race, stock, family.

RELEGO, *f. m.* a barn, cave, &c. to get in corn, or wine, at the harvest-time, or in vintage.

N. B. Those barns, caves, &c. only are so called, which belong to such landlords, or owners of lands, who have the privilege of selling the product of their lands for three months, during which time no one else can sell that of their own. Hence the same privilege is called *relego*.

RELEGUEIRO, *f. m.* a tenant, or farmer that holds or hires lands belonging to landlords who have the privilege called *relego*. See **RELEGO**.

RELEIÇAM, *f. f.* the repeated reading of any thing.

Fazer huma releiçam, to read over again. *Lat. religere.*

RELEIXO, *f. m.* that part of the wall which projects out like a bench, when a wall is begun, as is usual, thick below, and then made thinner above; as if there were five bricks in the foundation, and above it comes to have but three.

RELEVA'DO, *a, adj.* imbossed, &c. See **RELEVAR**.

RELEVAME'NTO, *f. m.* a delivering, a release, a riddance. *Lat. liberatio.*

RELEVA'NCIA, *f. f.* See **IMPORTANCIA**.

RELEVA'NTE. See **IMPORTANTE**.

RELEVA'R, *v. a.* to release, to acquit, to discharge of any obligation; also to pardon, to forgive; also to ease one of a thing, to deliver or rid out of.

Relvár, (in painting) to give relief to a picture. See **RELEVO**, (in painting.)

Relvár, (in sculpture) to imboss.

Relvár huma falta, to pass by, to forgive, to let pass uncensured, to connive, to wink at a fault.

RELEVO, *f. m.* (in sculpture) relief, imbossed work.

Levantar de relevo, to imboss.

O que faz obras de relevo, an imbossier.

Inteyro relevo, alto relivo, or high relief.

Meyo relevo, demi relievo.

Baxo relevo, basso relievo, or low relief.

Relívo, (in painting) relief, the degree of force or boldness wherewith the figures, beheld at a due distance, seem to stand out from the ground of the painting, as though they were really imbossed.

RELHO, *f. m.* a sort of gridle formerly used by the Portuguese ladies; also a sort of fish so called.

RELICA'RIO, *f. m.* a case to keep reliques in, a shrine for reliques, a reliquary, in which the reliques of a dead saint are kept.

RELIGIAM, *f. f.* religion, the worship of the Deity.

REL

Religião, *ou ordem religiosa*, a religious order of monks or nuns.

Elle tem dez annos de religião, he has been a monk these ten years.

A religião de Malta, the order of the Knights of Malta.

RELIGIO'SA, *ou freyra*, *f. f.* a nun.

RELIGIOSAMENTE, *adv.* religiously, godly, piously; also religiously, strictly, exactly, punctually.

RELIGIOSIDA DE, *f. f.* piety, godliness, devotion, religion.

RELIGIO'SO, *a, adj.* religious, pious, godly, devout.

Vida religiosa, religious, or monastic life.

Religião, punctual, strict, scrupulous.

Religião, *f. m.* a friar or a monk.

RELINÇHA'R, *ou Rinchar*, *v. n.* to neigh as a horse does.

RELINCHO, *ou Rincho*, *f. m.* the neighing of a horse.

RELIQUIAS, *f. f. p.* reliques, the remains of the bodies or cloths of saints; also reliques, or remainders of any thing. See **SOBEJOS**.

RELLA. See **RELA**.

RELOGE'IRO, *ou Relojeyro*, *f. m.* a watch-maker, or clock-maker; also he that takes care of a clock.

RELOGIO, *f. m.* a clock, a watch.

Relógio de algibeira, a watch.

Relógio do sol, a sun-dial.

Relógio de areia, a sand-hour-glass.

Relógio de agua, a water-hour-glass.

Estilo do relógio de sol. See **ESTILO**.

A arte de fazer relógios do sol. See **GNO-MONICA**.

Relógio de pendula. See **PENDULA**.

Adiantar o relógio, to set the clock forward.

Dar corda a hum relógio, to wind up a watch, clock, &c.

Caixa do relógio, a watch-case.

O relógio dá horas, the clock strikes.

O meu relógio não corre, my watch does not go, or stands still.

O meu relógio anda muyto arrazado, my watch goes too slow.

Aquelle relógio anda muyto depressa, *ou anda adiantado*, that clock goes too fast.

Relógio (on ship board) the space of half an hour; because they make use of a glass whose sand is half an hour running out.

Quatro relógios, (on shipboard) two hours.

RELOJOEIRO. See **RELOGEIRO**.

RELVA, *f. f.* so they call any sort of grass before it comes to its full growth.

RELVA'R, *v. n.* to have relva. See **RELVA**.

RELVOSO, *a, adj.* grassy, full of grass. See **RELVA**.

RELUCTA'NCIA. See **REPUGNANCIA**.

RELUTA'R. See **RESISTIR**, and **REPUGNAR**.

RELUZI'DO, part. of

RELUZIR, *v. n.* to shine, to glitter. From *luz*, light.

REM

P. não he ouro tudo o que reluz, all is not gold that glitters.

REM

REMADO'R, *f. m.* a rower. *Lat. remex.* See **REMO**.

REMADO, part. of **REMA'R**.

REMADU'RA, *f. f.* rowing.

REMANCHADO, part. of

REMANCHAR, *v. n.* (a vulgar word) to linger, to delay, to put off and prolong the time. See also

Remanchar-se, *v. r.* to grudge, to do a thing against one's will, to serve with great grudging, (speaking of servants.)

REMANDIO'LA, *f. f.* (a ludicrous word) cunningness, craftiness.

REMANECE'NTE. See **RESTANTE**.

REMANECE'R, *v. n.* to remain, to be left out of a great number or quantity. See also **SOBRAR**, **SOBEJAR**.

REMANECIDO, part. of *Remanecer*, left out of a greater number or quantity.

REMANENTE. See **RESTANTE**.

REMANGA'R, *v. n.* to threaten with a hand lifted up, (a vulgar word.)

REMAN'SO, *f. m.* the calm or still water of a river, &c. which after it has run with a swift current comes into a plain, and runs slow and gently.

Remanso, rest, repose, quiet, ease. See also **RETIRO**, **RECOLHIMENTO**.

REMA'R, *v. n.* to row. *Lat. remigare.*

O remar, a rowing with oars.

P. remar contra a agua, to strive against the stream.

P. remar por si, to go on his own legs. The Latin say, *nare sine cortice*.

REMATACAM, *f. f.* See **ARREMATACAM**.

REMATADAMENTE, *adv.* totally, intirely.

REMA'A'DO, *a, adj.* finished, perfected, &c. See

REMA'TAR, *v. a.* to end, to finish, to perfect; also to sell by auction, &c. See **ARREMA'TAR**.

Rematár, *v. n.* to end, to be finished or terminated.

REMA'TE, *f. m.* the end, or conclusion of any thing.

Remate dos fios das agucenas, &c. aglets or pendants at the ends of the knives of flowers.

REMEÇA. See **REME'SSA**.

REMEÇA'DO, &c. See **REMESSA'DO**, &c.

REMEÇAM. See **GARROCHAM**.

REMEÇAR, *ou Remessar*, &c. See **ARREMEÇAR**, &c.

Remessar-se. See **ARREMEÇAR-SE**.

REMEÇO. } See { **ARREMEÇO**.

REMEDAM. } See { **REMEDAM**.

REMECHIDO, &c. See **REMEXIDO**, &c.

REMEDIADO, *a, adj.* See

RE

REM

REMEDIAR, v. a. to remedy, cure, or help; also to recompense, or make amends for.
Aquillo não se pode remediar, that cannot be helped.
Queste pode remediar, remediable.
REMÉDIO, f. m. remedy, physic, medicine.
Hum mal sem remedio, an incurable disease.
Que não tem remedio, remediless.
Remedio para todas as males, a plaster for all sores.
Remedio universal. See **PANACEA**.
Remedio, shift, remedy, help, refuge, after-gate, retrieve.
Isso não tem remedio, there is no help or remedy for it.
Não havia remedio para restaurar o credito perdido, credit was lost, past retrieve.
Dano que não tem remedio, an irreparable or irrecoverable mischief.
Ejicu perdido de tal sorte, que nenhum remedio se acha a meus males, I am undone to all intents and purposes.
REMEDI'DO, a, adj. See **REMEDI'R**, v. a. to measure over again. Lat. *remetiri*.
REMERO. See **REMADOR**.
REME'LA, f. f. the rheum that is in the eye. Lat. *gramia*.
REMELO'SO, a, adj. blear-eyed.
Que tem os olhos remelosos, having dropping, or watery eyes; mope-eyed, one whose eyes run with water.
Ser remelofo, to be blear-eyed.
REMEMBRA'NÇA, f. f. (an antiquated word) remembrance.
REMENDA'DO, a, adj. mended, patched.
Cavallo remendado, a piebald horse, because he looks as if he were covered with patches.
REMENDAM, f. m. ex. *Remendão alfayate*, a botcher, a mender of old cloaths.
Remendão sapateiro, a cobbler.
REMENDA'R, v. a. to mend, to patch, to botch.
REMENDO, f. m. a botch, a patch.
Cavallo que tem remendos, ou remendado. See **REMENDADO**.
REMF'SSA, f. f. a remittance of money, gold, silver, &c.
REMESSAM. See **GARROCHAM**.
REMESSAR. See **ARREMEÇAR**.
REMESSO. See **ARREMEÇO**.
REMETER, v. a. to remit, to send to a distant place. See also **RECOMENDAR**.
Remeter, to refer.
Remeter alguma coisa a alguém, ou pô-la nas suas mãos para julga-la, to leave or refer a thing to one, to make him the judge of it.
Remete-me a hum lugar de Plauto, he refers me to a passage in Plautus.
Remeter, ou arremeter, to assail, &c. See **ARRAETER**.
Remeter dinbeyro, to remit money.
Remeter hum prizo, to remit a prisoner.
Remeter, to drive or put off, to delay.

REM

Remeter alguma coisa ao silencio, to pass a thing over in silence, not to speak of it.
Remeter, v. n. to begin, to fall to.
Elle remetto a fugir com mais pressa que d'antes, he betook himself to a speedier flight than before.
Remeter-se, v. r. to refer, leave, or put a thing to one's judgment, to leave it to his choice. See **REFERIR-SE**.
Remete-me a vos nesse particular, I refer, or leave it to you.
Remeto-me a tudo aquillo que vos parecer mais conveniente, I shall stand to whatsoever you shall think fitting.
REMETIDA, f. f. See **ACOMETTIMENTO**.
REMETIDO, a, adj. remitted, &c. according to the verb **REMETTER**.
REMEXER, v. a. to stir, to put in motion again (speaking of liquids.) See also **INQUIETAR**.
REMEXIDO, a, adj. stirred again.
REMI DO, a, adj. ransomed, redeemed, &c. See **REMIR**.
REMI'DO'R, f. m. a redeemer. See **REDEMPTOR**.
REMILHAM, f. m. (in the Brasils) a ladle, a sort of large spoon used in the sugar works.
REMINISCENCIA, f. f. remembrance, reminiscence.
REMI'R, v. a. to redeem, to buy off, to recover, to ransom. See also **RESGATAR**.
Remir o penhor, ou despenhar huma coisa que estava empenhada, to redeem goods in pawn.
Christo remio-nos com o seu sangue, Christ has redeemed us by his blood.
Remir, ou tornar a tomar huma fortaleza, to retake a fortress.
Remir a sua vexação, to rid one's self of a trouble, or vexation.
REMISSAMENTE, adv. remissly, slackly, not vigorously.
REMISSAM, f. f. remission, cessation of intenseness (in physics.)
Remissão, (in medicine) remission, as when a distemper abates, but does not go quite off before it returns again.
Remissão, forgiveness, pardon, remission.
Remissão, remission, relaxation of severity or rigour, moderation.
Remissão, remitting, the act of pardoning, or remitting a debt, &c. also the act of referring to a tribunal, judge, &c. according to the verbs **REMETTER**, and **REMITIR**; which see.
REMISSIVEL, adj. remissible, pardonable.
REMI'SSO, a, adj. remiss, not intense; also remiss, slack, negligent, not vigorous.
REMISSORIA carta, so they call the letters or order directed by a judge to another for the transmission or remission of a prisoner.
REMITIDO, a, adj. remitted, forgiven, &c. See **REMITIR**, v. a. to remit, to forgive, to pardon.
Remitir huma divida, to remit, or forgive a debt.

REM

Remitir, to remit, to relax, to make less rigorous.
Remitir, to resign, to give up.
Remitir, to remit, to grow less intense; also to remit, to abate by growing less eager.
Remitir-se, v. r. to remit, to grow less intense or violent. See **REMETTER-SE**.
REMO, f. m. an oar. Lat. *remus*.
Remo pequeno, com que o remador unicamente vai remando em hum barquinho, a scull, or skull, a little oar to row a boat with.
Remador que rema com esta sorte de remo, a sculler, a waterman who rows with sculls.
Puxar pelas remos, to tug the oars, to ply the oars.
Pa de remo, the blade of an oar.
Páos ou taletas a que se atão os remos, thowls. See **TOLETE**.
REMOÇADO, part. of **REMOÇAR-SE**, v. r. to grow young again.
Remoçar, v. n. to make one to grow young again.
REMOEDURA, ou *Ramiadura*, f. f. a chewing of the cud. Lat. *ruminationis*.
REMOE'LA, f. f. See **PIRRAÇA**, **ACINTE**.
REMOE'R, v. n. and a. to chew the cud, as oxen, &c. do. Lat. *ruminare*. See also **RAIFAR**.
Remoer, v. a. to chew again.
REMOINHAR, v. n. to turn about like a whirlpool.
REMOINHO. See **REDOMOINHO**.
REMOLHA'DO, a, adj. See **REMOLHAR**, v. a. to soak, to steep, to water again.
REMOLHO, f. m. the act of soaking, steeping, or watering again.
Destar em, ou de remolho. See **REMOLHAR**.
REMONTA, f. f. the act of remounting cavalry. See **REMONTAR**.
REMONTADO, a, adj. remounted, (a military word.) See **REMONTAR**.
Remontado espirito, an excellent, great, eminent, or sublime wit.
Remontado discurso, an enlarged or heightened discourse.
Remontado, remote, distant.
Remontado, superior, free from emotion or concern, unmoveable, not to be shaken.
REMONYAR, v. a. (a military word) ex. *Remontar tropas*, to remount cavalry, to furnish troopers with fresh horses, in the place of those that have been killed.
Remontar-se, v. r. to mount, to rise on high, or aloft.
Hum espirito vil, que não se remonta mais do que hum pássaro pode voar, a base mind that mounts no higher than a bird can soar.
Remontar-se, to rise, to obtain height or rank of fortune.
REMO'QUE, f. m. a frump, a sharp word.

REN

REN

REP

word, a scoff, taunt or flout, a gibe.
Dar, ou bolar remoques. See **REMOQUEAR**.
REMOQUEADOR, f. m. a taunter, a giber.
REMOQUEAR, v. a. to taunt, to gibe.
REMORA, f. f. remora, a small fish or worm so called, a sea-lamprey, or suckstone; of which the ancients had an opinion, that by sticking to the keel of a ship it would stop its course.
Rémora, a remora, delay, stop, let, or hindrance, (metaph.)
REMORDE'R, v. a. to cause remorse; also to have a remorse, to have a touch of conscience. See also **ATORMENTAR**.
Remorde-lhe continuamente a consciencia, he feels continually the stings, remorse, or checks of his conscience.
REMORDIDO, a, adj. that feels stings, remorse, or checks.
REMORDIMENTO, ou *Remorso*, f. m. remorse, check, sting of conscience.
REMORSO da consciencia, idem.
REMO'TO, a, adj. remote, distant.
REMOVER, v. a. to remove from one place to another; also to drive away; also to displace, to put out of any office, to put out of a place; also to remove or take away.
REMOVI'DO, a, adj. removed, &c. See **REMOVED**.
REMOVI'VEL, adj. that may be removed, removable.
REMUDA'DO, part. of
REMUDAR, v. n. to change, or undergo an alteration again.
REMUNERAÇAM, f. f. reward, recompence, remuneration.
REMUNERADO, a, adj. rewarded, recompensed.
REMUNERAR, v. a. to remunerate, to reward, recompense, or requite. Lat. *remunerare*.
REMUNERATORIO, a, adj. given, not only as a reward, but also with good will and for love-sake.
REMUNGA'DO, **REMUNGA'R**. See **RESMONEADO**, **RESMONEAR**.

REN

RENACER, ou *Renascér*, v. n. to be born again, or new-born, to grow or spring up again.
RENACI'DO, ou *Renascido*, a, adj. born again, sprung up again.
RENACIME'NTO, f. m. new birth, regeneration.
RENAL, adj. renal, belonging to the reins.
RENDA, f. f. yearly revenue, or income, a rent.
Viver das suas rendas, to live upon one's revenues, or means.
Pagar a renda, to pay the rent.
Estabelecer rendas para sustento de hum collegio, &c. to endow, to settle rents or revenues for the maintenance of a college, &c.

Renda, lace. Arabic.
RENDE'IRA, f. f. a woman that makes lace.
RENDEIRO, f. m. a tenant, a renter, he that holds by paying rent.
RENDE'R, v. a. to subdue, to conquer, to overcome.
Render, (a sea term) to bend or crook.
Render huma sentinella, &c. to relieve a centry, &c.
Render, (with farriers) to strain.
Render, to yield, bear or produce, (speaking of lands, vines, &c.)
Render fôrças. See **FINENZA**.
Render honra, to honour, to do honour.
Render veneraçoes. See **VENERAR**.
Render vidas a morte, to kill.
Render alguma coisa muito a alguém, is for one to draw or reap a good advantage from a thing, to get much by it.
Terra que rende muito, a very fruitful soil.
Os seus bens rendem-lhe tanto cada anno, his estate yields him so much a year.
Render o bordo ao mar, to sail again, (a sea phrase.)
Render o bordo ao mar, para navegar para o mesmo porto donde se tinhão feito a vela, to reef, to sail back.
Render-se, v. r. to yield, to lay down one's arms, to surrender, or submit.
Render-se, to fail, to yield, or succumb, to be tired.
Render-se a partido, to surrender, to yield, to give one's self up on certain stipulations.
Rendo-me, I yield, I knock under.
Render-se aos appetites, to follow one's desires or inclinations.
Render-se, to comply, or yield to any desire or demand.
RENDIDAMENTE, adv. lowly, humbly, submissively.
RENDI'DO, a, adj. conquered, &c. according to the verb *Render*.
RENDIMENTO, f. m. revenue, income, rent.
Rendimento, a yielding up, a surrender, the act of yielding, &c. according to the verb *render*.
Rendimento da vontade, compliance, submission.
Rendimento, (with farriers) a strain.
RENDOSO, a, adj. faithful, fertile; also gainful, profitable, whereof much gain cometh.
RENEGA'DA, f. f. a game at cards called *embre*.
RENEGA'DO, f. m. a renegade, an apostate, one that has renounced his faith.
Renegado, *Renegar*. See **ARRENEGADO**, **ARRENEGAR**.
RENGIDO, **RENGER**. See **RANGIDO**, **RANGER**.
RENGO, f. m. a sort of cloth made of cotton.
RENHI'DO, a, warmly debated, full of obstinate debates.
RENHI'R, v. n. to quarrel, to debate

warmly and with great passion or commotion. See also **PORFIAR**, **CONTENDER**.
RENITENCIA, f. f. renitency.
RENITIDO, **RENITIR**. See **REPUGNADO**, **REPUGNAR**.
RENO'ME, f. m. renown; also a surname, an appellation added to the original name, as Scipio was surnamed Africanus, from his victories obtained in Africa.
RENOVAÇAM, f. f. renovation, renewing.
RENOVADO, a, adj. renewed, renovated.
RENOVAME'NTO, f. m. renovation, renewing.
RENOVAR, v. a. to renovate, to renew.
Renovar a memoria de alguma coisa, to refresh or renew the memory of a thing, to call it to mind.
Renovar huma chaga antiga, to rub an old sore.
Que pode ser renovado, renewable.
Renovar a dor, to renew the grief.
O acto de renovar, renewal.
Renovar-se, v. r. to be renewed, to revive, to be restored to the former state.
RENOVO, f. m. a young shoot of a tree.
Renovas, all kinds of fruit, &c. See **NOVIDADES**.
RENQUE, f. f. a rank or row of any thing.
Huma renque de soldados, a rank or file of soldiers.
Pôr em renque, to dispose, to settle, to set in order.
RENTE, adv. close; as, *Cortar rente*, to cut off close.
RENUI DO, **RENUI'R**. See **RECUSADO**, **RECUSAR**.
RENUN'CIA, ou *Renunciaçam*, f. f. renunciation; also the act of forsaking, &c. See **RENUNCIAR**.
RENUNCIA'DO, a, adj. renounced, &c. See
RENUNCIA'R, v. a. to renounce, resign, or quit claim; also to forsake, to renounce, to take leave of, to quit.
Renunciar, (at cards) to revoke.
Renunciar nas mãos do amor o entendimento, to be beside himself, or mad for love.
RENUNCIA'VEL, adj. that may be renounced.

REO

REO, f. m. a criminal, a guilty person; also a defendant; opposed to *author*, a plaintiff.
REO, (in the universities) See **MARENTE**.
REOBA'RDO. See **RHEUBARBO**.
REORDINADO, a, adj. re-ordained.
REORDINAR, v. a. to re-ordain, to confer orders a second time.
O acto de reordenar, re-ordination.

REP

REPARAÇAM, **REPARADO**, &c. See

REP

See **REPARAÇAM, REPARADO**, &c.
REPARAÇO. See **RIPANÇO**.
REPARAÇAM, f. f. repair, reparation, the act of mending things fallen to decay; also reparation, amends, satisfaction for damages done. See the v. **REPARAR**.
REPARADO, a, adj. repaired, &c. See **REPARAR**.
Lugar bem reparado, ou abrigado. See **ABRIGADO**.
Mal reparado. See **DESABRIGADO**.
REPARADO'R, f. m. a repairer; also an observer, or marker one that takes notice.
REPARA'R, v. a. to repair; also to parry in fencing, to ward off a blow; also to advert, to take heed, to observe, to take notice; also to make amends, to recompense, to repair, to make up, to retrieve, to recover.
Reparar danos, &c. to make amends for damages, &c.
Reparar as forças, to recover or gather one's strength, to recruit one's self.
Reparar, ou fazer reparo. See **REFLECTIR**.
Reparar a honra de alguém, to repair one's honour, to make him a reparation.
Reparar, (with goldsmiths) to perfect, to bring to perfection.
Reparar culpas, to amend, to grow better, to be reformed, to forsake vice.
Reparar, to shelter, to secure from.
Reparar do calor do sol, to shelter or secure from the burning heat of the sun.
Reparar-se, v. r. ex. *Reparar-se com o escudo*, to cover, or secure one's self with a shield.
Reparar-se da perda, to repair, or retrieve one's loss.
Reparar-se, to shelter, or secure one's self from.
Reparar-se, to recover one's self, to come to one's self again.
REPARO, f. m. (in fortification) a defence, any work of entrenchment.
Repara, notice, observation. See also **REFLEXAM**.
Reparo, repair, or reparation. See **REPARAÇAM**.
Reparo, ou dique. See **DIQUE**.
Fazer reparo. See **REFLECTIR**.
Reparo, the carriage of a cannon, &c.
Montar hum canhão no reparo, to mount a cannon, to set it on the carriage.
REPARTIÇAM, f. f. a distribution, the act of dividing amongst many, repartition.
Repartiçam dos tributos, the repartition of taxes.
Repartiçam, department, the province of business assigned to a particular person.
Repartiçam, (in arithmetic) division.
Repartiçam que se fa das terras entre coherdeiros, (in law) partition, a dividing of lands among coheirs.

REP

REPARTI'DO, a, adj. divided, distributed.
REPARTIDO'R, f. m. a divider, a distributor.
REPARTIME'NTO, f. m. a till, a little money-drawer, or box, &c. in a desk, counter, chest, cabinet, &c.
Repartimento da casa, compartition, compartment, the useful and graceful distribution of a house into rooms of reception, office, &c. (in architecture.)
REPARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to distribute, to give part to one, part to another.
Repartir alguma coisa com alguém, to share a thing with one, to make him partake of it.
A natureza repartiu bem com elle, he has good natural parts, or accomplishments.
Repartir, (in arithmetic) to divide.
REPASSA'DO, f. m. ribbons, thread, &c. that are twisted together, as in a love-knot, &c. See **REPASSAR**.
Repasado, a, adj. repassed, &c. according to the verb.
REPASSA'R, v. a. to repass, pass, go, or cross again.
Repassar hum livro, to read a book over again.
Repassar, to twist or twine, to interlace.
Repassar, v. n. ex. *Papel que repassa, ou papel passento*, sinking or blotting paper.
REPASTADO, a, adj. See
REPASTA'R, v. a. to pasture, or feed cattle again.
REPELAM, f. m. a violent pull, the act of dragging violently towards one, particularly by the hair.
REPELLENTE'S remédios, (in medicine) repellents, medicines which repel or drive back a morbid humour.
REPELLI'DO, a, adj. repelled.
REPELLI'R, v. a. (in medicine) to repel.
REPE'NTE, adv. ex. *De repente*, unawares, unexpectedly, suddenly, all on a sudden; also extempore, without premeditation, or previous preparation.
Feyto de repente, extemporal, extemporaneous, extemporary, done without premeditation.
Orar de repente, to extemporize, to speak extempore.
Talento para orar de repente, extemporality, or extemporiness.
Repente, f. m. a fally, spurt, brunt, heat, fury, a sudden fit; also any thing done extempore, or that happens unawares.
REPENTINAMENTE, adv. all on a sudden, suddenly.
REPENTINO, a, adj. sudden, subitaneous.
REPERCUSSAM, f. f. repercussion, or striking back; also reboation, the reflection of a noise back again; echo.
REPERCUSSIVO, f. m. (in medicine) a repulsive.
REPERCUTIDO, a, adj. See

REP

REPERCUTI'R, v. n. to reflect, to be reflected.
Repercuteir os humores. See **RETUMBAR**.
Repercuteir os humores, (in medicine) to repel, or drive back the humours from an affected part.
REPERTO'RIO, f. m. a repertory, a book into which things are methodically entered, in order to the more ready finding of them.
Repertorio do livro, the index of a book.
REPERGUNTA, f. f. question upon question.
REPERGUNTA'DO, a, adj. questioned over and over again.
REPERGUNTA'R, v. a. to question over and over again.
REPESADO'R, f. m. an officer in Portugal whose business is to weigh again, or verify weight of bread, meat, or any other thing sold.
REPESA'DO, a, adj. weighed again.
REPESA'R, v. a. to verify the weight of any thing sold.
REPE'SO, f. m. weighing again.
REPETENA'DO, a, adj. (a burlesque word) that affects, or makes a ridiculous show of gravity, or grandeur; ridiculously grand.
REPE'E'NCIA, f. f. (among physicians) a new afflux or flowing to, as of humours to or upon the same part.
REPE'LENTE, f. m. a tutor in an university, a private master.
REPETIÇAM, f. f. repetition, the saying the same thing over again, tautology.
Erro dos impressores na repetiçam da mesma palavra, a double, (with printers.)
Relógio de pendula de repetiçam, a repetition-pendulum clock.
Repetiçam, (in rhetoric) palilogia, the repetition of the same word.
Repetiçam, a repetition, or rehearsal.
Repetiçam, (in law) recovery.
REPETIDAMENTE, adv. again and again.
REPETI'DO, repeated, &c. See **REPETIR**.
REPETIDO'R, f. m. See **REPETENTE**.
REPETI'R, v. a. to repeat, to tell over again.
Repetir, to ask what one had given, in order to retake it.
Repetir, to repeat, to rehearse.
Rep-tir, (in law) to recover.
Repetir, v. n. ex. *Repetio-lhe a febre*, the fever or ague has seized upon him again, it is returned, or come upon him again.
REPICA'DO, p. of
REPICA'R, v. a. to ring the bells out; as on some festival day, &c.
REPIMPA'DO, a, adj. (a burlesque word) burly, fat; also lolling in a chair, &c. leaning back at one's full ease. See
REPIMPA'R-SE, v. r. (a ludicrous word) to loll, to lie idly upon a chair, to sit leaning back, and stretched out at one's full ease.

REP

REP'IQUE, f. m. a ringing of bells on some festival day, &c. See also **REBATE**.
Repique, repeek, (at picquet)
Dar repique, (at picquet) to repeek.
REPIZA, f. f. ex. *Vinho de repiza*, pressed wine, wine of the last pressing.
REPIZA'DO, a, adj. trod over again.
REPIZA'R, v. a. to tread over again; also to repeat a thing often, and, as it were, to beat it into one's head. (Metaph.)
REPLECAM, f. f. repletion, fullness.
REPLENA'DO, a, adj. filled, filled up.
REPLENO, f. m. (in fortification) terre plain. See **TERRAPLENO**.
REPLETO, a, adj. fleshy, gross, plump, corpulent, filled or stuffed up with humours (in medicine.)
RE'PLICA, f. f. an answer, a reply, a repartee.
Fazey sem replica o que vos mandaõ, do what you are bid without reply, or without answering again.
Replica, (in law) a replication, an exception made by the plaintiff, to the first answer of the defendant.
REPLICA'DO, part. replied, answered. See also **DOBRADO**.
REPLICA'R, v. n. to reply, to answer, to make a reply, answer, or repartee. See also **CONTRADIZER**.
Replicar, (in law) to bring in an exception. See **REPLICA**.
REPOLEGA'DO, a, adj. See
RE'OLEGAR, v. a. to hem; corruptly from the Lat. *replicare*, to fold. See
REPOLE'GO, f. m. a sort of hem used in the fore-part of the towels, with which some women in Portugal cover their heads; also the edge of a pie, &c.
REPO'LHO, f. m. headed-cabbage.
REPO'NTA, f. f. ex. *Reponta da maré*, the beginning of the tide, the beginning of its going up.
REPONTA'R a maré, v. n. is for the tide to begin to go up.
Repontar a madrugada, to dawn; *ao repontar da madrugada*, at the dawning of the day.
REPO'R, v. a. to replace, to put in the former place; also to re-establish or settle again, to restore one to his first state or condition.
REPORTAÇAM, f. f. See **COMEDIMENTO**, **MODESTIA**.
REPORTA'DO, a, adj. See **COMEDIDO**, **MODESTO**. See also
REPORTA'R, v. a. to respect, to show respect, to honour, to regard.
Repontar se, v. r. to curb one's passions, to restrain or contain one's self, to command (or have the command of) one's self. See also **REFERIR-SE**, and **REMETTER-SE**.
REPORTORIO, f. m. an almanack, a calendar.
REPOSTA, f. f. an answer. Lat. *responsio*.
Dar resposta a huma carta, to answer, or write an answer to a letter.

REP

Resposta de Deus. See **ORACULO**.
A modo, ou em forma de resposta, by way of answer.
Resposta do principe. See **RESCRITO**.
Foguete de resposta, a cracker, or squib that gives many reports.
REPOSTA'DA, f. f. a rude, sharp, or uncivil answer.
REPOSTEYRO, f. m. a sumpture-cloth; also an officer called the groom of the chamber.
REPOTRIA'DO. See **REPIMPADO**, (a ludicrous word.)
REPOUSA'DO, p. of
REPOUSAR, v. n. to get rest, to rest one's self; also to rest, to repose, to sleep or slumber, to take one's rest, or repose.
Reposar em o senhor, is for a virtuous man to die.
REPO'USO, f. m. rest, repose.
Reposo, rest, repose, sleep.
REPREHENDE'R, v. a. to reprehend, to reprimand, to chide, to rebuke. Lat. *reprehendere*.
REPREHENDI'DO, a, adj. reprehended, &c.
REPREHENSAM, f. f. reprehension, rebuke, reproof, reprimand. Lat. *reprehensio*.
Carta de reprehensão, a rebuking or chiding letter.
Dar huma reprehensão. See **REPREHENDER**.
O que da a reprehensão, a reprover.
REPREHENSIVEL, adj. blame-worthy, blameable, reprehensible.
REPRENSAM, f. f. reprehension; corruptly from *reprehensão*.
REPRESA, ou **REPREZA**, f. f. a re-prise, the burden of a song or ballad; also retaking. *Fazer represa*, to retake.
Represa de huma villa, the retaking of a town.
REPRESA'DO, ou **REPREZADO**, a, adj. stopped, bounded, detained, stayed, as water by a flood-gate. See **REPREZAR**.
Agua reprezada, water that is stopped, and cannot run.
Reprezado odio, a deadly or spiteful hatred, that is long borne in mind.
REPRESA'LIA, f. f. reprisal, or reprisal, the act of taking or seizing from an enemy an equivalent for a loss sustained.
Tomar pelo direito da represalia, ou *fazer represalias*, to take by way of reprisals.
Cartas de represalias, letters of mart.
REPRESA'R, ou **REPREZAR**, v. a. to bound, to stop water from running by a flood-gate, dam, or the like.
Reprezar as lagrimas, (metaph.) to forbear weeping.
REPRESARIA. See **REPRESALIA**.
REPRESENTAÇAM, f. f. the action of an oration.
Representaçam, portraiture, representation, likeness, image.
Representaçam, (in the drama) representation.

REP

Representaçam, representation, the act of supporting a vicarious character, (in law.)
REPRESENTA'DO, a, adj. represented. See **REPRESENTAR**.
REPRESENTA'NTE, f. m. a player, an actor.
Representante, f. f. an actress upon the stage.
REPRESENTAR, v. a. to represent, to exhibit in general.
Representar hum papel, to act a part in a play.
Representar huma comedia, to act a play.
Representar, to represent, to describe, or express.
Representar-se, v. r. to appear before one, to be or to seem present to one's mind, or senses. Lat. *obversari*.
REPRESENTATIVO, f. m. a representative, that by which any thing is shown or represented. See **IMAGEM**.
REPRESA'DO, &c. See **REPRESADO**, &c.
REPRIMI'DO, a, adj. repressed, &c. according to the verb
REPRIMI'R, v. a. to repress, to curb, stop or stay, to keep under or restrain.
Reprimir as lagrimas, to forbear weeping.
Reprimir-se, v. r. to forbear, to keep one's self from a thing.
REPROBAÇAM. See **REPROVACAM**.
RE'PROBO, f. m. a reprobate, one that is predestined to damnation.
REPROCHE, f. m. reproach, upbraiding.
REPRODUCCAM, f. f. reproduction.
REPRODUZI'DO, a, adj. reproduced.
REPRODUZIR, v. a. to reproduce.
REPROVA de huma testemunha, (in law) an exception against a witness.
REPROVAÇAM, f. f. disproving, rejecting, disallowing, disliking. Lat. *improbatio*.
Reprovaçam, f. f. (in divinity) reprobation.
REPROVA'DO, a, adj. disallowed, disliked, not approved of.
Reprovaço, f. m. See **REPROBO**.
REPROVADOR, f. m. a reprover.
REPROVAR, v. a. to reprove, to disallow.
REPROVA'VEL, adj. reprobable.
REPTA'DO, a, adj. challenged, defied.
REPTADOR, f. m. a challenger, a defier.
REPTANTE, f. m. a reptile.
REPTA'R, v. a. to challenge, to defy.
RE'PTIL, f. m. a reptile.
RE'PTO, f. m. a challenge.
REPU'BLICA, f. f. a republic, a commonwealth.
Republica das letras, the commonwealth of the learned.
O que presere o governo das republicas ao das monarchias, a republican.
REPU'BLICO, a, adj. public-spirited.
REPUDIA'DO, a, adj. divorced, repudiated. See
REPUDIA'R, v. a. to put away, to di-

REQ

divorce, to repudiate. See also *DESAMPARAR*, and *RECUSAR*.
REPU'DIO, f. m. repudiation, divorce. Lat. *repudium*.
REPUGNADO, p. of *REPUGNAR*.
REPUGNANCIA, f. f. repugnancy, reluctance, averfeness; alfo repugnancy, inconfiftency, contrariety.
Com repugnancia, with reluctance.
REPUGNAR, v. a. to oppofe, to aft againft.
Repugnar, v. n. to be contrary, or againft, to clafh with.
A my repugnava, ou tinha buma repugnancia total aquelle cafamento, the mother was entirely againft that match.
Aquillo repugna a razao, that is contrary to, or clafhes with reafon.
REPULGAR, v. a. to hem.
REPULGO, f. m. See *REPOLEGO*.
REPU'LSA, f. f. a refusal, a denial; alfo a repulfce.
Dar repulfa. See *REPULSAR*.
Repulfa, a driving, or beating away, the aft of flaving, or keeping off.
REPULSA'DO, a, adj. See
REPULSAR, v. a. to refuse, to abandon, to call off.
REPURGAÇAM, f. f. the aft of purging again.
REPURGA'DO, a, adj. purged again.
REPURGAR, v. a. to purge again.
REPUTACAM, f. f. reputation, or repute. Lat. *existimatio*.
Tirar, ou deytar a perder a reputaçam de bum homem, to ruin a man's reputation.
Boa, ou ma reputaçam, good or bad repute.
REPUTA'DO, a, adj. reputed, &c.
REPUTAR, v. a. to repute, to count, or look upon.
Reputar, to give credit or reputation.
REPUXA'DO, a, adj. See
REPUXAR, v. a. to give a flope to a rampart or wall. See
REPU'XO, f. m. (in fortification) the talus, a flope given to a rampart or wall that it may ftand the failer.
Refuxo exterior, talus exterior.
Refuxo interior, talus interior.

REQ

REQUEBRADO, f. m. one that waddles, or waggles, one that moves from fide to fide wantonly, and with lafciviousnefs.
Requebrado, a wooer, one that wooes, courts, or ufe fine amorous expreffions.
Requebrado, a, adj. exceffively tender, or expreffive of love.
Requebrado, courted, wooed, made love to. See
REQUEBRAR, v. a. to court, to woo, to make love, to ufe fine amorous expreffions;
Requebrar o corpe, to bend down or floop a little; alfo to waddle wantonly. See *REQUEBRADO*, f. m.
Requebrar-se, ou requebrar o corpe, idem.
REQUEBROS, f. m. p. fine amorous words or expreffions.

REQ

Requebras da voz, warbling of the voice.
Requebras das avezinhas, the chirping or warbling of birds.
Requebras com os olhos, a wanton look, a leer, or leering look.
Dizer requebras, to woo, to court, &c. See *REQUEBRAR*.
Dizer requebras com os olhos, to leer, to call wanton eyes.
REQUEIJAM, f. m. curds.
REQUEIMA'DO, a, adj. parched, dry, fcorchcd; alfo adult, choleric.
REQUEIMAR, v. a. to parch, or fcorch. Lat. *torrere*.
Requeimar, v. n. to be fharp, tart, or poignant.
REQUEIME, f. m. a fort of fea-filh fo called.
REQUEIXEIRO, f. m. he that makes cheefe.
REQUENTA'DO, a, adj. heated or warmed again.
REQUENTAR, v. a. to heat or warm again.
Requentar-se, v. r. to wax hot again.
REQUEREDOR, (an antiquated word.) See
REQUERENTE, f. m. (in law) a procurator, or folicitor; alfo the demandant, or profecutor in a real action.
REQUERER, v. a. (in law) to require or demand.
Requerir, to accufe, to charge with a crime.
Aquillo requiere diligencia, that requires diligence.
Requerer-se, imperf. it is requifite, or neceffary.
REQUERIDO, a, adj. required, &c. according to the verb *REQUERER*.
REQUERIMENTO, f. m. an oral, or verbal request.
REQUESTA, f. f. aim, defign, the aft of fuing for a thing; alfo the thing fued for. See the verb *REQUESTAR*.
REQUESTA'DO, a, adj. See
REQUESTAR, v. a. to ask, crave, request, to fue, or ftand for, to hunt after, to ftrove to obtain.
Elle requitava o confulado, he ftood or fued for the confultship.
Requeftar buma rapariga, to fuit, to fue, to court, or woo a maid for a wife.
O que requetta buma rapariga, ou mulher, o que a pede para casar com ella, a wooer, a fuitor, one who courts a maid or woman for a wife.
REQUINTADO, a, adj. well praftifed and exercifed. Lat. *recusus*.
Elle be requintado, he is a cunning or fhrewd fellow, or he is a fharp blade.
Requi into, the moft perfect. See alfo *AFFECTADO*, and the verb
REQUINTAR, v. n. to refine, to affect nicety, to be full of niceties.
Riquintar na elegancia da lingua, to refine the language, to be nice, or full of niceties in one's fpeech.
Riquintar-se, v. r. to purify, to become pure; alfo to grow fharp, to learn wit.

RES

REQUISITO, f. m. a requifite, any thing neceffary.
REQUISITORIA, f. f. (in law) a warrant from a judge to another, requiring obedience.

RES

RES. See *REZ*.
RESABIA'DO, a, adj. (fpeaking of a horfe, mule, &c.) unruly, head-ftong, or that plays any other jadtth trick. See alfo *MANHOSO*.
RESABIO, ou *RESABIO*, f. m. an ill habit, or cuftom; alfo a jadtth trick in a horfe.
Resabio, an ill tafte or favour.
Ter refabio de, to relifh or have the tafte of.
Aquella carpe tem refabio de lodo, that carp tafles of the mud.
Ter refabio de alguma coufa, (metaph.) to fmell of a thing, to favour, or to give fome indications of it.
Aquella propofição tem feio refabio de herefia, that propofition favours of herefy.
RESACA, f. f. eddy, the flowing back of a billow, after its breaking on the fhore.
Resaca, a fort of bay or harbour formed by the flux of the tide.
RESALTA'DO, p. of
RESALTAR, v. n. to ftand, to flick, or to jut out in a building; alfo to rebound, to be broken from its courfe.
RESALTO, f. m. the jutting out part in a building; alfo the repercuffion of a body, or rebound.
RESALVA, ou *Contra-efcriptura*, f. f. (in law) a defeafance, or defeifance.
RESALVA'DO, p. of
RESALVAR, v. a. to make a defeafance, (in law.)
Resalvar, ou exceptuar, to except.
Resalvar para fi, to referye, or to keep to one's felt.
RESALVA'NDO, except
RESARCIDO, a, adj. made amends for, repaired, made good.
RESARCIR, v. a. to make amends for, to make good, to repair. Lat. *refarcire*.
RESAUDADO, a, adj. refaluted.
RESAUDAR, v. a. to refalute, to return the falutation of one.
RESCALDO, f. m. (a Spanifh word) See *BORRALHO*.
Rescaldo, hot or fiery vapours.
RESCAM. See *RASCAM*.
RESCREVER, v. a. to write back.
RESCRITO, p. of *refcrever*, write back.
Rescrito, f. m. a refcript, an anfwer of a prince to any petition.
RESENDE'R. See *RECENDER*.
RESENHA, f. f. a mufter, a review.
Fazer refenha, to mufter, to review forces.
RESENTIDO, a, adj. refented, &c. See *RESENTIR-SE*.
RESENTIMENTO, f. m. refentment, fenfe.
RESENTIR-SE, v. r. to refent, or to be

RES

be sensible of an affront, to shew one's resentment; also to feel, to know, to be acquainted with, to be sensible of; also to break out, to discover itself.

RESERVA, f. f. (in military affairs) a reserve.

Reserva, reservedness, discretion, caution, circumspection.

RESERVAÇAM, f. f. (in canon law) a reservation.

RESERVA'DO, a, adj. reserved, &c. See

RESERVAR, v. a. to reserve, to keep.

Reservar alguma coisa para outra occasião, to lay up, to reserve, to keep in store, to save to some other purpose, to keep something to be used as there shall be occasion.

Reservar para si, to reserve, to keep to one's self.

Reservar, to conceal.

Reservar-se, v. r. ex. *Reservar-se para fazer huma coisa no tempo opportuno*, to stay to do a thing till it is convenient.

RESFOLEGA'DO, ou **RESFOLGA'DO**. See **RESPIRADO**.

RESFOLEGA'R, ou **RESFOLGA'R**. See **RESPIRAR**.

Resfregar, to recollect, to recover one's self, to come to one's self again.

RESFRIA'DO, a, adj. cooled. See **RESFRIAR**.

RESFRIAMENTO, f. m. See **ESFRIAMENTO**.

Resfriamento de amantes, coolness of affection.

RESFRIAR, v. a. *Resfriar-se*, v. r. See **ESFRIAR**, *Esfriar-se*.

RESGATA'DO, a, adj. ransomed, &c. See

RESGATAR, v. a. to ransom, to rescue, to recover; also to buy off; also to buy, to purchase.

RESGATE, f. m. ransom.

Fazer resgate. See **RESGATAR**.

RESGUARDA'DO, a, adj. cautious, circumspect. See

RESGUARDA'R-SE, v. r. to be cautious, to take care of one's self, to beware of, to take heed.

RESGUARDO, f. m. regard, consideration, caution. See **CAUTELA**, and **PRECAUÇAM**.

Ter, ou dar resguardo. See **RESGUARDAR-SE**.

Resguardo, any thing that serves to keep another free from harm or damage, by hindering access to it; as the doors of iron bars used in gardens, or the like.

RESICCAÇAM, f. f. (with physicians) an excessive dryness, or want of moisture.

RESIDENCIA, f. f. residence, residing in a place.

Residencia, the trial a magistrate is to undergo, when he resigns his employment, a judge being appointed to hear all complaints against him, all complainants summoned to appear, and he obliged to stay upon

the spot for a certain time to make his defence.

Tomar, ou tirar residencia, to make the trial of a person in public office, to hear all complaints against him.

Residencia, ou officio de residente na corte de qualquer principe, residentship.

Residencia, (in the Brasils) a residence, abode, or dwelling place for missionaries.

RESIDENTE, f. m. a resident.

RESIDI'DO, p. of

RESIDI'R, v. n. to reside, to remain in a place, to abide.

RESIDUO, f. m. residue, a remainder, a remnant.

RESIGNAÇAM, f. f. resignation, demise, or yielding up a benefice or office.

Resignação á vontade de Deus, a resignation, or intire submission to God's will.

RESIGNA'DO, a, adj. resigned.

RESIGNA'R, v. a. to resign, yield up, surrender, or make over.

Resignar-se, ou resignar a sua vontade na vontade de Deus, v. r. to resign, give up, or submit one's self to God's will.

RESIGNATA'RIO, f. m. (in canon law) a resignee, the party to whom a thing is resigned.

RESINA, f. f. resin, or rosin, a fat oily liquor, distilling from a tree. Lat.

RESINENTO, a, adj. resinous, resin, or resinacious.

RESISTENCIA, f. f. resistance, opposition.

RESISTENTE, f. m. he who resists.

RESISTI'DO, p. of

RESISTI'R, v. a. and n. to resist, to oppose, to withstand.

RESISTO. See **REGISTO**.

RESMA, f. m. a ream of paper.

RESMONEA'DO, ou **RESMONINHADO**, p. of

RESMONEA'R, ou **RESMONINHAR**, v. n. (a burlesque word) to mutter, to grumble, to speak softly as with an imperfect voice. See also **REMANCHAR-SE**.

RESMUNGA DO, **RESMUNGA'R**, idem. See also **ROSNADO**, **ROSNAR**.

RESOA'DO, **RESOA'R**. See **RETUMBADO**, **RETUMBAR**.

RESOLUÇAM, f. f. a resolution, resolve, or determination.

Resolução, resolution, courage, stoutness.

Resolução de huma questão, resolution, decision.

Resolução, (with surgeons.) See **RELAXAÇAM**.

Resolução de forças, want of strength.

Resolução, (in medicine) resolution.

RESOLVENTE, adj. (in medicine) resolvent.

RESOLVE'R, v. a. to dissolve, to scatter, to disperse.

Resolver, to melt, to dissolve.

Resolver, to reduce, to turn a thing into to another.

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Resolver, to resolve, to clear a question, difficulty, &c.

Resolver, (in medicine) to dissolve, to disperse.

Resolver-se, v. r. to resolve, to determine, to come to a resolution; also to be reduced, to turn, to become; also to be melted.

Resolver-se, (in medicine) to be dissolved, or dispersed.

Fazer que algum se resolva, to persuade, or induce, to bring into.

RESOLVI'DO, a, adj. resolved, &c. according to the verb.

RESOLUTAMENTE, adv. resolutely, resolutely.

RESOLUTI'VO, a, adj. (in medicine) resolute, resolute. See also **RESOLUTORIO**.

Resolutivo, (with mathematicians) analytic.

Resolutivo, f. m. (in medicine) a resolute.

RESOLUTO, a, adj. resolute, stout, bold, &c. according to the verb **RESOLVER**.

Elle estava resoluto a deyta-la a perder, he was resolved to ruin her.

RESOLUTO'RIO, ou **RESOLUTIVO**, a, adj. (in law) that makes void a contract.

RESONA'DO, p. of

RESONA'R, v. n. to resound. Lat. *resonare*.

RESPADILHO, f. m. (in India) a sort of cannon, or piece of artillery.

RESPALDO, f. m. the back of a coach; also the back of a form, bench, pew, &c.

RESPECTIVAMENTE, adv. respectively, relatively.

RESPECTI'VO, a, adj. respective, relative; also respectful.

RESPECTUOSO, a, adj. respectful, full of respect.

RESPEYTA'DO, a, adj. respected, &c. See

RESPEYTA'R, v. a. to respect, to regard, to shew respect.

Fazer-se respeytar, to keep in awe.

Respeytar, to respect, to consider, to mind, to regard.

Pelo que respeyta a, &c. for what concerns, as for, as to, &c.

Respeytar, ou albar, (in geography) to lie or look towards.

RESPEYTA'VEL, adj. respectable, that deserves respect.

RESPEYTO, f. m. respect, consideration, regard. See also **CAUSA**, and **RAZAM**.

Respeytes humanos, worldly considerations. *Per meu respeyto*, for my sake, upon my account.

Respeyto, ou por respeyto, (a sort of. proposition) for, on the account of, by reason of.

A respeyto de, &c. as for, as to; also about, touching, concerning.

A respeyto, adv. in respect of, in comparison of, in regard to; as, *aquella não he nada a respeyto, ou em comparaçam do outro*, that is nothing in respect of

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or comparison of the other, that is nothing to the other.
Respeyto, respect, regard, veneration, reverence.
Ter respeyto a algum, to shew respect to one.
Faltar ao respeyto, ou perder o respeyto a algum, to disrespect one, to break in upon the respect due to one, to be saucy or impertinent before one.
Falta de respeyto, disrespect, want of respect.
Ter respeyto, to consider, to regard, in order to requite.
Guardar respeyto, is for one of the sweet-hearts to forbear speaking to any body else, lest the other should grow jealous.
Respeyto, awe, fear, dread.
Que mete respeyto, awful, apt to strike with awe.
Que não mete respeyto, aweless, not having the power to strike with awe.
Meter respeyto, to awe, to strike with reverential fear.
Ter hum muito grande respeyto, to stand in awe, to have a great respect.
Que não tem respeyto a hum, aweless, having no reverence or awe.
A qualidade da peſſoa, cu conſa que mete respeyto, awfulness, the quality of striking with awe.
Com respeyto, awefully.
RESPIGADEIRA, f. f. a gleaning woman.
RESPIGA'DO, p. of **RESPIGAR**.
RESPIGAM. See **ESPIGAM** das unhas.
RESPIGAR, v. a. to glean, to gather after the gatherers, to pick up ears of corn after harvest.
RESPINGA'DO, p. of **RESPINGAR**, v. n. is for a horse, mule, &c. to kick, fling, wince, or spurn.
Que respinga, wincing, kicking backward.
Respingar, (metaph.) to oppose, to resist. See **REPUGNAR**, **RESISTIR**.
RESPINGO, f. m. a kicking, wincing, or spurning.
RESPIRAÇAM, f. f. breath, breathing, respiration, the fetching of breath.
Falta de respiraçam, short breath, shortness of breath.
RESPIRA DOURO, f. m. a breathing, vent, or breathing place, a hole to let in the air.
RESPIRA'DO, p. of **RESPIRANTE**, p. a. blowing, that blows gently. See **RESPIRAR**, v. n. to breathe, to take breath, to fetch one's breath; also to take comfort, to be eased, to rest, to breathe.
Que não pode respirar, breathless.
Respirar, (metaph.) to blow gently, (speaking of a gentle gale of wind.)
As minhas occupações não me deixão respirar, my business gives me no resting, no breathing-time.
RESPIRO, f. m. See **ASSOPRO**.

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RESPLANDECENTE, adj. bright, shining.
RESPLANDECE'R, v. n. to shine, to glitter. Lat. *splendere*.
Resplandecer no meio, to shine between, or in the midst. Lat. *interlucere*.
RESPLANDOR, f. m. brightness; also the glory painted about the heads of angels, &c. Lat. *nimbus*.
RESPONDAM, f. m. a grumbling person, one that has always an answer.
RESPONDE'R, v. n. to answer or reply, to make answer; also to succeed, to answer expectation.
Elle não me respondeo senão duas palavras, he answered me but two words.
Responder aos que chamão, to answer those that call.
Responder a huma carta, to answer, or write an answer to a letter.
Não respondeo o successo aos nossos desejos, the success did not answer, or the success fell short of, our wishes.
Tudo responde aos nossos desejos, every thing falls out, or succeeds, according to our wishes.
Responder a isto, to answer by sound like an echo.
Responder, to agree, to correspond, to answer, to be agreeable to.
O que responde, an answerer.
Responder com inflexia, e saltando a respeito, to answer bluntly, to be saucy, or malapert, to make repartees.
Responder, to pay a ground-rent.
RESPONDI DO, p. of *Responder*, answered, &c.
RESPONSA'V, f. f. a ground rent.
RES'O'NSO, f. m. the singing of psalms for the dead, because the two choirs sing alternately, answering one another.
RESPONSO RIO, f. m. a responfory, after reading the lessons, in the matins.
RESQUI'CIO, f. m. any vent or hole to let in light, a chink, a cleft, a cranny.
Resquero, (metaph.) hint, intimation.
RESREGRA'R, v. a. See **PERMUTAR**, and **COMMUTAR**. It is out of use.
RESS'O. See **ROCIO**.
RESSUDACAM, &c. See **RESUDACAM**, &c.
RESSUMBRA'DO, p. of **RESSUMBRAR**, v. n. to give, to sweat, to run out, as moisture does out of stones, &c. From the Spanish *resumar-se*, to transpire.
RESTABELECE'R, v. a. to re-establish, to retrieve, to repair, to restore.
Restabelece-se, v. r. to re-establish one's self; also to recover one's health.
RESTABELECI'DO, a, adj. re-established, recovered, &c. according to the verb.
RESTABELECIMENTO, f. m. a recovery, &c. according to the verb *Restabelecer*.
RESTABOY, the herb called rest-

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harrow, cammock, or petty-wkin Lat. *ononis*.
RESTA'DO, p. of *Restar*, left, remained.
RESTANTE, f. m. rest, remainder, remnant, residue, remains.
RESTA'R, v. n. to be left, or remain, to be extant. It is generally used impersonally; as, *resta*, it remaineth. Lat. *restat*.
O que resta. See **RESTANTE**.
RESTAURACAM, f. f. restoration, restoring, reitauration.
RESTAURA'DO, a, adj. restored, repaired.
RESTAURA'DOR, f. m. restorer, re-establisher.
RESTAURA'R, v. a. to restore, to re-establish, to retrieve, to settle again.
RESTAURATIVO, a, adj. (in medicine) restorative.
Restaurativo, f. m. (in medicine) a restorative.
RESTE, ou **RESTIA**, f. f. a rope of onions, garlick, or the like.
Meter-se em reste, (a vulgar phrase) to compare one's self, to enter into competition.
Reste, ou restia do sol, a glimmer, a faint splendor, a sun-beam that shines in the midst of a cloud, and disappears in a short time.
Reste, ou reflexo dos raios da luz, the reflection of the rays of light.
Reste, f. m. rest, remnant. See **RESTANTE**.
RESTELLADO, **RESTELLAR**. See **RASTELADO**, **RASTELLAR**.
RESTELLO, ou **RASTELLO**, f. m. heckle, an instrument for dressing flax.
RESTEVA, f. f. See **RASTOLHO**.
RESTIA, f. f. a rope of onions, garlick, &c.
Restia do sol. See **RESTE**.
RESTINGA, f. f. ex. *Restinga de arve*, a flat, a shallow in the sea, a sand-bank, a shelf.
Restinga que tem o fundo de pedra. See **ARRECIFE**, and **PARCEL**.
RESTITUIÇAM, f. f. restitution.
Restituiçam, (in law) restitution.
RESTITUIDOR, f. m. a restorer. See **RESTITUIR**.
RESTITUI'DO, a, adj. restored, returned, &c.
RESTITUI'R, v. a. to restore, return, give back again, or refund, to make good.
Restituir a honra a algum, to repair one's honour.
Restituir, ou reparar os danos. See **REPARAR**.
Restituir algum ao estado em que estava antes de ser lesado, ou de receber o dano, (in law) to restore one to his former rights.
Restituiu-a bem, ou pagou-o na mesma moeda, he paid him in his own, or in the same coin, he was even with him.
RESTITUTORIO, a, adj. (in law) that has the force or efficacy of restoring one to his former rights.

RES-

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RE'STO, f. m. the rest, remainder, or residue; also a stake at play.
Meter o resto, to set one's last stake (at cards.)
Neste lance de dado mete o resto, this very cast of the dice runs for all.
Meter o resto do poder, to lay all at stake, to venture at all, to run all hazards, to make one's last push, to strive with might and main.
Aventurar o resto, idem.
RESIRICÇAM, ou *Restritiva*, f. f. a restriction, a limitation.
RESTRINGI DO, a, adj. restrained, &c.
RESTRINGI'R, v. a. to restrain, to limit, to confine, to make straiter.
RESTUCA'DO, a, adj. p. of
RESTUCA'R, v. a. to stop, or shut up a chink, hole, &c. with any glutinous matter. From **ESTUQUE**, which see.
RESVALADEIRO, f. m. a slippery place; both in the proper and figurative sense. See also **ESCORREGADOURO**.
RESVALA'DO, part. of *Resvalar*.
RESVALADOURO. See **RESVALADEIRO**.
RESVALA'R, v. a. to slip, or slide. See **ESCORREGAR**.
RESUDAÇAM, f. f. a perspiration, like sweating (in medicine.)
RESUDA'DO, p. of
RESUDA'R, v. n. (in medicine) to perspire, to sweat.
RESVELA'DO, &c. See **RESVALA'DO**, &c.
RESU'LA, f. f. a result, upshot, issue, end. See also **EFFEITO**.
RESULTADO, part. of
RESULTAR, v. n. to result, or follow.
RESU'ME. See **RESUMO**.
RESUMI DO, a, adj. resumed, &c.
RESUMI'R, v. a. to resume, to recapitulate, to sum up.
Resumir hum argumento, to resume an argument, (with schoolmen) See **RESUMPTA**.
RESU'MO, f. m. recapitulation, summing up.
RESU'MPTA, f. f. a recapitulation.
Resumpta, (with schoolmen) a resumption, or summary repetition or running over an argument, in order to its refutation.
RESUMPTIVO, ou *Resumptivo* unguento, (in pharmacy) a resumptive.
RESUPI'NO, a, adj. resupine, lying upon the back, and with the face upwards.
RESURGI'DO, part. of
RESURGI'R, v. n. to revive, to return, or come to life again.
RESURREYÇAM, f. f. resurrection.
Páscoa da Resurreyçam, Easter-day.
RESUSCITA'DO, a, adj. raised from the dead, &c.
RESUSCITAR, v. a. to bring to life again, to raise from the dead, to resuscitate; also to renew, to begin anew, or afresh, to excite.

RET

Resuscitar a memoria dos homens grandes, to revive the memory of great men.
Resuscitar, v. n. See **RESURGIR**.

R E T

RETA'BOLO, f. m. a picture; also the frame of a picture at an altar.
RETADO, **RETAR**. See **REPTADO**, **REPTAR**.
RETAGUARDA, ou *Retroguarda*, f. f. the rear of an army.
RETALHA'DO, a, adj. shred, cut small. See
RETALHA'R, v. a. to shred, to cut small, or into small pieces; commonly used of cloth, silk, &c. also to cut, to slash, to gash, especially over the face. French *Lafacer*.
Retalhar, (speaking of rivers, &c. that water a country) to divide into several arms.
RETA'LHO, f. m. a remnant, shred, or small piece of cloth, silk, &c.
Festo de retalhos, made up of several shreds.
Mercador de retalho, ou *trapizero*, a retailer, a tradesman, a buyer, or seller by retail, a shopkeeper.
RETA'MA, f. m. (a Spanish word) according to Bluteau it signifies the plant called broom. But *ratama*, in the Spanish language, signifies furz, whin, or gorse, which the Portuguese call *tojo*.
RETANCHA'R, v. a. (in agriculture) to set a new shoot or sprig of a vine, instead of a dead one.
RETARDA'DO, a, adj. retarded, delayed.
RETARDAMENTO, f. m. delay, retardation.
RETARDA'R, v. a. to retard, to delay.
RETELHA'DO, a, adj. new tiled.
RETELHA'R, v. a. to tile again, or new tile, to repair the tiling of a house.
RETE mirabile, (in anatomy) rete mirabile, a small plexus or net-work of vessels or arteries in the brain, especially in that of brutes.
RETENÇAM, f. f. (in medicine) retention.
Retençam de urina, retention of urine.
RETENTIVA, f. f. retention, memory, or faculty of the mind, whereby it retains these simple ideas which it had received before.
RETENTIVO, a, adj. retentive, apt to retain or hold in (in medicine.)
RETENTRI'Z, adj. idem.
Faculdade retentriz, ou *retentiva*, retentiveness, or retentive faculty (in medicine.)
RETER, v. a. to keep, detain, or withhold. See also **RETARDAR**, and **CONSERVAR**.
Que he o que vos retém? what do you stick at? what binds you?
P. não poder rater as águas, to be a blab of one's tongue.
RETEU'DO. See **RETIDO**.
RETEZA'DO, a, adj. stretched out,

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stuffed out, extended, filled up. Lat. *distentus*.
RETICE'NCIA, f. f. reticence, a rhetorical figure.
RETI'DO, a, adj. detained, &c. See **RETER**.
RETIFICADO, *Retificar*. See **RECTIFICADO**, *Rectificar*.
RETINEA, ou *retina*, f. f. (in anatomy) retiformis tunica, one of the tunics, or coats of the eye, the principal instrument of sight.
RETINI'DO, part. of
RETINI'R, v. n. to ring or echo again, to resound.
Fazer retinir, to make to ring or resound.
Retinir, to tingle, tinkle, to feel a sharp quick noise; as, *retinão os seus ouvidos*, his ears tinkled.
RETIRAÇAM, f. f. (with printers) reiteration; when one side of a sheet is printed, the form which is laid on the press to complete the sheet, is called the reiteration.
RETIRA'DA, f. f. (a military word) a retreat.
Tocar á retirada, to sound a retreat.
Fazer a retirada, to retreat.
RETIRA'DO, a, adj. retired, solitary, lonesome. See also
RETIRA'R, v. a. to draw, take, fetch, or get out, to get or take off, to withdraw, to remove.
Retirar os luzimentos, to forbear to shew one's parts and capacity.
Retirar-se, v. r. to retire, to withdraw, to depart, to go away, to be gone, to sing away.
Retirar-se, ou *fazer a retirada*, to retire, to make one's retreat, to retreat.
Retirar-se de alguma coisa, to retire, to withdraw from a thing, to leave, quit, or forsake it, to leave it off.
Retirar-se para casa, to retire, to go home.
Retirar-se, ou *recolher-se cedo para casa*, to go home betimes, to keep good hours.
Retirar-se muito tarde ou fora de horas, to keep bad hours.
RETI'RO, f. m. a retirement. The king of Spain has a noble palace called *el Buen Retiro*.
RE'TO, f. m. a challenge, a defiance.
Por-se reto, ou *reto*, (in fencing). See **RECTO**.
RETOCADO'R, f. m. (with goldsmiths) an instrument with which they retouch a piece of work.
RETOCA'DO, a, adj. retouched.
RETOCA'R, v. a. to touch up, to retouch, to improve by new touches, to finish, to complete, to revise, to mend, to correct.
RETO'QUE, f. m. correcting, finishing, the last touch, or stroke. See **RETOCAR**.
RETORCEDU'RA, f. f. twisting, writhing.
RETORCE'R, v. a. to twist, to writhe. Lat. *torquere*.

RET

Retorcer os olhos, to turn, or cast back the eyes.
Retorcer hum argumento, to return, or retort an argument.
RETORCI'DO, *a*, adj. twisted, withered, or wrested back. See **RETORCER**.
RETÓRICA, *ou Rhetórica*, *f. f.* rhetoric, oratory, the art of speaking eloquently.
Flores da rhetorica, flourish, or rhetorical flowers.
RETÓRICAMENTE, *adv.* rhetorically.
RETÓRICO, *a*, adj. rhetorical.
Rhetórico, *f. m.* a rhetorician.
RETORNELO, *f. m.* one, or many verses often repeated, the burden of a song.
RETÓRNO, *f. m.* a return of kindness.
Retorno, (among merchants) the nett proceeds; also truck, bartering, exchange.
Mulas, ou cavallos de retorno, mules or horses that have been a journey, and returned home empty or unloaded.
RETORTA, *f. f.* the bowing or bending of the pastoral staff.
Retorta, retort a kind of chemical vessel.
RETOUÇADOR, a gadder.
RETOUÇADO, *part.* of
RETOUÇAR, *v. n.* to gad, to ramble, rove, range, or straggle about without any settled purpose.
Retouçar a besta na relva, is for a beast to roll or tumble in the grass.
RETRAÇO, *f. m.* refuse, straw left by horses, &c. after eating.
RETRACTAÇAM, *f. f.* retraction, recantation.
RETRACTADO, *a*, adj. retracted, &c.
RETRACTAR, *v. a.* to retract, to recant.
RETRAHI'DO, *a*, adj. See
RETRAHI'R, *v. a.* to concentrate, to drive inwards; also to hinder, to forbid.
Retrahir-se, *v. r.* See **RETIRAR-SE**.
Retrahir-se para casa, to retire, to go home.
RETRA'NCA, *f. f.* a crupper for a beast of burden.
RETRATADO, *f. m.* a painter that draws by the life.
RETRATADO, *a*, adj. drawn by the life.
RETRATAR, *v. a.* to draw by the life. See also **IMITAR**.
RETRATO, *f. m.* a picture drawn by the life.
RETRETE, *f. m.* a closet, a private room; also a privy, a necessary house.
RETRIBUTIÇAM, *f. f.* retribution.
RETRIBUTDO, *a*, adj. returned, given in return, or as a retribution. See
RETRIBUT'R, *v. a.* to make a return,

REV

or to give any thing as a retribution.
Retribuir a alguma, to retribute, to reward one.
RETRINCA'DO, *a*, adj. (a vulgar word) fly. See **MALÍCIOSO**, and
RETRINCA'R, *v. a.* to put a bad construction upon a thing, to construe it ill.
Retrincar a fidelidade, to countermine, to hinder by secret measures the design of another person, (particularly of him who has put bad construction upon the words or actions of another) from taking effect, to counterwork.
RETRO, *ex. Vender alguma huma coisa a retro aberto*, is for one to sell a thing upon condition that he may redeem it at the same price.
RETROCEDE'R, *v. n.* to go back, to give way.
RETROCEDIDO, *p.* gone back.
RETROCESSO, *f. m.* going back.
RETROGRADAÇAM, *f. f.* (in astronomy) retrogradation.
RETROGRADAR-SE, *v. r.* to desist, to cease, to leave off, to give over; also to be revoked or made void. See also **RETROCEDER**.
RETROGRADO, *a*, adj. retrograde.
Mover-se com movimento, ou curso retrogrado, to retrograde, to go back, to go contrary to the succession of the signs (in astronomy.)
Verbos retrogrados, retrograde verses, reciprocal verses, or recurrences, which give the same words, whether read forwards or backwards; as, *figura te figura, temere me tangis, et angis*.
RETROZ, *f. m.* twisted sewing silk.
RETUMBANTE, *p. a.* resounding, resonant.
RETUMBA'R, to resound, to re-echo, to rebellow.
RETUMBO, *f. m.* reboation, the reflection of a loud noise back again, a loud echo.
RETUNDI'DO, *a*, adj. beaten back.
RETUNDI'R, *v. a.* to beat back.

REV

REVALIDAÇAM, *f. f.* revalidating, making valid again (in law.)
REVALIDADO, *a*, adj. revalidated.
REVALIDA'R, *v. a.* (in law) to revalidate, to make valid again.
REUBARBO. See **RHEUBARBO**.
REVEDOR, *f. m.* a reviewer.
Revedor, ou calificador do facto officii. See **CALIFICADOR do S. officio**.
Revedor das contas, he who looks over an account.
REV'EL, *rebel, ou reo revel*, a criminal that does not appear before the judge.
REVELAÇAM, *f. f.* revelation, or revealing.
Revelaçam divina, divine revelation.
Revelaçam de hum segredo, the revealing, or discovering of a secret.
REVELADO, *a*, adj. revealed.

REV

REVELADOR, *f. m.* a revealer.
REVELAM. See **REBELLAM**.
Cavallo revelado, a restive horse.
REVELAR, *v. a.* to reveal, or discover.
REVELI'A, *ou Revérria*, *f. f.* non-appearance, a default in not appearing in a court of judicature.
Sentenciár á revellia, to cast for non-appearance, to non-suit, to outlaw.
REVELI'M, (in fortification.) See **REBELIM**.
REVELLENTE, (in medicine) revulsive.
REVELLI'DO, *a*, adj. See
REVELLI'R, *v. a.* (in medicine) to turn the humour or blood another way, by the opening a vein in a remote or convenient place.
REVENDE'R, *v. a.* to sell again.
REVENDIÇAM, *f. f.* the selling again.
REVENDICADO, &c. See **REVINDICADO**, &c.
REVENDI'DO, *a*, adj. sold again.
REVENERA'DO, &c. See **REVERENCIADO**, &c.
REVER, *v. a.* to review, to re-examine, to consider over again.
Revér as contas, to examine or balance an account.
Rever, *v. n.* to give, to sweat, &c. See **RESSUMBRAR**.
Papel que revê. See **PASSENTO**.
Revér-se, *v. r. ex. Revér-se em alguma coisa*, to be mightily pleased with the sight of a thing, to gaze or stare upon a thing.
Revér-se em algum, to doat upon, to be very fond of one, to love him to excess.
REVERA, *adv.* in very deed, truly, verily. Lat.
REVERBERAÇAM, *f. f.* reverberation, repercussion, beating back, reflection.
Reverberaçam, (in chemistry) reverberation.
Fogo de reverberaçam, reverberate, or actual fire.
Maldizante de reverberaçam, an artful slanderer, that praises any man in order to abuse another.
REVERBERADO, *a*, adj. reverberated, reflected.
REVERBERAR, *v. a.* to reverberate, or reflect.
REVERDECER, *v. n.* to become green again; also to break out again (metaph.)
Reverdecer, *v. a.* to make green again.
REVER'ENCIA, *f. f.* reverence, respect; also the title given to religious persons, or monks that are priests.
Reverência, courtesy, or curtesy, honours; as, *Maria! fazez huma reverencia*, Molly make a curtesy, or make your honours.
Fazer huma reverencia profunda, to make a profound reverence, to bow very low, to bow down to the ground.

RE-

REFERENCIA'DO, *a*, adj. revered, respected, honoured.

REFERENCIA'L, adj. reverential, proceeding from reverence or veneration.

REFERENCIA'R, *v. a.* to reverence, to respect, to honour, to revere.

REFERENDA'S, *f. f. p.* letters from one prelate to another, recommending a person to be ordained; so called, because they are superscribed, *Reverendo in Christo*, &c.

REVERENDISSIMO, adj. superl. right reverend, or most reverend.

REVERENDO, *a*, adj. reverend, an honorary title given to priests and religious persons.

REVERENTE, adj. reverend, testifying veneration.

REVERI'A. See **REFELIA**.

A minha reveria, unknown to me, without my knowledge or privacy. French *a mon info*.

REVERSAM, *f. f.* coming back again, a being turned back again, a return; also reversion, a law-term.

REVERSIVOS nervos, (in anatomy) See **RECURRENTES nervos**.

REVERSO, *a*, adj. ex. *A parte reversa*, the back-side, the hinder part of any thing; opposed to the fore-part. See also **GULA reversa**.

Reverso, *f. m.* the reverse or back-side of a medal or coin.

REVESTIDO, *a*, adj. See

REVESTIR, *v. a.* to put one garment over another, to vest a priest, &c. to go to the altar.

Revestir, (in fortification) ex. *Revestir bum bastião de pedra*, to line or to overcast a bastion with stone.

Revestir, (in a moral sense) ex. *Revestir de deus, ou prendas*, to induce, set out, or endow with accomplishments.

Revestir-se, *v. r.* is for the priest, bishop, &c. to vest himself to officiate at the altar.

O sacerdote está revestido, the priest is vested.

REVEZ, *f. m.* a back-stroke, a stroke with the back of the hand.

Revez com a espada, (in fencing) a reverse, a back-stroke.

O revêz da medalha, the reverse of a medal.

Revez da fortuna, a cross-fortune, or as we say, turn of the tide, a cross-caper, a misfortune.

As revêz, adv. the wrong way, or the wrong side outwards, preposterously, awkwardly. See also **AVESSAS**.

Revez da colera. See **VINGANÇA**.

REVEZADO, *a*, adj. this noun has an adverbial signification, and is englighted by *interchangeably*, by turns, *every one in his turn, doing a thing one after another*.

REVEZAR, *v. a.* to do any thing by course or turns. Lat. *alternare*.

Revezar-se, *v. r.* to slip away alternately, or in a reciprocal succession (as time.)

Revezar-se a anno, is for the year to come about.

Revezes, the plural of **REVEZ**, which see.

A revezes, by turns, &c. See **REVEZADO**.

REVEZO, *a*, adj. stormy, boisterous, tempestuous.

REVIDA'DO, *a*, adj. See

REVIDA'R, *v. a.* to vie, or to set again at play.

Revidar as injurias, to affront one again, to offer him a new open abuse.

REVIMENTO, *f. m.* the sweating of a moist wall, &c.

REVINDICAÇAM, *f. f.* (in law) vindication.

REVINDICA'DO, *a*, adj. vindicated, &c. See

REVINDICA'R, *v. a.* to vindicate, to assert, to claim (in law.)

Revindicar-se, *v. r.* to be revenged, to return like for like, to be even with one, to retaliate.

REVINDITA, *f. f.* revenge, retaliation; some think it signifies a second revenge or retaliation, taken upon the same person, on account of a new affront. But I fancy it denotes a wilful revenge.

REVIRA'DO, *a*, adj. See

REVIRA'R, *v. a.* to move round again, to turn again.

Revirar-se, *v. r.* to turn, or to change sides again.

Revirar-se de lá, ou daquela parte, to turn, or to move again, this way or that way.

REVISITAÇAM, *f. f.* the act of revisiting, or visiting again, a re-visitation.

REVISTA, *f. f.* a revising, a review, a looking over again.

Revista do exercito. See **RESENHA**.

REVIVER, *v. n.* to revive, or come to life again.

Fazer reviver, to bring to life again.

REVIVIDO, *p.* revived.

REUMA, *f. f.* rheum; also crassity, or crassitude (speaking of food that is not digestible.)

REUMATICO, *a*, adj. rheumatic.

REUMATISMO, *f. m.* the rheumatism.

REUNIAM, *f. f.* re-union, re-uniting, re-annexing.

Reunião, re-uniting, reconciliation, reconciling.

REUNIDO, *a*, adj. re-united, &c. See the verb

REUNIR, *v. a.* to re-unite, to join together again; also re-unite, to reconcile.

Reunir-se, *v. r.* to re-unite, to cohere again.

REVOA'DA, *f. f.* (among fowlers) the flying back of a bird.

REVOA'DO, *p.* of

REVOA'R, *v. n.* to fly back.

REVOGA'DO, *a*, adj. called back, &c. See

REVOGA'R, *v. a.* to recall, to call back; also to withdraw.

REVOGAÇAM, *f. f.* (in law) in revocation.

REVOGA'DO, *a*, adj. revoked, &c. See

REVOGANTE, one that recants or retracts what he has said (among the inquisitors.)

REVOGA'R, *v. a.* to revoke, to reverse, to repeal a law, to make void an act or deed.

REVOGATORIO, *a*, ad. (in law) that revokes, abolishes or makes void an act or law.

REVO'LTÁ, *f. f.* a tumult, a broil, a fray, a confusion, a turmoil.

REVO'LTO, *a*, adj. crooked, hooked.

Flecha de ponta revolta, a bearded dart.

Terra revolta, ploughed ground.

Caballo revolto. See **CARAPINHA**.

Revólto, blunted, dulled, quelled.

Revólto, topsy-turvy, upside down.

Tudo está revolto, all lies topsy-turvy (metaph.)

Már revolta, a boisterous sea.

Fogo revolto, the blazes of fire painted in the garments of those that come out of the inquisition, but are not sentenced to be burnt.

Tempo revolto, overcast, dark, or cloudy weather.

Revólto, troubled, disturbed, disordered.

Revólto, turbulent.

REVOLTO'SO, *a*, adj. turbulent.

Homem revoltoso, a turbulent fellow, an embroiler.

REVOLUÇAM, *f. f.* revolution, the act of rolling or turning round. See also **REVOLTA**.

Revolução no estado, (in politics) a revolution, a great turn or change of government in a country or state.

Revolução, (in astronomy) revolution.

Revolução de cabellos. See **GUAI'A**.

Revolução das almas, the transmigration of souls.

REVOLVER, *v. a.* to stir, to turn, to revolve, or move round, or something like it, to roll, to tumble over or back again, to turn or wheel about.

Revolver a terra, to plough the ground.

Revolver de bayxo para cima, to turn topsy-turvy.

Revolver, to stir, raise, or make disturbances, to disorder, to disturb, to put into confusion.

Revolver, to revolve, to cast about in one's mind, to meditate on, to consider.

Revolver, to read over with care, to peruse. Lat. *pervolutare*.

Revolver o mar, to ruffle, to toss, move, or stir the sea.

Revolver os olhos, to turn one's eyes, to cast the eyes.

Hum revolver de olhos, a cast of the eye.

Revolver-se, *v. r.* to welter, to tumble, to roll, to wallow. See also **OBEDECER**.

Revolver-se o mar, is for the sea to swell or ruffle.

Lugar em que se revolvem os porcos e outros animais, a place where swine and other beasts do wallow, or welter.

Revolver-se com alguém, to fall out with one.

R H E

REFOLVIDO, *a*, adj. revolved, &c. according to the verb *Revolver*.
REVOLVIMENTO, *f. m.* See **REVOLUÇÃO**.
REVULSAM, *f. f.* (with physicians) revulsion.
REVULSORIO, *a*, adj. that has the virtue of turning the humours from one part of the body to the another.

R E X

REXA, *f. f.* the iron grates of a window. From the Spanish *reja*, or *reja*.

R E Y

REY. See **REI**.
REYNICOLA. See **REINOL**.
REYO is used with the particle *a*; ex. *a reye*, continually, without intermission.

R E Z

REZ, *ou Réz*, *f. f.* a beast of pasture, neither wild nor domestic. It is understood of horned beasts, as sheep, oxen, &c.
REZA, *f. f.* a prayer or supplication to God; and particularly an office, in the Breviary.
REZADOR, *f. m.* a religious person, one who is often at prayers.
REZADO, *a*, adj. prayed, recited, not sung. See **REZAR**.
REZAM, *f. f.* See **RAZAM**.
REZAR, *v. a.* to pray, to say prayers, to be at prayers; also to pray without singing.
Rezar o officio divino, to officiate, to read the divine service.
REZENHA, *f. f.* See **RESENHA**.
REZINA. See **RESINA**.
REZOADO, *p. of*
REZOAR, *v. n.* to reason, to consider. See **ARREZOAR**.

R I A

RAHA, *f. f.* a tree in the West Indies, and other parts, which bears a fruit, that being opened has within it the perfect figure of a dragon, standing on his feet, with a long neck, a bristly back, open mouth, and a long tail, as artificial as if it was carved. The gum extracted from it is called dragon's blood.
RHAGADLAS, *f. f. p.* rhagades, chaps and clefts in the hands or feet of people infected with the French pox.
RHAPSODIA. See **RAPSODIA**.

R H E

RHENO, *ou Rhin*, *f. m.* the Rhine, a celebrated river of Germany.
Vinho do Rheno, Rhenish, or Rhenish-wine.
RHINOCEROTE. See **RHINOCEROTE**.
RHETORICA, &c. See **RETORICA**, &c.

R I B

RHEUBARBO, *f. m.* rhubarb, a kind of plant much used in physic.

R H I

RHIN. See **RHENO**.
RHINO CEROS, *Rhinoceronte*, *ou Rhinocéros*, *f. m.* a large beast called a rhinoceros, with a horn in his front.

R H O

RHO'DANO, *f. m.* the Rhone, one of the most considerable rivers in France.
RHO'DES, an island of Asiatic Turkey, called Rhodes.
Rhodes, Rhodes, the capital of the island of the same name.
Colosso de Rhodes, the famous Colossal statue of Apollo, esteemed one of the wonders of the world. See **COLOSSO de Rhodes**.
RHO'DOPE, *f. m.* a high mountain in Thrace, covered all the year with snow. Lat.
RHODOPEO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to Rhodope.
RHO'MBO, *f. m.* (in geometry) a rhomb.
Que tem figura de rhombo, rhombic.
RHOMBO'IDE, (in geometry) a rhomboid.
Que tem figura de rhomboides, rhomboidal.
Rhomboides, (in anatomy) rhomboides, a muscle, so called from its shape, resembling a rhomb.

R H Y

RHYTHMICA, *f. f.* (in ancient music) rhythmica.
RHYTHMICO, *a*, adj. rhythmical, being in rhyme.
Musica rhythmica. See **RHYTHMICA**.
RHYTHMO, *f. m.* rhyme.

R I A

RIA, *f. f.* the mouth of a great river, or a great inlet of the sea, like the mouth of a river, fit for ships to anchor in.
RIA'CHO, *f. m.* a little river.

R I B

RIBA, *ou Ribada*, *f. f.* a hillock, a knap, tump, or heap of earth; also a high bank. See also **RIBEIRA**.
De riba, adv. from above, from on high, from aloft.
As cousas de riba, the upper things; also the heavenly things.
De riba abaixo, from top to bottom.
RIBADI'LHA, *f. f.* See **RABADILHA**.
RIBALDARIA, *ou Ribaldría*, *f. f.* an imposture or cheat, a violation, breaking, breach, or infringing. See also **TRAICAM**.
RIBALDI'O figo, a sort of wild fig so called.
RIBALDO, *a*, adj. See **DESLEAL**, **TRAI'DOR**.

R I D

RIBANCEIRA, *f. f.* the bank of a river.
RIBATEJO, *f. m.* the fields along the banks of the river Tagus, from Lisbon upwards.
RIBEIRA, *f. f.* a meadow, or a low moist ground, either along the bank of a river, or not far from it.
Ribeira do mar. See **PRAYA**.
Ribeira do rio, the bank of a river.
Ribeira, a river. See **RIBEIRO**.
Ribeira das naus, the place wherein they build the ships (in Lisbon); also the fish-market.
Ribeira, a piece of ground that has been overflowed in winter by the swelling of a river.
RIBEIRA'DA, *f. f.* a gushing out, particularly of blood.
RIBEIRINHO, *a*, adj. fluviatic, or fluviatile, belonging to a river.
Ave ribeyriaba, a water-fowl.
Mago ribeyrinbo, a porter that carries fish, &c. from the market. From *ribeira*, a fish-market.
Ribeyrinbo, *f. m.* a little brook, a rill, a rivulet.
RIBEIRO, *f. m.* a brook, a stream of water, with a gentle or natural current. Lat. *riuari*.
RIBETE. See **REGATO**.
RIBOMBA'DO, *Ribambar*. See **RETUMBADO**, **RETUMBAR**.
RIBRANQUI'O, *f. m.* a sort of fig with a white peel, and red in the inside.

R I C

RICAÇO, *a*, adj. very rich.
Ricaps, *f. m.* a wealthy rich man.
RICAMENTE, adv. richly; also abundantly, copiously; also very well, mighty well.
RI'CO, *a*, adj. rich. Gothic.
O mais rico, the richest.
Rico, the finest, the best of any thing.
Rico, rich, costly, magnificent.
Ricos homens. See **HOMEM**.
Ricas damas, the wives of the *ricos homens*. See **HOMEM**.
Rico, rich, plentiful, copious.
A lingua Inglesa he muito rica, the English language is very rich or copious.
Rico em gado, well stocked with cattle.
Rico em dinheiro, moneyed, well lined.
O rico avariento de que se falla na sagrada escriptura, Dives.
P. a rico não devas, e a pobre não promittas, do not run in debt with a rich man, nor promise any thing to a poor one; because rich men are litigious, and poor men will not fail to claim a promise.

R I Ç

RIÇO, *f. m.* a sort of silk-stuff.

R I D

RIDES. See **RIZES**.
RIDIGULAMENTE, adv. ridiculously.

R I J

RIDICULARIA, f. f. a ridiculing, or making jest of; also a ridiculous thing.
RIDICULO, a, adj. ridiculous, fit to be laughed at; also ridiculous, impertinent, sopphish.
Tratar algum de ridiculo, to make a fool or an ass of one, to call him a ridiculous or impertinent fellow.
Fazer-se ridiculo, to fall into ridicule, to make one's self ridiculous.
RIDO, p. of *Rir*, laughed.

R I F

RI'FA, f. f. a craggy or steep way.
Rifa, a set of cards of the same colour, a sequence.
Rifa, a raffling or raffle.
Entrar numa rifa, to raffle, to play at raffle.
RIFADO'R *cavalls*, a fiery, mettlesome horse, that neighs too much.
RIFADO, a, adj. See *RIFAR*.
RIFAM, f. m. a proverb; à *referendo*, because it is often repeated.
RIFA'R *huma coisa*, v. a. to expose a thing that others may raffle for it.
Risar, v. n. to neigh (speaking of a mettlesome horse.)

R I G

RI'GIDO, a, adj. very hard (speaking of stones, wood, &c.)
Rigido, rigid, strict, severe, rigorous stern.
RIGO'R, f. m. rigour, severity, hardness, cruelty, sternness. See also *EXACÇAM*, *PREGISAM*.
O rigor do inverno, the sharpness of winter.
No rigor do inverno, in the middle of winter.
Norigor da calma, in the heat of the day.
Tratar algum com rigor, to be severe upon one, to use him severely.
O rigor da ley, the rigour of the law.
Rigor da febre, the cold fit of an ague.
Com rigor, ou *em rigor*, rigorously, strictly.
RIGORIDA'DE, f. f. rigour, severity, &c. See *RIGOR*.
RIGOROSAMENTE, adv. rigorously, strictly.
RIGOROSO, a, adj. rigorous, rigid, stern, strict, severe.
RIGUEIFA *de pão*. See *ROSCA*.
RIGUEIRA, f. f. a drain, a trench, a gutter, or furrow to convey rain-water. French, *rigole*.
RIGUEIRO, f. m. idem.

R I I

RUGO, (obso.) See *APRESSADO*.

R I J

RIJAMENTE, adv. stoutly, strongly. Lat. *validè*.
RI'JO, a, adj. strong, lusty, stout, sturdy, vigorous, brisk.
Rijo de condicam, odd, strange, silly, impertinent, humoursome.
He coisa rija, it is very odd.
Saude rija, a very good state of health, a perfect health.

R I O

Vento rijo, hard wind.
Dar huma pancada rija, to strike hard.
Rijo, adv. ex. *Fallar rijo*, ou *alto*, to speak aloud.
Fallar rijo, ou *asperamente a algum*, to speak hard to one.
Dar rijo, to strike hard.
Pelejar rijo, to fight bravely.
Dar rijo em algum, to fall upon one desperately.
Acudir rijo, to succour or relieve briskly.

R I L

RIL. See *RIM*.
RILHA'DO, a, adj. See
RILHA'R, v. a. to mumble, to chew, to break or grind the food between the gums for want of teeth. See also *MURMURAR*.
RILHEIRO, f. m. See *REDOMQUINHO*.

R I M

RI'M, f. m. a kidney. Lat. *renis*.
RI'MA, f. f. a rhyme, in poetry; also a heap, a stack, a pile.
Rima ou grsta, a chink, cleft, chap or cranny, a rima. Lat.
Rima, (with surgeons) rima, a fissure or cleft of a bone.
RI'MULA, f. f. (with surgeons) a small rima, or fissure.

R I N

RINCAM, f. m. a corner. From the Spanish *rincon*.
RINCHADO, part. of *RINCHAR*, which see.
RNCHAM, f. m. winter-crests, rocket-gentle, or rock-gallant. Lat. *iris*.
Cavalleo rinchaõ, ou *risador*. See *RIFADOR*.
RINCHAR, v. n. to neigh, as horses do.
RI'NCHO, ou *Relincho*, the neighing of a horse.
RINGI'R. See *RANGER*.
RINHAM, f. m. See *RIM*.
RINHIDO, *Rinbir*. See *RENHIDO*, *RENHIR*.
RINOGEROTE, ou *Rinoceronte*. See *RHINOCEROS*.
RINS, the plural of *rim*, the kidneys or reins.

R I O

RI'O, f. m. a river.
Causa ao rio, fluvial, or fluvialile.
Rio de Janeiro. See *JANEIRO*.
Erva que nasce nos rios, &c. ou *seja limos*, candock.
Agua do rio, river-water.
Peixe do rio, fresh-water fish.
Ave do rio, ou *ribeirinha*. See *RIBEYRINHO*, a, adj.
P. em rio quido não metas teu dedo, do not put your finger into a still river; that is, do not have any thing to do with demure still people, like a still river.
P. quando o rio não faz ruido, ou *não leva agua*, ou *vay crecido*, when the river makes no noise, either it has no wa-

R I R

ter, or is very full, or flooded; we say, still waters are the deepest.
P. o que rio achega, o *rio leva*, what the river gathers, the river carries away; what is got over the devil's back, is spent under his belly; or lightly come, lightly go. The French say, *ce qui vient par la flutte, s'en retourne par le tambour*.

R I P

RI'PA, f. f. a shingle, such as they use to cover houses with; a chip, a lath. See also *MARGEM*.
RIPADO, p. of *RIPAR*, which see.
RIPANÇO, f. m. a book containing the divine service performed in the Holy Week.
Ripânço, (in agriculture) a raker, a harrow. Lat. *rastrum*.
Ripânço, ou *Espreguicador*, a day-bed, a bed for ease in the day-time.
Ripânço, (metaph.) a lazy man.
Ripânço, a sort of heckle, or an instrument with iron teeth for rippling flax.
RIPA'R o *linho*, v. a. to ripple flax, to rub or wipe off the seed-vessels, on a sort of instrument with iron teeth for that purpose.
RIPHEO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the Riphæan mountains, Riphæan.
Os montes Riphos, the Riphæan or Hyperborean mountains, in Muscovy.
RIPIO, f. m. the small bits of stone that fly in the working of stones by the masons; also other small stones and rubbish. Gothic.
RIPANÇO, ou *cunha de verso*, a word that has no connexion with the others in a sentence, and is only used by bad poets for the metre sake.
RIPUARIA *ly*, the Salique law; or, as others say, another law very much like it.

R I Q

RIQUE'ZA, f. f. wealth, riches, &c. according to the adjective *RICO*, which see.
RIQUISSIMO, a, adj. superl. most wealthy, rich.

R I R

RI'R, v. n. to laugh. See also
Rir-se, v. r. to laugh, to smile, to look pleasant; also to smile, to express slight contempt, to mock, to ridicule, to giggle, to sneer, to snigger, to cackle.
Rir-se muito alto, e *com movimento convulsivo*, to chuckle, to laugh vehemently, to laugh convulsively.
Rir-se de alguma coisa, to laugh at a thing, not to care for it.
Pôr-se a rir, ou *rir-se de quando em quando*, to chuckle, to burst out every now and then into laughter.
Rir-se muito alto, to laugh out, to laugh outright.
O que se ri muito alto fazendo escarneo, a great laughter, scorneer, or scoffer.

R I S

Rir-se de vós, he laughs at you.
Rir-se, (metaph.) to look pleasant or smiling, to shine and glitter.
Rir-se para as paredes, to laugh like a fool, and without any reason for it.

R I S

RISÁ, ou *Rizá*, f. f. a loud laughing.
Levantar grande riza, to laugh aloud, to laugh outright.
RISADINHA, f. f. a little laughter.
RISBO'RDIO, f. m. a sort of little door on the stern or side of a ship, to take in goods.
RISCA, f. f. a stroke, a dash with a pen, &c. also a stripe (speaking of stuffs.)
Riscar, ou Lixar da mão. See *LINHA*.
A' ríscu, precisely, exactly; also literally, in a literal sense.
RISCADO, a, adj. blotted, scratched; also striped (speaking of stuffs.) See the verb *RISCAR*.
Riscado, f. m. a delineation.
RISCADURA, f. f. an erasure, rasure, scratch or dash through any writing.
RISCAR, v. a. to blot, raze, put, or scratch out.
Riscar, (among painters) to delineate.
Riscar, to mark out, by making a stroke or line with a pen, &c. to score.
RISCO, f. m. danger, venture, hazard, risque.
Risco de penna, a stroke of a pen.
Risco, (with painters, &c.) a delineation.
Correr o risco, to run the risk, or the hazard, to venture, to risk.
O que corre o risco, a risker.
Risco, a rock, a cleft, a crag. Spanish.
RISIBILIDADE, f. f. or *Risível*, f. m. risibility, or risibleness.
RISIVEL, adj. risible, capable of laughing.
RISO, f. m. laughter, laughing, smile.
Riso agradável, a pleasant laughter or smile.
Riso Sardonico, Sardonian, or Sardonian laughter.
Riso descompassado, a loud laughing.
Objeto, ou causa de riso, a laughing-stock.
Morrer de riso, ou arribentar com riso, to split one's sides with laughing.
Não posso conter o riso, I cannot forbear laughing.
Que pede morrer o riso, ou provocar a riso, laughable.
Riso, the genius or deity of laughter.
RISONHO, a, adj. smiling, cheerful.
Cara risonha, a smiling or cheerful look or countenance.
Risonho, f. m. a laughter, one who laughs easily, one who is fond of merriment.
RISOIA, f. f. a mocking, a laughing to scorn.

R O C

RISPIDAMENTE, adv. harshly.
RISPIDO, a, adj. harsh, rough. See *ASPERO*.
RISTE, f. m. the rest, an iron on a breast of a man at arms, to rest the butt-end of his lance when he runs against his adversary.
Lança no rifle, the lance in the rest; that is, against the breast, in order to run against the adversary.
Meter a lança no rifle, ou enfiar a lança. See *ENRISTAR*.

R I T

RITMICA, Ritmo. See *RHYTHMICA*, *RHYTHMO*.
RITO, rite or church ceremony.
RITUAL, f. m. a ritual, a book containing the ceremonies of a church.

R I V

RIVA, f. f. the bank of a river. Italian, (in poetry.)
RIVAL, f. m. a rival.
RIVALIDADE, f. f. rivalry, rivalry, competition.

R I X

RIXOSO, a, adj. quarrelsome, apt to fight, full of brawling. Lat. *rixosus*.

R I Z

RIZES, f. m. p. (in a ship) reef. Ex. *Meter a vela nos rizes*, to take up part of the sail, as when, in a gale of wind, they roll up part of the sail below, to make it shorter, and not to hold so much wind.
O meter a vela nos rizes, the reefing.

R O A

RO, the whirring, whurring, or fluttering of some birds when they rise.
ROAZ, adj. ravenous, devouring.
Roáz, f. m. a sort of large fish.

R O B

ROBA'LO, f. m. a fish called sturgeon. Lat. *lupus*.
ROBLE, f. m. oak of the hardest kind, heart of oak. Lat. *robur*.
E le ke bum rob'e, he is as strong as an oak. (Metaph.)
De roble, ou peitencente ao roble, roboreous, roborean.
ROBOLADO, a, adj. strengthened.
ROBORANTES medicamentes, (in medicine) roborantia, medicines which strengthen and support the heart.
ROBORAR, v. a. to strengthen.
ROBUSTAMENTE, adv. robustly, stoutly.
ROBU'STO, a, adj. robust, strong, lusty, stout.

R O C

ROCA, f. f. a distaff. (Gothic.) Lat. *colus*.
Cristal de roca, the finest sort of crystal, rock-crystal.

R O C

Roca de roda, a spinning-wheel. Lat. *rhombus*.
Roca, (among poets) a rock. See *ROCHA*.
Roca de fogo, a stick about which they used to fasten some combustible matter.
Copos de roca, basket-hilt, the hilt of a sword so made, as to contain the hand and defend it.
Roca de feixes, a small iron barrel filled with stones; they were used to load guns.
Roca de imagem, ou imagem de roca, a sort of statue made of small boards, disposed in the form of a pyramid, whose vertex is at the lower end of the waist.
ROÇA, f. f. a piece of arable land, after cutting the trees, burning the roots, weeding, &c. also the act of cutting trees, burning the roots, &c.
Reça, (in the Brasil) a piece of land planted with Indian corn, French-beans, &c.
ROÇA'DA, f. f. a distaff full.
ROÇA'DO, a, adj. rubbed, or worn away. Lat. *attritus*; also weeded. See the verb *ROÇAR*.
ROÇADOR, f. m. a weeder. Lat. *runcator*.
ROÇADOURA fouet, a weeding-hook.
ROÇADURA, f. f. a weeding.
ROÇAGANTE vistido, a garment with a train.
ROCA'LHA, f. f. a sort of beads made of glass.
ROÇAMALHA, a sort of drag so called.
ROÇAR, v. a. to cut down, to fell, to cut out with a weeding-hook.
Roçar, to rub against, or upon a thing. Lat. *affricare*.
Roçar, to graze, or glance upon.
Huma bala lhe roçou o nariz, the shot passed close to his nose, the shot grazed his nose.
Roçar-se, v. r. to rub one's self against, or upon a thing.
Roçar-se com alguém, to savour, to be like, or resemble another person.
ROÇA'Z, f. m. a sort of fish so called.
ROCHA, f. f. a rock, a large mass of hard stone, rooted in the ground.
Que não tem rochas, rockless.
ROCHE'DO, f. m. a rock, a rocky place.
ROCHE'TE, f. m. a rochet, a short surplice, a church vestment.
ROCI'ADA, f. f. the dew; also the dawning or beginning of the day.
Reçada, (metaph.) a multitude, a flock.
ROCIADO, a, adj. bedewed, wet with dew, sprinkled with dew or the like.
ROCIAR, v. a. to sprinkle, to bedew.
ROCICRE'. See *ROSICLER*.
ROCI'AL, f. m. a gelding, a nag, an ordinary horse.
ROCI'O, f. m. the dew; also a mistling rain.
Rece, (metaph.) See *SUCCO*, *SUBSTANCIA*.
Rocio,

ROD

Recio, a square open place in a town, a square.

ROD

RO'DA, f. f. a wheel. Lat. *rota*.
O qui faz rodas, a wheeler, a wheelwright.
Roda da fortuna, the wheel or vicissitudes of fortune.
Roda, ou rodela do joelho. See *RODELA*.
Anda-me a cabeça a roda, my head turns round, my head is giddy.
Roda de homens, a circle, compass, or company of men standing or sitting round in a ring; also a meeting, an assembly.
Roda do vestido, the compass of a garment.
Em roda, ou a roda, about, round about.
Amontoar em roda, to heap, or cast a heap about.
Roda, a round slice.
Roda de hum moinho de agua, a water-mill wheel.
Roda em portarias de conventos de freyras, the nuns wheel, being a round box standing on one end upon an iron pin to turn round, by which they receive and deliver out what is necessary, without being seen.
Andar numa roda viva, to go to and fro continually, to be extremely busy.
Roda de uora, a water-wheel.
Trazer algum em roda viva, to vex, to trouble one.
Roda de hum cadernal, (a sea term) the shiver in a block.
Roda, orb, period, revolution of time.
Dar o supplicio da roda. See *RODAR vivo*.
Roda, (in cant) a teetoon. See *TOSTAM*.
Roda, a sort of cane that grows in Bengal.
Arcahu de roda, a wheel-lock musket.
Cavalle que faz algumas rodas, ou cavalle rodado, a dappled horse.
RODA'DO, a. adj. that has spots in the breast, (speaking of the male of a partridge.) See also the verb *RODAR*.
Ruço rodado, (speaking of a horse) dapple-grey.
Rodado, that has the track or rut of a wheel.
RODA'NTE, p. a. tumbling, rolling.
RODA'PE' do leito, the bases round the bottom of a bed.
RODA'R, v. n. to turn, or turn about, to move, or go round, to have a circular motion.
O roçar, ou o movimento circular, a turning round.
Redar, to roll, to tumble in the manner of a rolling stone.
Fazer redar, to roll, to push or draw a round thing over, &c. See *RODAR*, v. a.
O dinheyro roda, ou ha abundancia de dinheyro, money stirs, or is a-irring.
Redar num coche, to ride in a coach.
Redar, v. a. to roll, to push or draw a round thing over, by the successive

ROE

application of the different parts of the surface to the ground.
O cavallo roda o carro, the horse draws the cart.
Rodar vivo, to break upon the wheel.
RODASI'NHA, ou RODINHA, f. f. a little wheel.
RODEADO cavallo, a dappled horse.
Rodeado, a, adj. encompassed, &c. See *RODEA'R*, v. a. to encompass, to enclose, to encircle.
Rodear, to encompass, to shut in, to environ.
Rodear, to encompass, to go round any place.
Rodear a cavallo, to ride about.
Rodear, (speaking of a river, &c.) to flow about.
O rodear dos annos, the rolling, or revolution of the years.
Rodear com os olhos, to look about.
RODEYRA, f. f. the nun that stands at the nuns wheel. See *RODA em portarias*, &c.
Rodeyra, a wheel-rut on the road.
RODEYRO mazo, a sort of large rammer used by wheelers.
RODELA, f. f. a round target; also a sort of vessel or utensil.
Rodela, ou roda do joelho, the knee-pan.
Soldado armado com rodela. See *PELTATO*.
RODE'O, ou RODEYO, f. m. a compass, a way about.
Grande rodeo, a great compass, a great way about.
Per-se no ar de rodeo, to fly about, to fly round.
Rodeo de palavras, a going about the bush, a compass of words, a fetch about.
Levar a vista em rodeo, to look about.
RODES. See *RHODES*.
RODI'LHA, f. f. a dist-clout; also a roll or whisp to carry something on.
RODILHAM, f. m. a sort of large rod. See *RODO*.
RODI'ZIO, f. m. mitrion, the piece of wood or timber which draws the upper millstone about when it grinds.
Peneas de redizio, the ladles into which the water falling, turns the mill-wheel.
RO'DO, f. m. a long stick with a small board at the end of it. It serves to heap up, or gather the corn.
RODOFO'LE, f. m. a net on a hoop, open at the top, and ending in a point at bottom.
RODOMOI'NHO, f. m. See *REDO-MOINHO*.
RODOPE'LO, f. m. ex. *Trazer ao rodopello*, to turn or wheel about.
RODOPI'O, f. m. (with farriers.) See *GUAYA*.
RODOVA'LHO, f. m. the fish called a turbot.

ROE

ROEDO'R, f. m. a gnawer; also a carper, a railer. (Metaph.)
ROEDURA, f. f. a gnawing; also carping, railings. (Metaph.)

ROI

ROEL. See *ARRUELA*.
ROE'IS, the plural of *ROEL*.
ROE'R, v. a. to gnaw, to nibble, to pick. Lat. *rodere*.
Rorr, (metaph.) to censure, to talk ill of the absent; also to eat up, to consume, to vex, to torment.
Rorr cadeados, (metaph.) to fret inwardly.
Fazer rorr cadeados a algum, to give or throw one a bone to pick, to make him fret inwardly.
Os rates roem o queijo, the mice nibble the cheese.
Rorr hum o'ro, to gnaw or pick a bone.
Rorr hum o'ro, (metaph.) to fret, to pick a bone.

ROF

RO'FA, f. f. a folding. Lat. *plicatura*.

ROG

ROGAÇOENS, f. f. p. the public prayers said in the Rogation Week.
Semana das Rogações, Rogation Week, gang-week, or grass-week, before Whitsunday.
ROGA'DO, a. adj. prayed, intreated, requested.
ROGA'R, v. a. to intreat, to pray, to request. Lat. *rogare*.
Aquillo que roga, an intreater, one that prays, or requests.
Rogar pragas, to imprecate.
Rogar com efficacia, to conjure or beseech, to crave, to desire, to require earnestly.
Rogar com humildade, to pray, to make an humble request, to supplicate.
ROGATIVA, ou ROGATORIA, f. f. See *ROGO*.
ROGEIRA. } See { *RAJEIRA*.
ROGI'DO. } See { *RUGIDO*.
RO'GO, f. m. an intreaty.
Alcançar a poder de rogos, to get by intreaty. Lat. *exorare*.

ROI

ROJA'DO. See *TORRADO*, and *ASSADO*.
RO'JAM, f. m. a prelude, a preparatory music before they begin to play a full concerto, a flourish, a voluntary. See also *GARROCHAM*.
Fazer hum rojão, to prelude, to flourish, to play an irregular air off-hand, to try if the instrument be in tune.
ROI'DO, a. adj. gnawed, &c. See *ROER*.
Ruido, ou ruído, f. m. a noise.
ROJEIRA. See *RAJEIRA*.
ROIM, ou RUIM, adj. bad, ill, not good.
Villão roim, a great villain or rogue.
Roim vinho, bad wine.
Hum homem ruim, a wicked man.
P. de roim a roim pouco ha a melhoria, there is never a barrel a better hearing.
P. de roim a roim quem acomete vence, between two base fellows, he that assaults the other has the best.

P. de

ROL

P. de roim pagador, em farelas, get what you can of an ill pay-master, though it be but bran.
P. fallais no ruim, logo apparece; we say, talk of the devil and he will appear.
P. roim seja quem por roim se tem, he is bafe that thinks himself bafe.
P. ao roim quanto mais o regaõ, mais se estende, a bafe man the more you court him the statelier he grows.
ROIMMENTE, adv. badly; also maliciously.
RUINDADE, f. f. malice, malignity, wickedness.
RO'JO, f. m. a dragging, or hanging so low as to trail on the ground.
ROJOENS. See **TORRESMOS**.

ROL

RO' L, f. m. a roll, a list; also a bill.
Rol dos gastos feitos no comer e beber, a bill of fare.
Rol dos gastos feitos na estalagem, the reckoning in a public house.
Per no rol, to enroll, to insert in a roll, or register.
Rel dos soldados, de huma companhia, regimento, &c. a muster roll.
Rel, lure, a device used by falconers.
RO'LA, f. f. the bird called a turtle.
Lat. turtur.
ROLA'DO, p. of *rolar*, rolled. See **ROLAR**.
ROLAM, f. m. pollard, bran with some meal in it.
ROLA'R, v. n. (a sea term) to roll, to move as waves or volumes of water do towards the shore.
Rolar, to coo, to make a noise like turtles or pigeons.
ROLDA. See **RONDA**.
ROLDA'DO, p. of **ROLDAR**, which see.
ROLDANA, f. f. a pulley. *Roldana, ou roda de hum cadernal, a shiver, (a sea term.)*
ROLDAM, ex. *De roldaõ, pell-mell, in a confusion, confusedly.*
ROLDAR, v. a. to go, or to walk the rounds.
ROLEIRO, f. m. he who makes registers or rolls, an enroller.
ROLE'YRO *falcão*, a hawk that is already used to fly to the lure.
ROLETE, f. m. a roll of hair, a woman's attire for the head.
ROLHA, f. f. a cork or stopple.
ROLHAM, f. m. (with masons) a roller, a round piece of wood for the moving of great stones.
ROLHEIRO *de agua*. See **ROLO** *de agua*.
RO'LHO, a, adj. thick and round, fat.
ROLI'ÇO, a, adj. long and round. *Lat. utres.*
ROLI'M. See **ROOLIM**.
RO'LLO, *ou RO'LO*, f. m. a roll, a scroll.
Rolo de tabaco, a roll of tobacco.
Rolo de pergaminho, a roll of parchment.
Rolo, ou ribeiro de agua, a wave or volume of water upon the edge of the sea; also the edge of the sea.

ROM

ROM

ROM, a sort of Indian yellow stone used by painters.
ROMA, f. f. Rome, the capital city of Italy.
P. Roma não se fez num dia, Rome was not built in a day.
P. quem tem boca vai a Roma. See BOCA.
ROMA'N, f. f. a pomegranate, or pomgranate.
ROMA'GEM. See **PEREGRINAÇAM**.
ROMA'NCE, f. m. any language or tongue that is proper and peculiar to a country, any vulgar tongue. See also **PROSA**.
Em romance, in the vulgar tongue.
Romance, a sort of Portuguese poetry, consisting of four short verses in a stanza, some of eight, and some of six syllables each; they cannot be said to rhyme at all; but the second and fourth verses of each stanza so far rhyme together, that the two last syllables of them must contain the same vowels, though not the same consonants, and the very same harmony; that is, the same vowels that make it in the first stanza, must hold on through them all to the end.
ROMANCEA'DO, a, adj. translated into the vulgar tongue.
ROMANCEA'R, v. a. to translate into the vulgar tongue.
ROMANCI'STA, f. m. he who writes romances. See **ROMANCE**. Also he who translates into the vulgar language.
ROMANIA, ex. *De romania, at the same time, at once, all at once.*
ROMANI'SCO, a, adj. - that is acquainted with the polity of the court of Rome.
Romanisco, f. m. he who works after the Roman fashion.
ROMA'NO, a, adj. Roman.
Balança Romana. See BALANÇA.
Catolicos Romanos, the Roman catholics.
ROMARI'A, f. f. a pilgrimage on account of devotion.
ROMBO. See **RHOMBO**.
Rombo, a leak. Não com rombos dados, a leaky ship.
Rombo, a, adj. round.
Que tem o nariz rombo, flat-nosed.
Rombo, blunt, that has a dull point, not sharp.
ROMBO'IDE. See **RHOMBOIDE**.
ROME'IRA, f. f. the pomegranate-tree.
ROME'YRA, f. f. a woman pilgrim for the sake of devotion.
ROME'YRO, f. m. a palmer, a pilgrim, a traveller for the sake of devotion; so called, because most pilgrimages were formerly to Rome.
Romeyro, a fish that serves as a guide to the whale.
ROMPEDE'IRA, f. f. a chissel, a sort of instrument in the form of a wedge, used by blacksmiths to cut iron when it is red hot.
ROMPENTE, (in heraldry) rampant,

RON

that stands so directly upright, that the crown of the head answers directly to the plants of the feet.
ROMPE'R, v. a. to break; also to tear, to rend, or pull in pieces.
Romper, v. n. to engage in battle.
Romper a terra, to break the ground.
Romper o vestido, to wear out a suit of clothes.
Romper por, to break through by force, to rout, to put to the rout, v. n.
Romper o silencio, to break silence, to begin to speak.
Romper com alguém, to break or fall out with one, v. n.
Romper a guerra, to break out (speaking of war.)
Se se romper a guerra, if the war breaks out.
Romper o dia, is for the day to break. v. n.
Romper, v. n. to break forth, or burst out.
Romper numa exclamação, to break out into an exclamation.
Romper em pranto desfeito, to break out, or to burst forth into tears.
Romper, to grub up an untilled piece of ground, v. a.
Romper, to drive away, to dissipate, to disperse, v. a.
Romper, v. a. ou romper por, v. n. to penetrate, pierce, or enter into, to make one's way through.
O romper do dia, the break of day.
ROMPIDO, a, adj. broken, &c. See **ROMPER**.
ROMPIMENTO, f. m. a break, or breaking, &c. according to the verb *Romper*.
No rompimento da guerra, upon the breaking out of the war.

RON

RONCA, f. f. a bravado; also a braggart, or braggadocio; also three or four fish hooks tied together.
RONCA'DO, p. of **RONCAR**.
RONCA'DO'R, f. m. a snoring fellow, a snorer; also a fierce bully, a noisy fellow. See **RALHADOR**.
RONCA'R, v. n. to snore in one's sleep.
Roncar, to rumble, or make a hollow noise.
Reneão-me as tripas, my guts rumble.
Roncar, to roar, to make a noise like the sea.
Roncar, to hector. See RALHAR.
RONÇARIA, f. f. slowness. See also **PREGUIÇA**.
RONCEIRO, a, adj. slow, slack, tardy.
Não renceira, a bad sailer.
Renceiro, rude, ignorant, not exercised, or trained in a thing.
RONCO, f. m. a snoring. *Lat. rōnco.*
Renco fingido dos que fazem, que dormem, dog-sleep, pretended sleep or snoring.
Renco do mar, the roaring of the sea.
Renco, ou rugido das tripas, the rumbling of the guts.
Ronso do leão. See BRAMIDO, f. m.
RON-

ROS

RONCO'LHO *porco*, a boar pig. Lat. *verres*.
RONDA, f. f. the round that goes at night.
Andar de ronda, to go or to walk the rounds.
RONDADO, p. of **RONDAR**.
RONDAM. See **ROLDAM**.
RONDA'R, v. a. to watch, to go, or to walk the rounds.
RO'NHA, f. f. murrain, a wasting disease or plague among the cattle, the rot; also cunningness, craftiness.
Ele tem muita ronha, he is a rook, or a cunning man.
RONQUEIRA, f. f. (in cattle) hoariness.
RONQUE'NHO. } See { **ROUCO**.
RONQUI'DO. } { **RONCO**.

ROO

ROOLI'M, f. m. (in Pegu, the most southern kingdom of the East Indies) the chief priest.

ROQ

RO'QUE *no jogo do xadrez*, f. m. a rook at chess.
ROQUETRA, f. f. **ROQUETRO**, f. m. a sort of cannon which they load with stones instead of bullets.
Requetra castillo, a castle seated on a rock.
ROQUELA'URE, f. m. a sort of cloke without sleeves.
ROQUETE. See **ROCHETE**.
Roquete, (in heraldry) ex. *Em roquete*, triangularly.

ROR

RORI'FERO, a, adj. roriferous, producing dew.

ROS

RO'SA, f. f. a rose. Lat. *Rosa de Jerico*. See **YERICO'**.
Rosa Alexandrina, a damask rose. They vulgarly call it *rosa Alexandria*.
Rosa albardera, piony, hill-rose, or king's bloom.
De rosa, or *cor de rosa*, rosy.
Cbeys de rosas, roseate, rosy.
Rosa brava, ou *rosa de cao*, sweet-brier rose. Lat. *cynorhodon*.
Diamante rosa, rose diamond, which is quite flat underneath.
Rosa de ouro, golden rose, a rose which the Pope commonly blesses at mass, upon a Sunday in Lent.
Rosa da agulha de marcar, the fly of the mariners compass.
P. não há rosa, &c. See **ESPINHO**.
Rosa de rosto, a red spot in the face.
Rosa, (symbolically) love.
ROSA'DA, f. f. a sort of fish so called.
ROSA'DO, a, adj. rosy, of roses; also rosed.
Ólio rosado, oil of roses.
Água rosada, rose water.
Mel rosado, mel rosatum.
ROSA'L, f. m. a rosery, a garden or bed of roses, a place where roses grow. Lat. *rosetum*.

ROT

ROSALGA'R, f. m. realgal, a mineral, a kind of red arsenic.
ROSA'RIO, f. m. a rosary, a pair of beads.
ROSA-SOLIS, f. f. *rosa solis*, a pleasant liquor.
RO'SCA, f. f. the roundle or winding of a serpent. See **ENROSCADO**, f. m.
Fazer rosca, to wriggle, as a snake does.
Rosta, a sort of cake made with a hole in the middle.
ROSCIA'DO, a, adj. dewy, bedewed, wet with dew.
ROSE'IRA, f. f. a rosier, or rose-bush.
Rosira brava, sweet-briar.
ROSE'LLA, f. f. the plant called cistus, or rock-rose.
RO'SEO, a, adj. rosy, roseate, bloomy, fragrant, red as a rose.
ROSETA, f. f. the rowel of a spur.
Roseta, a very small ball with prickles. It is used by the penitents at the end of their scourges. See **PENITENTES**.
ROSICLE'R, ou **ROSICRE'**, f. m. a brightness, a shining beauty, such as of a clear sky, the dawning of a fair day, &c.
Roscler, a sort of ornament for women, made of many bobs or drops.
ROSMANINHA'L, f. m. a piece of ground planted with rosemary, or where it grows wild.
ROSMANT'NHO, f. m. rosemary.
ROSNADO'R, f. m. a mutterer, a grumbler.
ROSNADO, p. of **ROSNAR**.
ROSNADU'RA, f. f. a muttering, a grumbling.
ROSNAR, v. n. to mutter, to grumble. Lat. *mutire*.
ROSQUL'HO, f. m. a small cake in the form of a ring.
ROSSIO. See **ROCI'O**.
ROSSOLI. See **ROSA-SOLIS**.
ROSTINHO, f. m. a small face; also a fine face.
ROSTI'R, (an antiquated word) See **MOER**, and **MALTRATAR**.
Rostir, (in a ludicrous sense.) See **COMER**, and **MASTIGAR**.
RO'STO, f. m. the face. From the Lat. *rostrum* a beak.
Rosto a rosto, face to face.
Fazer rosto ao inimigo, to face the enemy.
Fazer o rosto lido ao mão jogo, to set a good face on a bad game.
Dar a alguém um buma coisa em rosto, to upbraid one with a thing, to throw something in one's teeth.
Rosto do sapato, the upper-leather of a shoe.
Rosto da medalha. See **MEDALHA**.
Rosto, the frontpiece of a book. See **FRONTISPICIO**.
ROSTINHO. See **ROSTINHO**.

ROT

ROTA, ou **ROTTA**, a rout, a defeat of an army.
Rota, ou *figrada rota*, rota, the chief jurisdiction of the court of Rome.

ROU

Rota, (a sea term) a course, a way.
Rota batida, ou *de rota batida*, with all speed.
Rota, (in the islands of Molucca) a sort of cane or reed.
ROTEA'DO, a, adj. See
ROTEA'R, v. a. to grub up an untitled piece of ground, (in agriculture)
ROTEIRO, f. m. (with navigators.) See **JORNAL**.
RO'TO, a, adj. broken; also torn, ragged, &c. according to the verb **ROMPER**.
RO'TOLO, f. m. an inscription upon any thing.
RO'TULA, f. f. (in anatomy) rotula, the bone of the knee-pan.
RO'TULO. See **RO'TOLO**.
ROTUNDIDA'DE. See **REDONDEZA**.
ROTUNDO. See **REDONDO**.
ROTU'RA, f. f. a breach, a rent in a garment. See **ROMPIMENTO**, and **DESUNIAM**.

ROU

ROU, it is used in this proverb; *rou, rou, faça-se o que el rey mandou*, let every report be hush'd up; kings must be obeyed.
Anda a injustiça a rou, rou, they cry out, or exclaim against injustice.
ROUBA'DO, a, adj. robbed, stolen.
Casa roubada, a disorderly, unfurnished house.
ROUBADO'R, f. m. a robber, a thief.
ROUBADO'RA, f. f. she that robbeth.
ROUBA'R, v. a. to rob. Gothic.
Roubar os corações, to steal hearts, to win people's affections, to make one's self beloved.
RO'UBO, f. m. robbery, theft; also theft, stolen goods.
RO'UCO, a, adj. hoarse.
ROUÇOM, f. m. (an antiquated word.) See **FORÇADOR**.
ROUFENHO. See **ROUQUENHO**.
RO'UPA, f. f. in a general acceptation signifies all furniture of a house, in linen, silk, and woollen; the same of all that belongs to a man's cloathing; the clothes a man has on, or any loose garment he wears over the rest.
Armario, ou coisa semelhante para meter a roupa, a press for cloaths.
Roupa branca, all linen.
Roupa da cama, the bed-cloaths, or bedding.
Pouca roupa, ou fraca roupa, (metaph.) a good for nothing fellow.
Chegar a alguém a roupa ao corpo, to beat one's coat, to bang one.
ROUPA'DO, clothed.
ROUPAM, f. m. an upper garment, used in some religious orders; also a night-gown.
ROUPA'R-SE, v. r. See **ENROUPA-R-SE**.
ROUPARI'A, f. f. a room to keep cloaths or habits, (in some convents.)
ROU-

RUB

ROUPAS, f. f. p. a sort of gown with a long train. It is worn by ladies.
ROUPAVELHEYRO, f. m. a broker that sells old cloaths.
ROUPEIRO, f. m. (in the religious orders) he that takes care of the cloaths, linen, &c.
Roupeiro, (among the country people) a shepherd.
Roupeira, a sort of grapes so called.
ROUPE'TA, f. f. a little coat or garment; also a sort of long garment with six skirts, and hanging sleeves, and a narrow welt about two fingers broad on the shoulders.
ROUQU'ENHO, a, adj. a little hoarse.
ROUQUI'CE, f. f. hoarseness.
ROUSUIDAM, f. f. idem.
ROUSADO, *Rousar*, (antiquated words.) See **FORCADO**, and **FORCAR**.
ROUXINO'L, f. m. a nightingale.

R O K

ROXIGRE', See **ROSICLER**.
ROXED'R, v. a. to purple, to colour with purple.
Roxar, v. n. to grow purple or red.
ROXETE. } See { **ROCHETE**.
ROXIA. } { **RUSSIA**.
ROXINOL. } { **ROUXINOL**.
RO'XO, a, adj. of a violet or purple colour.
Rôxa, *eu côr de aurora*, aurora colour.
Rôxo, (in poetry) purple, red.
Que tem a barba roxa, red bearded.
O Mar Roxo, the Red Sea, the name of a famous streight, separating Asia from Africa. The Arabians call it the Sea of Suph.
Rôxo, Russian, of, or belonging to Russia.

R O Z

ROZE'IMO, (a vulgar word in the province of Beyra.) See **ODIO**.

R U A

RU'A, f. f. a street.
Rua de bun jardim, an alley, a walk in a garden.
RUAM, Roan, or Rouen, anciently Rothomagus, a city of France, and the capital of Normandy; also a sort of linen for handkerchiefs made in the same city.
Ruça ruão caval'o, a roan horse.
Ruão, (an ancient word.) See **CIDADAM**.

RUB

RUBETA, *ou ran das montas*, f. f. a hedge-toad, &c. See **RAA**.
RUBI', *ou Rub'y*, f. m. the precious stone called a ruby.
Tingido de cor de rubi, rubied.
De cor de rubi, ruby.
RUBICU'NDO, a, adj. rubicund, blood-red. Lat. *rubicundus*.
RUBIFICANTE, adj. (with physicians) rubific.
RU'BO, f. m. See **SARÇA**.
RUBOR, f. m. See **VERMELHIDAM**.

RUG

RUBRI'CA, f. f. vermilion, &c. See **ALMAGRA**.
Rubrica, (in law) rubric, or titles of law-books.
Rubrica, a rubric, directions given in the Liturgy, for the order and manner wherein the several parts of the office are to be performed; so called because they are printed in red.
RUBRICA'DO, a, adj. See **RUBRICAR**.
RUBRICADOR, f. m. he who makes a rubric.
RUBRICA'R, to rubify, to rubric; also to make a rubric. See also **ALMAGRAR**.
Rubricar a posilla, (in the university) is for a professor to pass a certificate, in order to show that the students have frequented the school; so called, because the certificate is written in red.
RU'BRO, a, adj. red.
Rô'ro, (in medicine) ruddy, blood-red, very red.

R U C

RUCHOCHO', the word used by falconers to call down the hawk to the lure, when the rakes; that is, flies out too far from the game. From the Spanish *uchobo*.
RUÇO, *ou Russo*, a, adj. somewhat red, reddish. Lat. *subrufus*.
Ruço, (speaking of horses) grey.
Ruço rodado, dapple-grey.
Agua ruça, the mother or lees of oil. Latin, *amarca*.

R U D

RU'DA. See **ARRUDA**.
RUDAMENTE, adv. ignorantly, dully; also negligently.
RU'DE, adj. rude, ignorant. From the Latin, *rudis*.
Rude, rustic, clownish.
RUDE'ZA, f. f. dullness, ignorance, rudeness; also clownishness.
RUDIMENTA, f. f. Accidence, a little book containing the first principles of the Latin tongue.
RUDIMENTO, f. m. a rudiment, the first element of an art or science; also rudiment, the first unshapen beginning of any thing.
Pertencente aos rudimentos, rudimental.

R U E

RU'ELLA, (in heraldry.) See **AR. RUELLA**.

R U F

RUFA, *ou Rifa*, (at cards) See **RIFA**.
RUFIAM, f. m. a pimp.
RUFLA. See **FLOREO do tambor**.

R U G

RU'GA, f. f. a wrinkle, a furrow. Lat. *Ruge-ruge*, so they call the rumbling of the guts; also the rustling of silk, and new garments. See also **RU-MOR**.

RUM

P. do ruço ruço se fazem os castorais; we say, there is no smoke without some fire.
RUGIDO, f. m. a hollow noise.
Rugido, ou ruço das tripas, the rumbling of the guts.
Rugido do leão. See **BRAMIDO**.
Rugido, the p. of
RUGIR, v. a. to roar like a lion:
Rugir, (speaking of the guts) to rumble.
Rugir, to rustle, as silk and new garments do.
Rugir-se huma coisa, v. r. is for a thing to be muttered about, and not openly discoursed.
RUGO'SO, a, adj. rumpled, wrinkled; also rough, disagreeable to the touch.

R U I

RUIBARBO. See **RHEUBARBO**.
RUI'DO, f. m. a noise.
RUIDO'SO, a, adj. noisy; also quarrelsome.
RUIM. See **ROIM**.
RUI'NA, f. f. ruin, destruction.
Ruinat de bun edificio, the ruins of an edifice.
RUINADO, *Ruinar*. See **ARRUINADO**, **ARRUINAR**.
RUINO'SO, a, adj. ready to fall, ruinous. Latin, *ruinosus*.
RUIPONENTO, f. m. rhapsodicum, a root that resembles rhubarb, and nearly of the same virtues.
RU'IVA, f. f. an herb called gosling-weed, or cliver. Latin, *rubia*.
Ruiva dos tintureiros, madder.
Ruiva brava, the herb called wood-roof.
RUIVA'CA, f. f. a sort of small fish so called.
RU'IVO, a, adj. reddish yellow. Lat. *rufus*.
Alguem tanto ruivo, russet, reddish brown.
Que tem a barba ruiva, red-bearded.
Ruiva, f. m. the fish called a rochet, or roach.

R U M

RUM, *ou Rûmt*, so the Indians call Sclavonia, Romania, and some other places bordering upon them. Hence the inhabitants of the same places are called by them *Rumas* or *Rumitas*.
RU'MA, f. f. a heap or pile. Latin, *cumulus*.
RUME. See **RUM**.
RUMBERGES, so the English called the ships built by a man of that name.
RU'MBO, *ou Rumo*, f. m. the rumb a ship steers at sea; also a rule, method or course (metaph.) See **RU-MO**.
RUMIADO, p. of **RUMIAR**.
RUMIADU'RA, f. f. See **REMOE-DURA**.
RUMIA'R. See **REMOE'R**.
RUMIDU'RO, f. m. the cud of beasts. Lat. *rumen*.

RU.

S A B

RUMINA, f. f. the goddess of children and womens paps.

RUMINADO, p. of **RUMINAR**.

RUMINAL *figueira*, the fig-tree, under which the she wolf suckled Romulus and Remus.

RUMINAR, v. a. to ruminate, to chew the cud.

RUMO. See **RUMBO**.

Trazer os seus negocios a rumo, to settle one's affairs.

RUMOR, f. m. a rumour, a report, a noise. Lat. *rumor*.

RUMORSINHO, f. m. a little rumour, report, or noise.

RUNHA, f. f. a disease in cattle, in which the wool comes off.

R U P

RUPIA, f. m. (in the Mogol) rupee,

S A B

or roupie, a sort of silver coin worth about two shillings and three pence sterling. The goldrupee is worth fourteen silver rupees.

RUPTORIO, f. m. (with surgeons) a raptory, a corrosive medicine.

RUPTURA, f. f. (with surgeons) a rupture, a hernia. See also **ROTURA**, and **ROMPIMENTO**.

R U S

RUSILHO. See **RUSSILHO**.

RUSSIA, f. f. the empire of Russia.

RUSSILHO, ou *Russo*, a, adj. Russian, of, or belonging to Russia.

RUSSO. See **RUÇO**.

RUSTICAMENTE, adv. rustically, clownishly.

S A B

RUSTICIDADE, f. f. clownishness.

RUSTICO, a, adj. clownish, rustic.

Rústico, f. m. a rustic, a clown.

RUSTIQUEZA. See **RUSTICIDADE**.

RUSTIR, (in cant) to eat.

R U T

RUTILADO, p. of **RUTILAR**.

RUTILANTE, p. a. bright, shining, glittering.

RUTILAR, v. n. (in poetry) to glitter, to shine. Lat. *rutilare*.

RUTURA. See **ROTURA**.

R U X

RUXOXO. See **RUCHOCHO**.

S.

S, f. m. a consonant, and the eighteenth letter of the Portuguese alphabet.

S, among the ancients was a numerical letter, and signified seven, according to this verse.

S quaque septenos numeratos significabit.

S A

SA, (in old records) his, her, its. They say now *sua*, *suas*, instead of *sa*, *sai*. See **SEU**.

SAMENTE, adv. uprightly, honestly.

S A B

SABADEAR, v. n. to observe the Sabbath, i. e. the seventh day of the week as a festival and day of rest.

SABADO, ou **SABADO**, f. m. Saturday, the Jewish sabbath. Heb.

SABAM, f. m. soap, or sope; from *sabun*, which in the Arabic, Persian, Turkish, and Hindostan languages, signifies the same.

Lavar com sabão, ou *ensaboar*, to soap, to wash in soap.

Casa, ou *lugar em que se faz o sabão*, a soap-house.

Água em que tem desfeito o sabão, e na qual se lava a roupa, suds, or soap-suds.

Dar hum sabão a alguém, to rattle one, chide or reprimand him, to read him a lecture.

P. ensaboar a cabeça do asno, perda do sabão, to reprove a fool in lost labour.

SABASTRO. See **SEBASTO**.

SABATHIZAR, v. n. to keep or observe the sabbath.

SABATICO anno, (with the ancient Jews) a sabbatical year.

SABATINA *contusão*, a thesis, or disputation, so called because it is held on the Saturday.

SABA'YO, f. m. so they vulgarly call

the king of Decan, a province of the hither Peninsula of India, in Asia.

SABECHAM, ou **SABICHAM**, (in familiar discourse.) See **SABICHAM**.

SABEDOR, f. m. one that knows, or is acquainted with.

Ser sabedor, to know, to be acquainted with.

Vos não podeis deixar de ser sabedor disso, you cannot but know it.

Fazer a alguém sabedor de alguma coisa, to acquaint one, or make one acquainted with a thing.

SABEDORA, f. f. a woman that knows or is acquainted with.

SABEDORIA, f. f. wisdom, knowledge.

SABER, v. a. pres. *sej*, *saber*, *sabe*, &c. pret. *soubes*, *soubeste*, &c. to know, to be learned, to have knowledge of.

Vir-se a saber, to come to be known.

Elle não sabe nada daquillo, he knows nothing of that.

Ninguém, que eu sayba, no body that I know of.

Conven a saber, ou *isto be*, to wit, that is, that is to say, (and by contraction, viz.)

Fazer saber, to acquaint one, or to make one acquainted with.

Hum não sej que, something, I do not know what.

Elle sabe algebra, he understands algebra.

Elle não sabenada, he knows nothing at all.

Se isto se vem a saber, *estou perdido*, if this comes to be known I am undone.

Saber viver, ou *tratar com a gente*, to understand one's self.

Sabir, v. n. to taste or savour, to have a taste or savour.

Aquelle peixe sabe a lodo, that fish tastes of the mud.

Aquella sopa não sabe a nada, that soup has no taste or savour at all.

X x x

Saber bem, to have a good taste, to taste well.

Saber alguma coisa bem a alguém, is for one to like a thing.

Saber, to enquire, ask, or demand.

Saber de alguém, to enquire of one, or about one.

Saber-se huma coisa, is for a thing to be found out, or known.

Sabi como gaitas. See **GAITAS**.

P. mais val saber, que haver, it is better be wise, than rich.

P. quem pouco sabe, axinha reza, he that knows little, soon repeats it; a fool's bolt is soon shot; or a short horse is soon curried.

Sabér, f. m. learning, scholarship, science, erudition.

Hum homem de grande saber, a man of great learning, a great scholar.

SABIAAMENTE, adv. wisely, advisedly, learnedly.

SABICHAM, f. m. a very learned man.

SABIDAMENTE, adv. clearly, evidently. Lat. *evidenter*.

SABI'DO, a, adj. known, &c. See the verb **SABER**.

Homem sabido, a wise man.

SABI'NA, the herb savin; also the proper name of a woman.

SABIO, a, adj. wise, learned; it is also used substantively; as,

Os sabios, the learned, the scholars.

SABLE, (in heraldry) sable, black.

SABOARIA, f. f. a soap-house.

SABOEIRO, f. m. a soap-maker.

SABOGA, f. f. See **SAVEL**.

SABOIA. See **SABOYA**.

SABOLETA. See **REPREHENSAM**.

SABONETE, f. m. a wash-ball, savonet.

SABOR, f. m. savour, taste, relish. Lat. *sapor*.

Asaber da erilha, to tickle or please the ear.

Viver

S A C

Viver a seu sabor, to make much of himself. Lat. *genio indulgere*.
Sabor, civility, kindness.
SABOREA'DO, *a*, adj. well relished, made savoury, &c. according to the verb *Saborear*.
Saboreado, enticed, allured, pleased. Lat. *illudui*.
SABOREA'R, *v. a.* to relish, to give a relish to any thing.
Saborear, to sweeten, to make less painful, to alleviate.
Saborear, *v. n.* to smack one's lips, or relish a thing one likes.
Saborear-se de alguma coisa, *v. r.* to be delighted or pleased with a thing.
Saborear-se por toda a sorte de delectis, to plunge or run one's self into all manner of lewdness.
SABOROSO, *a*, adj. savoury, relishing, pleasant.
SABOTA, *f. f.* Savoy, a tract of land between Italy and France.
SABOYANO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to Savoy.
Couve saboyana, savoy, a sort of fine cabbage.
SABRA, *f. f.* a sort of grapes so called.
SABUGA'L, a sort of grapes so called.
SABUGO, *ou* *SABUGUEIRO*, *f. m.* an elder tree. Lat. *sambucus*.
Sabugo de casta pequena, dwarf-elder.
Sabugo do corno, slough, the spongy or porous substance in the inside of the horns of oxen or cows.
SABUGUEIRA L., *f. m.* a spot of ground on which elder trees grow.
SABU'YO, *f. m.* a blood-hound
P. ainda que seu sujeito he manso, não mordas no bexgo, though your blood-hound be gentle, do not bite him by the lip. Though a man or beast be never so gentle, they must not be too much provoked.
SABULO'SO, *a*, adj. full of gravel, or hard sand.
SABURRA de humores, (in medicine) quantity of humours.

S A C

SA'CA, *f. f.* a great sack; also exportation of commodities.
Acaide das sacas, a chief officer over those that receive the duty on goods exported.
SACABU'XA, *f. f.* *ou* *SA'QUEBU'XO*, *f. m.* a musical instrument called a sackbut; also he who plays upon it.
SACA'DA, *f. f.* (in architecture) the jutting or leaning out in a building, jutting.
De sacada, *ou* *que faz sacada*, jutting out, that sticks or bears out.
Janelas de sacada, a bow-window.
Sacada do cavallo, the jogging or jolting of a horse.
Cavalle que da sacadas, a horse that jolts.
Mister o garfo de sacada, (among gardeners) to cut a graft sloping; this manner of grafting is called by our gardeners, whip-grafting.

S A C

SACADE'LA, *f. f.* the act of pulling up the fishing-line.
SACADO'R, *f. m.* a gatherer, collector, or receiver of money; also the drawer of a bill of exchange.
Caçador. See *CAM*.
SACA DO, *a*, adj. drawn. See *SACAR*.
SACALA'M. See *EMPUXAM*.
SACAMOLAS, *f. m.* a tooth-drawer.
SACANA, *f. f.* onanism, self-pollution, self-abuse.
SACA'R, *v. a.* to draw or pull out.
Sacar huma letra de cambio, to draw a bill of exchange.
SACARA'BO, *f. m.* a sort of wild beast that kills hens.
SACATRA'PO, *f. m.* a worm to unload a gun.
SA'CCA, *ou* *SACA*, *f. f.* a great sack.
SACCO. See *SACO*.
SACERDO'CIO, *f. m.* priesthood.
SACERDOTA. See *SACERDOTIZA*.
SACERDOTA'L, adj. sacerdotal, belonging to a priest.
SACERDOTE, *f. m.* a priest. Lat. *sacerdos*.
SACERDOTI'ZA, *f. f.* a priestess.
SA'CHA, *f. f.* See *SACHADURA*.
SACHADO'R, *f. m.* a raker, harrower, or weeder.
SACHA'DO, *a*, adj. harrowed, &c. See
SACHADU'RA, *f. f.* raking, harrowing, weeding.
SACHA'R, *v. a.* to rake, to harrow, to weed. From the Lat. *farculare*.
SACHA'V, *f. m.* a large rake. See
SA'CHO, *f. m.* a weeding hook, or rake. Lat. *farculam*. See also *HORTOLAM*.
SACHOLLI, *f. f.* a sort of large rake.
SACIA'DO, *a*, adj. satiated, filled, satisfied.
SACIA'R, *v. a.* to satiate, to fill, to satisfy. Lat. *satiare*.
SACIEDA'DE, *f. f.* satiety.
SA'CO, *ou* *SA'CCO*, *f. m.* a sack. Hebrew *sac*, whence this word is communicated to most nations; it is also used for sacking or plundering.
Saco, sackcloth, such as is worn for a penitential habit, and therefore the habit of the Franciscan friars, &c. have the same name.
Saco da estrada, the deepest part of a bay, or gulph.
Meter a saco, to sack, to plunder.
Saco para meter dinheiro, a money-bag.
Papo para sacos, sackcloth.
P. hum no papo, outro no sacco, one in the maw, and another in the sack; that is, to eat and carry away.
SACOLA, *f. f.* a bag with two pouches to it, such as the mendicant friars use.
SACOTRIM. See *SOCOTORIN*.
SACRAMENTA'DO, *a*, adj. that has either given or received the Sacrament.
SACRAMENTA'L, adj. belonging to the Sacrament, sacramental.

S A D

SACRAMENTALMENTE, adv. sacramentally.
SACRAMENTA'R, *v. a.* to give the sacraments.
SACRAMENTO, *f. m.* a sacrament, a sign of an holy thing.
Sacramento do altar, the Sacrament of the mass, that which is called by the Protestants the Lord's Supper.
Sacramento, a sacrament or oath.
SACRA'RIO, *f. m.* (with Roman catholics) the tabernacle, wherein they keep the blessed Sacrament.
Sacris do reliquias, the shrine which contains the body or reliques of a saint.
Sacris, a sanctuary or refuge.
SACRATI'SSIMO, *a*, adj. most sacred.
SA'CRE, *f. m.* the hawk, called a falker; also a faker, or faker-gun.
SACRIFICA'DO, *a*, adj. sacrificed.
SACRIFICADO'R, *f. m.* a sacrificer.
SACRIFICA'R, *v. a.* to sacrifice, to offer up in sacrifice. Pres. *sacrifico*; pret. *sacrifiquei*. Lat. *sacrificare*.
Sacrificar, to sacrifice, to leave a thing upon some consideration.
Sacrificar-se, *v. r.* to sacrifice, devote, or give one's self up to.
SACRIFI'CIO, *f. m.* sacrifice, or offering up; also sacrifice, any thing destroyed or quitted for something else.
Fazer hum sacrificio, to sacrifice, to make a sacrifice.
SACRI'LEGAMENTE, adv. sacrilegiously.
SACRILEGIO, *f. m.* a sacrilege.
SACRILEGO, *a*, adj. sacrilegious, guilty of sacrilege.
SACRISTAM, *SACRISTIA*. See *SANCRISTAM*, *SANCRISTIA*.
SA'GRO, *a*, adj. holy, sacred.
Offo sacro. See *OSSO*.
Ordem sacra. See *ORDEM*.
SACROSANTO, *a*, adj. sacred, inviolable, that may not be violated on pain of death. Lat. *sacrosanctus*.
SACUDIDA. See *SACUDIDURA*.
SACUDIDE'LA, *f. f.* a light or small shock.
SACUDI'DO, *a*, adj. shaken, &c. See *SACUDIR*.
SACUDIDU'RA, *f. f.* a shaking.
SACUDIR, *v. a.* to shake. Lat. *excitare*. Pres. *sacudo*, *sacodes*, *sacodi*, *sacudimos*, *sacudis*, *sacodem*; pret. *sacudi*, *sacudiste*, &c. imper. *sacodi tu*, *sacuda elle*, *sacudames*, &c.
Sacudir a cabeça, to shake one's head.
Sacudir o jugo, to shake off one's yoke.
Sacudir, to ring as a horse doth his rider.
Sacudir alguma coisa para fazer cabir o pó, to shake off the dust.
Sacudir o pé a algum, to cudgel one.
Sacudir-se, *v. r.* to shake one's self.
Sacudir-se, ou bir-se sacudindo. See *ESCAPULIR*.

S A D

SADI'DO, *a*, adj. sound, wholesome, healthy, healthful.

S A G

Que não he sadio, unhealthful, (speaking of persons.)
Lugar que não he sadio, an unhealthful or unwholesome place.
SADO, f. m. (in India) a sort of fisher's boat.
SADUCEOS, Saducees, a sect among the Jews.

S A B

SAETA, f. f. shalloons, a sort of woollen stuff.

S A F

SAFRADEIRA, f. f. a sort of tool used by blacksmiths to make the ring wherein the helve of an axe, &c. is fixed.
SAFADO, a, adj. worn out. See *SAFAR*.
O vasso vestido esta safado, your cloaths are worn out, or thread-bare.
SAFAR, v. a. to wear out; also to cast up, to finish, or make an end of (speaking of an account or reckoning).
Safar, to clear, to remove incumbrance.
Safar-se, v. r. (a jocose word) to run away.
SAFARI'A romana, a sort of pomegranate.
SAFARO, a, adj. rude, rustical, unpolished; also free.
Falcão safaro, a wild hawk, in opposition to those that have been taken out of the nest.
SAFO, f. m. a sort of conger.
Safio, a, adj. low, mean; also quite barren, empty, dry, sorry, or poor, applied to ground.
SAFIRA, f. f. the precious stone called a sapphire.
SAFO, a, adj. worn out, &c. according to the verb *Safar*.
SAFOENS, f. m. p. a pair of great and wide breeches.
SAFRA, f. f. a smith's anvil. See also *COLHEYTA*.
Safra de azeitena, a crop or harvest of olives.

S A G

SAGA, ou *ZAGA*, f. f. (an antiquated word) the rear, or the hind part of an army.
SAGAÇARIA, (obsolet.) See *SAGACIDADE*, f. f. sagacity, sharpness of wit.
SAGAPENO f. m. sagapenum, the gum of the plant fennel-giant.
SAGA'S, f. m. the ichneumon-fly, a sort of fly.
SAGA'Z, adj. sagacious, subtle, cunning. Lat. *sagax*.
SAGAZMENTE, adv. sagaciously, subtly, cunningly.
SAGEIRA, (in ancient records) See *SABEDORIA*.
SAGIAM, ou *SAGION*, f. m. (an antiquated word) a sort of magistrate.
SAGITTAL, *furura*, (in anatomy) sagittalis futura, a future or seam in the skull.

S A H

SAGITTARIO, f. m. the constellation called Sagittarius; also an archer.
SAGITTI FERO, a, adj. sagittiferous, bearing arrows.
SAGOAM. See *SAGUAM*.
SAGOATE, ou *SAGUATE*, f. m. (in India.) See *MIMO*, and *PRESENTE*.
SAGRACAM, f. f. consecration.
Festa da sagracam da igreja, the feast of consecration of a church.
Sagraçam de bispo, the consecration of a bishop.
SAGRA'DO, a, adj. sacred, holy, hallowed, consecrated.
A escritura sagrada, the sacred writ.
Oso sagrado, ou sacro. See *OSSO*.
Sagrad, f. m. a sacred place, as a church, or church-yard.
SAGRAR, v. a. to consecrate, to make holy.
SAGU', the common food among the inhabitants of Amboyna, an island of the East Indies.
SAGUAM, f. m. a porch or entry to a house. Arab.
SAGUI', f. m. a sort of small ape in Brasil, no bigger than a squirrel, with reddish hair, but in most respects shaped like a lion, very beautiful and bold.
SAGUI'Z, the plural of *SAGUI'*.
SAGU'M, ou *SAGU'R*, f. m. a sort of palm-tree growing in several parts of the East-Indies naturally, without any improvement. All of it from the top to bottom, is a soft substance like a radish, covered with a bark only an inch thick, not very hard nor smooth. They make bread, wine, and vinegar of it. See *Barros*, in the third Dec. page 128.

S A H

SAHI'DA, f. f. an egress, a going out. Lat. *egressus*.
Sabida contra o inimigo, a sally upon the besiegers.
Fazer buma sabida, to sally, to make a sally.
Porta de buma fortaleza, por onde sabem os que vão a fazer buma sabida, a sally-port.
Beco, &c. *que tem sabida*, a thoroughfare.
Sabida, utterance, or sale; as, *Mercancia que tem boa sabida*, a commodity that sells well, that goes off very well.
As mercancias de Inglaterra tem boa sabida em Portugal, English commodities sell very fast in Portugal.
Dar sabida a mercancias, to sell commodities.
Dar sabida, to explicate, to expound, to interpret. (Metaph.)
Sabida, expedient, means, or way; as, *Dar sabida a buma negocio*, to find out an expedient, in order to compass a business, to find means to make it succeed.
Tomar todas as sabidas, to stop, to shut up all the avenues.

S A H

Sabida, a digression, a going from the matter in hand.
SAHIDO, a, adj. gone out, &c. according to the verb *SAHIR*.
Cadella que anda sabida, a salt bitch, or a bitch that is proud.
Angulo sabido, (in fortification) a salient angle.
SAHIME'NTO, ou *SAIME'NTO*, f. m. a funeral.
SAHI'R, v. n. to go, come, or step out. Lat. *exire*. Pres. *saya*, *sabis*, *sabe*, *sabimas*, *sabis*, *sabem*; preterimp. *sabia*, *sabias*, &c. preterperf. *sabi*, *sabiste*, &c. imperat. *sabe tu*, *saya elle*, *sabamos nos*, *sabi vós*, *sayaõ elles*; subjunct. *saya*, *sayaí*, &c.
Sabir do fizo, to run mad.
Sabir cem a sua, to compass what one undertakes.
Sabir a campo, ou *a terreyro*, to go out to meet an adversary in the field, to take the field.
Sabir em terra, to land, or come to shore.
Sabir a alquem, to take after one.
Ell: sab: a seu pay, he takes after his father.
Sabir a nado, to swim out, to swim to land. Lat. *enatare*.
Sabir ao inimigo,
Sabir contra o inimigo,
Sabir em batalha,
Sabir a pelear, } to take the field.
Sabir o rio da madre, is for a river to overflow the banks, or to break over them.
Sabir fora dos limites da razão, to swerve from reason.
Sabir fora do seu caminho, to go out of one's way.
Sabir do proposito, to go from one's subject, or from the matter in hand, to ramble, to step out of one's subject.
Sabir por alquem para o defender, to take one's part, to espouse his quarrel, to side with one, to take one's side.
Sabir a luz com buma livro, &c. to publish a book.
Sabir buma livro a luz, is for a book to be published.
Sabir a sentença por alquem, ou *em seu favor*, is for one to carry the cause, to cast his adversary.
Sabir a sentença contra alquem, is for one to be cast, at law.
Sabio a sentença contra elle, he was cast, it is gone against him.
Sabir de divida, to get out of debt.
Sabem da igreja, they come out of the church.
Ell: ainda agora sabio, he is just gone out, or abroad.
Eu vi buma mulher que bia sabindo do jardim, I saw a woman making out of the garden.
A materia que sabe de buma chaga, the matter that issues from the wound.
Sabir do termo, da comedia, &c. to come from sermon, or from the play.
Sabir a buma lugar, ou *nacer nelle*, to be born in a place.
Sabir da cadeia, to get out of prison, to come out of custody.

Sabi,

S A L

Sabir da infancia, to come out of infancy, to be past childhood.
Sabir de embaraço ou affição, to get out of trouble.
Sabir com honra, ou sabir bem, to come off honourably, to come well off.
Sabir, to jut or stand out, to stick out.
Fazer sabir, to get, drive, strike, squeeze, or put out.
Fazer sabir hum homem da cadeia, to get a man out of prison.
Sabir certa a profecia, is for a prophecy to be fulfilled.
Aquillo sabio certo, that was found true, that proved true, or that proved to be true.
Deixar sabir huma palavra da boca, to let fall or drop a word.
Sorte que sabio em branco, a blank (in a lottery).
Sabir, to prove, to be found by experience.
Elle sabio hum grande vilbato, he proved a great knave.
Sabir huma cousa bem num lugar, is for a thing to look or shew itself well in a place.
Sabir a ira á cara, is for anger to shew itself in one's face.
Sabir huma cousa aos olhos, is for a thing to be plain enough, or to be obvious to the eye.
Sabir-se, v. r. to go away.

S A I

SAIA, *Saial*, *Saiaão*, *Sais*. See *SAYA*, *Sayal*, *Sayô*, *Sayo*.
SAIBRO, f. m. grofs sand, gravel. From the Lat. *fabulo*.
Lugar donde se cava o saibro, a gravel-pit.
Que tem muito saibro, gravelly.
SAIMENTO. See *SAHIMENTO*.
SAINETE, f. m. properly the reward to a hawk when she has killed her game; also any thing pleasing; also any thing that serves to sweeten, or make another thing less painful (metaph.).
SAINHO, f. m. a sort of ancient garment.

S A L

SA'L, f. m. salt. Lat.
Vender o sal a trevez, to sell the whole cargo of a boat, &c. without measuring it.
Sal mineral, mineral salt.
Sál, (metaph.) salt, wit, merriment.
SA'LA, f. m. a hall, a large room.
Fazer sala a hum príncipe, to make one's court to a prince.
SALA'DA, f. f. a salad, or sallet; also a sort of poetry consisting of words of different languages.
SALAMALE. See *SALEMA*.
SALAMANDRA, f. f. a salamander, a kind of lizard.
SALAMANTEGA, ou *Salamantiga*, f. f. a salamander, or rather the venomous little creature, called an est.

S A L

SALAMEA'DO, p. of
SALAMEA'R, v. n. to shout, to cry ho-up, as mariners do when they encourage each other.
SALAMIM. See *SELAMIM*.
SALAM, f. m. a great hall; also a sort of earth in the bottom of the sea, which petrifies, and cuts the cables as if it was a rock.
SALARIA, f. f. See *ALCA'CAR do sal*.
SALARIA'DO, *Salarier*. See *ASSALARIADO*, *Affalarier*.
SALA'RIO, f. m. salary, wages.
SALCHI'CHA, f. f. a sausage.
Salchicha para pôr fogo nas minas, a pudding, such as they use in sieges.
Salchicha (in gunnery) a faucisse.
Salchichas, (in the military art) faucissons.
SALCHICHAM, f. m. a faucisson, a sort of thick sausage.
SALEIRO, f. m. a salt-feller, or salt-celler for the table; also a salt-man, he who sells salt.
Salíro, (with hunters) the cabbage of a deer's head, or the burr which parts where the horns take their rise.
SALEMA, f. f. a Moorish or Turkish salutation; thence applied to signify submission, respect.
Saléma, rock-fish. Lat. *salpa*; according to Bluteau and Gesnerus; but I think it signifies another fish which is found especially in the islands of the Azores.
Saléma, ou *faina*. See *FAINA*.
SALEMINHA, f. f. a young rock-fish.
SALGA, f. f. a certain tax settled on salt.
SALGADEIRA, f. f. sea-purslain. Lat. *balanus*.
Salgadeira, a salting-tub.
SALGA'DO, a, adj. salted, salt. Lat. *salus*; also witty (metaph.).
Salgade, f. m. saltiness, salineness.
SALGADU'RA, f. f. a salting.
SALGAR, v. a. to salt, powder, or season with salt.
SALGUEIRA'L, f. m. a place planted with willows. Lat. *salicetum*.
SALGUEIRO, f. m. a willow, or willow-tree. Lat. *salix*.
SA'LICA ley, the salique law.
SALI'NA. See *MARINHA*.
SALI'NO, a, adj. saline, salinous, salt.
SALITRA'DO, a, adj. full of, or seasoned with salt-petre.
SALITRE, f. m. salt-petre.
SALIVA, f. f. spittle.
SALIVA'L, ou *Salivár*, adj. salivous (with physicians).
SALIVACAM, f. f. salivation.
SALMAM, f. m. the fish called salmon.
SALMEA'R, v. n. to sing psalms.
SALMEJA'R, v. a. (in the district of Lisbon) to carry the corn into the threshing-floor.
SALMISTA, *Salmo*. See *PSALMISTA*, *Psalmio*.

S A L

SALMONE'JO, f. m. a sauce for a rabbit made with salt, pepper, vinegar, &c. also a sharp reproof, or chiding bout (metaph.).
SALMONETE, f. m. the fish called a barbel, or mollet. Lat. *mallus*.
SALMONICO. See *AMMONIACO*.
SALMO'URA, f. f. brine. From the Lat. *sal*, and *muria*; also a reproof, a chiding bout (metaph.).
SALMOURADO, a, adj. seasoned with brine, pickled.
SALMOURAR, v. a. to pickle; to season with brine.
Salmourar algum, (a burlesque phrase) to cudgel one.
SALOBRA'agua, brackish water.
SALOTA, f. f. a countrywoman that lives within the district of Lisbon, especially those that supply the market with bread every day.
SALO'IO, f. m. a countryman that lives within the district of Lisbon.
SALOYA, *Salye*. See *SALOIA*, *Saloie*.
SALPICA'DO, a, adj. besprinkled; also speckled; also corned.
SALPICADURA. See *SALPICO*.
SALPICAM, f. m. a sort of sausage made of pickled pork.
SALPICAR, v. a. to besprinkle, to dash. Lat. *respergere*.
Salpicar, to corn, to powder with salt.
Salpicar, to speckle or spot.
SALPI'CO, f. m. a speck, a spot; also a drop of any thing dashed.
SALPIMENTA'DO, a, adj. seasoned with salt and pepper.
SALPIMENTAR, v. a. to season with salt and pepper.
SALPRE'ZA, a, adj. corned, or powdered with salt.
SA'LSA, f. f. garden-parsley.
SALSA'DA, f. f. (a vulgar word) an intricate affair, a confusion.
SALSAFRA'S, or *Sassafras*, f. m. sassafras; a wood growing in America, and much used in physic.
SALSAPARRI'LHA, f. f. the plant called sarsa, or sarsaparilla.
SALSEIRA, f. f. a saucer, a small dish to hold sauce.
SALSO, a, adj. (in poetry) salt, salted.
SALSU'GEM, f. f. salineness, salt quality.
SALSUGINOSO, a, adj. salsuginous.
SALTA'DA, f. f. a ranging about to rob and kill, a padding, or robbing on the highway. Lat. *graffatio*.
SALTA'DO, a, adj. leaped, jumped.
SALTANTE, (in heraldry) saliant, or represented in a leaping posture.
SALTAM, f. m. a fish so called, in the river Sotola.
SALTAR, v. n. to vault, spring, leap, jump, or skip. Lat. *salire*.
Saltar comprazer, to leap for joy.
Saltar para baixo, to leap down.
Saltar além, to jump or bear over, or beyond.
Saltar a tráz, to leap, skip, or start back.

S A L

S A L

S A L

Salir fôro, to go out hastily, or quickly, to leap out; also to grow loose, to come off.
Saltar dentro, ou sobre, to leap in, or upon.
Saltar abrindo as pernas, to vault, to leap with legs far asunder.
Saltar em terra, to land, to come to shore.
Saltar no inimigo, to fall upon the enemy.
Saltar de buma coisa a outra na pratica, to digress from the matter, to make a rambling digression.
Saltar, dando saltos pequenos, to hop or skip, to frisk or trip along, or about.
Fazer saltar pelos ares com pólvora, to blow up into the air.
Saltar pelos ares, to fly into a great passion.
Saltar na cara a alguém, to fly into one's face.
Saltar o vento, ou mudar-se o vento a miúdo, (a sea phrase) is for the wind to veer or chop about.
Fazer saltar os miolos fora da cabeça a alguém, to dash the brains out of one's head.
Saltar, ou dar saltos em hum teatro, to tumble.
Saltar, v. a. to leap, jump, or skip over.
Eu vos farey saltar as escadas, I shall kick you down the stairs.
Saltar buma coisa, quando buma pessoa está lendo ou escrevendo, to skip a thing, to pass it by.
O que salta, a leaper.
SALTATRICE, f. f. See **DANÇA-DEIRA**.
SALTEADO, a, adj. suddenly assaulted, robbed.
SALTEADOR, f. m. a highwayman.
SALTEAR, v. a. and n. to assault by surprize, to rob on the highway.
Saltar, to war. It is obsolete in this sense.
Saltear a vista, to dazzle, to offend the sight with too much light.
Saltar a razão, ou a vista da razão, to dazzle, to cast a mist before one's eyes.
SALTEIRO, f. m. any instrument of music to accompany the singing of psalms or hymns, as the harp, &c.
Salteiro que faz saltos para sapatos, a heel-maker.
SALTIMBANCO, f. m. a mountebank. Italian.
SALTIMBANCA, f. f. (in the province of Minho) a sort of loose coat.
SALTIMBAM, f. m. a boy's play of that name, as leap-frog, or the like.
SALTINHO, f. m. a little leap.
SALTO, f. m. a leap. Lat. *saltus*; also an assault, a robbery.
Dar hum salto, to leap, to jump, to take a leap.
Sako de bota ou sapato, the heel of a boot or shoe.
O que faz desses saltos, a heel-maker.
Fazer salto na terra, to land, to come to shore.

Caxa de salto para tabaco, a spring snuff-box.
Subir de salto a buma dignidade, to leap into preferment.
Ordenar-se de salto, to be admitted to the superior orders before the minors.
Hir ou vir nem salto, to go, or come quickly. Lat. *adulcare*.
Do primeyro salto, from the beginning, or in the beginning (metaph.).
SALVA, f. f. the herb sage. Lat. *salvia*.
Salva, a volley, a discharge, a salute with great guns, or the like.
Dar buma salva com todas as peças, to make a discharge of all the guns, to discharge all the guns.
Salva, an essay, or tasting meat or drink before a great man; so called, because it makes him safe.
Tomar, ou fazer a salva, to taste before, as a taster does to a prince before he eats.
Salva, a salver to serve glasses, sweetmeats, or the like on.
Tomar por salva, to answer by way of prevention, to meet with an objection foreseen.
SALVAÇAM, f. f. salvation, a being admitted to a state of everlasting happiness; also preservation or keeping from destruction, ill, or hurt.
SALVADO, a, adj. saved.
SALVADOR, f. m. saviour; also used for the proper name of a man.
Jesus Christo nosso salvador, our saviour Jesus Christ.
SALVAGEM, f. m. a sort of satyr in the kingdom of Angola.
Salvagem, a savage, a barbarian.
Salvagem, f. f. and m. a large piece of cannon so called.
SALVAGARIA, f. f. savageness.
SALVAGELA, f. m. (a ludicrous word.) See **SALVAGEM**.
SALVAMENTO, f. m. safety.
Chegar a salvamento, to arrive safe in harbour after a voyage at sea, and particularly after a storm.
SALVANTE, excepting, saving.
SALVAR, ou *Saudar*, v. a. to salute, to greet. It is used in this sense in the following phrase only, which is the salutation they use in the morning, viz. *Salve Deus a vmes.* hail, or God save you; health be to you: instead of which we say, good morning to you.
Salvar hum navio no mar, to salute a ship at sea.
Salvar com toda a artellaria, to make a discharge of all the cannon, to discharge all the cannon.
Salvar, to deliver, to free; as, *salvar algum do perigo*, to deliver one from danger.
Salvar, to escape, to avoid a danger, &c.
Salvar, to save, to bring to salvation.
Ajzen Deus me salve, as I hope to be saved.
Salvar a sua vida, to save, or preserve one's life.
Salvar as apparencias, to save appearances.

Salvar-se, v. r. to fly, to make one's escape, to get away; also to be saved, or brought to salvation.
Os homens cuidão pouco em salvar-se, men little think of their salvation.
SALVATELLA, f. f. (in anatomy) salvatilla, a famous branch of the cephalic vein.
SALVATE'RRÁ, f. f. a place that lies twelve leagues of Lisbon, on the other side of the Tagus. It is very much frequented by the kings of Portugal.
SALVÁTICO, ou *Salvátice*, a, adj. wild, savage, fierce; also woody.
SALUBERIMO, a, adj. very wholesome.
SALUBRE, adj. salutary, wholesome, healthful.
Firida salubre, a slight wound that is easily cured (among surgeons).
SALUBRIDADE, f. f. wholesomeness.
SALUÇADO, p. of
SALUÇAR a não, v. n. (a sea phrase) is for a ship to roll, or to float in rough water.
Salço, f. m. (a sea term) the rolling or floating of a ship in rough water.
SALUDA'DOR, f. m. the name given to a sort of idle fellows that go up and down Portugal, pretending to a natural gift of curing distempers, killing mad dogs, and handling red hot irons, and the like. Some strange things some of them have been known to perform; but how, is very hard to decide, only this may be said of them, that for the most part they are drunken debauched fellows, and therefore it is to be supposed they have learnt some odd knacks, like mountebanks or jugglers, to impose upon the people, in order to lead a lazy life.
Palavras superficiefas de que usão os saludadores, abracadabra.
SALUDAR, v. a. to pretend to cure with the breath, or spittle, as those they call *saludadores* do. See **SALUDADOR**.
SALVE, ex. *Deus vos salve*, hail! God save you.
Salve Rainha, Salva Regina, a prayer to the Virgin Mary.
SALVETA, f. f. the round piece that holds the oil which falls from a lamp.
SALVO, a, adj. safe, unhurt.
Fôr-se em salvo, to fly, or to get into a place, to make one's escape.
São e salvo, safe and sound, or safe and well.
Salvo, f. m. is used only after the pronouns *meu*, *teu*, *seu*, my, thy, his, her, and signifies *safely*, or without danger; ex. *Sabir a seu salvo*, to come clear off, to be secure, to come off well. The Latins say, *latere teo de decore*.
Repicar em salvo, to ring the bells backwards, as an alarm when a fire breaks out.
Salvo, prep. saving, without prejudice.

S A N

dice; as, *salvo meu direito*, saving, or without prejudice to my right.
Salvo, conj. save, except, but.
Salvo-conduto, f. m. safe-conduct, pass.
SALUTIFERO, a, adj. wholesome, &c. See *SAUDAVEL*.

S A M

SAMA'RRÁ, ou *Camárta*, f. f. a jerking, or a garment of sheep skins with the wool on, worn by shepherds; also a garment made of the leaves of the palm-tree, in the shape of a jerking.
SAMARRAM, f. m. idem.
SAMBARCO, ou *Cambarco*, f. m. an old shoe.
SAMBENITO, f. m. sacco beneditto, a kind of linen garment of a yellow colour, with two crosses on it, and painted over with devils and flames, worn by persons condemned by the inquisition to be burned, as they go to execution.
P. fazer do sambenito gala, to boast of the sacco beneditto; that is, to boast of a thing which a man ought to be ashamed of.
SAMBLADO, part. of *SAMBLAR*, made in joining work.
SAMBLADO'R, ou *Ensamblador*, f. m. a joiner.
SAMBLAGEM, f. f. a joiner's work, joinery.
SAMBLA'R, v. a. to do joiner's work, to work joinery work. From the French *ensemble*, together; because they put several pieces of wood together.
SAMBU'CA, f. f. an instrument of music, taken for a dulcimer, a harp or sackbut; also an engine of war to batter the walls of a town, or to scale them. Lat.
SAMI'CAS, f. m. (a vulgar word.) See *COITADINHO*.
Samicas, adv. (an antiquated word) perhaps, peradventure.
Samicas and *Nego*, were also expletive particles, answering to the Greek *men* and *gar*.
SAMO, f. m. the white sap on the outside next the bark, subject to rot.
SAMORI'M, f. m. (in India) zamorin, the name given to the king of Calicut, and other princes.

S A N

SANATIVO, a, adj. wholesome, &c. See *MEDICINAL*.
SANCADI'LHA, f. f. ex. *Usar de sancadilha*, to supplant, or throw, by striking the thing against which an adversary sets the foot fast, by a sudden motion.
Sancadilha, (metaph.) skip, hop, snare, fraud.
Armar sancadilha, to lay a snare, or an ambush.
SANCHINAS. See *COGUMÉLOS*.
SANCO, f. m. (with falconers) that part of a bird's leg which has no flesh on it.

S A N

SANCRISTAM, f. m. the sacristan, or sexton, who looks to the vestry and church stuff, a vestry-keeper.
SANCRISTI'A, f. f. the sacristy or vestry, where all the church stuff is kept.
SANCTA *Sanctum*, the Holy of Holies, Sanctum Sanctorum.
SANCTUS, the words said by the priest in the mass, viz. sanctus, sanctus, &c. *Campainha que se toca quando o sacerdote diz sanctus*, sance-bell, &c.
SANDA'LLA, f. f. a sandal, a sort of slipper or shoe for the foot, consisting of a sole, with an hollow at one end to embrace the ankle; also wooden shoes, worn by some friars.
SANDALO *pao*, sandal, or sanders, a kind of wood brought from India.
SANDARA'CA, f. f. sandarac, a mineral of a bright red colour.
SANDE'U, f. m. a fool, or mad man.
SANDICE, f. f. folly.
SANEA'DO, a, adj. repaired, &c. See
SANEA'R, v. a. to make amends, to recompense, to repair, to make up, to retrieve, to recover.
Santar, *su reparar danos*, &c. to make amends for damages, &c.
Saneár, to mitigate, to allay, appease, or diminish. See also *EXPIAR*.
Saneár, to amend, correct, to make better.
SANEDRI'M. See *SYNEDRIM*.
SANFA, f. f. the valence of a bed.
SANFONHA, f. f. a pastoral pipe. From the Ital. *fampegna*.
SANFON'NA, f. f. cymbal, a musical instrument.
SANFONINEIRO, f. m. he who plays upon that instrument.
SANGIA'CO, f. m. sangiac, a governor of a city or country in the Turkish dominions, next in dignity to a beglerbeg.
SANGRA'DO, a, adj. blooded, let blood. See *SANGRAR*.
SANGRADO'R, f. m. a blood-letter, one who lets blood.
SANGRADO'URO, f. m. the part opposite to the elbow, where they use to let blood.
SANGRADU'RA, f. f. idem. See also *SINGRADURA*.
SANGRAR, v. a. to let blood, to bleed, to open a vein; also to cut trenches to carry off water, to drain, to let the water out (metaph.)
Sangrar, to pillage, to drain, to rob, to take all the money from, to consume, to exhaust.
Sangrar-se, v. r. to bleed, to evacuate or lose blood.
SANGUE, f. m. blood. Lat. *sanguis*; sometimes it is taken for kindred, or consanguinity, blood.
Destar sangue, to bleed, to lose blood.
Tirar sangue. See *SANGRAR*.
Sangue de drago, dragon's blood, the gum of the dragon-tree.
Esancar, ou *vidar o sangue*, to stanch or stop the blood.

S A N

Pedra que estanca o sangue, blood-stone.
Sangue coado, gore, congealed, corrupt, or clotted blood.
Ter o sangue na guelra, is for the fish to be quite fresh.
Fluxo de sangue, bloody-flux.
Salpicado de sangue, blood-boltered, blood sprinkled.
Que não tem sangue, bloodless.
Carne e sangue, (in the sacred writ) flesh and blood.
Fazer guerra a sangue e fogo, to destroy all with fire and sword, to burn the houses, and put the inhabitants to the sword.
Príncipe do sangue, a prince of the blood.
Sangue frio, cold blood, presence of mind.
Matar a, ou em sangue frio, to kill in cool blood.
Sangue de porco, &c. *guizado*, the blood of a hog, &c. seasoned and made into meat, a blood-pudding.
P. cuspir sangue em escudella de ouro, to spit blood in a gold basin; to have much wealth, and little enjoyment of it.
P. ter sangue no elbo, to stand upon one's reputation, to be nice in points of honour.
Sangue-chuva, ou *fluxo de sangue*, bloody-flux (a vulgar word.)
SANGUE'NTO, a, adj. bloody, daubed with blood.
SANGUESUGA, or *Sanguexuga*, f. f. a leech.
SANGUICEL, f. m. a sort of small ship in India.
SANGUICHU'GA, f. f. a leech.
SANGUIFICA'CAM, f. f. (with physicians) sanguification, the turning of chyle into blood.
SANGUIFICA'DO, a, adj. turned into blood, sanguified.
SANGUIFICA'R, v. a. to sanguify.
SANGUINA'RIO, a, adj. sanguinary, bloody, cruel, bloody-minded.
SANGUI'NEO, a, adj. sanguine, full of blood. See also *SANGUINHO*.
SANGUI'NHA, f. f. male knot-grass, or swine-grass, bloodwort, or wall-wort. Lat. *berba sanguinalis*.
SANGUI'NHO, a, adj. sanguine, full of blood; also sanguine, a being of a complexion where that humour is predominant. See also *SANGUINARIA*.
Pao sanguinho, a sort of wood, that is of a blood-colour. It comes from Terceira, one of the Western Islands.
Sanguiebo, f. m. purificatory, a little cloth with which the priest wipes the chalice after receiving the blessed Sacrament.
SANGUINOLENTO, a, adj. See *SANGUINARIO*.
Modo sanguinolento, a barbarous manner.
SANGUINO'SO, a, adj. bloody, barbarous, cruel.
SANGUISU'GA, *Sanguisuga*, *Sanguichuga*, or *Sanguixuga*, f. f. a leech. Lat. *hirudo*.

S A N

S A O

S A P

SANHA, f. f. wrath, fury, rage; corruptly from *insania*, madness.
P. amansi sua sanha, quem por si mesmo se engana, he that cheats himself must curb his passion.
SANHEDRIM. See **SYNEDRIM**.
SANHO'SO, a, adj. angry, wrathful, ill-tempered, peevish.
SANHUDO, a, adj. idem.
Sanbudo, ou mal assebrado, ill-favoured.
SANIDA'DE, f. f. (among surgeons) the healing of a wound.
SAN'JA, f. f. a gutter, or drain in the fields.
Sanja dos bacellos, a furrow, or conveyance for water from the young vines.
SANJA'CO, f. m. an officer, leader, or commander of the Turkish troops.
SANIES, (in physic) *sanies*. Lat.
SANJOANE'IRA, f. f. a sort of pear, which ripens about Midsummer day. Hence its name; because *dia de S. Joao*, is Midsummer day.
SANIOSO, a, adj. (in physic) *sanious*.
SANTA, f. f. See **SANTO**, f. m.
SANTAFOLHO, f. m. the reverse.
SANTAMENTE, adv. holily.
SANTAM, f. m. an hypocrite.
SANTAREM, Santarem, anciently Scalabis, a town of the Portuguese Ilhemadura, situated on the Tagus.
SANTA-Santorum. See **SANCTA-Sanctorum**.
SANTEAMEN. See **SANTIAMEN**.
SANTEIRO, f. m. a devout man, a votary; also one that is superstitiously devoted. It is little used.
SANTE LMO, f. m. the name commonly given to a saint, whose proper name is *São Pedro Gonzales Telmo*; yet Covarrubias says, that *Santelmo* is a corruption of *Erasmus* to *Ermo*, and thence to *Elmo*, so *Santelmo*. At sea they give this name to certain lights, or exhalations, which sometimes appear about the masts in storms, and which the sailors look upon as a good omen. They call it also *Corpo Santo*, and *Casor and Polux*.
SANTIA'GO, f. m. Saint Jago, or Compostella, the capital of Galicia in Spain.
Ordem militar de Santiago, the order of knights of St. James the apostle, in Spain.
Santiago, i. e. St. James, the cry de guerre of the Spaniards. *Dar santiago*, to call upon St. James at the first engaging of armies.
SANTIAMEN, ou *Santeamen*, f. m. the twinkling of an eye, the least moment. From *SanTi, Amen*, the last words said in making the sign of the cross.
SANTI'CO, so they anciently called a jewel for the breast.
SANTIDA'DE, f. f. holiness, sanctity. Lat. *sanctitas*.
Sua santidade, his holiness, the pope.
SANTIFICACAM, f. f. sanctification, sanctifying.

SANTIFICA'DO, a, adj. sanctified, hallowed.
SANTIFICA'NTE, p. a. sanctifying.
SANTIFICA'R, v. a. to sanctify, or hallow, to make holy. See also **LOUVAR**, and **HONRAR**.
SANTIMO'NIA, f. f. sanctity.
SANTI'NHA, f. f. *Santinho*, f. m. a little saint.
SANTI'SSIMAMENTE, adv. most holy.
SANTI'SSIMO, a, adj. most holy.
O santissimo, f. m. the holy Eucharist.
SANTO, a, adj. holy, blessed, godly, sacred. See also **SAM**.
A santa se, the holy sec.
Corpo santo. See **SANTE'LMO**.
A Semana Santa, the Holy Week before Easter.
O santo padra, the holy father, the pope.
Anno santo, ou do jubilo. See **ANNO**.
Santo, f. m. *Santa*, f. f. a saint.
Todos os Santos, All-Saints,
Dia de Todos os Santos, All-Saints day.
P. o rio passado, o santo não lembrado, when the river is past, the saint is forgotten; we say, vows made in storms are soon forgot.
Santo, (in military affairs) the word, or watch-word; so called, because it used to be the name of a saint.
SANTOLA, f. f. a kind of sea crab-fish. Lat. *maja*.
SANTOR, f. m. (in heraldry) saltire, a saltier; that is St. Andrew's cross. From the French *sauoir*.
SANTORAL, f. m. a book of sermons, or panegyrics; also a book containing the lives of saints.
SANTORUM, (in the province of Beyra.) See **PDM per Deos**.
SANTUÁRIO, f. m. (with the ancient Jews) sanctuary, the holy of holies.
Santuário, a shrine to hold the reliques of a saint, or any sacred things.

S A O

São, is used before the names of saints that begin with a consonant; as *São Francisco*, St. Francis. But *Santo* is used before the names of saints that begin with a vowel; as *Santo Antonio*, St. Antony.
São is also the third person of the present of the indicative mode of the verb *ser*, to be; as, *elles são*, they are,
São, São, adj. sound, wholesome, healthy, healthful.
São e salvo, safe and sound.
São, (speaking of fruit, &c.) sound, whole, not rotten, not broken.
São doutrina, sound, wholesome, or true doctrine.
Elle he homem de são juizo, he has a sound judgment, he is a rational, or judicious man.
Homem são, que não se embusteyra, an honest man.
São conselho, prudent advice.

S A P

S A P

S'PA, f. f. a spade. From the Ital. *zappa*. It is not used.
SAPA'L, ou *Capal*, f. m. a place full of toads; also an oozy or marshy place.
SAPATA, ou *Çapata*, f. f. a sort of boot without *canbão*. See **CANHAM de bota**.
Feijam sapata. See **FEIJAM**.
SAPATA'DA, f. f. a blow with a shoe.
SAPATARIA, ou *Çapataria*, f. f. the street or place where the shoe-makers live.
SAPATEA'DO, f. m. a sort of dance. See
SAPATEAR, ou *Çapatear*, v. n. to dance, or jump, striking at the same time with the hand the sole of the shoe; also to play briskly upon a guitar, &c.
SAPATE'IRA *azeitona*. See **AZEITONA**.
Sapatira, a sort of crab.
SAPATE'IRO, ou *Çapatêro*, f. m. a shoe-maker.
Sapatiro que faz chinellas, he that makes slippers.
SAPATE'TA, the act of dancing, or jumping, &c. See **SAPATEAR**.
SAPATTINHA, f. f. a small boat, &c. See **SAPATA**.
SAPATTINHO, ou *Çapatinho*, a small shoe.
SAPATTO, ou *Çapato*, f. m. a shoe.
Meter-se em bum sapato, to creep into a shoe for fear, (speaking of a man that is very fearful.)
Andar com sapatos de feliro, to move very secretly, and carefully.
Sapatos de malbão, (a vulgar expression) a shoe made of raw leather, fit only for a clown, or peasant.
Sápe, ou çape, the word used in Portugal to a cat, to bid her be gone; as we say, come out.
SAPHENÁ *veia*, (in anatomy) saphena, the crural vein Arab.
SAPHICO *verso*, (in poetry) Sapphic, a kind of Greek and Latin verse.
SAPHIRA. See **SAFIRA**.
SAP'IA, f. f. a fir-tree or wood, deal.
SAPIENCIA, f. f. sapience, wisdom. Lat. *sapientia*.
SAPIENTE, adj. sapient, wise.
Sapiente, f. m. a sapient or wise man.
SAPIENTEMENTE, adv. wisely.
SAPINHO, f. m. a small toad.
Sapinho, the thrush in children.
S'APO, f. m. a toad.
Sapo do mato, ou arroa que vive nas montas. See **RAA**.
Sapo cincho, (in the province of Minho.) See **CA'GADO**.
Pedra de sapo, toadstone, a concretion supposed to be found in the head of a toad.
SAPON, f. m. a sort of Indian wood like Brasil.
SAPONARIA, f. f. the herb soapwort. Lat.

S A R

S A Q

SAQUABU'XA. See **SACABUXA**.
SA'QUE, *cu Saco*, f. m. sack, pillage, plunder; also the act of drawing a bill of exchange.
SAQUEA'DO, *a*, adj. sacked, plundered, pillaged.
SAQUEADOR, f. m. a plunderer.
SAQUEAR, v. a. to sack, to plunder, to pillage.
SAQUETARI'A, f. f. the king's pantry, or the place in the king's palace where the bread was set up (an antiquated word.)
SAQUEARIO, *Saquitário, cu Saquidore*, f. m. the man who had the charge of the king's pantry.
SAQUETE, f. m. a small sack or bag.
SAQUINHO, f. m. idem.
SAQUINO. See **ZEQUIM**.
SAQUITE, f. m. See **SAQUETE**.

S A R

SARABA'NCO, f. m. the jolting of a coach.
SARABANDA, f. f. the saraband, a dance.
SARABATA'NA, *cu Zaravatano*, f. f. a trunk to shoot with; also a sort of speaking trumpet, invented by Morland, an English gentleman.
SARABULHENTO, *a*, adj. full of sand, or small stones; also full of pushes, pimples, or wheals.
SARABULHO, f. m. sand, or small stones.
Sarabulho, the blood of a hog, or mutton made into meat.
SARACA, f. f. a sort of cloth that comes from Cape Verde; also a sort of Indian cloth.
SARACOTEADO, p. of
SARACOTEAR, v. n. to gad, to ramble, to range or straggle about without any settled purpose.
SARA'DO, *a*, adj. cured, &c. See **SARAR**.
SARAFI'NA, f. f. long-ells, a sort of stuff.
SARA'IVA, f. f. See **GRANIZO**.
SARAMAGO, f. m. the wild rape.
P. saramago com toucinho, he cousta de bo-mem miquinho, wild rape and bacon is the food of a miser.
SARAMATULOS, f. m. the velvets, or the tender shoots of a flag; they are good for eating.
SARAMBEQUE, f. m. a dance very gay and merry.
SARAMBU'RA, f. f. a sort of cloth made of cotton; it comes from Bengal.
SARAMENHE'YRA, f. f. a sort of pear-tree so called.
SARAME'N, f. m. a sort of small pear so called.
SARAME'N, f. m. the measles. The Arabians call it also *saramelo*, &c.
SARAMBU

S A R

SARAMU'GO, f. m. a sort of fish so called.
SARA'O, f. m. a ball or meeting for dancing.
SARAO, f. m. a night's rendezvous, where the neighbours meet to pass friendly and sociably some part of the long winter's night; also the task or piece of work made in that time.
SARAPATE'L, f. m. the blood of hogs boiled and made into meat.
SARAPULHA, f. f. *sarapulhento*. See **SARABULHO**, and **SARABULHENTO**.
SARA'R, v. a. to heal, to cure. Lat. *sarare*; also to refit a thing that was broken, to reunite its parts.
Sarar, v. n. to heal, to grow well; used of wounds and sores.
Sarar, to mend, to recover one's health, or only to recover.
SARA'SSA, f. f. (in the province of Beyra) a sort of snare for wolves.
SARÇA, f. f. a briar, a bramble, a thorn, a bush.
Sarça-parilba. See **SALSAPARRILHA**.
SARCINA, a Latin word. See **CARGA**.
SARCOCELE, f. m. sarcocoele, a rupture; they call it also *bernia carnosa*.
SARCOCOLLA, f. f. sarcocolla, a gum oozing out of a thorny tree in Persia or India.
SARCOMA, and not *Sarcocoma*, f. f. sarcoma, a fleshy excrescence, especially in the nostrils.
SARCO'PHAGO, f. m. sarcophagus, a tomb-stone, or coffin made of a stone, so called because it would consume a dead body in forty days.
SARCOTICOS, f. m. (in medicine) *sarcotics*.
SARDA, f. f. a sort of small mackerel.
Sarda do rosto, a freckle, a speckle in the face.
SARDAM, f. m. a sort of green lizard, a great enemy to snakes.
SARDENHA, f. f. Sardinia, an island in the Mediterranean sea.
SARDE'NTO, *a*, that has freckles, or specks in the face.
SARDI'NHA, f. f. a pilchard.
P. nem cada dia rabo de sardinha; we say, every day is not Sunday.
SARDINHEIRA, a net to fish pilchards with; also a sort of boat for the same purpose.
SARDINHE'YRA, f. f. *Sardinhire*, f. m. a woman or man who sells pilchards.
SARDIO, f. m. a kind of a stone called a cornaline.
SARDONI'A, f. f. the sardonius, a precious stone, of the colour of a man's nail at top, and somewhat reddish at bottom.
SARDONICO *riso*, a sardonian, or sardonic laughter.
SARGA, f. f. a sort of grapes so called.

S A R

SARGA'ÇO, f. m. sargasso, a sea weed or herb found in vast quantities upon the surface of the sea, about the tropic of Cancer.
SARGE, serge, a sort of woollen stuff.
SARGENTA, f. f. See **SANJA**.
SARGENTEA'DO, p. of
SARGENTEA'R, v. a. to do the duty of a serjeant.
SARGE'NTO, f. m. a serjeant.
Sargento mor, a major of a regiment.
Sargento mor de batalha, cu de brigada, a major-general.
SARGETA *imperial*, a sort of serge of a very fine thread.
SARGO, f. m. a sort of mullet. Lat. *sargus*. Some say it signifies the fish called bream. Lat. *abramis*.
SARICA, f. f. a long pike, spear, or javelin; a word used only by poets. Lat. *sarissa*.
SARJA'DO, *a*, adj. scarified.
Ventoja sarjada, a cupping-glass applied after scarifying.
SARJADOR, f. m. an instrument called scarificator.
SARJADU'RD, f. f. scarification, scarifying.
SARJA'R, v. a. to scarify, cut or lance.
Sarjar o dinheyro a algum, (a burlesque phrase) to cheat one of his money.
SARILHA'DO, *a*, adj. reeled.
SARILHA'R, v. a. to reel thread or yarn.
SARILHO, *cu Sarilho*, f. m. a reel for thread or yarn.
SARMENTO, f. m. a twig, or branch of a vine cut off. From the Lat. *sarmentum*.
SARNA, f. f. the itch.
SARNE'NTO, *a*, adj. itchy.
SARNO'SO, *a*, adj. itchy.
SARO, *a*, adj. a dark reddish colour.
SARPA'DO, *a*, adj. weighed (speak of an anchor.)
SARPA'R, v. n. (a sea-term) to weigh anchor.
SARRABULHO, f. m. See **SARABULHO**.
SARRAFAÇADO, *Sarrafado*. See **SARJADO**.
SARRAFAÇAR, *cu Sarrasar*. See **SARJAR**.
SARRA'HAS. See **SERRALHAS**.
SARRALHEIRO. See **CERRALHEIRO**.
SARRE'NTO, *a*, adj. tartarous, full of sarre. See **SAKRO**.
SARRILHA. See **SERRILHA**.
SARRO, f. m. tartar, a kind of salt which sticks to wine casks like a hard stone.
Sarre, the fur that gathers on a man's tongue in a fever; also the fur about a chamber-pot, or the like.
SARRU'GA, f. f. See **ARESTA**.
SARTA'GEM, f. f. (an antiquated word.) See **FRIGIDE'YRA**.

S A S

SASSAFRA'Z. See **SALSAPRAZ**.

S A T

S A V

S A T

SATANA'Z, f. m. satan, the devil.
SATELLITE, f. m. (in astronomy) satellite, a secondary planet, moving round another planet.
SATIRA, *Satirica*, &c. See **SATYRA**, *Satyrice*, &c.
SATISFAÇAM, f. f. satisfaction. *Tomar satisfação*, to make one's self satisfaction, to revenge an affront.
SATISFACTORIO, a, adj. satisfactory.
SATISFAZER, v. a. to satisfy, to please, or content; also to satisfy, to pay or discharge a debt.
Satisfazer a sua obrigação, to discharge a duty or obligation, to acquit an obligation.
Satisfazer hum agravo, to revenge an affront.
Satisfazer, to make amends.
Satisfazer aos argumentos, to answer the objections.
SATISFEITO, a, adj. satisfied, content, &c. See the verb.
Elle não vey satisfeito, he goes away discontented, or displeased.
SATI'VO, a, adj. (in botanic writings) sative, which is sown in gardens or fields.
SATTO, f. m. a sort of long snake so called.
SATRAPA, f. m. a satrap, a governor of a Persian province of old, a peer of a realm.
SATURAGEM, f. f. See **SEGURELHA**.
SATURNAL'ES festas, Saturnalia, the feasts of Saturn (among the Romans.)
SATURNINO, a, adj. Saturnian, Saturnine.
SATURNIO, a, adj. idem.
SATURNO, f. m. Saturn, one of the planets; also Saturn, or lead (with alchymists.)
SATYRA, f. f. a satire or lampoon.
SATYRICO, a, adj. satirical, biting, nipping, tart, sharp, abusive.
SATYRIZADO, a, adj. satirised, lampooned.
SATYRIZA'R, v. a. to satirise, to lampoon.
SATY'RO, f. m. a satyr, a fabulous demi god.

S A V

SAVANDI'JA, any nasty or filthy insect.
Savandija, (metaph.) one good for nothing, or a bad man.
SAUCO, f. m. I think it is the coffin-bone of a horse.
SAUDAÇAM, f. f. salutation, greeting.
SAUDA'DE, f. f. properly is that longing, cravings, or great desire one has to see a person he dotes upon. Lat. *desiderium*. See **SAUDAR**. Dr. Swift calls it *desiderium*.
Tenho muitas saudades delle, I long mightily to see him.

S A Y

Meo com saudades de o ver, I die with impatience to see him.
Matar, ou desajogar saudades. See **DESAFOGAR SAUDADES**.
A todos dizem saudades de si, he was missed by every body.
Dai-lhe muitas saudades da minha parte, remember me to him.
Saudade, cravingness, an earnest or eager desire after a thing.
Saudade, a flower so called.
SAUDA'DO, a, adj. saluted.
SAUDADOR, f. m. a saluter, he who salutes. See also **SALUDADOR**.
SAUDA'R, v. a. to salute, to greet, to hail. Lat. *salutare*.
Saudar a algum, ou tirar-lhe o chapéo, to salute one, to pull off one's hat to him.
O meu filho vos saudu, eu vos manda muitas saudades, my son commendeth or remembereth himself unto you.
Saudai-o, ou dai-lhe saudades da minha parte, commend me to him, or present my service to him.
Saudar, to wish health. See also **ACCLAMAR**.
Saudar a quem saudu, to re-salute, to salute again.
O saudar a quem saudu, a re-salutation, the act of saluting again.
Saudar-se, v. r. to salute one another.
SAUDA'VEL, adj. sound, wholesome, good, useful, profitable; both in the proper and figurative sense.
Saudavel conselho, wholesome advice, a piece of good or wholesome counsel.
SAUDA'VELMENTE, adv. wholesomely.
SAU'DE, f. f. health. Lat. *salus*.
Estar de saude, to be in health.
Beber a saude de algum, to drink one's health.
Saude, life, preservation, safety, welfare.
Casa da saude, a tribunal which sends proper officers on board ships to see whether there is any person infected with the plague, &c.
SAUDO'SO, a, adj. that longs mightily to see another, &c. See **SAUDADE**. See also **VISTOSO**.
Olhos saudosos, languishing eyes, such as those of a languishing lover.
SAVEIRO, f. m. a sort of fisher's boat; also the fisherman that fishes in it.
SA'VEL, f. m. the fish called *o lavo* or shad. Lat. *alosa*.
SAVELHA, f. f. a little shad.
SATI'NA. See **SABINA**.

S A X

SAXATIL, adj. that is, or liveth among the rocks and stones.
SAXIFRAGIA, f. f. the herb called saxifrage.

S A Y

SAYA, f. f. a woman's petticoat, generally taken for an upper one.

Y y y

S C H

Saya de malba. See **MALHA**.
SAYAGUEZ, f. m. this name properly belongs to the poor country people about Zamora, in Spain; so called because they were clothed in sack-cloth; hence the name is given to any poor country, or rather mountain people.
SAYAL, f. m. coarse sack-cloth.
SAYAM, f. m. a sort of houseleek, or jubarb.
Sayaõ, (an antiquated word) a hangman or executioner; so called, because he used to wear a great coat of sackcloth.
SAYNETE. See **SAINETE**.
SAYO, f. m. a sort of loose upper coat.

S A Z

SAZAM, or *Sezaõ*, f. f. the state of being seasoned, or brought to maturity; also season, time, or proper time.
Sazon de febre, the fit of an ague.
SAZADO, *Sazar*. See **SAZONADO**, *Sazanar*.
SAZONADO, a, adj. seasoned, brought to maturity. See
SAZONAR, v. a. to season, to ripen, to bring to maturity.
Sazonar, (metaph.) to season, to temper, to sweeten, to set off one's words in an agreeable manner.

S C A

SCALENO Triangulo, (in geometry) scalenum.
SCALENOS, (in anatomy) scaleni, three muscles of the chest.
SCANTILHAM. See **ESCANTILHAM**.

S C E

SCENA, f. f. a scene in a play.
Decoraçõ da scena, decoration.
SCE'NICO, a, adj. scenical, belonging to the stage.
SCENOGRAPHIA, f. f. scenography, the draught of any building, shewing the groundplot, front, and one of the sides of it. Greek.
SCENOPEGIA, ou *Cenopegia*, f. f. Scenopegia, a feast of the Jews, more commonly called the Feast of Tabernacles.
SCEPTICO, a, adj. sceptical, or sceptic.
Scepticos, f. m. the Sceptics, a sect of philosophers.
SCEPTRO, f. m. a sceptre. Lat. *scptum*.

S C H

SCHELM, ou *Selim*, f. m. so they call our shilling, as well as those of other nations.
Valer de hum schelim, a shilling's worth.
SCHOLASTICO. See **ESCOLASTICO**, and **ESTUDANTE**.
Scholástico, a, adj. scholastic.
Theologia scholastica, school divinity.
SCHO.

S C O

SCHO'LIO, f. m. a scholium, or scholion, a gloss; also a scholium (with mathematicians.)

S C I

SCIAGRAPHIA, or *Sciographia*, f. f. (in architecture) sciagraphy, or sciography.

SCIATÉ'RICA, f. f. sciagraphy, the art of disilling.

SCIATICA, ou *Crática*, f. f. the sciatic pain in the hip.

SCIEN'CIA, f. f. science, perfect knowledge; also learning, erudition, knowledge.

SCIEN'TE, adj. learned.

SCIENTEMEN'TE, adv. wittingly, knowingly, on set purpose.

SCIENTIFICAMENTE, adv. scientifically, learnedly.

SCIENTIFICO, a, adj. scientific, learned.

SCILLA, f. f. (with botanists) scilla, squill, or sea-onion.

SCILLITICO *vinho*, scillites, wine wherein squills have been steeped.

Scillitico vinagre, vinegar of squills.

SCINCUS, f. m. a kind of crocodile, or newt, about the river Nile. Lat.

SCINTILA, f. f. a spark of fire, a sparkle. Lat. *scintilla*.

SCINTILAÇAM, f. f. a sparkling, or scintillation.

SCINTILADO, part. of **SCINTILAR**.

SCINTILANTE, p. a. sparkling.

SCINTILAR, ou *Cintilar*, v. n. to scintillate, to sparkle like fire.

SCIOGRAPHIA. See **SCIAGRAPHIA**.

SCI'RO, ou *scirrho*, f. m. scirrhomia, or scirrhus, an induration of the glands.

SCIRROSO, a, adj. scirrhus.

SCISMA, *Sismaico*. See **CISMA**, *Cismatico*.

SCYTALE, *Scytale*, ou *Scytal*, a sort of serpent with a back of a wonderful glittering colour. Lat. *scytala*.

Scytale, a little round staff, an invention for the secret writing of letters to correspondents, *scytala laconica*.

S C L

SCLERO'TICA *Tunica*, (in anatomy) the sclerotic coat of the eye.

S C O

SCOCIA. See **ESCOCIA**.

SCOLOPE'NDRA, f. f. a venomous insect, with eight feet and a pecked tail. Lat.

Scelopendra, the herb ceterach, or ceterach, much like to fern, wall-fern, stone-fern, milk-waist, spleen-wort. Lat. *asplenium*.

SCO'PO, f. m. (with physicians) aim, scope, end.

SCORBUTO, f. m. the scurvy, a disease.

Erva contra o scorbuto, scurvy-grass.

Que vin scorbuto, scurvy, troubled with the scurvy.

S E

SCORDIO. See **CAMEDRYS**.

SCOTIA, scotia, a member of architecture.

SCOTISTAS, f. m. Scotists, divines who follow the opinions of John Duns Scotus, called the Subtle Doctor.

SCOTOMIA. See **ESCOFOMIA**.

S C R

SCRUTINIO, f. m. scrutinizing.

S C U

SCURBUTO. See **SCORBUTO**.

S C Y

SCYLLA, f. f. Scylla, a rock in the sea between Sicily and Italy, over against the gulf of Charybdis, so that the passage there is dangerous for ships; whence the Latin proverb, *Incidit in Scyllam cupiens vitare Charybdim*; to avoid Scylla, he falls into Charybdis, i. e. to leap out of the frying-pan into the fire.

SCYTALE, ou *Scytal*. See **SCYTALE**.

S E

SE. See **SEE**.

Se, a pronoun conjunctive, one's self, himself, herself, themselves, itself.

Fazer-se mal, to hurt one's self.

Ela louva-se a si mesma, she praises her self.

Elles divertem-se, they divert themselves.

Se se offerece a occasião, if the occasion offers itself.

Note, The verbs used with this reflected pronoun, are called in Portuguese, *verbos reflexivos*, or *neutros passivos*, that is, reflected verbs, or neuter passives; but especially such verbs as are never or very seldom used without this pronoun; such as,

Arrepende-se, to repent.

Altera-se, to forbear.

Queixar-se, to complain.

Lembrar-se, to remember, &c.

Na necessidade se conhecem os amigos, friends are known in time of need.

Se is sometimes impersonally, and then Englished by *it is, they, somebody, out, people, &c.* ex. *Diz-se*, ou *conta-se*, it is reported, they say.

Que-se dirá? what will the world say? *Cri-se*, ou *julgase*, 'tis believed, or it is thought.

Cuidar-se ha no que vos pertence, your concerns will be taken care of.

Tereis bá cuidado de vos, you shall be taken care of.

Em França bebe-se bom vinho, there is good wine drank in France.

Se, (*hum ao outro*, ou *hum aos outros*) each other, one another; as, *elles conhecem-se*, ou *elles conhecem-se huns aos outros*, they know one another.

Se is sometimes followed by *me, lhe, &c.* as,

S E C

Offerece-se-me, it is offered to me.

Representou-se-lhe, it was represented to him, &c.

Se, conj. if, in case.

Se vos vierdes, if you come.

Como se, as if.

Se vos disserem, if they tell you.

Se if, is elegantly omitted in English, but not in Portuguese, as,

Se vos me amassais! did you love me!

Se eu o tivesse visto! had I seen it!

Se ell foyse homem de bem, were he but an honest man.

Se, if, whether.

Não sey se he verdade, I do not know if, or whether it be true.

Vos perguntais se vos amo, you ask whether I love you.

Não sey se o farey, ou não, I know not whether I shall do it or no.

Que se, &c. and if, &c.

Se tem, although. Lat. *quaque*.

S E A

SEA'RA, f. f. standing corn. Latin, *seges*.

SEAREIRO, f. m. a tiller, a husbandman, a sower.

Seareiro, (in the province of Alentejo) a poor farmer, one that has a little farm.

S E B

SEBA. See **ALGA**.

SEBA'STO, f. m. the long stripe in the middle of a chasuble.

SEBE, f. f. a sepiment, hedge, or fence. Lat. *sepi*.

Cercar com sebe, to fence, to hedge, to inclose, or encompass with air hedge.

SE'DO, ou *Cebo*, f. m. tallow. Lat. *sebum*.

SEBOSO, a, adj. tallowy, greasy.

S E C

SE'CA. See **MECA**.

P. correr seca e mata, *colivares de santarem*, it is said of one who is a great traveller.

Séca, ou *secca*, f. f. a dry season, drench.

SECA'NTE, f. f. (in trigonometry) secant, a secant line.

SECA'R. See **SEQUA'Z**.

SECCA'DO, a, adj. dried, dried up. See **SECCAR**.

SECCAMENTE, adv. dry, in a dry place; also coldly, slenderly, dully, weakly.

Secamente, dully, roughly.

SECCA'R, v. a. to dry, to dry up.

Secar, v. n. to dry, to grow dry, to wither; also to end, to have an end. (Metaph.)

Secar-se, v. r. to dry, or grow dry, to wither; also to end, to have an end. (metaph.)

SECÇÃO, f. f. section, division of a thing.

Secção de hum livro, the section of a book.

Secçam, (with mathematicians) section. *Secçam*

S E C

S E D

S E G

Secam canica, conic section.
Secam, (in architecture) section.
SECCO, See **SECO**.
SECEA'DO, p. of
SECEA'R, v. n. to lisp, to speak with too frequent appulses of the tongue to the teeth or palate, like children.
SECIO'SO. See **CICIOSO**.
SECO, ou **SECCO**, a, adj. dry, without moisture. Lat. *seccus*.
Seco, (speaking of trees, &c.) dry, dead, withered.
Missa seca, a dry mass, a mass said without a consecrated host, among the Roman catholics.
Seco, ou *que tem o espirito seco*, that wants fervour or sensibility in devotion.
Seco, (speaking of an answer, reprimand, &c.) dry, rough, tart, sharp, severe, cutting.
Seco estilo, dry, barren, empty, poor, or flat style.
Discurso seco, a dry discourse.
Seco, ou *muito magro*, lean, all skin and bones.
Seco, rude, austere, of no conversation, peevish. See also **AVARENTO**.
Não seco, a flat denial.
Amã seca, (in the foundling hospital) an old woman that takes care of the other nurses.
Comer pão seco, to eat dry bread.
Ter hum riso seco, to laugh from the teeth outward.
Correr arvore seca. See **CORRER**.
SECO, f. m. dryness; also dry ground.
Em seco, on dry ground.
Dar em seco, ou *ficar em seco*, (sea phrases) is for a ship to be stranded. See **ENCALHAR**, v. n.
Ficar em seco, (metaph.) to be at a stand, not to know what to say.
Soldada a seco, wages given to a servant without boarding, or cloaths.
SECRESTO. See **SEQUESTRO**.
SECRETA, f. f. secret prayers, such as are said by the Romish priests at the altar.
Secreta, a privy, a necessary house.
SECRETAMENTE, adv. secretly, privately, in secret, in private.
SECRETARIA, f. f. secretaryship, or a secretary's place; also a secretary's office.
SECRETARIA'R, v. n. to be a secretary, to write letters, &c.
SECRETARIO, f. m. a secretary; also one that keeps counsel.
SECRETAS, the plural of *secreta*, a privy, a necessary house.
SECRETO, a, adj. secret, private, hidden.
Homem secreto, a man that keeps counsel.
SECTA, ou **SETTA**, f. f. a sect, a faction.
SECTA'RIO, f. m. a sectary, one that holds with a sect.
SECUA'R, adj. secular, lay, temporal.
Clero secular, the secular clergy; in opposition to the regular clergy.
Jogos seculares, the secular games or

plays; so called, because they happened but once in an age, or an hundred years.
Brasç secular, the laity. See **BRAÇO**.
Secular, f. m. a layman.
SECULO, f. m. an age, or century.
Seculo durado, the golden-age, happy times.
Elle viveo no terçeyro seculo, he lived in the third century.
O nosso seculo, our age, the age we live in.
O seculo de Augusto, Augustus's age, or time.
Aquelle era hum seculo barbaro, ou *ignorante*, that was an ignorant age.
Seculo, age, world.
SECUNDARIAMENTE, adv. secondarily.
SECUNDARIO, a, adj. secondary, not primary.
Secundario sentido, secondary sense.
Flanco secundario, (in fortification) flank oblique, or second flank.
SECONDINAS, f. f. p. secundine, the after-birth.
SECUNDO GENITO, f. m. the second son.
SECURA, f. f. drought, dryness; also want of rain; also roughness of temper.

S E D

SE'DA, f. f. silk.
Seda crua, raw silk.
Seda friza, fleaved silk.
Seda, a bristle, a big rough hair.
Por hum jeaú no fio com que se cozem os sapatos, to bristle a shoemaker's thread.
Seda de porco, a hog's bristle.
Manufactura de sedas, silk manufactory.
Seda, ou *fios de seda que servem para coser*, sewing-silk.
SEDA DO, a, adj. See **SEDAR**.
SEDA'LHA, f. f. a fishing-line.
SEDA'R, v. a. to dress flax, to hackle.
O que seda o linho, a flax-man.
SE DE, f. f. thirst, the being dry, dryness.
Apagar, ou *matar a sede*, to quench one's thirst.
Ter sede, to be dry, to thirst.
Morrer de sede, to be almost choaked.
Ter grande sede, to be very dry.
Huma sede de agua, a glass of water or as much water as is sufficient to quench one's thirst. See **AGOA**.
Sede, thirst, greedy, eager, or immoderate desire, (metaph.) See also **ZELO**.
Sede, verb. be ye. See **SER**.
Sede, f. f. see, a bishop's see.
A santa sede apostolica, the holy see.
Sede vacante, a vacant see.
SEDEA'R, v. a. (with goldsmiths) to polish with a brush.
SEDEIRO, f. m. hackle, an instrument for dressing flax.
Passar pelo sedeiro. See **SEDAR**.
SEDE L.A., f. f. a fishing-line, made of bristles.
SEDENHO, f. m. (with surgeons) a cetum or rowel.
Abri'r hum sedenho, to rowel, to pierce

through the skin, and keep the wound open by a rowel.
SEDENTARIO, a, adj. sedentary, sitting much.
SEDE'NTO. See **SEQUIOSO**.
SEDEU'DO, a, adj. brittle, that has many bristles.
SEDIÇAM, f. f. a sedition, tumult, or mutiny.
SEDICIO'SAME'NTE, adv. seditiously, mutinously.
SEDICIO'SO, a, adj. seditious, factious, mutinous.
SEDIÇO, a, adj. stale, not fresh; as, *ova sedico*, a stale egg.
Sedica agua, stagnant water.
SEDIMENTO, f. m. sediment, dregs.
SEDONHO, f. m. a disease in hogs proceeding from bristles in the throat, which hinder the swallowing of food.
SE'DULA, f. f. a billet, a small paper or note folded up.

S E E

SE'E, ou **SE'**, f. f. see, the dignity or seat of an archbishop, or bishop.
A santa se' apostolica, the holy see.
Se', the cathedral church of a city.

S E G

SE'GA, f. f. the harvest, reaping time, or the act of reaping or mowing.
SEGA'DO, a, adj. mowed, or reaped.
SEGADOR, f. m. a mower, a reaper, a harvest man.
SEGADOURO, a, adj. ripe, fit to be mowed.
SEGA'R, v. a. to mow, to reap.
SEGARREGA, f. f. See **CIGARRA**.
Segarrega, a sort of rattle used by boys in the Holy Week.
SE'GE, a two-wheel chaise.
SEGE STA, ou **SEGESTIA**, f. f. (among the ancient Romans) the goddess of corn.
SEGMENTO, f. m. (in geometry) a segment.
SEGRE, f. m. See **SECULO**.
SEGRE'DO, f. m. a secret. Lat. *secretum*.
Em segredo, secretly, in secret.
Segredo, a secret, a way, means, knack.
Segredo, a secret room or dungeon separated from the other rooms in a prison or jail, wherein they use to put people to the rack.
SEGREGA'DO, a, adj. segregated, separated.
SEGREGA'R, v. a. to segregate, to separate.
SEGUIDI'LHAS, f. f. p. a sort of Spanish verse which runs in couplets.
SEGUI'DO, a, adj. followed; also continued, without interruption; also frequented; also coherent. See the v. **SEGUIR**.
SEGUIDO'R, f. m. a follower.
SEGUIMENTO, f. m. following, pursuing; also attendance, retinue.
O que vay em seguimento, a follower, a pursuer; also an attendant or follower, a waiting man.

S E G

Vir em seguimento da corte, to follow the court.

SEGUINTE, adj. next, following.

O capitulo seguinte, the next, or following chapter.

SEGUIR, v. a. Pref. *figo, f.gues, f.gue*, &c. to follow, to go, or come after; also to follow, to attend, accompany, to wait upon.

Seguir a corte, to follow the court.

Seguir as partes de alguém, to follow one's party, to side with him, to stand by him.

Seguir-se, v. r. to follow, to come after another; also to follow, to be consequential, as effect is to cause; also to follow, to be consequential, as inference to premises.

SEGUITO, ou **SEQUITO**, f. m. attendance, train, retinue, attendants; also love, friendship.

SEGUNDA, f. f. (in music) a second, one of the musical intervals. See also **PAREAS**.

Segunda, the second form in a school.

SEGUNDA'DO, a, adj. iterated, &c. See

SEGUNDA'R, v. n. to iterate, to do over again, to begin afresh.

SEGUNDA'RIAMENTE, adv. secondarily.

SEGUN'DAS. See **PAREAS**.

Pão de segundas, bread made of barley, rye, &c. but not of wheat.

SEGUNDA'YO, f. m. a sort of small ancient coin.

SEGU'NDO, f. m. a second, the sixtieth part of a minute of time.

Segundo, a, adj. second.

Em segundo lugar, secondly.

S.m. segundo, ou que não tem segundo, matchless, or peerless.

Causa segunda, (with philosophers) a second, or secondary cause.

Segunde, prep. according to, pursuant to.

Segundo a minha opinião, in my judgment, in my opinion.

SEGU'RA, f. f. the axe, or hatchet used by coopers. From the Lat. *securis*.

SEGURADOR, f. m. an insurer.

SEGURA'DO, a, adj. insured, &c. See the verb **SEGURAR**.

SEGURAME'NTE, adv. safely, without danger.

SEGURANÇA, f. f. the state of being safe, or out of danger, safety; also surety, assurance; also assurance, certainty.

SEGU'RA'R, v. a. to assure, or affirm a thing, to ascertain, to assert, or aver it.

Segurar, to prop, to bear up, to make fast or firm.

Segurar hum vaso para que não caya, to settle a vessel, to make it fast.

Segurar hum navio, to insure a ship.

Segurar, to warrant, to assure, to promise a thing.

Segurar, to secure, to make sure, to defend, to keep safe.

Segurar-se, v. r. to fortify one's self beforehand.

Segurar-se para que não caya, have a care you don't fall.

Segurar-se, to take, or lay hold, to hold fast.

Segurar-se bem a cavallo, to sit fast, or well on horseback.

Segurar-se mal a cavallo, not to sit fast, or well on horseback.

SEGU'RE, f. f. the ax, or hatchet, which was the badge of the supreme authority among the ancient Romans.

SEGU'RE'LHA, f. f. the herb savory.

Segurella, (symbolically) discretion, wisdom.

SEGURIDA'DE, f. f. See **SEGURANÇA**.

SEGU'RO, a, adj. safe, secure, sure. *Em seguro*, safely, out of danger.

Seguro, f. m. insurance.

Casas de seguros, an insurance-office.

Seguro ria, or *Carta de seguro*, safe-guard, the protection which a prince or other magistrate gives to such persons who implore aid against oppression, or the violence of some person, for seeking his right by course of law.

Seguro, he who has obtained a safe-guard.

Tomar carta de seguro, (metaph.) to answer by way of prevention, to meet with an objection foreseen.

Prnder alguém sobre seguro, to arrest a man notwithstanding the safe-guard.

Ir sobre seguro, to go upon sure ground.

S E I

SEIA'DO, p. of

SEIA'R, ou **SEIAR**, v. n. to thieve or fall astern, to put back a galley or boat with oars, without bringing her head about, (a sea-term.)

SE'IBA, f. f. sap, the juice or moisture of a tree. From the French *seve*.

Sriba, the moisture that comes from herbs by chewing them.

SEIDI'CO. See **SEDICO**.

SEIFA, f. f. a sort of fish so called.

SE'IO. See **SEYO**.

SEIRA, **SEIRAM**, &c. See **CEIRA**, **CEIRAM**, &c.

SE'IS, adj. six, half a dozen; *seis vezes*, six times.

Seis, f. m. a six.

Hum seis nas cartas, a six at cards.

Hum seis nos dados, a six, or fix at dice.

Hum seis de conta, a six, the figure six.

SEISCENTOS, as, adj. six hundred.

SEISAGE'SIMO. See **SEXAGESIMO**.

SEISMO, f. m. (with astronomers) I think it is the sixtieth part of a fifth, as a second is the sixtieth part of a degree.

SE'ITA, f. f. See **SECTA**.

SEITI'A, f. f. a sort of vessel like a caravel.

SEITI'L. See **CEITIL**.

SE'IXA, f. f. a sort of bird so called.

SEIXAL, f. m. a place full of stones. Lat. *faxum*.

SEIXI'NHO, f. m. a little stone.

S E M

SE'IXO, f. m. a stone. Lat. *faxum*.

SEIXTAVADO. See **SEXTAVADO**.

S E L

SELADA. See **SALADA**.

SELAMI'M, f. m. a dry measure answerable to our peck, and not much different from it in quantity.

SELE'CTO, a, adj. select, or selected.

SELGA, f. f. See **ALCEGA**.

SELHA, f. f. a sort of tub to carry fish in.

SELICIO, f. m. a sort of woolen cloth.

SELLA, f. f. a saddle.

Sella de berrainas, the great saddle.

Sella raza sem berrainas, a plain pad-saddle.

Taboa, ou *pão de que se faz a sella*, the tree of a saddle.

Voz de tigre ambas as fyllas, a middling voice; that is, neither good, nor bad.

Sella, ou *silbaõ em que montaõ as senhoras*, a fide saddle.

SELLA'DO, a, adj. saddled; also scaled.

SELLADOR, f. m. a sealer.

SELLAGAM, f. m. a sort of saddle, high before and low behind; also a sort of saddle without saddle-bow.

SELLA'R, v. a. to saddle, to put on the saddle; also to seal.

SELLEIRO, f. m. a saddler.

SELLO, f. m. a seal.

Per o sello a hum negocio, to conclude an affair.

Passar huma cousa sem sello, (metaph.) to believe a thing without examining it.

SEL'VA, f. f. a wood. From the Lat. *sylva*.

SELVA'GEM, f. m. See **SALVAGEM**.

SELVA'TICO, a, adj. wild, of the woods. See **SALVATICO**.

S E M

SEM, prep. without. Lat. *fine*.

Sem vida, without life.

Sem, ou *alem*, besides.

Sem as outras gastes que tenho feito, besides the other expences I have been at.

Não posso ve-la sem ama-la, I cannot see her, but I must love her.

Elle virá sem que o chamem, he will come uncalled for.

Todos serão despedaçados sem que hum se escape, they were all cut in pieces, and not one saved.

Vas faris isso sem que eu lá vá, you will do that well enough without my going thither.

Sem is also rendered into English by the particle *less*; as, *sem amigos*, friendless; *sem dinheiro*, moneyless, &c.

SEMA'NA, f. f. a week.

Semana Santa, the Holy Week.

SEMBLADOR, **SEMBLAGEM**. See **SAMBLADOR**, **SAMBLAGEM**.

SEMBLA'NTE, f. m. the countenance, the aspect, by which a man shews the inward motions of joy, fear, &c. so called, because it resembles

S E M

semles in the face, what is in the heart.
SEMBRA'NTE, idem.
SEMBLE'A, f. f. an assembly.
SEMEADA, f. f. a field sowed with any sort of grain.
SEMEADO, a, adj. sowed, &c. according to the verb **SEMEAR**, which see.
SEMEADOR, f. m. a sower. Lat. *sator*.
Semador de discordias, a sower of dissension.
SEMEADU'RA, f. f. sowing, or setting; also the seed that is to be sowed.
SEMEAR, v. a. to sow. Lat. *serere*.
Semear discordias, to sow discord. (Metaph.)
Semear, (metaph.) to spread, to propagate.
Semear huma birria, (Metaph.) to broach an heresy.
Semear trigo, cevada, &c. to sow wheat, barley, &c.
Semear hum campo, to sow a field.
Semear, to seed, to set thick, to cover all over.
Semeados de rosas, strewn with roses. (Metaph.)
Semeados de estrellas, seeded with stars. (Metaph.)
SEMEAS, f. f. p. the coarse part of the wheat, which is not ground into fine flour.
SEMELHA'DO, a, adj. resembled.
SEMELHANÇA, f. f. likeness, resemblance.
SEMELHANTE, adj. like, resembling.
Semelhante, f. m. a simile, or comparison.
P. cada qual ama o seu semelhante, like will to like.
SEMELHANTEMENTE, adv. likely; also moreover.
SEMELHAR, v. a. to resemble, to be like.
SEMELHAVEL, adj. See **SEMELHANTE**. It is rarely used.
SEMELITUDINARIAMENTE. See **SIMILITUDINARIAMENTE**.
SEMENTE, f. f. seed. Lat. *semen*.
Carneiro de semente. See **CARNEIRO**.
SEMENTEYRA, f. f. the time of sowing any grain.
SEMENTEYRO, f. m. the sack full of grain which the sower carries upon his shoulders when he sows.
SEMESTRE, f. m. six months, six months together.
SEMETRIA, f. f. See **SYMMETRIA**.
SEMIBREVE, (in music) semibrief.
SEMICADAVER. See **SEMINORTO**.
SEMICA'PRO, f. m. that is half a goat. Lat. *semicafer*.
SEMICIRCULO, f. m. a semicircle.
SEMICOLCHEA, (in music) semiquaver.
SEMICU'PIO, ou *banho semicupio*, semicupium, a half, or shallow bath.

S E M

SEMIDE'A, ou **SEMIDE'OSA**, f. f. a demi-goddess.
SEMIDEFUNTO, half dead.
SEMIDE'OS, f. m. a demi-god.
SEMIDIA METRO, f. m. (in geometry) a semidiameter.
SEMIDIAPAZAM, (in music) semidiapason, a defective octave.
SEMIDIAPENTE, (in music) semidiapente, a defective fifth, called a false fifth.
SEMIDITO'NO, (in music) semitone.
SEMIDUPLEX, semi-double, one of the three offices of the Roman Breviary.
SEMIFU'SA. See **SEMICOLCHEA**.
SEMINSPIRAÇAM, f. f. (in music) a semi-minime rest.
SEMILUNAR, adj. semilunar, or semilunary.
SEMILUNIO, f. m. half-moon, the moon's appearance when at half increase, or decrease.
SEMIMEDICO, f. m. a medcasser, a sorry physician, a quack doctor.
SEMIMINIMA, f. f. (in music) a semi-minime.
SEMIMORTO, a, adj. half dead.
SEMINA'L, adj. feminal, of, or pertaining to seed.
Seminal, f. m. See **ORIGEM**, **PRINCIPIO**.
SEMINARISTA, f. m. a seminarian.
SEMINARIO, f. m. a seminary, a seed-plot, or nursery for the raising of young trees or plants.
Seminario, a seminary, or school for the instruction of youth.
Seminario, seminary, original, first principles.
Seminari, a, adj. feminal.
SEMINIMA. See **SEMINIMINA**.
SEMI'PARENTE, f. m. a kinsman, a relation by affinity.
SEMI'PERIPHERIA, f. f. semi-circumference.
SEMI'PLENO, a, adj. half full.
Prova semiplena, half-proof.
SEMITA, (a Latin word.) See **VEREDA**, and **CAMINHO**.
SEMITARRA, f. f. See **CIMITARRA**.
SEMITERCIA'NA febre, semi-tertian.
SEMITO'NO, f. m. (in music) semitone.
SEMIVOGA'L, (in grammar) semivowel.
SEMYSTICA, f. f. See **INJUSTICA**.
SEMNU'MERO, adv. numberless, more than can be reckoned. It is sometimes used substantively; as, *hum semnumero de peccados*, numberless sins.
SEMPITERNO, a, adj. eternal, everlasting, sempiternal.
SEMPRE, adv. always. Lat. *semper*.
SEMPRENO'YA, ou **SEMPRE'FIVA**, f. f. the herb sea-green, ay-green, or house-leek. Lat. *sempervivum*.
SEMRAZAM, f. f. a wrong, an injury, a thing contrary to reason, be-

S E M

ing two words joined, *sem raza*, without reason.
Fazer huma semrazão, to wrong.
O que faz huma semrazão, a wrong-doer, or wronger.
SEMSABOR. See **DESENXABIDO**.
Semfabor, f. m. tastelessness, insipidity; also tastelessness, want of intellectual relish.
SEMSABORI'A, f. f. idem.
SEMSA'L, adj. that has no salt, not salted. See also **DESENXABIDO**.

S E N

SENADO, f. m. a senate.
Casa do senado, a senate-house.
SENADOR, f. m. a senator.
SENA'L, (among jewellers) a sort of diamond as big as a millet-seed.
SENA'M, a conj. if not, unless; properly two words, *senão*, if not.
Senão, but only.
Senão, elle; as, eulicy, euf, não ide-ves embora, either drunk, or else be gone.
Senão, fave, but, unless, except.
Elle não faz nada senão, &c. he does nothing but, &c.
Senão, otherwise, else, were it not.
Senão fesse por aquillo, were it not for that.
Senão tivesses medo de mim, but that I fear my father.
Senão fesse por elle, but for him, or had it not been for him, or had he not been.
Senão fesse por vos, had you not been, or had it not been for you, without you, without your help, hindrance, &c.
Senão fesse por mim, elle morreria de fome, were it not for me he would starve.
Senão, f. m. a fault, or defect.
SENA'RIO, adj. senary, consisting of six.
SENAS, two fices at dice.
SENATORIO, a, adj. senatorial, or senatorian.
SENATUSCONSULTO, f. m. a decree of the Roman senate.
SENDA'L, f. m. sendal, a sort of thin cyprus, a fine gawse, or gauze, a fine linen, &c. See **CENDAL**.
SENDAS, (an antiquated word) or *a cada hum d'elles*, to every one of them.
SENDEIRO, f. m. a sorry horse, a jade.
SENE, or **SENNE**, f. m. fenna, an herb growing in Syria, Persia, and Arabia.
SENECA, f. f. a sort of poisonous mineral.
SENECA'L, f. m. a seneschal.
SE'NGO, f. m. (in the province of Beyra) a dissembler.
SENHA, f. f. the word, or watch-word, (a military word.)
SENHAS, (obfol.) each, or every one.
SENHO'R, f. m. a lord, a master; *quasi senior*, an elder, because first honour was paid to them; also lord (in astrology.)
Deos nroso Senber, the Lord, God, God Almighty.

SEN

Sim senhor, não senhor, yes sir, no sir.
Nosso Senhor Jesus Christo, our Lord Jesus Christ.
O grão senhor, the grand seignior.
Senhor do anno, (with astrologers) the lord of the year.
P. ruim senhor, cria ruim servidor, a bad master makes a bad servant.
P. quem a deus senhores ha de servir, a algem ha de mentir, he who is to serve two masters, must lie to one of them. The scripture says, no man can serve two masters.
P. serve a senhor, saberas que he dor, serve a great man, and you will know what sorrow is; because great men have little compassion on their servants.
SENHO'RA, f. f. a lady, a mistress.
Nossa Senhora, our Lady, the blessed Virgin Mary.
SENHOREADO, a, adj. ruled, governed, subjected, brought under.
SENHOREAR, v. a. to rule, to govern, to lord, to subject, to bring under.
Senhorar-se, v. r. to make one's self master of. See **APODERAR-SE**.
SENHORIA, f. f. lordship, a title of honour; as, *essa senhoria*, your lordship; it is also a sovereignty, or seignory; as,
A senhoria de Veneza, the seignory, or republic of Venice.
Senhoria, lordship, power, dominion.
SENHORIA'GEM, f. f. seigniorage, a duty paid to the king in the mint, out of all silver and gold brought thither to be coined; so called, from *senhor*, as being an acknowledgment to him as a sovereign lord.
SENHORI'L, adj. lord-like, or belonging to a lord, lordly.
SENHORILMENTE, adv. lordly, imperiously.
SENHORI'O, f. m. lordship, power, dominion.
Dirito senhorio, seignior, the lord of the manor.
SENI'L, adj. of, or belonging to age, old. Lat. *senilis*.
SENIOR, (in ancient records) See **SENHOR**.
SENNE. See **SENE**.
SE'NO, (in trigonometry) sine.
Seno, (with surgeons) sinus, a little bag or sacculus, formed by the side of a wound or ulcer, wherein pus is collected.
SENRAZAM. See **SEMRAZAM**.
SENRE'TRA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a grudge, or spite.
Tomar jearyra com alguem, to bear a grudge, or to take a prejudice against a man, to have a spite against him.
SENSABOR. See **SEMSABOR**.
SENSAÇAM, f. f. sensation.
SENSIBILIDA'DE, f. f. sensibility.
SENSIE'NTE, (with physicians) that has sensation.
SENSITI'VA, f. f. a sensitive plant that comes from America.

SEN

SENSITI'VO, a, adj. sensitive; also sad, grievous. See **SENSIVEL**.
Plantas sensitivas, sensitive plants, such plants as give some tokens of sense.
SENSI'VEL, adj. sensible, that may be felt or perceived by the senses.
Sensivel, touchy, exceptionous, tender, nice.
Sensivel, sad, grievous.
A sua morte me he muito sensivel, I am very much troubled or concerned for his death.
SENSIVELMENTE, adv. sensibly, in a sensible manner; also grievously, grievously.
SENSUA'L, adj. sensual.
Homem sensual, ou bum sensua', a sensualist.
SENSUALIDA'DE, f. f. sensuality, or sensuality.
Com sensualidade, sensually.
SENTADO, a, adj. placed, set down, &c. See
SENTAR, v. a. *Sentar-se*, v. r. See **ASSENTAR**, and **Affentar-se**.
SENTENÇA, f. f. a sentence, maxim, apophthegm, or saying.
Sentença, sentence, judgment, a decree of a court of judicature.
SENTENÇA'DO, a, adj. judged, sentenced.
SENTENCIA'R, v. a. to sentence, to pronounce sentence upon, to pass sentence.
SENTENCIO'SAMENTE, adv. sententiously, by sentences.
SENTENCIO'SO, a, adj. sententious, pithy.
SENTI'DO, f. m. sense; also care, heed.
Os cinco sentidos, the five senses.
Tomar sentido, to take care, to mind, to take heed.
O commum sentido, the common sense.
Sentido, sense, meaning, signification. See also **PENSAMENTO**, and **IMAGINAÇAM**.
Sentido allegorico, allegorical sense.
Sentido, (a military word) take care.
Sentido, a, adj. that links or has a hogo, (speaking of meat, fish, &c.)
Sentido, a, adj. grieved, &c. See the verb **SENTIR**.
Estar muito sentido, to be full of grief.
Herba sentida, a sort of sensitive plant.
SENTIENTE. See **SENSIENTE**.
SENTIMENTO, f. m. grief, sorrow, affliction.
Tenho hum grande sentimento diff., it is a great grief to me.
Sentimento, sentiment, inclination, passion.
Sentimento, mind, sentiment, thoughts, opinion, meaning, sense.
Fazer sentimento, is for a building to begin to bend, or sink.
SENTI'NA, f. f. the sink of a ship. Lat. *Sentina de peccados*, (metaph.) a sink of sin.
SENTINE'LLA, f. f. a centinel, a centry, a soldier standing to watch.
Estar de sentinella, to stand centry, to be upon duty.

SEP

Render huma sentinella. See **RENDER**.
SENTI'R, v. n. pres. *eu sinto, tu sentes, elle sente*, &c. preterimp. *eu sentia, sentias*, &c. imp. *sente tu, senta elle, sentamos noi*, &c. subjunct. *sinta, sintas, sinta, &c* to opine, to think, to be of opinion, to give one's opinion or judgment.
Sentir, v. a. to feel, to be sensible of.
Sentir o frio, to feel the cold, to be sensible of it.
Sentir, to grieve, to be troubled, or concerned, to be sorry.
Aquillo he muito para sentir, that is a grievous thing.
Sinto muito de ser obrigado a fazer assim, it grieves me exceedingly, that I am forced so to do.
Todo o mundo sente a sua falta, he, or she is missed by every body.
Sentir, to know, to perceive, to see, to discover.
Sentir, f. m. sentiment, opinion.
S. ntir-se, v. r. to find one's self; as, *como vos sentis?* how do you find yourself?
Que vos sentis? what is the matter with you?
Não me sinto muito bom, I do not find myself very well.
Sentir-se, to understand, to perceive, to take notice.

SEO

SE'O, f. m. a bay in the sea. See **EN-SEADA**.
Seo, eu collo. See **SEYO**.
Sio, eu seu, sua, his, her, its. See **SEU**.

SEP

SEPARAÇAM, f. f. separation.
SEPARADAMENTE, adv. separately.
SEPARA'DO, a, adj. separated, severed, parted; also separate, distinct, different.
SEPARAR, v. a. to separate, sever, part, divide, or put asunder. Lat. *separare*.
Separar-se de alguem, v. r. to part with one, to leave him, to separate one's self, to go from him.
SEPARA'VEL, adj. separable, that may be separated.
SEPTEMBRO, *eu SETTEMBRO*, f. m. the month of September.
SEPTEMVIRA'TO, f. m. the authority of the seven magistrates, who ordered plantations, and the sharing of lands among the planters. Lat. *septemviratus*.
SEPTEMV'ROS, f. m. p. the seven magistrates who ordered plantations, &c. Lat. *septemviri*.
SEPTENA'RIO, f. m. a septenary.
Septenario numero, idem.
SEPTENTRIAM, f. m. septentrion, the north. See also **SETTE-ESTRELLA**.
SEPTENTRIONA'L, adj. northern, septentrional.
SEPTICOS, (with surgeons) septica, or septic.
SE'PTO, f. m. (in anatomy) septum.

SEQ

Septo transversa, septum transversum, the diaphragm, or midriff.
SEPTRO, f. m. a seepure.
SEPTUAGENARIO, a, adj. septuagenary.
SEPTUAGESIMA, f. f. Septuagesima, the third Sunday before the first Sunday in Lent.
SEPTUAGESIMO, a, adj. septuagesimal.
SEPULCRA'L, adj. belonging to a sepulchre, sepulchral.
SEPU LCRO, f. m. a sepulchre; *ca valheiros do Santo Sepulcro*, the knights of the Holy Sepulchre, an order founded by St. Helena.
SEPULTA'DO, a, adj. buried.
SEPULTAR, v. a. to bury. Lat. *sepelire*.
SEPULTUR A, f. f. a grave; also sepulture, a burying, or laying in the ground.
Dar sepultura, to bury.

SEQ

SEQU'CE, ou **SEQUIZ**, f. m. a follower.
SEQUEIRO, f. m. a bare place without corn or grass. Lat. *glabretum*.
SEQUELA, f. f. a sequel, or consequence. See **CONSEQUENCIA**.
O da sequia, ou *o sequaz de algum*, a follower.
Sequela, the act of following another.
SEQUE'NCIA, f. f. a sequence, verses answering to one another.
SEQUER, ou *ao menos*, adv. at least, however.
Se não queres ser por elle, não sejas sequer contra elle, if you do not chuse to be for him, at least do not oppose him.
Dai-lhe seguir com que sustentar-se, give him at least a subsistence.
O não primario fim de de libertar-nos de todos os males, ou seguir dos mayores, our chief end is to be free from all, however the greatest evils.
Nem sequer hum, is rendered into English by *never a one*, so much, or in the following manner; as, *forão todos mortos, e nem sequer hum escapou*, they were all slain to a man.
SEQUESTRA'CAM, f. f. sequestration.
Sequestragam, separation. (metaph)
SEQUESTRA'DO, a, adj. sequestered.
SEQUESTIRAR, v. a. to sequester, (in law.)
SEQUESTRO, f. m. a sequestration, (in law.)
Fazer sequestro. See **SEQUESTRAR**.
Aquelle, em cuja mão se faz o sequestro, a sequestrator.
SEQUIDAM, f. f. roughness, severity.
Sequidão do espirito, barrenness of devotion, want of fervour, or sensibility in devotion.
Fallar com sequidam, to speak roughly.
SEQUI'M, f. m. zechin, a foreign piece of gold coined at Venice. It is worth about nine shillings sterling.
SEQUIOSO, a, adj. thirsty, dry; also thirsty, barren, dry.
SEQUITO. See **SEGUITO**.

SER

SER

SER, f. m. the being, essence, or existence of any thing.
Sér, an auxiliary verb, to be; pref. *sou, es, be*; pl. *semas, sois, são*; imp. *era, eras, era*, &c. pret. *fui, foste, foi*, &c. fut. *serai, seras, sera*, &c. imperat. *se tu, seja elle, sejam os, sede vós, sejam elles*; subjunct. pref. *seja, sejas*, &c. imp. *seja, eu fosse, foras, ou fossem*, &c. fut. *ser, seres, for, &c.*
Ser de algum, to be a friend to one, to follow his party, to side with him.
Que sera de mim? what is to become of me?
Ser bom a algum, to help or relieve one.
Que he feito de elle. See **FEITO**, a
N. B. There is a considerable difference between the verbs *ser* and *estar*, both in Portuguese and Spanish. In English, there is no word to distinguish them, since they are both rendered into English by *to be*. *Ser* signifies the proper and inseparable essence of a thing, its quality or quantity; as, *ser bom*, to be a man; *ser bom*, to be good; *ser alto*, to be tall; *ser largo*, to be wide; *ser branco*, to be white, &c. But *estar*, denotes a place, or any adventitious quality; as, *estar em Londres*, to be in London; *estar de saúde*, to be in health; *estar frio*, to be cold; *estar doente*, to be sick; *estar enfadado*, to be angry; *estar alegre*, to be merry, &c.
Take notice, that you may use *estar* before the gerunds, but not *ser*; therefore you may say, *estou falando*, *leendo*, &c. I am speaking, reading, &c. but not *sou falando*, &c.
SERACOTEADO, **SERACOTEAR**. See **SARACOTEADO**, **SARACOTEAR**.
SERAFICO, &c. See **SERAPHICO**, &c.
SERAFINA. } See { **SARAFINA**.
SERAMUGO. } See { **SARAMUGO**.
SERAM. } See { **SARAM**.
SERAPHICO, a, adj. seraphic, seraphical.
Amor seraphico, seraphic love.
Flor seraphica, the herb knap-weed, bull-weed, and matfellow. Lat. *jacea nigra*.
SERAPHIM, f. m. a seraphim.
SERAPILHEIRA, f. f. a very coarse cloth for packing, sarplier, or packing cloth.
SERAPI'NO, f. m. See **SAGAPE-NO**.
SERAP'IS, f. m. the chief idol worshipped among the Egyptians.
SERASQUIER, f. m. serasquier, a generalissimo or commander in chief of the Turkish forces in Europe, (a Turkish word.)
SERE'A, f. f. a mermaid, a sea-woman. Lat. *syren*.
O macho da seréa, sea-man, the male of the mermaid.

SER

SEREFOLIO. See **CEREFOLIO**.
SERENA'DO, a, adj. cleared up, grown fair; also set out all night in the dew. See **SERENAR**.
SERENAMENTE, adv. serenely.
SERENAR, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair.
Por a serenar, to put out all night in the dew.
Serenar, v. a. to cheer, to make cheerful, calm, or serene.
SERENATA, f. f. serenade, or night-music.
SERENIDA'DE, f. f. serenity, clearness, fair weather; also serenity, a title of honour. See **SERENISSIMO**.
Seruidade do rosto, serenity, cheerfulness of countenance.
Seruidade d' animo, serenity, serenity, serenity, calmness of mind.
SERENISSIMO, most serene; a title of honour given to sovereign princes, and to some commonwealths.
SERENO, f. m. serene, a dampish and unwholesome vapour that falls after sun-set in hot countries; a sort of mildew.
Sereno, a, adj. serene, clear, fair, (speaking of the weather, air, or sky.)
Sereno, serene, clear, cheerful, quiet.
SERGANTA'NA. See **LACARTICHA**.
SERGUILHA, f. f. a sort of cloth made of wool.
SERIAMENTE, adv. seriously, gravely; also in earnest.
SERICO, a, adj. silken. Lat. *sericus*.
SERIE, f. f. a series, a continuation. Lat. *series*.
SERIEDA'DE, f. f. seriousness, gravity.
SERIFE, ou **XERIFE**, f. m. a sheriff, a prince, or a noble person. It is especially applied to the descendants of Mahomet.
SERILHA'DO, a, adj. reeled.
SERILHAR, v. a. to reel, or wind yarn or thread.
SERILHO, f. m. a reel to reel or wind yarn or thread on.
Serillo, a sort of windlass to raise stones. It is a roller of wood, square at each end, with slaves a-crois to turn it round.
SERINGA, f. f. a syringe.
Seringa para lançar ajudas, a syringe; a glyster-pipe.
SERINGA'DO, a, adj. syringed, squirted.
SERINGAR, v. a. to syringe, to squirt.
SERIO, a, adj. serious, sober, grave.
SERMAM, f. m. a sermon.
SERMONARIO, f. m. a book of sermons.
SERMONTESIOS, ou **SERVENTE-SIOS** *verjos*, a sort of verse both in Spanish and Portuguese; so called, because they serve the learned and unlearned, being of easy composition.
SERO'DIO, a, adj. late, that comes late, or in a latter season.
SERO'O,

SERO'O, f. m. a sort of Indian vessel with ears.
SEROSIDA'DE, f. f. serosity.
SERO'SO, a, adj. serous.
SEROTINO, See **SERO DIO**.
SERPAM, See **SERPOL**.
SERPE, f. f. a serpent.
Serpe do mosquete, the cock of a match-lock musquet.
SERPENTARIA, f. f. See **SERPENTINA**.
SERPENTARIO, f. m. (in anatomy) a constellation called serpent-holder. Lat. *anquiser*.
SERPENTE, f. f. a serpent. Lat. *serpens*.
SERPENTINA, f. f. the herbdragonwort.
Serpentina menor, dracunculus hortensis, or the herb tarragon.
Serpentina, so they call a reed or cane with three candles at the top of it, triangularly disposed. It is used on the Saturday of the Holy Week.
Serpentina, a branched candlestick, a sconce.
Serpentina, (in the Brasils) a sort of large net to carry people in.
SERPENTINO, a, adj. like, of, or belonging to a serpent.
Pedra serpentina, the serpentine-stone.
Lingua serpentina, an ill tongue.
SERPILHEIRA, f. f. See **SERAPILHEIRA**.
SERPILLO, **SERPOL**, or *Serpaõ*, f. m. wild running thyme, mother-thyme.
SERRA, f. f. a saw. Lat. *ferro*.
Esquadraõ ferra, (with the ancient Romans) the van of an army set saw-wife.
Serra, a fish called saw-fish, which has a sharp toothed bone, about three feet long, like a saw, in its forehead.
Serra, a mountain so called, because of its ridges rising and falling like a saw.
Serra de Minde, ou *Monte Junto*, a hill in Portugal, where mares were said to conceive by the wind. Lat. *Togrus*.
Serra Morena, a hill in Spain, parting Tarracon from Bætica. Lat. *Mariannus mens*.
Serra da Estrella, a mountain in Portugal so called. Lat. *Herminius*.
Serra de Sintra, a mountain, or promontory, commonly called the Rock of Lisbon. Lat. *Magnum Promontorium*. Pliny calls it, *Lunæ Promontorium*.
SERRAÇAM. See **CERRAÇAM**.
SERRADIÇA madeira, timber brought into a square, and fit for building.
SERRA'DO, a, adj. sawed. See also **CERRADO**.
SERRADOR, f. m. a sawyer, or sawer.
SERRADU'RA, f. f. the act of sawing, sawing; also saw-dust.
SERRAFAÇAR, v. a. (a ludicrous word) to scratch with a knife, or any other instrument.
SERRA'LHAS, f. f. p. the sow-thistle, wild, or jag c. lettuce. Lat. *fontibus*.

SERRALHEIRO. See **CERRALHEIRO**.
SERRA'LHO. See **CERRA'LHO**.
SERRANA, f. f. a woman mountaineer.
SERRANIA, f. f. a mountainous country, a long ridge of mountains.
SERRA'NO, f. m. a mountaineer.
SERRA'R, v. a. to saw. See also **CERRAR**, and **FECHAR**.
SERRI'LHA, f. f. a sort of filken work, formerly used in a garment; also the ring of a piece of money.
SERRI'NHA, f. f. a little saw, a hand-saw.
SERRO. See **CERRO**.
Serre, adj. ex. *Achar-se ferro de huma conta*, is to have closed an account.
SERROTE, f. m. See **SERRINHA**.
SERTAA, f. f. See **FRIGIDEIRA**.
P. disse a caldeira á fritaõ, tira-te lá não me mactarrei; we say, the kettle called the pot black arise.
SERTANEJO, a, adj. inland, situated upon the mid-land, or in the heart of the country, remote from the sea, interior.
SERTAM, f. m. interior, or midland part.
O que vive no certaõ, an inlander, a remote dweller from the sea.
Villas do certaõ, inland towns.
Pelo certaõ da calma, in the heat of the day.
SERVA, f. f. servant, a servant-maid, or a maid; also a woman slave.
Servar por obsequio, servant, by way of compliment.
SERVE'NTE, f. m. and f. a servant (in a convent.) It is also used adjectively; as,
Mega servente, a servant-maid.
Servente da nao, a swabber, or one whose business is to take care that the ship's deck be kept clean, &c.
SERVENTESIOS. See **SERMONTESIOS**.
SERVENTIA, f. f. use, service, the using of a thing.
Aquillo he de grande gosto, e de nenhuma serventia, that is very chargeable, and of no use at all.
Não ter serventia nenhuma, to be good for nothing, or of no service. It is said both of persons and things.
Ter muita serventia, to be very serviceable.
Serventia, passage, inlet, entrance, convenience (in architecture.)
Serventia de officio, the act of executing any office instead of another, to whom it chiefly belongs.
SERVENTUARIO, f. m. a deputy, or substitute, one who executes any office instead of another to whom it chiefly belongs.
SERVIÇAL, adj. serviceable, ready to serve one, officious.
SERVICO, f. m. service, the condition of a servant.
Serviço militar, warfare, military service.
O serviço del rey, the king's service.

Ter alguma coisa em serviço a alguém, to take a thing kindly of one, to be obliged to him for it.
Serviço, service, office, or good office, good turn.
Serviço, passage, inlet, entrance, convenience.
Serviço para huma mesa, a set of dishes and plates for the table.
Serviço de prata, a set of silver plate.
Serviço, a close-stool pan.
Serviço, (at tennis) service.
SERVIDAM, f. f. servitude, bondage, slavery.
SERVIDO, a, adj. served, &c. See **SERVIR**.
Se servido, to please, will, or be pleased.
Deus foy servido de affigir-me, it pleased God to afflict me.
Seu serviço, I am pleased, it is my pleasure (a phrase used by the king in his decrees.)
Se vmees for servido de, &c. if you please, or if you will be so kind as to, &c.
He vmees servido? does it please you, sir?
Se Deus for servido, if it shall please God.
SERVIDOR, f. m. a servant: also a close-stool pan.
SERVIDORA, servant, by way of compliment; also a servant-maid in some nunneries.
SERVIL, adj. servile, slavish. Lat. *servilis*.
SERVILHAS, a sort of light shoes.
SERVILMENTE, adv. servilely, slavishly.
SERVIO'LA, f. f. (in a ship) I think it is what we call the cat-head.
SERVIR, v. a. and n. to serve. Pres. *tu servas, tu servas, elle serve, nós servimos, vós servis, ell.s servem*; imp. *tu servia, tu servias, &c.*
Servir hum officio, to execute an office.
Servir á mesa, to serve up meat, to bring in meat, to lay meat upon the table.
Servir, to serve, to be a servant, to wait.
Servir alguém á mesa, cortando a carne, &c. para o seu prato, to help one to some meat.
Triste coisa he o servir, it is a sad thing to serve, or to be a servant.
Servir os seus amigos, to serve one's friends.
Servir a Deus, to serve, or worship God.
Servir a igreja, o estado, a sua patria, to serve the church, the state, or one's country.
Servir el-rey, to serve the king, to be a soldier.
Servir, to serve, to be instead of, to be as.
Este buraco me serve de casa, this hole serves me for a house.
Aquillo serve de pão, that serves instead of bread.
Servir de testemunha, to be an evidence, to come in as a witness.

S E S

Servir, v. n. to serve, to help, to be serviceable, useful, or of use; to stand, to avail, to be of stand.
Huma coisa que não serve de nada, a thing insignificant, of no use, or to no purpose, an useless or unprofitable thing, a thing of no stand.
Aquillo não me serviu de nada, that has availed me nothing.
Não vos servira de nada, it will be to no purpose for you.
Aquillo vos servira de premio, that must be to you instead of a reward.
Servir, to throw; as, *servir de pedradas*, to throw stones.
Servir a bola, (at tennis) to serve the ball, to give service.
Servir-se, v. r. to make use of, to use.
Servir-se mal de huma coisa, to make an ill use of a thing.
Servir-se da occasião, to improve the opportunity.
Servir-se, to please, will, or be pleased.
Servir-se de affectar-se, be pleased to sit down.
P. por mais servir, menos valer, good service ill rewarded.
P. não peças a quem pedis, nem sirvas a quem servio, do not serve one that has been a servant, nor beg of one that has begged.
SERVITAS, f. m. p. Servites, a religious order, so denominated from their peculiar attachment to the service of the Virgin Mary.
SERVO, f. m. a servant; also servant, a complimentary word.
Serve, ou servir de vms. your servant, sir.
Serve, a slave.
SERZIDO, *Serzir*. See *CIRZIDO*, *Cirzir*.

S E S

SESE'LI, f. m. the plant *seseli*, or hart-wort. Lat. *terdylium*.
SESMARI'AS, f. f. p. distributions or divisions of lands.
SESMEIRO, f. m. a distributer of lands.
SE'SMO, f. m. a sixth part.
SESQUIALTERA, (in music and geometry) sesquialteral.
SE'SSENTA, adj. sixty, three score.
SE'SSO, f. m. the fundament.
SESTA, f. f. a nap after dinner.
Dormir a sesta, to take a nap after dinner.
SESTEADO, p. of
SESTEAR, v. to take a nap after dinner. Latin *meridiare*; also to shelter one's self, or to pass the heat of the day under a shadow.
SESTERCIO, f. m. the Roman coin called a sesterce.
Sesterio grande, a sum of about eight pounds one shilling and five pence half-penny English. Latin *sestertium* (with the Romans.)
Sesterio p quens, a coin in value about seven farthings English (with the Romans.) Lat. *sestertius*.
SESTRO, a, adj. (in poetry) as, *Sestro agouro*, a bad omen.

S E T

Séstro, f. m. a sort of *PANDEIRO*, which see.
Séstro, (speaking of horses) ex. *Cavallo que tem séstros ou manbas*, an unruly horse, &c. See *MANHA*.
Séstro, fancy, humour.
Deu-lhe o séstro de bir a Roma, the fancy or humour took him to go to Rome.
Se me der o séstro, if the humour takes me.
SESTRUO'SO, (speaking of an horse.) See *MANHOSO*.
SESUDAMENTE, adv. seriously, gravely.
SESUDO, a, adj. serious, grave, judicious. From *sefe*, sense, judgment.

S E T

SETA. } See { *SETTA*.
SETADA. } *SETTADA*.
SETEIRA. } *SETTEIRA*.
SETE. } *SETTE*.
SETEESTRELLO. See *SETTE-ESTRELLO*.
SETEMBRO. See *SEPTEMBRO*.
SETEMESINHO. See *SETTEME-SINHO*.
SETENA. } See { *SETTENA*.
SETENTA. } *SETTENTA*.
SETENTRIAM. *SETENTRIONAL*. See *SEPTENTRIAM*, *SEPTENTRIONAL*.
SETIA. } See { *SETTIA*.
SETIMO. } *SETTIMO*.
SETIM, f. m. satin, a shining silk; also a sort of very hard wood in the Brasils.
Setim raso, a plain satin. They call it also *setim cbaço*.
Setim lavrado, figured satin.
SETO'URA, f. f. a large scythe for mowing hay.
SETRI'NA, f. f. humour, fancy (a vulgar word).
SETRO. See *CETRO*.
SETTA, f. f. an arrow, shaft, or dart.
Atirar com setta, to shoot arrows, to dart. Lat. *agittare*.
Setta com pennas. See *PENNA*.
Ferido com setta, shot, or wounded with an arrow.
Ponta da setta, the arrow-head.
A abertura ou talho, que se faz na setta, para que encaixe na corda do arco, the notch of an arrow.
A abertura que se faz no arco com que se atirava os settas, the notch of a cross-bow.
Setta de relógio. See *MAM de relógio*.
Setta, (with astronomers) the constellation called the Arrow. Latin, *Sagitta*.
SETTA'DA, f. f. the stroke or wound of an arrow.
SETTE, adj. seven. Lat. *septem*.
Sette, f. m. a seven, the figure of seven.
SETTECENTOS, a, adj. seven hundred.
SETTEDORMENTES. See *DORMENTES*.
SETTE-ESTRELLO, (in astronomy) the Pleiades, or Pleiads, a constellation in the neck of Taurus, called the Seven Stars.

S E V

Sette-estrella do norte, ou Septentrião, (in astronomy) Septentrion, a constellation of seven stars, called Charles's wain.
SETTEIRA, f. f. a gap, or loop-hole, left open in a wall to shoot arrows through.
SETTEMESI'NHO, f. m. a child that cometh untimely, at seven months end. Lat. *septimanus*.
SETTENA, f. f. the space of seven days; or seven-fold, as Cardoso says in his Dictionary.
SETTENTA, adj. seventy, three score and ten. Lat. *septuaginta*.
Os settenta, ou a versão dos settenta, the Septuagint, or the seventy interpreters of the Holy Bible.
SETTENTAVOS. See *AVOS*.
SETENTRIA'Ô. See *SEPTENTRIAM*, and *SETTE-ESTRELLO do norte*.
SETTENTRIONAL. See *SEPTENTRIONAL*.
SETTIMA, f. f. (in music) a seventh; also the seventh form in the schools.
Sétima no jogo dos centos, a septieme, or seventh, at picquet.
SETTIMO, a, adj. seventh.
Em sétimo lugar, seventhly.
SETU'VAL, f. m. St. Ubes, a considerable sea-port on a capacious bay of the ocean, and twenty-one miles south of Lisbon. Lat. *Setubalia*, or *Cetobriga*.
SE'U, sua, a pronoun possessive, his, his own, hers, her own. Lat. *suius*.
Sua delle, his own.
Aquelle he o vosso, e esse he o seu, that is yours, and this is his, or his own (speaking of a man; but speaking of a woman you must say) this is her's, or her own.

N. B. The pronouns possessive do not agree, in Portuguese, in gender with the noun of the possessor, as in English, but with that of the thing possessed; as, *a mãe ama a seu filho*, the mother loves her son; *o pai ama a sua filha*, the father loves his daughter. So you see that the pronoun masculine *seu* in Portuguese, is sometimes rendered by *her* in English; and the feminine *sua*, by *his*.
Seu is made use of sometimes in room of *vosso* and *vossa*, in the polite way of speaking so they say, *senho o seu livro*, I have your book; *fallo a seu criado*, I spake to your servant.
Seu is also used substantively; as, *o seu*, his own, her own.
Os seus, his relations, his men, his people, such as belong to him.
Elle levará a sua amante, he will insist upon it, he will do it.
Fazer das seus, to play foolish tricks, to play the fool.
SEVADEIRA. See *CEVADEIRA*.
SEVADI'LHA, a sort of Sternutatory or errhine, which, snuffed up the nose, occasions sneezing; sneezing powder.
SEVANDI'JAR. See *DESPREZAR*.

SEY

SEVANDILHA. See **SAVANDIJA**.
SEVE. See **SEBE**.
SEVERAMENTE, adv. severely.
SEVERIDADE, f. f. severity.
SEVERO, a, adj. severe. Lat. *severus*.
SEVI'CIA, f. f. severity, cruelty.
Dar sevicias, to separate a husband and wife one from the other, for three years.
SEVO. See **CEBO**.
Sevo, a, adj. very cruel.
SEVO'SO, a, adj. See **CEBOSO**.
Sevo, a name given to the Portuguese by the Spaniards.

SEX

SEXAGENA'RIO, a, adj. sixty, or threescore years old. Lat. *sexagenarius*.
SEXAGENARIA *divisao*, a division into sixty parts.
SEXAGE'SIMA, f. f. Sexagesima, the second Sunday before Lent.
SEXAGE'SIMO, a, adj. sixtieth, the ordinal of sixty.
SEXO, f. m. sex, the difference between the male and female.
Sexo masculino, the masculine sex.
Sexo feminino, the female sex.
O sexo mais fraco, the female sex, the women.
SEXQUA'LTERA. See **SESQUIALTERA**.
SE'XTA, f. f. (in music) a sixth; also the sixth form in the schools.
Sexta, one of the canonical hours, called sixth. See **HORAS canonicas**.
Sexta, a fizeime, at picquet.
SEXTA'VADO, a, adj. (with geometricians) six-angled.
SEXTERCIO. See **SESTERCIO**.
SEXTIL, adj. (in astronomy) sextile; as, *aspecto sextil*, sextile aspect.
SEXTI'LHA, f. f. sextain, a stanza containing six verses.
SEXTI'NA, idem.
SE'XTO, a, adj. the sixth.
Em sexto lugar, sixthly.
SEXTOGENITO, f. m. the sixth son.
SEXTUMI'ER, f. m. (with the ancient Romans) one of the six officers in like authority.
SEXTUMPIRATO, f. m. (with the ancient Romans) the office of six in like authority.

SEY

SEYAR. } See { **SEIAR**.
SEYLA. } See { **SEILA**.
SEYO, f. m. the breast, the bosom of a man or woman. Lat. *seus*; also bosom, the lap, or folds of the dress that cover the breast.
Seo, a bay in the sea. See also **GOLFO**.
Sey da tga, the part of the gown above the girdle, which used to be very wide.

SIC

O que he do feyo de alguem, a confident, a bosom friend.
Elle ha muyto do feyo della, he is the confident of her most secret thoughts.
Metei a maõ no feyo, put the hand into your bosom; also examine your own conscience (metaph.)
Seyo das redes, the hollownness of nets.
Seyo de Abraham, Limbus Patrum, the place where the deceased patriarchs resided till the coming of our Saviour.

SEZ

SEZAM, f. f. See **SAZAM**.
SEZU'DO. See **SESUDO**.

SI

SI, ou *sim*, adv. yes, yea.
Hum dia si, outro naõ, every other day.
Dizey si ou naõ, say yes or no.
Fõs dizeis que naõ, e tu digo que si, you say no, and I say no.
Aposto que si, I say it is so.
Sim, sim, naõ, naõ, without ifs or ands.
Si, a pronoun, himself, herself.
Fera de si, besides himself, or herself, out of his (or her) wits.
De si mesmo, by himself.
De si mesma, by herself.
Elle tem cuidado de si, he takes care of himself.
Ella tem cuidado de si, she takes care of herself.
Tomar sobre si hum negocio, to take upon one a business.
Tomar em si, to come to one's self again, to recover one's self.
Huma açao que em si, (ou de si) he indifferente, an action indifferent in itself.
Ser senhor de si, to be one's own man, or to be one's own master, or to depend upon no body.
Si mesmo, one's self, himself, itself.
Si mesma, herself, itself.

SIA

SIA'TICA. See **SCIATICA**.

SIB

SIBA, f. f. a fish called a cuttle, whose blood is as black as ink. Lat. *sepia*.
SIBILA'DO, p. of **SIBILAR**.
SIBILA'NTE, p. a. that hisseth, hissing.
SIBILAR, v. n. to hiss, to imitate the hissing of a serpent.
SIBI'LLA, or *Sybilla*, f. f. a Sibyl, one of the ancient heathen prophetesses, who foretold the coming of Christ.
SIBI'LLICO, a, adj. Sibylline, of the Sibyls.
SIBILO. See **ASSOVIO**.

SIC

SICARIA'TO, f. m. assassinate, the crime of assassinating, assassination.
SICI'LIA, f. f. the island of Sicily.
SICLO, f. m. a shekel, a sort of coin

SIL

among the Jews, in value about two shillings and six pence sterling.
SICO'MORO. See **SYCOMORO**.
SICRA'NO, such a one.

SIE

SIE'IRO. See **CIEIRO**.
SIENCIA, &c. See **SCIENCIA**, &c.

SIF

SIFAC. See **PERITONEO**.

SIG

SIGANICE, *Sigano*. See **CIGANICE**, *Cigano*.
SIGILLARIAS *festas*, Sigillaria, a festival among the Romans, wherein they sent presents of seals, and other such things, to one another.
SIGILLATA *terra*, earth of the island of Lemnos, so called because it comes to us sealed. Lat. *Terra sigillata*.
SIGI'LLO *da confessaõ*, the secrecy due to confession.
SIGNA'GULO. See **SELLO**.
SIGNALAR. See **ASSINALAR**, and **SINALAR**.
SIGNA'TURA, f. f. See **ASSINA'TURA**.
SIGNI'FERO, f. m. (with the ancient Romans.) See **ALFERES**.
SIGNIFICAÇAM, ou *Significacão*, f. f. signification, meaning, sense.
SIGNIFICA'DO, a, adj. signified.
SIGNIFICA'R, v. a. pres. *significo*; pret. *signifiquey*, *significaste*, &c. to signify, to mean or imply a certain sense.
SIGNIFICATI'VO, a, adj. that signifies, expressive.
SIGNO, f. m. (in astronomy) a sign or constellation of the Zodiac.
Sigues, (in music) the notes of the gamut or ordinary scale of music.
SIGRA'LHA, f. f. a jackdaw, a Cornish cough, a jay. Lat. *graculus*.
SIGURE'LHA. See **CIGURELHA**.

SIL

SILENCIO, f. m. silence, stillness, quietness.
Observar, ou guardar silencio, to keep silence, to hold one's peace, to be hush or silent.
Dexar, ou passar huma coisa em silencio, to pass a thing over in silence, not to speak of it.
Por silencio, to command silence, to bid one hold his tongue, to silence.
Romper o silencio, to break silence.
SILENCIOSO, a, adj. silent, not speaking.
SILER, f. m. a small withy, or osier. Lat.
SILHA. See **CILHA**.
SILHAM, f. m. a side-saddle.
SILHARIA', f. f. mason's work, or the building of a wall with square stone, cut shapable.
SILI'CIO. See **SERGUILHA**.
SILLABA, f. f. a syllable: also prosody,

SIM

SIN

SIN

body, that part of grammar employed about the quantities of syllables (in the schools.)
Per syllabas, syllabically, by syllables.
SILLA'BICO, *a*, adj. syllabical.
SILLOGI'SMO, *f. m.* a syllogism.
SILVA, *f. f.* a bramble, a bush, the black-berry bush.
Silva macha, dog-briar.
Silva, a sort of poetry called *silva*, composed, as it were, at a start, in a kind of rapture and transport.
Silva, a penitential instrument like an hair-cloth, but made of copper wire.
Amora, fructu da silva, a black-berry.
SILVA'DO, *f. m.* a place full of brambles or black-berry bushes.
Silvado, *p.* of *SILVAR*, which see.
SILVA'NO, *ou Sylvano*, *f. m.* Sylvan, a wood god; also a country-man, a rustical man.
SILVAM. See *SILVA macha*.
SILVA'R, *v. n.* to whistle.
Silvár, *v. a.* to jerk, to whip. (Metaph.)
SILVESTRE, adj. wild, woodish, of the wood; also the proper name Silvester.
Arte silvestre, so Camoens calls medicine, or the art of physic.
SILVIA. See *PINTARROXO*.
SILVO, *f. m.* a whistle or whistling, or hissing.

SIM

SIM. See *SI*.
SIMBOLICO, &c. See *SYMBOLICO*, &c.
SIMETRI'A, *f. f.* symmetry.
SIMILAR, adj. (in physics) similar.
SIMILE, *f. m.* a simile or similitude.
SIMILITUDINARIAMENTE, adv. by way of similitude.
SIMO, *f. m.* the top of a mountain, &c.
SIMONIA, *f. f.* simony, buying or selling of spiritual things. So called from Simon Magus.
SIMONTACO, *a*, adj. simoniacal.
Simoniaco, *f. m.* a simonist, a person guilty of simony.
SIMPATIA, &c. See *SYMPATHIA*, &c.
SIMPLACHEIRAM, *ou Simplacheo*, *f. m.* a simpleton, a silly person, a booby, a lubber.
SIMPHONIA. See *SYMPHONIA*.
SIMPLES, *ou Simplex*, adj. simple, pure, unmixed; also sincere, innocent, without deceit, harmless, simple.
Nomes simples, (with grammarians) simple nouns.
Simplex, simple, one of the three offices of the Roman Breviary.
Simplex, plain, without ornament; also unlined.
Vestido simples, a plain suit of clothes.
Beneficio simples, simple benefice.
Simplex, common, ordinary, private, without employment, place, or title.
Doçam simples, an absolute gift.

Simples. See *SIMILAR*.
Simplex, simple, silly, foolish.
Simplex, single, only, bare.
Simplex suspensa, a bare suspicion.
Ferida simplex, (with surgeons) a simple wound.
Simplex, Simplex, ou Simpliciter, *f. m. p.* (in botany) simples, physical herbs or plants.
Hir a colbit simples, to go a simpling.
Simplex, *f. m.* (in architecture) centre, a mold for an arch, a wooden frame to turn an arch upon.
SIMPLEZA, *f. f.* See *SIMPLICIDADE*.
SIMPLEZMENTE, adv. plainly, without ornament.
Simplezmente, simply, foolishly, fillily; also roundly, downright, or plainly; also only.
SIMPLICES. See *SIMPLEZ* (in botany).
SIMPLICIDA'DE, *f. f.* simplicity, &c. according to the adj. *Simplex*.
Simplici'dade, (in God) simplicity, freedom from all kind of composition or mixture.
SIMPLICISSIMO, *a*, adj. the most simple, or uncompounded.
SIMPLICISTA, *f. m.* a simplifier, or simplist, one that has skill in simples, or cures with them.
SIMPTOMA, *f. m.* a symptom.
SIMULAÇAM, *f. f.* simulation, feigning.
SIMULA'CRO, *f. m.* an image, a resemblance.
SIMULADAMENTE, adv. feignedly, dissemblingly.
SIMULA'DO, *a*, adj. feigned, dissembled, counterfeited.
SIMULADOR, *ou Simulado*, *f. m.* a dissembler, a counterfeiter.
SIMULA'R, *v. a.* to feign, to dissemble, to counterfeit. Lat. *simulare*.
SIMULTA'NEO, *a*, adj. simultaneous, acting together, existing at the same time.

SIN

SI'NA, *f. f.* (an antiquated word) a flag. See *BANDEIRA*.
SINAGO'GA, *f. f.* the Jewish synagogue.
SINAI, *f. m.* Sinai, a famous mountain and wilderness of Arabia Petraea, in Asia, on which the Jewish law was delivered by God to Moses. On the declivity of this mountain is a church and monastery, dedicated to St. Catherine, with several small chapels or cells, in which formerly were no less than fourteen thousand hermits.
SINAL, *f. m.* a sign, a mark, a token; also earnest giving in buying.
Sinal, sign, omen, preface.
Fallar por sinais, ou acenos, to speak by signs.
Sinal, ou aceno com a cabeça, a nod.
Sinal, ou aceno com os olhos, a wink, or twinkle.

Sinal, ou aceno com a mão, a beck with the hand.
Fazer sinal, ou aceno com a cabeça, to nod with the head.
Fazer sinal, ou aceno com os olhos, to twinkle, to wink with the eyes.
Fazer sinal, ou aceno com a mão, to beckon with the hand.
Sinal da cruz, the sign of the cross.
Fazer o sinal da cruz, to make the sign of the cross, to cross one's self.
Sinal, sign, wonder, miracle.
Sinal, que se traz de natureza em alguma parte do corpo, a mole, a natural spot of the skin.
Sinal em branco, a blank signed, a paper that has only the sign manual, without any other writing.
Fazer sinais, to sign, to make signs.
Sinal, a signal. Ex. *Dar sinal a batalha, ou de cometer*, to give the signal for the fight.
Sinal que se da com os finos, na morte de algum, knell, the found of a bell tolled at a funeral.
Dar sinais com os finos na morte de algum, to knell, to ring the bell for the funeral.
Sinal, a sign, or sign manual, a setting one's hand to a writing.
Sinal da ferida. See *CICATRIZ*.
Sinal como o que as mulheres põem na cara, a patch, a round spot of black silk to adorn the face.
Por sinais na cara, to patch, to adorn the face, to put patches on the face.
Sinal que se da por meio de huma bandeira, ou outro panno dependurado, como se usa nos navios em caso de grande perigo, ou grande necessidade, a waft, a signal of distress.
Dar sinal por meio de algum panno dependurado, como se usa nos navios, &c. to waft, to beckon, to inform by a sign of anything moving.
Sinal de fua, &c. que se põem nos livros, a tassel.
P. sinal mortal, não desjar sarar, it is a sign of death, when a man will not be cured.
SINALADAMENTE, adv. remarkably, notably.
SINALA'DO, *f. m.* he that has a mole or natural spot in the skin; also fixed.
Sinalado, signalized.
Sinalado, famous, remarkable, notable.
SINALAR, *v. a.* to mark, to set a mark on a thing in order to know it again. See also *ASSINALAR*.
Sinalar, to chuse a thing as a type or figure of another.
Sinalar, to mention, to make mention of.
Sinalar-se, v. r. See *ASSINALAR-SE*.
SINALEFA. See *SYNALEPHA*.
SINCADI'LHA. See *SANCADILHA*.
SINCA'R, ou dar tintas. See *CINCA*.
SINCEIRA'L, SINCE'RO. See *SALGUEIRAL, SALGUEIRO*.
SINCE'L. See *SINZEL*.

S I N

SINCELOS, f. m. p. (in the province of Beyra) icicles, shoots of ice hanging down from any thing.
SINCERAMENTE, adv. sincerely.
SINCERIDADE, f. f. sincerity.
SINCERO, a, adj. sincere, candid, ingenuous. Lat. *fructus*.
SINCOPA, **SINCOPE**. See **SYNCOPE**.
SINDEIRO. } See **SENDEIRO**.
SINDERESI. }
SINDICA'DO, **SINDICAR**, &c. See **SYNDICADO**, **SYNDICAR**, &c.
SINEIRO, f. m. a bell-man, a bell-keeper, a bell-ringer; also a bell-founder.
SINERESI. See **SYNERESIS**.
SINETE, f. m. a seal.
SINGEL, f. m. **SINGELADA**, f. f. a pair, a couple.
Singel de bois, a yoke of oxen.
A's singelar, adv. all alone, without company.
SINGELAMENTE, adv. sincerely.
SINGELEZA, f. f. sincerity.
SINGELO, a, adj. since.
A's singelar. See after **SINGEL**.
Singelo, that is not properly and decently dressed.
SINGRADURA, f. f. a ship's way at sea, the way she makes in a natural day, or in the space of twenty-four hours.
SINGULAR, adj. singular, rare, extraordinary, matchless, choice.
Singular combate, a single-fight.
O numero singular, singular, or the singular number.
SINGULARIDADE, f. f. singularity, a particular way of behaviour, &c. affectedness.
SINGULARIZADO, **SINGULARIZAR**. See **PARTICULARIZADO**, **PARTICULARIZAR**.
SINGULARIZAR-SE, v. r. See **ASSINALAR-SE**.
SINGULARMENTE, adv. singularly, in a special or singular manner; also singularly, excellently; also singularly, affectedly.
SINIFICACAM, &c. See **SIGNIFICACAM**, &c.
SINISTRAMENTE, adv. falsely, not rightly. Lat. *perperam*.
SINI'STRO. See **ESQUERDO**.
SINO, f. m. a bell.
Dobrar hum sino. See **DOBRAR**.
Sino com que se daõ os sinas na morte d'alguma, a passing-bell. See also **GOLFO**, and **ESTREITO**, f. m.
Tanger hum sino, to ring a bell.
O sino de recolher, the nine o'clock bell, when all should be at home, and after which the watch secures suspicious persons, or such as are found with unlawful weapons.
Sino, ou maquina, dentro da qual hum homem pode estar muito tempo debaixo da agua sem se afogar, a diving-bell.
Sino-gamaõ, ou sino-samaõ, f. m. a sort of talisman, or magical character.
Sino celeste. See **SIGNO**.

S I S

P. por dar daõ, dizem os fins de santo Antão, one good turn for another.
SINO'PLE, green, in heraldry.
SINOCHO. See **SYNOCHO**.
SINODAL, &c. See **SYNODAL**, &c.
SINO'NIMO. See **SYNONYMO**.
SINO'PERA, ou **Sinopla**, f. f. sinoper, or sinople, a mineral, otherwise called ruddle, used by painters, &c.
SINPTOMA, f. m. a symptom.
SINQUINHO. See **CINQUINHO**.
SINTAGMA. See **SYNTAGMA**.
SINTEL, f. m. a sort of large compasses, used by joiners.
SINTILLADO, **SINTILLAR**. See **SCINTILLADO**, **SCINTILLAR**.
SINTINELLA. See **SENTINELLA**.
SINTRA, ou **Serra de fintra**. See **SERRA**.
SINUOSO, a, adj. sinuous, bending in and out.
SINZE'L, f. m. a graver, but more properly a punch, such as silver-smiths use to chase silver, or the fine tools carvers use about their work, or a stone-cutter's chissel.
SINZELAR, v. a. to engrave, to chase plate.
S I R
SIRANDA. See **CIRANDA**.
SIRE, (speaking to the king of France) sire.
Sire, (speaking to the king of England) fir.
SIRENA. See **SEREA**.
SIRGA, f. f. the rope used by barge-men to pull their barges along, against the tide.
Hir á sirga, to be towed along.
Levar á sirga, to tow a barge.
SIRGO, f. m. (in the province of Beyra) a silk-worm. Spanish.
SIRGUEIRO, ou **Sirigueiro**, f. m. a silk-thrower.
Sirigueiro de chapas, a hat-hand maker.
SIRICA'YA, (in cookery) ex. *Leste em fritaya*, milk mixed with sugar, eggs, &c.
SIRIGA'ITA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a restless child, or girl that is always in motion.
SIRIGUEIRO. See **SIRGUEIRO**.
SIRINGA. See **SERINGA**.
SIRIO, f. m. Sirius, the Dog-star; also the sun.
SIRRO. See **SCIIRRO**.
SIRTES, f. m. p. the flats in the sea.
SIRZIDO, **SIRZIR**. See **CIRZIDO**, **CIRZIR**.

S I S

SISA, f. f. an excise, a sort of imposition.
SISA'LHAS, (with gold-beaters) cuttings, parings.
SISA'NIA. See **ZIZANIA**.
SISAõ, ou **Sizaõ**, f. m. a sort of fowl so called.
SISA'R, v. n. to collect the excises. See also **DIMINUIR**, and **FURTAR**.

S O A

SISARO, f. m. a sort of skirret-root.
SISEIRO, f. m. an excise-man.
SISMA, &c. See **CISMA**, &c.
SI'SO, f. m. sense, judgment.
De fiso, seriously, in earnest; also hard; as,
Por a maõ de fiso, to strike hard.
Que não sem fiso, that wants brains, mad, foolish.
Dentes de fiso, the brain-grinders, so called because they grow after a man is come to years of maturity.
Sifo, the piece of round cork which they put in the inside of that part of a distaff, about which they fallen the flax.
P. quem cem deudo ba de entender, muito fiso ba mister, he that is to deal with a fool, has need of much sense or wit.
SISTEMA, f. m. a system.
SISTOLE. } See **SYSTOLE**.
SISUDO. } See **SESUDO**.

S I T

SITAR. See **SITUAR**, **COLLOCAR**.
SITIA'DO, a, adj. besieged.
SITIAL, f. m. the stool upon which the king kneels in the church.
SITIA'R, v. a. to besiege; as,
Sitiar huma villa, to besiege a town.
SITIBUNDO, (in poetry) See **SEQUIOSO**.
SITIO, f. m. ground, or soil, site, territory. Lat. *fitus*. Also a siege. See also **DISPOSIÇAM**, and **APTI-DAM**.
SITO, a, adj. situated.
SITUACAM, f. f. site, situation, local respect.
SITUA'DO, a, adj. situated.
SITUAR, v. a. to situate, to seat, to place with respect to any thing else.

S I Z

SIZA. See **SISA**.
SIZALHA, &c. See **SISALHA**, &c.

S O

SO, adj. alone, lonely, all alone, sole; only. Lat. *solus*.
Nos estavamos sos, there was none but we two.
Huma desgraça nunca vem só, one misfortune comes upon the neck of another, or draws on another.
Nem hum só, never a one.
Só por só, man to man, single. Lat. *viriliter*.
Só, adv. only, but solely.
Nos feremos só tres, we shall be only three.
Eu só pedia aquillo, I demanded but that.
Huma palavra só, but one word.
Não só, &c. *mas tambem*, not only, &c. but also.

S O A

SOA, f. f. the chine of pork.
SOAÇA'DO, a, adj. half roasted.

SOB

SOAÇA'R, v. a. to half roast.
SOADO, a, adj. noised abroad, reported rumoured. See the verb **SOAR**.
Causa muito soada, a thing much spoken of.
SOA'LHA, f. f. a horse-bell, or loose brass plate round the frame of a *paudeiro*. See **PANDEIRO**.
Por se'bas a alguma coisa, (in a moral sense) to boast, or to make parade of a thing.
Soalba, (among sailors) a tranom, the vane of an instrument called a cross-staff.
SOALHA'DO, a, adj. See **SOALHA'R**, ou **ASSOALHAR**, to dry in the sun; also to plank or floor with boards.
SOALHEYRO, f. m. a warm sunny place, where the wind does not blow.
SOA'LHO, ou **SOLHO**, f. m. See **PAPIMENTO**.
SOA'NTE, adj. ex. *Proposçam mal soante*, a scandalous proposition, that favours of hereby, or sounds ill. See also **ASSOANTE**.
SOAM vento, the east wind.
Soaõ, ex. *Vento soaõ do veraõ*, subfolanus, or the east wind.
Vento soaõ do inverno, the north-east wind, Lat. *vulturnus*; so called from *son*, sound, because it blows very hard.
SOA'R, v. n. to sound, to yield a sound. See also **RETUMBAR**.
SOA-SE, v. imp. it is reported, rumoured, or noised abroad.
Teda a sua crueldade vey soando a justiça, he colours his cruelty with the name of justice.
P. o bem se'a, e o mal v'ea, good news is rumoured, but bad news flies; we say, ill news comes apace.

SOB

SOB, a preposition, under; it is scarcely found but in compound words; as, *sobpena*, *sobel'r*, &c. which see, it is derived from the Lat. *sub*, under.
SOBA'CO, f. m. the arm-pit; *Quasi sobraço*, under the arm.
O máo cheiro do sobaco, the ill scent of the arm-pits.
SOBCOLOR, under colour or pretence.
SOBEGIDAM, f. f. redundancy. See also **DEMASIA**, and **EXCESSO**.
SOBEJA'DO, p. of
SOBEJA'R, v. n. to superabound, to be over and above, to be superfluous. Lat. *superabundare*.
Sobejar, to remain, to be left.
Nada sobejou, there is nothing left.
SOBEJO, f. m. reliques, orts, fragments, leavings of food, refuse, things left.
Não ha sobejos, ou não ha nada de sobejo, there is nothing left, there is nothing over.
De sobejo, over and above.
Sobejo, a, adj. too much, excessive. See **NIMIO**, and **DEMASIADO**.

SOB

SOBEYIDAM. See **SOBEGIDAM**.
SOBENTENDER, v. a. to understand. *Aquillo sobentende-se*, ou *be sobentendido*, that is understood.
SOBENTENDI'DO, a, adj. understood.
SOBERANAMENTE, adv. sovereignly; also excellent, or excellently.
SOBERANIA, f. f. sovereignty; also pride. See also **EXCELLENCIA**, and **SUPERIORIDADE**.
SOBERANIZA'R. See **ENGRANDECER**, and **EXALTAR**.
SOBERA'NO, a, sovereign, supreme, highest; also proud; also sovereign, absolute, independent; also excellent.
Soberano, f. m. a sovereign, an absolute prince.
SOBE'BA, f. f. pride. Lat. *superbia*.
SOBERBAMENTE, adv. proudly, haughtily.
SOBERBETE, somewhat proud.
SOBERB'NHA, f. f. diminut. of *soberba*.
SOBERBINHO. See **SOBERBETE**.
SOBERBISSIMO, a, adj. top-proud, proud in the highest degree.
SOBERBO, a, adj. proud, self-conceited, arrogant. Lat. *superbus*.
Soberbo, stately, sumptuous, magnificent.
Soberba, high, lofty.
SOBIDA, &c. See **SUBIDA**, &c.
SOBMERGI'R. See **SUMERGIR**.
SOBMETER. See **SOMETER**.
SO'BOLA, a prep. used before the nouns of time of the feminine gender; about, near to, well-nigh at.
SO'BOLO, a prep. joined with words of time of the masculine gender, or a verb in the infinitive mood; about, well-nigh at.
Sobola apertar do dia, about break of day.
Sobolo meyo dia, about noon.
SOBORNADO, &c. See **SUBORNADO**, &c.
SOBORRALHADO'URO do forno. See **VARREDOURO**.
SOBORRALHA'R, v. a. to bake under the embers.
SOBORRALHO, ex. *Bola do soborralho*. See **BORRALHO**.
SOBPENA, under the pain, upon pain.
SOBRAÇADO, a, adj. leaning upon the arms, or shoulders of another. See also
SOBRAÇAR, v. a. to put or to fold something under the arm.
SOBRADA'DO edificio, a building with one or more stories.
SOBRADA'R, v. a. (in building) to make one or more stories.
SOBRA'DO, f. m. a story, a floor up stairs, a loft.
Médico de sobrado, one of the best physicians.
Sobrado, a, superfluous, over and above.
Sobrado, rich, that has a plentiful estate.
SOBRA'L. See **SOVERAL**.

SOB

SOBRANÇARI'A, f. f. a cry, or shout, a menace.
SOBRANCEYRO, a, adj. hanging over. Lat. *impedens*.
SOBRANCELHA, f. f. the brow, or or eye-brow. Lat. *supercilium*.
Abayxar as sobrançelhas com demonstraçom de enfadado, to bend or knit one's brows.
Que tem as sobrançelhas muito juntas, e ditas para fora, beetle-browed.
SOBRANCERIA. See **SOBRANÇARIA**.
SOBRA'R, v. n. to be over and above, to be superfluous, to be over measure; also to run over, to over-flow.
SO'BRAS, f. f. p. an overplus, what is over and above, the excess.
SOBRE, a prep. upon. Lat. *super*.
Sobre, about, well-nigh at.
Sobre o apertar do dia, about break of day.
Sobre, somewhat, something.
Sobre o aspero, somewhat rough.
Sobre a sua palavra, upon his parole.
Sobre, immediately after.
Sobre jantar, immediately after dinner.
Sobre, besides; as *sobre isto*, besides this.
Sobre que, though, although.
Estar, ou andar sobre si, to take heed, to be heedful or cautious.
Sobre bainha, f. f. a false scabbard of a sword.
Sobre-bico, f. m. the upper part of the beak of an hawk.
Sobre-cana, f. f. a vicious excrescence on the shin-bone of a horse, called a knot, a knob, or a ring-worm.
Sobre-carga, f. f. a surcharge, an overcharge, what is laid on a beast more than its due burden.
Sobre-carga, f. m. the supercargo of a ship.
SOBRECARGA'DO, a, adj. overloaded, surcharged.
SOBRECARGA'R, v. a. to overload, to surcharge.
SOBRECELENTE. See **SOBREXCELLENTE**.
SOBRE-CE'NHO, f. m. a frow, crabbed, dogged, sullen look, or countenance, a bending or knitting of one's brows.
SOBRECEO, f. m. the tester of a bed; also a kind of canopy.
SOBRECEPADEIRA, f. f. a small sail expanded above the sprit-sail.
SOBRECUC', f. m. the rump of a bird.
SOBRECUC'RVA, f. f. the curb, a distemper in a horse's hinder legs.
SOBREDENTES, (with farriers) wolves teeth.
SOBRE-DITO, a, adj. aforesaid.
SOBREINTENDENTE. See **SUPERINTENDENTE**.
SOBREIRO. See **SOVEREIRO**.
SOBREJUIZ, f. m. a sort of ancient magistrate, a superior judge.
SOBRELEVA'DO, a, adj. over-topped, &c. See
SOBRELEVAR, v. a. to over-top, to exceed in height, to rise above; also to surpass, to exceed.
Sobrelevar-se, v. r. to rise, to obtain height

S O B

height of rank, to grow more or better.

SOBRELIMINAR, f. m. (in fortification) the tranfom of a draw-bridge.

SOBREMANEIRA, adv. excessively.

SOBREMAM, ex. obra de sobremam, a fine piece of work.

Estar com cautelas de sobremam, to be more cautious than usually.

De sobremam, efficaciously, with efficacy.

Sobremam, (with farriers) a swelling about the palforn joint of a horse's fore-foot, caused by being too hard rode when young.

SOBRE-MESA, f. f. desert, the last course at table, fruit, or sweetmeats.

SOBRENATURAL, adj. supernatural.

SOBRENATURALMENTE, adv. supernaturally.

SOBRENOME, f. m. a surname.

SOBRENOMEADO, a, adj. surnamed.

SOBRENOMEAR, v. a. to surname, to give a surname.

SOBRE-OSSO, f. m. (with farriers) splent, or splint; also any hindrance, or let. (Metaph.)

SOBREPARTO, f. m. a woman's lying-in, after being delivered.

SOBRE-PE, f. m. a swelling in a horse's hinder leg. See **SOBREMAM**.

SOBREPELLIZ, f. f. a surplice; also a colour, or pretence. (Metaph.)

SOBREPENSADO, adv. on purpose, designedly.

SOBREPOJADO, &c. See **SOBREPUJADO**, &c.

SOBREPOR, v. a. and irreg. pref. *cu sobrepoubo, tu sobrepoues*, &c. according to the verb *Por*, to set upon, to put upon.

SOBRE-POSSE, ex. *Ceder sobre-posse*, to eat without appetite, (after being fated with meat, or eating too much.)

SOBREPOSTO, a, adj. put upon.

SOBREPUJADO, a, adj. See **SOBREPUJAR**, v. a. to go over, to over-top; also to surpass, exceed, or excel.

SOBREQUILHA, f. f. (in a ship) the keelson.

SOBRE-RODELA. See **SOBRE-OSSO**.

SOBRE-RO'LLDA, ou **SOBRE-RONDA**, f. f. a counter-round, (a military term.)

SOBRESAIR. See **REALCAR**.

SOBRESALTADO, a, adj. surprised.

SOBRESALTAR, v. a. to surprise, to take at unawares.

SOBRESALTO, f. m. a sudden surprise. See also **MEDO**, and **ANSIA**.

Acedar com sobresalto, to start out of one's sleep.

Levantar-se com sobresalto, to start up, to rise suddenly, or on a sudden.

SOBRE-SARADO, a, adj. healed superficially.

SOBRE-SARAR, v. a. to heal superficially, to palliate or patch up a disease.

S O B

SOBRESCREVER. See **SUBSCREVER**.

SOBRESCRITO, f. m. superscription, a direction, that which is subscribed on the outside of a letter.

SOBRESCELLENTE. See **SOBREXCELLENTE**.

SOBRESEMEADO, a, adj. sowed over again.

SOBRESEMEAR, v. a. to sow over again.

SOBRESEADO, a, adj. See **SOBRESTAR**, ou **SOBRESTAR**, v. n. to supersede, to cease, to desist, to put off.

Sobrestar na execução da sentença de hum malfeitor, to respite, or to reprieve a malefactor.

SOBREESTE, f. f. an upper garment.

SOBREVESTIDO, a, adj. put on upon another garment.

SOBREVESTIR, v. a. to put one garment over another.

SOBREVINDO, p. of **SOBREVIR**, v. n. to come in the mean while. Lat. *intervenire*; pref. *cu sobrevinbo, tu sobrevins*, &c. according to the verb *vir*, to come.

Sobrevir, to come upon one unawares.

Sobrevinbo-lhes a morte a ambos, death overtook them both.

Sobrevinbo-nos a noite, the night overtook us, we were benighted.

Estar para sobrevir, to be like to come to pass ere it be long.

Sobrevindo o rey, the king happening to come in.

Sobrevir, to happen, to befall, to come to pass, to fall out.

Se lhe sobreviesse alguma desgraça, if some mischance or other should befall him, if he should come to some mischance or other.

SOBREVIVENCIA, ou **SUPERVIVENCIA**, f. f. surivance, out-living; also survivorship, reversion.

SOBREVIVIDO, p. of **SOBREVIVER**, v. n. to survive, to out-live.

O que sobrevive, a survivor or out-liver.

SOBREVISTA, (this word is not used.) See **SOBREVESTE**.

SOBREXCELLENTE, adj. superabundant, more than enough; also most excellent.

De sobrexcellente, adv. superabundantly, more than enough.

SOBRIAMENTE, adv. soberly.

SOBRIEDADE, f. f. sobriety, moderation.

SOBRINHA, f. f. a niece.

SOBRINHO, f. m. a nephew.

SOBRIO, a, adj. sober, temperate, moderate.

SO'BRO, f. m. the cork-tree. Lat. *juler*.

SOBROÇO. See **SOBRE-OSSO**.

SOBROGAÇAM, &c. See **SUBROGAÇAM**, &c.

SOB-ROSA, DO, a, adj. somewhat rosy.

SOBSCREVER, &c. See **SUBSCREVER**, &c.

S O C

SOBSTAR, v. a. to suspend, order.

Carta de sobstar, a superfedas, a writ to stop proceedings.

SOBVERSAM, &c. See **SUBVERSAM**, &c.

S O C

SO'CA. See **SOCCO**.

Não ter nem foca, to be quite poor.

SOCA'DO, a, adj. squab, little and fat, or thick and short.

Homem ficado, ou refiido, a short and fat person, a short squat man, a squab.

Do SOCAIRO, adv. (an antiquated seater) along; ex. *ao focairo da praya*, along the shore.

Ir ao focairo, to follow one at a distance, in order to know where he is going, but sily without being discovered.

SOCA LCO, f. m. a causey, a bank, a way raised above the rest of the ground near it.

SOCA'PA, f. f. under pretence, under the cloak.

SO'CCO, ou **SOCO**, f. m. a sock, a clothing for the feet; sandals worn by the Roman women, and also by comic actors. Lat. *fuscus*.

Secco, a wooden shoe.

Socco, (in architecture) socle, or zocle, a flat square member, under the bases of pedestals of statues, vases, &c.

Socco, a cave, a den. See **COFA**, and **MASMORRA**.

P. não val hum socco, it is not worth a pin.

SOCEDER, &c. See **SUCCEDER**, &c.

SOCEDIMENTO. See **SUCCESSO**.

SOCEGADAMENTE, adv. quietly, peaceably.

SOCEGA'DO, a, adj. quiet.

SOCEGAR, v. a. to quiet, to still, to calm, to appease.

SOCEGO, f. m. quietness, calmness, stillness.

Com socogo, quietly.

SOCESSAM, SOCESSOR. See **SUCCESSAM**, **SUCCESSOR**.

SOCHA'NTRE, f. m. the sub-chanter of a church.

SOCIABILIDADE, ou **SOCIALIDADE**, f. f. sociableness, socialness, a social temper, fitness for conversation.

SOCIAL, adj. sociable.

SOCIAVEL, adj. sociable, social, friendly, fit for company. See also **COMPATIVEL**.

SOCIEDADE, f. f. society.

Sociedade, (in commerce) society, partnership.

SOCIO, f. m. (in commerce) a partner.

Socio do crime. See **COMPLICE**.

SO'CO. See **SOCCO**.

SOQOBRA'DO, a, adj. overfet, as a ship at sea, by stress of weather, or the like.

SOQOBRA'R, v. a. to overfet. From the Spanish, *fiso'var*.

SOCOLIPE, (in the province of Beyra) ou *pe jopello*. See **PE**.

S O F

SOCORRE'R, v. a. to succour, to relieve. Lat. *succurrere*.
Succorrer-se, v. r. See **RECORRE'R**.
SOCORRIDO, a, adj. succoured, relieved.
SOCO'RO, f. m. succour, relief, aid.
SOCOTO'RA, ou **ZOCOTO'RA**, f. f. Succotera, an island on the coast of Africa.
SOCOTORINO *aloe*, Succotorine aloes, the finest sort of aloes.
SOCRESTA'DO, &c. See **SEQUESTRADO**, &c.

S O D

SODALIC'IO, f. m. sodality, fraternity.
SODO'MA, f. f. the city of Sodom.
SODOMIA, f. f. sodomy.
SODOMITA, f. m. a sodomite.

S O E

SOE'R, this verb is only used in the third persons of the present indicative, of the preterimperfect of the same mood, and in the gerund; as, *ele se*, he is wont; *elles se*, they are wont; imperf. *ella se*, he was wont; *elles se*, they were wont; gerund, *sejando*, being wont.
P. quem se faz festa, não sendo, &c. See **FESTA**.
SOE'S, the plur. of **SOL**, which see.
SOESCREVER. See **SUBSCREVER**.

S O F

SOFI'. See **SOPHI**.
SOFISTA, &c. See **SOPHISTA**, &c.
SOFOCA'AM, &c. See **SUFFOCA'AM**, &c.
SOFRALDA'R, v. a. to tuck up the coats; or, as others say, to have to do with a woman. Lat. *subagitar*.
SOFREA'DA, f. f. a check given with the bridle. From *freyo*, the bridle.
SOFREA'DO, a, adj. checked with the bridle.
SOFREA'R, v. a. to check with the bridle.
SOFREDO'R, a, adj. suffering, bearing, that can endure. Lat. *patient*.
SOFREGO, a, adj. voracious, greedy, ravenous, gluttonous. Lat. *vorax*.
Seu sofrego, ou comer sofrego, to eat greedily, to gobble, to cram, and stuff out the cheeks. Lat. *suburcinari*.
Sofrego de fallar, loquacious, that likes to talk.
Sofrego, jealous, suspiciously fearful, afraid of having a rival; also greedy, covetous, or eager after, desiring more than enough.
Hum sofrego, a greedy man, or a greedy gut.
SOFREGUIDAM, f. f. greediness, gluttony.
Com sofreguidão, gluttonously, greedily.
SOFRE'R, v. a. to suffer, to endure, to undergo, to bear, to abide; also to suffer, to wink, to permit, to tolerate.
P. sofrer por saber, e suportar por ter, be patient, or endure inconveniences to

S O L

acquire knowledge, and take pains to gain wealth.
SOFRIDO, a, adj. suffered, endured. See also **SOFREDOR**.
SOFRIME'NTO, f. m. patience.
SOFRI'VEL, adj. tolerable, sufferable; also passable, supportable, indifferent.
SOFRI'VELMENTE, adv. tolerably, so as may be endured; also tolerably, indifferently, so so.

S O G

SO'GA, f. f. (a Spanish word, only used in the provinces of Beyra and Minho) a rope.
SOGEI'AM, f. f. subjection.
SOGEITA'DO, a, adj. subdued, subjected.
SOGEITA'R, v. a. to subdue, to make subject. See also **SUGEITO**.
Soger-se, v. r. to submit one's self to the will or opinion of another.
SOGEITO, a, adj. liable, subject; also that holds of one; also that is held.
Sogito, ou docil, docile, tractable, good-natured, sweet-natured.
Sogito as leis, subject to the laws.
Soger-se a cavallo, ou a burro a cavallo se-guito, to keep a horse within the ring.
SOGEITO, f. m. a person.
Sogito, ou sujeito de huma sciencia, the subject of a science.
Sogito capaz para hum emprego, a person fit for an employment.
Grande sogito, a great man, a learned man.
SO'GRA, f. f. a mother-in-law by marriage, the wife's, or the husband's mother. Lat. *socrus*.
P. não se lembra a sogra, que soy nora, the mother-in-law does not remember she was a daughter-in-law; we say, the parson forgets he was clerk.
SO GRO, f. m. a father-in-law by marriage, the wife's or the husband's father. Lat. *soer*.

S O I

SOI'ÇO. See **SUIÇO**.
SOLA'DE, f. f. (an antiquated word) See **SAUDADE**.
SOI'DO. See **SONIDO**.
SOLDOSO, (an antiquated word) See **SAUDOSO**.
SOIE'RA, f. f. the herb feverfew, white-wort, or mother-wort. Lat. *matricaria*.
SOJUGA'DO. See **SOGEITA'DO**.
SOJUGA'R. See **SOGEITA'R**.

S O L

SOL, f. m. the sun.
O sol da justiça, the Sun of righteousness, a scripture phrase for Jesus Christ.
Queimado do sol, sun-burnt.
Queimadura do sol na cara, sun-burning.
R. p'andicente como o sol, sun-bright.
Rayo do sol, sun-beam.
Cousa em que dá, ou bate o sol, sun-beat.
Por a sol, to sun, to expose to the sun.
Debaixo do sol, ou da capa do sol, under the sun, in this world.

S O L

De sol a sol, from sun-rising to sun-setting.
Nasce o sol, the sun rises.
O nascer do sol, the sun-rising.
Põem-se o sol, the sun sets.
O sol posto, ou o por do sol, the sun-setting.
O sol pica, the sun scorches.
Torreira do sol. See **TORREIRA**.
Sóis, (in poetry) days; as, *dois sois*, two days.
Tomar o sol, ou tomar a altura do sol, (in navigation) to take the height of the sun.
P. sol que muyto madruga, pouco dura, the sun that rises very early in the morning but lasts very little; that is, when the sun, very early in the morning, looks glaring, it is a sign of rain; applied to those who are very early risers, and are soon weary of work, or do little.
P. jogar o sol antes de nascer, to play away the sun before it rises; generally taken for playing away, or losing a day's wages before it is earned.
Acosta saye, that when the Spaniards first entered Peru, they plundered an Indian temple at Cusco, which was full of immense wealth, and, among the rest, a soldier took to his share an idol of the sun, all of beaten gold, set with jewels of a prodigious value, which, falling to play that night, he lost before morning; and thence it came in use, when a man played away all he had, to say, he played away the sun before it rose; because this soldier played away the idol of the sun before day. In short, it signifies to play and lose all a man has.
P. sol de Janeiro sabe tarde, e põem-se cedo, the sun in January rises late, and sets soon. Applied to all transitory things, that are soon gone.
Pássaro do sol, bird of paradise, &c. See **MANUCODIATA**.
Sol, (with chemists) sol, or gold.
Sol, (in music) sol, the name of a note in the gamut.
Sol-cris. See **CRIS**.
SOLA, f. f. ex. *Sola do pé*, the sole of the foot.
Sola do sapato, the sole of the shoe.
Sapatos de huma sola, single-soled shoes.
Sola, leather, hide.
Por solas, ou solar hum par de sapatos, to sole a pair of shoes.
SOLA'NO. See **ER'LA mura**.
SOLA'O, f. m. comfort, gaiety, pleasure, delight. Lat. *solatium*.
SOLA'PA, f. f. a digging under, an undermining.
SOLAPADAMENTE, adv. secretly, privily.
Furtar Solapadamente, to steal privily, to pilfer.
SOLAPA'DO, a, adj. undermined; also secret, hidden, private, clandestine.
SOLAPA'R, v. a. to dig under, to undermine.
SOLA'R, v. a. to sole.

Solar

SOL

Solar hum par de sapatos, to sole a pair of shoes.
Solar, adj. solar, of, or pertaining to the sun; also solar, measured by the sun.
Annosolar, *mez solar*, (in astronomy) solar year, solar month.
Musculo solar, (in anatomy) solæus, a muscle which helps to stretch out the sole of the foot.
Solar, born when the sun predominates.
Solar, f. m. the ancient mansion-house of a family.
Fidalgo de solar. See *FIDALGO*.
Fidalgo de solar conhecido, a gentleman of an ancient known family.
SOLARIEGO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the stock, or family, or mansion-house.
Casa solariega. See *SOLAR*, f. m.
SOLARIO, f. m. See *SOALHEIRO*.
A SOLAS, adv. all alone, without company; also aside, as, *temar hum b-mem a solas*, to take a man aside.
SOLAZ. See *DESENFADO*.
SOLDA, f. f. a composition called folder, or fodder. See also *CONSOLIDA*.
SOLDADA, f. f. servants wages. See also *PREMIO*, *RECOMPENSA*.
SOLDADÉSCA, f. f. soldiery.
SOLDADÉSCO, a, adj. military, soldier-like.
SOLDADO, f. m. a soldier.
Soldado simples, a soldier, a common soldier.
Soldado de pe, a foot soldier.
Soldado de cavallo, a trooper, a horse-soldier.
Moço de soldado, a soldier's boy.
Fazer soldados, to raise or levy soldiers.
Soldado que serve no mar, a marine, a soldier who serves on board ship.
Soldados que se poem no lugar mais perigoso quando se dá a batalha, perdués, the forlorn hope of an army.
Soldado, (in the Brasil) a sort of fish so called.
Soldado, a, adj. soldiered.
SOLDADU'RA, f. f. a soldiering.
SOLDANELLA, f. f. the herb bindweed.
SOLDAM, f. m. a soldan or sultan.
Soldão do Egypto, the soldan of Egypt.
SOLDAR, v. a. to soldier, or fodder, to fasten together with folder.
Soldar hum ferida, to close up a wound.
SO'LDO, f. m. soldiers pay; also a sort of ancient Portuguese coin.
SOLECISMO, f. m. a solecism.
SOLEDADE, f. f. a solitary, loneliness place, a desert; also solitude, solitariness, loneliness.
SOLEDAM, f. f. (in India) idem.
SOLEMNE, adj. solemn, done publicly.
SOLEMNEMENTE, adv. solemnly, in a solemn manner.
SOLEMNIDADE, f. f. solemnity.
SOLEMNIZA'DO, a, adj. solemnizing.
SOLEMNIZAR, v. a. to solemnize, to celebrate.

SOL

SOLENE, ou *SOLENNE*, &c. See *SOLEMNE*, &c.
SOLENCIA, f. f. quickness of wit, sharpness, shrewdness.
SOLÉS, f. m. the foremost draught-tree whereon the foremost yoke hangeth when there are two yokes of oxen.
SOLETRA'DO, a, adj. spelt.
SOLETRAR, v. a. to spell.
SOLFA, f. f. the notes of music.
Per huma cantiga em solfa, to prick, or to set a song to music.
SOLFEAR, v. a. to sing by notes.
O solfear, the sol-fa ing, the naming and pronouncing the several notes of a song by the syllables *sol*, *fa*, *la*, &c.
SOLFISTA, f. m. he who sings by notes; also a composer, or setter, in music.
SOLHA, f. f. a sort of fish called a sole; also a sort of defensive arm formerly used.
SOLHA'DO, &c. See *ASSOALHA*.
SOLHAR, v. n. to fish for soles.
SOLHO, f. m. a fish taken commonly for a surgeon. Lat. *ascipenser*. See also *PAYIMENTO*.
SOLICITADO, &c. See *SOLLICITADO*, &c.
SOLIDAMENTE, adv. solidly, with strength of reason; also strongly.
SOLIDAM, f. f. a solitude, a desert.
SOLIDADO, a, adj. made solid.
SOLIDAR, v. a. to make solid; also to strengthen.
SOLIDEIO, f. m. calotte, a cap or coif of satin, leather, &c. used as an ecclesiastical ornament in Portugal, &c. a red calotte is the badge of a cardinal.
SOLIDEZ, f. f. solidity. See also *FIRMEZA*.
SOLLIDO, a, adj. solid, having three dimensions.
Solido, solid, massive, hard, firm.
Solido, solid, real, lasting, substantial.
Provas solidas, solid, or strong proofs.
Solido, f. m. a solid, a body having three dimensions. See also *SOLIDEZ*.
In solidum, for the whole, in solido.
SOLILOQUIO, f. m. a soliloquy.
SOLIMAM, f. m. mercury sublimated, corruptly so called, from *sublimatum*.
SOLIO, f. m. a throne. Lat. *solium*.
SOLITARIO, a, adj. solitary, loneliness. See *PASSARO*.
Solitario, f. m. a solitary, a hermit.
SOLLICITAÇAM, f. f. solicitation.
SOLLICITADO, a, adj. solicited, tried, attempted, courted, &c. according to the verb *Sollicitar*.
SOLLICITADOR, f. m. a solicitor, &c. according to the verb *Sollicitar*.
SOLLICITAMENTE, adv. to solicitously, diligently.
SOLLICITANTE. See *SOLLICITADOR*.
SOLLICITAR, v. a. to solicit, move, urge, entice, tempt, or egg on.
Sollicitar hum negocio, to solicit, attend look after, or prosecute a business.

SOL

Sollicitar a mal, to tempt, or induce to evil.
Sollicitar huma mulher, to endeavour to debauch a woman.
SOLLICITO, a, adj. solicitous, careful. Lat. *solicitus*.
SOLLICITU'DE, f. f. solicitude, great care, anxiousness of mind.
SOLLO, (in music books) solo; that is, singly or alone.
Solo, (among lawyers) See *CHAM*.
SOLOGIZAR. See *SYLLOGIZAR*.
SOLSTICIAL, adj. of the solstice, solstitial.
SOLSTICIO, f. m. (in astronomy) solstice.
SOLTAS, f. f. fetters for horses feet; so called by the rule of contraries, being bands, and the name implying looseness.
SOLTA'DO, a, adj. let go, let loose, released, &c. according to the verb *Soltar*.
SOLTAMENTE, adv. loosely, freely; also licentiously.
SOLTAM. See *SOLDAM*.
SOLTAR, v. a. to let go, to let loose, to release. Lat. *solvere*.
Soltar difficuldades, to expound difficulties.
Soltar, to dismiss out of prison.
Soltar palavras, to speak.
Soltar suspiros, to sigh.
Soltar a presa do mocho, to open a mill-dam.
Soltar, ou largar a redea. See *REDEA*.
Soltar questoes, to solve or explain obscure questions.
Soltar, to untie, to loosen a knot.
Soltar, to make laxative, to loosen.
Soltar hum cão, to slip, or let loose a dog.
Soltar-se, v. r. to get or break loose.
Soltar-se em palavras, to speak licentiously.
Soltar-se em injurias contra algum, to inveigh most bitterly, or with great impatience against one.
Soltar-se, to be corrupted, or debauched.
SOLTEIRA, f. f. a single woman.
SOLTEIRO, f. m. a bachelor, a single man.
Vida de solteiro, a single life.
SOLTO, a, adj. See *SOLTADO*.
Vida solta, a licentious life.
Solto da lingua, talkative.
Verso solto, blank verse, or without rhyme.
Sono solto, a profound or deep sleep.
SOLTU'RA, f. f. licentiousness. See also *LIVRAMENTO*, and *INTERPRETAÇAM*.
SOLUCA DO, p. of *SOLUÇAR*, which see.
SOLUÇAM, f. f. a solution, a solving of questions.
Soluçam, a dissolving, dissolution, or separation.
Soluçam, dissolution, chemical liquefaction.
SOLUÇANDO, sobbing.
SOLUÇAR, v. n. to sob often, to hiccup. Lat. *singultare*.

S O M

Solgar a nas, is for a ship to roll, or to float in rough water.
SOLU'ÇO, f. m. a sob, a convulsive sigh, hiccup, hiccough, or hicket.
Fazer passar o soluço a alguém metendo-lhe o dedo, to fright one's hiccup away.
Com soluços, with sobs, sobbingly.
SOLVER, v. a. to expound; as, *Solver dificuldades*, to expound difficulties.
SOLUTI'VO, a, adj. solutive, of a loosening quality (in medicine.)

S O M

SOM, f. m. sound, the object of hearing. Lat. *sonus*.
Som do tambor, the beat of a drum.
Som, ou peça, que se põem a viola, any piece, or composition of music for the guitar.
Som de trombetas, the sound of trumpets.
Viver ao som, ou a ley da natureza. See **NATUREZA**.
Em som de guerra, like an enemy, in a hostile or warlike manner.
Em som de paz, friendly, in a friendly manner.
Ao som, according; as, *Ao som da sua paixão*, according to his passion, desire, or inclination.
Fallar sem tom, nem som, to speak foolishly, or to no purpose.
SOMA, f. f. a great quantity.
Dar buma soma de pancadas em alguém, to cudgel one soundly, to maul him. See also **SUMMA**.
Soma, a sort of small ship (in the island of Japan.)
SOMADO, SOMAR. See **SUMMA-DO, SUMMAR**.
SOMANA. } See { **SEMANA**.
SOMAR. } See { **SUMMAR**.
SOMARIO, &c. See **SUMMARIO**, &c.
SOMASCOS, a sort of religious order, instituted by father Emiliani, and confirmed by pope Paul III. A. C. 1540.
SOMBRA, f. f. shade, a place sheltered from the sun. Lat. *umbra*.
Fazer sombra a alguém, to stand in one's light.
Sombra, shadow, or dark colours, in painting.
Ter medo da sua propria sombra, to be afraid of one's own shadow, to fear without a cause.
Sombras da noite, (in poetry) the shades or darkness of night.
Fazer sombra, to shadow, or shade.
Sombra, shadow, favour, protection (metaph.)
A' sombra da sua protecção, under his protection.
Fazer sombra a alguém, (metaph.) to drown one's merit, to obscure or eclipse him.
Sombra, ou apparencias shadow, appearance.
Sombra, ou figura, shadow, figure, sign.

S O N

Sombra, (in poetry) shade, ghost, or spirit.
Sombra ou presagio, omen; as, *Boa sombra*, good omen, good luck.
Sombra, ou umbrina. See **OMBRINA**.
O que vey a hum banquete á sombra de alguém, an unbidden guest accompanying one to a feast. Lat. *umbra*.
Nem por sombra, not in the least,
P. sobre a sombra da negueira, não te deytes a dormir, do not lie down under the shade of the walnut-tree, because it is reckoned unwholesome.
SOMBREIRINHOS do telhado. See **CONCHELLOS**.
SOMBREIRO. See **CHAPEO**.
Sombreiro de fel. See **CHAPEO** do fel.
SOMBREIRO, f. m. a shady place, any thing that makes a shade.
Sombreiro, a sort of cetaceous fish.
Sombreiro, ou Sombreyrinho dos telhados. See **CONCHELLOS**.
SOMBREIROIRO, f. m. a hat-maker, a hatter.
Sombreiroiro, ou mercador que vende chapéus, an haberdasher, or dealer in hats.
SOMBRI'O, a, adj. shady; also sour, crabbed, sullen, furly.
SOMEIRO, f. m. the winter and head of a printer's press.
SOMENOS, adj. of little worth or value.
SOMENTES, adv. only.
SOMERGER. See **SUMERGIR**.
SOMERGIDO. See **SUMERGIDO**.
SOMETE, v. a. See **SOGETTAR**.
Someter-se, v. r. to submit or yield. See also **HUMILHAR-SE**.
SOMETIDO. See **SOGETTADO**.
SOMISSAM. See **SUBMISSAM**.
SOMITEGO, f. m. a sodomite; also a miser, a covetous wretch to extremity.
SOMMA, &c. See **SUMMA**, &c.
SOMNOLENCIA, f. f. somolency, drowsiness.
SOMNOLENTO, a, adj. sleepy, drowsy.

S O N

SONA'JA, f. f. an instrument of music, made of two or more brass plates, which being struck together made a kind of music.
SONA'NCIA. } See { **TONO**.
SONANTE. } See { **SONORO**.
SONAR, (in cant) to sleep.
SONDA, f. f. a plummet to sound the depth of waters with, a sounding lead.
SONDA'DO, a, adj. sounded, &c. See
SONDA'R, v. a. to sound the depth of waters.
Sondar alguém, to sound, sift, or pump one (metaph.)
SONEGA'DO, a, adj. concealed (speaking of lands, or other goods.)
Os que descobrem algumas terras de el-rey que estavam sonegadas, concealers, those that discover king's lands concealed.

S O P

SONEGADO'R, f. m. **SONEGADO-RA**, f. f. a concealer, one that conceals lands or other goods.
SONEGA'R, ou *Subnegar*, v. a. to conceal lands or other goods.
SONETO, f. m. a sonnet.
SONHA'DO, a, adj. dreamed, seen in a dream.
SONHADO'R, f. m. a dreamer.
SONHAR, v. a. to dream, to see in a dream.
Sonhar, v. n. to dream, to have the representation of something in sleep.
SONHO, f. m. a dream; also a sort of dainty made of milk, sugar, &c.
Nem por sonho, not in the least, by no means.
SONI'DO, f. m. a sound, or noise.
Sonido agradável de hum ribeyro, a soft still noise, or the purling of a brook.
Sonido das arvores quando lhey da o vento, the whispering or rustling of trees shaken by the wind.
O sonido estrepitoso da mar, the roaring of the sea.
SONY'I, i. e. a professor of true religion, a title which the Persians assume to themselves.
SONO, f. m. sleep, rest, repose.
Sono fingido. See **FINGIDO**.
Ter sono, to be sleepy, or drowsy.
Tomar o sono, ou pegar no sono, to fall into a sleep, or slumber.
Sono muito pesado, ou carregado, a sound, deep, or dead sleep.
Sono leve, a slumber, light sleep, sleep not profound.
SONOLE'NTO, a, adj. sleepy, drowsy.
O sol está ainda sonolento, (in poetry) the sun is scarce upon the horizon (metaph.)
SONORE'NTO, a, adj. See **SONO-LENTO**.
SONORO, a, adj. sonorous. See also **ESTRONDOSO**.
SONOROSO, idem.
SONSA, f. f. slyness, affected simplicity.
SONSO, a, adj. sly, that affects simplicity.

S O P

SOPA, f. f. a sop, or bread soaked in broth, drink, or wine.
Sopa de peixe, ervas, &c. soup meagre, or lenten pottage.
Estar as sopas de cutrim, to be a trencher-mate, or trencher-fly.
O que está as sopas de cutrim, a trencher-mate, a trencher-fly.
Hir as sopas, ou ao caldo, to repair for alms to the monasteries, where they give to all the poor a mess of pottage with bread, and a bit of meat.
Sopa deurada, a sort of brewis, being bread soaked in the top broth of the pot, covered close, and set to simmer on the fire. They strew over it sugar, and cinnamon; then they lay at top of it a roasted puller, or turkey, and some sausages, &c.
Esta bebado como buma sopa, he is as drunk as a toast.

Estar

SOQ

Estar feito huma sopa, to be wet through, to be wet quite through.

P. as sopas, e os amores, os primeiros são os melhores, of soup and love, the first is best. The top of the soup, and the first love are best.

SOPAM, f. m. See **BEBERRAM**.

SOPAPPO, f. m. a blow on the cheeks when they are swollen with wind.

SOPE, under foot.

SOPEADO, a, adj. flinted, &c. See

SOPEAR, v. a. to appease, flint, repress, or keep under. Lat. *comprimere*.

Sopar a ira, to flint, curb, or appease one's anger.

SOPEIRO, f. m. a porringer.

SOPESADO, a, adj. brandished, &c. See

SOPESAR, v. a. to brandish, to wag, to shake slightly.

Sopar-se, v. r. to hang exactly even and level, to be in equilibrio.

SOPETADO, p. of

SOPETAR, v. n. to dip often a bit or slice of bread in wine, broth, or any other liquor.

SOPHI, ou *Sofi*, f. m. the sophy or monarch of Persia.

SOPHISMA, f. m. a sophism, a fallacious argument.

SOPHISTA, f. m. a sophist.

SOPHISTERIA, f. f. sophistry.

SOPHISTICO, a, adj. sophistical.

SOPINHA, diminut. of **SOPA**, which see.

SOPITO, a, adj. brought, or laid to sleep. Lat. *sopitus*.

SOPOR. See **SUPPOR**.

SOPORADO, a, adj. soaked in. Lat. *soporatus*.

SOPORIFERO, a, adj. that causes sleep, soporiferous, soporative.

SOPOROSO, a, adj. sleepy, drowsy.

SOPORTADO, a, adj. suffered, endured, &c. See

SOPORTAR, v. a. to suffer, to bear, to abide, to endure; also to stand, to resist.

Sopitar o choque, to stand the shock.

SOPOSTO. See **SUPPOSTO**.

SOPRADO, **SOPRAR**. See **ASSOPRADO**, **ASSOPRAR**.

SOPREZADO, a, adj. taken, made prize. See **SOPREZAR**.

Navio surprezado, a prize, a ship taken by the enemy.

SOPREZAR *huma navio*, v. a. to make prize of an enemy's ship.

Soprezar, to surprise, to take napping, to come upon unawares.

SOPRIOR, f. m. **SOPRIOREZA**, f. f. a sub-prior, or prioress.

SOPRO, f. m. See **ASSOPRO**.

SOQ

SOQUEIXADO, a, adj. that has the chin wrapt up in a towel, &c.

Talhã soqueixada, ou *soqueixa*, a towel with which the country women wrap up the head and chin. From *so* and *queixa*; that is, under the chin.

SOR

SOQUIR, ou *Suquir*, v. n. to eat in secret, or in hugger-mugger (incant.)

SOR

SOR, filter; a title given to nuns. From the Lat. *for*.

SORÇA. See **CAPOEIRA**.

SORDES, (in surgery) *fordes*, foulness. Lat.

SORDICIE, f. f. idem.

SORDIDAMENTE, adv. sordidly, basely.

SORDIDEZA, f. f. sordidness, baseness.

SORDIDO, a, adj. dirty; also sordid, base. Lat. *sordidus*.

SORDIDO, p. of **SORDIR**, which see

SORDINA. See **SURDINA**.

SORDIR, ou *Surdir*, v. n. is properly for a vessel that has been overfet, to be set upright again.

SORITES, f. m. *sortes*, an imperfect syllogism.

SORNA, f. f. heaviness, slowness.

SORRO, f. m. whey. Lat. *serum*; also the serum in a man's blood.

SOROMENHO, f. m. a wild pear-tree. Lat. *acbaas*.

Pera que o soromenho produz, a wild choak-pear.

SOROR. See **SOR**.

SORRABADO, **SORRABAR**. See **OBSEQUIADO**, **OBSEQUIAR**, and **CORTEJAR**.

SORRATEIRO, a, adj. crafty, cunning. Lat. *versutus*.

Olhar com olhos sorrateiros, ou *de porco*, to look askew upon, or cast a sheep's eye at.

SORRELFIO, (a ludicrous word.) See **SORRATEIRO**.

SORRIDO, p. of

SORRIR, v. n. to smile.

Sorrir-se, v. r. idem.

Sorrir-se loucamente, to giggle, to titter, to grin with merry levity.

Sorrir-se maliciosamente, or *par desprezo*, to snicker, or snigger, to laugh sily, or contemptuously.

Sorrir-se para algum, to smirk upon one.

Sorrir-se amorosamente, to smirk, to look amorously, to smper.

SORRISO, f. m. a smile, or smpering.

SORTE, f. f. a lot, a chance. Lat. *fortis*; also sort, kind, manner.

Lançar sortes, to cast lots.

Lijo me coube por sorte, this fell to my lot.

Não o quero desta sorte, I will not have it of this sort, or after this manner.

Billete das sortes, a ticket in a lottery.

Sortes, a lottery.

Sorte que saio em branco, a blank (in a lottery.)

Sorte que saio em preto, a prize (in a lottery.)

Tirar huma sorte em preto, to draw a prize.

Sorte, (at dice) two trois, six; also two fives; also two cinquies, or fives.

SOR

De tal sorte, so, in such a manner.

De tal sorte que, so that, inasmuch that.

Fazer sortes ao leuro. See **TOUREAR**. *P. á má sorte*, *envidar sorte*, he that has ill luck must push boldly.

SORTEADO, a, adj. furnished, stocked; also sorted, matched, &c. See **SORTEAR**.

SORTEADOR, f. m. a caster of lots. Lat. *sortiter*.

SORTEAR, v. n. to cast lots.

Sertear, v. a. to furnish, to stock, to store with things necessary; also to sort, or match.

SORTIDA, f. f. (a military word) a sally.

Fazer huma fortida, to make a sally, to sally.

Porta da fortaleza por onde sahem os que vão a fazer fortidas, a sally-port.

SORTIDO, p. of **SORTIR**, which see.

SORTIJA, f. f. See **SORTILHA**.

SORTILEGIO, f. m. *sortilege*, or divination by lots.

SORTILHA, f. f. a ring.

Correr sortilhas, to ride at the ring.

SORTIMENTO, f. m. a sortment.

SORTIR *effeito*, v. a. to take effect, to come to an issue.

Ser o effeito desejado, to take a good effect, to come to an happy issue.

N.B. The *s* of this verb is to be changed into *z*, in those tenses where the *t* is followed by *e* or *a*; and is to be kept when the *t* is followed by *i*; however we read in the *Fabula dos Planetas*, *sortio effeito*, it took effect; and in *Andrade*, part ii. *Apologet.* we read, *sortio effeito*, they took no effect.

Ser sortir-se, v. r. is for a merchant to furnish himself with goods.

SORVA, f. f. the fruit called a service.

SORVADO, a, adj. that is soft, as a service when it is quite ripe.

SORVEDOURO, f. m. See **FORAGEM**.

SORVEDURA. See **SORVO**.

SORVEIRA, f. f. the service-tree. Lat. *forbum*.

SORVER, v. a. to sip, to sup, to drink but a little at a time. Lat. *sorbere*.

Sorver, to swallow, to ingulph, to absorb, to take in (metaph.)

Sorver huma injuria, to swallow an injury (metaph.)

Comer liquido que se serve, spoon-meat.

SORVETE, f. m. the jelly of any fruit mixed with water to drink.

SORVIDO, a, adj. supped, &c. according to the verb *Sorver*.

SORTIDO, (metaph.) See **ENLEFADO**.

SORINHO, f. m. a little sip.

SORUMBATICO, (a vulgar word) sour, crabbed, sullen, surly.

SORVO, f. m. the act of sipping or supping; also a sip, a sup, a small draught.

S O T

S O S

A-SOSLAYO, adv. slopingly, slantingly.
SOSOBRA DO, SOSOBRAR. See *SO COBRA DO, SO COBRAR*.
SOSPEIÇAM. See *SUSPEIÇAM*.
SOSPEIÇA, f. f. suspicion.
SOSPEIÇADO, a, adj. suspected.
SOSPEIÇAR, v. a. to suspect, or mistrust. See also *PRESENTIR*.
Lat. suspicari.
SOSPEIÇAR, v. n. to suspect, surmise, conjecture or think.
SOSPEITO. See *SUSPECTO*.
SOSPEITO SO, a, adj. suspicious, distrustful, full of suspicions or fears; also suspected, mistrusted, suspicious, that may be suspected or feared, giving reason to imagine ill.
SOSQUINA DO, or Susquinado, a, adj. inclined, that has a propension.
SOSQUINAR, v. a. to incline, to have a propension.
SOSSEGA DO, &c. See *SOCEGAR*, &c.
SOSTENTA DO, &c. See *SUSTENTADO, &c.*
SOSTER, v. a. *Pres. Eu sostenho, &c.* according to the verb *Tir*; to sustain, to support, to uphold, to bear up.
Sister algum, pegando-lhe por baixo do braço, to bear or hold one up under the arms.
Soster, to bear or endure.
Sister-se, v. r. to bear or keep one's self up.
SOSTI DO, a, adj. sustained, supported, &c. See *SOSTER*.

S O T

SO TA, f. f. (at cards) the queen.
Sota, f. m. a postillion, one who rides on one of the foremost horses, and guides the first pair of a set of six horses in a coach.
Sota-almirante, f. m. the rear-admiral, an officer of the royal navy that commands the third squadron.
Sota-capitão, f. m. the vice-admiral, that commands the second squadron.
Sota-cocheiro, f. m. a second coachman.
SOTA INA, or Sotana, f. f. a cassock.
SO TAM, f. m. a room on the lower-floor of a house, in which they enjoy the cool air, &c.
Sotão, a cellar. From the Spanish *sotano*.
SOTA QUE, f. m. a witty saying, or repartee. See also *APODO*.
SOTAVENTADO, ou Sotaventado, a, adj. drove to the leeward (a sea term).
SOTAVENTO, f. m. the lee side, or the side on which the wind blows.
SOTERIA, f. f. (with the Romans) Soteria, sacrifices for health.
SOTERRADO, a, adj. put under ground.
SOTERRA NEO, ou Soterranbo. See *SUBTERRANEO*.
SOTERRAR, v. a. to put under ground.

S P E

SOTERRENHO. See *SUBTERRANEO*.
SOTIL, &c. See *SUTIL, &c.*
SOTO-almirante. See *SOYA-ALMIRANTE*.
Soto-capitão. See *SOTA-CAPITAM*.
Soto-cocheiro. See *SOTA-COCHEIRO*.
Soto-mestre, an usher, or under-master.
SOTOPILOTO, f. m. the second pilot.
SOTOPO'R, v. a. to put or lay under. *Lat. supponere*.
SOTOPOSTO, a, adj. put or laid under; also obliged, subject, liable.
SOTRANCAM, f. m. (a vulgar word) one that affects a sullen countenance.
SOTURNO homem, (a vulgar phrase) a heavy dull fellow that never smiles or laughs.

S O V

SO VA, f. f. a beating with a club, stick, or cudgel, a cudgelling. *Lat. fustigium*.
Sova, f. m. (in the kingdom of Angola) the governor of a province.
SOVA CO. See *SOBACO*.
SOVA DO, a, adj. kneaded as dough. See the verb *Sovar*.
SOVADURA, f. f. kneading of dough. See the verb.
SOVAR, v. a. to knead, to mould, to work up and down the dough, sand, &c.
Sovar em algum, to cudgel one.
SOVELA, f. f. an awl, a shoemaker's tool.
SOVELADA, f. f. a push with an awl.
SOVERA L, f. m. a grove, or wood of cork-trees.
SOVEREIRO. See *SOBRO*.
SOVERTER, &c. See *SUBVERTER, &c.*
SOVINA, f. f. a wooden pin; also a dove's or swallow's tail, in joiners work. *Lat. subscus*.
SOVINA, f. m. (a vulgar word) a miser, a covetous wretch to extremity.
SOUTO, f. m. a thicket, a wood; but more especially a place set with chestnut-trees.
P. por soute não irás traz outro, do not go after, or follow another in a wood or thicket; because the boughs fly back from him that went before.

S O Z

SOZINHO, a, adj. alone, all alone.

S P A

SPAÇO. See *ESPAÇO*.
SPAHI, ou Spains, f. m. spahi, a Turkish horseman completely armed.
SPASMO. See *ESPASMO*.

S P E

SPECTRO. See *ESPECTRO*.
SPECULARIA, f. f. specularia, the art of preparing and making specula,

S T E

or mirrors; also specularis lapis, a kind of stone as clear as glass, used in divers countries, where it is found, for window-lights.

SPERMA ceti. See *ESPERMA da balea*.

S P H

SPHACELO, (in medicine) sphacelus, a gangrene, a perfect mortification of a part.
SPHERA, &c. See *ESFERA, &c.*
SPHEROIDE, (in geometry) a spheroid.
SPHINCTER, ou Sphinter, (in anatomy) the sphincter.
SPHINGE. See *ESFINGE*.

S P I

SPICA-nardi, lavender-spike, spike-nard.
SPINE LLA. } See { *ESPINELLA*.
SPINETA. } { *ESPINETA*.
SPIRA. } { *ESPIRA*.
SPIRAÇAM, f. f. (in divinity) spiration.
SPIRA L. See *ESPIRAL*.

S P L

SPLE NICO, a, adj. (in anatomy) splenic.

S P O

SPONDAICO, SPONDEO. See *ES-PONDAICO, ESPONDEO*.
SPONDIL, (in anatomy) a knuckle or turning joint of the back-bone.
SPONTANEAMENTE, adv. spontaneously.
SPONTA NEO, a, adj. spontaneous.
SPONTAR. See *DESPONTAR*.
SPO RTULAS, f. f. p. the fees or rewards paid to lawyers, judges, and some other officers.

S P U

SPURCI CIA, f. f. See *IMMUNDICIA*.

S Q U

SQUELETO. See *ESQUELETO*.
SQUILITICO. See *SCILLITICO*.

S T A

STACIONARIO. See *ESTACIONARIO*.
STA DIO. See *ESTADIO*.
STAFFI L, f. m. a lash, a whip. From the Ital. *staffile*. A word rarely used.
STAPHISA GRIA. See *ERVA pilobirra*.
STATICA, f. f. the science called statics.
STATO UDER, f. m. a stat-holder, or stat-holder, a governor or regent of a province in the United Netherlands.
STATUA, &c. See *ESTATUA, &c.*

S T E

STEATOMA, f. m. (in surgery) the swelling called steatoma.

STE.

STY

STECHADE, the plant called cotton-weed, or French lavender.
STEGANOGRAPHIA, f. f. Steganography, the art of secret writing.
STELLARIA, or *Alchimilla*, f. f. the plant called alchimilla, or ladies-mantle.
STELLIO, ou *Estelliao*, f. m. a stellion, a spotted lizard, which casts her skin every half year, and commonly devours it.
STELLIONATO, ou *Estellionato*, (in the civil law) stellionate, all kinds of cozenage, and knavish practices in bargaining; and all sorts of frauds, which have no peculiar names in law; as exacting a debt when it has been already paid, &c.
STEREOMETRIA, f. f. the science called stereometry.
STEREOTOMIA, f. f. the art or science called stereotomy.
STERLINGA. See **ESTERLINA**.
STERNON, f. m. (in anatomy) the sternum, or the breast-bone.
STERNUTACAM, f. f. sternutation.
STERNUTATORIO, a, adj. sternutatory.
Medicamento sternutatorio, a sternutatory

STI

STILO. See **ESTILO**.
STIMULANTE, p. a. stimulating.
STIPENDIO. See **ESTIPENDIO**.
STIRPE. } See { **ESTIRPE**.
STYPTICO. } See { **STYPTICO**.

STO

STOICOS. See **ESTOICOS**.
STOMATICO, a, adj. stomachic.

STR

STRABISMO, f. m. (in medicine) strabism, a squinting.
STRANGURIA, f. f. strangury, a stoppage of the urine.
STRATAGEMA, f. f. stratagem, cunning, device; also a stratagem, a trick of war.
Stratagma de cortesia. See **PRIMOR**, and **FINEZA**.
STRIA, **STRIA DO**. See **ESTRIA**, **ESTRIADO**.
STRICTO, a, adj. strict.
STRIDOR, f. m. a noise. Lat.
STRIGE, f. f. the screech-owl, accounted an ill-boding bird. Lat. *strix*.
STROPHE, f. m. a strophe, stanza, a stave of verses.
STRUCTURA, f. f. a structure.

STU

STULTILOQUIO, f. m. foolish babbling.
STULTO, a, adj. foolish.

STY

STYGE, f. f. the poetical Infernal Lake, called by the Lat. *Styx*.

SUB

STY'GIO, a, adj. belonging to hell, infernal, stygian.
STYLITA, a famous anchorite called Simon Stylite, who lived in the fifth century.
STYPTICO, a, adj. (in medicine) styptic.

SUA

SUA, the fem. of *seu*. See **SEU**.
Seu, ou sua delle, his own.
Sua, ou seu della, her own.
SUADELA, f. f. the goddess of persuasion.
SUADO, a, adj. sweaty, wet with sweat, covered with sweat.
SUADOURO, f. m. a remedy that makes one sweat.
SUAR, v. n. to sweat. Lat. *sudare*.
Suar, to sweat, to labour, to toil and moil, to take pains.
Que faz suar o topete, (metaph.) laborious, painful, that pains must be taken about.
Sua-se outrabalha-se muito, people sweat much.
Suar v. a. ex. Suar sangue, to sweat blood.
Suar, to wet, or to moisten with sweat.
P. mais val suar, que enfermar, it is better to sweat than to fall sick.
SUARENTO, a, adj. See **SUADO**.
SUASORIO, a, adj. fit to persuade.
SUAVE, adj. sweet, pleasant, smooth, soft.
SUAVEMENTE, adv. sweetly, pleasantly, softly.
SUAVIDADE, f. f. suavity, sweetness.
SUAVISSIMAMENTE, adv. very sweetly.
SUAVISSIMO, a, adj. most sweet, or pleasant.
SUAVIZADO, a, adj. made sweet, &c. See
SUAVIZAR, v. a. to make sweet and pleasant to the mind or senses.
Suavizar, to appease, to calm.
SUAZORIO, a, adj. suasive, apt to persuade.

SUB

SUBALTERNACAM, f. f. the state of one that is under another's command
SUBALTERNA DO, a, adj. subaltern.
SUBALTERNO, a, adj. subaltern.
Juizes subalternos, subalterns, or inferior judges.
SUBCINERICIO, a, adj. baked under the ashes.
SUBCLA'VEO, a, adj. (in anatomy) subclavian.
SUBDELEGAÇAM, f. f. subdelegation.
SUBDELEGA DO, a, adj. subdelegated. It is also used as a substantive for a subdelegate.
SUBDELEGAR, v. a. to subdelegate.
SUBDIACONATO, f. m. subdeaconship.

SUB

SUBDIA'CONO, f. m. a subdeacon.
SUBDITO, f. m. a subject, a vassal.
SUBDIVIDIDO, a, adj. subdivided.
SUBDIVIDIR, v. a. to subdivide.
SUBDIVISAM, f. f. a subdivision.
SUBDUPLA proporção, (in geometry) subduple proportion.
SUBIDA, f. f. an arrest; also the act of ascending, going, or climbing up.
P. de grande subida, grande cabida, a great rise will have a great fall.
SUBIDO, a, adj. high, great, excellent, eminent, sublime. See also the verb *Subir*.
Estylo subido, sublime or lofty style.
Engenho subido, a quick wit.
Que he de preço muito subido, that is extraordinary dear.
SUBJECTO, or *Subjecto*, f. m. the subject of a science.
SUBINTELLECTO, ou *Subintendido*. See **SUBENTENDIDO**.
SUBIR, v. a. and n. to go, come, or get up, to mount, to ascend.
Subir num cavallo, to get upon a horse.
Subir, to rise, to be preferred.
O vinho sobe lhe á cabeça, the wine flies into his head.
Subir de pensamentos, to be elated, to grow proud.
Subir de preço, to grow dearer.
Subir, to raise, to prefer or advance, v. a.
Subir a huma grande fortuna, to raise one's self, to raise one's fortune.
Subir de estylo, to raise one's style.
Sabir de ponto, ou subir mais a corda, idem.
SUBITAMENTE, adv. suddenly.
SUBITA'NEO, a, adj. sudden, unexpected.
SUBITO, a, adj. idem.
De subito, adv. suddenly.
Subito, f. m. sally, spurt, brunt, heat, fury, a sudden fit.
SUBLIMAÇAM, f. f. (in chemistry) sublimation.
SUBLIMADO, a, adj. lifted up, raised, extolled.
Sablimado, f. m. sublimate, mercury sublimated.
SUBLIMAR, v. a. to lift up, to raise, to extol. Lat. *sublimare*.
Sublimar, (in chemistry) to sublimate.
SUBLIME, adj. sublime, lofty, high, great.
Estylo sublime, ou subido. See **SUBIDO**.
SUBLIMIDADE, f. f. loftiness, sublimity.
SUBLUNAR, adj. sublunar, or sublunary.
SUBMERGIDO, &c. See **SUMERGIDO**, &c.
SUBMINISTRAÇAM, f. f. furnishing, providing, subministration.
SUBMINISTRADO, a, adj. furnished, provided.
SUBMINISTRAR, v. a. to furnish, to provide, to subminister.
SUBMISSAM, f. f. submission, submissiveness.
Submissão da voz, softness of speech.

S U B

Com submissão, submissively, humbly.
SUBMISSO, *a*, adj. low, submissive.
Com voz submissa, with a low voice, softly.
SUBNEGADO, &c. See **SONEGADO**, &c.
SUBORDINAÇÃO, *f. f.* subordination.
SUBORDINA'DO, *a*, adj. subordinate.
SUBORDINA'R, *v. a.* to subordinate.
Subordinar-se, *v. r.* to submit, to yield, to be subject.
SUBORNAÇÃO, *f. f.* suborning, or subornation.
SUBORNADOR, *f. m.* a suborner.
SUBORNA'DO, *a*, adj. suborned.
SUBORNA'R, *v. a.* to suborn.
SUBORNO. See **SUBORNAÇÃO**.
SUBREPCÃO, *f. f.* subreption.
SUBREPTÍCIO, *a*, adj. surreptitious.
SUBROGAÇÃO, *f. f.* (in law) subrogation.
SUBROGA'DO, *a*, adj. subrogated.
SUBROGA'R, *v. a.* to subrogate, to put in the place of another.
SUBESCREVER, *v. a.* to subscribe.
SUBSCRIPÇÃO, *f. f.* a subscription.
SUBSECUVO, **SUCCESSIVO**, or **SUBSICIVO**, *a*, adj. spared, or borrowed from other affairs or business. From the Lat. *subsequens*.
Tempo subsequivo, spare time.
SUBSEQUENTE, adj. subsequent, next following.
SUBSIDIA'RIO, *a*, adj. subsidiary, auxiliary.
SUBSÍDIO, *f. m.* subsidy, aid, relief.
SUBSISTÊNCIA, *f. f.* subsistence; also sustenance.
SUBSISTIDO, *p.* of
SUBSISTIR, *v. n.* to subsist, to exist, stand, or be, to continue, to have a being.
SUBSOLA'NO, *f. m.* the east wind.
SUBSTABELECER, **SUBSTABELECIDO**. See **SUBSTITUIR**, **SUBSTITUIDO**.
SUBSTÂNCIA, *f. f.* a substance, a being.
Substancia de bom discurso, the substance of a discourse, the most material point of it.
Comer que tem substancia, a nourishing food.
Substancia, a jelly-broth.
Em substancia, in short, in a word.
SUBSTÂNCIA'DO, *a*, adj. abridged, &c. See **SUBSTÂNCIAR**.
SUBSTÂNCIAL, adj. substantial, real; also principal, material.
Substancial, *f. m.* the most material, or main point of a business, discourse, &c.
SUBSTÂNCIA'R, *v. a.* to make an abridgment, or summary; also to feed with nourishing food.
SUBSTANCIOSO, *a*, adj. substantial, juicy, nourishing.
SUBSTANTIVO, (in grammar) substantive.

S U C

SUBSTITUIÇÃO, the placing of a person, or thing, in the room of another.
Substituição, (in law) substitution.
SUBSTITUÍDO, *a*, adj. substituted.
SUBSTITUI'R, *v. a.* to substitute.
SUBSTITUTA, *f. f.* **SUBSTITUTO**, *f. m.* a substitute, or deputy.
SUBTENDE'R, *v. a.* (in geometry) to subtend.
SUBTENSÂ, *f. f.* (in geometry) a subtense.
SUBTERFUGIO, *f. m.* a subterfuge, shift, evasion, escape, hole to creep out at.
SUBTERRANEO, *a*, adj. subterraneous, or subterranean.
SUBTIL, adj. small, thin, fine, subtle. See **SUTIL**.
SUBTILIDADE, *f. f.* subtility, thinness.
SUBTILEZA, *f. f.* See **SUTILEZA**.
SUBTRAÇÃO, *f. f.* (in arithmetic) subtraction.
Subtração, a drawing, or taking away.
SUBTRACTIVO, (in arithmetic) subtracting.
SUBTRAHÍDO, *a*, adj. drawn, taken away.
SUBTRAH'R, *v. a.* to draw, take, or get away.
SUBVENTANEO, adj. subventaneous, addle, windy.
SUBVERSÃO, *f. f.* subversion, ruin, destruction. See also **PERVERSIDADE**.
SUBVERTIDO, *a*, adj. subverted, ruined, destroyed.
SUBVERTE'R, *v. a.* to subvert, to overturn, to ruin, to destroy, to overthrow. Lat. *subvertere*.
SUBURBA'NO, or **SUBURBIO**, *f. m.* a suburb, or out part of a city.

S U C

SUCAR, (in the province of Beyra) See **CHUPAR**.
SUCARINA. See **PEDRA HUME**.
SUCEDENHO, (in the province of Beyra.) See **SUCCESSO**.
SUCEDER, *v. n.* to succeed, to come next, or after; also to happen, to fall out, to befall, to come to pass.
Succeder tem alguma coisa a alguém, is for one to succeed, or prosper.
Succeda o que succeder, whatever happens; fall back, fall edge.
SUCEDI DO, *a*, adj. that came to pass, &c. according to the verb **SUCEDER**.
Ser tem succedido, to succeed, to prosper.
Que he bem succedido, successful, lucky.
Succedido, *f. m.* that which happened.
SUCCESSÃO, *f. f.* succession.
SUCCESSIVAMENTE, adv. successively, one after another.
SUCCESSIVO, *a*, adj. successive. See also **SUBSECUVO**, and **HEREDITARIO**.
SUCCESSO, *f. m.* success, issue, event.
Bom successo, good luck, prosperity.
SUCCESSOR, *f. m.* a successor.
Succesor n. s. bini. See **HERDEIRO**.
SUCCINTAMENTE, adv. succinctly.

S U G

SUCCINTO, *a*, adj. succinct.
Que não he succinto em valor, ou obrar, courageous, brave.
SUCCO, or **SUMO**, *f. m.* moisture, juice.
Succo pancreatico, the pancreatic juice.
SUCCOSO, *a*, adj. juicy, full of gravy, nourishing.
SUCCUBO, *f. m.* succubus, a devil that, in the shape of a woman, lies with a man.
SUCCULAS, or **SUCCULAS**. See **HYADAS**.

S U D

SUDARIO, or *santo sudario*, the holy handkerchief, in which our Saviour was wrapt up.
SUDOESTE. See **SUDUESTE**.
SUDORÍFICO, or **SUDORÍFERO**, *a*, adj. sudorific, provoking sweat.
SUDUESTE, *f. m.* south-west.

S U E

SUECIA, *f. f.* Sweden, one of the northern kingdoms of Europe.
SUESTE, *f. m.* south-east.
SUETO, *f. m.* (in the schools) ex. *Dia de sueto*, holy day, or gaudy day.

S U P

SUFFICIÊNCIA, *f. f.* sufficiency, capacity.
SUFFICIENTE, adj. sufficient. See also **CAPAZ**.
SUFFICIENTEMENTE, adv. sufficiently.
SUFFOCAÇÃO, *f. f.* suffocation, stoppage, stifling, choking, or smothering.
Suffocação da madre, a suffocation, or stoppage of the matrix or womb.
SUFFOCADO, *a*, adj. suffocated.
SUFFOCANTE, *p. a.* suffocating, that suffocates.
SUFFOCAR, *v. a.* to suffocate, to stifle, to choke, to smother.
Suffocar o alento, to dishearten, to discourage.
SUFFOCATIVO. See **SUFFOCANTE**.
SUFFRAGA'NEO bispo, a suffragan bishop.
Suffraganea igreja, a church that depends on, or is subordinate to, another.
SUFFRAGIO, *f. m.* a vote, or suffrage; also favour, assistance: commonly used for the prayers of the church.
SUFFUMIGAÇÃO, *f. f.* suffumigation, a conveying a remedy by smoke.
SUFFUMIGIO, *f. m.* idem.
SUFFUSÃO, *f. f.* suffusion, a pin, or web in the eye.

S U G

SUGAR. See **CHUPAR**.
SUGEITO. See **SOGEITO**.
SUGERIDO, *a*, adj. suggested, prompted.
SUGERIR, *v. a.* to suggest, or prompt.
SUGESTÃO, *f. f.* suggestion, a prompting.

S U M

SUGE'STO, f. m. (with the ancient Romans) a chair, a pulpit where orations were made.
SUGIDADE. See **SUJIDADE**.
SUGILLACAM, f. f. (with physicians) sugillation.
SUGO. See **SUCCO**.
SUGUI'R, (in the province of Beyra.) See **CHUPAR**.

S U I

SUICA, or **SUICIA**, f. f. a fort of sport used in the province of Estremadura, like a muster of soldiers, when the people go out with weapons of several sorts; so called from the Swisses, a warlike people; it may be called a fort of **ENCAMISADA**, which see.
SUIÇO, f. m. a Swiss, or Switzer.
A terra dos Suíços, Switzerland, the seat of the Thirteen Cantons.
SUINO, a, adj. of, or belonging to swine. Lat. *suillus*.

S U J

SUJAME'NTE, adv. nastily, dirtily.
SUJA'DO, a, adj. fouled, dirtied, soiled.
SUJAR, v. a. to foul, soil, dirty, spot, or stain.
Sujar-se, v. r. to foul or stain one's self; also to be bewrayed, or defiled.
SUJEITADO, &c. See **SOGEITADO**, &c.
SUJIDADE, f. f. nastiness, filthiness, sluttishness, sloveliness. See also **TRAMPA**.
Sujidades, smuttiness, obscenity, filthiness.
SUJO, a, adj. nasty, foul, slovenly, sluttish, dirty, filthy; also nasty, obscene, beastly, impure, smutty, bawdy; also full of blunders. Lat. *mendacis*.

S U L

SU'L, f. m. the south.
SULCA DO, a, adj. made in furrows, ploughed, sulcated, furrowed.
SULCAR, v. a. to make furrows, to plough.
Sulcar o mar, to plough the sea.
SULCO, f. m. a furrow. Lat. *su'cus*.
SULFURA'DO, a, adj. dressed, or smoked with brimstone.
SULFU'REO, a, adj. sulphureous, brimstone.
SULFUR, f. m. (with physicians) sulphur.
SULTANA, f. f. sultana, or sultaneess.
SULTANI M, f. m. sultanin, a Turkish gold coin, in value about eight shillings English money.
SULTA M. See **SOLDAM**.

S U M

SUMA, &c. See **SUMMA**, &c.
SUMAGRE, f. m. sumach, or sumage, a rank-smelling shrub, used by curriers in dressing of leather.
SUMARE'NTO, a, adj. juicy.
SUMERGI DO, a, adj. sunk, drowned.

S U M

SUMERGI'R, v. a. and n. to sink, to drown.
Sumergir-se, v. r. to sink, to go to the bottom, as a ship.
SUMERSAM, f. m. submerision, drowning.
SUMERSO. See **SUMERGIDO**.
SUMIDI'CO, a, adj. evanid, that soon disappears, or goes out of sight.
SUMI'DO, a, adj. low, not elevated in situation.
Terra sumida, low-land.
Fallar com voz sumida, to speak low, or with depression of the voice.
Sumido na agua, sunk, drowned.
Sumido, thin, lean; *faces sumidas*, cheeks fallen in.
Olhos sumidos no rosto, hollow eyes, eyes sunk in one's head.
Sumido, sunk, swallowed up, overwhelmed, &c. according to the verb *Sumir*.
SUMIDO URO, f. m. a sink, a place that swallows all up.
SUMILHER da cortina, f. m. a chaplain of honour to the king, who is in his closet with him at the divine office, and is so called, from drawing a curtain as the king goes in and out.
SUMI'R, v. a. to sink, to drown.
Sumir hum navio, to sink a ship.
Sumir, to swallow, to bear patiently without taking any notice.
Sumir algum, to put one in a stone doublet.
Sumir-se, v. r. to vanish, to disappear, to go out of sight. See also **ESCONDER-SE**.
SUMISSAM, **SUMISSO**. See **SUBMISSAM**, **SUBMISSO**.
SUMMA, ou *fema de diubeiro*, f. m. a sum of money.
Summa, ou *substancia de hum discurso*, the sum or substance of a discourse.
Summa, a sum or abridgment.
Eu summa, in short, to sum up all.
Summa, (with mathematicians) sum, the quantity arising from the addition of two or more magnitudes.
SUMMADO, ou **SOMADO**, a, adj. cast up, added together.
SUMMAMENTE, adv. greatly, extremely.
SUMMAR, ou **SOMAR**, v. a. to sum, to cast up, to add together.
SUMMARIA'DO, a, adj. gathered up in a few words.
SUMMARIA'MENTE, adv. briefly, summarily.
Preceder summariamente, to make a quick trial, (in law.)
SUMMARIA'R, v. a. to gather up a matter in a few words, to make a summary of it.
SUMMA'RIO, f. m. a summary.
Summarie, a, adj. summary, short, concise, abridged.
Processo summario, a quick trial.
SUMMIDA'DE, f. f. the top, or height of any thing.
SUMMISSAM, **SUMMISSO**. See **SUBMISSAM**, **SUBMISSO**.
SUMMO, a, adj. the highest, the most excellent. Lat. *summus*.

S U P

O summo pontifice, the pope; *summo bono* the chief good of human nature.
SU MMULA, f. f. a sum, an abridgment.
SUMMULISTA. See **LOGICO**.
SU'MO, f. m. moisture, juice.
Sumo, ou *succo da carne*, the gravy of meat.
SUMPTUA'RIO, a, adj. sumptuary, relating to expence; as, *Leys sumptuarias*, sumptuary laws.
SUMPTUOSAMENTE, adv. sumptuously, pompously, magnificently.
SUMPTUOSIDA'DE, f. f. sumptuousness, pompousness.
SUMPTUO'SO, a, adj. sumptuous, pompous, magnificent, stately.

S U N

SUNDA, f. f. Sunda, the name of several islands, lying near the streights of that name in the Indian ocean, in Asia, the principal of which are Sematra, Java, and Borneo.
SUNTUOSIDADE, **SUNTUOSO**. See **SUMPTUOSIDADE**, **SUMPTUOSO**.

S U O

SUO'R, f. m. sweat. Lat. *suder*. See also **TRABALHO**.

S U P

SUPERABUNDADO, p. of **SUPERABUNDAR**.
SUPERABUNDA'NCIA, f. f. superabundance.
SUPERABUNDA'NTE, p. a. superabounding.
SUPERABUNDAR, v. n. to superabound.
SUPERA'DDITO, a, adj. superadded, added moreover. Lat. *superadditus*.
SUPERA'DO, a, adj. vanquished, surmounted. Lat. *superatus*.
SUPERA'R, v. a. to overcome, to vanquish, to surmount. Lat. *superare*.
SUPERCHERI'A, f. f. fraud, deceit, fallacy. From the French *supercherie*.
SUPERCI'LIO, f. m. majesty, power, sovereignty.
SUPERINTENDENCIA, &c. See **SUPERINTENDENCIA**, &c.
SUPERFETAÇAM, f. f. superfetation, or after-conception.
SUPERFICIA'L, adj. superficial, outward.
Saber ou sciencia superficial, a superficial or light knowledge, a smattering.
O que tem saber superficial, a smatterer.
SUPERFICIALME'NTE, adv. superficially; both in the proper and figurat. sense.
SUPERFI'CIE, f. f. superficies, the outward face of a thing.
SUPERFLUAME'NTE, adv. superfluously.
SUPERFLUIDA'DE, f. f. superfluity.
SUPERFLUO, a, adj. superfluous.
SUPERINTENDENCIA, f. f. superintendency, overseeing.

S U P

SUPERINTENDENTE, f. m. superintendant, overseer.
SUPERINTENDE'R, v. n. to superintend, or oversee.
SUPERIOR, adj. superior, upper, uppermost. Lat.
Alemanha superior, the upper or higher Germany.
Superior no saber, superior in knowledge, more learned, better scholar.
Superior na força, superior in strength.
Superior, f. m. (in a convent) a superior.
SUPERIORIDADE, f. f. superiority. See also **PREMINENCIA**, and **EXCELLENCIA**.
SUPERLATIVAMENTE, adv. superlatively.
SUPERLATIVO, a, adj. superlative, of the highest degree.
Grão superlativo, (in grammar) superlative degree.
SUPERNO. See **SUPERIOR**. See also **EXCELLENTE**.
SUPERNUMERARIO, a, adj. supernumerary.
SUPERO mar, the Adriatic sea.
SUPERPARTICULARIS *proportio*, super-particular proportion, (with mathematicians.)
SUPERPARTIENS *proportio*, (with mathematicians) the superpartient proportion.
SUPERPURAÇÃO, f. f. (with physicians) a new fit of purging.
SUPERROGAÇÃO, f. f. supererogation.
Obras de supererogação, works of supererogation, or voluntary works over and above God's commandments.
SUPERSTICIA, f. f. superstition.
SUPERSTICIOSAMENTE, adv. superstitiously.
SUPERSTICIOSO, a, adj. superstitious.
SUPERVENIENTE, f. m. any thing that happens, or falls out unawares.
SUPERVIVENCIA. See **SOBREVIVENCIA**.
SUPILPE, *ou pe sep ilo*. See **PE**.
SUPINO, f. m. (in grammar) supine, part of a verb in Latin.
SUPINA *ignorância*, gross ignorance.
SUPINAMENTE. See **SUBITAMENTE**.
SUPITO, f. m. See **SUBITO**.
De supito, adv. suddenly.
SUPLEMENTO, f. m. a supplement.
SUPPLICA, f. f. a petition presented to the pope.
SUPPLICACAM, f. m. a supplication.
Casa da supplicação, a tribunal so called in Lisbon. It was instituted by king John I.
SUPPLICA'DO, a, adj. begged, prayed, intreated.
SUPPLICANTE, f. m. and f. a petitioner, a suppliant.
SUPPLICAR, v. a. to beg, humbly to beg, intreat, pray, or supplicate.
SUPPLICIO, f. m. punishment. Lat. *supplicium*.
Extrema supplicio, a capital punishment, death.

S U P

SUPPLICO'U-SE, v. imp. they supplicated, or desired.
SUPPOR, v. a. to suppose, to grant, to take for granted, to put the case.
Suppor bum testamento, to suppose, forge, or counterfeit a will.
Suppor b em menino, to suppose a child.
Que crime lha podis vos suppor? what crime can you object against him? or lay to his charge?
SUPPOSICAM, f. f. supposition, supposal; also the supposing, forging, or counterfeiting.
Acusação de supposição de bum testamento, he was accused of having forged a will.
Supposição de bum menino, the supposition of a child.
Supposição, good quality, qualification, accomplishment.
Homem de supposição, an accomplished man, a man qualified for any business or employment.
SUPPOSITAR, v. a. (in divinity) to unite two natures in the same suppositum, as in the incarnation of our blessed Saviour.
SUPPOSITICIO, a, adj. suppositions.
SUPPOSTO, a, adj. supposed, &c. according to the verb *suppor*.
Menino supposto, a supposed, or supposititious child, a changeling.
Aquelle cujo pay he supposto, he that owns a wrong father.
Supposto, f. m. (in the schools) an individuum, or suppositum.
SUPPRESSAM, f. f. a suppression.
Supressão de urina, suppression of urine.
Supressão de menses, (in women) suppression of the courses.
Supressão, the suppression, extinction, annihilation of an office, &c.
SUPPRESSO. See **SUPPRIMIDO**.
SUPPRESSORIA costura, a sort of suture used by surgeons to stop the blood.
SUPPRIMIDO, a, adj. moderate; also suppressed, &c. See the verb
SUPPRIMI'R, v. a. to suppress, to stop.
Supprimir a voz, to suppress the voice.
Supprimir, to suppress, to conceal, not to tell. See also **REPRIMIR**.
Supprimir, to suppress, to abolish.
Supprimir bum livro, to suppress, or smother a book.
SUPPURAÇÃO, f. f. suppuration, or gathering to matter, or to a head.
SUPPURADO, p. of
SUPPURA'R, v. a. to suppurate, or run with matter, to matter.
Suppurar-se, v. r. to suppurate, to gather to a head.
SUPPURATIVO, *ou SUPPURATORIO*, a, adj. suppurative.
SUPPRIDO, a, adj. supplied, &c. See
SUPPRIR, v. a. to supply, to make up what is deficient, or wanting.
Supprir com os gastos, to defray, or to bear the charges.
SUPREMO, a, adj. supreme, highest.

S U R

SUPRI LHO, f. m. a sort of plain silken stuff formerly imported from Spain.

S U Q

SUQUI'R. See **SOQUIR**.

S U R

SUR'A, f. f. (among the Cafres, &c.) the first juice of the palm tree.
Gallinba jura, a sort of hen without a tail.
SURCA'DO, **SURCAR**. See **SULCA'DO**, **SULCAR**.
SURDAMENTE, adv. deafly.
SURDAS, ex. *as surdas*, in hugger-mugger, silently.
SURDEZA, *ou SURDEZ*, f. f. deafness, want of the sense of hearing.
SURDIDO, ex. *a cascavel surdido*, silently, without noise. See also **SORDIDO**.
SURDINA, f. f. pipe, the little pipe that is put into the mouth of a trumpet, to make it sound low; also a trumpet with a little pipe put into the mouth of it.
A' surdina, adv. silently, without any noise, in hugger-mugger.
SURDIR. See **SORDIR**.
SURDO, a, adj. deaf.
Alguma coisa surda, deafish, somewhat deaf.
Lima surda. See **LIMA**.
Ele faz-se surdo, he will not hear.
Surdo, deaf, or confusedly heard.
A remo surdo, in hugger-mugger, without noise, softly.
A' voza surda, idem.
SUREPTICIO. See **SUBREPTICIO**.
SURGIAM. See **CIRURGIAM**.
SURGIDO'URO, f. m. a road at sea an anchoring place.
SURGI'DO, p. of *Surgir*, come to an anchor.
SURGI'R, v. n. to come to an anchor.
Surgir a bum mais alto grão, to rise to an higher degree. (Metaph.)
Surgir da afflicção, to get out of trouble. (Metaph.)
SURO frade, a friar who has made his profession, and has the crown of his head shaved, but does not say mass.
SURRA, f. f. a whipping, or beating.
Dar buma surra em algum, to cudgel one, to curry one's hide.
SURRA DO, a, adj. worn, worn out; also carried.
SURRADO'R, f. m. a leather-dresser, a currier. Lat. *alutarius*.
SURRAM, f. m. a shepherd's scrip, the bag or poke wherein the shepherd puts his bread. Lat. *pastoris pira*; also a load, or burden. (Metaph.)
SURR'APA, f. f. palled wine that has lost its strength, dead drink, poor tiff. Lat. *vappa*.
SURRA'R gallas, v. a. to curry, or dress leather.
Surra'r, (in cant.) See **FURTAR**.
Surra'r-se e paans, v. r. is for cloth to wear out.

SUR-

S U S

SURREICAM. See **RESURREICAM.**
SURREPTICIO. See **SUBREPTICIO.**
SURRIA'DA, f. f. a volley; as, *buma ferriada de artilharia*, a volley of cannon-shot. See also **APUPO.**
SURRIPIAR, v. a. to cheat, cozen, or steal away.
SU'RTO, a, adj. come to an anchor.
SURTU', f. m. a great coat. It is scarcely used.

S U S

SUS, ou **SUZ**, interj. up, come; as, *sus, sus*; up, up; *sus, sus, vamos*, come, let us go.
SUSCITAÇAM, f. f. instigation, persuasion.
SUSCITADO'R, f. m. he who fuscitates, or rouses up.
SUSCITA'DO, a, adj. fuscitated, &c. See also **RESUSCITADO**, and the verb.
SUSCITA'R, v. a. to fuscitate, to rouse up.
SUSPECTO, a, adj. suspicious, suspected, mistrusted.
SUSPEICAM, (with lawyers) suspicion.
SUSPEITADO, **SUSPEITAR**. See **SOSPEITADO**, **SOSPEITAR**.
SUSPEITO. See **SUSPECTO**.
SUSPENDER, v. a. to hang up, to hang; also to suspend, supersede, put off, to delay.
Suspender, to keep in suspense, to keep at a bay.
Suspender, to suspend, or deprive of an office.
SUSPENDI'DO, a, adj. hanged up, &c. See **SUSPENDER**.
SUSPENSAM, f. f. suspension, &c. according to the verb *Suspender*. See also **ATTENÇAM**.
Suspensão de armas, suspension, or cessation of arms, a short truce.
Suspensão do officio, suspension ab officio.
SUSPENSO, a, adj. hanged up; also suspended, &c. See **SUSPENDER**.
Ter a algum suspenso, to keep; or hold one in suspense, to keep him at bay.
Suspense, f. m. he who is suspended, or deprived of an office, &c.
SUSPIRA'DO, a, adj. greatly desired, wished, or longed for. Lat. *expectatus*.
Suspirado, p. of
SUSPIRA'R, v. n. to sigh, or fetch sighs; also to desire, or wish earnestly for anything or person, to fetch amorous sighs.
SUSPIRO, f. m. a sigh; also breath. *Me o meu ultimo suspiro*, to my last breath or gasp.
Dar o ultimo suspiro, to give up the ghost, to breathe one's last, to die.
SUSQUINAR. See **SOSQUINAR**.
SUSTA'NCIA, &c. See **SUBSTANCIA**, &c.
SUSTENIDO, f. m. (in music) a sharp.
SUSTENTAÇAM, f. f. sustentance, maintenance.
SUSTENTA'DO, a, adj. sustained, supported, upheld, defended, &c. according to the verb *sustentar*.

S U Z

SUSTENTANTE. See **DEFENDENTE**.
SUSTENTAR, v. a. to sustain, to maintain, to support, to keep up.
Sustentar huma grande familia, to keep a great family.
Sustentar huma amiga, to keep a mistress.
Sustentar hum grande peso, to bear a great weight.
Sustentar o seu caracter, to keep up one's character.
Sustentar o combate, to maintain the fight, to hold it out.
Sustentar o cerco, to hold or stand out a siege, to maintain it, to make it good.
Sustentar huma opiniao, to hold an opinion.
Sustentar a guerra, ou continua-la, to make the war hold out.
Sustentar-se, v. r. to bear, or keep one's self up; also to hold out, to stand out, to maintain, to bear, or bear up.
Aquella praça não pode sustentar-se se a sitiarem, that place cannot hold out if it be besieged.
SUSTENTO, f. m. sustentance, maintenance.
SUSTITUICAM, &c. See **SUBSTITUICAM**, &c.
SUSTO, f. m. a fright, a sudden surprise.
SUSUESTE, or **SUSSUESTE**, f. m. south south-east.
SUSURRADO, p. of **SUSURRAR**.
SUSURRANTE, p. a. humming like bees.
SUSURRAR, v. n. and a. to hum, to make the noise of bees. See also **MEXERICAR**.
SUSURRO, ou **ZUMBIDO**, f. m. a humming like bees.

S U T

SUTIL, adj. small, thin, fine subtle; also crafty, subtle.
Engenho sutil, a sharp or quick wit.
Questão sutil, an intricate, or hard question.
SUTILEZA, f. f. subtlety, craft; also thinness, slenderness, subtilty.
Sutileza de engenho, sharpness, or quickness of wit.
Sutileza de moer, legerdemain.
SUTILEZAS. See **AGUDEZAS**.
SUTILMENTE, adv. subtly, craftily, thinly, slenderly, delicately, curiously.
SUTRIFUGIO, f. m. See **SUBTERFUGIO**.
SUTURA, f. f. (in anatomy) a suture, seam, or stitch.

S U X

SUXA'DO, a, adj. slackened.
SUXA'R, v. a. to slacken, loosen, or unbend.
SUXO, a, adj. slackened.
Fazer fuxo, to slacken.

S U Z

SUZ. See **SUS**.

S Y N

S Y B

SYBILLA. See **SIBILLA**.

S Y C

SYCO'MORO, ou *Figuetra douda*, f. m. a sycamore, sycamine, a tree.

S Y L

SYLLABA, **SYLLABICO**. See **SILLABA**, **SILLABICO**.
SYLLOGIZA'R, v. n. and a. to syllogize, to make syllogisms.
SYLLOGISMO, f. m. a syllogism.
SYLLOGISTICO, a, adj. syllogistic, or syllogistical.
SYLVA'NO. See **SILVA'NO**.

S Y M

SYMBOLICO, a, adj. symbolical.
SYMBOLIZAÇAM, f. f. symbolization, resemblance.
SYMBOLIZA'R, v. n. ou *Symbolizar*, f. v. r. to symbolize, to have something in common with another by representative qualities, to agree in a thing with.
Symbolizar de huma coisa, to explain or find out the quality, by which one thing symbolizes with another.
SY'MBOLO, f. m. a symbol, a type.
Symbolo Apostolico, the symbol, the Creed, or sum of our Christian belief.
SYMMETRIA, f. f. symmetry, proportion, harmony.
SYMMETRICO, a, adj. symmetrical.
SYMPATHIA, f. f. sympathy, an agreeableness of natural qualities, affections, inclinations, humours, &c.
Ter sympathia, to sympathize; to have a mutual fellow-feeling.
SYMPATHICO, a, adj. sympathetical or sympathetic.
Póo sympathico, sympathetic powder.
SYMPHONIA, f. f. symphony.
SYMPHYSIS, f. f. (with surgeons) symphysis.
SYMPHYTO, f. m. symphyton, the herb comfrey.
SIMPLEGADES, f. f. p. Symplegades, or Cyaneæ Petreæ, two mountains, or as some call them, islands, at a small distance from the Thracian Bosphorous, so close to one another, that they seem afar off to be one; and to passengers, as if they dashed against each other.
SYMPTOMA, f. m. a symptom.
SYMPTOMATICO, a, adj. symptomatical.

S Y N

SYNAGO'GA, f. f. a synagogue.
SYNALEPHA, f. f. synaloepha.
SY'NCOPA, f. f. syncope, (a grammatical figure.)
SYNCOPA'L, adj. (with physicians) syncopalis.
SY'NCOPE, f. m. a syncope, a swoon, or fainting-fit. See also **SYNCOPA**.
SYNCOPIZA'R, v. n. (with physicians) to cause a syncope or swoon.

SYN-

T A B

SYNDERESIS, *ou Synteresis*, remorse, sting of conscience, a synderesy.
SINDICA'DO, *a*, adj. controlled, &c.
SINDICA'R, *v. a.* to controul, censure, or find fault with.
SYNDICATURA, *f. f.* syndicate, syndichip.
SYNDICO, *f. m.* a syndic, or solicitor.
SYNECDOCHE, *f. f.* synecdoche, a figure of rhetoric.
SYNEDRI'M, *f. m.* sanhedrim, the supreme council among the ancient Jews.
SYNERESIS, the joining of two vowels in one in the midst of a word, so that they make but one syllable.
SYNOCHO, (with physicians) synocha, a fever without any remission.

T A B

SYNODA'L, adj. synodal.
SY'NODO, *f. m.* a synod, an assembly of the clergy.
Synodo, the conjunction of the planets called synod.
SYNONY'MIA, *f. f.* synonymy, a figure in rhetoric; also a vocabulary of synonymous words.
SYNO'NTMO, *a*, adj. synonymous, or synonymal.
Synonymo, *f. m.* a synonym.
SYNTA'GMA, the act of disposing or placing things in an orderly manner, syntagma.
SYNTA'XE, *f. f.* (in grammar) syntax, or syntaxis.
SYNTERESIS. See **SYNDERESIS**.
 S Y R
SYRONES, *f. m. p.* syrones, a sort of

T A B

worms that breed on the skin. (in physic.)
SY'RTES, *f. f. p.* Syrtes, two dangerous gulphs in the farthest part of Africa, full of quick sands, called the Greater and Lesser Syrtes; whence any quick sands or shelves in the water made by the drift of sands, are called *syrtis*.

S Y S

SYSTEMA, *f. m.* a system (in music and astronomy.)
SYSTOLE, *f. f.* (in grammar) the figure systole, whereby a long syllable is made short; also systols (with anatomists.)

T.

T, *f. m.* the fifteenth consonant of the Portuguese alphabet.
 Among the ancients was a numeral letter that stood for one hundred and sixty, according to the verse:
T. quogue centenos et sexaginta tenet.
 And when it had a tittle over it, it stood for 160,000.

T A

TA', interj. hold, forbear, stop, be still, keep off your hands.
TA. See **TO**.

T A B

TABA'CO, *f. m.* tobacco, a well-known plant.
Sujo, *ou cheyo de tabaco*, snuffish, or snuffy, daubed with snuff.
Mastigar tabaco, to chew tobacco.
Tabaco em pó, snuff.
Fumar tabaco de fumo. See **CACHIMBAR**.
TABALLIADO. See **TABELLIADO**.
TABALLIAM, *f. m.* a tabellion, notary, or scrivener.
TABALLIOA. See **TABELLIOA**.
TABANCA, *f. f.* (in the kingdom of Siam) a sort of portogen. See **POR-TAGEM**.
TABANEZ. } See { **TAVANEZ**.
TABAM. } { **TAVAM**.
TABAQUE, *f. m.* a sort of drum used by the negroes.
TABAQUEAR, *v. n.* to take snuff.
Tabaquear algem, *v. n.* (a ludicrous phrase) to jeer, or rally one.

TABAQUE'IRO, *f. m.* a snuff-box.
TABARDI'LHA, *f. f.* a small tabard, or tabern, a sort of gown.
TABARDI'LHO, *f. m.* the spotted fever.
TABARDO, *f. m.* a sort of tabard, cloak, or gown, formerly used.
TABAREO, (a vulgar word) a silly man, a booby, an unexperienced or unskilful man.
TABA'RRO. See **TABARDO**.
TABAXIR, *f. m.* (a Persian word) a sort of sugar.
TABA'Z, *f. m.* (in Mazagan, a town of Morocco in Africa) a wolf.
TABEFE, *f. m.* (in the province of Alentejo) whey, the waterish part of the milk; also the milk that comes from the teats of cows, &c. on the first month after calving, &c.
TABELLIA'DO, *f. m.* the office of notary, or scrivener.
TABELLA, *f. f.* a small long board, on which they set down the names of the friars for different uses.
TABELLIAM, *f. m.* See **TABALLIAM**.
TABELLIOA *letra*, the hand-writing of scriveners, which is almost unintelligible in Portugal.
Palavras tabellias, certain established words or expressions used by notaries in their instruments or public acts.
TABERNA'CULO, *f. m.* a tabernacle or tent.
Festa dos Tabernaculos. See **SCENOPEGIA**.
TABERNA'RIA *representação*, (with the ancient Romans) a comedy or play, so called because it was

went to be acted under sheds or pent-houses.
TABI', *f. m.* taby, or tabby, a kind of silk taffety watered or waved.
TABIDO, *a*, adj. (with physicians) tabid.
TABIQUE, *f. m.* a thin wall or partition of lath and plaster, or of wattles, or the like; a wattle-wall. Arab.
TABLA, *ex. Diamante tabla*, (among jewellers) a table-diamond, or ruby.
TABLA'DO. See **THEATRO**.
Tablado, the place before the scaffold or stage, out of which the players come.
TABLI'LHA, *f. f.* the cushion of a billiard-table.
TA'BO, *f. m.* a sort of Indian ship.
TA'BOA, *f. f.* a board, a plank; also a lamina, a thin piece of metal, a table.
As Doze Taboas da ley de Moyses, the Two Tables of Moises's law.
As Doze Taboas, ou as Leyes Das doze Taboas, the Twelve Tables, the tables of the Roman laws.
Taboa, ou quadra, a picture.
Taboas do prescoto de hum cavallo, the sides of a horse's neck.
Taboas, (with anatomists) laminae, two plates of the skull.
Tab-a-rasa, a plate of metal, or a smooth flat stone to engrave something upon.
He humo taboa rasa, (speaking of a boy) we say, it is a white paper, where you may write what you please (metaph.)
Taboas dipticas, (in the Greek church) sacred diptychs; a double catalogue, in

T A C

in one of which was written the names of the living, and in the other those of the dead.

Taboa, (with mathematicians) table; as,

Taboas dos senos e tangentes, the tables of sines and tangents.

Taboas loxodromicas. See *LOXODROMICO*.

A segunda taboa depois do naufragio, the second plank after shipwreck. This is generally taken for the sacrament of penance.

TABOA'DA, f. f. (with mathematicians) a table; as,

Taboadas astronomicas, astronomical tables.

Taboada de hum livro, the table's of a book, an index, or repertory.

Taboada, Pythagora's table, the common multiplication table.

TABOADO, f. m. the floor of a room; also planks, boards, planking or boarding.

TABOAM, f. m. a plank, a large or thick board.

TABOINHA, f. f. a little board or plank.

TABOLA, f. f. a man (at the game of tables)

Jogo das taboas, the game called tables.

Tabola, ou taboa razea. See *TABOARAZA*.

Cavalleiros d'atabola redonda. See *REDONDO*.

TABOLA'GEM, f. f. ex. *Casa de taboagem*, a gaming-house.

Dar taboagem, to keep a gaming-house.

TABOLEIRO, the board which the bread is set on before it goes into the oven, and after it is drawn.

Tabeleiro da igreja, paradisus, a square court before cathedrals, surrounded with piazzas or porticos, for persons to walk under,

Taboleiro de jogar as taboas, a table-board.

Taboleiro da escada. See *ESCALADA*.

Taboleiro de jardim, a bed in a garden.

TABOLETA, f. f. a sign, as of a public-house, or shop. See also *ESCAPARATE*.

TABUA, f. f. the herbar's-tail, reed-mace, or water-torch.

TABULARAZA. See *TABOARAZA*.

TABULA'TO. See *TABLADO*.

TABULISTA, f. m. an author of geometrical or astronomical tables.

TABU'RNO, f. m. See *ESTRADINHO*.

T A Ç

TACA, f. f. a cup or vessel to drink in; also a bowl, a goblet. Arab. Perf. Turk. Ital. French, and Spanish.

Taca da fonte, the cistern or trough, which receives the water that rises from the spring.

TACALHO, f. m. See *TASSALHO*.

T A C

TACAMA'CA, f. f. tacamahacy, or

T A G

tacamea, a kind of resinous gum brought from New-Spain.

TACANHICE. See *MESQUINHEZ*.

TACANHO, a, adj. covetous, penurious, stingy; also fly, deceitful.

Hum tacanbo, f. m. a miser, a penurious man.

TACAM, f. m. a heel-piece.

Diitar hum tacão, to heel-piece.

TACEIRA, f. f. (with silver-smiths) See *ESCAPARATE*.

TACHA, f. f. a blemish, a blur, a fault, a defect; also a sort of nail called a tack.

Tacha, (in the Brasils) a cauldron, used in the sugar-works.

TACHADO, a, adj. blemished.

TACHAM, f. m. a stud, a nail with a great flat head.

TACHA'R, v. a. to stain, spot, blur, or blemish.

TACHO, f. m. a copper pot or kettle.

TACITAMENTE, adv. tacitly, silently.

TACITO, a, adj. tacit, implied or meant, though not expressed by words.

TACITURNIDA'DE, f. f. taciturnity.

TACITU'RNO, a, adj. taciturnous, silent.

TACO, f. m. a billiard-stick, a tack to play at billiards; also the ram or wad rammed in upon the charge of a gun; but in Spanish it signifies the tomion that stops the mouths of cannons when they are not used.

TACTICA, f. f. tactics, the art of ranging men in the field of battle.

TACTO, f. m. touch, the sense of feeling. Lat. *tactus*.

Tomar o tacto, to feel, to perceive by the touch.

TACTU'RA, f. f. a playing upon any instrument.

T A P

TAPPE, *tápe*, pit-a-pat, words expressing the frequent beating of the heart.

TAFETA', f. m. taffety, a sort of thick silk.

TAFOREA, f. f. a sort of Indian ship.

TAFU'L, f. m. a gamester, a sharper, one that makes gaming his business. Arab.

TAFULARIA, f. f. a gaming house; also the vice of gaming or playing.

TAFULHAR. See *ENTULHAR*.

TAFULHO. See *ENTULHO*.

T A G

TAGA'NA, f. f. a sort of fish so called from the river Tagus, where it is found.

TAGARELA, f. f. (a vulgar word) a bawling, crying out, roaring.

TAGAROTE falcão, the worst sort of falcon.

Tagarote, (in Spain) a poor gentleman who lays hold of a dinner where he

T A L

can get it, and feeds heartily, as a hawk does on his prey.

TAGICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the river Tagus.

TAGIDES Nymphas, the nymphs of the river Tagus; also the Lisbon ladies.

TAGUEDA, f. f. flea-bane, an herb, the leaves whereof kill gnats and fleas. Lat. *conyza*.

T A I

TAINHA. See *TAGANA*.

TA'IPA, f. f. ex. *Paredo de taipa*, a mud-wall.

TAIPA'L, f. m. the case of boards, or wattles, which served to fill up to make mud-walls to keep the stuff together.

Taipal, adj. walled up with a mud-wall.

TAIYA, the word children use in Portugal, before they can speak plain, as in English dad, or daddy.

TAIXA, &c. See *TAXA*, &c.

T A L

TAL, adj. such. Lat. *talis*.

Tal qual elle he, such as it is.

Que tal he o vinho? what sort of wine is it? what say you to it?

Tal, e quasi, ou taes e quejardos, trifles, things of small value.

Tal, e taes palavras, such and such words.

Hum tal, f. m. such a one.

TALA. See *TALAS*.

TALABARTE, f. m. a belt for a sword. See also *TALIM* and *BOLDRIE'*, Arab.

TALACA, (in Socotora, an island in the Indian ocean.) See *REPU-DIO*.

TALA'DO, a, adj. ravaged, &c. See *TALAR*.

TALAGREPO, f. m. a title given to the Indian priests.

TALAMO, f. m. a bridal-bed; also a common bed.

TALANTE, f. m. (an antiquated word) will, pleasure.

TALAM, f. m. the hinder piece or part of a shoe joined to the heel of it.

Talaõ, (in a horse) a heel.

Talaõ. See *FIEL* (in agriculture.)

Talaõ baiaõ, words invented to express the sound or noise of bells, &c. we say, ting-tang.

TALAPAM, f. m. (in the kingdom of Siam, &c.) a priest.

TALAR, v. a. to ravage, to spoil, to waste, to cut down.

Talar, adj. that cometh down to the ancles. Lat. *talaris*.

Talar, f. m. See

TALARES, the winged shoes of Mercury.

TALLA, f. f. a lath, a thin piece of cleft wood to make large baskets.

Meter algum em talas, to put one to his shifts, to puzzle him (metaph.)

T A L

Esar metido em talas, to be put to one's shifts, or to one's last shifts. (Metaph.)
TALCO, f. m. talc, or talck, isinglass, a transparent stone.
TALEIGA, f. f. a small sack.
TALEIGO, f. m. a bag.
Taleigo de dinheiro, a money-bag.
TALENTO, f. m. a talent, a sum of money among the ancients.
Talento, talent, gift, endowment, parts, capacity.
Enterrar os talentos, to bury one's talent, not to make use of one's parts.
Talento Hebraico de prata, (among the Jews) a talent of silver, value three hundred and forty-two pounds three shillings and nine pence.
Talento Hebraico de ouro, (among the Jews) a talent of gold, value four thousand five hundred and seventy-four pounds sterling.
TALHA, f. f. a sort of large earthen vessel for water, oil, &c.
Talha, (a sea term) a sea-yoke, a sort of contrivance, or tackle made use of when the sea is so rough that the men cannot govern the helm with their hands.
Talhas, gravings, or bits that fly out in graving, or in carving.
Talha, a tally, a score kept on two equal pieces of wood.
Talhas, (in a ship) tacks, a sort of ship-ropes.
Talha (*palavra de rasbaderes de lenha*,) &c. a certain quantity of wood (among wood-cleavers, &c.)
Obra de talha, is the half relief, when an image is but half raised.
Talha, (in ancient records.) See **FINTA**.
TALHA'DA, f. f. a cut, a slash, a slice.
Talhada de carne, a slice of meat.
Talhadas, (among apothecaries) morsuli, lozenges, &c.
TALHADEIRA, f. f. a sort of instrument to make button-holes.
TALHADI'NHA, f. f. a small slice.
Talhadinha de toutinbo para lardar, a lardoon.
TALHA'DO, a, adj. carved, shaped, fashioned.
Talhado, cut out for something, born to it. See also the verb **TALHAR**.
TALHADOR, ou *Trincho*, f. m. a chopping-block or board, a trencher; also an officer whose business is to observe the quantity of salt that is shipped away.
TALHAMA'R, f. m. the cutwater, which is the sharpness of the ship before, that cuts and divides the water before it comes to the bow; also a sort of ship so called.
TALHA'NTE, p. a. sharp cutting.
Talhante. See **TALANTE**. It is not used.
TALHAM, f. m. a sort of large bed in a garden.
TALHA'R, v. a. to cut, to slash; also to observe the quantity of salt that is shipped away. See **TALHADOR**.

T A M

Talbar bem vestido, to cut out a suit of cloaths.
Alfayate que talha bem, a taylor that has a good hand in cutting.
Talbar-se, v. x. ex. *Talbar-se liberalmente nas certezas*, to be very officious, or enuteous.
TALHE, f. m. shape, fashion; also size, pitch, or stature.
TALHER, f. m. a cruet-stand.
Talher de açúcar, a sugar-box.
Talher de sal. See **SALEIRO**.
Talher da pimenta, a pepper-box.
TALHO, f. m. a blow or stroke with the edge of a sword.
Dar talho e esboçada, to strike with the edge, and thrust with the point.
Talho, (in the shambles) a chopping-board; also the shambles, or butcher's stall.
Ter bom talho de letra, to write a good hand.
TALIAM, f. m. ex. *Ley do taliaõ*, talion-law.
TALIM, ou *Taly'*, f. m. a shoulder-belt, a bandelier-belt. Arab.
TALINGA'DO, a, adj. bent, &c. See
TALINGA'R, v. a. (a sea-term) to bend the cable to the anchor.
TALISCA, f. f. a cleft, crack, chink, or crevice.
Taliscas das rochedas, the clefts or creeks of rocks.
TALISMAN, f. m. a talisman, a magical character.
TALMU'D, f. m. the Jewish Talmud.
TALMUDISTA, f. m. a talmudist.
TALO, f. m. the stalk or stem of an herb.
Boiar tale, to grow to a stalk.
TALON, f. m. (with architects) talon.
TALPARIA, f. f. (with surgeons) talpa, a swelling that is soft and pretty large.
TALU'D, f. m. talus, slopiness, shelving.
TALU'DO, a, adj. stalky, grown to stalks; also somewhat big, of good stature, or age (metaph.)
TALVEZ, adv. peradventure, perhaps, by chance, may be.
TALI'. See **TALIM**.

T A M

TAM. See **TAO**.
TAMANCO, f. m. a wooden shoe.
TAMA'NHO, a, adj. so great. Lat. *tantus*.
Tamanho, f. m. the magnitude, the bigness, bulk, or stature.
TAMANI'NO, a, adj. so little. Opposite to *Tamanho*.
Ficar tamanino, ou ter grande medo, to be in a terrible fright, to be frightened out of one's wits.
TAMARA, f. f. a date, or the fruit of the date tree.
TAMAREIRA, f. f. the date-tree.
TAMARES, a sort of excellent grapes so called.
TAMARGUEIRA, *Tamariz*, ou *Tra-*

T A N

magutira, f. f. a low shrub called a tamarisk. Lat. *myrica*.
TAMARI'NDOS, f. m. p. tamarind, an Indian fruit.
TAMARINHEIRO, f. m. the tamarind-tree.
TAMARINHO, f. m. See **TAMARINDOS**.
TAMBA CA, f. f. tambac, or tambaqua, a mixture of gold and copper.
TAMBEM, conj. also.
Como tambem, as also.
Tambem, besides, moreover.
TAMBO'R, f. m. a drum.
O som, ou tique do tambor, the beat, or noise of a drum.
Tocar tambo'r, to beat the drum.
Tambor, a drummer, one that plays on a drum.
TAMBORETE raso, a low stool, a taboret.
Tamberete, the cap of a mast, being a square piece of wood on the tops of all masts that have top-masts.
TAMBORI'L, f. m. tabourine, a small drum or tabor, used by country-men; also a sort of fish.
TAMBORILEIRA, f. f. the country-woman that plays upon a small drum.
TAMBORILEIRO, f. m. the country-man that plays upon a small drum.
TAMENDU'A, f. f. a strange creature in the Brasils as big as a dog, with a body rather round than long; the tail three times as long as the body. This creature feeds on pismires.
TAMI'GA, f. f. a small cord made of matweed.
TAMI'NA, f. f. (in the Brasils) the allowance given to the slaves.
TAMI'S, f. m. tannoy or tainy, a sort of worsted stuff; also a sieve. French.
TAMI'SS, the river Thames.
TAMI'Z, f. m. a sieve.
TAMIZA. See **TAMISA**.
TAMOEIRO, f. m. a sort of strap made of a bull's hide, to tie the yoke to the beam of a cart or plough.
TAM'PAM, f. m. a cover for any thing, a lid of a box, &c.
Os tampos de um barril, the heads of a cask.
Tampo de um instrumento de musica, the belly of a musical instrument.

T A N

TANADA'R, f. m. See **ALMOXARIFE**.
TANADARIA, ou *Caleça de camaica*. See **COMARCA**.
TANA'Z, f. f. See **TENAZ**.
TANCHA'GEM, f. f. the herb plantane.
TANCHAM, f. m. a pole or prop for vines.
TANCHA'R, v. a. to fasten, to drive in.
TANCHOA'L, f. m. a piece of ground with olive stocks set in it to graffon.

TAN.

T A N

TANCHOE'IRA, f. f. an olive-stock set in the ground to graft on.
TANGANHAM, f. m. a regrater, who buyeth, and setteth off any kind of ware, to make it seem fairer.
TANGARA, f. f. a bird in the Brasils as big as a sparrow, black, and has a yellow head; it sings not.
TANGEDO'R, f. m. a player upon musical instruments.
TANGEDORA, f. f. a woman that playeth on the harp, lute, &c.
TANGENTE, (in geometry) a tangent.
TANG'E'R, v. a. to play upon some musical instrument.
Tanger ao fermao, to ring for sermon.
Tanger as sinas, to ring the bells.
Tanger a mesa, to ring for dinner or supper.
Tanger animais, to drive cattle, hogs, asses, &c.
Tanger a trombeta, a pocometer, &c. to sound the trumpet, the charge, &c.
TANGERE, on *Tanger*, Tangier, anciently Tingis, the capital of Mauritania Tingitana, a port of Morocco in the kingdom of Fez, in Africa, taken by Alphonso V. of Portugal, in 1471. It is now only a poor fishing town, repopled by the Moors.
TANG'E'RES, f. m. p. a playing upon instruments.
TANGOMAM, f. m. a fugitive, or runaway.
TANGU'L, f. m. the copper that comes from Barbary.
T'A'NHO, f. m. a chair made of reed-mace, or water-torch.
TANJA'SNO, f. m. a bird at enmity with the ass. Lat. *agithas*.
TANQ'A, f. f. the mending of pipes, casks, &c.
TANOE'IRA, f. f. the place, or street where coopers live.
TANOE'IRO, f. m. a cooper.
T'A'NQUE, f. m. a tank, a sort of large basin, cistern or pond, in the ground, to keep water in.
Tanque que tempeyne, a fish-pond.
TANTITO, f. m. ex. *Hum tantito*, a very little, or thus little.
TANTO, a. adj. so many, so much; also so great; also so hard or stormy (speaking of wind, weather, &c.)
Elle tem tantos amigos, he has so many friends.
Faz tanto vento que, &c. the wind is so high that, &c.
Elle tem tanta bondade, tanta virtude, &c. he has so much goodness, so much virtue, &c.
Tantos vezes, so many times, so often.
Tanto tempo, so long, so long time.
Havera tanto para vos, e tanto para mim, there will be so much for you, and so much for me.
Dar-lhe hei tanta pancada, que, &c. I will give him so many blows, that, &c.
Estamos tantos, e tantos, we are even, we are five, six, seven, &c. all, speaking of games.
Tanto is sometimes Englished by odd; as

T A N

Vinte e tantas libras, twenty and odd pounds.
Quantes saõ os homens, tantas saõ os pareceres, so many men, so many minds.
Outro tanto. See **OUTRO TANTO**.
TANTO, f. m. so much; as, *Elle deu-lhe tanto*, he gave him so much; *Este cavallo me custou tanto*, this horse cost me so much.
Algun tanto, a little, somewhat.
No seu tanto, according to his abilities, sphere, parts, or capacity.
Tanto por tanto, the talion law, a retribution or punishment, whereby an evil is returned perfectly like that committed against us by another; as an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth, &c.
Outro tanto mais, is rendered into English by the double, twice as much.
Eu posso fazer outro tanto, I can do as much.
Tantos e quantos, a great quantity of any thing, vast treasure.
Tanto, adv. as much, so much; as, *Amo-te tanto como a mim mesmo*, I love thee as well as myself.
Elle teme tanto, como qualquer de vos, que lhe resulte algum dano, he is afraid of harm as much as any of you.
Elles vem tanto de dia, como de noite, they can see as well by day as by night.
Tanto followed by *assim* is a particle merely expletive; as, *Vai-te, tanto assim não ha nada para ti*, go away, there is nothing for you.
Tanto assim que lhe posso eu fazer? how can I help it?
Tanto assim que, without an interrogation, is rendered by, *so that*, *in so much that*; as, *Tanto assim que elle não quer ouvir mais fallar nisso*, so that he will hear no more of it.
Tanto mais, is followed by *que*, and Englished by, *and the more so*, as; ex. *Eu estou prompto para ir com vme hum dia depois á com dia, se vme me der licença; tanto mais que se ha de representar huma nova*, I am at your service to wait on you some day or other to the play, if you will give me leave; and the more so, as a new one is to be acted.
Tanto que is rendered into English by *as soon as*; ex. *Tanto que o vi*, as soon as I saw him.
Tanto melhor, so much the better.
Tanto quanto, as much as; as, *tanto quanto posso*, as much as I can.
Com tanto que, so, provided that; as, *com tanto que o sapei*, provided that you do it.
Com tanto que me não faça mal, so he do me no hurt.
Tanto pequenos como grandes, both small and great.
Tanto de huma, como de outra parte, on both sides.
Quanto mais fizeres lhe fizerdes, tanto menos elle vos amará, the more you oblige him, the less he will love you.

T A N

Dar tanto por tanto, to requite, to render like for like, to be even with one.
Tante, ou quanto, something.
Tanto menos, so much less.
TÃO, conj. so, such, to that degree.
Elle he tão prudente, que não tem igual, he is so wise, that he has not his match.
Não sou tão tolo que o creya, I am not so simple, or I am not such a fool, as to believe it.
Não vades tão depressa, do not go so fast.
Elle não he tão rico como vos, he is not so rich, or as rich as you are.
Tão fora de, far from, instead of; as, *Liõ fora este de ama-la, que quasi a abraço*, I am so far from being in love with her, that I almost hate her.
Eu sei isso tão bem como vos, I know it as well as you.

T A P

T'A'PA, f. f. (in gunnery) a tomkin, or tompon, the stopple of a great gun or mortar, made to keep out rain.
TAPA DA, f. f. a park, a piece of ground inclosed and stored with wild beasts of chase. From *tapado*, inclosed, or walled up.
TAPADO, a, adj. stopped up, or covered.
Tapado, thick, thick-wrought, close-worked, (speaking of stuff, &c.)
Tapado, hedged, fenced with wood, either dry, or quicksets.
Tapado com grades, latticed, cross-harred, grated. See the verb **TAPAR**.
TAPADOR, f. m. a stopper, or stopple.
TAPADOURA, f. f. the cover or lid of a kettle, &c.
TAPA-EMBORNAES, (in a ship) scupper-leathers, leathers nailed over the scupper-holes.
Prigos com que se pregão os tapa-embornas, scupper-nails.
TAPAR, v. a. to stop a hole, to cover any thing.
Tapar com pinos, ou fide, to hedge, to fence with wood either dry or quicksets.
Tapar com muro, to wall, to inclose with a wall.
Tapar a boca a algum, to stop one's mouth, to silence him.
Ta ar hum frasco, to stop or cork a bottle.
Tapar com grades, to shut with lattices, or grates.
Tapar os ouvidos, to stop one's ears.
Tapar os olhos, (metaph.) to dazzle, to cast a mist before one's eyes.
TAPAR-SE, v. r. to darken, to grow dark.
TAPÊCARIA, ou **TAPIÇARIA**, f. f. tapestry hangings.
Armar de tapçarias, to hang with tapestry.
Armaçom de tapçarias, hangings, a suit of hangings.
TAPECEIRO, f. m. a tapestry-maker.

T A R

TAPERA, f. f. (in the Brasils) a house, &c. that falls to ruin or decay; also any desert place.
TAPETE, f. m. a carpet.
Tapete, ou pedago de terra cu'erta de erva em um jardim, a green, or grass-plot.
TAPIGO, f. m. a thorn hedge, or of bushes.
TAPIZ, f. m. a piece of tapestry. See also **ALCATIFA**.
TAPO'NA, f. f. (a vulgar word) See **PANCADA**.
TAPU'LHO, f. m. a stopple.
TAPU'ME, f. m. thorns, bushes, &c. that serve to make a fence, hedge, mound, or inclosure.

T A R

TARA, f. f. tare, the cast, or the like, that must be allowed for in weight.
TARABELHO, f. m. the little stick in the middle of a hand-saw, that serves to fasten it.
Tarabelho, ou trebelho, pawn, a common man at chess.
TARACENA, TAREZENA, ou TARECENA, f. f. a store-house for shipping, or an arsenal.
TARALHAM, f. m. a kind of ortolan.
Taralhão, (metaph.) a fat fellow.
Taralhão, (metaph.) a meddler, one who meddles with things in which he has no concern; one who affects learning, seriousness, &c.
TARAMBO'LA, f. f. the bird called a plover. Lat. *pluvialis*.
TARAMBO'YE, f. m. the playing and singing of a piece of music or song at the same time, a kind of concerto.
TARAMELA, f. f. a sort of rattle to fright away birds from fruit.
Taramela de moinho, a mill-clack.
Taramela, a sort of wooden latch, or fastening for a door.
Dar a tarameia, (a vulgar phrase) to babble, to chat, or tattle, to talk continually.
TARAMPANTAM, a word invented to express the beat or noise of a drum.
TARANTA, (in the province of Alentejo) a sort of tarantula. See **TARANTOLA**.
TARANTOLA, ou TARANTULA, f. f. tarantula, a venomous ash-coloured spider, speckled with little white and black, or red and green spots, about the size of an acorn, and having eight feet, and as many eyes: It is hairy, and from its mouth proceed two sorts of horns or trunks, with exceeding sharp tops, through which it conveys its poison, whose bite is of such a nature, that it is to be cured only by music. It is so called from the city of Taranto, in Apulia.
TARASCA, f. f. (a vulgar word) an ill-natured woman.
TARAVILHA, (a Spanish word.) See **TARAMELA**.
TARADO, p. of **TARDAR**.
TARADNÇA, f. f. delay.
TARADO. See **PAGAROSO**.

T A R

TARDAR, (in cant) the cloaths, a suit of cloaths.
Tardar, v. n. to tarry, to delay, to be long in coming.
TARDE, adv. late; *Fazer-se tarde*, to grow late.
Muyto tarde, too late.
Tarde piastes, you have not spoke in time, or seasonably.
TARDE, f. f. afternoon.
TARDEIRO, a, adj. See **SERODIO**.
A' TARDI'NHA, adv. in the evening.
TARDIO, a, adj. See **SERODIO**.
TARDO, f. m. See **TRASGO**.
Tardo, a, adj. slow, slack, tardy.
Tardo em fallar, slow spoken, drawling.
Tardo no andar, slow paced, slow footed.
Ter bem engenho tarde, to be heavy, or dull-witted.
TARECOS, f. m. p. lumber, things of small value, the worst sort of household stuff.
TAREFA, f. f. a task, a piece of work enjoined. Arab. Lat. *pensum*.
Tarifa, an earthen pot or vessel, to put oil in.
TAR'GO, ou THARGO, f. m. Targum, a paraphrase on the Pentateuch, &c. in the Chaldee language.
TARJA, f. f. (in heraldry) an escutcheon that is placed on a target; that is, painted, representing a target behind it; or an escutcheon charged with another escutcheon.
TARIMA, f. f. part of a room raised a step higher than the rest, and boarded, as is used in rooms of state under a prince's canopy, where the chair of state stands.
TARIMBA, f. f. a sort of bed, or part of a room raised one or more steps higher than the rest and boarded, as they use in Portugal in the corps de guard for the soldiers to lay in.
TARRAÇA'DA, f. f. ex. *Beber huma tarraçada de vinho*, &c. to drink a bumper of wine, &c.
TARRA'FA, f. f. a casting net.
TARRANQUIM, f. m. a sort of Indian ship.
TARRANTEZ, a sort of grapes so called.
TARRA'XA, f. f. a vice-pin, the key of the vice.
TARRAXA'DO, a, adj. that is made in a spiral form.
TARRO, f. m. a milk-pail, or deep pan to milk sheep or goats in, a kit.
TARTAGO, the purging herb called spurge.
Tartago mayor, five-leaved grass.
TARTAMUDEAR, v. n. to stutter, toammer.
TARTAMUDO. See **GAGO**.
TARTANA, f. f. a small vessel called a tartane.
TARTARANETA, f. f. a grand-child's grand-daughter.
TARTARANEIO, f. m. a grand-child's grand-son.
TARTARANHA, f. f. a kestrel, or

T A V

• kestrel, a kind of hawk; also a fishing boat used in the river Tagus.
TARTARANHAM, f. m. the male of the kestrel, or kestrel.
TARTAREO, a, adj. hellish, infernal, tartareous.
TARTARO, f. m. tartarus, hell; also tartar, addle, a kind of salt, which sticks to wine-casks, like a hard stone.
TARTARUGA, f. f. a tortoise.
TARUGAR, v. a. to fasten boards or timber together by dove-tailing, (in joinery.)
TARUGO, f. m. a wooden pin, a dove-tail in joiners work.

T A S

TASA'LHO. See **TASSALHO**.
TASCA'DO, a, adj. swingled. See **TASCAR**, v. a. to swingle, or beat flax.
Tascar, (metaph.) to masticate, or chew with the teeth.
Tascar hum espuma de vinho, to churn with the teeth a foamy poison.
TASCO, f. m. the hurds of hemp.
TASNE'IRA, f. f. the herb called St. James-wort, or rag-wort.
TASQUINHA, f. f. a swingle staff, a stick for beating of flax or hemp.
TASQUINHADO, a, adj. See **TASCADO**.
TASQUINHA'R. See **TASCAR**.
TASSALHADO, TASSALHAR. See **ATASALHADO, ATASALHAR**.
TASSALHO, f. m. a slice, a cut of flesh, commonly used for hung beef.

T A T

TATARA'NHA, f. f. a sort of fishing boat.
TATARANHO. See **TARTARANHAM** and **COCA**.
TATARO. See **GAGO**.
TATIBI tatili, (a ludicrous expression.) See **GAGO**.
TATU, f. m. tatous, a wild beast in America, covered with scales.

T A V

TAVANEZ, f. m. (a vulgar word) a busy body. Lat. *ardetio*.
TAVAM, f. m. a gad-bee, a dun-fly, a breeze, which in the summer vexeth cattle, and breedeth in the outermost combs in hives, and eateth the bees. Lat. *cefrus*.
TAVERNA, f. f. a tavern, a tippling-house.
Mego que sirve na taverna, a drawer, one who draws liquors from a cask.
P. se não bebo na taverna, seiço nella, if I do not drink in the tavern, yet I divert myself in it; said of those, who though not able to be lowd, yet love to see lewdness in others.
TAVERNEYRA, f. f. a woman that keeps a tavern; also a vintner's wife.
TAVERNEYRO, f. m. a vintner, a tavern-keeper.
TAVERNINHA, f. f. a tippling-house, a tap-house, a little tavern.

T E A

TAVIRA, f. f. Tavor, a city of Algarve, in Portugal, situated on the southern coast of the ocean.

TAUMATURGO. See **THAUMATURGO**.

TAVOA, **TAVOADA**, &c. See **TABOA**, **TABOADA**, &c.

Jogo de tavola's, a sort of exercise formerly used by gentlemen, which consisted in darting at a mark, called *tavolada*, because it was made of boards or planks.

TAURIM, f. m. a sort of Indian ship.

TATPO, f. m. the Bull, one of the signs of the Zodiac; also the highest and furthest extended mountain of Asia.

TAUXEAR, or **TAUXIA'R**, v. a. to inlay, to make inlaid work in any metal. See **ATAIXAR**.

TAUXIA, f. f. inlaid work in any metal; also any thing resembling inlaid work. (Metaph.)

Lavar de tauxia. See **TAUXEAR**.

T A X

TAXA, f. f. a rate set upon any thing. *Por taxa*. See **TAXAR**.

TAXACAM, f. f. a sort of tax or tribute paid to the officers that take care of the king's revenue.

TAXADOR, f. m. a cessor, one that values, or sets a rate on goods.

TAXADO, a, adj. rated, valued, that has a price set on it.

TAXAR, v. a. to rate, to set a price upon goods.

Taxar, to limit, to set limits or bounds, to restrain, to circumscribe; also to limit, to restrain from a lax or general signification.

T E

TE, te, (among children) an egg.

Te. See **ATE'**.

Te, a pronoun conjunctive, thee, to thee, thyself.

Pego-te, I beseech thee.

Contenta-te com isso, content thyself with that.

Lembra-te do que te tenho dito, remember what I have told thee.

Deixa-te estar aqui, stay here, do not stir from this place.

T E A

TEA, f. f. a web of cloth, any sort of thing that is wove.

Tea, any film; also the lists for tilting, or fighting; also the woof that lies in the loom.

Tea do coração, the membrane that covers the heart.

Tea de aranha, a cobweb.

Tea de pinho, the heart of a pine-tree, which, split in pieces, burns like a torch.

Tea da z. See **NOZ**.

Tea ao micho. See **DURA-MATER**, and **PIA-MATER**.

Tea, a pew, an inclosed seat in a church to separate the men from the women.

T E I

P. bea tea fia, a que sua filha e'ia, she spins a good web who breeds up her daughter; that is, the best work a mother can do is to take care of the education of her children.

TEA'DA, f. f. (in India) a piece of linen, &c.

TEAR, f. m. a weaver's loom.

Tear de livro, a book-binder's sewing-press.

TEARA, **TEATRO**. See **TIARA**, **THEATRO**.

T E C

TECEDEIRA, f. f. a woman weaver. Lat. *textrix*.

TECEDOR. See **TECELAM**.

TECEDURA, f. f. weaving.

TECELAM, f. m. a weaver. Lat. *textor*.

TECELO'A, f. f. a woman weaver.

TECE'R, v. a. to weave. Lat. *texere*.

Tecer, to write, to compose. (Metaph.)

Tecer hum discurso, to order or frame a discourse. (Metaph.)

Tecer huma negociacão, to negotiate a business, to manage a negotiation (Metaph.)

Tecer huma lista de nomes, to make a roll or catalogue of names.

Tecer vimes. See **VIME**.

TECI'DO, a, adj. woven, &c. according to the verb *Tecer*.

Tecido em parentesco, a kin, allied by blood. (Metaph.)

Tecido, f. m. a thing woven, woven work.

Tecido de hum discurso, the contexture, ordering, or framing of a discourse.

TECLA, f. f. the keys which the fingers strike in playing upon the organ, harpsichord, or the like. It is also the proper name of a woman.

Não toque esta tecla, do not harp upon that string, do not mention that, forbear talking of that. (Metaph.)

TECYO, f. m. ceiling, the inward roof of a house, or the roof of a chamber. Lat. *laquear*.

Fazer o tecto a hum aposento, to ceil, to overlay with something the inner roof of a room,

Que tem tecto, ceiled. Lat. *laqueatus*.

T E D

TE DEUM the *Te Deum* used in the service of the church.

TEDI'FERO, a, adj. bearing a torch.

A tedifera deusa, *Tedifera Dea*, a name given to Ceres.

TE'DIO, f. m. loathing, weariness, aversion. Lat. *taedium*.

T E I

TEJADI'LHO, f. m. the roof of a coach.

TE'IGA, f. f. a basket made of straw or wicker; also a sort of measure.

TE'IMA, f. f. positiveness, wilfulness, a fixed humour, or obstinate resolution.

TEIMA'DO, p. of

TEIMA'R, v. n. See **PORFIAR**.

TEIMO'SO, a, adj. obstinate, positive, wilful, magotty.

TE'YO, f. m. Tagus, the largest river of Spain, rising on the confines of Aragon, from whence it descends from the mountains of Molina, and running south-west through the midst of New Castile, and Extremadura, passes by the cities of Arenjuez, Toledo, and Alcantara, and then crossing Portugal with the same course, forms the harbour of Lisbon, where it is about three miles wide, and falls into the Atlantic Ocean at Cascaes.

TEIRO, f. f. a long peg of wood that they put in the plough.

Tomar teir, *cu teir ga com algum*, to take a prejudice to a man.

TEIROGA, f. f. ex. *Tomar teiroga com algum*. See **TEIRO**.

TE'IXO, or **TE'XO**, f. m. the yew, or yew-tree. Lat. *taxus*.

TEIXU'GO, or **TEXU'GO**, f. m. the beast called a badger, a grey, or a brock. Lat. *melis*, or *melus*.

T E L

TE'LA, f. f. a web of cloth.

Tela de ouro, ou de prata, tissue, a sort of rich stuff made of silk and gold or silver interwoven.

Tela, a sort of springe or snare for catching the male of the partridge.

Por tela de juizo, judicially, in a judicial manner, in the due form of justice.

Eu quero por isto em tela de juizo, (speaking of a civil cause) I will have a trial for it.

TELESCOPIO, f. m. a telescope.

TE'LHA, f. f. a tile to cover houses. Lat. *tegula*.

Telha vã, is when there is nothing between the tiles and the room, but the tiles are bare.

Fallar das telhas abaxxo, to talk of indifferent things, without running in to divinity, or high matters.

As cousas das telhas abaxxo, temporal and worldly things.

Telha chata, a tile, a flat tile.

Telha mui: concava, a roof-tile, a gutter-tile, a ridge-tile, a pan-tile.

Pedago de telha quebrada, a shard of a tile.

Forno, ou fernalha onde se coze a telha, a tile kiln, a furnace for baking tiles.

Cozer telhas, to bake tiles.

Telha, f. f. the teil-tree. Lat. *tilia*.

TELHA'LO, f. m. the top of a house, the roof.

Telhado de duas aguas, a roof made shelving, to carry off the rain both ways.

Telhado de quatro aguas, a roof casting water, or bending down sideways like a tortoise-shell.

O que faz telhados. See **TELHADOR**.

P. quem tem telhado de vidro, não atire pedras ao do vizinho, he that has his house tiled with glass, must not throw stones at his neighbour's tiles; that is, he who has faults of his own to be

T E M

exposed, must not upbraid his neighbour with his.
Telhado, *a*, adj. tiled, covered with tiles.
TELHADO'R, *f. m.* a tiler, one whose business is to cover houses with tiles; also an earthen cover or lid.
TELHAM, *f. m.* a sort of large tile.
TELHAR, *v. a.* to tile, to cover with tiles.
TELHEIRO, *f. m.* a place sheltered from the sun, &c. a shade under which stone-cutters, &c. work.
TELIZ, *f. m.* a saddle cloth. Arab.
TELO NIO, *f. m.* telonium, a toll-booth, a custom-house. Lat. of Greek.

T E M

TE'MA. See **THEMA**.
TEMAM, *ou* **TINAM**, *f. m.* the beam of a plough, the draught-tree whereon the yoke hangeth. Lat. *temo*. See also **CANA do lomo**.
TEMENTE a *Deos*, religious, that fears God.
TEME'R, *v. a.* to fear, to dread, to stand in awe or in fear of.
P. quem não deve, não teme, out of debt, out of danger.
TEMERARIAMENTE, adv. rashly, headlong.
TEMERARIO, *a*, adj. rash. Lat. *temerarius*.
Juízo temerario, a rash judgment.
TEMERIDA'DE, *f. f.* rashness, foolhardiness.
TEMEROSO, *a*, adj. dreadful, formidable; also fearful, timorous.
TEMI'DO, *a*, *p. p.* feared, dreaded.
TEMOEIRO. See **TAMOEIRO**.
TEMONE'IRO, *f. m.* a steersman.
TEMOR, *f. m.* awe, fear. Lat. *timor*.
P. por temor não percas honra, do not lose honour for fear.
TE'MPES, *f. m. p.* pleasant fields in Thessaly, through which the river Peneus gently glideth.
TEMPERA, *f. f.* the tempering, or temper of iron and steel.
Homem de tempera velha, a man that lives according to the old fashion.
Tempera, (in painting) distemper, water colours.
Pintar a tempera, to paint in water colours.
Tempera, so the falconers call the way of feeding a hawk the day before they go to sport.
TEMPERADAMENTE, adv. temperately, moderately.
TEMPERADO, *a*, adj. frugal, temperate, moderate, sober. See also **PARCO**.
Temperado, temperate, that is in middling temper, as neither too hot, nor too cold.
Temperado, tempered, or disposed with regard to the passions, &c. See the verb **TEMPERAR**.
Mal temperado da lingua, full of words, talkative.
TEMPERAMENTO, *f. m.* tempera-

T E M

ment, a proper and proportional mixture of the elements, but more especially the temperament, temper, or constitution of the human body.
Temperamento do ar, the temperature of the air.
TEMPERANÇA, *f. f.* temperance, moderation, as opposed to gluttony, and drunkenness; also temperance, a restraining of our passions.
TEMPERAR, *v. a.* to temper, to moderate, to mix so as that one part qualifies the other. See also **MODERAR**.
Temperar o ferro, to temper iron.
Temperar o vinho com agua, to mix, or qualify wine with water.
Temperar o calor, to temper or qualify the heat.
Temperar as paixões, ou appetites, to moderate, rule, govern, or refrain one's passions, or desires.
Temperar hum instrumento, to tune an instrument.
O que tempera instrumentos, a tuner.
Temperar, to season or dress meat, &c. and make it more pleasant to the taste, to give any thing a relish.
Temperar o agor, to feed and cherish the hawk as the falconers do the day before they go to sport.
Temperar com sal o que humo peiffa diz, ou faz, to season, to temper, to sweeten, to set off one's words or actions with a pleasant way. (Metaph.)
Temperar hum relógio para que dê horas conforme o curso do sol, to set a watch by a sun-dial.
Temperar huma gaita, to tune a bagpipe; also to manage a business, to take the proper measures in order to manage a business. (Metaph.)
TEMPERILHA, *f. f.* *ou* **TEMPERILHO**, *f. m.* the way or agility of holding the bridle, in order to govern a horse.
Temperilho de hum negocio, the way, means, or manner of managing a business.
TEMPE'RO, *f. m.* seasoning, that which gives any thing a relish.
Tempero, (in medicine) the tempering of heat or cold.
Tempero, way, means, manner.
TEMPESTA'DE, *f. f.* a tempest, a most violent storm. Lat. *procelia*.
TEMPESTE'A'R *com as águas e aparelhos*, *v. n.* I believe it signifies to be over-toiled, or to work one's self weary with the tackling and working of the ships.
TEMPESTUOSO, *a*, adj. tempestuous, stormy, boisterous.
TEMPLARIOS, *f. m. p.* Templars, or Knights Templars, said to have been instituted in the year 1113, by Hugh, of Rayennes, and confirmed by pope Eugenius. The whole order was abolished by pope Clement V. in the year 1309.
TEMPLO, *f. m.* a temple, a church. Lat. *templum*.
Milicia do templo. See **TEMPLARIOS**.

T E M

TEMPO, *f. m.* time. Lat. *tempus*.
Quanto tempo ha? how long is it since?
Andar com o tempo, to temporize, to accommodate one's self to the times, to be a time-server.
O que anda com o tempo, a temporizer, a time-server, a trimmer.
Par, ou meter tempo de permye, to delay, to temporize, to procrastinate, to dally, to prolong, drill on, or spin out time, or dodge.
Chegar a tempo, to come in the nick of time.
Tempo, (in music, &c.) time.
O tempo passado, presente, e futuro, the time past, present, and to come.
Tempo, (a term of grammar) tense.
Passar o tempo, ou divertir-se, to pass the time away.
Perder o tempo, to lose one's time.
Voltar a tempo, to come back in time.
Day me hum pouco de tempo para que vos pague, give me a little time to pay you.
Aproveitar o tempo, to be a good husband of one's time.
Tempo, time, leisure.
Não tenho tempo, I have no time, I am not at leisure.
Tempo, time, season, opportunity, occasion.
O tempo he favoravel, this is a favourable opportunity.
Faz bem, ou más tempo, it is fair, fine, or bad weather.
Tempo, time, age, days.
Nos tempos antigos, in old times, in times of yore.
Nos nosso tempo, in our time, in our age, in our days.
Tempo, time or season.
Tempo da sega, harvest-time.
No mesmo tempo, at the same time, at the same moment, withal.
A tempo que, while, whilst.
De tempo em tempo, now and then, sometimes, from time to time.
Desde o tempo que eu comeci, since I began.
Tomar o tempo a alguém, to hinder one's time.
Ja he tempo de cuidar nisso, it is high time to think of it.
Tempo de bir a rezar, prayer time.
Tempo de bir para a igreja, church-time.
Com o tempo, in time.
Fora do tempo, untimely, unseasonably.
Antes do tempo, untimely, haily, before the time.
Tempo de paz, ou de guerra, time of peace, or war.
Bons tempos, good times.
Mãos tempos, troublesome, difficult, hard, or bad times.
Tempo de inverno, the winter season, or the winter time.
O tempo do verão, summer-time.
Hum tempo de verão, summer-weather.
P. o tempo cura o enfermo, que não o ungento, it is time cures the sick man, not ointments, or drugs.
P. tempo, e hora, não se ata com / gr. time and hours are not to be tied

T E N

with a rope; time and tide stay for no man.

P. qual o tempo, tal o tento, as the time is, so must the deliberation be; we must act as times offer.

P. quem quizer ser muito tempo velho, commit-o a ser cedo, he that would be long old, must begin soon; or, as we say, he that would be young when he is old, must be old when he is young.

P. tempo traz tempo, e chuva traz vento, one time, or one season follows another, and rain follows wind.

P. ao perigo com tento, e ao remedio com tempo. See **PERIGO**.

P. quem tempo tem, e por tempo espera, tempo he, que o deus lhe deu; that is, time lost can never be retrieved.

Já não he tempo, it is too late.

Há muito tempo, a great while ago.

Por algum tempo, for a while, for some while.

Depois de algum tempo, a while after.

Há pouco tempo, ou ultimamente, but a while since.

TEMPORADA, *f. f.* a long or great while, a tract of time.

TEMPORAL, *f. m.* See **TEMPES-TADE**.

Temporal, *adj.* temporal, worldly, not ecclesiastical, secular; also temporal, not spiritual; also temporary, lasting but for a limited time, transient, transitory, not eternal.

Temporal, *(in anatomy)* temporal, pertaining to the temples of the head.

TEMPORALIDADES, *f. f. p.* riches, worldly or sensual pleasures, temporalities.

TEMPORALMENTE, *adv.* for a while, for some while, for a time, temporally.

TEMPORALNEO, *a, adj.* temporaneous, temporary, lasting but for a limited time.

TEMPORAM, TEMPORAM, *adj.* hasty, early ripe, rath ripe.

Fruta temporal, hastings.

Ervilhas temporais, green-hastings.

Pera temporal, a hasty pear.

TEMPORARIO, *a, adj.* temporary, lasting but for a limited time.

TEMPORAS, *f. f. p.* Ember Weeks, four seasons in the year set apart more particularly for prayer and fasting; so called, because they come at the four seasons.

TEMULENTO, *a, adj.* temulent, drunken. Lat. *temulen-us*.

T E N

TENACA, *f. f.* See **TENAZ**.

TENACIDADE, *f. f.* tenacity, tenaciousness, adhesion of one part to another, glutinousness; also holding fast, closeness.

Tenacidade, *(metaph.)* niggardliness, stinginess; also tenaciousness, stiffness in holding an opinion.

TENACISSIMO, *a, adj.* very tenacious.

TENALHA, *ou TENAZ*, *f. f.* (in for-

T E N

tification) a *tenaille*, a work whose head is formed with two faces, making an angle inwards, and whose sides run directly parallel to the head of the gorge.

Tenalha simples, *(in fortification)* simple or single *tenaille*.

Tenalha dupla, *(in fortification)* double or flanked *tenaille*.

Tenalha, *ou corda*. See **CORDA**, *(in anatomy.)*

TENARIFE, ou TENERIFE, *Tenarife*, the principal of the Canary islands in the Atlantic ocean. It is full of mountains, the most considerable of which is that called the Pike or Pico of Teneriff, one of the highest in the world; the top is of a conical figure, and white, so that it may be seen 120 miles off.

TENAZ, *f. f.* a pair of tongs, or pincers.

Tenaz de que usão os cirurgiões, a surgical instrument, much like the forceps, *tenacula*.

Tenaz, *(with the ancient Romans)* a body of men in this form *V* to receive the cuneus. Lat. *forfix*.

Tenaz, *(in fortification.)* See **TENALHA**.

Tenaz, *adj.* tenacious, &c. See **TENACIDADE**.

TENAZINHA, *f. f.* nippers, small pincers.

Tenazinha para arrancar os cabellos da testa, tweezers, a sort of small pincers to pluck off hair.

TENAZMENTE, *adv.* tenaciously.

TENÇA, *f. f.* a pension, yearly allowance, annuity.

Ter-se as tenças, *(or, as they vulgarly say)* *ter-se as attencas de alguém*, to rely upon one.

Surgeiro de firme tença, anchorage, or anchoring, ground apt or fit to hold the anchor of a ship, so that she cannot drive.

Tença, a fish called a *tench*. Lat. *tinea*.

TENÇAM, *f. f.* intention, intent, purpose, drift, mind, design, meaning; also opinion, judgment; also will, or resolution.

Eu disse-o com boa tenção, I meant well when I spoke it.

Fazer tenção, to intend, to purpose.

Faço tenção de vos hir ver, I intend to go to see you.

Essa não era a minha tenção, I did not intend it.

Tenção See **DIVISA**, and **EMPREZA**.

Tenção, the meaning of a symbol or emblem.

Tenção, ou intenção curativa. See **INTENÇÃO**.

Dar tenção, to hear, to give ear, to hearken or listen to.

Dizer missa pela tenção de alguém, to say, or perform mass at the request of one.

TENCIONADO, *a, adj.* judged, &c. See **TEN**.

TENCIONAR, *v. a.* to judge, to pass sentence, to decide.

T E N

Tencionar em favor de alguém, to give judgment in one's behalf.

TENÇOEIRO, *a, adj.* See **OBSTINADO**.

TENDA, *f. f.* a shop for selling small wares.

Tenda em que se vendem velas, ovos, arroz, &c. a chandler's shop.

Tenda, a stall, a little shop or apartment under a bulk, without the fore-side of a shop; also a sort of portable shop used by pedlars, &c.

Tenda de guerra, a tent to encamp.

TENDAL, *f. m.* a place in which they shear sheep.

TENDAM, *f. m.* *(in anatomy)* tendon, an instrument of motion, at the extremity of the muscles.

TENDEDEIRA, *f. f.* a board upon which they make the dough into loaves.

TENDEIRA, *f. f.* she that keeps a *tenda*, or little shop. See **TENDA**.

TENDEIRO, *f. m.* he that keeps a little shop. See **TENDA**.

TENDENCIA, *f. f.* tendency, tendency, inclination, direction, or course towards any place or object; also means, ways, measures.

TENDENTE, *adj.* that tends or has a course towards a certain point or place.

Monção tendente, the proper season for sailing.

Vento tendente, a fair or favourable wind.

TENDIDO, *a, adj.* made into loaves. See the verb **TENDER**.

Bandeiras tendidas, colours flying.

Sabemos a bandieras tendidas, we went out colours flying.

TENDER, *v. n.* to aspire, to aim at. Lat. *tendere*.

Tender o pão, to mold bread.

TENDILHA, *f. f.* a very little shop. See **TENDA**.

TENDILHAM, *f. m.* a little tent; also a sort of bird so called.

TENDOENS, the plural of **TENDAM**, which see.

TENEBRICO'SO, *a, adj.* *(with physicians)* tenebriose.

TENEBROSIDADE, *f. f.* tenebroseness, tenebrosity, gloominess.

TENEBRO'SO, *a, adj.* tenebrose, tenebrous.

TENE'NCIA, *f. f.* the holding of a place, the government of a fort, or castle; also a lieutenantancy.

TENE'NTE, *f. m.* a lieutenant, a deputy.

Capitão tenente, *(in a man of war)* the first lieutenant.

Tenente de infanteria, ou cavalloria, the lieutenant of a company of foot, or troop of horse.

Tenente coronel, a lieutenant-colonel.

Tenente general, a lieutenant-general.

Tenente, a title formerly given to the rich bachelors. See **HOMEM**.

Maõ tenente. See **MAANTE**.

TENERIFE. See **TENARIFE**.

TENESMO, *f. m.* tenesmus, a continual desire of going to stool.

TE-

T E N

TENESMO'DICO, *a*, adj. of, or belonging to a tenesmus.
TENO'R, *f. m* (in music) tenor.
Tener, a tenorista, the person who has a tenor voice.
Cantar tenor, to sing the tenor.
Tenor, a sort of Indian measure.
TENRAME'NTE, *adv.* tenderly, kindly.
TENRI'NHO, *a*, adj. very tender, and dainty. *Lat. tenellulus*.
TENRO, *a*, adj. tender, soft. *Lat. tener*.
Tenro, tender, young, weak; *as, idade tenra*, tender age.
Tenro, affectionate, well affected.
TERNU'RA, *f. f.* tenderness, softness. *Lat. teneritas*.
Ternura, love, affection, tenderness, passion.
TENSA. See **TENÇA**.
TENTA, *f. f.* a surgeon's probe to search a wound. *Lat. specillum*.
TENTAÇAM, *f. f.* temptation. *Lat. tentatio*.
TENTA DO, *a*, adj. tempted; also afflicted, vexed, &c. See the verb **TENTAR**.
TENTADOR, *f. m.* a tempter, the devil.
TENTA'R, *v. a.* to tempt, or induce to evil; also to try or attempt, to prove, to make experiment or trial of.
Tentar todos os meios, to try all means.
O diabo tenta aos homens, the devil tempts men.
Tentar, *v.* to feel.
Tentar a sorte ou fortuna de huma batalha, to venture or hazard the fight, to try the fortune of war.
Tentar, to assail, to attack, to assault.
Tentar, to enterprise, to undertake, to go about, or endeavour to do a thing.
Tentar o vado, to endeavour to ford, or to pass a ford; also to sound, to pump, or sift a person, (metaph.)
Tentar os mares, to put out to sea.
Tentar a sua sorte, to take one's chance.
Tentar, to grope along, to grope, or feel one's way.
TENTATIVA, *f. f.* (in the university) probation, the trial of a student about to take his degrees, a tentative.
Tentativa, an essay, a trial, the first taste of any thing, a tentative.
TENTEA'DO, *a*, adj. probed, &c. See
TENTEAR, *v. a.* to probe, to search the depth, &c. of a wound. From *tenta*, a probe.
Tentear, to grope along, to grope, or feel one's way; also to count with counters.
Tentear, to try, to make a trial, to essay.
Tentear, to sound, to pump, to sift a person.
Tentear hum negocio, to manage a business circumspectly.
Não sey como hei de tentar isso, I do not

T E R

know what course I must take about this thing.
TEN'TO, *f. m.* counter, a piece of brass, silver, &c. to count withal.
Tento, (in painting) the wand painters use to rest their hand on.
Tento, care, caution, premeditation, circumspection.
Ter tento, to be cautious, circumspect, or wary.
TENTORIO, *f. m.* a pavilion, a tent.
TENUE, adj. tenuous, small, thin, minute; also small, little.
Tenue, easy, not hard or difficult; also that is easily digested, not substantial.
TENUIDA'DE, *f. f.* tenuity, &c. See **TENUE**.
TEOLOGIA, *Tiologo, Teor, Teorima, Teorica*. See **THEOLOGIA**, *Teologo, theor*, &c.

T E P

TE'PE, *f. m.* turf, or a clod of earth in the form of a wedge. They make use of it in Holland, instead of brick or stone, to line a bastion.
TEPESE, (an antiquated word.) See **CONTUMAZ**.
TEPIDAME'NTE, *adv.* lukewarmly.
TE'PIDO, *a*, adj. tepid, lukewarm. See also **TIBIO**.
TEPOR, *f. m.* tepor, lukewarmness.

T E R

TE'R, *v. a.* and *n.* to have; *pres. tenho, tens, tem, temos, tendes tem*; *preterimp. tinha, tinhas, &c.* *preterperf. tiver, tiverdes, teve, tiveram, tiverdes, tiverdes*; *preterplup. tivera, tiveras, &c.* *fut. terer, terás, &c.* *imperat. tem tu, tenha elle, tenhamos nós, tende vós, tenhamos elles*.
Ter que fazer, to be busy.
Ter odio, to hate.
Ter per costume, to be wont.
Ter algum por ignorante, to believe one ignorant.
Ter cuidado, de, &c. to be careful of, &c.
Ter cuidados, to be full of care, or to be thoughtful.
Ter fastio, to loath, to see food with dislike.
Ter fome, to be hungry.
Ter animo, to have courage.
Ter boa fama, to be well spoken of.
Ter cara de aço, to have a brazen face.
Ter necessidade, to want, to be in want.
Ter pressa, to be in haste.
Ter muitos fumes, to be very proud.
Ter razão, to be in the right.
Não ter razão, to be in the wrong.
Ter algum coisa na ponta da lingua, to have a thing at one's fingers ends, to have it perfect.
Ter má fama, to be ill spoken of.
Ter obrigação, to be obliged.
Ter medo, to be afraid.
Ter razão, e mais que razão, to have reason to spare.

T E R

Que tendes vós com aquillo? what is that to you?
Ter carruagem e criados, to keep a coach and servants.
Ter algum suspenso, to hold one in suspense.
Ter mesa franca, to keep open table, to keep a table where a man may come without bidding.
Ter frio, to be cold.
Ter as costas quentes em algum, to be backed, or supported by one.
Ter por bem, to approve of, or consent.
Tenho-o por doudo, I take him to be mad.
Ter moço, to hold or keep in, to restrain, to stop.
Ter com que, to have wherewith.
Não tendes de que vos queixar, you have no reason of complaint.
Não tendes que, &c. it is useless, or it will be to no purpose for you to, &c.
Aquillo não tem nada que fazer com o que eu digo, that is nothing to the purpose.
Ter entre mãos algum negocio, to have a business in hand, to be in hand with a business.
Tenho isso por certo, I hold that for a certainty.
Hir ter com algum, to address one's self to one.
Venho ter com vós para saber como passa a senhora Juliana, I address or apply myself to you to know how miss such a one does.
Esta rua vai ter ao mercado, this street strikes or goes into the market.
Ter algum por si, to be supported, or protected by one.
Temos por nós a authoridade dos mais prudentes, we have the wisest men of our side, or of our opinion.
Ter para si, to think or imagine, to reckon.
Ter em muito, to set much by.
Ter em pouco, to value but little.
Ser tido em boa conta, to be esteemed, regarded, or valued, to be in great esteem.
Ter mão n'alguma coisa, to bear up, to support, to prop a thing.
As mezes que tem mão boas nos entros, atoms that stick together.
Tenha mão, tem mão, ou tende mão, hold, stop.
Ter que h. r. to be obliged to go.
Ter sede, frio, ou calura, to be dry, cold, or hot.
Ter cuidado de alguma coisa, to take care of a thing.
Ter before an infinitive mood, preceded by que, denotes the duty, inclination, &c. of doing any thing.
Que tendes que fazer? what have you to do?
Tenho que fazer huma visita, I have a visit to make.
Eu tenho-o por meu amigo, I take him to be my friend.
Ter is an auxiliary verb; *ex. Ter lido*,
 TE-

TER

ter comido, to have read, to have eaten.
Ter (in heraldry) to bear, as one who has a coat of arms is said *ter*, i. e. to bear in it the several charges or ordinaries that are contained in his escutcheon.
Ir ter a algum lugar, to arrive at, to come to a place as by chance.
Ter, to hold, to contain.
Ter mão na sua resolução, to keep one's resolution.
Como tem o texto, as it is said in the text.
Ter por, to account, to believe; as, *Tenho isso por grande peccado*, I account it a great sin.
Ter por, to reckon or esteem; as, *Tenho-o por morto*, I reckon him for a dead man.
Todos o tinhão por morto, every body thought that he was dead.
Terer isso por favor, I shall reckon it a favour.
Terer isso por grande honra, I shall look upon it as a great honour.
Tende piedade da minha desgraça, take pity on my misfortunes.
Tenho aquillo por certo, I hold that for a certainty.
Tenho-o por homem de bem, I take him to be an honest man.
Ter alguma coisa a seu cargo, to have the care of a thing, to have it in his keeping.
Ter uma amiga, to keep a mistress.
Ter conhecimento com alguém, to be acquainted with one.
Ter amor a algum, to love one.
Ter amor com alguém, to fall in love with one.
Ter-se, v. r. ex. *Ter-se em pé*, to stand, or stand up.
Ter-se em casa, to keep at home.
Ter-se com a quem, to hold out, to resist, to stand against one, to cope with one, to oppose, or resist him.
Ter-se, to hold or forbear doing of a thing.
Não me posso ter com riso, I cannot for-ber laughing.
Ter-se, to hold, think, or account one's self.
Tenho-me por feliz, I hold or account myself happy.
Ella tem-se pela mais bella mulher de Inglaterra, she thinks herself to be the handsomest woman in England.
Ter-se bem a cavallo, to sit fast, or well on horseback.
Ter-se mal a cavallo, not to sit fast or well on horseback.
P. qu' m' bem tem, e mal escolhe, por mal que lhe venha, não se enoja, he that is well, and chuses to be ill, must not be angry whatever mischief befalls him. If a man does not know when he is well, but runs himself into inconveniences, he must be content, since it is his own doing.
Ter, s. m. substance, what one has.
TERAPEUTICA. See **THERAPEUTICA**.

TER

TERAPHIM. See **THERAPHIM**.
TERÇA, s. f. the third part of a yard, &c. also tierce, or the third hour in the divine office.
Terça, (at the game of picquet) a tierce.
Terça-feira, Tuesday.
TERÇA-Á, ou *Terças*, a tertian ague.
É bra terça, idem.
TERÇADO, s. m. a short broad sword that wants one third of the length of those commonly worn in Portugal.
Terçado, a, adj. wrapped about, as a cloak that has the ends thrown over the shoulders, so that they are three times covered. See also the verb **TERÇAR**.
TERÇAM, s. m. the shoot or spring which the pruners leave on a vine when they prune it.
TERÇAR cal, v. a. to mingle sand with lime.
Terçar a casa, to throw the ends of the cloak over the shoulders, &c. See **TERÇADO**.
Terçar a lança, to toss a spear, to brandish it, and to charge the spear against an enemy.
Terçar o cojado contra o lobo, to lift up a shepherd's crook in order to throw or sling it at the wolf.
Terçar, v. n. to intercede.
TERÇARIA, s. f. intercession; also a sort of tribute paid to a prince.
TERÇAS, s. f. p. a sort of tribute paid to the king of Portugal.
TERCEIRA, s. f. a mediatrix, and thence a bawd; also a third (in music).
Terceira, a devout woman, who is not a nun, but wears the habit of some order.
Terceira, the third form in a school.
Terceira, *Tercera*, the largest of the Azore islands in the Atlantic ocean.
TERCEIRO, a, adj. third. Lat. *tertius*.
Em terceiro lugar, thirdly.
A terceiro, ou terça parte, the third part, a third.
Huma terceira pessoa, a third person.
TERCEIRO, s. m. a third person; also a mediator; also a pimp.
Terceiro, a devout man who is not a friar, but wears the habit of some order.
TERCENA. See **TARACENA**.
TERCETO, s. m. a tiercet, a stave of three verses.
TERCIOPELO, s. m. velvet.
TERÇO, s. m. the third part.
Terço, a regiment of three thousand and sometimes of two thousand five hundred soldiers.
Terço, the third part of the list in which tilts are run.
Terço da espada, the last third part of a sword, that is, next the hilt.
Terço, ou *terço*. See **LIMPO**.
Terço, the male of any bird of prey.
TERÇO. See **TEIMOSO** and **PORFIADOR**.
TERÇO-L, *Tregel*, *Terço*, ou *Terça*,

TER

s. m. crithe, a little oblong puff or swelling growing to the eyebrows, where the hairs are, so called from its resembling a barley-corn.
TEREBINTIA, s. f. turpentine, terebinth.
TEREBENTINA, idem.
TEREBENTINA'DO, a, adj. mixed with turpentine, terebinthinate, or terebinthine.
TEREBINTO, s. m. the turpentine-tree, terebinth.
TEREIRA, s. f. a sort of warlike engine formerly used.
TERECENA. See **TARACENA**.
TERGIVERSAÇAM, s. f. tergiversation.
TERGIVERSADO, p. of
TERGIVERSAR, v. n. to shuffle or flinch, to dodge, to use fetches, to shift.
TERGO, s. m. skin, or hide. From the Lat. *tergum*.
TERICIA. See **ICTERICIA**.
TERI'STR, s. m. a thin veil, or summer-garment.
TERMENTINA. See **TEREBINTIA**.
TERMINAÇAM, s. f. termination, or ending of a word.
TERMINA'DO, a, adj. terminated, &c. See **TERMINAR**.
TERMINAES festas, *Terminalia*, a feast of land-marks, observed in honour of *Terminus*, the deity of bounds.
TERMINAR, v. a. to terminate, to bound; also to end, determine, or decide; to put to an end.
Terminar, v. n. to be directed, to aim.
Terminar-se, v. r. to terminate, to end, to have an end. See also **CONFINAR**.
Terminar-se, (in grammar) to terminate, to end.
TERMINO, s. m. *Terminus*, the deity of bounds. See also **TERMO**, and **FIM**.
TERMO, s. m. term, bound, limit, end; also a limited time appointed.
Dar termo, (in law) to appoint one day to answer a charge.
Dar termo a alguém para fazer algum pagamento, to give one time for payment.
Dar termo, to end, to finish, to put an end to; also to set bounds to.
Termo peremptorio, a peremptory term that cannot be prolonged.
Termo, territory, a certain tract of land lying within the bounds, or pertaining to the jurisdiction of any state or dominion.
Com bons termos, kindly, obligingly.
Com maos termos, roughly, unkindly.
Homem que tem muito bom termo, a very kind, officious, or obliging man.
Termos de huma arte, technical words, terms of art.
Termos, case, state, pass, condition, foot, or footing, terms.
Estar em termos de perder-se, to be at the brink of perdition.
Em que termos effa aquelle negocio? in what

what state, pass, or condition is that business?

Termo, term, word, expression.

Termos, way, means, expedient.

Termo de cortesia. See *CORTESIA*.

Fazer, ou assinar hum termo, to bind one's self, or to sign a bond for the performance of any thing at the appointed time.

Por termo, to make an end, to finish.

Fazer huma cousa termo, is for a thing to end, to cease, to be terminated, finished, or brought to an end.

Conter-se nos termos, to keep one's self within bounds.

Com termo, ou com bom termo, with moderation.

A termos tão largos, so long, so long time.

Termo, (in logic) term.

Termos da razão, (in geometry) terms of proportion.

Termos, (with astrologers) terms, certain degrees of the signs, wherein the planets are observed to have their strength and virtues increased.

Obligado o termo de se dar batalla, at the moment the troops were ready to charge.

Elle esteve em termos de o matarem, he was like to be killed.

Isto não está em termos de, &c. this is not ready or fit for, &c.

Elle não está em termos de ir, he cannot, or he is not ready to go.

Termos, the images of certain deities, &c. placed in gardens; terms.

Termo rustico, the image of a rural deity placed in gardens.

Termos militares, (with the ancient Greeks) military terms, the heads of certain deities, placed on square land marks of stone, &c. to mark the several stadia, &c. in the roads.

TERNÁRIO numero, ternary, the number of three, ternion.

Tempo ternario, (in music) triple proportion.

TERNE, (in cant) the back.

TERNEZA, f. f. See *TERNURA*.

TERNO, f. m. a ternary, or ternion.

Termos, two trois, six, at dice.

TERNURA, f. f. tenderness, love, affection, passion; also pathos, warmth, or affection of mind.

TERO-lero, a sort of country-dance.

TERRA, f. f. earth, ground, land. Lat. it is also a man's country.

O globo da terra, the globe or ball of the earth.

O céu e a terra, heaven and earth.

Buscar a alguém por mar e por terra, to seek one by sea and land.

Terra fértil, ou estéril, fertile or barren ground or soil.

Cultivar, ou lavrar a terra, to till, to plough the ground.

Os frutos da terra, the fruits of the earth.

Hum pedaço de terra, a piece of ground or land.

A terra do inimigo, the enemy's country.

A minha terra, my country.

Terra pertencente a huma igreja, termon-

land, glebe-land, or land belonging to a church.

Homem rico que tem muitas terras, a vast land-man.

Navegar terra a terra, to go terra a terra, to sail along the coast, to coast along.

Per per terra, to throw or sling down, to throw on the ground, to destroy, to level with the ground.

Por alguém per terra, to check or reprimand one severely.

Ser terra, to be earth, to be mortal.

Saltar em terra, to come ashore, to land.

De terra em terra, from one country to another.

Terra firme, the firm land, the continent.

Os bens da terra, earthly goods or pleasures.

Escondê-se debaixo da terra, to earth one's self.

Escondêr na terra ou debaixo da terra, to hide in earth, to earth.

Culrir de terra, to earth, to cover with earth.

Tomar terra. See *APORTAR*.

Caír em terra, to fall on the ground; also to be born, to come into the world.

Que está pegado aos bens da terra, earthly minded.

Terra austral, all that vast tract of land about the south pole, scarce known to us any farther, than that there is such a land.

Terra Lemnia, ou sigillata, terra Lemnia, or sigillata.

Terra Nova, Newfoundland, an island of America, in the Atlantic ocean.

O qui vende ou compra terras para outrem, a land jobber.

Descobrimento da terra, (among sailors) land-fall.

Descobrir terra, (with sailors) to fall in with land, to see land.

Descobrir terra dentro do tempo que se esperava de descobri-la, to make a good land-fall.

Terra, Tellus, the goddess of the earth.

P. a água salobra, na terra seca, he doce, in dry land salt water is good; where there is a scarcity of any thing, the worst of the sort is acceptable.

P. em cada terra fin uo, every country has its fashion.

P. em terra de senbrijo, não faças teu ninho, do not build in the ground belonging to lords, for fear they pick a quarrel with you, and, being powerful, turn you out of your house.

TERRADA, f. f. (in India) a sort of small man of war.

TERRADO, f. m. the ground plot whereon a fair or market is held.

Terrado, (in India.) See *EIRADO*.

TERRAGOZA, (in cant) the city of Lisbon.

TERRAL, f. m. a wind that blows from land, a land breeze.

TERRANQUIM, f. m. a sort of Indian ship.

TERRAM, ou Terraõ, f. m. a clod, clot, or lump of earth. Lat. *gleba*.

Terraõ arancado com brava, a turf, or sod. Lat. *cessus*.

Terraõ, (in poetry) earth, ground.

Couça feyta em terras, cloddy.

TERRAPLENA'DO, a, adj. filled with earth.

TERRAPLENA'R, v. a. to fill with earth.

TERRAPLENO, f. m. (in fortification) terreplain, a platform of earth.

TER A'QUEO, a, adj. terraqueous, composed of land and water.

TERREA'L, adj. terrestrial, earthly.

TERRENTO, a, adj. earthly, mixed with earth.

TERREIRO, f. m. a parade, a walking place, a place of rendezvous, a place of exercise.

Torreiro, (in Lisbon) the market-place for corn.

Tivar a terreiro, to provoke, to challenge.

Fazer terreiro de patacão, (a vulgar phrase) to make a great noise or uproar, to bustle.

TERREMOTO, f. m. an earthquake.

Terremoto de inclinação, climatic, a sort of earthquake that moves sidelong.

Terremoto de pulsação, brasmatic, a kind of earthquake, when the earth moves directly upwards.

TERRENHO, f. m. ground or soil.

Terrenbo vento. See *TERRAL*.

TERRENO, a, adj. terrestrial, earthly.

TERREO, a, adj. mixed with earth.

Terreos, made upon the ground, that stands near the ground.

Casa terrea, a low-house, a ground-room.

Entender terreo, to be shallow-pated, or shallow-witted, to have a shallow wit, or shallow brains.

TERRESTRE, adj. terrestrial, earthly.

TERRIBEL. See *TERRIVEL*.

TERRIBELMENTE. See *TERRIVELMENTE*.

TERRIBILIDADE, f. f. terribleness.

TERRIFICA'DO, a, adj. terrified.

TERRIFICA'R, v. a. to terrify, or to strike a terror into.

TERRITORIO, f. m. a territory or jurisdiction.

TERRIVEL, adj. terrible, dreadful. Lat. *terribilis*.

TERRIVELMENTE, adv. terribly, dreadfully.

TERRO'R, f. m. terror, or fright. Lat.

Per terror, to terrify.

TER-SE. See after the verb *TER*.

TERSO, a, adj. clear, pure, neat. Gothic.

Estylo terço, neat style.

Terço. See *TERÇOL*.

TES. See *TEZ*.

TESAME'NTE, adv. briskly, lively, vigorously; also keenly, eagerly, sharply.

TES

TESAM, f. m. stiffness, an unbending quality, tension, tenseness. The contrary to laxity.
T'jaô, swiftness, hastiness, quickness, rapidity.
T'jaô da voz, the straining or raising of one's voice.
T'jaô, rigor, severity.
T'jaô de propósito, constancy, resolution, resoluteness, a full purpose, or settled intention to do a thing.
T'jaô, sean, a sort of large fishing-net. Lat. *sagena*. French *seine*.
TESCAM. See **VADIO**.
TE SO, a, adj. stiff, tough, not easily flexible; also stretched out (speaking of a cord, rope, &c.)
T'jo, swift, rapid, violent.
Vento t'jo, a great or high wind.
Aquella rio corre muito t'jo, that river has a rapid or violent stream.
Chove agora muito t'ja, it pours down, it rains very hard.
T'jo, inflexible, stiff, not to be prevailed on, immovable.
Tir t'jo na sua resolução, to keep one's resolution.
Tir a barba t'ja. See **BARBA**.
Reprehensão t'ja, a sharp or severe reprimand.
T'jo, steep, of a difficult ascent.
Monte t'jo, a steep hill.
T'jo, brave, courageous, stout; also well in health.
T'jo, f. m. a hillock, any raised place.
O t'jo de hum monte, the steepness of a hill.
TESO'URA, f. f. scissars. Lat. *forfex*.
T'esouras, (in falconry) the first feathers in a hawk's wings.
T'esura, any thing in the form of blades of sheers.
T'esura grande, sheers, or sheers.
TESOURADA, f. f. a cut or stroke with a pair of scissars.
TESOUREIRO. See **THESOUREIRO**.
TESOURINHAS, f. f. little scissars.
T'esurinhas, the tendrils of the vine that grow and wind round about any thing they meet.
Fazer t'esurinhas a algum, to make one mad, to tease, or provoke one. The reason of this vulgar phrase is, that a countryman and his wife upon the way fell into a dispute, she saying the tendrils were called *t'esurinhas*, and he some other name; the contest ran so high, that going over a bridge, he in a passion threw her over, she still crying, *t'esourinhas bô de fer*, they shall be tendrils; and when she could speak no more, she held up two fingers like scissars that are open, to show she would hold her own to the last.
TESOIRO. See **THESOIRO**.
TESSU'M, f. m. a sort of tissue.
TESTA, f. f. the forehead, the front, or forepart. Lat. *frons*; also the van, front, or head of an army.
T'flas coroada, crowned heads.
Fazer testa, See **ENTESTAR**.

TES

TESTA'DA, f. f. a ridge straight along, that boundeth land. Lat. *riger*.
TESTA'DO, p. of *Testar*.
TESTADOR, f. m. a testator, he that makes a will.
TESTADORA, f. f. a testatrix, a woman that makes a testament.
TESTAMENTARIA, f. f. the execution of a will.
TESTAMENTARIO, a, adj. testamentary, or testamentary.
TESTAMENTEIRO, f. m. the executor of a will.
TESTAMENTO, f. m. a testament, a last will.
Testamento nuncupativo. See **NUNCUPATIVO**.
P. se queres testamento, faze-o estando saô, if you desire to make a good will, make it whilst you are in health; because a dying man's thoughts are distracted, and those about him make him say what they please.
TESTAM. See **TOSTAM**.
TESTAR, v. a. to make a will or testament.
Elle morreu sem testar, he died intestate, or without making his will.
TESTE'IRA do carro, f. f. the fore-part of a cart.
Testeira, any thing to cover or defend the front.
TESTEMUNHA, f. f. a witness, an evidence, a deponent. Lat. *testis*.
Testemunha de vista, an eye-witness.
Testemunha de ouvida, a witness by hear-say, an ear-witness.
Testemunha falsa, a false-witness.
Ser testemunha contra algum, to come in as a witness or evidence against one.
Tirar testemunhas, to examine the witnesses, and write what they say.
Ouvir o que dizem as testemunhas, to hear the witnesses.
Tomar por testemunha, to call to witness.
Tomo a D. os por testemunha, I call or take God to witness.
TESTEMUNHA'DO, p. of
TESTEMUNHA'R, v. n. to witness, to bear witness.
Testemunhar falso, to give in a false evidence.
TESTEMUNHA'VEL, adj. testimonial.
TESTEMUNHO, f. m. witness, a testimony, an evidence.
Dar testemunho. See **TESTEMUNHAR**.
Testemunho, testimony, proof, token, mark, sign, argument.
Dar testemunho de alguma coisa, to testify, shew, or make a thing known.
Testemunho de amor, a token of love.
 This word is also taken in the worst sense; that is for a false deposition or assertion; as,
Elle levantou-me hum testemunho, he accused me falsely.
TESTICULO, f. m. a testicle. Lat. *testiculus*.
Testiculo, ou bexiga de cão, the herb dog's-stones.

TET

Cavalle que tem so hum testiculo, a rig, a horse that is half castrated.
Testiculos de hum gallo, waddles, or stones of a cock.
Testiculo de raposo, the herb stender-grass, ragwort, or priest's pintle. Lat. *satyrion*.
Testiculo de perro, ou de frade. See **AG-NO casto**.
TESTIFICAÇAM, f. f. testification.
TESTIFICADO, a, adj. testified, witnessed.
TESTIFICAR, v. a. to testify, to witness. Lat. *testificari*.
TESTIMUNHO. See **TESTEMUNHO**.
TESTINHO, f. m. a little cover or lid; also a potsherd or piece of a broken earthen vessel.
TESTO, f. m. a cover, a lid, a pot-lid; also a potsherd, a piece of a broken earthen vessel.
T'fo, a vessel or pot, wherein they put lime or mortar.
T'fo, (a vulgar word.) See **RESOLUTO, FIRME**.
TESTUDAÇO, a, adj. headstrong, obstinate.
TESTU'DEM aristaria, a sort of battering engine.
TESTU'DO. See **TESTUDAÇO**.
TESU'RA, f. f. rigor, stiffness, not flexibility; also rigor, severity.

T E T

TETA, f. f. a teat, a pap, a dug, a breast.
TETANOS, (among physicians) tetanus, a contraction, whereby a limb, or rather any part of the body, or the whole body itself, becomes rigid and inflexible.
TETAS, (a ludicrous word) a ridiculous fellow.
TETIM, f. m. See **ARGAMAÇA**.
TETRACORDO, f. m. tetrachord, an instrument with four strings; also tetrachord, an interval of three tones.
TETRAEDRO, f. m. (in geometry) tetraedron.
TETRAGONO, (in geometry) a tetragon, a square.
TETRAGRAMMATON, f. m. Tetragrammaton, the sacred name of God composed of four letters, which the Jews do not utter where they find it written, but instead of it read *Adonai*, that is Lord.
TETRA'PLO, f. m. tetrapla, a Bible disposed by Origen under four columns, with each a different Greek version, viz. that of Aquila, that of Symmachus, that of the Septuagint, and that of Theodotion.
TETRA'RCHA, f. m. tetrarch, a governor of the fourth part of a country or province.
TETRA'RCHIA, f. f. tetrachate, or tetrarchy, the jurisdiction or government of a tetrarch.
TETRA'STICO, f. m. a tetralich, a

THE

stanza, or poem consisting of four verses.

TETRICO, *a*, adj. tetrical, tetricous, four, crabbed, morose.

TEU'DO, *a*, adj. that has a great breast.

TEU

TEU, *tua*, a pronoun possessive, thine, thy own. Lat. *tui*.

Teumaro, thy husband.

Tua mulier, thy wife.

Os teus filhos, thy children.

Isto be teu, this is thine.

O teu, *f. m.* thy own.

Aqui sta o teu, here is thine.

Os teus, thy own, thy friends and relations.

TEUTO'NICO, *a*, adj. Teutonic, belonging to the Teutones, an ancient people of Germany.

Ordem Teutonica, Teutonic order, an order of knighthood instituted in the year 1190, by Henry, king of Jerusalem, and other princes, in favour of the Germans. The knights were also called Marian knights. The order is now little known, though there is still a great master of it kept up in Germany.

TEX

TEXO. See **TEIXO**.

TEXTO, *f. m.* a text, the very words of an author.

TEXTU'RA, *f. f.* the texture of a natural body.

TEXU'GO. See **TEIXUGO**.

TEZ

TEZ, *f. f.* the superficies, or out-most part of any thing.

Tiz do rosto, the colour or grain of the skin of the face.

TEZAMENTE, **TEZAM**, &c. See **TESAMENTE**, **TESAM**, &c.

THA

THA'LAMO, *f. m.* a nuptial bed; also a common bed.

THALIA, *f. f.* Thalia, one of the nine Muses.

THA'O, *f. m.* an itinerary measure in India, containing a Portuguese league.

THARGO. See **TARGO**.

THA'U, the last letter of the Jewish alphabet; also tau, a figure of the cross of Christ.

THAUMATU'RG, *f. m.* thaumaturgus, a worker of miracles.

Lanterna thaumaturga, *ou magica*. See **LANTERNA**.

THB

THEA'ME, *ou Theamede*, a stone brought from the mountains of Ethiopia, opposite to the load-stone, as having a natural antipathy to iron.

THEA'NDRICO, *a*, adj. (in divinity) theandric, divine and human under one, or God-man.

THE

THEAT'NOS, *f. m. p.* Theatins, a sort of religious order, founded in the year 1524.

THEA'TRO, *f. m.* a theatre, a stage, a playhouse.

O theatro de Pompeo, (among the Romans) Pompey's theatre.

O theatro da guerra, (metaph.) the theatre of war, the country or place where a war is carried on.

THE'MA, *f. m.* text, the subject of a sermon, drawn out of Holy Writ; also the Latin, or exercise practised by school-boys.

THEOCRA'CIA, *f. f.* theocracy, or theocracy, the government where God himself is immediately king, as that of the Jews before they were governed by king Saul.

THEOGONI'A, *f. f.* theogony, the generation of gods, or a treatise concerning it.

THEOLOGA'L, adj. theological; also that understands or teaches divinity.

As tres virtudes theologas, the three divine virtues.

Theologal, *f. m.* a doctor or professor of divinity, prebendary of a cathedral.

THEOLOGIA, *f. f.* theology, divinity.

Doctor em theologia, a doctor in divinity.

THEOLOGICAMENTE, adv. theologically.

THEOLOGICO, *a*, adj. theological.

THEOLOGO, *f. m.* a divine, or theologian.

THEOR, *f. m.* the tenor, the substance or meaning of a writing, content, or purport.

Theor da vida, course of life, way of living.

THEORE'MA, *f. m.* a theorem.

THEORICA, *f. f.* theory, speculation.

THERAPEUTICA, *f. f.* therapeutice, or therapeutica, practical physic.

THERAPHIM, *ou Teraphim*, *f. m.* teraphim; some have imagined that the teraphims, mentioned Judges xvii. 5. were the households of the heathens; others rather think they were talismanical representations, consecrated by devilish ceremonies, to engage some evil spirit to answer them the demands of their worshippers, and give oracles.

THEREBENTINA, **THEREBINTO**. See **TEREBENTINA**, **TEREBINTO**.

THERIA'CA, *f. f.* treacle.

THERMAS, *f. f. p.* hot-baths.

THERMO'ÇOS. See **TREMOÇOS**.

THERMOMETRO, *f. m.* thermometer.

THE'SE, *f. f.* a thesis or position.

THESOU'REIRO, *f. m.* a treasurer.

THESOU'RO, *f. m.* a treasure.

THE'TYS, *f. f.* Thetis, the daughter of Nereus; also the sea (with the poets.)

THEUTONICO. See **TEUTONICO**.

THI

THIMBREO. See **THYMBREO**.

TIB

THIMO. See **THYMO**.

THISICA, &c. See **TISICA**, &c.

THO

THOMILHO. See **TOMILHO**.

THORACHICO, *Torachico*, *Toracico*, *ou Thoraxico*, *a*, adj. thoracic, belonging to the breast.

THORAX, *f. m.* (in anatomy) the thorax, the chest.

THR

THRE'NO, *f. m.* threnodia, or threnody, a song of lamentation.

THRONO, *ou Trono*, *f. m.* a throne
Thronos, (in theology) thrones; the third rank of angels in the celestial hierarchy.

THU

THU'LE, *f. f.* Thule, accounted by the ancient poets, as Virgil, &c. to be the farthest island, or part of the world.

THURI'BULO, *f. m.* a thurible, a censer.

THURIFERA'RIO, *f. m.* he that carries the censer, or thurible, in solemnities of the church.

THURI'FERO, *a*, adj. thuriferous.

THURIFICAÇAM, *f. f.* the act of censuring, or perfuming with frankincense.

THURIFICA'DO, *a*, adj. censured, perfumed with frankincense.

THURIFICA'R, *v. a.* to cense or perfume with frankincense.

THY

THYBRE. See **TYBRE**.

THYMBREO *Apello*, Apollo, so called for having a temple and grove at Thymbra.

THYINO, *f. m.* thynic-wood, a precious wood.

THYMI'AMA, incense, perfume.

THYMO. See **TOMILHO**.

THYRSO, *f. m.* thyrsé, Bacchus's javelin, wrapped with vine-leaves and ivy.

TI

TI. See **TU**.

De ti, a ti, of thee, to thee.

TIA

TI'A, *f. f.* an aunt. Arabic.

Tia, *ou irmã de meu pay*, an aunt by my father's side.

Tia, *ou irmã de minha mã*, an aunt by my mother's side.

TIA'RA, *f. f.* tiar, or tiara, a crown; generally used for the pope's triple crown.

TIB

TIBA, (in cant) a knife.

TIBE'ZA, *ou Tibiza*, *f. f.* lukewarmness.

Tibiza, (in a moral sense) lukewarmness, indifference, coldness, remissness.

TIBIA. See **FRAUTA**.

TIBI.

T I M

TIBIAMENTE, adv. coldly, with indifference, slowly, tardily, remissly.
TIBIEZA. See **TIBEZA**.
TÍBIO, a. adj. lukewarm; also cold and slack, indifferent, remiss, negligent.
TIBORNA, f. f. (in a press for oil) bread soaked in oil, which some people are very fond of.
TIBRE. See **TYBRE**.

T I Ç

TIÇAM, f. m. a fire-brand quenched. Lat. *stipula*.
TIÇAU ACEJ, a fire-brand lighted. Lat. *torris*.
TIÇAU DO INFIRNO, (metaph.) a fire-brand or boutefeux, a make-bate.
P. nem estopa com tigens, nem melher com varcos; that is, the conversation of women is dangerous; it is not good jesting with edge tools.
TIÇOA DA, f. f. a stroke with a fire-brand.

T I D

TIDO, e, had, &c. according to the verb **TER**.

T I G

TIGELA, f. f. a porringer. Lat. *gabbata*.
TIGELA DA, f. f. a porringer full.
TIGELINHA, f. f. a small porringer.
Tigelinha de cor, a sort of laquer for holding the red colours, used by women to paint their face.
TIGRE, f. m. the beast called a tiger. Lat. *tigris*.
TIGRES, f. m. Tigris, a river of Asiatic Turkey. This is reckoned one of the rivers which environed paradise.

T I J

TIJADILHO. See **TEJADILHO**.
TIJOLO. See **LADRILHO**.

T I L

TIL, f. m. a tittle, a little dash; as, the Portuguese use on the letters, *z, ã, &c.*
Til, f. m. the tail-tree, or linden-tree. Lat. *tilia*.
TILAM, a tittle, or dash.

T I M

TIM, TIM, tinkling, a jingling noise, as that of little bells, &c. See also **TIMTIM**.
TIMAM, f. m. a sort of Persian coin. See also **TEMAM**.
TIMARIOTES, f. m. p. (among the Turks) timariots; those who out of conquered lands have a portion allowed them, to serve on horseback and find arms, &c. at their own charge.
TIMBRE, f. m. the timbre or crest

T I N

feated upon the most eminent part of the helmet (in heraldry.)
Timbre, point of honour. See **PUN-DONOR**.
Tomar alguma coisa por timbre, (metaph.) to boast or glory of a thing, to pride, or to pride one's self in a thing.
TIMIAMA. See **THYMIAMA**.
TI MIDAMENTE, adv. fearfully.
TÍMIDO, a. adj. timorous, fearful.
TIMONEIRA, f. f. the steerage in a ship, a place before the bulk-head of the great cabin.
TIMONEIRO. See **TEMONEIRO**.
TIMORATO, a. adj. awful, struck with awe, scrupulous.
TIMPANITAS, &c. See **TYMPANITAS**, &c.
TIMTIM por *timtim*, (a vulgar expression) ex. *contar timtim por timtim*, to particularise, to detail, to shew minutely, to give a full account.

T I N

TINA, f. f. a tub, a wooden vessel.
Tina de vinho, a vat for wine.
Tina para tomar banhos, a bathing tub.
TINCA'L, f. m. tincar, a sort of mineral. Arabic.
TINCALEIRA, f. f. the box wherein goldsmiths keep tincar.
TINCAR. See **TINCAL**.
TINELLO, f. m. a common hall for servants to eat in. Ital.
TINGIDO, a. adj. dyed.
TINGIDURA. See **TINTURA**.
TINGIR, v. a. to dye, or colour.
TINHA, f. f. a disease called a scald-head, scald or scurf; from the Lat. *tinea*, a moth or worm, because it corrodes and eats like a worm.
TINHO SO, a. adj. scruffy, troubled with the disease called scurf.
TINI DO, f. m. tinkling, a jingling noise as of bells, or some other vessel made of metal, being struck.
TINI DO, p. of
TINIR, v. n. to tingle, or tinkle, to ring and make a clear sound, as metal doth. Lat. *tinire*.
O tinir dos esvaidos, the buzzing, or tingling in the ears.
TINO, f. m. judgment, guess, conjecture, sense. See **JUIZO**, and **DISCURSO**.
Perder o tino, to be at a loss, to be beside one's self.
Elle he hum homem que nunca perde o tino, he has a great presence of mind, he is a man that nothing can discompose.
Tirar a tino, to shoot at random.
Apenar huma peça ao tino do rumor, to point, or direct a cannon towards the place where there is a noise, without taking any other aim.
TINTA, f. f. a dye, hue, or colour.
Tinta com que escrevemos, ink, a liquor to write withal.
Sujar com tinta, to ink, to daub with ink.

T I R

Tinta, ou vinho tinto, tent, a sort of wine of a deep red.
Tinta, a sort of black grapes to make tent, or wine of a deep red.
Tinta de sapateiros, blacking for shoes.
Tinta de chistos, the blood of the cuttle-fish; also a mischievous man. (Metaph.)
Encomendar alguma de boa tinta, ou de melhor tinta, to commend one with more than common diligence, to commend one as a man of honest behaviour, to recommend one earnestly.
Tinta, (metaph.) habit, impression.
Tintas de pintores, painters colours.
TINTE. See **TINTURARIA**.
TINTEIRO, f. m. an ink horn.
Esquecer alguma coisa no tinteiro a alguém, is for one to omit, or forget a thing in writing.
TINTO, a. adj. dyed.
Vinho tinto, tent, or red wine.
TINTURA, f. f. the act of dying, or giving a new colour; also the art of dying.
Tintura, a tincture, a chemical extract.
Tintura, colour.
Tintura, (metaph.) a tincture, a smattering, a superficial knowledge.
TINTURARIA, f. f. a dye-house, or the dyers street.
TINTUREIRA, f. f. a dyer's wife; also a sort of shark, more voracious than the common ones.
TINTUREIRO, f. m. a dyer, or dist; also a sort of grapes so called.
TIO
TIO, f. m. an uncle.
TIO RBA, f. f. a theorbo, a musical instrument.
TIP
TIPPLE, f. m. the treble in music.
TIQ
TIQUE, TAQUE, tick-tack, a sort of game.
TIR
TIRA, f. f. a long strip of cloth, or the like.
Voar a tira, to fly swift, directly, and without intermission, not to hover.
TIRACOLLO, f. m. See **TALIM**.
Lançar a tiracollo, to sling or throw across the shoulder, as we do a shoulder-belt.
TIRA DO, a. adj. taken away, &c. according to the verb.
Tirado, a prep. See **EXCEPTO**.
TIRADOR, f. m. (among printers) a press-man. See also **ATIRADOR**.
TIRAILA', a sort of interject. away; ex. *Tiraila isto*, away with this.
TIRANAMENTE, &c. See **TYRANNAMENTE**, &c.
TIRANDO. See **EXCEPTO**.
TIRANNAMENTE, &c. See **TYRANNAMENTE**, &c.

TIRA-

T I R

TIRA'NTE, f. m. a trace for draught-horses.
Hum par de tirantes, a pair of traces.
Tirante, a piece of metal in the form of a trace.
Tirante, p. a. inclining to.
A cor desta pedra he tirante a verde, this stone inclines to green, this stone is greenish.
Tirante a vermelho, inclining to red, or reddish.
Tirantes, (in cant) the breeches.
TIRAM. See **ESTIRAM**.
TIRAPÉ, f. m. a shoe-maker's stirrup.
TIRAR, v. a. to take away, to remove.
Tirar o chapéo, to take or pull off one's hat.
Tirar por força, to wrench, to wrest, to force, to pull by violence, to writh.
Tirar a huma mulher a honra, to debauch, seduce or violate a woman.
Tirar a honra a huma donzella. See **DESFLORAR**.
Tirar a vida, to kill.
Tirar, to banish, to drive, or turn away.
Tirar a tristeza, to banish, or drive away sorrow.
Tirar por força hum prego, to drive out a nail by force.
Tirar, to get out, to get, or bring off, to deliver, free, or rid from.
Tirar algúem da prisão, to get one out of prison.
Tirar alguma coisa da cabeça a algúem, to beat a thing out of one's head.
Tirar a algúem do seu fôro, to mad, or to make one mad.
Tirar dinheyro da propria algibeira, to pull or lug money out of one's pocket.
Tirar a algúem o dinheyro com desfeiza, ou astúcia, to cheat one of his money.
Tirar de vossa de hum levantamento, to take account of a tumult.
Tirar, to attract or draw to.
O alambre tira pelas palhas, amber attracts straw.
Tirar o anel do proprio dedo, to pull a ring off one's finger.
Tirar sangue, to let blood, to bleed.
Tirar, to incline to, v. n.
Tirar a verde, to incline to green, to be greenish.
Tirar, to draw, to get, to receive, or reap.
Que proveito tirais vos daquillo, what advantage do you draw from that? what do you get by that? what advantage do you receive or reap from, or by that?
Tirar a terra. See **TERREIRO**.
Tirar agua, to draw water.
Tirar vinho, to draw wine.
Tirar ouro da mina, to draw gold out of the mine.
Tirar o que algúem tem no bojo, to pump a thing out of one, to pump one.
Não pude tirar delle huma so palavra, I could not get a word from him, or out of him.
Tirar os pimpalbos superfluos da vide, to nip, prune, or shred off the needless buds, or buttons of vines.

T I R

Tirar, to draw or extract.
Tirar huma sorte, to draw a ticket.
Tirar huma consequencia, to infer or conclude, to draw a consequence.
Tirar huma noção, to take away, or fetch out a notion.
Tirar, ou espremer, to squeeze out.
Tirar huma linha, to draw a line.
Tirar, to draw, to collect, to pick, take, or get.
Tirar, to take away, to remove, to cure.
Tirar p'la espada, to draw one's sword out of the scabbard.
Tirar alguma coisa a algúem, to bereave, to deprive, to rob one of a thing.
Tirar as entranhas, to bowels, to draw out the bowels.
Cavallos que tirão hum carro, horses that draw a cart.
Tirar hum copia, to copy, or write out, to transcribe.
Tirar a algúem de parte, ou a parte, to take one aside.
Tirar huma estorada, to push, to make a thrust, to strike with a pointed instrument, as a sword, &c.
Tirar, to hinder. See **TOLHER**, and **IM'EDIR**.
Tirar hum retrato, to draw a picture.
Tirar a gallin'a, &c. os ovos, is for a hen, &c. to hatch the eggs.
Elle he semelhante a seu pay sem tirar, nem por, he is a lively image of his father.
P. tirar a sardinha, &c. See **GATO**.
Tirar, ou alisar, to shoot off, to let off, to discharge, to displode.
Tirar, ou atirar com huma espingarda, to shoot off a gun.
Tirar, ou atirar com huma pistola, to discharge a pistol.
Tirar, ou atirar ao alvo, to shoot at the white or mark.
Tirar, ou atirar coqueis, to kick, to wince, to jerk.
Tirar-se, v. r. to get out, or off.
Tirar-se do embarço, to get out of trouble, to get off.
Tirar-se, to abstain, to forbear, to keep one's self from.
Tirar para se a, stand away, draw off, be gone.
Tirar-se, to go or get away.
Tirar-vos daqui, get you gone.
Tirai-vos de diante, do not stand in my light.
TIRATI'RA, f. f. a sort of water fowl.
TIRICA. See **ICTERICIA**.
TIRIAFINTI'M, a word invented to express the shrill sound of a trumpet, as that of *Tarantara* to express the sound of a trumpet, in calling to battle.
TIRIA'NA. See **PARIETARIA**.
Tiritana, a sort of very slight silk, or taffety.
TIRIAR, v. n. to quake, to tremble, to shiver for cold. Gothic.
TIRO, f. m. a shot; also a cast, a throw.
Tiro de peça, a cannon-shot.
Tiro cego, a random-shot.

T I T

Tiro, shot or reach.
A tiro de peça, within cannon-shot.
Fazer tiro, to aim at.
Atirar hum tiro a algúem, to shoot at one.
Dar hum tiro em algúem, idem.
Errar hum tiro, to miss the mark, (in shooting.)
Hum tiro a seis cavallos, a set of six horses in a coach.
TIROCINIO, f. m. tyrocinny, apprenticeship.
TIRSO. See **THIRSO**.

T I S

TIS, the plural of *til*, a reil-tree.
TISANA, f. f. See **PTISANA**.
TISICA. } See { **PTYSICA**.
TISICO. }
TISQUIDA'DE, f. f. consumptiveness.
TISNA'DO, a, adj. sooted, blacked, smeared with a firebrand, foot, or the like. See also **ADUSTO**, and the verb.
TISNA'R, v. a. to black, smut, or sully with foot, a fire-brand, &c.
Tisnar, (metaph.) to stain or blur one's reputation.
TISOURA. } See { **TESOURA**.
TISOURO. }
TISU'. } See { **THESOURO**.
TISU'. } See { **TESUM**.

T I T

TITANOS, ou **TITANES**, f. m. p. the Titans, the sons of Saturn, or, as others, of his brother Titan, who made war against their uncle Jupiter.
TITAM, (with the poets) the sun.
TITELA, f. f. the breast or brawn of a fowl.
Titela, (metaph.) the most valued part of a country, kingdom, &c.
TITHO'NIA, f. f. (with the poets) Aurora, the daughter of Titan and Terra.
TITHYMALO, f. m. tithymal, the plant called spurge.
TITILLACIÃO, f. f. titillation.
TITILLAR, adj. See **AXILLAR**.
TITIRE, f. m. See **BONIFRAIE**.
TITONIA. See **TITHONIA**.
TITUBA'DO, p. of **TITUBAR**.
TITUBA'NTE, p. a. staggering, &c. See
TITUBAR, v. n. to stagger, to waver, to falter.
Titubar, (metaph.) to waver, to fluctuate, to be irresolute, or uncertain what to do.
TITULAR, f. m. titular, or titulary, a person invested with a title, as a duke, marquis, &c.
Titular, adj. titular.
Titular, v. a. See **INTITULAR**.
TITULO, f. m. the title of a book; also a title of honour.
Por hum titulo nos costas de hum livro, to letter a book.
Titulo, colour, pretence: as, *com o titulo*, under colour, under the pretence.
Titulo, a title or right.
Titulo, a deed or writing to prove one's title; record, voucher.

TOC

TITMALO. See **TITHMALO.**

TME

TMESIS, (in grammar) the figure called *tmēsis*; as in Virgil, *septem subjēctatruini*, for *subjēcta septemtrioni*.

TO

TO to, here, here; a way of calling dogs. It is an abbreviation of **TO-MA**, take.

To to Milampo, here, Melampus, here.

Tô, a pronoun mixed, serving for the masculine, and *ta* for the feminine gender, it to thee, or thee of it; ex. **Eu to davi**, I'll give it to thee.

Eu tos mandarei, I'll send them to thee.

Ea entregaste ontem, I delivered it to thee yesterday.

Eu tas entrego, I deliver them to thee.

TOA

TO'A, f. f. (a sea term) a sort of cry in order to weigh anchor; also the words used by conders to guide a ship into, or out of, the harbours.

A' tea, adv. down the stream.

Dar tea, to cond; also to give a cry as a signal in order to weigh anchor.

Levar a tea. See **REBOCAR**, (a sea term.)

Ir a tea, is for a ship to be towed.

Fazer as cousas a tea, to do things hand over head, highly-tighty, or hoity-toity.

Deixar-se levar a tea, to give way, to yield, not to resist, to be attracted or enticed.

TOA'DA, f. f. tone, the sound of the voice; also an uncertain rumour or report that wants to be confirmed.

Teada, tone, a diversity of notes put together.

TOA'DO, a, adj. harmonious, melodious.

TOA'LHA, f. f. a towel. Gothic.

Tealva de mass, a towel, a cloth to wipe hands on.

Tealva de mesa, a cloth, a table-cloth.

Por eu estender a tealva na mesa, to lay the cloth.

Tealva da mesa da sagrada communhão, a communion-cloth.

Tealva de barbeiro, a barber's towel that he calleth about one's shoulders when he trims one, a shaving-cloth.

TOANTE, (in poetry) a word ending like another; that is, a word that has the same vowel in the last syllable, though the consonants differ.

TOAR. See **SOAR**.

Isto não me toa, I don't like this, I don't approve of it.

TOARDA. See **ATOARDA**, and **TOADA** in its second signification.

TOC

TO'CA, f. f. a hole or burrow where conies, &c. earth themselves.

Toca de coelha, a cony-burrow.

Fazer tocas, to burrow, to make holes in the ground as rabbits, &c. do.

TOC

TOCADILHO, f. m. the game at tables called ticktack.

TOCA'DO, a, adj. touched, &c. See **TOCAR**.

Tocado de vinho, somewhat drunk, fuddled. Lat. *ebriolus*.

Tocado, (speaking of fruits) that grows rotten, somewhat rotten.

TOCAMENTO, f. m. touch, the act of touching.

TOCANTE, p. a. touching, relating, or appertaining to.

Tocante, ou no tocante, prep. touching, concerning, about.

TOCA'R, v. a. and n. to touch, to put or reach the hand, &c. to a thing, so that there is no space left between the thing reached and the thing brought to it. Lat. *tangere*.

Tocar, to touch, to strike or play upon any musical instrument.

Tocar, to be near, to be hard by, to be next or adjoining.

Tocar de passagem huma coisa, ou fallar levemente nella, to touch upon a thing, to speak of it by the bye, to mention slightly.

Tocar o tambor, to beat the drum.

Tocar, to concern, to belong. See **PERTENCER**.

Aquillo não me toca, that does not belong to me, or does not concern me.

Tocar de parente, to be of kin, to be a relation, to be a kinsman, or kinswoman.

Tocar huma pintura, to touch a picture. **Navio que toca**, a ship that strikes, or runs a-ground.

Tocar alguém donde lhe dei, to touch one to the quick.

Cada qual quando lhe tocar, every one in his turn.

Toca a mim, it is my turn.

Toca a vos, it is your turn.

Tocar o ceo com o dedo, to be happy, to live in clover.

Figueira de tocar. See **FIGUEIRA denda**.

Tocar, to touch, to try metals, as gold, by rubbing them on a touch-stone.

Pedra de tocar, ou de toque, a touch-stone.

Pedra de tocar, (metaph.) touch-stone, any test, or criterion in general.

A adversidade he a pedra de tocar da verdadeira amizade, adversity is the touch-stone of true friendship.

Tocar a arma, to sound or beat an alarm.

Tocar a retirada, to sound a retreat.

Tocar, to touch at, or upon a thing, to glance at it, to speak of it by the bye, to handle in discourse.

Tocar, to touch, to strike mentally, to move, to melt.

Terra que toca de areia, a sandy ground.

Tocar a alguém na reputação, to slander one, to take away one's reputation.

Tocar de, v. n. to refer, to have reference, relation or respect to, to relate.

TOCE, &c. See **TOSSE**, &c.

TOL

TOCHA, f. f. a torch, taper, flambeau, or link, generally supposed to be bigger than a candle.

O que leva a techa, a torch-bearer.

TOCHEIRO, f. m. a high stand or frame to set torches upon.

TOD

TODAVIA, conj. nevertheless, yet, however.

TODO, a, adj. all, whole, whatever. Lat. *totus*.

Todo poderoso, almighty.

Todo o mundo, all the world, the whole world.

Todas as vezes que, as often as, every time that.

Todos quantos elles são, as many as they are, every one of them.

Todo o homem, every man.

Toda a familia, all the family, or the whole family.

De todo, adv. quite, altogether.

Atodo, adv. at the most.

Tedo, f. m. the whole.

Distribuir o tedo em duas partes, to divide the whole into its parts.

TOE

TOE'SA, f. f. a measure containing six feet in length, a fathom. From the French *toise*.

TOF

TOFA'CEO, ou *Tophaceo*, a, adj. tophaceous, sandy, stony.

TOG

TOGA, f. f. a gown or toga, a large woollen mantle worn by the Romans, both men and women, of which there were several kinds.

TOGATO, f. m. one that is clothed with a toga or gown. See also **DESEMBARGADOR**.

TOGA'TO, ou *Togado*, a, adj. togated, gowned, toged, wearing a gown.

TOJ

TOJA'L, f. m. a surzy or gorsy place, a place full of gorse or furze.

TOICINHO. See **TOUCINHO**.

TOJE'IRA, f. f. See

TOJO, f. m. gorse, groz, furz, a thick prickly shrub that bears a yellow flower.

TOL

TOLAMENTE, adv. foolishly, unwisely.

TO'LDA, f. f. the mould on the top of wine that is vinnewed or vinny.

Que tem talda, vinnewed, vinny, vinewy, mouldy, hoary, musty.

Tolda, (in a ship) the fore part of the deck, under which the sailors keep their hammocks.

TOLDADO, a, adj. hung over with an awning, or tilt, or the like.

Toldado de vinho, drunken.

Toldado, overcast, cloudy.

T O M

Toldado, vinnewed, vinny, vinewy, mouldly, musty.
TOLDAR, v. a. to hang over with an awning or tilt.
Toldar-se, v. r. to turn, to be spoiled, to grow vinnewed.
Aquille vinho começa a toldar-se, that wine begins to turn.
Toldar-se, to grow cloudy, to be overcast, or covered with clouds, to cloud.
TOLDO, f. m. any covering to screen persons from the sun, rain, &c.
Toldo, (on board a ship) an awning, a piece of tarpawling, sail, &c. hung about the decks, or any part of a ship, to screen persons from the weather, sun, rain, &c.
TOLEIRAM, f. m. a great silly fellow.
TOLEIRO NA, f. f. a great silly woman.
TOLERA'DO, a, adj. tolerated, suffered, &c. See **TOLERAR**.
TOLERA'NCIA, f. f. sufferance, tolerance; also toleration, permission.
TOLERAR, v. a. to tolerate, to suffer, to bear with, to permit, or connive at.
TOLERA'VEL, adj. tolerable, that can be suffered.
TOLERAVELMENTE, adv. patiently, with sufferance. Lat. *toleranter*.
TOLE'TE, f. m. a thowl, a piece of timber by which oars are kept in their places, when rowing; also a little tool.
TOLHEDU'RA, f. f. (in falconry) the dung or mewtings of a hawk.
TOLHER, v. a. to hinder, to stop. Lat. *vetare*.
Tolher-se, v. r. to be deprived of the use of the limbs.
Tolher-se com frio, to be benumbed or chilled, to grow stiff with cold.
TOLHI'DO, a, adj. hindered, &c. according to the verbs *Tolher*, and *Tolher-se*.
Tolvido, com frio, benumbed with cold, chilled.
TOLHIMENTO, f. m. ex. *Tolhimento dos membros*. See **PARALISIA**.
TOLICE, f. f. folly, simplicity.
TOLINHO, f. m. a little fool.
TOLLE, f. m. ex. *Tomar o tolle*, to go away. From the words *tolle gratiam tuum, et ambula*. Joan. v. 8.
TOLLO, a, adj. foolish, silly, simple, ignorant; also surprised, astonished, amazed.
P. mais sabe o tolo no seu, que o sábio no alheio; that is, every man understands his own business best, though he be not so wise in other affairs.
P. muito pede o tolo, mais tolo he quem lho da, a fool demands much, but he is a greater fool that gives it.
P. zambay com o tolo na casa, zombará comue/co na praça, if you play with a fool at home, he will play with you in the market.

T O M

TOM, f. m. tone, a certain degree of

T O M

elevation, or depression of the voice; as, high or low, deep or shrill, note, sound. See also **PEUCEDANO**.
Tom, (in music.) See **TONO**.
Tom, (in the Japan islands) a sort of edifice. See **ALCORAM**.
TOMA, take. The imperat. of the verb **TOMAR**. See **VALER**.
TOMA'DA, f. f. a taking.
A tomada de huma praça, the taking of a strong and fortified town.
TOMADIA, f. f. a prize, any kind of booty.
TOMADI'ÇO, a, adj. (a vulgar word) choleric, soon angry.
TOMA DO, a, adj. taken, &c. See **TOMA'R**.
Tomado, f. m. ex. *O tomado da saya*, a tuck in a woman's petticoat.
TOMADO'R, f. m. a taker, one that takes.
TOMA'R, v. a. to take.
Tomar por esta ou aquella parte, to strike up this or that way.
Tomar postes, ou malhas. See **PONTO**.
Tomar de cor, ou de memoria, to learn by heart.
Tomar satisfação, to expostulate, to argue the case by way of complaint about an injury received, to insist upon a reparation, amends, or satisfaction for it.
Tomar, to take, or swallow down, to drink; also to eat.
Tomar huma purga, to take physic.
Tomar huma ajuda, to take a glyster.
Tomar, to tread, as the cock doth the hen, or any other male bird doth his female. Lat. *salire*.
Tomar febre si, ou a sua conta, to take upon one, to undertake, to warrant.
Tomar o freo nos dentes. See **FREO**.
Tomar conselhos com alguém, to advise or consult with one.
Tomar o conselho de alguém, to take or follow one's advice.
Tomar hum caminho certo, to take, to go a certain way.
Tomar bem, ou ma caminho, (in a moral sense) to follow good or bad courses.
He preciso que tomem a direita, ou a esquerda, you must take to the right or to the left.
Tomar posse, to take possession, to enter into possession.
Tomar exemplo de alguém, to take example by one, to square one's life or conduct by his, to make another's conduct the standard of one's own.
Tomar fôlego, to take breath, or take one's breath.
Tomar o ar, to take the air.
Tomar cuidado, ou sentido n' alguma coisa, to take care of a thing, to look to, or after it.
Tomar gozo, to take pleasure.
Tomar o alto mar, to sail into the main.
Tomar a altura do sol, to take the height of the sun.
Tomar as abas na cinta, to tuck up one's coats under the girdle.

T O M

Tomar sentido, to observe, to take notice, to mind.
Tomar a passagem, to shut in, to stop the passage.
Tomar a tomar, to re-take, to take again, to recover.
Tomar alguém pela mão, to take one by the hand.
Tomar alguma coisa a peito. See **PEITO**.
Tomar parte, (at a christening) to stand god-father, or god-mother to a child.
Tomar o por meu arbitrio, I take him for my arbitrator.
Tomar alguma coisa a mal, ou a ma parte, to take a thing in ill part, to take it ill.
Não toméis isso no verdadeiro sentido, you do not take it in the right sense.
Tomar alguém, ou huma coisa por entra, to take, or mistake one, or a thing for another, to take a wrong sow by the ear.
Tomar armas, to take up arms.
O que toma, a taker.
Tomar terra, (a sea phrase) to bring the ship to land, or to the coast.
Tomar dinheiro a juro, to take up, or borrow money upon interest.
Tomar a luz a alguém, to stand in one's light.
Tomar, to overtake.
Tomem-nos a noite, the night overtook us, we were benighted.
Tomara peregrinar, I would fain travel.
Tomar-se de alguma coisa, v. r. to take pet at a thing.
Tomar-se, to wish, to fain; ex. *Tomara-me já em casa*, how fain would I be at home.
Tomara-me ter ido embora, I wish I were gone.
Tomar-se com alguém, to quarrel, to meddle with one.
P. tomar as de villa diego, to run away.
P. mais val hum toma, que deus te darei, once taken is better than twice I will give you; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.
P. tomar o cto com as mãos, to rave, to aim at impossibilities, like reaching at heaven.
TOMARES, f. m. p. it is used in this vulgar phrase, *cara e tomares*, a trouble some affair, a business of debate.
TOMA'TE, f. m. the fruit called apple of love.
TOMBA, f. f. a patch on a shoe.
TOMBADI'LHO, f. m. (in a ship) the quarter-deck.
TOMBA'DO, a, adj. thrown down. See **TOMBA'R**.
TOMBA DO'R, f. m. he who registers the lands or estates belonging to a church, convent, &c.
TOMBA'R, v. a. to throw down, to tumble.
Tombar terras, to register the lands belonging to a church, &c.
Tombar, v. n. to tumble or fall down in the manner of a rolling stone down

TON

down a hill. See also *RETUMBAR*.
Tombar, to reel or stagger.
TO'MBO, f. m. a tumble, a fall; properly in the manner of a stone rolling down a hill.
Dar bum tombo, to tumble, or fall down.
Tombo de dados, a throw of dice.
Fazer o tombo de uma igreja, &c. to register the lands belonging to a church, &c.
Tombo, ou livro em que se tomão as terras, a tetter, or terrier, a book wherein the several lands, either of a private person, or of a town, college, or church, &c. are described; and this ought to contain the number of acres, the site, boundaries, &c.
Ir, ou vir aos tombos, or *em tombos*, to tumble in the manner of a stone rolling down a hill.
Torre do tombo, a place where records are kept, as the Tower of London.
TOMENTELLO. See
TOMENTO, f. m. tow, hards, hurds, the most coarse part of hemp and flax.
TOMI'LHO, f. m. the herb thyme.
TO'MO, f. m. a tome, one volume of many; also weight, substance, importance.
Razões que tem tomos, weighty reasons.

TON

TO'NA, f. f. a peel, a skin, a rind; also the surface of any liquor.
Tona, ou cama de tal. See *CAMA de tal*.
TONANTE, f. m. (in poetry) the thunderer, Jupiter.
Tonante, ou Tonante, a truant, a vagabond.
TONE, f. m. a sort of Indian ship.
TONE'L, f. m. a tun, a cask, or vessel for wine, &c.
TONELADA, f. f. a tun, or ton, a cubic space in a ship, supposed to contain a tun.
Navio de quatrocentas toneladas, a ship of four hundred tons burden.
TONELARIA. See *TANOEIRIA*.
TONELEIRO. See *TANOEIRO*.
TONELE'TE, f. m. a sort of defensive arm formerly used.
TONI'LHO, f. m. a tune, air or song.
TONINHA, f. f. fresh tunny.
TONIONE'IAS, birds in the West Indies, so small that Acosta says he often doubted where they were birds, bees, or butterflies; but they are really birds, and most delicately coloured. The Indians call them *butitizil*.
TONITRUC'SO, a, adj. thunderous, producing thunder, or wherein is thunder; it is also used as a substantive for the quality of being thunderous.
TO'NO, f. m. a tone in music.
Tono, a sort of title given to noblemen in the Japan islands.
TONO'A, f. f. ex. *Fazer a tonoa*, to

TOP

mend or reft tubs, barrels, &c. as coopers do.
TONSU'RA, f. f. the first tonsure on the head; a ceremony used in the church of Rome, before taking the inferior orders.
Dar a tonsura. See *TONSURAR*.
TONSURA'DO, a, adj. See
TONSURA'R, v. a. to give the first tonsure. See *TONSURA*.
TONTEA'R, v. n. to dote, to rave, to talk or act idly, to dote, to grow stupid. Lat. *de irare*.
TONY'CE, f. f. dotage, the act of doting; also a doting, or foolish idle story.
TONTO, a, [adj. doting, silly. Lat. *delirus*.
Velho tonto, a dotard, one whose age has impaired his intellects.

TOP

TO'PA, f. f. a sort of gig for boys to play with.
TOPADA, f. f. a hitting or striking against by chance with the feet, a stumbling, tumbling, trip, or tripping.
Dar bum tepada, to stumble or trip, to strike any thing by chance with the feet.
TOPA'DO, p. of
TOPA'R, v. n. to hit, to light upon, to find, to meet.
Tepar, ou dar uma tepada. See *TOPADA*.
TOPA'RCHA, f. m. a toparch or governor.
TOPARCHI'A, f. f. toparchy, a small state or signiory.
TOPA'Z, (in India) a christian that hath father and mother of different countries.
TOPA'ZIO, f. m. a topaz, a sort of precious stone.
TO'PE, f. m. a dashing or clashing of a bowl against another, (in playing at bowls.)
Topo, a sort of knot made of ribbons, and formerly worn upon the shoes.
Topo, the top of a mast.
TOPE'A'DO, p. of
TOPE'A'R, v. n. to butt with the head, as rams do.
Topetar com as estrelas, to touch or reach the stars, or to reach to the stars.
TOPE'YE, f. m. foretop, as that of a woman's head-dress that is forward.
Que faz suar o topete. See *SUAR*.
TO'PICA, (in logic) topica, the art of inventing and managing all kinds of probable argumentations.
TO'PICO, a, adj. topical, relating to some general head or common place of argument.
Topico, (in medicine) topical, applied to some particular part of the body.
Lugares topicos, topics, or common places.
TU'PO, f. m. the top, the uppermost end or height of a thing.

TOR

TOPOGRAPHI'A, f. f. topography.

TOQ

TO'QUE, f. f. touch, the act of touching.
Teque, pedra de teque, ou de tocar. See *TOCAR*.
Teque, ou som de tambor, the beat of a drum. See *RECOLHER*.
Teque de sinos, ringing of bells.
Dar o navio teque, is for a ship to strike or run a-ground.
Teque, touch or trial of gold and silver.
Teque do pincel, (with painters) touch, stroke.
Do mesmo teque, never a barrel the better herring. Lat. *ejusdem farinae*.
Teque de Deus, an inspiration that comes from God.
Dar bum teque na murmuracão, to slander slightly, or a little.
Teque emboque, or *toquebogue*, a sort of play with bowls and an iron ring.

TOR

TORANYA. } See { *TORONYA*.
TORAX. } *THORAX*.
TORÇAL, f. m. twisted silk; also a sort of braid, edging, or narrow lace.
TORÇAM, f. f. the twisting of the guts properly, but used for the gripes. From *torcer*, to twist. See also *TORÇOL*.
TORCEDO'R, f. m. a twister, or instrument with which one twists.
Torcedor de seda, a silk-throwster.
Torcedor, (metaph.) a sting, any thing that gives pain, torture.
TORCEDURA, f. f. twisting.
Torcedura de barriga. See *TORÇAM*.
Torcedura, winding, flexure, meander, flexuous passage.
Justiça sem torcedura, rigid or strict justice.
TORCELLA'DO, f. m. a sort of work made of twisted silk. It was formerly used.
TORÇE'R, v. a. to twist, to wrench, to wrest, to wring, writh, wrench, or throw, to wind about. Lat. *torquere*.
Torcer bum pe, to put a foot out of joint.
Torcer a algum o pescoço, to wring one's neck.
Torcer a roupa branca, ou de linho, to wring linen.
Torcer a boca, to wrest one's mouth, to make a wry mouth, or wry faces.
Torcer, to wrest, to prevent, to misconstrue, to misinterpret.
Torcer o sentido das palavras de bum author, to pervert, or wrest the sense of a passage, or of an author, to force in an interpretation or a passage, to bring them in by head and shoulders.
Torcer algum, to persuade one, to prevail with him.
Torcer o caminho para alguma parte, to bend, or turn one way or other, to steer, to go.
Torcer caminho, to digress, to go out of the

TOR

the right way, or common track, to deviate.
Sem torcer caminho, straight-way, straight on, straight forward.
Torcer o rosto, ou dar as costas. See **GOSTAS**.
Torcer seda, to throw silk.
Torcer a erdha. See **ORELHA**.
Torcer-se, v. r. to twist, to wrest, or writh the one's self.
TORCICOLLO, f. m. one that carrieth the head stiff on one side, a wry-necked man; also a hypocrite, a dissembler, a religious cheat.
Torcicello, a bird called a wryneck.
Torcicollas, a going about the bush, a compass of words, a fetch about.
TORCIDA, f. f. a wick for a lamp.
TORCIDO, a, adj. twisted, writhed, &c. See the verb **TORCER**.
Torcido, tortuous, winding or turning many ways.
TORCULO, f. m. a sort of engine to polish crystal with.
TORDILHO, f. m. a flea-bitten horse.
TORDO, f. m. a thrush, a throatle, an ouzel, or blackbird. Lat. *turdus*.
TORGA, f. f. the sweet broom, heath, or ling. Lat. *trica*.
TORI, f. m. a sort of Indian pulse.
TORIBIOS. See **TURIBIOS**.
TORMENTA, f. f. a storm, a tempest. Lat. *procella*.
Tormenta, storm or tempest, a violent persecution; also storm, sedition, commotion, trouble.
Mar feguido a tormentas, a tempestuous, boisterous, or stormy sea.
Correr tormentas, to be tossed in storms.
TORMENTI'LHA, f. f. tormentil, septfoil; a plant.
TORMENTO, f. m. torment, great pain; also torture, rack.
Meter a tormento, to put to the rack, to torture.
TORMENTORIO, ou *Tormentoso Cabo*, the name formerly given to the Cape of Good Hope.
TORMENTO'SO, a, adj. tempestuous, boisterous, stormy.
TORNABODA. See **TORNAVODA**.
TORNA'DA, f. f. a return or coming back. See also **VOLTA**.
Tornado, the spout or jet that comes out after taking off the spigot from the tap.
Tornado, the time on which the sun goes back from the tropic of Cancer; but properly they mean the beginning of August.
TORNADICO, ou *Tornadisso*, f. m. a turn-coat, a runagate; also one that is newly converted, to the Christian religion.
TORNA'DO, a, adj. returned, come again, &c. See the verb **TORNAR**.
Tornado, f. m. the time on which, &c. See **TORNADA**.
TORNA'R, v. n. to return or go back. Lat. *redire*.
Tornar em si, to come to one's self, after being in a swoon, or the like.

TOR

Tornemos as nossas propostas, ou prantos, let us return to, or resume our former discourse.
Tornarei a fazer isso? will you do so again?
Não o tornarei a fazer, no, I will do so no more.
P. tornar a vaca fria, to harp always on the same string.
Tornar a fazer alguma coisa, to begin afresh; to do a thing again.
N. B. *Tornar* placed before another verb generally implies a repeated or backward action, as our particle *re* doth; ex.
Tornar a admitir, to re-admit.
Tornar a adornar, &c. to re-adorn, to deck anew, &c.
Tornar a culpa, to lay the fault on.
Tornar, v. a. to translate, &c. See **TRADUZIR**.
Tornar, in *responder*, to answer.
Tornar-se, v. r. to grow, to become, to be changed from one state to another. See also **TRANSFORMAR-SE**.
Tornar-se amarello, vermelho, &c. to grow yellow, red, &c.
Tornar-se menino, to grow a child again. Lat. *rejuvenescere*.
Tornar-se danado, to wax young and lusty again. Lat. *rejuvenescere*.
TORNASOL, f. m. See **GIRASOL**.
TORNAVIA GEM, f. f. renavigation, the act of sailing back.
TORNA'ODA, f. f. a feast or banquet on the morrow after the wedding day. Lat. *reposita*.
TORNEA'DO, a, adj. turned by a turner. Lat. *tornatus*.
Tornado, long and round. Lat. *teres*.
Tornado, compassed, environed.
TORNEA'R, v. a. to turn, as turners do; also to encompass, to go round any place.
TORNE'JA, f. f. a ring on the end of the axletree, between the wheel and the pin that holds it on.
TORNE'IRA, f. f. See **TORNO de pipa**.
TORNE'IRO, f. m. a turner.
Banco ou assento em que esta o torneiro quando irabalha, a lathe, a turner's bench or seat, whereto he sits to turn things.
TORNENSES. See **TORNESES**.
TORNE'YO, f. m. tournament, or tournament, a joust, or running at tilt.
TORNESES, a sort of ancient coin formerly used in Portugal.
TORNILHEIRO, f. m. a soldier that leaves a company or regiment to serve in another belonging to the same prince.
TORNO, f. m. a turn, a turner's lathe, or turnbench. See also **PI-NO**.
Torno de pipa, &c. f. m. the tap, whereat liquor runs out of a pipe, &c.
Torno de agua. See **BICA**.
Em torno, round about, about.
TORNOZELO, f. m. the ancle next the foot.
TORRO, f. m. a slump, stock, or body

TOR

of a tree without the boughs, the trunk of a tree.
Toro do corpo, trunk, the body of a man, the arms, head, and legs being cut off.
TORO'NJA, f. f. a large kind of citron.
TORPE, adj. base, vile, dirty; also ugly, deformed; also shameful, base, dishonourable. Lat. *turpis*.
Torp, lewd, wanton.
Huma vida torpe, a lewd life.
TORPE'DO, f. m. a fish which they say, when it has bit at a bait, communicates its natural quality along the line, and fishing-rod, till it comes to the fisher's hands, and so benumbs his arm that he cannot stir it; whence it has its name. Lat. *torpede*.
TORPEMENTE, adv. basely, vilely, &c. See **TORPE**.
TORPE'ZA, f. f. baseness; also deformity, ugliness; also dishonesty, lewdness.
TORQUEZ, f. f. pincers, a tool used by divers artificers.
TORRA'DA, f. f. a toast, bread toasted at the fire.
TORRA'DO, a, adj. toasted. See **TORRAR**.
Zona terrada, the torrid zone.
TORRAM, f. m. a clod, clot, or lump of earth, or the like.
Torrao, a region, a country; also ground or soil.
Torrao de açúcar, a bit of sugar.
TORRA'R, v. a. to toast, to dry or heat at the fire.
Torrar huma fatia de poao, to toast a slice of bread, to make a toast of bread.
Torr café, to torrify, or roast coffee.
TORRE, f. f. a tower. Lat. *turris*.
Torre dos finos, a steeple, a belfrey.
Torre do tombo. See **TOMBO**.
Torre de bomnagium. See **HOMENAGEM**.
A mais forte torre de hum castello que serve de ultimo refugio aos sitiados, a keep, a strong tower in the middle of a castle, the last resort of the besieged.
TORREA'DO, a, adj. towered, towery, surrounded, guarded, defended; or adorned with towers.
TORREAM, f. m. a very high or strong tower, a large tower in a wall, or standing by itself.
TORREA'R, v. a. to surround, or adorn with towers.
TORREIRA do sol, f. f. the reflection or violent heat of the sun, the heat of the day, from noon till two or three, when the heat of the sun seems to scorch.
TORRENTE, f. m. a torrent, a violent stream. Lat. *torrens*.
Torrente, a multitude; a great number or quantity.
TORRE'SMOS, f. m. p. so they call the pieces of fat of hogs, round the kidney, after being fried or roasted brown.

T O S

TORRIDO, *a.* adj. torrid.
A zona torrida, the torrid zone.
TORRINHA, *f. f.* a turret, or small tower.
TORSAM. See **TORÇAM**.
TORTA, *f. f.* a kind of pastry-work baked in a pan, a pastry. *Quasi torta*, tortured; because it must be well wrought and kneaded.
TORTAM, *ou Tortuou*, (in heraldry) See **ARRUELA**.
TORTEIRA, *f. f.* a patty-pan, a baking-pan.
TORTELLOS. See **TORTO** *dos olhos*.
TORTO, *a.* adj. crooked, awry; also one-eyed.
Torto das pernas, crook-legged.
Pernas tortas, crooked legs.
Torto dos olhos, goggle-eyed, that looketh askint.
Olhar de torto em trauez, to look askew upon, or cast a sheep's eye at.
Torto, tortuous, winding, or turning many ways.
A torto e a dirreto, at random, right or wrong, by hook and by crook.
P. melhor he ser torto, que cego de taão, it is better to be one-eyed than blind.
TORTU' LHO. See **CUGUMELO**.
TORTUOSO, *a.* adj. tortuous, winding or turning many ways.
TORTU'RA, *f. f.* winding, flexure, tortuosity.
Tortura da boca, the wrestling of one's mouth.
Tortura dos olhos. See **STRABISMO**.
Tortura, torture, rack.
TORVACAM, *f. f.* disorder, confusion, perturbation, disturbance, commotion; also perturbation, disquiet, trouble of mind. See also **ESTORVO**.
TORVADO, *a.* adj. perturbed.
TORVAR, *v. a.* to perturb, to disturb, to disquiet.
Torvar-se, *v. r.* to be perturbed.
TORVELINHO, *ou Torvelinho de vento*, *f. m.* a whirlwind. Lat. *turbo*.
TORVISCO. See **TROPISCO**.
TORVO, *a.* adj. grim, stern; as, *Com olhos servos*, with a grim or stern look.
TORZICOLLO, *f. m.* the bird called a wryneck.

T O S

TOSA'DO, *a.* adj. shorn. See the verb **TOSAR**.
TOSADOR, *f. m.* a shearman, or clothworker.
TOSADU'RA, *f. f.* the shearing of cloth.
TOSAR pannos, *v. a.* to shear cloth.
Tosar, (speaking of cattle) to browse on shrubs, herbage, &c.
TOSCAME'NTE, adv. coarsely.
TOSCANNA, *f. f.* Tuscany, part of the ancient Etruria.
TOSCANEJA'R, *v. n.* to doze, to be drowsy, to slumber, to sleep unsoundly, opening and shutting the eyes now and then.
TUSCO, *a.* adj. rude, rough, un-

T O V

polished, coarse. See **GROSSEY-RO**.
As toco, adv. See **TOSCAMENTE**.
TOSQUENEJA'R. See **TOSCANEJA'R**.
TOSQUI'A, *f. f.* shearing.
Tempo da tosquia das ovelhas, &c. shearing-time.
TOSQUIA'DO, *a.* adj. shorn.
TOSQUIA'R, *v. a.* to shear, to clip; as, *Toquiar as ovelhas*, to shear the sheep.
Toquiar, ou cortar os cabellos a alguem, to cut one's hair.
P. ir por lá, &c. See **LAA**.
TOSSE, *f. f.* a cough, Lat. *tussis*.
TOSSESINHA, *ou Tossinha*, *f. f.* a little cough.
TOSSIDO, *p.* of **TOSSIR**.
TOSSIGO'SO, *a.* adj. troubled with a cough.
TOSSINHA. See **TOSSESINHA**.
TOSSI'R, *v. n.* to cough.
TOSTA'DO, *a.* adj. parched, toasted, roasted, &c. See the verb **TOSTAR**.
Pique tostado, a pike that has the point hardened at the fire, for want of iron.
Tostado do sol, sun-burnt, parched, or tanned by the sun.
TOSTAM, *f. m.* a sort of silver coin in Portugal called a testoon, or a hundred rees, worth six-pence threefarthings sterling.
TOSTA'R, *v. a.* to toast, to parch, to roast too much; also to fry, or to roast brown or crisp.
TOSTIE, (in ancient records) immediately, presently. From the French *tot*.
TOSTEMENTE, adv. idem.

T O T

TOTA'L, adj. total, entire.
TOTALME'NTE, adv. totally, entirely.

T O U

TOUCA, *f. f.* a woman's coif.
Touca de viúva, a widow's, or a mourning coif.
Rico da coisa de viúva, the peak of a mourning coif.
Touca dos antigos sacerdotes, a mitre, a turban, an ornament that priests wore on their heads in old time. Lat. *infule*.
TOUCA'DO, *f. m.* a woman's head-dress.
Toucado, *a.* adj. dressed, (speaking of the head.)
TOUCADO'R, *f. m.* a night-cap.
Toucador, a toilet, the table, glass, and other necessaries, set before ladies when they dress.
TOUCA'N, *ou Tucano*, a bird in Brasil, about the bigness of a magpie, with a yellow breast, and all the rest black; a large beak almost a span long, yellow without, and of a curious red within; so tame, that it builds and hatches in the houses.

T O Z

Toucas, (in astronomy) Toucan, a constellation in the southern hemisphere.
Toucar, *v. a.* to dress the head.
TOUCI'NHO, *f. m.* a beacon. Arabic.
Toucinho, (in military affairs) sacks full of earth, to cover the batteries.
TOUPEIRA, *f. f.* a mole, a want, a mouldwarp, a small animal that throws up the earth. Lat. *talpa*.
TOURA, *f. f.* a barren cow. Lat. *taura*. Also the Pentateuch, (among the ancient Jews in Portugal.)
TOURA'L, *f. m.* a sort of relief for rabbits, the place where they go to feed, &c.
TOURAM, *f. m.* See **SACARABO**.
TOURARI'AS, *f. f. p.* (a vulgar word) a great confusion or noise.
TOUREADOR, *f. m.* one that rides at bulls, in the bull feasts.
TOUREA'R, *v. n.* and *a.* to ride at a bull in the bull feasts.
TOUREJA'R, idem.
TOUREIRO. See **TOUREADOR**.
TOURI'L, *f. m.* an ox-stall; also the place where they shut up the bulls for the bull feasts.
TOURI'NHA, *f. f.* a little barren cow. See **TOURA**.
TOURO, *f. m.* a bull. Lat. *taurus*.
Festas dos touros, bull-feasts.
Correr touros. See **TOUREAR**.
Festas de touros nas quais os caens se investem, e pegão nelles pela crelha, &c. bull-baiting.
Cão que pega na crelha do touro, a bulldog.
Carne de touro, bull-beef.
Touro, the Bull, one of the signs in the Zodiac.
Que produz ou cria touros, tauriferous.
Que tem carnos como touro, tauricornous.
Que tem figura de touro, tauriform.
P. diitar a capa ao touro, to throw one's cloak to the bull; to quit all a man has to save himself. Alluding to the custom of throwing the cloak over the bull's horns for him to swallow whilst the man gets away.
P. certos faz os touros, the bulls are certain; an expression used when any thing much wished for comes to be certain. Taken from the joyful way of the people expressing themselves, when they see the bull brought for a bull-feast, for then they are sure they shall have sport.
P. ter-se visto nos cornos do touro, to have been on the bull's horns; that is, to have been in imminent danger.
TOUICA'DA, *f. f.* a blow in the hinder part of the head.
TOUTI'ÇO, *f. m.* the occiput, or hinder part of the head.
TOUTINE'GRA, *f. f.* a sort of bird like a duck. Lat. *glaucium*.

T O X

TOXICO, *f. m.* poison.

T O Z

TOZA'DO, &c. See **TOSADO**, &c.

T R A

TRA

TRA

TRABALHADAIRA, f. f. a laborious woman, a woman diligent in work, or that works hard.
Mulher casada que he trabalhadeira, e cuidadora, a good house-wife.
TRABALHADO, a, adj. wearied, tired; also wrought. See **TRABALHAR**.
Em trabalhado, well done, elaborate, done exactly.
TRABALHADOR, f. m. a labourer, a workman; also a laborious man, a man diligent in work.
TRABALHAR, v. n. to work, to be at work, to labour, to be busy, to be about a work. Lat. *laborare*. Gothic.
Trabalhar, to endeavour earnestly, to strive, to labour.
Trabalhar por todas as vias, to toil and moil, to strive with might and main, to go to it tooth and nail.
Elle trabalhava de noite e de dia, he works night and day.
Estes trabalhands numa grande obra, I am about a great piece of work.
TRABALHAR, v. a. to trouble, to disorder, to harass, to tire, to weary out, to fatigue with labour and uneasiness.
Trabalhar bem cavallo, to work or ride a horse, to manage him.
TRABALHO, f. m. work, labour, pain, toil, trouble, grief. See also **DESGRAÇA**, and **INFORTUNIO**.
Dado ao trabalho, laborious, that works willingly.
Que custa muito trabalho, very toilsome or laborious, painful, hard.
TRABALHOSAMENTE, adv. difficultly, laboriously, troublesomely.
TRABALHOSO, a, adj. troublesome, difficult, laborious, tiresome, not easy; also importunate, troublesome, teasing.
TRABUCAR, v. n. to work hard, to make a noise in working; also to merchandise, to traffick; also to overthrow, to overturn, to upset.
Trabucar para ser rico, to labour to make one's fortune.
Trabucar bem sapio, to upset a ship.
TRABUÇO, f. m. a kind of engine, formerly used to cast great stones against the enemy.
TRABUZA'NA, f. f. (a vulgar word.) See **TORMENTA**.
TRACA *artéria*, the artery called trachea, the windpipe, or wind-pipe.
Traga, f. f. a moth-worm which eateth books, or clothes. Lat. *trina*.
Traga ou planta, (in agriculture) the plan or ground-plot of any structure.
Traga, a device, trick, shift, invention to bring about some end.
TRAÇADO, a, adj. See the verb **TRAÇAR**.
Traçado, f. m. See **TERÇADO**, f. m.
TRAÇADOR. See **TRACISTA**.

TRA

TRACANA'Z, ou *Tracalbaz*, f. m. a large piece of bread.
TRAÇAR, v. a. to delineate, to draw the out-lines.
Trazar, sufixar a capa. See **CAPA**.
Trazar a capa. See **TERÇAR a capa**.
Trazar, to go about, or endeavour to do a thing, to design, meditate, plot, or contrive.
TRACHOMA, ou *Tracoma*, (among physicians) trachoma, a scab or roughness on the inner part of the eye.
TRACISTA, f. m. a plotter, designer, contriver; but properly a cunning deviser, a subtle contriver, a sharper, a cheat.
TRACISTA, f. f. a female contriver.
TRACTADO *das mãos*, handled.
TRACTA'VEL. See **TRATAVEL**.
TRACTO, f. m. tract, extent.
Tracto de terra, a tract of land.
Tracto de tempo, a tract or space of time.
Tracto da missa, the tract in the mass.
TRADIÇÃO, f. f. a tradition; also the act of being entirely devoted or addicted to one.
TRA'DO, f. m. a large auger, wimble, or piercer.
TRADUÇÃO, f. f. a translation.
TRADUTOR, f. m. a translator.
TRADUZIDO, a, adj. translated.
TRADUZIR, v. a. to translate.
TRAFEGADO, &c. See **TRASFEGADO**, &c.
TRAFEGO, f. m. traffick, bustling, motion.
TRAFEGUEAR, v. n. to traffic. It is not used.
TRAGACANTHO, f. m. tragacanth, a sort of gum.
TRAGADEIRO, f. m. See **IZOPHAGO**.
TRAGADOR, f. m. a devourer, a glutton.
TRAGADO, a, adj. swallowed up, absorbed, &c. See
TRAGAR, v. a. to swallow, to absorb. Gothic.
Tragar, to suffer, to bear, to abide.
Tragar huma coisa com paciência, to bear a thing patiently.
TRAGE. See **TRAJO**.
TRAGEDIA, f. f. a tragedy; also tragedy, any mournful or dreadful event in general, (metaph.)
TRAGICAMENTE, adv. tragically.
TRAGICO, a, adj. tragical, tragic, pertaining to tragedy; also tragical, dreadful, disastrous, mournful, fatal (metaph.)
TRAGICOMEDIA, f. f. tragi-comedy.
TRAGO, f. m. a draught of any liquor, a gulp, a swallow, a go-down.
Trago, a perplexing, or grievous accident.
Trago da morte, the agony, or pangs of death.
Tomar hum trago de vinho, to drink a draught of wine.

TRA

De hum trago, at one draught, at one gulp.
Em dois tragos, at two go-downs.
TRAGUITO, f. f. a little draught, gulp, or swallow.
TRAÍDO, attracted. See **TRAIDO**.
TRAHIR, v. a. See **ATRAHIR**.
TRAJA DO, a, adj. clad, clothed, dressed.
TRAJA'R, v. n. to dress one's self in a particular garb, to wear a garb.
Trajar bem, to dress to the best advantage.
Trajar sumptuosamente, to be very sumptuous or gaudy in one's apparel or cloths.
TRAÍÇAM, f. f. treason.
A traíçam, adv. treacherously, traitorously.
TRAÍDO, a, adj. betrayed.
TRAIDOR, f. m. a traitor, a betrayer.
Traidor, a, adj. traiterous, treacherous, false, perfidious.
TRAIDORA, f. f. a traitress.
TRAJE, **TRAGE**, ou *Trajo*, f. m. apparel, garb, a fashion of dress.
TRAIR, v. a. to betray, to be false to.
TRALHA, f. f. the knot made in the threads of a fishing-net, &c.
TRALHO, f. m. a sort of small fishing-net.
TRALOSMONTES, a province of Portugal, bounded on the north by Galicia, on the east by the kingdom of Leon, and on the south by the Douro, which separates it from Beira.
TRAMA, f. f. a plot, a cunning contrivance; also a pestilential swelling, or tumour.
TRAMADO, a, adj. plotted, contrived.
TRAMAGUEIRA. See **TAMAGUEIRA**.
TRAMAR, v. a. to plot, to contrive.
TRAMEOLHO, f. m. a clog to which keys are hung.
Trambello, a clog, a weight, any incumbrance hung upon an animal to hinder motion; a piece of wood, &c. fastened on the legs of beasts to prevent them from running astray.
TRAMBULHOENS, ex. *Cabir aos trambulhoens*, to fall headlung, to tumble in the manner of a rolling stone.
TRAMOÇO. See **TREMOÇO**.
TRAMONTANA, f. f. the north-wind. Italian.
TRAMOYA, f. f. a cheat, a fraud, a deceitful contrivance; also a sort of lace formerly used.
TRAMPA, f. f. liquid, excrement, or ordure, thin excrements.
Sujar com trampa, to defile with liquid excrement.
Trampa, cheat, deceit, fraud.
TRAMPAM, f. m. a cheat, an impostor, a deceitful man. From the French *trampar*.

TRAF.

TRA

TRAMPOCO, *a*, adj. defiled with liquid excrement; also tricking, deceitful, cheating.
Trampoço, *f. m.* a nasty boy.
TRANAR, *v. a.* to fly as a bird.
TRANÇA, *ou* *Trença*, *f. f.* a twist.
Trança de cabelo, a braid of hair.
Trança, a hair-lace, or hair-fillet, to weave hair with.
Fazer uma trança, ou entrançar o cabelo, to weave hair, to braid hair.
TRANÇA, *f. f.* a door, or window bar.
TRANÇADEIRA, *f. f.* See **TRANÇA**.
TRANÇADO, *a*, adj. barred, or made fast with a bar.
Trançado, *a*, adj. weaved, &c. See **TRANÇAR**.
Trançado, *f. m.* See **TRANÇA**.
TRANÇAR, *v. a.* See **ENTRANÇAR**.
TRANÇAR, *v. a.* to bar, to make fast with a bar.
TRANCARRUAS, *f. m.* a vagabond. See also **VALENTEIA**.
TRANÇAS, the plural of *Trança*, twists, tresses, or locks of hair.
TRANÇAS, (a ludicrous word) *as*, *dar as tranças*, to fly, or run away.
TRANÇE, *ou* *Trança*, *f. m.* a dreadful circumstance. See also **ADVERSIDADE**.
TRANSE, *a*, *fortuna*, a misfortune.
TRANCELIM, *f. m.* a stay-band for a hat.
TRANÇO, *f. m.* a space or distance, containing a certain number of feet. See also **GALÃO**.
A trança, adv. interruptedly, not in continuity, not without stoppages.
TRANQUEIRA, *f. f.* a palisade; also a sort of fortification used in India.
TRANQUETA, *f. f.* the latch of a door.
TRANQUIA, *f. f.* See **TRANQUEIRA**.
TRANQUILHA, *f. f. ex.* *Pás de tranquilha*, any of the nine pins, except those that are on the four corners.
Per pás de tranquilha, cunningly, craftily, by stratagem.
TRANQUILLAMENTE, adv. peaceably, quietly.
TRANQUILLIDADE, *f. f.* tranquillity, quietness, calmness.
TRANQUILLO, *a*, adj. tranquil, calm, still, quiet, undisturbed.
TRANSACAM, *ou* *Transacção*, *f. f.* transaction, agreement.
TRANSACTOR, *f. m.* a transactor.
TRANSALPINO, *a*, adj. transalpine, that is beyond the Alps.
TRANSCENDEENTE, *p. a.* transcending, surpassing, transcendent, transcendental.
TRANSCENDER, *v. a.* to transcend, to surpass.
TRANSCENDIDO, *a*, adj. transcended.
TRANSCOLACAM, *f. f.* the act of transcolating.
TRANSCOLADO, *a*, adj. transcolated.

TRA

TRANSCOLAR, *v. a.* to transcolate, to strain through a sieve, &c.
TRANSCREVER, *v. a.* See **TRANSLADAR**.
TRANSCURSA'DO, *a*, adj. See **TRANSCURSA'R**.
TRANSCURSA'R, *v. a.* to run over, to run cross the way, to transcur.
TRANSE. See **TRANÇE**.
TRANSEFUSAM. See **TRANSFUSAM**.
TRANSELM. See **TRANCELIM**.
TRANSEUNTE, adj. transient, not lasting.
TRANSFERIDO, *a*, adj. transferred.
TRANSFERIR, *v. a.* to transfer. Lat. *transfere*.
TRANSFIGURACAM, *f. f.* the feast of our Saviour's Transfiguration on Mount Tabor; also any changing of shape or figure.
TRANSFIGURADO, *a*, adj. transfigured.
TRANSFIGURA'R, *v. a.* to transfigure.
Transfigurar-se, *v. r.* to be transfigured.
TRANSFORMACAM, *f. f.* transformation, or changing of form.
TRANSFORMADO, *a*, adj. transformed.
TRANSFORMA'R, *v. a.* to transform, to turn or change from one form to another.
Transformar-se, *v. r.* to be transformed.
TRANSFUGA, *f. m.* See **DESERTOR**.
TRANSFUGUEIRO. See **TRASFUGUEIRO**.
TRANSFUNDIDO, *a*, adj. transfused.
TRANSFUNDIR, *v. a.* to transfuse, to pour out of one vessel into another; also to transfer, to convey from one to another.
TRANSGREDDO, *a*, adj. transgressed.
TRANSFUSAM, *f. f.* transfusion, the act of pouring out of one vessel into another.
TRANSGREDDIR, *v. a.* to transgress, to pass over, to pass beyond; also to transgress, to violate, or break a law or order, to trespass against.
TRANSGRESSAM, *f. f.* transgression, the act of going beyond the bounds of; also transgression, crime, fault.
TRANSGRESSOR, *f. m.* a transgressor.
TRANSIÇAM, *f. f.* (with rhetoricians) the figure called transition.
TRANSIDO, *a*, adj. See **MAGRO**.
TRANSITIVO verbo, (with grammarians) a transitive verb.
TRANSITO, *f. m.* a transit. See **PASSAGEM**.
Transito death.
TRANSITORIAMENTE, adv. transitorily, transiently.
TRANSITORIO, *a*, adj. transitory.
TRANSLACAM, *f. f.* metaphor. See also **TRADUÇAM**.
TRANSLADALO, *ou* *Translaticio*. See **TRASLADADO**.

TRA

TRANSLUZENTE, *p. a.* transparent, shining through, translucent.
TRANSLUZIMENTO, *f. m.* translucency.
TRANSLUZI'R, *ou* *Troslazir*, *v. n.* to shine through.
TRANSMARINO, *a*, adj. transmarine, from the parts beyond sea, lying on the other side of the sea.
TRANSMIGRAÇAM, *f. f.* transmigration, the passing from one country to another.
Transmigração das almas, the transmigration of souls, the metempsychosis.
TRANSMIGRA'DO, *p.* of **TRANSMIGRAR**, transmigrated.
TRANSMIGRAR, *v. n.* to transmigrate, to remove, or pass from one country or body to another.
TRANSMISSAM, *f. f.* transmission.
TRANSMITTIDO, *a*, adj. transmitted.
TRANSMITTIR, *v. a.* to transmit.
TRANSMUTAÇAM, *f. f.* transmutation.
TRANSMUTA'DO, *a*, adj. transmuted.
TRANSMUTA'R, *v. a.* to transmute.
TRANSPARENCIA, *f. f.* transparency.
TRANSPARENTE, adj. transparent.
TRANSPIRAÇAM, *f. f.* transpiration.
TRANSPIRADEIRO, *f. m.* See **PORO**.
TRANSPIRA'R, *v. n.* to transpire, to breathe out in vapour.
TRANSPLANTAÇAM, *f. f.* transplantation.
TRANSPLANTA'DO, *a*, adj. transplanted.
TRANSPLANTA'R, *v. a.* to transplant.
TRANSPOR-SE, *v. r. ex.* *Transpor-se huma occasião a alguem*, is for one to slip or let slip an opportunity. See also **TRASPOR-SE**.
TRANSPORTADO, *a*, adj. transported, hurried by violence of passion; also half dead; also transported with pleasure, struck with admiration, &c.
TRANSPORTAR, *v. a.* to transport, to hurry by violence or passion; also to strike with admiration, to transport with pleasure, &c.
Transportar-se, *v. r.* to fly or fall out into a passion, to be angry or transported with anger, to be transported or hurried by violence of passion.
TRANSPORTE, *f. m.* transport, conveyance.
Navio de transporte, a transport, or transport-ship, a sea vessel for the conveyance of soldiers, &c.
TRANSPOSIÇAM, *f. f.* a transposing, displacing, or setting out of order, transposition.
TRANSSUBSTANCIACAM, *f. f.* transubstantiation.
TRANSTAGANO, *a*, adj. beyond the river Tagus.
Provincia transtagana. See **ALEMTEJO**.
TRANSTORNADO, &c. See **TRAS-TORNADO**, &c.

TRAN-

- TRANSUBSTANCIACAM.** See *Dar' hum traque*, to fart, to let a fart.
- TRANSUBSTANCIACAM.** See *TRAQUEJA'DO*, *a*, adj. See *TRAQUEJA'R*, *v. n.* to fart, to let a fart.
- TRANSUDACAM.** *f. f.* transudation.
- TRANSUDAR.** *v. n.* to transude, to sweat through.
- TRANSVERSA'L.** *adj.* overthwart, across, transversal.
- Vento transversal, ou travessaõ*, a wind that blows into an harbour, and hinders the coming out; a contrary wind.
- TRANSVERSARIO** *da balestilha.* See *SOALHA*, (among sailors.)
- TRANSVERSO**, *a*, *adj.* that lies across, or athwart another.
- TRANSUMPTO.** *ou Transunto*, *f. m.* a copy, transcript, extract, or duplicate of a writing.
- TRA'PA**, *f. f.* a trap, or device to take wild beasts.
- TRAPAÇA**, *f. f.* a cheat, a fraud.
- Trapaça em materia forense*, chicanery, quirk, cavil, trick, thift, or fetch at law, the perplexing, or splitting of a cause, pettifoggery.
- Fazer ou armar' trapaças numa demanda*, to perplex or split a cause.
- TRAPACEA'R**, *v. n.* to cheat, to defraud.
- Trapacear numa demanda*, to chicanery, to perplex or puzzle a cause.
- TRAPACEIRA**, *f. f.* a litigious or troublesome woman.
- TRAPACEIRO**, *f. m.* a cheating cozening fellow; also a chicaner, one that uses shifts, a splitter of causes, a barterer, a pettifogger, a litigious man, in law.
- TRAPALHADA**, *f. f.* a quantity of rags; also any intricate business.
- TRAPALHADO**, *a*, *adj.* that is not well curdled.
- TRAPALHAM**, *f. m.* a ragged man, a man clothed in rags.
- TRAPEZA'PE**, the clashing, or noise of two swords, &c. one hitting against another.
- TRAPEIRA**, *f. f.* a dormer or dorman window, a window made in the roof of an house.
- TRAPEIRO**, *ou Mercador de retalho.* See *RETALHO*.
- TRAPEZIO**, *f. m.* a quadrilateral figure called trapezium.
- TRAPI'CHE**, *f. m.* a sort of ware-house, particularly for sugar; also a sort of mill.
- TRAPI'NHO**, *f. m.* a little clout or rag.
- TRAPO**, *f. m.* a clout, a rag. Gothic.
- Fazer alguem hum trape*, to abuse one, to use him ill.
- Lingua de trape*, a slanderous fellow; also a child that stammers.
- TRAPOLA**, *ou Trapula.* See *TRAPA*.
- TRAPUZ**, a word invented to imitate the sound of any thing that tumbles down.
- TRA'QUE**, *f. m.* a fart; also a sort of squib or fire work; so called from making a noise like a fart.
- Dar' hum traque*, to fart, to let a fart.
- TRAQUEJA'DO**, *a*, *adj.* See *TRAQUEJA'R*, *v. n.* to fart, to let a fart.
- Traquejar*, *v. a.* to scare, to frighten away.
- TRAQUE'TE**, *f. m.* the fore-fail; also a neck-cloth, (in cant.)
- Masto do traquete*, the fore-mast.
- TRAQUINA'DA**, *f. f.* noise, stir, bustle, hurly burly, tumult, uproar.
- TRAQUINAS**, *f. m.* an impertinent, a meddler, a troublesome person. It is commonly used speaking of boys.
- TRA'S.** See *TRAZ*.
- TRASANTONTEM.** See *TRAZANTONTEM*.
- TRASBORDA'R.** See *TRESBORDAR*.
- TRASCOLACAM.** &c. See *TRANSCOLACAM*, &c.
- TRASEIRO.** See *TRAZEIRO*.
- TRASFEGA'DO**, *a*, *adj.* passed, poured, racked, or conveyed out of one vessel into another.
- TRASFEGA'R**, *v. a.* to pour out of one vessel into another, to decant, to rack.
- Trasfegar vinho*, to rack wine.
- TRASFUGUEIRO**, *f. m.* a great log of wood to lay behind the fire.
- TRASGO**, *f. m.* an hobgoblin, Robin-Goodfellow, an apparition, a ghost, a fairy.
- TRASLACAM.** *f. f.* a metaphor, a figure of speech. See also *TRA-DUCCAM*.
- TRASLADACAM.** *f. f.* translation, the act of removing the relics of a saint from one place to another.
- TRASLADO**, *a*, *adj.* copied, transcribed.
- Pintura trasladada*, a picture copied or drawn from an original.
- Trasladado, Transladado, Translatio, ou Metapherico*, *a*, *adj.* translative, metaphorical.
- TRASLADAR**, *v. a.* to copy, or write out, to transcribe; also to translate or remove the relics of a saint from one place to another.
- TRASLADO**, *f. m.* a copy, or pattern to write after.
- Traslado*, a copy, any writing transcribed.
- TRASLOSMONTES.** See *TRALOSMONTES*.
- TRASLUZIR**, *v. n.* See *TRANS-LUZIR*.
- Trasluzir*, *v. a.* to disguise, to cloak by a false show.
- TRASMALHA'R.** See *TRESMALHA'R*.
- TRASMA'LHO**, *f. m.* a sort of tram-mel or net to fish in rivers.
- TRASMONTA'R**, *v. n.* to disappear, to vanish away, to go out of sight.
- TRASMUDACAM.** &c. See *TRANSMUDACAM*, &c.
- TRASNOTA'DO**, *a*, *adj.* that has watched all night.
- TRASNOTA'R**, *v. n.* to watch all night.
- TRASOLA**, *f. f.* (in the province of Beira.) See *CAVALLA*.
- TRASPASSA'DO**, &c. See *TRESPASSADO*, &c.
- TRASPE'S.** *ex.* *Dar trapes*, to stagger, to reel too and fro; also to betake one's self to one's heels.
- TRASPOSIÇAM.** See *TRANSPOSICAM*.
- TRASPOR**, *v. a.* to transplant.
- Traspor*, *v. n.* to be half asleep and half awake.
- Traspor-se*, *v. r.* to disappear, to vanish away. See also *RECOLHER-SE*.
- Traspor-se o sol*, to go down, or set as the sun does beyond the mountains that lie to the westward of us.
- TRASTE**, *f. m.* a piece of furniture, or a utensil requisite for an house.
- Trastes vellos*, the lumber of a house, old household goods.
- Traste*, a ridiculous or peevish fellow.
- Trastes*, the divisions, or strings put round the neck of a musical instrument, to divide the frets or stops which cause or regulate the vibrations of the strings; also a small bundle of chords to string a musical instrument.
- TRASTEJAR**, *v. n.* to trade, to traffic.
- TRASTORNA'DO**, *a*, *adj.* overthrown, turned topsy-turvy. See *TRASTORNAR*, *v. a.* to overthrow, to turn topsy-turvy.
- Trastornar alguem*, to make a man change his mind, or opinion.
- TRASTRAVA'DO**, *ex.* *Cavallo argel* *trastreado*, a horse that has the right hinder-foot and the left fore-foot white.
- TRASVALLA'R.** See *TRESVALLAR*.
- TRATA'DA**, *f. f.* any intricate business; also a plot, a secret and ill design.
- TRATA'DO**, *f. m.* a treatise, a tract or discourse.
- Tratado*, a treaty or agreement.
- Tratado*, *a*, *adj.* treated, &c. See *TRATAR*.
- TRATAMENTO**, *f. m.* treatment, entertainment, usage.
- Mao tratamento*, ill treatment, or usage.
- Bom tratamento*, a kind entertainment or usage.
- Tratamento*, the title given to one.
- Elle da-lhe o tratamento de principe*, he gives him the title of prince.
- Tratamento*, conversation, company.
- TRATA'NTE**, *f. m.* a dealer; also a sharper, one that lives upon his wits.
- TRATA'R**, *v. a.* to treat or handle, to discourse of or upon, to be upon.
- Tratar hum negocio*, to handle a business.
- Tratar*, to treat or use, to deal with.
- Elle tratou-o muito bem*, he treated or used him very well.
- Elle tratou-me como irmão*, he used me like a brother.

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Trata-me muito mal, I am very ill used.
Tratar alguém de, to give one the title of, to call him.
Tratai de vós, take care of yourself.
Tratar, ou dar o tratamento de príncipe a alguém, to give one the title of prince, to call him prince.
Ele tratou-o de tolo, he called him a fool.
Tratar verdade, to deal honestly, to be a plain dealer.
Tratar, v. n. to mind, to look after, to take care.
Tratai da vossa vida, mind your business.
Tratar da própria saúde, to mind one's health.
Tratar de fazer pazes com o inimigo, to treat about peace, or to treat of peace with the enemy.
Tratar, to treat or discourse of, to handle.
Tratar-se, v. r. ex. Tratar-se bem, to eat well, to fare well, to keep a good table; also to be sumptuous, or gaudy in one's apparel or cloths. See also *VISITAR-SE*.
TRATA, *v. imp. ex. Trata-se de matarém*, they are conspiring against his life.
Não se trata disso, that is not the business in hand.
FRATÁVEL, *adj.* tractable, that can be managed.
TRATEADO, *a, adj.* racked, tortured.
TRATEAR, *v. a.* to rack, to torture, to put to the rack.
TRATO, *f. m.* acquaintance, dealing, conversation, company.
Trato particular ou familiar, familiarity, familiar way.
Trato, friendship.
Trate, trade, traffic.
Tratos, rack, torture.
Dar tratos, to rack, to torture.
Dar tratos ao juízo, to put one's brains upon the rack, (metaph.)
Dar-se bem bemem bom trato. See *TRATAR-SE bem*.
Tratos de corda, a way of racking, by stretching the joints with ropes.
TRAVAS, *f. f.* a transom or beam going overthwart a house. Lat. *transium*.
Trava da cruz, the arm of a cross.
Trava de huma lesta, locks, shackles, or fetters for a beast.
TRAVACONTAS, *f. f. p.* differences, disputes, contests, debates.
TRAVADEIRA, *f. f.* (among carpenters) a saw-set.
TRAVADO, *a, adj.* joined, linked together, &c. See the verb *TRAVAR*.
Travado, joined together, engaged, begun.
Peljavao tão travadas, que, &c. they did fight so close, that, &c.
Pelja travada, a close fight.
TRAVADOS, *f. m.* travado, a kind of whirlwind, or a sudden and most

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tempestuous storm at sea, such as frequently happens on the coast of Guinea.
TRAVADOURO, *f. m.* that part of a horse's leg, round which they put the locks or fetters.
TRAVANCA, *f. f.* (a ludicrous word.) See *EMPECILHO*.
TRAVAM, *f. m.* an iron ring at the end of a chain, which they use to put to the feet of horses, to subject them in the stable.
TRAVAR, *v. a.* to twine or twist one with another. Lat. *implicare*.
Travar huma besta, to fetter a beast.
Travar amizade, to contract or join friendship.
Travar pratica com alguém, to talk with one.
Travar batalha, to engage, to join battle.
Travar parentesco, to be allied or joined by kindred.
Travar pendencia, to pick a quarrel.
Travar, v. n. to tattle roughly or audaciously, as unripe fruits, choke-pears, &c.
Que trava, rough, austere to the taste.
Travar de palavras, to have angry words with another.
Travar, to take or lay hold of; generally with *de, do, da*, &c. after it.
Travar-se, v. r. to engage, to join battle.
Travar-se, to contract or shrink up, as the nerves sometimes do.
TRAVE, *f. f.* a beam, a great piece of timber. Lat. *trabs*. See also *PEA*.
Trave, a sort of comet in the form of a beam.
Trave atravessada no edificio, de parede a parede, a transom or beam going overthwart a house.
O espaço entre duas travessas, a trave, a bay of joists.
TRAVEJADO, *a, adj.* timbered.
TRAVEJAMENTO, *f. m.* the timber work which supports the tiles.
TRAVEJAR, *v. a.* to timber, to furnish with beams.
TRAVES, *ou Travez*, *adj.* overthwart, crosswise, traverse. Lat. *transversus*.
Mão travez, hand-breadth.
Per-se com alguém de mar em travez, to depart from one by passing over the sea, and leaving him in another continent; also to fall out with one. (metaph.)
Dar com huma causa a travez, to spoil a thing entirely.
De travez, athwart, across.
Olhar de travez, to look with an ill or envious eye; also to look askew, or a-squint, to squint.
Dar a embarcação a travez, (a sea phrase) to hull, or to lie a-hull, as a ship does in a storm.
Travez, f. m. (in fortification) traverse, a trench with a parapet, sometimes open over-head, and sometimes covered with planks loaded with earth.
TRAVESSA, *f. f.* a lane, a narrow

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street; an alley; also a cross piece of timber.
Travessa, a passage over the sea, a trajet.
Fazer esta sorte de travessa, to cross the sea.
Travessa, a cross path, a cross way.
Porta travessa, a lateral or side door.
TRAVESSAM-vento, a cross or contrary wind.
Temporal travessão, a storm raised by a contrary wind.
TRAVESSEIRO, *f. m.* a bolster.
TRAVESSIA, *f. f.* a cross or contrary wind.
TRAVESSO, *a, adj.* naughty, not good.
Repar travesso, a naughty boy.
TRAVESSURA, *f. f.* naughtiness, a naughty trick.
TRAVEZ. See *TRAVES*.
TRAVINCADO, *a, adj.* incumbered, lumbered.
TRAVINCADO, *v. a.* to incumber, to lumber, to heap irregularly like useless and cumbersome goods.
TRAVO, *f. m.* a contraction or shrinking of nerves, &c. also roughness or tartness in taste.
TRAZ, *adv. and prep.* behind, back.
Traz, peep-bo; a word used in playing with children.
Para traz, backwards or backward.
Ir a traz de hum ladrão, to pursue a thief.
A porta de traz, the back-door.
Andar para traz, to turn back, to go backward; also to grow worse, (metaph.)
Traz is also used as a substantive; as,
O de traz, the back, or the hinder part of any thing.
Traz, zar, no cego, words invented to express the clashing of swords in a fray, or a great quantity of blows.
Eja no, que se faz per de traz de alguém, a flout behind one's back.
TRAZANTONTEM, *adv.* four days ago. Lat. *quatuor quartus*.
TRAZEIRO, *a, adj.* back, that is on the backside; also that goes behind. It is also used as a substantive; as,
Os trazeiros, the last, those that go behind.
Trazeiro, f. m. the breech, or arse.
TRAZER, *v. a.* to fetch, to bring.
Pres. trago, trazes, traz, trazem, &c. imperf. *trazia*; perf. *traxi*, &c. imperat. *traze, traga, tragam*, &c. *traz, tragão*.
Traz r as costas, to carry upon one's back.
Trazer nas palmas das mãos, to esteem, to value, to make much of, to love dearly.
Traz r novas, to bring news, to bring tidings.
Trazer, to bring, to bring in, to cite, to allege, to quote, to produce.
Trazar, to bring, to cause, to breed.
A guerra traz consigo grandes males, war brings great mischief along with it.
Trazer,

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Trazer guerra com hum príncipe, to wage war with a prince.
Tazer a memoria, to call to mind.
Trazer vontade, to have a mind, or desire.
Trazer sempre hums cousa ante, ou diante dos olhos, to have the eyes perpetually fixed upon a thing.
Trazer origem, ou descendencia, to descend, to come of a family, to be extracted from.
Que vento vos trouxe aqui? what wind blew you hither?
Trazer nos olhos, ou trazer no coração, to love dearly.
Ha muito tempo que trago no pensamento, it has been a long time in my thoughts.
Trazer, to carry; also to wear, to have on or about.
Trazer em carro, to carry in a cart.
Trazer hums cousa de hum lugar para outro, to carry a thing from one place to another.
Trazer no pensamento, to bear in mind.
TRAZIDO, *a*, adj. brought, &c. according to the verb *Trazer*.
TRAZO'LA, *ou* *Trasela*. See **CAVALLA**.
TRAZ-OS-MONTES. See **TRALOS-MONTES**.

T R E

TREBELHA'R, *v. n.* (an antiquated word.) See **BRINCAR**.
TREBE'LHO, *f. m.* (an antiquated word.) See **BRINCO**.
Trebelho, (at chefs) a chefs-man, a draught-man.
TREBU'CAR. See **TRABUCAR**.
TREBU'CO. } See **TRABUCO**.
TRE'ÇADO. } See **TER'ÇADO**, *f. m.*
TRE'CHEO; *ex. Elle tem diabiro a trecheo*, money is plenty with him. See **ABUNDANTEMENTE**.
TRE'ÇO, (in falconry) the male hawk of any kind. See **PRIMA**, in falconry.
TRE'ÇOL. See **TER'ÇOL**.
TREDO, *ou* *Treder*. See **TRAIDOR**.
TREDORA. See **TRAIDORA**.
TREDORAMENTE, *adv.* treacherously.
TREFE'GO. See **ESPERTO**, and **ORGULHOSO**, (a ludicrous word.)
TRE'FO, *a*, adj. deceitful, crafty, cheating, fly.
TREGEITADO'R, *f. m.* a hocus pocus, one who used legerdemain, a cheat that caseth a mill before peoples eyes. *Lat. prestigator*.
TREGEITOS, *f. m. p.* tricks, wiles, fallacies, deceipts, delusions, cunning flights, under-hand conveyances. *Lat. prestigia*.
Mulher que faz trejeitos, a she juggler, a cunning gipsy. *Lat. prestigatrix*.
TRE'GOA, *f. f.* a truce; also a rest.
TRE'ÇAM. } See **TRA'ÇAM**.
TREIN. } See **TREM**.
TREINA'DO, *a*, adj. trained up, &c. See
TREINA'R, *v. a.* (in falconry) to train

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up a hawk, &c. to prey upon those fowls, which they do not prey upon without being taught.
TREITO, *a*, adj. liable, subject.
TRE'LLA, *f. f.* the leash or slip for a dog.
Dar trilla a algum, to keep one off and on.
TREM, *f. m.* train or retinue.
Tram de artilharia, the train of artillery.
TREMA'LHO, *f. m.* See **TRAS-MALHO**.
TREMANTE, *p. a.* trembling, quaking, shaking.
TREMA'R, *v. a.* to unweave, to undo what was woven.
TREMEBUNDO. See **TREMENDO**.
TREMEDAL, *f. m.* a quaking bog, a quagmire, *a tremendo*, quaking.
TREMEDO'R, *f. m.* a sort of cramp-fish in the river Sofala, in Caffaria.
TREMELEA'R. See **TREMOLAR**.
TREMELGA, *f. f.* the cramp-fish. See **TORPEDO**.
TREMELHICA'R, *v. n.* (a ludicrous word) to quake or tremble often.
TREMENDAMENTE, *adv.* dreadfully.
TREMENDO, *a*, adj. dreadful.
TREMENTINA. See **TEREBENTINA**.
TREMER, *v. n.* to tremble, to quake, to shake. *Lat. tremere*.
TREMEZ, *ou* *Tremuzinho trigo*, corn that comes up and is ripe in three months.
TREMI'SSES, a sort of ancient coin in Portugal.
TREMO'ÇO, *f. m.* lupine; a sort of pulse. *Lat. lupinus*.
Tremas de cão, apocynon, dog's-bane.
TREMOLA'R, *v. n.* to fly, to waver, or play in the air like the colours or flags of ships.
Tremolar as bandeiras, *v. a.* to shake the flags or colours.
TREMOMHA, *f. f.* a mill-hopper.
TREMONHA'DO, *f. m.* the place wherein the meal or flour falls from the mill-stone.
TREMO'R, *f. m.* a trembling, shaking, or shivering.
Tremor da terra, an earthquake.
Tremor da mar. See **MARIMOYO**.
TRE'MPE, *f. f.* a trivet.
Trempe de veados, the branches of a stag when they are perfectly grown.
TREMULO *a*, adj. trembling, quaking, shaking.
TREMU'RAS, *f. f. p.* (a vulgar word) a great trouble or danger.
TRENA, *f. f.* a sort of linen ribband to weave hair with, and for other uses.
TRENÇA. See **TRANÇA**.
TREN'O, *f. m.* a sledge, or sled, a dray, a sort of carriage without or with broad low wheels, used in Holland.
TREPADE'IRA, *f. f.* any herb or shrub whose stalk twists about any prop without the help of tendrils; as the kidney-bean.

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Trepadeira, the herb withwind, or bind-weed. *Lat. convolvulus*.
TREPANA DO, *a*, adj. trepanned.
TREPANA'R, *v. a.* to trepan, to open the skull with a trepan.
TRE'PANO, *f. m.* (with surgeons) the instrument called a trepan.
TREPAR, *v. a.* to climb, clamber, or get up with difficulty, as with both hands and feet.
TREPEÇA, *f. f.* a three-footed stool. *Lat. tripus*.
TREPIDACAM, *f. f.* (in astronomy) trepidation.
TREPIDO, *a*, adj. See **TREMULO**.
TREPOLAR. See **TRIPLAR**.
TRE'S, *adj.* three. *Lat. tres*.
Tres vezes, three times, thrice.
De tres em tres dias, every third day.
Que tem tres cornos, three horned.
Cousa repetida tres vezes, ou que consta de tres, three-fold.
Tres e tres vinte, three-score, thrice twenty, sixty.
Tres modos, three manner of ways.
Tres, *f. m.* a three.
Hum tres de cartas, three at cards.
Tres nos dados, a trey, or trey-point at dice.
TRESANDA DO, *a*, adj. transformed.
TRESANDA'R, *v. a.* to transform.
Treandar, *v. n.* to sink mightily.
TRESA'VO. See **TRISA'VO**.
TRESBORDA'R, *v. n.* to over-flow, to be fuller than the brim can hold.
Tresborda nelle a maldade, (metaph.) he is excessively wicked.
Tresbordar-se, *v. r. ex.* *Tresbordar-se de mofno, tolo*, &c. to be very stungy, foolish, &c.
TRESDOBRA'DO, *a*, adj. treble, triple, three-fold.
TRESDOBRA'R, *v. a.* to treble, to render three-fold.
TRESDO'BRO, *f. m.* thrice as much.
TRESFEGADO, &c. See **TRASFEGADO**, &c.
TRESLADADO, &c. See **TRASLADADO**, &c.
TRESLER, *v. n.* to know more than what is necessary or convenient; also to pretend to know better than others; also to date, to grow senseless.
TRESMALHA'DO, *a*, adj. See
TRESMALHA'R, *v. a.* to take away privately, and by degrees.
Tresmalhar-se, *v. r.* to sink away. See also **MISTURAR-SE**, and **CONFUNDIR-SE**.
TRESMA'LHO. See **TRASMALHO**.
TRESNETA, **TRESNETO**. See **TRISNETA**, **TRISNETO**.
TRESPASSACAM, *f. f.* See **TRANSMIGRAÇAM**.
Trespassar, *ou* *cessão do seu direito*, the act of making over one's right to another.
Trespassar da divida, the assignment of a debt over to another.
Trespassar, *f. f.* the act of transferring or passing away to another.

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TRESPASSA'DO, *a*, adj. run or pierced through with a weapon.
Trespasado, (metaph.) pierced with cold, &c. See also
TRESPASSA'R, *v. a.* to run through with a weapon; also to transfer, to pass over to another.
Trespasar, to trespass against, to transgress, to violate, to break a law or order; also to exceed, to go beyond, to go too far.
Trespasar a divida, to assign a debt over to another.
Trespasar e seu direito a outrem, to make over one's right to another.
TRESPASSO, *f. m.* See **TRESPASSAÇAM**.
Trespas, a trance, agony. See also **DILAÇAM**.
Tijar o trespas, to fast from Maundy Thursday till Holy Saturday at noon, in honour of our Saviour's agony.
TRESPOR. See **TRASPOR**.
TRESPARIA'DO, *cu Trespaliado*, *a*, adj. doting, silly.
TRESPARIA'R, *ou Trespaliar*, *v. n.* to dote, to rave, to talk idly, to be delirious.
TRESPARIO, *f. m.* dotage, or being out of one's wits.
TRESPERTEDURA. See **VERTE-DURA**.
TRETA, *f. f.* a feint, a false attack, (in fencing.)
Treta, a stratagem, a device, a contrivance, a cunning trick.
TREU, *f. m.* a sort of square sail, only used in foul weather.
TREVAS, *f. f. p.* darkness. Lat. *te-
nebre*. They also give this name to the evening-service on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday in the Holy Week, being the matins of the following days, and so called, because the candles are all put out, and the church remains dark.
Quarta-feira de trevas, Wednesday before Easter.
TREVI TE, *f. m.* a sort of trefoil
TREVO, *f. m.* the herb trefoil, or three-leaved grass. Lat. *trifolium*.
Trevo real, the large sweet trefoil.
Trevo, (symbolically) a great fear.
TREZ, *f. m.* a tissue made of three threads.
TREZE, adj. thirteen. Lat. *tredecim*.
Treze vezes, thirteen times.
Trezezermordem, thirteenth.
Estar no seu treze, to be in the flower or prime of one's age.
TREZENTOS, *as*, adj. three hundred.

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TRIAGA. See **THERIAGA**.
TRIANGULA'R, adj. triangular.
TRIANGULO, *f. m.* a triangle.
Triangulo, (in astronomy) Deltaion, a constellation or cluster of six stars, in form resembling the letter Δ , called otherwise *triangulus septent ionalis*.
TRIÃO. See **TRIENIO**.
TRIARIOS, *f. m. p.* (among the Ro-

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mans) one of the four orders of soldiers, who were posted in the rear of the army.
TRIBRACHO, tribrachys, a verse consisting of three short syllables.
TRIBU, *f. m.* a tribe, a clan. Lat. *tribus*; also a ward.
Per tribus, from tribe to tribe, ward by ward.
TRIBULAÇAM, *f. f.* tribulation, trouble, affliction, adversity.
TRIBULA'DO, *a*, adj. See **ATRI-BULADO**.
TRIBULO, *f. m.* a thistle, a bramble. Lat. *tribulus*.
TRIBUNA, *f. f.* a gallery in a church for a prince or person of quality.
TRIBUNAL, *f. m.* a tribunal or judgment-seat. Lat. *tribunal*.
TRIBUNATO, *f. m.* the tribune's office, tribuneship.
TRIBUNO, *f. m.* a tribune among the Romans.
TRIBUTA'DO, *a*, adj. paid in tribute, &c. See
TRIBUTA'R, *v. a.* to pay tribute.
Tributar adoracões, to adore, or worship.
Tributar obsequios, to present one's respects or duty to one.
Tributar veneracões, to reverence, to honour or respect with veneration.
TRIBUTARIO, *f. m.* tributary, one who pays tribute.
Tributarios, so they call some flats or sand-banks on the northern coast of the island of Cuba.
TRIBUTARIO, *f. m.* a gatherer or collector of taxes, tributes, or tolls.
TRIBUTO, *f. m.* a tribute.
Pagar tributo a natureza, to pay tribute to nature, to die.
Pagar tributo, to pay tribute.
Que paga tributo, tributary, paying tribute.
TRIGANA, *f. f.* (in Coimbra.) See **MANTEO**.
TRICHIASIS, (with physicians) trichiasis, or trichosis, a defect in the eyelids.
TRICLINIO, *f. m.* a dining-room; (among the ancient Romans) also the beds for the guests to sit or lean along upon, three on each. Lat. *triclinium*.
TRIDENTE, *f. m.* trident, the three-pronged mace, which the poets feign that Neptune, the fabulous God of the sea, bears.
TRIDUO, *f. m.* the space of three days. Lat. *triduum*.
TRIENNA L, adj. triennial, of three years.
TRIENNIO, *f. m.* three years space. Lat. *triennium*.
TRIFAUCE, adj. that has three jaws, as the poets feign Cerberus to have. Lat. *trifauces*.
TRIFIDO, *a*, adj. trifid, divided into three parts, as a trident, &c.
TRIFOLIO. See **TREVO**.
TRIFORME, adj. that hath three forms or shapes. Lat. *triformis*.

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TRIGANÇA, *f. f.* (in old records.) See **PRESSA**.
TRIGESIMO, *a*, adj. the thirtieth. Lat. *trigesimus*.
TRIGLYPHO, *f. m.* (in architecture) triglyph, a member of the frieze of the Doric order.
TRIGO, *f. m.* corn, wheat. Lat. *triticum*.
Trigo que se manda ao moinho para ser moído, grist.
Trigo cardinal, *cu cardie*, fine white wheat.
Trigo mourisco, red wheat; they call it also *trigo bucanha*.
Trigo cecegem, the wheat that soonest ripens.
Trigo tremex. See **TREMEZ**.
Medador de trigo, a corn-merchant, a badger. Lat. *frumentarius*.
Trigomugil pretis, buck-wheat, or French wheat.
Trigo em irva, green corn.
*P. muito trigo tem meu pay em buro can-
sara*, my father has corn enough in a pitcher; applied to those who boast of very inconsiderable matters, as is the quantity of corn that a pitcher can hold.
P. de trigo, e de avoa minha casa cheia, my house full of wheat or oats; if we cannot have the best, we may be satisfied with plenty of the worst.
P. tudo he nada, jenu trigo, e cevada, all is nothing, except wheat and barley; that is, all stores without bread are little worth.
Trigo, *a*, adj. wheaten, of wheat. Lat. *triticus*.
TRIGONO, *f. m.* (in astrology) a trigon.
Trigon ignes, (with astrologers) fiery trigon, the fiery triplicity, Aries, Leo, and Sagittarius.
Trigon terreo, (in astrology) the earthy trigon, the earthy triplicity, Taurus, Virgo, and Capricornus.
Trigon aere, (in astrology) the airy trigon, the airy triplicity, Gemini, Libra, and Aquarius.
Trigo aquoso, (in astrology) the watery trigon, the watery triplicity, Cancer, Scorpio, and Pisces.
TRIGONOMETRIA, *f. f.* trigonometry.
TRIGOSAME'NTE, adv. (in old records) in a hurry, hastily.
TRIGOSO, *a*, adj. (an obsol. word) hastily, hurrying.
TRIGUEIRAM, *f. m.* a sparrow that is always in the corn-fields.
TRIGUEIRO, *a*, adj. swarthy, blackish, tawny, dark of complexion.
TRILHA, *f. f.* a trace, or track. Lat. *vestigium*; also steps, example, (metaph.)
Seguir a trilha, to follow by the track, to trace.
Seguir a trilha dos passos antepassados, (metaph.) to follow the steps or footsteps of our ancestors.
Trilha, the act of threshing or treading out corn.

Dar na trilha, (a vulgar phrase) to find out, to discover another's design or intent.
TRILHA'DO, *a*, adj. thrashed, or trod out, as corn; also frequented.
Caminho trilhado, a beaten road.
Trilhado, vulgar, common.
TRILHADURA, *f. f.* threshing, or treading out corn, as in the word *Trilha*; also a cut or galling got by interfering, as it happens in horses.
TRILHA'R, *v. a.* to thresh or tread out corn. See **TRILHO**.
Trilhar bem caminho, to frequent, to beat to go often through a road.
TRILHO, *f. m.* a flat made of three great planks, all stuck with small sharp flints, which they draw and turn over the corn spread on the floor, and it bruises the ear, and thrills out the grain, which ferces instead of threshing, or downright treading with oxen.
TRILH'DO, *f. m.* the trill or quavering of an instrument.
TRINAR, *v. a.* to trill, to quaver or shake with the voice or an instrument; also to sing, to trill, to utter quavering.
TRINCA, *f. f.* a sea term; as, *Per-se a trinca*, to hale a sail close to a wind.
TRINCADEIRAS, *f. f. p.* a sort of grapes so called.
TRINCA'DO, *u.* subtle, acute, sharp, cunning. See also the verb **TRINCAR**.
TRINCAFI'O, *f. m.* a sort of thread used by shoe-makers to make a bar in a shoe.
Trincafo, subtilty, sharpness of wit.
TRINCAL, **TRINCALEIRA**. See **TINCAL**, **TINCALEIRA**.
TRINCALHOZ, *f. m.* (in the islands of the Azores.) See **SINO**.
TRINGAR, *v. a.* to crack, to break asunder with the teeth, making a crack or quick sound at the same time, as when we crack a nut, &c.
Tringar as amarras, to cut the cables.
Tringar a setela, to cut the fitting-line; also to balk, to disappoint, to frustrate, (metaph.)
Tringar, *v. n.* to crack, to make a noise, as a nut does when we crack it with the teeth.
TRINCHA. See **TRINCHEIRA**.
TRINCHA'NTE, *f. m.* a carver of meat, a sewer.
TRINCHA'DO, *a*, adj. carved, as meat is.
TRINCHA'R, *v. a.* to carve meat. Gothic.
TRINCHEIRA, *f. f.* a trench, earth thrown up to defend soldiers in their approaches to a town, or to guard a camp.
Abrir as trincheiras, to break ground, or to open the trenches.
TRINCHEIRA'DO, *a*, adj. trenched about.
TRINCHEIRAR, *v. a.* to trench about, to fence with trenches.

TRINCHE'VE, *f. m.* a cutting-knife, a shoe-maker's cutting-knife.
TRINCHO, *f. m.* a cutting-board, a trencher, an utensil of wood for cutting and eating meat on at table.
TRINCO, *f. m.* a snap with the fingers.
Dar trinco, to snap the fingers.
TRINCOLHOS brincalhos, play-things, baubles, as bells, rattles, &c. for children. Lat. *crepandia*.
TRINDADE, *f. f.* the Trinity, one God and three persons, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost.
Domingo da Trindad, Trinity-Sunday, the first Sunday after Whitsunday.
Trindade, the tolling of a bell, &c. See **AVE MARIA**.
TRINITARIOS, a religious order called the Trinitarians or Mathurins.
TRIN'O, *a*, adj. trine, three-fold.
Deus he hum na natureza, e trino nas pessoas, God is one in nature and trine in persons.
Apostrofe trino das planetas, (in astrology) the trine aspect of the planets.
Olhar-se de trino, (in astrology) to behold one another in a trine aspect.
Trino. See **TRINITARIOS**.
TRINQUE, *f. m.* a rack or wooden frame to hang cloaths on.
Novo do trinque, spick and span new, (a word used by those who sell cloaths ready made.)
TRINTA, adj. thirty.
Trinta em ordem, thirtieth.
TRINTARIO, *f. m.* a trental, or thirty masses, a Romish office for the dead.
Hir para o trintario, (an old saying) to be very old, to be at the pit's brink, or death's door.
TRIPA, *f. f.* a gut. Gothic. See also **BARRIGA**.
Vomitir as tripas, to vomit one's gut up, to spew horribly.
P. fazer das tripas coração, to make the guts heart; that is to bully and shew much boldness outwardly, when a man is heartily afraid.
P. as tripas estijão cheas, que ellas levão as pernas, let the guts be full, for it is they that carry the legs; without eating and drinking, the legs will soon fail.
P. tripa cheia, nem sege, nem foleja, full guts neither run away nor fight well; when a man is too full, he is unfit for any thing.
Tripas de boy, ou vaca lavadas e cozidas, tripe, the guts or entrails of a cow or ox, cleaned and boiled fit for eating.
Lugar no qual se vendem tripas, tripery.
Tripa, shag, a sort of stuff.
TRIPALHA'DA, *f. f.* garbage.
TRIPARTITO, *a*, adj. tripartite, divided into three parts.
TRIFE *Tripe*, (a vulgar expression) step by step, with soft steps.
TRIFEÇA, *f. f.* See **TREPEÇA**.
TRIFE'IRA, *f. f.* a tripe-woman, a woman that sells tripe.

TRIFE'IRO, *f. m.* a tripe-man, a man that sells tripe.
TRIPITONGO. See **TRITONGO**.
TRIPLADO, *cu Tripulado*, *a*, adj. mingled together, &c. See
TRIPLAR, *ou Tripular*, *v. a.* (a military word) ex. *Tripular as filitras*, to make one fil-out of three.
Tripular, to mingle together.
Tripular soldados para navios, to man ships.
TRIPLICADO, **TRIPLICAR**. See **TRESDOBRADO**, **TRESDOBRAR**.
TRIPLICE. See **TRESDOBRADO**.
TRIPLICIDADE, *f. f.* (with astrologers) triplicity, the division of the signs according to the number of the element. See **TRIGONO**, and **TRINO**.
TRIPO, *f. m.* a stool with three legs, and a triangular piece of leather upon them.
TRIPODE, *f. m.* tripod, or tripods, a three-footed stool, on which a priestess of Apollo, at Delphos, used to sit, when she gave forth her oracles; also the tripod presented to the Greek heroes, as an emblem of steadiness and constancy.
TRIPOLI, *f. m.* Tripoly, the name of several cities; also tripoly, a stone finely powdered, used in polishing.
TRIPUDIAR, *v. n.* to dance, to trip dancer-like. Lat. *tripudicare*.
Tripudiar d. alegria, to rejoice greatly, to leap for joy.
TRIPUDIO, *f. m.* the act of leaping for joy.
TRIRE'GNO, *f. m.* the pope's triple-crown.
TRIS. See **TRIZ**.
TRISA'GIO, *f. m.* Trisagium, the name of a particular hymn used in the Greek church.
TRISAVO, *f. m.* great-grand-father.
TRISILABO. See **TRISYLLABO**.
TRISMEGISTO, *f. m.* Trismegistus, a ruler in Egypt in the time of Moses and Pharaoh.
TRISNETA, *f. f.* a grand child's granddaughter.
TRISNETO, *f. m.* a grand-child's grand-son.
TRISTE, adj. heavy, sad, sorrowful, afflicted, cast down.
Triste, sad, melancholy, sullen.
Triste, that deserveth, or raiseth compassion, miserable, lamentable.
Triste de, woe to.
Triste de ti, woe to you.
Arvore triste. See **ARFORE**.
TRISTES, *f. m. p.* a sort of curl in a woman's head.
TRISTE'ZA, *f. f.* sadness, melancholy, sorrow. Lat. *tristitia*.
TRISTO'NHO, *a*, adj. somewhat sad, or melancholy. Lat. *subtristis*.
TRISYLLABO, *a*, adj. trisyllabical.
Trisyllabe, *f. m.* a trisyllable.
TRISULCO, *a*, adj. three-pointed, or three-forked. Lat. *trifidus*.
TRITIM, *f. m.* Triton, (according to the poets) the son of Neptune and the

T R O

the nymph Calais : also triton, a sort of fish in the Brasils. The natives call it *yupiapia*.

TRITO'NGO, f. m. a triphthong.

TRITONO, f. m. (in music) a false concord called tritone.

TRITURA, f. f. (in pharmacy) trituration.

TRITURACAM, idem.

TRITURADO, a, adj. (in pharmacy) triturated.

TRITURAR, v. a. (in anatomy) to triturate.

TRIVIAL, adj. trivial, common, vulgar.

Grammatica trivial, (among the ancient Romans) the grammar taught in the *trivium*, i. e. a place where three ways met.

TRIVIO, f. m. a place where three ways met. Lat. *trivium*.

TRIUMPHADO, f. m. a governor. See also **ADJANTADO**, f. m. (obol.)

Triumphado, p. of *Triumphar*, triumphed.

TRIUMPHADOR, f. m. one that triumphs, a triumpher.

TRIUMPHAL, adj. triumphal.

TRIUMPHAR, v. n. to triumph ; also to excel, to be excellent in any thing, (metaph.)

TRIUMPHO, f. m. a triumph, a solemn pomp, or public show at the return of a victorious general from the wars. Lat. *triumphus*.

Triumpho, a sort of desert of sweetmeats piled up.

TRIUMFIR. See **TRIUMFIRO**.

TRIUMFIRATO, f. m. the office of a triumvir, a triumvirate. Lat. *triumviratus*.

TRIUMFIRO, f. m. a triumvir, one of the three magistrates of the triumvirate, who governed the Roman empire.

TRIUNFADOR. &c. See **TRIUMPHADOR**, &c.

TRI'Z, f. m. a word invented to express the sound of a glass, &c. when it cracks.

Elle veio num trix, he came in a trice. *Espapar per hum trix*, to make a narrow escape.

T R O

TROAR, v. n. to thunder. Latin, *tonare*.

TROCA, f. f. truck, exchange, bartering of one thing for another, a swap.

Trocas baldreças, the bartering of things of small value.

TROCA DO, a, adj. trucked ; also changed, altered. See the verb **TROCAR**.

Trocado de palavras, f. m. an inversion or change in the order of words.

Trocado galante, a witty inversion or change in the order of words.

TROCAR, v. a. to truck, to barter, to chop, to swap, or swop. Pret. pref. *troquei*, *trocaste*, *trocou*, *trocamos*, &c. subj. pref. *troque*, *troques*, *troque*, *troquem*, *troquês*, *troquês*, *troquem*. Gothic.

T R O

Trocar, to change, to alter.

Trocar a vontade, to change, or alter one's mind.

Trocar, to change, to convert or discount a piece of money into smaller, or others of equal value ; as to change a guinea.

Trocar as palavras, to invert, or change the order of words.

Trocar os olhos, to look askew.

Troca-me isto em miudo, (a vulgar phrase) explain yourself.

Trocar, to vomit. See **VOMITAR**.

Trocar-se, v. r. to change manners, to alter.

Elle nunca se trocara, he will never alter.

Naõ quero trocar-me per vos, I will not change fortune or condition with you.

TROCA'FEL, adj. that may be changed, or put in the place of another.

TROCA'Z. See **POMBO trocax**.

TROCEDO'R. See **TORCEDOR**.

TRO'CHA, f. f. (an antiquated word) a compass, a going about. Lat. *circuitus*.

TROCHA'DA, f. f. a blow with a rough-hewn stick.

TROCHE moche, (a barbarous expression) at random, disorderly, or without regarding, hand over head.

TROCHE'O, (pronounce *Troquo*) trochee, a foot which consists of two syllables, the first long, and the other short.

TROCHISCOS, ou *Trociscos*, troches, a sort of tablet or lozenge.

TRO'CHO, f. m. (in the province of Entre Douro e Minho) a rough-hewn stick.

TROCICOLLO. See **TORCICOLLO**.

TROCHISCOS. See **TROCHISCOS**.

TRO'CO, f. m. the change of a piece of gold or silver.

Fazer hum troco, to change a piece of gold or silver, to give small money or change for it.

A troco, so that, provided that.

Casar a troco. See **CASAR**.

TROÇO, f. m. a body of soldiers.

Troço de cavallaria, a troop of horse.

Troço de pau, a piece of wood.

A troços, adv. interruptedly.

Fallar a troços, to speak interruptedly.

Para troços, by no means.

TROFEO, f. m. a trophy, a monument of victory.

TROGA'LHO, f. m. (a vulgar word) a narrow piece of cloth, &c. to tie up any thing.

TROGLODY'TAS, Troglodites, a people of Ethiopia, who are said to have lived in caves under ground.

TROIA, f. f. the famous city of Troy. See **TROYA**.

TROIA'NO, a, adj. Trojan.

Guerra Troiana, the Trojan war.

TROLHA, f. f. See **COLHER de pedreiro**.

TROM, f. m. the noise of a gun, bombard, &c.

T R O

TROENS de ferro, ou *de fogo*, pieces of ordnance, artillery.

TROMBA, f. f. an elephant's trunk, or proboscis. See also **CARRANCA**.

Fazer tromba. See **TROMBEJAR**.

TROMBAM, f. m. a grave, or low sound.

TROMBEJAR, v. n. to pout, or pout, to look swollen by thrusting out the lips.

TROMBETA, f. f. a trumpet.

Tocar trombeta, to trumpet, to sound a trumpet.

Trombeta marinha, a marine trumpet.

Trombeta, one who sounds a trumpet, a trumpeter.

TROMBETE'IRO, f. m. a trumpeter, one who sounds a trumpet.

TROMBOA abobara, a sort of large pompon.

TROMBU'DO, a, adj. swollen, &c. See **CARRANCUDO**.

TROMPA. See **TROMBETA**.

TROMPETA, f. m. See **TROMBETEIRO**, (obol.)

TRON'ANTE, adj. thundering.

TRONCA'DO, a, adj. maimed, mutilated, truncated ; also cut short. See

TRONCAR, v. a. to maim, to mutilate, to truncate, to cut off, to curtail.

Troncar a cabeça, to cut off the head.

Troncar o discurso, to cut short, to be short, to make but few words.

Troncar a vida, to kill.

TRONCHADO, a, adj. See **TRONCHO**, adj.

TRONCHO, f. m. a piece cut or broken. See also **TALO**.

TRONCHO, a, adj. mutilated, curtailed.

Troncho da cauda, docked.

Caõ troncho do rabo, a curtail-dog.

TRONCHUDO, a, adj. that has a great stalk.

Couve trencada, a sort of cabbage with a great stalk.

TRO'NCO, f. m. the trunk, stump, item, or body of a tree. Lat. *truncus*.

Troco que esta totalmente pedre, dad-dock.

Troco, a stock, race, or lineage.

Troco, trunk, the body of a man, the head, arms, and legs being cut off.

Troco, (metaph.) a blockhead, a stupid fellow.

Troco, a prison or gaol so called in Lisbon.

TRONEIRA, f. f. a loop-hole or embrasure, to fire through in a wall, parapet, &c.

TRO'NO. See **THRONO**.

TRONQUEIRO. See **CARCEREIRO**.

TRO'PA, f. f. a troop of horse, a small body of cavalry.

Tropas, troops, soldiers in general.

Em tropa, by troops, or bands.

TROPEÇADO, p. of *Tropeçar*.

TROPEÇAM, f. m. a rumble, the act of rumbling. Gothic.

TRO-

TRO

TROPEÇAR, v. n. to stumble, to be like to fall; also to stumble, to slip, to err, to blunder, (metaph.)
O que tropeça, a stumbler.
TROPEÇO, f. m. a stumble; also a block, rub, disappointment, misfortune; (metaph.) also a stumbling-block. See **OBSTACULO**.
Tropeço, a mistake, blunder, oversight.
TROPEGO, a, adj. See **HYDROPICO**.
Tropego, ou Trojigo. f. m. See HYDROPSIA.
TROPEL, f. m. the noise made by many horses ambling or running together; also a multitude or crowd.
De tropel, adv. in a huddle, or confusion.
TROPELIA, f. f. it is only used metaphorically; as,
Tropelia da fortuna, the vicissitudes of fortune.
TROPEZIA. See **HYDROPSIA**.
TROPHEO. See **TROFEO**.
TROPICO, f. m. a tropic, a circle supposed to be drawn parallel to the equinoxial, 23° 30' from it.
O tropico do Cancer, the tropic of Cancer.
O tropico de Capricornio, the tropic of Capricorn.
TROPIGO. See **HYDROPICO**.
TROPO, f. m. (in rhetoric) a trope, a change of a word from its original signification.
TROPOLOGIA, f. f. a tropological discourse for correcting the manners of others.
TROPOLOGICO, a, adj. tropological.
TROQUAZ Pombo. See **POMBO**.
TROQUEZ. See **TORQUEZ**.
TROSCISCOS. See **TROCHISCOS**.
TROSQUILADO, &c. See **TOSQUILADO**, &c.
TROSSOS, as *Para troços*, by no means.
TROTAM cavalle, a trotting horse.
TROTAR, v. n. to trot, as a horse does. Gothic.
Trotar bua cavallo, v. a. to make a horse trot.
TROTE, f. m. a horse's trot.
TROVA, f. f. a rhyme, or rhythm.
Fazer trovas, to make rhymes.
TROVADOR, f. m. a rhymor or rhymist.
TROVAM, f. m. thunder. Lat. *tonitru*.
Fazer trovões, to thunder.
TROVAR, ou *Trovejar*, v. n. to make rhymes.
TROVEJAR, v. n. to thunder. Lat. *tonare*.
TROVINHA, f. f. a short rhyme.
TROVISCO, f. m. ou *Trevisqueira*, f. f. spurge flax, or spurge laurel, a kind of wild olive whercon groweth granumgnidium. Lat. *thymelæa*.
TROVISQUEIRA, f. f. See **TROVISCO**.
TROVOADA, f. f. a clap of thunder; also a great noise, (metaph.)
Fazer trovoadas, (metaph.) to make a great and terrible noise, to roar.

TU

Trovoadas de ameaças, great threatening.
 (Metaph.)
TROUXA, f. f. a truss, a pack, a fardel, a bundle. Lat. *fascina*.
Carregado com trouxas, ou que leva trouxas, laden with packs, burdened. Lat. *fascinatus*.
Trouxas, so they call different sorts of dishes made of sugar, eggs, fish, &c.
TROUXINHA, f. f. a little pack or fardel. Lat. *fascinula*.
TROYA, &c. See **TROIA**, &c.
Aqui foi Troya, here Troy stood; to express any place or thing that was famous, and nothing of it left but the ruins.
Troya, f. m. a sport or exercise used by gentlemen a horseback representing a fight, with reeds instead of lances. They call it also *jogo das canas*.
T R U
TRUAM, f. m. See **TRUHAM**.
TRUCIDAR, v. a. to kill, to murder
TRUCO, f. m. a sort of game at cards.
TRUCULENCIA, f. f. cruelty, truculence, or truculentness.
TRUCULENTO, a, adj. truculent, cruel, barbarous. Lat. *truculentus*.
TRUFA, f. m. See **GRACEJAR**, (an obsolet. word.)
TRUHAM, f. m. a buffoon, a jester.
TRUITA. See **TRUTA**.
TRUNFA, f. f. a sort of turban or turbant, an ornament that Turks wear on their heads, made of fine linen wreathed into a rundle.
TRUNFA, v. n. to play a trump.
TRUNFO, f. m. a trump card, a sort of card that is turned up at certain games; also a game called trump.
Cortar cum bum trunfo, to trump, to take with a trump.
Carta de trunfo com que se trunfa, ou carta extra carta, a trump.
TRUPEZUPE. See **TRAPEZAPE**.
TRUPITA, v. n. (a vulgar word) to make a noise with the hands or feet.
TRUQUE de taca, the play of billiards.
TRU'S, a word invented to express the sound, or report of a gun, &c.
TRUTA, f. f. the fish called a trout.
P. não se tomaõ trutas a bragas enxutas, there is no taking of trouts with dry breeches; nothing is to be done without trouble and labour.
TRUZ, a word invented to express the sound of a blow, fall, &c. as among us some say, flap, and swoop, or the like.
T U
TU, a pronoun, thou. Lat. *tu*. Nom. *tu*, gen. *de ti*, dat. *a ti*, ou *te*, acc. *a ti*, ou *te*, abl. *de ti*, ou *per ti*, pl. nom. *vós*, gen. *de vós*, &c.
Tu is only used to servants, or very mean persons.
Tu per tu, signifies coarse or ill language.

TUF

Dar tu, ou tratar por tu, to thou.
Os Quakers: trataõ a todos per tu, the quakers thou every body.

TUA

TU'A. See **TEU**.
TU'CA, a sort of wine in the islands called Meluccas in the Indian ocean.

TUB

TU'BA. See **TROMBET.A**.
Tuba, the poetical style.
TU'BA, f. f. ex.
Tubaras de carneiros, the testicles or stones of sheep.
Tubaras de porcos, the testicles of hogs.
Tubara da terra, a sort of root growing in the ground without any fibres, of a brownish colour; from the Italian name called in England tartuffles, and sold very dear, to put into rich soups; they are really no other than what in England are commonly called pig-nuts, because the swine dig them up, and show where they are.
TUBARAM, f. m. a shark, the most ravenous of fishes, a kind of sea-wolf, who, as it is reported, if it catch a man on the water will chop him in two at one bite.
TUBAROSA, f. f. turberose, a kind of white sweet-smelling flower. They call it also *angelica*.
TUBERA. } See { **TUBARA**.
TUBERAM. } { **TUBARAM**.
TUBEROSA. See **TUBARO**.
TUBERCULO, f. m. a tubercle or pimple, a small swelling on the body, particularly in the lungs.
TUBO, f. m. a tube or pipe.
Tubo optico. See OCULO.

TUC

TUCANA. See **TOUCAN**.

TUD

TUDESCO, f. m. a German.
TUDO, f. m. the whole, all, all things, any thing.
Elle he capaz para tudo, he is fit for any thing.
Elle pode tudo para com elle, she is all in all with him, she is very great with him.
Tudo consiste em ser homem de bem, it is all in all to be an honest man.
Tudo, the tout, or the toot, a term used amongst gamblers.
Jogar tudo, to play for the tout, or for all, to play double or quits.
Sobre tudo, above all.
Isto não he tudo, this is not all, moreover.
Tudo junto, all together, the whole.

TUF

TUFAM, f. m. a violent whirlwind, a hurricane.
TUFAR, v. n. (with g cons) to swell.
TUFO, f. m. a sand or gravel-stone that

T U N

that may easily be rubbed to crumbs. Lat. *tophus*; also manderil, or manderel, a sort of instrument used by blacksmiths.

De tupo, ou pertencente ao tupo, topaceous.

Tupo de lã, a lock of wool.

Tupo, ou rolinho. See ROLINDA.

Tupo de turbante, the linen of a turbant which is wreathed into a rundle.

TUFOSO, a. adj. (with surgeons.) See INCHADO.

T U G

TUGI'R, v. n. as, Elle não tuge, não muge, he holds his tongue, he does not dare to mutter.

T U I

TUPNS, a sort of little parrots in the Bravils.

T U L

TULHA, f. f. a receptacle made of wicker, &c. to keep olives, chestnuts, &c. in.

*Tulla de trigo, a cave in the ground to keep corn in. Lat. *frus*, or *fribus*. See also *CELLEIRO*.*

TULIPA, f. f. tulip, a sort of flower.

T U M

*TUMBA, f. f. a bier, a wooden frame to carry a dead body upon to burial. Lat. *feretrum*.*

TUMECE NCLIA, f. f. (with surgeons) a swelling.

*TUMENTE, adj. swelling. Lat. *tumens*.*

TUMIDO, a. adj. tumid, swollen; also proud, haughty.

TUMILHO, f. m. See TOMILHO.

TUMOR, f. m. a swelling, a tumour.

TUMOROSO, a. adj. tumid, swollen.

TUMULO, f. m. a sort of cenotaph or empty tomb.

TUMULTO, f. m. a tumult, a mutiny, a sedition, a fray, an insurrection, a broil, an uproar.

Fazer tumultu. See

*TUMULTUAR, v. n. to tumultuate, to make a tumult. Lat. *tumultuari*.*

TUMULTUARIAMENTE, adv. tumultuously, tumultuarily.

TUMULTUÁRIO, a. adj. tumultuous, tumultuary, disorderly, promiscuous, confused.

TUMULTUOSAMENTE, adv. See TUMULTUARIAMENTE.

*TUMULTUOSO, a. adj. tumultuous, full of tumults. See also *SEDICIO*, *SO*, and *TURBULENTO*.*

T U N

*TUNA, f. f. ex. Andar a tuna, to mump, to beg. See also *MAGANEAR*, and*

TUNAL, f. m. this tree may rather be called a heap of leaves one upon another, wherein it differs from all others, for there grows a leaf, and from that another, and so on one from another till the end; but as

T U R

other leaves sprout out above, or on the sides, those below grow thick and almost lose the shape of a leaf, twigs and branches, but all prickly, rough, and ugly. The wild ones bear no fruit, or if they do, it is good for nothing; those in gardens bear the fruit called *tunas*, much esteemed, bigger than large plums. There is another sort of *tuna*, which is said to breed the insects call chochineal.

TUNDA, f. f. a beating.

TUNICA, f. f. a tunic, part of the Roman dress.

*Tunica, the under garment worn by religious men, who wear no linen. See also *DALMATICA*.*

Tunica, (in anatomy) a tunicle, a little coat, membrane, or skin covering any part of the body.

Tunica, a peel or skin, the thin film that is over a nut, or the like.

TUNICELLA, f. f. a vestment worn by bishops in pontificalibus.

T U R

TURBA, f. f. a rabble, a multitude; also two choruses singing together.

TURBACAM, f. f. disorder, confusion, trouble, being out of countenance.

TURBAMENTE, adv. disorderly, surprisedly.

*TURBADO, a. adj. disordered, out of countenance; also rough, tempestuous; also cloudy, overcast. See the verb *TURBAR*.*

Festa turbada, dim light.

Ter a vista turbada, ou turva, to be dim-sighted.

TURBADOR, See PERTURBADOR.

TURBANTE, f. m. a turbant, the covering for the head worn by Mahometans.

TURBAR, v. a. to trouble, to make thick or muddy, to muddle.

Turbar a agua, to trouble the water, to make it thick.

Turbar, to trouble, to vex, to disturb.

Turbar, to over-cast, to cloud, to darken.

Turbar, to toss, to agitate, to put in violent motion, as the sea is in a storm.

Turbar, to dim, to make dim.

Turbar a vista, to dim the sight.

Turbar-se, v. r. to grow thick, or muddy, to turn, speaking of the weather; to be overcast.

Turbar-se, to be troubled or disturbed, to be out of countenance.

TURBIDO, a. adj. troublesome, troubling, afflictive.

TURBILHAM, f. m. (among the Cartesians) a vortex, whirl, or whirling.

*TURBIT, ou Turbit, an herb of a violent purging quality. Latin, *turbia*.*

TURBITH mineral, the yellow precipitate of mercury, turbith mineral.

TURBO, a. adj. thick, muddy.

TURBULENCIA, f. f. turbulent, unquietness.

T U T

TURBULENTO, a. adj. turbulent, troublesome, seditious, factious, mutinous.

TURCHIMAN, f. m. an interpreter to a traveller, a linguist, a dragon-man.

TURCO, f. m. a Turk, a native of Turkey.

De Turco, ou pertencente aos Turcos, Turkish, or belonging to the Turks.

O grão Turco, the emperor of the Turks, the grand seignor.

Turco, (in a ship) I think it is what we call the davit.

TURCOL, f. m. (in India) a sort of building or house for prayers.

TURGÊNCIA, f. f. (among physicians) a swelling.

TURGENTE, that swells, swelling, (with physicians.)

TURGIDO. See INCHADO.

TURGIMAM. See TURCHIMAN.

TURLAS, a sort of red cloth made of cotton. It comes from Cambaya.

TURIBIOS, beads, &c. made of crystal, (to say prayers with.)

TURIBULO. See THURIBULO.

TURIFERO, TURIFICAÇÃO, &c. See THURIFERO, THURIFICAÇÃO, &c.

TURIM, Turin, the capital city of Piedmont.

TURMA, f. f. (in the royal monastery of Alcobaça, in Portugal) a certain number of monks to officiate by turns; also a sort of coin in India.

*TURNO, f. m. turns; as, *Per turno*, by turns, one after another.*

TURQUESCO, a. adj. Turkish.

TURQUETI. See TURBIT.

TURQUEZA, f. f. turquois-stone, or turquoise, a precious stone of an azure, or blueish colour; so called, because frequently brought to us from the Turks.

TURQUESA DO, a. adj. blueish, of the colour of a turquois-stone.

*TURQUI, ex. *Azul turqui*, sky colour.*

TURQUIA, f. f. Turkey.

TURQUIMAM, f. m. See TURCHIMAN.

*TURRAM, f. m. a rich sweetmeat, made of almonds, small nuts, &c. all soaked with honey; a *terrendo*, because it is soaked.*

TURRAR, v. n. See MARRAR.

TURRIGERO, a. adj. that carrieth turrets on his back, turritiferous.

TURTURINO, a. adj. of, or belonging to the bird called a turtle.

TURTA'R. See TURBAR.

TURVO, a. adj. muddy. See TURBADO.

T U S

TUSAM. See TUZAM.

*TUSSILA'GEM, (ou uaba de cavallo) f. f. the herb foal's-foot, or colt's-foot. Lat. *tussilago*.*

T U T

TUTANO, f. m. marrow.

V A C

TUTAM, f. m. (in India) one that has been governor of a province.
TUTE, (a ludicrous word) as, *Dinblit-a-tute*, plenty of money.
TUTELA, f. f. guardianship. Lat. *tutela*; also protection.
TUTELAR, adj. tutelar, tutelary, defensive.
TUTIA, f. f. tutty, the heavier foil of brass, that cleaves and sticks to the higher places of furnaces, or melting-houses; a sublimate of zinc and calamine collected in the furnaces.
TUTULINA, f. f. Tutulina, a goddess invoked by the Romans to watch their grain, when it was gathered into the barns.
TUTINE'GRA. See **TOUTINEGRA**.
TUTOR, f. m. a guardian, one that has the care of an orphan, serving instead of parents.
TUTORA, f. f. a woman that has the care of an orphan.
TUTORIA, f. f. tutelage, guardianship, the office of a guardian. See **TUTOR**.
TUTUNAGA, f. f. tutanage, a sort of Chinese pewter.

V A C

T U Z

TUZAM, *ou Tusaõ*, ex. *A erdem do Tuzad*, the order of the Golden Fleece. From the French *toison*, a fleece. It was instituted A. C. 1409.

T Y B

TIBERINO, a, adj. of, or belonging to the river Tyber.
TYBRE, f. m. the famous river Tyber in Italy.

T Y M

TYMPANITICO, a, adj. of, or belonging to tympanias, or tympany.
TYMPANITIS, (among physicians) tympanias, or tympany, a kind of dropsy.
TYMPANO, f. m. (in anatomy) the tympan, drum, or the string of the drum of the ear.
Tympano, a tympan, a frame of wood covered with parchment, being part of the apparatus of a printing press.

T Y P

TYPICO, a, adj. typic, or typical, pertaining to a type or figure.

V A D

TYPO, f. m. a type, a symbol, a figure, an example; also a printer's type, or figure of a letter.

T Y R

TIRANNA, f. f. a woman that is a tyrant.
TIRANNAMENTE, adv. tyrannically.
TIRANNIA, f. f. tyranny.
TIRANNICO, a, adj. tyrannic, tyrannical.
TIRANNIZAR, v. a. to tyrannize over one.
TIRANNO, f. m. a tyrant.
O que mata tirannos, a tyrannicide, a killer of tyrants.
A morte de um tyranno, tyrannicide, the act of killing a tyrant.
Tyranno, a, adj. cruel, barbarous.
TIRIDA co, purple colour; also scarlet. It is only used in poetry.
TYRO, f. m. (in poetry) purple colour; also scarlet; also purple blood, or blood.
TYROCINIO. See **TIROCINIO**.
TYRSO. See **THYRSO**.

V.

V, f. m. the fourteenth consonant of the Portuguese alphabet. There are two sorts, one consonant, the other vowel; the consonant *v* is pronounced by bringing the under lip to the teeth, and differs in the pronunciation from the *b*, which requires the lips to be closed. The vowel *u* is pronounced like *oo* in English.
V, in Latin numbers stands for five, according to the poet,
V, verò quinque dabit tibi, si res numerabis.
V, with a dash at the top, stands for 5000.
V is by the inhabitants of Minho always confounded with *b*.
Vaca, an abbreviation for *Vossa merce*; which see.
V. R. (with the Romans) were frequently used for the phrase *uti rogat*, i. e. as thou asketh or desirest.
V, ut, a musical note.

V A A

VAA. See **VAO**.
VAGLORIA, &c. See **VANGLORIA**, &c.
VAMENTE, adv. vainly.

V A C

VACA, f. f. a cow. Latin *vacca*; also all beef, though it be ox beef.

Vaca novilha, a heifer, a young cow. Lat. *juvenca*.
Vaca preta, a cow with calf. Lat. *borda*.
Vaca esteril, a barren cow. Lat. *taura*.
Vaca para fazer costa, a cow kept for breed.
Leyte de vaca, cow's milk.
Curral de vacas, a cow-house, a vacary.
VACAÇAM, f. f. vacation, leisure, spare time; the vacation or time that the schools are shut at the universities, or that courts do not sit.
VACA'DA, f. f. a herd of cows.
VACA'NCIA, f. f. a vacancy, state of a post, or employment, when it is unfilled.

VACANTE, p. a. vacant, void.
VACAR, v. n. to mind a thing, to apply, to addict one's self to a thing. Lat. *vacare*.
VACARIA, f. f. a herd of cows.
VACATU'RA, f. f. See **VACANCIA**.
VACILLACAM, f. f. vacillation, a reeling, a tottering, staggering, joggling, or wagging.
Vacillacão, vacillation, a wavering, quandary, irresolution. (Metaph.)
VACILLANTE, p. a. reeling, tottering; also wavering, irresolute, uncertain. (Metaph.)

VACILLANTE, *ou Tremulo*. See **TREMULO**.
VACILLAR, v. n. to reel, stagger, totter, waggle, joggle.
Vacillar, to be wavering, irresolute, or uncertain what to do, to be in a quandary. (Metaph.)
VACUAÇAM, f. f. See **EVACUAÇAM**.
VACUIDADE, f. f. vacuity, emptiness. See also **VACUO**.
VACUM gado, herds of cows.
VACUO, f. m. (with physiologists) vacuum; it is supposed to be a space devoid or empty of all matter or body.

V A D

VADEA'DO, a, adj. forded.
VADEA'R, v. a. to ford, to wade. See also **SONDAR**, and **EXAMINAR**.
Que se pode vadear, fordable.
VADICE, f. f. vagrancy, or vagrantness, the state of rambling too and fro.
VADIO, f. m. a vagrant, a vagabond, a sturdy beggar, a rover, a Rambler.
Vadio, a, adj. vagabond, vagrant, strolling, wandering, roaming about, roving up and down.
Andar vadio, to ramble, to rove irregularly.

VAG

regularly, to go up and down, to and fro, or alitray.

VAG

VAGA, f. f. a huge wave, or billow, a surge, a great rolling wave. Lat. *fluctus decumanus*. From the French *vague*, a wave.

VAGABUNDO, f. m. a vagabond, a vagrant.

Vagabundo, a, adj. vagabond, vagrant, &c. See **VADIO**.

Andar vagabundo, to play the vagabond, to stroll about.

VAGA'DA, f. f. the sound or roar of a tumbling or rolling billow. From **VAGA**, which see.

VAGADO, f. m. giddiness in the head, a fainting fit, a twimming in the head.

VAGAMUNDO. See **VAGABUNDO**.

VAGANA'O, (an antiquated word) See **VAGABUNDO**.

Vaganao, restless, that is in continual motion, not still.

VAGANTE. See **VACANTE**.

VAGAR, v. n. to be vacant, or void, (speaking of a post, dignity or benefice.)

Vagar, to play the vagabond, to wander, to stroll about, to stray, to idle about, to ramble, to rove. See also **VACAR**.

Vagar, f. m. leisure, spare time.

Estar com vagar, ou *ter vagar*, to be at leisure.

Não tento vagar, ou *não estou com vagar*, I am not at leisure.

Vagar, slowness, negligence, slackness in doing, lingering, loitering.

De vagar. See **DEVAGAR**.

VAGAROSAMENTE, adv. slowly, slackly, without haste.

VAGAROSO, a, adj. slow, lingering. Lat. *lentos*.

Vagarejo no andar, slow-paced. Lat. *tardigradus*.

Vagarejo no falar, slow spoken, drawling. Lat. *tardiloquus*.

Que tem engenho vagarejo, dull of apprehension.

VAGEM, f. f. the husk, cod, or shell of a bean, pea, or any such thing. Lat. *silqua*. It is derived from *vagina*, the hose, or cod of corn.

VAGIDO, f. m. the crying of young children. Lat. *vagitus*.

VAGO. See **VACANTE**.

Vago, a, adj. vagabond, wandering; also inconstant, fickle, changeable, unsteady.

Vago, excursive, rambling, going from the matter in hand.

Vago, vague, unfixed, indefinite, loose, without due order or fixed intent.

Pensamentos vagos, rambling, or extravagant thoughts.

Co' a lamma nova vaga, it is whispered about.

Individuo vago, *individuum vagum*, that, which though it signifies but one thing, yet may be any of that kind.

VAL

Discurso vago, a loose discourse, a discourse that does not hang together.

Vago, dispersed, scattered, not gathered, or drawn together, (speaking of troops, or forces.)

De vago, adv. at leisure, not busy.

Herar eu tempo de vago, spare time.

Esta casa esta de vago, this house is not let.

VAGUEAÇAM, f. f. the rambling or roving from one thought to another.

VAGUEA'R com o pensamento, v. n. to ramble or rove from one thought to another.

VAI

VAI, go; also it concerneth; as, *Vai pouco*, it little concerneth. See the verb **HIR**.

VÁ'IA. See **VAYA**.

VÁIDA'DE, f. f. vanity, pride, presumption. Lat. *vanitas*.

Fazer vaidade de huma coisa, to pride one's self in a thing, to take pride in it, to make it one's pride.

VÁIGATS, f. m. Waigrat's Streights, a channel between Nova Zembla and Russia, through which the Dutch sailed in the year 1504 for the discovery of a passage to the East Indies and China.

VAINILHA. See **BAINICA**.

VÁIVE'M, f. m. a ram, an instrument with an iron head, antiently used for battering walls.

Váivem, turn, change, variety, vicissitude.

VÁIVENS da fortuna, the vicissitudes of fortune, the changes and tosses in fortune.

VÁIVO'DA, vayvode, a title of honour given to the sovereign princes of Moldavia, Walachia, and Transylvania; also a title given to some Turkish governors of towns.

VAL

VÁ'IA. See **VALLA**.

VALADA. See **VALLADA**.

VALEDA'DA dobra, a sort of Spanish money, so called because it was current and passable in Portugal.

VALEDO'R, f. m. an intercessor, a mediator, a favourer, a supporter.

VALENTAM, f. m. a valiant, stout, courageous, or brave man; also a bully, a man that has only the appearance of courage. See **FANFARRAM**.

Valentão, a bully, or bully-rock, a man that attends strumpets, and revenges the affronts they receive.

VALENTE, adj. brave, valiant; also in good health. Lat. *valens*.

Raço valente, (among painters) a bold stroke, or touch.

Que se faz valente a fôrça de beber, pot-valiant, filled with courage by strong drink.

VALENTEMENTE, adv. bravely, valiantly.

VAL

VALENTIA, f. f. valianthess, prowess, atchievement, feat, noble deed.

Valentia, perfection, niceness, skillfulness, accuracy, (speaking of a work nicely performed.)

VALENTONA, ex. *A' valentina*, roughly, by foul means, not by fair means.

VALER, v. n. and a. to be worth, to be of some value.

Não valer nada, to be worth nothing, to be good for nothing, to be nought.

Mais val, it is better.

Valer, to stand for, to be worth, to be good for.

M na conta Romana val mil, M in the Roman way of reckoning is worth a thousand, or stands for a thousand.

O az val onze no jogo dos centes, the ace at piquet is worth eleven, or is good for eleven.

Valer a alguém, to protect, to assist, to help, to succour, to favour, to relieve, to support one.

Valham Deus, God help me.

Este panço val tanto, this cloth is worth so much.

Quanto val isto? what is the price of this?

Valer, to help, to be serviceable, useful, or of use, to do service, to stand, or avail, to be of stead.

Aquillo não me valeo nada, that availed me nothing.

Valer, to hold, to stand, to hold or stand good, to be weighty or valid.

He cousa ardua o dizer que o argumento tirado da autoridade humana não val para formar nenhuma sorte de prova, nem affirmativa, nem negativa, to say that an argument, taken from men's authority, doth hold no way, neither affirmatively, nor negatively, is hard.

Este argumento não val, this argument does not hold good, or is not valid.

Valer, ou *ter valimento com alguém*, to be in favour with one.

Elle vale pesado a ouro, he is worth his weight in gold.

P. mais val hum toma, que d'us te dê, once taken, is better than twice I will give you; that is, one gift is better than two promises; or, a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

P. mais val o fructo, que o panço, it will not quit cost, it is not worth one's while. The French say, *le jeu se vaut pas la chandelle*.

P. mais val hum passarinho na mão, que deus que quando vão, a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

P. mais val tarde, que nunca, better late than never.

P. mais val se, que mal acompanhado, it is better to be alone than in bad company.

Valer-se de huma coisa, v. r. to make use of a thing, to have recourse to it.

Valer-se de alguém, to make use of one, to have recourse, to fly to one for help or relief, to make address to one.

Valer-se de estratagemas, to have recourse to stratagems.

V A L

VALERIANA, f. f. the herb valerian; we call it also fet-wall, or capon's tail.
VALEROSAMENTE, adv. bravely, valorously.
VALEROSO, a, adj. brave, valorous, valiant, courageous.
Vinho valeroso, generous, vigorous, or strong wine.
VALHACOUUTO, f. m. an asylum, or place of refuge, a sanctuary.
VALHAME Dies. See **VALER**.
VALIA, f. f. value, worth, price.
Valia eu pedreira, an intercessor, a mediator.
Meter valias. See **EMPENHAR**, ou *Mir empenhar*.
VALIDADE, f. f. validity, the being good in law.
VALIDADO, a, adj. validated, ratified, authorized.
VALIDAMENTE, adv. legally, lawfully.
VALIDAR, v. a. to validate, ratify, confirm, or authorize.
VALIDO, a, adj. valid, legal, good in law, done in due form; also valid, efficacious, weighty.
VALIDO, f. m. a favourite, a minion.
VALIMENTO, f. m. favour, protection.
Entrar no valimento, to get into favour.
VALIOSAMENTE, adv. See **VALIDAMENTE**.
VALIOSO, a, adj. See **VALIDO**.
VALLA, f. f. a ditch, a trench cut in the ground. Lat. *fossa*.
Vallas para escurrer a agoa dos campos, gutters or drains in the fields. Lat. *collicie*.
VALLADA, f. f. ou *Vallade*, f. m. an hedge, fence, or inclosure. It is properly a mud-wall with a fence of wood upon it, either dry or quickset.
VALLADO *plantado de espinheiros*, a mud-wall with a quickset hedge.
Cercar com hum vallado, to hedge, to encompass with an hedge, or mud-wall.
VALLADO, a, adj. fenced, walled, intrenched, encompassed. Lat. *vallatus*; also mud-walled. See also **CERCADO**.
VALLAR, v. a. to intrench, to fortify with a trench; also to encompass with a mud-wall, &c. See **VALLADA**.
VALLE, f. m. a valley, a dingle, or or dale. Lat. *vallis*.
Valle pequeno, a little valley.
VALLLO, f. m. See **TRINCHEIRA**.
VALOR, f. m. value, worth, price; also courage.
VALVERDE, f. m. See **BELVEDERE**.
VALVULA, f. f. (in anatomy) a valve or fold in the vessels.

V A N

VANDA, ex. *Ordem da Vanda*, an order of knighthood instituted by Al-

V A R

phonso XI. in Spain; but of no continuance, and long since extinct; so called, because the knights wore a scarf, or shoulder-belt.
VANGLORIA, f. f. vanity, vain-glory.
Vangloriar se, v. r. to be vain, or vain-glorious, to boast.
VANGLORIOSO, a, adj. vain-glorious.
Vanglorioso, f. m. a vain glorious man.
VANGUARDA, f. f. the van, or vanguard of an army.
Vanguardia, (metaph.) See **PRECEDENCIA**.
VANGUENARAU, (in India.) See **PRIORA**.
VANILOCAMENTE, adv. vainly, in vain.
VANILOQUIO, f. m. vain talking, prittle prattle. Lat. *vaniloquentia*.
VANISSIMO, a, adj. very vain.
VANTAJE. See **VENTAJEM**.

V A O

VAO, f. m. a ford, or shallow place in a river, where one may go over on foot. Lat. *vadam*.
Passar a vao. See **VADEAR**.
Vao, *vua*, adj. vain, fruitless; also vain, proud; also done or performed out of vanity, or vain-glory.
Em vao, adv. in vain, vainly.
Ficar em vao, to be disappointed, or frustrated.
Nada lhe salio em vao, he never was disappointed.
Vao, f. m. void, an empty space, a void space.
O vao entre duas barretes, the space between two rafters, or beams. Lat. *intertignium*.

V A P

VAPOR, f. m. vapour, fume, steam. Lat. *vapor*.
VAPORACAM, f. f. vaporation.
VAPORADO, a, adj. See
VAPORAR, v. a. to evaporate, to drive away in fumes.
Vaporar, v. n. to evaporate, to fly away in fumes.
VAPOROSO, a, adj. vaporiferous, vaporous.
VAPULADO, a, adj. See
VAPULAR, v. a. (it is only used in poetry.) See **AÇOUTAR**.

V A Q

VAQUEIRO, f. m. a herdsman that tends on oxen, or cows; also a long coat with long skirts; also a dress for women so called.
VAQUINHA, f. f. a young cow or heifer. Lat. *bucula*.

V A R

VARA, f. f. a rod. Lat. *virga*; also a switch, flexible twig, or sprig of a tree.
Vara, a small branch, or twig of a tree; the young shoot of a vine.
Vara, a long staff, or pole for various uses.

V A R

Para com que se picão os boys. See **A. GUILHADA**.
Vara de varejar, a pole to beat down fruit with, or to thresh trees with.
Para de lagar, com que se espremem as uvas, the great beam over the wine-press, wherewith grapes are pressed.
Vara de barco, a long pole or staff to shove forth a vessel into the deep, a sprit. Lat. *centus*.
Vara, ou Varinha de condão. See **VARINHA de condão**.
Tremor, como varas torcidas, to tremble all over, to shiver.
Vara para sustentar a rede de ençar aves, a small stake or fork, to stay up nets, or to stretch, or pitch them upon in fowling. - Lat. *amer*.
Vara de justiça, a rod of justice.
Corrido a vara, persecuted, or sued.
Vara de azeiteiro, the augur's crooked staff, wherewith he used in his office to quarter out the heaven. Lat. *lituus*.
Vara do embaixador da paz, a staff or white wand, which heralds, or ambassadors carried, when they went to treat of peace. Lat. *caduceus*. See also **CADUCEO**.
Vara de porcos, a company, or herd of swine.
Vara de castelle, the top, or highest part of a castle.
Vara de Coromandel, a gust, a violent and dangerous blast of wind upon the coast of Coromandel.
Vara de medir, a yard, a kind of measure.
VARACAM, f. f. the act of bringing a ship ashore.
VARADO, a, adj. brought ashore. See the verb **VARAR**.
VARADURO, f. m. a convenient place to lay ships aground, to carcen them, or the like.
VARAL, f. m. a shaft of a post-chaise, or of a litter.
VARANCA'DA. See **VARDASCA'DA**.
VARANDA, f. f. a balcony, a frame of iron, wood, or stone, before the window of a room, to take the air in, and to see at a distance.
Varanda na popa do navio, a gallery, a kind of balcony made upon the stern of a ship.
VARAM, f. m. a man; also male, not female.
Varão, an hero.
Varão de ferro, a bar, or long piece of iron for several uses.
VARAPA'O, f. m. a pole to strike with; also a stroke with such a pole.
VARAR, v. a. to lay a ship aground; also to run or pierce through.
Varar, eudar a costa, v. n. See **COSTA**.
VARDASCA'DA, f. f. a stroke with a switch, a jerk.
Dar huma vardascada, to switch, to strike with a switch, to lash, to jerk.
VARECAM, **VAREADOR**. See **VEREACAM**, **VEREADOR**.

V A R

VAREDA. See **VEREDA.**
Varija, ou Barija, f. f. the egg, spawn, or sperm of a flesh-fly, or blowing-fly, that infects meat.
Deu a varija na carne, the flesh-fly has blown the meat.
VAREJADO, a, adj. beaten, or threshed with a pole. See **VAREJAR.**
VAREJAMENTO, f. m. a search or searching.
Dar varejamento, to search. See **VAREJAR.**
VAREJAM, f. m. a great pole to beat down fruit with, or to thresh trees with.
VAREJAR, v. a. to cudgel or beat down fruit with a pole, to thrash trees with a pole; also to search commodities.
Pessoa varejada, the person whose commodities have been searched out.
Varjar, (in military affairs) to play upon; as, *A nossa artillaria varjava o inimigo,* our cannon played upon the enemy.
VAREJEIRA mosca, a flesh-fly, or a blowing-fly which blows and infects meat.
VAREJO, f. m. the act of beating down fruit with a pole.
Varjo da artillaria, the playing of cannon.
Varjo de lançadas, many strokes with lances or spears.
Varja, a search; also a lecture, a sharp reprimand. See **VAREJAMENTO.**
Dar varejo, to sequester, to deprive of possessions, to ruin one; also to strike, to beat; also to check, or reprimand.
VARELLA, ou *Varela,* f. f. so the Indian heathens call temples built to their gods, and also their monasteries.
VARETA, f. f. a gun-stick, a rammer.
Vareta de tambor, a drum-stick.
Varetas de lute, the sticks of the fans used by ladies.
VARGEM. See **VARZEA.**
VARIAÇÃO da agulha, (in navigation) the variation of the needle, or mariner's compass.
VARIA DO, a, adj. varied, altered, &c. See the verb **VARIAR.**
VARIAMENTE, adv. variously, differently, diversely.
VARIANTE, p. a. inconstant, fickle, changeable, variable; also raving, doating, delirious; also unsteady, or that varies or falters in his answers, (among the inquisitors.)
Que tem o juizo variante, delirious, light-headed.
VARIAR, v. n. to vary, to change, to alter, to become unlike itself, to be inconstant; also to differ, vary or disagree, to speak or write differently.
Variar alternadamente, v. a. to change by turns, or alternately.

V A R

Variar o de hum bando para que faga outro, v. a. to make one change sides, or fall off from one party to another.
VARIAR, v. n. to rave, to be delirious, or light-headed.
O variar da agulha. See **VARIAÇÃO** da agulha.
Variar de cores, to variegate, or make of different colours.
VARIAVEL, adj. variable, changeable.
VARICES. See **VARIZE6.**
VARICOZO, a, varicose, or varicous, that hath the veins puffed up and swollen more than ordinary with corrupt blood.
VARIEDADE, f. f. variety, diversity; also vicissitude, change, inconstancy.
VARIEGADO, a, adj. variegated, of many colours.
VARI'NA, a sort of vessel with oars.
VARINEL, f. m. idem.
VARINHA, a little wand, switch, or twig.
Varinha untada de visco, para caçar pajaros, a lime twig.
Varinha de cendão, ou de avulheira de que usão os metallicos para acharem minas de ouro, e alguns curiosos para descobrirem thesours, &c. virgula divina, a forked branch in the form of a Y, cut off a hazle tree, by means whereof some pretend to discover mines, springs, &c. under ground.
Ter varinha de cendão, to be lucky or successful in all undertakings.
VARIO, a, adj. various, different.
Vario, variegated, of different colours.
Vario, inconstant, changeable, variable, apt to change.
Fallar vario, to speak incoherently, or inconsequentially.
VARIZES, f. f. p. veins that are puffed up or swollen more than ordinary with corrupt blood.
VARONIA, f. f. the male line.
VARONIL, adj. manly; of, or belonging to a man, stout, courageous, virile.
Idade varonil. See
VARONILIDADE, f. f. virility, manhood, not childhood, not puerility.
VARONILMENTE, adv. manly, with courage, like a man.
VARRAM, f. m. a boar pig. Lat. *verres.*
VARREDOR, f. m. a sweeper, one who sweeps.
VARREDOURA rede, a dreg-net, a sweep-net. Lat. *verriculum.*
Varredoura, ou Barredoura vela. See **BARREDOURA.**
VARREDOURO, f. m. an oven's broom, a malkin, a coal-rake to make clean an oven. Lat. *rustabulum.*
VARREDURA, f. f. the act of sweeping with a broom, a sweep.
Varreduras, sweepings, the filth, dirt, or dust swept with a broom.
VARREER, v. a. to sweep with a broom.
Varrer-se alguma coisa da memoria a

V A S

algum, is for a thing to slip out of one's memory.
VARRIDO, a, adj. swept.
Deudo varrido, a great madman, one that is quite mad, and has no lucid intervals at all.
VARSEA, *Varzea, Varzia, ou Vargem,* f. f. a plain field, or a piece of level ground, that is sowed and cultivated.
Varsea de pão, a plain field sowed with corn.
VARZEA, ou *Varzia,* idem.

V A S

VASA, ou *Vaza,* f. f. sea-ooze, or sea-weed; also the moving sands near the edge of the sea.
Vasa, a trick at cards.
VASADO, a, adj. emptied, &c. according to the verb *Vasar.*
VASANTE, ou *Mare vasante,* reflux, the ebbing of the tide.
VASAM, ou *Vazão,* f. f. utterance, sale.
Dar vazão as mercancias, to sell commodities.
Que tem boa vazão, ou sabida, that sells well, that goes off very well.
Dar vazão a hum negocio, to dispatch a business.
VASAR, v. a. to empty a vessel, to pour out a liquor, to drain; also to cut, hollow, or deepen.
Vasar agua com hum bartidouro, &c. to scoop out water.
Vasar trigo, &c. que esta dentro de hum sacco, to shoot corn, &c. out of a sack.
Vasar os olhos, to pull out the eyes.
Vasar, v. n. to ebb, to flow back towards the sea.
Vasar ou dar na vasa, to run against the sea-ooze, or weed that has been thrown out by storms upon the sea-shore.
Vasar, to pour or rush tumultuously, to run forth in companies.
Vasar-se, v. r. to blab out, to tell or discover any thing that ought to be concealed.
Vasar-se de hum vicio, to forsake a vice.
VASCOLEJADO, a, adj. shaken, &c. See
VASCOLEJAR, v. a. to shake, as we do a glass phial, in order to stir the liquor that is in it.
Vascoljar, (metaph.) to shake, to deprive of firmness.
VASCONÇO, f. m. the language spoken in Biscay, the most northerly province of Spain.
VASCUENÇO, idem.
VASCU'LHO, f. m. a broom fixed at one end of a pole to sweep the dust from the walls, to pull down the cobwebs, &c.
Vasculho do forno. See **VARREDOURO.**
VASEIRO vado, a stag that is naturally of a small size.
VASILHA, f. f. a vessel to put any liquor in; also a vessel, a ship.
Ser ma vasilha, (a ludicrous expression) to be of a bad temper.

V A Y

Este vinho cheira a vasilha, this wine smells of the vessel or cask.

VASI'O, *a*, adj. empty, void of, not full. Lat. *vacuus*.

Vaso, vain, frivolous, empty, without solidity.

Vaso, *f. m.* See **HYPOCONDRIOS**.

Pagar as almas de vaso. See **PAGAR**.

VASO, *f. m.* a vessel, any sort of utensil to contain liquids, or any thing else within it. Lat. *vas*.

Vaso de eleição, (a scripture term) a vessel of election, an elect person.

Vaso, a vessel, a ship.

Vaso ou cope, (a constellation.) See **COPO**.

Vaso de barro, an earthen vessel.

Vaso pequeno, a little vessel

Vaso que tem duas azas, a vessel with two handles or ears.

Vaso, (in anatomy) a vessel, a vein or artery.

P. vaso mau nunca quebra, a bad vessel never breaks; things good for nothing last long.

VASQUI'NHA, *f. f.* a woman's upper petticoat, formerly used. Gothic.

VASSA'LAGEM, *f. f.* vassallage, duty of a subject to his prince or lord.

VASSALLO, *f. m.* a subject, a vassal.

VASSOURA, *f. f.* a besom or broom to sweep withal. Lat. *scopæ*.

VASSOURI'NHA, *f. f.* a little besom or broom.

Vassourinha que está dependurada na chaminé, e serve para varrer o lar, a fire-brush, the brush which hangs by the fire to sweep the hearth.

VASTAÇAM, *f. f.* vastation, devastation, waste, depopulation.

VASTAMENTE, adv. magnificently, pompously.

VASTIDAM, *f. f.* vastness, wideness, hugeness.

VASTO, *a*, adj. vast, huge, enormously extensive, or capacious. Lat. *vastus*.

V A T

VATE, *f. m.* (in poetry) a prophet.

VATICANO *monte*, Vatican, the name of a hill in Rome, so called of Vaticinia, the responses of oracles, anciently there received from the deity called Vatininus, on which stands a famous palace of the same name. At the foot of this hill is the magnificent church of St. Peter.

Livraria do Vaticano, ou Vaticana, the Vatican library, one of the most celebrated libraries in the world; it was founded by pope Sixtus IV. who stored it with the choicest books that could be picked up in Europe, ancient manuscripts, &c.

VATICINA'R, *v. a.* to vaticinate, to prophesy. Lat. *vaticinari*.

VATICINIO, *f. m.* a prophecy, a prediction.

V A Y

VATA, *f. f.* a rude way among young

V E A

people, of putting upon strangers, or bantering, then shouting at them when they are angry, or out of countenance; so *dar vaya*, is to use this rude custom.

VAIVODA. See **VAIVODA**.

V A Z

VAZA .	} See {	VASA .
VAZADO .		VASADO .
VAZAM .		VASAM .
VAZAR .		VASAR .
VAZEIRO .		VASEIRO .
VAZIO .		VASIO .
VAZO .		VASO .

U B I

UBI, (a school word) ubi, or place.

UBICAÇAM, *f. f.* (a school word) ubication, the where, local relation of a thing.

UBIQUIDA'DE, *f. f.* (in divinity) ubiquity, omnipresence, the being every where or in all places at the same time.

UBIQUITA'RIO, *f. m.* an ubiquitarian, one whose opinion is, that the body of Christ is every where present, as well as his divinity.

U B R

UBRE, *ou Uvre*, *f. m.* an udder, the milk-bag of a cow, or of a sow.

U C H

UCHA, *f. f.* (an antiquated word) a hutch, or chest to keep bread in.

UCHAM, *f. m.* (an antiquated word.) See **DESPENSEIRO**.

UCHARI'A, *f. f.* See **DESPENSA**.

V E A

VEA, *f. f.* a vein. Lat. *vena*.

Abrir a vea, to open or breathe a vein, to let blood.

Vea de agua, a vein of water, a spring under ground.

Vea da terra, a vein of the earth.

Vea de pedras, ou minas, a vein in stones or mines.

Vea, vein, the turn or tendency of the mind; as, *Vea poetica*, a poetical vein, or genius.

Que tem veas, veined, or veiny.

Ter vea de doudo, to be distracted or mad now and then.

Vea, (in poetry) blood.

Estar de vea para fazer alguma coisa, to be ready, or willing to do any thing, to be disposed or minded to do a thing.

VEAÇAM, *f. f.* venery, or hunting of deers, bucks, &c. also venison, the flesh of bucks, deers, &c.

VEA'DO, *f. m.* a hart, a stag, a he deer. Lat. *ceruus*.

Veados novos, que tem as pontas sem esgalbos, a spitter, a pricker, a male deer near two years old, whose horns begin to grow up sharp and spit-wise. Lat. *subulo*.

V E G

Veados de bom anno, a fawn.

Ervas ou arbustos que o veados derriba passando por elles, abatores, foiling, the springs or grafs the stag thrusts down as he passes by.

Levantar hum veados, ou fazer-lo levantar de lugar no qual elle está deitado, ou amalhado, to rouse a hart, to drive a hart from its resting place.

Veados de quatro annos, a stag, a male deer of four years old.

Veados, que escapou com vida da caça de ch-roy, ou da rainha, hart royal.

Veados de cinco annos, a stag, a male deer of five years of age.

VEADOR, VEADORIA. See **VEDOR, VEDORIA**.

VEAST'NHA, *f. f.* a small vein. Lat. *venula*.

V B C

VECEJA'R, *ou Viejjar*, *v. n.* to grow rank, to shoot forth into too many branches and leaves, as plants do, to grow luxuriant. Lat. *luxuriari*.

VECTAÇAM, *f. f.* a being borne, or carried; a riding, or going in a coach. Lat. *vehatio*.

V E D

VEDA'DO, *a*, adj. forbidden; also stopped, flanché.

VEDA'LHAS, *f. f. p.* (in the province of Beira) the present made to the bride.

VEDA'R, *v. a.* to forbid. Lat. *vitare*.

Vedar, to stop, to flanch.

Vedar o sangue, to flanch, to stop the blood.

VEDO'R, *Vedor*, *ou Veador*, *f. m.* an overseer, an inspector a comptroller, or controller.

Vedor da casa real, the king's sewer. Lat. *dapifer*.

Vedor geral da artilharia, controller-general, an officer of the artillery.

Vedor de agua, he that findeth springs. Lat. *aquilex*.

VEDORI'A, *f. f.* the office of an inspector, or controller, controllership; also a meeting of inspectors, or controllers.

V E G

VEGA'DA, *f. f.* (an antiquated word.) See **VEZ**.

VEGETAÇAM, *f. f.* vegetation.

VEGETA'DO, *a*, *p. p.* made vegetable.

VEGETANTE, *p. a.* See **VEGETATIVO**.

VEGETA'R, *v. n.* to vegetate, to grow, as plants.

Vegetar, *v. a.* to make vegetable, to give vegetable life, to make grow.

VEGETATIVO, *a*, adj. vegetable, vegetative.

Alma vegetativa, the vegetative soul.

VEGETO, *a*, adj. vegete, vigorous, strong, lively.

V B H

VEL

VEH

VEHEMENCIA, f. f. vehemence, or vehemency, heat, passion, eagerness, violence.

VEHEMENTE, adj. vehement, hot, eager, sharp, violent, passionate, boisterous, fierce. Lat. *vehemens*.

VEHICULO, f. m. (among physicians) vehicle, that part of a medicine which serves to make the principal ingredient potable.

VEI

VEIGA, f. f. a plain pasture ground by a river side. Arabic.

VEIRADO, a, adj. (in heraldry) vairy.

VEIRO, f. m. (in heraldry) voire.

VEL

VELA, f. f. a sail; also a candle; also a watch, or watchman.

Dar a vela, to set sail.

Navegar a vela cheia, to sail with full sails.

Vela, a sail, a ship.

Fazer foga de vela, to crow the sail.

Casar a vela, to turn the sail to the wind side.

Recolher as velas, to fur the sails.

Vela mestra ou do masto grande, the main sheet.

Vela da gavia, a top-sail.

Vela de joanete, the top-gallant-sail.

Vela de estaca, the stay-sail.

Vela latina, a triangular sail, vulgarly called a shoulder-of mutton-sail.

Vela redonda, though in express terms it seems to be a round sail, yet it signifies a square sail.

Vela de cera, a wax-candle.

Vela que tem o pavio de junco, a rush-candle, a rush-light.

Vela de enciar, a searing-candle.

Estar em vela. See **VIGIAR**.

VELA'CHO, f. m. the top-sail.

VELADOR, f. m. a wooden candle-stick as tall as a man, with holes in it, to fix lamps in, and to work by at night.

VELAME, the whole set of sails belonging to a ship.

VELAR, v. n. to watch. See **VIGIAR**.

Velar-se de, v. r. to beware, to take care, or be upon one's guard.

VELEJAR, v. n. to sail forth. Lat. *velificari*.

VELEIRO, a, adj. ex. *Navio veleiro*, a ship that is a good sailer.

Soldado veleiro, a soldier wearing light harness, a skirmisher. Lat. *velis*.

VALETA, f. f. a weather-cock to shew which way the wind blows.

VELHA, f. f. an old woman. *Avaz*.

Serrar a velha, a vulgar phrase to express the middle of Lent.

VELA, the feminine of **VELHO**, which see.

VELHACAMENTE, adv. villainously,

VEL

infamously, knavishly, scandalously; also lustfully, wilfully.

VELHACAM, f. m. a great knave.

VELHACARIA, f. f. knavery, villany, craftiness. See also **LUXURIA**.

VELHA'CO, f. m. a knave, a villain; also a lewd man.

VELHAQUEAR, v. n. to play the knave, to be arch, to play the wanton.

VELHAQUESCO, a, adj. waggish, knavishly wanton, merrily mischievous, frolicksome.

VELHAQUETE. See

VELHAQUINHO, f. m. a little knave, a little wag.

VELHI'CE, f. f. old age.

Grande velhice, a great age.

Elle morreu de velhice, he died with age, or being very old.

VELHI'NHA, f. f. a little old woman, a forry old woman.

VELHI'NHO, f. m. a little old man, a forry old man.

VELHO, f. m. an old man, an ancient man. Lat. *senex*.

Velho tanto, an old dotard, an old fool.

Velho, velha, adj. old, ancient in years, or stricken in years.

Lua velha. See **MINGOANTE da lua**.

Homen velho, cavallo velho, an old man, an old horse.

Soldado velho, an old soldier, a veteran.

Mais velho, older, or elder.

O mais velho, the eldest.

O irmão mais velho, the eldest brother.

Algun tanto velho, oldish.

O bomem velho, (a scripture phrase) the old man.

Fazer-se velho, to grow old.

Estar no calçado velho, to be old.

F. je queres viver saõ, faze-te velho antes, if you would be healthy, be old betimes; that is, take care of yourself as old men do; we say, he that would be young when he is old, must be old when he is young.

Velho cavallo, a horse of a colour betwixt black and sorrel.

VELHOSI NHO. See **VELHINHO**.

VELICAÇAM. See **VELLICAÇAM**.

VELI'NHA, f. f. a small candle.

VELITES, f. m. p. velites, light armed soldiers amongst the ancient Romans.

VELIVOLO, a, adj. that goeth with sails. Lat. *velivolus*.

VELLEANO. See **SENATUSCONSULTO**.

VELLEIDA'DE, f. f. velleity, a remiss will.

VELLICAÇAM, f. f. (in surgery) vellication.

VELLICAR, v. a. (in surgery) to vellicate, to pluck, to act by stimulation.

VELLO, f. m. a fleece of wool; also the nap on cloth.

Vello fatal, ou vello d'ouro, ou vellocizo de ouro, ou de Calceos, the golden

VEN

fleece carried away by Jason and the Argonauts.

VELLOCINO. See **VELLO fatal**.

VELLO'SO, a, adj. fleecy. See also **FELPUDO**.

VELOCIDA'DE, f. f. velocity, swift-ness.

VELORIOS, f. m. p. a sort of grapes good for nothing.

VELOSO. See **VELLOSO**.

VELO'Z, adj. swift. Lat. *velox*.

VELOZMENTE, adv. swiftly.

VELUDO, f. m. velvet.

Mangas de veludo, a sort of bird about the Cape of Good Hope.

De veludo, ou semelhança a veludo, velvet.

Flor veluda. See **AMARANTO**.

VEN

VENA'BLO, f. m. a javlin, a hunt-
man's spear.

Venabls, (in military affairs.) See **ESPONTAM**.

VENA'L, adj. venal, mercenary, prostitute, base, mean, doing any thing for gain.

Venal, pertaining to a vein, contained in the veins, venal.

VENALIDA'DE, f. f. venality, mercenariness, prostitution.

VENATORIA, f. f. the art or sport of hunting.

VENCEDOR, f. m. a conqueror, or vanquisher. Lat. *vincitor*.

VENCEDORA, f. f. a female conqueror. Lat. *vincitrix*.

VENCE'LHO, f. m. a twig, or a tie made of straw, rush, &c. to tie up the sheaves of corn with. From the Lat. *vincire*, to tie up.

Vencilho, the bird called a martlet.

P. dar o conselho, e o vencilho, to give the advice and the twig; that is, not only to advise a man how to do his business, but to furnish him with the means.

VENCE'R, v. a. to vanquish, subdue, overcome, to conquer, to worst, to get the better of. Lat. *vincere*.

Vencer em dias ou annos a alguem, to survive, to live after the the death of another.

Vencer, to surmount, to surpass, or outdo, to exceed.

Vencer a causa ou pleito, to carry the cause, to cast one's adversary at the bar, to overthrow one at law.

Vencer, to carry the day, to carry the bell.

Vencer em votos, to have the majority of votes.

Vencer soldo, to take pay for service in war.

Vencer-se a si, v. r. to conquer one's self, to subdue, overcome, conquer, or master one's passions.

VENCI'DA, ex. *ir ou levar de vencida*, to vanquish, &c. See **VENCER**.

VENCI'DO, a, adj. vanquished, &c. according to *vencer*.

Dar-se por vencido, to submit, to yield up the conquest. Lat. *peragere bellum*.

VEN-

VEN

VENCILHO. See **VENCELHO**.
VENCIMENTO, *f. m.* conquest, overcoming.
VENCIVEL, *adj.* conquerable, that may be overcome, vincible, superable.
VENDA, *f. f.* sale, selling, or vendition.
Centa da venda, account of sales.
Venda em leilão, public sale or auction.
Venda, a fillet or band of cloth to bind the eyes with.
Venda, an inn. *Avendado*, from selling.
VENDA'DO, *a*, *adj.* bound with fillets.
VENDAR, *v. a.* to bind with fillets.
Vendar os olhos, to blindfold, to hoodwink one; to blind the eyes.
VENDAVAL, *f. m.* the wind that brings home ships from the West Indies, which is not fixed as the trade-wind, yet generally keeps between the south and the north-west, running through all the points between them. They meet these winds when they have passed the channel of Bahama to the northward, which brings them clear off the trade-winds which carry them to the West Indies. See *Acosta*, in his *Nat. Hist. of the West Indies*, lib. iii. cap. 4.
VENDAVEL, *adj.* saleable, that may be sold, that will sell, vendible.
VENDEDOR, *f. m.* a seller, a man that sells.
VENDEIRA, *f. f.* a hostess, a vintress. *Lat. coxa.*
VENDEIRO, *f. m.* an inn-keeper, a vintner.
VENDE'R, *v. a.* to sell, to part with, or make over for a certain price. *Lat. vendere.*
Vender ou entregar alguma, to sell or betray one.
Vender barato, ou caro, to sell cheap or dear.
Vender fiado a algum, to trust one, to give him credit.
Vender a dinheiro de contado, to sell for ready money.
Vender em partidas, ou por junto, to sell by the whole, to sell by wholesale.
Vender por miúdo, to retail, to sell in small quantities, to sell by retail.
Vender em leilão, to auction, to sell by public sale or auction.
Vender-se, *v. r.* to sell or go off; also to brag, to boast, to vaunt. See **JACTAR-SE**.
VENDICATIVO. See **VINDICATIVO**.
VENDICAR *v. a.* See **RESGATAR**, and **LIVRAR**.
VENDIDQ, *a*, *adj.* sold, &c. according to the verb *Vender*.
Estar vendido em huma conversação, to be in company where all play upon a man.
VENDIM, &c. See **VINDIMA**, &c.
VENEFCIO, *f. m.* witchcraft, sorcery; also venefice, empoisoning. *Lat. veneficium.*

VEN

VENEFICO, *a*, *adj.* venefical, or venefic.
VENENADO, VENENAR. See **AVENENADO, AVENENAR**.
VENENO, *f. m.* poison.
VENENOSIDA'DE, *f. f.* venenosity, venenousness, veneniferousness.
VENENOSO, *a*, *adj.* venomous, poisonous.
VENERA, *f. f.* a scallop-shell, the token of a military order.
VENERABU'NDQ, *a*, *adj.* in a reverent posture of worship, that shews reverence. *Lat. venerabundus.*
VENERAÇAM, *f. f.* veneration, worship, respect.
VENERADO, *a*, *adj.* venerated, respected, worshipped.
VENERANDO. See **VENERAVEL**.
VENERADOR, *f. m.* a worshipper, a reverencer, one who reverences or respects, a respecter.
VENERA'R, *v. a.* to venerate, to respect, to honour. *Lat. venerari.*
VENERA'VEL, *adj.* venerable, worshipful, worthy of deference, claiming respect by any character or dignity.
VENEREO, *a*, *adj.* venereal, lustful.
VENETA, *f. f.* one's will, humour, or fancy, a whim.
Da-lhe na veneta de ir a Roma, the fancy or humour took him to go to Rome.
VENEZA, *f. f.* Venice, a republic in Italy; also the city of Venice, the capital of the state of Venice.
Dar, ou offerecer veneta, to offer vast treasures, to promise great matters.
VENAGA, *f. f.* (an Indian word.) See **MERCADORIA**.
VENIA'L peccado, a venial sin or fault.
VENIALIDA'DE, *f. f.* venialness, the lightness or smallness of a sin, or any other fault; also any slight or small sin or fault.
VENIALMENTE, *adv. ex.* *Peccar venialmente*, to commit a venial sin.
VENOSO, *a*, *adj.* veinous, full of veins.
VENSI, likewise, also; (obsol.).
VENYA, *f. f.* nostril. *Lat. naris.*
As ventas, the nostrils.
VENTAJA'DO, *a*, *adj.* See **AVENTAJADO**.
VENTAJE, *ou Ventajem*, *f. f.* advantage, convenience; as, *a ventajem do lugar*, the convenience of the place. Gothic.
Ventaje, an extraordinary pay allowed to some particular soldiers.
Levar, ou fazer ventaje, to surpass, to surmount, to exceed.
VENTAJO'SQ, *a*, *adj.* advantageous, convenient.
Posto ventajoso, an advantageous or convenient post.
VENTANAS. See **VENTANILHAS**.
VENTANIA, *f. f.* wind that blows hard, a great or high wind.
VENTANILHAS, *f. f.* hazards, the holes in the sides of a billiard-table,

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into which the gamblers endeavour to strike their adversaries ball.
VENTAPO'PPA. See **VENTO**.
VENTA'R, *v. n.* imperf. *ex. Vento*, the wind blows, it is windy weather. See also **SOSPEITA**.
VENTILAÇAM, *f. f.* ventilation, cooling, fanning, airiness, exposure to the open air.
Ventilagam a canvassing, or sifting of a business, or question, a debate.
VENTILA'DO, *a*, *adj.* ventilated, &c. according to the verb.
VENTILAR, *v. a.* to ventilate, to winnow; also to ventilate, to examine, to discuss; also to air, to expose to the air.
VENTINHO, *f. m.* a little wind.
VENTISSIMO, *a*, *adj.* most vehement. I think it should be *vibram. tissimo*.
VENTO, *f. m.* the wind. *Lat. ventus.*
Vento em popa, a fore wind.
Navegar com vento em popa, to sail before the wind.
Faz vento, the wind blows.
Vento geral, ou monção, the trade-wind.
Ter o vento contrario ou de proa, to have the wind in one's teeth.
Navegar com o vento e com a maré, to sail with wind and tide.
Vento iravessado. See **TRAVESSAM**.
Rosa da agulha ou dos ventos, the fly of the mariner's compass.
Nomes dos ventos, the names of the winds.
Norte, north.
Norte quarta a nordeste, north-by-east.
Nor nordeste, north-north-east.
Nordeste quarta a norte, north-east-by-north.
Nordeste, north-east.
Nordeste quarta a leste, north-east-by-east.
Le nordeste, east north-east.
Leste quarta a nordeste, east-by-north.
Leste, east.
Leste quarta a sueste, east-by-south.
Le sueste, east south-east.
Sueste quarta a leste, south-east-by-east.
Sueste, south-east.
Sueste quarta a sul, south-east-by-south.
Susueste, south-south-east.
Sul quarta a sueste, south-by-east.
Sul, south.
Sul quarta a sudoeste, south-by-west.
Susudoeste, south-south-west.
Sudoeste quarta a sul, south-west-by-south.
Sudoeste, south-west.
Sudoeste quarta a oeste, south-west-by-west.
O's sudoeste, west-south-west.
Oeste quarta a sudoeste, west-by-south.
Oeste, west.
Oeste quarta a noroeste, west-by-north.
O's noroeste, west-north-west.
Noroeste quarta a oeste, north-west-by-west.
Noroeste, north-west.
Noroeste quarta a norte, north-west-by-north.

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Nor noroeste, north-north-west.
Norte quarta a noroeste, north-by-west.
Fruta derivada pelo vento, wind-fall, fruit pulled or blown down by the wind.
Que esta desido, ou impedido de navegar por causa do vento contraria, wind-bound, hindered, stopped, or kept back from sailing by a contrary wind.
Vento de baixo, a wind that blows from the sea.
Vento de cima, a wind that blows from the land.
Vento fresco, a fresh or stiff gale.
Esta o vento escafo, ou salta o vento de hum rumo para outro, the wind veers or chops about.
Vento largo, a quarter-wind.
Vento feito, a wind that lasts, or is supposed to last for a good while, as the trade-winds.
Animal oclado do vento, a stray, a strayed beast, a beast that is found wandering from its pasture, &c.
Caõ que tem bom vento, a dog that is quick of scent, a dog that hunts well upon scent.
Vento favoravel, a favourable wind.
Ir, ou saber qualquer coisa ventapoppa a algum, is for one to succeed, to prosper, or to have good success in any thing.
Vento, wind, vanity, emptiness. See *VALDADE*.
Elle he tao leve, ou incostante como o vento, he is a man that turns with every wind, he is fickle or inconsistent.
Vento ou flato, wind, windiness, flatulence.
Vento coado, wind that comes through a crany, chink, or hole.
Moinho de vento, a wind-mill.
Levar a mesmo vento, (metaph.) to tend to the same end.
Ir hum navio, &c. a discriçao dos ventos ou das ondas, is for a ship, &c. to go a-drift, or to be committed to the winds or waves.
P. com vento alimpaõ o trigo, e os vicios com castigo, wind cleanses corn, and punishment corrects vice.
VENTOINHA, f. f. a sort of small bird so called.
VENTO'R, f. m. See *SABUYO*.
VENTOSA, f. f. a cupping-glass.
Lançar, deitar, ou applicar ventosas, to cup.
VENTOSIDA'DE, f. f. wind, windiness, flatulence.
VENTOSI'NHO, f. m. See *PENTINHO*.
VENTO'SO, a, adj. windy, exposed to the wind.
Lugar ventoso, a bleak windy place.
VENTRE, f. m. the belly, womb, paunch or guts. Lat. *venter*.
Aquella mulher tem tido tres filhos de hum ventre, that woman has had three children at a birth.
Bemdito seja o fruto do teu ventre, blessed be the fruit of thy womb.

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Ventre, (in anatomy) venter.
Fluxo do ventre, looseness.
VENTRI'CULO, f. m. the ventricle, or stomach.
Ventriculo do coração, ou do cerebro, the ventricle of the heart or brain.
VENTRI'NHO, f. m. a small belly.
VENTRI'SCA, f. f. a piece of the flank of beef, &c. also the belly, (in a jocose sense.)
VENTURA, f. f. luck; but when taken absolutely, is always good luck.
Bom ou ma ventura, good or bad luck.
Por em ventura, to venture, to hazard.
A deus, e a ventura, at a venture, at hazard, without much consideration, without any thing more than the hope of a lucky chance.
Por ventura, what, why; as, *Por ventura, não he elle formoso?* why, is he not handsome?
Ir, ou andar a ventura, to wander at a venture.
P. vem ventura, vem e dura, come good luck, come and be lasting.
P. ventura te de Deus filho, que saber pouco te basta, God give you good luck, child; for a little knowledge, or learning, will serve your turn; because it is fortune that raises men more than merit.
VENTUREIRO, f. m. See *AVENTUREIRO*.
VENTURINA, f. f. the venturine stone.
VENTUROSAMENTE, adv. luckily, fortunately.
VENTUROSO, a, adj. lucky, fortunate.
VENUS, f. f. Venus, the goddess of beauty; also the planet Venus.
Venus, (with chemists) venus or copper.
VENU'STO, a, adj. beautiful, graceful. Lat. *venustus*.

VEO

VE'O, f. m. a veil, any fine covering.
Ve'o de freira, a nun's veil.
Cobrir com hum ve'o, to veil, to cover with a veil.

VER

VER, v. a. to see. Lat. *videre*. Pref. *veja, ves, ve, vemos, vedes, vem*; preterimp. *via, vias, via*, &c.
A meu ver, in my opinion.
Se o visstis, parecer-vos-hia hum homem de bem, by his looks you would take him for an honest man.
Ir ver a algum, to go to see one, to make, give, or pay him a visit, to wait on or upon him, to call upon him.
Ver-se, v. r. to look at one's self, to look upon one's self.
Ver-se, e desajar-se, to be in a great trouble, to be put to one's last shift.
Ver-se ao espelho. See *ESPELHARSE*.
Ver-se em estado de, &c. to be or find one's self in a condition to, &c.

VER

VERACIDA'DE, f. f. veracity, observance of truth.
VERANI'CO de São Martinho, the latter part of autumn, from All-Saints day to Martinmas.
VERAM, f. m. so they commonly call the summer, but properly the spring.
Passar o veraõ, to pass the summer.
Dia de veraõ, a summer-day.
P. as invictas ferreiras, e no veraõ lavradora, in the winter a baker, and in summer a vintress; trades chosen for the convenience of the season.
VE'RAS, f. f. p. earnest, a serious event, not a jest.
De veras, in good earnest.
De veras! oh dear! an interj.
Mais de veras, ou com grandes veras, very earnestly.
VERATRO, f. m. (with botanists) veratrum, or hellebore.
VERA'S, adj. veracious, observant of truth.
VE'RA, f. f. an article, or passage of a law, will, &c.
VERBA'L, adj. verbal, that comes from a verb.
Adjectivo verbal, a verbal adjective.
Verbal, verbal, by word of mouth.
VERBALMENTE, adv. verbally, by word of mouth.
VERBASCO, f. m. the herb petty-mullen, wool-blade, hig-taper, or long-wort. Lat. *verbascum*.
VERBENA, f. f. the herb vervain.
VERBERAÇAM, f. f. a beating, or striking, verberation. Lat. *verberatio*.
VERBERAM, f. m. See *VERBENA*.
VERBI-GRATIA, as for example. Lat. *verbi gratia*.
VERBO, f. m. the Word, the second person of the blessed Trinity.
Verbo, (in grammar) a verb, a part of speech.
VERBOSIDA'DE, f. f. verbosity.
VERBO'SO, a, adj. verbose, loquacious.
VERÇA. See *VERSA*.
VERÇADO, &c. See *VERSADO*, &c.
VERDA'CHO, f. m. a kind of green used by painters.
VERDA'DE, f. f. truth. Lat. *veritas*.
De verdade, ou de veras, in good earnest.
Na verdade, indeed, truly, verily, in truth.
P. nem todas as verdades se dizem, all truths are not to be spoken at all times.
VERDADEIRAMENTE, adv. truly, verily.
VERDADEIRO, a, adj. true, real, sincere, not fraudulent, veracious, honest; also true, genuine, not counterfeit.
Amigo verdadeiro, a true friend.
VERDE, f. m. green, or green colour; also grass.
Verde mar, a sea-green.

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Verde claro, a light-green.
Verde terra, verdure, a green colour used in painting.
Verde montanha, a mountain-green.
Dar o verde a um cavallo, to put or turn a horse to grass.
Cavalleo que esta tomando verde, a grass-horse.
Verde negro, a deep-green, a green colour partaking of the dark.
Verde, the blood of a goat, hog, &c. made into meat. Lat. *sanguiculus*.
Verde, adj. green, of a green colour. Lat. *viridis*.
Fruta verde, green, or unripe fruit.
Lenha verde, green wood, wood that is not dry.
Vinho verde, tart wine.
Algun tanto verde, greenish.
Verde, boisterous, stormy, tempestuous.
Verde, fresh, lusty, vigorous, undecayed.
Verde, youthful, flourishing.
Verde, green, fresh, new.
Verdes annas, green years, tender years, youthful days.
Que tem os olhos verdes, green-eyed.
P. dar huma verde e outra madura, to cajole and chide or rebuke by turns.
P. não deixar verde, nem seco, to leave neither green nor dry; to sweep all away, to sweep flakes.
VERDEA, f. f. verdee, a pleasant sort of Italian white wine made at Florence.
VERDEA'L, f. m. a sort of apple. See *PERO*.
VERDEAR, ou *Verdejar*, v. n. to grow green, to be verdant.
VERDE GAYO, f. m. a light-green.
VERDELHAM, f. m. a green-finch. Lat. *chloris*.
VERDEMA'R, a sea-green.
VERDEMON'TANHA, a mountain-green.
VERDESELHA. See *TREPADEIRA*.
VERDE'TE, f. m. it is according to Bluteau a kind of green mescalite.
Verde artificial, verdigrease.
VERDINE'GRO, a, adj. of a deep green colour, that has a cast of black; or green and black.
VERDOA'GA. See *BELDROEGA*.
VERDOENGO, a, adj. greenish.
VERDO'R, f. m. greenness, or verdure.
Verder, rashness, indiscretion, want of consideration, particularly in young people.
Verdres de moço, green years, tender years, youthful days.
Verdres do seculo, vanity, pride, vain-glory.
VERDUGA'DA, f. f. a petticoat, not like a fardingal sticking out above, but close to the body at the waist, having hoops placed below one another, wider and wider, down to the feet; so that it looks exactly like a funnel.
VERDUGO, f. m. an executioner, an hangman.
Verdugo, a tuck, square like a spit, called *verdugo*, because looked upon as a mortal weapon; also a small knife.

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Verdugo, ou *dobra*, a plait or fold.
VERDURA, f. f. the greenness, or verdure of plants. Lat. *viriditas*.
Verdura, ou *Demasiada abundancia de palavras*, luxury of words.
Verduras da mocidade, rashness, indiscretion, or any other fault in young people.
Verduras, greens. See *HORTALIÇA*.
VEREACAM, f. f. a meeting of aldermen; also the office or dignity of an alderman.
VEREADO'R, f. m. an alderman.
VERECUN'DIA, f. f. bashfulness, modesty.
VERMELHIDAM que sobe a cara procedida da verecundia, blush, blushing, a redness in the face proceeding from modesty.
VERECUN'DO, a, adj. verecund, modest, bashful.
VEREDA, f. f. a foot-path, a by-way, a by-path, a narrow path only for travellers, not for horses or carriages. Lat. *finita*.
Seguir a vereda de outrem, (metaph.) to follow the example of another.
P. quem deixa o caminho real pela vereda, cuida atalhar, e rodear, he that leaves the highway for a path, thinks he goes the shortest way, and goes farthest about; because they often mistake and lose their way; the farthest about is the nearest way home.
VERENDO, a, adj. See *VENERA-VEL*.
VERGA, f. f. a rod, a switch, a wand; also the yard of a ship.
Verga seca, the cross jack-yard hung at the end of the mizen-mast, under the top, and having no halliards.
Verga da porta, the lintel, the head-piece over a door. Lat. *limen superam*.
VERGADA'LTO, ex. *Estar de vergadito*, (a sea phrase) to stand for the offing.
VERGA'LHO, f. m. a pizzle, the grissy part of the penis of an animal.
VERGAM, f. m. a mark or print of a stripe, or blow; black and blue. a wale on the flesh after whipping. Lat. *vibix*.
VERGA'R, v. n. to bend, bow, or sink, to suffer flexure.
VERGEBAM. See *VERBENA*.
VERGEL, f. m. an orchard, a place set with fruit trees. Lat. *pomarum*. It is a Gothic word.
VERGILIAS, (in astronomy) the seven stars. Lat. *virgilia*.
VERGONHA, f. f. shame.
Ter vergonha, to blush, to be ashamed.
Sem vergonha, ou *que não tem vergonha*, shameless.
Perder toda a vergonha, to lose all shame, to be past shame.
Vergonhas, the privy parts.
P. melhor de vergonha no rosto, que magoa no coração, it is better to be ashamed or blush, than to grieve, or be troubled; that is, a man had better

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make his case known, and be relieved, though it put him to the blush, than to be silent and want, or miss of his business.
P. quem não tem vergonha, todo o mundo he seu, he who has no shame has all the world for his own; that is, impudence carries all before it.
P. a mulher que perde a vergonha, nunca a cobra, the woman that loses her modesty, or her honour, never recovers it; once a whore, and always a whore.
VERGONHOSA. See *SENSITIVA*.
VERGONHOSAMENTE, adv. shamefully.
VERGONHO'SO, a, adj. bashful, shamefaced, ashamed; also shameful, to be ashamed of, disgraceful, infamous.
VERGONTEA, ou *Vergontia*, f. f. See *RENOVO*.
VERI'DICO, a, adj. veracious, observant of truth, honest in report.
VERIFICACAM, f. f. verifying, verification.
VERIFICA'DO, a, adj. verified.
VERIFICA'R, v. a. to verify, to prove, to make good.
Verificar huma escriptura, to examine a writing.
Verificou-se, v. r. to be fulfilled.
Verificou-se a profecia, the prophecy was fulfilled.
Verificou-se aquillo, that was found true, that proved true, or that proved to be true.
VERILHA. See *VIRILHA*.
VERISIMIL, or *Verosmil*, adj. likely, probable, verisimilar; also that speaks or writes with verisimilitude, or resemblance to truth.
VERISIMILHA'NÇA, f. f. verisimilitude, verisimilitude, likelihood, probability, resemblance to truth.
VERISIMILITUD, f. f. idem.
VERISIMILMENTE, adv. likely, with likelihood.
VERME, f. m. a grub, a worm. Lat. *vermis*.
Verme da madeira, a worm that breeds in wood.
Tirar a algum o verme dos dentes, to pump one, to pump a thing out of one.
VERMELHAM, f. m. vermil, or vermilion, factitious or native cinnabar, sulphur mixed with mercury.
Vermelhaõ com que as mulheres pintão a cara, red, or red paint.
Ella porem vermelhaõ, ou *cor na cara*, sic paints red.
Vermelhido, f. f. redness, the being red. See also *VERECUNDIA*.
VERME'LHO, a, adj. red.
Beijos vermelhos, red lips, or cherry lips.
Olhos vermelhos, red-flecked eyes.
Algun tanto vermelho, reddish.
Fazer-se vermelho, to redden, to become red.
Fazer vermelho, to redden, to make red.

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Vermelho como huma brasa, red-hot.
Fazer-se vermelho com vergonha, to blush, or colour, to be ashamed.
Fazer a algum um vermelho de envergonhado, to make one blush, to shame one, to make one ashamed.
Cer vermelho de sayada, a faint-red.
Cer vermelho muito vivo, a bright red colour.
VERMELHO, *f. m.* red, or red colour.
VERMICULAR *herwa*, the herb prick-madam, worm-grass, or stone-crop. Lat. *crasula minor*.
VERNACULO, *a*, adj. vernacular, native; as, *Lingua vernacula*, the vernacular tongue of a country.
VERNI Z, *f. m.* varnish.
VERONICA, *f. f.* (an abbreviation of *veronica*, *q. vera icon*, a true image) Veronica, the picture of Christ's face as it is said to have remained imprinted on a cloth, with which a woman wiped his face, as he was carrying the cross. It is also the proper name of a woman.
Veronica, a medal with the picture of one or more saints, (in the Romish countries.)
Veronica, the face, countenance, or visage.
Veronica, the herb fluellin. Lat. *veronica*.
VEROSIMIL, &c. See **VERISIMIL**, &c.
FERRUCARIA *burva*, the herb wart-wort, or turn-sole.
FERRUGA, *f. f.* a wart.
VERRUGUENTO, *a*, adj. full of warts, warty.
VERRUGUINHA, *f. f.* a little wart.
FERRU'MA, *f. f.* a gimlet, a nail-piercer, a borer.
FERRUMAM, *f. m.* a great borer, or gimlet, a wimble, an auger; also a kind of wood-worm that bores the wood with its tail.
VERSA, *f. f.* a sort of cabbage.
Verfas, a jocose word for bad verses.
Verfas, trifes, silly things.
VERSA'DO, *a*, adj. versed, skilled, experienced, used.
Muito versado na historia, well versed, skilled, or well read in history.
PERSAM, *f. f.* version, translation.
Verção de hum planeta, &c. the revolution or course of a planet, &c.
VERSA'TIL, adj. versatile, that turneth easily; or may be turned. Lat. *versatilis*; also versatile, changeable, variable.
VER-SE. See after **VER**.
VERSETO, *f. m.* a little verse or place of the scripture read in the divine service.
PERSIFERO, *ou Versificador*, *a*, adj. that makes verses.
Versifero alento, a poetical rapture, rally, or rage, a fit of making verses, the heat of a poet's fancy.
VERSIFICAÇAM, *f. f.* versification.

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VERSIFICADOR, *a*, adj. See **VERSIFERO**.
Versificador, *f. m.* a versifier, or versifier, a maker of verses, a verser-man.
VERSIFICA'R, *v. n.* to versify, to make verses.
VERSI'NHO, *f. m.* a versicle, a little verse.
VERSO, *f. m.* a verse.
Versos Latinos, Latin verses.
Versos j'ho, *ou sem rima*, blank verses.
Jugar versos, to cap verses, an exercise of the memory for school-boys, when standing in a row or ring, one repeats a Latin verse, and the next to him is obliged immediately to repeat another, beginning as the former ended, and so on.
VERSUCIA, *f. f.* craftiness, cunningness.
VERSUTO, *a*, adj. crafty, cunning.
VERTEBRA, *f. f.* a joint of the backbone.
VERTEDOR, *f. m.* See **TRACTADOR**.
VERTEDU'RA, *f. f.* (among vintners, &c.) vantage, overmeasure, the overplus.
VERTENTE, *f. f.* the running down of any water.
Vertente do monte, the steep of a hill.
Vertente, *p. a. ex.* *Agua vertentes*. See **AGOA**.
VERTER, *v. n.* to spill, to shed.
Verte a vida, to die, to expire.
Verte as agoas. See **OURINAR**.
Verte de huma lingua noutra, to translate, turn, or do a work out of one language into another.
VERTICA'L, adj. (in astronomy) vertical, right over one's head.
VERTI'DO, *a*, adj. shed, &c. See the verb **VERTER**.
VERTIGEM, *f. f.* giddiness. See **VAGADO**.
VERTIGINOSO, *a*, adj. vertiginous, giddy.

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VESA'NO, *a*, adj. See **CRUEL**, and **LOUCO**.
VE'SGO, *a*, adj. goggle-eyed, that looketh askint. Lat. *strabo*.
VESICATORIO, *f. m.* a vesicatory.
VESIGA. See **BEXIGA**.
VESINHANÇA, &c. See **VISINHANÇA**, &c.
VESPA, **VESPAM**. See **BESPA**, **BESPAM**.
VESPER. See **BOOTES**.
VESPERA, *ou Vespera*, *f. f.* the afternoon, or rather the time of taking a nap after dinner.
Vespera, eve, or vigil, the day before.
Vesperas, vespers, evening prayers, the evening service of the Romish church.
Vesperas Sicilianas, Sicilian vespers, vespers so called on account of a general massacre of the French, by the inhabitants of the island of Sicily.

VET

Em vesperas, very near.
VESPE'RIAS, vespers, the last act or exercise for taking the degree of doctor.
VESPERIZA'R, *v. n.* (in the university) to hold the disputation called **VESPERIAS**, which see.
VESPERTINO, *a*, adj. vespertine, of the evening.
VESPICIA, *f. f.* a sort of Indian ship.
VESPORA. See **VESPERA**.
VESTA, *f. f.* the Roman goddess Vesta.
VESTA'L, adj. vestal.
Virgem vestal, a vestal, a virgin consecrated to Vesta.
VESTALIAS, *f. f. p.* the feast called Vestalia.
VE'STE. See **VESTIDO**, *f. m.*
VESTIA, *f. f.* a waistcoat.
VESTIARIA, *f. f.* vestuary, a place in a monastery, where the monks clothes are laid up.
VESTI'DO, *f. m.* a suit of clothes, apparel, a garment, a dress.
Vestido de do, mourning, a mourning suit of clothes, black, or black cloths.
Vestido, *a*, adj. clothed, clad. See the verb **VESTIR**.
VESTIDU'RA, *f. f.* See **VESTIDO**, *f. m.*
VESTIGIO, *f. m.* a footstep, a track, or vestige, the print of a man's foot; also sign, mark, remain.
VESTIMENTA, *f. f.* the priest's vestments.
VESTIMENTE'IRO, *f. m.* he who makes the priest's vestments.
VESTIR, *v. a.* pres. *eu visto*, *vestes*, *veste*, &c. imperat. *viste tu*, *vista elle*, *vislamos nas*, *vesti vos*, *vislão elles*; sub. pres. *vista*, *vislão*, &c. to clothe, to apparel. Lat. *vestire*. See also **ENFEITAR**, and **DISFARÇAR**.
Vestir de circumstancias. See **CIRCUMSTANCIAR**.
Vestir o rosto de riso, to put on a smiling countenance.
Vestir o traje. See **TRAYAR**.
Vestir, to clothe, to adorn, to invest as with clothes.
Vestir as paredes de huma casa de conversação, to hang a club-room.
Vestir, to clothe, to provide, or furnish with clothes.
Vestir, *v. n.* to be dressed, to wear.
Vestir-se, *v. r.* to dress one's self, to put on one's clothes.
Vestir-se de. See **TRAYAR**.
VESU'GO, *f. m.* the fish called sea-bream; some say it is the fish called a rocket. Lat. *rabullia*. According to Bluteau, it is the fish called bake. Lat. *pigrus*.
VESU'VIO, *f. m.* Vesuvius, a famous vulcano, about seven or eight miles from the city of Naples in Italy.

VET

VETA, *f. f.* according to Bluteau is a vein

VEZ

vein of metal spreading through a rocky hill; but in the Spanish mines *veta*, is a great vein or body of silver, or other metal, running in the earth, and each of these *vetas* is divided into many, belonging to as many owners, so that the mine is but a small part of the *veta*.

Veta, (in the Brasil) a vein of gold, &c. that is extended through the middle of a rock or stony hill.

VETERA'NO, *a*, adj. old, skilful; that hath served long in a place or office. Lat. *veteranus*.

Soldado veterano, an old soldier, a veteran.

VEU'STO, adj. ancient. Lat. *vetustus*.

VEX

VEXAÇAM, *f. f.* vexation, trouble.

Fazer vexação, to vex, to trouble.

VEXA'DO, *a*, adj. vexed, troubled.

VEXA'ME, *f. m.* vexation, trouble; also a critic, or critical remark.

Dar hum vexame, to critic, or criticize.

VEXA'R, *v. a.* to vex, to trouble. Lat. *vexare*.

VEXIGA, &c. See *BEXIGA*, &c.

VEZ

VEZ, *f. f.* a time. Lat. *vici*.

Huma vez, once; *duas vezes*, twice; *tres vezes*, thrice; *cem vezes*, an hundred times, &c.

A's vezes, sometimes, or by turns.

De vez em quando, sometimes, now and then, from time to time.

Por esta vez, for this time.

Em vez de, in the name, instead, in the room of.

Ea vez de honrar-me, deshonra me, instead of honouring, he disgraces me.

Huma vez de vinho, a glass, or a draught of wine.

Por vezes, now and then, ever and anon. Lat. *identidem*.

Tudo de huma vez, all together, all at once, at one bout.

A primeira vez, the first time.

Outra vez, another time, again.

Nem sequer huma unica vez, no, not so much as once.

Muitas vezes, often, oft-times.

Poucas vezes, seldom.

Cada vez mais, more and more.

Vez, turn, order.

Cada qual quando lhe couber vez, every one in his turn or order.

Caber-vos ha vez, your turn will come.

Fazer eu tomar as vezes de alguem, to come in, or take one's room or place, to command, or to be substituted instead of another, to supply the place of another.

Com vezes, with power, or right of governing, or commanding, with a commission to act or command.

VEZAR-SE. See *ACOSTUMAR-SE*.

VIA

VEZE'IRA, *ou Vara de porcos*. See *VARA*.

VEZEIRO, *a*, adj. accustomed, used.

VEZES. See *VEZ*.

VEZINHANÇA, &c. See *VISINHANÇA*, &c.

VEZIRIO. See *VIZIR*.

VE'ZO, *f. m.* use, custom.

VEZU'GO. See *VESUGO*.

UFA

UFA', an interjection of admiration, hey-day!

UFALALA'. See *ESTRIBILHO*.

UFANIA, *f. f.* a boasting, glorying, bragging.

UFA'NO, *a*, adj. vain-glorious, vain, proud.

UGA

UGA, *f. f.* the fork-fish, or puffin, a sort of fish with a poisonous sting in the tail. Lat. *pastinaca*.

UGA'LHA, *f. f.* See *IGUALDADE*.

UGE

UGE. See *HOJE*.

Ugt, ugem, bugia, ou uja. See *UGA*.

VIA

VIA, *f. f.* a way, or passage; also ways or means, method, course. See *CAMINHO*.

P. fazer de huma via deus mandados, to do two errands under one; to kill two birds with one stone.

P. longas vias, longas mentiras, from long ways, long lies; that is, travellers have a privilege of lying.

Via lactea, the milky way, the galaxy.

Vias militares dos Romanos, the military ways or roads of the Romans.

Via ordinaria, the common or ordinary way.

Via, (among physicians) a passage, vein, or pore; also the stomach, the guts.

O certo he a melhor via para levar as cartas, the post is the best way to convey letters.

Naõ ha via para remetter a carta, there is no bearer, or there is no means to send the letter.

Per via do certo, by the post.

Per via de mar, ou du terra, by sea, or by land.

Correr a via sacra, ou correr as estações. See after *ESTAÇAM*.

VIA'GEM, *f. f.* a sea-voyage.

Boa viagem, a good voyage. The Portuguese sailors use it as ours do an *huzza*.

VIA'NDA, *f. f.* meat, viands, victuals, food; also pot-herbs, as cabbages, &c.

VIANDA'NTE, *f. m.* a traveller, a wayfaring man, a passenger.

VIATA'. See *VITINGA*.

VIATICO, *f. m.* the holy sacrament given to dying persons by popish priests, being the last rites used to prepare the passing soul for its departure;

VIC

viaticum; also the money given to some friars for travelling; also provision for a journey.

VIB

VI'BORA, *f. f.* a viper, a serpent of that species which brings its young alive. Lat. *vipera*.

VIBRAÇAM, *f. f.* vibration.

VIBRA'DO, *a*, adj. vibrated, brandished.

VIBRA'NTE, *p. a.* vibrating, that vibrates or brandishes.

VIBRA'R, *v. a.* to vibrate, to brandish, to shake, to cast violently. See also *LANÇAR*.

VIC

VICA'RIA. } See *VIGARIA*.
VICA'RIO. } See *VIGARIO*.

VICE, (in composition as a prefixum) implies a subordination; as,

VICE-CHANCELLER, *f. m.* a vice-chancellor.

VICE-DEOS, a name of honour given to a great monarch, or to a great saint; *q. d.* vice-god.

VICE-GOVERNADOR, *f. m.* a deputy-governor, an under-governor.

VICE-GOVERNADORA, *f. f.* the wife of a deputy-governor.

VICEJA'R. See *VECEJAR*.

VICE-LEGADO, *f. m.* a vice-legato.

VICE-MORDOMO, *f. m.* the deputy-major-domo, or the deputy-steward, or master of the household.

VICE-MORTE, *f. f.* an epithet for absence, or being away.

VICENTE, *f. m.* Vincent, a Christian name; also an ancient coin worth a thousand rees.

Cabo de são vicente. See *CABO*.

VICE-REY, *ou Visery*, *f. m.* a viceroy, a deputy king.

VICEVERSA, adv. on the contrary. Lat. *vice versa*.

VICIA'DO, *a*, adj. vitiated, adulterated, corrupted. See the verb *VICIAR*.

VICIADOR, *f. m.* a falsifier, a forger of writings.

VICIAR, *v. a.* to vitiate, to infect, to adulterate, to corrupt; also to falsify, to forge, to change or alter a passage of an author, or any writing.

VICILINO. See *PEGAFLOR*.

VICIO, *f. m.* vice. Lat. *vitium*; also a fault, or imperfection.

Vicio da carne, luxury, lust, lewdness.

VICIOSAME'NTE, adv. viciously.

VICIOSO, *a*, adj. vitious, not virtuous; also vitious, corrupt; as having physical ill qualities. See also *DEPRAVADO*.

VICISSITUDE, *f. f.* vicissitude, vicissitude, a changing.

VIC'CO, *f. m.* rankness, superfluity, luxury, (speaking of plants.)

Criado a grão vico, brought up in a licentious, dissolute, or unruly manner, ill bred.

VIC'CO.

VID

VICO'SO, *a*, adj. rank, luxuriant. Lat. *luxuriosus*.
VICTIMA, *f. f.* a victim, a sacrifice. Lat.
VICTOR, *ou Vitor*, this word is used by way of applause, when any person does a thing well, as we clap our hands.
Derivatives. See **VICTORIAL**.
VICTOREADO, *a*, adj. applauded, &c. See **VICTORIAL**.
VICTOREAL. See **VICTORIAL**.
VICTORES, the plural of *Vitor*.
VICTORIA, *f. f.* victory, conquest, triumph; also the goddess called Victoria, among the ancient Romans.
Meda em que estava gravada a imagem da deusa victoria, victriacens, a Roman coin, so named on account of its being stamped with the image of Victory; in value three pence three farthings English money.
Alcançar a victoria, to get the victory, to carry the day, to be the conqueror.
VICTORIAL, *v. a.* to applaud, to clap the hands for applause, to cry out. See **VICTOR**.
VICTORIOSO, *a*, adj. victorious, conquering.

VID

VIDA, *f. f.* life, the union of the soul with the body. Lat. *vita*.
Homem de boa, ou ma vida, a good, or an ill liver.
Tirar a vida a algum, to take one's life, to kill him.
Tirar vida, to have life, to be alive, or living.
Só pena da vida, upon pain of death.
Vida, life, the history of a man's life.
As vidas dos santos, the lives of the saints.
As vidas dos homens illustres escritas por Plutarco, the lives of illustrious men, written by Plutarch.
Vida, life, days, the time during which the soul is united to the body.
Distada, ou breve vida, long, or short life.
Vida, livelihood, food.
Tratar da vida, to work for one's livelihood.
A ele custa-lhe muito a ganhar a vida, he has much ado to get a livelihood, or to keep life or soul together.
Vida, life, way of living, course of life, manners.
Levar, ou passar buena vida descansada, to lead an easy life.
Levar boa vida, idem.
Vida triste, a sad life.
Os gozos da vida, the pleasures of life.
Mudar de vida, to change manners, to alter one's course of life.
Minha vida, my life.
Vida eterna, eternal life.
Para toda a vida, for life, during life.
Vida religiosa, a religious life.

VID

Vida activa, ou contemplativa, an active, or contemplative life.
Vida trabalhosa, a laborious life.
Tempo da vida, life-time.
Que não tem vida, lifeless, dead.
Que pode dar a vida, ou que tem virtude de dar a vida, life-giving.
Que está cansado, ou enfadado desta vida, life-weary, wretched, tired of living.
Renda para toda a vida, life-rent.
Fazer boa vida, to lead a regular and blameless life.
Vida, matrimony, conjugal life.
Trata-se da vida, ou trata-se de morrer, our life lies at stake, it is as much as our life is worth, it is death.
P. vida sem amigo, morte sem testigo, a life without a friend, ends in death without a witness; he that has no friends in his life-time, has no body to attend him at his death.
P. meya vida he a candieja, pão, e vinho a outra meya, fire and candle are one half of man's support, and wine and bread the other half; they are the most necessary things for a man in this world.
Em quante ha vida, ha esperanças, where there is life, there is hope. The Latins say, *agere dum animas est, spes est*.
VIDA'M, *f. m.* (in France) *vidam*, the judge of a bishop's temporal jurisdiction.
VIDE, *f. f.* a vine-branch, a sprig, or a twig of a vine, after being cut off. Lat. *flagellum*.
VIDEIRA, *f. f.* a vine. Lat. *vitis*.
Videiras de enforcados, vines that run up trees.
VIDONHO, *f. m.* a vine-branch, a sprig, or twig of a vine, before being cut off.
Conhecer o vidonho, to know what sort of vine it is by its branches and sprigs.
Vidonho labrúco, the branches or sprigs of the wild-vine.
Vidonho, temper, humour, genius, the natural disposition or humour of a man.
VIDRAÇA, *f. f.* a glass, or pane of glass.
Janela com vidraças, a glass window.
Por vidraças, to glaze, to furnish with windows of glass.
Fazer vidraças, to glaze, to make glass lights for windows.
Deixar-se ver, ou mostrar-se por vidraças, it is said of one that does not like to be seen but very seldom.
VIDRACEIRO, *f. m.* a glazier, one whose trade is to make glass windows.
VIDRADDO, *a*, adj. glazed, &c. See **VIDRAR**.
Doença vidrada, a sort of sickness in hawks.
VIDRAR, *v. a.* to glaze earthenware.
VIDREIRO, *f. m.* he who makes glass by fusing mixt salts and flint or sand together with a very vehement fire.

VIG

Vidreiro, a glass-man, one who sells glass.
VIDRENTO, *a*, adj. glassy, vitreous.
Homem vidrento, a man that is like glass; that is, who is touchy or ticklish, and therefore must be gently handled.
VIDRO, *f. m.* glass, an artificial transparent substance, made by fusing mixt salts and flint or sand together, with a very vehement fire.
Copo de vidro para beber por elle, a glass, or cup used to drink in.
De vidro, ou feito de vidro, glassy, vitreous.
Homem feito de vidro, ou vidrento. See **VIDRENTO**.
Officina, em que se faz o vidro, a glass-house.
Vaso de vidro em forma de sino para cubrir os melões, &c. *por causa dos rigores do tempo*, a bell-glass to cover melons with, &c.
VIDUAL, adj. of, or belonging to a widow.

VIE

VIELA, *f. f.* (in the province of Beira) a narrow street.
VIEIRA, *f. f.* a shell of any shell-fish. Lat. *concha*; also a sort of shell-fish so called.
VIEIRO, *f. m.* See **VEIA**.
VIEZ, *ex. Ao viez*, slopingly, aslope, across, slanting.

VIG

VIGA, *f. f.* a beam.
VIGADO, *a*, adj. timbered, or furnished with beams.
VIGARIA, **VIGARIA**, *ou Vicaria*, that is substituted instead of another thing, (among physicians.)
VIGARARIA, *f. f.* vicarship, the office of a vicar; also a vicarage, the spiritual cure, or benefice of a vicar.
VIGARIO, *f. m.* a vicar.
Figurio do imperio, a vicar of the empire.
Vigairo, a curate.
VIGAR, *v. a.* to timber, to furnish with beams.
VIGARIO. See **VIGARIO**.
Vigario, the title formerly used instead of that of guardian, (among the Franciscans.) See **GUARDIAN**.
VIGESIMO, *a*, adj. the twentieth.
VIGIA, *f. f.* a watching, or being awake. See also **ESPIA**, **SENTINELLA**.
Estar em vigia. See **VIGIAR**.
Vigia, watching, watchfulness, lying awake, inability to sleep.
VIGIADO, *a*, adj. watched.
VIGADOR, *f. m.* a watcher, one who watches.
VIGAR, *v. n.* to watch, to keep awake, not to sleep, to set up in the night.
Vigiar em fe, to be vigilant, to stand upon one's guard.
Vigiar-se, *v. r.* to stand upon one's guard.
Vigiar

VIL

Vigiar-se de alguém, to beware of one.
Vigiar, v. a. to watch, to observe in order to descry, spy out, or discern afar off by the eye.
VIGILÂNCIA, f. f. vigilancy.
VIGILANTE, adj. watchful, vigilant, diligent.
VIGILIA, f. f. a watching, or being awake. See also **INSOMNOLENCIA**.
Estar em vigília. See **FIGIAR**.
Vigília, lucubration, labour, night study.
Obras que custaram muitas vigílias, learned labours.
Este he o fruto das minhas vigílias, this is the fruit of my labours, or night studies.
Vigília, the eve of a holiday.
Vigília, (with the ancient Romans) a watch or a fourth part of the night.
VIGOR, f. m. vigour, strength.
Lei que esta em vigor, a law still in force.
Vigor do espirito, mental vigour.
VIGORAR, v. a. (among physicians) to strengthen, or make strong, to give vigour.
VIGOROSAMENTE, adv. vigorously.
VIGOROSO, a, adj. vigorous, stout, brisk, mettlesome.

VIL

VIL, adj. vile, mean, base. Lat. *vilis*.
A preço vil, dog-cheap.
VILEZA, f. f. baseness, vileness. Lat. *vilitas*.
VILIFICADO, a, adj. vilified.
VILIFICAR, v. a. to villify, to run down, to despise, to set light by.
VILIPENDIA DO, VILIPENDIAR. See **VILIFICADO, VILIFICAR**.
VILIPENDIO, f. m. See **DESPREZO**.
VILLA, f. f. a town.
VILLÃO, f. f. a country-woman.
VILLAMENTE, adv. basely, vilely, meanly, villainously.
VILLAGEM, f. f. a village.
VILLANAZ, f. m. a great villain, or wicked wretch.
VILLANTA, f. f. meanness, baseness, villany.
VILLAO, f. m. a clown, a country-man, a peasant.
Cavalleiro villão, (in ancient records) a rustic knight, a new upstart knight, a wealthy rustic that could keep a horse in readiness at his own expence and charges.
P. offender-se como villão em casa de seu sogro, to take upon one like a mean fellow in his father-in-law's house. Applied to those who make too bold with what is other men's, as sons-in-law of base temper will do in their father-in-law's houses.
P. se queris saber quem he o villão, mete-lhe a vara na mão; we say, let a

VIN

beggar on horse-back, and he will ride to the devil.
VILLÃO RUIM, a villain, a rogue, a fordid fellow.
Villão ruim, so persons of high rank call those that are of inferior quality or degree.
VILLOA, f. f. a country-woman; also a base or fordid woman.
VILMENTE, adv. vilely, basely.

VIM

VIME, f. m. an osier; the red water-willow. Lat. *vimen*.
Tecer vimes buns com es outros, to wattle.
Feyto de vimes, wicker made of osier twig, wattle.
Paredes feytas de vimes tecidos buns com outros, wattled walls.

VIN

VINAGRAR, v. n. to sour, to grow sour or sharp in taste.
VINAGRE, f. m. vinegar. Lat. *acetum*.
VINAGREIRA, f. f. a vinegar-bottle or cruet.
VINAGREIRO, f. m. a vinegar-man, one that sells vinegar.
VINCENTE. See **VICENTE**.
VINCETOXICO, f. m. the herb swallow-wort, or filken-cicely. Lat. *oselepias*.
VINCO, f. m. the track or rut of a chariot, or chariot wheel. Lat. *orbis*. See also **DOZRA**.
VINCULADO, a, adj. entailed, or otherwise tied, as estates are.
VINCULAR, v. a. to entail an estate, to bind sure, to make fast.
VINCULO, f. m. a tie, or bond; also an entail.
VINDA, f. f. a coming, or arrival. Lat. *adventus*.
Idas e vindas. See **IDA**.
Dar as boas vindas a alguém, to welcome, to salute a new-comer.
VINDICAÇÃO, f. f. vengeance or punishment.
VINDICADO, a, adj. revenged.
VINDICAR, v. a. to revenge, to take revenge of.
VINDICATIVO, a, adj. vindictive.
VINDIMA, f. f. vintage, vine harvest, a grape-gathering. Lat. *vindemia*. *A vino demanda*, from taking the wine from the grapes.
P. depois de vindimas cavantjes, after the vintage is over, to bring baskets to gather the grapes into. As we say, after meat, mustard.
VINDIMADO, a, adj. that has had the grapes gathered.
VINDIMADOR, f. m. a vintager-man that gathers the grapes, a vintager.
VINDIMADORA, f. f. a she vintager, or grape-gatherer.
VINDIMAR, v. to vindemiate, to gather grapes.

VIN

Vindimar, (a vulgar word) to kill.
P. vindima enxuto, colharas vinho puro, make your vintage in dry weather, and you will make pure wine.
VINDIMO, e, adj. of, or pertaining to vintage or grape-gathering.
Vindimo, ou feço vindimo, a sort of figs that are ripe in the vintage.
Cesto vindimo. See **CAVANEJO**.
VINDO, a, adj. come, arrived.
Bem vindos, welcome.
Seja bem muito bem vindo, welcome, sir, you are welcome.
O que tem vindo, tu chegado ha pouco, a new-comer.
VINDOURO, a, adj. future, that is to come hereafter.
Vindouros, f. m. p. they that shall come after. Lat. *posterii*.
VINGADO, a, adj. revenged, that hath revenged. Lat. *ultus*. See the verb **VINGAR**.
VINGADOR, f. m. an avenger, or revenger. Lat. *ultor*.
VINGADORA, f. f. she that revengeth, a revengeful woman.
VINGANÇA, f. f. revenge, avengement, vengeance. Lat. *alio*.
VINGAR, v. a. to avenge, to revenge, to retaliate, to take vengeance on an offender. Lat. *ulcisci*.
Vingar seu pay, to revenge, avenge, or vindicate one's father.
Vingar huma injuria, to revenge an affront, to take vengeance of an affront.
Fidalgo de vingar quinhentos soldos, this is understood three several ways; first, that if a gentleman had wrong done him by another, he might have a fine of five hundred *soldos* laid upon his adversary, to make him satisfaction; whereas he who was not a *fidalg* could have but three hundred allowed him; secondly, some will have it to be a title given to those gentlemen, who were at the famous battle of Clavijo, when the Spaniards routed a vast army of Moors, and delivered themselves from the tribute they before paid them of five hundred *soldos* a year; and, thirdly, they say these were gentlemen who had five hundred *soldos* a year pay from the king.
Vingar, v. n. is for the seed or fruit to remain sound and unhurt after the shedding of the blossoms.
Vingar-se de alguém, v. r. to be revenged of one, to revenge one's self upon him.
VINGATIVO, a, adj. revengeful.
VINHA, f. f. a vineyard. Lat. *vinea*.
Cavar a vinha, to dig up and loosen the earth, for planting of vines. Lat. *pastinare*.
Fernar a cavar a vinha, to dig again about vines, to bring the ground to better temper with often digging and labouring. Lat. *repastinare*.
Escaravar as vinhas, to lay open or bare the roots of vines. Lat. *ablaquare*.
P. quem

VIN

P. quem tem o demo caua a vinha, com o demo a vindima, what is got over the devil's back, is spent under his belly; ill gotten goods never thrive.
VINHÇAÇA, f. f. bad wine, decayed wine.
VINHAÇO, f. m. a country that is all vineyards.
VINHATARIA, f. f. idem.
VINHATEIRO, f. m. a vine-dresser, one that farms a vineyard.
VINHEIRO, f. m. one that looks to a vineyard to keep out thieves, dogs, &c.
VINHETE, f. m. small wine, not strong. Lat. *willam*.
VINHO, f. m. wine. Lat. *vinum*.
Vinho tinto, red wine.
Vinho palhete. See **PALHETE**.
Vinho dozel, small wine, not generous.
Vinho fino, generous wine.
Vinho fresco, wine that is somewhat four.
Vinho de pez, que se faz com masto e pez, wine preserved or cured with pitch. Lat. *vinum picatum*.
Vinho de França, French wine.
Vinho de Espanha, Spanish wine.
Vinho azedo, sour wine, pricked wine.
Vinho novo, new wine.
Vinho velho, old wine, dry wine.
Vinho mudo, a sort of strong-bodied white wine.
Vinho verde, tart or soury wine.
Vinho de repiza. See **REPIZA**.
Vinho muscatel, muscadell, or muscadine, a sort of rich sweet wine.
Vinho valeroso, generous, strong, or vigorous wine.
Vinho aspero, rough wine.
Vinho muito doce, luscious wine.
Vinho macio, soft, or mild wine.
Vinho macho, puro, ou estremo, pure wine, as pressed out of the grapes, without mixture or alloy; racy, neat wine. Lat. *merum*.
Vinho cascarrão. See **CASCARRAM**.
Vinho muito forte, que sobe a cabeça, heady wine.
Vinho maduro, e macio, mellow wine.
O gesto do vinho, the flavour of wine.
Alega, ou outro lugar em que se vende o vinho, vinttry.
Vinho misturado com agua, wine allayed with water.
Provedor de vinhos, a wine-conner.
Vinho de absynthis, wormwood-wine.
Mercador de vinhos, a wine-merchant.
O que bebe muito vinho, a wine-bibber.
P. o bom vinho não ha mistler ramo, good wine needs no bush.
VINHO'FE, given to drink wine, or to drink much wine, (a jocose word.)
VIOLENTO, a, adj. given to drink much wine.
VINTADOZE'NO, f. m. a sort of woollen cloth.
VINTE, adj. twenty. Lat. *viginti*.
Vinte vezes, twenty times.
Casa dos vinte e quatro, the court of aldermen in Lisbon.
Vinte, f. m. a tenth pin they use in Portugal, and other parts, which stands

VIR

by itself, and whosoever knocks it down, counts twenty.
Saber as pancadas ao vinte, (metaph.) to be sharp or cunning enough not to be imposed upon.
VINTEM, f. m. vintin, a Portuguese coin equal to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. also a sort of fish so called.
VINTE'NA, f. f. a score.
Juiz da vintina. See
VINTENEIRO, f. m. a sort of town-clerk.

VIO

VIO'LA, f. f. See **GUIARRA**.
Viola, a flower called violet.
VIOLAÇAM, f. f. violation, the act of violating or injuring something sacred.
VIOLAÇAM, violation, rape, the act of deflowering.
VIOLA'DO, a, violated; also made of violets. See the verb **VIOLAR**.
Xarope violado, syrup of violets.
VIOLA'DOR, f. m. a violator, a defiler, an infringer, &c. according to the verb **VIOLAR**.
VIOLA'L, f. m. a bank or bed of violets. Lat. *violarium*.
VIOLA'R, v. a. to violate, to defile, to infringe. Lat. *violare*.
Violar huma donzella, to violate, force, debauch, or deflower a virgin.
Violar igrejas, to violate churches.
VIOLA'VEL, adj. violable, that may be violated.
VIOLE'IRO, f. m. he who makes guitars; also one who plays upon the guitar.
VIOLENCIA, f. f. violence. Lat. *violencia*.
Fazer-se violencia, to forbear, to contain one's self.
Fiz-me violencia em fazer-lo, I was forced to do it.
VIOLENTA'DO, a, adj. forced.
VIOLENTAMENTE, adv. violently.
VIOLENTA'R, v. a. to force, to use violence.
VIOLE'NTO, a, adj. violent, fierce, vehement, boisterous.
Vento violento, violent, or boisterous wind.
Homem violento, a violent, hasty, or passionate man.
Morte violenta, a violent, or unnatural death.
Violento, violent, murderous.
Por mãos violentas em algum, to lay violent hands upon one.
VIOLETA, f. f. the flower called violet. Lat. *viola*.
VIOLINHA, f. f. a small guitar.

VIP

VIPERINO, a, adj. viperine, pertaining to a viper. Lat. *viperinus*.

VIR

VI'R, v. n. to come, to arrive. Indic. present. *eu vinho, vens, vem, vimm, vindes, vem*; imperf. *vinha, vinhas, vinba, &c.* pret. *eu vim, viste, veyo, vimmos, visteis, vierão*; imperat.

VIR

vem tu, venha elle, venhamos nos, vinde vós, venhão ellas; infin. pres. ver. gerund, *vinde*, coming; part. *vinde*, come. Lat. *venire*.
P. traz de mim vira quem bom me fara; when people find fault with those that use them well, they say, a worse will come, and then they will find the difference.
Vir, to return. Lat. *redire*.
Vir as mãos, to fight, to come to handy blows.
Tempo vira, a time will come.
Tornar a vir, to come back again.
Eu vinha ver-vos, I was coming to see you.
Hera vamos nos e venhamos, (a familiar phrase) now, let us consider things impartially.
Quereis vos vir comigo? will you come or go along with me?
Vinde com nesco, come, or go along with us.
Vem vens daquella parte, there comes a wind from that side.
As cartas que vierão hoje, the letters that come in to day.
Veyo-me ao pensamento, it came into my head.
Vir, to come of a family, to descend, to be extracted from.
Vir, to come, to issue.
As veias que vem do coração, the veins that come or issue from the heart.
Vir, to come, to proceed.
Donde vem que, &c. how comes it, or how comes it to pass, or from whence comes it that, &c.
Dali vem que, from thence it comes that, that's the reason why, therefore it is that.
Vir, to grow, to be produced, (speaking of plants.)
Vir em, to agree, to resolve; as, *Elles vierão em*, &c. they agreed or resolved among themselves to, &c.
Vir a palavras, to exchange words, to quarrel.
Vir a prova, to make a trial, to try.
Elle diz o que lhe vem a boca, he speaks what comes next, or what lies uppermost.
Vir se embora, v. r. to come away.
Vir-se a saber, to come abroad to men's knowledge. Lat. *crumpere*.
VI'RA, f. f. (among cobblers) a narrow slip of leather sewed on a shoe that is torn.
VIRAÇAM, f. f. a breeze, particularly in the summer-time.
VIRACCENTO, f. m. (in orthography) an apostrophe.
Por hum viracento numa palavra, to apostrophe a word, to put an apostrophe over it.
VIRADO'R, f. m. a windlass or windless, a machine used to raise great weights withal.
Virador, (with mariners) viol, a term used of a three-strand-rope when it is bound fast with nippers to the cable, and brought to the jercapstan, for the better and more com-

VIR

commodious weighing of the anchor.
VIRA'DO, *a*, adj. turned, &c. according to the verb **VIRAR**.
Sapatos virados, a sort of pumps or light shoes.
VIRA'GO, a woman with the qualities of a man, a virago. It is also used in another sense, which I cannot understand.
VIRA'R, *v. a.* to turn. Lat. *vertere*.
Virar as costas, ou fugir, to turn one's back, to fly.
Virar de cima para baixo, to turn upside down.
Virar hum vestido, to turn a suit of clothes.
Virar o miolo a alguem, to make one mad or distracted.
Virar a cara para o inimigo, to face about to the enemy.
Virar, *v. n.* to turn, to change the mind, conduct, or determination.
Elle pode virar, ou virar-se, his mind may change.
Virar-se, *v. r.* to turn, to change posture. See also **VIRA'R**, *v. n.*
Elle não sabe de que parte se virar, he knows not which way to turn himself, he is put to his last shift.
VIRAVOLTA, *f. f.* a circular motion, a turning round. See also **VICISSITUDE**.
Viravoltas, a continual going backward and forward.
VIRAFERRE, an iron red-hot. Lat.
VIRGEM, *f. f.* a virgin or maid. Lat. *virgo*.
A Virgem Mãe, the Virgin Mary, the holy Virgin.
Virgem, *Virgo*, one of the twelve celestial signs.
Ella esta virgem, she is a maid.
Ella morreu virgem, she died a maid.
Virgem, adj. virgin; it is applied to any thing untouched.
Azeite virgem, virgin-oil, that which oozes spontaneously out of the olive without pressing.
Ouro virgem, virgin-gold, gold that is gotten out of the ore without any mixture or alloy.
Cera-virgem, virgin-wax.
Ser sepultado em terra virgem, to be laid in a ground where no body was interred before.
VIRGINAL, adj. of, or belonging to a virgin, virginal, maidenly, maiden.
L leite virginal, virgio's-milk, a chemical composition, called also Benjamin-water.
VIRGINDA'DE, *f. f.* virginity, maiden-head.
VIRGI'NEO, *a*, adj. virginal, maidenly. Lat. *virginus*.
VIRGO, *f. m.* the maiden-head.
VIRGULA, *f. f.* a comma.
VIRGULAR, *v. a.* to put the commas in writing.
VIRGULTAS, *f. f. p.* a number of young sprigs growing together out of the ground. Lat. *virgula*.

VIS

VIRIDA'NTE, adj. verdant, green. Lat. *viridans*.
VIRI'L, adj. manly, virile. Lat. *virilis*.
VIRI'LHA, adj. the groin.
VIRILIDA'DE, *f. f.* virility, manhood.
VIRIPLA'CA, *f. f.* Viriplaca, a goddess of the Romans, whose temple stood on the Palatium, unto which men and their wives used to resort to reconcile their broils.
VIROTAM, *f. m.* a sort of shaft, or arrow to shoot out of a cross-bow.
VIROTE, *f. m.* a short iron or wooden shaft, or arrow.
Virtutes da espada, the cross-bars of a hilt of a sword.
VIR-POTENTE, adj. stout, strong.
VIRTU'DE, *f. f.* virtue, or moral goodness. Lat. *virtus*.
Virtude, virtue, medicinal quality or efficacy.
Em virtude de, by virtue of, upon the account of, by reason of, in pursuance, or consequence of.
Em virtude das ordens que elle recebeu da corte, in pursuance of the orders he received from court.
Em virtude de santa obediencia, a sort of comminatory precept used among friars.
P. fazer da necessidade virtude, to make a virtue of necessity.
P. virtudes vencem finaes, virtue overcomes ill tokens; that is, though a man seems to be ill inclined, he may overcome all bad tokens and inclinations, and be virtuous.
Que não tem virtude, virtueless.
Virtudes, virtues, one of the orders of angels.
Virtutes theologas, theological virtues, viz. faith, hope, and charity.
VIRTUOSAMENTE, adv. virtuously, uprightly.
VIRTUOSO, *a*, adj. virtuous, honest, upright.
VIRULENCIA, *f. f.* virulency.
VIRULEN'ÇO, *a*, adj. virulent, venomous.
VI'RUS, (among surgeons) virus.

VIS

VISA'GEM, *f. f.* countenance, visage, air of the face, look, affection appearing on the face.
VISAGRA. } See { **BISAGRA**.
VISANTE. } { **BESANTE**.
VISAM, *f. f.* vision, sight.
Visão, vision, or apparition, spectre, phantom, ghost.
VISAVO. See **BISAVO**.
VISCERAS, *f. f. p.* the entrails or bowels, (among physicians.)
VISCERIOS, *f. m.* idem.
VISCERO'SO, *a*, adj. viscous, or visceral.
VISCO, *f. m.* a shrub growing on oak and ash-trees, called mistletoe, or mistletoe. Lat. *viscus*; also bird-lime.

VIS

VISCO'NDE, *f. m.* a viscount. La. *vicecomes*.
VISCONDA'DO, *f. m.* viscounty.
VISCONDE'SSA, *f. f.* a viscountess.
VISCOSIDA'DE, *f. f.* viscosity, viscoufness.
VISCO'SO, *a*, adj. viscous, clammy, sticking like bird-lime.
VISE'IRA, *f. f.* the vizor, or bever of a helmet.
Calar a viseira, to pull down the vizor.
VISGO. See **VISCO**.
VISINHA'NÇA, *f. f.* a neighbourhood, the whole body of neighbours; also neighbourhood, or the adjoining place to where a person, &c. dwells.
VISINHA'R, *ou Vizinhar*, *v. n.* to be a neighbour.
Elle vizinha comigo, he is my neighbour.
Vizinhar, to neighbour, to ajoin to, to confine on.
Vizinhar com o gesto, ou genio de alguem, to please, to humour one, to comply with him.
VISINHO, *a*, adj. neighbouring, bordering, adjacent, adjoining; also nigh, not remote.
Vizinbo, *f. m.* *Vizinho*, *f. f.* a neighbour.
Vizinbo, an inhabitant, inhabiter, or dweller.
VISIR. See **VIZIR**.
VISITA, *f. f.* a visit; also a visitant, one who goes to see another, a visiter.
Visita, (with the clergy) visitation, a prelate's going his visitation.
Visita, search, searching.
Visita das navios, the searching of ships by the king's officers to clear them.
VISITAÇAM, *f. f.* the feast of the Visitation of our Lady.
VISITA'DO, *a*, adj. visited, &c. See the verb **VISITAR**.
VISITADOR, *f. m.* a visitor, one who visits a monastery, &c.
VISITA'R, *v. a.* to visit, to go to see.
Visitar hum amigo, to visit a friend, to give or to make him a visit.
Visitar lugares santos, to go pilgrimages, to frequent places of devotion.
Visitar, to go a visitation as bishops do, or go a circuit as judges.
Visitar-se, *v. r.* to visit, to keep up the intercourse of ceremonial salutations at the houses of each other.
VISIVEL, adj. visible, that may be seen.
Visível, clear, plain, apparent, manifest, visible.
VISIVELMENTE, adv. visibly, in a visible manner; also visibly, plainly, clearly.
VISTVO, *a*, adj. visual, pertaining to the sight.
VISLUMBRE, *f. m.* a glimmering, glimpse, or hint, an imperfect knowledge.
Ter vislumbres de alguma coisa, to have, but a glimpse of a thing.

VISO,

VISO, *s. m.* the sight, the eyes.
Viso, likeness, resemblance.
VISOREY, *s. m.* a viceroy.
VISTA, *s. f.* the sight, one of the five senses.
Ter boa vista, to have a good sight, or eye-sight.
Ter a vista curta, to be poreblind, short-sighted, or near-sighted.
Perder de vista alguma coisa, to lose sight of a thing, to see it no more.
A perder de vista, as far as one's eye can reach.
Cegar a vista, to dazzle, to offend the sight with too much light.
A' vista de, before, in presence of.
Tirar a vista de alguma coisa, to keep from seeing a thing.
A' vista d'isto, thereupon, upon that, in consequence of that.
De vista, by sight.
Conheço-o de vista, I know him by sight.
Fazer bella vista, to look very fine.
Vista, view, prospect, vista or visto.
Uma vista d'olhos, a cast, a view, a glance.
Numa vista, at one view.
Dar huma vista de olhos, to look upon, to behold; also to overlook, to oversee, to mind, to watch.
Vista, a meeting, a conference, an interview.
VISTO, *a*, adj. seen. See also **VER-SADO**.
Visto ser isto assim, since it is so.
Visto isto, que bey de fazer? what shall I do then?
Ser bem, ou mal visto, to be looked upon, or seen with a good or an evil eye.
VISTORIA, *s. f.* an inspection, or prying examination.
VISTOSO, *a*, adj. sightly, pleasing to the eye, striking to the view.
VISUAL ray, visual ray.

VIT

VITAL, adj. vital, belonging to the life. Lat. *vitalis*; also vital, contributing to life.
VITALICIO, *a*, during all the life of one.
VITANDO, that is to be avoided, or shunned, (speaking of an excommunicated person.)
VITELLA, *s. f.* a calf, the young of a cow. Lat. *vitula*.
Carne de vitella, veal.
Vitella que se mata antes que tenha hum mes, a chrifom-calf.
VITELLINA colera. See **COLERA**.
VITINGGA, *s. f.* a sort of meal, or flour in the Brasils.
VITOLA, *s. f.* opinion, mind, sentiment.
VITOR. See **VICTOR**.
VITORIA, &c. See **VICTORIA**, &c.
VITORINA. See **VENTURINA**.
VITREO, *a*, adj. vitreous, glassy, resembling glass.

Humor vitreo, vitreous humour, the glassy humour of the eye.
VITRIOL, *s. m.* vitriol, or cop-peras.
VITUALHA, *s. f.* victuals and liquors for soldiers in a camp.
VITULO marinho, a sea-calf, a large fish.
VITUPERAÇAM, *s. f.* vituperation, censure.
VITUPERA'DO, *a*, adj. vituperated, blamed.
VITUPERA'R, *v. a.* to vituperate, to blame, to find fault with. Lat. *vituperare*.
VITUPERA'VEL, adj. blame-worthy, vituperable.
VITUPERIO, *s. m.* vituperation; also disgrace. See **DESHONRA**, and **INFAMIA**.
VITUPEROSAMENTE, adv. blame-ably, dishonourably, shamefully, disgracefully, infamously, discreditably, ignominiously.
VITUPERIOSO, *a*, adj. dishonourable, ignominious, shameful, infamous, reproachful, discreditably.

VIV

VIVA, interj. long live!
Viva o-ry, long live the king! God bless the king! See **VIVER**.
VIVACIDA'DE, *s. f.* vivacity, liveliness, fire, mettle, sprightliness.
VIVAMENTE, adv. briskly, sharply, sinartly, vigorously.
VIVANDEIRO, *s. m.* a futler. See **EXERCICIO**.
VIVAZ. } See { **VIVIDOURO**.
VIVUEZA. } See { **VIVUEZ**.
VIVIDOURO. See **VIVIDOURO**.
VIVEIRO, *s. m.* a park, a warren. Lat. *vivarium*.
Viveiro de peixes, a pool, or fish pond, a stove to keep fish in. Lat. *piscina*.
Viveiro de plantas, a nursery, or plot of ground for raising young trees, stocks or plants, to be transplanted to other ground. Lat. *plantarium*.
Viveiro de passaros, an aviary, a place inclosed where birds are kept. Lat. *avicularium*.
Viveiro de lebres, ou coelhos, a warren, a hare-warren, a coney-warren. Lat. *leporarium*.
Viveiro de peixes no meyo de hum rio, a warren, a device for preserving and storing fish in the middle of a river.
Viveiro de ostras, an oyster-pit, or place where oysters are kept. Lat. *ostrea-rium*.
Viveiro, (in a moral sense) a sink, any place where corruption is gathered.
Viveiro do vicio, a sink, receptacle, shelter, or nest of wickedness and vice.
VIVENDA, *s. f.* a dwelling, settlement or fixed place of abode, a dwelling-place.
Affixar sua vivenda, to settle, to fix one's self, to establish a residence.
Ter vivenda, to dwell, to abide in, to inhabit.

Casa para vivenda, a dwelling-house.
VIVENTE, *p. a.* living, alive.
VIVENTE, *s. m.* a living creature.
VIVER, *v. n.* to live, to have life. Lat. *vivere*.
Viver de, to live of, upon, or by, to feed, to maintain one's self.
Elle vive de legumes, e raizes, he lives or feeds upon pulse or roots.
Elle vive do seu, ou sustenta-se das suas rendas, he lives upon his income or estate.
Elle ainda vive, he lives still, he is still or yet alive, or he is yet living.
Elle viveu cem annos, he lived an hundred years.
Elle vive a custa de outrem, he lives at other people's charges.
Viver sem cuidado do dia seguinte, to live from hand to mouth, without thought. Lat. *vivere in diem, vel heram*.
Viver do ar como a camelsão, to feed one's self with wind.
Viver pobremente, e com muitos trabalhos, to live from hand to mouth, to make just shift to live, to make shift to keep life and soul together.
Viver de esmolas, to live upon charity.
Viver, to live, to lead a sort of life.
Viver, ou proceder como homem de bem, to live like a good and honest man.
Viver com grandexa, to live splendidly, or magnificently.
Viver, ou proceder mal, to lead an ill life, to live lowly, to be an ill liver.
Viver bem com todo o mundo, to live well or agree with every body.
Saber viver, to know how to live in the world.
Viva vinct. muitos annos ou viva vinct. mil annos, I thank you.
P. não vive mais o leal, que quanto quer o traidor, an honest man lives no longer than a treacherous villain pleases, because an honest man, fearing nothing, is always exposed to the treachery of villains.
VIVERES, *s. m. p.* provisions, victuals.
VIVEZ, *s. f.* liveliness, sprightliness, sagacity.
Viveza das cores, the liveliness, or brightness of colours.
Ter viveza nos olhos, to have bright sparkling eyes.
Viveza do espirito ou do entendimento, the vivacity, liveliness, quickness, or readiness of wit.
VIVEDOURO, *a*, adj. long-lived. Lat. *vivax*.
VIVIFICADOR, *a*, adj. vivifying, vivifical, quickening, vivific, vivificative.
VIVIFICA'DO, *a*, adj. vivified, quickened.
VIVIFICA'NTE, *p. a.* See **VIVIFICADOR**.
VIVIFICA'R, *v. a.* to vivify, or quicken, to vivificate.
VIVIFICATIVO. } See { **VIVIFICADOR**.
VIVIFICO. }
VIVO, *a*, adj. alive. Lat. *vivus*.
Elle foy queimado vivo, he was burnt alive.
Ca ne

U L C

Carne viva, the quick.
Coriar ate a carne viva, to cut to the quick.
Agua viva, spring-water, running-water.
Vivo, lively, brisk, sprightly, mettlesome, fiery.
Engenho vivo, a quick, sharp, smart, or piercing wit.
Olbos vivos, bright, sparkling, or piercing eyes.
Cor viva, a bright or lively colour.
De viva voz, by word of mouth.
Razões vivas, strong or solid reasons.
Braza viva, a burning coal.
Viva alma, a living soul.
Não ha la viva alma, there is not a living soul, there is no body at all.
Guerra viva, a violent, sharp, or smart war, a long war.
Vivo, fresh, new, not impaired by time.
Sangue vivo, pure and unmixed blood.
Vivo, is also used as a substantive; as,
Este retrato esta feito ao vivo, this picture is drawn to the life.
Tocar algum ao vivo, to offend one to the quick, or sensibly.
Os vivos e os mortos, the quick and the dead.
Vivo, a sort of ornament for a coif.
VIUVA, f. f. a widow.
P. a viuva rica com hum olho cego, e com outo repito, the rich widow cries with one eye, and laughs with the other.
P. a viuva e o capão, quanto comem, a fi o cão, the widow and the capon, whatsoever they eat sticks by them; that is, they grow fat, and thrive with it.
P. a viuva com o luto, e a moça com o mono, a widow must be married before her mourning is out, and a maid before she can wipe her nose.
VIUVA'R, v. n. See *ENVIUVA'R*.
VIUVEZ, f. f. widowhood, the state of a widow.
VIUVO, f. m. a widower, a man whose wife is dead.

V I Z

VIZEIRA, f. f. See *VISEIRA*.
VIZINHO, &c. See *VISINHO*, &c.
VIZIR, f. m. vizier, the prime minister of the Turkish empire.

U J A

UJA. See *UGA*.

U L C

ULCERA, f. f. an ulcer, a running sore full of putrid virulent matter. Lat. *ulcus*.
ULCERACAM, f. f. ulceration.
ULCERADO, a, adj. ulcerated, excoriated, ulcered.
Cibos de chagaz ulceradas, ulcerous, full of ulcers, afflicted with ulcers.
ULCERAR, v. a. to ulcerate, or ex-ulcerate.

U M B

Ulcra-se, v. r. to grow by time from a hurt to an ulcer.
ULCEROSO, a, adj. ulcerous, full of ulcers, afflicted with ulcers.

U L M

ULMÁRIA, f. f. the herb meadow-sweet, or moon-wort.
ULMEIRO, ou *Ulmo*, f. m. an elm-tree. Lat. *ulmus*.

U L L

ULLO, (in the city of Braga and its territory) where is it? or there is no such thing.

U L N

ULNA, f. f. (in anatomy) the greater bone of the elbow, which lies between the arm and the wrist; called also *os ulnæ majus*. Lat. *ulna*.

U L O

ULO. See *ULLO*.

U L T

ULTERIOR, adj. farther, or furthermost, or the farther side, ulterior, (in geography.)
ULTIMAMENTE, adv. ultimately, in the last resort, in the last consequence. See also *TOTALMENTE*.
ULTIMADO, a, adj. ultimate, final, intended in the last resort. See also *PERFEITO*, and the verb *ULTIMAR*.
ULTIMAMENTE, adv. lastly, the last time. Lat. *postremum*.
Ultimamente, last of all, lastly; also lately, not long since, not long ago, newly.
ULTIMAR, v. a. to finish, to put an end to.
ULTIMO, a, adj. last.
O ultimo de huma classe, the last of a form.
Em ultimo lugar, ou *por ultimo*, lastly, last of all.
Ultima vontade, the last will.
ULTRAJA'DO, a, adj. abused, affronted, reproached, wronged.
ULTRAJAR, v. a. to wrong, to abuse, to affront, to reproach, to outrage.
ULTRAJE, f. m. outrage, abuse, affront.
ULTRAMAR, ou *Ultramarino*, a, adj. ultramarine.
Azul ultramarino, ultramarine, a sort of rich blue paint, produced by calcination from the stone, called lapis lazuli.

U L Y

ULYSSE'A, f. f. (in poetry) the city of Lisbon.

U M B

UMBI'GO, f. m. the navel.

U N H

UMBILICAL, adj. umbilical, belonging to the navel.
UMBRAL, f. m. the jamb or post of a door.
Os umbrals, ou umbrinas da porta, the jambs or posts of a door. Lat. *ostium*, or *threshold*.
UMBRA'O, a title, or name of honour in Magulistan.
UMBRÁTIL, adj. mystical, typical, belonging to a shadow, or mystical representation.
UMBREIRA. See *UMBRA'L*.
UMBROSO, a, adj. shady, full of shade, shadowy.
UMA. See *FOSSA merce*.

U N A

UNANIMIDADE, f. f. unanimity, an agreement in mind and design.
Com unanimidade, unanimously.
UNANIME, adj. unanimous, being of one accord or consent.
Com unanime e consentimento, unanimously.

U N Ç

UNÇAM, f. f. unction, anointing.
A extrema unção, the sacrament of extreme unction, giving only to people in a dying condition.

U N C

UNCTUOSO, a, adj. unctuous, oily.

U N D

UNDECAGONO, f. m. (in geometry) an undecagon, a regular polygon of eleven angles or sides.
UNDECIMO, a, adj. the eleventh.
UNDO SO, a, adj. wavy, or full of waves; used only by poets; as, *mar undoso*, the wavy sea.

U N G

UNGI'DO, a, adj. anointed, &c. See
UNGI'R, v. a. Pres. *unjo*, pret. *ungi*, subj. pres. *unja*, to anoint, to rub over, to smear with any unctuous substance, as oil or unguent; also to anoint, to consecrate by anointing. Lat. *ungere*.
Unjo, ou dar os santos oleos, to anoint or rub over with the holy oil. See *OLEOS*.
UNGRI'A, f. f. Hungary, a kingdom of Europe.
Agua da rainha da Hungria. See *AGUA*.
UNGUENTA'RIA, &c., a nutmeg.
UNGUENTO, f. m. unguent, salve, liniment.
UNGULA. See *PTERYGIO*.
Ungula caballina, the herb colts-foot.

U N H

UNHA, f. f. the nail of a man's finger, or toe, the hoof of a beast, the talon, or claw of a bird. Lat. *unguis*.
Unha de cavallo, the herb colts-foot.
Unha

Unha do asno, idem.
Que tem as unhas fendidas, cloven-footed, or cloven-hoofed.
Unha no elbo. See *PTERYGIO*.
Ser unha com carne com algum. See *CARNE*.
Unha. See *PRESUNTO*.
Unha da ancora, the palm or flook of an anchor.
Tir unha, to be a thief.
Cortar as unhas, to pare, clip, or cut the nails.
Unhas arriba, (in fencing) quart, or the fourth.
Unhas abaixo, (in fencing) tierce.
Fugir a unhas de cavallo, to trust to one's horse's heels.
Unhas de fome, (a vulgar phrase) a very stingy man.
Escrrever o testamento na unha, to write a man's will on his nail; when a man has nothing to leave.
P. unhas de gato, e habit de beate, a cat's claws and a religious man's habit; a wolf in sheep's clothing.
UNHA'DA, f. f. a scratch with a nail.
UNHA'DO, a, adj. set deep in the earth, &c. See the verb *UNHAR*.
UNHAGA'TA. See *RESTABOY*.
UNHAME'NTO, f. m. the act of setting an old vine stock deep into the earth, that many imps may spring, or grow from it. Lat. *propagatio*.
UNHAR, v. a. (in agriculture) to set an old vine stock deep into the earth, that many imps may spring, or grow from it.
UNHE'IRO, f. m. agnail, a sore or imposthume under the root of the nails; a felon, or whitlow. Lat. *paronychia*.

UNI

UNIAM, f. f. union, the conjunction of several things to one. Lat. *unio*.
União, union, unity, concord, society, agreement; also union, coalition, (in surgery.)
UNICAMENTE, adv. only, exclusively of all others.
UNICO, a, adj. only, sole.
Filho unico, an only son.
UNICORNE, ou *Unicórnio*, f. m. the beast called unicorn. See Dr. Parson's dissertation on this animal.
UNIDA'DE, f. f. unity, oneness; also unity, concord; also unity, the first principal of number; also an unit.
UNIDAMENTE, adv. jointly, unitedly.
UNI'DO, a, adj. united, &c. according to the verb *Unir*.
UNI'ORME, adj. uniform, even, of one fashion, regular.
UNIFORMEMENTE, adv. uniformly, consistently, after the same fashion.
UNIFORMIDA'DE, f. f. uniformity.
UNIGENITO, a, adj. the only begotten.
UNI'R, v. a. to unite, or join together.

As Provincias Unidas, the United Provinces.

Faz r que huma pessoa viva unida com outra, to unify, to reconcile one person with another, to make them friends, or one.

O que une, an uniter.

Unir-se, v. r. to unite, to be united, to act in concert.

UNISONA'NCIA, f. f. unison, one and the same sound, a single unvaried note, either by one voice, or divers voices sounding in the same tone.

UNISONO, a, adj. unison.

UNISIMO, a, adj. a superlative, invented to express the unity of God.

UNIVERSA'L, adj. universal, general.

Hemem universal, que sabe de tudo, an universal scholar.

Universal, f. m. (with logicians) an universal.

UNIVERSALIDA'DE, f. f. universality.

UNIVERSALMENTE, adv. universally.

UNIVERSIDA'DE, f. f. an university, a nursery for learning.

Universidade das causas. See *UNIVERSO*.

UNI'ERSO, f. m. the universe, the world.

UNIVOCAMENTE, adv. univocally, in one sense.

UNI'VOCO, a, adj. univocal, having one meaning, not equivocal.

UNT

UNTA'DO, a, adj. anointed, daubed.

UNTADOR, f. m. an anointer, a dauber.

UNTADU'RA, f. f. an anointing, a daubing.

UNTA'R, v. a. to anoint, to daub.

Untar a roda de hum carro, to grease a wheel.

Untar as mãos a algum, to grease one in the fist, to bribe him.

Untar o varro, (metaph.) idem.

P. quebrar a cabeça, e untar o casco, to break a man's head, and then give him a plaster.

UNTO de porco, the hogs fat round the kidney, with which they season their victuals in some provinces.

UNTOSO. See *UNCTUOSO*.

UNTURA, f. f. an anointing, or daubing.

Unturar is commonly taken for flux or salivation.

Dar as unturas, to flux, to salivate.

Tomar as unturas, to be fluxed, or salivated, to be in a flux.

VOA

VOADO'R, a, adj. flying, that does or can fly. Lat. *volans*.

Peixe voador, ou *voador*, the flying-fish, a fish like a herring, that has wings like a bat; which to avoid being made a prey by the greater fish, will

rise twenty feet above water, and fly one hundred paces, and then drop into the sea.

VOA'R, v. n. to fly. Lat. *volare*; also to slip away, as time.

A fama voa, the report, or fame flies, or spreads every where.

Voar alto, ou *mayto alto*, to soar, to fly high.

Voar de cima para baixo, to fly down. Lat. *devolare*.

Voar, to run, to go quickly, or in haste.

Voar juntamente, to fly together. Lat. *convolare*.

Voar adiante, to fly first, or before. Lat. *prævolare*.

Voar por cima, to fly over. Lat. *supervolare*.

Voar ao redor, to fly about, to fly round. Lat. *circumvolare*.

Voar para traz, ou *voltar para traz* *veando*, to fly back again. Lat. *revolare*.

Voar alem, to fly over, beyond, or to the other side. Lat. *transvolare*.

Voão as setas, the darts fly about.

Voar para cima, to fly upward, or aloft. Lat. *subvolare*.

Voar para fora, to fly out. Lat. *exvolare*.

Voar baixo, to fly low, not high. Lat. *demissè volare*.

Voar ao pé, ou *junto*, to fly by. Lat. *prætervolare*.

Voar nas asas da fama, to have a great renown.

Fazer voar pellos ares, to blow up; as,

A mina fez voar a terra pellos ares, the mine blew up the ground very high.

Voar, v. a. to fly, to attack by a bird of prey.

Voar o grão com o falcão, to fly a hawk at a crane.

Voar, to fly at.

O falcão via a perdiz, the hawk flies at the partridge.

Voar, to blow up; as,

A mina voou a terra, the mine blew up the ground.

VOARIA, f. f. (in falconry) volatile, any winged animal.

Fazer boa voaria, is for a hawk &c. to fly well at some game or other.

VOC

VOCABULARIO, f. m. a vocabulary, a book of words.

VOCA'BULO, f. m. a word.

VOCA'CAM, f. f. vocation, a calling by the will of God.

Fazer vocação, to call together, or get together.

VOCA'L, adj. vocal, having a voice.

Vocal, vocal, uttered or modulated by the voice.

Oração vocal, oral prayer.

VOCALMENTE, adv. vocally, orally.

VOCATIVO, f. m. the vocative case.

VOCIFERA'DO, a, adj. uttered loudly, or with a noise. See

VOCI-

VOL

VOCIFERA'R, v. a. to cry out, to call loud, to utter loudly or with a noise.

VOD

VO'DA. } See **BODA.**
VODO. } **BODO.**

VOG

VO'GA, f. f. rowing with oars; but particularly the rowing of a galley.

Voga arrancada. See **ARRANCADO.**

Forçar a voga, to ply one's oars.

A' voga surda. See **SURDO.**

VOGA'L, *ou letra vogal*, a vowel, a single sounding letter.

Vogal, f. m. one who has the right of giving his voice in an election, a voter.

VOGA'R, v. n. to row, to tug at the oar.

Vogar, *ou valer.* See **VALER.**

VOL

VOLA'NTE, adj. unfixed, unsettled, not fixed in a place or abode.

Campo volante, a flying camp or army.

Soldado volante, *ou veltiro.* See **VÉLEIRO.**

Volante, f. m. a sort of thin stuff made of wool, to hang churches with.

Volante, a shuttle-cock, a cork stuck with feathers, to be banded to and fro' with battledores.

VOLATARI'A, *ou Volateria*, f. f. the art of birding or fowling.

Caça de alta volataria, the flight of a bird of prey at some game or other.

VOLA'TIL, adj. volatile, that flies or can fly through the air.

Volatil, (with chemists) volatile, apt to fly or steam out in vapours.

Volatil, volatile, any winged animal.

VOLATILIZA'NTE, adj. (among physicians) that gives volatile spirits.

VOLATIM, f. m. a rope-dancer, a vaulter, a tumbler; also a lacquey, a running foot-man, a runner.

VOLCAM, *ou Vulcão*, f. m. a volcano, a burning mountain.

Volição, f. f. volition, the act of willing.

VOLIV'EL, f. m. any object upon which the power of choice may be exerted.

VOLTA, f. f. a turning about, or a way about; also a turn, a walk, a little way.

Dar huma volta no ar, to turn round without touching the ground.

Dar volta, to go round, to go about, or round about; also to change, to undergo an alteration.

O sol da volta ao mundo, the sun goes round the world.

Dar huma volta, to make a short voyage.

Vamos dar huma volta, let us go and take a turn, or walk.

Elle foy dar huma volta a sua terra, he is gone to take a turn into his own country.

Elle foy dar huma volta, he is gone to

fetch a walk; he is gone a-walking, he is gone a little way.

Dar huma volta a cavallo, to ride over, or about. Lat. *circumquiritare.*

Dar voltas, to be rolled about, to turn or move. Lat. *circumvolvui.*

Dar voltas, to turn, to put into a circular motion, to move round, to turn or wheel about; also to change, to undergo an alteration.

Dar voltas, to turn, to change sides.

Hum homem quando tem febre da muitas voltas, a man in a fever turns often.

Dar voltas na corda, to vault, to play the tumbler, to tumble.

Dar volta a chave, to lock, to lock up.

Volta, a turning, winding, flexure or meander, a compass, a departure from the right line.

Elle foy obrigado a dar huma grande volta para entrar no castello, he was obliged to fetch a great compass, or to go a great way about to get into the castle.

Rioque da muitas voltas, a winding river.

Ir-se na volta de hum lugar, to go toward such a place.

Volta da abobada, the arch or bending of a vault.

Pedras de volta, the stones which form the reins of a vault.

Volta, a returning, or coming back.

Fazer volta, to come back, to return.

Na volta, *ou para a volta*, when I, thou, he, &c. shall return, or come back.

De volta, returning home from a voyage.

De volta de Roma, a returning or coming back from Rome.

Dar huma volta em redondo to walk a turn.

De volta, adv. together, in company.

Em huma volta de mão, in an instant, in the turning of a hand, in a moment or twinkling.

Volta na tripa. See **VOLFULO.**

Volta, vicissitude, change, revolution, alteration, turn.

Voltas da fortuna, the vicissitudes of fortune.

Volta, repentance, repenting, conversion.

Dar volta para Deus, to turn to God, to be converted.

Dar volta no modo de viver, *ou nos costumes*, to change manners, to alter one's course of life.

Dar volta o juizo a algum, is for one to run mad.

Dar voltas ao juizo, to put one's thoughts and wits upon the search, to cudgel one's brains about a thing.

Andar com alguma coisa as voltas, to turn or bend all one's thoughts to, or on a thing, to be in hand with it, to be about some piece of work.

Volta, turn, way of managing a business.

Elle dá a tudo as voltas que lhe parecer, he gives every thing what turn he pleases.

He pretiso dar-lhe outra volta, you must turn it another way.

Elle deu-lhe tres voltas que a render, he

VOL

has so wrought upon her that he has made her yield.

Elle deu-lhe boa volta, he has turned that very well.

Esse bracelete da tres voltas, this bracelet goes three times about.

Volta, trick, a wile, a fetch.

Centro da volta, (in the manage) the center of the *volta*.

Volta, (in horsemanship) the motion of a horse, a volt, or bounding turn.

Meter hum cavallo nas voltas, to put or thrust a horse into voltas.

Volta de galope, gallop.

Volta, a band, such as is worn by our clergymen, lawyers, and students in colleges.

Andar as voltas com algum. See **LUTAR.**

Volta, the foot or refret of the ditty, a verse often repeated, the burden of the song.

Volta cara, a wheeling about; ex. **Fazer volta cara**, *ou virar as costas ao inimigo*, to wheel about, to turn one's back to the enemy.

Andar sempre as voltas, to toil and moil, to bestow a great deal of pains upon a thing.

VOLTA'DO, a, adj. that faces or stands opposite to, &c. according to the verb **Voltar.**

VOLTAR, v. n. *ou Voltar-se*, v. r. to return or go back. Lat. *redire.*

Voltar, to turn round, to move or go round.

Voltar para traz, to go back, to return.

Voltar a esquerda, to turn on, or to the left.

Hum voltar de olhos, a look, a cast, or glance of the eye.

Num voltar de olhos, in the twinkling of an eye, in a moment.

Voltar, v. a. to turn. See **VIRAR.**

Voltar a cara, *e o corpo, como fazem os soldados no exercício*, to face, to turn the face and whole body according to the word of command.

Voltar casaca, to be a turn-coat.

Voltar huma carta, to turn up, to face a card.

Voltar costas, to turn one's back, to fly.

Voltar o rosto a algum, *ou desampara-lo*, to turn one's back upon one, to forsake him.

Voltar os olhos, to turn one's eyes.

Voltar a cabeça, to turn one's head.

Voltar-se. See **VIRAR-SE.**

VOLTEADO'R, f. m. a rope-dancer, a vaulter, a tumbler.

VOLTEA'DO, a, adj. turned, &c. according to the verb

VOLTEA'R, v. a. to turn, to put the upper side downwards, to shift with regard to the sides. Lat. *vertere.*

Voltar, to wave, to turn to and fro, to move loosely.

Voltar, v. n. to turn round, to move or go round.

Voltar, to vault, to tumble, to play the tumbler.

VOLTI'POLO, a, adj. inconstant.

VOLTO. See **VOLTADO.**

V O N

VOLU'BEL. See **VOLUVEL.**
VOLUBILIDA'DE, f. f. volubility, or aptness to roll.
Volubidade da lingua, volubility, glibness of tongue.
Volubidade, volubility, mutability, inconstancy.
VOLVEDO'R, f. m. a perturbator, a disturber.
VOLVER, v. a. to turn.
Volver os olhos, to turn to one's eyes, to roll the eyes.
Volver, to roll, to pour in a stream, or in waves.
Volver pe' atraz, *eu fazer passo atraz*, to give ground, to retire, to withdraw.
Volver, v. n. to retire, to go away, to depart, to withdraw.
VOLUME, f. m. a volume, tome or part of a larger work; also a volume, as much as seems convolved at once.
VOLUNTARIAMENTE, adv. voluntarily, willingly.
VOLUNTARIO, a, adj. voluntary, done with a good will; also that likes to live self-dependant.
VOLUNTARIO'SO, a, adj. that likes to live self-dependant, or use his own will.
VOLUPTARIO. See
VOLUPTUOSO, a, adj. voluptuous, sensual.
VOLUTA, f. f. the volute, a member of a column.
VOLUTABRO, f. m. sensual pleasures, luxury.
VOLUTEL, adj. formed so as to roll easily, voluble; also inconstant.
VOLVULO, f. m. the twisting of the guts; called also the iliac passion and *miserere mei*.

V O M

VOMICA, f. f. vomica, an imposthume or boil.
Voz vomica, f. f. the vomick-nut from the East Indies.
VOMITA'DO, a, adj. vomited.
VOMITA'R, v. a. to vomit, spue, cast, or bring up; also to vomit, to throw up with violence from any hollow. Lat. *vomere*.
Vomitare blasfemias, to belch out blasphemies.
Vomitare o espirito. See **MORRER**.
Vomitare Latin, to come out always with one's Latin, as pedantic persons do.
VOMITIVO. See **VOMITORIO**.
VOMITO, f. m. vomit, spew.
Que provoca o vomito, vomitory, vomitive.
VOMITORIO, f. m. vomitory, a medicine taken inwardly to provoke vomiting, a vomit or vomitive.

V O N

VONTA'DE, f. f. the will; a faculty of the soul. Lat. *voluntas*.
Ultima vontade, the last will.
Bom vontade, good-will.
Ma vontade, ill-will, unwillingness.
De boa vontade, willingly, gladly.
De ma vontade, unwillingly.

V O S

Que não tem vontade, unwilling.
Ele não tem vontade de aprender, he is unwilling to learn.
Vontade, will, mind, pleasure.
Se vos tendes vontade ou intenção de me ajudar, if you have a mind to help me.
Contra a vontade, against one's will.
Fazer a vontade, eu as vontades a alguém, to humour or indulge one, to make much of one.
Deixar a alguém fazer a sua vontade, to let one have his will.
Fazer a vossa vontade, use your own will.
Ter, ou trazer a alguém boa vontade, (ironically) to bear ill-will to one, to have a design upon a person.
Ter vontade, to will, to be willing.
Fazer huma coisa de ma vontade, ou contra a vontade, to do a thing with an ill-will, or against one's will.
Vontade de comer, stomach, the appetite to meat.
Ter vontade de comer, to have a good stomach.
Vontade, mind, desire, longing, fancy, humour.
Vontade de beber, a desire of drinking.
Satisfazer a sua vontade, eu desejo, to save one's longing, to satisfy one's desire.
Passou-me a vontade, my fancy is over.
Elle fez-me passar ou tirou-me a vontade disso, he has put me out of conceit with it.
Ir bem navio a vontade, ou discrição dos ventos. See **VENTO**.
Tenho alguma vontade de descomer, I have a kind of motion to stool.
Fazer vir a vontade, to set agog, or a longing.
Vioz-be a vontade de ir a Roma, the fancy or humour took him to go to Rome.
Elle foy de sua propria vontade, he went of his own accord.
A' vontade, adv. at ease, easily, without pain, disturbance, hindrance, or any thing that offends, as one could wish, according to one's mind.

V O O

VOO, f. m. a flying, or flight. Lat. *volatus*.

V O R

VORACIDA'DE, f. f. voracity.
VORAGEM, f. f. a gulph, a gapping in the earth, a place that swallows up what is put into it. Lat. *vorago*.
VORAGINOSO, a, adj. voraginous, full of gulphs or swallowing pits.
VORAZ, adj. voracious, greedy, gluttonous, devouring, ravenous. Lat. *vorax*.

V O S

VOS, properly the same as the Latin *vos*, ye, or you, in the plural number; but it is commonly used, speaking to one person, being looked upon more civil than plain *tu*, thou; yet is never used, but to inferiors, among

V O Z

mean people, or where there is great familiarity.
Vos, a pronoun conjunctive, you, or to you; as, *para ver-vos*, to see you.
VOSCO, ex. *Com vósco*, with you.
VOSSANCE. See
VOSSE, a word used by ruffians and bullies, and sometimes by country fellows for *vossa merce*. See after **VOSSO**.
VOSSO, a, adj. your.
Vosso pay, your father.
Este he o vosso, this is yours.
Eis-ali os vossos, there are yours.
Vossa merce, an expression we have not directly in English, applied in Portuguese to all polite people below lords, in the same nature as *vossa senhoria*, your lordship, is use to persons of that rank. The nearest that comes to it is, your worship, as is said before, *vossa merce*, is used to all gentlemen, or other persons where any respect is shewn.

V O T

VOTA'NTE, f. m. a voter, one who gives his voice, or vote for one. Lat. *suffragator*.
Votante, p. a. voting.
VOTA'R, v. n. to vote, to give one's vote, or voice. Lat. *suffragari*.
Votar em favor de algum, to vote in one's favour.
Votar, to vow, to make a vow or solemn promise.
VOTIVO, a, adj. votive, belonging to a vow, given by vow.
Missa votiva, votive mass, an extraordinary mass, besides that of the day, rehearsed on some extraordinary occasion.
VOTO, f. m. a vow, a religious promise, a solemn protestation.
Fazer voto, to vow, to make a vow or solemn promise.
Voto, a vow, or votive image which is deposited in the churches in compliance to one's vow.
Comprir hum voto, to perform or fulfil a vow.
Voto, a vote, or voice given and numbered, a suffrage.
Dar o seu voto, to give one's voice.
Votos, vows, wishes, desires, prayers, requests.
O que se fez voto, a votarist, or votary.
A que tem feito voto, a votarist, one who hath bound herself to the performance of some religious vow.
Ter mais votos, to out-vote, to over-vote, to conquer by plurality of votes.

V O Z

VOZ, f. f. the voice, the sound any creature makes. Lat. *vox*.
Voz, the sound of an instrument; also a report.
Que tem voz, voiced, furnished with a voice.
Voz, ou sem articulado, an articulate voice.

U R B

Voz em fim não articulada, an inarticulate voice.
A voz de Deus, (in a scriptural sense) the voice of God, the divine command.
Voz forte ou fraca, a strong or weak voice.
Voz aguda e penetrante, a shrill voice.
Corre a voz, it is reported.
Levantar a voz, to raise the voice.
O que tem boa voz, one that hath a good voice.
Fallar com voz baixa, to speak softly, or with a low voice.
Em alta voz, ou a vozes, aloud, with a loud voice.
De huma voz, unanimously, by one consent.
Dar huma voz a alguém, to give one a call.
Tir voz em capitulo, to have a vote in an assembly.
Voz da musica, a musical note.
Voz activa e passiva, active and passive voice.
Voz, ou fama publica, common fame or report.
Voz; ou palavra, a word.
Hum fio de voz, a little thin voice.
Ma voz, a bad disagreeable voice.
Dar grandes vozes, to cry out, to roar out.
P. mais são as vozes que as nozes, there is more noise than nuts to crack; like shearing of hogs, a great cry and little wool.
VOZARI'A, f. f. bawling, whooping, hallowing.
VOZEA'R, v. n. to cry out, to hollow, to roar out, to bawl, to make a great noise.
Vozear como fazem as crianças, to bawl, to cry forwardly as a child.
Vozear a rã, to croak like a frog.
Vozear, to be divulged, or blabbed out.
VOZEIRO, a, adj. noisy, clamorous, full of noise or clamour.
VOZERIA. See *VOZARIA*.

U R A

URA'CA, f. f. a sort of wine in India.
URACAM, f. m. See *FURACAM*.
URA'CO, f. m. (in anatomy) urachus, a membranous canal in a fetus.
URA'NIA, f. f. Urania, the muse that presides over astronomy.
URANOSCOPO, ou *Uranoscopia*, f. m. a certain fish having but one eye in his head, and that so placed, that swimming heseemeth to look upward. Lat. *uranoscopus*.

U R B

URBANAMENTE, adv. courteously, civilly.
Pouco urbanamente, rudely, uncivilly.
URBA'NAS, f. f. p. Urbanists, a sort of nuns.
URBANIDA'DE, f. f. urbanity, civil behaviour, courtesy, civility.
URBANITA, f. m. one who dwells in a city.
URBA'NO, a, adj. of a city, dwelling in a city; also civil, courteous, comely, gentle in speech and gesture. Lat. *urbanus*.

U R S

Pecca urbano, rude, uncivil.
Urbano, f. m. Urban, the proper name of a man.

U R C

URCA, f. f. a sort of Indian ship; also a sort of Dutch ship.
Urea, ou Cavallo frisam. See *FRISAM*.
URCHILLA das arvores. See *MUSGO*.

U R D

URDI'DO, a, adj. warped in a loom. See *URDIR*.
URDIDU'RA, f. f. warping in a loom.
Urdidura do discurso, (metaph.) the contexture, ordering, or framing of a discourse.
URDIMALAS, f. m. a cunning de vifer, a subtle contriver. Lat. *machinator scelerum*.
URDI'R, v. a. to warp in a loom. See *ORDIR*.

U R E

URETERES, ou *Ureteros vasos*, (in anatomy) the vessels called ureters.
URETRA, f. f. (in anatomy) urethra, the urinary passage or pipe.

U R G

URGEBAM, f. m. See *VERBENA*.
URGÊNCIA, f. f. urgency.
URGENTE, adj. urgent, pressing.
URGENTI'SSIMO, a, adj. superlat. very urgent.

U R I

URI'AS, ex. *Carta de urias*. See *CARTA*.
URIM e thummim, urim and thummim were something placed within the duplicatures of the breast plate, which the high-priest wore; and through which the divine oracle, (upon his consulting) was delivered.
URINA, &c. See *OURINA*, &c.
URINARIA via, the urinary passage.

U R N

URNA, f. f. an urn, such as anciently they perferred the ashes of the dead in. Lat. *urna*.

U R O

URO, f. m. ure ox, a wild ox. Lat. *urus*.

U R R

URRA'CA, f. f. a sort of wine in India; also the proper name of a woman.
URRA'R, v. n. to bray or cry like an elephant. Lat. *barrire*.
URRO, f. m. the braying or crying of an elephant.

U R S

URSA, ou *Ursa*, f. f. a she bear. Lat. *ursa*.
Ursa mayer, (in astronomy) the Great Bear.
Ursa menor, (in astronomy) the Lesser Bear.

U S O

URSI'NO, a, adj. of, or belonging to a bear.
Branca urfina, ou urva gigante. See *GIGANTE*.
URSO, ou *urso*, f. m. a bear.
Rebanho, ou *quantidade de ursos juntos*, a flouth of bears.
URSULINAS, f. f. p. the Ursulines, an order of nuns.

U R T

URTI'GA, f. f. a nettle. Lat. *urtica*.
URTIGA'DO, a, adj. nettled.
URTIGA'R, v. a. to nettle, to sting with nettles.

U R U

URUXI', f. m. a sort of excellent varnish used in the Japan islands.

U R Z

URZE, f. m. See *TORGA*.
URZE'LLA, f. f. orchel weed.

U S A

USA'DO, a, adj. usual, used, in use, ordinary, common. Lat. *usatus*. See the verb *USAR*.
He coisa usada, it is a common custom, it is a thing often used. Lat. *usitatum est*.
Mais de usado, more than ordinary.
Usado, ou que mostra o fio, worn out, or threadbare, (speaking of clothes.)
USAGRE. See *OZAGRE*.
USA'NÇA, f. f. See *COSTUME*.
USAR, v. a. to use, to make use of.
Usar mal de alguma coisa, to make ill use of a thing.
Usar hum officio, to discharge an office, to execute, to do, or be in an office.
Usarei com vós como se, &c. I will use you as if, &c.
Usar-se, imperf. to be received into use.
P. o que se usa não se escusa, what is fashionable cannot be avoided; a man had as good be out of the world, as out of the fashion.

U S E

USE'IRO. See *ACOSTUMADO*.

U S N

USNEA, f. f. moss growing upon trees, walls, rocks by the sea-side and brinks of rivers, &c. Lat. *muscus*.
Ufnea humana, usnea, a kind of green moss, which grows upon human skulls that have lain in the open air for many years.

U S O

USO, f. m. usage, use, practice, or custom; also the use, or using of a thing, the enjoyment of a thing; also usance, (in commerce)
Não usar já em uso, to grow out of use or fashion.
Fazer bem ou mau uso de alguma coisa, to make a good or ill use of a thing.
Fazer uso de, to make use of, to employ or use.
Palavra que está em uso, a word in use.

U T I

Que não esta em uso, unfashionable, being out of fashion.

USOFRUTO, USOFRUTUARIO. See **USUFRUTO, USUFRUTUARIO.**

U S S

USSA, USSO. See **URSA, URSO.**

Herva uffa. See **SERPILLO.**

U S T

USTE'DO. f. f. a sort of woolen cloth.

U S U

USUA'L, adj. usual, common, ordinary. *Usual,* f. m. a sort of tax or contribution laid upon provisions.

USUFRUTUARIO, f. m. he that receives the profit or advantage made of a thing, but is not the proprietor; an usufructuary.

USUFRUTO, f. m. usufruct, use and profits without property.

USU'RA, f. f. usury, an unlawful interest.

Emprestar a usura, to lend upon usury.

USURA'RIO, a, adj. usurious.

Contrato usurario, an usurious contract.

USUREIRO, f. m. an usurer.

USURPAÇAM, f. f. usurpation.

USURPA'DO, a, adj. usurped, wrongfully taken.

USURPADOR, f. m. an usurper.

USURPA'R, v. a. to usurp, to take away, to seize upon unjustly.

U T

UT, f. m. ut, a musical note.

U T A

UTAR, v. n. to move the hands in a certain manner, as when we sift corn, &c.

U T E

UTENSILIOS, f. m. p. (in military affairs) utensils, necessities.

UTERINO, a, adj. uterine, pertaining to the womb.

Mal, ou furor uterino, utrine fury.

Vaso uterino, the womb.

Irmão uterino, uterine brother.

UTERO, f. m. (among physicians) the womb, or matrix.

U T I

UTIL, adj. useful, of use, beneficial, profitable, good, serviceable, advantageous. Lat. *utilis.*

V U L

Util, f. m. ex. *Unir o util com o delicia-vel,* to join profit to pleasure.

UTILIDA'DE, f. f. utility, usefulness, benefit, profit, advantage.

Utilidade publica, public good.

UTILIZA'DO, a, adj. made useful or profitable, &c. See

UTILIZA'R, v. a. to make useful, or profitable, to make a good use of a thing.

Utilizar-se, v. r. to get some benefit from any thing, to make use of any thing.

UTILMENTE, adv. usefully, profitably.

U T O

UTOPIA, f. f. Utopia, a fictitious well governed country, described by Sir Thomas More.

U V A

UVA, f. f. a grape. Lat. *uva.*

Cacho de uvas, a bunch, or cluster of grapes. Lat. *racemus.*

Uva espin, a gooseberry.

Uvas de cão, the herb prick-madam, worm-grass, or stone-crop. Lat. *crassula minor.*

Uvas de rato, the herb mouse-tail, or wall-pepper.

Uvas de urso, the currant bush, bastard currants. Lat. *ribes.*

U V E

UVEA, f. f. the uvea tunica of the eye.

UVEIRA, f. f. so they called the married trees, i. e. which have vines married to them. Lat. *arbor marita.*

V U L

VULCAM. See **VOLCAM,** and **BULCAM.**

VULGA'R, adj. vulgar, common, general.

Lingua vulgar, the vulgar tongue.

Vulgar, vulgar, common, plebeian, practised among the common people.

VULGARIDA'DE, f. f. baseness, vulgarity, meanness, vileness. See also **FACILIDADE.**

Vulgaridade, the vulgar, the common sort of people, the rabble, the mob.

VULGARIZA'DO, a, adj. made common, prostituted.

VULGARIZA'R, v. a. to prostitute, to make common, or vulgar.

Vulgarizar-se, v. r. to grow too familiar

U Z A

with the common people, to become ridiculous, to prostitute or expose one's honour or dignity.

VULGARMENTE, adv. vulgarly, commonly; also vulgarly, in a vulgar manner, meanly.

Fallar vulgarmente, to use common or ordinary words.

VULGA'TA, f. f. the vulgar translation of the Bible, the vulgate.

VULGO, f. m. the vulgar, the common people, the mob, the rabble. Lat. *vulgus.*

P. não perdoa o vulgo tacha de ninguém, the mob spares no body.

VULNERA'DO, a, adj. wounded, vulnerated, &c. See

VULNERA'R, v. a. to vulnerate, to wound; also to hurt.

VULNERA'RIA, f. f. the plant called wound-wort.

VULNERA'RIO, a, adj. vulnerary, good to heal wounds.

VU'LTO, f. m. the face, the countenance.

Vulto, a bulk that is seen at a distance without discovering what it is, or a thing covered, so that only the bulk appears, and not what it is; also a statue, or figure.

Imagem ou figura de vulto, a solid statue.

Ver o vulto de alguma coisa, to see the bulk and bigness of a thing without perceiving what it is.

A vulto, by the bulk, confusedly, indistinctly, without perceiving what a thing is, or without examining it thoroughly.

Vulto, consequence, importance, moment, weight.

Parecer vulto, to look bulky, or massy.

VULTU'RNO, f. m. the north-east wind, or, as some say, the south-east wind. Lat. *vulturius.*

U V R

UFRE. See **UBRE.**

UURMO, f. m. the pus or thick matter issuing from a sore.

U Y V

UYVA'R, v. n. to howl as a dog or wolf. Lat. *ululare.*

UYVO, f. m. the howling of a dog or wolf. Lat. *ululatus.*

U Z A

UZAGRE. See **OZAGRE.**

X.

X, f. m. the seventeenth consonant of the Portuguese alphabet.

X, is a numeral letter worth ten, according to this verse;

X Supra denos numero tibi dat retinendus.

If you put a tittle upon it (thus *X*) it will stand for ten thousand.

X A

XA, f. m. (a Persian word) a king.

X A B

XABANDA'R, f. m. (in India) a consul for merchants, a resident for affairs relating to commerce and trade.

X A C

XACO'CO. See **ENXACOCO**,

X A D

XADREZ, f. m. chess, the game at chess.

Jugar ao xadrez, to play at chess.

X A E

XAES, f. m. a sort of Indian coin answering to two Portuguese cruzados. See **CRUZADO**.

X A G

XAGONTE, or *Xagante*. See **SAGOATE**.

Xagante, (in a ludicrous sense) a check, or rebuke.

X A L

XA'LMA, f. f. a frame of wood to hold straw, &c. upon a cart. Arabic.

X A M

XAMATE, (at chess) mate.

X A Q

XA'QUE, f. m. (in the eastern countries) a king.

XAQUE, (at chess) check.

Dar x-que mate, (at chess) to give check-mate, or to check-mate.

XAQUECA. See **ENXAQUECA**.

XAQUEMA, or *Xaquima*, f. f. a halter for a beast. Arabic.

X A R

XA'RA, f. f. an arrow. See also **ESTEVA**.

P. correr como buma xara, to run swiftly, or as swift as an arrow.

XARAFIM, f. m. an Indian coin worth three hundred Portuguese rees.

XARE'L. See **CHAREL**.

XARE'O, f. m. a sort of sea-fish.

XARE'TA, f. f. the carriage of a cannon. From the French *charrette*.

Xareta, nettings to hinder the enemy from coming aboard a ship.

XARGAM, f. m. a straw-bed. Arabic.

XARIFE. See **XERIFE**.

Xarife, or *Xarife*, a, adj. curious; beautiful, lovely. Arabic.

XAROPA'DO, a, adj. purged with a syrup.

XAROPA'R, v. a. to drench, to purge with a syrup.

XAROPE, f. m. a syrup.

XARUCO *vento* the south-east wind.

XARRO'UCO, f. m. a sort of fish so called.

XARRU'A. See **CHARRUA**.

X A U

XAUTER, f. m. a guide or leader through the Arabian deserts. Arab.

X E L

XELI'M, f. m. a shilling.

X E Q

XEQUE, f. m. a word altogether Moorish, and signifies a lord, a commander, or a governor; but in Barro's Dec. 2. lib. x. it signifies a king or emperor. See **XERIFE**.

X E R

XERAFIM. See **XARAFI'M**.

XERE'S, f. m. Xeres, a town of Andalusia, in Spain.

Vinho de xeres, sherry, or sherry-wine.

XERGAM. See **XARGAM**.

XERIFE, f. m. sheriff, or xeriff, the title of a prince, or chief ruler in Barbary. This title is also applied to the descendants of Mahomet.

XERINGA. See **SERINGA**.

XEROPHAGIAS, Xerophagy, a sort of fast among the primitive Christians; also xerophagy, the eating of dry things, (among physicians.)

Xerophagias, xerophagy, a diet used by wrestlers.

X I L

XILOBA'LSAMO, f. m. a balsam made by boiling and squeezing the leaves of the balsam-trees.

X I M

XIME'A, f. f. our sailors call it a fish, being a piece of timber, or plank, made fast, either to a mast, or to a yard, to strengthen it, when it is in danger of breaking.

Por, ou deitar ximesa a buma masto, to fish a mast.

XIMES, f. m. p. the grandees of Pegu.

XI'MIO, f. m. a he-ape.

Ser ximio de algum, to ape one, to be one's ape, (metaph.)

X I P

XIPHO'IDE, (in anatomy) xyphoides, a cartilage at the bottom of the sternum, called also *enfiformis*.

X I Q

XIQUE'R, at the least, at least, (ob.)

X I R

XIRINGA, **XIRINGAR**, See **SERINGA**, **SERINGAR**.

X I Z

XIZ garaviz, f. m. (a vulgar word) a meddler, a busy-body.

X O

XO, a word used to stop horses, or other beasts; also a word or sound used to drive away birds, or the like; as in English, *thue! thue!* but then the *o* is to be pronounced like the Italian *o chiusa*.

X O F

XO'FRE, ex. *De xofre*, immediately, incontinently, forthwith.

Matar buma pardiz de xofre, to kill a partridge as soon as it springs, or rises from the covert.

Xofre com o dedo. See **PIPAROTE**.

X O P

XO'PRA, an interjection of admiration, lack-a-day!

X O R

XO'RCAS, f. f. p. ornaments worn about the ankles, resembling bracelets. Arabic.

X U E

XUE *xue*, a ludicrous expression signifying trifles, or things of small value.

Y, f. m.

Y.

Y, f. m. the last letter but one of the Portuguese alphabet. It has no other sound but that of the vowel *i*, and is called *yfifon*.

Y was a numeral letter with the ancients, and signified 150, or 159, according to this verse,

Y dat centenos et quinquaginta novenos.

Y with a dash at the top signified 150,000.

Y segundo Pythagoras era o simbolo da vida humana, porque no p. si destacava a infancia, e no fereado os dous caminhos do vicio e da virtude, em que si mett o homem chegando a ter n. d. r. a. a. o, the letter **Y**, according to Pythagoras, was the symbol of human life, infancy being represented by the tail, and the fork signifying the two different ways, either to virtue or vice, which a man enters when he comes to years of discretion. This is expressed in these two verses;

Littera Pythagoræ, discriminat secula bicorni,

Humana vite specimen præferre videtur.

Y A P

YAPU, f. m. a bird in Brasil, like a magpie, whose body is all black, and only the tail yellowish, having three little tufts on the head, which it sets up like horns, has blue eyes and a yellow beak; a beautiful bird, but stinks when angered; good in a house to devour spiders, and other insects, but dangerous to hold on the fist, because it naturally strikes at the eyes.

Y E T

YETIM, f. m. a sort of gnats in Brasil, which sting through any thin garment, and as sharp as if needles were run in.

Y N

YNCA. See **INCA**.

Y O

Y'ODE. See **H'YODE**.

YORCK, or *Yorque*, the city of York, in Yorkshire, one hundred and fifty computed, and one hundred and ninety-two measured miles from London.

Y U A

YUA. See **H'A**.

Y U C

YUCA, f. f. a large thick root, which in the Indies they cut into slices and grate, after which the dry part remains in broad thin cakes, which serves instead of bread, and are called *cazavi*.

Y U T

YUTA, f. f. a sort of partridges in the kingdom of Peru, so called because the noise they make sounds like *yuta*.

Z.

Z, f. m. the last letter of the Portuguese alphabet.

Z is a numeral letter, worth 2000, according to this verse,

Ultima Z, centum facit, bis mille tenet.

Z, with a dash at the top, signified 2000 times 1000.

Z A B

ZABRA, f. f. a sort of vessel once used in Biscay, from one hundred to two hundred tons burden, and served for fishing, or privateering; now laid aside.

ZABUMBA, f. f. a blow, a stroke. See also **ZAS**.

ZABURROMILHO. See **MILHO grande**.

Z A F

ZAFIRO, f. m. See **SAFIRA**.

Z A G

ZAGA, or *Saga*, (obsolet.) See **RETAGUARDA**.

ZAGA'L, f. m. a young shepherd.

ZAGA'LA, f. f. a young shepherdess, a country lass.

ZAGALEJO, f. m. a very young shepherd.

ZAGALETE, idem.

ZAGA'YA, f. f. zagay, or hassagaye, a sort of javelin used by the Moors; also Zagaya, or Helicon, a hill of Beotia, near Thebes.

ZAGU'NCHO, f. m. See **ZARGUNCHO**.

Z A I

ZAI'NO, a, adj. as, *Cavalle zaino*, a dark chestnut horse without mixture of any other colour.

Zaine, ou *Atraiçado*. See **ATREIÇADO**.

Z A M

ZAMBÒ'A, f. f. a sort of pomecitron of a deep yellow colour.

ZAMBOEIRA, f. f. the tree that produces that sort of pomecitron.

ZAM'BRO, a, adj. splay-legged, having the legs turned inward.

ZAMBU CO, f. m. a sort of Indian ship.

ZAMBUGEIRO. See **AZAMBUGEIRO**.

ZAMORI M. } See { **SAMORIM**.
ZAMZAM. } { **ZANZAM**.

Z A N

ZANGA'M f. m. a drone.

ZANGA'NO, ou *Zangão*. See **ABARCADOR**. See also **CHATIM** and **LEGATAM**.

ZANGAM, a lazy fellow.

ZANGARREAR *ca. viola*, to scratch the guitar, to play upon it without art.

ZANGURRIA'NA, f. f. (a ludicrous word.) See **BEBEDICE**.

Tomar

ZED

Tamar a xangurriana. See **EMBEBEDAR-SE**.

ZANOLHO, *f. m.* a man that has but one eye, a one-eyed man; also one that is goggled-eyed, one who looketh askint.

ZANUO, (*in the Portuguese India*) the bidding at an auction.

ZANZAM, *f. m.* Zemzem, a well so called by the Mahometans, who say, that this well was produced by God, that Hagar and her son Ishmael might from thence slake their thirst. See the account of it by Mr. Pitts, p. 133.

ZAP

ZAPE. See **TRAPEZAPE**.

ZAPETE, a sort of game at cards.

ZAR

ZARABATA'NA, *ou Zaravatana.* See **SARABATANA**.

ZARAGATO'A, *f. f.* the herb flea-wort, or flea-bane. Lat. *psyllium*.

ZARCAM. See **AZARCAM**.

ZARCO, *a, adj.* light-blue. See also **GAZEO**.

O que he zarco desoltes. See **ZANOLHO**.

ZARGUNCHADA, *f. f.* a stroke or wound made with a short dart. See

ZARGU'NCHO, *f. m.* a sort of short dart or javelin, but very sharp.

ZARPA'R. See **SARPAR**.

ZARZAGANIA, I think it signifies a cold wind. From the Spanish *zarzaga*, which signifies the same.

ZAS

ZAS, *ou Zaz*, a word to express the same as slap in English.

Zas, tras, thwack-thwack, interj. expressing repeated blows.

ZAZ

ZAZ. See **ZAS**.

ZEB

ZEBEL'NA, *f. f.* or *Zebeliro*, *f. m.* zibellina, a sable, a small wild creature somewhat less than a marten, breeding in the woods of Muscovy, clothed a very rich fur.

Pele de zibelina, sable-skin.

ZEBRA, *f. f.* zebra, an Indian beast like a mule.

ZEBRU'NO, *ou Lebruno*, *a, adj.* that has the colour of a stag, or of a hare, (*speaking of horses*.)

ZEC

ZECO'RA, *ou Burro do mato*, a sort of wild beast in Ethiopia with very long ears.

ZED

ZEDOAR'IA, *ou Zedoaria*, *f. f.* zedoary, a spicy plant, somewhat like ginger in its leaves, but of a sweet scent, and not so biting.

ZIN

ZBL

ZELADO'R, *f. m.* a zealot, stickler, one who is jealous of or for a thing.

ZELADORA, *f. f.* a the zealot.

ZELA'DO, *a, p. p.* jealously, or carefully looked after. See the verb

ZELA'R, *v. a.* to be zealous. See also **PRETENDER**, and **PROCURAR**.

Zelar, ou ter ciuades, to be jealous or suspicious in love.

ZELO, *f. m.* zeal, earnest passion for a person or thing, but especially for one's religion, and the welfare of of one's country

ZELO'SO, *a, adj.* zealous, full of zeal.

ZEN

ZENITH, *ou Zenit*, *f. m.* (*in astronomy*) zenith, the point directly over our heads.

ZEP

ZEPHYRO, *f. m.* zephyr, the west wind; and poetically any calm soft wind.

ZEQ

ZEQUIM, *f. m.* zechin, a gold coin worth about nine shillings sterling. It was so named from Zecca, a place in Venice, where the mint is settled for coinage.

ZER

ZERVATA'NA. See **SARABATANA**.

ZEU

ZEUGMA, *f. f.* a figure in grammar, called zeugma.

ZEURA. See **ZEBRA**.

ZIG

ZIG'VE *Zigue*, a good for nothing fellow; also a restless or impatient man. From the French *ziczac*. See **BOLIÇOSO**.

ZIM

ZIMARRA, *f. f.* a sort of garment used by prelates.

ZIMBO, *f. m.* a sort of shell used instead of coin in some parts of Africa, particularly in the kingdoms of Angola, and Congo.

The Portuguese call *zimbos fiados*, those shells that are of the largest size.

ZIMBO'RIO, *f. m.* pinnacle, the highest part of a building, a turret or elevation above the rest of the building, a cupola.

ZIMERA'R, *v. a.* (a vulgar word) to strike, to beat, to cudgel.

ZIMBRO, *f. m.* juniper, a sort of tree or shrub. Lat. *juniperus*.

ZIN

ZINABRE, *f. m.* See **AZINHARE**.

ZINGAMO'GHO, or **ZINGAMOUCHO**. See **ACROTERIAS**.

ZINGRA'R, (a vulgar word.) See **ESCARNECER**.

ZON

ZIR

ZIRBO, *f. m.* (*in anatomy*) epiploon, the cawl. Arabic. See **REDENHO**, or **REDANHO**.

ZIZ

ZIZANIA, *f. f.* See **JOYO**, and **GIZANJA**.

ZIZANIA, (*metaph.*) See **DISCORDIA**, and **DESAVENÇA**.

ZOD

ZODIACO, *f. m.* Zodiac, one of the great circles of the celestial sphere.

ZODIARIA. See **ZEDOARIA**.

ZOI

ZO'ILO, *f. m.* Zoilus, an envious person, or snarling critic.

ZOM

ZOMBADO'R, *f. m.* a jester, a droll, a merry companion, one that jests much; also a mocker, a derider or scorner.

ZOMBAR, *v. n.* to joke, to jest, to divert or be merry by words or actions in order to raise laughter, to joke; also to mock, to make contemptuous game or sport, to ridicule, to deride.

Assim zomba zombando, in a sportive manner, as if one was joking insensibly, in such a manner as is not perceivable, imperceptibly.

ZOMBARIA, *f. f.* a jest, any thing ludicrous, meant to raise laughter; also mock, derision, ridicule.

Zombaria picante, an offensive jest.

Fazer zombaria, to scoff or jeer. See **ZOMBAR** in its second signification.

Sem zombaria, or *Dixi-mo-nos de zombarias*, or *sera de toda a zombaria*, jelling aside.

Elle não foyte nenhuma sorte de zombaria, he takes no jest.

Per as couzas em zombaria, to pass off any thing for a jest.

Per zombaria, or *zombando*, in jest, by way of sport, in a jelling manner; also contemptuously, scornfully.

O que he objecto da zombaria, or *que merece que delle se faça zombaria*, a laughing stock, a thing, or person to be laughed at.

Esper-se alguma a que façaõ zombaria de ti, to make one's self a laughing-stock.

ZOMBI'DO. See **ZUMBIDO**.

ZON

ZONA, *f. f.* (*in geography*) zone, a division of the earth, a space contained between two parallels.

Zona, a zone, belt, or girdle.

Zona torrida, the torrid zone.

Zonas frigidas, the frozen or frigid zones.

Zonas temperadas, the temperate zones.

ZONCHO, (*in a ship*.) See **JUNÇO**.

ZONDO. See **ZUNIDO**.

ZOO

Z O U

Z O O

ZOO. See ZOFO.

ZOOLATRI'A, f. f. the worshipping of beasts. (among the pagans.)

ZOO'PHYTOS, f. m. p. zoophytes, certain vegetables or substances which partake of the nature both of vegetables and animals, sponges.

Z O R

ZO'RRRA, a sort of sledge or carriage with broad low wheels to carry large stones. &c. It goes very slowly.

ZORRA'GUE. See AZORRAGUE.

ZORREIRO, a, adj. sluggish, slow, heavy; also heavy, wanting activity, indolent, lazy, dull. From *Zorra*, which see.

Navio zorreiro, a bad sailer, a ship that does not sail well, a very heavy ship.

ZO'RRROS, as *Levar hum navio a zorreiro*, to tow a ship.

ZORZAL, f. m. the bird called fieldfare, or, according to Bluteau, the bird stare, or starling.

ZORZALEIRO, an epithet given to some hawks who prey upon the *zorzeiros*. See ZORZAL.

Z O T

ZO'TE, f. m. a numbskul, a heavy dull fellow. From the French *set*, or the Italian *zotico*.

Z O U

ZOFO, or Zoo, f. m. a sort of sea-horse, an amphibious creature in the river of Sofala.

ZOUP'EIRO, a, adj. decrepit, extreme old, crazy. From the Italian *zoppo*, lame.

Z U N

Z U C

ZU'CHE, a sort of snake in America.

ZUCHI, or Zuicbi, f. m. a sort of snake in Angola.

Z U M

ZUM, *zum*, the humming or buzzing noise of gnats, &c.

ZUMBA *tatumba*. See ZAS, TRAS.

ZUMBA'YA, or *Gromenar*, (in India) a profound reverence, a cring, a low bow.

Fazer huma zumbaya, to make a profound reverence, to bow very low, to bow down to the ground,

ZUMBAYAR, v. a. (in India) as, *Zumbayar o corpo*, or *fazer huma zumbaya*, to make a profound reverence, &c. See ZUMBAYA.

ZUMBI'DO, f. m. a hum, a humming, a buzzing noise of bees, or insects.

Fazer zumbido, to buz or hum.

ZUMBIR, v. n. to buz or hum, as bees and other insects do.

ZUMBRIDO, p. of

ZUMBRIR-SE, v. r. to bend, bow, or sink. See VERGAR.

Zumbrir-se, to cringe, to make low bows or congees, to shew great submission, to flatter, to fawn.

Z U N

ZUNIDE'IRA, f. f. a polished stone use by goldsmiths.

ZUNI'DO, f. m. tingling, a sound or continuance of it in the ears.

Zunido dos ventos, whistle, or the noise of wind.

Z Y T

Zunido brando de vento, a soft blowing, or whispering of the wind.

Zunido forte de vento, a blustering of the wind.

Vento que faz grande zunido, a blustering wind.

Zunido dos ouvidos, a buzzing or tinkling in the ears, (a sort of disorder.)

ZUNIMEN'TO, f. m. idem.

ZUNI'R, v. n. to whistle like the wind, or the like. See also SOAR.

Zunir o vento com grande estirado, is for the wind to bluster.

Zunir o vento brandamente, is for the wind to whisper, or blow softly.

ZUNEM-ME os ouvidos, my ears tinkle, or tingle.

Vay zunindo, go quickly.

Z U R

ZURRA'CHA, f. f. a ferry-boat, a vessel of carriage, in which persons or goods are carried over water.

ZURRA'PA. See SURRAPA.

ZURRA R, v. n. to bray, to make a noise or cry like an ass

ZU'RRRO, f. m. the braying of an ass.

ZURZI'DO, a, adj. cudgelled, &c. See

ZURZIR, v. a. (a vulgar word) to beat, to strike.

Zurzir com hum pau, to cudgel.

Zurzir com palavras, to chide, rebuke, blame, or reprove.

Z Y T

ZYTHO, f. m. zythum, a drink made of corn or malt, either ale or beer.

A D D E N D A,

V O L I.

A

AÇACALAR, from the Arabic *أشكال* *pelevit, levigavit.*

AÇAFRAM, from the Arabic *أعفران* which signifies the same.

ADELA, from the Arabic *ادلل* *an. signator.*

Under the word **AGO** there is the proverb, *com agoas passadas não moro o meu*, to which add, *this proverb is originally Arabic, viz.*

لا تدور الرحا بقاء قد مضى

ALBARRA, from the Arabic *ألبري* *agrestis, sylvaticus.*

ALMOFAÇA, from the Arabic *ألمفوس* *strigil.*

ALMOFADA. See also under the word **COCHEIRO**.

ALPES, from *albus*, instead of which the people of Sabina formerly said *alpus*.

ALVASI, from the Arabic *ألقاضي* *judex.*

ARCAR, also to bend, to make crooked.

ARRATEL, from the Arabic *أرطل* *libra.*

ARREMEÇAR, from the Arabic *أرمني* *projectio.*

ASMODO, from *ازموده* part. pass. of the Persian verb *ازمودن*

to tempt. Here it means *a tempter or fellicitor to evil*; because the participle of the preterperfect tense in the Persian language has likewise an active signification.

ATALAYA, from the Arabic *أطلح* *locus unde prospicitur.*

ATALAYAR, from the Arabic *أطلح* *ascendit montem, prospexit, exploravit.*

ATE, from the Arabic *حتى* *usque, donec*; and so the Spanish *hasta*.

B

After the word **BARBAS** add, *barbas de gallo*, wattles, the barbs or loose red flesh that hangs below the cock's bill.

BOLETA, from the Arabic *بلوط*

which in the Persian language likewise signifies an acorn.

C

CADILHO, add, *thrum*, or the shagged end, &c.

CAM, after the proverb *amor de malher*, &c. the caresses of women, and the fawning of dogs, both proceed from hope of reward.

CAPARICA, ex. *Esais com o sentido em caparica*, your wits are gone a woolgathering.

CARAMPAM, f. (*terme de impressores*) cramps or cramp-irons.

CEROULAS, from the Arabic *سروال* *femoralia que fers ad pedes dimitti solent*; and hence the Persian *شلوار* which signifies the same.

CHICARA, ou **XICARA**, f. dish, a small utensil of China, &c. for coffee, tea, &c.

CHOCARREIRO, from the Arabic *سحرة* *irrisor, heminum subannuator.*

After **Contas**, add, see also *Perquinha de santo Antão*.

COXOTE, add, *tacet*, a sort, &c.

D

DRACHMA, from the Persian *درهم*

E

Look under **IN** for the words which you do not find under **EN**, *et e contra*.

ENDIVIA. This word, as well as the English *indios*, nay the Latin *intybus*, is derived from *هندب* which signifies the same both in Persian and Arabic.

ENGANAR, from the Arabic *خان* *decepit*; as the Italian *gabbare* from the Arabic *خب* which signifies the same.

ENGODAR, from the Arabic *خدع* *decepit, fefellit.*

After **ENREDO**, add **ENREDOUÇAR**, v. a. Ve **BALANÇAR**.

ENXAQUECA, from the Arabic *شقيقة* *hemisrania.*

F

FANFARRAM, from the Arabic *فرار* *bomo iners, multilo quus.*

Under the word **FIO**, add, *fia de madeira per onde se fende ou rachta*, the grain of wood.

G

GABAM, from the Arabic *قباة* *tunica.*

After **GALAM**, add, **GALAPAGO**, f. (among farriers) quitter bone.

GANHAR, from the Arabic *غني* *utilitatem cepit.*

GARGARIZAR, from the Arabic *غرغر* *gargarizavit.*

GARRA, at the end of this word add, *feetlock.*

GAZELLA, from the Arabic *غزال*

I

JASMIM, originally from the Persian *ياسمين* which signifies the same.

JAVALI, from the Arabic *جبل* *mons.*

Look under **EN** for the words which you do not find under **IN**, *et e contra*.

L

LEILAM, from the Arabic *لالل* *audienter.*

LEZIRA, from the Arabic *جزيرة* *insula.*

M

MAGO, from the Persian *مغ* *presbyter, qui ignem adorat.*

MANTILHA, *mandil, manto, manteo, mantens*, from the Persian *مندیل* *lintheum. Vide Lexic. Persicum Gellii, et Steph. de Latinitate falso suspecta, p. 331. et Rolandi Dissert. VIII de vest. Lin. Pers. verbo MANDYAS.*

MATAR, from the Arabic *مات* *nocevit, occidit, (in secunda conjugatione.)*

MESQUINHO, from the Arabic *مسكين* *pauper.*

MOLEQUE, from the Arabic *مبلوك* *servus qui recens in alterius dominum venit.*

After the word **MONOSYLLABO**, add, **MONOTONIA**, f. *monotony.*

NEGAÇA,

N

NEGAÇA, from نغش *nutavit caput*,
motavit se, tremuit avis.

O

OUVIDO, (in foundry) add, geat or
jet, the hole &c.

P

PAGEM, from پیک which in Per-
sian and Turkish signifies the same.

PAGODE, from the Persian کد
بیت *templum, domus idoli.*

PARAISO, from the Arabic فردوس
but it is originally Persian. Vide
Briffonius l. i. *de regno Pers.* p.
52.

PÍPIA, f. the green straw of corn of
which children make a kind of pipe.

R

RAPA, after the word *iron*, add, *ivory*
or *ivory*.

Rapa, f. (*infuso*) ear-wig.

REGUEIFA, from the Arabic رغيف
libum.

ROMA, from the Arabic رمان
malum Punicum.

S

SACAROLHAS, f. cork-screw.

SANCO, from the Arabic ساق
crus, tibia.

SARDAM, from the Arabic حردون
lactia.

Before the word SOLAZ, add SOLA-
VANCO, f. a shaking or swing.

SOM, after the phrase, *fallar sem tem-
nem sem*, add, to speak without rhyme
or reason.

SURRAM, from the Arabic صرة
crumena.

T

After the word TALAM, add, TA-
LAMBOR, f. ex.

Ficbadura de talamber, stock-lock.

TAMARA, from the Arabic and Persian
تمر which signifies the same.

TAPETE, from the Persian طبه
which signifies the same.

THERIAGA, from the Arabic
ترياق

TIARA, from the Persian تير an ar-
row; so called from its resemblance
to an arrow in shape, and its being
acuminated.

TIGRES, from the Persian تير *sagitta*,
*a celeritate cursus ita dicti. Simili ratio-
ne Mercurium Persæ تير seu sagittam*

vocant, ob velocem motum.

TIRADOR, after this word add, Ti-
rador, f. wire-drawer.

TRENA, add, tape, a sort of, &c.

TUFAM, from توفان which in Per-
sian as well as in Arabic and Turkish
signifies a deluge.

TUNANTE, f. a vagabond, a vagrant,
a lazy fellow.

V

VAGUEAÇAM, add, *Reverie*, the
rambling, &c.

VERNAL, adj. vernal, *equinoctio ver-
nal*, vernal equinox.

V O L. II.

PARREL, f. (*termo de navio*) *auxiliaris.*

TRUCKS, (*termo de navio*) *coffinas.*

ERRATA VOL. I.

After *ABCESSO*, read abscess instead of abcess.

After *ABEYARUCO*, read abelheiro, instead of abelleiro.

Under the verb *ABUSAR*, read to make one believe, instead of make one believe.

After *ACABELLADO*, read of the colour of a dead leaf, or philemot, instead of of a saffroned, &c.

Under the word *AGULHA*, read agulha de enfiar, instead of agulha de enfiar.

Under the word *ALGARVE*, instead of, it is not determined, &c. read as follows; This word is derived either from the Arabic verb *غرب* the sun

was set, because that province is situated in one of the western corners of Spain; or from the Arabic *خور*

a plain, and also a low ground approaching to a valley; all the ground towards the shore of that province being remarkable for its lowness. *Tebama*, a province of Arabia, is called *خور* because its situation is such with respect to the rest of Arabia.

After *ALMEIDA* do leme, read lower counter, instead of, the hole in the ship, &c.

After *AMURADAS*, read gunwales, instead of the high sides.

After *BAIRAM*, read bairro, instead of barro.

After *BALSEMAM*, read gives, instead of give.

Under the word *BOCA*, instead of P. da maõ naõ admitte fiador, read P. a boca naõ admitte fiador.

CAMISA. After writing what Isidorus says, I met with the word *قميص* in the XIIth Sura of the Alcoran, which signifies tunic, or indusium; from which I think this Portuguese word, as well as the Italian, French, and Spanish words signifying a shirt, are derived. See Golius's Arabic Dictionary, under the word

سربال

After *CASCADEL*, instead of varvel about, &c. read hawk's bells.

After *CEGUDE*, read through, instead of through.

After *COLA*, read size, instead of glue.

After *COSMICO*, read cosmical, instead of cosmica.

After *CRIVAR*, read to winnow corn, instead of to sift.

After *GARRA*, instead of they also call so, &c. read also the fetlock of a horse.

After the words *LADRAM GAYAM*, read, the name of a thief, who, according to tradition, was a giant, instead of a giant.

After the words *LIGAR por feiticeira*, read to tie one's cod-piece, instead of to bewitch.

After the word *RAMADAN*, instead of from arremedar, &c. read as follows; This word signifies properly a consum-

ing heat in Arabic, and is likewise the name of the Arabic ninth month in which Mahomet commanded a strict fast to be observed. This month is very much revered by the Mahometans, not only on account of this solemn fast, but likewise because the *leilat alcadar*, that is, the night of power, falls in this month. *Leilat alcadar*, is the name Mahometans give to the 27th night of the month Ramadhan, in which the koran began, according to their reveries, to descend from heaven.

RINCHADO, read rincham, instead of rincham.

Between the words *RIPIO* and *RIPUARIA* lay, you will find ripanço ou cunha do verso, instead of which read ripio ou cunha do verso.

Under the word *SACADA*, read bay-window, instead of bow-window.

Under the word *SI*, you will find the English words, and I say no, instead of which read, and I say yes.

TENÇA, a fish called a tench, read *TENCA*, f.

THERIACA, read *THERIAGA*.

After *TURCO*, (in a ship) read cat's head, instead of, I think it is, &c.

Under the word *WIND*, read nordeste quarta a leste, instead of, nordeste quarta a leste.

Ib. read, les nordeste, instead of, les nordeste.

Under *VERGADALTO*, read, to be ready to sail, instead of, to stand for the offing.

V O L. II.

In the word *ROCKINESS* em vez do que duro e espero, read do que he duro e aspero.

After *COUNTY* read comarca, huma certa parte de huma provincia, instead of provincia.

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taken from the Building**

[illegible]

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